



Power Accelerated

GaN Power ICs at 1 MHz+: Topologies, Technologies and Performance

PSMA Industry Session, Semiconductors

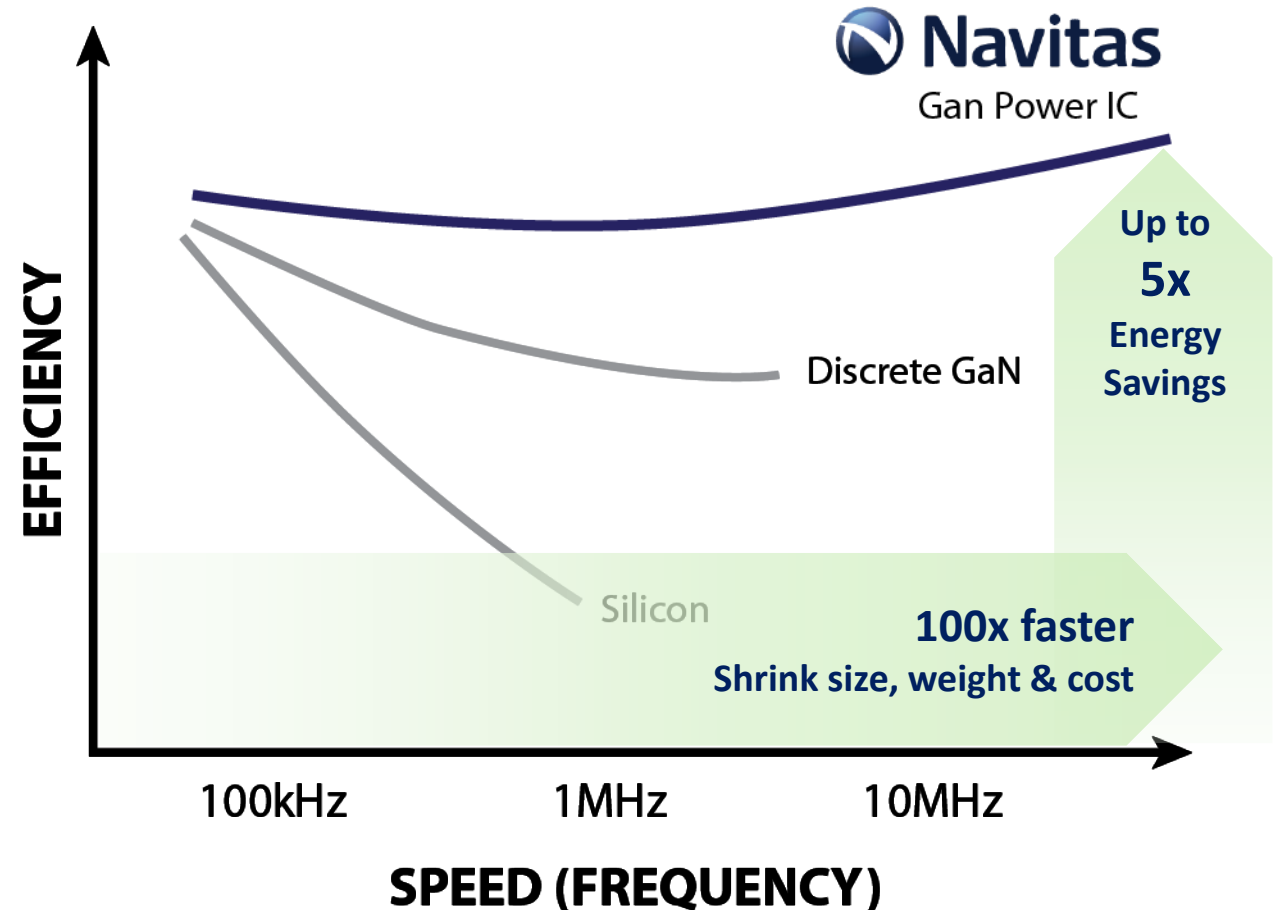
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March 2017

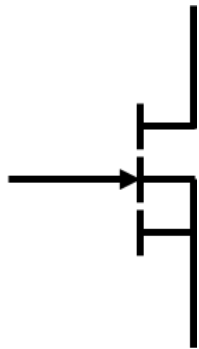
Power Electronics: *Speed & Efficiency are Key*

- **Speed** enables *small size, low-cost* and *faster charging*
- **Efficiency** enables *energy savings*
- With Silicon or Discrete GaN power devices, you can get one *or* the other
- With GaN power ICs, you get *both at the same time* with unequaled **Speed & Efficiency**



World's First AllGaN™ Power ICs

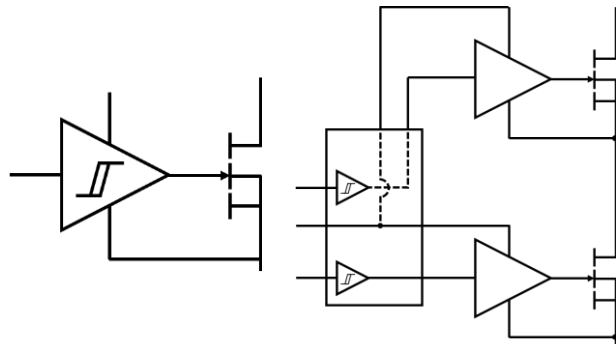
**Fastest, most efficient
GaN Power FETs**



**>20x faster than silicon
>5x faster than cascoded GaN
Proprietary design
15+ pending or issued patents**



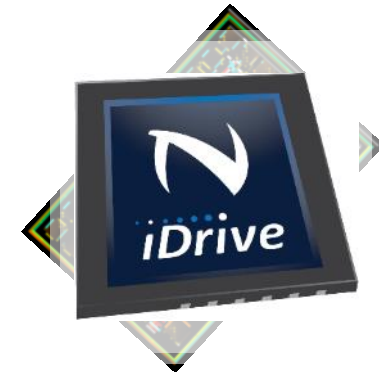
**iDrive First & Fastest
Integrated GaN Gate Drivers**



**>3x faster than any other gate driver
Proprietary design
8+ pending patents**



**World's First
AllGaN™ Power IC**



Up to 40MHz switching, 5x higher density & 20% lower system cost

The Power of GaN Power ICs

... Unequaled Speed & Efficiency

Driver Circuits

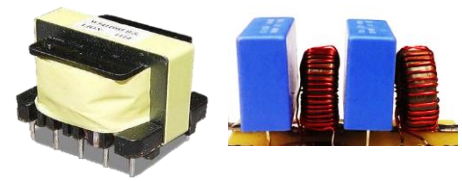
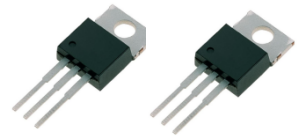
Power Devices

Passive Components

Switching Frequency

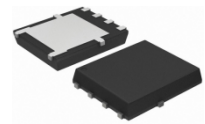
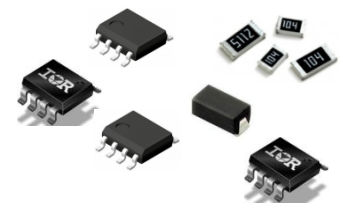
Energy Efficiency

Silicon



85-90%

Discrete GaN



88-92%

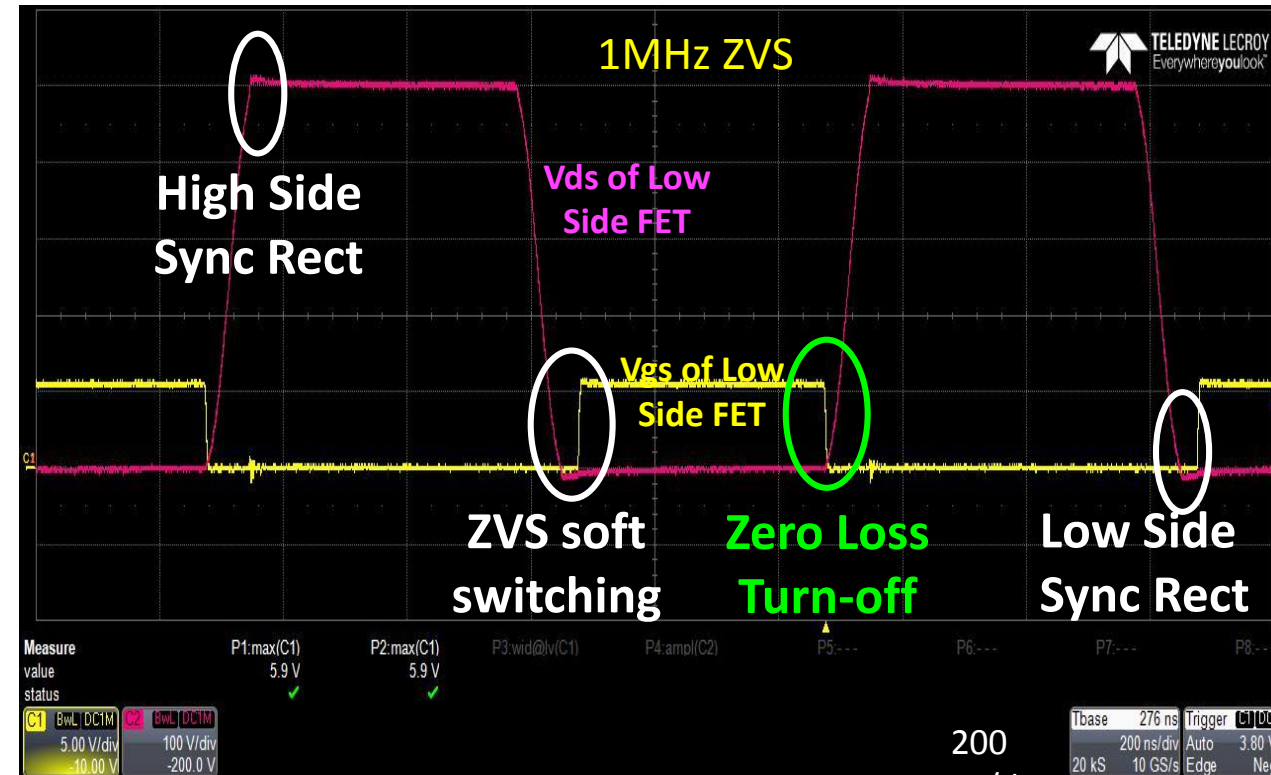
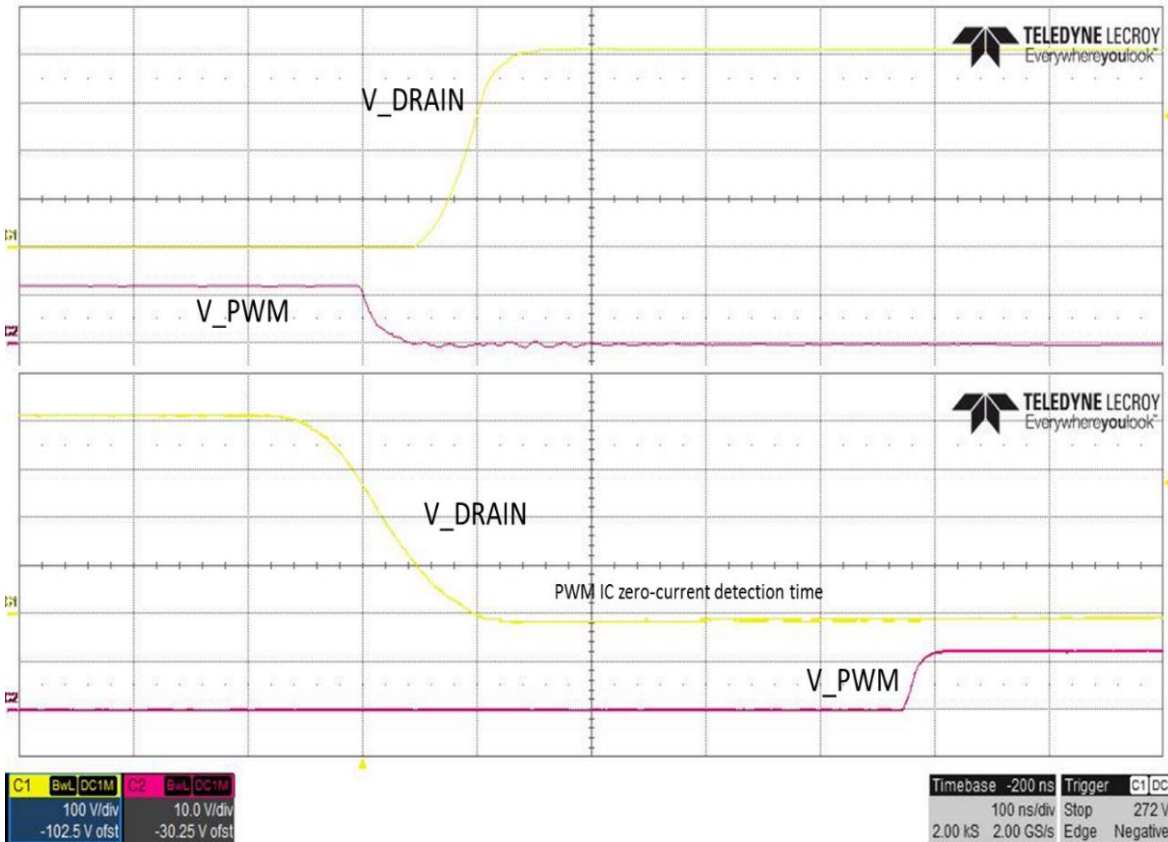
GaN Power ICs



90-95%

GaN Power IC – Fast & Efficient

- No overshoots, No spikes, No oscillations, S-curve' transitions,
- Zero Loss Turn-on (Soft switching) Zero Loss Turn-off (Integrated Gate Drive)



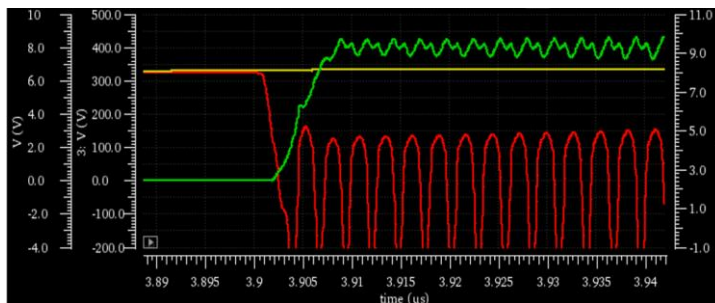
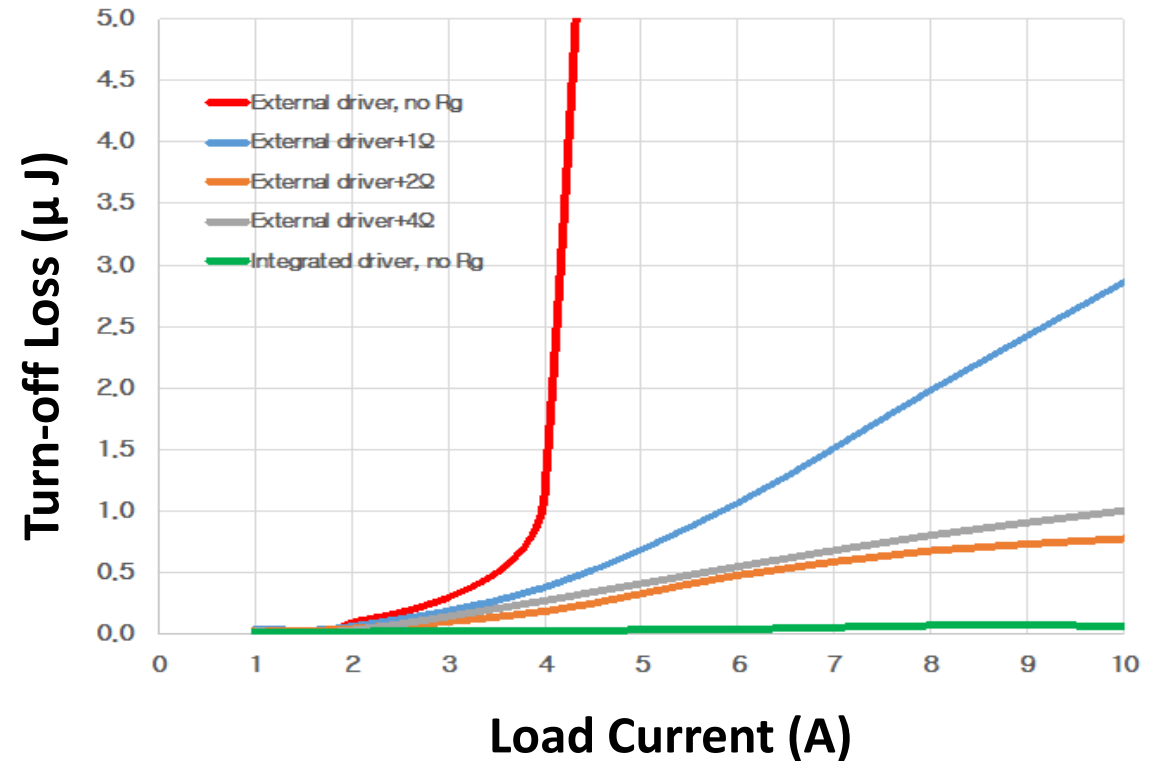
Speed & Integration → Eliminate Turn-off Losses

External drivers

- Just 1-2 nH of gate loop inductance can cause unintended turn-on
- Gate resistors reduce spikes but create additional losses

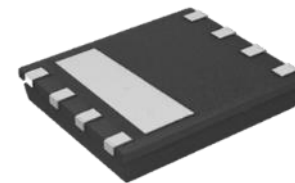
Integrated GaN drivers (iDrive™)

- Eliminate the problem
- Negligible turn-off losses

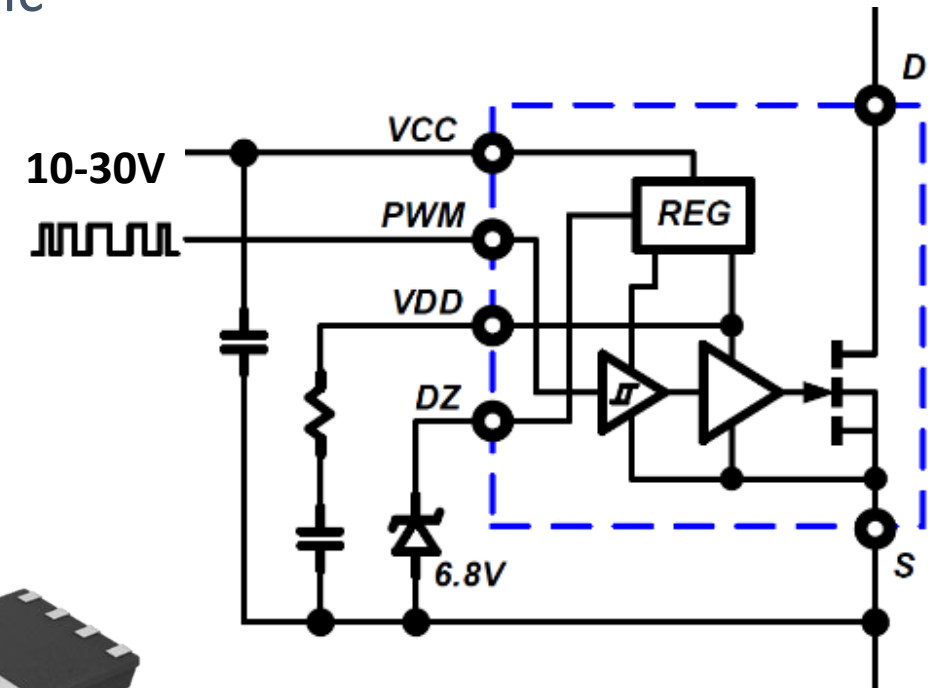


GaN Power IC: Hi-Speed FET, Drivers & More

- Proprietary AllGaN™ technology
- **Monolithic** integration of GaN FET, GaN Driver, GaN Logic
- 650 V eMode
- 20x lower drive loss than silicon (<35 mW at 1 MHz)
- Driver impedance matched to power device
- Very fast (prop delay and turn-on/off of 10-20 ns)
- Zero inductance turn-off loop
- High dV/dt immunity (200 V/ns) with control
- Digital input
- Complete layout flexibility

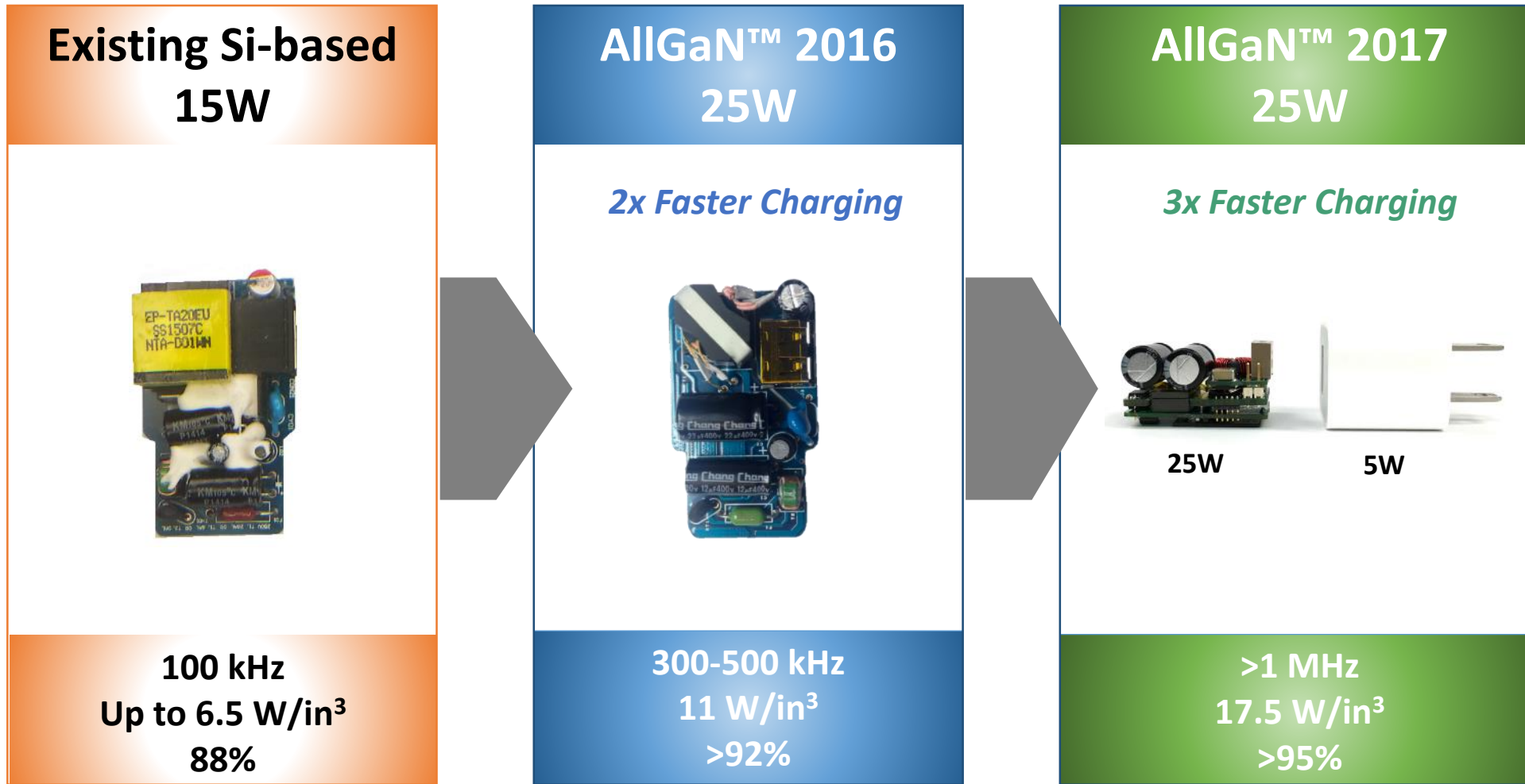


QFN 5x6mm



Fast Chargers ... going "GaN Fast"

3x Fast Charging with 50% Energy Savings



Smartphones & Tablets

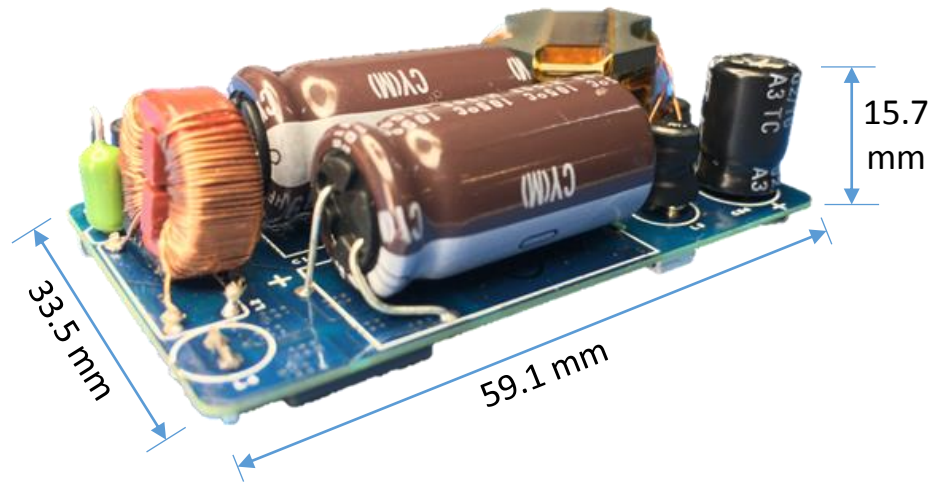


Fast-charging Drones

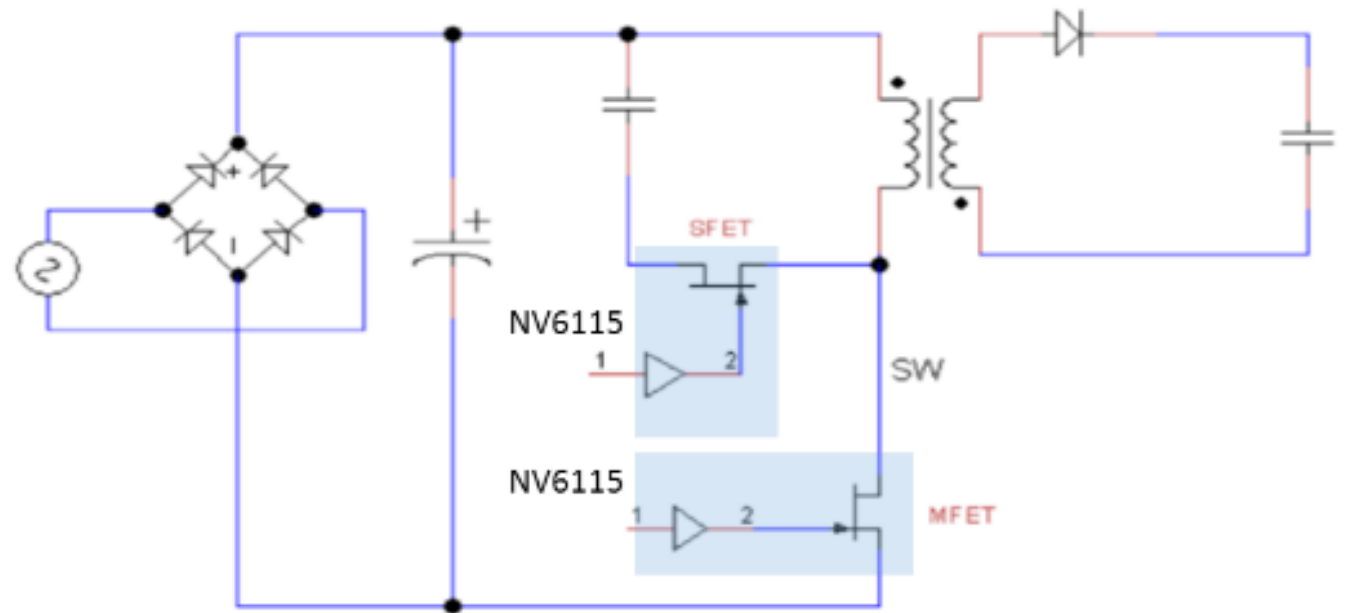
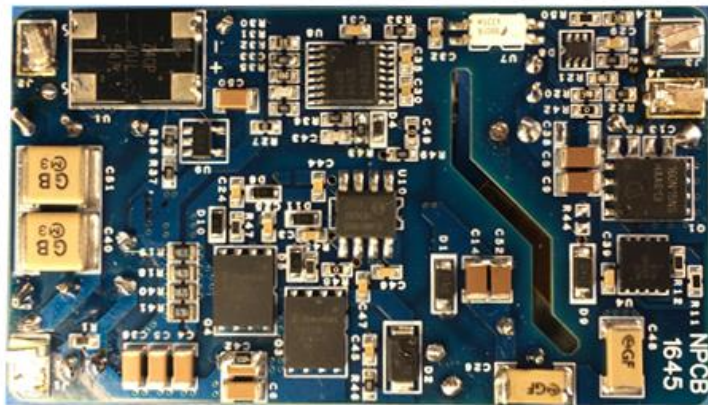


AR / VR & Wearables

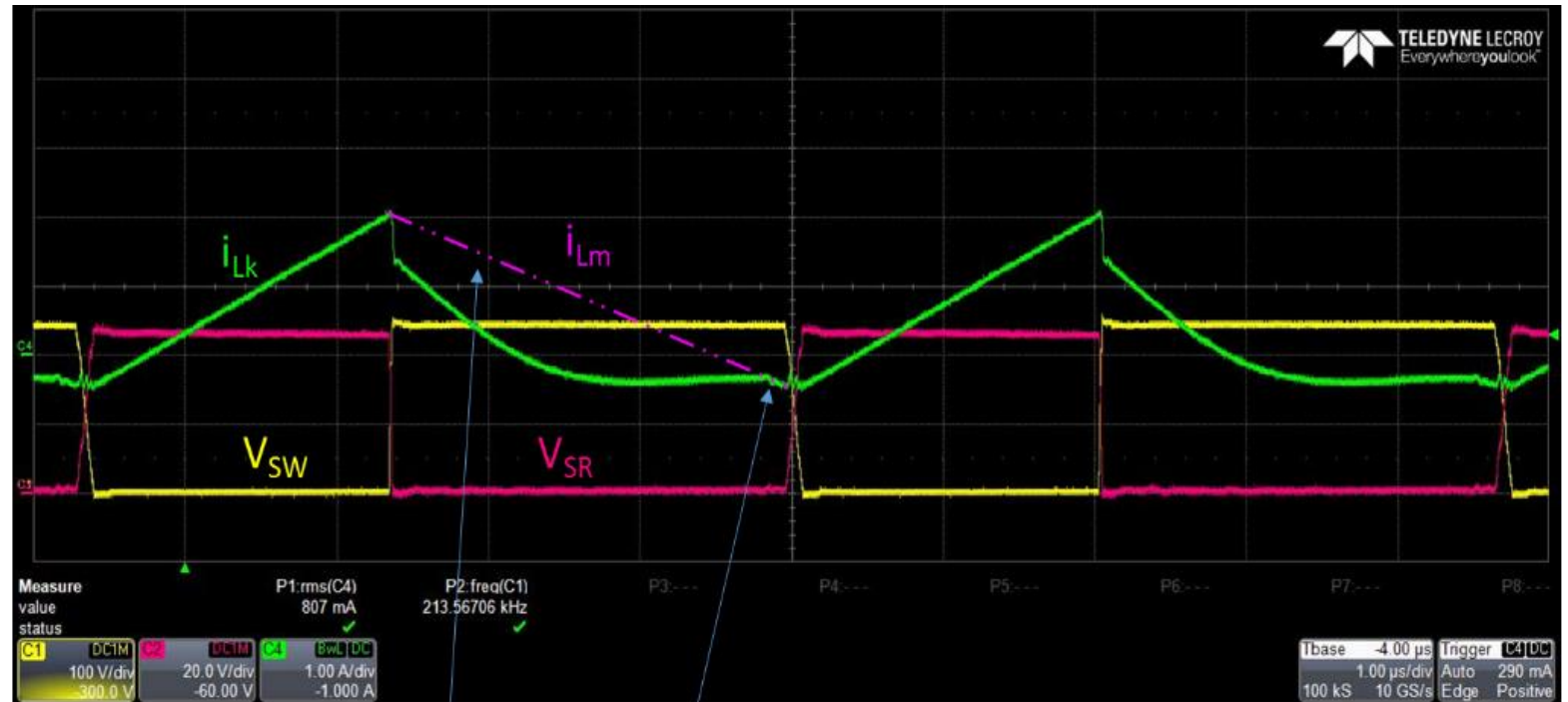
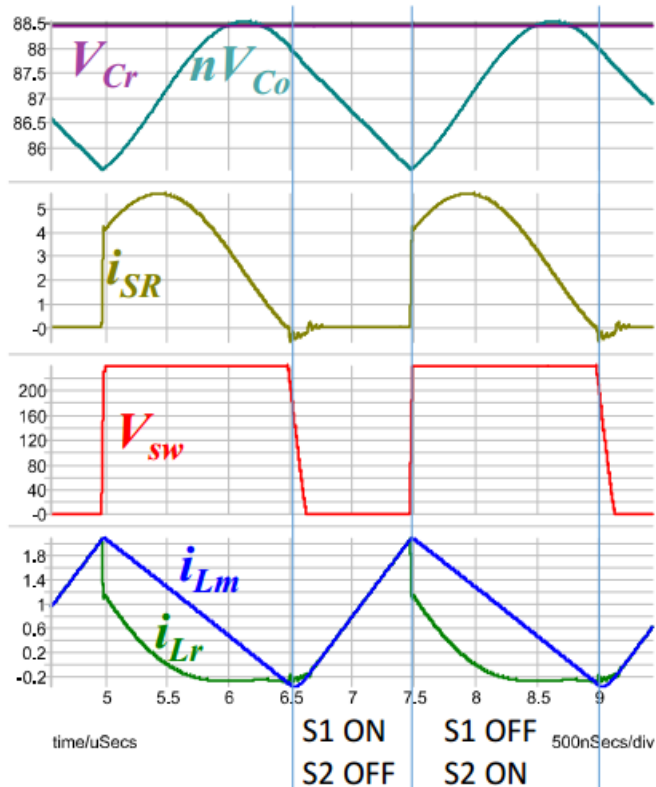
45W Active Clamp Flyback & AlGaN Power ICs



- 94.5% efficient at 220 V (94.2% at 120 V_{AC}, 93.1% at 90 V_{AC})
- 23.7 W/in³ density (uncased)
- 15.7 mm profile



45W CrCM ACF Operation

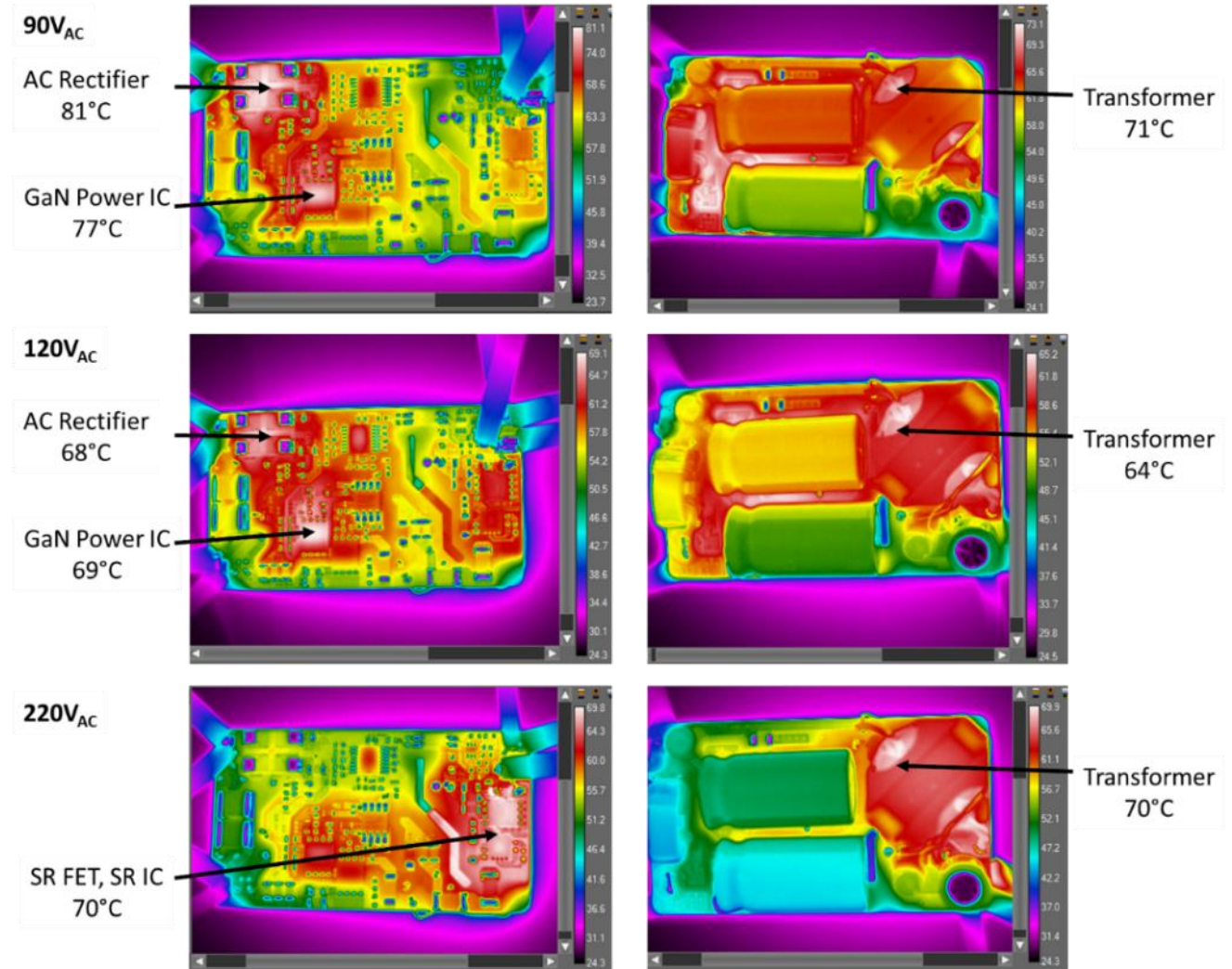
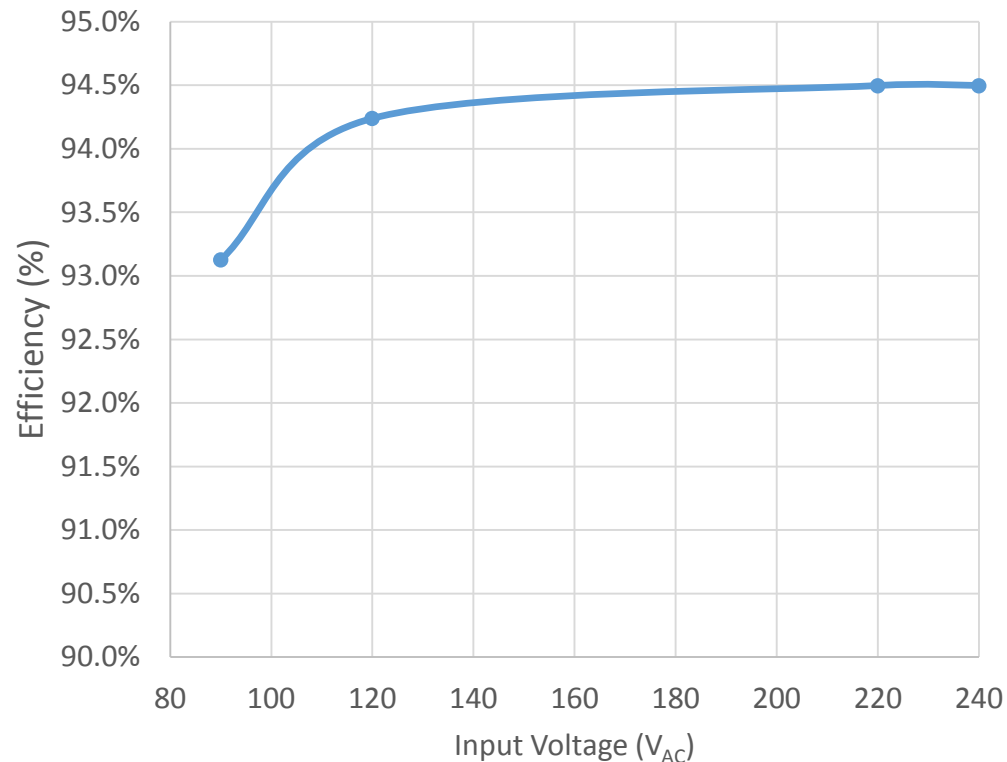


Magnetizing current (drawing)

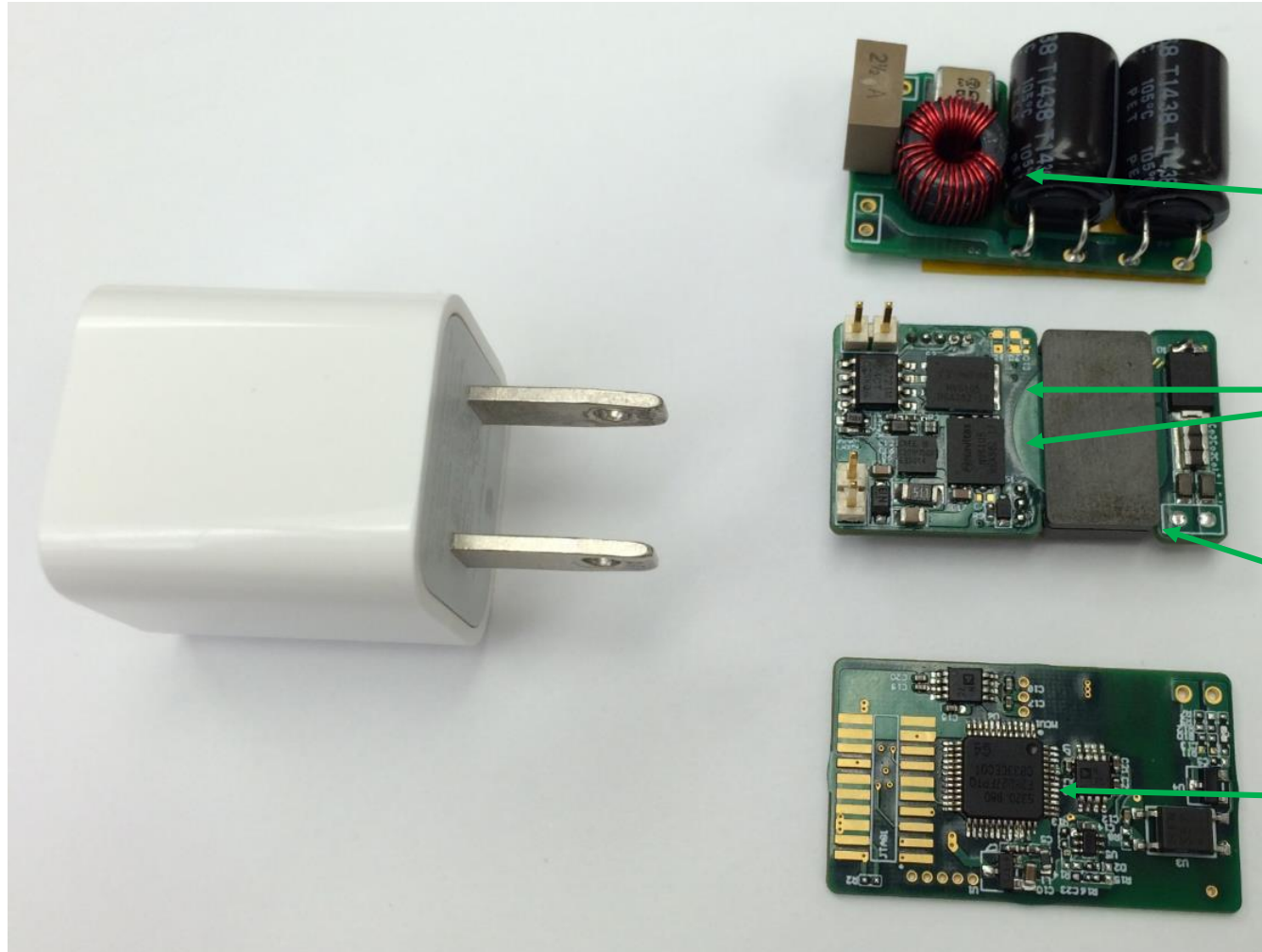
Inductor current merges with magnetizing current, achieves SR ZCS turn-off

- Switch-node voltage (V_{SW}), SR FET voltage (V_{SR}), leakage current (i_{LK}) and magnetizing current (I_{Lm})
- 120V_{AC}, 0.2A load, $F_{SW} = 210\text{kHz}$, Circulating Current minimized using Secondary Resonance

45 W ACF: High Efficiency, Cool Temperatures



AllGaN 2017: 1 MHz, 25 W ACF in 5W Size



- Single-stage EMI

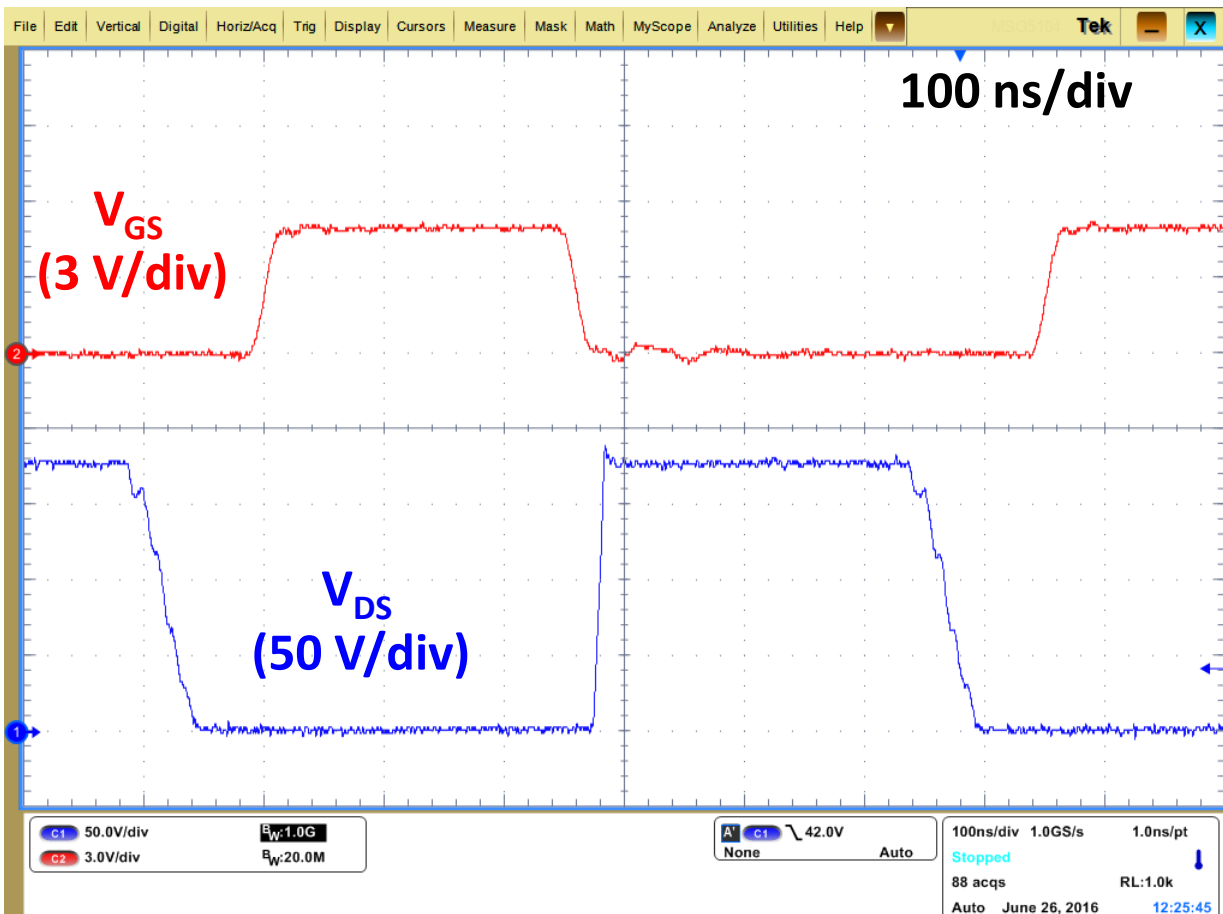
- Navitas GaN Power ICs

- Planar transformer

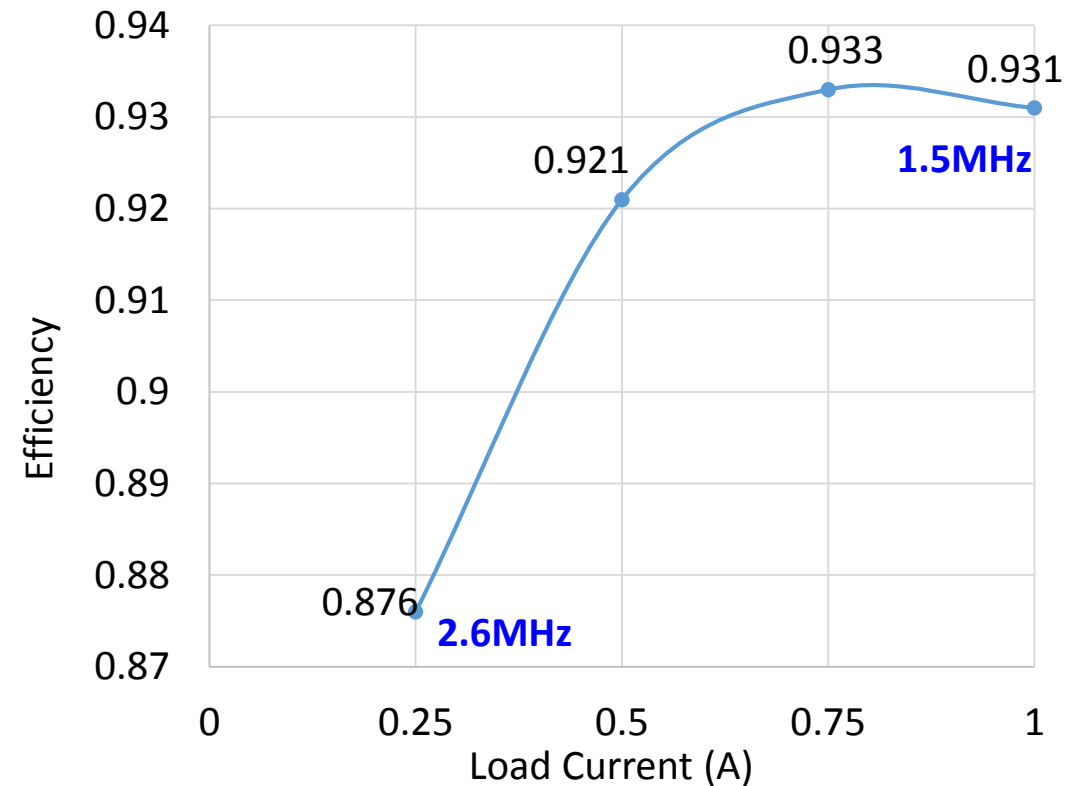
- DSP (for prototype)

MHz+ 25 W ACF Prototype Performance

$F_{sw}=1.5\text{MHz}$



Efficiency vs. Load



* Exclude bridge and EMI filter loss

GaN Power ICs enable Hi-Density Adapters

3x Higher Density with 50% Energy Savings


**Existing Si-based
150W**



**100 kHz
5-10 W/in³
88%**

**AllGaN™ 2016
150W**


2x Higher Density



**300-500 kHz
17 W/in³
>93%**

**AllGaN™ 2017
150W**

3x Higher Density



**>1 MHz
26.5 W/in³
>95%**



Ultra-thin LED TV

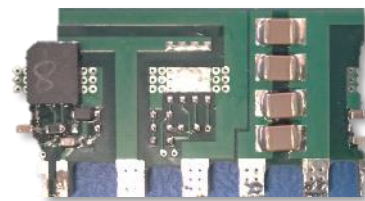
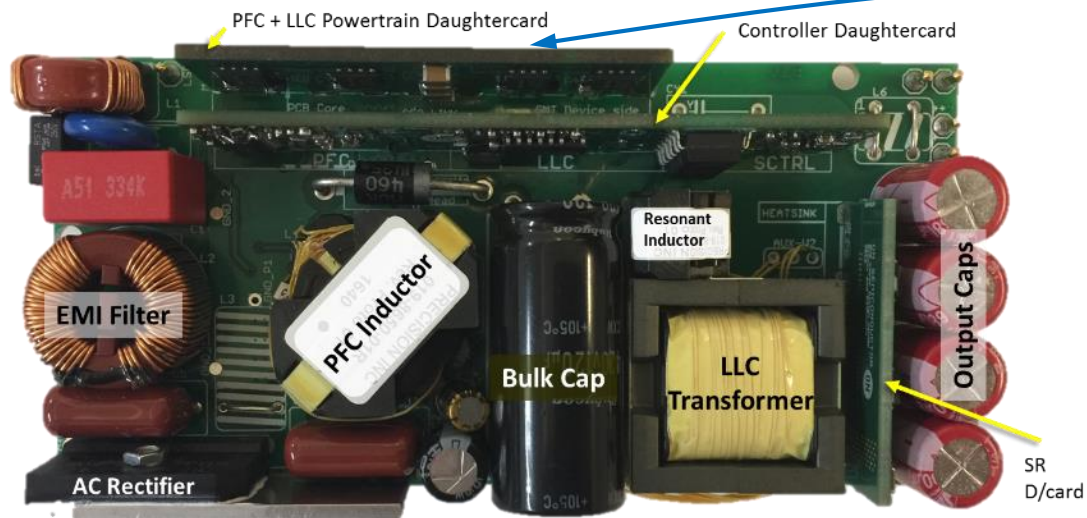
All-in-One
PCs



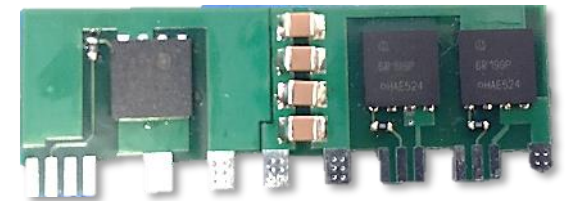
Next-Gen
Gaming Consoles

150 W, 19 V: GaN Power IC vs. Si

Part#	Technology	V	Pack	$R_{DS(ON)}$ (typ. m Ω)	Q_G (typ. nC)	$C_{OSS(er)}$ (typ. pF)	$R \times Q_G$ (m Ω .nC)	$R \times C_{OSS(er)}$ (m Ω .pF)
STL34N65M5	Si FET	650	8x8	99	62.5	63	6,187	6,237
IPL60R199CP	Si FET	600	8x8	180	32	69	5,760	12,420
IPL60R299CP	Si FET	600	8x8	270	22	46	5,940	12,420
NV6115	GaN Power IC	650	5x6	160	2.5	30	400	4,800
NV6117	GaN Power IC	650	5x6	110	4	45	440	4,950
GaN Benefit							14x	1.5-2.5x



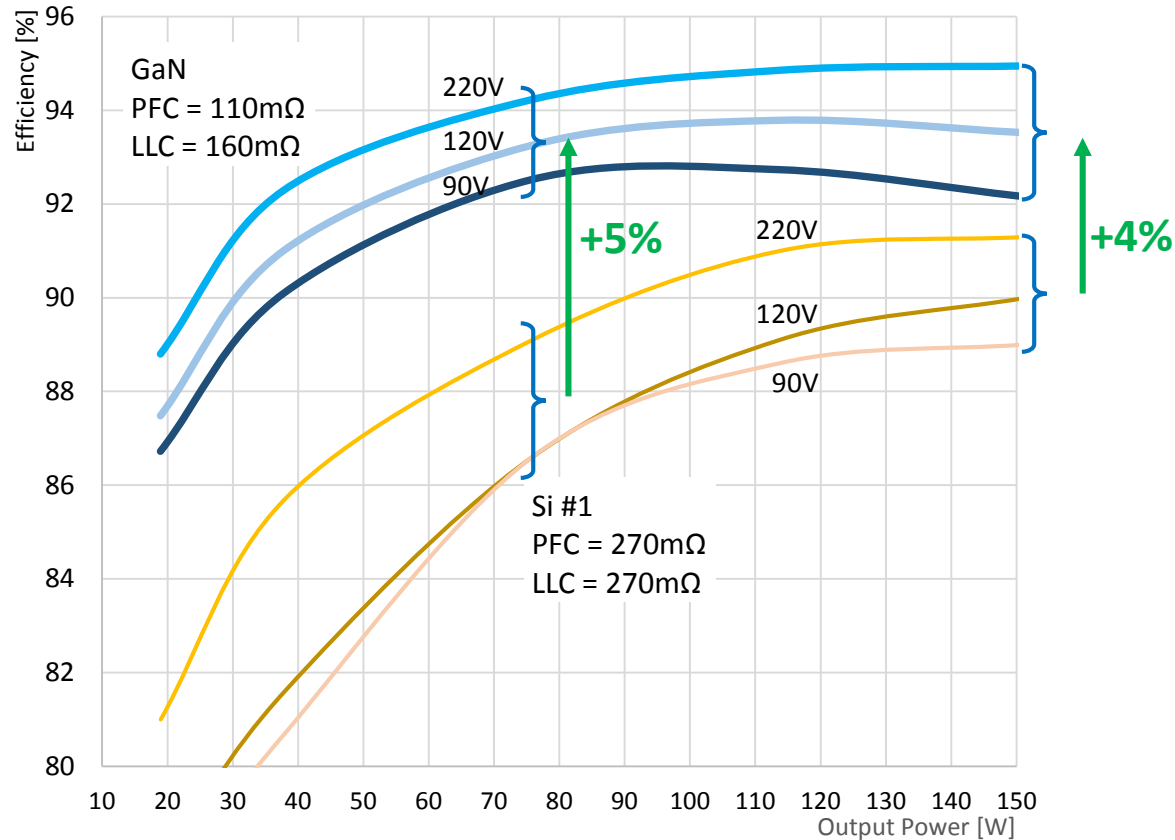
Navitas GaN Power ICs (5x6mm QFN)
PFC = 1x NV6117, LLC = 2x NV6115



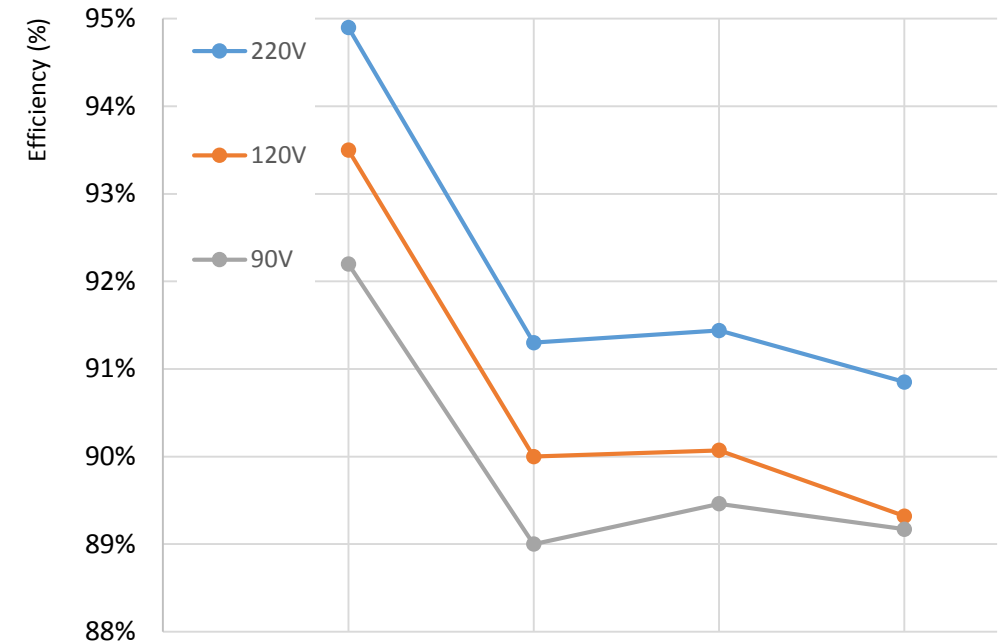
Si FETs (8x8mm QFN)
a) PFC = 1x IPL60R299CP, LLC = 2x IPL60R299CP
b) PFC = 1x IPL60R199CP, LLC = 2x IPL60R299CP

Frequency-related Loss Kills Si

PFC = free-running 63-200 kHz, LLC = 300 kHz



Efficiency vs. Output Power, AC Line Voltage

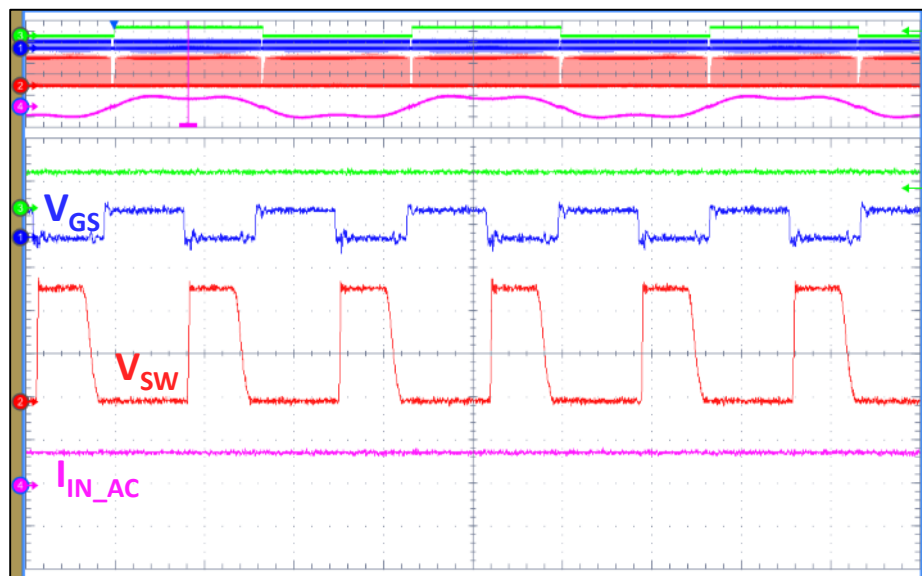


Efficiency vs. AC Line Voltage (150W Full Load)

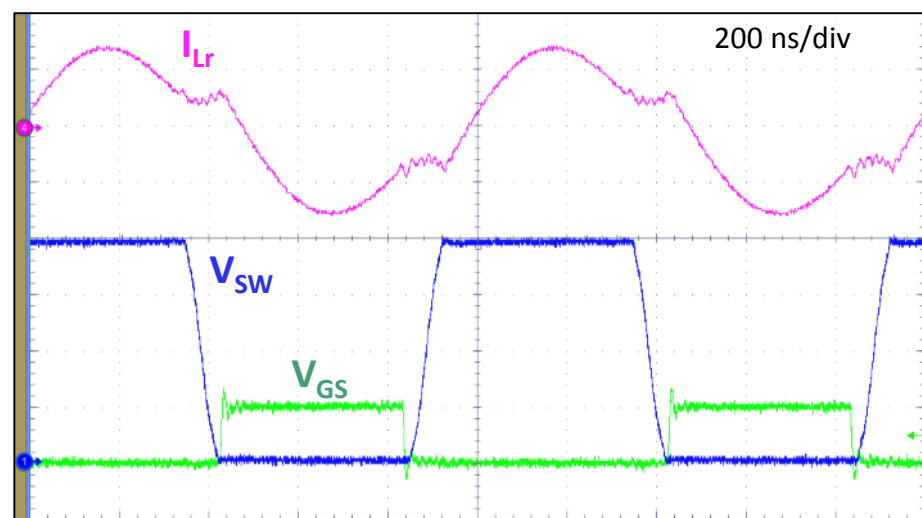
Powertrain	GaN	Si #1	Si #2	Si #3
PFC (mΩ)	110	270	180	99
LLC (mΩ)	160	270	270	270

AllGaN 2017: MHz 150W Totem-pole + LLC

PFC

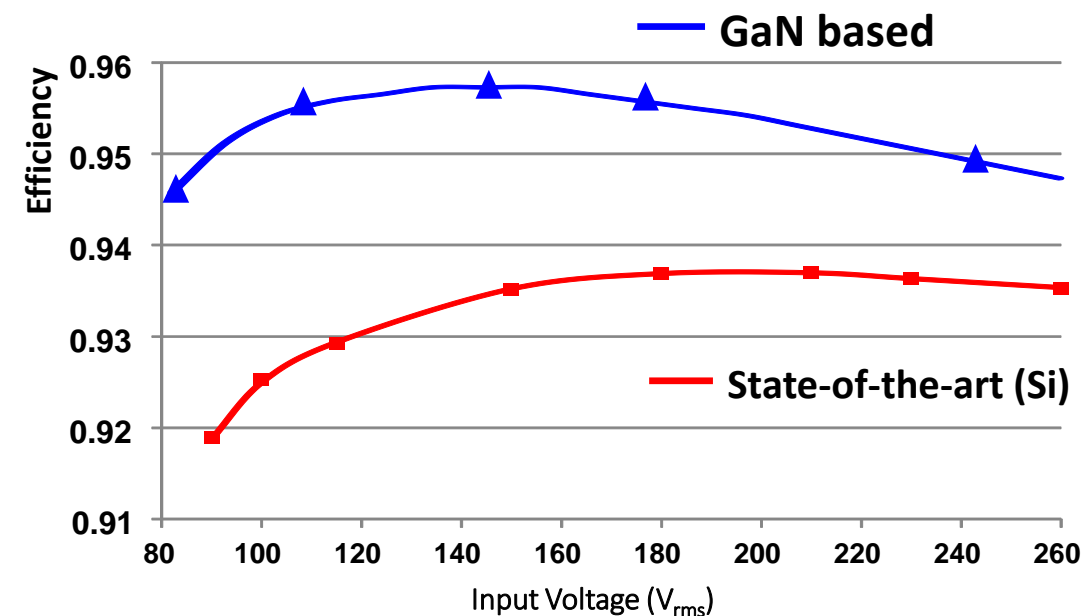
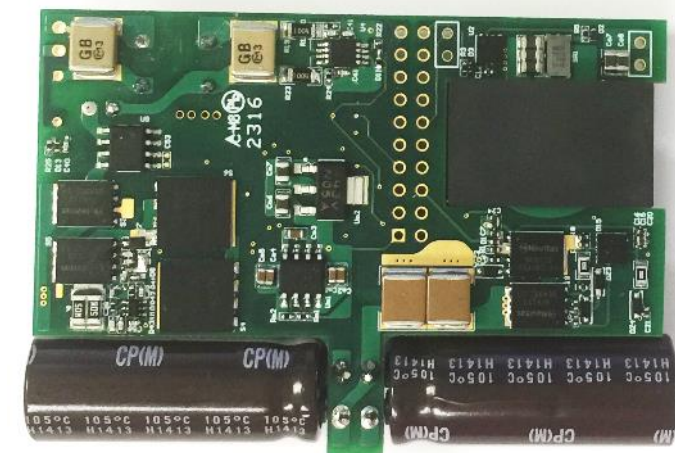


LLC



GaN-based
Power Density
= 35 W/in³

(Best commercial benchmark
= 12W/in³)

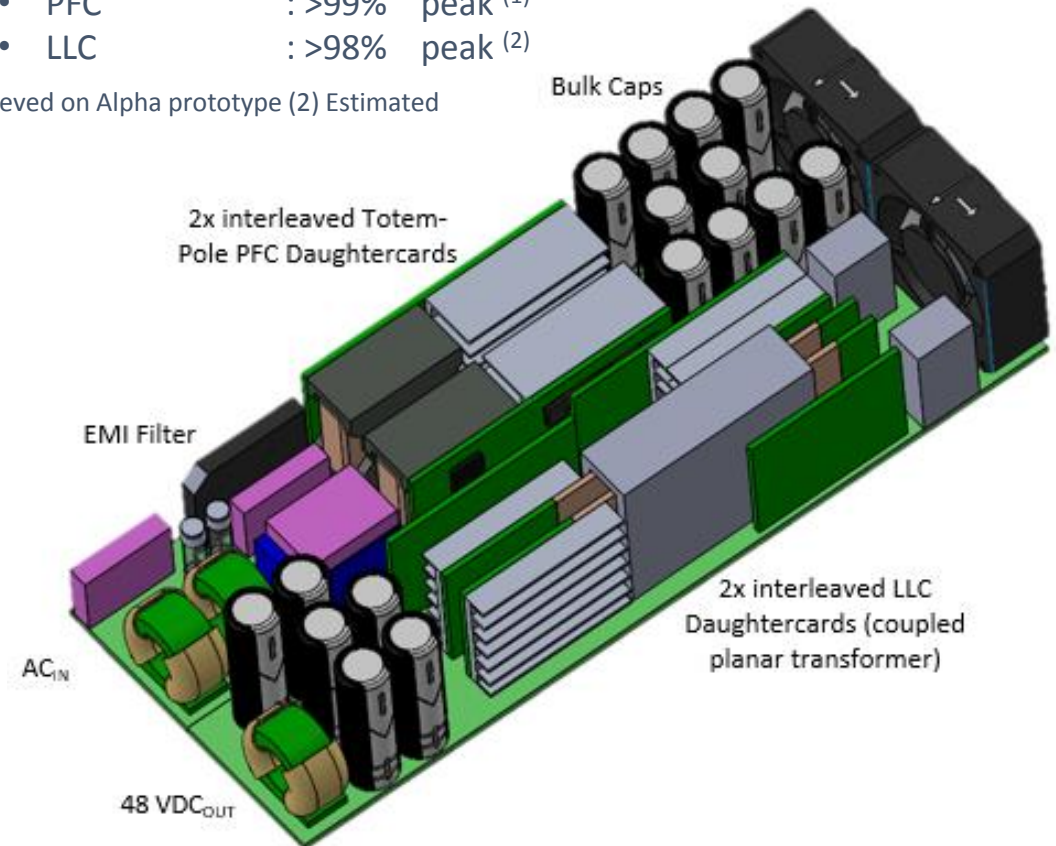
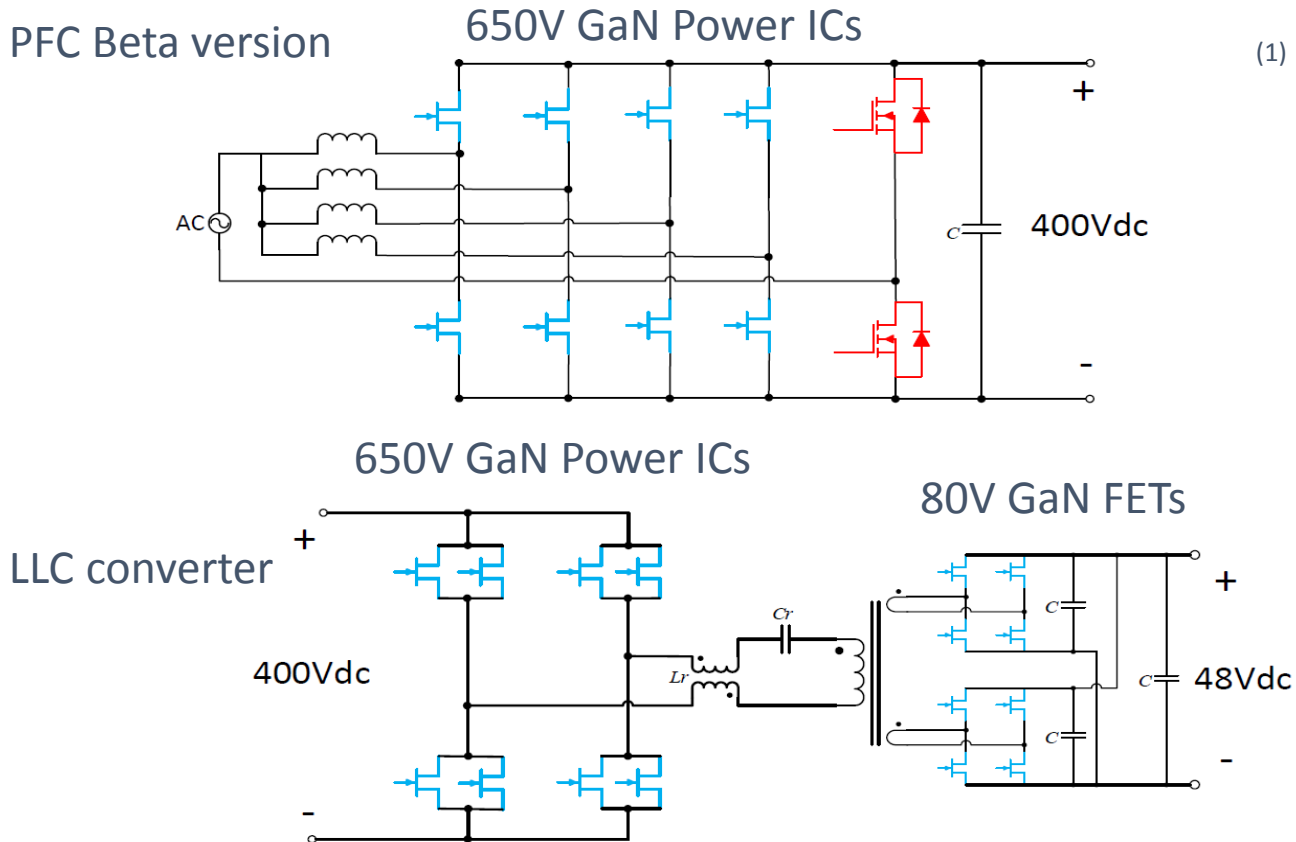


1 MHz, 3.2 kW Server Supply – 70 W/in³

- Multi-phase Totem-Pole CrCM + 2-phase Full-Bridge LLC
- Input : 220 V_{AC} (47-63 Hz)
- Output : 48 V, 3.2 kW
- Target Size : 200 x 80 x 41.5 mm (uncased)

- Target Frequency:
 - PFC = Variable frequency interleaving (500 kHz – 1.5 MHz)
 - LLC = Fixed-frequency interleaved 1 MHz
- Target Efficiency:
 - PFC : >99% peak ⁽¹⁾
 - LLC : >98% peak ⁽²⁾

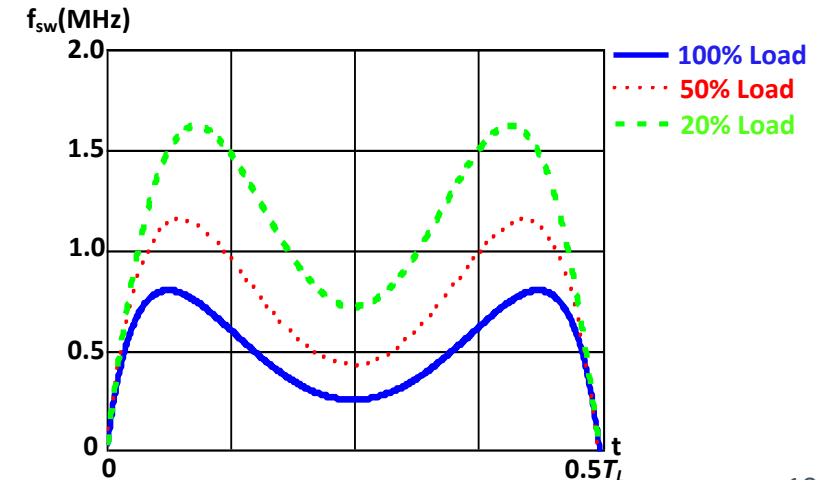
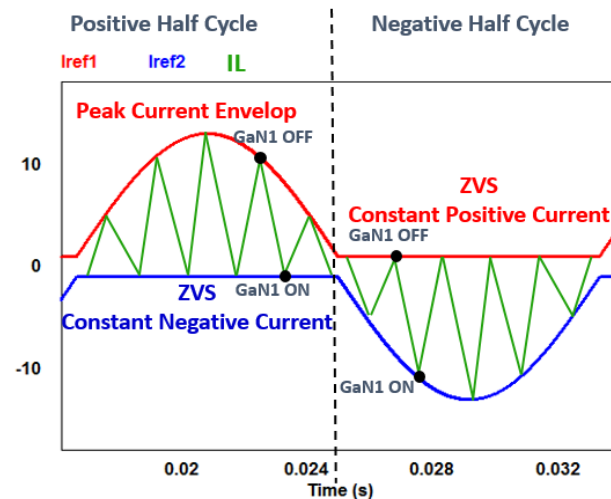
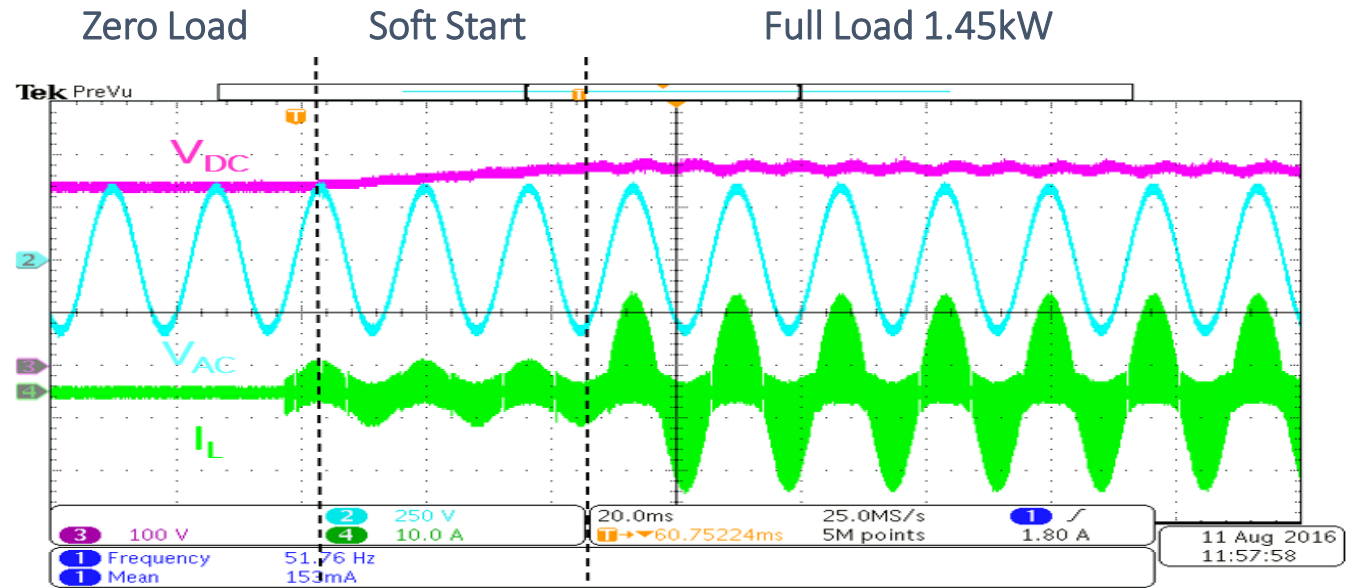
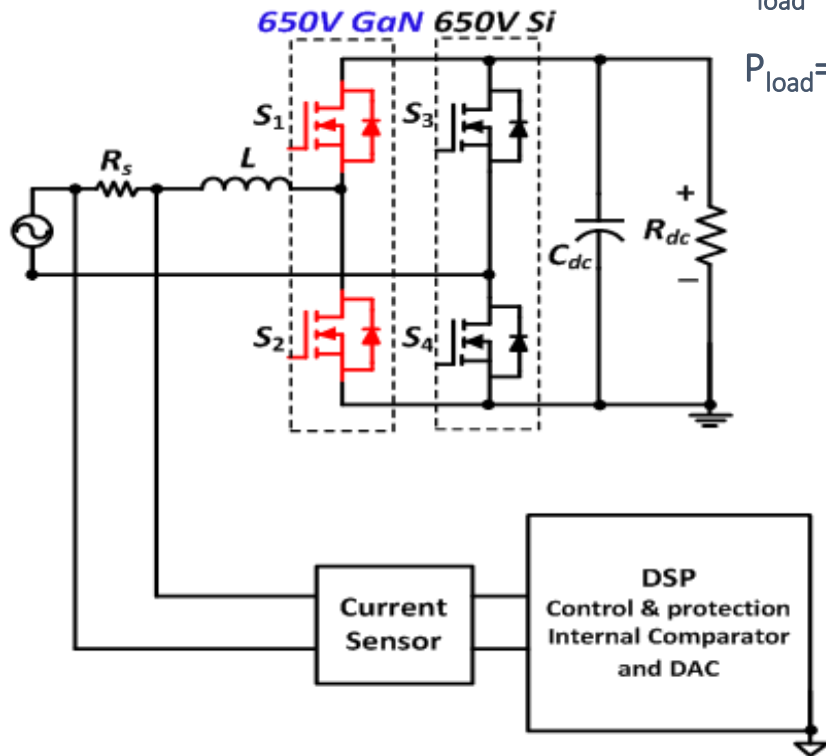
(1) Achieved on Alpha prototype (2) Estimated



Quasi-Square Wave PFC Full-range ZVS Operation

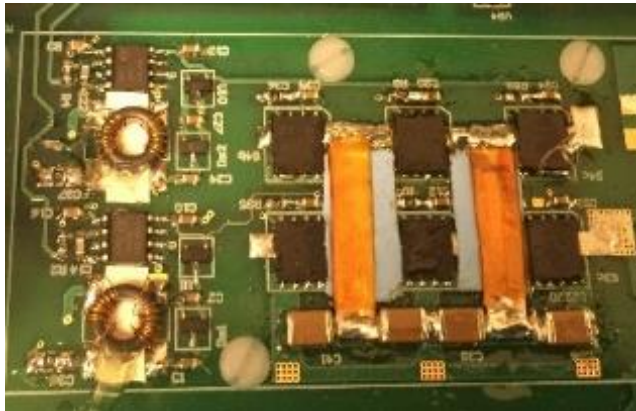
- Totem Pole Configuration
- Current Mode Control
- Constant ZVS current point
- Simple rule: only change the current reference waveforms

$V_{DC}=385V$
 $V_{AC}=240V/RMS$
 $R_{load}=102ohm$
 $P_{load}=1450W$

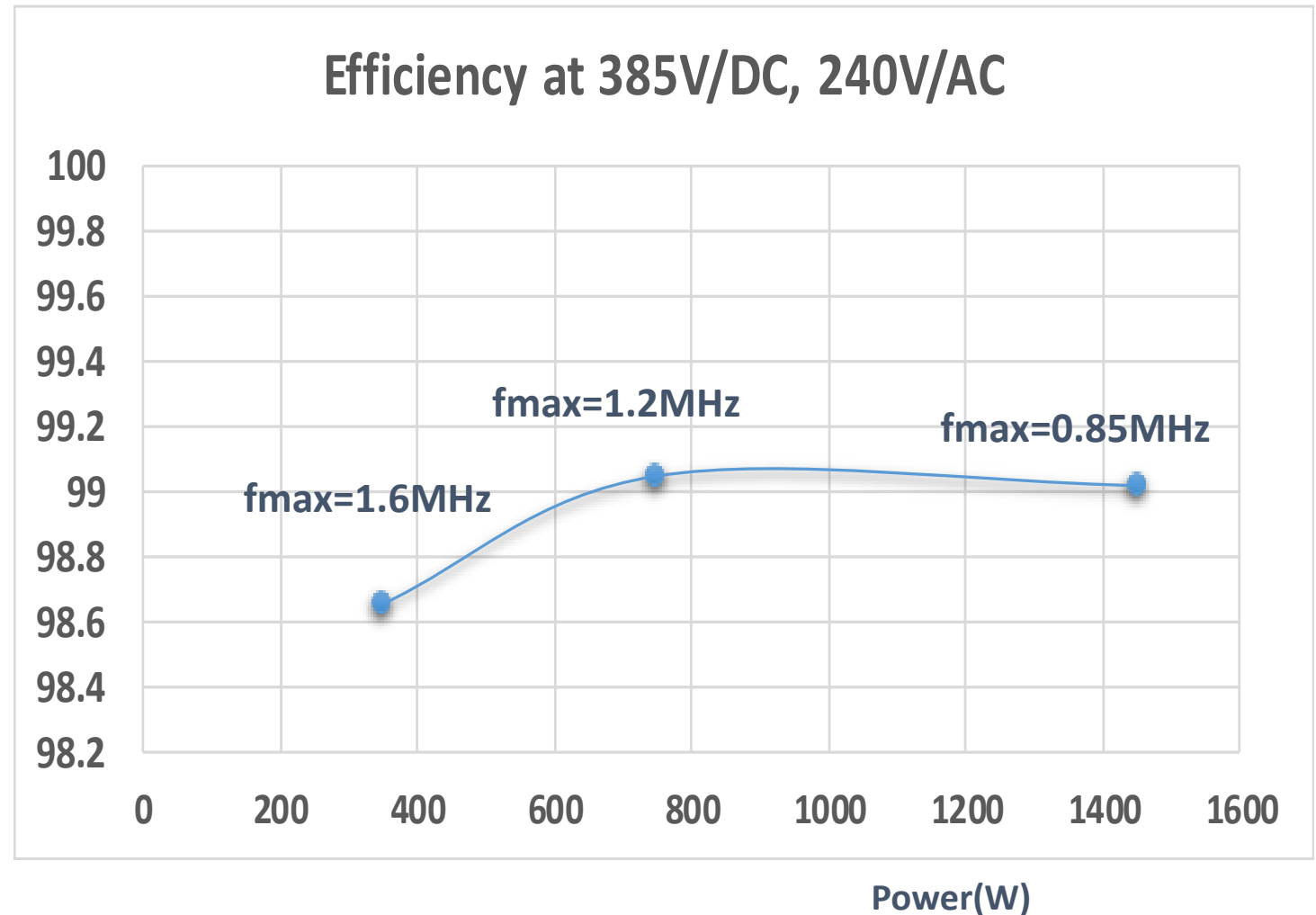
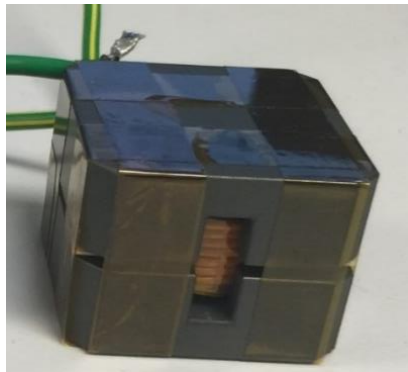


AllGaN Achieves Over 99% PFC Efficiency

3 GaN in Parallel, V_{dd}=6V



9.5uH, 7 Turns, Litz 46/660



Wireless Power ... Accelerated

Existing Silicon-based multi-stage wireless power



AC-DC Adapter
88% Efficiency



DC-DC
94% Efficiency

Power Amplifier
93% Efficiency



Wireless Transfer
90% Efficiency



Single-Stage Amplifier
90% Efficiency

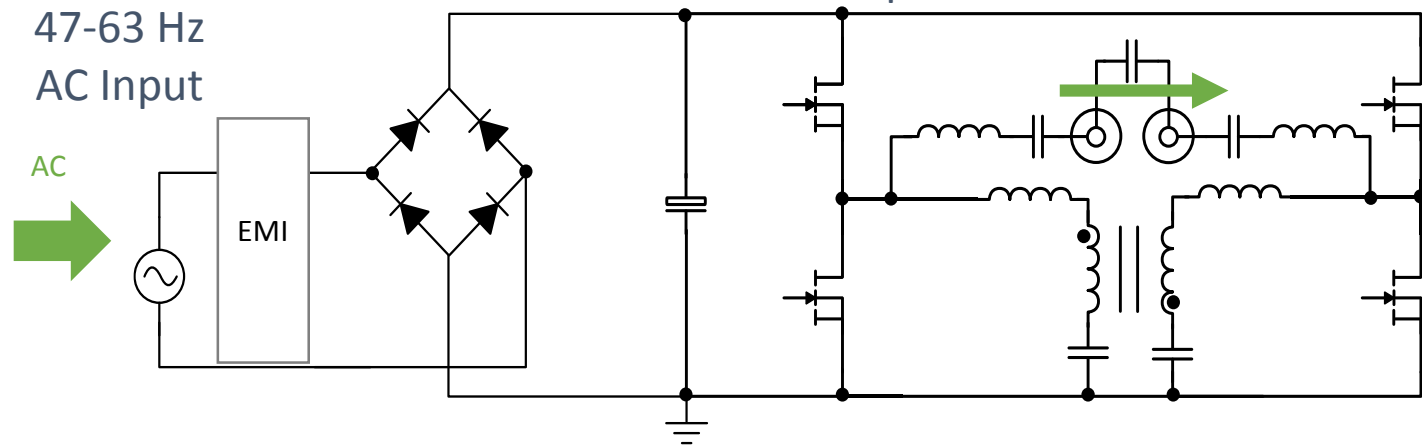
- 650V GaN Power ICs
- 3-stages integrated in 1-stage
- 6.78MHz Operation
- High-Efficiency

- **Multi-stage Efficiency: 77%**
- **GaN-enabled single stage: 90%**
- **20% lower system cost**
- **3x faster charging**

AC-RF Single Stage, Efficient & Cost-effective

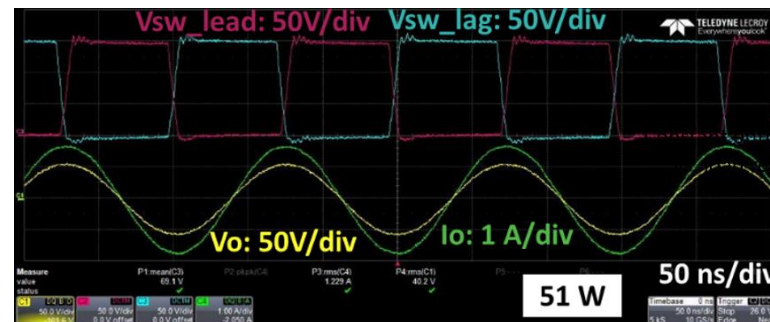
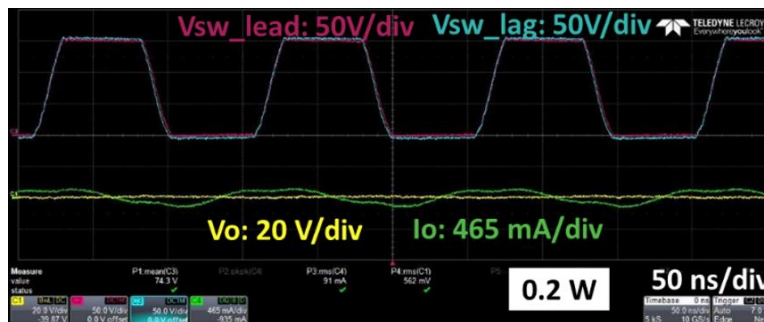
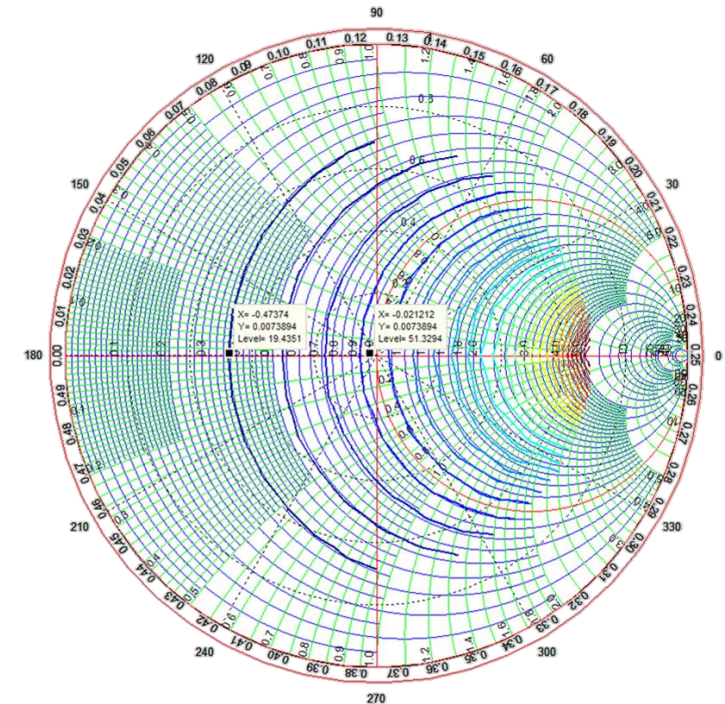
400V Phase-shifted Full Bridge with ZVS Coupled Inductors

6.78 MHz Output Direct to Transmitter Antenna



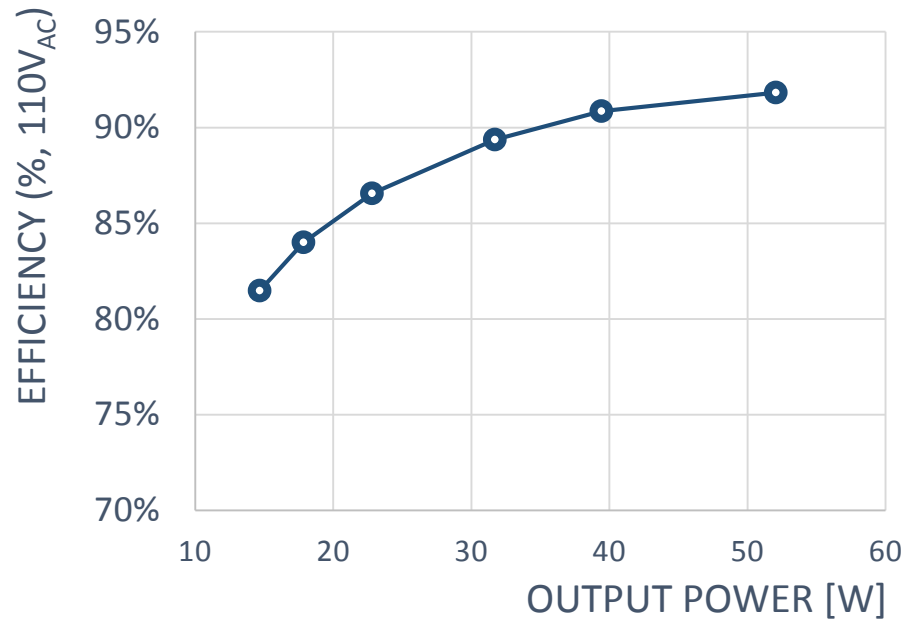
GaN Phase-Shift vs. Load

Meets Key System Requirements:
Constant output current vs. load reactance

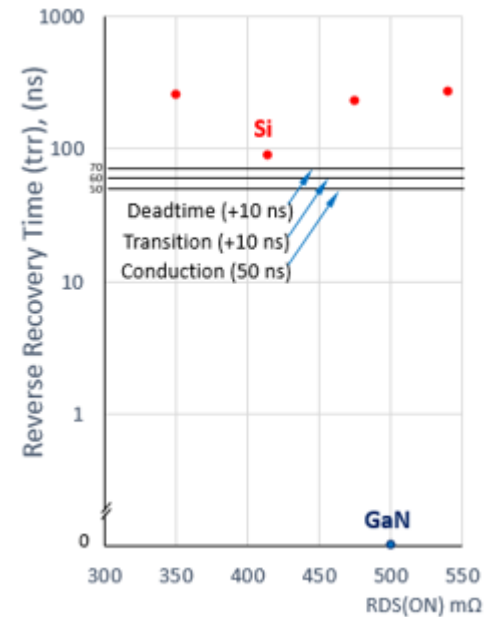


Cool AllGaN, No Chance for Silicon

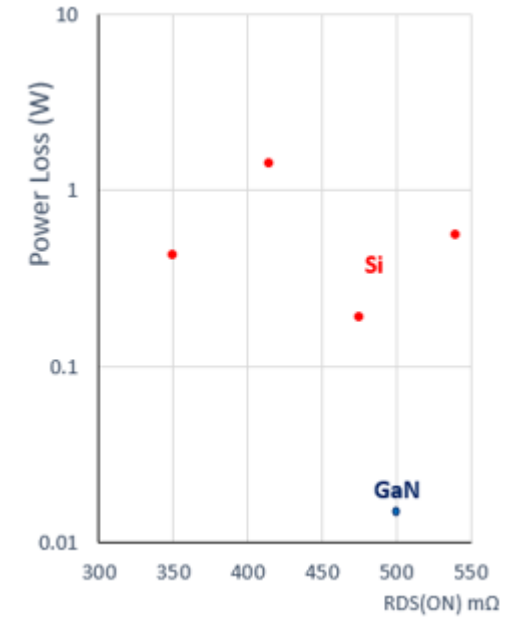
Efficiency from AC line to Transmitter Coil



Device Speed

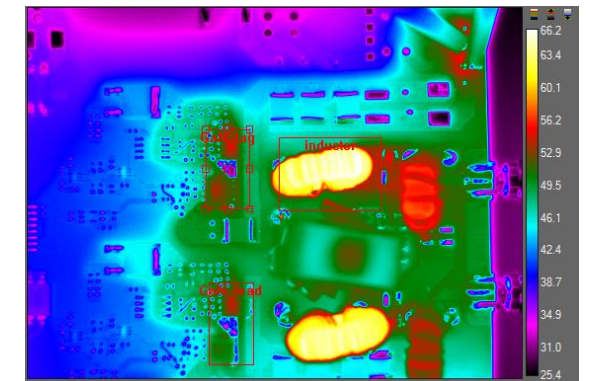
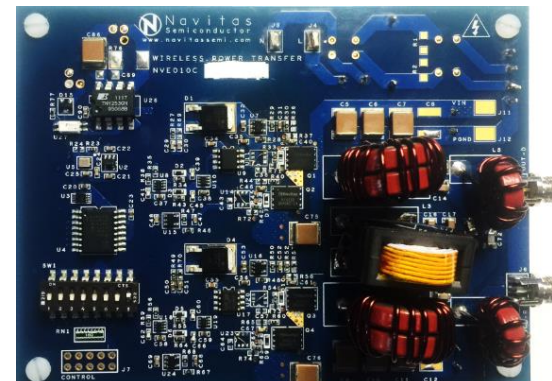


ZVS Current-Induced Loss



50W Prototype Board:

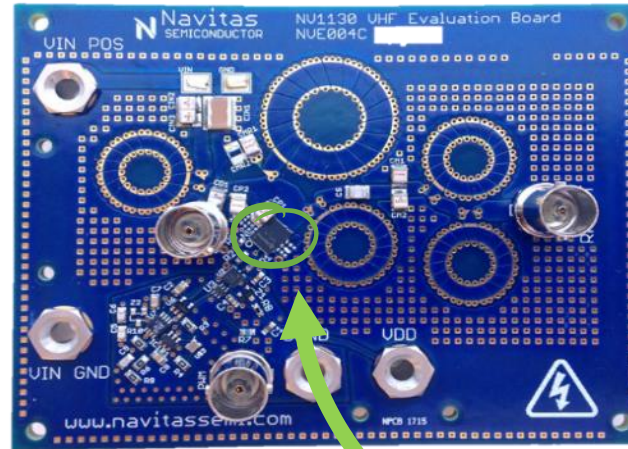
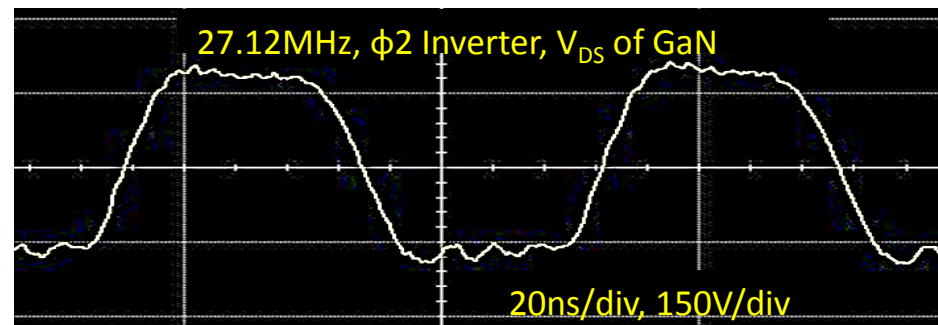
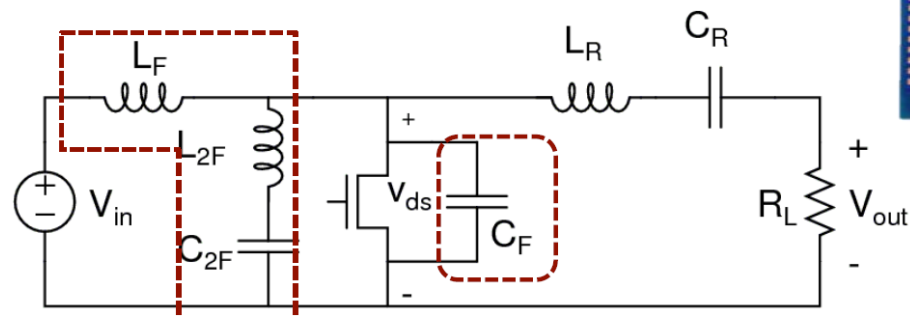
- a) Significant potential for further integration (control & GaN Power IC)
- b) Thermal performance (50W):
Max GaN Power IC $T_{CASE} = 53^{\circ}C$



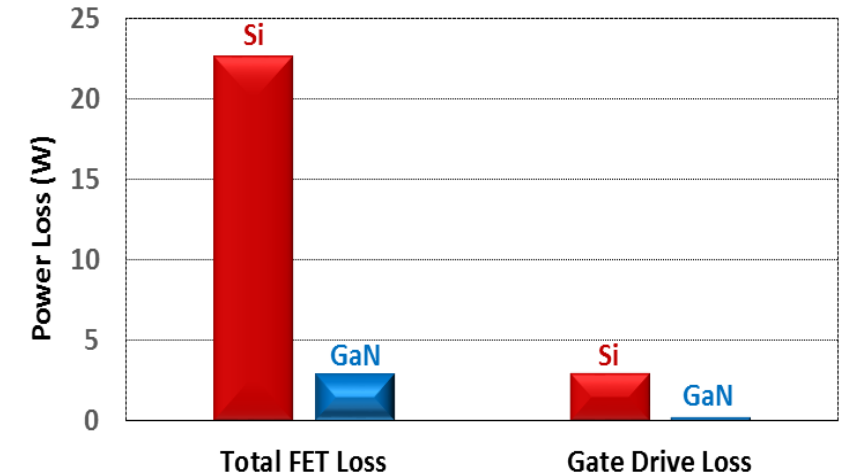
27 MHz, 40 MHz...

Class Phi-2 DC/AC converter

- 50% less loss than RF Si
- 16x smaller package
- Air-core inductors
- Minimal FET loss
- Negligible gate drive loss



Power Loss Breakdown (Active Components)



Technology	V	Pack (mm)	F_{sw} (MHz)	Eff. (%)	Power (W)
RF Si (ARF521) 	500	M174 22x22 	27.12	91%	150
	650	QFN 5x6 	27.12	96%	150
			40.00	93%	115



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