

# Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measures 2017

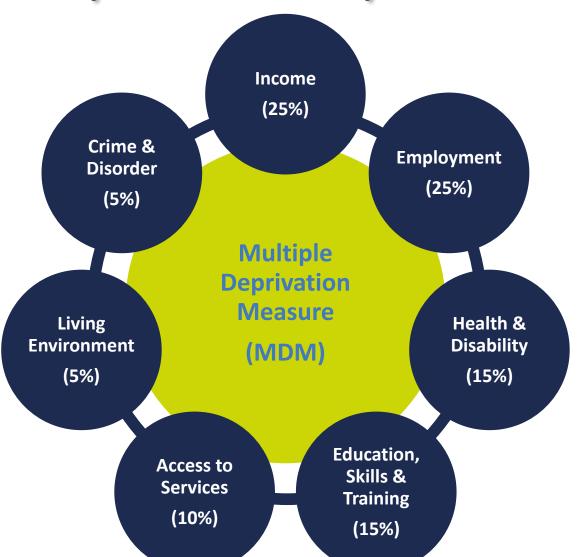
(NIMDM 2017)

Release Event: 23 November 2017

Tracy Power & Brian Green, NISRA

# Purpose of the presentation





- To introduce the latest set of Northern Ireland Deprivation Measures (NIMDM 2017)
  - Background
  - Framework
  - Governance
  - Public Consultations
  - Main Improvements
  - How the measures can be used
  - Headline Results (at 9.30am)
- To highlight online visualisation packages developed to make the results easily accessible



# Background

# Background



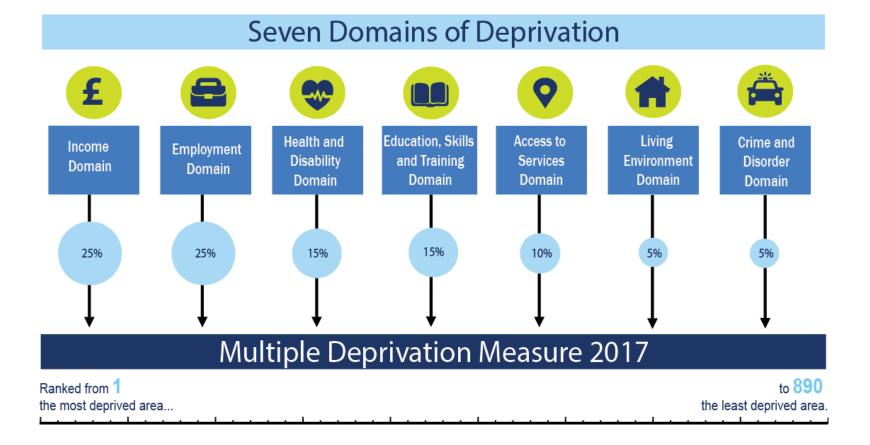


- Measures of the spatial distribution of deprivation have been developed and used in Northern Ireland since the 1970s
- They have informed the targeting of resources to the most deprived areas in Northern Ireland
- The 2001, 2005 and 2010 measures in NI were all constructed using the 'Noble' methodology
  - Developed by Professor Mike Noble from the Social Disadvantage Research Centre at the University of Oxford
- Approach aligns with that taken throughout the rest of the UK
  - Although different time points and indicators

#### Framework



- NISRA was commissioned to update the 2010 measures
- 'Noble' Methodology should be used, retaining the seven individual domains of deprivation



#### Framework



- 2010 indicators should only be revised where:
  - there is a strong rationale to do so; and
  - appropriate data are available to support the revision
- Proposed indicators in each domain must:
  - conform to pre-agreed criteria (see next slide)
  - be considered in the context of the 36 recommendations that arose from the 2010 work

#### Framework



- Indicators must be
  - <u>specific</u> to one of the seven domains of deprivation and represent a <u>major feature</u> of that form of deprivation
  - <u>available for all of Northern Ireland</u> and collected in a consistent form
  - direct measures or good proxies of that form of deprivation
  - statistically <u>robust at the small area</u> level
  - as <u>up to date</u> as possible to provide information on current deprivation

#### Governance

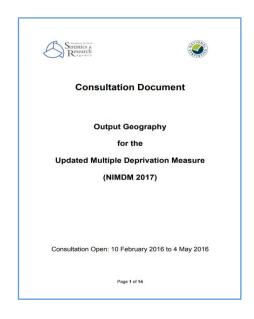
Northern Ireland
Statistics and Research Agency
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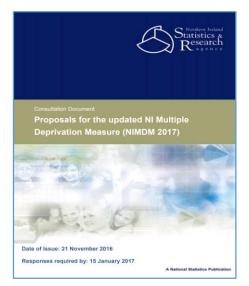
- NISRA Project Team
  - Tracy Power Director of Analysis
  - Brian Green Head of Demographic Statistics
  - Jos IJpelaar and Claire McCann Demographic Statistics
- Authoritative Steering Group, responsible for all major decisions, comprising representatives from:
  - All NI Departments
  - Belfast City Council
  - Causeway Coast & Glens District Council
  - Derry City & Strabane District Council
  - Newry, Mourne & Down District Council
  - Southern Health & Social Care Trust

- Ulster Farmers' Union
- Northern Ireland Rural Development Council
- Rural Community Network
- Equality Commission
- NI Housing Executive
- NICVA
- Supported by seven domain expert groups
  - including a group to consider any urban/rural bias
  - role included: provision of professional advice on the indicators, securing access to data

#### **Public Consultations**







- Two public consultations
- First Main geography for the outputs
  - Issued February 2016 paper
  - Detailed report published
  - Steering Group decision
    - Continued use of SOAs as main geography
- Second Proposals for the updated measures
  - Issued November 2016 paper plus 4 Information Events
  - Detailed Blueprint document published
  - Steering Group decisions
    - 38 indicators to be used
    - No change to domain weights used in 2010 measures



# Main Improvements

# Main Improvements



- Income Deprivation Domain: Using income data instead of benefit data
- **Employment Deprivation Domain**: Including people with no income from employment, nor benefits associated with employment deprivation
- Health Deprivation & Disability Domain: Including people on multiple and repeat prescriptions to reflect complex and prolonged health needs
- Access to Services Domain: Using data relating to travel times to a wider variety of services by both private and public transport, and access to broadband
- Living Environment Domain: New indicators on energy efficiency, road quality, flood risk, over crowding and suitability of housing for the disabled
- Crime & Disorder Domain: Including an additional indicator relating to theft



# How the measures can be used

#### Now the measures can be used



#### What the measures can be used for

For each of the individual domains of deprivation and the overall MDM, the rankings can be used to:

- Explore the relative deprivation of small geographical areas by comparing them with each other
- Explore which small geographical areas are the most or least deprived
- Examine the spatial distribution of small geographical areas that are the most or least deprived, however defined
- Explore which small geographical areas have joined, left or remained in the most or least deprived areas over time

This can be done for Northern Ireland as a whole, or for each individual Local Government District or for other geographies.

#### Now the measures can be used



#### What the measures cannot be used for

- Identifying deprived individuals or groups of people these are area based spatial measures
- Quantifying the extent to which a small geographical area is deprived they provide relative rankings of areas
- Quantifying the extent to which one area is more or less deprived than another – they provide relative rankings of areas
- Assessing how absolute deprivation in a small geographical area has changed over time – they provide a spatial ranking at a single point in time
- Measuring affluence lack of deprivation is not the same as being affluent
- Undertaking UK comparisons each UK country has a different set of indicators, time periods, domains and domain weights

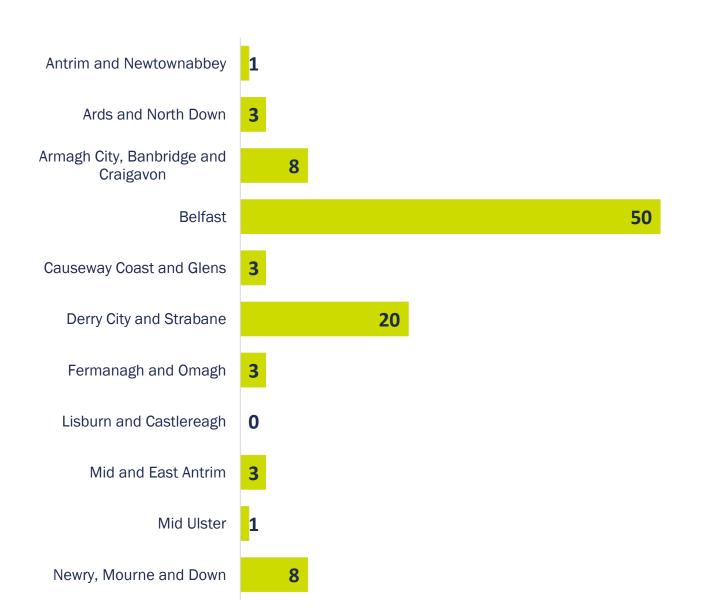


# Where are the 100 most deprived areas in Northern Ireland?

(Based on the MDM)

#### MDM: 100 most deprived SOAs (by LGD)



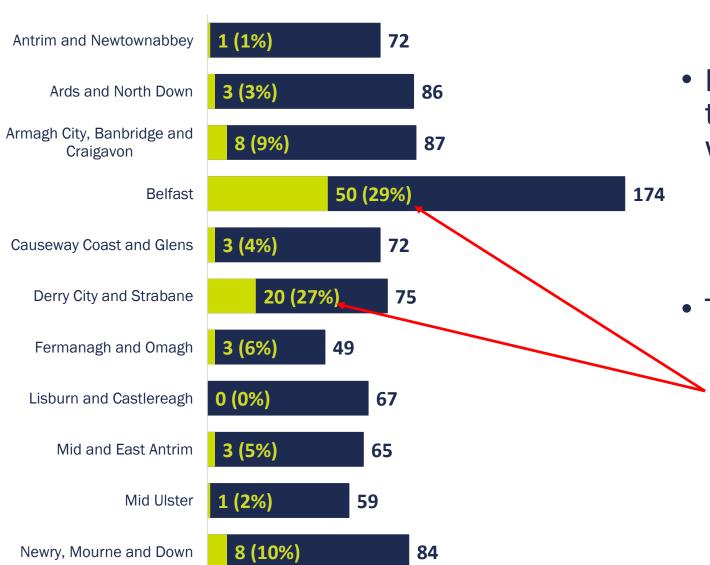


- Half of the 100 most deprived SOAs are in Belfast
- One fifth are in Derry City & Strabane
- None are in Lisburn & Castlereagh

But...

#### MDM: 100 most deprived SOAs (by LGD)





 Need to be mindful that the total number of SOAs varies within LGDs:

- 49 in Fermanagh & Omagh
- 174 in Belfast
- To the extent that:
  - similar proportions of the SOAs in Belfast (29%) and Derry City & Strabane (27%) are in the 100 most deprived SOAs based on the MDM

# 100 most deprived SOAs (MDM)

Northern Ireland
Statistics and Research Agency
Gníomhaireacht Thuaisceart Éireann
um Staitisticí agus Taighde

- **East**, Derry City and Strabane
- 2 Water Works 2, Belfast
- 3 Crevagh 2, Derry City and Strabane
- 4 Ardoyne 2, Belfast
- 5 Strand 1, Derry City and Strabane
- 6 **The Diamond**, Derry City and Strabane
- 7 New Lodge 2, Belfast
- 8 Woodvale 1, Belfast
- Ardoyne 3, Belfast
- **10 Creggan Central 1**, Derry City and Strabane
- 11 Greystone, Causeway Coast and Glens
- 12 Woodvale 2, Belfast
- **13 Brandywell**, Derry City and Strabane
- **14 Woodville 1**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- 15 Water Works 1, Belfast
- 16 Ardoyne 1, Belfast
- 17 Woodvale 3, Belfast
- **18 Shankill 2**, Belfast
- **19 Shantallow West 1**, Derry City and Strabane
- 20 Collin Glen 2, Belfast
- 21 Crumlin 2, Belfast
- 22 Culmore 2, Derry City and Strabane
- 23 Whiterock 2, Belfast
- 24 Crumlin 1, Belfast
- 25 New Lodge 1, Belfast

- 26 Collin Glen 3, Belfast
- **27 Shantallow West 2**, Derry City and Strabane
- 28 Shankill 1, Belfast
- 29 Falls 3, Belfast
- 30 Falls 2. Belfast
- **31 Ballysally 1**, Causeway Coast and Glens
- 32 New Lodge 3, Belfast
- **33 Creggan South**, Derry City and Strabane
- 34 Coolessan, Causeway Coast and Glens
- 35 Whiterock 3. Belfast
- **36 Twinbrook 2**, Belfast
- **37 Ballycolman**, Derry City and Strabane
- **Ebrington 2**, Derry City and Strabane
- 39 Poleglass 1, Belfast
- 40 Ballymacarret 3, Belfast
- **41 Falls 1**, Belfast
- 42 Twinbrook 1, Belfast
- **43 Clondermot 1**, Derry City and Strabane
- 4 **Devenish**, Fermanagh and Omagh
- 45 Westland, Derry City and Strabane
- 46 **Lisanelly 2**, Fermanagh and Omagh
- 47 **Lisanelly 1**, Fermanagh and Omagh
- 48 Upper Springfield 3, Belfast
- 49 Duncairn 1, Belfast
- 50 Clonard 1, Belfast

- 51 Shantallow West 3, Derry City and Strabane
- **52 Drumgask 2**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- 53 Duncairn 2, Belfast
- **54 Court 1**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- 55 Clonard 2, Belfast
- 56 Water Works 3, Belfast
- **Crossmaglen**, Newry, Mourne and Down
- 58 Blackstaff 1. Belfast
- 59 Carn Hill 2, Derry City and Strabane
- 60 Highfield 3, Belfast
- **Callan Bridge**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- **Church**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- 63 Collin Glen 1, Belfast
- 64 The Mount 2, Belfast
- **Northland**, Mid and East Antrim
- 66 Beechmont 2, Belfast
- 67 Shaftesbury 3, Belfast
- 68 Rosemount, Derry City and Strabane
- 69 Creggan Central 2, Derry City and Strabane
- **70 Drumgullion 1,** Newry, Mourne and Down
- 71 Scrabo 2, Ards and North Down
- 72 Creggan, Newry, Mourne and Down
- 73 **Annagh 2**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- 74 Whiterock 1, Belfast
- 75 Daisy Hill 2, Newry, Mourne and Down

- **Ladybrook 3**, Belfast
- 77 Upper Springfield 2, Belfast
- 78 Ballymacarrett 2, Belfast
- 79 Botanic 5, Belfast
- 30 The Mount 1, Belfast
- **81 Drumgor 2**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- Upper Springfield 1, Belfast
- **83 Drumnamoe 1**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- 84 **Dunanney**, Antrim and Newtownabbey
- 85 Ballee, Mid and East Antrim
- 86 Shantallow East, Derry City and Strabane
- 87 Glencairn 1. Belfast
- 88 Legoniel 2. Belfast
- 89 Murlough, Newry, Mourne and Down
- Glenderg, Derry City and Strabane
- 91 Moat, Mid and East Antrim
- 92 Coalisland South, Mid Ulster
- 93 Ballybot, Newry, Mourne and Down
- **Silver Bridge 1**, Newry, Mourne and Down
- 95 Ballymacarret 1, Belfast
- 96 Woodstock 3, Belfast
- 97 Glen 1, Ards and North Down
- 98 Cliftonville 1, Belfast
- 99 **Central**, Ards and North Down
- **100 Forkhill 2**, Newry, Mourne and Down

### 100 most deprived SOAs (MDM)

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- Ardoyne 3, Belfast
- **10 Creggan Central 1**, Derry City and Strabane
- **11 Greystone**, Causeway Coast and Glens
- 12 Woodvale 2, Belfast
- **13 Brandywell**, Derry City and Strabane
- **14 Woodville 1**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- 15 Water Works 1, Belfast
- **16 Ardoyne 1**, Belfast
- 17 Woodvale 3, Belfast
- 18 Shankill 2, Belfast
- **1.9 Shantallow West 1**, Derry City and Strabane
- 20 Collin Glen 2, Belfast
- 21 Crumlin 2, Belfast
- 22 Culmore 2, Derry City and Strabane
- 23 Whiterock 2, Belfast
- 24 Crumlin 1, Belfast
- 25 New Lodge 1, Belfast

- 26 Collin Glen 3. Belfast
- **27 Shantallow West 2**, Derry City and Strabane
- 28 Shankill 1, Belfast
- 29 Falls 3, Belfast
- 30 Falls 2, Belfast
- **31 Ballysally 1**, Causeway Coast and Glens
- 32 New Lodge 3, Belfast
- **33 Creggan South**, Derry City and Strabane
- 34 Coolessan, Causeway Coast and Glens
- 35 Whiterock 3. Belfast
- 36 Twinbrook 2, Belfast
- **37 Ballycolman**, Derry City and Strabane
- **Ebrington 2**, Derry City and Strabane
- 39 Poleglass 1, Belfast
- 40 Ballymacarret 3, Belfast
- **41 Falls 1**, Belfast
- **42 Twinbrook 1**, Belfast
- **43 Clondermot 1**, Derry City and Strabane
- 4 Devenish, Fermanagh and Omagh
- 45 Westland, Derry City and Strabane
- **46 Lisanelly 2**, Fermanagh and Omagh
- 47 **Lisanelly 1**, Fermanagh and Omagh
- 48 Upper Springfield 3, Belfast
- 49 Duncairn 1, Belfast
- 50 Clonard 1, Belfast

- **51 Shantallow West 3**, Derry City and Strabane
- **Drumgask 2**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- 53 Duncairn 2, Belfast
- **54 Court 1**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- 55 Clonard 2, Belfast
- 56 Water Works 3, Belfast
- **Crossmaglen**, Newry, Mourne and Down
- 58 Blackstaff 1, Belfast
- 59 Carn Hill 2, Derry City and Strabane
- 60 Highfield 3, Belfast
- **61 Callan Bridge**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- 62 **Church**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- 63 Collin Glen 1, Belfast
- 64 The Mount 2, Belfast
- 65 **Northland**, Mid and East Antrim
- 66 Beechmont 2, Belfast
- 67 Shaftesbury 3, Belfast
- 68 Rosemount, Derry City and Strabane
- 69 Creggan Central 2, Derry City and Strabane
- 70 **Drumgullion 1,** Newry, Mourne and Down
- 71 Scrabo 2, Ards and North Down
- 72 **Creggan**, Newry, Mourne and Down
- 73 **Annagh 2**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- 74 Whiterock 1, Belfast
- 75 Daisy Hill 2, Newry, Mourne and Down

- 76 Ladybrook 3, Belfast
- 77 Upper Springfield 2, Belfast
- 78 Ballymacarrett 2, Belfast
- 79 Botanic 5, Belfast
- 80 The Mount 1, Belfast
- **81 Drumgor 2**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- Upper Springfield 1, Belfast
- **83 Drumnamoe 1**, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon
- 84 **Dunanney**, Antrim and Newtownabbey
- 85 Ballee, Mid and East Antrim
- **Shantallow East**, Derry City and Strabane
- 87 Glencairn 1, Belfast
- **Legoniel 2**, Belfast
- 89 Murlough, Newry, Mourne and Down
- 90 Glenderg, Derry City and Strabane
- 91 Moat, Mid and East Antrim
- 92 Coalisland South, Mid Ulster
- 93 Ballybot, Newry, Mourne and Down
- 94 **Silver Bridge 1**, Newry, Mourne and Down
- 95 Ballymacarret 1, Belfast
- 96 Woodstock 3, Belfast
- 97 Glen 1, Ards and North Down
- 98 Cliftonville 1, Belfast
- 99 **Central**, Ards and North Down
- 100 Forkhill 2, Newry, Mourne and Down

- 20 of these SOAs were not in the 100 most deprived SOAs back in 2010
- All in the latter part of the 100 most deprived, ranging from rank 47 to rank 100

#### 100 most deprived SOAs (MDM)



MDM 2017 Rank		MDM 2010 Rank
101	Altnagelvin 1, Derry City and Strabane	88
102	Blackstaff 2, Belfast	69
107	Kilwee 2, Belfast	48
115	Ballymote, Newry, Mourne and Down	59
116	Glencolin 4, Belfast	47
117	Monkstown 1, Antrim and Newtownabbe	ey <b>100</b>
118	Old Warren, Lisburn and Castlereagh	85
122	Chichester Park 1, Belfast	96
128	Woodstock 2, Belfast	63
131	Glencolin 2, Belfast	62
140	<b>Island 1</b> , Belfast	90
146	Shaftesbury 2, Belfast	54
150	Cliftonville 3, Belfast	89
152	Castlederg, Derry City and Strabane	97
159	Upper Malone 2, Belfast	98
161	Legoniel 1, Belfast	70
162	Glencolin 3, Belfast	74
163	Shaftesbury 1, Belfast	78
171	Daisy Hill 1, Newry, Mourne and Down	95
267	Glen Road 2, Belfast	87

- These 20 SOAs are no longer in the 100 most deprived SOAs when compared to the MDM 2010
  - All but "Glen Road 2" remain in the most deprived quintile (rank 1 to 178)
  - 14 of them are in Belfast

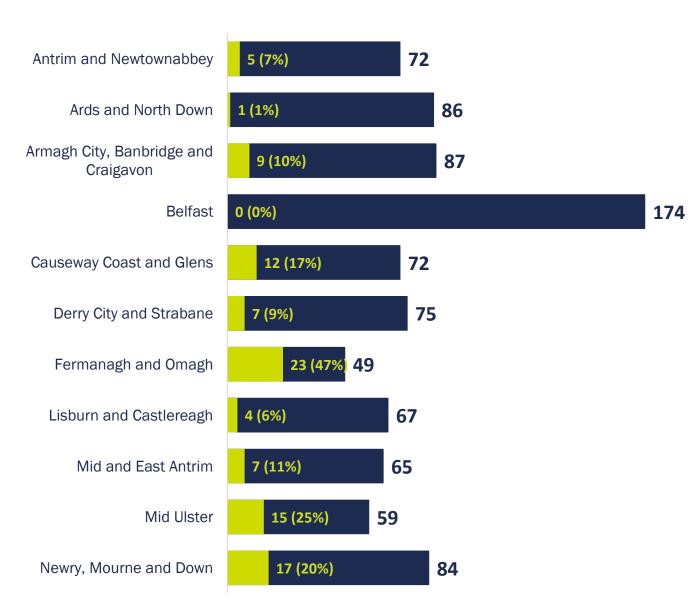
- This doesn't necessarily mean that these
   20 areas are less deprived in absolute
   terms than they were in 2010
  - The deprivation ranks provide relative spatial measures at a point in time



### What about the other domains?

#### Access to Services: 100 most deprived SOAs (by LGD)





- In contrast to the MDM, non of the 174
   SOAs in Belfast fall into the 100 most deprived SOAs when based on the Access to Services Domain
  - 50 SOAs in the MDM (29%)
- Fermanagh and Omagh LGD has the highest proportion of its SOAs in the 100 most deprived SOAs based on the Access to Services domain
  - 23 out of 49 SOAs (47%)
  - Only 3 SOAs in the MDM (6%)
- At 25%, Mid Ulster has the second highest proportion of its 59 SOAs in this category
  - Only 1 SOA in the MDM (2%)

# Comparison across domains (MDM)



Kilwee 2, Belfast	
Domain	Rank
Income	511
Employment	53
Health and Disability	40
Education, Skills & Training	125
Access to Services	756
Living Environment	102
Crime & Disorder	67
Multiple (MDM)	107

Outside the 100 most deprived (MDM)

#### Carnmoon & Dunseverick, Causeway Coast and Glens

Domain	Rank
Income	84
Employment	437
Health and Disability	586
Education, Skills & Training	490
Access to Services	38
Living Environment	99
Crime & Disorder	788
Multiple (MDM)	210

Outside the 200 most deprived (MDM)

Tullyha	рру,			
Newry,	Mourne	&	Down	

Domain	Rank
Income	82
Employment	622
Health and Disability	712
Education, Skills & Training	561
Access to Services	97
Living Environment	378
Crime & Disorder	694
Multiple (MDM)	322

Outside the 300 most deprived (MDM)

# Comparison across domains (MDM)



#### Multiple Deprivation Measure 10 most deprived SOAs

- East, Derry City and Strabane
- Water Works 2, Belfast
- Crevagh 2, Derry City and Strabane
- 4 Ardoyne 2, Belfast
- 5 Strand 1, Derry City and Strabane
- 5 The Diamond, Derry City and Strabane
- 7 New Lodge 2, Belfast
- 8 Woodvale 1, Belfast
- Ardoyne 3, Belfast
- 10 Creggan Central 1, Derry City and Strabane

Rank
4
3
54
14
559
127
76

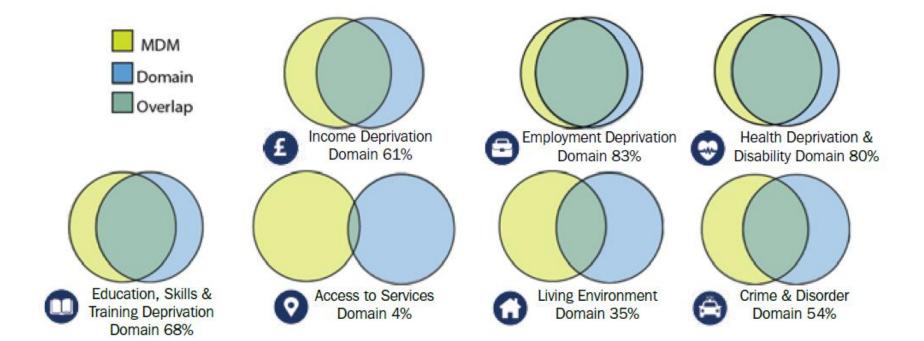
Domain	Rank
Income	20
Employment	16
Health and Disability	23
Education, Skills & Training	31
Access to Services	695
Living Environment	82
Crime & Disorder	198

Domain	Rank
Income	10
Employment	4
Health and Disability	36
Education, Skills & Training	203
Access to Services	839
Living Environment	9
Crime & Disorder	10

# Comparison across domains



- The circles below depict the overlap between the MDM and the individual domains
- The overlap represents the number of SOAs that have a rank in the top 100 for both the MDM and the relevant domain
- For example, 61 of the 100
   most deprived SOAs based on
   the MDM are also in the 100
   most deprived SOAs according
   to the Income Domain





# **Other Products**

# Online Resources / User Engagement



- 8 measures across 890 SOAs, within 11 LGDs
- That's a lot of information (over 7,000 ranks)
- Deprivation team has developed online resources to make all the information readily accessible – demos to follow
  - Plus summary sheets for 100 most deprived (MDM) and 10 most deprived in each domain for each LGD
- In addition, NISRA will be embarking on a programme of user engagement to:
  - Outline the results and how they can be accessed
  - Educate users on how they can and cannot be used
- We have factored in 6 months for these outreach activities
  - Envisage providing such support to central and local government, the voluntary sector, academia etc.

#### Still to come



- Measures for Small Areas
  - 4,537 of these, which nest within SOAs
  - Helpful in identifying pockets of deprivation within SOAs
  - Average size of 410 people
- Estimated measures for the new electoral wards
- Deprivation measures for children
- Recommendations for future updates
- Exploring the link between population decline and deprivation



# Demo of Online Resources



# Questions