CORONASTEP Report 148
(2022 - Weeks 49 and 50)
SARS-CoV-2 Sewage Surveillance in Luxembourg

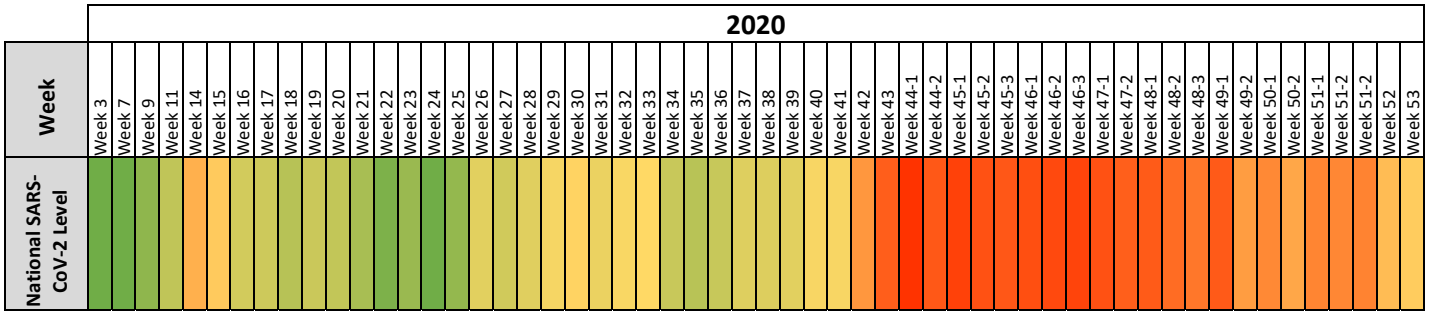
Summary

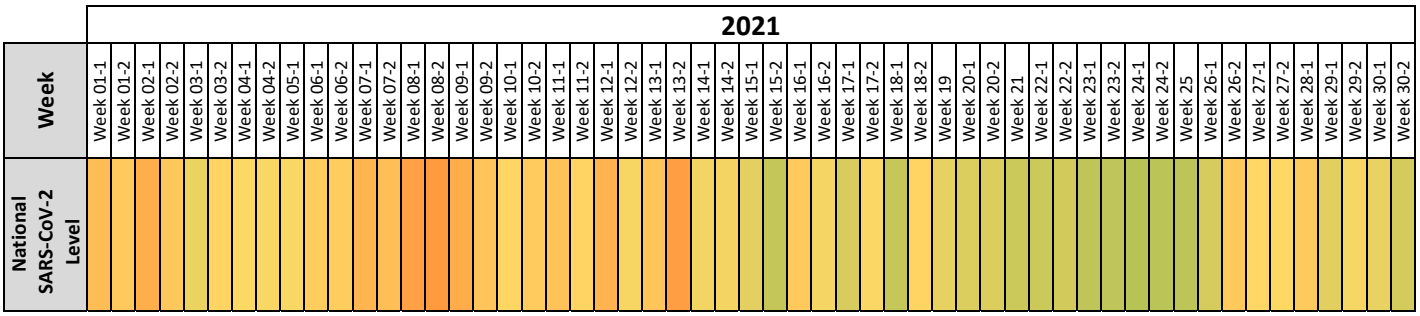
This report 148 presents the results of SARS-CoV-2 contamination of wastewater at the entrance of the 13 wastewater treatment plants (WWTPs) analysed during the weeks 49 and 50 of 2022. All WWTPs were tested on a weekly basis during this period.

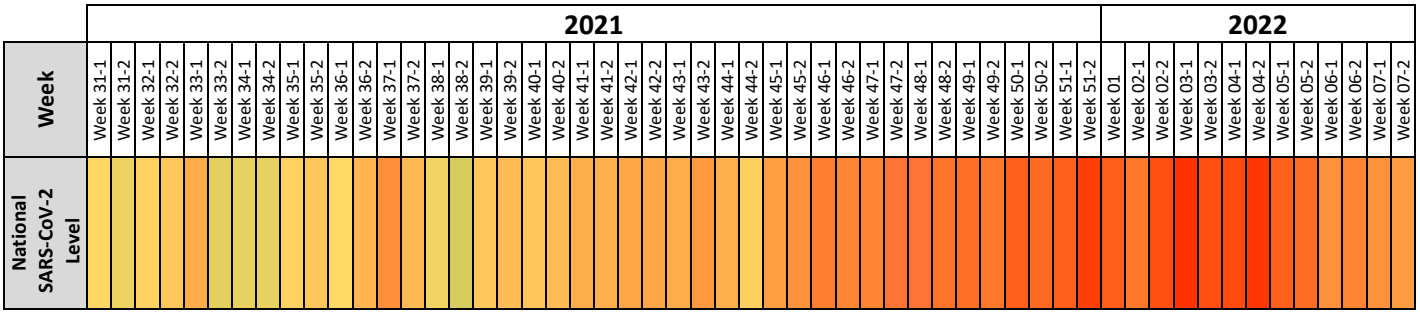
The SARS-CoV-2 RNA flux measured in WWTPs during weeks 49 and 50 shows a still high national prevalence of the virus, with a SARS-CoV-2 flux of between and 1 and 2 x 10^{12} RNA copies per day per 100,000 population equivalents. A clear upward trend is visible since this week, with notable increases in SARS-CoV-2 fluxes at national and regional levels.

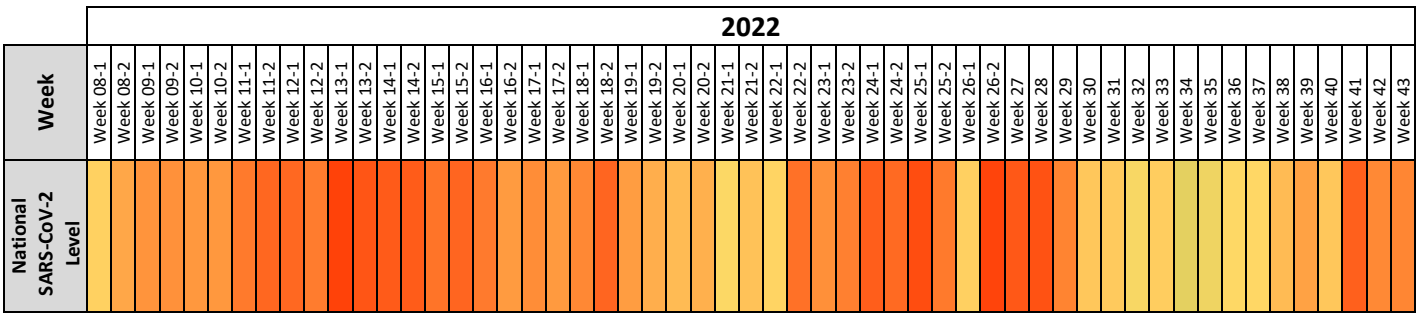
Table 1 – National level of SARS-CoV-2 contamination of wastewaters in Luxembourg.

Dark green: negative samples for SARS-CoV-2 gene E (-), Green to red: positive samples for SARS-CoV-2 gene E. The intensity of the color is related to the national SARS-CoV-2 flux (RNA copies / day / 100 000 equivalent inhabitants).









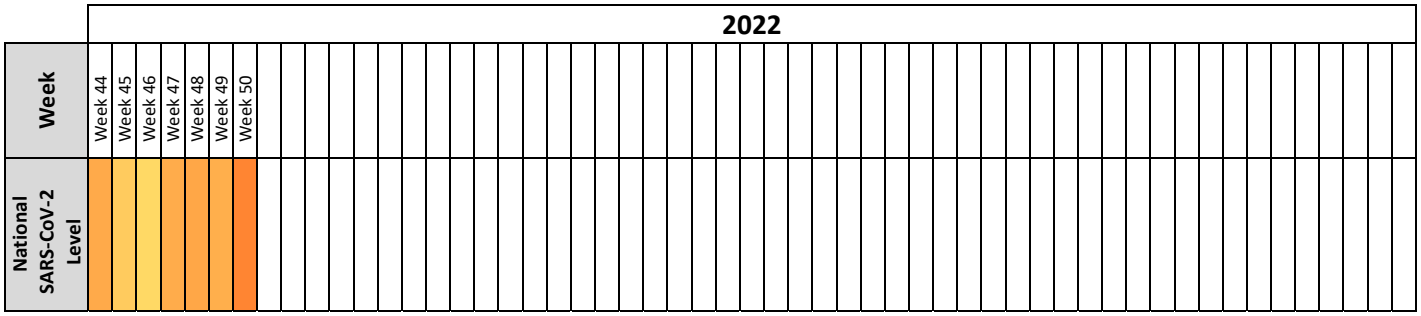
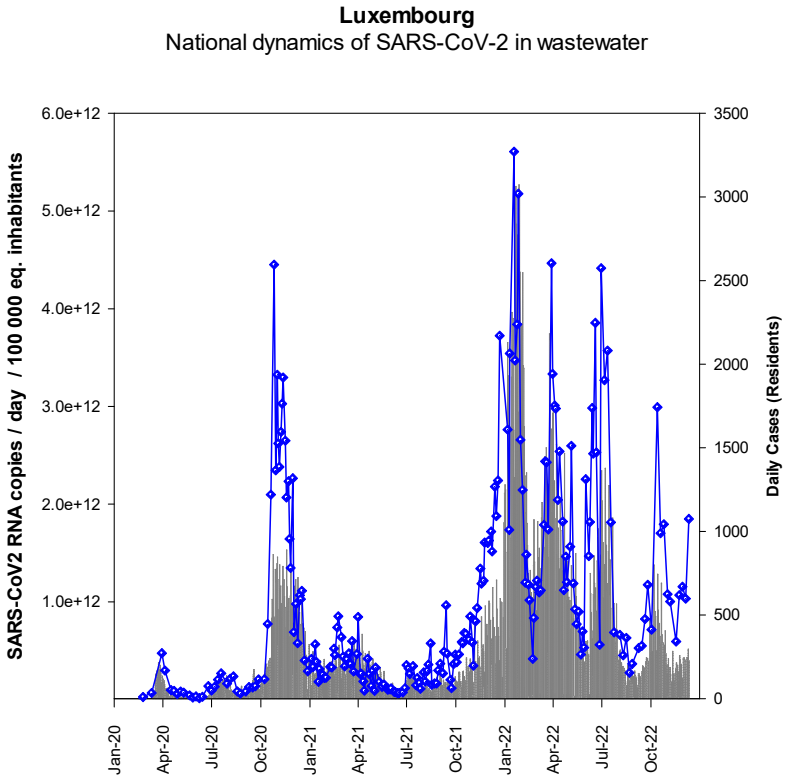

2022
Week
Week 44
Week 45
Week 46
Week 47
Week 48
Week 49
Week 50
National SARS-CoV-2 Level

Figure 1 – RT-qPCR quantification time-course monitoring of SARS-CoV-2 (E gene) in Luxembourgish wastewater samples from December 2019 to December 2022. Grey squares: daily confirmed cases for Luxembourgish residents (https://data.public.lu/fr/datasets/donnees-covid19/), Blue dots: cumulative SARS-CoV-2 flux (RNA copies / day / 100 000 equivalent inhabitants).

a) *Linear scale*



b) *Log$_{10}$ scale*

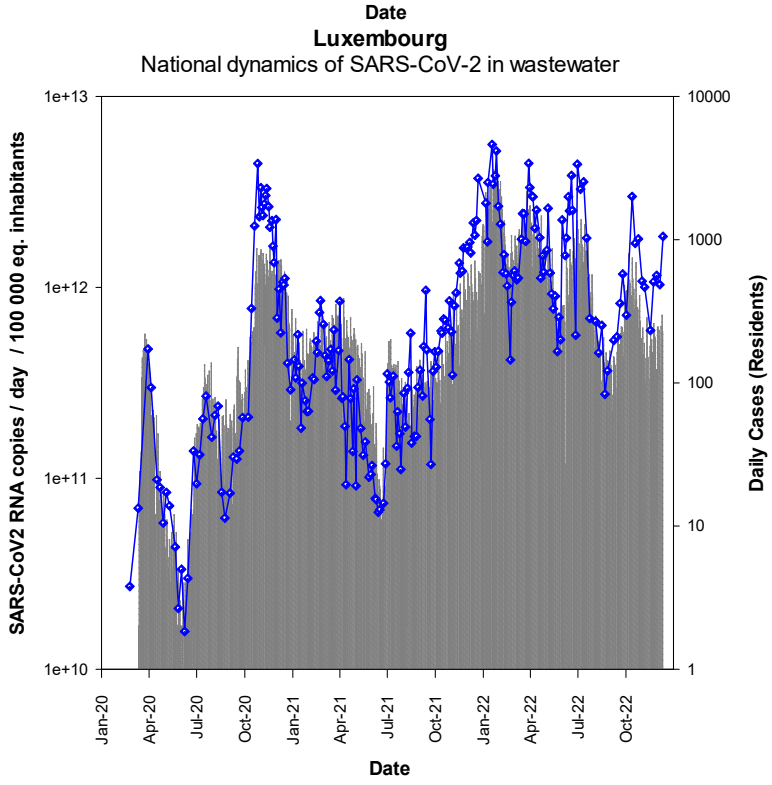


Table 2 - Level of SARS-CoV-2 contamination of each analyzed wastewater treatment plant in Luxembourg in 2022. BEG: Beggen, BET: Bettembourg, SCH: Schifflange, BLE: Bleesbruck, MER: Mersch, PET: Pétange, HES: Hesperange, ECG: Echternach, UEB: Uebersyren, GRE: Grevenmacher, TRO: Troisvierges, BOE: Boevange sur Attert, WIL: Wiltz

Dark green: negative samples for SARS-CoV-2 gene E (-), Green to red: positive samples for SARS-CoV-2 gene E. The intensity of the color is related to the RT-qPCR signal (Ct values) Grey boxes: no data

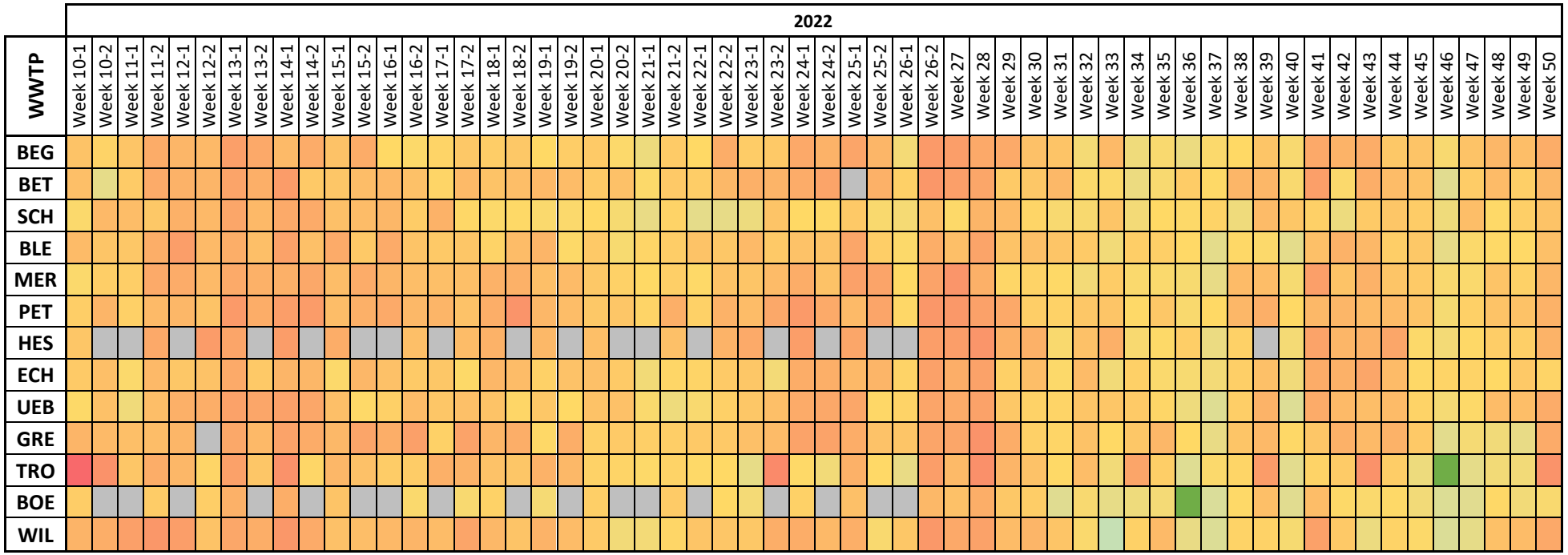


Figure 2a – RT-qPCR quantification time-course monitoring of SARS-CoV-2 (E gene) in the four most impacted wastewater treatment plants from March 2020 to December 2022. Grey squares: daily confirmed cases for the contributory area of each wastewater treatment plant, dots: SARS-CoV-2 flux (RNA copies / day / 10 000 equivalent inhabitants).

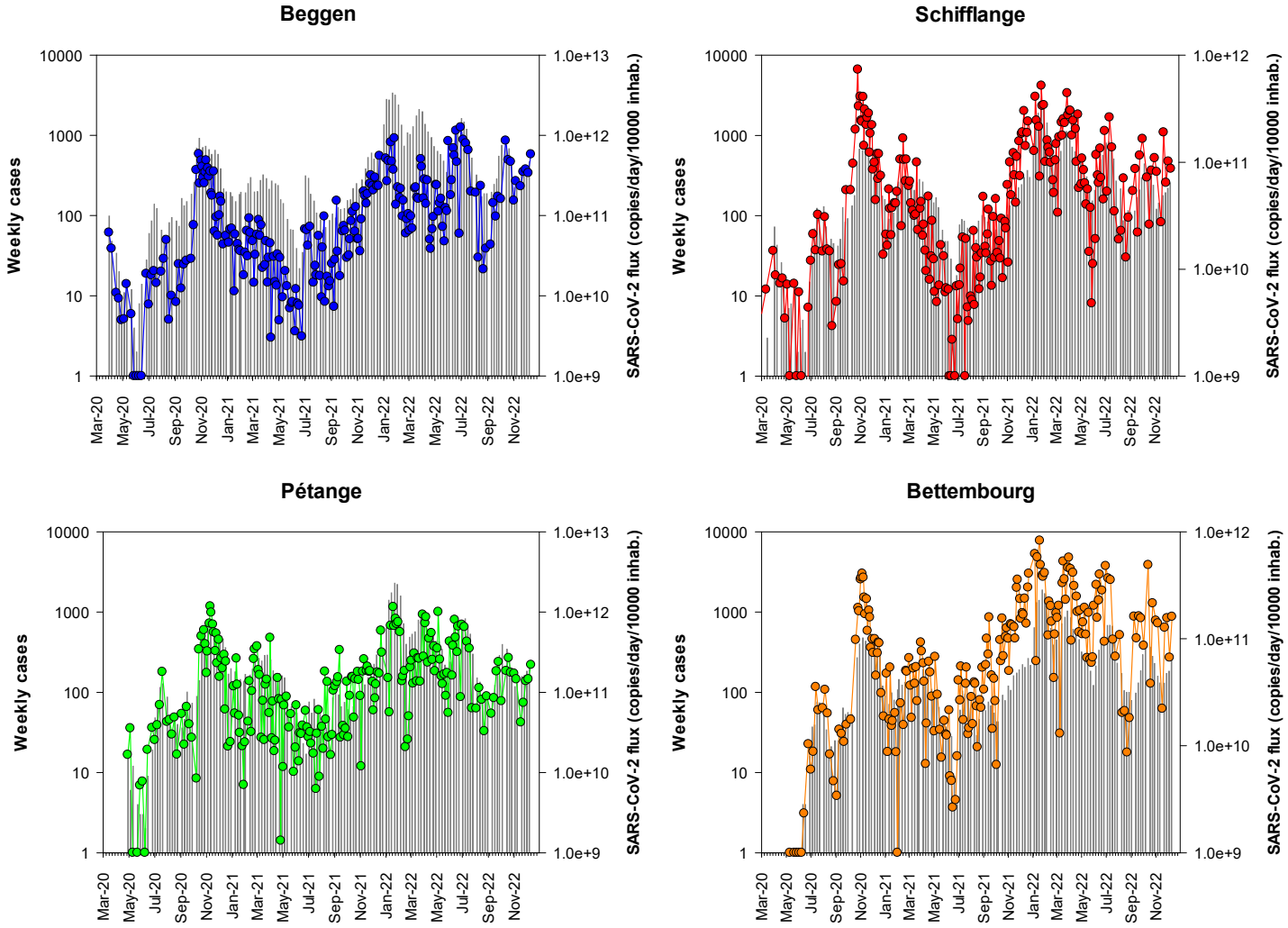


Figure 2b – Close-up of Figure 2a showing results from June 1st, 2021 on

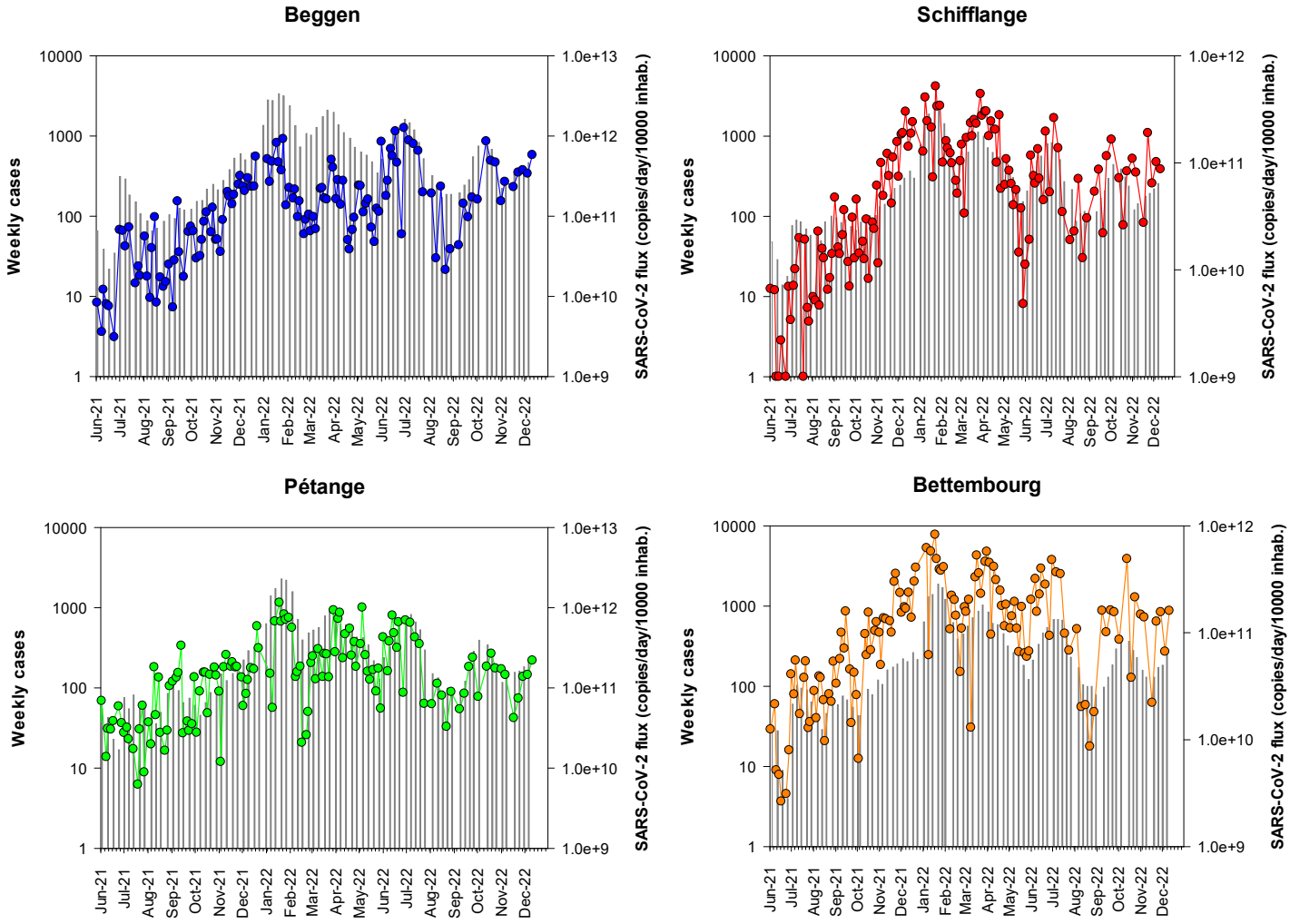


Figure 3a – RT-qPCR quantification time-course monitoring of SARS-CoV-2 (E gene) in Hesperange, Mersch and Boevange-sur-Attert wastewater treatment plants from May 2020 to December 2022. Grey squares: daily confirmed cases for the contributory area of each wastewater treatment plant, dots: SARS-CoV-2 flux (RNA copies / day / 10 000 equivalent inhabitants).

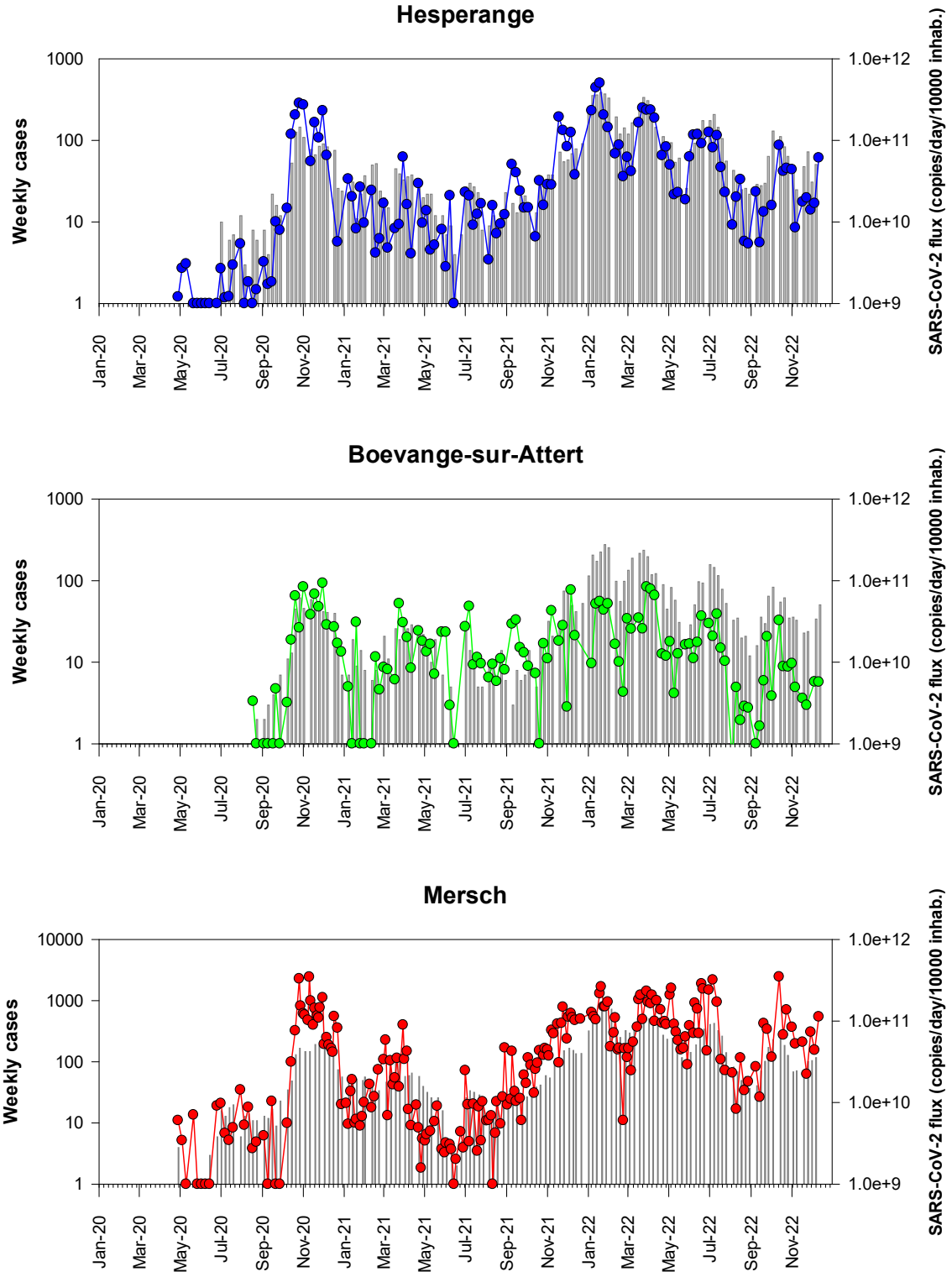


Figure 3b – Close-up of Figure 3a showing results from June 1st, 2021 on.

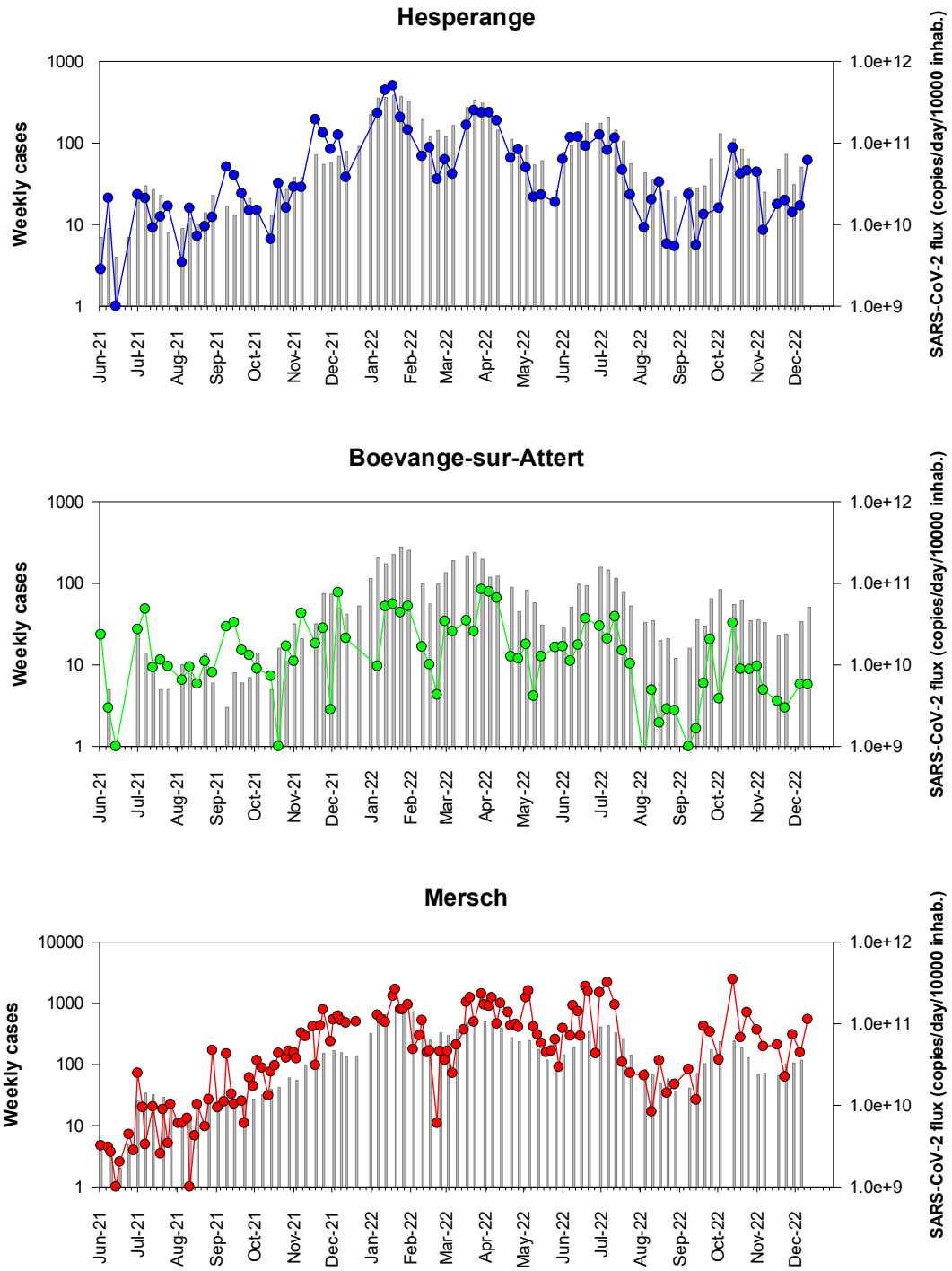


Figure 4a – RT-qPCR quantification time-course monitoring of SARS-CoV-2 (E gene) in SIDEST wastewater treatment plants from May 2020 to December 2022. Grey squares: daily confirmed cases for the contributory area of each wastewater treatment plant, dots: SARS-CoV-2 flux (RNA copies / day / 10 000 equivalent inhabitants).

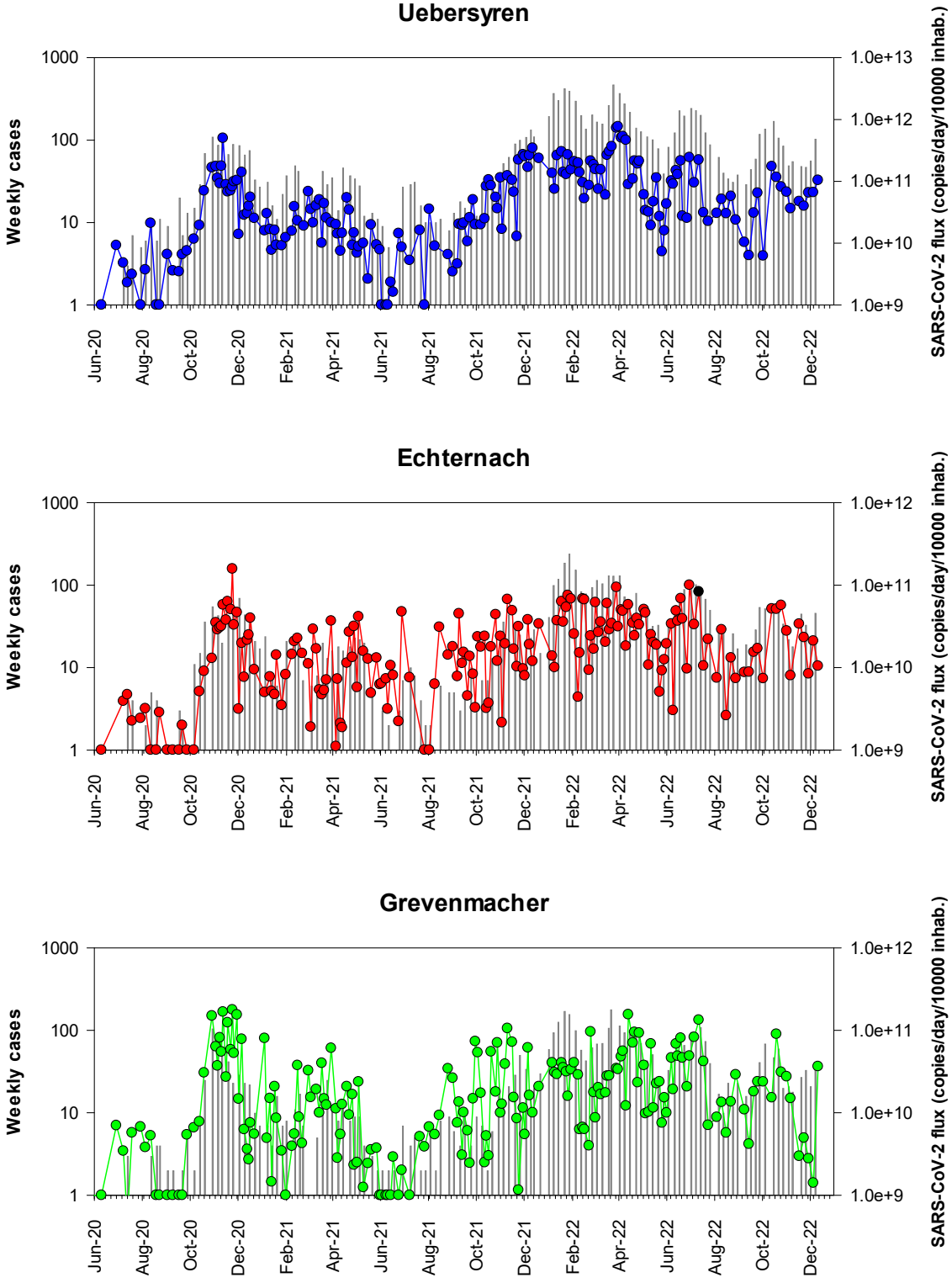


Figure 4b – Close-up of Figure 4a showing results from June 1st, 2021 on

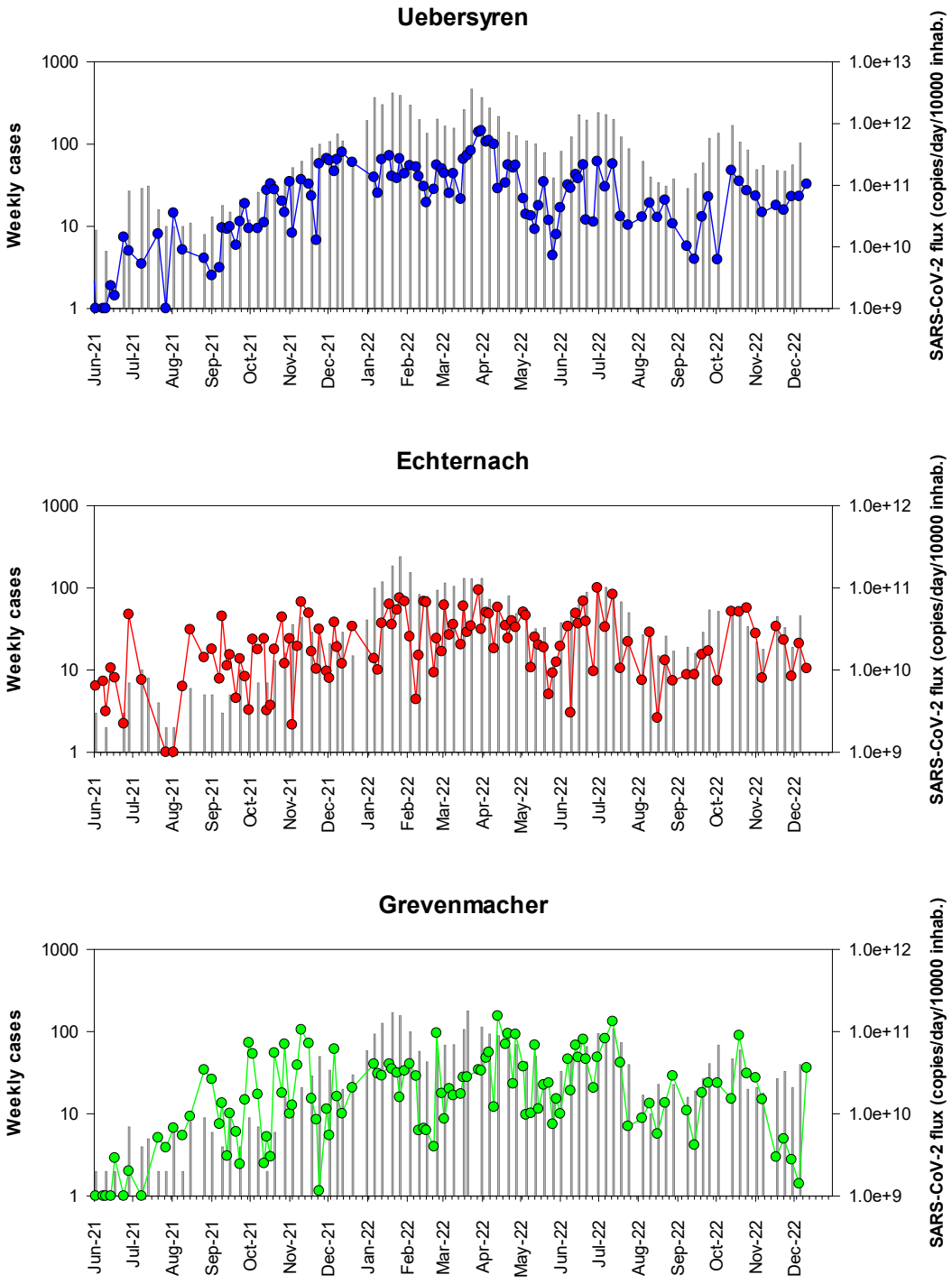


Figure 5a – RT-qPCR quantification time-course monitoring of SARS-CoV-2 (E gene) in SIDEN wastewater treatment plants from May 2020 to December 2022. Grey squares: daily confirmed cases for the contributory area of each wastewater treatment plant, dots: SARS-CoV-2 flux (RNA copies / day / 10 000 equivalent inhabitants)

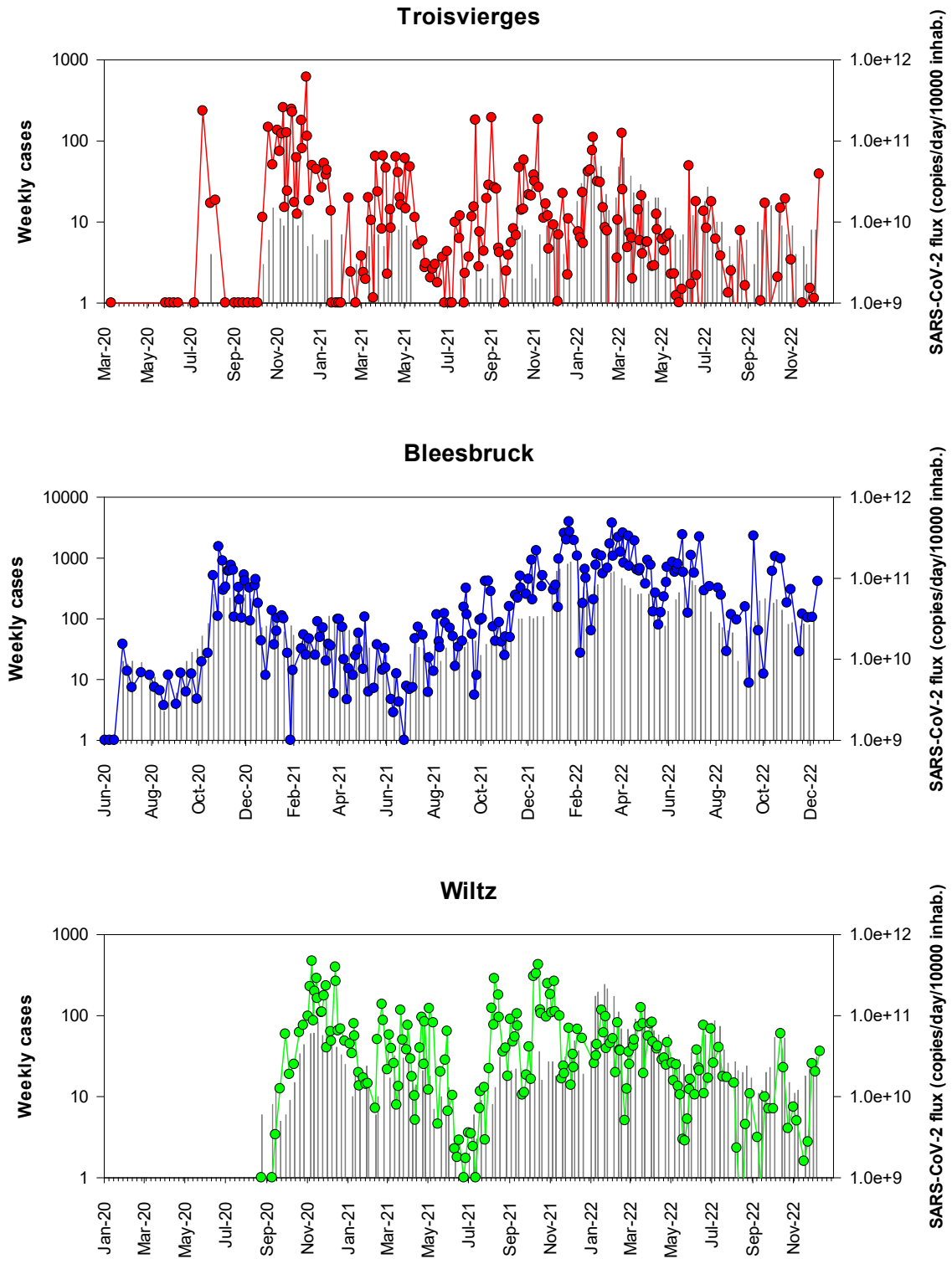


Figure 5b – Close-up of Figure 5a showing results from September 1st, 2020 on.

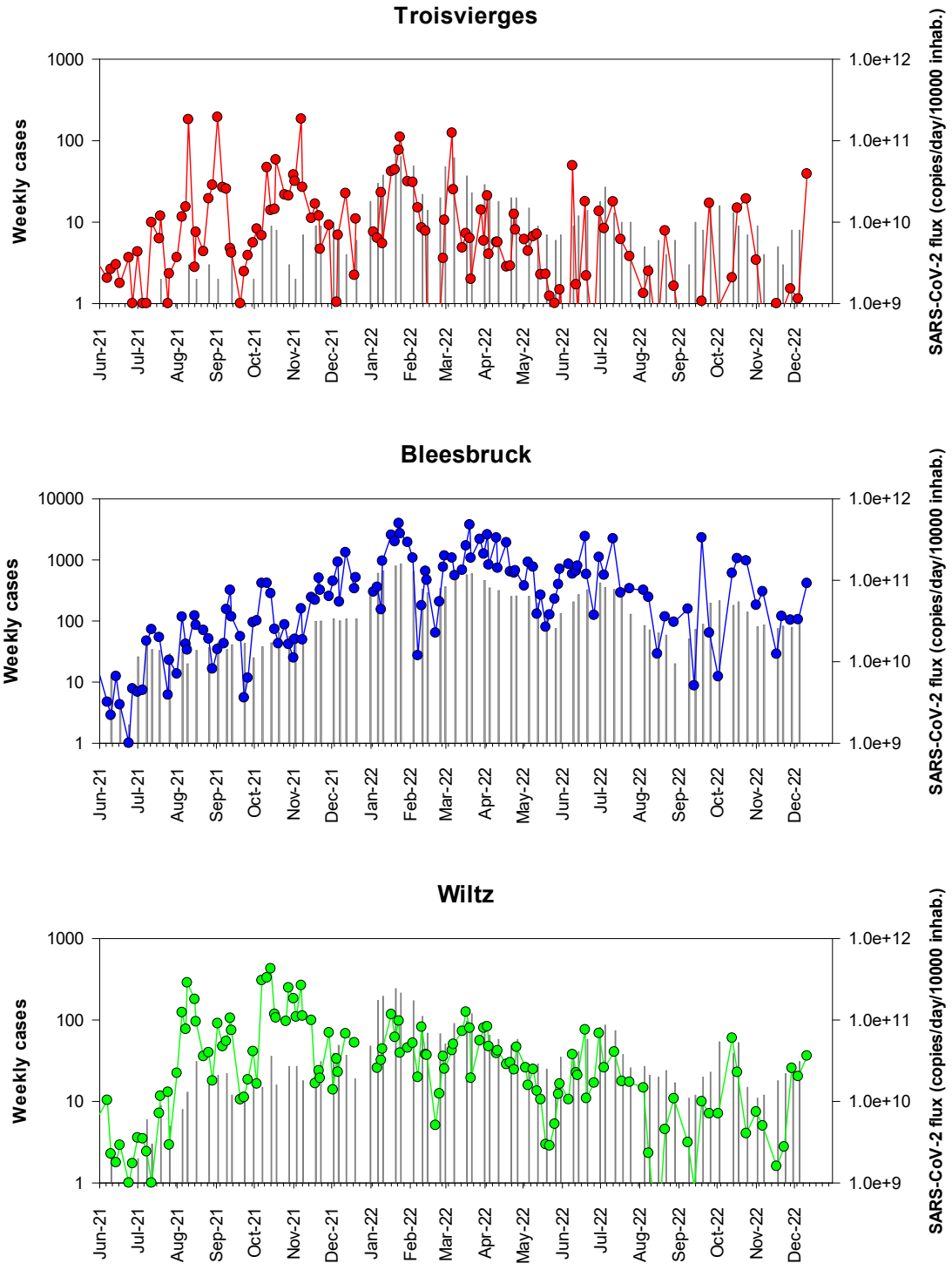


Table 3- Timing of sewage sampling since the beginning of the CORONASTEP study

			2019				2020																																											
WWTP	**Max capacity (eq. inhabitants)**	**Inhabitants connected**	Week 41	Week 43	Week 46	Week 51	Week 3	Week 7	Week 9	Week 11	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28	Week 29	Week 30	Week 31	Week 32	Week 33	Week 34	Week 35	Week 36	Week 37	Week 38	Week 39	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	Week 51	Week 52	Week 53
Beggen	210000	139731									1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	1
Bettembourg	95000	53606															1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	1
Schifflange	90000	68143	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	1
Bleesbrück	80000	30930																1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	1
Mersch	70000	30473													1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	1
Pétange	50000	59481	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1					1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	1
Hesperange	36000	15479													1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	0	1	0
Echternach	36000	7499																			1				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	0
Uebersyren	35000	18600																	1		1		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	0
Grevenmacher	47000	9835																	1		1		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	0
Troisvierges	5000	3411																1	1	1	1	1			1		1	1	1		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	1
Boevange sur Attert	15000	1170																													1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wiltz	16500	6944																														1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	1	1
Total	**785500**	**445302**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**5**	**5**	**6**	**8**	**10**	**8**	**11**	**8**	**9**	**7**	**11**	**9**	**11**	**11**	**11**	**10**	**12**	**12**	**12**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**12**	**13**	**19**	**28**	**35**	**24**	**36**	**24**	**24**	**34**	**13**	**9**
Pop Lux (2019)		**613901**																																																
		72.54%																																																

	2021																																																		
WWTP	Week 01	Week 02	Week 03	Week 04	Week 05	Week 06	Week 07	Week 08	Week 09	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28	Week 29	Week 30	Week 31	Week 32	Week 33	Week 34	Week 35	Week 36	Week 37	Week 38	Week 39	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	Week 51
Beggen	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bettembourg	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Schifflange	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bleesbrück	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2
Mersch	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Pétange	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Hesperange	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Echternach	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Uebersyren	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	1
Grevenmacher	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Troisvierges	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2
Boevange sur Attert	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Wiltz	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Total	**23**	**23**	**24**	**21**	**13**	**20**	**18**	**18**	**24**	**23**	**24**	**23**	**21**	**24**	**23**	**24**	**23**	**24**	**13**	**24**	**13**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**11**	**20**	**21**	**10**	**18**	**21**	**21**	**11**	**20**	**21**	**21**	**24**	**24**	**23**	**24**	**22**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**23**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**17**	**17**

	2022																																																		
WWTP	Week 01	Week 02	Week 03	Week 04	Week 05	Week 06	Week 07	Week 08	Week 09	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28	Week 29	Week 30	Week 31	Week 32	Week 33	Week 34	Week 35	Week 36	Week 37	Week 38	Week 39	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	**Total samples**
Beggen	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	**220**
Bettembourg	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	**210**
Schifflange	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	**231**
Bleesbrück	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	**212**
Mersch	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	**214**
Pétange	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	**227**
Hesperange	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	**132**
Echternach	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	**191**
Uebersyren	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	**192**
Grevenmacher	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	**194**
Troisvierges	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	**206**
Boevange sur Attert	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	**118**
Wiltz	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	**196**
Total	**23**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**23**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**23**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**24**	**23**	**24**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**12**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**13**	**2543**
Pop Lux (2019)																																																			

Materials and Methods

Sewage samples

From March 2020 to December 2022, up to thirteen wastewater treatment plants (WWTPs) were sampled at their inlet according to the planning presented in Table 3. The operators of the WWTPs collected a 24-h composite sample according to their routine sampling procedure. Composite sample was stored at 4°C until sample processing.

Sample processing

The samples were transported to the laboratory at 4°C and viral RNA was isolated on the day of sampling. Larger particles (debris, bacteria) were removed from the samples by centrifugation at 2,400 x g for 20 min at 4°C. A volume of 120 mL of supernatant was filtered through Amicon® Plus-15 centrifugal ultrafilter with a cut-off of 10 kDa (Millipore) by centrifugation at 3,220 x g for 25 min at 4°C. The resulting concentrate was collected and 140 µL of each concentrate was then processed to extract viral RNA using the QIAamp Viral RNA mini kit (Qiagen) according to the manufacturer's protocol. Elution of RNA was done in 60 µL of elution buffer.

Real-time One-Step RT-PCR

Samples were screened for the presence of *Sarbecovirus* (*Coronaviridae, Betacoronaviruses*) and/or SARS-CoV-2 virus RNA by two distinct real-time one-step RT-PCR assays, targeting the E gene (Envelope small membrane protein) and the N gene (nucleoprotein). The E gene real-time RT-PCR can detect *Sarbecoviruses*, i.e. SARS-CoV, SARS-CoV-2 and closely related bat viruses. In the context of the COVID19 pandemic, it can be assumed that only SARS-CoV-2 strains will be detected by this assay given that SARS-CoV virus has been eradicated and other bat viruses do not commonly circulate in the human population. The E gene assay is adapted from Corman et al. [17]. The N gene real-time RT-PCR assay (N1 assay) specifically detects SARS-CoV-2 virus. It is adapted from the CDC protocol[1]. The two primers/probe sets are presented in Table 3. The RT-qPCR protocols and reagents were all provided by the LIH.

Table 4 – RT-qPCR primer-probe sets

Target	Primer name	Primer sequence (5' to 3')	References
E gene	E_Sarbeco_F1	5-ACAGGTACGTTAATAGTTAATAGCGT-3	Corman et al., 2020
	E_Sarbeco_R2	5-ATATTGCAGCAGTACGCACACA-3	
	E_Sarbeco_P1	5'-FAM-ACACTAGCCATCCTTACTGCGCTTCG-BHQ1	
N gene	2019-nCoV_N1_Fw	5'-GAC CCC AAA ATC AGC GAA AT-3'	CDC, 2019
	2019-nCoV_N1_Rv	5'-TCT GGT TAC TGC CAG TTG AAT CTG-3'	
	2019-nCoV_N1 Probe	5'-FAM-ACC CCG CAT TAC GTT TGG TGG ACC-BHQ1-3'	

Each reaction contained 5 µL of RNA template, 5 µL of TaqPath 1-step RT-qPCR MasterMix (A15299, Life Technologies), 0.5 µL of each primer (20 µM) and probe (5 µM) and the reaction volume was adjusted to a final volume of 20 µL with molecular biology grade water. Thermal cycling reactions were carried out at 50 °C for 15 min, followed by 95 °C for 2 min and 45 cycles of 95 °C for 3 sec and 58°C (E gene) or 55°C (N gene) for 30 sec using a Viia7 Real-Time PCR Detection System (Life Technologies). Reactions were considered positive (limit of detection – LOD) if the cycle threshold (Ct value) was below 40 cycles.

[1] https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/downloads/rt-pcr-panel-primer-probes.pdf

Controls

A non-target RNA fragment commercially available (VetMAX™ Xeno™ IPC and VetMAX™ Xeno™ IPC Assay, ThermoFischer Scientific) was added to the viral RNA extract from sewage concentrates as an internal positive control (IPC). This IPC-RNA is used to control the performance of the RT-qPCR (E gene) and to detect the presence of RT-qPCR inhibitors.

Viral RNA copies quantification of both targeting genes in wastewater samples was performed using RT-qPCR standard curves generated using EDX SARS-CoV-2 Standard (Biorad). This standard is manufactured with synthetic RNA transcripts containing 5 targets (E, N, S, ORF1a, and RdRP genes of SARS-CoV-2, 200,000 copies/mL each). Using such a standard, the limits of quantification (LOQ) of both RT-qPCR assays were estimated to 1 RNA copy per reaction (Figure 6).

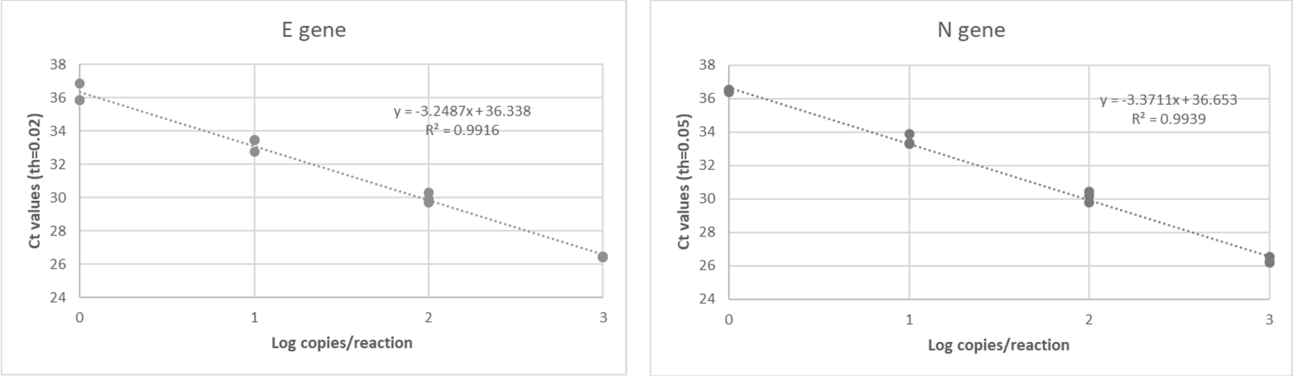


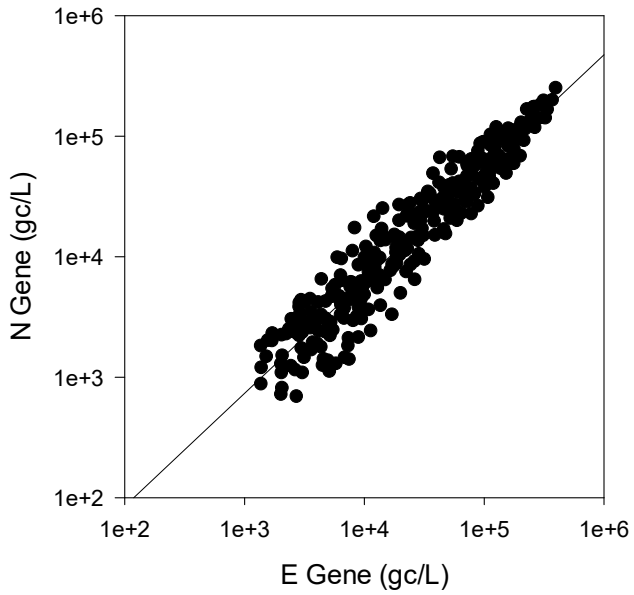
Figure 6 – RT-qPCR standard curves established for both target genes (E gene and N gene) of SARS-CoV-2 using a commercially available standard (Biorad).

Data interpretation

A sample is declared positive for the presence of SARS-CoV-2 if both targets (E and N gene) are detected with Ct values less than or equal to the LOQ. If only one target is detected or if target genes are detected with Ct values between the LOD and the LOQ, samples are reported as presumptive positive (+/-). A sample is declared negative when no target genes are detected (Ct values superior to the LOD).
In case of presumptive positive, sample is tested again using another RT-qPCR detection assay (Allplex 2019-nCoV Assay, Seegene). This commercially available detection kit is a multiplex real-time RT-PCR assay for simultaneous detection of three target genes of SARS-CoV-2 in a single tube. The assay is designed to detect RdRP and N genes specific for SARS-CoV-2, and E gene specific for all *Sarbecovirus* including SARS-CoV-2.

As shown in Figure 7, a highly significant correlation (Pearson Correlation, R^2=0.964, p = $5.979.10^{-24}$) was obtained between the SARS-CoV-2 RNA concentrations estimated using the E gene and the N gene, respectively. Therefore, only the E gene results were presented in this report.

Figure 7 - Relationship between the SARS-CoV-2 RNA concentration (RNA copies / L of wastewater) estimated by the both distinct RT-qPCR systems targeting the E and N gene, respectively (n=415),



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