KHR GROUP®

SPIR-V Specification

The Khronos[®] SPIR[™] Working Group

Version 1.6, Revision 4: Unified

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Chapter 1. Introduction

NOTE

Up-to-date HTML and PDF versions of this specification may be found at the Khronos SPIR-V Registry. (https://www.khronos.org/registry/spir-v/)

Abstract

SPIR-V is a simple binary intermediate language for graphical shaders and compute kernels. A SPIR-V module contains multiple entry points with potentially shared functions in the entry point's call trees. Each function contains a control-flow graph (CFG) of basic blocks, with optional instructions to express structured control flow. Load/store instructions are used to access declared variables, which includes all input/output (IO). Intermediate results bypassing load/store use static single-assignment (SSA) representation. Data objects are represented logically, with hierarchical type information: There is no flattening of aggregates or assignment to physical register banks, etc. Selectable addressing models establish whether general pointer operations may be used, or if memory access is purely logical.

This document fully defines **SPIR-V**, a Khronos-standard binary intermediate language for representing graphical-shader stages and compute kernels for multiple client APIs.

This is a unified specification, specifying all versions since and including version 1.0.

1.1. Goals

SPIR-V has the following goals:

- Provide a simple binary intermediate language for all functionality appearing in Khronos shaders/kernels.
- Have a concise, transparent, self-contained specification (sections Specification and Binary Form).
- Map easily to other intermediate languages.
- Be the form passed by a client API into a driver to set shaders/kernels.
- Support multiple execution environments, specified by client APIs.
- Can be targeted by new front ends for novel high-level languages.
- Allow the first steps of compilation and reflection to be done offline.
- Be low-level enough to require a reverse-engineering step to reconstruct source code.
- Improve portability by enabling shared tools to generate or operate on it.
- Reduce compile time during application run time. (Eliminating most of the compile time during application run time is not a goal of this intermediate language. Target-specific register allocation and scheduling are still expected to take significant time.)
- Allow some optimizations to be done offline.

1.2. Execution Environment and Client API

SPIR-V is adaptable to multiple execution environments: A SPIR-V module is consumed by an execution environment, as specified by a client API. The full set of rules needed to consume SPIR-V in a particular environment comes from the combination of SPIR-V and that environment's client API specification. The client API specifies its SPIR-V execution environment as well as extra rules, limitations, capabilities, etc. required by the form of SPIR-V it can validly consume.

1.3. About This Document

This document aims to:

- Specify everything needed to create and consume non-extended SPIR-V, minus:
 - Extended instruction sets, which are imported and come with their own specifications.
 - Client API-specific rules, which are documented in client API specifications.
- Separate expository and specification language. The specification-proper is in Specification and Binary Form.

1.3.1. Versioning

The specification covers multiple versions of SPIR-V, as described in the unified section. It has followed a *Major.Minor.Revision* versioning scheme, with the specification's stated version being the most recent version of SPIR-V.

Major and Minor (but not Revision) are declared within a SPIR-V module.

Major is reserved for future use and has been fixed at 1. *Minor* changes have signified additions, deprecation, and removal of features. *Revision* changes have included clarifications, bug fixes, and deprecation (but not removal) of existing features.

1.4. Extendability

SPIR-V can be extended by multiple vendors or parties simultaneously:

- Using the **OpExtension** instruction to add semantics, which are described in an extension specification.
- Reserving (registering) ranges of the token values, as described further below.
- Aided by instruction skipping, also further described below.

Enumeration Token Values. It is easy to extend all the types, storage classes, opcodes, decorations, etc. by adding to the token values.

Registration. Ranges of token values in the Binary Form section can be pre-allocated to numerous vendors/parties. This allows combining multiple independent extensions without conflict. To register ranges, use the https://github.com/KhronosGroup/SPIRV-Headers repository, and submit pull requests against the include/spirv/spir-v.xml file.

Extended Instructions. Sets of extended instructions can be provided and specified in separate specifications. Multiple sets of extended instructions can be imported without conflict, as the extended instructions are selected by {set id, instruction number} pairs.

Instruction Skipping. Tools are encouraged to skip opcodes for features they are not required to process.

This is trivially enabled by the word count in an instruction, which makes it easier to add new instructions without breaking existing tools.

1.5. Debuggability

SPIR-V can decorate, with a text string, virtually anything created in the shader: types, variables, functions, etc. This is required for externally visible symbols, and also allowed for naming the result of any instruction. This can be used to aid in understandability when disassembling or debugging lowered versions of SPIR-V.

Location information (file names, lines, and columns) can be interleaved with the instruction stream to track the origin of each instruction.

1.6. Design Principles

Regularity. All instructions start with a word count. This allows walking a SPIR-V module without decoding each opcode. All instructions have an opcode that dictates for all operands what kind of operand they are. For instructions with a variable number of operands, the number of variable operands is known by subtracting the number of non-variable words from the instruction's word count.

Non Combinatorial. There is no combinatorial type explosion or need for large encode/decode tables for types. Rather, types are parameterized. Image types declare their dimensionality, arrayness, etc. all orthogonally, which greatly simplify code. This is done similarly for other types. It also applies to opcodes. Operations are orthogonal to scalar/vector size, but not to integer vs. floating-point differences.

Modeless. After a given execution model (e.g., pipeline stage) is specified, internal operation is essentially modeless: Generally, it follows the rule: "same spelling, same semantics", and does not have mode bits that modify semantics. If a change to SPIR-V modifies semantics, it should use a different spelling. This makes consumers of SPIR-V much more robust. There are execution modes declared, but these generally affect the way the module interacts with its execution environment, not its internal semantics. Capabilities are also declared, but this is to declare the subset of functionality that is used, not to change any semantics of what is used.

Declarative. SPIR-V declares externally-visible modes like "writes depth", rather than having rules that require deduction from full shader inspection. It also explicitly declares what addressing modes, execution model, extended instruction sets, etc. will be used. See Language Capabilities for more information.

SSA. All results of intermediate operations are strictly SSA. However, declared variables reside in memory and use load/store for access, and such variables can be stored to multiple times.

IO. Some storage classes are for input/output (IO) and, fundamentally, IO is done through load/store of variables declared in these storage classes.

1.7. Static Single Assignment (SSA)

SPIR-V includes a phi instruction to allow the merging together of intermediate results from split control flow. This allows split control flow without load/store to memory. SPIR-V is flexible in the degree to which load/store is used; it is possible to use control flow with no phi-instructions, while still staying in SSA form, by using memory load/store.

Some storage classes are for IO and, fundamentally, IO is done through load/store, and initial load and final store won't be eliminated. Other storage classes are shader local and can have their load/store eliminated. It can be considered an optimization to largely eliminate such loads/stores by moving them into intermediate results in SSA form.

1.8. Built-In Variables

SPIR-V identifies built-in variables from a high-level language with an enumerant decoration. This assigns any unusual semantics to the variable. Built-in variables are otherwise declared with their correct SPIR-V type and treated the same as any other variable.

1.9. Specialization

Specialization enables offline creation of a portable SPIR-V module based on constant values that won't be known until a later point in time. For example, to size a fixed array with a constant not known during creation of a module, but known when the module will be lowered to the target architecture.

See Specialization in the next section for more details.

1.10. Example

The SPIR-V form is binary, not human readable, and fully described in Binary Form. This is an example disassembly to give a basic idea of what SPIR-V looks like:

GLSL fragment shader:

```
#version 450
in vec4 color1;
in vec4 multiplier;
noperspective in vec4 color2;
out vec4 color;
struct S {
    bool b;
    vec4 v[5];
    int i;
};
uniform blockName {
    Ss;
    bool cond;
};
void main()
{
    vec4 scale = vec4(1.0, 1.0, 2.0, 1.0);
    if (cond)
        color = color1 + s.v[2];
    else
        color = sqrt(color2) * scale;
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
        color *= multiplier;
}
```

Corresponding SPIR-V:

```
OpExecutionMode %4 OriginLowerLeft
; Debug information
               OpSource GLSL 450
               OpName %4 "main"
               OpName %9 "scale"
               OpName %17 "S"
               OpMemberName %17 0 "b"
               OpMemberName %17 1 "v"
               OpMemberName %17 2 "i"
               OpName %18 "blockName"
               OpMemberName %18 0 "s"
               OpMemberName %18 1 "cond"
               OpName %20 ""
               OpName %31 "color"
               OpName %33 "color1"
               OpName %42 "color2"
               OpName %48 "i"
               OpName %57 "multiplier"
; Annotations (non-debug)
               OpDecorate %15 ArrayStride 16
               OpMemberDecorate %17 0 Offset 0
               OpMemberDecorate %17 1 Offset 16
               OpMemberDecorate %17 2 Offset 96
               OpMemberDecorate %18 0 Offset 0
               OpMemberDecorate %18 1 Offset 112
               OpDecorate %18 Block
               OpDecorate %20 DescriptorSet 0
               OpDecorate %42 NoPerspective
; All types, variables, and constants
          %2 = OpTypeVoid
          %3 = OpTypeFunction %2
                                                      ; void ()
          %6 = OpTypeFloat 32
                                                      ; 32-bit float
          %7 = OpTypeVector %6 4
                                                      ; vec4
          %8 = OpTypePointer Function %7
                                                      ; function-local vec4*
        %10 = OpConstant %6 1
        %11 = OpConstant %6 2
        %12 = OpConstantComposite %7 %10 %10 %11 %10 ; vec4(1.0, 1.0, 2.0, 1.0)
                                                       ; 32-bit int, sign-less
        %13 = OpTypeInt 32 0
        %14 = OpConstant %13 5
        %15 = OpTypeArray %7 %14
        %16 = OpTypeInt 32 1
        %17 = OpTypeStruct %13 %15 %16
        %18 = OpTypeStruct %17 %13
        %19 = OpTypePointer Uniform %18
        %20 = OpVariable %19 Uniform
        %21 = OpConstant %16 1
        %22 = OpTypePointer Uniform %13
        %25 = OpTypeBool
```

```
%26 = OpConstant %13 0
        %30 = OpTypePointer Output %7
        %31 = OpVariable %30 Output
        %32 = OpTypePointer Input %7
        %33 = OpVariable %32 Input
        %35 = OpConstant %16 0
        %36 = OpConstant %16 2
        %37 = OpTypePointer Uniform %7
        %42 = OpVariable %32 Input
        %47 = OpTypePointer Function %16
        %55 = OpConstant %16 4
        %57 = OpVariable %32 Input
; All functions
         %4 = OpFunction %2 None %3
                                                    ; main()
         %5 = OpLabel
         %9 = OpVariable %8 Function
        %48 = OpVariable %47 Function
              OpStore %9 %12
        %23 = OpAccessChain %22 %20 %21
                                                  ; location of cond
        %24 = OpLoad %13 %23
                                                  ; load 32-bit int from cond
        %27 = OpINotEqual %25 %24 %26
OpSelectionMerge %29 None
                                                  ; convert to bool
                                                  ; structured if
              OpBranchConditional %27 %28 %41 ; if cond
        %28 = OpLabel
                                                   ; then
        %34 = OpLoad %7 %33
        %38 = OpAccessChain %37 %20 %35 %21 %36 ; s.v[2]
        %39 = OpLoad %7 %38
        %40 = OpFAdd %7 %34 %39
              OpStore %31 %40
              OpBranch %29
        %41 = OpLabel
                                                   ; else
        %43 = OpLoad %7 %42
        %44 = OpExtInst %7 %1 Sqrt %43 ; extended instruction sqrt
        %45 = OpLoad %7 %9
        %46 = OpFMul %7 %44 %45
              OpStore %31 %46
              OpBranch %29
        %29 = OpLabel
                                                    ; endif
              OpStore %48 %35
              OpBranch %49
        %49 = OpLabel
              OpLoopMerge %51 %52 None
                                          ; structured loop
              OpBranch %53
        %53 = OpLabel
        %54 = OpLoad %16 %48
        %56 = OpSLessThan %25 %54 %55
                                                   ; i < 4 ?
              OpBranchConditional %56 %50 %51 ; body or break
        %50 = OpLabel
                                                    ; body
        %58 = OpLoad %7 %57
        %59 = OpLoad %7 %31
```

| %60 = OpFMul %7 %59 %58 OpStore %31 %60 OpBranch %52 | |
|--|--------------------|
| %52 = OpLabel | ; continue target |
| %61 = OpLoad %16 %48 | |
| %62 = OpIAdd %16 %61 %21 | ; ++i |
| OpStore %48 %62 | |
| OpBranch %49 | ; loop back |
| %51 = OpLabel | ; loop merge point |
| OpReturn | |
| OpFunctionEnd | |
| | |

Chapter 2. Specification

2.1. Language Capabilities

A SPIR-V module is consumed by a client API that needs to support the features used by that SPIR-V module. Features are classified through capabilities. Capabilities used by a particular SPIR-V module are declared early in that module with the **OpCapability** instruction. Then:

- A validator can validate that the module uses only its declared capabilities.
- A client API is allowed to reject modules declaring capabilities it does not support.

All available capabilities and their dependencies form a capability hierarchy, fully listed in the capability section. Only top-level capabilities need to be explicitly declared; their dependencies are implicitly declared.

If an instruction, enumerant, or other feature specifies multiple enabling capabilities, only one such capability needs to be declared to use the feature. This declaration does not itself imply anything about the presence of the other enabling capabilities: The execution environment needs to support only the declared capability.

The SPIR-V specification provides universal capability-specific validation rules, in the validation section. Additionally, each client API includes the following:

- Which capabilities in the capability section it supports or requires, and hence allows in a SPIR-V module.
- Any additional validation rules it has beyond those specified by the SPIR-V specification.
- Required limits, if they are beyond the Universal Limits.

2.2. Terms

2.2.1. Instructions

Word: 32 bits.

<*id*>: A numerical name; the name used to refer to an object, a type, a function, a label, etc. An <*id*> always consumes one *word*. The <*id*>s defined by a module obey SSA.

Result <id>: Most instructions define a result, named by an *<id>* explicitly provided in the instruction. The *Result <id>* is used as an operand in other instructions to refer to the instruction that defined it.

Literal: An immediate value, not an *<id>*. Literals larger than one *word* consume multiple operands, one per word. An instruction states what type the literal will be interpreted as. A string is interpreted as a nulterminated stream of characters. All string comparisons are case sensitive. The character set is Unicode in the UTF-8 encoding scheme. The UTF-8 octets (8-bit bytes) are packed four per *word*, following the little-endian convention (i.e., the first octet is in the lowest-order 8 bits of the word). The final word contains the string's nul-termination character (0), and all contents past the end of the string in the final word are padded with 0. For a numeric literal, the lower-order words appear first. If a numeric type's bit width is less than 32-bits, the value appears in the low-order bits of the word, and the high-order bits must be 0 for a floating-point type or integer type with *Signedness* of 0, or sign extended for an integer type with a *Signedness* of 1 (similarly for the remaining bits of widths larger than 32 bits but not a multiple of 32 bits).

Operand: A one-*word* argument to an instruction. E.g., it could be an *<id>*, or (or part of) a literal. Which form it holds is always explicitly known from the opcode.

WordCount: The complete number of *words* taken by an instruction, including the word holding the word count and opcode, and any optional operands. An instruction's word count is the total space taken by the instruction.

Instruction: After a header, a module is simply a linear list of instructions. An instruction contains a *word count*, an opcode, an optional *Result <id>*, an optional *<id>* of the instruction's type, and a variable list of operands. All instruction opcodes and semantics are listed in **Instructions**.

Decoration: Auxiliary information such as built-in variable, stream numbers, invariance, interpolation type, relaxed precision, etc., added to *<id>s* or structure-type members through Decorations. Decorations are enumerated in Decoration in the Binary Form section.

Object: An instantiation of a non-void type, either as the *Result <id>* of an operation, or created through **OpVariable**.

Memory Object: An object created through **OpVariable**. Such an object exists only for the duration of a function if it is a function variable, and otherwise exists for the duration of an invocation.

Memory Object Declaration: An **OpVariable**, or an **OpFunctionParameter** of pointer type, or the contents of an **OpVariable** that holds either a pointer to the **PhysicalStorageBuffer** storage class or an array of such pointers.

Intermediate Object or Intermediate Value or Intermediate Result: An object created by an operation (not memory allocated by **OpVariable**) and dying on its last consumption.

Constant Instruction: Either a specialization-constant instruction or a non-specialization constant instruction: Instructions that start "OpConstant" or "OpSpec".

[a, b]: This square-bracket notation means the range from a to b, inclusive of a and b. Parentheses exclude their end point, so, for example, (a, b] means a to b excluding a but including b.

Non-Semantic Instruction: An instruction that has no semantic impact, and that can be safely removed from the module.

2.2.2. Types

Boolean type: The type declared by **OpTypeBool**.

Integer type: Any width signed or unsigned type from **OpTypeInt**. By convention, the lowest-order bit is referred to as bit-number 0, and the highest-order bit as bit-number *Width* - 1.

Floating-point type: Any width and encoding type from **OpTypeFloat**.

Numerical type: An integer type or a floating-point type.

Scalar: A single instance of a *numerical type* or *Boolean type*. Scalars are also called *components* when being discussed either by themselves or in the context of the contents of a *vector*.

Vector: An ordered homogeneous collection of two or more *scalars*. Vector sizes are quite restrictive and dependent on the execution model.

Matrix: An ordered homogeneous collection of vectors. The vectors forming a matrix are also called its *columns.* Matrix sizes are quite restrictive and dependent on the execution model.

Array: An ordered homogeneous aggregate of any non-void-type objects. The objects forming an array are also called its *elements*. Array sizes are generally not restricted.

Structure: An ordered heterogeneous aggregate of any non-void types. The objects forming a structure are also called its *members*.

Aggregate: A structure or an array.

Composite: An aggregate, a matrix, or a vector.

Image: A traditional texture or image; SPIR-V has this single name for these. An image type is declared with **OpTypeImage**. An image does not include any information about how to access, filter, or sample it.

Sampler: Settings that describe how to access, filter, or sample an image. Comes either from literal declarations of settings or from an opaque reference to externally bound settings. A sampler does not include an *image*.

Sampled Image: An image combined with a sampler, enabling filtered accesses of the image's contents.

Physical Pointer Type: An **OpTypePointer** whose *Storage Class* uses physical addressing according to the addressing model.

Logical Pointer Type: A pointer type that is not a physical pointer type.

Concrete Type: A numerical scalar, vector, or matrix type, or physical pointer type, or any aggregate containing only these types.

Abstract Type: An **OpTypeVoid** or **OpTypeBool**, or logical pointer type, or any aggregate type containing any of these.

Opaque Type: A type that is, or contains, or points to, or contains pointers to, any of the following types:

- OpTypeImage
- OpTypeSampler
- OpTypeSampledImage
- OpTypeOpaque
- OpTypeEvent
- OpTypeDeviceEvent
- OpTypeReserveId
- OpTypeQueue
- OpTypePipe
- **OpTypeForwardPointer**
- OpTypePipeStorage
- **OpTypeNamedBarrier**

Variable pointer: A pointer of logical pointer type that results from one of the following instructions:

- OpSelect
- OpPhi
- **OpFunctionCall**
- OpPtrAccessChain
- OpLoad

OpConstantNull

Additionally, any **OpAccessChain**, **OpInBoundsAccessChain**, or **OpCopyObject** that takes a variable pointer as an operand also produces a variable pointer. An **OpFunctionParameter** of pointer type is a variable pointer if any **OpFunctionCall** to the function statically passes a variable pointer as the value of the parameter.

2.2.3. Computation

Remainder: When dividing *a* by *b*, a *remainder r* is defined to be a value that satisfies $r + q \times b = a$ where *q* is a whole number and |r| < |b|.

2.2.4. Module

Module: A single unit of SPIR-V. It can contain multiple entry points, but only one set of capabilities.

Entry Point: A function in a *module* where execution begins. A single *entry point* is limited to a single *execution model*. An entry point is declared using **OpEntryPoint**.

Execution Model: A graphical-pipeline stage or OpenCL kernel. These are enumerated in Execution Model.

Execution Mode: Modes of operation relating to the interface or execution environment of the module. These are enumerated in Execution Mode. Generally, modes do not change the semantics of instructions within a SPIR-V module.

Vertex Processor. Any stage or execution model that processes vertices: Vertex, tessellation control, tessellation evaluation, and geometry. Explicitly excludes fragment and compute execution models.

2.2.5. Control Flow

Block: A contiguous sequence of instructions starting with an **OpLabel**, ending with a block termination instruction. A *block* has no additional label or block termination instructions.

Function Termination Instruction: One of the following, used to terminate execution of a function:

- OpReturn
- OpReturnValue
- OpKill
- OpUnreachable
- OpTerminateInvocation

Branch Instruction: One of the following, used as a block termination instruction:

- OpBranch
- OpBranchConditional
- OpSwitch

Block Termination Instruction: One of the following, used to terminate blocks:

- any branch instruction
- any function termination instruction

Control-Flow Graph: The graph formed by a function's blocks and branches. The blocks are the graph's

nodes, and the branches the graph's edges.

CFG: Control-flow graph.

Merge Instruction: One of the following, used before a branch instruction to declare structured control flow:

- OpSelectionMerge
- OpLoopMerge

Header Block: A block containing a merge instruction.

Loop Header: A header block whose merge instruction is an **OpLoopMerge**.

Selection Header. A header block whose merge instruction is an **OpSelectionMerge** and whose termination instruction is an **OpBranchConditional**.

Switch Header. A header block whose merge instruction is an **OpSelectionMerge** and whose termination instruction is an **OpSwitch**.

Merge Block: A block declared by the Merge Block operand of a merge instruction.

Branch Edge: There is a *branch edge* from block *A* to block *B* if the terminator of *A* is a branch instruction and *B* is one of the target blocks for the branch instruction.

Merge Edge: There is a *merge edge* from block *A* to block *B* if *A* contains a merge instruction and *B* is the merge block of this merge instruction.

Continue Edge: There is a *continue edge* from block *A* to block *B* if *A* is a loop header and *B* is the *Continue Target* of the loop header's **OpLoopMerge** instruction.

Structured Control-Flow Edge: There is a *structured control-flow edge* from block *A* to block *B* if there is a branch edge, merge edge, or continue edge from *A* to *B*.

Back Edge: A branch edge that branches to one of its ancestors in a depth-first search over structured control-flow edges starting at the function's entry block.

Note: When all loops are structured, each *back edge* corresponds to exactly one loop header, and vice versa, making this set of back edges invariant with respect to which depth-first search found them. This implies that the CFG defined by the function's structured control-flow edges is reducible.

Back-Edge Block: If there is a back edge from block A to block B then A is a back-edge block.

Path: A sequence of blocks B_0 , B_1 , ..., B_n where for each $0 \le i < n$ there is a branch edge from B_i to B_{i+1} . This forms a *path* from B_0 to B_n .

Structured Control-Flow Path: A sequence of blocks B_0 , B_1 , ..., B_n where for each $0 \le i < n$ there is a structured control-flow edge from B_i to B_{i+1} . This forms a *structured control-flow path* from B_0 to B_n

Structurally Reachable: A block *B* is *structurally reachable* if there exists a structured control-flow path from the entry block of the function containing *B* to *B*.

Dominate: A block *A dominates* a block *B*, where *A* and *B* are in the same function, if every path from the function's entry block to block *B* includes block *A*. *A strictly dominates B* if *A dominates B* and *A* and *B* are different blocks.

Structurally Dominate: A block A structurally dominates a block B, where A and B are in the same function, if every structured control-flow path from the function's entry block to block B includes block A. A strictly structurally dominates B if A structurally dominates B and A and B are different blocks.

Structurally Post Dominate: A block *B* structurally post dominates a block *A*, where *A* and *B* are in the same function, if every structured control-flow path from *A* to a function termination instruction includes block *B*.

Invocation: A single execution of an entry point in a SPIR-V module, operating only on the amount of data explicitly exposed by the semantics of the instructions. (Any implicit operation on additional instances of data would comprise additional invocations.) For example, in compute execution models, a single invocation operates only on a single work item, or, in a vertex execution model, a single invocation operates only on a single vertex.

Group (Invocations): The set of invocations that participate in a tangled instruction. The specific set is determined by the instruction.

Quad: The execution environment can partition invocations into *quads*, where invocations within a quad can synchronize and share data with each other efficiently. See the client API specification for more details. It has a size of exactly 4 invocations.

Quad index: The index of an invocation in a quad.

Subgroup: Invocations are partitioned into subgroups, where invocations within a subgroup can synchronize and share data with each other efficiently. In compute models, the current workgroup is a superset of the subgroup. A subgroup's size is defined by the maximum of the current values of the **SubgroupSize** and **SubgroupMaxSize** built-in variables.

Cluster. A partition of invocations in a subgroup. Invocations are partitioned into clusters based on their subgroup local invocation ID and the per-instruction cluster size *ClusterSize*, with *ClusterSize* invocations per cluster. The first *ClusterSize* invocations with the smallest subgroup local invocation IDs are assigned to the first cluster, then the next *ClusterSize* remaining invocations with the smallest local invocation IDs are assigned to the next cluster, and so on. Invocations in a cluster may be active or inactive. If the current value of the **SubgroupSize** built-in variable is not evenly divisible by the cluster size then the additional invocations in the last cluster are considered inactive.

Workgroup: The set of invocations partitioned in some execution models (e.g. GLCompute, Kernel) as a workgroup. Its size is defined statically by either the **WorkgroupSize** built-in or the **LocalSize** or **LocalSizeId** Execution Modes, or can be queried via the **WorkgroupSize** built-in. These values can be defined in multiple dimensions, and its total size is the product of the size in each specified dimension.

Invocation Group: The complete set of invocations collectively processing a particular compute workgroup or graphical operation, where the scope of a "graphical operation" is implementation dependent, but at least as large as a single point, line, triangle, or patch, and at most as large as a single rendering command, as defined by the client API.

Derivative Group: Defined only for the **Fragment** Execution Model: The set of invocations collectively processing derivatives, which is at most as large as a single point, line, or triangle, including any helper invocations, as defined by the client API.

Tangled Instruction: One of:

- Group and subgroup instructions
- Non-uniform instructions
- OpControlBarrier
- Derivative instructions
- Image instructions that consume an implicit derivative

Tangled instructions communicate between invocations.

Dynamic Instance: Within a single invocation, a single static instruction can be executed multiple times, giving multiple dynamic instances of that instruction. This can happen if the instruction is executed in a loop, or in a function called from multiple call sites, or combinations of multiple of these. Different loop iterations and different dynamic function-call-site chains yield different dynamic instances of such an instruction.

Additionally, a single dynamic instance may be executed by multiple invocations. Only tangled instructions are required to execute the dynamic instance as if all invocations that communicate together and share the same dynamic instance execute simultaneously. Invocations that execute the same dynamic instance of an instruction will continue to execute the same dynamic instances as long as they follow the same control-flow path. A dynamic instance of an instruction, tangled or not, is executed by one or more invocations.

Dynamically Uniform: An *<id>* is dynamically uniform for a dynamic instance consuming it if its value is the same for all invocations (in the invocation group, unless otherwise stated) that execute that dynamic instance.

Uniform Control Flow: Uniform control flow (or converged control flow) occurs if all invocations (in the invocation group, unless otherwise stated) execute the same dynamic instance of an instruction. Uniform control flow is the initial state at the entry point, and lasts until a conditional branch takes different control paths for different invocations (non-uniform or divergent control flow). Such divergence can reconverge, with all the invocations once again executing the same control-flow path, and this re-establishes the existence of uniform control flow. If control flow is uniform upon entry into a structured loop or selection, and all invocations leave that loop or selection via the header block's declared merge block, then control flow reconverges to be uniform at that merge block.

2.2.6. Validity and Defined Behavior

Most SPIR-V rules are expressed statically. These *statically expressed rules* are based on what can be seen with a direct static examination of the module in the specific places the rule says to look. These are expressed using terms like *must, must not, valid, not valid,* and *invalid.* Such rules establish whether the module is classified as valid or not valid, which in turn provides terms that tools may use in labeling and describing modules they process. A module is valid only if it does not violate any of these statically expressed rules. Such rules might not be considered violated if a specialization constant is involved, as described in the specialization constant section.

Some SPIR-V rules say that *behavior is not defined*, that something results in *undefined behavior*, or that *behavior is defined* only under some circumstances. These all refer only to something that happens dynamically while an invocation of a shader or kernel executes.

An invocation having undefined behavior is independent of a module being valid. Tools containing smart transforms may be able to deduce from a static module that behavior will be undefined if some part were to be executed. However, this does not allow the tool to classify the module as invalid.

Sometimes, SPIR-V refers to the client API to specify what is statically valid or dynamically defined for a specific situation, in which case those rules come from the client API's execution environment. Otherwise, a SPIR-V client API can define an execution environment that adds additional statically expressed rules, further constraining what SPIR-V itself said was valid. However, a client cannot remove any such statically expressed rules. A client will not remove any undefined behavior specified by SPIR-V.

2.3. Physical Layout of a SPIR-V Module and Instruction

A SPIR-V module is a single linear stream of words. The first words are shown in the following table:

Table 1. First Words of Physical Layout

| Word Number | Contents |
|----------------|--|
| 0 | Magic Number. |
| 1 | Version number. The bytes are, high-order to low-order: <i>0 Major Number Minor Number 0</i> Hence, version 1.3 is the value 0x00010300. |
| 2 | Generator's magic number. It is associated with the tool that generated the module. Its value does not affect any semantics, and is allowed to be 0. Using a non-0 value is encouraged, and can be registered with Khronos at https://github.com/KhronosGroup/SPIRV-Headers. |
| 3 | Bound; where all <id>s in this module are guaranteed to satisfy</id> 0 < id < Bound Bound should be small, smaller is better, with all <id>in a module being densely packed and near 0.</id> |
| 4 | 0 (Reserved for instruction schema, if needed.) |
| 5 | First word of instruction stream, see below. |

All remaining words are a linear sequence of instructions.

Each instruction is a stream of words:

Table 2. Instruction Physical Layout

| Instruction Word Number | Contents |
|----------------------------|---|
| 0 | Opcode: The 16 high-order bits are the <i>WordCount</i> of the instruction. The 16 low-order bits are the opcode enumerant. |
| 1 | Optional instruction type <i><id></id></i> (presence determined by opcode). |
| | Optional instruction <i>Result <id></id></i> (presence determined by opcode). |
| • | Operand 1 (if needed) |
| | Operand 2 (if needed) |

| Instruction Word Number | Contents | |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| | | |
| WordCount - 1 | ordCount - 1 Operand <i>N</i> (<i>N</i> is determined by WordCount minus the 1 to 3 words used for the opcode, instruction type <i><id></id></i> , and instruction <i>Result <id></id></i>). | |

Instructions are variable length due both to having optional instruction type *<id>* and *Result <id>* words as well as a variable number of operands. The details for each specific instruction are given in the Binary Form section.

2.4. Logical Layout of a Module

The instructions of a SPIR-V module must be in the following order. For sections earlier than function definitions, it is invalid to use instructions other than those indicated.

- 1. All **OpCapability** instructions.
- 2. Optional OpExtension instructions (extensions to SPIR-V).
- 3. Optional **OpExtInstImport** instructions.
- 4. The single required **OpMemoryModel** instruction.
- 5. All entry point declarations, using **OpEntryPoint**.
- 6. All execution-mode declarations, using OpExecutionMode or OpExecutionModeld.
- 7. These debug instructions, which must be grouped in the following order:
 - a. All **OpString**, **OpSourceExtension**, **OpSource**, and **OpSourceContinued**, without forward references.
 - b. All **OpName** and all **OpMemberName**.
 - c. All **OpModuleProcessed** instructions.
- 8. All annotation instructions:
 - a. All decoration instructions.
- 9. All type declarations (OpTypeXXX instructions), all constant instructions, and all global variable declarations (all OpVariable instructions whose Storage Class is not Function). This is the preferred location for OpUndef instructions, though they can also appear in function bodies. All operands in all these instructions must be declared before being used. Otherwise, they can be in any order. This section is the first section to allow use of:
 - a. OpLine and OpNoLine debug information.
 - b. Non-semantic instructions with **OpExtInst**.
- 10. All function declarations ("declarations" are functions without a body; there is no forward declaration to a function with a body). A function declaration is as follows.
 - a. Function declaration, using **OpFunction**.
 - b. Function parameter declarations, using OpFunctionParameter.
 - c. Function end, using **OpFunctionEnd**.
- 11. All function definitions (functions with a body). A function definition is as follows.
 - a. Function definition, using **OpFunction**.

- b. Function parameter declarations, using **OpFunctionParameter**.
- c. Block.
- d. Block.
- e. ...
- f. Function end, using **OpFunctionEnd**.

Within a function definition:

- A block always starts with an OpLabel instruction. This may be immediately preceded by an OpLine instruction, but the OpLabel is considered as the beginning of the block.
- A block always ends with a block termination instruction (see validation rules for more detail).
- All **OpVariable** instructions in a function must have a Storage Class of **Function**.
- All **OpVariable** instructions in a function must be in the first block in the function. These instructions, together with any intermixed **OpLine** and **OpNoLine** instructions, must be the first instructions in that block. (Note the validation rules prevent **OpPhi** instructions in the first block of a function.)
- A function definition (starts with **OpFunction**) can be immediately preceded by an **OpLine** instruction.

Forward references (an operand *<id>* that appears before the *Result <id>* defining it) are allowed for:

- Operands that are an **OpFunction**. This allows for recursion and early declaration of entry points.
- Annotation-instruction operands. This is required to fully know everything about a type or variable once it is declared.
- Labels.
- OpPhi can contain forward references.
- OpTypeForwardPointer:
 - An **OpTypeForwardPointer** *Pointer Type* is a forward reference to an **OpTypePointer**.
 - Subsequent consumption of an **OpTypeForwardPointer** *Pointer Type* can be a forward reference.
- The list of <id> provided in the **OpEntryPoint** instruction.
- OpExecutionModeld.

In all cases, there is enough type information to enable a single simple pass through a module to transform it. For example, function calls have all the type information in the call, phi-functions don't change type, and labels don't have type. The pointer forward reference allows structures to contain pointers to themselves or to be mutually recursive (through pointers), without needing additional type information.

The Validation Rules section lists additional rules.

2.5. Instructions

Most instructions create a *Result <id>*, as provided in the *Result <id>* field of the instruction. These *Result <id>* are then referred to by other instructions through their *<id>* operands. All instruction operands are specified in the Binary Form section.

Instructions are explicit about whether an operand is (or is part of) a self-contained literal or an $\langle id \rangle$ referring to another instruction's result. While an $\langle id \rangle$ always takes one operand, one literal takes one or more operands. Some common examples of literals:

• A literal 32-bit (or smaller) integer is always one operand directly holding a 32-bit two's-complement

value.

- A literal 32-bit float is always one operand, directly holding a 32-bit IEEE 754 floating-point representation.
- A literal 64-bit float is always two operands, directly holding a 64-bit IEEE 754 representation. The loworder 32 bits appear in the first operand.

2.5.1. SSA Form

A module is always in static single assignment (SSA) form. That is, there is always exactly one instruction resulting in any particular *Result <id>*. Storing into variables declared in memory is not subject to this; such stores do not create *Result <id>*. Accessing declared variables is done through:

- **OpVariable** to allocate an object in memory and create a *Result <id>* that is the name of a pointer to it.
- **OpAccessChain** or **OpInBoundsAccessChain** to create a pointer to a subpart of a *composite* object in memory.
- **OpLoad** through a pointer, giving the loaded object a *Result <id>* that can then be used as an operand in other instructions.
- **OpStore** through a pointer, to write a value. There is no *Result <id>* for an **OpStore**.

OpLoad and **OpStore** instructions can often be eliminated, using *intermediate* results instead. If this happens in multiple control-flow paths, these values need to be merged again at the path's merge point. Use **OpPhi** to merge such values together.

2.6. Entry Point and Execution Model

The **OpEntryPoint** instruction identifies an *entry point* with two key things: an execution model and a function definition. Execution models include **Vertex**, **GLCompute**, etc. (one for each graphical stage), as well as **Kernel** for OpenCL kernels. For the complete list, see Execution Model. An **OpEntryPoint** also supplies a name that can be used externally to identify the entry point, and a declaration of all the **Input** and **Output** variables that form its input/output interface.

The static function call graphs rooted at two entry points are allowed to overlap, so that function definitions and global variable definitions can be shared. The execution model and any execution modes associated with an entry point apply to the entire static function call graph rooted at that entry point. This rule implies that a function appearing in both call graphs of two distinct entry points may behave differently in each case. Similarly, variables whose semantics depend on properties of an entry point, e.g. those using the **Input** Storage Class, may behave differently if used in call graphs rooted in two different entry points.

2.7. Execution Modes

Information like the following is declared with OpExecutionMode instructions. For example,

- number of invocations (Invocations)
- vertex-order CCW (VertexOrderCcw)
- triangle strip generation (OutputTriangleStrip)
- number of output vertices (OutputVertices)
- etc.

For a complete list, see Execution Mode.

2.8. Types and Variables

Types are built up hierarchically, using **OpTypeXXX** instructions. The *Result <id>* of an **OpTypeXXX** instruction becomes a type *<id>* for future use where type *<id>s* are needed (therefore, **OpTypeXXX** instructions do not have a type *<id>*, like most other instructions do).

The "leaves" to start building with are types like **OpTypeFloat**, **OpTypeInt**, **OpTypeImage**, **OpTypeEvent**, etc. Other types are built up from the *Result <id>* of these. The numerical types are parameterized to specify bit width and signed vs. unsigned.

Higher-level types are then constructed using opcodes like **OpTypeVector**, **OpTypeMatrix**, **OpTypeImage**, **OpTypeArray**, **OpTypeRuntimeArray**, **OpTypeStruct**, and **OpTypePointer**. These are parameterized by number of components, array size, member lists, etc. The image types are parameterized by their sampling result type, dimensionality, arrayness, etc. To do sampling or filtering operations, a type from **OpTypeSampledImage** is used that contains both an image and a sampler. Such a sampled image can be set directly by the client API or combined in a SPIR-V module from an independent image and an independent sampler.

Types are built bottom up: A parameterizing operand in a type must be defined before being used.

Some additional information about the type of an *<id>* can be provided using the decoration instructions (OpDecorate, OpMemberDecorate, OpGroupDecorate, OpGroupMemberDecorate, and OpDecorationGroup). These can add, for example, Invariant to an *<id>* created by another instruction. See the full list of Decorations in the Binary Form section.

Two different type *<id>s* form, by definition, two different types. It is invalid to declare multiple nonaggregate, non-pointer type *<id>s* having the same opcode and operands. It is valid to declare multiple aggregate type *<id>s* having the same opcode and operands. This is to allow multiple instances of aggregate types with the same structure to be decorated differently. (Different decorations are not required; two different aggregate type *<id>s* are allowed to have identical declarations and decorations, and will still be two different types.) Pointer types are also allowed to have multiple *<id>s* for the same opcode and operands, to allow for differing decorations (e.g., **Volatile**) or different decoration values (e.g., different *Array Stride* values for the **ArrayStride**). If new pointers are formed, their types must be decorated as needed, so the consumer knows how to generate an access through the pointer.

Variables are declared to be of an already built type, and placed in a Storage Class. Storage classes include **UniformConstant**, **Input**, **Workgroup**, etc. and are fully specified in Storage Class. Variables declared with the **Function** Storage Class can have their lifetime's specified within their function using the **OpLifetimeStart** and **OpLifetimeStop** instructions.

Intermediate results are typed by the instruction's type $\langle id \rangle$, which is constrained by each instruction's description.

Built-in variables have special semantics and are declared using **OpDecorate** or **OpMemberDecorate** with the **BuiltIn** Decoration, followed by a **BuiltIn** enumerant. See the BuiltIn section for details on what can be decorated as a built-in variable.

2.8.1. Unsigned Versus Signed Integers

The integer type, **OpTypeInt**, is parameterized not only with a size, but also with signedness. There are two different ways to think about signedness in SPIR-V, both are internally consistent and acceptable:

1. As if all integers are "signless", meaning they are neither signed nor unsigned: All **OpTypeInt** instructions select a signedness of 0 to conceptually mean "no sign" (rather than "unsigned"). This is useful if translating from a language that does not distinguish between signed and unsigned types. The

type of operation (signed or unsigned) to perform is always selected by the choice of opcode.

2. As if some integers are signed, and some are unsigned: Some **OpTypeInt** instructions select signedness of 0 to mean "unsigned" and some select signedness of 1 to mean "signed". This is useful if signedness matters to external interface, or if targeting a higher-level language that cares about types being signed and unsigned. The type of operation (signed or unsigned) to perform is still always selected by the choice of opcode, but a small amount of validation can be done where it is non-sensible to use a signed type.

Note in both cases all signed and unsigned operations always work on unsigned types, and the semantics of operation come from the opcode. SPIR-V does not know which way is being used; it is set up to support both ways of thinking.

Note that while SPIR-V aims to not assign semantic meaning to the signedness bit in choosing how to operate on values, there are a few cases known to do this, all confined to modules declaring the **Shader** capability:

- validation for consistency checking for front ends for directly contradictory usage, where explicitly indicated in this specification
- interfaces that might require widening of an input value, and otherwise don't know whether to sign extend or zero extend, including the following bullet
- an image read that might require widening of an operand, in versions where the **SignExtend** and **ZeroExtend** image operands are not available (if available, these operands are the supported way to communicate this).

2.9. Function Calling

To call a function defined in the current module or a function declared to be imported from another module, use **OpFunctionCall** with an operand that is the *<id>* of the **OpFunction** to call, and the *<id>s* of the arguments to pass. All arguments are passed by value into the called function. This includes pointers, through which a callee object could be modified.

2.10. Extended Instruction Sets

Many operations and/or built-in function calls from high-level languages are represented through *extended instruction sets*. Extended instruction sets include things like

- trigonometric functions: sin(), cos(), ...
- exponentiation functions: exp(), pow(), ...
- geometry functions: reflect(), smoothstep(), ...
- · functions having rich performance/accuracy trade-offs
- etc.

Non-extended instructions, those that are core SPIR-V instructions, are listed in the Binary Form section. Native operations include:

- Basic arithmetic: +, -, *, min(), scalar * vector, etc.
- Texturing, to help with back-end decoding and support special code-motion rules.
- Derivatives, due to special code-motion rules.

Extended instruction sets are specified in independent specifications, not in this specification. The separate extended instruction set specification specifies instruction opcodes, semantics, and instruction names.

To use an extended instruction set, first import it by name string using **OpExtInstImport** and giving it a *Result <id>*:

<extinst-id> OpExtInstImport "name-of-extended-instruction-set"

Where "name-of-extended-instruction-set" is a literal string. The standard convention for this string is

"<source language name>.<package name>.<version>"

For example "GLSL.std.450" could be the name of the core built-in functions for GLSL versions 450 and earlier.

NOTE

There is nothing precluding having two "mirror" sets of instructions with different names but the same opcode values, which could, for example, let modifying just the import statement to change a performance/accuracy trade off.

Then, to call a specific extended instruction, use **OpExtInst**:

OpExtInst <extinst-id> instruction-number operand0, operand1, ...

Extended instruction-set specifications provide semantics for each "instruction-number". It is up to the specific specification what the overloading rules are on operand type. The specification will be clear on its semantics, and producers/consumers of it must follow those semantics.

By convention, it is recommended that all external specifications include an **enum** {...} listing all the "instruction-numbers", and a mapping between these numbers and a string representing the instruction name. However, there are no requirements that instruction name strings are provided or mangled.

NOTE

Producing and consuming extended instructions can be done entirely through numbers (no string parsing). An extended instruction set specification provides opcode enumerant values for the instructions, and these are produced by the front end and consumed by the back end.

2.11. Structured Control Flow

SPIR-V can explicitly declare structured control-flow *constructs* using merge instructions. These explicitly declare a header block before the control flow diverges and a merge block where control flow subsequently converges. (Control flow may partially or fully reconverge before reaching the merge block so long as it converges by the time the merge block is reached.) These blocks delimit constructs that must nest, and must be entered and exited in structured ways, as per the following.

2.11.1. Rules for Structured Control-flow Declarations

Structured control flow declarations must satisfy the following rules:

- the merge block declared by a header block must not be a merge block declared by any other header block
- · each header block must strictly structurally dominate its merge block

- all back edges must branch to a loop header, with each loop header having exactly one back edge branching to it
- for a given loop header, its merge block, **OpLoopMerge** *Continue Target*, and corresponding back-edge block:
 - the Continue Target and merge block must be different blocks
 - the loop header must structurally dominate the Continue Target
 - the Continue Target must structurally dominate the back-edge block
 - the back-edge block must structurally post dominate the Continue Target

2.11.2. Structured Control-flow Constructs

A structured control-flow *construct* is defined as one of:

- a *selection construct*: the blocks structurally dominated by a selection header, excluding blocks structurally dominated by the selection header's merge block
- a *continue construct*: the blocks that are both structurally dominated by an **OpLoopMerge** *Continue Target* and structurally post dominated by the corresponding loop's back-edge block
- a *loop construct*: the blocks structurally dominated by a loop header, excluding both the loop header's *continue construct* and the blocks structurally dominated by the loop header's merge block
- a *switch construct*: the blocks structurally dominated by a *switch header*, excluding blocks structurally dominated by the switch header's merge block
- a case construct: the blocks structurally dominated by an OpSwitch Target or Default block, excluding the blocks structurally dominated by the OpSwitch construct's corresponding merge block (note that as a consequence of this definition, an OpSwitch Target or Default block that is equal to the OpSwitch's corresponding merge block does not give rise to a case construct)

2.11.3. Rules for Structured Control-flow Constructs

Below, we will use the following terminology:

- A branch edge from block *A* to block *B* exits a structured control-flow construct *S* if and only if *A* is contained in *S* and *B* is not contained in *S*
- A *single-block loop* is a loop construct where the loop's header block, continue target and back-edge block are all the same.
- The header block of a continue construct is the continue target of the associated loop.
- The *header block* of a case construct is the **OpSwitch** *Target* or *Default* block that defines the case construct.

If the header block of a structured control-flow construct is structurally reachable then that structured control-flow construct must satisfy the following rules:

- if a branch edge from block *A* to block *B* exits the structured control-flow construct *S*, then the exit must correspond to one of the following:
 - Breaking from a selection construct: *S* is a selection construct, *S* is the innermost structured control-flow construct containing *A*, and *B* is the merge block for *S*
 - Breaking from the innermost loop: *S* is the innermost loop construct containing *A*, and *B* is the merge block for *S*
 - Entering the innermost loop's continue construct: *S* is the innermost loop construct containing *A*, and *B* is the continue target for *S*

- Next loop iteration: the branch edge from *A* to *B* is a back edge (so that *S* is the continue construct of the associated loop)
- Branching from back-edge block to loop merge: *A* is the back-edge block for a loop construct (so that *S* is the continue construct of the associated loop), and *B* is the merge block for the loop construct
- Branching from one case construct to another: *S* is a case construct associated with an **OpSwitch** instruction, and *B* is a target block or default block associated with the **OpSwitch** instruction
- Breaking from the innermost switch construct without breaking from a loop: *S* is the innermost switch construct containing *A*, *B* is the merge block for *S*, and the branch from *A* to *B* does not exit a loop construct
- a branch edge that exits a continue construct must branch to the header block or merge block of the associated loop
- for a loop construct that is not a single block loop, if there is a branch edge from a block *B* to the loop's continue target that is not a back edge, then *B* must belong to the loop construct
- if a structured control-flow construct *S* contains the header block for a selection, loop or switch construct different from *S*, then *S* must also contain that construct's merge block
- all branches into a selection, loop or switch construct from structurally-reachable blocks outside the construct must be to the construct's header block
- for a switch construct *S* with associated **OpSwitch** instruction:
 - the header block for S must structurally dominate every case construct associated with S
 - each case construct associated with S must not branch to more than one other case construct associated with S
 - each *case construct* associated with *S* must not be branched to by more than one other *case construct* associated with *S*
 - if *T1* and *T2* appear as labels of targets in the **OpSwitch** instruction and the case construct defined by *T1* branches to the case construct defined by *T2* then the last target with label *T1* must immediately precede the first target with label *T2* in the list of **OpSwitch** *Target* operands
 - if *T1* and *T2* appear as labels of targets in the **OpSwitch** instruction and the case construct defined by *T1* branches to the *Default* case construct of the **OpSwitch** which in turn branches to the case construct defined by *T2*, then either:
 - the block that defines the *Default* case construct must appear as a target label in the **OpSwitch** instruction, or
 - the last target with label *T1* must immediately precede the first target with label *T2* in the list of **OpSwitch** *Target* operands
 - for any label *T*, all targets with label *T* must appear consecutively in the list of **OpSwitch** *Target* operands

2.12. Specialization

Specialization is intended for constant objects that will not have known constant values until after initial generation of a SPIR-V module. Such objects are called *specialization constants*.

A SPIR-V module containing specialization constants can consume one or more externally provided *specializations*: A set of final constant values for some subset of the module's *specialization constants*. Applying these final constant values yields a new module having fewer remaining specialization constants. A module also contains default values for any specialization constants that never get externally specialized.

- **NOTE** No optimizing transforms are required to make a *specialized* module functionally correct. The specializing transform is straightforward and explicitly defined below.
- **NOTE** Ad hoc specializing should not be done through constants (**OpConstant** or **OpConstantComposite**) that get overwritten: A SPIR-V -> SPIR-V transform might want to do something irreversible with the value of such a constant, unconstrained from the possibility that its value could be later changed.

Within a module, a Specialization Constant is declared with one of these instructions:

- OpSpecConstantTrue
- OpSpecConstantFalse
- OpSpecConstant
- OpSpecConstantComposite
- OpSpecConstantOp

The literal operands to **OpSpecConstant** are the default numerical specialization constants. Similarly, the "**True**" and "**False**" parts of **OpSpecConstantTrue** and **OpSpecConstantFalse** provide the default Boolean specialization constants. These default values make an external specialization optional. However, such a default constant is applied only after all external specializations are complete, and none contained a specialization for it.

An external specialization is provided as a logical list of pairs. Each pair is a **SpecId** Decoration of a scalar specialization instruction along with its specialization constant. The numeric values are exactly what the operands would be to a corresponding **OpConstant** instruction. Boolean values are true if non-zero and false if zero.

Specializing a module is straightforward. The following specialization-constant instructions can be updated with specialization constants. These can be replaced in place, leaving everything else in the module exactly the same:

OpSpecConstantTrue -> OpConstantTrue or OpConstantFalse OpSpecConstantFalse -> OpConstantTrue or OpConstantFalse OpSpecConstant -> OpConstant OpSpecConstantComposite -> OpConstantComposite

Note that the **OpSpecConstantOp** instruction is not one that can be updated with a specialization constant.

The **OpSpecConstantOp** instruction is specialized by executing the operation and replacing the instruction with the result. The result can be expressed in terms of a constant instruction that is not a specialization-constant instruction. (Note, however, this resulting instruction might not have the same size as the original instruction, so is not a "replaced in place" operation.)

When applying an external specialization, the following (and only the following) will be modified to be non-specialization-constant instructions:

- specialization-constant instructions with values provided by the specialization
- specialization-constant instructions that consume nothing but non-specialization constant instructions (including those that the partial specialization transformed from specialization-constant instructions; these are in order, so it is a single pass to do so)

A full specialization can also be done, when requested or required, in which all specialization-constant instructions will be modified to non-specialization-constant instructions, using the default values where required.

If a statically expressed rule would be broken due to the value of a constant, and that constant is a specialization constant, then that rule is not violated. (Consequently, specialization-constant default values are not relevant to the validity of the module.)

2.13. Linkage

The ability to have partially linked modules and libraries is provided as part of the Linkage capability.

By default, functions and global variables are private to a module and cannot be accessed by other modules. However, a module may be written to *export* or *import* functions and global (module scope) variables. Imported functions and global variable definitions are resolved at linkage time. A module is considered to be partially linked if it depends on imported values.

Within a module, imported or exported values are decorated using the **Linkage Attributes Decoration**. This decoration assigns the following linkage attributes to decorated values:

- A Linkage Type.
- A name, interpreted is a literal string, is used to uniquely identify exported values.

NOTE

When resolving imported functions, the *Function Control* and all *Function Parameter Attributes* are taken from the function definition, and not from the function declaration.

2.14. Relaxed Precision

The **RelaxedPrecision** Decoration allows 32-bit integer and 32-bit floating-point operations to execute with a relaxed precision of somewhere between 16 and 32 bits.

For a floating-point operation, operating at relaxed precision means that the minimum requirements for range and precision are as follows:

- the floating point range may be as small as (-2¹⁴, 2¹⁴)
- the floating point magnitude range includes 0.0 and [2⁻¹⁴, 2¹⁴)
- the relative floating point precision may be as small as 2⁻¹⁰

The range notation here means the largest required magnitude is half of the relative precision less than the value given.

Relative floating-point precision is defined as the worst case (i.e. largest) ratio of the smallest step in relation to the value for all non-zero values in the required range:

 $Precision_{relative} = (abs(v_1 - v_2)_{min} / abs(v_1))_{max} \text{ for } v_1 != 0, v_2 != 0, v_1 != v_2$

It is therefore twice the maximum rounding error when converting from a real number. Subnormal numbers may be supported and may have lower relative precision.

For integer operations, operating at relaxed precision means that the operation is evaluated by an operation in which, for some N, 16 <= N <= 32:

• the operation is executed as though its type were *N* bits in size, and

• the result is zero or sign extended to 32 bits as determined by the signedness of the result type of the operation.

The **RelaxedPrecision** Decoration must only be applied to:

- The *<id>* of an **OpVariable**, where it refers to the value of the variable.
- The *<id>* of an **OpFunctionParameter**, where it refers to the value of the parameter.
- The *Result <id>* of an instruction that reads or filters from an image. E.g. **OpImageSampleExplicitLod**, meaning the instruction is to operate at relaxed precision.
- The *Result <id>* of an **OpFunction**, where it refers to the value returned by the function.
- A structure-type member (through OpMemberDecorate).
- The *Result <id>* of an **OpFunctionCall**, where it refers to the result of the function call.
- The *Result <id>* of other instructions that operate on numerical types, meaning the instruction is to operate at relaxed precision. The instruction's operands may also be truncated to the relaxed precision.

In all cases, the types of the values that the **RelaxedPrecision** Decoration refers to must be:

- a scalar, vector, or matrix, or array of scalars, vectors, or matrices, and all the components in the types must be a 32-bit numerical type,
- a pointer to such a type, where it refers to the value pointed to.

The values that the **RelaxedPrecision** Decoration refers to can be truncated to relaxed precision.

When applied to a variable, function parameter, or structure member, all loads and stores from the decorated object may be treated as though they were decorated with **RelaxedPrecision**. Loads may also be decorated with **RelaxedPrecision**, in which case they are treated as operating at relaxed precision.

All loads and stores involving relaxed precision still read and write 32 bits of data, respectively. Floatingpoint data read or written in such a manner is written in full 32-bit floating-point format. However, a load or store might reduce the precision (as allowed by **RelaxedPrecision**) of the destination value.

For debugging portability of floating-point operations, **OpQuantizeToF16** may be used to explicitly reduce the precision of a relaxed-precision result to 16-bit precision. (Integer-result precision can be reduced, for example, using left- and right-shift opcodes.)

For image-sampling operations, decorations can appear on both the sampling instruction and the image variable being sampled. If either is decorated, they both should be decorated, and if both are decorated their decorations must match. If only one is decorated, the sampling instruction can behave either as if both were decorated or neither were decorated.

2.15. Debug Information

Debug information is supplied with:

- Source-code text through **OpString**, **OpSource**, and **OpSourceContinued**.
- Object names through OpName and OpMemberName.
- Line numbers through **OpLine** and **OpNoLine**.

A module does not lose any semantics when all such instructions are removed.

2.15.1. Function-Name Mangling

There is no functional dependency on how functions are named. Signature-typing information is explicitly provided, without any need for name "unmangling".

By convention, for debugging purposes, modules with **OpSource** *Source Language* of OpenCL use the Itanium name-mangling standard.

2.16. Validation Rules

2.16.1. Universal Validation Rules

- When using **OpBitcast** to convert pointers to/from vectors of integers, only vectors of 32-bit integers are allowed.
- If neither the VariablePointers nor VariablePointersStorageBuffer capabilities are declared, the following rules apply to logical pointer types:
 - OpVariable must not allocate an object whose type is or contains a logical pointer type.
 - It is invalid for a pointer to be an operand to any instruction other than:
 - · OpLoad
 - OpStore
 - OpAccessChain
 - OpInBoundsAccessChain
 - OpFunctionCall
 - OpImageTexelPointer
 - · OpCopyMemory
 - OpCopyObject
 - OpArrayLength
 - all **OpAtomic** instructions
 - · extended instruction-set instructions that are explicitly identified as taking pointer operands
 - It is invalid for a pointer to be the *Result <id>* of any instruction other than:
 - · OpVariable
 - OpAccessChain
 - OpInBoundsAccessChain
 - OpFunctionParameter
 - OpImageTexelPointer
 - OpCopyObject
 - All indexes in **OpAccessChain** and **OpInBoundsAccessChain** that are **OpConstant** with type of **OpTypeInt** with a *signedness* of 1 must not have their sign bit set.
 - Any pointer operand to an **OpFunctionCall** must point into one of the following storage classes:
 - · UniformConstant
 - · Function
 - · Private

- · Workgroup
- · AtomicCounter
- Any pointer operand to an OpFunctionCall must be
 - · a memory object declaration, or
 - a pointer to an element in an array that is a memory object declaration, where the element type is **OpTypeSampler** or **OpTypeImage**.
- The instructions **OpPtrEqual** and **OpPtrNotEqual** must not be used.
- If the VariablePointers or VariablePointersStorageBuffer capability is declared, the following are additionally allowed for logical pointer types, while other prohibitions remain:
 - If **OpVariable** allocates an object whose type is or contains a logical pointer type, the *Storage Class* operand of the **OpVariable** must be one of the following:
 - · Function
 - · Private
 - If a pointer is the *Object* operand of **OpStore** or result of **OpLoad**, the storage class the pointer is stored to or loaded from must be one of the following:
 - · Function
 - · Private
 - A pointer type can be the:
 - · Result Type of OpFunction
 - · Result Type of **OpFunctionCall**
 - · Return Type of **OpTypeFunction**
 - A pointer can be a variable pointer
 - A pointer can be an operand to one of:
 - OpReturnValue
 - OpPtrAccessChain
 - OpPtrEqual
 - OpPtrNotEqual
 - · OpPtrDiff
 - A variable pointer must point to one of the following storage classes:
 - · StorageBuffer
 - Workgroup (if the VariablePointers capability is declared)
 - If the VariablePointers capability is not declared, a variable pointer must be selected from pointers pointing into the same structure or be **OpConstantNull**.
 - A pointer operand to **OpFunctionCall** can point into the storage class:
 - · StorageBuffer
 - For pointer operands to OpFunctionCall, the memory object declaration-restriction is removed for the following storage classes:
 - · StorageBuffer
 - · Workgroup
 - The instructions OpPtrEqual and OpPtrNotEqual can be used only if the Storage Class of the

operands' OpTypePointer declaration is

- **StorageBuffer** if the **VariablePointersStorageBuffer** capability is explicitly or implicitly declared, whether or not operands point into the same buffer, or
- Workgroup, which can be used only if the VariablePointers capability was declared.
- A variable pointer must not:
 - be an operand to an **OpArrayLength** instruction
 - point to an object that is or contains an OpTypeMatrix
 - point to a column, or a component in a column, within an OpTypeMatrix
- Memory model
 - If OpLoad, OpStore, OpCopyMemory, or OpCopyMemorySized use MakePointerAvailable or MakePointerVisible, the optional scope operand must be present.
 - If **OpImageRead**, **OpImageSparseRead**, or **OpImageWrite** use **MakeTexelAvailable** or **MakeTexelVisible**, the optional scope operand must be present.
 - Memory accesses that use NonPrivatePointer must use pointers in the Uniform, Workgroup, CrossWorkgroup, Generic, Image, or StorageBuffer storage classes.
 - If the **Vulkan** memory model is declared and any instruction uses **Device** scope, the **VulkanMemoryModelDeviceScope** capability must be declared.
- Physical storage buffer
 - If the addressing model is not **PhysicalStorageBuffer64**, then the **PhysicalStorageBuffer** storage class must not be used.
 - OpVariable must not use the PhysicalStorageBuffer storage class.
 - If the type an **OpVariable** points to is a pointer (or contains a pointer) in the **PhysicalStorageBuffer** storage class, the **OpVariable** must be decorated with exactly one of **AliasedPointer** or **RestrictPointer**.
 - If an **OpFunctionParameter** is a pointer (or contains a pointer) in the **PhysicalStorageBuffer** storage class, the function parameter must be decorated with exactly one of **Aliased** or **Restrict**.
 - If an **OpFunctionParameter** is a pointer (or contains a pointer) and the type it points to is a pointer in the **PhysicalStorageBuffer** storage class, the function parameter must be decorated with exactly one of **AliasedPointer** or **RestrictPointer**.
 - Any pointer value whose storage class is PhysicalStorageBuffer and that points to a matrix, an array of matrices, or a row or element of a matrix must be the result of an OpAccessChain or OpPtrAccessChain instruction whose Base operand is a structure type (or recursively must be the result of a sequence of only access chains from a structure to the final value). Such a pointer must only be used as the Pointer operand to OpLoad or OpStore.
 - The result type of **OpConstantNull** must not be a pointer type with storage class **PhysicalStorageBuffer**.
 - Operands to **OpPtrEqual**, **OpPtrNotEqual**, and **OpPtrDiff** must not be pointers into the **PhysicalStorageBuffer** storage class.
- SSA
 - Each *<id>* must appear exactly once as the *Result <id>* of an instruction.
 - The definition of an SSA *<id>* should dominate all uses of it, with the following exceptions:
 - Function calls may call functions not yet defined. However, note that the function's operand and return types are already known at the call site.

- · An OpPhi can consume definitions that do not dominate it.
- Entry Point
 - There is at least one **OpEntryPoint** instruction, unless the **Linkage** capability is declared.
 - It is invalid for any function to be targeted by both an **OpEntryPoint** instruction and an **OpFunctionCall** instruction.
 - Each **OpEntryPoint** must not set more than one of the **DenormFlushToZero** or **DenormPreserve** execution modes for any given *Target Width*.
 - Each **OpEntryPoint** must not set more than one of the **RoundingModeRTE** or **RoundingModeRTZ** execution modes for any given *Target Width*.
 - Each **OpEntryPoint** must contain at most one of **LocalSize**, **LocalSizeId**, **LocalSizeHint**, or **LocalSizeHintId Execution Modes**.
- Functions
 - A function declaration (an **OpFunction** with no basic blocks), must have a **Linkage Attributes Decoration** with the **Import Linkage Type**.
 - A function definition (an **OpFunction** with basic blocks) must not be decorated with the **Import** Linkage Type.
 - A function must not have both a declaration and a definition (no forward declarations).
- Global (Module Scope) Variables
 - A module-scope **OpVariable** with an *Initializer* operand must not be decorated with the **Import Linkage Type**.
- Control-Flow Graph (CFG)
 - Blocks exist only within a function.
 - The first block in a function definition is the entry point of that function and must not be the target of any branch. (Note this means it has no **OpPhi** instructions.)
 - The order of blocks in a function must satisfy the rule that blocks appear before all blocks they dominate.
 - Each block starts with a label.
 - · A label is made by **OpLabel**.
 - This includes the first block of a function (**OpFunction** is not a label).
 - · Labels are used only to form blocks.
 - The last instruction of each block is a block termination instruction.
 - Each block termination instruction must be the last instruction in a block.
 - Each **OpLabel** instruction must be within a function.
 - All branches within a function must be to labels in that function.
- All **OpFunctionCall** *Function* operands are an *<id>* of an **OpFunction** in the same module.
- Data rules
 - Scalar floating-point types must be parameterized only as 32 bit, plus any additional sizes enabled by capabilities.
 - Scalar integer types must be parameterized only as 32 bit, plus any additional sizes enabled by capabilities.
 - Vector types must be parameterized only with numerical types or the OpTypeBool type.

- Vector types must be parameterized only with 2, 3, or 4 components, plus any additional sizes enabled by capabilities.
- Matrix types must be parameterized only with floating-point types.
- Matrix types must be parameterized only with 2, 3, or 4 columns.
- Specialization constants (see Specialization) are limited to integers, Booleans, floating-point numbers, and vectors of these.
- Image, sampler, and sampled image objects must not appear as operands to OpPhi instructions, or OpSelect instructions, or any instructions other than the image or sampler instructions specified to operate on them.
- All **OpSampledImage** instructions, or instructions that load an image or sampler reference, must be in the same block in which their *Result <id>* are consumed.
- The capabilities StorageBuffer16BitAccess, UniformAndStorageBuffer16BitAccess, StoragePushConstant16, and StorageInputOutput16 do not generally add 16-bit operations. Rather, they add only the following specific abilities:
 - An OpTypePointer pointing to a 16-bit scalar, a 16-bit vector, or a composite containing a 16-bit member can be used as the result type of OpVariable, or OpAccessChain, or OpInBoundsAccessChain.
 - OpLoad can load 16-bit scalars, 16-bit vectors, and 16-bit matrices.
 - **OpStore** can store 16-bit scalars, 16-bit vectors, and 16-bit matrices.
 - **OpCopyObject** can be used for 16-bit scalars or composites containing 16-bit members.
 - 16-bit scalars or 16-bit vectors can be used as operands to a width-only conversion instruction to another allowed type (OpFConvert, OpSConvert, or OpUConvert), and can be produced as results of a width-only conversion instruction from another allowed type.
 - A structure containing a 16-bit member can be an operand to **OpArrayLength**.
- The capabilities StorageBuffer8BitAccess, UniformAndStorageBuffer8BitAccess, and StoragePushConstant8, do not generally add 8-bit operations. Rather, they add only the following specific abilities:
 - An OpTypePointer pointing to an 8-bit scalar, an 8-bit vector, or a composite containing an 8-bit member can be used as the result type of OpVariable, or OpAccessChain, or OpInBoundsAccessChain.
 - **OpLoad** can load 8-bit scalars and vectors.
 - OpStore can store 8-bit scalars and 8-bit vectors.
 - **OpCopyObject** can be used for 8-bit scalars or composites containing 8-bit members.
 - 8-bit scalars and vectors can be used as operands to a width-only conversion instruction to another allowed type (OpSConvert, or OpUConvert), and can be produced as results of a width-only conversion instruction from another allowed type.
 - A structure containing an 8-bit member can be an operand to **OpArrayLength**.
- Decoration rules
 - The Linkage Attributes Decoration must not be applied to functions targeted by an OpEntryPoint instruction.
 - A BuiltIn Decoration must be applied only as follows:
 - If applied to a structure-type member, all members of that structure type must also be decorated with **BuiltIn**. (No allowed mixing of built-in variables and non-built-in variables within a single structure.)

- If applied to a structure-type member, that structure type must not be contained as a member of another structure type.
- There must be no more than one object per Storage Class that contains a structure type containing members decorated with **BuiltIn**, consumed per entry-point.
- OpLoad and OpStore must consume only objects whose type is a pointer.
- A *Result <id>* resulting from an instruction within a function must be used only in that function.
- A function call must have the same number of arguments as the function definition (or declaration) has parameters, and their respective types must match.
- An instruction requiring a specific number of operands must have that many operands. The *word count* must agree.
- Each opcode specifies its own requirements for number and type of operands, and these must be followed.
- Atomic access rules
 - The pointers taken by atomic operation instructions must be a pointer into one of the following Storage Classes:
 - · Uniform when used with the BufferBlock Decoration
 - · StorageBuffer
 - · PhysicalStorageBuffer
 - · Workgroup
 - · CrossWorkgroup
 - · Generic
 - · AtomicCounter
 - · Image
 - · Function
- It is invalid to have a construct that uses the **StorageBuffer** Storage Class and a construct that uses the **Uniform** Storage Class with the **BufferBlock** Decoration in the same SPIR-V module.
- All **XfbStride Decorations** must be the same for all objects decorated with the same **XfbBuffer** *XFB Buffer Number*.
- All **Stream Decorations** must be the same for all objects decorated with the same **XfbBuffer** *XFB Buffer Number*.
- If the workgroup size is statically specified (using the LocalSize, LocalSizeId execution modes, or the WorkgroupSize BuiltIn), the product of all workgroup size dimensions must not be zero.

2.16.2. Validation Rules for Shader Capabilities

- CFG:
 - Loops must be structured. That is, the target basic block of a back edge must contain an **OpLoopMerge** instruction.
 - Selections must be structured. That is, an **OpSelectionMerge** instruction is required to precede:
 - an **OpSwitch** instruction
 - an **OpBranchConditional** instruction that has different *True Label* and *False Label* operands where neither are declared merge blocks or *Continue Targets*.
- Entry point and execution model

- Each *entry point* in a module, along with its corresponding static call tree within that module, forms a complete pipeline stage.
- Each **OpEntryPoint** with the **Fragment** Execution Model must have an **OpExecutionMode** for either the **OriginLowerLeft** or the **OriginUpperLeft** Execution Mode. (Exactly one of these is required.)
- An **OpEntryPoint** with the **Fragment** Execution Model must not set more than one of the **DepthGreater**, **DepthLess**, or **DepthUnchanged Execution Modes**.
- An **OpEntryPoint** with one of the **Tessellation** Execution Models must not set more than one of the **SpacingEqual**, **SpacingFractionalEven**, or **SpacingFractionalOdd** Execution Modes.
- An **OpEntryPoint** with one of the **Tessellation** Execution Models must not set more than one of the **Triangles**, **Quads**, or **Isolines** Execution Modes.
- An **OpEntryPoint** with one of the **Tessellation** Execution Models must not set more than one of the **VertexOrderCw** or **VertexOrderCcw** Execution Modes.
- An **OpEntryPoint** with the **Geometry** Execution Model must set exactly one of the **InputPoints**, **InputLines**, **InputLinesAdjacency**, **Triangles**, or **TrianglesAdjacency** Execution Modes.
- An **OpEntryPoint** with the **Geometry** Execution Model must set exactly one of the **OutputPoints**, **OutputLineStrip**, or **OutputTriangleStrip** Execution Modes.
- Composite objects in the **StorageBuffer**, **PhysicalStorageBuffer**, **Uniform**, and **PushConstant Storage Classes** must be explicitly laid out. The following apply to all the aggregate and matrix types describing such an object, recursively through their nested types:
 - Each structure-type member must have an Offset decoration.
 - Each array type must have an **ArrayStride** decoration, unless it is an array that contains a structure decorated with **Block** or **BufferBlock**, in which case it must not have an **ArrayStride** decoration.
 - Each structure-type member that is a matrix or array-of-matrices must be decorated with
 - · a MatrixStride Decoration, and
 - one of the **RowMajor** or **ColMajor** decorations.
 - The ArrayStride, MatrixStride, and Offset decorations must be large enough to hold the size of the objects they affect (that is, specifying overlap is invalid). Each ArrayStride and MatrixStride must be greater than zero, and it is invalid for two members of a given structure to be assigned the same Offset.
 - Each **OpPtrAccessChain** must have a *Base* whose type is decorated with **ArrayStride**.
 - If an array-element pointer is derived from an array (e.g., using **OpAccessChain**), and the resulting element-pointer type is decorated with **ArrayStride**, its *Array Stride* must match the *Array Stride* of the array's type. If the array's type is not decorated with **ArrayStride**, the derived array-element pointer also must not be decorated with **ArrayStride**.
- For structure objects in the Input and Output Storage Classes, the following apply:
 - If applied to structure-type members, the decorations **Noperspective**, **Flat**, **Patch**, **Centroid**, and **Sample** must be applied only to the top-level members of the structure type. (Nested objects' types must not be structures whose members are decorated with these decorations.)
- Type Rules
 - All declared types are restricted to those types that are, or are contained within, valid types for an **OpVariable** *Result Type* or an **OpTypeFunction** *Return Type*.
 - Aggregate types for *intermediate objects* are restricted to those types that are a valid *Type* of an **OpVariable** *Result Type* in the global storage classes.
- Decorations

- It is invalid to apply more than one of **Noperspective** or **Flat** decorations to the same object or member.
- It is invalid to apply more than one of **Patch**, **Centroid**, or **Sample** decorations to the same object or member.
- It is invalid to apply more than one of **Block** and **BufferBlock** decorations to a structure type.
- **Block** and **BufferBlock** decorations must not decorate a structure type that is nested at any level inside another structure type decorated with **Block** or **BufferBlock**.
- The **FPRoundingMode** decoration must be applied only to a width-only conversion instruction whose only uses are *Object* operands of **OpStore** instructions storing through a pointer to a 16-bit floating-point object in the **StorageBuffer**, **PhysicalStorageBuffer**, **Uniform**, or **Output** Storage Classes.
- All <id> used for Scope <id> and Memory Semantics <id> must be of an OpConstant.
- Atomic access rules
 - The pointers taken by atomic operation instructions are further restricted to not point into the **Function** storage class.

2.16.3. Validation Rules for Kernel Capabilities

• The Signedness in OpTypeInt must always be 0.

2.17. Universal Limits

These quantities are minimum limits for all implementations and validators. Implementations are allowed to support larger quantities. Client APIs may impose larger minimums. See Language Capabilities.

Validators inform when these limits (or explicitly parameterized limits) are crossed.

Table 3. Limits

| | Minimum Limit | |
|---|---|-------------|
| Limited Entity | Decimal | Hexadecimal |
| Characters in a literal string | 65,535 | FFFF |
| Result < <i>id</i> > bound See Physical Layout for the shader-specific bound. | 4,194,303 | 3FFFFF |
| Control-flow nesting depth Measured per function, in program order, counting the maximum number of OpBranch , OpBranchConditional , or OpSwitch that are seen without yet seeing their corresponding <i>Merge Block</i> , as declared by OpSelectionMerge or OpLoopMerge . | 1023 | 3FF |
| Global variables (Storage Class other than Function) | 65,535 | FFFF |
| Local variables (Function Storage Class) | 524,287 | 7FFFF |
| Decorations per target < <i>id</i> > | Number of entries in the Decoration table. | |
| Execution modes per entry point | 255 | FF |
| Indexes for OpAccessChain, OpInBoundsAccessChain, OpPtrAccessChain, OpInBoundsPtrAccessChain, OpCompositeExtract, and OpCompositeInsert | 255 | FF |
| Number of function parameters, per function declaration | 255 | FF |
| OpFunctionCall actual arguments | 255 | FF |
| OpExtInst actual arguments | 255 | FF |
| OpSwitch (literal, label) pairs | 16,383 | 3FFF |
| OpTypeStruct members | 16,383 | 3FFF |
| Structure nesting depth | 255 | FF |

2.18. Memory Model

A memory model is chosen using a single **OpMemoryModel** instruction near the beginning of the module. This selects both an addressing model and a memory model. The **Logical** addressing model means pointers are abstract, having no physical size or numeric value. In this mode, pointers must be created only from existing objects, and they must not be stored into an object, unless additional capabilities, e.g., **VariablePointers**, are declared to add such functionality.

The non-Logical addressing models allow physical pointers to be formed. OpVariable can be used to create objects that hold pointers. These are declared for a specific Storage Class. Pointers for one Storage Class must not be used to access objects in another Storage Class. However, they can be converted with conversion opcodes. Any particular addressing model describes the bit width of pointers for each of the storage classes.

2.18.1. Memory Layout

Offset, **MatrixStride**, and **ArrayStride** Decorations partially define how a memory buffer is laid out. In addition, the following also define layout of a memory buffer, applied recursively as needed:

- a vector consumes contiguous memory with lower-numbered components appearing in smaller offsets than higher-numbered components, and with component 0 starting at the vector's **Offset** Decoration, if present
- in an array, lower-numbered elements appear at smaller offsets than higher-numbered elements, with element 0 starting at the **Offset** Decoration for the array, if present
- in a matrix, lower-numbered columns appear at smaller offsets than higher-numbered columns, and lower-numbered components within the matrix's vectors appearing at smaller offsets than high-numbered components, with component 0 of column 0 starting at the **Offset** Decoration, if present (the **RowMajor** and **ColMajor** Decorations dictate what is contiguous)

2.18.2. Aliasing

Two memory object declarations are said to *alias* if they can be accessed (in bounds) such that both accesses address the same memory locations during their intersecting dynamic lifetimes. If two memory operations access the same locations, and at least one of them performs a write, the memory consistency model specified by the client API defines the results based on the ordering of the accesses.

How aliasing is managed depends on the memory model:

- The Simple, GLSL, and Vulkan memory models can assume that aliasing is generally not present between the memory object declarations. Specifically, the consumer is free to assume aliasing is not present between memory object declarations, unless the memory object declarations explicitly indicate they alias. Aliasing is indicated by applying the Aliased decoration to a memory object declaration's *<id>*, for OpVariable and OpFunctionParameter. Applying Restrict is allowed, but has no effect. For variables holding PhysicalStorageBuffer pointers, applying the AliasedPointer decoration on the OpVariable indicates that the PhysicalStorageBuffer pointers are potentially aliased. Applying RestrictPointer is allowed, but has no effect. Variables holding PhysicalStorageBuffer pointers must be decorated as either AliasedPointer or RestrictPointer. Only those memory object declarations decorated with Aliased or AliasedPointer may alias each other.
- The **OpenCL** memory model assumes that memory object declarations might alias each other. An implementation may assume that memory object declarations decorated with **Restrict** will not alias any other memory object declaration. Applying **Aliased** is allowed, but has no effect.

The **Aliased** decoration can be used to express that certain memory object declarations may alias. Referencing the following table, a memory object declaration P may alias another declared pointer Q if within a single row:

• P is an instruction with opcode and storage class from the first pair of columns, and

• Q is an instruction with opcode and storage class from the second pair of columns.

| First Storage Class | First Instruction(s) | Second Instructions | Second Storage Classes |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| CrossWorkgroup | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | CrossWorkgroup, Generic |
| Function | OpFunctionParameter | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | Function, Generic |
| Function | OpVariable | OpFunctionParameter | Function, Generic |
| Generic | OpFunctionParameter | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | CrossWorkgroup, Function, Generic, Workgroup |
| Image | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | Image, StorageBuffer, PhysicalStorageBuffer, Uniform, UniformConstant |
| Output | OpFunctionParameter | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | Output |
| Private | OpFunctionParameter | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | Private |
| StorageBuffer | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | Image, StorageBuffer, PhysicalStorageBuffer, Uniform, UniformConstant |
| PhysicalStorageBuffer | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | Image, StorageBuffer, PhysicalStorageBuffer, Uniform, UniformConstant |
| Uniform | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | Image, StorageBuffer, PhysicalStorageBuffer, Uniform, UniformConstant |
| UniformConstant | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | Image, StorageBuffer, PhysicalStorageBuffer, Uniform, UniformConstant |
| Workgroup | OpFunctionParameter | OpFunctionParameter, OpVariable | Workgroup, Generic |
| Workgroup | OpVariable | OpFunctionParameter | Workgroup, Generic |

In addition to the above table, memory object declarations in the **CrossWorkgroup**, **Function**, **Input**, **Output**, **Private**, or **Workgroup** storage classes must also have matching pointee types for aliasing to be present. In all other cases the decoration is ignored.

Because aliasing, as described above, only applies to memory object declarations, a consumer does not make any assumptions about whether or not memory regions of non memory object declarations overlap. As such, a consumer needs to perform dependency analysis on non memory object declarations if it

wishes to reorder instructions affecting memory.

The memory locations associated with an **OpFunctionParameter** memory object declaration are dependent on the dynamic execution of the associated function. A dynamic instance of an **OpFunctionParameter** memory object declaration can be traced to either an **OpVariable** or an entry point **OpFunctionParameter**. During the execution of an entry point, behavior is undefined if operations on two distinct memory object declarations dynamically access the same memory locations during an intersection of the lifetimes of those two objects, with at least one of them performing a write, and at least one of the memory object declarations does not have the **Aliased** decoration (or is assumed to alias via the memory model).

For the **PhysicalStorageBuffer** storage class, **OpVariable** is understood to mean the **PhysicalStorageBuffer** pointer value(s) stored in the variable. An **Aliased PhysicalStorageBuffer** pointer stored in a **Function** variable can alias with other variables in the same function, global variables, or function parameters.

It is invalid to apply both **Restrict** and **Aliased** to the same <*id*>.

2.18.3. Null pointers

A "null pointer" can be formed from an **OpConstantNull** instruction with a pointer result type. The resulting pointer value is abstract, and will not equal the pointer value formed from any declared object or access chain into a declared object. Behavior is undefined if a load or store through **OpConstantNull** is executed.

2.19. Derivatives

Derivatives appear only in the **Fragment** Execution Model. They are either implicit or explicit. Some image instructions consume implicit derivatives, while the derivative instructions compute explicit derivatives. In all cases, derivatives are well defined when the derivative group has uniform control flow, otherwise see the client API specification for what behavior is allowed.

2.20. Code Motion

Texturing instructions in the Fragment Execution Model that rely on an implicit derivative won't be moved into control flow that is not known to be uniform control flow within each derivative group.

2.21. Deprecation

A feature may be marked as deprecated by a version of the specification or extension to the specification. Features marked as deprecated in one version of the specification are still present in that version, but future versions may reduce their support or completely remove them. Deprecating before removing allows applications time to transition away from the deprecated feature. Once the feature is removed, all tokens used exclusively by that feature will be reserved and any use of those tokens will become invalid.

2.22. Unified Specification

This document specifies all versions of **SPIR-V**.

There are three kinds of entries in the tables of enumerated tokens:

• **Reservation:** These say Reserved in the enabling capabilities. They often contain token names only, lacking a semantic description. They are invalid **SPIR-V** for any version, serving only to reserve the tokens. They may identify enabling capabilities and extensions, in which case any listed extensions

might add the tokens. See the listed extensions for additional information.

- **Conditional:** These say Missing before or Missing after in the enabling capabilities. They are invalid **SPIR-V** for the missing versions. They may identify enabling capabilities and extensions, in which case any listed extensions might add the tokens for some of the missing versions. See the listed extensions for additional information. For versions not identified as missing, the tokens are valid **SPIR-V**, subject to any listed enabling capabilities.
- Universal: These have no mention of what version they are missing in, or of being reserved. They are valid in all versions of **SPIR-V**.

2.23. Uniformity

SPIR-V has multiple notions of uniformity of values. A *Result <id>* decorated as **Uniform** (for a particular scope) is a contract that all invocations within that scope compute the same value for that result, for a given dynamic instance of an instruction. This is useful to enable implementations to store results in a scalar register file (*scalarization*), for example. Results are assumed not to be uniform unless decorated as such.

An *<id>* is defined to be dynamically uniform for a dynamic instance of an instruction if all invocations (in an invocation group) that execute the dynamic instance have the same value for that *<id>*. This is not something that is explicitly decorated, it is just a property that arises. This property is assumed to hold for operands of certain instructions, such as the *Image* operand of image instructions, unless that operand is decorated as **NonUniform**. Some implementations require more complex instruction expansions to handle non-dynamically uniform values in certain instructions, and thus it is mandatory for certain operands to be decorated as **NonUniform** if they are not guaranteed to be dynamically uniform.

While the names may suggest otherwise, nothing forbids an $\langle id \rangle$ from being decorated as both **Uniform** and **NonUniform**. Because *dynamically uniform* is at a larger scope (invocation group) than the default **Uniform** scope (subgroup), it is even possible for the $\langle id \rangle$ to be uniform at the subgroup scope but not dynamically uniform.

Chapter 3. Binary Form

This section contains the exact form for all instructions, starting with the numerical values for all fields. See Physical Layout for the order words appear in.

3.1. Magic Number

Magic number for a SPIR-V module.

TIP

Endianness: A module is defined as a stream of words, not a stream of bytes. However, if stored as a stream of bytes (e.g., in a file), the magic number can be used to deduce what endianness to apply to convert the byte stream back to a word stream.

| Magic | Number |
|-------|--------|
| | |

0x07230203

3.2. Source Language

The source language is for debug purposes only, with no semantics that affect the meaning of other parts of the module.

Used by **OpSource**.

| | Source Language | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 0 | Unknown | |
| 1 | ESSL | |
| 2 | GLSL | |
| 3 | OpenCL_C | |
| 4 | OpenCL_CPP | |
| 5 | HLSL | |
| 6 | CPP_for_OpenCL | |
| 7 | SYCL | |
| 8 | HERO_C | |
| 9 | NZSL | |
| 10 | WGSL | |
| 11 | Slang | |
| 12 | Zig | |

3.3. Execution Model

Used by **OpEntryPoint**.

| | Execution Model | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---|--|
| 0 | Vertex Vertex shading stage. | Shader |
| 1 | TessellationControl Tessellation control (or hull) shading stage. | Tessellation |
| 2 | TessellationEvaluation Tessellation evaluation (or domain) shading stage. | Tessellation |
| 3 | Geometry Geometry shading stage. | Geometry |
| 4 | Fragment Fragment shading stage. | Shader |
| 5 | GLCompute Graphical compute shading stage. | Shader |
| 6 | Kernel Compute kernel. | Kernel |
| 5267 | TaskNV | MeshShadingNV Reserved. |
| 5268 | MeshNV | MeshShadingNV Reserved. |
| 5313 | RayGenerationKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 5313 | RayGenerationNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 5314 | IntersectionKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 5314 | IntersectionNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 5315 | AnyHitKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 5315 | AnyHitNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 5316 | ClosestHitKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |

| | Execution Model | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|-----------------|--|
| 5316 | ClosestHitNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 5317 | MissKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 5317 | MissNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 5318 | CallableKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 5318 | CallableNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 5364 | TaskEXT | MeshShadingEXT Reserved. |
| 5365 | MeshEXT | MeshShadingEXT Reserved. |

3.4. Addressing Model

Used by **OpMemoryModel**.

| | Addressing Model | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---|--|
| 0 | Logical | |
| 1 | Physical32 Indicates a 32-bit module, where the address width is equal to 32 bits. | Addresses |
| 2 | Physical64 Indicates a 64-bit module, where the address width is equal to 64 bits. | Addresses |
| 5348 | PhysicalStorageBuffer64 Indicates that pointers with a storage class of PhysicalStorageBuffer are physical pointer types with an address width of 64 bits, while pointers to all other storage classes are logical. | PhysicalStorageBufferAddresses Missing before version 1.5. Also see extensions: SPV_EXT_physical_storage_buffer, SPV_KHR_physical_storage_buffer |

| | Addressing Model | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|----------------------------|--|
| | PhysicalStorageBuffer64EXT | PhysicalStorageBufferAddresses |
| 5348 | | Missing before version 1.5. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_EXT_physical_storage_buffer |

3.5. Memory Model

Used by **OpMemoryModel**.

| | Memory Model | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|---|--|
| 0 | Simple Deprecated (use GLSL450). Memory model is undefined. | Shader |
| 1 | GLSL450 Memory model needed by later versions of GLSL and ESSL. Works across multiple versions. | Shader |
| 2 | OpenCL OpenCL memory model. | Kernel |
| 3 | Vulkan Vulkan memory model, as specified by the client API. This memory model must be declared if and only if the VulkanMemoryModel capability is declared. | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. |
| 3 | VulkanKHR | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |

3.6. Execution Mode

Declare the modes an entry point executes in. All **Extra Operands** that are *<id>s* must be the *<id>s* of constant instructions unless otherwise stated. It is invalid to apply the same execution mode more than once to any entry point unless explicitly allowed below for a specific execution mode.

Used by OpExecutionMode and OpExecutionModeld.

| | Execution Mode | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0 | Invocations <i>Number of invocations</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer number of times to invoke the geometry stage for each input primitive received. The default is to run once for each input primitive. It is invalid to specify a value greater than the target-dependent maximum. Only valid with the Geometry Execution Model . | Literal Number of invocations | Geometry |
| 1 | SpacingEqual Requests the tessellation primitive generator to divide edges into a collection of equal- sized segments. Only valid with one of the tessellation Execution Models. | | Tessellation |
| 2 | SpacingFractionalEven Requests the tessellation primitive generator to divide edges into an even number of equal-length segments plus two additional shorter fractional segments. Only valid with one of the tessellation Execution Models. | | Tessellation |
| 3 | SpacingFractionalOdd Requests the tessellation primitive generator to divide edges into an odd number of equal-length segments plus two additional shorter fractional segments. Only valid with one of the tessellation Execution Models. | | Tessellation |
| 4 | VertexOrderCw Requests the tessellation primitive generator to generate triangles in clockwise order. Only valid with one of the tessellation Execution Models. | | Tessellation |
| 5 | VertexOrderCcw Requests the tessellation primitive generator to generate triangles in counter-clockwise order. Only valid with one of the tessellation Execution Models. | | Tessellation |

| | Execution Mode | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|--|----------------|-----------------------|
| 6 | PixelCenterInteger Pixels appear centered on whole- number pixel offsets. E.g., the coordinate (0.5, 0.5) appears to move to (0.0, 0.0). Only valid with the Fragment Execution Model . If a Fragment entry point does not have this set, pixels appear centered at offsets of (0.5, 0.5) from whole numbers | | Shader |
| 7 | OriginUpperLeft The coordinates decorated by FragCoord appear to originate in the upper left, and increase toward the right and downward. Only valid with the Fragment Execution Model. | | Shader |
| 8 | OriginLowerLeft The coordinates decorated by FragCoord appear to originate in the lower left, and increase toward the right and upward. Only valid with the Fragment Execution Model. | | Shader |
| 9 | EarlyFragmentTests Fragment tests are to be performed before fragment shader execution. Only valid with the Fragment Execution Model. | | Shader |
| 10 | PointMode Requests the tessellation primitive generator to generate a point for each distinct vertex in the subdivided primitive, rather than to generate lines or triangles. Only valid with one of the tessellation Execution Models. | | Tessellation |
| 11 | Xfb This stage runs in transform feedback-capturing mode and this module is responsible for describing the transform-feedback setup. See the XfbBuffer, Offset, and XfbStride Decorations. | | TransformFeedback |

| | Execution Mode | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|--|----------------|-----------------------|
| 12 | DepthReplacing This mode declares that this entry point dynamically writes the FragDepth-decorated variable. Behavior is undefined if this mode is declared and an invocation does not write to FragDepth, or vice versa. Only valid with the Fragment Execution Model. | | Shader |
| 14 | DepthGreater Indicates that per-fragment tests may assume that any FragDepth built in-decorated value written by the shader is greater-than-or- equal to the fragment's interpolated depth value (given by the <i>z</i> component of the FragCoord built in-decorated variable). Other stages of the pipeline use the written value as normal. Only valid with the Fragment execution model. | | Shader |
| 15 | DepthLess Indicates that per-fragment tests may assume that any FragDepth built in-decorated value written by the shader is less-than-or-equal to the fragment's interpolated depth value (given by the <i>z</i> component of the FragCoord built in-decorated variable). Other stages of the pipeline use the written value as normal. Only valid with the Fragment execution model. | | Shader |
| 16 | DepthUnchanged Indicates that per-fragment tests may assume that any FragDepth built in-decorated value written by the shader is the same as the fragment's interpolated depth value (given by the <i>z</i> component of the FragCoord built in -decorated variable). Other stages of the pipeline use the written value as normal. Only valid with the Fragment execution model. | | Shader |

| | Execution Mode | Extra O | perands | ; | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| 17 | LocalSize Indicates the workgroup size in the <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> , and <i>z</i> dimensions. <i>x size</i> , <i>y size</i> , and <i>z size</i> are unsigned 32-bit integers. Only valid with the GLCompute or Kernel Execution Models. | Literal x size | Literal y size | Literal z size | |
| 18 | LocalSizeHint A hint to the compiler, which indicates the most likely to be used workgroup size in the <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> , and <i>z</i> dimensions. <i>x size</i> , <i>y size</i> , and <i>z size</i> are unsigned 32-bit integers. Only valid with the Kernel Execution Model. | Literal x size | Literal y size | Literal z size | Kernel |
| 19 | InputPoints Stage input primitive is <i>points</i> . Only valid with the Geometry Execution Model. | | | | Geometry |
| 20 | InputLines Stage input primitive is <i>lines</i> . Only valid with the Geometry Execution Model. | | | | Geometry |
| 21 | InputLinesAdjacency Stage input primitive is <i>lines</i> <i>adjacency</i> . Only valid with the Geometry Execution Model. | | | | Geometry |
| 22 | Triangles For a geometry stage, input primitive is <i>triangles</i> . For a tessellation stage, requests the tessellation primitive generator to generate triangles. Only valid with the Geometry or one of the tessellation Execution Models. | | | | Geometry, Tessellation |
| 23 | InputTrianglesAdjacency Geometry stage input primitive is <i>triangles adjacency</i> . Only valid with the Geometry Execution Model. | | | | Geometry |
| 24 | Quads Requests the tessellation primitive generator to generate <i>quads</i> . Only valid with one of the tessellation Execution Models. | | | | Tessellation |

| | Execution Mode | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|--|-------------------------|---|
| 25 | Isolines Requests the tessellation primitive generator to generate <i>isolines</i> . Only valid with one of the tessellation Execution Models. | | Tessellation |
| 26 | OutputVertices Vertex Count is an unsigned 32- bit integer. For a geometry stage, it is the maximum number of vertices the shader will ever emit in a single invocation. For a tessellation-control stage, it is the number of vertices in the output patch produced by the tessellation control shader, which also specifies the number of times the tessellation control shader is invoked. Only valid with the Geometry or one of the tessellation Execution Models. | Literal Vertex count | Geometry, Tessellation, MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT |
| 27 | OutputPoints Stage output primitive is <i>points</i> . Only valid with the Geometry Execution Model. | | Geometry, MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT |
| 28 | OutputLineStrip Stage output primitive is <i>line strip</i> . Only valid with the Geometry Execution Model. | | Geometry |
| 29 | OutputTriangleStrip Stage output primitive is <i>triangle</i> <i>strip</i> . Only valid with the Geometry Execution Model. | | Geometry |

| | Execution Mode | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|--|--------------------------|---|
| 30 | VecTypeHint A hint to the compiler, which indicates that most operations used in the entry point are explicitly vectorized using a particular vector type. The 16 high-order bits of the Vector Type operand specify the number of components of the vector. The 16 low-order bits of the Vector Type operand specify the data type of the vector. These are the legal data type values: 0 represents an 8-bit integer value. 2 represents a 16-bit integer value. 3 represents a 64-bit integer value. 5 represents a 32-bit IEEE 754 float value. 6 represents a 64-bit IEEE 754 float value. Only valid with the Kernel Execution Model. | Literal Vector type | Kernel |
| 31 | ContractionOff Indicates that floating-point- expressions contraction is disallowed. Only valid with the Kernel Execution Model . | | Kernel |
| 33 | Initializer Indicates that this entry point is a module initializer. | | Kernel Missing before version 1.1. |
| 34 | Finalizer Indicates that this entry point is a module finalizer. | | Kernel Missing before version 1.1. |
| 35 | SubgroupSize Indicates that this entry point requires the specified Subgroup Size. Subgroup Size is an unsigned 32-bit integer. | Literal Subgroup Size | SubgroupDispatch Missing before version 1.1. |

| | Execution Mode | Extra O | perands | 5 | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|--|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 36 | SubgroupsPerWorkgroup Indicates that this entry point requires the specified number of Subgroups Per Workgroup. Subgroups Per Workgroup is an unsigned 32-bit integer. | Literal Subgrou Workgro | - | | SubgroupDispatch Missing before version 1.1. |
| 37 | SubgroupsPerWorkgroupId Same as the SubgroupsPerWorkgroup mode, but using an <i><id></id></i> operand instead of a literal. The operand is consumed as unsigned and must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. | <id> Subgroups Per Workgroup</id> | | | SubgroupDispatch Missing before version 1.2. |
| 38 | LocalSizeId Same as the LocalSize Mode, but using <i><id></id></i> operands instead of literals. The operands are consumed as unsigned and each must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. | <id> x size</id> | <id> y size</id> | <id> z size</id> | Missing before version 1.2. |
| 39 | LocalSizeHintId Same as the LocalSizeHint Mode, but using <i><id></id></i> operands instead of literals. The operands are consumed as unsigned and each must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. | <id> x size hint</id> | <id> y size hint</id> | <id> z size hint</id> | Kernel Missing before version 1.2. |
| 4169 | NonCoherentColorAttachment ReadEXT | | | | TileImageColorReadAccessEXT Reserved. |
| 4170 | NonCoherentDepthAttachment ReadEXT | | | | TileImageDepthReadAccessEXT Reserved. |
| 4171 | NonCoherentStencilAttachmen tReadEXT | | | | TileImageStencilReadAccessEXT Reserved. |
| 4421 | SubgroupUniformControlFlow KHR | | | | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_subgroup_uniform_con trol_flow |
| 4446 | PostDepthCoverage | | | | SampleMaskPostDepthCoverage Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_post_depth_coverage |

| | Execution Mode | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|--|-------------------------|---|
| 4459 | DenormPreserve Any denormalized value input into a shader or potentially generated by any instruction in a shader is preserved. Denormalized values obtained via unpacking an integer into a vector of values with smaller bit width and interpreting those values as floating-point numbers is preserved. Only affects instructions operating on a floating-point type using the IEEE 754 encoding whose component width is <i>Target Width</i> . <i>Target Width</i> is an unsigned 32- bit integer. May be applied at most once per <i>Target Width</i> to any entry point. | Literal Target Width | DenormPreserve Missing before version 1.4. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_float_controls |
| 4460 | DenormFlushToZero Any denormalized value input into a shader or potentially generated by any instruction in a shader is flushed to zero. Denormalized values obtained via unpacking an integer into a vector of values with smaller bit width and interpreting those values as floating-point numbers is flushed to zero. Only affects instructions operating on a floating-point type using the IEEE 754 encoding whose component width is <i>Target Width</i> . <i>Target Width</i> is an unsigned 32- bit integer. May be applied at most once per <i>Target Width</i> to any entry point. | Literal Target Width | DenormFlushToZero Missing before version 1.4. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_float_controls |

| | Execution Mode | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---|-------------------------|--|
| 4461 | SignedZeroInfNanPreserve The implementation does not perform optimizations on floating- point instructions that do not preserve sign of a zero, or assume that operands and results are not NaNs or infinities. Bit patterns for NaNs might not be preserved. Only affects instructions operating on a floating-point type using the IEEE 754 encoding whose component width is <i>Target Width</i> . <i>Target Width</i> is an unsigned 32- bit integer. May be applied at most once per <i>Target Width</i> to any entry point. | Literal Target Width | SignedZeroInfNanPreserve Missing before version 1.4. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_float_controls |
| 4462 | RoundingModeRTE The default rounding mode for floating-point arithmetic and conversions instructions is round to nearest even. If an instruction is decorated with FPRoundingMode or defines a rounding mode in its description, that rounding mode is applied and RoundingModeRTE is ignored. Only affects instructions operating on a floating-point type using the IEEE 754 encoding whose component width is <i>Target Width</i> . <i>Target Width</i> is an unsigned 32- bit integer. May be applied at most once per <i>Target Width</i> to any entry point. | Literal Target Width | RoundingModeRTE Missing before version 1.4. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_float_controls |

| | Execution Mode | Extra O | perands | i | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| 4463 | RoundingModeRTZ The default rounding mode for floating-point arithmetic and conversions instructions is round toward zero. If an instruction is decorated with FPRoundingMode or defines a rounding mode in its description, that rounding mode is applied and RoundingModeRTZ is ignored. Only affects instructions operating on a floating-point type using the IEEE 754 encoding whose component width is <i>Target Width</i> . <i>Target Width</i> is an unsigned 32- bit integer. May be applied at most once per <i>Target Width</i> to any entry point. | Literal Target Width | | | RoundingModeRTZ Missing before version 1.4. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_float_controls |
| 5017 | EarlyAndLateFragmentTestsA MD | | | | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_AMD_shader_early_and_late _fragment_tests |
| 5027 | StencilRefReplacingEXT | | | | StencilExportEXT Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_stencil_export |
| 5069 | CoalescingAMDX | | | | ShaderEnqueueAMDX Reserved. |
| 5071 | MaxNodeRecursionAMDX | <id> Number of recursions</id> | | sions | ShaderEnqueueAMDX Reserved. |
| 5072 | StaticNumWorkgroupsAMDX | <id> x size</id> | <id> y size</id> | <id> z size</id> | ShaderEnqueueAMDX Reserved. |
| 5073 | ShaderIndexAMDX | <id> Shader Index</id> | | | ShaderEnqueueAMDX Reserved. |
| 5077 | MaxNumWorkgroupsAMDX | <id> x size</id> | <id> y size</id> | <id> z size</id> | ShaderEnqueueAMDX Reserved. |

| | Execution Mode | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---------------------------------|----------------|---|
| 5079 | StencilRefUnchangedFrontAM D | | StencilExportEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_AMD_shader_early_and_late _fragment_tests, SPV_EXT_shader_stencil_export |
| 5080 | StencilRefGreaterFrontAMD | | StencilExportEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_AMD_shader_early_and_late _fragment_tests, SPV_EXT_shader_stencil_export |
| 5081 | StencilRefLessFrontAMD | | StencilExportEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_AMD_shader_early_and_late _fragment_tests, SPV_EXT_shader_stencil_export |
| 5082 | StencilRefUnchangedBackAMD | | StencilExportEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_AMD_shader_early_and_late _fragment_tests, SPV_EXT_shader_stencil_export |
| 5083 | StencilRefGreaterBackAMD | | StencilExportEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_AMD_shader_early_and_late _fragment_tests, SPV_EXT_shader_stencil_export |
| 5084 | StencilRefLessBackAMD | | StencilExportEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_AMD_shader_early_and_late _fragment_tests, SPV_EXT_shader_stencil_export |

| | Execution Mode | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 5088 | QuadDerivativesKHR | | QuadControlKHR Reserved. |
| 5089 | RequireFullQuadsKHR | | QuadControlKHR Reserved. |
| 5269 | OutputLinesEXT | | MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_mesh_shader, SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5269 | OutputLinesNV | | MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_mesh_shader, SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5270 | OutputPrimitivesEXT | Literal Primitive count | MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_mesh_shader, SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5270 | OutputPrimitivesNV | Literal Primitive count | MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_mesh_shader, SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5289 | DerivativeGroupQuadsNV | | ComputeDerivativeGroupQuadsNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_compute_shader_derivatives |

| | Execution Mode | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|----------------------------|----------------|---|
| 5290 | DerivativeGroupLinearNV | | ComputeDerivativeGroupLinearNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_compute_shader_derivatives |
| 5298 | OutputTrianglesEXT | | MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_mesh_shader, SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5298 | OutputTrianglesNV | | MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_mesh_shader, SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5366 | PixelInterlockOrderedEXT | | FragmentShaderPixelInterlockEXT Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_fragment_shader_interlock |
| 5367 | PixelInterlockUnorderedEXT | | FragmentShaderPixelInterlockEXT Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_fragment_shader_interl ock |
| 5368 | SampleInterlockOrderedEXT | | FragmentShaderSampleInterlockE XT Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_fragment_shader_interl ock |

| | Execution Mode | Extra O | perands | 5 | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 5369 | SampleInterlockUnorderedEXT | | | | FragmentShaderSampleInterlockE XT Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_fragment_shader_interl ock |
| 5370 | ShadingRateInterlockOrderedE XT | | | | FragmentShaderShadingRateInterl ockEXT Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_fragment_shader_interl ock |
| 5371 | ShadingRateInterlockUnordere dEXT | | | | FragmentShaderShadingRateInterl ockEXT Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_fragment_shader_interl ock |
| 5618 | SharedLocalMemorySizeINTEL | Literal Size | | | VectorComputeINTEL Reserved. |
| 5620 | RoundingModeRTPINTEL | Literal Target V | Nidth | | RoundToInfinityINTEL Reserved. |
| 5621 | RoundingModeRTNINTEL | Literal Target V | Nidth | | RoundToInfinityINTEL Reserved. |
| 5622 | FloatingPointModeALTINTEL | Literal Target Width | | | RoundToInfinityINTEL Reserved. |
| 5623 | FloatingPointModelEEEINTEL | Literal Target Width | | | RoundToInfinityINTEL Reserved. |
| 5893 | MaxWorkgroupSizeINTEL | Literal max_x _size | Literal max_y _size | Literal max_z _size | KernelAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_kernel_attributes |

| | Execution Mode | Extra O | perands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| 5894 | MaxWorkDimINTEL | <i>Literal</i> <i>max_dimensions</i> | | KernelAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_kernel_attributes |
| 5895 | NoGlobalOffsetINTEL | | | KernelAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_kernel_attributes |
| 5896 | NumSIMDWorkitemsINTEL | Literal vector_width | | FPGAKernelAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_kernel_attributes |
| 5903 | SchedulerTargetFmaxMhzINTE L | Literal target_fmax | | FPGAKernelAttributesINTEL Reserved. |
| 6023 | MaximallyReconvergesKHR | | | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_maximal_reconvergenc e |
| 6028 | FPFastMathDefault | <id> Target Type</id> | <id> Fast-Math Mode</id> | FloatControls2 Reserved. |
| 6154 | StreamingInterfaceINTEL | Literal StallFre | eReturn | FPGAKernelAttributesINTEL Reserved. |
| 6160 | RegisterMapInterfaceINTEL | Literal WaitForDoneWrite | | FPGAKernelAttributesv2INTEL Reserved. |
| 6417 | NamedBarrierCountINTEL | Literal Barrier Count | | VectorComputeINTEL Reserved. |
| 6461 | MaximumRegistersINTEL | Literal Number of Registers | | RegisterLimitsINTEL Reserved. |
| 6462 | MaximumRegistersIdINTEL | <id> Number</id> | r of Registers | RegisterLimitsINTEL Reserved. |

| Execution Mode | | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| 6463 | NamedMaximumRegistersINTE L | Named Maximum Number of Registers Named Maximum Number of Registers | RegisterLimitsINTEL Reserved. |

3.7. Storage Class

Class of storage for declared variables. Intermediate values do not form a storage class, and unless stated otherwise, storage class-based restrictions are not restrictions on intermediate objects and their types.

Used by:

- **OpTypePointer**
- OpTypeForwardPointer
- OpVariable
- OpGenericCastToPtrExplicit

| Storage Class | | Enabling Capabilities |
|---------------|--|----------------------------|
| 0 | UniformConstant Shared externally, visible across all invocations. Graphics uniform memory. OpenCL constant memory. Variables declared with this storage class are read-only. They may have initializers, as allowed by the client API. | |
| 1 | Input Input from pipeline. Visible only by the current invocation. Variables declared with this storage class are read-only, and must not have initializers. | |
| 2 | Uniform Shared externally, visible across all invocations. | Shader |
| 3 | Output Output to pipeline. Visible only by the current invocation. | Shader |
| 4 | Workgroup Visible across all invocations within a workgroup. | |
| 5 | CrossWorkgroup Visible across all invocations. | |
| 6 | Private Visible only by the current invocation. | Shader, VectorComputeINTEL |
| 7 | Function Visible only by the current invocation. For memory allocation within a function with specific lifetime. See OpVariable for more information. | |

| Storage Class | | Enabling Capabilities |
|---------------|---|---|
| 8 | Generic For generic pointers, which overload the Function, Workgroup, and CrossWorkgroup Storage Classes. | GenericPointer |
| 9 | PushConstant For holding push-constant memory, visible across all invocations. Intended to contain a small bank of values pushed from the client API. Variables declared with this storage class are read-only, and must not have initializers. | Shader |
| 10 | AtomicCounter For holding atomic counters. Visible only by the current invocation. | AtomicStorage |
| 11 | Image For holding image memory. | |
| 12 | StorageBuffer Shared externally, readable and writable, visible across all invocations. | Shader Missing before version 1.3. Also see extensions: SPV_KHR_storage_buffer_storage_class, SPV_KHR_variable_pointers |
| 4172 | TileImageEXT | TileImageColorReadAccessEXT Reserved. |
| 5068 | NodePayloadAMDX | ShaderEnqueueAMDX Reserved. |
| 5076 | NodeOutputPayloadAMDX | ShaderEnqueueAMDX Reserved. |
| 5328 | CallableDataKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5328 | CallableDataNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |

| Storage Class | | Enabling Capabilities |
|---------------|-------------------------|---|
| 5329 | IncomingCallableDataKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5329 | IncomingCallableDataNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5338 | RayPayloadKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5338 | RayPayloadNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5339 | HitAttributeKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5339 | HitAttributeNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5342 | IncomingRayPayloadKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5342 | IncomingRayPayloadNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |

| | Storage Class | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|--|--|
| 5343 | ShaderRecordBufferKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5343 | ShaderRecordBufferNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5349 | PhysicalStorageBuffer Shared externally, readable and writable, visible across all invocations. Uses physical addressing. | PhysicalStorageBufferAddresses Missing before version 1.5. Also see extensions: SPV_EXT_physical_storage_buffer, SPV_KHR_physical_storage_buffer |
| 5349 | PhysicalStorageBufferEXT | PhysicalStorageBufferAddresses Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_physical_storage_buffer |
| 5385 | HitObjectAttributeNV | ShaderInvocationReorderNV Reserved. |
| 5402 | TaskPayloadWorkgroupEXT | MeshShadingEXT Missing before version 1.4. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5605 | CodeSectionINTEL | FunctionPointersINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_function_pointers |
| 5936 | DeviceOnlyINTEL | USMStorageClassesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_usm_storage_classes |

| | Storage Class | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---------------|--|
| | HostOnlyINTEL | USMStorageClassesINTEL |
| 5937 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_usm_storage_classes |

3.8. Dim

Dimensionality of an image. Some uses require capabilities beyond the enabling capabilities, for example where the type's *Sampled* operand is 2, or *Arrayed* operand is 1. See the capabilities section for more detail.

Used by **OpTypeImage**.

| | Dim | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|------------------|--|
| 0 | 1D | Sampled1D |
| 1 | 2D | |
| 2 | 3D | |
| 3 | Cube | Shader |
| 4 | Rect | SampledRect |
| 5 | Buffer | SampledBuffer |
| 6 | SubpassData | InputAttachment |
| 4173 | TileImageDataEXT | TileImageColorReadAccessEXT Reserved. |

3.9. Sampler Addressing Mode

Addressing mode for creating constant samplers.

Used by OpConstantSampler.

| | Sampler Addressing Mode | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| 0 | None The image coordinates used to sample elements of the image refer to a location inside the image, otherwise the results are undefined. | |
| 1 | ClampToEdge Out-of-range image coordinates are clamped to the extent. | |
| 2 | Clamp Out-of-range image coordinates result in a border color. | |

| | Sampler Addressing Mode | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| 3 | Repeat Out-of-range image coordinates are wrapped to the valid range. Must only be used with normalized coordinates. | |
| 4 | RepeatMirrored Flip the image coordinate at every integer junction. Must only be used with normalized coordinates. | |

3.10. Sampler Filter Mode

Filter mode for creating constant samplers.

Used by **OpConstantSampler**.

| | Sampler Filter Mode | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| 0 | Nearest Use filter nearest mode when performing a read image operation. | |
| 1 | Linear Use filter linear mode when performing a read image operation. | |

3.11. Image Format

Declarative image format.

Used by **OpTypeImage**.

| | Image Format | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|--------------|-----------------------------|
| 0 | Unknown | |
| 1 | Rgba32f | Shader |
| 2 | Rgba16f | Shader |
| 3 | R32f | Shader |
| 4 | Rgba8 | Shader |
| 5 | Rgba8Snorm | Shader |
| 6 | Rg32f | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 7 | Rg16f | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 8 | R11fG11fB10f | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 9 | R16f | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 10 | Rgba16 | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 11 | Rgb10A2 | StorageImageExtendedFormats |

| | Image Format | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|--------------|-----------------------------|
| 12 | Rg16 | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 13 | Rg8 | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 14 | R16 | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 15 | R8 | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 16 | Rgba16Snorm | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 17 | Rg16Snorm | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 18 | Rg8Snorm | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 19 | R16Snorm | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 20 | R8Snorm | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 21 | Rgba32i | Shader |
| 22 | Rgba16i | Shader |
| 23 | Rgba8i | Shader |
| 24 | R32i | Shader |
| 25 | Rg32i | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 26 | Rg16i | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 27 | Rg8i | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 28 | R16i | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 29 | R8i | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 30 | Rgba32ui | Shader |
| 31 | Rgba16ui | Shader |
| 32 | Rgba8ui | Shader |
| 33 | R32ui | Shader |
| 34 | Rgb10a2ui | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 35 | Rg32ui | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 36 | Rg16ui | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 37 | Rg8ui | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 38 | R16ui | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 39 | R8ui | StorageImageExtendedFormats |
| 40 | R64ui | Int64ImageEXT |
| 41 | R64i | Int64ImageEXT |

3.12. Image Channel Order

The image channel orders that result from **OpImageQueryOrder**.

| | Image Channel Order | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 0 | R | |
| 1 | Α | |
| 2 | RG | |
| 3 | RA | |
| 4 | RGB | |
| 5 | RGBA | |
| 6 | BGRA | |
| 7 | ARGB | |
| 8 | Intensity | |
| 9 | Luminance | |
| 10 | Rx | |
| 11 | RGx | |
| 12 | RGBx | |
| 13 | Depth | |
| 14 | DepthStencil | |
| 15 | sRGB | |
| 16 | sRGBx | |
| 17 | sRGBA | |
| 18 | sBGRA | |
| 19 | ABGR | |

3.13. Image Channel Data Type

Image channel data types that result from OpImageQueryFormat.

| | Image Channel Data Type | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0 | SnormInt8 | |
| 1 | SnormInt16 | |
| 2 | UnormInt8 | |
| 3 | UnormInt16 | |
| 4 | UnormShort565 | |

| | Image Channel Data Type | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 5 | UnormShort555 | |
| 6 | UnormInt101010 | |
| 7 | SignedInt8 | |
| 8 | SignedInt16 | |
| 9 | SignedInt32 | |
| 10 | UnsignedInt8 | |
| 11 | UnsignedInt16 | |
| 12 | UnsignedInt32 | |
| 13 | HalfFloat | |
| 14 | Float | |
| 15 | UnormInt24 | |
| 16 | UnormInt101010_2 | |
| 19 | UnsignedIntRaw10EXT | |
| 20 | UnsignedIntRaw12EXT | |

3.14. Image Operands

This is a literal mask; it can be formed by combining the bits from multiple rows in the table below.

Provides additional operands to sampling, or getting texels from, an image. Bits that are set indicate whether an additional operand follows, as described by the table. If there are multiple following operands indicated, they are ordered: Those indicated by smaller-numbered bits appear first. At least one bit must be set (**None** is invalid).

Used by:

- OpImageSampleImplicitLod
- OpImageSampleExplicitLod
- OpImageSampleDrefImplicitLod
- OpImageSampleDrefExplicitLod
- OpImageSampleProjImplicitLod
- OpImageSampleProjExplicitLod
- OpImageSampleProjDrefImplicitLod
- OpImageSampleProjDrefExplicitLod
- OpImageFetch
- OpImageGather
- OpImageDrefGather
- OpImageRead
- OpImageWrite

- OpImageSparseSampleImplicitLod
- OpImageSparseSampleExplicitLod
- OpImageSparseSampleDrefImplicitLod
- OpImageSparseSampleDrefExplicitLod
- OpImageSparseSampleProjImplicitLod
- OpImageSparseSampleProjExplicitLod
- OpImageSparseSampleProjDrefImplicitLod
- OpImageSparseSampleProjDrefExplicitLod
- OpImageSparseFetch
- OpImageSparseGather
- OpImageSparseDrefGather
- OpImageSparseRead
- OpImageSampleFootprintNV

| | Image Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|-----|---|-----------------------|
| 0x0 | None | |
| 0x1 | Bias A following operand is the bias added to the implicit level of detail. Only valid with implicit-lod instructions. It must be a <i>floating-point type</i> scalar using the IEEE 754 encoding. This must only be used with an OpTypeImage that has a <i>Dim</i> operand of 1D , 2D , 3D , or Cube , and the <i>MS</i> operand must be 0. | Shader |
| 0x2 | Lod A following operand is the explicit level-of-detail to use. Only valid with explicit-lod instructions. For sampling operations, it must be a <i>floating-point type</i> scalar using the IEEE 754 encoding. For fetch operations, it must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. This must only be used with an OpTypeImage that has a <i>Dim</i> operand of 1D, 2D, 3D, or Cube, and the <i>MS</i> operand must be 0. | |

| | Image Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---|-----------------------|
| 0x4 | Grad Two following operands are <i>dx</i> followed by <i>dy</i> . These are explicit derivatives in the <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> direction to use in computing level of detail. Each is a scalar or vector containing (<i>du/dx</i> [, <i>dv/dx</i>] [, <i>dw/dx</i>]) and (<i>du/dy</i> [, <i>dv/dy</i>] [, <i>dw/dy</i>]). The number of components of each must equal the number of components in <i>Coordinate</i> , minus the <i>array layer</i> component, if present. Only valid with explicit-lod instructions. They must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> using the IEEE 754 encoding. This must only be used with an OpTypeImage that has an <i>MS</i> operand of 0. It is invalid to set both the Lod and Grad bits. | |
| 0x8 | ConstOffset A following operand is added to (<i>u</i> , <i>v</i> , <i>w</i>) before texel lookup. It must be an <i><id></id></i> of an integer- based <i>constant instruction</i> of scalar or vector type. It is invalid for these to be outside a target- dependent allowed range. The number of components must equal the number of components in <i>Coordinate</i> , minus the <i>array</i> <i>layer</i> component, if present. Not valid with the Cube dimension. An instruction must specify at most one of the ConstOffset , Offset , and ConstOffsets image operands. | |
| 0x10 | Offset A following operand is added to (<i>u</i> , <i>v</i> , <i>w</i>) before texel lookup. It must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . It is invalid for these to be outside a target-dependent allowed range. The number of components must equal the number of components in <i>Coordinate</i> , minus the <i>array</i> <i>layer</i> component, if present. Not valid with the Cube dimension. An instruction must specify at most one of the ConstOffset , Offset , and ConstOffsets image operands. | ImageGatherExtended |

| | Image Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|--|--|--|
| ConstOffsetsA following operand is Offsets. Offsets must be an <id> of a constant instruction making an array of size four of vectors of two integer components. Each gathered texel is identified by adding one of these array elements to the (u, v) sampled location. It is invalid for these to be outside a target-dependent allowed range. Only valid with OpImageGather or OpImageDrefGather. Not valid with the Cube dimension. An instruction must specify at most one of the ConstOffset, Offset, and ConstOffsets image operands.</id> | | ImageGatherExtended |
| 0x40 | Sample A following operand is the sample number of the sample to use. Only valid with OpImageFetch, OpImageRead, OpImageWrite, OpImageSparseFetch, and OpImageSparseRead. The Sample operand must be used if and only if the underlying OpTypeImage has <i>MS</i> of 1. It must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. | |
| 0x80 | MinLod A following operand is the minimum level-of- detail to use when accessing the image. Only valid with Implicit instructions and Grad instructions. It must be a <i>floating-point type</i> scalar using the IEEE 754 encoding. This must only be used with an OpTypeImage that has a <i>Dim</i> operand of 1D , 2D , 3D , or Cube , and the <i>MS</i> operand must be 0. | MinLod |
| 0x100 | MakeTexelAvailable Perform an availability operation on the texel locations after the store. A following operand is the memory scope that controls the availability operation. Requires NonPrivateTexel to also be set. Only valid with OpImageWrite. | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. |
| 0x100 | MakeTexelAvailableKHR | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |

| | Image Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|--------|--|--|
| 0x200 | MakeTexelVisible Perform a visibility operation on the texel locations before the load. A following operand is the memory scope that controls the visibility operation. Requires NonPrivateTexel to also be set. Only valid with OpImageRead and OpImageSparseRead. | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. |
| 0x200 | MakeTexelVisibleKHR | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |
| 0x400 | NonPrivateTexel The image access obeys inter-thread ordering, as specified by the client API. | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. |
| 0x400 | NonPrivateTexelKHR | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |
| 0x800 | VolatileTexel This access cannot be eliminated, duplicated, or combined with other accesses. | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. |
| 0x800 | VolatileTexelKHR | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |
| 0x1000 | SignExtend The texel value is converted to the target value via sign extension. Only valid if the texel value type is a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> : - for sparse images, the texel value type is the second member of the result type. - for OpImageWrite the texel value type is type of the <i>Texel</i> operand. - otherwise, the texel value type is the result type. It is invalid to set both the ZeroExtend and SignExtend bits. | Missing before version 1.4. |

| Image Operands | | Enabling Capabilities |
|----------------|--|-----------------------------|
| 0x2000 | ZeroExtend The texel value is converted to the target value via zero extension. Only valid if the texel value type is a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> with signedness of 0: - for sparse images, the texel value type is the second member of the result type. - for OpImageWrite the texel value type is type of the <i>Texel</i> operand. - otherwise, the texel value type is the result type. It is invalid to set both the ZeroExtend and SignExtend bits. | Missing before version 1.4. |
| 0x4000 | Nontemporal Hints that the accessed texels are not likely to be accessed again in the near future. | Missing before version 1.6. |
| 0x10000 | Offsets | |

3.15. FP Fast Math Mode

This is a literal mask; it can be formed by combining the bits from multiple rows in the table below.

Enables fast math operations which are otherwise unsafe.

Only valid on

- OpFAdd, OpFSub, OpFMul, OpFDiv, OpFRem, and OpFMod instructions
- Missing before version 1.6:
 - the **OpFNegate** instruction
 - the OpOrdered, OpUnordered, OpFOrdEqual, OpFUnordEqual, OpFOrdNotEqual, OpFUnordNotEqual, OpFOrdLessThan, OpFUnordLessThan, OpFOrdGreaterThan, OpFUnordGreaterThan, OpFOrdLessThanEqual, OpFUnordLessThanEqual, OpFOrdGreaterThanEqual, and OpFUnordGreaterThanEqual instructions
 - OpExtInst extended instructions, where expressly permitted by the extended instruction set in use.

| FP Fast Math Mode | | Enabling Capabilities |
|-------------------|--|-----------------------|
| 0x0 None | | |
| 0x1 | NotNaN Assume parameters and result are not NaN. If this assumption does not hold then the operation returns an undefined value. | |
| 0x2 | NotInf Assume parameters and result are not +/- Inf. If this assumption does not hold then the operation returns an undefined value. | |

| FP Fast Math Mode | | Enabling Capabilities |
|-------------------|---|--|
| 0x4 | NSZ Treat the sign of a zero parameter or result as insignificant. | |
| 0x8 | AllowRecip Allow the usage of reciprocal rather than perform a division. | |
| 0x10 | Fast Allow algebraic transformations according to real-number associative and distributive algebra. This flag implies all the others. | |
| 0x10000 | AllowContract | FloatControls2, FPFastMathModeINTEL Reserved. |
| 0x10000 | AllowContractFastINTEL | FloatControls2, FPFastMathModeINTEL Reserved. |
| 0x20000 | AllowReassoc | FloatControls2, FPFastMathModeINTEL Reserved. |
| 0x20000 | AllowReassocINTEL | FloatControls2, FPFastMathModeINTEL Reserved. |
| 0x40000 | AllowTransform | FloatControls2 Reserved. |

3.16. FP Rounding Mode

Associate a rounding mode to a floating-point conversion instruction.

| | FP Rounding Mode | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| 0 | RTE Round to nearest even. | |
| 1 | RTZ Round towards zero. | |
| 2 | RTP Round towards positive infinity. | |
| 3 | RTN Round towards negative infinity. | |

3.17. Linkage Type

Associate a linkage type to functions or global variables. See linkage.

| | Linkage Type | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|---|--|
| 0 | Export Accessible by other modules as well. | Linkage |
| 1 | Import A declaration of a global variable or a function that exists in another module. | Linkage |
| 2 | LinkOnceODR | Linkage Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_linkonce_odr |

3.18. Access Qualifier

Defines the access permissions.

Used by OpTypeImage, OpTypePipe, and OpTypeBufferSurfaceINTEL.

| | Access Qualifier | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| 0 | ReadOnly A read-only object. | Kernel |
| 1 | WriteOnly A write-only object. | Kernel |
| 2 | ReadWrite A readable and writable object. | Kernel |

3.19. Function Parameter Attribute

Adds additional information to the return type and to each parameter of a function.

Only one of **Zext** and **Sext** can be used to decorate the same *<id>*, and no attribute may be used multiple times on the same *<id>*. Otherwise, multiple function parameter attributes can be applied to the same *<id>*.

| | Function Parameter Attribute | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| 0 | Zext Zero extend the value, if needed. | Kernel |
| 1 | Sext Sign extend the value, if needed. | Kernel |
| 2 | ByVal Pass the parameter by value to the function. Only valid for pointer parameters (not for ret value). | Kernel |
| 3 | Sret The parameter is the address of a structure that is the return value of the function in the source program. Only applicable to the first parameter, which must be a pointer parameter. | Kernel |

| | Function Parameter Attribute | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---|------------------------------|
| 4 | NoAlias The memory pointed to by a pointer parameter is not accessed via pointer values that are not derived from this pointer parameter. Only valid for pointer parameters. Not valid on return values. | Kernel |
| 5 | NoCapture The parameter is not copied into a location that is accessible after returning from the callee. Only valid for pointer parameters. Not valid on return values. | Kernel |
| 6 | NoWrite The parameter is not used to write to the memory pointed to. Only valid for pointer parameters. Not valid on return values. | Kernel |
| 7 | NoReadWrite The parameter is not dereferenced, either to read or write the memory pointed to. Only valid for pointer parameters. Not valid on return values. | Kernel |
| 5940 | RuntimeAlignedINTEL | RuntimeAlignedAttributeINTEL |

3.20. Decoration

Decorations add additional information to an *<id>* or member of a structure.

It is invalid to decorate any given *<id>* or structure member more than one time with the same decoration, unless explicitly allowed below for a specific decoration.

Used by:

- OpDecorate
- OpMemberDecorate
- OpDecorateId
- OpDecorateString
- OpDecorateStringGOOGLE
- OpMemberDecorateString
- OpMemberDecorateStringGOOGLE

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|---|----------------|-----------------------|
| 0 | RelaxedPrecision Allow reduced precision operations. To be used as described in Relaxed Precision. | | Shader |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | Specid Apply only to a scalar specialization constant. <i>Specialization Constant ID</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer forming the external linkage for setting a specialized value. See specialization. | Literal Specialization Constant ID | Shader, Kernel |
| 2 | Block Apply only to a structure type to establish it is a memory interface block. | | Shader |
| 3 | BufferBlock Deprecated (use Block -decorated StorageBuffer Storage Class objects). Apply only to a structure type to establish it is a memory interface block. When the type is used for a variable in the Uniform Storage Class the memory interface is a StorageBuffer-like interface, distinct from those variables decorated with Block. In all other Storage Classes the decoration is meaningless. | | Shader Missing after version 1.3. |
| 4 | RowMajor Applies only to a member of a structure type. Only valid on a matrix or array whose most basic element is a matrix. Indicates that components within a row are contiguous in memory. Must not be used with ColMajor on the same matrix or matrix aggregate. | | Matrix |
| 5 | ColMajor Applies only to a member of a structure type. Only valid on a matrix or array whose most basic element is a matrix. Indicates that components within a column are contiguous in memory. Must not be used with RowMajor on the same matrix or matrix aggregate. | | Matrix |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 6 | ArrayStride Apply to an array type to specify the stride, in bytes, of the array's elements. Can also apply to a pointer type to an array element. <i>Array Stride</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer specifying the stride of the array that the element resides in. Must not be applied to any other type. | Literal Array Stride | Shader |
| 7 | MatrixStride Applies only to a member of a structure type. Only valid on a matrix or array whose most basic element is a matrix. <i>Matrix Stride</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer specifying the stride of the rows in a RowMajor -decorated matrix or columns in a ColMajor -decorated matrix. | Literal Matrix Stride | Matrix |
| 8 | GLSLShared Apply only to a structure type to get GLSL shared memory layout. | | Shader |
| 9 | GLSLPacked Apply only to a structure type to get GLSL packed memory layout. | | Shader |
| 10 | CPacked Apply only to a structure type, to marks it as "packed", indicating that the alignment of the structure is one and that there is no padding between structure members. | | Kernel |
| 11 | BuiltIn Indicates which built-in variable an object represents. See BuiltIn for more information. | BuiltIn | |
| 13 | NoPerspective Must only be used on a memory object declaration or a member of a structure type. Requests linear, non-perspective correct, interpolation. Only valid for the Input and Output Storage Classes. | | Shader |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|---|----------------|-----------------------|
| 14 | Flat Must only be used on a memory object declaration or a member of a structure type. Indicates no interpolation is done. The non- interpolated value comes from a vertex, as specified by the client API. Only valid for the Input and Output Storage Classes. | | Shader |
| 15 | Patch Must only be used on a memory object declaration or a member of a structure type. Indicates a tessellation patch. Only valid for the Input and Output Storage Classes. Invalid to use on objects or types referenced by non- tessellation Execution Models. | | Tessellation |
| 16 | Centroid Must only be used on a memory object declaration or a member of a structure type. If used with multi-sampling rasterization, allows a single interpolation location for an entire pixel. The interpolation location lies in both the pixel and in the primitive being rasterized. Only valid for the Input and Output Storage Classes. | | Shader |
| 17 | Sample Must only be used on a memory object declaration or a member of a structure type. If used with multi-sampling rasterization, requires per-sample interpolation. The interpolation locations are the locations of the samples lying in both the pixel and in the primitive being rasterized. Only valid for the Input and Output Storage Classes. | | SampleRateShading |
| 18 | Invariant Apply only to a variable or member of a block-decorated structure type to indicate that expressions computing its value be computed invariantly with respect to other shaders computing the same expressions. | | Shader |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|---|----------------|-----------------------|
| 19 | Restrict Apply only to a memory object declaration, to indicate the compiler may compile as if there is no aliasing. See the Aliasing section for more detail. | | |
| 20 | Aliased Apply only to a memory object declaration, to indicate the compiler is to generate accesses to the variable that work correctly in the presence of aliasing. See the Aliasing section for more detail. | | |
| 21 | Volatile Must be applied only to memory object declarations or members of a structure type. Any such memory object declaration, or any memory object declaration that contains such a structure type, must be one of: - An image with Sampled Operand of 2 and Dim other than SubpassData (see OpTypeImage). - A block in the StorageBuffer storage class, or in the Uniform storage class with the BufferBlock decoration. This indicates the memory holding the variable is volatile memory. Accesses to volatile memory cannot be eliminated, duplicated, or combined with other accesses. Volatile applies only to a single invocation and does not guarantee each invocation performs the access. Volatile is not allowed if the declared memory model is Vulkan. The memory operand bit Volatile, the image operand bit Volatile, the image operand bit Volatile, the image operand bit Volatile Texel, or the memory semantic bit Volatile can be used instead. | | |
| 22 | Constant Indicates that a global variable is constant and never modified. Only allowed on global variables. | | Kernel |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|---|----------------|-----------------------|
| 23 | Coherent Must be applied only to memory object declarations or members of a structure type. Any such memory object declaration, or any memory object declaration that contains such a structure type, must be one of: - An image with Sampled Operand of 2 and Dim other than SubpassData (see OpTypeImage). - A block in the StorageBuffer storage class, or in the Uniform storage class with the BufferBlock decoration. This indicates the memory backing the object is coherent. Coherent is not allowed if the declared memory model is Vulkan. The memory operand bits MakePointerAvailable and MakePointerVisible or the image operand bits MakeTexelAvailable and MakeTexelVisible can be used instead. | | |
| 24 | NonWritable Must be applied only to memory object declarations or members of a structure type. Any such memory object declaration, or any memory object declaration that contains such a structure type, must be one of: - An image with Sampled Operand of 2 and Dim other than SubpassData (see OpTypeImage). - A block in the StorageBuffer storage class, or in the Uniform storage class with the BufferBlock decoration. - Missing before version 1.4: An object in the Private or Function storage classes. This indicates that this module does not write to the memory holding the variable. It does not prevent the use of initializers on a declaration. | | |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|--|-------------------------------|--|
| 25 | NonReadable Must be applied only to memory object declarations or members of a structure type. Any such memory object declaration, or any memory object declaration that contains such a structure type, must be one of: - An image with Sampled Operand of 2 and Dim other than SubpassData (see OpTypeImage). - A block in the StorageBuffer storage class, or in the Uniform storage class with the BufferBlock decoration. This indicates that this module does not read from the memory holding the variable. For image variables, it does not prevent query operations from reading metadata associated with the image. | | |
| 26 | Uniform Apply only to an object. Asserts that, for each dynamic instance of the instruction that computes the result, all active invocations in the invocation's Subgroup scope compute the same result value. | | Shader, UniformDecoration |
| 27 | UniformId Apply only to an object. Asserts that, for each dynamic instance of the instruction that computes the result, all active invocations in the <i>Execution</i> scope compute the same result value. <i>Execution</i> must not be Invocation . | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Shader, UniformDecoration Missing before version 1.4. |
| 28 | SaturatedConversion Indicates that a conversion to an integer type which is outside the representable range of <i>Result</i> <i>Type</i> is clamped to the nearest representable value of <i>Result</i> <i>Type</i> . <i>NaN</i> is converted to <i>0</i> . This decoration must be applied only to conversion instructions to integer types, not including the OpSatConvertUTOS and OpSatConvertSToU instructions. | | Kernel |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 29 | Stream Must only be used on a memory object declaration or a member of a structure type. <i>Stream Number</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer indicating the stream number to put an output on. Only valid for the Output Storage Class and the Geometry Execution Model. | Literal Stream Number | GeometryStreams |
| 30 | Location Apply only to a variable or a structure-type member. <i>Location</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer that forms the main linkage for Storage Class Input and Output variables: - between the client API and vertex-stage inputs, - between consecutive programmable stages, or - between fragment-stage outputs and the client API. It can also tag variables or structure-type members in the UniformConstant Storage Class for linkage with the client API. Only valid for the Input, Output, and UniformConstant Storage Classes. | Literal Location | Shader |
| 31 | Component Must only be used on a memory object declaration or a member of a structure type. <i>Component</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer indicating which component within a Location is taken by the decorated entity. Only valid for the Input and Output Storage Classes. | Literal Component | Shader |
| 32 | Index Apply only to a variable. <i>Index</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer identifying a blend equation input index, used as specified by the client API. Only valid for the Output Storage Class and the Fragment Execution Model. | Literal Index | Shader |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|--|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 33 | Binding Apply only to a variable. <i>Binding</i> <i>Point</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer forming part of the linkage between the client API and SPIR- V memory buffers, images, etc. See the client API specification for more detail. | Literal Binding Point | Shader |
| 34 | DescriptorSet Apply only to a variable. <i>Descriptor Set</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer forming part of the linkage between the client API and SPIR-V memory buffers, images, etc. See the client API specification for more detail. | Literal Descriptor Set | Shader |
| 35 | Offset Apply only to a structure-type member. <i>Byte Offset</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer. It dictates the byte offset of the member relative to the beginning of the structure. It can be used, for example, by both uniform and transform-feedback buffers. It must not cause any overlap of the structure's members, or overflow of a transform-feedback buffer's XfbStride. | Literal Byte Offset | Shader |
| 36 | XfbBuffer Must only be used on a memory object declaration or a member of a structure type. <i>XFB Buffer</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer indicating which transform-feedback buffer an output is written to. Only valid for the Output Storage Classes of <i>vertex processing</i> Execution Models. | Literal XFB Buffer Number | TransformFeedback |

| | Decoration | | perands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|--|--|------------------------------|------------------------|
| 37 | XfbStride Apply to anything XfbBuffer is applied to. <i>XFB Stride</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer specifying the stride, in bytes, of transform- feedback buffer vertices. If the transform-feedback buffer is capturing any double-precision components, the stride must be a multiple of 8, otherwise it must be a multiple of 4. | | | TransformFeedback |
| 38 | FuncParamAttr Indicates a function return value or parameter attribute. Multiple uses of this decoration are allowed on the same <i><id></id></i> , as described in the function parameter attributes. | Function Parameter Attribute Function Parameter Attribute | | Kernel |
| 39 | FPRoundingMode Indicates a floating-point rounding mode. | FP Rounding Mode Floating-Point Rounding Mode | | |
| 40 | FPFastMathMode Indicates a floating-point fast math flag. | | Math Mode | Kernel, FloatControls2 |
| 41 | LinkageAttributes Associate linkage attributes to values. <i>Name</i> is a string specifying what name the <i>Linkage</i> <i>Type</i> applies to. Only valid on OpFunction or global (module scope) OpVariable . See linkage. | Literal Name | Linkage Type Linkage Type | Linkage |
| 42 | NoContraction Apply only to an arithmetic instruction to indicate the operation cannot be combined with another instruction to form a single operation. For example, if applied to an OpFMuI , that multiply can't be combined with an addition to yield a fused multiply-add operation. Furthermore, such operations are not allowed to reassociate; e.g., add(a + add(b+c)) cannot be transformed to add(add(a+b) + c). | | | Shader |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|---|-------------------------------|--|
| 43 | InputAttachmentIndex Apply only to a variable. Attachment Index is an unsigned 32-bit integer providing an input- target index (as specified by the client API). Only valid in the Fragment Execution Model and for variables of type OpTypeImage with a Dim operand of SubpassData. | Literal Attachment Index | InputAttachment |
| 44 | Alignment Apply only to a pointer. <i>Alignment</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer declaring a known minimum alignment the pointer has. | Literal Alignment | Kernel |
| 45 | MaxByteOffset Apply only to a pointer. <i>Max Byte</i> <i>Offset</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer declaring a known maximum byte offset this pointer will be incremented by from the point of the decoration. This is a guaranteed upper bound when applied to OpFunctionParameter . | Literal Max Byte Offset | Addresses Missing before version 1.1. |
| 46 | AlignmentId Same as the Alignment decoration, but using an <i><id></id></i> operand instead of a literal. The operand is consumed as unsigned and must be an <i>integer</i> <i>type</i> scalar. | <id> Alignment</id> | Kernel Missing before version 1.2. |
| 47 | MaxByteOffsetId Same as the MaxByteOffset decoration, but using an <i><id></id></i> operand instead of a literal. The operand is consumed as unsigned and must be an <i>integer</i> <i>type</i> scalar. | <id> Max Byte Offset</id> | Addresses Missing before version 1.2. |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|--|----------------|--|
| 4469 | NoSignedWrap Apply to an instruction to indicate that it does not cause signed integer wrapping to occur, in the form of overflow or underflow. It must decorate only the following instructions: - OpIAdd - OpISub - OpIMul - OpShiftLeftLogical - OpSNegate - OpExtInst for instruction numbers specified in the extended instruction-set specifications as accepting this decoration. If an instruction decorated with NoSignedWrap does overflow or underflow, behavior is undefined. | | Missing before version 1.4. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_no_integer_wrap_decor ation |
| 4470 | NoUnsignedWrap Apply to an instruction to indicate that it does not cause unsigned integer wrapping to occur, in the form of overflow or underflow. It must decorate only the following instructions: - OpIAdd - OpISub - OpIMul - OpShiftLeftLogical - OpExtInst for instruction numbers specified in the extended instruction-set specifications as accepting this decoration. If an instruction decorated with NoUnsignedWrap does overflow or underflow, behavior is undefined. | | Missing before version 1.4. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_no_integer_wrap_decor ation |
| 4487 | WeightTextureQCOM | | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_QCOM_image_processing |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 4488 | BlockMatchTextureQCOM | | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_QCOM_image_processing |
| 4499 | BlockMatchSamplerQCOM | | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_QCOM_image_processing2 |
| 4999 | ExplicitInterpAMD | | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_AMD_shader_explicit_vertex _parameter |
| 5019 | NodeSharesPayloadLimitsWith AMDX | <id> Payload Array</id> | ShaderEnqueueAMDX Reserved. |
| 5020 | NodeMaxPayloadsAMDX | <id> Max number of payloads</id> | ShaderEnqueueAMDX Reserved. |
| 5078 | TrackFinishWritingAMDX | | ShaderEnqueueAMDX Reserved. |
| 5091 | PayloadNodeNameAMDX | Literal Node Name | ShaderEnqueueAMDX Reserved. |
| 5248 | OverrideCoverageNV | | SampleMaskOverrideCoverageNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_sample_mask_override_ coverage |
| 5250 | PassthroughNV | | GeometryShaderPassthroughNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_geometry_shader_passth rough |
| 5252 | ViewportRelativeNV | | ShaderViewportMaskNV Reserved. |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---|
| 5256 | SecondaryViewportRelativeNV | Literal Offset | ShaderStereoViewNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_stereo_view_rendering |
| 5271 | PerPrimitiveEXT | | MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_mesh_shader, SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5271 | PerPrimitiveNV | | MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_mesh_shader, SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5272 | PerViewNV | | MeshShadingNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_mesh_shader |
| 5273 | PerTaskNV | | MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_mesh_shader, SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5285 | PerVertexKHR | | FragmentBarycentricNV, FragmentBarycentricKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_fragment_shader_baryce ntric, SPV_KHR_fragment_shader_baryc entric |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|--|----------------|---|
| 5285 | PerVertexNV | | FragmentBarycentricNV, FragmentBarycentricKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_fragment_shader_baryce ntric, SPV_KHR_fragment_shader_baryc entric |
| 5300 | NonUniform Apply only to an object. Asserts that the value backing the decorated <i><id></id></i> is not dynamically uniform. See the client API specification for more detail. | | ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. |
| 5300 | NonUniformEXT | | ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing |
| 5355 | RestrictPointer Apply only to a memory object declaration, to indicate the compiler may compile as if there is no aliasing of the pointer stored in the variable. See the aliasing section for more detail. | | PhysicalStorageBufferAddresses Missing before version 1.5. Also see extensions: SPV_EXT_physical_storage_buffer , SPV_KHR_physical_storage_buffe r |
| 5355 | RestrictPointerEXT | | PhysicalStorageBufferAddresses Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_physical_storage_buffer |
| 5356 | AliasedPointer Apply only to a memory object declaration, to indicate the compiler is to generate accesses to the pointer stored in the variable that work correctly in the presence of aliasing. See the aliasing section for more detail. | | PhysicalStorageBufferAddresses Missing before version 1.5. Also see extensions: SPV_EXT_physical_storage_buffer , SPV_KHR_physical_storage_buffe r |

| | Decoration | Extra Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 5356 | AliasedPointerEXT | | PhysicalStorageBufferAddresses Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_physical_storage_buffer |
| 5386 | HitObjectShaderRecordBufferN V | | ShaderInvocationReorderNV Reserved. |
| 5398 | BindlessSamplerNV | | BindlessTextureNV Reserved. |
| 5399 | BindlessImageNV | | BindlessTextureNV Reserved. |
| 5400 | BoundSamplerNV | | BindlessTextureNV Reserved. |
| 5401 | BoundImageNV | | BindlessTextureNV Reserved. |
| 5599 | SIMTCallINTEL | Literal N | VectorComputeINTEL Reserved. |
| 5602 | ReferencedIndirectlyINTEL | | IndirectReferencesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_function_pointers |
| 5607 | ClobberINTEL | Literal Register | AsmINTEL Reserved. |
| 5608 | SideEffectsINTEL | | AsmINTEL Reserved. |
| 5624 | VectorComputeVariableINTEL | | VectorComputeINTEL Reserved. |
| 5625 | FuncParamIOKindINTEL | Literal Kind | VectorComputeINTEL Reserved. |
| 5626 | VectorComputeFunctionINTEL | | VectorComputeINTEL Reserved. |

| | Decoration | Extra O | perands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| 5627 | StackCallINTEL | | | VectorComputeINTEL Reserved. |
| 5628 | GlobalVariableOffsetINTEL | Literal Offset | | VectorComputeINTEL Reserved. |
| 5634 | CounterBuffer The <i><id></id></i> of a counter buffer associated with the decorated buffer. It must decorate only a variable in the Uniform storage class. <i>Counter Buffer</i> must be a variable in the Uniform storage class. | <id> Counter Buffer</id> | | Missing before version 1.4. |
| 5634 | HIslCounterBufferGOOGLE | <id> Counter Buffer</id> | | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_GOOGLE_hlsl_functionality1 |
| 5635 | UserSemantic Semantic is a string describing a user-defined semantic intent of what it decorates. User-defined semantics are case insensitive. It must decorate only a variable or a member of a structure type. If decorating a variable, it must be in the Input or Output storage classes. | a | | Missing before version 1.4. |
| | A variable or a structure member can be decorated more than one time with this decoration, but at most once for any particular string operand. | | | |
| 5635 | HIslSemanticGOOGLE | Literal Semantic | | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_GOOGLE_hlsl_functionality1 |
| 5636 | UserTypeGOOGLE | Literal User Type | | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_GOOGLE_user_type |
| 5822 | FunctionRoundingModeINTEL | Literal Target Width | FP Rounding Mode FP Rounding Mode | FunctionFloatControlINTEL Reserved. |

| | Decoration | Extra C | perands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|
| 5823 | FunctionDenormModeINTEL | Literal Target Width | FP Denorm Mode FP Denorm Mode | FunctionFloatControlINTEL Reserved. |
| 5825 | RegisterINTEL | | | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attribut es |
| 5826 | MemoryINTEL | Literal Memory | ү Туре | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attribut es |
| 5827 | NumbanksINTEL | Literal Banks | | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attribut es |
| 5828 | BankwidthINTEL | Literal Bank W | <i>lidth</i> | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attribut es |
| 5829 | MaxPrivateCopiesINTEL | Literal Maximum Copies | | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attribut es |
| 5830 | SinglepumpINTEL | | | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attribut es |

| | Decoration | Extra O | perands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| 5831 | DoublepumpINTEL | | | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attribut es |
| 5832 | MaxReplicatesINTEL | Literal Maximum Replicates | | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attribut es |
| 5833 | SimpleDualPortINTEL | | | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attribut es |
| 5834 | MergeINTEL | Literal Merge Key | Literal Merge Type | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attribut es |
| 5835 | BankBitsINTEL | Literal Bank Bits | | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attribut es |
| 5836 | ForcePow2DepthINTEL | Literal Force Key | | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attribut es |
| 5883 | StridesizeINTEL | Literal Stride Size | | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. |
| 5884 | WordsizeINTEL | Literal Word Size | | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL Reserved. |

| | Decoration | Extra C | perands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--|
| 5885 | TrueDualPortINTEL | | | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 5899 | BurstCoalesceINTEL | | | FPGAMemoryAccessesINTEL |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 5900 | CacheSizeINTEL | Literal Cache | Size in bytes | FPGAMemoryAccessesINTEL |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 5901 | DontStaticallyCoalesceINTEL | | | FPGAMemoryAccessesINTEL |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 5902 | PrefetchINTEL | Literal Prefetcl | her Size in bytes | FPGAMemoryAccessesINTEL |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 5905 | StallEnableINTEL | | | FPGAClusterAttributesINTEL |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 5907 | FuseLoopsInFunctionINTEL | | | LoopFuseINTEL |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 5909 | MathOpDSPModeINTEL | Literal Mode | Literal Propagate | FPGADSPControlINTEL |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 5914 | AliasScopeINTEL | <id> Aliasing</id> | g Scopes List | MemoryAccessAliasingINTEL |
| | | | • | Reserved. |
| 5915 | NoAliasINTEL | <id> Aliasing</id> | g Scopes List | MemoryAccessAliasingINTEL |
| | | | • | Reserved. |
| 5917 | InitiationIntervalINTEL | Literal Cycles | | FPGAInvocationPipeliningAttribut esINTEL |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 5918 | MaxConcurrencyINTEL | Literal Invocations | | FPGAInvocationPipeliningAttribut esINTEL |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 5919 | PipelineEnableINTEL | Literal Enable | | FPGAInvocationPipeliningAttribut esINTEL |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 5921 | BufferLocationINTEL | Literal | | FPGABufferLocationINTEL |
| | | Butter L | ocation ID | Reserved. |

| | Decoration | Extra O | perands | i. | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|----|---|
| 5944 | IOPipeStorageINTEL | Literal IO Pipe | ID | | IOPipesINTEL Reserved. |
| 6080 | FunctionFloatingPointModelNT EL | Literal Target Width | Target Mode | | FunctionFloatControlINTEL Reserved. |
| 6085 | SingleElementVectorINTEL | | | | VectorComputeINTEL Reserved. |
| 6087 | VectorComputeCallableFunctio nINTEL | | | | VectorComputeINTEL Reserved. |
| 6140 | MediaBlockIOINTEL | | | | VectorComputeINTEL Reserved. |
| 6151 | StallFreeINTEL | | | | FPGAClusterAttributesV2INTEL Reserved. |
| 6170 | FPMaxErrorDecorationINTEL | Literal Max Err | Literal Max Error | | FPMaxErrorINTEL Reserved. |
| 6172 | LatencyControlLabelINTEL | Literal Latency | ' Label | | FPGALatencyControlINTEL Reserved. |
| 6173 | LatencyControlConstraintINTE L | Literal Relativ e To | Literal Control Type | | FPGALatencyControlINTEL Reserved. |
| 6175 | ConduitKernelArgumentINTEL | | | | FPGAArgumentInterfacesINTEL Reserved. |
| 6176 | RegisterMapKernelArgumentIN TEL | | | | FPGAArgumentInterfacesINTEL Reserved. |
| 6177 | MMHostInterfaceAddressWidth INTEL | Literal AddressWidth | | | FPGAArgumentInterfacesINTEL Reserved. |
| 6178 | MMHostInterfaceDataWidthINT EL | Literal DataWidth | | | FPGAArgumentInterfacesINTEL Reserved. |
| 6179 | MMHostInterfaceLatencyINTEL | Literal Latency | , | | FPGAArgumentInterfacesINTEL Reserved. |

| Decoration | | Extra Operands | | Enabling Capabilities |
|------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 6180 | MMHostInterfaceReadWriteMod eINTEL | Access Qualifier ReadWriteMode | | FPGAArgumentInterfacesINTEL Reserved. |
| 6181 | MMHostInterfaceMaxBurstINTE L | Literal MaxBurstCount | | FPGAArgumentInterfacesINTEL Reserved. |
| 6182 | MMHostInterfaceWaitRequestI NTEL | Literal Waitrequest | | FPGAArgumentInterfacesINTEL Reserved. |
| 6183 | StableKernelArgumentINTEL | | | FPGAArgumentInterfacesINTEL Reserved. |
| 6188 | HostAccessINTEL | Host Access Qualifie r Access | | GlobalVariableHostAccessINTEL Reserved. |
| 6190 | InitModeINTEL | Initialization Mode Qualifier Trigger | | GlobalVariableFPGADecorationsIN TEL Reserved. |
| 6191 | ImplementInRegisterMapINTEL | <i>Literal</i> Value | | GlobalVariableFPGADecorationsIN TEL Reserved. |
| 6442 | CacheControlLoadINTEL | Literal Cache Level | Load Cache Control Cache Control | CacheControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 6443 | CacheControlStoreINTEL | Literal Cache Level | Store Cache Control Cache Control | CacheControlsINTEL Reserved. |

3.21. BuiltIn

Used when **Decoration** is **BuiltIn**. Apply to:

- The result <*id*> of the **OpVariable** declaration of the built-in variable,
- A structure-type member, if the built-in is a member of a structure, or
- Deprecated: a constant instruction, when the built-in is a constant.

As stated per entry below, these have additional semantics and constraints specified by the client API.

For all the declarations of all the global variables and constants statically referenced by the entry-point's call tree, within any specific storage class it is invalid to decorate with a specific **BuiltIn** more than once.

Application to a constant instruction has previously been used to define the workgroup size with specialization constants in some client APIs. As of version 1.6, all client APIs should instead use the

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--|--|
| 0 | Position Output vertex position from a vertex processing Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Shader |
| 1 | PointSize Output point size from a vertex processing Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Shader |
| 3 | ClipDistance Array of clip distances. See the client API specification for more detail. | ClipDistance |
| 4 | CullDistance Array of clip distances. See the client API specification for more detail. | CullDistance |
| 5 | VertexId Input vertex ID to a Vertex Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Shader |
| 6 | InstanceId Input instance ID to a Vertex Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Shader |
| 7 | PrimitiveId Primitive ID in a Geometry Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Geometry, Tessellation, RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR, MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT |
| 8 | InvocationId Invocation ID, input to Geometry and TessellationControl Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Geometry, Tessellation |
| 9 | Layer Layer selection for multi-layer framebuffer. See the client API specification for more detail. The Geometry capability allows for a Layer output by a Geometry Execution Model, input to a Fragment Execution Model. The ShaderLayer capability allows for Layer output by a Vertex or Tessellation Execution Model. | Geometry, ShaderLayer, ShaderViewportIndexLayerEXT, MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT |

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|---|--|
| 10 | ViewportIndex Viewport selection for viewport transformation when using multiple viewports. See the client API specification for more detail. The MultiViewport capability allows for a ViewportIndex output by a Geometry Execution Model, input to a Fragment Execution Model. The ShaderViewportIndex capability allows for a ViewportIndex output by a Vertex or Tessellation Execution Model. | MultiViewport, ShaderViewportIndex, ShaderViewportIndexLayerEXT, MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT |
| 11 | TessLevelOuter Output patch outer levels in a TessellationControl Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Tessellation |
| 12 | TessLevelInner Output patch inner levels in a TessellationControl Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Tessellation |
| 13 | TessCoord Input vertex position in TessellationEvaluation Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Tessellation |
| 14 | PatchVertices Input patch vertex count in a tessellation Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Tessellation |
| 15 | FragCoord Coordinates (<i>x</i> , <i>y</i> , <i>z</i> , 1/ <i>w</i>) of the current fragment, input to the Fragment Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Shader |
| 16 | PointCoord Coordinates within a <i>point</i> , input to the Fragment Execution Model . See the client API specification for more detail. | Shader |
| 17 | FrontFacing Face direction, input to the Fragment Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Shader |
| 18 | SampleId Input sample number to the Fragment Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | SampleRateShading |

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|----|--|-----------------------|
| 19 | SamplePosition Input sample position to the Fragment Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | SampleRateShading |
| 20 | SampleMask Input or output sample mask to the Fragment Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Shader |
| 22 | FragDepth Output fragment depth from the Fragment Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Shader |
| 23 | HelperInvocation Input whether a helper invocation, to the Fragment Execution Model. See the client API specification for more detail. | Shader |
| 24 | NumWorkgroups Number of workgroups in GLCompute or Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | |
| 25 | WorkgroupSize Workgroup size in GLCompute or Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | |
| 26 | WorkgroupId Workgroup ID in GLCompute or Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | |
| 27 | LocalInvocationId Local invocation ID in GLCompute or Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | |
| 28 | GlobalInvocationId Global invocation ID in GLCompute or Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | |
| 29 | LocalInvocationIndex Local invocation index in GLCompute Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. Workgroup Linear ID in Kernel Execution Models. | |
| | See the client API specification for more detail. | |
| 30 | WorkDim Work dimensions in Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | Kernel |

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|--|---|
| 31 | GlobalSize Global size in Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | Kernel |
| 32 | EnqueuedWorkgroupSize Enqueued workgroup size in Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | Kernel |
| 33 | GlobalOffset Global offset in Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | Kernel |
| 34 | GlobalLinearId Global linear ID in Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | Kernel |
| 36 | SubgroupSize Subgroup size. See the client API specification for more detail. | Kernel, GroupNonUniform, SubgroupBallotKHR |
| 37 | SubgroupMaxSize Subgroup maximum size in Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | Kernel |
| 38 | NumSubgroups Number of subgroups in GLCompute or Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | Kernel, GroupNonUniform |
| 39 | NumEnqueuedSubgroups Number of enqueued subgroups in Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | Kernel |
| 40 | SubgroupId Subgroup ID in GLCompute or Kernel Execution Models. See the client API specification for more detail. | Kernel, GroupNonUniform |
| 41 | SubgroupLocalInvocationId Subgroup local invocation ID. See the client API specification for more detail. | Kernel, GroupNonUniform, SubgroupBallotKHR |
| 42 | VertexIndex Vertex index. See the client API specification for more detail. | Shader |
| 43 | InstanceIndex Instance index. See the client API specification for more detail. | Shader |
| 4160 | CoreIDARM | CoreBuiltinsARM |
| 4161 | CoreCountARM | CoreBuiltinsARM |
| 4162 | CoreMaxIDARM | CoreBuiltinsARM |

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|--|---|
| 4163 | WarpIDARM | CoreBuiltinsARM |
| 4164 | WarpMaxIDARM | CoreBuiltinsARM |
| 4416 | SubgroupEqMask Subgroup invocations bitmask where bit index = SubgroupLocalInvocationId. See the client API specification for more detail. | SubgroupBallotKHR, GroupNonUniformBallot Missing before version 1.3. |
| 4416 | SubgroupEqMaskKHR | SubgroupBallotKHR, GroupNonUniformBallot Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_shader_ballot |
| 4417 | SubgroupGeMask Subgroup invocations bitmask where bit index >= SubgroupLocalInvocationId. See the client API specification for more detail. | SubgroupBallotKHR, GroupNonUniformBallot Missing before version 1.3. |
| 4417 | SubgroupGeMaskKHR | SubgroupBallotKHR, GroupNonUniformBallot Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_shader_ballot |
| 4418 | SubgroupGtMask Subgroup invocations bitmask where bit index > SubgroupLocalInvocationId. See the client API specification for more detail. | SubgroupBallotKHR, GroupNonUniformBallot Missing before version 1.3. |
| 4418 | SubgroupGtMaskKHR | SubgroupBallotKHR, GroupNonUniformBallot Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_shader_ballot |
| 4419 | SubgroupLeMask Subgroup invocations bitmask where bit index <= SubgroupLocalInvocationId. See the client API specification for more detail. | SubgroupBallotKHR, GroupNonUniformBallot Missing before version 1.3. |
| 4419 | SubgroupLeMaskKHR | SubgroupBallotKHR, GroupNonUniformBallot Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_shader_ballot |
| 4420 | SubgroupLtMask Subgroup invocations bitmask where bit index < SubgroupLocalInvocationId. See the client API specification for more detail. | SubgroupBallotKHR, GroupNonUniformBallot Missing before version 1.3. |

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---|--|
| 4420 | SubgroupLtMaskKHR | SubgroupBallotKHR, GroupNonUniformBallot Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_shader_ballot |
| 4424 | BaseVertex Base vertex component of vertex ID. See the client API specification for more detail. | DrawParameters Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_shader_draw_parameters |
| 4425 | BaseInstance Base instance component of instance ID. See the client API specification for more detail. | DrawParameters Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_shader_draw_parameters |
| 4426 | DrawIndex Contains the index of the draw currently being processed. See the client API specification for more detail. | DrawParameters, MeshShadingNV, MeshShadingEXT Missing before version 1.3. Also see extensions: SPV_KHR_shader_draw_parameters, SPV_NV_mesh_shader, SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 4432 | PrimitiveShadingRateKHR | FragmentShadingRateKHR Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_fragment_shading_rate |
| 4438 | DeviceIndex Input device index of the logical device. See the client API specification for more detail. | DeviceGroup Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_device_group |
| 4440 | ViewIndex Input view index of the view currently being rendered to. See the client API specification for more detail. | MultiView Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_multiview |

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|-----------------------------|---|
| 4444 | ShadingRateKHR | FragmentShadingRateKHR Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_fragment_shading_rate |
| 4992 | BaryCoordNoPerspAMD | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_AMD_shader_explicit_vertex_paramet er |
| 4993 | BaryCoordNoPerspCentroidAMD | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_AMD_shader_explicit_vertex_paramet er |
| 4994 | BaryCoordNoPerspSampleAMD | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_AMD_shader_explicit_vertex_paramet er |
| 4995 | BaryCoordSmoothAMD | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_AMD_shader_explicit_vertex_paramet er |
| 4996 | BaryCoordSmoothCentroidAMD | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_AMD_shader_explicit_vertex_paramet er |
| 4997 | BaryCoordSmoothSampleAMD | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_AMD_shader_explicit_vertex_paramet er |
| 4998 | BaryCoordPullModelAMD | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_AMD_shader_explicit_vertex_paramet er |
| 5014 | FragStencilRefEXT | StencilExportEXT Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_stencil_export |

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|-------------------------|---|
| 5021 | CoalescedInputCountAMDX | ShaderEnqueueAMDX Reserved. |
| 5073 | ShaderIndexAMDX | ShaderEnqueueAMDX Reserved. |
| 5253 | ViewportMaskNV | ShaderViewportMaskNV, MeshShadingNV Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_viewport_array2, SPV_NV_mesh_shader |
| 5257 | SecondaryPositionNV | ShaderStereoViewNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_stereo_view_rendering |
| 5258 | SecondaryViewportMaskNV | ShaderStereoViewNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_stereo_view_rendering |
| 5261 | PositionPerViewNV | PerViewAttributesNV, MeshShadingNV Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NVX_multiview_per_view_attributes, SPV_NV_mesh_shader |
| 5262 | ViewportMaskPerViewNV | PerViewAttributesNV, MeshShadingNV Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NVX_multiview_per_view_attributes, SPV_NV_mesh_shader |
| 5264 | FullyCoveredEXT | FragmentFullyCoveredEXT Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_fragment_fully_covered |

| BuiltIn Enabling Capabilities | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | TaskCountNV | MeshShadingNV |
| 5274 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_NV_mesh_shader |
| | PrimitiveCountNV | MeshShadingNV |
| 5275 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_NV_mesh_shader |
| | PrimitiveIndicesNV | MeshShadingNV |
| 5276 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_NV_mesh_shader |
| | ClipDistancePerViewNV | MeshShadingNV |
| 5277 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_NV_mesh_shader |
| | CullDistancePerViewNV | MeshShadingNV |
| 5278 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_NV_mesh_shader |
| | LayerPerViewNV | MeshShadingNV |
| 5279 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_NV_mesh_shader |
| | MeshViewCountNV | MeshShadingNV |
| 5280 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_NV_mesh_shader |
| | MeshViewIndicesNV | MeshShadingNV |
| 5281 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_NV_mesh_shader |

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---------------------|---|
| 5286 | BaryCoordKHR | FragmentBarycentricNV, FragmentBarycentricKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_fragment_shader_barycentric, SPV_KHR_fragment_shader_barycentric |
| 5286 | BaryCoordNV | FragmentBarycentricNV, FragmentBarycentricKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_fragment_shader_barycentric, SPV_KHR_fragment_shader_barycentric |
| 5287 | BaryCoordNoPerspKHR | FragmentBarycentricNV, FragmentBarycentricKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_fragment_shader_barycentric, SPV_KHR_fragment_shader_barycentric |
| 5287 | BaryCoordNoPerspNV | FragmentBarycentricNV, FragmentBarycentricKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_fragment_shader_barycentric, SPV_KHR_fragment_shader_barycentric |
| 5292 | FragSizeEXT | FragmentDensityEXT, ShadingRateNV Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_EXT_fragment_invocation_density, SPV_NV_shading_rate |
| 5292 | FragmentSizeNV | ShadingRateNV, FragmentDensityEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_shading_rate, SPV_EXT_fragment_invocation_density |

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|-----------------------------|---|
| 5293 | FragInvocationCountEXT | FragmentDensityEXT, ShadingRateNV Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_EXT_fragment_invocation_density, SPV_NV_shading_rate |
| 5293 | InvocationsPerPixeINV | ShadingRateNV, FragmentDensityEXT Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_shading_rate, SPV_EXT_fragment_invocation_density |
| 5294 | PrimitivePointIndicesEXT | MeshShadingEXT Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5295 | PrimitiveLineIndicesEXT | MeshShadingEXT Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5296 | PrimitiveTriangleIndicesEXT | MeshShadingEXT Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5299 | CullPrimitiveEXT | MeshShadingEXT Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5319 | LaunchldKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5319 | LaunchldNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|----------------------|---|
| 5320 | LaunchSizeKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5320 | LaunchSizeNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5321 | WorldRayOriginKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5321 | WorldRayOriginNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5322 | WorldRayDirectionKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5322 | WorldRayDirectionNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5323 | ObjectRayOriginKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5323 | ObjectRayOriginNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|------------------------|---|
| 5324 | ObjectRayDirectionKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5324 | ObjectRayDirectionNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5325 | RayTminKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5325 | RayTminNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5326 | RayTmaxKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5326 | RayTmaxNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5327 | InstanceCustomIndexKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5327 | InstanceCustomIndexNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |

| BuiltIn Enabling Capabilities | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|---|
| 5330 | ObjectToWorldKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5330 | ObjectToWorldNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5331 | WorldToObjectKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5331 | WorldToObjectNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5332 | HitTNV | RayTracingNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_ray_tracing |
| 5333 | HitKindKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5333 | HitKindNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5334 | CurrentRayTimeNV | RayTracingMotionBlurNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_ray_tracing_motion_blur |

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|--------------------------------------|---|
| 5335 | HitTriangleVertexPositionsKHR | RayTracingPositionFetchKHR Reserved. |
| 5337 | HitMicroTriangleVertexPositionsNV | RayTracingDisplacementMicromapNV Reserved. |
| 5344 | HitMicroTriangleVertexBarycentricsNV | RayTracingDisplacementMicromapNV Reserved. |
| 5351 | IncomingRayFlagsKHR | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5351 | IncomingRayFlagsNV | RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_ray_tracing, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5352 | RayGeometryIndexKHR | RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5374 | WarpsPerSMNV | ShaderSMBuiltinsNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_shader_sm_builtins |
| 5375 | SMCountNV | ShaderSMBuiltinsNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_shader_sm_builtins |
| 5376 | WarpIDNV | ShaderSMBuiltinsNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_shader_sm_builtins |

| | BuiltIn | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|-----------------------------------|---|
| 5377 | SMIDNV | ShaderSMBuiltinsNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_shader_sm_builtins |
| 5405 | HitKindFrontFacingMicroTriangleNV | RayTracingDisplacementMicromapNV Reserved. |
| 5406 | HitKindBackFacingMicroTriangleNV | RayTracingDisplacementMicromapNV Reserved. |
| 6021 | CullMaskKHR | RayCullMaskKHR Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_ray_cull_mask |

3.22. Selection Control

This is a literal mask; it can be formed by combining the bits from multiple rows in the table below.

Used by **OpSelectionMerge**.

| | Selection Control | Enabling Capabilities |
|-----|---|-----------------------|
| 0x0 | None | |
| 0x1 | Flatten Strong request, to the extent possible, to remove the control flow for this selection. | |
| 0x2 | DontFlatten Strong request, to the extent possible, to keep this selection as control flow. | |

3.23. Loop Control

This is a literal mask; it can be formed by combining the bits from multiple rows in the table below.

Bits that are set indicate whether an additional operand follows, as described by the table. If there are multiple following operands indicated, they are ordered: Those indicated by smaller-numbered bits appear first.

Used by OpLoopMerge.

| Loop Control | | Enabling Capabilities |
|--------------|------|-----------------------|
| 0x0 | None | |

| | Loop Control | Enabling Capabilities |
|---------|--|------------------------------------|
| 0x1 | Unroll Strong request, to the extent possible, to unroll or unwind this loop. This must not be used with the DontUnroll bit. | |
| 0x2 | DontUnroll Strong request, to the extent possible, to keep this loop as a loop, without unrolling. | |
| 0x4 | DependencyInfinite Guarantees that there are no dependencies between loop iterations. | Missing before version 1.1. |
| 0x8 | DependencyLength Guarantees that there are no dependencies between a number of loop iterations. The dependency length is specified in a subsequent unsigned 32-bit integer literal operand. | Missing before version 1.1. |
| 0x10 | MinIterations Unchecked assertion that the loop executes at least a given number of iterations. The iteration count is specified in a subsequent unsigned 32- bit integer literal operand. | Missing before version 1.4. |
| 0x20 | MaxIterations Unchecked assertion that the loop executes at most a given number of iterations. The iteration count is specified in a subsequent unsigned 32- bit integer literal operand. | Missing before version 1.4. |
| 0x40 | IterationMultiple Unchecked assertion that the loop executes a multiple of a given number of iterations. The number is specified in a subsequent unsigned 32-bit integer literal operand. It must be greater than 0. | Missing before version 1.4. |
| 0x80 | PeelCount Request that the loop be peeled by a given number of loop iterations. The peel count is specified in a subsequent unsigned 32-bit integer literal operand. This must not be used with the DontUnroll bit. | Missing before version 1.4. |
| 0x100 | PartialCount Request that the loop be partially unrolled by a given number of loop iterations. The unroll count is specified in a subsequent unsigned 32-bit integer literal operand. This must not be used with the DontUnroll bit. | Missing before version 1.4. |
| 0x10000 | InitiationIntervalINTEL | FPGALoopControlsINTEL Reserved. |

| | Loop Control | Enabling Capabilities |
|-----------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 0x20000 | MaxConcurrencyINTEL | FPGALoopControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 0x40000 | DependencyArrayINTEL | FPGALoopControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 0x80000 | PipelineEnableINTEL | FPGALoopControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 0x100000 | LoopCoalesceINTEL | FPGALoopControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 0x200000 | MaxInterleavingINTEL | FPGALoopControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 0x400000 | SpeculatedIterationsINTEL | FPGALoopControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 0x800000 | NoFusionINTEL | FPGALoopControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 0x1000000 | LoopCountINTEL | FPGALoopControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 0x2000000 | MaxReinvocationDelayINTEL | FPGALoopControlsINTEL Reserved. |

3.24. Function Control

This is a literal mask; it can be formed by combining the bits from multiple rows in the table below.

Used by **OpFunction**.

| | Function Control | Enabling Capabilities |
|-----|---|-----------------------|
| 0x0 | None | |
| 0x1 | Inline Strong request, to the extent possible, to inline the function. | |
| 0x2 | DontInline Strong request, to the extent possible, to not inline the function. | |

| | Function Control | Enabling Capabilities |
|---------|---|---------------------------|
| 0x4 | Pure Compiler can assume this function has no side effect, but might read global memory or read through dereferenced function parameters. Always computes the same result when called with the same argument values and the same global state. | |
| 0x8 | Const Compiler assumes this function has no side effects, and does not access global memory or dereference function parameters. Always computes the same result for the same argument values. | |
| 0x10000 | OptNoneINTEL | OptNoneINTEL Reserved. |

3.25. Memory Semantics <id>

The *<id>*'s value is a mask; it can be formed by combining the bits from multiple rows in the table below.

The value's type must be a 32-bit integer scalar. This value is expected to be formed only from the bits in the table below, where at most one of these four bits can be set: **Acquire**, **Release**, **AcquireRelease**, or **SequentiallyConsistent**. If validation rules or the client API require a constant *<id>*, it is invalid for the value to not be formed this expected way. If non-constant *<id>* are allowed, behavior is undefined when the value is not formed this expected way.

Requesting both **Acquire** and **Release** semantics is done by setting the **AcquireRelease** bit, not by setting two bits.

Memory semantics define memory-order constraints, and on what storage classes those constraints apply to. The memory order constraints the allowed orders in which memory operations in this invocation are made visible to another invocation. The storage classes specify to which subsets of memory these constraints are to be applied. Storage classes not selected are not being constrained.

- OpControlBarrier
- OpMemoryBarrier
- OpAtomicLoad
- OpAtomicStore
- OpAtomicExchange
- OpAtomicCompareExchange
- OpAtomicCompareExchangeWeak
- OpAtomicIIncrement
- OpAtomicIDecrement
- OpAtomicIAdd

- OpAtomicISub
- OpAtomicSMin
- OpAtomicUMin
- OpAtomicSMax
- OpAtomicUMax
- OpAtomicAnd
- OpAtomicOr
- OpAtomicXor
- OpAtomicFlagTestAndSet
- OpAtomicFlagClear
- OpMemoryNamedBarrier
- OpAtomicFMinEXT
- OpAtomicFMaxEXT
- OpAtomicFAddEXT
- OpControlBarrierArriveINTEL
- OpControlBarrierWaitINTEL

| | Memory Semantics | Enabling Capabilities |
|-----|--|-----------------------|
| 0x0 | None (Relaxed) | |
| 0x2 | Acquire On an atomic instruction, orders memory operations provided in program order after this atomic instruction against this atomic instruction. On a barrier, orders memory operations provided in program order after this barrier against atomic instructions before this barrier. See the client API specification for more detail. | |
| 0x4 | Release On an atomic instruction, orders memory operations provided in program order before this atomic instruction against this atomic instruction. On a barrier, orders memory operations provided in program order before this barrier against atomic instructions after this barrier. See the client API specification for more detail. | |
| 0x8 | AcquireRelease Has the properties of both Acquire and Release semantics. It is used for read-modify- write operations. | |

| | Memory Semantics | Enabling Capabilities |
|--------|---|--|
| 0x10 | SequentiallyConsistent All observers see this memory access in the same order with respect to other sequentially- consistent memory accesses from this invocation. If the declared memory model is Vulkan, SequentiallyConsistent must not be used. | |
| 0x40 | UniformMemory Apply the memory-ordering constraints to StorageBuffer, PhysicalStorageBuffer, or Uniform Storage Class memory. | Shader |
| 0x80 | SubgroupMemory Apply the memory-ordering constraints to subgroup memory. | |
| 0x100 | WorkgroupMemory Apply the memory-ordering constraints to Workgroup Storage Class memory. | |
| 0x200 | CrossWorkgroupMemory Apply the memory-ordering constraints to CrossWorkgroup Storage Class memory. | |
| 0x400 | AtomicCounterMemory Apply the memory-ordering constraints to AtomicCounter Storage Class memory. | AtomicStorage |
| 0x800 | ImageMemory Apply the memory-ordering constraints to image contents (types declared by OpTypeImage), or to accesses done through pointers to the Image Storage Class. | |
| 0x1000 | OutputMemory Apply the memory-ordering constraints to Output storage class memory. | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. |
| 0x1000 | OutputMemoryKHR | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |
| 0x2000 | MakeAvailable Perform an availability operation on all references in the selected storage classes. | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. |
| 0x2000 | MakeAvailableKHR | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |

| | Memory Semantics | Enabling Capabilities |
|--------|---|--|
| 0x4000 | MakeVisible Perform a visibility operation on all references in the selected storage classes. | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. |
| 0x4000 | MakeVisibleKHR | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |
| 0x8000 | Volatile This access cannot be eliminated, duplicated, or combined with other accesses. | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |

3.26. Memory Operands

This is a literal mask; it can be formed by combining the bits from multiple rows in the table below.

Provides additional operands to the listed memory instructions. Bits that are set indicate whether an additional operand follows, as described by the table. If there are multiple following operands indicated, they are ordered: Those indicated by smaller-numbered bits appear first. An instruction needing two masks must first provide the first mask followed by the first mask's additional operands, and then provide the second mask followed by the second mask's additional operands.

- OpLoad
- OpStore
- OpCopyMemory
- OpCopyMemorySized
- OpCooperativeMatrixLoadKHR
- OpCooperativeMatrixStoreKHR
- OpCooperativeMatrixLoadNV
- OpCooperativeMatrixStoreNV

| | Memory Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|-----|--|-----------------------|
| 0x0 | None | |
| 0x1 | Volatile This access cannot be eliminated, duplicated, or combined with other accesses. | |

| | Memory Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---|--|
| 0x2 | Aligned This access has a known alignment. The alignment is specified in a subsequent unsigned 32-bit integer literal operand. Valid values are defined by the execution environment. | |
| 0x4 | Nontemporal Hints that the accessed address is not likely to be accessed again in the near future. | |
| 0x8 | MakePointerAvailable Perform an availability operation on the locations pointed to by the pointer operand, after a store. A following operand is the memory scope for the availability operation. Requires NonPrivatePointer to also be set. Not valid with OpLoad. | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. |
| 0x8 | MakePointerAvailableKHR | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |
| 0x10 | MakePointerVisible Perform a visibility operation on the locations pointed to by the pointer operand, before a load. A following operand is the memory scope for the visibility operation. Requires NonPrivatePointer to also be set. Not valid with OpStore. | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. |
| 0x10 | MakePointerVisibleKHR | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |
| 0x20 | NonPrivatePointer The memory access obeys inter-thread ordering, as specified by the client API. | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. |
| 0x20 | NonPrivatePointerKHR | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |

| | Memory Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|---------|---------------------|---|
| | AliasScopelNTELMask | MemoryAccessAliasingINTEL |
| 0x10000 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_memory_access_aliasing |
| | NoAliasINTELMask | MemoryAccessAliasingINTEL |
| 0x20000 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_memory_access_aliasing |

3.27. Scope <id>

Must be an $\langle id \rangle$ of a 32-bit integer scalar. Its value is expected to be one of the values in the table below. If validation rules or the client API require a constant $\langle id \rangle$, it is invalid for it to not be one of these values. If non-constant $\langle id \rangle$ are allowed, behavior is undefined if $\langle id \rangle$ is not one of these values.

If labeled as a memory scope, it specifies the distance of synchronization from the current invocation. If labeled as an execution scope, it specifies the set of executing invocations taking part in the operation. Other usages (neither memory nor execution) of scope are possible, and each such usage defines what scope means in its context.

- OpControlBarrier
- OpMemoryBarrier
- OpAtomicLoad
- OpAtomicStore
- OpAtomicExchange
- OpAtomicCompareExchange
- OpAtomicCompareExchangeWeak
- OpAtomicIIncrement
- OpAtomicIDecrement
- OpAtomicIAdd
- OpAtomiclSub
- OpAtomicSMin
- OpAtomicUMin
- OpAtomicSMax
- OpAtomicUMax
- OpAtomicAnd
- OpAtomicOr
- OpAtomicXor

- OpGroupAsyncCopy
- OpGroupWaitEvents
- OpGroupAll
- OpGroupAny
- OpGroupBroadcast
- OpGroupIAdd
- OpGroupFAdd
- OpGroupFMin
- OpGroupUMin
- OpGroupSMin
- OpGroupFMax
- OpGroupUMax
- OpGroupSMax
- OpGroupReserveReadPipePackets
- OpGroupReserveWritePipePackets
- OpGroupCommitReadPipe
- OpGroupCommitWritePipe
- OpAtomicFlagTestAndSet
- OpAtomicFlagClear
- OpMemoryNamedBarrier
- OpGroupNonUniformElect
- OpGroupNonUniformAll
- OpGroupNonUniformAny
- OpGroupNonUniformAllEqual
- OpGroupNonUniformBroadcast
- OpGroupNonUniformBroadcastFirst
- OpGroupNonUniformBallot
- OpGroupNonUniformInverseBallot
- OpGroupNonUniformBallotBitExtract
- OpGroupNonUniformBallotBitCount
- OpGroupNonUniformBallotFindLSB
- OpGroupNonUniformBallotFindMSB
- OpGroupNonUniformShuffle
- OpGroupNonUniformShuffleXor
- OpGroupNonUniformShuffleUp
- OpGroupNonUniformShuffleDown
- OpGroupNonUniformIAdd
- OpGroupNonUniformFAdd

- OpGroupNonUniformIMul
- OpGroupNonUniformFMul
- OpGroupNonUniformSMin
- OpGroupNonUniformUMin
- OpGroupNonUniformFMin
- OpGroupNonUniformSMax
- OpGroupNonUniformUMax
- OpGroupNonUniformFMax
- OpGroupNonUniformBitwiseAnd
- OpGroupNonUniformBitwiseOr
- OpGroupNonUniformBitwiseXor
- OpGroupNonUniformLogicalAnd
- OpGroupNonUniformLogicalOr
- OpGroupNonUniformLogicalXor
- OpGroupNonUniformQuadBroadcast
- OpGroupNonUniformQuadSwap
- OpGroupNonUniformRotateKHR
- OpTypeCooperativeMatrixKHR
- OpGroupIAddNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupFAddNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupFMinNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupUMinNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupSMinNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupFMaxNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupUMaxNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupSMaxNonUniformAMD
- OpReadClockKHR
- OpInitializeNodePayloadsAMDX
- OpTypeCooperativeMatrixNV
- OpAtomicFMinEXT
- OpAtomicFMaxEXT
- OpAtomicFAddEXT
- OpControlBarrierArriveINTEL
- OpControlBarrierWaitINTEL
- OpGroupIMulKHR
- OpGroupFMulKHR
- OpGroupBitwiseAndKHR
- OpGroupBitwiseOrKHR

- OpGroupBitwiseXorKHR
- OpGroupLogicalAndKHR
- OpGroupLogicalOrKHR
- OpGroupLogicalXorKHR

| | Scope | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--|---|
| 0 | CrossDevice Scope crosses multiple devices. | |
| 1 | Device Scope is the current device. | |
| 2 | Workgroup Scope is the current workgroup. | |
| 3 | Scope is the current subgroup. | |
| 4 | Invocation Scope is the current Invocation. | |
| 5 | QueueFamily Scope is the current queue family. | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. |
| 5 | QueueFamilyKHR | VulkanMemoryModel Missing before version 1.5. |
| 6 | ShaderCallKHR | RayTracingKHR Reserved. |

3.28. Group Operation

Defines the class of group operation.

- OpGroupIAdd
- OpGroupFAdd
- OpGroupFMin
- OpGroupUMin
- OpGroupSMin
- OpGroupFMax
- OpGroupUMax
- OpGroupSMax
- OpGroupNonUniformBallotBitCount
- OpGroupNonUniformIAdd
- OpGroupNonUniformFAdd

- OpGroupNonUniformIMul
- OpGroupNonUniformFMul
- OpGroupNonUniformSMin
- OpGroupNonUniformUMin
- OpGroupNonUniformFMin
- OpGroupNonUniformSMax
- OpGroupNonUniformUMax
- OpGroupNonUniformFMax
- OpGroupNonUniformBitwiseAnd
- OpGroupNonUniformBitwiseOr
- OpGroupNonUniformBitwiseXor
- OpGroupNonUniformLogicalAnd
- OpGroupNonUniformLogicalOr
- OpGroupNonUniformLogicalXor
- OpGroupIAddNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupFAddNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupFMinNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupUMinNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupSMinNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupFMaxNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupUMaxNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupSMaxNonUniformAMD
- OpGroupIMulKHR
- OpGroupFMulKHR
- OpGroupBitwiseAndKHR
- OpGroupBitwiseOrKHR
- OpGroupBitwiseXorKHR
- OpGroupLogicalAndKHR
- OpGroupLogicalOrKHR
- OpGroupLogicalXorKHR

| | Group Operation | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Reduce A reduction operation for all values of a specific value X specified by invocations within a workgroup. | Kernel, GroupNonUniformArithmetic, GroupNonUniformBallot |
| 1 | InclusiveScan A binary operation with an identity <i>I</i> and <i>n</i> (where <i>n</i> is the size of the workgroup) elements[$a_0, a_1,, a_n$.] resulting in [$a_0, (a_0 \text{ op } a_1), (a_0 \text{ op } a_1 \text{ op } \text{ op } a_n$.]] | |

| | Group Operation | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--|--|
| 2 | ExclusiveScan A binary operation with an identity <i>I</i> and <i>n</i> (where <i>n</i> is the size of the workgroup) elements[$a_0, a_1,, a_n$. I resulting in [<i>I</i> , a_0 , (a_0 op a_1), (a_0 op a_1 op op a_{n-2})]. | Kernel, GroupNonUniformArithmetic, GroupNonUniformBallot |
| 3 | ClusteredReduce | GroupNonUniformClustered Missing before version 1.3. |
| 6 | PartitionedReduceNV | GroupNonUniformPartitionedNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_shader_subgroup_partitioned |
| 7 | PartitionedInclusiveScanNV | GroupNonUniformPartitionedNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_shader_subgroup_partitioned |
| 8 | PartitionedExclusiveScanNV | GroupNonUniformPartitionedNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_shader_subgroup_partitioned |

3.29. Kernel Enqueue Flags

Specify when the child kernel begins execution.

Note: Implementations are not required to honor this flag. Implementations may not schedule kernel launch earlier than the point specified by this flag, however. Used by **OpEnqueueKernel**.

| | Kernel Enqueue Flags | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|---|-----------------------|
| 0 | NoWait Indicates that the enqueued kernels do not need to wait for the parent kernel to finish execution before they begin execution. | Kernel |

| | Kernel Enqueue Flags | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|---|-----------------------|
| 1 | WaitKernel Indicates that all invocations of the parent kernel finish executing and all immediate side effects are committed before the enqueued child kernel begins execution. Note: Immediate meaning not side effects resulting from child kernels. The side effects would include stores to global memory and pipe reads and writes. | Kernel |
| 2 | WaitWorkGroup Indicates that the enqueued kernels wait only for the workgroup that enqueued the kernels to finish before they begin execution. Note: This acts as a memory synchronization point between invocations in a workgroup and child kernels enqueued by invocations in the workgroup. | Kernel |

3.30. Kernel Profiling Info

The *<id>*'s value is a mask; it can be formed by combining the bits from multiple rows in the table below.

Specifies the profiling information to be queried. Used by OpCaptureEventProfilingInfo.

| | Kernel Profiling Info | Enabling Capabilities |
|-----|--|-----------------------|
| 0x0 | None | |
| 0x1 | CmdExecTime Indicates that the profiling info queried is the execution time. | Kernel |

3.31. Capability

Capabilities a module can declare it uses.

All used capabilities need to be declared, either explicitly with **OpCapability** or implicitly through the **Implicitly Declares** column: If a capability defined with statically expressed rules is used, it is invalid to not declare it. If a capability defined in terms of dynamic behavior is used, behavior is undefined unless the capability is declared. The **Implicitly Declares** column lists additional capabilities that are all implicitly declared when the **Capability** entry is explicitly or implicitly declared. It is not necessary, but allowed, to explicitly declare an implicitly declared capability.

See the capabilities section for more detail.

Used by **OpCapability**.

| Capability | | Implicitly Declares |
|------------|---|---------------------|
| 0 | Matrix Uses OpTypeMatrix. | |
| 1 | Shader Uses Vertex, Fragment, or GLCompute Execution Models. | Matrix |
| 2 | Geometry Uses the Geometry Execution Model. | Shader |
| 3 | Tessellation Uses the TessellationControl or TessellationEvaluation Execution Models. | Shader |
| 4 | Addresses Uses physical addressing, non-logical addressing modes. | |
| 5 | Linkage Uses partially linked modules and libraries. | |
| 6 | Kernel Uses the Kernel Execution Model. | |
| 7 | Vector16 Uses OpTypeVector to declare 8 component or 16 component vectors. | Kernel |
| 8 | Float16Buffer Allows a 16-bit OpTypeFloat instruction using the IEEE 754 encoding for creating an OpTypePointer to a 16-bit float. Pointers to a 16-bit float must not be dereferenced, unless specifically allowed by a specific instruction. All other uses of 16-bit OpTypeFloat are disallowed. | Kernel |
| 9 | Float16 Uses OpTypeFloat to declare the 16-bit floating- point type using the IEEE 754 encoding. | |
| 10 | Float64 Uses OpTypeFloat to declare the 64-bit floating- point type using the IEEE 754 encoding. | |
| 11 | Int64 Uses OpTypeInt to declare 64-bit integer types. | |
| 12 | Int64Atomics Uses atomic instructions on 64-bit integer types. | Int64 |
| 13 | ImageBasic Uses OpTypeImage or OpTypeSampler in a Kernel. | Kernel |
| 14 | ImageReadWrite Uses OpTypeImage with the ReadWrite access qualifier in a kernel. | ImageBasic |

| Capability | | Implicitly Declares |
|------------|---|---|
| 15 | ImageMipmap Uses non-zero Lod Image Operands in a kernel. | ImageBasic |
| 17 | Pipes Uses OpTypePipe, OpTypeReserveld or <i>pipe</i> instructions. | Kernel |
| 18 | Groups Uses common group instructions. | Also see extension: SPV_AMD_shader_ballot |
| 19 | DeviceEnqueue Uses OpTypeQueue, OpTypeDeviceEvent, and <i>device side enqueue</i> instructions. | Kernel |
| 20 | LiteralSampler Samplers are made from literals within the module. See OpConstantSampler. | Kernel |
| 21 | AtomicStorage Uses the AtomicCounter Storage Class, allowing use of only the OpAtomicLoad, OpAtomicIIncrement, and OpAtomicIDecrement instructions. | Shader |
| 22 | Int16 Uses OpTypeInt to declare 16-bit integer types. | |
| 23 | TessellationPointSize Tessellation stage exports point size. | Tessellation |
| 24 | GeometryPointSize Geometry stage exports point size | Geometry |
| 25 | ImageGatherExtended Uses texture gather with non-constant or independent offsets | Shader |
| 27 | StorageImageMultisample An <i>MS</i> operand in OpTypeImage indicates multisampled, used with an OpTypeImage having <i>Sampled</i> == 2. | Shader |
| 28 | UniformBufferArrayDynamicIndexing Block-decorated arrays in uniform storage classes use dynamically uniform indexing. | Shader |
| 29 | SampledImageArrayDynamicIndexing Arrays of sampled images, samplers, or images with <i>Sampled</i> = 0 or 1 use dynamically uniform indexing. | Shader |
| 30 | StorageBufferArrayDynamicIndexing Arrays in the StorageBuffer Storage Class, or BufferBlock-decorated arrays, use dynamically uniform indexing. | Shader |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|----|---|---------------------|
| 31 | StorageImageArrayDynamicIndexing Arrays of images with <i>Sampled</i> = 2 are accessed with dynamically uniform indexing. | Shader |
| 32 | ClipDistance Uses the ClipDistance BuiltIn. | Shader |
| 33 | CullDistance Uses the CullDistance BuiltIn. | Shader |
| 34 | ImageCubeArray Uses the Cube Dim with the <i>Arrayed</i> operand in OpTypeImage, with an OpTypeImage having Sampled == 2. | SampledCubeArray |
| 35 | SampleRateShading Uses per-sample rate shading. | Shader |
| 36 | ImageRect Uses the Rect Dim with an OpTypeImage having Sampled == 2. | SampledRect |
| 37 | SampledRect Uses the Rect Dim with an OpTypeImage having Sampled == 0 or 1. | Shader |
| 38 | GenericPointer Uses the Generic Storage Class. | Addresses |
| 39 | Int8 Uses OpTypeInt to declare 8-bit integer types. | |
| 40 | InputAttachment Uses the SubpassData Dim. | Shader |
| 41 | SparseResidency Uses OpImageSparse instructions. | Shader |
| 42 | MinLod Uses the MinLod Image Operand. | Shader |
| 43 | Sampled1D Uses the 1D Dim with an OpTypeImage having Sampled == 0 or 1. | |
| 44 | Image1D Uses the 1D Dim with an OpTypeImage having Sampled == 2. | Sampled1D |
| 45 | SampledCubeArray Uses the Cube Dim with the <i>Arrayed</i> operand in OpTypeImage, with an OpTypeImage having Sampled == 0 or 1. | Shader |
| 46 | SampledBuffer Uses the Buffer Dim with an OpTypeImage having Sampled == 0 or 1. | |

| Capability | | Implicitly Declares |
|------------|---|--|
| 47 | ImageBuffer Uses the Buffer Dim with an OpTypeImage having Sampled == 2. | SampledBuffer |
| 48 | ImageMSArray An <i>MS</i> operand in OpTypeImage indicates multisampled, used with an OpTypeImage having <i>Sampled</i> == 2 and <i>Arrayed</i> == 1. | Shader |
| 49 | StorageImageExtendedFormats One of a large set of more advanced image formats are used, namely one of those in the Image Format table listed as requiring this capability. | Shader |
| 50 | ImageQuery The sizes, number of samples, or lod, etc. are queried. | Shader |
| 51 | DerivativeControl Uses fine or coarse-grained derivatives, e.g., OpDPdxFine . | Shader |
| 52 | InterpolationFunction Uses one of the InterpolateAtCentroid, InterpolateAtSample, or InterpolateAtOffset GLSL.std.450 extended instructions. | Shader |
| 53 | TransformFeedback Uses the Xfb Execution Mode. | Shader |
| 54 | GeometryStreams Uses multiple numbered streams for geometry- stage output. | Geometry |
| 55 | StorageImageReadWithoutFormat OpImageRead can use the Unknown Image Format. | Shader |
| 56 | StorageImageWriteWithoutFormat OpImageWrite can use the Unknown Image Format. | Shader |
| 57 | MultiViewport Multiple viewports are used. | Geometry |
| 58 | SubgroupDispatch Uses subgroup dispatch instructions. | DeviceEnqueue Missing before version 1.1. |
| 59 | NamedBarrier Uses OpTypeNamedBarrier. | Kernel Missing before version 1.1. |
| 60 | PipeStorage Uses OpTypePipeStorage. | Pipes Missing before version 1.1. |

| Capability | | Implicitly Declares |
|------------|---|---|
| 61 | GroupNonUniform | Missing before version 1.3. |
| 62 | GroupNonUniformVote | GroupNonUniform Missing before version 1.3. |
| 63 | GroupNonUniformArithmetic | GroupNonUniform Missing before version 1.3. |
| 64 | GroupNonUniformBallot | GroupNonUniform Missing before version 1.3. |
| 65 | GroupNonUniformShuffle | GroupNonUniform Missing before version 1.3. |
| 66 | GroupNonUniformShuffleRelative | GroupNonUniform Missing before version 1.3. |
| 67 | GroupNonUniformClustered | GroupNonUniform Missing before version 1.3. |
| 68 | GroupNonUniformQuad | GroupNonUniform Missing before version 1.3. |
| 69 | ShaderLayer | Missing before version 1.5. |
| 70 | ShaderViewportIndex | Missing before version 1.5. |
| 71 | UniformDecoration Uses the Uniform or UniformId decoration | Missing before version 1.6. |
| 4165 | CoreBuiltinsARM | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_ARM_core_builtins |
| 4166 | TileImageColorReadAccessEXT | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_tile_image |
| 4167 | TileImageDepthReadAccessEXT | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_tile_image |
| 4168 | TileImageStencilReadAccessEXT | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_tile_image |

| Capability | | Implicitly Declares |
|------------|--|--|
| 4422 | FragmentShadingRateKHR | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_fragment_shading_rate |
| 4423 | SubgroupBallotKHR | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_shader_ballot |
| 4427 | DrawParameters | Shader Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_shader_draw_parameters |
| 4428 | WorkgroupMemoryExplicitLayoutKHR | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_workgroup_memory_explicit_lay out |
| 4429 | WorkgroupMemoryExplicitLayout8BitAccessK HR | WorkgroupMemoryExplicitLayoutKHR Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_workgroup_memory_explicit_lay out |
| 4430 | WorkgroupMemoryExplicitLayout16BitAccess KHR | WorkgroupMemoryExplicitLayoutKHR Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_workgroup_memory_explicit_lay out |
| 4431 | SubgroupVoteKHR | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_subgroup_vote |
| 4433 | StorageBuffer16BitAccess Uses 16-bit OpTypeFloat and OpTypeInt instructions for creating scalar, vector, and composite types that become members of a block residing in the StorageBuffer storage class, the PhysicalStorageBuffer storage class, or the Uniform storage class with the BufferBlock decoration. | Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_16bit_storage |

| Capability | | Implicitly Declares |
|------------|---|--|
| 4433 | StorageUniformBufferBlock16 | Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_16bit_storage |
| 4434 | UniformAndStorageBuffer16BitAccess Uses 16-bit OpTypeFloat and OpTypeInt instructions for creating scalar, vector, and composite types that become members of a block residing in the StorageBuffer storage class, the PhysicalStorageBuffer storage class, or the Uniform storage class. | StorageBuffer16BitAccess, StorageUniformBufferBlock16 Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_16bit_storage |
| 4434 | StorageUniform16 | StorageBuffer16BitAccess, StorageUniformBufferBlock16 Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_16bit_storage |
| 4435 | StoragePushConstant16 Uses 16-bit OpTypeFloat and OpTypeInt instructions for creating scalar, vector, and composite types that become members of a block residing in the PushConstant storage class. | Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_16bit_storage |
| 4436 | StorageInputOutput16 Uses 16-bit OpTypeFloat and OpTypeInt instructions for creating scalar, vector, and composite types that become members of a block residing in the Output storage class. | Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_16bit_storage |
| 4437 | DeviceGroup | Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_device_group |
| 4439 | MultiView | Shader Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_multiview |
| 4441 | VariablePointersStorageBuffer Allow variable pointers, each confined to a single Block-decorated struct in the StorageBuffer storage class. | Shader Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_variable_pointers |
| 4442 | VariablePointers Allow variable pointers. | VariablePointersStorageBuffer Missing before version 1.3. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_variable_pointers |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|---|--|
| 4445 | AtomicStorageOps | Reserved. Also see extension: |
| | | SPV_KHR_shader_atomic_counter_ops |
| | SampleMaskPostDepthCoverage | Reserved. |
| 4447 | | Also see extension: SPV_KHR_post_depth_coverage |
| | StorageBuffer8BitAccess Uses 8-bit OpTypeInt instructions for creating | Missing before version 1.5. |
| 4448 | scalar, vector, and composite types that become members of a block residing in the StorageBuffer storage class or the PhysicalStorageBuffer storage class. | Also see extension: SPV_KHR_8bit_storage |
| | UniformAndStorageBuffer8BitAccess Uses 8-bit OpTypeInt instructions for creating | StorageBuffer8BitAccess |
| 4449 | scalar, vector, and composite types that become members of a block residing in the StorageBuffer | Missing before version 1.5. |
| | storage class, the PhysicalStorageBuffer storage class, or the Uniform storage class. | Also see extension: SPV_KHR_8bit_storage |
| | StoragePushConstant8 Uses 8-bit OpTypeInt instructions for creating | Missing before version 1.5. |
| 4450 | scalar, vector, and composite types that become members of a block residing in the PushConstant storage class. | Also see extension: SPV_KHR_8bit_storage |
| 1161 | DenormPreserve Uses the DenormPreserve execution mode. | Missing before version 1.4. |
| 4404 | | Also see extension: SPV_KHR_float_controls |
| 4465 | DenormFlushToZero Uses the DenormFlushToZero execution mode. | Missing before version 1.4. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_KHR_float_controls |
| 4466 | SignedZeroInfNanPreserve Uses the SignedZeroInfNanPreserve execution | Missing before version 1.4. |
| | mode. | Also see extension: SPV_KHR_float_controls |
| 4467 | RoundingModeRTE Uses the RoundingModeRTE execution mode. | Missing before version 1.4. |
| | . | Also see extension: SPV_KHR_float_controls |
| 4468 | RoundingModeRTZ Uses the RoundingModeRTZ execution mode. | Missing before version 1.4. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_KHR_float_controls |
| | RayQueryProvisionalKHR | Shader |
| 4471 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_KHR_ray_query |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|---------------------------------|--|
| | RayQueryKHR | Shader |
| 4472 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_KHR_ray_query |
| | RayTraversalPrimitiveCullingKHR | RayQueryKHR, RayTracingKHR |
| 4478 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extensions: SPV_KHR_ray_query, SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| | RayTracingKHR | Shader |
| 4479 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| | TextureSampleWeightedQCOM | Reserved. |
| 4484 | | Also see extension: SPV_QCOM_image_processing |
| | TextureBoxFilterQCOM | Reserved. |
| 4485 | | Also see extension: |
| | | SPV_QCOM_image_processing |
| | TextureBlockMatchQCOM | Reserved. |
| 4486 | | Also see extension: SPV_QCOM_image_processing |
| | TextureBlockMatch2QCOM | Reserved. |
| 4498 | | Also see extension: SPV_QCOM_image_processing2 |
| | Float16ImageAMD | Shader |
| 5008 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_AMD_gpu_shader_half_float_fetch |
| | ImageGatherBiasLodAMD | Shader |
| 5009 | | Reserved. |
| | | Also see extension: SPV_AMD_texture_gather_bias_lod |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|------------------------------|---|
| 5010 | FragmentMaskAMD | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_AMD_shader_fragment_mask |
| 5013 | StencilExportEXT | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_stencil_export |
| 5015 | ImageReadWriteLodAMD | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_AMD_shader_image_load_store_lod |
| 5016 | Int64ImageEXT | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_image_int64 |
| 5055 | ShaderClockKHR | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_shader_clock |
| 5067 | ShaderEnqueueAMDX | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_AMDX_shader_enqueue |
| 5087 | QuadControlKHR | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_quad_control |
| 5249 | SampleMaskOverrideCoverageNV | SampleRateShading Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_sample_mask_override_coverage |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|-----------------------------|--|
| 5251 | GeometryShaderPassthroughNV | Geometry Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_geometry_shader_passthrough |
| 5254 | ShaderViewportIndexLayerEXT | MultiViewport Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_viewport_index_layer |
| 5254 | ShaderViewportIndexLayerNV | MultiViewport Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_viewport_array2 |
| 5255 | ShaderViewportMaskNV | ShaderViewportIndexLayerNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_viewport_array2 |
| 5259 | ShaderStereoViewNV | ShaderViewportMaskNV Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_stereo_view_rendering |
| 5260 | PerViewAttributesNV | MultiView Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NVX_multiview_per_view_attributes |
| 5265 | FragmentFullyCoveredEXT | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_fragment_fully_covered |
| 5266 | MeshShadingNV | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_mesh_shader |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|---|---|
| 5282 | ImageFootprintNV | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_shader_image_footprint |
| 5283 | MeshShadingEXT | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_mesh_shader |
| 5284 | FragmentBarycentricKHR | Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_fragment_shader_barycentric, SPV_KHR_fragment_shader_barycentric |
| 5284 | FragmentBarycentricNV | Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_fragment_shader_barycentric, SPV_KHR_fragment_shader_barycentric |
| 5288 | ComputeDerivativeGroupQuadsNV | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_compute_shader_derivatives |
| 5291 | FragmentDensityEXT | Shader Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_EXT_fragment_invocation_density, SPV_NV_shading_rate |
| 5291 | ShadingRateNV | Shader Reserved. Also see extensions: SPV_NV_shading_rate, SPV_EXT_fragment_invocation_density |
| 5297 | GroupNonUniformPartitionedNV | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_shader_subgroup_partitioned |
| 5301 | ShaderNonUniform Uses the NonUniform decoration on a variable or instruction. | Shader Missing before version 1.5. |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|--|--|
| 5301 | ShaderNonUniformEXT | Shader Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing |
| 5302 | RuntimeDescriptorArray Uses arrays of resources which are sized at run- time. | Shader Missing before version 1.5. |
| 5302 | RuntimeDescriptorArrayEXT | Shader Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing |
| 5303 | InputAttachmentArrayDynamicIndexing Arrays of InputAttachments use dynamically uniform indexing. | InputAttachment Missing before version 1.5. |
| 5303 | InputAttachmentArrayDynamicIndexingEXT | InputAttachment Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing |
| 5304 | UniformTexelBufferArrayDynamicIndexing Arrays of SampledBuffers use dynamically uniform indexing. | SampledBuffer Missing before version 1.5. |
| 5304 | UniformTexelBufferArrayDynamicIndexingEXT | SampledBuffer Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing |
| 5305 | StorageTexelBufferArrayDynamicIndexing Arrays of ImageBuffers use dynamically uniform indexing. | ImageBuffer Missing before version 1.5. |
| 5305 | StorageTexelBufferArrayDynamicIndexingEXT | ImageBuffer Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing |
| 5306 | UniformBufferArrayNonUniformIndexing Block-decorated arrays in uniform storage classes use non-uniform indexing. | ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|---|--|
| 5306 | UniformBufferArrayNonUniformIndexingEXT | ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing |
| 5307 | SampledImageArrayNonUniformIndexing Arrays of sampled images use non-uniform indexing. | ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. |
| 5307 | SampledImageArrayNonUniformIndexingEXT | ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing |
| 5308 | StorageBufferArrayNonUniformIndexing Arrays in the StorageBuffer storage class or BufferBlock -decorated arrays use non-uniform indexing. | ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. |
| 5308 | StorageBufferArrayNonUniformIndexingEXT | ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing |
| 5309 | StorageImageArrayNonUniformIndexing Arrays of non-sampled images use non-uniform indexing. | ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. |
| 5309 | StorageImageArrayNonUniformIndexingEXT | ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing |
| 5310 | InputAttachmentArrayNonUniformIndexing Arrays of InputAttachments use non-uniform indexing. | InputAttachment, ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. |
| 5310 | InputAttachmentArrayNonUniformIndexingEXT | InputAttachment, ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing |
| 5311 | UniformTexelBufferArrayNonUniformIndexing Arrays of SampledBuffers use non-uniform indexing. | SampledBuffer, ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|---|--|
| 5311 | UniformTexelBufferArrayNonUniformIndexingE XT | SampledBuffer, ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing |
| 5312 | StorageTexelBufferArrayNonUniformIndexing Arrays of ImageBuffers use non-uniform indexing. | ImageBuffer, ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. |
| 5312 | StorageTexelBufferArrayNonUniformIndexingE XT | ImageBuffer, ShaderNonUniform Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing |
| 5336 | RayTracingPositionFetchKHR | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_ray_tracing_position_fetch |
| 5340 | RayTracingNV | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_ray_tracing |
| 5341 | RayTracingMotionBlurNV | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_ray_tracing_motion_blur |
| 5345 | VulkanMemoryModel Uses the Vulkan memory model. This capability must be declared if and only if the Vulkan memory model is declared. | Missing before version 1.5. |
| 5345 | VulkanMemoryModelKHR | Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |
| 5346 | VulkanMemoryModelDeviceScope Uses Device scope with any instruction when the Vulkan memory model is declared. | Missing before version 1.5. |
| 5346 | VulkanMemoryModelDeviceScopeKHR | Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|---|--|
| 5347 | PhysicalStorageBufferAddresses Uses physical addressing on storage buffers. | Shader Missing before version 1.5. Also see extensions: SPV_EXT_physical_storage_buffer, SPV_KHR_physical_storage_buffer |
| 5347 | PhysicalStorageBufferAddressesEXT | Shader Missing before version 1.5. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_physical_storage_buffer |
| 5350 | ComputeDerivativeGroupLinearNV | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_compute_shader_derivatives |
| 5353 | RayTracingProvisionalKHR | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_ray_tracing |
| 5357 | CooperativeMatrixNV | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_cooperative_matrix |
| 5363 | FragmentShaderSampleInterlockEXT | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_fragment_shader_interlock |
| 5372 | FragmentShaderShadingRateInterlockEXT | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_fragment_shader_interlock |
| 5373 | ShaderSMBuiltinsNV | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_shader_sm_builtins |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|---------------------------------|---|
| 5378 | FragmentShaderPixelInterlockEXT | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_fragment_shader_interlock |
| 5379 | DemoteToHelperInvocation | Shader Missing before version 1.6. |
| 5379 | DemoteToHelperInvocationEXT | Shader Missing before version 1.6. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_demote_to_helper_invocation |
| 5380 | DisplacementMicromapNV | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_displacement_micromap |
| 5381 | RayTracingOpacityMicromapEXT | RayQueryKHR, RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_opacity_micromap |
| 5383 | ShaderInvocationReorderNV | RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_shader_invocation_reorder |
| 5390 | BindlessTextureNV | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_bindless_texture |
| 5391 | RayQueryPositionFetchKHR | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_ray_tracing_position_fetch |
| 5404 | AtomicFloat16VectorNV | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_shader_atomic_fp16_vector |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|----------------------------------|---|
| 5409 | RayTracingDisplacementMicromapNV | RayTracingKHR Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_displacement_micromap |
| 5414 | RawAccessChainsNV | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_NV_raw_access_chains |
| 5568 | SubgroupShuffleINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_subgroups |
| 5569 | SubgroupBufferBlockIOINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_subgroups |
| 5570 | SubgroupImageBlockIOINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_subgroups |
| 5579 | SubgroupImageMediaBlockIOINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_media_block_io |
| 5582 | RoundToInfinityINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_float_controls2 |
| 5583 | FloatingPointModeINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_float_controls2 |
| 5584 | IntegerFunctions2INTEL | Shader Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_shader_integer_functions2 |
| 5603 | FunctionPointersINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_function_pointers |
| 5604 | IndirectReferencesINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_function_pointers |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|--|---|
| 5606 | AsmINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_inline_assembly |
| 5612 | AtomicFloat32MinMaxEXT | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_atomic_float_min_max |
| 5613 | AtomicFloat64MinMaxEXT | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_atomic_float_min_max |
| 5616 | AtomicFloat16MinMaxEXT | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_atomic_float_min_max |
| 5617 | VectorComputeINTEL | VectorAnyINTEL Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_vector_compute |
| 5619 | VectorAnyINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_vector_compute |
| 5629 | ExpectAssumeKHR | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_expect_assume |
| 5696 | SubgroupAvcMotionEstimationINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_device_side_avc_motion_estim ation |
| 5697 | SubgroupAvcMotionEstimationIntraINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_device_side_avc_motion_estim ation |
| 5698 | SubgroupAvcMotionEstimationChromalNTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_device_side_avc_motion_estim ation |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|---|--|
| 5817 | VariableLengthArrayINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_variable_length_array |
| 5821 | FunctionFloatControlINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_float_controls2 |
| 5824 | FPGAMemoryAttributesINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attributes |
| 5837 | FPFastMathModeINTEL | Kernel Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fp_fast_math_mode |
| 5844 | ArbitraryPrecisionIntegersINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_arbitrary_precision_integers |
| 5845 | ArbitraryPrecisionFloatingPointINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_arbitrary_precision_floating_po int |
| 5886 | UnstructuredLoopControlsINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_unstructured_loop_controls |
| 5888 | FPGALoopControlsINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_loop_controls |
| 5892 | KernelAttributesINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_kernel_attributes |
| 5897 | FPGAKernelAttributesINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_kernel_attributes |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|--|---|
| 5898 | FPGAMemoryAccessesINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_accesses |
| 5904 | FPGAClusterAttributesINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_cluster_attributes |
| 5906 | LoopFuseINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_loop_fuse |
| 5908 | FPGADSPControlINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_dsp_control |
| 5910 | MemoryAccessAliasingINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_memory_access_aliasing |
| 5916 | FPGAInvocationPipeliningAttributesINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_invocation_pipelining_attr ibutes |
| 5920 | FPGABufferLocationINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_buffer_location |
| 5922 | ArbitraryPrecisionFixedPointINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_arbitrary_precision_fixed_point |
| 5935 | USMStorageClassesINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_usm_storage_classes |
| 5939 | RuntimeAlignedAttributeINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_runtime_aligned |
| 5943 | IOPipesINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_io_pipes |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|---|---|
| 5945 | BlockingPipesINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_blocking_pipes |
| 5948 | FPGARegINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_reg |
| 6016 | DotProductInputAll Uses vector of any integer type as input to the dot product instructions | Missing before version 1.6. |
| 6016 | DotProductInputAIIKHR | Missing before version 1.6. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_integer_dot_product |
| 6017 | DotProductInput4x8Bit Uses vectors of four components of 8-bit integer type as inputs to the dot product instructions | Int8 Missing before version 1.6. |
| 6017 | DotProductInput4x8BitKHR | Int8 Missing before version 1.6. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_integer_dot_product |
| 6018 | DotProductInput4x8BitPacked Uses 32-bit integer scalars packing 4-component vectors of 8-bit integers as inputs to the dot product instructions | Missing before version 1.6. |
| 6018 | DotProductInput4x8BitPackedKHR | Missing before version 1.6. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_integer_dot_product |
| 6019 | DotProduct Uses dot product instructions | Missing before version 1.6. |
| 6019 | DotProductKHR | Missing before version 1.6. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_integer_dot_product |
| 6020 | RayCullMaskKHR | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_ray_cull_mask |
| 6022 | CooperativeMatrixKHR | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_cooperative_matrix |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|--------------------------|--|
| 6024 | ReplicatedCompositesEXT | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_replicated_composites |
| 6025 | BitInstructions | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_bit_instructions |
| 6026 | GroupNonUniformRotateKHR | GroupNonUniform Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_subgroup_rotate |
| 6029 | FloatControls2 | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_float_controls2 |
| 6033 | AtomicFloat32AddEXT | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_atomic_float_add |
| 6034 | AtomicFloat64AddEXT | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_atomic_float_add |
| 6089 | LongCompositesINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_long_composites |
| 6094 | OptNoneINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_optnone |
| 6095 | AtomicFloat16AddEXT | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_EXT_shader_atomic_float16_add |
| 6114 | DebugInfoModuleINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_debug_module |
| 6115 | BFloat16ConversionINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_bfloat16_conversion |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|------------------------------------|---|
| 6141 | SplitBarrierINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_split_barrier |
| | FPGAClusterAttributesV2INTEL | FPGAClusterAttributesINTEL |
| 6150 | | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_cluster_attributes |
| | FPGAKernelAttributesv2INTEL | FPGAKernelAttributesINTEL |
| 6161 | | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_kernel_attributes |
| | FPMaxErrorINTEL | Reserved. |
| 6169 | | Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fp_max_error |
| | FPGALatencyControlINTEL | Reserved. |
| 6171 | | Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_latency_control |
| | FPGAArgumentInterfacesINTEL | Reserved. |
| 6174 | | Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_fpga_argument_interfaces |
| | GlobalVariableHostAccessINTEL | Reserved. |
| 6187 | | Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_global_variable_host_access |
| | GlobalVariableFPGADecorationsINTEL | Reserved. |
| 6189 | | Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_global_variable_fpga_decoratio ns |
| | GroupUniformArithmeticKHR | Reserved. |
| 6400 | | Also see extension: SPV_KHR_uniform_group_instructions |
| | MaskedGatherScatterINTEL | Reserved. |
| 6427 | | Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_masked_gather_scatter |

| | Capability | Implicitly Declares |
|------|---------------------|---|
| 6441 | CacheControlsINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_cache_controls |
| 6460 | RegisterLimitsINTEL | Reserved. Also see extension: SPV_INTEL_maximum_registers |

3.32. Ray Flags

This is a literal mask; it can be formed by combining the bits from multiple rows in the table below.

| | Ray Flags | Enabling Capabilities |
|-------|-----------------------------|--|
| 0x0 | None | |
| 0x1 | OpaqueKHR | RayQueryKHR, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 0x2 | NoOpaqueKHR | RayQueryKHR, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 0x4 | TerminateOnFirstHitKHR | RayQueryKHR, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 0x8 | SkipClosestHitShaderKHR | RayQueryKHR, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 0x10 | CullBackFacingTrianglesKHR | RayQueryKHR, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 0x20 | CullFrontFacingTrianglesKHR | RayQueryKHR, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 0x40 | CullOpaqueKHR | RayQueryKHR, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 0x80 | CullNoOpaqueKHR | RayQueryKHR, RayTracingKHR Reserved. |
| 0x100 | SkipTrianglesKHR | RayTraversalPrimitiveCullingKHR Reserved. |

| | Ray Flags | Enabling Capabilities |
|-------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0x200 | SkipAABBsKHR | RayTraversalPrimitiveCullingKHR Reserved. |
| 0x400 | ForceOpacityMicromap2StateEXT | RayTracingOpacityMicromapEXT Reserved. |

3.33. Ray Query Intersection

| | Ray Query Intersection | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 0 | RayQueryCandidateIntersectionKHR | RayQueryKHR Reserved. |
| 1 | RayQueryCommittedIntersectionKHR | RayQueryKHR Reserved. |

3.34. Ray Query Committed Type

| | Ray Query Committed Type | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|---|--------------------------|
| 0 | RayQueryCommittedIntersectionNoneKHR | RayQueryKHR Reserved. |
| 1 | RayQueryCommittedIntersectionTriangleKHR | RayQueryKHR Reserved. |
| 2 | RayQueryCommittedIntersectionGeneratedKH R | RayQueryKHR Reserved. |

3.35. Ray Query Candidate Type

| | Ray Query Candidate Type | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--|--------------------------|
| 0 | RayQueryCandidateIntersectionTriangleKHR | RayQueryKHR Reserved. |
| 1 | RayQueryCandidateIntersectionAABBKHR | RayQueryKHR Reserved. |

3.36. Fragment Shading Rate

This is a literal mask; it can be formed by combining the bits from multiple rows in the table below.

| | Fragment Shading Rate | Enabling Capabilities |
|-----|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0x0 | None | |
| 0x1 | Vertical2Pixels | FragmentShadingRateKHR Reserved. |
| 0x2 | Vertical4Pixels | FragmentShadingRateKHR Reserved. |
| 0x4 | Horizontal2Pixels | FragmentShadingRateKHR Reserved. |
| 0x8 | Horizontal4Pixels | FragmentShadingRateKHR Reserved. |

3.37. FP Denorm Mode

Floating point denormalized handling mode.

| | FP Denorm Mode | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|----------------|--|
| 0 | Preserve | FunctionFloatControlINTEL Reserved. |
| 1 | FlushToZero | FunctionFloatControlINTEL Reserved. |

3.38. FP Operation Mode

Floating point operation mode.

| | FP Operation Mode | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|-------------------|--|
| 0 | IEEE | FunctionFloatControlINTEL Reserved. |
| 1 | ALT | FunctionFloatControlINTEL Reserved. |

3.39. Quantization Mode

| | Quantization Mode | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | TRN | ArbitraryPrecisionFixedPointINTEL |
| 0 | | Reserved. |

| Quantization Mode Enabling Capabilities | | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--------------|--|
| 1 | TRN_ZERO | ArbitraryPrecisionFixedPointINTEL Reserved. |
| 2 | RND | ArbitraryPrecisionFixedPointINTEL Reserved. |
| 3 | RND_ZERO | ArbitraryPrecisionFixedPointINTEL Reserved. |
| 4 | RND_INF | ArbitraryPrecisionFixedPointINTEL Reserved. |
| 5 | RND_MIN_INF | ArbitraryPrecisionFixedPointINTEL Reserved. |
| 6 | RND_CONV | ArbitraryPrecisionFixedPointINTEL Reserved. |
| 7 | RND_CONV_ODD | ArbitraryPrecisionFixedPointINTEL Reserved. |

3.40. Overflow Mode

| | Overflow Mode | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|---------------|--|
| 0 | WRAP | ArbitraryPrecisionFixedPointINTEL Reserved. |
| 1 | SAT | ArbitraryPrecisionFixedPointINTEL Reserved. |
| 2 | SAT_ZERO | ArbitraryPrecisionFixedPointINTEL Reserved. |
| 3 | SAT_SYM | ArbitraryPrecisionFixedPointINTEL Reserved. |

3.41. Packed Vector Format

Used by:

- OpSDot
- OpSDotKHR

- OpUDot
- OpUDotKHR
- OpSUDot
- OpSUDotKHR
- OpSDotAccSat
- OpSDotAccSatKHR
- OpUDotAccSat
- OpUDotAccSatKHR
- OpSUDotAccSat
- OpSUDotAccSatKHR

| | Packed Vector Format | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | PackedVectorFormat4x8Bit Interpret 32-bit scalar integer operands as vectors of four 8-bit components. Vector components follow byte significance order with the lowest- numbered component stored in the least significant byte. | Missing before version 1.6. |
| 0 | PackedVectorFormat4x8BitKHR | Missing before version 1.6. Also see extension: SPV_KHR_integer_dot_product |

3.42. Cooperative Matrix Operands

This is a literal mask; it can be formed by combining the bits from multiple rows in the table below.

Used by OpCooperativeMatrixMulAddKHR.

| | Cooperative Matrix Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0x0 | None | |
| 0x1 | MatrixASignedComponentsKHR | Reserved. |
| 0x2 | MatrixBSignedComponentsKHR | Reserved. |
| 0x4 | MatrixCSignedComponentsKHR | Reserved. |
| 0x8 | MatrixResultSignedComponentsKHR | Reserved. |
| 0x10 | SaturatingAccumulationKHR | Reserved. |

3.43. Cooperative Matrix Layout

| | Cooperative Matrix Layout | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0 | RowMajorKHR | Reserved. |
| 1 | ColumnMajorKHR | Reserved. |

3.44. Cooperative Matrix Use

| | Cooperative Matrix Use | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0 | MatrixAKHR | Reserved. |
| 1 | MatrixBKHR | Reserved. |
| 2 | MatrixAccumulatorKHR | Reserved. |

3.45. Initialization Mode Qualifier

| | Initialization Mode Qualifier | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|-------------------------------|---|
| 0 | InitOnDeviceReprogramINTEL | GlobalVariableFPGADecorationsINTEL Reserved. |
| 1 | InitOnDeviceResetINTEL | GlobalVariableFPGADecorationsINTEL Reserved. |

3.46. Host Access Qualifier

| | Host Access Qualifier | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 0 | NoneINTEL | GlobalVariableHostAccessINTEL Reserved. |
| 1 | ReadINTEL | GlobalVariableHostAccessINTEL Reserved. |
| 2 | WriteINTEL | GlobalVariableHostAccessINTEL Reserved. |
| 3 | ReadWriteINTEL | GlobalVariableHostAccessINTEL Reserved. |

3.47. Load Cache Control

| | Load Cache Control | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| 0 | UncachedINTEL | CacheControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 1 | CachedINTEL | CacheControlsINTEL Reserved. |

| | Load Cache Control | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 2 | StreamingINTEL | CacheControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 3 | InvalidateAfterReadINTEL | CacheControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 4 | ConstCachedINTEL | CacheControlsINTEL Reserved. |

3.48. Store Cache Control

| | Store Cache Control | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| 0 | UncachedINTEL | CacheControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 1 | WriteThroughINTEL | CacheControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 2 | WriteBackINTEL | CacheControlsINTEL Reserved. |
| 3 | StreamingINTEL | CacheControlsINTEL Reserved. |

3.49. Named Maximum Number of Registers

| | Named Maximum Number of Registers | Enabling Capabilities |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | AutoINTEL | RegisterLimitsINTEL |
| 0 | | Reserved. |

3.50. Raw Access Chain Operands

This is a literal mask; it can be formed by combining the bits from multiple rows in the table below.

Used by OpRawAccessChainNV.

| | Raw Access Chain Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|-----|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0x0 | None | |
| | RobustnessPerComponentNV | RawAccessChainsNV |
| 0x1 | | Reserved. |

| | Raw Access Chain Operands | Enabling Capabilities |
|-----|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0.0 | RobustnessPerElementNV | RawAccessChainsNV |
| 0x2 | | Reserved. |

3.51. FP Encoding

Specifies an alternative floating point encoding.

The *Width(s)* column specifies the set of valid width the encoding operand can be used with. If no value is provided, the valid widths for the operand are defined by the client API. Otherwise, the *Width* operand of **OpTypeFloat** must match one the specified values.

Used by **OpTypeFloat**.

| FP Encoding | Width(s) | Enabling Capabilities |
|-------------|----------|-----------------------|
| | | |

3.52. Instructions

Form for each instruction:

| Opcode Name (na | Capability Enabling | | |
|--|------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| Instruction descrip | otion. | | Capabilities (when needed) |
| Word Count is the instruction, holding instruction takes a Count also says "- size of the instruct | | | |
| Opcode is the low instruction, holding | | | |
| <i>Result</i> s, when pre <i>Type</i> created by th always 32 bits. | | | |
| <i>Operands</i> , when p instruction's <i>Resu</i> instruction. Each c | | | |
| Word Count | Opcode | Results | Operands |

3.52.1. Miscellaneous Instructions

| ОрNор | | |
|---|---------------------------|------------------|
| This has no semantic impact and module. | | |
| 1 | 0 | |
| OpUndef | | |
| Make an intermediate object whos | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> is the type of object to except OpTypeVoid . | | |
| Each consumption of <i>Result <id></id></i> bit pattern or abstract value resulti abstract, or opaque values. | | |
| 3 1 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> |

| OpSizeOf | | | | | | ability: | | |
|---|-------------|------------|---------------------------|---|--|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Computes the run-time size of the type pointed to by <i>Pointer</i> | | | | | | Miss | resses ing before version | |
| Result Type must be a 32-bit integer type scalar. | | | | | | | 1.1 . | |
| Pointe | r must poir | nt to a co | ncrete type. | | | | | |
| 4 | 321 | | <id> Result Type</id> | | Result <id></id> | | <id> Poin</id> | |
| OpCooperativeMatrixLengthKHR | | | | | | | ability: perativeMatrixKHR | |
| Reserved. | | | | | | | Rese | erved. |
| 4 | 4460 | | <id> Result Type</id> | | Result <ia< td=""><td> ></td><td><id> Type</id></td><td></td></ia<> | > | <id> Type</id> | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| OpAs | sumeTrue | KHR | | | Capability: ExpectAssumeKHR | | | |
| Reserv | ved. | | | | ExpectAs | SUMENHR | | |
| | | | | | Reserved. | | | |
| 2 5630 | | | | <id> Condition</id> | | | | |
| o = | | | | | | 0 | | |
| OpExpectKHR | | | | | Capability: ExpectAssume | eKHR | 2 | |
| Reserved. | | | | | UT TI | • | | |
| | | | | | | Reserved. | | |
| 5 | 5631 | <id></id> | > | Result <io< td=""><td>/></td><td><id></id></td><td></td><td><id></id></td></io<> | /> | <id></id> | | <id></id> |

Value

ExpectedValue

Result Type

3.52.2. Debug Instructions

| olozizi Debug | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|--|---|-----------------------------|--|
| OpSourceContin | ued | | | | |
| Continue specifyin This has no sema module. | • | | | | |
| Continued Source previous Source. | e is a continua | ation of the source t | text in the | | |
| The previous instruction must be an OpSource or an OpSourceContinued instruction. As is true for all literal strings, the previous instruction's string was nul terminated. That terminating nul from the previous instruction is not part of the source text; the first character of <i>Continued Source</i> logically immediately follows the last character of <i>Source</i> before its nul. | | | | | |
| 2 + variable | | 2 | | Literal Continued Source | |
| OpSource | | | | | |
| Document what s translated from. T removed from a n <i>Version</i> is the ver | | | | | |
| bit integer. | | | | | |
| File is an OpStrir | g instruction | and is the source-le | evel file name. | | |
| Source is the text | of the source | e-level file. | | | |
| Each client API s source language. | | form the Version op | perand takes, per | | |
| 3 + variable | 3 | Optional < <i>id></i> <i>File</i> | Optional <i>Literal</i> <i>Source</i> | | |
| OpSourceExtens | sion | | | | |
| Document an extension to the source language. This has no semantic impact and can safely be removed from a module. | | | | | |
| <i>Extension</i> is a string describing a source-language extension. Its form is dependent on the how the source language describes | | | | | |

4

Literal Extension

extensions. 2 + variable

| OpName | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------|--------------|-------------------|-------|---------|
| Assign a name st semantic impact a | • | | | s has no | | |
| <i>Target</i> is the <i>Resu</i> any other instruct | • | | | | | |
| Name is the string | g to assign. | | | | | |
| 3 + variable 5 <id><id><id><id>LitTargetNa</id></id></id></id> | | | | | | |
| OpMemberName | • | | | | | |
| Assign a name st and can safely be | • | - | /pe. This ha | is no semantic ir | mpact | |
| <i>Type</i> is the <i><id></id></i> from an OpTypeStruct instruction. | | | | | | |
| <i>Member</i> is the nu is member 0, the | | • | | | nber | |
| Name is the string | g to assign to the | member. | | | | |
| 1 → variable | 6 | aids | | Literal | | Literal |

| 4 + variable | 6 | <id></id> | Literal | Literal |
|--------------|---|-----------|---------|---------|
| | | Туре | Member | Name |

| OpString | | | |
|--|---|------------------|-------------------|
| Assign a <i>Result <id></id></i> to a OpLine and OpSource). removed from a module. referencing <i>Result <id></id></i> .) <i>String</i> is the string being a | e | | |
| 3 + variable | 7 | Result <id></id> | Literal String |

OpLine

| OpLine | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Add source-level location safely be removed from a | | | | | | |
| instruction, up to the first of | This location information applies to the instructions physically following this instruction, up to the first occurrence of any of the following: the next end of block, the next OpLine instruction, or the next OpNoLine instruction. | | | | | |
| File must be an OpString | instruction and is the source | e-level file name. | | | | |
| Line is the source-level lin | e number. <i>Line</i> is an unsigr | ned 32-bit integer. | | | | |
| <i>Column</i> is the source-leve integer. | <i>Column</i> is the source-level column number. <i>Column</i> is an unsigned 32-bit integer. | | | | | |
| OpLine can generally imm following exceptions: | | | | | | |
| - it may not be used until a (see the Logical Layout se | | | | | | |
| - must not be the last instr termination instruction | | | | | | |
| - if a branch merge instruction before its merge instruction | | | | | | |
| 4 8 | <id> File</id> | Literal Line | Literal Column | | | |

| OpNoLine | |
|---|-----|
| Discontinue any source-level location information that might be active from a previous OpLine instruction. This has no semantic impact and can safely be removed from a module. | |
| This instruction must only appear after the annotation instructions (see the Logical Layout section). It must not be the last instruction in a block, or the second-to-last instruction if the block has a merge instruction. There is not a requirement that there is a preceding OpLine instruction. | |
| 1 | 317 |

| OpModuleProcessed | Missing before version 1.1. | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Document a process that was applied to semantic impact and can safely be rem <i>Process</i> is a string describing a process that did the processing. Its form is depe | | |
| that did the processing. Its form is depe | | |
| 2 + variable 330 | | Literal Process |

3.52.3. Annotation Instructions

| OpDecorate | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|---|
| Add a Decoration to a | | | | |
| reference. A set of dec decoration instructions This instruction is only | corations can be s targeting the s v valid if the Dec | ootentially be any <i><id></id></i> t e grouped together by h ame OpDecorationGr coration operand is a de rands that are not <i><id></id></i> | naving multiple oup instruction. ecoration that takes no | |
| 3 + variable | 71 | <id> Target</id> | Decoration | <i>Literal, Literal,</i> See <i>Decoration</i> . |

| OpMemberDecor | ate | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|------------|---|
| Add a Decoration | to a member | of a structure type. | | | |
| Structure type is the | ne <i><id></id></i> of a t | ype from OpTypeS | itruct. | | |
| <i>Member</i> is the nur first member is me | | | | | |
| Note: See OpDecorate for creating groups of decorations for consumption by OpGroupMemberDecorate | | | | | |
| 4 + variable | 72 | <id> Structure Type</id> | Literal Member | Decoration | <i>Literal, Literal,</i> See <i>Decoration</i> . |

| OpDecorationG | roup |
|---|---|
| Deprecated (dire instructions inste | ctly use non-group decoration ad). |
| OpDecorateId in instructions target instruction must p OpGroupDecorat OpGroupMember | erDecorate instructions that truction's <i>Result <id></id></i> will apply |
| 2 | 73 |

| OpGroupDecorate | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Deprecated (directly use nor | | | |
| Add a group of Decorations | to another <i><id></id></i> . | | |
| Decoration Group is the <id></id> | onGroup instruction. | | |
| <i>Targets</i> is a list of <i><id>s</id></i> to de <i>Targets</i> list must not include instruction. | | | |
| 2 + variable | 74 | <id> Decoration Group</id> | <id>, <id>, … Targets</id></id> |

| OpGroupMemberDecorate | | | |
|--|--|------------------------|--|
| Deprecated (directly use nor | n-group decoration | instructions instead). | |
| Add a group of Decorations | to members of strue | cture types. | |
| Decoration Group is the <id></id> | → of an OpDecorati | onGroup instruction. | |
| <i>Targets</i> is a list of (<i><id>, Mer</id></i> decorations. Each <i><id></id></i> in the associated <i>Member</i> is the nu The first member is member | | | |
| 2 + variable | <id>, literal, <id>, literal, Targets</id></id> | | |

| OpDecorateId Add a Decoration | Missing before version 1.2. | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|------------|---|
| <i>Target</i> is the <i><id></id></i> to <i>id></i> to <i>id></i> to <i>id></i> to <i>id></i> to <i>id id id id id id id id</i> | | | | |
| This instruction is Extra Operands the constant instruction | | | | |
| 3 + variable | 332 | <id> Target</id> | Decoration | <id>, <id>, See Decoration.</id></id> |

| OpDecorateString (OpDecorateStringGOOGLE) | | | | | Ν | Missing before version 1.4. | | |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------|----------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Add a string Decoration to another <i><id></id></i> . | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Target</i> is the <i><id></id></i> to decorate. It can potentially be any <i><id></id></i> that is a forward reference, except it must not be the <i><id></id></i> of an OpDecorationGroup. <i>Decoration</i> is a decoration that takes at least one <i>Literal</i> operand, and has only <i>Literal</i> string operands. | | | | | | | | |
| 4 + variable 5632 < <i>id></i> Decoration Target | | | | | | | | Optional Literals See Decoration. |
| OpMemberDecorateString (OpMemberDecorateStringGOOGLE) | | | | | iLE) | | Missing befo | ore version 1.4. |
| Add a string De | coration to | a member of a | structure | e type. | | | | |
| Structure Type i | s the <i><id></id></i> | of an OpTypeS | truct. | | | | | |
| <i>Member</i> is the number of the member to decorate in the type. <i>Member</i> an unsigned 32-bit integer. The first member is member 0, the next is member 1, | | | | | | is | | |
| <i>Decoration</i> is a decoration that takes at least one <i>Literal</i> operand, an only <i>Literal</i> string operands. | | | | | d, and I | has | | |
| 5 + variable | 5633 | <id> Struct Type</id> | Literal Membe | | oration | | Literal See Decoration. | Optional Literals See Decoration. |

3.52.4. Extension Instructions

| OpExtension | |
|--|-----------------|
| Declare use of an extension to SPIR-V. additional instructions, tokens, semantic <i>Name</i> is the extension's name string. | |
| 2 + variable | Literal Name |

OpExtInstImport

Import an extended set of instructions. It can be later referenced by the *Result <id>*.

Name is the extended instruction-set's name string. Before version 1.6, there must be an external specification defining the semantics for this extended instruction set. Starting with version 1.6, if *Name* starts with "NonSemantic.", including the period that separates the namespace "NonSemantic" from the rest of the name, it is encouraged for a specification to exist on the SPIR-V Registry, but it is not required.

Starting with version 1.6, an extended instruction-set name which is prefixed with "NonSemantic." is guaranteed to contain only non-semantic instructions, and all **OpExtInst** instructions referencing this set can be ignored. All instructions within such a set must have only *<id>operands*; no literals. When literals are needed, then the *Result <id>* from an **OpConstant** or **OpString** instruction is referenced as appropriate. *Result <id>s* from these non-semantic instruction-set instructions must be used only in other non-semantic instructions.

See Extended Instruction Sets for more information.

| 3 + variable | 11 | Result <id></id> | Literal |
|--------------|----|------------------|---------|
| | | | Name |

| OpExtInst | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--|
| Execute an ins | truction in | | | | | |
| Result Type is defined, per Instruction, in the external specification for Set. | | | | | | |
| Set is the resu | lt of an <mark>Op</mark> l | ExtInstImport ir | nstruction. | | | |
| <i>Instruction</i> is th an unsigned 32 the external sp | 2-bit intege ecification | | | | | |
| Operand 1, | are the ope | erands to the ext | tended instruction | on. | | |
| 5 + variable | 12 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Set</id> | Literal Instruction | <id>, <id>, Operand 1, Operand 2, </id></id> |

| OpExtInstWithForwardRefsKHR | | | | | Reserved. | Reserved. | |
|------------------------------------|------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Reserved. | | | | | | | |
| 5 + variable | 4433 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Set</id> | Literal Instruction | <id>, <id>, Operand 1, Operand 2, </id></id> | |

3.52.5. Mode-Setting Instructions

| OpMemoryMode | | | | | |
|--|--|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Set addressing mo | odel and mem | | | | |
| Addressing Model | selects the m | nodule's Addressi | n g Model . | | |
| <i>Memory Model</i> se Model. | lects the mod | ule's memory mod | el, see Memory | | |
| 3 14 | | Addressing M | odel | Memory Model | |
| OpEntryPoint Declare an entry p | point, its execu | ution model, and its | s interface. | | |
| Execution Model is static call tree. See | | | try point and its | | |
| Entry Point must b | e the <i>Result</i> - | <id> of an OpFund</id> | ction instruction. | | |
| Name is a name s two OpEntryPoin the same Name st | t instructions | | | | |
| Interface is a list of declare the set of interface of this en to or a superset of the entry point's st classes. Before ve limited to the Input version 1.4 , the in used in declaring a call tree. | global variable try point. The the global Op atic call tree, ersion 1.4, the t and Output nterface's store all global varia | | | | |
| duplication of thes <id> must not app</id> | | - | version 1.4, an | | |
| 4 + variable | 15 | Execution Model | <id> Entry Point</id> | Literal Name | <id>, <id>, Interface</id></id> |

| OpExecutionMode | | | | | |
|--|---|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Declare an execut | ion mode for an er | ntry point. | | | |
| Entry Point must b | be the Entry Point | <i>id></i> operand of a | ın <mark>OpEı</mark> | ntryPoint instruction. | |
| Mode is the execu | ition mode. See Ex | ecution Mode. | | | |
| | only valid if the <i>M</i> o ds , or takes Extra | | | tion mode that takes and operands. | |
| 3 + variable | 16 | <id> Entry Point</id> | | Execution Mode Mode | <i>Literal, Literal,</i> See Execution Mode |
| OpCapability | | | | | |
| Declare a capabili | ty used by this mo | dule. | | | |
| <i>Capability</i> is the capability declared by this instruction. There are no restrictions on the order in which capabilities are declared. | | | | | |
| See the capabilities section for more detail. | | | | | |
| 2 17 | | | Capab Capab | | |

| OpExecutionModeld | Missing before version 1.2. | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Declare an execution mode for an entry point, using <i><id>s</id></i> as Extra Operands . | | | | |
| - | - | id> operand of an OpE | ntryPoint instruction. | |
| <i>Mode</i> is the execution | mode. See Exe | ecution Mode. | | |
| This instruction is only Extra Operands that | | | | |
| 3 + variable | 331 | <id> Entry Point</id> | Execution Mode Mode | < <i>id>, <id>, …</id></i> See Execution Mode |

3.52.6. Type-Declaration Instructions

| OpTypeVoid | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| Declare the void type. | | | | |
| 2 | 19 | | Result <id></id> | |
| | | | | |
| ОрТуре | Bool | | | |
| Declare the <i>Boolean type</i> . Values of this type can only be either true or false . There is no physical size or bit pattern defined for these values. If they are stored (in conjunction with OpVariable), they must only be used with logical addressing operations, not physical, and only with non- externally visible shader storage classes: UniformConstant , Workgroup , CrossWorkgroup , Private , Function , Input , and Output . | | | | |
| 2 20 | | | | |
| 2 | 20 | | Result <id></id> | |
| | | | Result <id></id> | |
| 2 ОрТуре | | | Result <id></id> | |
| ОрТуре | | | Result <id></id> | |
| OpType Declare <i>Width</i> sp | e Int a new <i>integer typ</i> pecifies how many | | n is an unsigned 32-bit | |
| OpType Declare <i>Width</i> sp integer. <i>Signedri</i> validate. 0 indicat 1 indicat In all cas | elnt a new <i>integer typ</i> becifies how many The bit pattern of <i>bess</i> specifies whe tes unsigned, or n tes signed seman ses, the type of op | e. v bits wide the type is. <i>Width</i> a signed integer value is tw ether there are signed sema io signedness semantics | is an unsigned 32-bit o's complement. ntics to preserve or | |

| OpTypeFloat | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| Declare a new floating | | | | |
| Width specifies how m | any bits wide th | ne type is. <i>Width</i> is an u | insigned 32-bit integer. | |
| · · · · | <i>Encoding</i> is pre | bit pattern of values. sent, the bit pattern of a EE 754 encoding for the | • • | |
| 3 + variable | 22 | Result <id></id> | Literal Width | Optional FP Encoding Floating Point Encoding |

| ОрТур | eVector | | | |
|---|--|------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Declare | e a new vector type | | | |
| Compo a scala | onent Type is the type ar type. | 9 | | |
| | onent Count is the n onent Count is an ui | | | |
| Components are numbered consecutively, starting with 0. | | | | |
| 4 | 23 | Result <id></id> | <id> Component Type</id> | Literal Component Count |

| ОрТуре | Matrix | Capability: Matrix | | |
|---------|---|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Declare | a new matrix type | | | |
| Column | <i>Type</i> is the type of | f each column in the matrix | . It must be vector type. | |
| | | per of columns in the new n Jer. It must be at least 2. | natrix type. Column Count | |
| indepen | olumns are numbe dently of any Deco owMajor or Matrix | | | |
| 4 | 24 | Result <id></id> | <id> Column Type</id> | Literal Column Count |

OpTypeImage

Declare a new image type. Consumed, for example, by **OpTypeSampledImage**. This type is opaque: values of this type have no defined physical size or bit pattern.

Sampled Type is the type of the components that result from sampling or reading from this image type. Must be a scalar numerical type or **OpTypeVoid**.

Dim is the image dimensionality (Dim).

All the following literals are integers taking one operand each.

Depth is whether or not this image is a depth image. (Note that whether or not depth comparisons are actually done is a property of the sampling opcode, not of this type declaration.)
0 indicates not a depth image
1 indicates a depth image
2 means no indication as to whether this is a depth or non-depth image
Arrayed must be one of the following indicated values:
0 indicates non-arrayed content
1 indicates arrayed content

MS must be one of the following indicated values: 0 indicates single-sampled content 1 indicates multisampled content

Sampled indicates whether or not this image is accessed in combination with a sampler, and must be one of the following values: 0 indicates this is only known at run time, not at compile time 1 indicates an image compatible with sampling operations 2 indicates an image compatible with read/write operations (a storage or subpass data image).

Image Format is the Image Format, which can be **Unknown**, as specified by the client API.

If *Dim* is **SubpassData**, *Sampled* must be 2, *Image Format* must be **Unknown**, and the Execution Model must be **Fragment**.

Access Qualifier is an image Access Qualifier.

| 9 + | 25 | Result | <id></id> | Dim | Literal | Literal | Literal | Literal | Image | Optional |
|----------|----|-----------|-----------|-----|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------------|
| variable | | <id></id> | Sampled | | Depth | Arrayed | MS | Sampled | Format | Access Qualifier |
| | | | Туре | | | | | | | Quaimer |

| OpTypeSampler | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|------------------|------------------------|-----|--|--|
| Declare the sampler type. Consume OpSampledImage . This type is opa this type have no defined physical si | que: values of | | | | | |
| 2 26 | | Result <id></id> | | | | |
| OpTypeSampledImage Declare a sampled image type, the or an externally combined sampler a values of this type have no defined p <i>Image Type</i> must be an OpTypeIma the combined sampler and image ty SubpassData . Additionally, starting a <i>Dim</i> of Buffer . | | | | | | |
| 3 27 | Result <id></id> | | <id> Image Ty</id> | /pe | | |
| OpTypeArray | | | | | | |
| Declare a new array type. <i>Element Type</i> is the type of each element in the array. <i>Length</i> is the number of elements in the array. It must be at least 1. <i>Length</i> must come from a <i>constant instruction</i> of an <i>integer-type</i> scalar whose value is at least 1. | | | | | | |
| Array elements are numbered conse | ecutively, starting | with 0. | | | | |

| 4 | 28 | Result <id></id> | < <i>id</i> > | <id></id> |
|---|----|------------------|---------------|-----------|
| | | | Element Type | Length |

| OpTypeRuntimeArray Declare a new run-time array type. Its length is not known at compile time. | | | Capability: Shader |
|--|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Element Ty | vpe is the type of each el | ement in the array. | |
| See OpAri | rayLength for getting the | | |
| 3 | 29 | Result <id></id> | <id> Element Type</id> |

| OpTypeStruct | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Declare a new structure type |). | | | |
| member 0, the next is memb members. If an operand is not yet defin | er 1, It is valid fo ed, it must be define | | | |
| 2 + variable | where the type pointed to is an OpTypeStruct . 2 + variable 30 <i>Result <id></id></i> | | | |

| OpTypeOpaque | | | Capability: |
|--|--|------------------|---|
| Declare a structure type with no body specified. | | | Kernel |
| 3 + variable 31 | | Result <id></id> | <i>Literal</i> The name of the opaque type. |

| ОрТуре | Pointer | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| Declare | a new pointer type | | | |
| to. If the OpType Storage | e Class is the Stora ere was a forward r ForwardPointer, e Class of this instr the type of the obj | | | |
| 4 | 32 | Result <id></id> | Storage Class | <id> Type</id> |

| OpTypeFunction | | | | | |
|--|---|------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Declare a new function | n type. | | | | |
| OpFunction uses this | to declare the | return type and parame | eter types of a function. | | |
| concrete or abstract ty value, <i>Return Type</i> mu | Return Type is the type of the return value of functions of this type. It must be a concrete or abstract type, or a pointer to such a type. If the function has no return value, <i>Return Type</i> must be OpTypeVoid . Parameter N Type is the type <i><id></id></i> of the type of parameter N. It must not be OpTypeVoid . | | | | |
| 3 + variable | <id>, <id>, Parameter 0 Type, Parameter 1 Type, </id></id> | | | | |

| OpTypeEvent Declare an Open | CL event type. | Capability: Kernel |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 2 | 34 | Result <id></id> |

| OpTypeDeviceEvent | | Capability: | |
|---|----|------------------|--|
| Declare an OpenCL device-side event type. | | DeviceEnqueue | |
| 2 35 | | Result <id></id> | |
| OpTypeReserveld | | Capability: | |
| Declare an OpenCL reservation id type. | | Pipes | |
| 2 | 36 | Result <id></id> | |
| OpTypeQueue | | Capability: | |
| Declare an OpenCL queue type. | | DeviceEnqueue | |
| 2 37 | | Result <id></id> | |

| ОрТуреРіре | | | Capability: Pipes | |
|---|----|------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Declare an OpenCL pipe type. | | | ripes | |
| Qualifier is the pipe access qualifier. | | | | |
| 3 | 38 | Result <id></id> | Access Qualifier Qualifier | |

| ОрТуреFo | rwardPointer | | Capability: |
|--|----------------------------|--|---------------|
| Declare the | e storage class for a forw | Addresses, PhysicalStorageBufferAddresse s | |
| Pointer Type is a forward reference to the result of an OpTypePointer . That OpTypePointer instruction must declare <i>Pointer Type</i> to be a pointer to an OpTypeStruct . Any consumption of <i>Pointer Type</i> before its OpTypePointer declaration must be a type-declaration instruction. <i>Storage Class</i> is the Storage Class of the memory holding the object pointed to. | | | |
| 3 | 39 | <id> Pointer Type</id> | Storage Class |

| OpTypePipeStorage | | Capability: PipeStorage | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Declare the OpenCL pipe-storage type. | | Missing before version 1.1. | |
| 2 322 | | Result <id></id> | |
| | | | |
| OpTypeNamedB | arrier | Capability: NamedBarrier | |
| Declare the name | ed-barrier type. | | |
| | | Missing before version 1.1. | |
| 2 | 327 | Result <id></id> | |

| Οр٦ | OpTypeCooperativeMatrixKHR | | | | Capability: CooperativeMatrixKHR | | |
|-----|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Res | Reserved. | | | | | Reserved. | |
| 7 | 4456 | Result <id></id> | <id> Component Type</id> | Scope <id> Scope</id> | <id> Rows</id> | <id> Columns</id> | <id> Use</id> |

| OpTypeRayQueryKHR Reserved. | | Capability: RayQueryKHR Reserved. | |
|---------------------------------------|------|--|--|
| 2 4472 | | Result <id></id> | |
| | | | |
| OpTypeHitObjectNV Reserved. | | Capability: ShaderInvocationReorderNV | |
| | | Reserved. | |
| 2 | 5281 | Result <id></id> | |

| OpTypeAccelerationStructureKHR (OpTypeAccelerationStructureNV) | | Capability: RayTracingNV, RayTracingKHR, RayQueryKHR | | |
|---|------|---|--|--|
| Reserved. | | Reserved. | | |
| 2 | 5341 | Result <id></id> | | |

| OpTypeCooperativeMatrixNV | | | | Capability: CooperativeMatrixNV | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Reserved. | | | | Reserved. | | |
| 6 | 5358 | Result <id></id> | <id> Component Type</id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Rows</id> | <id> Columns</id> |
| ОрТ | ypeBufferS | SurfaceINTEL | | | Capability: | nuteINTEI |

| Reserved. | | VectorComputeINTEL | |
|-----------|------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | Reserved. |
| 3 | 6086 | Result <id></id> | Access Qualifier AccessQualifier |

| OpTypeStructContinuedINTEL Reserved. | | Capability: LongCompositesINTEL Reserved. |
|---|------|--|
| 1 + variable | 6090 | <id>, <id>, Member 0 type, member 1 type, </id></id> |

3.52.7. Constant-Creation Instructions

| ОрСо | nstantTrue | |
|--------|---------------------------|------------------|
| Declar | e a true Boolean-t | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be the | |
| 3 | 41 | Result <id></id> |

| OpConsta | ntFalse | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|------------------|
| Declare a f | alse Boolean-type scala | | |
| Result Type | e must be the scalar Boo | olean type. | |
| 3 42 <id><id><id>Result Type</id></id></id> | | | Result <id></id> |

| OpConstant | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Declare a new integer | -type or floating | <i>point-type</i> scalar cons | tant. | | | |
| Result Type must be a | a scalar <i>integer</i> | type or floating-point ty | pe. | | | |
| | <i>Value</i> is the bit pattern for the constant. Types 32 bits wide or smaller take one word. Larger types take multiple words, with low-order words appearing first. | | | | | |
| 4 + variable | | | | | | |

| OpConstantCompos | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Declare a new compos | site constant. | | | | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> must be a members/elements/co <i>Constituents</i> . The orde <i>Type</i> and the <i>Constitue</i> | | | | | | |
| Constituents become a components of a vector Constituent for each to The Constituents must Type. The Constituents declarations or an Opt | | | | | | |
| 3 + variable | • | | | | | |

| OpConstantSampler | | | | | Capability: LiteralSampler | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Declare a new sampler constant. | | | | · | | |
| Resu | <i>Ilt Type</i> mus | t be OpTypeSam p | oler. | | | |
| | oler Address oler Address | sing Mode is the ad sing Mode. | ddressing mode; a | a literal from | | |
| <i>Param</i> is a 32-bit integer and is one of: 0: Non Normalized 1: Normalized | | | | | | |
| Sampler Filter Mode is the filter mode; a literal from Sampler Filter Mode. | | | | | | |
| 6 | 45 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Sampler Addressing Mode | Literal Param | Sampler Filter Mode |

| OpCons | tantNull | | |
|---|--|---------------------------|------------------|
| Declare a | a new null constant value. | | |
| - Scalar E - Scalar i - Scalar f - All othe - Compos according | loating point: +0.0 (all bits r scalars: Abstract sites: Members are set rea g to the null value of their | | |
| - | <i>pe</i> must be one of the foll or vector <i>Boolean type</i> | owing types: | |
| | or vector integer type or vector floating-point typ | 0 | |
| - Pointer | | | |
| - Event ty | | | |
| | side event type ation id type | | |
| - Queue | | | |
| - Compo | site type | | |
| 3 | 46 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> |

| OpSpecCo | onstantTrue | | |
|--|---|------------------|--|
| Declare a value of tru | Boolean-type scalar spec .e . | | |
| This instruction can be specialized to become either an OpConstantTrue or OpConstantFalse instruction. | | | |
| Result Typ | e must be the scalar Boo | olean type. | |
| See Specialization. | | | |
| 3 | 48 | Result <id></id> | |

| OpSpecCo | nstantFalse | | |
|------------------------------------|--|------------|------------------|
| Declare a E value of fal | Boolean-type scalar spec se . | | |
| | tion can be specialized ntTrue or OpConstantF | | |
| Result Type | e must be the scalar Boo | lean type. | |
| See Specialization. | | | |
| 3 49 <id> Result Type</id> | | | Result <id></id> |

| OpSpecConstant | | | | |
|---|------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Declare a new integer | type or floating | <i>point-type</i> scalar speci | alization constant. | |
| Result Type must be a | scalar integer | type or floating-point typ | pe. | |
| <i>Value</i> is the bit pattern for the default value of the constant. Types 32 bits wide or smaller take one word. Larger types take multiple words, with low-order words appearing first. | | | | |
| This instruction can be | e specialized to | become an OpConstan | nt instruction. | |
| See Specialization. | | | | |
| 4 + variable | 50 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Literal Value |

| OpSpecConstantCon | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--------------|
| Declare a new compos | site specializatio | on constant. | | |
| Result Type must be a members/elements/con <i>Constituents</i> . The orde <i>Type</i> and the <i>Constitue</i> | | | | |
| components of a vector <i>Constituent</i> for each to The <i>Constituents</i> must the result. The <i>Constitu</i> constant declarations, | or, or columns o op-level membe t appear in the o <i>uents</i> must be t or an OpUnde | tructure, or elements of f a matrix. There must I r/element/component/c order needed by the de he < <i>id</i> > of other specia | be exactly one olumn of the result. finition of the type of lization constants, | |
| 3 + variable | Result <id></id> | <id>, <id>,</id></id> | | |
| | 51 | <id> Result Type</id> | iteeun sur | Constituents |

OpSpecConstantOp

Declare a new specialization constant that results from doing an operation.

Result Type must be the type required by the *Result Type* of *Opcode*.

Opcode is an unsigned 32-bit integer. It must equal one of the following opcodes. OpSConvert, OpUConvert (missing before version 1.4), **OpFConvert** OpSNegate, OpNot, OpIAdd, OpISub OpIMul, OpUDiv, OpSDiv, OpUMod, OpSRem, OpSMod OpShiftRightLogical, OpShiftRightArithmetic, **OpShiftLeftLogical** OpBitwiseOr, OpBitwiseXor, OpBitwiseAnd OpVectorShuffle, OpCompositeExtract, OpCompositeInsert OpLogicalOr, OpLogicalAnd, OpLogicalNot, OpLogicalEqual, OpLogicalNotEqual OpSelect **OplEqual**, **OplNotEqual** OpULessThan, OpSLessThan OpUGreaterThan, OpSGreaterThan OpULessThanEqual, OpSLessThanEqual OpUGreaterThanEqual, OpSGreaterThanEqual If the Shader capability was declared, OpQuantizeToF16 is also valid.

If the **Kernel** capability was declared, the following opcodes are also valid:

OpConvertFToS, OpConvertSToF OpConvertFToU, OpConvertUToF OpUConvert, OpConvertPtrToU, OpConvertUToPtr OpGenericCastToPtr, OpPtrCastToGeneric, OpBitcast OpFNegate, OpFAdd, OpFSub, OpFMul, OpFDiv, OpFRem, OpFMod OpAccessChain, OpInBoundsAccessChain OpPtrAccessChain, OpInBoundsPtrAccessChain

Operands are the operands required by *opcode*, and satisfy the semantics of *opcode*. In addition, all *Operands* that are *<id>s* must be either:

- the *<id>s* of other constant instructions, or

- OpUndef, when allowed by opcode, or

- for the AccessChain named opcodes, their Base is allowed to be

a global (module scope) **OpVariable** instruction.

See Specialization.

| | 52 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Literal Opcode | <id>, <id>, Operands</id></id> |
|--|----|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
|--|----|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|

| OpCons | stantCompositeR | Capability: ReplicatedComposites | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|------|--|--|---|--|
| Reserve | ed. | EXT | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Reserved. | |
| 4 | 4461 | <id> Result Type</id> | | Result <id></id> | | <id> Value</id> | |
| Reserved. | | | | | | Capability: ReplicatedComposites EXT Reserved. | |
| 4 | 4462 | <id> Result Type</id> | | Result <id></id> | | <id> Value</id> | |
| OpCons | stantCompositeC | ontinuedINT | EL | | Capability: | | |
| Reserve | h | | | | LongCompo | ositesINTEL | |
| 11000110 | | | | | Reserved. | | |
| 1 + varia | able | | 6091 | | <id>, <id>, Constituents</id></id> | | |
| OpSpec | OpSpecConstantCompositeContinuedINTEL Capability: | | | | | | |
| Reserved. | | | | | LongCompo | ositesINTEL | |
| | | | | | Reserved. | | |
| 1 + variable 6092 | | | | <id>, <id>, Constituents</id></id> | | | |

3.52.8. Memory Instructions

| OpVariable | | | | | |
|---|--|--|---|---------------|---|
| Allocate an object i be used with OpLo | | | | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> must b type of object in me | | ePointer. Its Type | operand is the | | |
| Storage Class is the object. It must not the Class operand of the memory is allocated invocation for each invocation's memory termination instruct allocated by. | be Generic . he <i>Result Ty</i> ed on executi dynamic ins ry is dealloca | It must be the sam pe. If Storage Class on of the instruction stance of the function ated when it execut | e as the <i>Storage</i> s is Function , the n for the current on. The current tes any function | | |
| <i>Initializer</i> is optional of the variable's me <i>constant instruction</i> instruction. <i>Initialize</i> to by <i>Result Type</i> . | emory conte n or a global | | | | |
| 4 + variable | 59 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Storage Class | Optional < <i>id></i> <i>Initializer</i> |

| Opl | mageTexelP | ointer | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|-------------------|---|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Forr | m a pointer to tomic operati | | | | | |
| ope | | t be an OpTypePo e. Its <i>Type</i> operand | | - | | |
| The poir | Sampled Ty | | nage must be the | be OpTypeImage . e same as the <i>Type</i> e must not be | 2 | |
| | ordinate and s ge to form a j | S <i>ample</i> specify wh pointer to. | ich texel and sa | mple within the | | |
| num | nber of comp | be a scalar or vec onents specified be ds of the type of the | elow, given the f | • • | | |
| 1D: 2D: 3D: Cub Rec | rrayed is 0: scalar 2 componen 3 componen oe: 3 compone ct: 2 compone fer: scalar | ts ents | | | | |
| 1D: 2D: Cub com floor | nponent, <i>laye</i> r(<i>layer_face</i> / | ts ents; the face and <i>r_face</i> , such that fa 6) | ace is layer_face | % 6 and layer is | | |
| sele | ect at the give | an <i>integer type</i> sc en coordinate. Beha value 0 when the | avior is undefine | d unless it is a | | |
| 6 | 60 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | <id> Sample</id> |

| OpLoad | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Load through a po | ointer. | | | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> is the fixed size; i.e., it n OpTypeRuntime | nust not be, r | | | | |
| OpTypePointer w If present, any <i>Me</i> operand literal. If | vhose <i>Type</i> o e <i>mory Operal</i> not present, i | rough. Its type musperand is the same perand is the same ands must begin wit t is the same as sp | e as <i>Result Type</i> . h a memory | | |
| memory operand | None. | | | | |
| 4 + variable | 61 | <id> Pointer</id> | Optional Memory Operands | | |
| OpStore | | | | | |

| OpStore | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Store through a pointe | | | | | |
| <i>Pointer</i> is the pointer to <i>Type</i> operand is the sa | | | | | |
| Object is the object to | store. | | | | |
| If present, any <i>Memor</i> present, it is the same | | | | | |
| 3 + variable | Optional <i>Memory Operands</i> | | | | |

OpCopyMemory Copy from the memory pointed to by Source to the memory pointed to by Target. Both operands must be non-void pointers and having the same *<id>Type* operand in their **OpTypePointer** type declaration. Matching Storage Class is not required. The amount of memory copied is the size of the type pointed to. The copied type must have a fixed size; i.e., it must not be, nor include, any OpTypeRuntimeArray types. If present, any *Memory Operands* must begin with a memory operand literal. If not present, it is the same as specifying the memory operand **None**. Before **version 1.4**, at most one memory operands mask can be provided. Starting with version 1.4 two masks can be provided, as described in Memory Operands. If no masks or only one mask is present, it applies to both Source and Target. If two masks are present, the first applies to Target and must not include MakePointerVisible, and the second applies to Source and must not include MakePointerAvailable. 3 + variable 63 <id> Optional Optional <id> Target Source Memory Memory Operands Operands

| OpCopyMemo Copy from the r Target. | - | Capability: Addresses | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Size is the number of bytes to copy. It must have a scalar integer type. If it is a constant instruction, the constant value must not be 0. It is invalid for both the constant's type to have <i>Signedness</i> of 1 and to have the sign bit set. Otherwise, as a run-time value, <i>Size</i> is treated as unsigned, and if its value is 0, no memory access is made. | | | | | | | | |
| literal. If not pre None. Before v provided. Starti described in Me present, it applies | esent, it is the ersion 1.4 ang with vertice emory Operative estimation to <i>Target a</i> lies to <i>Sou</i> | berands must be he same as spec , at most one me rsion 1.4 two ma erands. If no ma Source and Targ and must not incl prce and must no | bifying the memory emory operands asks can be provest sks or only one provest sks or only on provest sks or only | ory operand mask can be vided, as mask is are present, | | | | |
| 4 + variable | 64 | <id> Target</id> | <id> Source</id> | <id> Size</id> | Optional Memory Operands | Optional Memory Operands | | |

| OpAccessChain | | | |
|--|--|---|----------|
| Create a pointer into | a composite object. | | |
| the type reached by v last provided index in | an OpTypePointer . Its <i>Type</i> walking the <i>Base's</i> type hiera <i>Indexes</i> , and its <i>Storage Cla</i> Storage Class of <i>Base</i> . | rchy down to the | |
| Base must be a point | ter, pointing to the base of a | composite object. | |
| down to scalar granu level member/elemer All composite constitu by their OpType in that result, and so on | e hierarchy to the desired deplarity. The first index in <i>Index</i> nt/component/element of the uents use zero-based numberstruction. The second index n. Once any non-composite tynaining (unused) indexes. | es selects the top- base composite. ering, as described applies similarly to | |
| is in bounds for select - if indexing into a vector | integer type ucture, must be an OpCons | result type being | |
| | | | ., . |

| 4 + variable | 65 | <id></id> | Result <id></id> | < <i>i</i> d> | <id>, <id>,</id></id> |
|--------------|----|-------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| | | Result Type | | Base | Indexes |

| OpInBoundsA | ccessChai | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|--|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | s OpAccessChain , wn to point within the | | at | |
| 4 + variable | 66 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Base</id> | <id>, <id>, Indexes</id></id> |

OpPtrAccessChain Capability: Addresses, VariablePointers, Has the same semantics as OpAccessChain, with the addition of the VariablePointersStorageBuff Element operand. er. **PhysicalStorageBufferAddre** Base is treated as the address of an element in an array, and a new sses element address is computed from Base and Element to become the **OpAccessChain** Base to walk the type hierarchy as per **OpAccessChain**. This computed *Base* has the same type as the originating Base. To compute the new element address, *Element* is treated as a signed count of elements E, relative to the original Base element B, and the address of element B + E is computed using enough precision to avoid overflow and underflow. For objects in the **Uniform**, **StorageBuffer**, or PushConstant storage classes, the element's address or location is calculated using a stride, which will be the Base-type's Array Stride if the Base type is decorated with ArrayStride. For all other objects, the implementation calculates the element's address or location. With one exception, undefined behavior results when B + E is not an element in the same array (same innermost array, if array types are nested) as *B*. The exception being when B + E = L, where *L* is the length of the array: the address computation for element L is done with the same stride as any other B + E computation that stays within the array. Note: If Base is typed to be a pointer to an array and the desired operation is to select an element of that array, OpAccessChain should be directly used, as its first Index selects the array element. 5 + variable 67 <id> Result <id> <id> <id> <id>, <id>, ...

| ОрА | ArrayLength | | Capability: Shader | | |
|-----|--|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Len | gth of a run-time | array. | onador | | |
| | ult Type must be nedness. | an OpTypeInt with 32 | | | |
| | <i>icture</i> must be a member is a run | logical pointer to an C n-time array. | pTypeStruct whose | | |
| men | nber of the struc | unsigned 32-bit intege ture that <i>Structure</i> poi be from OpTypeRun | | | |
| 5 | 68 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Structure</id> | Literal Array member |

Base

Element

Indexes

Result Type

| - | ericPtrMemSema | mack hits act for the | Capability: Kernel | |
|---------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| | Class for the spec | mask bits set for the Class of <i>Pointer</i> . | | |
| Pointer | must point to Gen | eric Storage Class. | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be an O | pTypeInt with 32-bit Width | and 0 Signedness. | |
| 4 | 69 | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | |

| | semantics | Chain as OpPtrAccess own to point with | | | Capability: Addresses | |
|--------------|-----------|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 5 + variable | 70 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Base</id> | <id> Element</id> | <id>, <id>, Indexes</id></id> |

| OpPtr | Equal | | Missing before versi | on 1.4. |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| value. differe | Result is false nt values. | a <i>Boolean type</i> scala | | |
| The ty | 51 | d 1 and Operand 2 mi | | |
| 5 | 401 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpPtr | NotEqual | | Missing before versi | on 1.4. | |
|--------|---|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | . Result is fals | rand 1 and Operand 2 e if Operand 1 and O | | | |
| Result | <i>t Type</i> must be | a Boolean type scala | r. | | |
| | pes of <i>Operan</i> pePointer of th | <i>d 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> m ne same type. | | | |
| 5 | 402 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |

| to Operand 2 to get to Result Type must be signed value, as nega- independently of the the low-order N bits of computed with enoug- underflow and Result The units of Result Ty same value you woul OpPtrAccessChain . The types of Operand OpTypePointer of ex- that can be aggregate Operand 1 and Opera- range [0, L], where el representative address elements in the array. Base operand of OpF | an <i>integer type</i> scalar ative differences are a signed bit in the type. of the correct result <i>R</i> , gh precision to avoid of <i>t Type</i> has a bitwidth of <i>t T</i> | r. It is computed as a allowed, The result equals where R is overflow and of N bits. ments. I.e., the operand to ust be and point to a type in array of length L , r element in the e array but has a same stride as d 1 must be a valid havior is undefined if | Capability: Addresses, Variable VariablePointersSto Missing before version | orageBuffer |
|--|--|--|---|-------------------------|
| 5 403 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpCooperat Reserved. | | | | | | | Capability: CooperativeMatrixKHR Reserved. | |
|--------------------------------|------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| 5 + variable | 4457 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | <id> MemoryLay out</id> | Optional <id> Stride</id> | Optional Memory Operands Memory Operand | |

| Reserved. | | | | | | eMatrixKHR |
|--------------|------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| | | | | | | Reserved. |
| 4 + variable | 4458 | <id> Pointer</id> | <id> Object</id> | <id> MemoryLayout</id> | Optional <id> Stride</id> | Optional Memory Operands Memory Operand |

| OpRawAcc | OpRawAccessChainNV Reserved. | | | | | Capability: RawAcces | sChainsNV | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| 7 + variable | 5398 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Base</id> | <id> Byte stride</id> | <id> Element index</id> | Reserved. <id> Byte offset</id> | Optional Raw Access Chain Operands |

| Opl | /laskedGa | therINTEL | Capability: MaskedGatherScatterINTE | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|---------------------------|--|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Reserved. | | | | | | L Reserved. | |
| 7 | 6428 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> PtrVector</id> | Literal Alignment | <id> Mask</id> | <id> FillEmpty</id> |

| ОрМа | skedScatterII | NTEL | Capability: MaskedGatherScatterINTEL | | |
|-------|---------------|---------------------------|---|--------------------|--|
| Reser | Reserved. | | | Reserved. | |
| 5 | 6429 | <id> InputVector</id> | Literal Alignment | <id> Mask</id> | |

3.52.9. Function Instructions

| OpFu | nction | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| Add a function. This instruction must be immediately followed by one OpFunctionParameter instruction per each formal parameter of this function. This function's body or declaration terminates with the next OpFunctionEnd instruction. <i>Result Type</i> must be the same as the <i>Return Type</i> declared in <i>Function Type</i> . <i>Function Type</i> is the result of an OpTypeFunction , which declares the types of the return value and parameters of the function. | | | | | | |
| 5 | 54 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Functi | on Control | <id> Function Type</id> |
| OpFu | nctionParame | ter | | | | |
| Declar | re a formal par | ameter of the curren | t function. | | | |
| Result | <i>t Type</i> is the ty | pe of the parameter. | | | | |
| This instruction must immediately follow an OpFunction or OpFunctionParameter instruction. The order of contiguous OpFunctionParameter instructions is the same order arguments are listed in an OpFunctionCall instruction to this function. It is also the same order in which <i>Parameter Type</i> operands are listed in the OpTypeFunction of the <i>Function Type</i> operand for this function's OpFunction instruction. | | | | | | |
| 3 | 55 | <id> Resu</id> | | Result <id></id> | | |
| OpFu | nctionEnd | | | | | |

| OpFunctionEnd | |
|---------------------------------|----|
| Last instruction of a function. | |
| 1 | 56 |

| OpFunctionCall | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------|--|
| Call a function. | | | | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> is the the same as the <i>F</i> of the <i>Function</i> op | Return Type o | | | | |
| <i>Function</i> is an Op reference. | Function ins | truction. This could | l be a forward | | |
| Argument N is the | object to cop | by to parameter N o | of Function. | | |
| information: Resu | <i>It Type</i> must i | because there is r match the <i>Return T</i> ent types must mat | <i>ype</i> of the | | |
| 4 + variable | 57 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Function</id> | <id>, <id>, Argument 0, Argument 1, </id></id> |

3.52.10. Image Instructions

| OpS | ampledImage | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|--|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Crea imag | | nage, containing b | | | | | | |
| | 21 | e the OpTypeSam d is the type of <i>Ima</i> | se | | | | | |
| Sam Subp opera | bled operand is bassData. Addi and must not be | whose type is an O 0 or 1, and whose tionally, starting wi e Buffer . | | | | | | |
| 5 | 86 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | | | | |

| OpImageSampleImplicitLod | | | | Capability: Shader | |
|--|-------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Sample an image with an implicit le | vel of detail. | | | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> must be a vector of fou <i>integer type</i> . Its components must a underlying OpTypeImage (unless the OpTypeVoid). | e the same as S | Sampled Type | of the | | |
| Sampled Image must be an object OpTypeImage must not have a <i>Dir</i> underlying OpTypeImage must be | - | | | | |
| <i>Coordinate</i> must be a scalar or vec [, <i>array layer</i>]) as needed by the vector larger than needed, but all u components. | definition of Sam | npled Image. I | It may be a | | |
| Image Operands encodes what operation of the second | erands follow, as | per Image Op | perands. | | |
| This instruction is only valid in the I consumes an implicit derivative that | | | | | |
| 5 + variable 87 <id> Result Type</id> | | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | Optional Image Operands | Optional <id>, <id>, </id></id> |

| OpImageS | ampleEx | xplicitLod | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Sample an | image u | sing an expli | cit level of de | etail. | | | | | | |
| Result Type must be a vector of four components of <i>floating-point type</i> or <i>integer type</i> . Its components must be the same as <i>Sampled Type</i> of the underlying OpTypeImage (unless that underlying <i>Sampled Type</i> is OpTypeVoid). | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sampled Image must be an object whose type is OpTypeSampledImage . Its OpTypeImage must not have a <i>Dim</i> of Buffer . The <i>MS</i> operand of the underlying OpTypeImage must be 0. | | | | | | | | | | |
| contains (<i>u</i> Unless the vector large component | <i>Coordinate</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> or <i>integer type</i> . It contains $(u[, v] \dots [, array layer])$ as needed by the definition of <i>Sampled Image</i> . Unless the Kernel capability is declared, it must be floating point. It may be a vector larger than needed, but all unused components appear after all used components. | | | | | | | | | |
| | <i>Image Operands</i> encodes what operands follow, as per Image Operands. Either Lod or Grad image operands must be present. | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 + variable | 88 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | lmage Operands | <id></id> | Optional <id>, <id>, </id></id> | | |

| | Capability: Shader | |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| 6 + 89 < <i>id> Result id> Sampled Dref Coordinate</i> | Optional Image Operands | Optional < <i>id>, <id>,</id></i> |

| | - | DrefExplic doing dept | | on using ar | n explicit lev | vel of | Capability: Shader | | | |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | | | - | | <i>ting-point t</i> y ng OpType | | | | | |
| Sampled Image must be an object whose type is OpTypeSampledImage. Its OpTypeImage must not have a <i>Dim</i> of Buffer. The <i>MS</i> operand of the underlying OpTypeImage must be 0. | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>u</i> [, <i>v</i>] [, | <i>array la</i> /ector la | <i>yer</i>]) as nee arger than r | eded by the | definition of | oint type. It of of <i>Sampled</i> component | Image. It | | | | |
| D _{ref} is the c point type | | omparison | reference v | alue. It mus | st be a 32-b | it floating- | | | | |
| • . | Image Operands encodes what operands follow, as per Image Operands. Either Lod or Grad image operands must be present. | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 + variable | 90 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinat e</id> | <id> D_{ref}</id> | lmage Operands | <id></id> | Optional < <i>id>,</i> < <i>id>,</i> | |

| OpImageSar Sample an in | | • | coordinate an | d an implicit le | evel of detail. | Capability: Shader | |
|--|---|--|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Result Type r integer type. | nust be a Its compo pTypelma | vector of four ments must be | components of the same as | of floating-poin Sampled Type Sampled Type | <i>t type</i> or e of the | | |
| Sampled Ima The <i>Dim</i> ope Rect , and the | rand of th | - | | | | | |
| Coordinate m as needed by consumed fo (<i>u/q</i> [, <i>v/q</i>] [, n vector larger components. | / the defin r the proj∉ w/q]), as r | nent oordinate is e. It may be a | | | | | |
| Image Opera | nds enco | des what oper | ands follow, a | s per Image O | perands. | | |
| This instruction consumes ar | | - | | | | | |
| 5 + variable | 91 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | Optional Image Operands | Optional <id>, <id>, </id></id> |

| OpImageS Sample an Result Type type. Its co OpTypeIm Sampled In Dim operan the Arrayed Coordinate needed by the projecti as needed needed, bu Image Ope Lod or Gra | Capability: Shader | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| 7 + variable | 92 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | lmage Operands | <id></id> | Optional <id>, <id>,</id></id> |

| OpImageSam Sample an ima implicit level of | age with a pro | mplicitLod | doing depth- | comparison, | with an | Capability: Shader | | |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | ar of <i>integer type</i> ne underlying Or | • • | | nust be the | | | |
| Sampled Imag Dim operand o the Arrayed ar | - | | | | | | | |
| Coordinate mu needed by the the projective as needed by needed, but al | nsumed for //q] [, <i>w</i> /q]), er than | | | | | | | |
| D_{ref}/q is the de type scalar. | epth-comparis | on reference val | ue. <i>D_{ref}</i> must | be a 32-bit fi | loating-point | | | |
| Image Operar | nds encodes v | /hat operands fo | llow, as per li | mage Operar | nds. | | | |
| | This instruction is only valid in the Fragment Execution Model. In addition, it consumes an implicit derivative that can be affected by code motion. | | | | | | | |
| 6 + 93 variable | 3 <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | <id> D_{ref}</id> | Optional Image Operands | Optional <id>, <id>, </id></id> | |

| OpImageSampleProjDrefExplicitLod | Capability: Shader | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------|--|
| Sample an image with a project coordinate, doing depth-comparison, using an explicit level of detail. | | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> must be a scalar of <i>integer type</i> or <i>floating-point type</i> . It must be the same as <i>Sampled Type</i> of the underlying OpTypeImage . | | | |
| Sampled Image must be an object whose type is OpTypeSampledImage. The <i>Dim</i> operand of the underlying OpTypeImage must be 1D, 2D, 3D, or Rect , and the <i>Arrayed</i> and <i>MS</i> operands must be 0. | | | |
| Coordinate must be a vector of floating-point type. It contains $(u[, v] [, w], q)$, as needed by the definition of Sampled Image, with the q component consumed for the projective division. That is, the actual sample coordinate is $(u/q [, v/q] [, w/q])$, as needed by the definition of Sampled Image. It may be a vector larger than needed, but all unused components appear after all used components. | | | |
| D_{ref}/q is the depth-comparison reference value. D_{ref} must be a 32-bit <i>floating-point type</i> scalar. | | | |
| <i>Image Operands</i> encodes what operands follow, as per Image Operands. Either Lod or Grad image operands must be present. | | | |
| 8 + variable 94 < <i>id>id>Result</i> <i>Result</i> <i>Type id>Sampled</i> <i>Image e id>Coordinat</i> | lmage Operands | <id></id> | Optional < <i>id>,</i> < <i>id>,</i> |

| OpImageFet | ch | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Fetch a singl | e texel fro | m an image w | hose Sample | d operand is 1 | | | |
| Result Type r integer type. underlying O OpTypeVoid | Its compo pTypeIma | e of the | | | | | |
| - | - | ect whose type Sampled opera | | age. Its <i>Dim</i> c | perand must | | |
| | | scalar or vecto d by the definit | | | (<i>U</i> [, <i>V</i>] [, | | |
| Image Opera | ands enco | des what oper | ands follow, a | s per Image O | perands. | | |
| 5 + variable | 95 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | Optional Image Operands | Optional < <i>id>, <id>,</id></i> |

| OpImage | Bather | | | | | | Capability: Shader | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Gathers th | e reques | ted compone | ent from four | texels. | | | | |
| type. Its co | mponent age (unle | e or <i>integer</i> rlying . It has one | | | | | | |
| Sampled II OpTypeIm underlying | age mus | - | | | | | | |
| | | | | ating-point ty Sampled Imag | pe. It contains ge. | s (<i>u</i> [, <i>v</i>] [, | | |
| 32-bit integ | ger type s | scalar. Behav | vior is undef | ined if its valu | our texels. It is not 0, 1, mage Operar | 2 or 3. | | |
| 6 + variable | 96 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | <id> Componen t</id> | Optional Image Operands | Optional <id>, <id>,</id></id> |

| OpImageDr | | | | | | | Capability: Shader | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Result Type type. Its con OpTypeIma | must be nponent | s must be the | four compon e same as S | ents of <i>floati</i> ampled Type | ng-point type of the unde)pTypeVoid) | rlying | | |
| component Sampled Im OpTypeIma underlying (| - | | | | | | | |
| | | a scalar or v led by the de | | • • • • • • | e. It contains e. | S (<i>U</i> [, <i>V</i>] [, | | |
| <i>type</i> scalar. | | | | | 32-bit <i>floatir</i> nage Operar | | | |
| 6 + variable | 97 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | <id> D_{ref}</id> | Optional Image Operands | Optional <i><id>, <id>,</id></id></i> |

| OpImageRe | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Read a texel | from an i | | | | | | | |
| Result Type i must be a sc the OpType | alar or ve | | | | | | | |
| operand of 0 | <i>Image</i> must be an object whose type is OpTypeImage with a <i>Sampled</i> operand of 0 or 2. If the <i>Arrayed</i> operand is 1, then additional capabilities may be required; e.g., ImageCubeArray , or ImageMSArray . | | | | | | | |
| Coordinate must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> or <i>integer type</i> . It contains non-normalized texel coordinates (u [, v] [, <i>array layer</i>]) as needed by the definition of <i>Image</i> . See the client API specification for handling of coordinates outside the image. | | | | | | | | |
| If the <i>Image Dim</i> operand is SubpassData , <i>Coordinate</i> is relative to the current fragment location. See the client API specification for more detail on how these coordinates are applied. | | | | | | | | |
| If the <i>Image Dim</i> operand is not SubpassData , the <i>Image Format</i> must not be Unknown , unless the StorageImageReadWithoutFormat Capability was declared. | | | | | | | | |
| Image Operands encodes what operands follow, as per Image Operands. | | | | | | | | |
| 5 + variable | 98 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | Optional Image Operands | Optional < <i>id>, <id>,</id></i> | |

| OpImageWrite | • | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|--|--|
| Write a texel to an image without a sampler. | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Image</i> must be an object whose type is OpTypeImage with a <i>Sampled</i> operand of 0 or 2. If the <i>Arrayed</i> operand is 1, then additional capabilities may be required; e.g., ImageCubeArray , or ImageMSArray . Its <i>Dim</i> operand must not be SubpassData . | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Coordinate</i> must <i>type</i> . It contains as needed by the handling of coordinate contains as needed by the handling of coordinate contains and the handling of | s non-norm he definitio | | | | | | | |
| | as Sample | It must be a scala <i>d Type</i> of the Op Void). | | | | | | |
| The <i>Image Format</i> must not be Unknown , unless the StorageImageWriteWithoutFormat Capability was declared. | | | | | | | | |
| | | what operands | - | | | | | |
| 4 + variable | 99 | <id></id> | <id></id> | <id></id> | Ontional | Ontional | | |

| 4 + variable | 99 | <id></id> | <id></id> | <id></id> | Optional | Optional |
|--------------|----|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|-----------------------|
| | | Image | Coordinate | Texel | Image | <id>, <id>,</id></id> |
| | | | | | Operands | |

| OpImag | je | | | |
|----------|--|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Extract | the image from a s | | | |
| Result 1 | <i>Type</i> must be OpT | | | |
| | d Image must have e as Result Type. | | | |
| 4 | 100 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> |

| | geQueryFormat | Capability: Kernel | | |
|----------------|---|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Query t | he image format o | | | |
| | <i>Type</i> must be a sca age Channel Data | | | |
| <i>Image</i> r | nust be an object v | | | |
| 4 | 101 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Image</id> |

| | eQueryOrder | Capability: Kernel | | |
|----------|--|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| from Ima | <i>Type</i> must be a sca age Channel Orde nust be an object v | | | |
| 4 | 102 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Image</id> |

| OpImageQuerySi Query the dimensi Detail. | zeLod ons of <i>Image</i> for mipma | Capability: Kernel, ImageQuer | y | | | | |
|---|---|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Result Type must be an integer type scalar or vector. The number of components must be 1 for the 1D dimensionality, 2 for the 2D and Cube dimensionalities, 3 for the 3D dimensionality, plus 1 more if the image type is arrayed. This vector is filled in with (<i>width</i> [, <i>height</i>] [, <i>depth</i>] [, <i>elements</i>]) where <i>elements</i> is the number of layers in an image array, or the number of cubes in a cube-map array. | | | | | | | |
| operand must be one of 1D, 2D, 3D, or Cube, and its <i>MS</i> must be 0. See OpImageQuerySize for querying image types without level of detail. See the client API specification for additional image type restrictions. Level of Detail is used to compute which mipmap level to query, as specified by the client API. | | | | | | | |
| 5 103 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Image</id> | <id> Level of Detail</id> | | | |

| Query the dimensions of Image, with no level of detail. Result Type must be an integer type scalar or vector. The number of components must be: 1 for the 1D and Buffer dimensionalities, 2 for the 2D, Cube, and Rect dimensionalities, 3 for the 3D dimensionality, plus 1 more if the image type is arrayed. This vector is filled in with (width [, height] [, elements]) where elements is the number of layers in an image array or the number of cubes in a cube-map array. Image must be an object whose type is OpTypeImage. Its Dim operand must be one of those listed under Result Type, above. Additionally, if its Dim is 1D, 2D, 3D, or Cube, it must also have either an MS of 1 or a Sampled of 0 or 2. There is no implicit level-of-detail consumed by this instruction. See OpImageQuerySizeLod for querying images having level of detail. See the client API specification for additional image type restrictions. 4 104 <id><id><id>Result <id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | Oplmaç | geQuerySize | | | | Capability: Kernel, ImageQuery | |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| components must be: 1 for the 1D and Buffer dimensionalities, 2 for the 2D, Cube, and Rect dimensionalities, 3 for the 3D dimensionality, plus 1 more if the image type is arrayed. This vector is filled in with (width [, heighf] [, elements]) where elements is the number of layers in an image array or the number of cubes in a cube-map array. Image must be an object whose type is OpTypeImage. Its Dim operand must be one of those listed under Result Type, above. Additionally, if its Dim is 1D, 2D, 3D, or Cube, it must also have either an MS of 1 or a Sampled of 0 or 2. There is no implicit level-of-detail consumed by this instruction. See OpImageQuerySizeLod for querying images having level of detail. See the client API specification for additional image type restrictions. <id> 4 104 <id><id><id>Result <id><id><id><image< td=""> Query the mipmap level and the level of detail for a Capability: ImageQuery</image<></id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | Query t | he dimensions of I | | | | | |
| 1 for the 1D and Buffer dimensionalities, 2 for the 2D, Cube, and Rect dimensionalities, 3 for the 3D dimensionality, plus 1 more if the image type is arrayed. This vector is filled in with (width [, height] [, elements]) where elements is the number of layers in an image array or the number of cubes in a cube-map array. Image must be an object whose type is OpTypeImage. Its Dim operand must be one of those listed under Result Type, above. Additionally, if its Dim is 1D, 2D, 3D, or Cube, it must also have either an MS of 1 or a Sampled of 0 or 2. There is no implicit level-of-detail consumed by this instruction. See OpImageQuerySizeLod for querying images having level of detail. See the client API specification for additional image type restrictions. 4 104 <id>Result Type OpImageQueryLod Capability: Query the mipmap level and the level of detail for a Capability:</id> | Result [.] | <i>Type</i> must be an in | teger type scalar or vector. | The numb | er of | | |
| 2 for the 2D, Cube, and Rect dimensionalities, 3 for the 3D dimensionality, plus 1 more if the image type is arrayed. This vector is filled in with (width [, height] [, elements]) where elements is the number of layers in an image array or the number of cubes in a cube-map array. Image must be an object whose type is OpTypeImage. Its Dim operand must be one of those listed under Result Type, above. Additionally, if its Dim is 1D, 2D, 3D, or Cube, it must also have either an MS of 1 or a Sampled of 0 or 2. There is no implicit level-of-detail consumed by this instruction. See OpImageQuerySizeLod for querying images having level of detail. See the client API specification for additional image type restrictions. <id><id> <id> <id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | compor | nents must be: | | | | | |
| 3 for the 3D dimensionality, plus 1 more if the image type is arrayed. This vector is filled in with (width [, height] [, elements]) where elements is the number of layers in an image array or the number of cubes in a cube-map array. Image must be an object whose type is OpTypeImage. Its Dim operand must be one of those listed under Result Type, above. Additionally, if its Dim is 1D, 2D, 3D, or Cube, it must also have either an MS of 1 or a Sampled of 0 or 2. There is no implicit level-of-detail consumed by this instruction. See OpImageQuerySizeLod for querying images having level of detail. See the client API specification for additional image type restrictions. 4 104 <id>Result Type 0pImageQueryLod Capability: ImageQuery Query the mipmap level and the level of detail for a Meel of detail for a Capability:</id> | 1 for the | e 1D and Buffer di | mensionalities, | | | | |
| plus 1 more if the image type is arrayed. This vector is filled in with (width [, height] [, elements]) where elements is the number of layers in an image array or the number of cubes in a cube-map array. Image must be an object whose type is OpTypeImage . Its <i>Dim</i> operand must be one of those listed under <i>Result Type</i> , above. Additionally, if its <i>Dim</i> is 1D , 2D , 3D , or Cube , it must also have either an <i>MS</i> of 1 or a <i>Sampled</i> of 0 or 2. There is no implicit level-of-detail consumed by this instruction. See OpImageQuerySizeLod for querying images having level of detail. See the client API specification for additional image type restrictions. <id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><i< td=""><td>2 for the</td><td>e 2D, Cube, and R</td><td>ect dimensionalities,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></i<></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | 2 for the | e 2D, Cube, and R | ect dimensionalities, | | | | |
| height] [, elements]) where elements is the number of layers in an image array or the number of cubes in a cube-map array. Image must be an object whose type is OpTypeImage. Its Dim operand must be one of those listed under Result Type, above. Additionally, if its Dim is 1D, 2D, 3D, or Cube, it must also have either an MS of 1 or a Sampled of 0 or 2. There is no implicit level-of-detail consumed by this instruction. See OpImageQuerySizeLod for querying images having level of detail. See the client API specification for additional image type restrictions. 4 104 <id>Result Type <id>Image OpImageQueryLod Capability: ImageQuery Query the mipmap level and the level of detail for a Capability: ImageQuery</id></id> | 3 for the | e 3D dimensionality | y , | | | | |
| 4 104 <id><id><id>Result <id> <id>Image OpImageQueryLod Capability: ImageQuery Query the mipmap level and the level of detail for a</id></id></id></id></id> | height] or the n Image r be one o 2D, 3D, There is OpImag | [, elements]) where umber of cubes in must be an object w of those listed und or Cube , it must a s no implicit level-o geQuerySizeLod | e elements is the number of a cube-map array. whose type is OpTypeImag er <i>Result Type</i> , above. Add also have either an <i>MS</i> of 1 f-detail consumed by this ir for querying images having | f layers in a ge. Its <i>Dim</i> litionally, if i or a <i>Samp</i> nstruction. 3 level of de | operand must its <i>Dim</i> is 1D , <i>bled</i> of 0 or 2. See | | |
| Query the mipmap level and the level of detail for a | 4 104 <i><id> Result</id></i> | | | | /> | | |
| level of detail. | | | | | | | |

| Result Type must be a two-component hoating-point type |
|--|
| vector. |
| The first component of the result contains the mipmap array |
| layer. |
| The second component of the result contains the implicit level |
| of detail relative to the base level. |

Sampled Image must be an object whose type is OpTypeSampledImage. Its OpTypeImage *Dim* operand must be one of 1D, 2D, 3D, or **Cube**, and its *MS* must be 0.

Coordinate must be a scalar or vector of *floating-point type*. It contains (u[, v] ...) as needed by the definition of *Sampled Image*, not including any array layer index.

This instruction is only valid in the **Fragment** Execution Model. In addition, it consumes an implicit derivative that can be affected by code motion.

| 5 105 <id> <id> Result <id> <id> Sampled Image</id></id></id></id> | <id> Coordinate</id> |
|--|--------------------------|
|--|--------------------------|

| Query the Result of International Internatio | <i>Type</i> must be a sca s specified by the nust be an object of 1D , 2D , 3D , or (| client API. whose type is OpType | esult is the number of mipma Image. Its <i>Dim</i> operand must t be 0. See the client API | |
|--|--|--|--|---------------------|
| 4 | 106 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Image</id> |

| Query th Result 7 Image n | <i>Type</i> must be a sca | ples available per texel fetch alar integer type. The result whose type is OpTypeImag | is the number of samples. | Capability: Kernel, ImageQuery |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 4 | 107 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Image</id> |

| OpImageSpa | arseSamı | oleImplicitLoo | k | | | Capability: SparseResid | lencv | | | |
|--|---|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Sample a spa | arse imag | e with an impl | icit level of det | ail. | | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 | | | | |
| Result Type must be an OpTypeStruct with two members. The first member's type must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. It holds a <i>Residency Code</i> that can be passed to OpImageSparseTexeIsResident . The second member must be a vector of four components of <i>floating-point type</i> or <i>integer type</i> . Its components must be the same as <i>Sampled Type</i> of the underlying OpTypeImage (unless that underlying <i>Sampled Type</i> is OpTypeVoid). | | | | | | | | | | |
| OpTypeImag | e must n | be an object w ot have a <i>Dim</i> age must be 0 | of Buffer . The | | | | | | | |
| [, array lay | <i>Coordinate</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> . It contains (u [, v] [, <i>array layer</i>]) as needed by the definition of <i>Sampled Image</i> . It may be a vector larger than needed, but all unused components appear after all used components. | | | | | | | | | |
| Image Opera | Image Operands encodes what operands follow, as per Image Operands. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | valid in the Fr lerivative that o | • | | | | | | | |
| 5 + variable | 305 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | Optional Image Operands | Optional <id>, <id>,</id></id> | | | |

| OpImageS Sample a s | | | Capability: SparseRes | idency | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Result Type must be an OpTypeStruct with two members. The first member's type must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. It holds a <i>Residency Code</i> that can be passed to OpImageSparseTexeIsResident . The second member must be a vector of four components of <i>floating-point type</i> or <i>integer type</i> . Its components must be the same as <i>Sampled Type</i> of the underlying OpTypeImage (unless that underlying <i>Sampled Type</i> is OpTypeVoid). | | | | | | | | | |
| | age mus | t not have a | | | eSampledIm operand of the | - | | | |
| contains (<i>u</i> Unless the vector large | Coordinate must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> or <i>integer type</i> . It contains (u [, v] [, <i>array layer</i>]) as needed by the definition of <i>Sampled Image</i> . Unless the Kernel capability is declared, it must be floating point. It may be a vector larger than needed, but all unused components appear after all used components. | | | | | | | | |
| | | ncodes what operands m | | | mage Operar | nds. Either | | | |
| 7 + variable | 306 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | lmage Operands | <id></id> | Optional <id>, <id>,</id></id> | |

| Result Type type must be passed to O scalar of <i>inte</i> of the under Sampled Im OpTypeIma OpTypeIma Coordinate (array layer) larger than r components D _{ref} is the de type scalar. Image Oper This instruct | must be e an <i>inte</i> plmage eger type lying Op age must age must age must be as need heeded, s. epth-com rands en tion is or | age doing de an OpType <i>eger type</i> sca SparseTexe <i>e</i> or <i>floating</i> - DypeImage at be an objet t not have a t be 0. a scalar or w led by the de but all unuse mparison refe | epth-compar Struct with talar. It holds a ISResident. point type. It ct whose typ Dim of Buffe vector of floa efinition of Sa ed componen vrence value. | two members a <i>Residency</i> The second must be the one is OpType or . The <i>MS</i> of <i>ting-point typ</i> <i>ampled Imag</i> nts appear a It must be a low, as per In | 1 32-bit <i>floatir</i> mage Operar lodel. In add | tember's an be st be a <i>mpled Type</i> age. Its e underlying s (u [, v] [, a vector <i>ng-point</i> nds. | Capability: SparseRes | idency |
|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 6 + variable | 307 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | <id> D_{ref}</id> | Optional Image Operands | Optional <id>, <id>,</id></id> |

| OpImageSparse | SampleDre | fExplicitLo | bd | | | Capability: SparseRe | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Sample a sparse image doing depth-comparison using an explicit level of detail. | | | | | | | | | |
| Result Type must be an OpTypeStruct with two members. The first member's type must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. It holds a <i>Residency</i> <i>Code</i> that can be passed to OpImageSparseTexeIsResident . The second member must be a scalar of <i>integer type</i> or <i>floating-point type</i> . It must be the same as <i>Sampled Type</i> of the underlying OpTypeImage . | | | | | | | | | |
| Sampled Image r OpTypeSampled Buffer. The <i>MS</i> of | Ilmage. Its | OpTypeIm | age must n | | | | | | |
| <i>u</i> [, <i>v</i>] [, <i>array la</i> may be a vector l | <i>Coordinate</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> . It contains (u[, v] [, <i>array layer</i>]) as needed by the definition of <i>Sampled Image</i> . It may be a vector larger than needed, but all unused components appear after all used components. | | | | | | | | |
| <i>D_{ref}</i> is the depth-comparison reference value. It must be a 32-bit <i>floating-</i> <i>point type</i> scalar. | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Image Operands</i> encodes what operands follow, as per Image Operands. Either Lod or Grad image operands must be present. | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 + 308 variable | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinat e</id> | <id> D_{ref}</id> | lmage Operands | <id></id> | Optional < <i>id>,</i> < <i>id>,</i> | |

| OpImageSparseSampleProjImplicitLod Sample a sparse image with a projective coordinate and an implicit level of detail. | | | | | | Capability: SparseResid Reserved. | dency |
|--|-----|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| 5 + variable | 309 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | Optional Image Operands | Optional <id>, <id>, </id></id> |

| | | | | | | | | Capability: SparseResidency Reserved. | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|-----------|---|--|
| 7 + variable | | | | | | | <id></id> | Optional <id>, <id>,</id></id> | |

| | | SamplePro | | | | | م داء | the course | | | | apability: parseRe | sidency |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|
| | | image with /el of detail | | live coc | ordinate | ə, aoın | g aep | xn-com | iparie | son, | R | eserved. | |
| 6 + variable | 311 | <id> Result Type</id> | Res <id></id> | | <id> Samp Image</id> | | <id> Cool</id> | rdinate | <id> D_{ref}</id> | > | lr | ptional nage perands | Optional <id>, <id>,</id></id> |
| Sample a | sparse | SamplePro image with g an explici | a projec | t ive coc | | ə, doin | g dep |)th- | | Spar | ability seRe | sidency | |
| 8 + variable | 312 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id></id> | npled | <id> Coor e</id> | dinat | <id> D_{ref}</id> | | Imag | | <id></id> | Optional <id>, <id>,</id></id> |
| type must passed to vector of for componen OpTypeIm Image must not be Cul Coordinate | be an <i>in</i> Oplma our com its must nage (u st be ar be. e must l | be an OpT nteger type geSparse1 ponents of t be the sar nless that u n object who | scalar. If exelsRe floating- ne as Sa inderlying ose type or vector | t holds a sident. point ty mpled g Samp is OpTy | a Resi The s pe or i Type o bled Typ ypelm a ger typ | dency econd integer f the u pe is C age. It coe. It co | Code mem <i>type</i> . nderly DpTyp s <i>Dim</i> | e that ca liber mu . Its ying beVoid) n operat | an be ist be nd m | e a ust | | | |
| | -/ | eded by th encodes wi | | | | 0 | | Operar | nds. | | | | |
| 5 + variabl | e 313 | | lt Type | Result | <id></id> | <id> Image</id> | Э | <id> Coo</id> | ordina | ate | Optio Imag Ope | | Optional < <i>id>, <id>,</id></i> |

OpImageSparseGather Capability: SparseResidency Gathers the requested component from four texels of a sparse image. Result Type must be an **OpTypeStruct** with two members. The first member's type must be an *integer type* scalar. It holds a *Residency Code* that can be passed to OpImageSparseTexelsResident. The second member must be a vector of four components of *floating-point type* or *integer type*. Its components must be the same as Sampled Type of the underlying OpTypeImage (unless that underlying Sampled Type is OpTypeVoid). It has one component per gathered texel. Sampled Image must be an object whose type is OpTypeSampledImage. Its **OpTypeImage** must have a *Dim* of **2D**, **Cube**, or **Rect**. Coordinate must be a scalar or vector of floating-point type. It contains $(u[, v] \dots [, v])$ array layer]) as needed by the definition of Sampled Image. Component is the component number gathered from all four texels. It must be a 32-bit *integer type* scalar. Behavior is undefined if its value is not 0, 1, 2 or 3. Image Operands encodes what operands follow, as per Image Operands.

| 6 + 314 | <id></id> | Result | <id></id> | <id></id> | <id></id> | Optional | Optional |
|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|-----------------------|
| variable | Result | <id></id> | Sampled | Coordinate | Componen | Image | <id>, <id>,</id></id> |
| | Туре | | Image | | t | Operands | |

| OpImageSp | barseDr | efGather | | | | | Capability: SparseRes | sidency | |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Gathers the | request | ed depth-co | mparison fro | m four texels | s of a sparse | image. | • | 2 | |
| type must be passed to O vector of four must be the | e an <i>inte</i> plmage ir compo same a | eger type sca SparseTexe onents of float s Sampled 7 | alar. It holds IsResident . <i>ating-point ty</i> <i>Type</i> of the u | a <i>Residency</i> The second pe or <i>integen</i> nderlying Op | s. The first m <i>Code</i> that ca member mu <i>type</i> . Its cor TypeImage nponent per | an be st be a nponents (unless that | | | |
| | Sampled Image must be an object whose type is OpTypeSampledImage . Its OpTypeImage must have a <i>Dim</i> of 2D , Cube , or Rect . | | | | | | | | |
| | | a scalar or v ded by the de | | • • • • • | pe. It contains ge. | s (<i>u</i> [, <i>v</i>] [, | | | |
| <i>D_{ref}</i> is the de <i>type</i> scalar. | D_{ref} is the depth-comparison reference value. It must be a 32-bit <i>floating-point type</i> scalar. | | | | | | | | |
| Image Open | <i>ands</i> en | nds. | | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 315 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Sampled Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> | <id> D_{ref}</id> | Optional Image Operands | Optional < <i>id>, <id>,</id></i> | |

| | | | Boolean. Resul | | / of th | ne texels | oparsen | esidency |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | ory, and true ot | nerwise. | | | | |
| Result Type | must be a | a Boolean ty | pe scalar. | | | | | |
| Resident Co a resident co | | alue from an | OpImageSpars | e instruction | h that | results in | | |
| 4 316 | 3 | <id> Result</id> | Туре | Result <id< th=""><th>></th><th></th><th><id> Resident</id></th><th>t Code</th></id<> | > | | <id> Resident</id> | t Code |
| DpImageSp | arseRead | d | | | | | Capability SparseRe | |
| Read a texe | from a sp | parse image | without a samp | ler. | | | - | - |
| vector with c (unless that | omponen <i>Sampled</i> be an obj | t type the sa <i>Type</i> is OpT | vpe or <i>integer typ</i> ame as <i>Sampled</i> jypeVoid). vpe is OpTypeIn | <i>Type</i> of the O | рТур | elmage | | |
| contains nor | n-normaliz tion of <i>Im</i> a | zed texel coc age. See the | ector of <i>floating-p</i> ordinates (<i>u</i> [, <i>v</i>] . e client API spec | [, array laye | r]) as | needed | | |
| - | own unle | | be SubpassDa agelmageRead\ | - | | | | |
| Image Opera | ands enco | odes what op | perands follow, a | as per Image C | pera | nds. | | |
| 5 + variable | 320 | <id> Result Typ</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Image</id> | <id: Coo</id: | > ordinate | Optional Image Operands | Optional <id>, <id>,</id></id> |
| OpColorAtt | achment | ReadEXT | | | | Capability Tilelmag | | adAccessEXT |
| Reserved. | | | | | | Reserved | d. | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | Reserved. | |
|--------------|------|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 4 + variable | 4160 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Attachment</id> | Optional <id> Sample</id> |

| OpDepthAttachment Reserved. | ReadEXT | | | Capability: TileImageDepthRea dAccessEXT Reserved. |
|--|----------|---------------------------|------------------|---|
| 3 + variable | 4161 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Optional <id> Sample</id> |
| OpStencilAttachmen Reserved. | tReadEXT | | | Capability: TileImageStencilRe adAccessEXT Reserved. |
| 3 + variable | 4162 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Optional <id> Sample</id> |

| OpIn | nageSample | WeightedQCOM | | Capability: TextureSampleWeightedQCOM | | | |
|------|------------|---------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Rese | rved. | | | Reserved. | | | |
| 6 | 4480 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Texture</id> | <id> Coordinates</id> | <id> Weights</id> | |

| OpIn | nageBoxFilt | erQCOM | | Capability: TextureBoxFilte | rQCOM | |
|------|-------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Rese | rved. | | | | Reserved. | |
| 6 | 4481 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Texture</id> | <id> Coordinates</id> | <id> Box Size</id> |

| | | | | | | | | Capability: TextureBlockMatchQC OM | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 4482 <id><id><id>Result <id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | | | | | | <id> Reference Coordinates</id> | <id> Block Size</id> | | |

| - | ImageBlo served. | ockMatchSAI | DQCOM | | | | Capability: TextureBloc OM | kMatchQC | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | Reserved. | | |
| 8 | 4483 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Target</id> | <id> Target Coordinates</id> | <id> Reference</id> | <id> Reference Coordinates</id> | <id> Block Size</id> | |
| - | ImageBlo | ockMatchWin | dowSSDQC | MC | | | Capability: TextureBlockMatch2C OM | | |
| 8 | 4500 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Target Sampled Image</id> | <id> Target Coordinates</id> | <id> Reference Sampled Image</id> | Reserved. <id> Reference Coordinates</id> | <id> Block Size</id> | |
| OpImageBlockMatchWindowSADQCOM Capability: TextureBlockMatch2 Reserved. OM Reserved. Reserved. | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 4501 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Target Sampled Image</id> | <id> Target Coordinates</id> | <id> Reference Sampled Image</id> | <id> Reference Coordinates</id> | <id> Block Size</id> | |
| | ImageBlo served. | ockMatchGat | herSSDQCO | Μ | | | Capability: TextureBloc OM Reserved. | kMatch2QC | |
| 8 | 4502 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Target Sampled Image</id> | <id> Target Coordinates</id> | <id> Reference Sampled Image</id> | <id> Reference Coordinates</id> | <id> Block Size</id> | |
| - | ImageBlo | ockMatchGat | herSADQCO | Μ | | | Capability: TextureBloc OM Reserved. | kMatch2QC | |
| 8 | 4503 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Target Sampled Image</id> | <id> Target Coordinates</id> | <id> Reference Sampled Image</id> | <id> Reference Coordinates</id> | <id> Block Size</id> | |

OpImageSampleFootprintNV

Reserved.

Capability: ImageFootprintNV

Reserved.

| 7 + | 5283 | <id></id> | Result | <id></id> | <id></id> | <id></id> | <id></id> | Optional | Optional |
|----------|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|------------|
| variable | | Result | <id></id> | Sampled | Coordinat | Granularit | Coarse | Image | <id>,</id> |
| | | Туре | | Image | е | У | | Operands | <id>,</id> |

3.52.11. Conversion Instructions

| OpConv | vertFToU | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| Convert toward (| value numerically).0. | | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> , whose <i>Signedness</i> operand is 0. Behavior is undefined if <i>Result Type</i> is not wide enough to hold the converted value. | | | | |
| same nu | lue must be a sca Imber of compone | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | |
| 4 | 109 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Float Value</id> |

| OpConvertFToS | | | | |
|--|-----|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| Convert value numerically from floating point to signed integer, with round toward 0.0. | | | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . Behavior is undefined if <i>Result Type</i> is not wide enough to hold the converted value. | | | | |
| <i>Float Value</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> . It must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | |
| 4 | 110 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Float Value</id> |

| OpCor | nvertSToF | | | |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Convei | rt value numerically | from signed integer to floa | ting point. | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be a sca | alar or vector of <i>floating-poi</i> | nt type. | |
| <i>Signed Value</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . It must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | |
| 4 | 111 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Signed Value</id> |

| OpConvertUToF | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|------------------|----------------|
| Convert | value numerically | from unsigned integer to fl | oating point. | |
| Result 1 | <i>Type</i> must be a sca | alar or vector of <i>floating-poi</i> | nt type. | |
| <i>Unsigned Value</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . It must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . Results are computed per component. | | | | |
| 4 | 112 | <id></id> | Result <id></id> | <id></id> |
| | | Result Type | | Unsigned Value |
| OpUConvert Convert unsigned width. This is either a truncate or a zero extend. | | | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> , whose <i>Signedness</i> operand is 0. | | | | |
| same nu | | a scalar or vector of <i>integer</i> ents as <i>Result Type</i> . The co h in <i>Result Type</i> . | | |

Results are computed per component.

| 4 | 113 | <id></id> | Result <id></id> | <id></id> | |
|---|-----|-------------|------------------|----------------|--|
| | | Result Type | | Unsigned Value | |

| OpSCo | OpSConvert | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Convert signed width. This is either a truncate or a sign extend. | | | | |
| Result 1 | <i>ype</i> must be a sca | lar or vector of <i>integer type</i> | 2. | |
| Signed Value must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . It must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . The component width must not equal the component width in <i>Result Type</i> . Results are computed per component. | | | | |
| 4 | 114 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Signed Value</id> |

| OpFCo | OpFConvert | | | |
|---------------------|--|---------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| Convert | value numerically | Ith to another width. | | |
| Result 7 | <i>Type</i> must be a sca | alar or vector of <i>floating-poi</i> | nt type. | |
| same nu equal th | alue must be a sca umber of compone e component type are computed per | | | |
| 4 | 115 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Float Value</id> |

| value. <i>Result Type</i> must be a sca width must be 32 bits and <i>Value</i> is the value to quant <i>Type</i> . If <i>Value</i> is an infinity, the re- is a NaN, but not necessar magnitude too large to rep positive infinity. If <i>Value</i> is 16-bit floating-point value, <i>Value</i> is too small to repre- result must be either +0 or | the result is negative infinit sent as a normalized 16-bir r -0. | <i>Int type</i> . The component <i>Point Encoding</i> operand. It be the same as <i>Result</i> <i>Value</i> is a NaN, the result r is positive with a point value, the result is too large to represent as a ty. If the magnitude of t floating-point value, the | Capability: Shader |
|--|--|--|-----------------------|
| 4 116 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Value</id> |

| Bit patter possibly Result Pointer that of I Pointer | <i>v</i> different bit width <i>Type</i> must be a sca must be a physical Result <i>Type</i> , the co is larger than that o | alar of <i>integer type</i> , whose | <i>Signedness</i> operand is 0. th of <i>Pointer</i> is smaller than <i>nter</i> . If the bit width of sion truncates <i>Pointer</i> . For | Capability: Addresses, PhysicalStorageBuffer Addresses |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| 4 | 117 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> |

| Convert represer value of <i>Result T</i> <i>Signed</i> number | ntable range of <i>Re</i> <i>Result Type</i> . <i>Type</i> must be a sca <i>Value</i> must be a sca of components as are computed per | | ne nearest representable | Capability: Kernel |
|---|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 4 | 118 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Signed Value</id> |

| OpSatC | OpSatConvertUToS | | | Capability: Kernel |
|--|---|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| Convert an unsigned integer to signed integer. Converted values outside the representable range of <i>Result Type</i> are clamped to the nearest representable value of <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | |
| Result 7 | Result Type must be a scalar or vector of integer type. | | | |
| <i>Unsigned Value</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . It must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . Results are computed per component. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 4 | 119 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Unsigned Value</id> |

| Bit patte Result 7 Integer If the bit conversi than tha width Inte Behavio | vertUToPtr ern-preserving com <i>Type</i> must be a phy <i>Value</i> must be a so width of <i>Integer V</i> ion zero extends <i>In</i> t of <i>Result Type</i> , th <i>teger Value</i> and <i>Re</i> r is undefined if the d by the operation | Capability: Addresses, PhysicalStorageBuffer Addresses | | |
|---|--|---|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 4 | 120 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Integer Value</id> |

| Convert Result Ty Pointer n Class. | ype must be an O | e Class to Generic . pTypePointer. Its Storage Vorkgroup, CrossWorkgrouut ust point to the same type. | oup, or Function Storage | Capability: Kernel |
|---|------------------|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 4 | 121 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> |

| OpGen | ericCastToPtr | Capability: Kernel | | |
|----------|--|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Convert | a pointer's Storag | | | |
| | <i>ype</i> must be an O oup, CrossWorkg | | | |
| Pointer | must point to the (| Generic Storage Class. | | |
| Result T | Type and Pointer m | | | |
| 4 | 122 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> |

| OpGen | nericCastToP | trExplicit | Capability: Kernel | | |
|---|---|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Attemp pointer | | convert Pointer to Sto | | | |
| | <i>Type</i> must be e <i>Storage</i> . | an OpTypePointer . It | | | |
| Pointer must have a type of OpTypePointer whose <i>Type</i> is the same as the <i>Type</i> of <i>Result Type</i> . Pointer must point to the Generic Storage Class. If the cast fails, the instruction result is an OpConstantNull pointer in the <i>Storage</i> Storage Class. Storage must be one of the following literal values from Storage Class: Workgroup, CrossWorkgroup, or Function. | | | | | |
| 5 | 123 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Storage Class Storage |

OpBitcast

Bit pattern-preserving type conversion.

Result Type must be an **OpTypePointer**, or a scalar or vector of *numerical-type*.

Operand must have a type of **OpTypePointer**, or a scalar or vector of *numerical-type*. It must be a different type than *Result Type*.

Before **version 1.5**: If either *Result Type* or *Operand* is a pointer, the other must be a pointer or an integer scalar.

Starting with **version 1.5**: If either *Result Type* or *Operand* is a pointer, the other must be a pointer, an integer scalar, or an integer vector.

If both *Result Type* and the type of *Operand* are pointers, they both must point into same storage class.

Behavior is undefined if the storage class of *Result Type* does not match the one used by the operation that produced the value of *Operand*.

If *Result Type* has the same number of components as *Operand*, they must also have the same component width, and results are computed per component.

If *Result Type* has a different number of components than *Operand*, the total number of bits in *Result Type* must equal the total number of bits in *Operand*. Let *L* be the type, either *Result Type* or *Operand*'s type, that has the larger number of components. Let *S* be the other type, with the smaller number of components. The number of components in *L* must be an integer multiple of the number of components in *S*. The first component (that is, the only or lowest-numbered component) of *S* maps to the first components of *L*. Within this mapping, any single component of *S* (mapping to multiple components of *L*) maps its lower-ordered bits to the lower-numbered components of *L*.

| 4 | 124 | <id></id> | Result <id></id> | <id></id> |
|---|-----|-------------|------------------|-----------|
| | | Result Type | | Operand |

| OpCon | vertFToBF16INTE | Capability: BFloat16ConversionINT | | |
|---------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| Reserve | ed. | EL | | |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 4 | 6116 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Float Value</id> |

| OpConv | vertBF16ToFINTE | Capability: BFloat16ConversionINT | | |
|---------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| Reserve | ed. | EL | | |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 4 | 6117 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> BFloat16 Value</id> |

3.52.12. Composite Instructions

| OpVeo | ctorExtractDy | namic | | | |
|---|--|---|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Extrac | t a single, dyna | amically selected, con | nponent of a vector. | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar type. | | | |
| | must have a ty s <i>Result Type</i> . | ype OpTypeVector w | hose Component | | |
| | | ar integer. It is interpr onent of <i>Vector</i> to extr | | | |
| Behavior is undefined if <i>Index's</i> value is less than zero or greater than or equal to the number of components in <i>Vector</i> . | | | | | |
| 5 | 77 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Vector</id> | <id> Index</id> |

| OpVectorInsert | Dynamic | | | | |
|--|---|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Make a copy of modified. | a vector, with a sing | | | | |
| Result Type mus | st be an OpTypeVe | ector. | | | |
| | e the same type as components are co | • • | is the vector that | | |
| - | ne value supplied for same type as the t | • | • | | |
| <i>Index</i> must be a which component | scalar integer. It is nt to modify. | interpreted as a 0 |)-based index of | | |
| | efined if <i>Index's</i> value number of compone | | | | |
| 6 78 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Vector</id> | <id> Component</id> | <id> Index</id> |

| OnVectorChuffle | | | | | | |
|--|---|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| OpVectorShuffle | | | | | | |
| Select arbitrary comp | onents from two vect | tors to make a n | ew vector. | | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> must be <i>Result Type</i> must be | | | | | | |
| <i>Vector 1</i> and <i>Vector 2</i> must both have vector types, with the same <i>Component Type</i> as <i>Result Type</i> . They do not have to have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> or with each other. They are logically concatenated, forming a single vector with <i>Vector 1's</i> components appearing before <i>Vector 2's</i> . The components of this logical vector are logically numbered with a single consecutive set of numbers from 0 to $N - 1$, where N is the total number of components. | | | | | | |
| <i>Components</i> are thes the logically numbers an unsigned 32-bit in and can repeat comp by the first <i>Componen</i> selected by the secon may also be FFFFFF component has no so either be FFFFFFFF | component is ts in any order sult is selected f the result is <i>conent literal</i> result | | | | | |
| Note: A vector "swizz operands, or using an | | | | | | |
| 5 + variable 79 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Vector 1</id> | <id> Vector 2</id> | Literal, Literal, Components | |

| OpCompositeConstr | uct | | | |
|--|-----|---------------------------|------------------|--|
| Construct a new comp | | | | |
| Result Type must be a members/elements/co operands, with one exe operands may also be component type. If cor operands must equal t | | | | |
| <i>Constituents</i> become recomponents of a vector <i>Constituent</i> for each to with one exception. The subset of the scalars of the <i>Constituents</i> must the result. If constructing | | | | |
| 3 + variable | 80 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id>, <id>, Constituents</id></id> |

| OpComposite | Extract | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Extract a part of | f a <i>composi</i> | te object. | | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> mu index. The instr | , | ed | | | |
| Composite is th | e composite | e to extract from. | | | |
| Indexes walk the granularity, to see bounds. All corre described by the 32-bit integer. | elect the pa | | | | |
| 4 + variable | 81 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Composite</id> | Literal, Literal, Indexes |

| OpCompositeInsert | | | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Make a copy of | of a <i>compos</i> | site object, while | modifying one | part of it. | | |
| Result Type m | nust be the s | same type as Co | omposite. | | | |
| <i>Object</i> is the c | bject to use | e as the modified | d part. | | | |
| Composite is | the compos | ite to copy all bu | it the modified p | part from. | | |
| potentially dov indexes must numbering, as part selected | <i>Composite</i> is the composite to copy all but the modified part from. <i>Indexes</i> walk the type hierarchy of <i>Composite</i> to the desired depth, potentially down to component granularity, to select the part to modify. All indexes must be in bounds. All composite constituents use zero-based numbering, as described by their OpType instruction. The type of the part selected to modify must match the type of <i>Object</i> . Each index is an unsigned 32-bit integer. | | | | | |
| 5 + variable | 82 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Object</id> | <id> Composite</id> | Literal, Literal, Indexes |

| ОрС | opyObject | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Make a copy of Operand. There are no pointer dereferences involved. | | | | |
| | <i>ilt Type</i> must equal <i>C</i> /peVoid. | | | |
| 4 | 83 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand</id> |

| OpTran | spose | Capability: Matrix | | |
|------------|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Transpo | ose a matrix. | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be an O | | | |
| the coluty | Imn size of Matrix | of type OpTypeMatrix . The must be the reverse of thos nents in <i>Matrix</i> and <i>Result</i> of OpTypeMatrix . | e in <i>Result Type</i> . The | |
| 4 | 84 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Matrix</id> |

| Make a <i>Result 1</i> <i>Result 1</i> <i>Logically</i> 1. They 2. If they - they m - their <i>E</i> 3. If they - they m - they m | yLogical logical copy of <i>Op</i> <i>Type</i> must not equa <i>Type</i> must not equa <i>Type</i> must <i>logically</i> <i>y match</i> is recursive must be either bot <i>y are</i> OpTypeArra ust have the same <i>lement Type</i> operator <i>y are</i> OpTypeStrue ust have the same <i>er N type</i> for the same <i>gically match</i> . | Missing before version 1.4. | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| 4 | 400 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand</id> |

| OpCompositeConstructReplicateEXT | | | | Capability: ReplicatedComposites |
|---|------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Reserve | ed. | EXT Reserved. | | |
| 4 | 4463 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Value</id> |

| OpCompositeConstr Reserved. | Capability: LongCompositesIN TEL | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 3 + variable | 6096 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id>, <id>, Constituents</id></id> |

3.52.13. Arithmetic Instructions

| OpSNegate | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Signed-integer subtract of Operand from zero. | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be a sca | alar or vector of <i>integer type</i> | e. | |
| same r the cor | | esult Type. | <i>type</i> . It must have the omponent width must equal | |
| 4 | 126 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand</id> |

| OpFN | legate | | | |
|--------|--|---------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| consi | ts the sign bit of <i>Ope</i> dered a floating-poin rules regarding, for e | | | |
| Resu | <i>It Type</i> must be a sca | alar or vector of <i>floating-poi</i> | nt type. | |
| The ty | ype of <i>Operand</i> must | t be the same as <i>Result Ty</i> | pe. | |
| Resul | Its are computed per | | | |
| 4 | 127 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand</id> |

| OplAd | ld | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Intege | r addition of O | perand 1 and Operan | d 2. | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of i | nteger type. | | |
| vector compo | of integer type | I 1 and Operand 2 mu e. They must have the ult Type. They must ha Result Type. | | | |
| result with er | R, where N is nough precisio | equals the low-order A the component width a n to avoid overflow an | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 128 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpFA | dd | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Floatir | ng-point additic | on of <i>Operand 1</i> and C | Operand 2. | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of f | loating-point type. | | |
| 5 | pes of Operan sult Type. | d 1 and Operand 2 bo | th must be the same | | |
| Result | s are compute | d per component. | | | |
| 5 | 129 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |
| OplSu | ıb | | | | |
| - | | | | | |
| Intege | r subtraction o | f Operand 2 from Ope | erand 1. | | |
| Result | <i>t Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of i | nteger type. | | |
| vector | of integer type | I 1 and Operand 2 mu e. They must have the ult Type. They must ha Result Type. | same number of | | |
| The resulting value equals the low-order N bits of the correct result R , where N is the component width and R is computed with enough precision to avoid overflow and underflow. | | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 130 < <i>id> Result <id></id></i> | | | | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |
| OnEs | ub | | | | |
| OpFS | an | | | | |

Result Type must be a scalar or vector of floating-point type.

Floating-point subtraction of Operand 2 from Operand 1.

The types of *Operand 1* and *Operand 2* both must be the same as *Result Type*.

Results are computed per component.

| 5 | 131 | <id></id> | Result <id></id> | <id></id> | <id></id> |
|---|-----|-------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Result Type | | Operand 1 | Operand 2 |

| OpIM | ul | | | | |
|---|--|--|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Intege | r multiplicatior | n of Operand 1 and | d Operand 2. | | |
| Resul | <i>t Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector | of integer type. | | |
| vector compo The re result with e | of <i>integer type</i> onents as <i>Res</i> onent width as esulting value e <i>R</i> , where <i>N</i> is nough precisio | d 1 and Operand 2 e. They must have ult Type. They must Result Type. equals the low-ord the component wi on to avoid overflow ed per component. | | | |
| 5 | 132 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpFMul | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Floatir | ng-point multipl | ication of Operand 1 | and Operand 2. | | |
| Resul | <i>t Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of | floating-point type. | | |
| The types of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> both must be the same as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 133 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpUDiv | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Unsigr | ned-integer div | ision of <i>Operand 1</i> div | ided by <i>Operand</i> 2. | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> , whose <i>Signedness</i> operand is 0. | | | | | |
| | pes of Operan sult Type. | d 1 and <i>Operand</i> 2 bo | th must be the same | | |
| Results are computed per component. Behavior is undefined if <i>Operand 2</i> is 0. | | | | | |
| 5 | 134 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpSDiv | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Signed-integer | division of <i>Operand 1</i> d | ivided by Operand 2. | | |
| Result Type mu | st be a scalar or vector | of integer type. | | |
| vector of <i>integer</i> components as component widt Results are com <i>Operand 2</i> is 0. <i>Operand 1</i> is the | erand 1 and Operand 2 r type. They must have Result Type. They must h as Result Type. nputed per component. Behavior is undefined e minimum represental causing signed overflo | | | |
| 5 135 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |
| | | | | |

OpFDiv Floating-point division of Operand 1 divided by Operand 2. Result Type must be a scalar or vector of floating-point type. The types of Operand 1 and Operand 2 both must be the same as Result Type. Results are computed per component. 5 136 <id>Result <id><id>Operand 1 Sesult Type Sesult Type

| OpUM | od | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| • | | | | | |
| Unsign | ed modulo op | eration of Operand 1 | modulo <i>Operand</i> 2. | | |
| | <i>Type</i> must be Iness operand | a scalar or vector of <i>in</i> is 0. | nteger type, whose | | |
| | bes of Operan sult Type. | d 1 and <i>Operand</i> 2 bo | th must be the same | | |
| Results are computed per component. Behavior is undefined if <i>Operand 2</i> is 0. | | | | | |
| 5 | 137 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpSR | em | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Signed remainder operation for the remainder whose sign matches the sign of <i>Operand 1</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>t Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of i | nteger type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . They must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . They must have the same component width as <i>Result Type</i> . Results are computed per component. Behavior is undefined if <i>Operand 2</i> is 0. Behavior is undefined if <i>Operand 2</i> is -1 and <i>Operand 1</i> is the minimum representable value for the operands' type, causing signed overflow. Otherwise, the result is the <i>remainder r</i> of <i>Operand 1</i> divided by <i>Operand 2</i> where if $r != 0$, the sign of r is the same as the sign of <i>Operand 1</i> . | | | | | |
| 5 | 138 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |
| OpSMod | | | | | |
| Signed remainder operation for the remainder whose sign matches the sign of <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>t Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of i | nteger type. | | |

The type of *Operand 1* and *Operand 2* must be a scalar or vector of *integer type*. They must have the same number of components as *Result Type*. They must have the same component width as *Result Type*.

Results are computed per component. Behavior is undefined if *Operand 2* is 0. Behavior is undefined if *Operand 2* is -1 and *Operand 1* is the minimum representable value for the operands' type, causing signed overflow. Otherwise, the result is the *remainder r* of *Operand 1* divided by *Operand 2* where if r != 0, the sign of *r* is the same as the sign of *Operand 2*.

| 5 | 139 | <id></id> | Result <id></id> | <id></id> | <id></id> |
|---|-----|-------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Result Type | | Operand 1 | Operand 2 |

| OpFRem | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| The floating-point <i>remainder</i> whose sign matches the sign of <i>Operand 1</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>t Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of f | loating-point type. | | |
| | pes of Operan sult Type. | d 1 and Operand 2 bo | oth must be the same | | |
| Results are computed per component. The resulting value is undefined if <i>Operand 2</i> is 0. Otherwise, the result is the <i>remainder r</i> of <i>Operand 1</i> divided by <i>Operand 2</i> where if $r != 0$, the sign of <i>r</i> is the same as the sign of <i>Operand 1</i> . | | | | | |
| 5 | 140 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpFMod | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| The floating-point <i>remainder</i> whose sign matches the sign of <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of f | loating-point type. | | |
| | pes of Operan sult Type. | d 1 and Operand 2 bo | th must be the same | | |
| Results are computed per component. The resulting value is undefined if <i>Operand 2</i> is 0. Otherwise, the result is the <i>remainder r</i> of <i>Operand 1</i> divided by <i>Operand 2</i> where if $r != 0$, the sign of <i>r</i> is the same as the sign of <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| 5 | 141 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpVeo | ctorTimesSca | lar | | | |
|--|---------------------|--|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Scale a floating-point vector. | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a vector of floating-po | pint type. | | |
| - | | ust be the same as <i>R</i> is multiplied by <i>Scala</i> | 51 | | |
| Scalar must have the same type as the Component Type in Result Type. | | | | | |
| 5 | 142 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Vector</id> | <id> Scalar</id> |

| OpMatrixTimesScalar Scale a floating-point matrix. <i>Result Type</i> must be an OpTypeMatrix whose <i>Column Type</i> is a vector of <i>floating-point type</i> . The type of <i>Matrix</i> must be the same as <i>Result Type</i> . Each | | | Capability: Matrix | | |
|--|--|--|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| component in each column in Matrix is multiplied by Scalar.Scalar must have the same type as the Component Type in Result Type.51435143Result Type | | | | <id> Matrix</id> | <id> Scalar</id> |

| | ctorTimesMat | | Capability: Matrix | | |
|---|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Linear-algebraic Vector X Matrix. Result Type must be a vector of floating-point type. | | | | | |
| Compe must e | <i>Vector</i> must be a vector with the same <i>Component Type</i> as the <i>Component Type</i> in <i>Result Type</i> . Its number of components must equal the number of components in each column in <i>Matrix</i> . | | | | |
| <i>Matrix</i> must be a matrix with the same <i>Component Type</i> as the <i>Component Type</i> in <i>Result Type</i> . Its number of columns must equal the number of components in <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | |
| 5 | 144 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Vector</id> | <id> Matrix</id> |

| ОрМа | trixTimesVect | or | Capability: Matrix | | |
|--|----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Linear | -algebraic Mat | rix X Vector. | | | |
| Result Type must be a vector of floating-point type. | | | | | |
| Matrix Result | | pTypeMatrix whose (| Column Type is | | |
| <i>Vector</i> must be a vector with the same <i>Component Type</i> as the <i>Component Type</i> in <i>Result Type</i> . Its number of components must equal the number of columns in <i>Matrix</i> . | | | | | |
| 5 | 145 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Matrix</id> | <id> Vector</id> |

| OpMatrixTimesMatrixLinear-algebraic multiply of LeftMatrix X RightMatrix.Result Type must be an OpTypeMatrix whose Column Type is a vector of floating-point type.LeftMatrix must be a matrix whose Column Type is the same as the Column Type in Result Type.RightMatrix must be a matrix with the same Component Type as the Component Type in Result Type. Its number of columns must equal the number of columns in Result Type. Its columns must have the same number of components as the number of columns in LeftMatrix.5146 | | | Capability: Matrix | <id></id> | |
|--|-----|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 5 | 140 | <la> Result Type</la> | กษอนแ <10> | <la> LeftMatrix</la> | <ıa> RightMatrix |
| OpOuterProduct Linear-algebraic outer product of <i>Vector 1</i> and <i>Vector 2</i> . <i>Result Type</i> must be an OpTypeMatrix whose <i>Column Type</i> is a vector of <i>floating-point type</i> . <i>Vector 1</i> must have the same type as the <i>Column Type</i> in <i>Result Type</i> . <i>Vector 2</i> must be a vector with the same <i>Component Type</i> as the <i>Component Type</i> in <i>Result Type</i> . Its number of components must equal the number of columns in <i>Result Type</i> . | | | Capability: Matrix | | |
| 5 | 147 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Vector 1</id> | <id> Vector 2</id> |
| OpDot Dot product of <i>Vector 1</i> and <i>Vector 2</i> . <i>Result Type</i> must be a <i>floating-point type</i> scalar. <i>Vector 1</i> and <i>Vector 2</i> must be vectors of the same type, and their component type must be <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | |
| 5 | 148 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Vector 1</id> | <id> Vector 2</id> |

| OpIAd | dCarry | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | is the unsigne nd 2, including | d integer addition of (its carry. | | | |
| two me The me | mbers, and th | from OpTypeStruct . The two members must ust be a scalar or vector perand is 0. | | | |
| <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must have the same type as the members of <i>Result Type</i> . These are consumed as unsigned integers. | | | | | |
| Results | s are compute | d per component. | | | |
| | er 0 of the resu of the addition | ult gets the low-order b | | | |
| Member 1 of the result gets the high-order (carry) bit of the result of the addition. That is, it gets the value 1 if the addition overflowed the component width, and 0 otherwise. | | | | | |
| 5 | 149 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpISu | bBorrow | | | | |
|---|---|--|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | • | ed integer subtraction of the transformed to borrow. | | | |
| two me The m | embers, and th | from OpTypeStruct . The two members must ust be a scalar or vect operand is 0. | | | |
| <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must have the same type as the members of <i>Result Type</i> . These are consumed as unsigned integers. | | | | | |
| Result | s are compute | d per component. | | | |
| width) Operation Operation Member | of the subtract nd 2, member nd 2 is larger t nd 1 - Operand | ult gets the low-order l tion. That is, if <i>Operan</i> 0 gets the full value of han <i>Operand 1</i> , memi d 2, where <i>w</i> is the con ult gets 0 if <i>Operand 1</i> | | | |
| 5 | 150 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpUM | ulExtended | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | is the full valu nd 1 and Oper | e of the unsigned inte rand 2. | | | |
| two me The me | embers, and th | from OpTypeStruct . The two members must ust be a scalar or vect operand is 0. | | | |
| <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must have the same type as the members of <i>Result Type</i> . These are consumed as unsigned integers. | | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| Membe multipli | | ult gets the low-order l | | | |
| Member 1 of the result gets the high-order bits of the multiplication. | | | | | |
| 5 | 151 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpSM | ulExtended | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | is the full valu nd 1 and Oper | e of the signed intege and 2. | | | |
| two me | embers, and th | from OpTypeStruct . The two members must sust be a scalar or vector | | | |
| | ers of Result 7 | and 2 must have the s ype. These are consu | | | |
| Result | s are compute | d per component. | | | |
| | er 0 of the resu ication. | ult gets the low-order t | | | |
| Member 1 of the result gets the high-order bits of the multiplication. | | | | | |
| 5 | 152 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| Result Type mu equal to that of Vector 1 and Ve Vector 1 and Ve DotProductInp (enabled by the capability). When Vector 1 Format must be as vectors. All components the result's type component-wise equal the low-o | dot produc st be an in the compo ector 2 mus ector 2 mus out4x8BitP DotProdu and Vector e specified of the inpute . The sign- e and all co e multiplica rder N bits | t of <i>Vector 1</i> and teger type whos ments of <i>Vector</i> at have the same at be either 32-bi acked capability acked capability | e <i>Width</i> must be 1 and <i>Vector 2</i> . 4 type. t integers (enable) or vectors of ir or DotProductin eger types, <i>Pack</i> e integers are to gn-extended to the vectors are then e vector resulting together. The res- soult R, where N | led by the nteger type putAll <i>xed Vector</i> be interpreted ne bit width of multiplied g from the sulting value will is the result | Capability: DotProduct Missing before | version 1.6. |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| | 4400 | <ld>Result Type</ld> | Nesuit <iu></iu> | Vector 1 | Vector 2 | Packed Vector Format Packed Vector Format |

| Result Type mu must be greate Vector 2. Vector 1 and V Vector 1 and V DotProductIng Signedness of DotProductIng When Vector 1 Format must be as vectors. All components the result's type component-wis equal the low-c | er dot prod ust be an in r than or ec ector 2 mus ector 2 mus out4x8BitP 0 (enabled outAll capa and Vector e specified s of the inpute e. The zero the and all co the multiplication order N bits | 2 are scalar into to select how the ut vectors are ze -extended input omponents of the | Signedness of 0 e components of e type. t integers (enable) or vectors of ir uctInput4x8Bit eger types, <i>Pack</i> e integers are to ro-extended to the vectors are then e vector resulting cogether. The res- sult R, where N | <i>Vector 1</i> and led by the nteger type with or <i>ked Vector</i> be interpreted he bit width of multiplied g from the sulting value will is the result | Capability: DotProduct Missing before | version 1.6. |
|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| 5 + variable | 4451 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Vector 1</id> | <id> Vector 2</id> | Optional Packed Vector Format Packed Vector Format |

OpSUDot (OpSUDotKHR)

Mixed-signedness integer dot product of *Vector 1* and *Vector 2*. Components of *Vector 1* are treated as signed, components of *Vector 2* are treated as unsigned.

Capability: DotProduct

Missing before version 1.6.

Result Type must be an integer type whose *Width* must be greater than or equal to that of the components of *Vector 1* and *Vector 2*.

Vector 1 and Vector 2 must be either 32-bit integers (enabled by the **DotProductInput4x8BitPacked** capability) or vectors of integer type with the same number of components and same component *Width* (enabled by the **DotProductInput4x8Bit** or **DotProductInputAll** capability). When *Vector 1* and *Vector 2* are vectors, the components of *Vector 2* must have a *Signedness* of 0.

When *Vector 1* and *Vector 2* are scalar integer types, *Packed Vector Format* must be specified to select how the integers are to be interpreted as vectors.

All components of *Vector 1* are sign-extended to the bit width of the result's type. All components of *Vector 2* are zero-extended to the bit width of the result's type. The sign- or zero-extended input vectors are then multiplied component-wise and all components of the vector resulting from the component-wise multiplication are added together. The resulting value will equal the low-order N bits of the correct result R, where N is the result width and R is computed with enough precision to avoid overflow and underflow.

| 5 + variable | 4452 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Vector 1</id> | <id> Vector 2</id> | Optional Packed Vector Format Packed Vector Format |
|--------------|------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | 1 onnat |

| Signed intege addition of the <i>Result Type</i> requal to that <i>Vector 1</i> and <i>Vector 1</i> and DotProduction by the DotPro The type of <i>A</i> When <i>Vector</i> must be spect | er dot prode e result w nust be a of the cor <i>Vector 2</i> i <i>Vector 2</i> i Nector 2 i nput4x8E oductInp <i>Accumulat</i> <i>1</i> and <i>Ve</i> sified to se | The Accumulation integer type apponents of V must have the must be either BitPacked cap ut4x8Bit or D for must be the ctor 2 are scale elect how the in input vectors a | 1 and Vector 2 or. whose Width ector 1 and Ve same type. 32-bit integer ability) or vect otProductInp e same as Res ar integer type ntegers are to are sign-extend | s (enabled by t cors of integer f utAll capability sult Type. es, Packed Veo be interpreted ded to the bit v | er than or the type (enabled /). ctor Format l as vectors. vidth of the | Capability: DotProduct Missing befor 1.6. | e version |
|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| wise and all of multiplication input accumu If any of the r | All components of the input vectors are sign-extended to the bit width of the result's type. The sign-extended input vectors are then multiplied component- wise and all components of the vector resulting from the component-wise multiplication are added together. Finally, the resulting sum is added to the input accumulator. This final addition is saturating. If any of the multiplications or additions, with the exception of the final accumulation, overflow or underflow, the result of the instruction is undefined. | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 4453 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Vector 1</id> | <id> Vector 2</id> | <id> Accumulator</id> | Optional Packed Vector Format Packed Vector Format |

| OpUDotAcca Unsigned inte saturating ad <i>Result Type</i> r be greater the <i>Vector 1</i> and <i>Vector 1</i> and DotProductI <i>Signedness o</i> | eger dot p dition of t must be a an or equ <i>Vector 2</i> p <i>Vector 2</i> p nput4x8E of 0 (enab | Capability: DotProduct Missing befor 1.6. | e version | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|---------------------------|--|
| When Vector must be spece All component result's type. wise and all of multiplication input accumut If any of the r | Accumulat 1 and Ve bified to se nts of the The zero- componer are adde ilator. This multiplicat | for must be the ctor 2 are scal elect how the in input vectors a extended inpu- nts of the vector of together. Fir s final addition | ar integer type ntegers are to are zero-extend it vectors are to or resulting from nally, the result is saturating. ns, with the ex | es, <i>Packed Vec</i> be interpreted ded to the bit w then multiplied m the compon ting sum is add | l as vectors. width of the component- ent-wise ded to the final | | |
| accumulation 6 + variable | 4454 | v or underflow, <id> Result Type</id> | the result of th | he instruction i <i><id></id></i> <i>Vector 1</i> | s undefined. <i><id></id></i> <i>Vector 2</i> | <id> Accumulator</id> | Optional Packed Vector Format Packed Vector Format |

| OpSUDotAc | cSat (Op | SUDotAccSat | KHR) | | | Capability: DotProduct | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Mixed-signed | Iness inte | ger dot produc | ct of Vector 1 a | and Vector 2 ar | nd signed | | |
| saturating ad | dition of tl | he result with a | Accumulator. | Components o | f Vector 1 are | Missing befor | e version |
| treated as sig | gned, com | ponents of Ve | ctor 2 are trea | ted as unsigne | ed. | 1.6. | |
| | | n integer type nponents of <i>V</i> | | must be greate actor 2. | er than or | | |
| Vector 1 and DotProductI same numbe DotProductI and Vector 2 Signedness of | nput4x8E r of comp nput4x8E are vecto | | | | | | |
| The type of A | Accumulat | or must be the | e same as Res | sult Type. | | | |
| | | | • • • • | es, <i>Packed Ved</i> be interpreted | | | |
| type. All com result's type. component-w component-w | ponents o The sign- vise and a vise multip | of Vector 2 are or zero-exten Ill components | zero-extended ded input vect of the vector dded together. | e bit width of t d to the bit wid ors are then m resulting from Finally, the res is saturating. | th of the nultiplied the | | |
| If any of the multiplications or additions, with the exception of the final accumulation, overflow or underflow, the result of the instruction is undefined. | | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 4455 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Vector 1</id> | <id> Vector 2</id> | <id> Accumulator</id> | Optional Packed Vector Format Packed Vector Format |

OpCooperativeMatrixMulAddKHR Capability: CooperativeMatrixKHR Reserved. Reserved. 6 + variable 4459 Result <id> Optional <id> <id> <id> <id> Result Type Cooperative С Α В Matrix Operands Cooperative Matrix Operands

3.52.14. Bit Instructions

| OpShi | iftRightLogica | al | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | right by the number of ficant bits are zero fille | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of i | nteger type. | | |
| intege compo type of Shift is is unde the co | <i>r type. Base</i> ar ponents. The num f <i>Base</i> must be s consumed as efined if <i>Shift</i> is mponents of <i>B</i> | | e same number of and bit width of the <i>ult Type.</i> The resulting value | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 194 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Base</id> | <id> Shift</id> |

| OpSh | iftRightArithm | netic | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---------------------|--|
| Shift the bits in <i>Base</i> right by the number of bits specified in <i>Shift</i> . The most-significant bits are filled with the sign bit from <i>Base</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>t Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of i | nteger type. | | |
| <i>intege</i> compo type of <i>Shift</i> is | r type. Base ar onents. The nu f Base must be s treated as un s greater than o | se and <i>Shift</i> must be and <i>Shift</i> must have the mber of components are the same as in <i>Resu</i> signed. The resulting or equal to the bit widt | e same number of and bit width of the <i>ult Type</i> . value is undefined if | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 195 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Base</id> | <id> Shift</id> | |

| OpSł | niftLeftLogical | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | e left by the number of ficant bits are zero fille | | | |
| Resu | <i>It Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of i | nteger type. | | |
| <i>integ</i> comp | <i>er type. Base</i> ar | se and <i>Shift</i> must be and <i>Shift</i> must have the mber of components are the same as in <i>Resu</i> | e same number of and bit width of the | | |
| | is greater than o | signed. The resulting or equal to the bit widt | | | |
| The number of components and bit width of <i>Result Type</i> must match those <i>Base</i> type. All types must be integer types. | | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 196 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Base</id> | <id> Shift</id> |

| OpBit | wiseOr | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | perand 1 or Operand Operand 2 are 0. | | | |
| | s are compute onent, per bit. | d per component, and | d within each | | |
| of Ope integet as Res | <i>Result Type</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . They must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . They must have the same component width as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | |
| 5 | 197 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| ОрВ | BitwiseXor | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | , | one of <i>Operand 1</i> o nd 1 and <i>Operand</i> 2 | | | |
| | ults are compute ponent, per bit. | ed per component, a | nd within each | | |
| of O <i>integ</i> as <i>R</i> | <i>perand 1</i> and <i>C</i> ger type. They n | <i>perand</i> 2 must be a nust have the same i | of <i>integer type</i> . The typ scalar or vector of number of components ne component width as | s | |
| 5 | 198 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpBit | wiseAnd | | | | |
|--|---------|--|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| • • • • • | | | | | |
| | | perand 1 and Operand r Operand 2 are 0. | | | |
| | | d per component, and | d within each | | |
| component, per bit. <i>Result Type</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . They must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . They must have the same component width as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | |
| 5 | 199 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpNot | | | | |
|----------|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Complei | ment the bits of O | | | |
| Results | are computed per | component, and within eac | ch component, per bit. | |
| Result 7 | <i>ype</i> must be a sca | alar or vector of <i>integer type</i> | e. | |
| same nu | d's type must be a Imber of compone ponent width in <i>Re</i> | | | |
| 4 | 200 | <id> Operand</id> | | |

| Ма | OpBitFieldInsert Make a copy of an object, with a modified bit field that comes from another object. | | | | | Capability: Shader, Bitlr | nstructions |
|------|---|---|-------------------|----------------------|--|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Re | sults are co | omputed per cor | nponent. | | | | |
| Re | s <i>ult Type</i> m | ust be a scalar | or vector of inte | eger type. | | | |
| The | e type of Ba | ase and <i>Insert</i> n | nust be the san | ne as <i>Result</i> | Туре. | | |
| | • | numbered outs corresponding | • | set + Count | - 1] (inclusive) | | |
| | • | numbered in [0 ered [0, <i>Count</i> - | | <i>Count</i> - 1] co | ome, in order, from | 1 | |
| froi | | | | | er of bits taken can be 0, in which | | |
| | <i>Offset</i> must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. <i>Offset</i> is the lowest-order bit of the bit field. It is consumed as an unsigned value. | | | | | | |
| | The resulting value is undefined if <i>Count</i> or <i>Offset</i> or their sum is greater than the number of bits in the result. | | | | | | |
| 7 | 201 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Base</id> | <id> Insert</id> | <id> Offset</id> | <id> Count</id> |

| OpBitF | FieldSExtr | act | | Capability: Shader, BitInstr | uctions | |
|--|------------------|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Extract | t a bit field | from an object, wi | th sign extension. | | Ondder, Ditinstr | |
| Results | s are comp | outed per compone | ent. | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must | be a scalar or veo | ctor of integer type |). | | |
| The typ | pe of Base | must be the same | e as Result Type. | | | |
| + Coun result. | nt - 1] (inclu | r than 0: The bits o usive) become the ning bits of the res se. | bits numbered [0, | Count - 1] of the | | |
| extracte | ed from Ba | n <i>integer type</i> scala ase. It is consumed se the result is 0. | | | | |
| <i>Offset</i> must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. <i>Offset</i> is the lowest-order bit of the bit field to extract from <i>Base</i> . It is consumed as an unsigned value. | | | | | | |
| The resulting value is undefined if <i>Count</i> or <i>Offset</i> or their sum is greater than the number of bits in the result. | | | | | | |
| 6 2 | 202 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Base</id> | <id> Offset</id> | <id> Count</id> |

| OpBitFieldUExtract Extract a bit field from an object, without sign extension. The semantics are the same as with OpBitFieldSExtract with the exception that there is no sign extension. The remaining bits of the | | | | | Capability: Shader, BitInstr | uctions |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| resul | result will all be 0. | | | | | |
| 6 | 203 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Base</id> | <id> Offset</id> | <id> Count</id> |

| OpBitRe | verse | Capability: Shader, BitInstructions | | |
|---|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------------|
| Reverse the bits in an object. | | | | , |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | |
| Result Type must be a scalar or vector of integer type. | | | | |
| The type | of Base must be | the same as Result Type. | | |
| The bit-number <i>n</i> of the result is taken from bit-number <i>Width - 1 - n</i> of <i>Base</i> , where <i>Width</i> is the OpTypeInt operand of the <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | |
| 4 | 204 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Base</id> |

| OpBitC | ount | | | |
|----------|---|--|------------------|-----------|
| Count th | ne number of set b | its in an object. | | |
| Results | are computed per | component. | | |
| be wide | enough to hold the | e. The components must as an unsigned value. That r a wide enough result | | |
| of comp | ust be a scalar or y onents as <i>Result</i> | | | |
| 4 | 205 | <id></id> | Result <id></id> | <id></id> |
| 4 | 200 | Result Type | | Base |

3.52.15. Relational and Logical Instructions

| OpAny | | | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Result is true if any component of <i>Vector</i> is true , otherwise result is false . | | | | |
| Result Type must be a Boolean type scalar. | | | | |
| <i>Vector</i> n | nust be a vector of | | | |
| 4 | 154 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Vector</id> |

| OpAll | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Result is true if all components of Vector are true, otherwise result is false. | | | | |
| Result 7 | <i>Type</i> must be a <i>Bo</i> | olean type scalar. | | |
| Vector n | nust be a vector of | | | |
| 4 | 155 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Vector</id> |

| OpIsNa | in | | | |
|--------|---|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| | s true if <i>x</i> is a NaN se result is false . | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be a sca | alar or vector of <i>Boolean typ</i> | pe. | |
| numbei | be a scalar or vector of components as are computed per | | | |
| 4 | 156 | <id></id> | Result <id></id> | <id></id> |
| | | Result Type | | X |

| OpIsInf | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Result is true if <i>x</i> is an Inf for the floating-point encoding used by the type of <i>x</i> , otherwise result is false | | | | |
| Result 7 | <i>Type</i> must be a sca | alar or vector of <i>Boolean typ</i> | De. | |
| <i>x</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> . It must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . Results are computed per component. | | | | |
| 4 | 157 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> x</id> |

| type of <i>x</i> <i>Result T</i> <i>x</i> must b number | s true if <i>x</i> is a finite , otherwise result <i>ype</i> must be a sca | alar or vector of <i>Boolean ty</i> or of <i>floating-point type</i> . It r <i>Result Type</i> . | pe. | Capability: Kernel |
|--|---|--|------------------|-----------------------|
| 4 | 158 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> x</id> |

| the type <i>Result T</i> <i>x</i> must b number | s true if <i>x</i> is a norn of <i>x</i> , otherwise re <i>Type</i> must be a sca | alar or vector of <i>Boolean typ</i> or of <i>floating-point type</i> . It n <i>Result Type</i> . | pe. | Capability: Kernel |
|--|--|---|------------------|-----------------------|
| 4 | 159 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> x</id> |

| <i>Result 1</i> <i>x</i> must b number | BitSet s true if <i>x</i> has its s <i>ype</i> must be a sca be a scalar or vector of components as are computed per | Capability: Kernel | | |
|--|---|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 4 | 160 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> x</id> |

| OpLes | - | | | Capability: Kernel | |
|---|----------------------------------|---|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Depre | Deprecated (use OpFOrdNotEqual). | | | Missing after version 1.5. | |
| Has the same semantics as OpFOrdNotEqual . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of E | Boolean type. | | |
| | | vector of <i>floating-poin</i> components as <i>Resu</i> | | | |
| y must | t have the sam | e type as <i>x</i> . | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 161 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> x</id> | <id> y</id> |

| OpFO false. Result x must the sar y must Result | is true if both rdEqual is use <i>Type</i> must be be a scalar or me number of o have the same s are computed | d per component. | erwise result is Boolean type. It must have | Capability: Kernel | |
|---|--|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| 5 | 162 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> x</id> | <id> y</id> | |

| | | | | Capability: Kernel | |
|---|---------------------|--|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Result is true if either <i>x</i> or <i>y</i> is an NaN for the floating-point encoding used by the type of <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> , otherwise result is false . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of E | Boolean type. | | |
| | | vector of <i>floating-poin</i> components as <i>Resul</i> | | | |
| y must | t have the sam | e type as <i>x</i> . | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 163 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> x</id> | <id> y</id> |

| OpLog | gicalEqual | | | | |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Result is true if <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> have the same value. Result is false if <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> have different values. | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of | Boolean type. | | |
| The ty | pe of <i>Operand</i> | 1 must be the same a | as Result Type. | | |
| The ty | pe of <i>Operand</i> | 2 must be the same a | as Result Type. | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 164 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpLog | gicalNotEqua | l | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Result is true if <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> have different values. Result is false if <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> have the same value. | | | | | |
| Result | <i>t Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of | Boolean type. | | |
| The ty | pe of <i>Operanc</i> | 1 must be the same | as Result Type. | | |
| The ty | pe of <i>Operanc</i> | 2 must be the same | as Result Type. | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 165 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |

| OpLogicalOr | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Result is true if either <i>Operand 1</i> or <i>Operand 2</i> is true . Result is false if both <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> are false . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of | Boolean type. | | |
| The ty | pe of <i>Operan</i> d | 1 must be the same | as Result Type. | | |
| The ty | pe of <i>Operan</i> o | 2 must be the same | as Result Type. | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 166 < <i>id> Result <id></id></i> | | | | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpL | ogicalAnd | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Result is true if both <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> are true . Result is false if either <i>Operand 1</i> or <i>Operand 2</i> are false . | | | | | |
| Resi | <i>ult Type</i> must be | e a scalar or vector | of Boolean type. | | |
| The | type of Operand | d 1 must be the sa | me as <i>Result Type</i> . | | |
| The | type of Operand | d 2 must be the sa | me as <i>Result Type</i> . | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 167 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpLog | gicalNot | | | |
|---------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Result | is true if <i>Operand</i> i | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be a sca | alar or vector of <i>Boolean ty</i> | pe. | |
| The typ | pe of <i>Operand</i> mus | t be the same as <i>Result Ty</i> | De. | |
| Result | s are computed per | | | |
| 4 | 168 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand</id> |

| OpSelect | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Select between computed per com | two objects. Before omponent. | | | | |
| | 1.4, <i>Result Type</i> mi rsion 1.4, <i>Result T</i> y a vector. | | | | |
| The types of Ob | ject 1 and Object 2 | must be the same | e as Result Type. | | |
| Condition must | pe a scalar or vecto | or of Boolean type. | | | |
| | scalar and true , the , the result is <i>Obje</i> e | | 1. If <i>Condition</i> is a | | |
| number of comp and <i>Object 2</i> : If | vector, <i>Result Type</i> oonents as <i>Conditic</i> a component of <i>Co</i> e result is taken fro | | | | |
| 6 169 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Condition</id> | <id> Object 1</id> | <id> Object 2</id> |

| OplEc | OplEqual | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Integer comparison for equality. | | | | | |
| Result Type must be a scalar or vector of Boolean type. | | | | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . They must have the same component width, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 170 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |

| OpINotEqual | | | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Intege | r comparison f | or inequality. | | | |
| Result Type must be a scalar or vector of Boolean type. | | | | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . They must have the same component width, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 171 < <i>id> Result <id></id></i> | | | | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpUGreaterThan | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Unsigned-integer comparison if <i>Operand 1</i> is greater than <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of E | Boolean type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . They must have the same component width, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 172 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |

| OpSG | reaterThan | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Signed-integer comparison if <i>Operand 1</i> is greater than <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>t Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of | Boolean type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . They must have the same component width, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 173 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpUGreaterThanEqual | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Unsigned-integer comparison if <i>Operand 1</i> is greater than or equal to <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of E | Boolean type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . They must have the same component width, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 174 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |

| OpSG | reaterThanEq | ual | | | |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Signed-integer comparison if <i>Operand 1</i> is greater than or equal to <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of E | Boolean type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . They must have the same component width, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 175 < <i>id> Result <id></id></i> | | | | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpUL | essThan | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Unsigned-integer comparison if <i>Operand 1</i> is less than <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>t Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector o | f Boolean type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . They must have the same component width, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . Results are computed per component. | | | S | | |
| 5 | 176 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |

| a a | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| OpSLessThan | | | | | |
| Signed-integer comparison if <i>Operand 1</i> is less than <i>Operand</i> 2. | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of E | Boolean type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . They must have the same component width, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 177 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |

| OpULessThanEqual | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Unsigned-integer comparison if <i>Operand 1</i> is less than or equal to <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of E | Boolean type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . They must have the same component width, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 178 < <i>id> Result <id></id></i> | | | | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpSLessThanEqual | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Signed-integer comparison if <i>Operand 1</i> is less than or equal to <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>t Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of | Boolean type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>integer type</i> . They must have the same component width, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 179 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |

| OpFOrdEqual | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Floating-point comparison for being ordered and equal. | | | | | |
| Result Type must be a scalar or vector of Boolean type. | | | | | |
| Result Type must be a scalar or vector of Boolean type. The type of Operand 1 and Operand 2 must be a scalar or vector of floating-point type. They must have the same type, and they must have the same number of components as Result Type. Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 180 < <i>id> Result <id></id></i> | | | | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpFUnordEqual | | | | | |
|--|-----|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Floating-point comparison for being unordered or equal. | | | | | |
| Result Type must be a scalar or vector of Boolean type. | | | | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> . They must have the same type, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 181 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |

| OpFC | OrdNotEqual | | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Floati | ng-point compa | arison for being ordere | ed and not equal. | | |
| Result Type must be a scalar or vector of Boolean type. | | | | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>Boolean type</i>. The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i>. They must have the same type, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i>. Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 182 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |

| OpFUnordNotEqual | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Floatir | ig-point compa | arison for being und | ordered or not equal. | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector | of Boolean type. | | |
| Result Type must be a scalar or vector of Boolean type. The type of Operand 1 and Operand 2 must be a scalar or vector of floating-point type. They must have the same type, and they must have the same number of components as Result Type. Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 183 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |

| OpFOrdLessThan | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Floating-point comparison if operands are ordered and <i>Operand 1</i> is less than <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of L | Boolean type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> . They must have the same type, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 184 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpFL | JnordLessTh | nan | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 01 | parison if operands than <i>Operand</i> 2. | | | |
| Resu | <i>It Type</i> must b | pe a scalar or vector | of Boolean type. | | |
| vecto and th <i>Type</i> . | r of <i>floating-p</i> ney must hav | nd 1 and Operand 2 point type. They mus e the same number uted per component. | | | |
| 5 | 185 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpFO | rdGreaterTha | n | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Floating-point comparison if operands are ordered and <i>Operand 1</i> is greater than <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of E | Boolean type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> . They must have the same type, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 186 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpFU | nordGreaterT | han | | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Floating-point comparison if operands are unordered or <i>Operand 1</i> is greater than <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of E | Boolean type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> . They must have the same type, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 187 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpFO | rdLessThanE | qual | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 01 | arison if operands ar an or equal to <i>Opera</i> | | | |
| Resul | <i>t Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector o | f Boolean type. | | |
| vector and th <i>Type</i> . | of <i>floating-poi</i> ey must have t | <i>I</i> 1 and <i>Operand</i> 2 m nt type. They must h the same number of d per component. | lt | | |
| 5 | 188 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpFU | nordLessTha | nEqual | | | |
|--|---------------------|--|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | arison if operands are an or equal to <i>Operan</i> | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of E | Boolean type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> . They must have the same type, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 189 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpFO | rdGreaterTha | nEqual | | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Floating-point comparison if operands are ordered and <i>Operand 1</i> is greater than or equal to <i>Operand 2</i> . | | | | | |
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of E | Boolean type. | | |
| The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> . They must have the same type, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | |
| Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 190 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

| OpFU | nordGreaterT | hanEqual | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | arison if operands are than or equal to <i>Oper</i> | | | |
| Result | <i>t Type</i> must be | a scalar or vector of E | Boolean type. | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>Boolean type</i>. The type of <i>Operand 1</i> and <i>Operand 2</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i>. They must have the same type, and they must have the same number of components as <i>Result Type</i>. Results are computed per component. | | | | | |
| 5 | 191 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> |

3.52.16. Derivative Instructions

| OpDPd | x | Capability: Shader | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | esult as either OpE ne is based on ext | | | |
| | | alar or vector of <i>floating-pol</i> width must be 32 bits. | <i>int type</i> using the IEEE 754 | |
| The type derivativ | e of <i>P</i> must be the /e of. | | | |
| This ins | truction is only vali | | | |
| 4 | 207 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> P</id> |

| OpDPdy | / | Capability: Shader | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|----------------------------|-----------------|
| | esult as either OpE ne is based on ext | | | |
| | | alar or vector of <i>floating-poin</i> width must be 32 bits. | nt type using the IEEE 754 | |
| The type derivativ | | the value to take the | | |
| This inst | truction is only vali | | | |
| 4 | 208 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> P</id> |

| OpFwi | idth | Capability: Shader | | |
|---------|--|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | is the same as com DPdy on <i>P</i> . | | | |
| | | alar or vector of <i>floating</i> width must be 32 bits. | <i>-point type</i> using the IEEE 754 | |
| derivat | pe of <i>P</i> must be the ive of. struction is only val | | | |
| 4 | 209 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> P</id> |

| coordina fragmen <i>Result T</i> encoding The type derivativ | s the partial deriva ate.Uses local diffe t and its immediat <i>ype</i> must be a sca g. The component e of <i>P</i> must be the re of. | c () | e of <i>P</i> for the current <i>int type</i> using the IEEE 754 the value to take the | Capability: DerivativeControl |
|---|---|---------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| 4 | 210 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> P</id> |

| coordina fragmen <i>Result T</i> encoding The type derivativ | the partial deriva te.Uses local diffe t and its immediat <i>ype</i> must be a sca g. The component of <i>P</i> must be the e of. | 0 () | e of <i>P</i> for the current <i>nt type</i> using the IEEE 754 the value to take the | Capability: DerivativeControl |
|---|---|---------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| 4 | 211 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> P</id> |

| OpFwie | dthFine | Capability: DerivativeControl | | |
|----------|--|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | s the same as com xFine and OpDPd | | | |
| | <i>Type</i> must be a scange. The component | | | |
| derivati | | | | |
| This ins | This instruction is only valid in the Fragment Execution Model. | | | |
| 4 | 212 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> P</id> |

| Result is Uses loc neighbo current f derivativ <i>Result T</i> encoding The type derivativ | cal differencing bas rs, and possibly, b ragment. That is, es in fewer unique <i>ype</i> must be a sca g. The component e of <i>P</i> must be the e of. | tive of <i>P</i> with respect to the sed on the value of <i>P</i> for th ut not necessarily, includes over a given area, the imple e locations than would be a alar or vector of <i>floating-poin</i> width must be 32 bits. same as <i>Result Type</i> . <i>P</i> is id in the Fragment Execution | e current fragment's the value of <i>P</i> for the ementation can compute <i>x</i> llowed for OpDPdxFine . <i>It type</i> using the IEEE 754 the value to take the | Capability: DerivativeControl |
|--|--|---|--|----------------------------------|
| 4 | 213 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> P</id> |

| Result is Uses loc neighbo current f derivativ <i>Result T</i> encoding The type derivativ | cal differencing bas rs, and possibly, b ragment. That is, o res in fewer unique <i>ype</i> must be a sca g. The component e of <i>P</i> must be the re of. | tive of <i>P</i> with respect to the sed on the value of <i>P</i> for th ut not necessarily, includes over a given area, the imple e locations than would be a alar or vector of <i>floating-poin</i> width must be 32 bits. same as <i>Result Type</i> . <i>P</i> is ad in the Fragment Execution | e current fragment's the value of <i>P</i> for the ementation can compute <i>y</i> llowed for OpDPdyFine . <i>It type</i> using the IEEE 754 the value to take the | Capability: DerivativeControl |
|--|--|---|--|----------------------------------|
| 4 | 214 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> P</id> |

| Result is | IthCoarse s the same as com xCoarse and OpD | Capability: DerivativeControl | | |
|---|---|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Result 1 | <i>Type</i> must be a sca g. The component | | | |
| The type derivativ | e of <i>P</i> must be the ve of. | | | |
| This instruction is only valid in the Fragment Execution Model. | | | | |
| 4 | 215 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> P</id> |

3.52.17. Control-Flow Instructions

| OpPhi | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------|------------------|---|
| The SSA phi function. | | | | |
| The result is selected from <i>Parent i</i> , <i>Result le</i> | | | | |
| Result Type can be an | y type except C | pTypeVoid. | | |
| 2 block), Each Pare CFG of the current blo | <i>i</i> for each parent block CFG and <i>Variable i</i> is <i>i</i> . All <i>Variables</i> must oPhi instructions | | | |
| 3 + variable | 245 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id>, <id>, Variable, Parent,</id></id> |

| OpLoopMerge | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---|
| Declare a structure | ed loop. | | | | |
| This instruction me OpBranchCondit to-last instruction i | ional instruc | | | | |
| Merge Block is the | e label of the | merge block for this | s structured loop. | | |
| <i>Continue Target</i> is "continue". | the label of a | a block targeted for | processing a loop | | |
| Loop Control Para Loop Control settin | ng that requir | | | | |
| See Structured Co | ontrol Flow fo | | | | |
| 4 + variable | 246 | <id> Merge Block</id> | <id> Continue Target</id> | Loop Control | Literal, Literal, Loop Control Parameters |

| OpSe | electionMerge | | |
|--|---|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Decla | re a structured selec | | |
| OpBr | nstruction must imme anchConditional or econd-to-last instructi | ust be | |
| <i>Merge</i> select | e <i>Block</i> is the label of tion. | 1 | |
| See Structured Control Flow for more detail. | | | |
| 3 | 247 | <id> Merge Block</id> | Selection Control |

| OpLabel | | |
|---|-----|------------------|
| The label instruction of a block. | | |
| References to a block are through the <i>Result <id></id></i> of its label. | | |
| 2 | 248 | Result <id></id> |

| OpBranch | | |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Unconditional bra | anch to Target Label. | |
| <i>Target Label</i> must be the <i>Result <id></id></i> of an OpLabel instruction in the current function. This instruction must be the last instruction in a block. | | |
| 2 | 249 | <id> Target Label</id> |

| OpBranchCondit | ional | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| opbranchoonan | | | | | |
| If Condition is true Label. | , branch to 7 | | | | |
| Condition must be | a Boolean ty | /pe scalar. | | | |
| True Label must b | e an <mark>OpLabe</mark> | I in the current fund | ction. | | |
| False Label must b | be an <mark>OpLab</mark> | el in the current fur | nction. | | |
| Starting with versi the same <i><id></id></i> . | on 1.6, <i>True</i> | Label and False La | abel must not be | | |
| Branch weights are either no Branch weight the first is the weigh the weight for brand a branch is taken in weights. At least of does not imply a b weights are only hoverflow a 32-bit up This instruction me | Veights or ex opt for branch oching to Fals s its weight of ne weight mu ranch is deau ints. The sun nsigned integ | | | | |
| 4 + variable | 250 | <id> Condition</id> | <id> True Label</id> | <id> False Label</id> | Literal, Literal, Branch weights |

| OpSwitch | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| Multi-way branch to | one of the opera | nd label <i><id></id></i> . | | | |
| <i>Selector</i> must have a <i>Target</i> literals. | a type of OpTyp | eInt. Selector is comp | ared for equality to the | • | |
| <i>Default</i> must be the <i><id></id></i> of a label. If <i>Selector</i> does not equal any of the <i>Target</i> literals, control flow branches to the <i>Default</i> label <i><id></id></i> . | | | | | |
| <i>Target</i> must be altern equals a <i>literal</i> , cont two <i>literal</i> to be equa flow branches to the <i>Selector</i> . The bit wid width is not a multipl literal values are inter This instruction mus | ny | | | | |
| 3 + variable | 251 | <id> Selector</id> | <id> Default</id> | literal, label <id>, literal, label <id>, Target</id></id> | |

| OpKill Deprecated (use OpTerminateInvocation or OpDemoteToHelperInvocation). Fragment-shader discard. Ceases all further processing in any invocation that executes it: Only instructions these invocations executed before OpKill have observable side effects. If this instruction is executed in non-uniform control flow, all subsequent control flow is non-uniform (for invocations that continue to execute). This instruction must be the last instruction in a block. This instruction is only valid in the Fragment Execution Model. | Capability: Shader |
|--|-----------------------|
| 1 | 252 |
| OpReturn Return with no value from a function with void return type. This instruction must be the last instruction in a block. | |
| 1 | 253 |

Return a value from a function.

Value is the value returned, by copy, and must match the *Return Type* operand of the **OpTypeFunction** type of the **OpFunction** body this return instruction is in. *Value* must not have type **OpTypeVoid**.

This instruction must be the last instruction in a block.

| 2 | 254 | <id></id> |
|---|-----|-----------|
| | | Value |

| OpUnreachable | |
|---|-----|
| Behavior is undefined if this instruction is executed. | |
| This instruction must be the last instruction in a block. | |
| 1 | 255 |

| OpLifeti | | Capability: Kernel | |
|------------|---|---|--|
| Declare t | hat an object was not defi | ned before this instruction. | |
| | a pointer to the object wh an OpTypePointer with S | nose lifetime is starting. Its type torage Class Function . | |
| pointer to | n unsigned 32-bit integer. a non-void type or the A non-zero, it is the number g. | | |
| 3 | 256 | Literal Size | |

| Pointer is a be an OpTy Size is an upointer to a | Stop It an object is dead after pointer to the object wh pePointer with Storage unsigned 32-bit integer. So non-void type or the Ac on-zero, it is the number | Capability: Kernel |
|--|--|-----------------------|
| 3 | 257 | Literal Size |

| OpTerminateInvocation | Capability: Shader |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Fragment-shader terminate. Ceases all further processing in any invocation that executes it: Only instructions these invocations executed before OpTerminateInvocation will have observable side effects. If this instruction is executed in non-uniform control flow, all subsequent control flow is non-uniform (for invocations that continue to execute). This instruction must be the last instruction in a block. | Snader Missing before version 1.6. |
| This instruction is only valid in the Fragment Execution Model. | |
| 1 | 4416 |

| OpDemoteToHelperInvocation (OpDemoteToHelperInvocationEXT) | Capability: DemoteToHelperInvocation |
|---|---|
| Demote this fragment shader invocation to a helper invocation. Any stores to memory after this instruction are suppressed and the fragment does not write outputs to the framebuffer. | Missing before version 1.6. |
| Unlike the OpTerminateInvocation instruction, this does not necessarily terminate the invocation which might be needed for derivative calculations. It is not considered a flow control instruction (flow control does not become non-uniform) and does not terminate the block. The implementation may terminate helper invocations before the end of the shader as an optimization, but doing so must not affect derivative calculations and does not make control flow non- uniform. | |
| After an invocation executes this instruction, any subsequent load of HelperInvocation within that invocation will load an undefined value unless the HelperInvocation built-in variable is decorated with Volatile or the load included Volatile in its Memory Operands This instruction is only valid in the Fragment Execution Model. | |
| 1 | 5380 |

3.52.18. Atomic Instructions

| OpA | tomicLoad | | | | | |
|--------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| Atom subp | nically load the v | hrough <i>Pointer</i> us value that is loaded accesses to it with | | | | |
| Resi | <i>ılt Type</i> mus | t be a scalar of in | ating-point type. | | | |
| point | ed to by Poi | inter to the memor <i>inter</i> must be the s mory <i>Scope</i> . | | | | |
| 6 | 227 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | |
| ОрА | tomicStore | | | | | |
| subp | arts of Value | through <i>Pointer</i> us e are written atom s to it within <i>Scope</i> | ically with respec | | | |
| | | inter to the memor lar of <i>integer type</i> | | | | |

Value is the value to write. The type of *Value* and the type pointed to by *Pointer* must be the same type.

Memory is a memory *Scope*.

| 5 | 228 | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | <id> Value</id> |
|---|-----|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|
|---|-----|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|

| Ор | AtomicEx | change | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|---|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|
| acc 1) lo 2) g | esses witl bad throug jet a <i>New</i> | ollowing steps at hin <i>Scope</i> to the gh <i>Pointer</i> to get <i>Value</i> from copy <i>lew Value</i> back t | | | | | |
| The | e instructio | n's result is the | Original Value. | | | | |
| Res | s <i>ult Type</i> r | nust be a scalar | of integer type | or floating-po | oint type. | | |
| | | <i>alue</i> must be the <i>Pointer</i> must be | | | type of the value | | |
| Me | mory is a | memory Scope. | | | | | |
| 7 | 229 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | <id> Value</id> |

| Ор | Atomic | CompareEx | change | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| Perform the following steps atomically with respect to any other atomic accesses within <i>Scope</i> to the same location: 1) load through <i>Pointer</i> to get an <i>Original Value</i>, 2) get a <i>New Value</i> from <i>Value</i> only if <i>Original Value</i> equals <i>Comparator</i>, and 3) store the <i>New Value</i> back through <i>Pointer</i> only if <i>Original Value</i> equaled <i>Comparator</i>. | | | | | | | | | |
| The | e instruc | tion's result | is the Origir | al Value. | | | | | |
| Res | sult Type | e must be ar | n <i>integer typ</i> | e scalar. | | | | | |
| | | | ory semanti pare equal. | cs of this ins | struction whe | en <i>Value</i> | | | |
| Use <i>Unequal</i> for the memory semantics of this instruction when <i>Value</i> and <i>Original Value</i> compare unequal. <i>Unequal</i> must not be set to Release or Acquire and Release . In addition, <i>Unequal</i> cannot be set to a stronger memory-order then <i>Equal</i> . The type of <i>Value</i> must be the same as <i>Result Type</i> . The type of the | | | | | | | | | |
| value pointed to by <i>Pointer</i> must be the same as <i>Result Type</i> . This type must also match the type of <i>Comparator</i> . | | | | | | | | | |
| Memory is a memory Scope. | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | 230 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Equal</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Unequal</id> | <id> Value</id> | <id> Comparat or</id> |

| Ор | OpAtomicCompareExchangeWeak | | | | | | Capability: Kernel | | |
|----|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| На | Deprecated (use OpAtomicCompareExchange). Has the same semantics as OpAtomicCompareExchange . <i>Memory</i> is a memory <i>Scope</i> . | | | | | | Missing afte | er version 1 | .3. |
| 9 | 231 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Equal</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Unequal</id> | <id> Value</id> | <id> Comparat or</id> |

| ОрА | tomicIIncre | ment | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|
| acce 1) lo 2) ge 3) st | sses within ad through <i>F</i> et a <i>New Val</i> ore the <i>New</i> | wing steps atomic Scope to the sam Pointer to get an C ue through intege Value back throu result is the Origi | | | | |
| point | ted to by Poi | t be an <i>integer typinter</i> must be the standard states the standard states the standard states the states the states and | | | | |
| 6 | 232 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> |

| ОрА | tomicIDecr | ement | | | | |
|--|--|--|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|
| acces 1) loa 2) ge Value 3) sto The i | sses within ad through F at a New Val e, and ore the New Instruction's allt Type mus | wing steps atomica Scope to the same Pointer to get an O ue through integer Value back throug result is the Origin t be an integer typ Inter must be the same | | | | |
| Mem | <i>ory</i> is a mer | nory Scope. | | | | |
| 6 | 233 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> |

| Op/ | tomicIAd | d | | | | | |
|--|-------------|---------------|----------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Perform the following steps atomically with respect to any other atomic accesses within <i>Scope</i> to the same location: 1) load through <i>Pointer</i> to get an <i>Original Value</i> , 2) get a <i>New Value</i> by integer addition of <i>Original Value</i> and <i>Value</i> , and 3) store the <i>New Value</i> back through <i>Pointer</i> . The instruction's result is the <i>Original Value</i> . <i>Result Type</i> must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. The type of <i>Value</i> must be the same as <i>Result Type</i> . The type of the value | | | | | | | |
| Ċ | 2 | | the same as Re | Jour Type. | | | |
| Mer | nory is a m | nemory Scope. | | | | | |
| 7234 <id>Result <id><id>Scope <id>Memory<id>7234Result Type<</id></id></id></id></id> | | | | | | | |

| Ори | AtomicISu | b | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| acc 1) lo 2) g 3) s The | Perform the following steps atomically with respect to any other atomic accesses within <i>Scope</i> to the same location: 1) load through <i>Pointer</i> to get an <i>Original Value</i>, 2) get a <i>New Value</i> by integer subtraction of <i>Value</i> from <i>Original Value</i>, and 3) store the <i>New Value</i> back through <i>Pointer</i>. The instruction's result is the <i>Original Value</i>. <i>Result Type</i> must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. | | | | | | | | |
| poir | nted to by I | <i>alue</i> must be the Pointer must be nemory Scope. | | <i>ilt Type</i> . The typ es <i>ult Type</i> . | e of the value | | | | |
| 7235 <id><id>Result <id><id>PointerScope <id>MemoryAmory<id><id>ValueValueSemanticsSemanticsSemanticsSemanticsSemanticsSemantics</id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | | | | | | | | | |

| Ор/ | AtomicSM | in | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|
| Perform the following steps atomically with respect to any other atomic accesses within <i>Scope</i> to the same location: 1) load through <i>Pointer</i> to get an <i>Original Value</i> , 2) get a <i>New Value</i> by finding the smallest signed integer of <i>Original Value</i> and <i>Value</i> , and 3) store the <i>New Value</i> back through <i>Pointer</i> . The instruction's result is the <i>Original Value</i> . <i>Result Type</i> must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. The type of <i>Value</i> must be the same as <i>Result Type</i> . The type of the value | | | | | | | |
| ροιι | | Pointer must be | the same as R | esun Type. | | | |
| Mer | <i>mory</i> is a m | nemory Scope. | | | | | |
| 7 | 236 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | <id> Value</id> |

| Ори | AtomicUM | in | | | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Perform the following steps atomically with respect to any other atomic accesses within <i>Scope</i> to the same location: 1) load through <i>Pointer</i> to get an <i>Original Value</i> , 2) get a <i>New Value</i> by finding the smallest unsigned integer of <i>Original Value</i> and <i>Value</i> , and 3) store the <i>New Value</i> back through <i>Pointer</i> . The instruction's result is the <i>Original Value</i> . | | | | | | | | |
| Res | <i>sult Type</i> m | ust be an <i>intege</i> | er type scalar. | | | | | |
| poir | The type of <i>Value</i> must be the same as <i>Result Type</i> . The type of the value pointed to by <i>Pointer</i> must be the same as <i>Result Type</i> . <i>Memory</i> is a memory <i>Scope</i> . | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 237 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | <id> Value</id> | |

| Op/ | AtomicSM | ax | | | | | OpAtomicSMax | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Perform the following steps atomically with respect to any other atomic accesses within <i>Scope</i> to the same location: 1) load through <i>Pointer</i> to get an <i>Original Value</i>, 2) get a <i>New Value</i> by finding the largest signed integer of <i>Original Value</i> and <i>Value</i>, and 3) store the <i>New Value</i> back through <i>Pointer</i>. The instruction's result is the <i>Original Value</i>. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Res | <i>ult Type</i> m | ust be an <i>intege</i> | er type scalar. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 51 | lue must be the | | 51 51 | e of the value | | | | | | | | | | | |
| poin | ited to by F | <i>Pointer</i> must be | the same as R | esult Type. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mer | <i>nory</i> is a m | nemory Scope. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 238 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | <id> Value</id> | | | | | | | | | |

| Ор/ | AtomicUM | lax | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Perform the following steps atomically with respect to any other atomic accesses within <i>Scope</i> to the same location: 1) load through <i>Pointer</i> to get an <i>Original Value</i>, 2) get a <i>New Value</i> by finding the largest unsigned integer of <i>Original Value</i> and <i>Value</i>, and 3) store the <i>New Value</i> back through <i>Pointer</i>. The instruction's result is the <i>Original Value</i>. <i>Result Type</i> must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. The type of <i>Value</i> must be the same as <i>Result Type</i>. The type of the value | | | | | | | | |
| | | Pointer must be | | | | | | |
| Mer | <i>mory</i> is a n | nemory Scope. | | | | | | |
| 7 | 239 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | <id> Value</id> | |

| OpA | AtomicAnd | k | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Perform the following steps atomically with respect to any other atomic accesses within <i>Scope</i> to the same location: 1) load through <i>Pointer</i> to get an <i>Original Value</i> , 2) get a <i>New Value</i> by the bitwise AND of <i>Original Value</i> and <i>Value</i> , and 3) store the <i>New Value</i> back through <i>Pointer</i> . The instruction's result is the <i>Original Value</i> . <i>Result Type</i> must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. The type of <i>Value</i> must be the same as <i>Result Type</i> . The type of the value | | | | | | | | |
| poin | ited to by F | <i>Pointer</i> must be | the same as Re | esult Type. | | | | |
| Men | <i>mory</i> is a m | nemory Scope. | | | | | | |
| 7 | 240 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | <id> Value</id> | |

| Ори | AtomicOr | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Perform the following steps atomically with respect to any other atomic accesses within <i>Scope</i> to the same location: 1) load through <i>Pointer</i> to get an <i>Original Value</i> , 2) get a <i>New Value</i> by the bitwise OR of <i>Original Value</i> and <i>Value</i> , and 3) store the <i>New Value</i> back through <i>Pointer</i> . The instruction's result is the <i>Original Value</i> . <i>Result Type</i> must be an <i>integer type</i> scalar. | | | | | | | | |
| poir | e type of <i>Va</i> nted to by <i>I</i> <i>mory</i> is a n | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 241 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | <id> Value</id> | |

| Op/ | AtomicXor | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Perform the following steps atomically with respect to any other atomic accesses within <i>Scope</i> to the same location: 1) load through <i>Pointer</i> to get an <i>Original Value</i>, 2) get a <i>New Value</i> by the bitwise exclusive OR of <i>Original Value</i> and <i>Value</i>, and 3) store the <i>New Value</i> back through <i>Pointer</i>. | | | | | | | | |
| The | instructior | n's result is the | Original Value. | | | | | |
| Res | <i>ult Type</i> m | ust be an <i>integ</i> e | er type scalar. | | | | | |
| The type of <i>Value</i> must be the same as <i>Result Type</i> . The type of the value pointed to by <i>Pointer</i> must be the same as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 242 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | <id> Value</id> | |

| ОрА | tomicFlagT | estAndSet | | | Capability: Kernel | |
|--------|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| Atom | nically sets th | ne flag value poin | ted to by <i>Pointer</i> | to the set state. | | |
| | <i>ter</i> must be a ic flag. | a pointer to a 32-b | | | | |
| | | result is true if the e clear state imm | | | | |
| Resi | <i>ilt Type</i> mus | t be a <i>Boolean typ</i> | pe. | | | |
| instru | 0 | than OpAtomicF | | g is modified by an or | | |
| Mem | <i>ory</i> is a mer | nory Scope. | | | | |
| 6 | 318 | <id> Result Type</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | | |

| Atom Point Mem | <i>ter</i> must be a pointe | er to a 32-bit integer It not be Acquire or | Pointer to the clear state. type representing an atomic flag AcquireRelease mic flag is modified by an | Capability: Kernel |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|-----------------------|
| instru | ory is a memory So 319 | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | | |

| | AtomicFM | inEXT | Capability: AtomicFloat16MinMaxEXT, AtomicFloat32MinMaxEXT, AtomicFloat64MinMaxEXT, AtomicFloat16VectorNV Reserved. | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| 7 | 5614 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | <id> Value</id> |
| | AtomicFM | axEXT | | | | AtomicFloat | I 6MinMaxEXT, 32MinMaxEXT, 64MinMaxEXT, I 6VectorNV |

| | | | | | | Reserved. | |
|---|------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|
| 7 | 5615 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | <id> Value</id> |

| | OpAtomicFAddEXT Reserved. | | | | | Capability: AtomicFloat16AddEXT, AtomicFloat32AddEXT, AtomicFloat64AddEXT, AtomicFloat16VectorNV | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|
| | | | | | | Reserved. | |
| 7 | 6035 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> | <id> Value</id> |

3.52.19. Primitive Instructions

| OpEmitVertex Emits the current values of all output variables to the current output primitive. After execution, the values of all output variables are undefined. This instruction must only be used when only one stream is present. | Capability: Geometry |
|---|-------------------------|
| 1 | 218 |
| | |

| OpEndPrimitive | Capability: |
|---|-------------|
| Finish the current primitive and start a new one. No vertex is emitted. | Geometry |
| This instruction must only be used when only one stream is present. | |
| 1 | 219 |

| OpEmitStreamVertexEmits the current values of all output variables to the current output primitive. After execution, the values of all output variables are undefined.Stream must be an <id> of a constant instruction with a scalar integer type. That constant is the output-primitive stream number.This instruction must only be used when multiple streams are present.2220</id> | | Capability: GeometryStreams |
|---|-----|--------------------------------|
| 2 | 220 | <id> Stream</id> |
| OpEndStreamPrimitiveFinish the current primitive and start a new one. No vertex is emitted.Stream must be an <id> of a constant instruction with a scalar integer type. That constant is the output-primitive stream number.This instruction must only be used when multiple streams are present.</id> | | Capability: GeometryStreams |
| 2 | 221 | <id> Stream</id> |

3.52.20. Barrier Instructions

| OpControlBarrier |
|-------------------------|
|-------------------------|

Wait for all active invocations within the specified *Scope* to reach the current point of execution.

All active invocations within *Execution* scope reach this point of execution before any invocation proceeds beyond it.

When *Execution* is **Workgroup** or larger, behavior is undefined unless all invocations within *Execution* execute the same dynamic instance of this instruction.

If Semantics is not **None**, this instruction also serves as an **OpMemoryBarrier** instruction, and also performs and adheres to the description and semantics of an **OpMemoryBarrier** instruction with the same *Memory* and *Semantics* operands. This allows atomically specifying both a control barrier and a memory barrier (that is, without needing two instructions). If *Semantics* is **None**, *Memory* is ignored.

Before **version 1.3**, it is only valid to use this instruction with **TessellationControl**, **GLCompute**, or **Kernel** execution models. There is no such restriction starting with **version 1.3**.

If used with the **TessellationControl** execution model, it also implicitly synchronizes the **Output** Storage Class: Writes to **Output** variables performed by any invocation executed prior to a **OpControlBarrier** are visible to any other invocation proceeding beyond that **OpControlBarrier**.

| 4 | 224 | Scope <id></id> | Scope <id></id> | Memory Semantics <id></id> |
|---|-----|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| | | Execution | Memory | Semantics |

| OpMemory | Barrier | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Control the c | order that memory acce | | |
| observed be control is en- and observe the Vulkan r memory acc | t memory accesses iss fore memory accesses sured only for memory ed by another invocatior memory model is decla cesses that use the Nor iteTexel image operance | | |
| Semantics d kind of contr | leclares what kind of m ol to apply. | | |
| To execute both a memory barrier and a control barrier, see OpControlBarrier . | | | |
| 3 2 | 225 | <i>Memory Semantics <id></id></i> <i>Semantics</i> | |

| - | edBarrierInitializ | Capability: NamedBarrier | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| | Declare a new named-barrier object. <i>Result Type</i> must be the type OpTypeNamedBarrier . | | | Missing before version 1.1. |
| 0 | <i>up Count</i> must be roups that must re | | | |
| 4 | 328 | <id> Subgroup Count</id> | | |

| OpMem | oryNamedBarrie | r | | Capability: NamedBarrier |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Wait for | other invocations | | | |
| Named | <i>Barrier</i> must be th | ier. | Missing before version 1.1. | |
| instruction an OpM operand memory | on, and also perfo emoryBarrier ins s. This allows ator | this instruction also serves rms and adheres to the des truction with the same <i>Men</i> mically specifying both a co ithout needing two instruction | scription and semantics of nory and Semantics ontrol barrier and a | |
| 4 | 329 | <id> Named Barrier</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> |

| - | ontrolBarrierAr | riveINTEL | Capability: SplitBarrierINTEL Reserved. | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| 4 | 6142 | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> |
| · | ontrolBarrierW | aitINTEL | | Capability: SplitBarrierINTEL |
| 4 | 6143 | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Scope <id> Memory</id> | Memory Semantics <id> Semantics</id> |

3.52.21. Group and Subgroup Instructions

| OpGroupAsyncCopy | | | | | Capability: | | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | Kernel | | |
| Perform an asynchron Source to Destination. invocations in a group. | The asynch | | | | | | |
| This instruction results OpGroupWaitEvents | | by | | | | | |
| Behavior is undefined <i>Execution</i> reach this p | | | | | | | |
| Behavior is undefined unless all invocations within <i>Execution</i> execute the same dynamic instance of this instruction. | | | | | | | |
| Result Type must be a | n OpTypeE v | vent object. | | | | | |
| <i>Destination</i> must be a <i>type</i> or <i>integer type</i> . | pointer to a s | scalar or veo | ctor of <i>floatin</i> | g-point | | | |
| Destination pointer Sto CrossWorkgroup. | orage Class r | must be Wo i | 'kgroup or | | | | |
| The type of Source mu | ust be the sa | me as <i>Desti</i> | nation. | | | | |
| If <i>Destination</i> pointer S Storage Class must be the stride in elements | e CrossWork | (group . In th | nis case Stri | | | | |
| If <i>Destination</i> pointer S pointer Storage Class the stride in elements pointer. | must be Wor | r kgroup . In [.] | this case St | <i>ride</i> defines | | | |
| Stride and NumElements must be a 32-bit integer type scalar if the addressing model is <i>Physical32</i> and 64 bit integer type scalar if the Addressing Model is <i>Physical64</i> . | | | | | | | |
| Event must have a typ | e of OpType | Event. | | | | | |
| <i>Event</i> can be used to associate the copy with a previous copy allowing an event to be shared by multiple copies. Otherwise <i>Event</i> should be an OpConstantNull . | | | | | | | |
| If <i>Event</i> is not OpConstantNull , the result is the event object supplied by the <i>Event</i> operand. | | | | | | | |
| 9 259 <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Destinatio n</id> | <id> Source</id> | <id> Num Elements</id> | <id> Stride</id> | <id> Event</id> |

| Wait for Events I is perfor Behavio reach th Behavio dynamic <i>Executio</i> commar | <i>List</i> points to <i>Num</i> med. r is undefined if no is point of execution r is undefined unle c instance of this ir toon is a <i>Scope</i> that and. <i>ents</i> must be a 32 | ot all invocations of this mo on. ess all invocations within <i>E</i> | ch is released after the wait dule within <i>Execution</i> <i>Execution</i> execute the same | Capability: Kernel |
|---|---|---|--|-----------------------|
| 4 | 260 | <id> Events List</id> | | |

| in true group, Behav <i>Execu</i> Behav execut <i>Result</i> <i>Execu</i> affecte | ates a predicate of predicate evo otherwise the ior is undefined tion reach this ior is undefined to the same dy | point of execution. d unless all invocation namic instance of this a <i>Boolean type</i> . e that identifies the gro nand. | invocations in the of this module within his within <i>Execution</i> instruction. | Capability: Groups | |
|--|--|---|---|-------------------------|--|
| 5 | 261 | <id> Result Type</id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Predicate</id> | |

| - | oupAny | | | Capab Group | - | |
|--|--|---|--------------------|----------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| in true | Evaluates a predicate for all invocations in the group, resulting in true if predicate evaluates to true for any invocation in the group, otherwise the result is false . | | | | | |
| Behavior is undefined if not all invocations of this module within <i>Execution</i> reach this point of execution. | | | | | | |
| | | d unless all invocation namic instance of this | | | | |
| Result | <i>t Type</i> must be | a Boolean type. | | | | |
| | <i>ition</i> is a <i>Scope</i> ed by this comr | e that identifies the gro nand. | oup of invocations | | | |
| Predic | Predicate must be a Boolean type. | | | | | |
| 5 262 <id> Result <id> Result <id></id></id></id> | | | | | e <id> tion</id> | <id> Predicate</id> |
| OpGr | OnGrounBroadcast | | | | Capability | |

| OpGro | oupBroado | ast | | | Capability: Groups | |
|------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | lue of the invocation invocations in the | | e local id <i>Localld</i> | | |
| | | ined if not all invo his point of execu | | | | |
| | | ined unless all inv c instance of this i | | <i>kecution</i> execute | | |
| | <i>Type</i> must r <i>Boolean</i> | be a scalar or veo <i>type</i> . | ctor of <i>floating-poi</i> | nt type, integer | | |
| | <i>tion</i> is a Sc command | ope that identifies | the group of invoc | cations affected | | |
| The typ | pe of <i>Value</i> | e must be the sam | e as Result Type. | | | |
| 2 comp unless | Localld must be an integer datatype. It must be a scalar, a vector with 2 components, or a vector with 3 components. Behavior is undefined unless <i>Localld</i> is the same for all invocations in the group, or if it is greater than or equal to the size of the group in any dimension. | | | | | |
| 6 2 | 263 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Value</id> | <id> LocalId</id> |

| An in | roupIAdd teger add gr vocations in | | cified for all values | s of X specified | Capability: Groups | |
|-------|--|--|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | fined if not all involution in the second structure financial structure for the second structure for the second structure stru | | | | |
| | | fined unless all inv c instance of this i | rocations within <i>Ex</i> Instruction. | <i>ecution</i> execute | | |
| Resu | <i>It Type</i> must | be a scalar or veo | ctor of <i>integer type</i> |). | | |
| | <i>ution</i> is a So s command | | the group of invoc | cations affected | | |
| The i | dentity <i>I</i> for | Operation is 0. | | | | |
| The t | The type of X must be the same as Result Type. | | | | | |
| 6 | 264 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> |

| A floa | 01 | dd group operation cations in the grou | values of X | Capability: Groups | | |
|--|--|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Behavior is undefined if not all invocations of this module within <i>Execution</i> reach this point of execution. | | | | | | |
| | | fined unless all inv ic instance of this i | | <i>ecution</i> execute | | |
| Resu | <i>ilt Type</i> must | t be a scalar or veo | ctor of floating-point | nt type. | | |
| | <i>ution</i> is a So is command | cope that identifies | the group of invoc | cations affected | | |
| The i | dentity <i>I</i> for | Operation is 0. | | | | |
| The t | The type of X must be the same as Result Type. | | | | | |
| 6 | 265 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> |

| A floa | | ninimum group ope | - | or all values of X | Capability: Groups | |
|--------|--|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Beha | vior is undef | fined if not all invo | dule within | | | |
| | | fined unless all inv c instance of this i | | <i>ecution</i> execute | | |
| Resu | <i>It Type</i> must | be a scalar or veo | ctor of floating-poil | nt type. | | |
| | <i>ution</i> is a So is command | cope that identifies | the group of invoc | cations affected | | |
| The i | dentity <i>I</i> for | Operation is +INF. | | | | |
| The t | The type of X must be the same as Result Type. | | | | | |
| 6 | 266 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> |

| An ur of X s Beha Execu Beha the sa Resu Execu by thi The id ULON | specified by vior is under <i>ution</i> reach vior is under ame dynami <i>ut Type</i> must <i>ution</i> is a <i>So</i> is command dentity <i>I</i> for NG_MAX wh | ger minimum grou invocations in the fined if not all invoc this point of execu- fined unless all inv c instance of this i be a scalar or vec cope that identifies <i>Operation</i> is UINT nen <i>X</i> is 64 bits wid st be the same as | group. cations of this mod tion. cocations within <i>Ex</i> nstruction. ctor of <i>integer type</i> the group of invoc _MAX when <i>X</i> is 3 de. | dule within <i>ecution</i> execute | Capability: Groups | |
|---|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| 6 | 267 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> |

| A sig speci Beha <i>Exec</i> Beha the si <i>Resu</i> <i>Exec</i> by thi | ified by invoc avior is under <i>ution</i> reach ame dynami <i>ult Type</i> must <i>ution</i> is a <i>So</i> is command dentity <i>I</i> for | Operation is INT_N | p. cations of this mod tion. ocations within <i>Ex</i> nstruction. ctor of <i>integer type</i> the group of invoc MAX when <i>X</i> is 32 | dule within <i>ecution</i> execute | Capability: Groups | |
|---|--|---------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| LON | The identity <i>I</i> for <i>Operation</i> is INT_MAX when <i>X</i> is 32 bits wide and LONG_MAX when <i>X</i> is 64 bits wide. The type of <i>X</i> must be the same as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | | |
| 6 | 268 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> |

| OpGroupFMax A floating-point maximum group operation specified for all values of <i>X</i> specified by invocations in the group. | | | | | Capability: Groups | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Behavior is undefined if not all invocations of this module within <i>Execution</i> reach this point of execution. | | | | | | |
| Behavior is undefined unless all invocations within <i>Execution</i> execute the same dynamic instance of this instruction. | | | | | | |
| Resu | <i>lt Type</i> must | be a scalar or veo | ctor of <i>floating-poi</i> | nt type. | | |
| | <i>ution</i> is a So s command | cope that identifies | the group of invoc | cations affected | | |
| The ic | dentity I for | Operation is -INF. | | | | |
| The type of X must be the same as Result Type. | | | | | | |
| 6 | 269 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> |

| OpG | roupUMax | | | Capability: Groups | | |
|-------|--|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| | • | ger maximum grou invocations in the | fied for all values | | | |
| | | fined if not all involution in the second structure find the second structure find the second structure field in the second structure field in the second structure st | | | | |
| | | fined unless all inv c instance of this i | | <i>ecution</i> execute | | |
| Resu | <i>It Type</i> must | be a scalar or veo | ctor of <i>integer type</i> | <u>).</u> | | |
| | <i>ution</i> is a So s command | cope that identifies | the group of invoc | cations affected | | |
| The i | dentity <i>I</i> for | Operation is 0. | | | | |
| The t | The type of X must be the same as Result Type. | | | | | |
| 6 | 270 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> |

| X specified by inv Behavior is unde <i>Execution</i> reach Behavior is unde the same dynam <i>Result Type</i> mus <i>Execution</i> is a So by this command The identity <i>I</i> for | maximum group o vocations in the gro fined if not all invol this point of execut fined unless all inv ic instance of this i t be a scalar or veo cope that identifies I. <i>Operation</i> is INT_I n X is 64 bits wide | cations of this mod tion. ocations within <i>Ex</i> nstruction. ctor of <i>integer type</i> the group of invoc | dule within <i>ecution</i> execute | Capability: Groups | |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | In X is 64 bits wide. | | | | |
| 6 271 | <id> Result Type</id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> | |

| OpSub | groupBallotKHR | | Capability: SubgroupBallotKHR |
|---------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------------|
| See ext | ension SPV_KHR_ | Reserved. | |
| 4 | 4421 | Result <id></id> | <id> Predicate</id> |

| - | | | vocationKHR KHR_shader_ba | allot | | | | | | ability: groupB | allotKHR |
|------------------------|---------|---------|------------------------------|-------|--------------------|--|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | Rese | erved. | |
| 4 | 4422 | 2 | <id> Result Ty</id> | pe | | Result <io< td=""><td>/></td><td></td><td><id> Valu</id></td><td></td><td></td></io<> | /> | | <id> Valu</id> | | |
| OpSul Reserv | | AIIKHF | 2 | | | | | | | ability: groupV | oteKHR |
| Reserv | veu. | | | | | | | | Rese | erved. | |
| 4 | 4428 | 8 | <id> Result Ty</id> | pe | | Result <io< td=""><td>/></td><td></td><td><id> Prec</id></td><td>licate</td><td></td></io<> | /> | | <id> Prec</id> | licate | |
| OpSul Reserv | | oAnyKH | | | ability: groupV | oteKHR | | | | | |
| Reserv | vea. | | | | | | | | Rese | erved. | |
| 4 | 4429 | 9 | <id> Result Ty</id> | pe | | Result <io< td=""><td>/></td><td></td><td><id> Prec</id></td><td>licate</td><td></td></io<> | /> | | <id> Prec</id> | licate | |
| OpSul | bgroup | oAllEqu | alKHR | | | | | | | ability: groupV | oteKHR |
| Reserv | ved. | | | | | | | | Rese | erved. | |
| 4 | 4430 | C | <id> Result Ty</id> | pe | | Result <io< td=""><td>/></td><td></td><td><id> Prec</id></td><td>licate</td><td></td></io<> | /> | | <id> Prec</id> | licate | |
| OpGro Reserv | - | nUnifor | mRotateKHR | | | | | | Capal Grouj KHR | | niformRotate |
| | | | | | | | | | Reser | rved. | |
| 6 + vai | riable | 4431 | <id> Result Type</id> | Resu | lt <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | | id> alue | <id> Delta</id> | | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> |
| - | | | vocationKHR | ell-4 | | | | pability: bgroupBal | lotKHI | R | |
| See ex | ktensio | n SPV_I | KHR_shader_b | allot | | | Re | served. | | | |
| 5 | 4432 | | <id> Result Type</id> | | Result « | <id></id> | <io Va</io | l> lue | <id> Index</id> | | |

| OpG Rese | | onUniformAMD | | Capability: Groups Reserved. | | | |
|--------------------|------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 6 | 5000 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> | |
| OpG Rese | | onUniformAMD | | | Capability: Groups Reserved. | | |
| 6 | 5001 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> | |
| OpG Rese | - | onUniformAMD | | Capability: Groups Reserved. | | | |
| 6 | 5002 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> | |
| OpG Rese | - | onUniformAMD | | | Capability: Groups Reserved. | | |
| 6 | 5003 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> | |
| OpG Rese | - | onUniformAMD | | | Capability: Groups Reserved. | | |
| 6 | 5004 | <id> Result Type</id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> | | |
| OpG Rese | - | onUniformAMD | | | Capability: Groups Reserved. | | |
| 6 | 5005 | <id></id> | Scope <id></id> | Group Operation <id>OperationX</id> | | | |

| OpG | roupUMaxN | IonUniformAMD | | Capability: Groups | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|---------------------------|--------|---|---|----------------|---|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Rese | rved. | | | | | | • | | | | |
| | | | _ | | | | Reserved. | | | | |
| 6 | 5006 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result | t <id></id> | Scope <io< td=""><td></td><td>Group Operat</td><td>ion <id> X</id></td></io<> | | Group Operat | ion <id> X</id> | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OpG | roupSMaxN | lonUniformAMD | | | | | Capability: Groups | | | | |
| Rese | Reserved. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Reserved. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 5007 | <id></id> | Result | t <id></id> | Scope <io< td=""><td>/></td><td>Group Operat</td><td>ion <id></id></td></io<> | /> | Group Operat | ion <id></id> | | | |
| | | Result Type | | | Execution | | Operation | X | | | |
| | | | | | | | 117 | | | | |
| OpSi | OpSubgroupShuffleINTEL Capability: SubgroupShuffleINTEL | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rese | rved. | | | | | j. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Reser | ved. | | | | |
| 5 | 5571 | <i><id></id></i> | | Result <io< td=""><td> ></td><td><id></id></td><td></td><td><id></id></td></io<> | > | <id></id> | | <id></id> | | | |
| | | Result Type | | | | Data | | InvocationId | | | |
| 0.00 | ubaroupSh | | | | | | Conchility | | | | |
| Οροι | ungtonbau | uffleDownINTEL | | | | | Capability: SubgroupSh | uffleINTEL | | | |
| Rese | rved. | | | | | | 5 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Reserved. | | | | |
| 6 | 5572 | <id></id> | Result | t <id></id> | <id></id> | | <id></id> | <id></id> | | | |
| | | Result Type | | | Current | | Next | Delta | | | |
| 000 | ubaroupSh | | | | | | Conchility | | | | |
| Opsi | OpSubgroupShuffleUpINTEL Capability: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rese | rved. | | | | | | SubgroupSh | uffleINTEL | | | |
| Rese | rved. | • | | | | | | uffleINTEL | | | |
| Rese | rved. 5573 | | Result | t <id></id> | <id></id> | | SubgroupSh Reserved. <id></id> | <id></id> | | | |
| | | • | Result | t <id></id> | <id> Previous</id> | | SubgroupSh Reserved. | | | | |
| 6 | 5573 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result | t <id></id> | | Canab | SubgroupSha Reserved. <id> Current</id> | <id></id> | | | |
| 6 | 5573 | | Result | t <id></id> | | Capab Subgr | SubgroupSha Reserved. <id> Current</id> | <id> Delta</id> | | | |
| 6 | 5573 JbgroupSh | <id> Result Type</id> | Result | t <id></id> | | Subgr | SubgroupShi Reserved. < <i>id></i> <i>Current</i> | <id> Delta</id> | | | |
| 6 OpS t | 5573 JbgroupSh | <id> Result Type</id> | Result | * <id></id> | | | SubgroupShi Reserved. < <i>id></i> <i>Current</i> | <id> Delta</id> | | | |

| | DpSubgroupBlockReadINTEL Reserved. | | | | | | | | | | | | Capability: SubgroupBufferBlockI OINTEL | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------|---|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | Rese | erved. | | | |
| 4 | 5575 | 5 | | <id> Result T</id> | ӯре | | Result | <id></id> | > | <id> Ptr</id> | | | | | |
| ΟρSι | ubgroup | Block | Writell | NTEL | | | | | | Capab Subor | | fferB | lockIOINTEL | | |
| Rese | Reserved. Reserved. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 5576 <id><id><id><id><id>Data</id></id></id></id></id> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OpSubgroupImageBlockReadINTEL Capability: Reserved. SubgroupImageBlockIOINTEL | | | | | | | | | NTEL | | | | | | |
| Rese | iveu. | | | | | | | | Reserv | ved. | | | | | |
| 5 | 5577 | | <id> Resu</id> | ılt Type | F | Result <ia< td=""><td> ></td><td></td><td><id> Image</id></td><td></td><td></td><td><id> Coor</id></td><td>rdinate</td></ia<> | > | | <id> Image</id> | | | <id> Coor</id> | rdinate | | |
| OpS Rese | | olmage | Block | WriteIN | EL | | | | | | Sub INTE | ËL | olmageBlockIO | | |
| 4 | 5578 | 3 | | <id> Image</id> | | | <id> Coordi</id> | inate | 9 | | <id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id <="" <id=""><id <="" <i<="" <id="" td=""><td>erved.</td><td></td></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | erved. | | | |
| OpSı Rese | | lmage | Media | BlockRe | adINTEL | - | | | | S k | apabilit ubgrou IOINTE eserve | uplma EL | ageMediaBloc | | |
| 7 | 5580 | <id> Resu</id> | ult Type | | ult <id></id> | <id> Image</id> | | <id Co</id | l> ordina | | id> /idth | | <id> Height</id> | | |
| OpS Rese | | Image | Media | BlockW | riteINTEI | _ | | | | Capab Subgr TEL Reserv | ouplma | ageM | ediaBlockIOIN | | |
| 6 5581 <id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><i< td=""><td></td></i<></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| OpG | roupIMulKH | IR | | Capability: GroupUniformArithmeticKHR | | |
|------|-------------|---------------------------|------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Rese | erved. | | | | - | rithmeticker |
| | | | | | Reserved. | |
| 6 | 6401 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> |
| | | | | | | |
| | roupFMulK | HR | | | Capability: GroupUniformA | rithmeticKHR |
| Rese | iveu. | | | | Reserved. | |
| 6 | 6402 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> |
| | | | | | | |
| | roupBitwise | eAndKHR | | Capability: GroupUniformA | rithmeticKHR | |
| Rese | erved. | | | | Reserved. | |
| 6 | 6403 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> |
| | | | | | | |
| - | roupBitwise | eOrKHR | | | Capability: GroupUniformA | rithmeticKHR |
| Rese | erved. | | | | Reserved. | |
| 6 | 6404 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> |
| | | | | | | |
| - | roupBitwise | eXorKHR | | | Capability: GroupUniformA | rithmeticKHR |
| Rese | iveu. | | | | Reserved. | |
| 6 | 6405 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> |
| | | | | | | |
| OpG | roupLogica | IAndKHR | | | Capability: GroupUniformA | rithmeticKHR |
| Ross | arved | | | | - | |
| Rese | erved. | | | | Reserved. | |

| OpG | roupLogica | IOrKHR | | Capability: GroupUniformArithmeticKHR | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Rese | rved. | | Reserved. | | | | |
| 6 | 6407 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> | |
| | | | | | | | |
| OpG Rese | r oupLogica rved. | IXorKHR | | | Capability: GroupUniformA | rithmeticKHR | |
| | | | | Reserved. | | | |
| 6 | 6408 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> X</id> | |

3.52.22. Device-Side Enqueue Instructions

| OpEnqueueMark Enqueue a marker marker command it waits for all prevent the marker complet <i>Result Type</i> must results in the value <i>Queue</i> must be of <i>Num Events</i> spect by <i>Wait Events</i> are an unsigned integet <i>Wait Events</i> spect OpTypeDeviceEvent <i>Ret Event</i> is a pool instruction. It must If <i>Ret Event</i> is set | er command t d waits for a li viously enque letes. t be a 32-bit <i>ii</i> ue 0. A failed of the type Op cifies the num nd must be a ger. cifies the list of cvent . | st of events to o eued command integer type sca enqueue result TypeQueue . Iber of event ob 32-bit integer t of wait event obj ice event which e of OpTypePo | in gets implicitly f | he list is empty complete before al enqueue ue. It list pointed to th is treated as be a pointer to retained by this | Capability: DeviceEnque | ue |
|--|---|---|----------------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| • | id> Result Type | Result <id></id> | <id> Queue</id> | <id> Num Events</id> | <id> Wait Events</id> | <id> Ret Event</id> |

| OpEnque | leKerne | el | | | | | | | | Capat Devic | oility: eEnque | eue | |
|--|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Enqueue th <i>Range</i> for e | | | | | | | • · | ecified | by ND | Devio | o E i i qui | | |
| Result Typ results in th | | | | | | | | | e | | | | |
| Queue mu | st be of | the type | е ОрТуј | peQuer | le. | | | | | | | | |
| Flags must Kernel Eng | | - | | alar. The | e contei | nt of <i>Fl</i> a | ags is in | terprete | ed as | | | | |
| The type o described l | | - | | | - | | e mem | bers are | e as | | | | |
| Num Even by Wait Ev unsigned in | ents and | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Wait Event | | | list of w | ait ever | nt object | ts and r | nust be | a point | er to | | | | |
| Ret Event | | | | оТуреD | eviceE | vent w | hich ge | ts implio | citly | | | | |
| Invoke mus - Result Ty - The first p OpTypeInt - An option OpTypePo | pe must paramet :. al list of | be Op er must | TypeVo have a eters, ea | id. type of ach of v | OpTyp vhich m | ePoint Just hav | er to ar | ı 8-bit | : | | | | |
| <i>Param</i> is that pointer to | | | | | on spec | ified by | Invoke | and mu | ist be | | | | |
| <i>Param Size</i> be a 32-bit | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Param Alig scalar, whi | | - | | | | be a 3 | 2-bit <i>int</i> | eger ty | be | | | | |
| Workgroup the numbe | Each <i>Local Size</i> operand corresponds (in order) to one OpTypePointer to Vorkgroup Storage Class parameter to the <i>Invoke</i> function, and specifies the number of bytes of Workgroup storage used to back the pointer during the execution of the <i>Invoke</i> function. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 + 292 variab le | l <id> Resul t Type</id> | Resul t <id></id> | | <id> Flags</id> | <id> ND Rang e</id> | <id> Num Event s</id> | <id> Wait Event s</id> | <id> Ret Event</id> | <id> Invok e</id> | <id> Para m</id> | <id> Para m Size</id> | <id> Para m Align</id> | <id>, <id>, Local Size</id></id> |

| Ор | GetKerne | elNDrangeSu | lbGroupCour | nt | | | Capability: DeviceEnqu | eue |
|---|---|--|--|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| for wor | the last in rkgroups) | number of su cases where given the cor <i>ND Range</i> an | nto | 20110021140 | | | | |
| Re | sult Type | must be a 32- | bit <i>integer typ</i> | e scalar. | | | | |
| | | • | ist be an OpT /pe of OpBuil | | nose member | s are as | | |
| - <i>R</i> - Th <mark>Op</mark> - Ar | esult Type ne first pa TypeInt . n optional | be an OpFun e must be Op rameter must list of parame ter to the Wo | bit | | | | | |
| | | first paramete 8-bit <i>integer</i> | er of the funct <i>type</i> scalar. | ion specified | by <i>Invoke</i> and | d must be a | | |
| | | | oytes of the ma r, which is trea | | | | | |
| | - | is the alignme ted as an uns | <i>er type</i> scalar, | | | | | |
| 8 | 293 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> ND Range</id> | <id> Invoke</id> | <id> Param</id> | <id> Param Size</id> | <id> Param Align</id> |

| Res | ult is the | NDrangeMa maximum sul e specified by | <i>Invoke</i> and | Capability: DeviceEnqu | eue | | | |
|--|--|--|------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Res | ult Type | must be a 32- | bit <i>integer typ</i> | e scalar. | | | | |
| | | ND Range mu the Result Ty | s are as | | | | | |
| - <i>R</i> e - Th Op1 - An | es <i>ult Type</i> e first pa TypeInt . optional | be an OpFun e must be Op rameter must list of parame iter to the Wo | bit | | | | | |
| | | first paramete 8-bit <i>integer</i> a | | ion specified | by <i>Invoke</i> and | l must be a | | |
| | | s the size in b ger type scala | and must be r. | | | | | |
| | 0 | is the alignme ted as an uns | er type scalar, | | | | | |
| 8 | 294 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> ND Range</id> | <id> Invoke</id> | <id> Param</id> | <id> Param Size</id> | <id> Param Align</id> |

| Res | ult is the m | NorkGroupSize aximum workg ied by <i>Invoke</i> of | roup size that c | an be used to e | xecute the | Capability: DeviceEnque | ue |
|--|--|--|------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Res | <i>ult Type</i> m | ust be a 32-bit <i>i</i> | | | | | |
| - Re - Th OpT - An OpT Para a po Para mus integ | Invoke must be an OpFunction whose OpTypeFunction operand has: Result Type must be OpTypeVoid. The first parameter must have a type of OpTypePointer to an 8-bit OpTypeInt. An optional list of parameters, each of which must have a type of OpTypePointer to the Workgroup Storage Class. Param is the first parameter of the function specified by Invoke and must be a pointer to an 8-bit integer type scalar. Param Size is the size in bytes of the memory pointed to by Param and must be a 32-bit integer type scalar, which is treated as an unsigned integer. Param Align is the alignment of Param and must be a 32-bit integer type | | | | | | |
| 7 | 295 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Invoke</id> | <id> Param</id> | <id> Param Size</id> | <id> Param Align</id> |

| Res by <i>I</i> not to e | sult is the p Invoke. This a multiple o enqueue Inv | Preferred Work referred multiple s is a performan of this result as <i>oke</i> for execution device maximum | Capability: DeviceEnque | ue | | | |
|---|--|--|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | ust be a 32-bit / | | ılar. | | | |
| - Ro - Th Op - Ar Op | esult Type r ne first para TypeInt. n optional li TypePointe ram is the fi | e an OpFunctio must be OpTyp meter must hav st of parameter er to the Workg rst parameter o 8-bit <i>integer ty</i> | an 8-bit /pe of | | | | |
| <i>Param Size</i> is the size in bytes of the memory pointed to by <i>Param</i> and must be a 32-bit <i>integer type</i> scalar, which is treated as an unsigned integer. | | | | | | | |
| | Param Align is the alignment of Param and must be a 32-bit integer type scalar, which is treated as an unsigned integer. | | | | | | |
| 7 | 296 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Invoke</id> | <id> Param</id> | <id> Param Size</id> | <id> Param Align</id> |

| specified by Ever | eference count of the event object <i>ht.</i> fined if <i>Event</i> is not a valid event. | Capability: DeviceEnqueue |
|-------------------|---|------------------------------|
| 2 | 297 | <id> Event</id> |

| OpReleaseEvent Decrements the reference count of the event object specified by Event. The event object is deleted once the event reference count is zero, the specific command identified by this event has completed (or terminated) and there are no commands in any device command queue that require a wait for this event to complete. Behavior is undefined if Event is not a valid event. 2 298 | | Capability: DeviceEnqueue |
|--|-----|------------------------------|
| 2 | 298 | <id> Event</id> |

| to a value of | JserEvent ser event. The execution of 2 (CL_SUBMITTED). e must be OpTypeDevic | Capability: DeviceEnqueue | |
|---------------|---|------------------------------|------------------|
| 3 | 299 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> |

| | lidEvent s true if the event : | Capability: DeviceEnqueue | | |
|---------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Result | <i>Type</i> must be a <i>Bo</i> | olean type. | | |
| Event m | nust have a type of | | | |
| 4 | 300 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Event</id> |

| OpSetUse | EventStatus | Capability: DeviceEnqueue | |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| can be eith child kerne | ecution status of a user er 0 (CL_COMPLETE) t ls finished execution suc ating an error. | | |
| <i>Event</i> must OpCreatel | | DeviceEvent that was produced by | |
| <i>Status</i> mus integer. | t have a type of 32-bit O | | |
| 3 | 301 <id> Event</id> | | <id> Status</id> |

| associated with the event is Value. The profiling information after the command identific Event must have a type of OpEnqueueKernel or Op Profiling Info must be an in interpreted as Kernel Profit Value must be a pointer to Storage Class. If Profiling Info is CmdExe 128-bit memory range. The first 64 bits contain the CL_PROFILING_COMMA nanoseconds. The second 64 bits contain CL_PROFILING_COMMA nanoseconds. Note: What is captured is for the same event. | rmation specified by <i>Profilir</i> specified by <i>Event</i> in the m ation is available in the mer ed by <i>Event</i> has completed OpTypeDeviceEvent that EnqueueMarker . Integer type scalar. The com- filing Info mask. In a scalar 8-bit integer type ecTime, Value behavior is d e elapsed time CL_PROFIL ND_START for the comma in the elapsed time | emory pointed to by nory pointed to by <i>Value</i> I. was produced by tent of <i>Profiling Info</i> is in the CrossWorkgroup lefined only if it points to LING_COMMAND_END - nd identified by <i>Event</i> in nd identified by <i>Event</i> in | |
|---|--|---|---------------------|
| 4 302 | <iu> Event</iu> | Profiling Info | <iu> Value</iu> |

| not been c | aultQueue is the default device que reated, a null queue obje e must be an OpTypeQu | Capability: DeviceEnqueue | |
|------------|--|------------------------------|------------------|
| 3 | 303 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> |

OpBuildNDRange

Given the global work size specified by *GlobalWorkSize*, local work size specified by *LocalWorkSize* and global work offset specified by *GlobalWorkOffset*, builds the result as a 1D, 2D, or 3D ND-range descriptor structure.

Result Type must be an **OpTypeStruct** with the following ordered list of members, starting from the first to last:

1) A 32-bit *integer type* scalar that specifies the number of dimensions in the global size and the workgroup size.

2) An **OpTypeArray** with 3 elements, where each element is a 32-bit *integer type* scalar if the *addressing model* is **Physical32** or a 64-bit *integer type* scalar if the *addressing model* is **Physical64**. This is an array of per-dimension unsigned values that specifies the global offset used to calculate the global ID for an invocation.

3) An **OpTypeArray** with 3 elements, where each element is a 32-bit *integer type* scalar if the *addressing model* is **Physical32** or a 64-bit *integer type* scalar if the *addressing model* is **Physical64**. This is an array of per-dimension unsigned values that specifies the number of global invocations that execute the kernel function.

4) An **OpTypeArray** with 3 elements, where each element is a 32-bit *integer type* scalar if the *addressing model* is **Physical32** or a 64-bit *integer type* scalar if the *addressing model* is **Physical64**. This is an array of per-dimension unsigned values that specifies the number of invocations in a workgroup.

GlobalWorkSize must be a scalar or an array with 2 or 3 components. Where the type of each element in the array is 32-bit *integer type* scalar if the *addressing model* is **Physical32** or 64-bit *integer type* scalar if the *addressing model* is **Physical64**.

The type of LocalWorkSize must be the same as GlobalWorkSize.

The type of GlobalWorkOffset must be the same as GlobalWorkSize.

| 6 | 304 | <id></id> | Result <id></id> | <id></id> | <id></id> | <id></id> |
|---|-----|-------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| | | Result Type | | GlobalWorkSize | LocalWorkSize | GlobalWorkOffs |
| | | | | | | et |

Capability:

DeviceEnqueue

| OpGetKern Result is the per workgro | Capability: SubgroupDispatch Missing before version 1.1. | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|----------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Result Type | | | | | | | |
| Subgroup C | <i>Count</i> must be a | a 32-bit <i>intege</i> | er type scalar | | | | |
| Result Typ The first parameters OpTypeInt. An optional OpTypePoi Param is the pointer to an Param Size a 32-bit inter Param Align | t be an OpFun be must be Op arameter must al list of parameter nter to the Wo e first parameter h 8-bit <i>integer</i> to is the size in b ager type scalar on is the alignment ated as an uns | bit d must be a n and must be er. | | | | | |
| 8 325 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Subgroup Count</id> | <id> Invoke</id> | <id> Param</id> | <id> Param Size</id> | <id> Param Align</id> |

| OpGetKernelM Result is the main Invoke on the de Result Type mu Invoke must be - Result Type mu - The first paran OpTypeInt. - An optional list OpTypePointer Param is the first a pointer to an 8 Param Size is the must be a 32-bit integer. Param Align is to scalar, which is | aximum number evice. st be a 32-bit <i>i</i> an OpFunctio nust be OpType neter must hav t of parameters t of parameter of 8-bit <i>integer type</i> is size in bytes t <i>integer type</i> s | er of subgroups <i>Integer type</i> sca on whose OpTy eVoid . re a type of OpT s, each of which roup Storage C f the function sp be scalar. s of the memory scalar, which is of <i>Param</i> and m | lar. peFunction operation TypePointer to a must have a type class. pecified by <i>Invol</i> y pointed to by <i>I</i> treated as an un- nust be a 32-bit <i>I</i> | erand has: an 8-bit rpe of ke and must be Param and nsigned | Capability: SubgroupDis Missing before | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|---------------------------|
| . 010 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Invoke</id> | <id> Param</id> | <id> Param Size</id> | <id> Param Align</id> |

3.52.23. Pipe Instructions

| ОрБ | ReadPipe | | Capability: Pipes | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | from the pipe c on is successfu | 1 1000 | | | | |
| Res | <i>ult Type</i> m | ust be a 32-bit <i>i</i> | nteger type sca | lar. | | | |
| Pipe | e must have | e a type of OpT | ypePipe with R | eadOnly acces | s qualifier. | | |
| | | ave a type of O neric Storage (| | vith the same d | ata type as | | |
| | | ust be a 32-bit <i>i</i> backet in the pip | 0 11 | lar that represe | nts the size in | | |
| | - | <i>ent</i> must be a 3 /tes of each pac | presents the | | | | |
| Behavior is undefined unless <i>Packet Alignment</i> > 0 and evenly divides <i>Packet Size</i> . | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 274 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pipe</id> | <id> Pointer</id> | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> |

| Οр٧ | VritePipe | | Capability: Pipes | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | from <i>Pointer</i> to is successful a | | | | | | | |
| Res | <i>ult Type</i> m | ust be a 32-bit <i>i</i> | | | | | | | |
| Pipe | e must have | e a type of OpT | | | | | | | |
| | | ave a type of O neric Storage (| | | | | | | |
| | | ust be a 32-bit <i>i</i> backet in the pip | | | | | | | |
| <i>Packet Alignment</i> must be a 32-bit <i>integer type</i> scalar that represents the alignment in bytes of each packet in the pipe. | | | | | | | | | |
| | avior is un ket Size. | defined unless | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 275 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pipe</id> | <id> Pointer</id> | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> | | |

| OpReservedReadPip Read a packet from th <i>Index</i> of the pipe object pipe entries are referred 1. Result is 0 if the ope | Capability: Pipes | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| otherwise. <i>Result Type</i> must be a | 32-bit <i>intege</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>Pipe</i> must have a type <i>qualifier</i> . | | | | | | | |
| Reserve Id must have | | | | | | | |
| <i>Index</i> must be a 32-bit unsigned value. | | | | | | | |
| <i>Pointer</i> must have a ty as <i>Pipe</i> and a Generic | | | | | | | |
| <i>Packet Size</i> must be a size in bytes of each p | • | | | | | | |
| Packet Alignment mus the alignment in bytes | | | | | | | |
| Behavior is undefined <i>Packet Size</i> . | unless <i>Pack</i> o | | | | | | |
| 9 276 <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pipe</id> | <id> Reserve Id</id> | <id> Index</id> | <id> Pointer</id> | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> |

| OpReservedWritePipe Write a packet from <i>Point</i> <i>Reserve Id</i> and <i>Index</i> of t reserved pipe entries are <i>Packets</i> - 1. Result is 0 if value otherwise. | Capability: Pipes | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Result Type must be a 32 | 2-bit <i>integer type</i> s | scalar. | | | | |
| <i>Pipe</i> must have a type of <i>qualifier</i> . | OpTypePipe with | WriteOnly acc | cess | | | |
| Reserve Id must have a t | type of OpTypeRe | eserveld. | | | | |
| <i>Index</i> must be a 32-bit <i>int</i> unsigned value. | <i>teger type</i> scalar, | which is treated | as an | | | |
| <i>Pointer</i> must have a type as <i>Pipe</i> and a Generic St | | er with the same | e data type | | | |
| <i>Packet Size</i> must be a 32 size in bytes of each pack | 0 11 | calar that repres | sents the | | | |
| Packet Alignment must be the alignment in bytes of | | | | | | |
| Behavior is undefined unl <i>Packet Size</i> . | | | | | | |
| | Result <id> <id> Pipe</id></id> | <id> Reserve Id</id> | <id> Index</id> | <id> Pointer</id> | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> |

| OpR | leserveRe | adPipePacket | Capability: Pipes | | | | |
|------|--|---|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | Packets entries a valid reserva | | | | | |
| Res | <i>ult Type</i> m | ust be an <mark>OpTy</mark> | peReserveld. | | | | |
| Pipe | e must have | e a type of <mark>OpT</mark> | ypePipe with R | eadOnly acces | ss qualifier. | | |
| | n <i>Packet</i> s r gned value | | t integer type so | calar, which is tr | eated as an | | |
| | | ust be a 32-bit <i>i</i> backet in the pip | • • • • | lar that represe | nts the size in | | |
| | - | <i>ent</i> must be a 3 /tes of each pac | • • • • | e scalar that re | presents the | | |
| | Behavior is undefined unless <i>Packet Alignment</i> > 0 and evenly divides <i>Packet Size</i> . | | | | | | |
| 7 | 278 <id>Result TypeResult <id><id><id>Num Packets</id></id></id></id> | | | | | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> |

| OpReserveWri | itePipePackets | 6 | | | Capability: Pipes | |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--|
| Reserve <i>num_p</i> <i>Pipe</i> . Result is a | | | | | | |
| Pipe must have | a type of OpT | ypePipe with W | VriteOnly acces | ss qualifier. | | |
| <i>Num Packets</i> m value. | nust be a 32-bit | OpTypeInt wh | ich is treated as | s an unsigned | | |
| Result Type mu | ist be an OpTy | peReserveld. | | | | |
| Packet Size mu bytes of each p | | | lar that represe | nts the size in | | |
| Packet Alignme alignment in by | | | | presents the | | |
| Behavior is und <i>Packet Size</i> . | lefined unless i | | | | | |
| | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> | | | |

| ОрСо | mmitReadPip | e | | Capability: Pipes | |
|--|--|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| reservation | | ds to <i>Num Packets</i> as by <i>Reserve Id</i> and th completed. | | | |
| Pipe m qualifie | • • | e of OpTypePipe with | n ReadOnly access | | |
| Reser | <i>ve Id</i> must hav | e a type of OpTypeR | eserveld. | | |
| | | a 32-bit <i>integer type</i> s ach packet in the pipe | | | |
| | • | ist be a 32-bit <i>integer</i> nent in bytes of each | | | |
| | ior is undefined s <i>Packet Size</i> . | d unless <i>Packet Align</i> | <i>ment</i> > 0 and evenly | | |
| 5 | 280 | <id> Pipe</id> | <id> Reserve Id</id> | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> |
| ОрСо | mmitWritePip | e | | Capability: | |
| reservation | | es to <i>Num Packets</i> as by <i>Reserve Id</i> and th completed. | | Pipes | |
| Pipe m qualifie | • • | e of OpTypePipe with | n WriteOnly access | | |
| Reser | ve Id must hav | e a type of OpTypeRe | eserveld. | | |
| | | a 32-bit <i>integer type</i> s ach packet in the pipe | | | |
| | - | ist be a 32-bit <i>integer</i> nent in bytes of each | | | |
| Behavior is undefined unless <i>Packet Alignment</i> > 0 and evenly divides <i>Packet Size</i> . | | | | | |
| 5 | 281 | <id> Pipe</id> | <id> Reserve Id</id> | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> |

| - | l idReserveld s true if <i>Reserve l</i> e | nd false otherwise. | Capability: Pipes | |
|----------|---|--------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Result 1 | <i>Type</i> must be a <i>Bo</i> | olean type. | | |
| Reserve | e <i>Id</i> must have a ty | pe of OpTypeReserveld . | | |
| 4 | 282 | <id> Reserve Id</id> | | |

| OpG | etNumPipe | Packets | Capability: Pipes | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Pipe. | The numbe | ber of available er r of available entri sidered immediate | | | | |
| | | t be a 32-bit <i>intege</i> signed value. | er type scalar, whic | ch should be | | |
| | must have a ss qualifier. | type of OpTypeP | ipe with ReadOnl | ly or WriteOnly | | |
| | | t be a 32-bit <i>intege</i> ach packet in the p | | represents the | | |
| | • | <i>t</i> must be a 32-bit bytes of each pack | | r that represents | | |
| Behavior is undefined unless <i>Packet Alignment</i> > 0 and evenly divides <i>Packet Size</i> . | | | | | | |
| 6 | 283 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> | |

| OpGetMaxPipe | Packets | | Capability: Pipes | | |
|--|---|------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Result is the ma <i>Pipe</i> . | ximum number of | 1 1000 | | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> must treated as an ur | st be a 32-bit <i>integ</i> e signed value. | | | | |
| Pipe must have access qualifier | a type of OpTypeF | Pipe with ReadO | nly or WriteOnly | | |
| | st be a 32-bit <i>integ</i> e each packet in the | | at represents the | | |
| • | nt must be a 32-bit bytes of each pacl | | lar that represents | | |
| Behavior is und Packet Size. | efined unless Pack | | | | |
| 6 284 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> | |

| OpGroupReserveReadPipel | Packets | | | | Capability: Pipes | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Reserve <i>Num Packets</i> entries at group level. Result is a valid | T thes | | | | | |
| The reserved pipe entries are <i>Packets</i> - 1. | | | | | | |
| Behavior is undefined if not al reach this point of execution. | II invocation | ns of this moo | dule within <i>Ex</i> | ecution | | |
| Behavior is undefined unless dynamic instance of this instru | | ons within Ex | <i>kecution</i> execu | ite the same | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> must be an OpTy | ypeReserv | eld. | | | | |
| <i>Execution</i> is a <i>Scope</i> that iden command. | ntifies the g | group of invoc | cations affecte | d by this | | |
| Pipe must have a type of OpT | TypePipe v | with ReadOnl | y access qua | lifier. | | |
| <i>Num Packets</i> must be a 32-bi unsigned value. | it <i>integer t</i> y | vpe scalar, wh | iich is treated | as an | | |
| Packet Size must be a 32-bit bytes of each packet in the pip | 0 11 | e scalar that | represents the | e size in | | |
| Packet Alignment must be a 32-bit <i>integer type</i> scalar that represents the alignment in bytes of each packet in the pipe. | | | | | | |
| Behavior is undefined unless <i>Packet Alignment</i> > 0 and evenly divides <i>Packet Size</i> . | | | | | | |
| 8 285 <id> Result Type</id> | esult <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Pipe</id> | <id> Num Packets</id> | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> |

| OpGroupReserveWritePipePackets | Capability: Pipes |
|---|--|
| Reserve <i>Num Packets</i> entries for writing to the pipe object specified by <i>Pipe</i> at group level. Result is a valid reservation ID if the reservation is successful. | poo |
| The reserved pipe entries are referred to by indices that go from 0 <i>Num Packets</i> - 1. | |
| Behavior is undefined if not all invocations of this module within <i>Execution</i> reach this point of execution. | |
| Behavior is undefined unless all invocations within <i>Execution</i> execute the same dynamic instance of this instruction. | |
| Result Type must be an OpTypeReserveld . | |
| <i>Execution</i> is a <i>Scope</i> that identifies the group of invocations affected by this command. | |
| Pipe must have a type of OpTypePipe with WriteOnly access qualifier. | |
| <i>Num Packets</i> must be a 32-bit <i>integer type</i> scalar, which is treated as an unsigned value. | |
| <i>Packet Size</i> must be a 32-bit <i>integer type</i> scalar that represents the size in bytes of each packet in the pipe. | |
| <i>Packet Alignment</i> must be a 32-bit <i>integer type</i> scalar that represents the alignment in bytes of each packet in the pipe. | |
| Behavior is undefined unless <i>Packet Alignment</i> > 0 and evenly divides <i>Packet Size</i> . | |
| 8 286 < <i>id></i> Result <i>id></i> Result <i>id></i> Scope <i>id> id> id> Num Packets</i> | <id> <id> <id> Packet Size Packet Alignment</id></id></id> |

| A group level it the reservation <i>Pipe</i> are comp Behavior is un <i>Execution</i> read Behavior is un the same dyna <i>Execution</i> is a by this comma <i>Pipe</i> must hav <i>qualifier</i> . <i>Reserve Id</i> mu <i>Packet Size</i> m size in bytes of <i>Packet Alignment</i> Behavior is un | defined if not all invo ch this point of exect defined unless all in amic instance of this <i>Scope</i> that identifies | ve Id to the pipe of positions of this mo- ution. vocations within <i>E</i> , instruction. s the group of invo Pipe with ReadOn DTypeReserveld . <i>er type</i> scalar that pipe. <i>integer type</i> scala ket in the pipe. | bject specified by dule within <i>xecution</i> execute cations affected Iy access represents the r that represents | Capability: Pipes | |
|--|---|--|---|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Packet Size. 6 287 | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Pipe</id> | <id> Reserve Id</id> | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> |

| OpGrou | ıpCommi | itWritePipe | | | Capability: | |
|------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| the rese | | cation that all write becified by <i>Reserv</i> ed. | | Pipes | | |
| | | fined if not all invo- this point of execu- | | | | |
| | | fined unless all inv c instance of this i | | <i>ecution</i> execute | | |
| | on is a Sc command | cope that identifies | the group of invo | cations affected | | |
| <i>Pipe</i> mu qualifier. | | type of OpTypeP | ipe with WriteOn | ly access | | |
| Reserve | e <i>Id</i> must | have a type of Op | TypeReserveld. | | | |
| | | be a 32-bit <i>intege</i> ach packet in the p | | represents the | | |
| | 0 | t must be a 32-bit bytes of each pack | 0 11 | r that represents | | |
| | Behavior is undefined unless <i>Packet Alignment</i> > 0 and evenly divides <i>Packet Size</i> . | | | | | |
| 6 28 | 38 | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> | | |
| - | OpConstantPipeStorage | | | | Capability: PipeStorage | |
| Creates | Creates a pipe-storage object. | | | | | |

Result Type must be **OpTypePipeStorage**.

Packet Size is an unsigned 32-bit integer. It represents the size in bytes of each packet in the pipe.

Packet Alignment is an unsigned 32-bit integer. It represents the alignment in bytes of each packet in the pipe.

Behavior is undefined unless *Packet Alignment* > 0 and evenly divides *Packet Size*.

Capacity is an unsigned 32-bit integer. It is the minimum number of *Packet Size* blocks the resulting **OpTypePipeStorage** can hold.

| 6 | 323 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Literal Packet Size | Literal Packet Alignment | Literal Capacity |
|---|-----|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | Alighthem | |

Missing before version 1.1.

| OpCrea | tePipeFromPipeS | Storage | | Capability: |
|----------|--|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Creates | a pipe object from | n a pipe-storage object. | | PipeStorage |
| | | | | Missing before version |
| Result 1 | Type must be OpTy | /pePipe. | | 1.1. |
| | orage must be a pi stantPipeStorage | | | |
| Qualifie | r is the pipe acces | | | |
| 4 | 324 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pipe Storage</id> |

| OpReadPipeBlockingINTEL Reserved. | | | Capability: BlockingPipesINTEL Reserved. | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--------------------------------|------|
| 5 | 5 5946 <id> Result <id> Result <id></id></id></id> | | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> | |
| OpWritePipeBlockingINTEL Reserved. | | | | Capability: BlockingPipesII | ITEL |

| | | | | Reserved. | |
|---|------|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 5 | 5947 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Packet Size</id> | <id> Packet Alignment</id> |

3.52.24. Non-Uniform Instructions

| Result is otherwis Result 7 Executio | se result is false. Type must be a <i>Bo</i> | active invocation with the lov olean type. identifies the group of invoc | | Capability: GroupNonUniform Missing before version 1.3. |
|---|---|--|------------------|--|
| 4 | 333 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> |

| Evalua resulti invoca Resul Execu affecto | ing in true if pr ations in the gr <i>It Type</i> must be <i>ution</i> is a <i>Scop</i> ed by this com | te for all active invo redicate evaluates roup, otherwise the e a <i>Boolean type</i> . | e group of invocations | Capability: GroupNonUnifo Missing before v | |
|--|---|--|------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| 5 | 334 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Predicate</id> |

| Evalua resultir invoca Result Execut affecte | ng in true if pre tion in the grou <i>Type</i> must be <i>tion</i> is a <i>Scope</i> | e for all active invocated edicate evaluates to the up, otherwise the result a <i>Boolean type</i> . e that identifies the gro nand. It must be Sub | rue for any active of invocations | Capability: GroupNonUniformN Missing before versi | |
|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| 5 | 335 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Predicate</id> |

| OpGr | | | | | Capability: GroupNonUniformVote | |
|---|--------------|--|------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Evaluates a value for all active invocations in the group. The result is true if <i>Value</i> is equal for all active invocations in the group. Otherwise, the result is false . | | | Missin | g before versi | on 1.3. | |
| Result Type must be a Boolean type. | | | | | | |
| | | e that identifies the gro mand. It must be Sub g | | | | |
| <i>Value</i> must be a scalar or vector of <i>floating-point type</i> , <i>integer type</i> , or <i>Boolean type</i> . The compare operation is based on this type, and if it is a floating-point type, an ordered-and-equal compare is used. | | | | | | |
| 5 | 336 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id><id>ExecutionValue</id></id> | | |
| OpGr | oupNonUnifor | mBroadcast | | | Capability: | |

| OpG | roupNonUn | iformBroadcast | Capability: GroupNonUnifo | rmBallot | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| | It is the Valu ations in the | e of the invocation group. | Missing before ve | | | |
| | <i>ilt Type</i> must or <i>Boolean</i> | t be a scalar or veo <i>type</i> . | ctor of <i>floating-poin</i> | nt type, integer | | |
| | | cope that identifies . It must be Subgr | • | cations affected | | |
| The t | ype of Value | e must be the same | e as Result Type. | | | |
| Id mu | ust be a scal | ar of <i>integer type</i> , | whose Signednes | s operand is 0. | | |
| with v unde The r | version 1.5, fined when a | .5 , <i>Id</i> must come f this restriction is I <i>Id</i> is not dynamical ue is undefined if <i>I</i> qual to the size of | | | | |
| 6 | 337 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Value</id> | <id> Id</id> |

| s the <i>Value</i> of lowest id in t <i>Type</i> must be <i>type</i> , or <i>Boole</i> on is a <i>Scope</i> | f the invocation from the group to all active a scalar or vector of <i>f</i> tean type. | Capability: GroupNonUniformE Missing before versi | | |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| The type of <i>Value</i> must be the same as <i>Result Type</i> . | | | | |
| 338 <id> Result <id></id></id> | | | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Value</id> |
| s a bitfield values ons in the group of this instru- onding invocation evaluated <i>Type</i> must be alar, whose <i>M</i> this 0. | lue combining the <i>Pre</i> oup that execute the sa action. The bit is set to ation is active and the to true; otherwise, it is a vector of four comp <i>/idth</i> operand is 32 an | Capability: GroupNonUniformE Missing before versi | | |
| | s the Value of lowest id in t Type must be type, or Book on is a Scope by this comr e of Value mu 338 upNonUnifor s a bitfield va ons in the gro e of this instru onding invoca on evaluated Type must be alar, whose M t is 0. | Iowest id in the group to all active Type must be a scalar or vector of f type, or Boolean type. on is a Scope that identifies the group by this command. It must be Subg e of Value must be the same as Ref 338 <id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><i< td=""><td>s the Value of the invocation from the active invocation lowest id in the group to all active invocations in the Type must be a scalar or vector of floating-point type, type, or Boolean type. on is a Scope that identifies the group of invocations by this command. It must be Subgroup. e of Value must be the same as Result Type. 338 <id> cid> Result <id> upNonUniformBallot Result value from all ons in the group that execute the same dynamic e of this instruction. The bit is set to one if the onding invocation is active and the Predicate for that on evaluated to true; otherwise, it is set to zero. Type must be a vector of four components of integer alar, whose Width operand is 32 and whose Signedness</id></id></td><td>GroupNonUniform as the Value of the invocation from the active invocation lowest id in the group to all active invocations in the Type must be a scalar or vector of floating-point type, type, or Boolean type. on is a Scope that identifies the group of invocations by this command. It must be Subgroup. e of Value must be the same as Result Type. 338 vid>Result Type Capability: GroupNonUniformBallot Scope <id> Capability: GroupNonUniformf Missing before versite Missing before versite NonUniform As a biffield value combining the Predicate value from all ons in the group that execute the same dynamic a of this instruction. The bit is set to one if the onding invocation is active and the Predicate for that on evaluated to true; otherwise, it is set to zero. Type must be a vector of four components of integer alar, whose Width operand is 32 and whose Signedness is 0.</id></td></i<></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | s the Value of the invocation from the active invocation lowest id in the group to all active invocations in the Type must be a scalar or vector of floating-point type, type, or Boolean type. on is a Scope that identifies the group of invocations by this command. It must be Subgroup. e of Value must be the same as Result Type. 338 <id> cid> Result <id> upNonUniformBallot Result value from all ons in the group that execute the same dynamic e of this instruction. The bit is set to one if the onding invocation is active and the Predicate for that on evaluated to true; otherwise, it is set to zero. Type must be a vector of four components of integer alar, whose Width operand is 32 and whose Signedness</id></id> | GroupNonUniform as the Value of the invocation from the active invocation lowest id in the group to all active invocations in the Type must be a scalar or vector of floating-point type, type, or Boolean type. on is a Scope that identifies the group of invocations by this command. It must be Subgroup. e of Value must be the same as Result Type. 338 vid>Result Type Capability: GroupNonUniformBallot Scope <id> Capability: GroupNonUniformf Missing before versite Missing before versite NonUniform As a biffield value combining the Predicate value from all ons in the group that execute the same dynamic a of this instruction. The bit is set to one if the onding invocation is active and the Predicate for that on evaluated to true; otherwise, it is set to zero. Type must be a vector of four components of integer alar, whose Width operand is 32 and whose Signedness is 0.</id> |

Result is a set of bitfields where the first invocation is represented in the lowest bit of the first vector component and the last (up to the size of the group) is the higher bit number of the last bitmask needed to represent all bits of the group invocations.

Execution is a *Scope* that identifies the group of invocations affected by this command.

Predicate must be a Boolean type.

| 5 | 339 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Predicate</id> |
|---|-----|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
|---|-----|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|

| Behavior is undefined unless <i>Value</i> is the same for all invocations that execute the same dynamic instance of this instruction. <i>Value</i> is a set of bitfields where the first invocation is represented in the lowest bit of the first vector component and the last (up to the size of the group) is the higher bit number of the last bitmask needed to represent all bits of the group | resulting in true if the invocation is set to or <i>Result Type</i> must be <i>Execution</i> is a <i>Scope</i> affected by this comm <i>Value</i> must be a vect scalar, whose <i>Width</i> | all active invocations bit in <i>Value</i> for the co ne, otherwise the resu | Capability: GroupNonUniformE Missing before version | |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| | invocations that exect instruction. <i>Value</i> is a set of bitfier represented in the low | eute the same dynamic elds where the first inv west bit of the first vec | | |

| OpGroupN | onUniformBallotBitE | tract | | Capability: GroupNonUnifo | ormBallot |
|------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| true if the b | value for all active invo t in <i>Value</i> that corresp e result is false . | Missing before v | | | |
| Result Type | must be a Boolean typ | De. | | | |
| | a <i>Scope</i> that identifies nand. It must be Subg | 0 | ocations affected | | |
| | be a vector of four com h operand is 32 and wi | • | | | |
| the lowest l of the group | et of bitfields where the it of the first vector cor) is the higher bit num I bits of the group invo | nponent and the l per of the last bitn | ast (up to the size | | |
| <i>Index</i> must 0. | be a scalar of <i>integer t</i> | edness operand is | | | |
| The resultir size of the | g value is undefined if roup. | | | | |
| 6 341 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Value</id> | <id> Index</id> |
| | | | | | |

| Result is the the bits in <i>Va</i> invocations. <i>Result Type</i> roperand is 0. <i>Execution</i> is a by this comm The identity <i>I</i> <i>Value</i> must b whose <i>Width</i> <i>Value</i> is a set the lowest bit of the group) | nUniformBallotBitCo number of bits that ar ue required to repres nust be a scalar of <i>int</i> a <i>Scope</i> that identifies and. It must be Subg for <i>Operation</i> is 0. e a vector of four com operand is 32 and wh of bitfields where the of the first vector con is the higher bit numb bits of the group invoo | e set to 1 in <i>Value</i> , ent all bits of the g <i>eger type</i> , whose s the group of invoc roup . | <i>Signedness</i> Signedness cations affected <i>type</i> scalar, perand is 0. represented in st (up to the size | Capability: GroupNonUnifor Missing before ve | |
|--|---|--|--|--|---------------------|
| 6 342 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> |

| Find th the bits invoca resultin <i>Result</i> <i>Signed</i> <i>Execut</i> affecte <i>Value</i> scalar, operar <i>Value</i> repres the las | ne least signific s in <i>Value</i> requi- tions. If none of ing value is und <i>Type</i> must be <i>dness</i> operand <i>tion</i> is a <i>Scope</i> ad by this common must be a vect whose <i>Width</i> and is 0. is a set of bitfic ented in the low of (up to the siz of bitmask need | a scalar of integer typ | Capability: GroupNonUniformE Missing before versi | | |
|---|--|---|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| 5 | 343 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Value</id> |
| Find the the bits invoca resultin <i>Result</i> <i>Signed</i> <i>Execut</i> affecter <i>Value</i> scalar, operar <i>Value</i> repress the lass invoca | ne most signific s in <i>Value</i> requi- tions. If none of ng value is und <i>Type</i> must be <i>dness</i> operand <i>tion</i> is a <i>Scope</i> ed by this comm must be a vect whose <i>Width</i> and is 0. is a set of bitfic ented in the low st (up to the siz st bitmask need tions. | a scalar of <i>integer typ</i> is 0. that identifies the gro nand. It must be Subg for of four components operand is 32 and wh elds where the first inv west bit of the first veg e of the group) is the ded to represent all bit | Capability: GroupNonUniformBallot Missing before version 1.3. | | |
| 5 | 344 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Value</id> |

| Result is the Result Type type, or Bood Execution is by this common The type of the Id must be a The resulting | a <i>Scope</i> that identifie | ector of <i>floating-po</i> s the group of invo ne as <i>Result Type</i> , whose <i>Signedne</i> <i>Id</i> is an inactive ir | bint type, integer ocations affected ess operand is 0. | Capability: GroupNonUnifo | |
|---|--|--|--|------------------------------|------------------|
| 6 345 | <id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Value</id> | <id> Id</id> |

| Result is the Valu invocation's id with Result Type must type, or Boolean Execution is a So by this command The type of Value Mask must be a so 0. | cope that identifies . It must be Subgr e must be the same scalar of <i>integer ty</i> ue is undefined if c <i>Mask</i> is an inactiv | ed with <i>Mask</i> . ctor of <i>floating-poi</i> the group of invoc roup . e as <i>Result Type</i> . pe, whose <i>Signed</i> current invocation's | <i>nt type, integer</i> cations affected <i>Iness</i> operand is s id within the | Capability: GroupNonUnifo | |
|--|---|---|---|------------------------------|--------------------|
| 6 346 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Value</id> | <id> Mask</id> |

| OpGr | oupNonUn | iformShuffleUp | | Capability: | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| invoca Resu type, Exect by thi The ty Delta 0. Delta Delta | ation's id wit It Type must or Boolean ution is a So s command ype of Value must be a s is treated a | cope that identifies . It must be Subgr e must be the same scalar of <i>integer ty</i> s unsigned and the nan the current inv | GroupNonUniformShuffleRelati ve Missing before version 1.3. | | | |
| 6 | 347 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Value</id> | <id> Delta</id> |
| | | | | | | |
| Resu invoca <i>Resu type</i> , <i>Exect</i> by thi The ty <i>Delta</i> 0. <i>Delta</i> <i>Delta</i> <i>invoca</i> | It is the Valuation's id with ation's id with It Type must or Boolean ution is a So s command ype of Value must be a s is treated a is greater th ation's id with | iformShuffleDow we of the invocation thin the group + Do the a scalar or vec type. tope that identifies . It must be Subgr e must be the same scalar of <i>integer typ</i> s unsigned and the han or equal to the thin the group + Do requal to the size | a identified by the o elta. ctor of <i>floating-poin</i> the group of invoc roup . e as <i>Result Type</i> . pe, whose <i>Signed</i> e resulting value is e size of the group, elta is either an ina | nt type, integer cations affected ness operand is s undefined if or if the current | GroupNonUnifo ve | |

| OpGroupNo | nUniform | lAdd | | | | Capability: GroupNonUniformArith | | |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| An integer ad invocations in | • | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | <i>Value</i> operan | ds contributed | by active | metic, GroupNonUniformCluste red, GroupNonUniformPartiti | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> r | nust be a | scalar or vecto | or of <i>integer t</i> y | vpe. | | | | |
| <i>Execution</i> is a command. It | | onedNV Missing before version | | | | | | |
| The identity <i>I</i> must be pres | | 1.3. | | | | | | |
| The type of V | <i>alue</i> mus | t be the same | as Result Typ | e. | | | | |
| <i>ClusterSize</i> is integer type, constant instr a power of 2. instruction res | whose Signation Signation Struction. Be If Cluster | | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 349 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> | |

| OpGroupNo | nUniform | FAdd | | | | Capability: | niform A rith | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| A floating poi active invoca | - | oup operation of e group. | of all <i>Value</i> op | erands contrib | outed by | GroupNonUniformArith metic, GroupNonUniformClust | | |
| Result Type r | nust be a | scalar or vecto | or of <i>floating-p</i> | ooint type. | | red, GroupNonUniformPartit | | |
| <i>Execution</i> is a command. It | | cted by this | onedNV Missing before version | | | | | |
| The identity <i>I</i> must be pres | | 1.3. | | | | | | |
| perform the g | group ope | t be the same ration on the c entation defined | ontributed Val | | | | | |
| <i>ClusterSize</i> is integer type, constant inst a power of 2. instruction re | whose Si ruction. B If Cluster | | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 350 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> | |

| OpGroupNo | nUniform | lMul | | | | Capability: GroupNonUniformArith metic, GroupNonUniformCluste red, GroupNonUniformPartiti onedNV | | |
|---|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| An integer me invocations in | | 1 | f all <i>Value</i> ope | erands contribu | uted by active | | | |
| Result Type r | nust be a | scalar or vecto | or of <i>integer t</i> y | /pe. | | | | |
| <i>Execution</i> is a command. It | | Missing before version | | | | | | |
| The identity <i>I</i> must be pres | | 1.3. | | | | | | |
| The type of V | <i>alue</i> mus | t be the same | as Result Typ | е. | | | | |
| <i>ClusterSize</i> is integer type, constant insti- a power of 2. instruction re- | whose Sig ruction. Be If Cluster | | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 351 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> | |

| OpGroupNor | nUniform | FMul | | | | Capability: GroupNonU | niformArith | |
|--|---|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| A floating poir active invocat | | y group operat e group. | ion of all Value | e operands co | ntributed by | metic, GroupNonUniformCluste red, | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> n | nust be a | scalar or vecto | or of <i>floating-p</i> | ooint type. | | , | niformPartiti | |
| <i>Execution</i> is a command. It i | | Missing befor 1.3. | re version | | | | | |
| The identity <i>I</i> must be prese | | e, ClusterSize | - | | | | | |
| perform the g | roup ope | t be the same ration on the c ntation defined | ontributed Val | | | | | |
| <i>ClusterSize</i> is integer type, v constant instr a power of 2. instruction res | whose Sig ruction . Be If <i>Cluster</i> | | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 352 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> | |

| by active invo Result Type r Execution is a command. It The identity <i>I</i> <i>ClusterSize</i> n The type of <i>V</i> <i>ClusterSize</i> is integer type, constant insta a power of 2. | ger minim ocations in nust be a a <i>Scope</i> th must be s for <i>Opera</i> nust be pr <i>Value</i> mus s the size whose <i>Sig</i> <i>ruction</i> . Be | num group ope in the group. scalar or vecto hat identifies th Subgroup . ation is INT_M. resent. t be the same of cluster to us gnedness ope ehavior is under | or of <i>integer ty</i> he group of inv AX. If <i>Operation</i> as <i>Result Typ</i> se. <i>ClusterSiz</i> rand is 0. <i>ClusterSiz</i> rand is 0. <i>ClusterSiz</i> rand is 0. <i>ClusterSiz</i> | vocations affect | cted by this dReduce, calar of come from a at least 1 and | Capability: GroupNonUm metic, GroupNonUm red, GroupNonUm onedNV Missing befor 1.3. | niformCluste niformPartiti |
|--|---|--|--|-------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| 6 + variable | 353 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> |

| OpGroupNor | nUniform | IUMin | | | | Capability: GroupNonU | niformArith | |
|--|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| • | - | inimum group vocations in th | 1 State 1 Stat | II <i>Value</i> opera | nds | metic, GroupNonUniformCluste red. | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> n operand is 0. | nust be a | gnedness | GroupNonUi onedNV | niformPartiti | | | | |
| <i>Execution</i> is a command. It | - | Missing befor 1.3. | e version | | | | | |
| The identity <i>I</i> <i>ClusterSize</i> n | | | | | | | | |
| The type of V | <i>alue</i> mus | t be the same | as Result Typ | e. | | | | |
| <i>integer type, constant instra</i> a power of 2. | whose Sig ruction. Be If Cluster | of cluster to us gnedness ope ehavior is unde <i>Size</i> is greated ndefined behav | rand is 0. <i>Clus</i> efined unless r than the size | sterSize must o ClusterSize is | come from a at least 1 and | | | |
| 6 + variable | 354 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> | |

| OpGroupNo | nUniforn | nFMin | | | | Capability: GroupNonl | JniformArith | | | |
|---|--|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| A floating po active invoca | | um group opera ne group. | ation of all Va | <i>lue</i> operands o | contributed by | metic, GroupNonUniformClust red, | | | | |
| Result Type | must be a | a scalar or vecto | or of <i>floating-</i> | ooint type. | | | JniformPartiti | | | |
| <i>Execution</i> is command. It | | that identifies tl Subgroup . | ne group of in | vocations affe | cted by this | Missing before 1.3. | ore version | | | |
| The identity <i>ClusterSize</i> r | , | duce, | 1.3. | | | | | | | |
| The type of N perform the g invocations is active invoca NaN, the oth are NaN, the | group ope s impleme tions with er is chos | tive provided by | | | | | | | | |
| | whose Si ruction. B If Cluste | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 355 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> | | | |
| OpGroupNo | | | | | | Capability: | | | | |

| OpGroupNo | | Capability: GroupNonUniformArith | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| A signed inte by active invo | - | num group ope the group. | eration of all V | <i>alue</i> operands | s contributed | metic, GroupNonUniformClus | | | |
| Result Type r | red, GroupNonUr onedNV | niformPartiti | | | | | | | |
| <i>Execution</i> is a command. It | - | Missing before version 1.3. | | | | | | | |
| | The identity <i>I</i> for <i>Operation</i> is INT_MIN. If <i>Operation</i> is ClusteredReduce , <i>ClusterSize</i> must be present. | | | | | | | | |
| The type of \mathcal{V} | <i>lalue</i> mus | t be the same | as Result Typ | е. | | | | | |
| <i>ClusterSize</i> is integer type, constant inst a power of 2. instruction re | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 356 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> | | |

| OpGroupNor | nUniform | UMax | | | | Capability: GroupNonUniformArith | | |
|--|--|--|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| An unsigned i contributed by | • | • • | | all <i>Value</i> opera | inds | metic, GroupNonUniformCluste | | |
| <i>Result Type</i> moperand is 0. | nust be a | red, GroupNonUniformPartiti onedNV | | | | | | |
| <i>Execution</i> is a command. It r | - | Missing before version 1.3. | | | | | | |
| | The identity <i>I</i> for <i>Operation</i> is 0. If <i>Operation</i> is ClusteredReduce , <i>ClusterSize</i> must be present. | | | | | | | |
| The type of Va | alue mus | t be the same | as Result Typ | е. | | | | |
| <i>ClusterSize</i> is <i>integer type</i> , w <i>constant instru</i> a power of 2. instruction res | | | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 357 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> | |

| 6 + variable 358 <i>sid></i> Result Type <i>Result Type</i> <i>Result <id></id></i> Scope <id> <i>Scope <id></id> Group</i> <i>Operation</i> <i>Operation</i> <i>Operation</i> <i>Operation</i> <i>Operation</i> <i>ClusterSize</i></id> | OpGroupNonUniform A floating point maximu active invocations in by <i>Result Type</i> must be a <i>Execution</i> is a <i>Scope</i> th command. It must be S The identity <i>I</i> for <i>Opera</i> <i>ClusterSize</i> must be pr The type of <i>Value</i> must perform the group oper invocations is impleme active invocations within NaN, the other is chost are NaN, then the result <i>ClusterSize</i> is the size <i>integer type</i> , whose <i>Sig</i> <i>constant instruction</i> . But a power of 2. If <i>Cluster</i> instruction results in ur | um group oper y group. scalar or vecto hat identifies th Subgroup . ation is -INF. If resent. It be the same ration on the c entation defined in a subgroup, en. If all <i>Value</i> ult is an undefin of cluster to us gnedness oper ehavior is under <i>Size</i> is greater | or of <i>floating-p</i> he group of inv <i>Operation</i> is (as <i>Result Typ</i> contributed <i>Val</i> d. From the se if for any two e(s) that are us ned value. se. <i>ClusterSiz</i> rand is 0. <i>Clus</i> efined unless r than the size | point type. vocations affect ClusteredRed be. The method lue(s) from act et of Value(s) p Values one of sed by the curre se must be a so sterSize must of ClusterSize is | cted by this uce, d used to tive provided by them is a tent invocation calar of come from a at least 1 and | metic, GroupNonU red, GroupNonU onedNV Missing befo 1.3. | IniformArith IniformCluste IniformPartiti ore version |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| Result TypeExecutionOperationValue <id></id> | • | | | | | | |
| | 6 + variable 358 | | Result <id></id> | · · · · · | Operation | | <id></id> |

| OpGroupNon A bitwise and invocations in Result Type m Execution is a command. It m The identity If ClusterSize m The type of Va ClusterSize is integer type, w constant instru- a power of 2. I | group op the group tust be a <i>Scope</i> th nust be S for <i>Opera</i> ust be pr alue must the size whose <i>Sig</i> <i>uction</i> . Be | eration of all N p. scalar or vector nat identifies th Subgroup . ation is ~0. If C esent. t be the same of cluster to us gnedness oper chavior is under Size is greater | or of <i>integer ty</i> ne group of inv <i>Operation</i> is Cl as <i>Result Typ</i> se. <i>ClusterSize</i> rand is 0. <i>Clus</i> efined unless than the size | (pe. vocations affect usteredReduct e. e must be a so sterSize must of <i>ClusterSize</i> is | cted by this ce, calar of come from a at least 1 and | Capability: GroupNonUn metic, GroupNonUn onedNV Missing befor 1.3. | niformCluste niformPartiti |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| 6 + variable | 359 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> |

| OpGroupNo | nUniform | BitwiseOr | | | | Capability: GroupNonU | niformArith |
|--|--|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A bitwise or g invocations in | | active | metic, GroupNonU | niformCluste | | | |
| Result Type r | nust be a | red, GroupNonUniformPartiti onedNV Missing before version | | | | | |
| <i>Execution</i> is a command. It | - | | | | | | |
| The identity <i>I</i> must be pres | | 1.3. | | | | | |
| The type of V | <i>lalue</i> mus | t be the same | as Result Typ | e. | | | |
| <i>ClusterSize</i> is integer type, constant instr a power of 2. instruction res | whose Signation Signation Struction. Bear of the second se | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 360 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> |

| OpGroupNo | nUniform | nBitwiseXor | | | | Capability: | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| A bitwise xor invocations ir | • • • | eration of all <i>V</i> | <i>alue</i> operands | s contributed b | y active | GroupNonUniformAr metic, GroupNonUniformCI red, | | |
| Result Type r | nust be a | | GroupNonU | niformPartiti | | | | |
| <i>Execution</i> is a command. It | | onedNV Missing before version | | | | | | |
| The identity <i>I</i> must be pres | , | 1.3. | | | | | | |
| The type of V | <i>lalue</i> mus | t be the same | as Result Typ | e. | | | | |
| <i>ClusterSize</i> is integer type, constant inst a power of 2. instruction re | whose Si ruction. B If Cluster | | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 361 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> | |

| OpGroupNo A logical and | group op | y active | Capability: GroupNonUniformArith metic, | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Result Type r | must be a a <i>Scope</i> t | GroupNonUniformCluste red, GroupNonUniformPartiti onedNV | | | | | |
| command. It The identity <i>I</i> <i>ClusterSize</i> n | for Opera | Missing before version 1.3. | | | | | |
| The type of V | <i>lalue</i> mus | t be the same | as Result Typ | е. | | | |
| <i>ClusterSize</i> is integer type, constant inst a power of 2. instruction re | whose Si ruction. B If Cluster | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 362 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> |

| OpGroupNo | nUniform | | Capability: | | | | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| A logical or g invocations in | | ration of all <i>Va</i> . p. | <i>lue</i> operands o | contributed by | active | GroupNonU metic, GroupNonU red, | niformArith niformCluste |
| Result Type r | nust be a | | GroupNonU | niformPartiti | | | |
| <i>Execution</i> is a command. It | | onedNV Missing before version | | | | | |
| The identity <i>I</i> must be pres | | 1.3. | | | | | |
| The type of V | <i>lalue</i> mus | t be the same | as Result Typ | e. | | | |
| <i>ClusterSize</i> is integer type, constant instr a power of 2. instruction re | whose Signation Signation Struction. Bear of the second se | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 363 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> |

| OpGroupNon | Uniform | LogicalXor | | | | Capability: | | |
|---|---|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| A logical xor gr invocations in t | | v active | - | niformAritn | | | | |
| Result Type m | red, GroupNonU onedNV | niformPartiti | | | | | | |
| | <i>Execution</i> is a <i>Scope</i> that identifies the group of invocations affected by this command. It must be Subgroup . | | | | | | | |
| The identity / for must be present | 1.3. | | | | | | | |
| The type of Va | alue must | t be the same | as Result Typ | e. | | | | |
| <i>integer type</i> , w <i>constant instru</i> a power of 2. It | <i>ClusterSize</i> is the size of cluster to use. <i>ClusterSize</i> must be a scalar of <i>integer type</i> , whose <i>Signedness</i> operand is 0. <i>ClusterSize</i> must come from a <i>constant instruction</i> . Behavior is undefined unless <i>ClusterSize</i> is at least 1 and a power of 2. If <i>ClusterSize</i> is greater than the size of the group, executing this instruction results in undefined behavior. | | | | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 364 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | Group Operation Operation | <id> Value</id> | Optional <id> ClusterSize</id> | |

| OpGro | oupNonUn | iformQuadBroad | | Capability: GroupNonUnifo | rmQuad | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | is the Valu to Index. | e of the invocation | n within the quad w | vith a quad index | Missing before ve | |
| | <i>Type</i> must or <i>Boolean</i> | be a scalar or veo <i>type</i> . | | | | |
| | | cope, but has no ef st be Subgroup . | or of this | | | |
| The typ | pe of <i>Value</i> | e must be the same | e as Result Type. | | | |
| <i>Index</i> r 0. | must be a s | scalar of <i>integer ty</i> | pe, whose Signed | Iness operand is | | |
| | | .5, Index must con sion 1.5, Index mu | | | | |
| | | <i>lex</i> is greater than n, the resulting val | | | | |
| 6 3 | 365 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id> Execution</id> | <id> Value</id> | <id> Index</id> |

| Ope | BroupNonU | IniformQuadSwap |) | | Capability: GroupNonUr | niformQuad |
|---|---|--|--------------------------|---|---------------------------|----------------|
| | | e of the invocation we e quad using <i>Direct</i> | | rith another | - | e version 1.3. |
| | <i>ult Type</i> mu , or <i>Boolea</i> | st be a scalar or ve n type. | | | | |
| | | Scope, but has no e ust be Subgroup . | | | | |
| The | type of Val | ue must be the sam | ne as <i>Result Typ</i> | е. | | |
| Dire | <i>ction</i> is the | kind of swap to per | form. | | | |
| <i>Dire</i> is 0. | | be a scalar of <i>integ</i> | <i>er type</i> , whose S | <i>Signedness</i> operand | | |
| Dire | ction must o | come from a consta | ant instruction. | | | |
| invo | cation in the | | e instance. The i | to <i>Value</i> by another nvocation providing | | |
| - Inv - Inv A <i>Di</i> - Inv - Inv A <i>Di</i> - Inv | ocations wi ocations wi <i>irection</i> of 1 ocations wi ocations wi <i>irection</i> of 2 ocations wi | indicates a horizor th quad indices of (th quad indices of 2 indicates a vertica th quad indices of (th quad indices of (indicates a diagon th quad indices of (th quad indices of (| lues lues lues | | | |
| Dire | <i>ction</i> must l | be one of the above | e values. | | | |
| | | cation reads Value s undefined. | | | | |
| 6 | 366 | <id></id> | Result <id></id> | Scope <id></id> | <id></id> | <id></id> |

| OpGrou | ıpNonUniformQu | Capability: QuadControlKHR | | |
|---------|----------------|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Reserve | ed. | Reserved. | | |
| 4 | 5110 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Predicate</id> |

| | roupNonUniform rved. | Capability: QuadControlKHR Reserved. | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|------------------|-------------------------|
| 4 5111 <id>Result TypeResult <id></id></id> | | | | <id> Predicate</id> |
| OpG Rese | roupNonUniform | Capability: GroupNonUniformPartit ionedNV Reserved. | | |
| 4 | 5296 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Value</id> |

3.52.25. Reserved Instructions

| 0 | | | | | | | Capabili RayTrac | | R | | | |
|--------|-----------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| R | Reserved. | | | | | Reserve | • | | | | | |
| 1 2 | 444 5 | <id> Accel</id> | <id> Ray Flags</id> | <id> Cull Mask</id> | <id> SBT Offset</id> | <id> SBT Stride</id> | <id> Miss Index</id> | <id> Ray Origin</id> | <id> Ray Tmin</id> | <id> Ray Directio n</id> | <id> Ray Tmax</id> | <id> Payloa d</id> |

| OpExecute | eCallableKHR | Capability: RayTracingKHR | | |
|-----------|--------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Reserved. | | Reserved. | | |
| 3 | 4446 | <id> SBT Index</id> | <id> Callable Data</id> | |

| OpConv Reserve | ∕ertUToAccelerat ed. | Capability: RayTracingKHR, RayQueryKHR | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 4 4447 <id> Result Type</id> | | | | <id> Accel</id> |

| OplgnoreIntersectionKHR | Capability: RayTracingKHR |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Reserved. | Reserved. |
| 1 | 4448 |

| OpTerminateRayKHR | Capability: RayTracingKHR |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Reserved. | Reserved. |
| 1 | 4449 |

| | | | | | Capability: RayQueryKHR | | | | |
|----|-----------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Re | Reserved. | | | | | Reserved. | | | |
| 9 | 4473 | <id> RayQuery</id> | <id> Accel</id> | <id> RayFlags</id> | <id> CullMask</id> | <id> RayOrigin</id> | <id> RayTMin</id> | <id> RayDirecti on</id> | <id> RayTMax</id> |

| OpRayQueryTerminateKHR Reserved. | | Capability: RayQueryKHR |
|-------------------------------------|------|----------------------------|
| | | Reserved. |
| 2 | 4474 | <id> RayQuery</id> |

| OpRayQueryGenerateIntersectionKHR | | | Capability: RayQueryKHR |
|--|------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Reserved. | | Reserved. | |
| 3 | 4475 | <id> RayQuery</id> | <id> HitT</id> |

| OpRayQueryConfirmIntersectionKHR Reserved. | | Capability: RayQueryKHR |
|--|------|----------------------------|
| | | Reserved. |
| 2 | 4476 | <id> RayQuery</id> |

| OpRay | QueryProceedKH | Capability: RayQueryKHR | | |
|---------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Reserve | ed. | Reserved. | | |
| 4 | 4477 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> RayQuery</id> |

| OpRayQueryGetIntersectionTypeKHR Reserved. | | | Capability: | Capability: RayQueryKHR Reserved. | | |
|--|------|---------------------------|------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | |
| 5 | 4479 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> RayQuery</id> | <id> Intersection</id> | |

| OpFra | agmentMaskF | etchAMD | | Capability: FragmentMaskAMD | |
|-------|-------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Reser | rved. | | | Reserved. | |
| 5 | 5011 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Image</id> | <id> Coordinate</id> |

| OpFr Rese | agmentFet er | chAMD | | | | | | Capabili Fragme Reserve | ntMas | kAMD | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|---|----------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|--|
| 6 | 5012 | <id> Result 7</id> | ӯре | Result | <id></id> | <id> Image</id> | | <id> Coordin</id> | ate | <id> Fragment Index</id> | |
| OpRe Rese | eadClockKH | IR | | | | | | | Capa Shad Rese | erClockKHR | |
| 4 | 5056 | | <id> Result T</id> | ӯре | | Result <ic< td=""><td>/></td><td></td><td>Scope Scope</td><td>e <id> e</id></td></ic<> | /> | | Scope Scope | e <id> e</id> | |
| OpFi Rese | nalizeNode rved. | Payload | sAMDX | | | Capability ShaderEr Reserved | nqueue | AMDX | | | |
| 2 | | 5075 | | | | <id> Payload A</id> | Array | | | | |
| OpFi Rese | nishWriting rved. | JNodePa | yloadAM | IDX | | | | | Capa Shad Rese | erEnqueueAMDX | |
| 4 | 5078 | | <id> Result T</id> | ӯре | | Result <ic< td=""><td>/></td><td></td><td><id> Paylo</id></td><td>ad</td></ic<> | /> | | <id> Paylo</id> | ad | |
| OpIn Rese | i tializeNode rved. | Payload | SAMDX | | | | Capab Shade | erEnqueu | JIAAAI | х | |
| 5 | 5090 | <id> Payl</id> | oad Array | / | Scope <io Visibility</io | /> | <id></id> | nd Count | <id></id> | | |

| pHit | Objecti ved. | Record | HitMot | ionNV | | | | | | | rNV, | oility: erInvoc acingN | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|---|----------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | Reser | ved. | | |
| 52 49 | <id> Hit Objec t</id> | <id> Accel eratio n Struct ure</id> | nceld | <id> Primit iveId</id> | <id> Geo metry Index</id> | <id> Hit Kind</id> | d | <id> SBT Recor d Stride</id> | <id> Origin</id> | <id> TMin</id> | <id> Direct ion</id> | <id> TMax</id> | <id> Curre nt Time</id> | <id> HitOb ject Attrib utes</id> |
| pHit | Objecti ved. | Record | lHitWitl | hIndex | Motion | NV | | | | 5 | Capabili Shaderl /, RayTrac | nvocat | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | Reserv | ed. | | |
|---|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 525 | <id></id> |
| 4 | 4 0 | Hit | Accel | Instan | Primiti | Geom | Hit | SBT | Origin | TMin | Directi | TMax | Curre | HitObj |
| | | Object | eratio | celd | veld | etryIn | Kind | Recor | | | on | | nt | ect |
| | | | n | | | dex | | d | | | | | Time | Attribu |
| | | | Struct | | | | | Index | | | | | | tes |
| | | | ure | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | HitObj served | ectRecordMiss | MotionNV | | | | Capability: ShaderInvoo erNV, RayTracingl NV Reserved. | cationReord MotionBlur |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 8 | 5251 | <id> Hit Object</id> | <id> SBT Index</id> | <id> Origin</id> | <id> TMin</id> | <id> Direction</id> | <id> TMax</id> | <id> Current Time</id> |
| | HitObj | ectGetWorldTo | ObjectNV | | | | Capability: ShaderInvoo erNV Reserved. | cationReord |
| 4 | 5 | 5252 | <id> Result Type</id> | | Result <id></id> | | <id> Hit Object</id> | |

| | pHitC eserv | - | etObje | ctToWo | orldNV | | | | | | | | | | nReord |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--|------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| 4 | | 5253 | | <10 | 1~ | | | Result | <id></id> | | | Re: <id< td=""><td>served.</td><td></td><td></td></id<> | served. | | |
| - | | 5255 | | | esult Typ | е | | Result | | | | | Object | | |
| | pHitC eser∨ | - | etObje | ctRayD | irection | NV | | | | | | | | | nReord |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Re | served. | | |
| 4 | | 5254 | | <ia Re</ia | l> sult Typ | е | | Result | <id></id> | | | <id Hit</id | > Object | | |
| | pHitC eser∨ | - | etObje | ctRayC | vriginNV | 1 | | | | | | | | | nReord |
| | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | served. | | |
| 4 | | 5255 | | <io Re</io | l> sult Typ | е | | Result | <id></id> | | | <id Hit</id | > Object | | |
| | pHitC eserv | - | raceRa | yMotio | nNV | | | | | | Sh V, Ra | | rInvoca ncingMo | | orderN urNV |
| | 525 6 | <id> Hit Object</id> | <id> Accel eratio n Struct ure</id> | <id> RayFl ags</id> | <id> Cullm ask</id> | d | <id> SBT Recor d Stride</id> | <id> Miss Index</id> | <id> Origin</id> | <id> TMin</id> | <ia Dir on</ia | | <id> TMax</id> | <id> Time</id> | <id> Paylo ad</id> |
| | pHitC eser∨ | | etShad | lerReco | ordBuffe | erHand | leNV | | | | | Sha erN | | | nReord |
| 4 | | 5257 | | <io Re</io | l> sult Typ | е | | Result | <id></id> | | | <id Hit</id | > Object | | |

| OpHitO Reserve | - | ShaderB | indingTableRecordIn | dexNV | Capability: ShaderInvocationReord erNV |
|--------------------------|------------------------|---------|---------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | | Reserved. |
| 4 | 5258 | | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Hit Object</id> |
| OpHitO Reserve | bjectRec ed. | ordEmpt | tyNV | Capability: ShaderInvocation Reserved. | ReorderNV |
| 2 | | 5259 | | <id> Hit Object</id> | |

| 0 | pHitC | bjectTra | aceRayN | ٧V | | | | | | Capabi | lity: Invocati | ionPoor | dorNV |
|---|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|
| R | eserv | ed. | | | | | | | | Reserv | | IOIIIVEOI | Genav |
| | | | | | | | | | | Reserv | eu. | | |
| 1 | 526 | <id></id> | <id></id> | <id></id> |
| 3 | 0 | Hit | Accele | RayFla | Cullma | SBT | SBT | Miss | Origin | TMin | Directi | TMax | Payloa |
| | | Object | ration | gs | sk | Recor | Recor | Index | | | on | | d |
| | | | Structu | | | d | d | | | | | | |
| | | | re | | | Offset | Stride | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | pHit0 eserv | DbjectR red. | ecordH | litNV | | | | | | Capab Shade V | ility: rInvoca | tionRe | orderN |
|--------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | Reserv | /ed. | | |
| 1 4 | | <id> Hit Object</id> | <id> Accel eratio n Struct ure</id> | <id> Instan celd</id> | <id> Primiti veld</id> | <id> Geom etryIn dex</id> | <id> SBT Recor d Offset</id> | d | <id> Origin</id> | <id> TMin</id> | <id> Directi on</id> | <id> TMax</id> | <id> HitObj ect Attribu tes</id> |

| | pHitC eserve |)bjectRe ed. | cordHit | Capability: ShaderInvocationReorderNV Reserved. | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----------------|------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| 1 3 | 526 2 | <id> Hit Object</id> | <id> Accele ration Structu re</id> | celd | <id> Primiti veld</id> | <id> Geom etryInd ex</id> | <id> Hit Kind</id> | <id> SBT Recor d Index</id> | <id> Origin</id> | <id> TMin</id> | <id> Directi on</id> | <id> TMax</id> | <id> HitObj ect Attribu es</id> |

| - | HitOb served | - | cordMissN | IV | | | | | \$ | Capability: ShaderInvo V | cationReorderN |
|---|-----------------|------|-------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------|--------------------|----------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| 7 | 526 | 2 | <id></id> | <id></id> | | <id></id> | | <id></id> | | Reserved. < <i>id</i> > | <id></id> |
| 1 | 520 | | lit Object | | Index | <iu> Origin</iu> | | <id> TMin</id> | | <id> Direction</id> | <id></id> |
| - | HitOb served | - | ecuteShad | erNV | | | | | Capa Shad Rese | erInvocatio | nReorderNV |
| 3 | | 5264 | 4 | | <id> Hit Objec</id> | ct | | | <id> Paylo</id> | ad | |
| - | HitOb served | - | tCurrentTi | meNV | | | | | | Capabili ShaderI erNV Reserve | nvocationReord |
| 4 | | 5265 | | <id> Result T</id> | ӯре | | Result « | <id></id> | | <id> Hit Obje</id> | ct |
| - | HitOb served | - | tAttributes | NV | | | | | Capa Shad Rese | erInvocatio | nReorderNV |
| 3 | | 5266 | 6 | | <id> Hit Objec</id> | ct | | | <id> Hit O</id> | bject Attribu | te |
| - | HitOb served | - | tHitKindN | / | | | | | | erNV | nvocationReord |
| 4 | | 5267 | | <id> Result T</id> | ӯре | | Result • | <id></id> | | <pre> Reserve <id> <id> </id></id></pre> | |
| - | HitOk served | - | tPrimitivel | ndexNV | 1 | | | | | Capabili ShaderI erNV | ^{ty:} nvocationReord |
| 4 | | 5268 | | <id> Result T</id> | īvņe | | Result • | <id></id> | | <id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | |

| OpHitO Reserve | bjectGetGeomet r ed. | ryIndexNV | | Capability: ShaderInvocationReord erNV |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 4 | 5269 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Hit Object</id> |
| OpHitO Reserve | bjectGetInstance ed. | ldNV | | Capability: ShaderInvocationReord erNV |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 4 | 5270 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Hit Object</id> |
| OpHitO Reserve | bjectGetInstance ed. | CustomIndexNV | | Capability: ShaderInvocationReord erNV |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 4 | 5271 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Hit Object</id> |
| OpHitO Reserve | bjectGetWorldRa ed. | yDirectionNV | | Capability: ShaderInvocationReord erNV |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 4 | 5272 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Hit Object</id> |
| OpHitO Reserve | bjectGetWorldRa ed. | yOriginNV | | Capability: ShaderInvocationReord erNV |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 4 | 5273 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Hit Object</id> |
| OpHitO Reserve | bjectGetRayTMa ed. | xNV | | Capability: ShaderInvocationReord erNV |
| | | | | Reserved. |
| 4 | 5274 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Hit Object</id> |

| - | bjectGetRayT | MinNV | | | | : | Sha | oability: aderInvocationReord |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Reserve | d. | | | | | 1 | erN | IV |
| | | | | | | | Re | served. |
| 4 | 5275 | <id> Result T</id> | ype | Result | <id></id> | | <id Hit</id | > Object |
| OpHitO Reserve | b jectIsEmpty d. | NV | | | | : | | bability: aderInvocationReord IV |
| | | | | | | | Re | served. |
| 4 | 5276 | <id> Result T</id> | ype | Result | <id></id> | | <id Hit</id | > Object |
| OpHitO Reserve | b jectIsHitNV d. | | | | | : | | oability: aderInvocationReord IV |
| | | | | | | | Re | served. |
| 4 | 5277 | <id> Result T</id> | ype | Result | <id></id> | | <id Hit</id | > Object |
| OpHitO Reserve | b jectIsMissN d. | V | | | | : | Sha erN | bability: aderInvocationReord IV Served. |
| 4 | 5278 | <id> Result T</id> | ype | Result | <id></id> | | <id< td=""><td></td></id<> | |
| OpReor Reserve | derThreadWi d. | thHitObject№ | IV | | | | | Capability: ShaderInvocationRe orderNV Reserved. |
| 2 + varia | able | 5279 | <id> Hit Object</id> | | Optional <id> Hint</id> | | | Optional <id> Bits</id> |
| OpReor Reserve | derThreadWi d. | thHintNV | | | | Capability ShaderIn Reserved | ivo | cationReorderNV |
| 3 5280 < <i>id>Hint</i> | | | | | | <id><id> Bits</id></id> | | |

| | EmitMe | shTasl | κsEXT | | | | | | | Capability: MeshShadingEXT | | | | |
|--|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Res | served. | | | | | | | | | Reserved. | | | | |
| 4 + | variable | 9 | 5294 | <id Gro</id | | | <id> Grou</id> | up Count | | <id> Group Co</id> | unt Z | Optional <id> Payload</id> | | |
| Op | SetMes | hOutp | utsEXT | | | | | | | Capabili | ity: | | | |
| Res | served. | | | | | | | | | MeshSh | | gEXT | | |
| 0 | | 5005 | | | :-1 | | | | | Reserve | ed. | | | |
| 3 | | 5295 | | | <id> Verte</id> | ex Count | | | | <id> Primitive</id> | e Cou | nt | | |
| OpWritePackedPrimitiveIndices4x8NV Capability: Reserved. MeshShadingNV | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1163 | serveu. | | | | | | | | | Reserve | ed. | | | |
| 3 | | 5299 | | | <id> Index</id> | c Offset | | | | <id> Packed</id> | Indice | S | | |
| | | icroTri | angleVe | ertexPos | itionN | V | | | | | | ability: laceme | entMicromap | |
| Res | served. | | | | | | | | | | NV Rese | erved. | | |
| 8 | 5300 | <id> Rest</id> | ult Type | Result < | | <id> Accel</id> | | cid> nstance l | | l> cometry lex | <id> Prim Index</id> | | <id> Barycentric</id> | |
| 0 | | : T : | | nt ex D e m | | :-NIV/ | | | | | 0 | | | |
| - | served. | | angleve | ertexBary | centr | ICINV | | | | | | ability: laceme | entMicromap | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Rese | erved. | | |
| 8 | 8 5301 < <i>i</i> d> <i>Result <i< i="">d> <i>i</i>d> <i>i</i></i<></i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Op | OpReportIntersectionKHR (OpReportIntersectionNV) Capability: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | served. | 110136 | | | -porti | | | •) | | racingNV | , Ray | Tracing | KHR | |
| | | | | | | | | | Rese | rved. | | | | |
| 5 | 533 | 4 | <id> Resi</id> | ult Type | | Result • | <id></id> | | <id> Hit</id> | | | | 1 | |

| OplgnoreIntersectionNV Reserved. | Capability: RayTracingNV |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Reserved. |
| 1 | 5335 |
| | |
| OpTerminateRayNV | Capability: |
| | RayTracingNV |
| Reserved. | |
| | Reserved. |
| 1 | 5336 |

| 0 | pTrac | eNV | | Capability: RayTracingNV | | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Re | Reserved. | | | | | | | | | | Reserved. | |
| 1 2 | 533 7 | <id> Accel</id> | <id> Ray Flags</id> | <id> Cull Mask</id> | <id> SBT Offset</id> | <id> SBT Stride</id> | <id> Miss Index</id> | <id> Ray Origin</id> | <id> Ray Tmin</id> | <id> Ray Directio n</id> | <id> Ray Tmax</id> | <id> Payloa dId</id> |

| | OpTraceMotionNV | | | | | | | | | | lity: cingMo | tionBlur | 'NV |
|---|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| F | Reserved. | | | | | | | | | | Reserved. | | |
| 1 | 533 8 | <id> Accel</id> | <id> Ray Flags</id> | <id> Cull Mask</id> | <id> SBT Offset</id> | <id> SBT Stride</id> | <id> Miss Index</id> | <id> Ray Origin</id> | <id> Ray Tmin</id> | <id> Ray Directi on</id> | <id> Ray Tmax</id> | <id> Time</id> | <id> Payloa dId</id> |

| 0 | OpTraceRayMotionNV | | | | | | | | | | lity: cingMo | tionBlur | NV |
|--------|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| R | Reserved. | | | | | | | | | RayTracingMotionBlurNV Reserved. | | | |
| 1 3 | 533 9 | <id> Accel</id> | <id> Ray Flags</id> | <id> Cull Mask</id> | <id> SBT Offset</id> | <id> SBT Stride</id> | <id> Miss Index</id> | <id> Ray Origin</id> | <id> Ray Tmin</id> | <id> Ray Directi on</id> | <id> Ray Tmax</id> | <id> Time</id> | <id> Payloa d</id> |

| OpRa | yQueryGetInt | ersectionTriangleVe | rtexPositionsKHR | Capability: RayQueryPositionFetchKHR | | | |
|-------|--------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Reser | ved. | | | Reserved. | | | |
| 5 | 5340 | <id> Result Type</id> | <id> RayQuery</id> | <id> Intersection</id> | | | |

| OpExecut | eCallableNV | | Capability: |
|-----------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Reserved. | | | RayTracingNV Reserved. |
| 3 | 5344 | <id> SBT Index</id> | <id> Callable DataId</id> |
| | | | |

| OpCooperat | tiveMatrix | kLoadNV | | | | Capability: Cooperativ | /eMatrixNV |
|--------------|------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Reserved. | | Reserved. | - | | | | |
| 6 + variable | 5359 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Pointer</id> | <id> Stride</id> | <id> Column Major</id> | Optional Memory Operands |

| OpCooperativ | veMatrixSt | Capability: CooperativeMatrixNV | | | | |
|--------------|------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Reserved. | | Reserved. | | | | |
| 5 + variable | 5360 | <id> Pointer</id> | <id> Object</id> | <id> Stride</id> | <id> Column Major</id> | Optional Memory Operands |

| ОрС | ooperative | /latrixMuIAddNV | Capability: CooperativeMatrixNV | | | |
|------|------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Rese | rved. | | Reserved. | | | |
| 6 | 5361 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> A</id> | <id> B</id> | <id> C</id> |

| OpCooperativeMatrixLengthNV | | | | Capability: CooperativeMatrixNV |
|------------------------------------|------|--------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Reserve | ed. | Reserved. | | |
| 4 | 5362 | <id> Type</id> | | |

| OpBeginInvocationInterlockEXT | Capability: FragmentShaderSampleInterloc |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Reserved. | kEXT, FragmentShaderPixelInterlockE XT, |
| | FragmentShaderShadingRateInt erlockEXT Reserved. |
| 1 | 5364 |

| OpEndInvocationInterlockEXT | Capability: FragmentShaderSampleInterloc |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Reserved. | kEXT, |
| | FragmentShaderPixelInterlockE XT, |
| | FragmentShaderShadingRateInt erlockEXT |
| | Reserved. |
| 1 | 5365 |

| OpIsHelpe | rInvocationEXT | Capability: DemoteToHelperInvocationEXT | |
|-----------|----------------|--|------------------|
| Reserved. | | | Reserved. |
| 3 | 5381 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> |

| OpConvertUToImageNV | | | | Capability: BindlessTextureNV |
|---------------------|------|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Reserve | ed. | Reserved. | | |
| 4 | 5391 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand</id> |

| OpCon | vertUToSamplerN | ertUToSamplerNV Capability: BindlessTexture | | Capability: BindlessTextureNV |
|---------|-----------------|--|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Reserve | ed. | Reserved. | | |
| 4 | 5392 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand</id> |

| OpCon | vertImageToUNV | Capability: BindlessTextureNV | | |
|---------|----------------|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Reserve | ed. | Reserved. | | |
| 4 | 5393 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand</id> |

| OpConvertSamplerToUNV | | | | Capability: BindlessTextureNV |
|------------------------------|------|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Reserve | ed. | Reserved. | | |
| 4 | 5394 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand</id> |

| OpConvertUToSampledImageNV | | | | | | Capability: BindlessTextureNV | | | |
|---|--|---------|---------------------------|----|---|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Reserv | ved. | | | | | | | erved. | |
| 4 | 5395 | | <id> Result Type</id> | | Result <ic< td=""><td>l></td><td><id> Ope</id></td><td></td></ic<> | l> | <id> Ope</id> | | |
| • | OpConvertSampledImageToUNV | | | | | | | ability: IlessTextureNV | |
| Reserv | ved. | | | | | | Rese | erved. | |
| 4 | 5396 | | <id> Result Type</id> | | Result <ic< td=""><td>/></td><td><id> Ope</id></td><td>rand</td></ic<> | /> | <id> Ope</id> | rand | |
| OpSar Reserv | | eAddres | ssingModeNV | | Capability: BindlessTextureNV | | | | |
| 2 | | 5397 | | | Reserved | | | | |
| 2 | | 5591 | | | Bit Width | | | | |
| OpUC Reserv | ountLeadi ved. | ngZeros | INTEL | | | | Integ L | ability: gerFunctions2INTE | |
| 4 | 5585 | | <id></id> | | Result <id><id></id></id> | | erved. | | |
| | | | Result Type | | Ор | | Ope | perand | |
| OpUCountTrailingZerosINTEL Reserved. | | | | | | Integ L | ability: gerFunctions2INTE erved. | | |
| 4 | 4 5586 <id> Result Type</id> | | | | | <id> Ope</id> | rand | | |
| OpAbsISubINTEL Reserved. | | | | | Capability: IntegerFunctions2INTEL Reserved. | | NTEL | | |
| 5 | 5587 <id> Result <id Result Type</id </id> | | | /> | <id> <id> <id> Operand 1 Operand 2</id></id></id> | | | | |

| OpAbsUSubINTEL Reserved. | | | | Capability: IntegerFunctions2INTEL Reserved. | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| 5 | 5588 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |
| OpIAddSatINTEL Reserved. | | | | Capability: IntegerFunctions2INTEL Reserved. | | |
| 5 | 5589 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |
| OpUA Reser | ddSatINTEL | | | Capability: IntegerFunctions2INTEL Reserved. | | |
| 5 | 5590 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |
| OplAverageINTEL Reserved. | | | | Capability: IntegerFunctions2INTEL Reserved. | | |
| 5 | 5591 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |
| OpUAverageINTEL Reserved. | | | | Capability: IntegerFunctions2INTEL Reserved. | | |
| 5 | 5592 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |
| OplAverageRoundedINTEL Reserved. | | | | Capability: IntegerFunctions2II Reserved. | NTEL | |
| 5 | 5593 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |

| OpUA Reser | verageRound | edINTEL | | Capability: IntegerFunctions2INTEL | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|--|
| 5 | 5594 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <pre>Reserved. </pre> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |
| OplSu Reser | ibSatINTEL ved. | | | Capability: IntegerFunctions2INTEL Reserved. | | |
| 5 | 5595 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |
| OpUS Reser | ved. | | | Capability: IntegerFunctions2INTEL Reserved. | | |
| 5 | 5596 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |
| OplMu Reser | u l32x16INTEL ved. | | | Capability: IntegerFunctions2INTEL Reserved. | | |
| 5 | 5597 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |
| OpUMuI32x16INTEL Reserved. | | | | Capability: IntegerFunctions2INTEL Reserved. | | |
| 5 | 5598 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> Operand 1</id> | <id> Operand 2</id> | |
| | OpLoopControlINTEL Reserved. | | | Capability: Unstructur Reserved. | redLoopControIsINTEL | |
| 1 + va | riable | | Literal, Literal, Loop Control Parameters | | | |

| OpFP | OpFPGARegINTEL | | | | | Capability: FPGARegINTEL | | | |
|---|--|----------------------------|--|--|--|---|------------------------|--|--|
| Reser | Reserved. | | | | | Reserved. | | | |
| 5 | 5949 | <id> Result <id></id></id> | | | <id><id><id><id>Input</id></id></id></id> | | | | |
| OnRa | yQueryGetRa | vTMinKHR | | | | Cap | ability: | | |
| | | y i winter ite | | | | 1 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C | QueryKHR | | |
| Reser | ved. | | | | | Rese | erved. | | |
| 4 | 6016 | <id> Result Type</id> | | Result <ic< td=""><td>/></td><td><id> Ray</id></td><td>Query</td></ic<> | /> | <id> Ray</id> | Query | | |
| OpRa | yQueryGetRa | yFlagsKHR | | | | | ability: | | |
| Reser | ved. | | | | | Ray | QueryKHR | | |
| | | | | | | Reserved. | | | |
| 4 | 6017 | <id> Result Type</id> | | | | | <id> RayQuery</id> | | |
| OpRa | yQueryGetInt | ersectionTKHR | | | Capability: | | | | |
| Reser | ved. | | | | RayQueryKHR | | | | |
| | | | | | Reserved. | | | | |
| 5 | 6018 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <ic< td=""><td>/></td><td colspan="2"><id> <id> RayQuery Intersection</id></id></td><td></td></ic<> | /> | <id> <id> RayQuery Intersection</id></id> | | | | |
| OpRa | yQueryGetInt | ersectionInstanceC | ustomInde | xKHR | Capability: | | | | |
| Reser | | | | | RayQueryKHR | | | | |
| 116361 | veu. | | | | Reserved. | | | | |
| 5 | 5 6019 <id>Result <id <id<="" result="" td=""><td>/></td><td><id> RayQuery</id></td><td colspan="2"></td></id></id> | | | /> | <id> RayQuery</id> | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| OpRayQueryGetIntersectionInstanceIdKHR | | | | Capability: RayQueryKHR | | | | | |
| Reserved. | | | | Reserved. | | | | | |
| 5 | 6020 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <io< td=""><td>/></td><td colspan="2"><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></td><td></td></io<> | /> | <id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | | | | |

| OpRayQueryGetIntersectionInstanceShaderBindingTableR ecordOffsetKHR | | | | Capability: RayQueryKHR | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--|-----------|--|--|----------------------------|
| Reserved. | | | | Reserved. | | | | |
| 5 | 6021 | <id> Resi</id> | ult Type | Result <ia< td=""><td> ></td><td><id> RayQuery</id></td><td></td><td><id> Intersection</id></td></ia<> | > | <id> RayQuery</id> | | <id> Intersection</id> |
| Reserved. | | | | Capability: RayQueryKHR Reserved. | | | | |
| 5 | 6022 | <id> Resi</id> | ult Type | Result <ia< td=""><td> ></td><td><id> RayQuery</id></td><td></td><td><id> Intersection</id></td></ia<> | > | <id> RayQuery</id> | | <id> Intersection</id> |
| OpRayQueryGetIntersectionPrimitiveIndexKHR Reserved. | | | | Capability: RayQueryKHR Reserved. | | | | |
| 5 | 6023 | <id> Resi</id> | ult Type | Result <ia< td=""><td> ></td><td colspan="2"><id> <id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></td><td></td></ia<> | > | <id> <id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id><id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id></id> | | |
| OpRa | yQueryGetInte | ersec | tionBarycentric | sKHR | | Capability: RayQueryKHR | | |
| Reser | ved. | | | | | Reserved. | | |
| 5 | 6024 | <id> Resi</id> | ult Type | Result <ia< td=""><td> ></td><td><id> RayQuery</id></td><td></td><td><id> Intersection</id></td></ia<> | > | <id> RayQuery</id> | | <id> Intersection</id> |
| OpRayQueryGetIntersectionFrontFaceKHR Reserved. | | | | Capability: RayQueryKHR Reserved. | | | | |
| 5 | 6025 | <id> Resi</id> | ult Type | Result <id></id> | | <id> RayQuery</id> | | <id> Intersection</id> |
| OpRayQueryGetIntersectionCandidateAABBOpaqueKHR Reserved. | | | | | Ray | ability: QueryKHR | | |
| 4 6026 < <i>id</i> > <i>Result Type</i> | | | Result <id></id> | | <id></id> | erved. Query | | |

| OpRayQueryGetIntersectionObjectRayDirectionKHR Reserved. | | | DirectionKHR | Capability: RayQueryKHR Reserved. | | |
|--|---------------|---------------------------|------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | |
| 5 | 6027 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> RayQuery</id> | <id> Intersection</id> | |
| OpRa | ayQueryGetInt | tersectionObjectRay | OriginKHR | Capability: | | |

| Reserved. | | | | RayQueryKHR | | |
|-----------|------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | | | | Reserved. | | |
| 5 | 6028 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> RayQuery</id> | <id> Intersection</id> | |

| OpRayQueryGetWorldRayDirectionKHR | | | | Capability: RayQueryKHR | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Rese | erved. | | | | |
| 4 | 6029 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> RayQuery</id> | |
| OpR | | orldRayOriginKHR | | Capability: RayQueryKHR | |

| ILESEI VE | 50. | Reserved. | | |
|-----------|------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| 4 | 6030 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> RayQuery</id> |

| OpRayQueryGetIntersectionObjectToWorldKHR Reserved. | | | Capability: RayQueryKHR Reserved. | | |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| | | | | | |

| OpRayQueryGetIntersectionWorldToObjectKHR | | | | Capability: RayQueryKHR | | |
|---|------|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Reserved. | | | Reserved. | | | |
| 5 | 6032 | <id> Result Type</id> | Result <id></id> | <id> RayQuery</id> | <id> Intersection</id> | |

Chapter 4. Appendix A: Changes

4.1. Changes from Version 0.99, Revision 31

- Added the PushConstant Storage Class.
- Added OpIAddCarry, OpISubBorrow, OpUMulExtended, and OpSMulExtended.
- Added OpInBoundsPtrAccessChain.
- Added the Decoration **NoContraction** to prevent combining multiple operations into a single operation (bug 14396).
- Added sparse texturing (14486):
 - Added **OpImageSparse...** for accessing images that might not be resident.
 - Added MinLod functionality for accessing images with a minimum level of detail.
- Added back the Alignment Decoration, for the Kernel capability (14505).
- Added a Nontemporal Memory Operand (14566).
- Structured control flow changes:
 - Changed structured loops to have a structured continue Continue Target in OpLoopMerge (14422).
 - Added rules for how "fall through" works with **OpSwitch** (13579).
 - Added definitions for what is "inside" a structured control-flow construct (14422).
- Added **SubpassData** Dim to support input targets written by a previous subpass as an output target (14304). This is also a Decoration and a Capability, and can be used by some image ops to read the input target.
- Added **OpTypeForwardPointer** to establish the Storage Class of a forward reference to a pointer type (13822).
- Improved Debuggability
 - Changed **OpLine** to not have a target *<id>*, but instead be placed immediately preceding the instruction(s) it is annotating (13905).
 - Added **OpNoLine** to terminate the affect of **OpLine** (13905).
 - Changed **OpSource** to include the source code:
 - · Allow multiple occurrences.
 - Be mixed in with the **OpString** instructions.
 - · Optionally consume an **OpString** result to say which file it is annotating.
 - · Optionally include the source text corresponding to that OpString.
 - · Included adding **OpSourceContinued** for source text that is too long for a single instruction.
- Added a large number of Capabilities for subsetting functionality (14520, 14453), including 8-bit integer support for OpenCL kernels.
- Added VertexIndex and InstanceIndex BuiltIn Decorations (14255).
- Added GenericPointer capability that allows the ability to use the Generic Storage Class (14287).
- Added IndependentForwardProgress Execution Mode (14271).
- Added OpAtomicFlagClear and OpAtomicFlagTestAndSet instructions (14315).
- Changed **OpEntryPoint** to take a list of **Input** and **Output** <*id*> for declaring the entry point's interface.

- Fixed internal bugs
 - 14411 Added missing documentation for mad_sat OpenCL extended instructions (enums existed, just the documentation was missing)
 - 14241 Removed shader capability requirement from **OpImageQueryLevels** and **OpImageQuerySamples**.
 - 14241 Removed unneeded OpImageQueryDim instruction.
 - 14241 Filled in TBD section for OpAtomicCompareExchangeWeek
 - 14366 All **OpSampledImage** must appear before uses of sampled images (and still in the first block of the entry point).
 - 14450 DeviceEnqueue capability is required for OpTypeQueue and OpTypeDeviceEvent
 - 14363 OpTypePipe is opaque moved packet size and alignment to opcodes
 - 14367 Float16Buffer capability clarified
 - 14241 Clarified how OpSampledImage can be used
 - 14402 Clarified OpTypeImage encodings for OpenCL extended instructions
 - 14569 Removed mention of non-existent OpFunctionDecl
 - 14372 Clarified usage of OpGenericPtrMemSemantics
 - 13801 Clarified the SpecId Decoration is just for constants
 - 14447 Changed literal values of Memory Semantic enums to match OpenCL/C++11 atomics, and made the Memory Semantic None and Relaxed be aliases
 - 14637 Removed subgroup scope from OpGroupAsyncCopy and OpGroupWaitEvents

4.2. Changes from Version 0.99, Revision 32

- Added UnormInt101010_2 to the Image Channel Data Type table.
- Added place holder for C++11 atomic *Consume* Memory Semantics along with an explicit AcquireRelease memory semantic.
- Fixed internal bugs:
 - 14690 **OpSwitch** *literal* width (and hence number of operands) is determined by the type of *Selector*, and be rigorous about how sub-32-bit literals are stored.
 - 14485 The client API owns the semantics of built-ins that only have "pass through" semantics WRT SPIR-V.
 - 14862 Removed the IndependentForwardProgress Execution Mode.
- Fixed public bugs:
 - 1387 Don't describe result type of OpImageWrite.

4.3. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 1

- Adjusted Capabilities:
 - Split geometry-stream functionality into its own GeometryStreams capability (14873).
 - Have InputAttachmentIndex to depend on InputAttachment instead of Shader (14797).
 - Merge AdvancedFormats and StorageImageExtendedFormats into just StorageImageExtendedFormats (14824).

- Require **StorageImageReadWithoutFormat** and **StorageImageWriteWithoutFormat** to read and write storage images with an **Unknown** Image Format.
- Removed the ImageSRGBWrite capability.
- Clarifications
 - RelaxedPrecision Decoration can be applied to OpFunction (14662).
- Fixed internal bugs:
 - 14797 The literal argument was missing for the InputAttachmentIndex Decoration.
 - 14547 Remove the FragColor BuiltIn, so that no implicit broadcast is implied.
 - 13292 Make statements about "Volatile" be more consistent with the memory model specification (non-functional change).
 - 14948 Remove image-"Query" overloading on image/sampled-image type and "fetch" on non-sampled images, by adding the **OpImage** instruction to get the image from a sampled image.
 - 14949 Make consistent placement between **OpSource** and **OpSourceExtension** in the logical layout of a module.
 - 14865 Merge WorkgroupLinearld with LocalInvocationId BuiltIn Decorations.
 - 14806 Include 3D images for **OpImageQuerySize**.
 - 14325 Removed the Smooth Decoration.
 - 12771 Make the version word formatted as: "0 | Major Number | Minor Number | 0" in the physical layout.
 - 15035 Allow **OpTypeImage** to use a *Depth* operand of 2 for not indicating a depth or non-depth image.
 - 15009 Split the **OpenCL** Source Language into two: **OpenCL_C** and **OpenCL_CPP**.
 - 14683 **OpSampledImage** instructions can only be the consuming block, for scalars, and directly consumed by an image lookup or query instruction.
 - 14325 mutual exclusion validation rules of Execution Modes and Decorations
 - 15112 add definitions for invocation, dynamically uniform, and uniform control flow.
- Renames
 - InputTargetIndex Decoration -> InputAttachmentIndex
 - InputTarget Capability -> InputAttachment
 - InputTarget Dim -> SubpassData
 - WorkgroupLocal Storage Class -> Workgroup
 - WorkgroupGlobal Storage Class -> CrossWorkgroup
 - PrivateGlobal Storage Class -> Private
 - OpAsyncGroupCopy -> OpGroupAsyncCopy
 - OpWaitGroupEvents -> OpGroupWaitEvents
 - InputTriangles Execution Mode -> Triangles
 - InputQuads Execution Mode -> Quads
 - InputIsolines Execution Mode -> Isolines

4.4. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 2

- Updated example at the end of Section 1 to conform to the KHR_vulkan_glsl extension and treat OpTypeBool as an abstract type.
- Adjusted Capabilities:
 - MatrixStride depends on Matrix (15234).
 - Sample, SampleId, SamplePosition, and SampleMask depend on SampleRateShading (15234).
 - ClipDistance and CullDistance BuiltIns depend on, respectively, ClipDistance and CullDistance (1407, 15234).
 - ViewportIndex depends on MultiViewport (15234).
 - AtomicCounterMemory should be the AtomicStorage (15234).
 - Float16 has no dependencies (15234).
 - Offset Decoration should only be for Shader (15268).
 - Generic Storage Class is supposed to need the GenericPointer Capability (14287).
 - Remove capability restriction on the **BuiltIn** Decoration (15248).
- Fixed internal bugs:
 - 15203 Updated description of SampleMask BuiltIn to include "Input or output...", not just "Input..."
 - 15225 Include no re-association as a constraint required by the NoContraction Decoration.
 - 15210 Clarify **OpPhi** semantics that operand values only come from parent blocks.
 - 15239 Add OpImageSparseRead, which was missing (supposed to be 12 sparse-image instructions, but only 11 got incorporated, this adds the 12th).
 - 15299 Move **OpUndef** back to the Miscellaneous section.
 - 15321 **OpTypeImage** does not have a *Depth* restriction when used with **SubpassData**.
 - 14948 Fix the Lod Image Operands to allow both integer and floating-point values.
 - 15275 Clarify specific storage classes allowed for atomic operations under universal validation rules "Atomic access rules".
 - 15501 Restrict Patch Decoration to one of the tessellation execution models.
 - 15472 Reserved use of OpImageSparseSampleProjImplicitLod, OpImageSparseSampleProjExplicitLod, OpImageSparseSampleProjDrefImplicitLod, and OpImageSparseSampleProjDrefExplicitLod.
 - 15459 Clarify what makes different aggregate types in "Types and Variables".
 - 15426 Don't require **OpQuantizeToF16** to preserve NaN patterns.
 - 15418 Don't set both Acquire and Release bits in Memory Semantics.
 - 15404 **OpFunction** *Result <id>* can only be used by **OpFunctionCall**, **OpEntryPoint**, and decoration instructions.
 - 15437 Restrict element type for OpTypeRuntimeArray by adding a definition of concrete types.
 - 15403 Clarify **OpTypeFunction** can only be consumed by **OpFunction** and functions can only return concrete and abstract types.
- Improved accuracy of the opcode word count in each instruction regarding which operands are optional. For sampling operations with explicit LOD, this included not marking the required LOD operands as optional.

- Clarified that when **NonWritable**, **NonReadable**, **Volatile**, and **Coherent Decorations** are applied to the **Uniform** storage class, the **BufferBlock** decoration must be present.
- Fixed external bugs:
 - 1413 (see internal 15275)
 - 1417 Added definitions for block, dominate, post dominate, CFG, and back edge. Removed use of "dominator tree".

4.5. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 3

• Added definition of derivative group, and use it to say when derivatives are well defined.

4.6. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 4

- Expanded the list of instructions that may use or return a pointer in the Logical addressing model.
- Added missing ABGR Image Channel Order

4.7. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 5

- Khronos SPIR-V issue #27: Removed Shader dependency from SampledBuffer and Sampled1D Capabilities.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #56: Clarify that the meaning of "read-only" in the Storage Classes includes not allowing initializers.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #57: Clarify "modulo" means "remainder" in OpFMod's description.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #60: **OpControlBarrier** synchronizes **Output** variables when used in tessellation-control shader.
- Public SPIRV-Headers issue #1: Remove the **Shader** capability requirement from the **Input** Storage Class.
- Public SPIRV-Headers issue #10: Don't say the (*u* [, *v*] [, *w*], *q*) has four components, as it can be closed up when the optional ones are missing. Seen in the projective image instructions.
- Public SPIRV-Headers issues #12 and #13 and Khronos SPIR-V issue #65: Allow **OpVariable** as an initializer for another **OpVariable** instruction or the *Base* of an **OpSpecConstantOp** with an **AccessChain** opcode.
- Public SPIRV-Headers issues #14: add **Max** enumerants of 0x7FFFFFFF to each of the non-mask enums in the C-based header files.

4.8. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 6

- Khronos SPIR-V issue #63: Be clear that **OpUndef** can be used in sequence 9 (and is preferred to be) of the Logical Layout and can be part of partially-defined **OpConstantComposite**.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #70: Don't explicitly require operand truncation for integer operations when operating at RelaxedPrecision.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #76: Include **OpINotEqual** in the list of allowed instructions for **OpSpecConstantOp**.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #79: Remove implication that **OpImageQueryLod** should have a component for the array index.
- Public SPIRV-Headers issue #17: Decorations NoPerspective, Flat, Patch, Centroid, and Sample

can apply to a top-level member that is itself a structure, so don't disallow it through restrictions to numeric types.

4.9. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 7

- Khronos SPIR-V issue #69: **OpImageSparseFetch** editorial change in summary: include that it is sampled image.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #74: OpImageQueryLod requires a sampler.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #82: Clarification to the Float16Buffer Capability.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #89: Editorial improvements to **OpMemberDecorate** and **OpDecorationGroup**.

4.10. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 8

- Add SPV_KHR_subgroup_vote tokens.
- Typo: Change "without a sampler" to "with a sampler" for the description of the SampledBuffer Capability.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #61: Clarification of packet size and alignment on all instructions that use the **Pipes** Capability.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #99: Use "invalid" language to replace any "compile-time error" language.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #55: Distinguish between branch instructions and termination instructions.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #94: Add missing OpSubgroupReadInvocationKHR enumerant.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #114: Header blocks strictly dominate their merge blocks.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #119: OpSpecConstantOp allows OpUndef where allowed by its opcode.

4.11. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 9

- Khronos Vulkan issue #652: Remove statements about matrix offsets and padding. These are described correctly in the Vulkan API specifications.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #113: Remove the "By Default" statements in FP Rounding Mode. These should be properly specified by the client API.
- Add extension enumerants for
 - SPV_KHR_16bit_storage
 - SPV_KHR_device_group
 - SPV_KHR_multiview
 - SPV_NV_sample_mask_override_coverage
 - SPV_NV_geometry_shader_passthrough
 - SPV_NV_viewport_array2
 - SPV_NV_stereo_view_rendering
 - SPV_NVX_multiview_per_view_attributes

4.12. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 10

• Add HLSL source language.

- Add StorageBuffer storage class.
- Add StorageBuffer16BitAccess, UniformAndStorageBuffer16BitAccess, VariablePointersStorageBuffer, and VariablePointers capabilities.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #163: Be more clear that **OpTypeStruct** allows zero members. Also affects **ArrayStride** and **Offset** decoration validation rules.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #159: List allowed **AtomicCounter** instructions with the **AtomicStorage** capability rather than the validation rules.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #36: Describe more clearly the type ND Range in of OpGetKernelNDrangeSubGroupCount, OpGetKernelNDrangeMaxSubGroupSize, and **OpEnqueueKernel.**
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #128: Be clear the OpDot operates only on vectors.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #80: Loop headers must dominate their continue target. See Structured Control Flow.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #150 allow **UniformConstant** storage-class variables to have initializers, depending on the client API.

4.13. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 11

- Public issue #2: Disallow the **Cube** dimension from use with the **Offset**, **ConstOffset**, and **ConstOffset** image operands.
- Public issue #48: OpConvertPtrToU only returns a scalar, not a vector.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #130: Be more clear which masks are literal and which are not.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #154: Clarify only one of the listed **Capabilities** needs to be declared to use a feature that lists multiple capabilities. The non-declared capabilities need not be supported by the underlying implementation.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #174: **OpImageDrefGather** and **OpImageSparseDrefGather** return vectors, not scalars.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #182: The **SampleMask** built in does not depend on **SampleRateShading**, only **Shader**.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #183: OpQuantizeToF16 with too-small magnitude can result in either +0 or -0.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #203: OpImageTexelPointer has 3 components for cube arrays, not 4.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #217: Clearer language for OpArrayLength.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #213: Image Operand LoD is not used by query operations.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #223: OpPhi has exactly one parent operand per parent block.
- Khronos SPIR-V issue #212: In the Validation Rules, make clear a pointer can be an operand in an extended instruction set.
- Add extension enumerants for
 - SPV_AMD_shader_ballot
 - SPV_KHR_post_depth_coverage
 - SPV_AMD_shader_explicit_vertex_parameter
 - SPV_EXT_shader_stencil_export
 - SPV_INTEL_subgroups

4.14. Changes from Version 1.00

- Moved version number to SPIR-V 1.1
- New functionality:
 - Bug 14202 named barriers:
 - · Added the NamedBarrier Capability.
 - Added the instructions: OpTypeNamedBarrier, OpNamedBarrierInitialize, and OpMemoryNamedBarrier.
 - Bug 14201 subgroup dispatch:
 - · Added the SubgroupDispatch Capability.
 - Added the instructions: OpGetKernelLocalSizeForSubgroupCount and OpGetKernelMaxNumSubgroups.
 - · Added SubgroupSize and SubgroupsPerWorkgroup Execution Modes.
 - Bug 14441 program-scope pipes:
 - · Added the **PipeStorage** Capability.
 - Added Instructions: OpTypePipeStorage, OpConstantPipeStorage, and OpCreatePipeFromPipeStorage.
 - Bug 15434 Added the **OpSizeOf** instruction.
 - Bug 15024 support for OpenCL-C++ ivdep loop attribute:
 - Added DependencyInfinite and DependencyLength Loop Controls.
 - Updated **OpLoopMerge** to support these.
 - Bug 14022 Added Initializer and Finalizer and Execution Modes.
 - Bug 15539 Added the MaxByteOffset Decoration.
 - Bug 15073 Added the Kernel Capability to the SpecId Decoration.
 - Bug 14828 Added the OpModuleProcessed instruction.
- Fixed internal bugs:
 - Bug 15481 Clarification on alignment and size operands for pipe operands

4.15. Changes from Version 1.1, Revision 1

• Incorporated bug fixes from Revision 6 of Version 1.00 (see section 4.7. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 5).

4.16. Changes from Version 1.1, Revision 2

• Incorporated bug fixes from Revision 7 of Version 1.00 (see section 4.8. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 6).

4.17. Changes from Version 1.1, Revision 3

• Incorporated bug fixes from Revision 8 of Version 1.00 (see section 4.9. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 7).

4.18. Changes from Version 1.1, Revision 4

• Incorporated bug fixes from Revision 9 of Version 1.00 (see section 4.10. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 8).

4.19. Changes from Version 1.1, Revision 5

• Incorporated changes from Revision 10 of Version 1.00 (see section 4.11. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 9).

4.20. Changes from Version 1.1, Revision 6

• Incorporated changes from Revision 11 of Version 1.00 (see section 4.12. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 10).

4.21. Changes from Version 1.1, Revision 7

- Incorporated changes from Revision 12 of Version 1.00 (see section 4.13. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 11).
- State where all OpModuleProcessed belong, in the logical layout.

4.22. Changes from Version 1.1

- Moved version number to SPIR-V 1.2
- New functionality:
 - Added **OpExecutionModeld** to allow using an *<id>* to set the execution modes **SubgroupsPerWorkgroupId**, **LocalSizeId**, and **LocalSizeHintId**.
 - Added **OpDecorateId** to allow using an *<id>* to set the decorations **AlignmentId** and **MaxByteOffsetId**.

4.23. Changes from Version 1.2, Revision 1

- Incorporated changes from Revision 12 of Version 1.00 (see section 4.13. Changes from Version 1.00, Revision 11).
- Incorporated changes from Revision 8 of Version 1.1 (see section 4.21. Changes from Version 1.1, Revision 7).

4.24. Changes from Version 1.2, Revision 2

• Combine the 1.0, 1.1, and 1.2 specifications, making a unified specification. The previous 1.0, 1.1, and 1.2 specifications are replaced with this one unified specification.

4.25. Changes from Version 1.2, Revision 3

Fixed Khronos-internal issues:

- #249: Improve description of OpTranspose.
- #251: Undefined values in OpUndef include abstract and opaque values.

- #258: Deprecate OpAtomicCompareExchangeWeak in favor of OpAtomicCompareExchange.
- #241: Use "invalid" instead of "compile-time" error for **ConstOffsets**.
- #248: **OpImageSparseRead** is not for **SubpassData**.
- #257: Allow **OpImageSparseFetch** and **OpImageSparseRead** with the **Sample** image operands.
- #229: Some sensible constraints on branch hints for OpBranchConditional.
- #236: **OpVariable**'s storage class must match storage class of the pointer type.
- #216: Can decorate pointer types with Coherent and Volatile.
- #247: Don't say Scope <*id*> is a mask; it is not.
- #254: Remove validation rules about the types atomic instructions can operate on. These rules belong instead to the client API.
- #265: OpGroupDecorate cannot target an OpDecorationGroup.

4.26. Changes from Version 1.2

- Moved version number to SPIR-V 1.3
- New functionality:
 - Added subgroup operations:
 - the **OpGroupNonUniform** instructions and capabilities.
 - · Subgroup-mask built-in decorations.
 - Khronos SPIR-V issue #125, #138, #196: Removed capabilities from the rounding modes.
 - Khronos SPIR-V issue #110: Removed the execution-model restrictions from OpControlBarrier.
- Incorporated the following extensions:
 - SPV_KHR_shader_draw_parameters
 - SPV_KHR_16bit_storage
 - SPV_KHR_device_group
 - SPV_KHR_multiview
 - SPV_KHR_storage_buffer_storage_class
 - SPV_KHR_variable_pointers
- Reserved symbols for
 - SPV_GOOGLE_decorate_string
 - SPV_GOOGLE_hlsl_functionality1
 - SPV_AMD_gpu_shader_half_float_fetch
- Added deprecation model.

4.27. Changes from Version 1.3, Revision 1

- Fixed Issues:
 - Public SPIRV-Headers PR #73: Add missing fields for some NVIDIA-specific tokens.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #202: Shader Validation: Be clear that arrays of blocks set by the client API cannot have an **ArrayStride**.

- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #210: Clarify the Result Type of OpSampledImage.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #211: State that Derivative instructions only work on 32-bit width components.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #239: Clarify **OpImageFetch** is for an image whose Sampled operand is 1.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #256: OpAtomicCompareExchange does not store if comparison fails.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #269: Be more clear which bits are mutually exclusive for memory semantics.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #278: Delete **OpTypeRuntimeArray** restriction on storage classes, as this is already covered by the client API.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #279:
 - · Add section expository section 2.8.1 "Unsigned Versus Signed Integers".
 - · As expected, **OpUConvert** can have vector *Result Type*.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #280: **OpImageQuerySizeLod** and **OpImageQueryLevels** can be limited by the client API.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #285: Remove Kernel as a capability implicitly declared by Int8.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #290: Clarify implicit declaration of capabilities, in part by changing the column heading to *Implicitly Declares".
- Khronos SPIR-V Issues #295: Explicitly say blocks cannot be nested in blocks, in the validation section. (This was already indirectly required.)
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #299: Add the ImageGatherExtended capability to ConstOffsets in the image operands section.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issues #303 and #304: **OpGroupNonUniformBallotBitExtract** documentation: add **Result Type** and fix **Index** parameter.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #310: Remove instruction word count from the Limits table, as it is already intrinsically limited.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #313: Move the **FPRoundingMode**-decoration validation rule to the shader validation section (not a universal rule). Also, include the **StorageBuffer** storage class in this rule.

4.28. Changes from Version 1.3, Revision 2

- New enumarents:
 - For SPV_KHR_8bit_storage
- Fixed Issues:
 - Add definition of Memory Object Declaration.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #275: Clarify the meaning of Aliased and Restrict in the Aliasing section.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #315: Be more specific about where many decorations are allowed, particularly for **OpFunctionParameter**. Includes being clear that the **BuiltIn** decoration does not apply to **OpFunctionParameter**.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #348: Clarify *remainder* descriptions in **OpFRem**, **OpFMod**, **OpSRem**, and **OpSMod**.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #342: State the **DepthReplacing** execution-mode behavior more specifically.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #341: More specific wording for depth-hint execution modes **DepthGreater**, **DepthLess**, and **DepthUnchanged**.

- Khronos SPIR-V Issues #276 and #311: Take more care with unreachable blocks in structured control flow and how to branch into a construct.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #320: Include **OpExecutionModeld** in the logical layout.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #238: Fix description of **OpImageQuerySize** to correct *Sampled Type -> Sampled* and list the correct set of dimensions.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #346: Remove ordered rule for structures in the memory layout: Vulkan allows out-of-order **Offset** layouts.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #322: Allow **OpImageQuerySize** to query the size of a **NonReadable** image.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #244: Be more clear about the connections between dimensionalities and capabilities, and in referring to them from **OpImageRead** and **OpImageWrite**.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #333: Be clear about overflow behavior for OpIAdd, OpISub, and OpIMul.

4.29. Changes from Version 1.3, Revision 3

- Add enumerants for
 - SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model
- Fixed Issues:
 - Typo: say **OpMatrixTimesVector** is **Matrix** X **Vector**.
 - Update on Khronos SPIR-V issue #244: Added **Shader** and **Kernel** capabilities to the **2D** dimensionality.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #317: Clarify that the **Uniform** decoration should apply only to objects, and that the dynamic instance of the object is the same, rather than at the consumer usage.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #335: Clarify and correct when it is valid for pointers to be operands to **OpFunctionCall**. Corrections are believed to be consistent with existing front-end and back-end support.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #344: don't include inactive invocations in what makes the result of **OpGroupNonUniformBallotBitExtract** undefined.

4.30. Changes from Version 1.3, Revision 4

- Add enumerants for
 - SPV_NV_fragment_shader_barycentric
 - SPV_NV_compute_shader_derivatives
 - SPV_NV_shader_image_footprint
 - SPV_NV_shading_rate
 - SPV_NV_mesh_shader
 - SPV_NVX_Raytracing
- Formatting: Removed **Enabling Extensions** column and instead list the extensions in the **Enabling Capabilities** column.

4.31. Changes from Version 1.3, Revision 5

• Reserve Tokens for:

- SPV_KHR_no_integer_wrap_decoration
- SPV_KHR_float_controls
- Fixed Issues:
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #352: Remove from **OpFunction** the statement limiting the use its result. This does not result in any change in intent; it only avoids any past and potential future contradictions.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #308: Don't allow runtime-sized arrays to be loaded or copied by **OpLoad** or **OpCopyMemory**.
 - Include back-edge blocks in the list of blocks that can branch outside their own construct in the structured control-flow rules.
 - Khronos OpenGL API issue #77: Clarify the **OriginUpperLeft** and **OriginLowerLeft** execution modes apply only to **FragCoord**.
 - State the XfbStride and Stream restrictions in the Universal Validation Rules.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #357: The *Memory Operands* of **OpCopyMemory** and **OpCopyMemorySized** applies to both *Source* and *Target*.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #385: Be more clear what type <*id*> must be the same in **OpCopyMemory**.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #359: OpAccessChain and OpPtrAccessChain do indexing with signed indexes, and OpPtrAccessChain is allowed to compute addresses of elements one past the end of an array.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #367: General validation rules allow the **Function** storage class for atomic access, while the shader-specific validation rules do not.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #382: In **OpTypeFunction**, disallow parameter types from being **OpTypeVoid**.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #374: Built-in decorations can also apply to a constant instruction.
- Editorial:
 - Make it more clear in **OpVariable** what Storage Classes must be the same.
 - Remove references to specific APIs, and instead generally refer only to "client API"s. Note that the previous lists of APIs was nonnormative.
 - State the **FPRoundingMode** decoration rule more clearly in the section listing Validation Rules for Shader Capabilities.
 - Don't say "value preserving" in the Conversion instructions. These now convert the "value numerically".
 - State variable-pointer validation rules more clearly.

4.32. Changes from Version 1.3, Revision 6

- Reserve Tokens for:
 - SPV_INTEL_media_block_io
 - SPV_NV_cooperative_matrix
 - SPV_INTEL_device_side_avc_motion_estimation, partially. See the SPV_INTEL_device_side_avc_motion_estimation extension specification for a full listing of tokens.
- Fixed Issues:
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #406: Scope values must come from the table of scope values.

- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #419: Validation rules include AtomicCounter in the list of storage classes allowed for pointer operands to an **OpFunctionCall**.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #325: **OpPhi** clarifications regarding parent dominance, in the instruction and the validation rules, and forward references in the Logical Layout section.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #415: Remove the non-writable storage classes **PushConstant** and **Input** from the **FPRoundingMode** decoration shader validation rule.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #404: Clarify when **OpGroupNonUniformShuffleXor**, **OpGroupNonUniformShuffleUp**, and **OpGroupNonUniformShuffleDown** are valid or result in undefined values.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #393: Be more clear that **OpConvertUToPtr** and **OpConvertPtrToU** operate only on unsigned scalar integers.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #416: Result are undefined for all Shift instructions for shifts amounts equal to the bit width of the operand.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #399: Refine the definition of a variable pointer, particularly for function parameters receiving a variable pointer.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #441: Clarify that atomic instruction's *Scope <id>* must be a valid memory scope. More generally, all *Scope <id>* operands are now either *Memory* or *Execution*.
- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #426: Be more direct about undefined behavior for non-uniform control flow in **OpControlBarrier** and the **OpGroup...** instructions that discuss this.
- Deprecate
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #429: Deprecate **OpDecorationGroup**, **OpGroupDecorate**, and **OpGroupMemberDecorate**
- Editorial
 - Add more clarity that the full client API describes the execution environment (there is not a separate specification from the client API specification).

4.33. Changes from Version 1.3, Revision 7

- Fixed Issues:
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #371: Restrict *intermediate object* types to variable types allowed at global scope. See shader validation data rules.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #408: (Re)allow the decorations Volatile, Coherent, NonWritable, and NonReadable on members of blocks. (Temporarily dropping this functionality was accidental/clerical; intent is that it has always been present.)
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #418: Add statements about undefinedness and how NaNs are mixed to OpGroupNonUniformFAdd, OpGroupNonUniformFMul, OpGroupNonUniformFMin, and OpGroupNonUniformFMax.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #435: Expand the universal validation rule for variable pointers and matrices to also disallow pointing within a matrix.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #447: Remove implication that **OpPtrAccessChain** obeys an **ArrayStride** decoration in storage classes laid out by the implementation.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #450: Allow pointers to **OpFunctionCall** to be pointers to an element of an array of samplers or images. See the universal validation rules under the **Logical** addressing model without variable pointers.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #452: **OpGroupNonUniformAllEqual** uses ordered compares for floatingpoint values.

- Khronos SPIR-V Issue #454: Add **OpExecutionModeld** to the list of allowed forward references in the Logical Layout of a Module.

4.34. Changes from Version 1.3

- New Functionality:
 - Public issue #35: **OpEntryPoint** must list all global variables in the interface. Additionally, duplication in the list is not allowed.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #140: Generalize **OpSelect** to select between two objects.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #156: Add **OpUConvert** to the list of required opcodes in **OpSpecConstantOp**.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #345: Generalize the **NonWritable** decoration to include **Private** and **Function** storage classes. This helps identify lookup tables.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #84: Add **OpCopyLogical** to copy similar but unequal types.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #170: Add **OpPtrEqual** and **OpPtrNotEqual** to compare pointers.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #362: Add **OpPtrDiff** to count the number of elements between two element pointers.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #332: Add SignExtend and ZeroExtend image operands.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #340: Add the **UniformId** decoration, which takes a *Scope* operand.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #112: Add iteration-control loop controls.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #366: Change *Memory Access* operands and the **Memory Access** section to now be *Memory Operands* and the **Memory Operands** section.
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #357: Allow **OpCopyMemory** and **OpCopyMemorySized** to have *Memory Operands* for both their *Source* and *Target*.
- New Extensions Incorporated into SPIR-V 1.4:
 - SPV_KHR_no_integer_wrap_decoration. See **NoSignedWrap** and **NoUnsignedWrap** decorations and universal validation decoration rules.
 - SPV_GOOGLE_decorate_string. See OpDecorateString and OpMemberDecorateString.
 - SPV_GOOGLE_hlsl_functionality1. See **CounterBuffer** and **UserSemantic** decorations.
 - SPV_KHR_float_controls. See **DenormPreserve**, **DenormFlushToZero**, **SignedZeroInfNanPreserve**, **RoundingModeRTE**, and **RoundingModeRTZ** execution modes and capabilities.
- Removed:
 - Khronos SPIR-V Issue #437: Removed **OpAtomicCompareExchangeWeak**, and the **BufferBlock** decoration.

4.35. Changes from Version 1.4, Revision 1

- GitHub SPIRV-Registry Issue #25: Remove validation rule for simultaneous use of **RowMajor** and **ColMajor**, instead stating this in the decoration cells themselves.
- Khronos Issue #319: Bring in fixes to the SPV_KHR_16bit_storage extension. See the **StorageBuffer16BitAccess** and the related 16-bit capabilities.
- Khronos Issue #363: **OpTypeBool** can be used in the Input and Output storage classes, but the client APIs still only allow built-in Boolean variables (e.g. FrontFacing), not user variables.

- Khronos Issue #432: Remove the untrue expository statement "OpFunction is the only valid use of OpTypeFunction."
- Khronos Issue #465: Distinguish between the **Groups** capability and the Group and Subgroup instructions.
- Khronos Issue #484: Have OpTypeArray and OpTypeStruct point to their definitions.
- Khronos Issue #477: Include 0.0 in the range of required values for **RelaxedPrecision** and other minor clarifications in the relaxed-precision section regarding floating-point precision.
- Khronos Issue #226: Be more clear about explicit level-of-detail being either Lod or Grad throughout the sampling instructions, and that ConstOffset, Offset, and ConstOffsets are mutually exclusive in the image operand's descriptions.
- Khronos Issue #390: The Volatile decoration does not guarantee each invocation performs the access.
- Reserved New Tokens for:
 - SPV_EXT_fragment_shader_interlock
 - SPV_NV_shader_sm_builtins
 - SPV_INTEL_shader_integer_functions2
 - SPV_EXT_demote_to_helper_invocation
 - SPV_KHR_shader_clock
 - SPV_GOOGLE_user_type
 - Volatile, for SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model

4.36. Changes from Version 1.4

- Extensions Incorporated into SPIR-V 1.5:
 - SPV_KHR_8bit_storage
 - SPV_EXT_descriptor_indexing
 - SPV_EXT_shader_viewport_index_layer, with changes: Replaced the single **ShaderViewportIndexLayerEXT** capability with the two new capabilities **ShaderViewportIndex** and **ShaderLayer**. Declaring both is equivalent to declaring **ShaderViewportIndexLayerEXT**.
 - SPV_EXT_physical_storage_buffer and SPV_KHR_physical_storage_buffer
 - SPV_KHR_vulkan_memory_model
- Khronos Issue #402: Relax **OpGroupNonUniformBroadcast** *Id* from constant to dynamically uniform, starting with version 1.5.
- Khronos Issue #493: Relax OpGroupNonUniformQuadBroadcast Id from constant to dynamically uniform, starting with version 1.5.
- Khronos Issue #494: Update the *Dynamically Uniform* definition to say that the invocation group is the set of invocations, *unless otherwise stated*.
- Khronos Issue #485: When RelaxedPrecision is applied to a numerical instruction, the operands may be truncated.

4.37. Changes from Version 1.5, Revision 1

• Khronos Issue #511: Allow non-execution non-memory scopes in the introduction to the Scope <*id*> section .

- Khronos MR !147: Fix OpFNegate so it handles 0.0f properly
- Khronos Issue #502: OpAccessChain array indexes must be an in-bounds for logical pointer types.
- Khronos Issue #518: Include both VariablePointers and VariablePointersStorageBuffer capabilities in the validation rules when discussing variable pointer rules.
- Khronos Issue #496: Allow Invariant to decorate a block member.
- Khronos Issue #469: Disallow **OpConstantNull** result and **OpPtrEqual**, **OpPtrNotEqual**, and **OpPtrDiff** operands from being pointers into the **PhysicalStorageBuffer** storage class. See the **PhysicalStorageBuffer** validation rules.
- Khronos Issue #425: Clarify what variables can allocate pointers, in the validation rules, based on the declarations of the VariablePointers or VariablePointersStorageBuffer capabilities.
- Khronos Issue #442: Add a note pointing out where signedness has some semantic meaning.
- Khronos Issue #498: Relaxed the set of allowed types for some Group and Subgroup instructions.
- Khronos Issue #500: Deprecate OpLessOrGreater in favor of OpFOrdNotEqual.
- Khronos Issue #354: Rationalize literals throughout the specification. Remove "immediate" as a separate definition. Be more rigid about a single literal mapping to one or more operands, and that the instruction description defines the type of the literal.
- Khronos Issue #479: Disallow intermediate aggregate types that could not be used to declare global variables, and disallow all types that can't be used for declaring variables. See the shader validation "Type Rules". Also, more strongly state that intermediate values don't form a storage class, in the introduction to storage classes.
- Khronos Issue #78: Use a more correct definition of *back edge*.
- Khronos Issue #492: Overflow with OpSDiv, OpSRem, and OpSMod results in undefined behavior.

4.38. Changes from Version 1.5, Revision 2

- Reserve enumerants for SPV_KHR_ray_query and SPV_KHR_ray_tracing.
- Khronos MR #164: Subtract all exits from what a construct contains, not just the construct's merge block. See the Structured Control Flow section.
- Khronos Issues #394 and #473: More clearly state that the *<id>* declared by an **OpTypeForwardPointer** can be consumed by any type-declaration instruction that can legally consume the type of *<id>*. Also consolidated the rules for this within the instruction itself.
- Khronos Vulkan Issue #1951: Clarify that the **SampledImageArrayDynamicIndexing** capability applies to dynamic indexing of image, sampler and sampled image objects.
- Khronos Issue #523: Label as memory Scope the additional operand for each of
 - MakeTexelAvailable and MakeTexelVisible image operands, and
 - MakePointerAvailable and MakePointerVisible memory operands.
- Khronos Issue #529: Allow the scope of uniform control flow to be defined by the client API.
- Khronos Issue #530: Allow the definition of derivative group to be set by the client API.
- Khronos Issue #293: Editorial simplification and clarification of different types under Types and Variables.
- Khronos Issue #506: Add to the definition of **Pure** under Function Control that assuming it computes the same results also requires the same global state.
- Khronos Issue #539: Clarify out-of-bounds indexes for OpAccessChain.
- Khronos Issue #550: Include **OpUndef** in the allowed constituents for **OpSpecConstantComposite**.

- Khronos Issue #389: Be more clear which instructions can be updated with a specialization constant in the specialization section.
- Khronos Issue #544: Be more concise with **OpLabel** language.
- Khronos Issue #245: State that D_{ref} operands must be 32-bit scalar floats in the image instructions.
- Khronos Issue #457: Change rule for **OpUnreachable** to being that behavior is undefined if it is executed.
- Khronos Issue #231: Explicitly state that the component numbers 0, 1, 2, and 3 are 32-bit scalar integers for **OpImageGather** and **OpImageSparseGather**.
- Khronos Issue #534: State where **OpNoLine** can be in the logical layout and with **OpPhi**.
- Khronos MR #168: Add definitions of quad and quad index, used by **OpGroupNonUniformQuadBroadcast** and **OpGroupNonUniformQuadSwap**.

4.39. Changes from Version 1.5, Revision 3

- Reserve enumerants for the extensions
 - SPV_INTEL_fpga_loop_controls
 - SPV_INTEL_blocking_pipes
 - SPV_INTEL_unstructured_loop_controls
 - SPV_INTEL_fpga_reg
 - SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attributes
 - SPV_INTEL_kernel_attributes
 - SPV_INTEL_function_pointers
 - SPV_EXT_shader_image_int64
 - SPV_KHR_fragment_shading_rate
 - SPV_EXT_shader_atomic_float_add
- Establish formal meanings for validity (being statically expressed) and behavior (regarding dynamic execution), in Validity and Defined Behavior. This also changed a number of uses of these terms throughout the specifications to be consistent with these definitions.
 - Main issue for this: Khronos issue #540.
 - Addresses Khronos issues #542, #540, #545, #546, #547, and #548.
 - Khronos issue #491: For **OpConvertFToU** and **OpConvertFToS**, behavior is undefined if *Result Type* is not wide enough to hold the converted value.
 - Khronos issue #591: Module validity does not depend on the default values of specialization constants.
- Fix Khronos issues:
 - #214: LoD and gather Image Instructions need non-multisampled images (*MS* of 0), while others that provide a *Sample* Image Operand need a multisampled image (*MS* of 1).
 - #324: For several Capabilities, explicitly list the values **OpTypeImage** has for *Sampled*, instead of saying sampled or unsampled.
 - #361: Stop requiring **OpTypeRuntimeArray** to be concrete, in the description of **OpTypeRuntimeArray**. (This may still be restricted elsewhere though.)
 - #553: Add definition of a tangled instruction and update the definitions of dynamic instance and uniform control flow.

- #517: Expand the About This Document section to also discuss versioning.
- #564: Depth hint for the DepthLess execution mode means less-than-or-equal to.
- #558: Explicitly say (rather than imply) that **ImageMipmap** and **ImageReadWrite** capabilities apply to kernels.
- #563: Delete unnecessary statement about incomplete images in OpImageQueryLod.
- #570: Update the definitions of the Acquire and Release memory semantics.
- #560: It is not valid to make duplicate **BuiltIn** variables.
- #566: The Client API specificies what happens with image coordinates outside the image for **OpImageRead**, **OpImageWrite**, and **OpImageSparseRead**.
- #573: Clarify the type read/written is scalar or vector in **OpImageRead**, **OpImageWrite**, and **OpImageSparseRead**.
- #595: Remove the parenthetical partial list of annotation instructions in the logical layout section.
- #574: Constituents of OpConstantComposite must not be specialization constants.
- #444: Use more restrictive "only" language for what decorations may apply to.
- MR !182: See the client API for how SubpassData coordinates are applied in OpImageRead.

4.40. Changes from Version 1.5, Revision 4

• Update to January 7, 2021 public headers.

4.41. Changes from Version 1.5, Revision 5

- Ported the specification itself to use asciidoctor instead of asciidoc.
- Reserve enumerants for the extensions:
 - SPV_INTEL_float_controls2
 - SPV_INTEL_vector_compute
 - SPV_INTEL_arbitrary_precision_floating_point
 - SPV_INTEL_usm_storage_classes
 - SPV_INTEL_unstructured_loop_controls
 - SPV_KHR_subgroup_uniform_control_flow
 - SPV_KHR_linkonce_odr
 - SPV_KHR_expect_assume
 - SPV_EXT_shader_atomic_float_min_max
 - SPV_KHR_integer_dot_product
 - SPV_KHR_bit_instructions
 - SPV_NV_ray_tracing_motion_blur
 - SPV_INTEL_optnone
 - SPV_NV_bindless_texture
- Add CPP_for_OpenCL source language.
- Clarify that OpFDiv has a defined result when the divisor is 0. (MR !195.)
- Fix execution-mode table to show all 3 operands for LocalSizeHintld.

- Fix GitHub SPIRV-Registry issues:
 - #79: Clarify the definitions of StorageImageMultisample and ImageMSArray capabilities.
- Fix Khronos issues:
 - #351: **OpUDiv** and **OpUMod** have undefined behavior if the divisor is 0.
 - #621: Clarify the definition of the Sampled operand for **OpTypeImage**.
 - #611: Clarifying string literals are case sensitive for comparisons.
 - #615: Clarify **Block** and **BufferBlock** decorations.
 - #654: Clarify that the ZeroExtend image operand is not valid with signed types.
 - #623: Clarify **OpAccessChain** doesn't create any extra restrictions.
 - #647: Clarify **NoWrite** and **NoReadWrite** function parameter attributes apply to the pointer, not to the underlying memory.
 - #585: Clarify that **OpCopyObject** cannot have result type **OpTypeVoid**.
 - #614: Clarify that OpUndef, OpPhi, and OpReturnValue cannot have result type OpTypeVoid.
 - #115: Clarify the Shader validation rules for when **OpSelectionMerge** and **OpLoopMerge** instructions are necessary.
 - #656: Clarify the *<id>-*based rules for operands apply only to operands that are *<id>s*, in the **OpSpecConstantOp** instruction.
 - #627: Clarify the places that the RelaxedPrecision decoration must apply to.
 - #549: Clarify the VariablePointers and VariablePointersStorageBuffer capabilities enable additional features for logical pointers, but keep other prohibitions. Also that the VariablePointers and VariablePointersStorageBuffer capabilities allow a pointer to be an operand to OpReturnValue.
 - #640: Add parenthetical note in structured control flow about reconverging before reaching a merge block.
 - #656: Clarify the *<id>*-based rules for **OpSpecConstantOp** operands apply only to operands that are *<id>s*.
 - #651: Add a validation rule that the workgroup size cannot have a dimension with the value zero statically.
 - #580: Clarify that **SubpassInput** is not valid as the *Dim* operand of **OpTypeSampledImage**, and that sampled images with a *Dim* of **Buffer** are not valid in image sampling instructions.
 - #619: Add a validation rule that LocalSize, LocalSizeId, LocalSizeHint, and LocalSizeHintId can't be used at the same time.
 - #663: Restrict **OpSwitch** from being used to directly break or continue in a structured loop.
 - #678: Allow the **AliasedPointer** and **RestrictPointer** decorations to apply to memory object declarations.
 - #682: Clarify that the VariablePointersStorageBuffer capability is sufficient to compare pointers that point into different storage buffers using OpPtrEqual and OpPtrNotEqual.
- Changes from public headers
 - PR #240: Remove the Kernel capability from fast-math flags.
 - PR #257: Remove the **Shader** implicit declaration from SPV_EXT_shader_atomic_float_add capabilities.

4.42. Changes from Version 1.5

- New Functionality:
 - Khronos SPIR-V issue #515: The **FPFastMathMode** decoration may now be used with **OpFNegate**, with the binary floating-point comparison instructions (including **OpOrdered** and **OpUnordered**), and with **OpExtInst** where expressly permitted by the extended instruction set.
 - #661: Added a Nontemporal Image Operand.
- Extensions Incorporated into SPIR-V 1.6:
 - SPV_KHR_non_semantic_info, see **OpExtInstImport**.
 - SPV_KHR_integer_dot_product
 - SPV_KHR_terminate_invocation
 - SPV_EXT_demote_to_helper_invocation, with changes: Only OpDemoteToHelperInvocationEXT was incorporated. Instead of using OpIsHelperInvocationEXT, modules should use Volatile loads of the HelperInvocation built-in variable.
- Deprecations and Removals, from Khronos SPIR-V issues:
 - Removed OpLessOrGreater. Use OpFOrdNotEqual instead.
 - #620: The WorkgroupSize built-in is deprecated starting with version 1.6.
 - #645: The *True Label* and *False Label* of an **OpBranchConditional** must not be the same, starting with version 1.6.
 - #584: Disallow *Dim* **Buffer** in **OpTypeSampledImage** and **OpSampledImage** starting with version 1.6.
 - Deprecated **OpKill**, in favor of **OpTerminateInvocation**, or **OpDemoteToHelperInvocation**.
- Reserve enumerants for the SPV_KHR_fragment_shader_barycentric extension.

4.43. Changes from Version 1.6, Revision 1

- Reserve enumerants for:
 - SPV_KHR_ray_cull_mask
 - SPV_KHR_uniform_group_instructions
 - SPV_AMD_shader_early_and_late_fragment_tests
 - SPV_INTEL_vector_compute
 - SPV_INTEL_memory_access_aliasing
 - SPV_INTEL_split_barrier
 - SYCL source language
- Fix Khronos issues:
 - #680, #685, #696: Refine, clarify, and fix structured control-flow definitions and rules:
 - Add the concept of a structured control-flow path to better express the rules for structured control flow, as defined by the following terms.
 - Terms: Define the terms branch edge, merge edge, continue edge, structured control-flow edge, path, structured control-flow path, structurally reachable, structurally dominate, and structurally post dominate. Remove "post dominate". Revise definition of back edge to refer to branch edge instead of branch. Pull out back-edge block into its own definition. Rename the term "termination instruction" to block termination instruction and introduce the term function

termination instruction.

- Rework and simplify structured control-flow rules using the terms above. Clarify that a loop's continue target must be different from its merge block. Remove redundant condition that a loop's continue construct must contain the loop's back-edge block. Precisely define the rules for exiting structured control-flow constructs.
- #672, #673, #674: Clarify branching rules for the OpSwitch instruction, for:
 - the order in which target operands appear in an **OpSwitch** instruction,
 - · duplicated targets, and
 - branching between case constructs, to make it clear that branch edges do not have to start at a switch target, but can come from anywhere in a switch construct.
- #695: For most cases, disallow multiple uses of the same decoration on the same *<id>* or structure member.
- #696: Change validation rules for physical storage buffers to clarify they apply to pointers nested in other types (not just arrays).
- #672, #704: Clarify branching rules under switch construct rules for the **OpSwitch** instruction, making it clear that the rules about target ordering only apply to targets that define case constructs, and resolving ambiguity about what is allowed when the default case construct appears in the list of targets.
- Clarify the meaning of fast math flags when the asserted properties are not true.

4.44. Changes from Version 1.6, Revision 2

- Reserve enumerants for:
 - SPV_KHR_ray_tracing_position_fetch
 - SPV_QCOM_image_processing
 - SPV_ARM_core_builtins
 - SPV_NV_shader_invocation_reorder
 - SPV_NV_displacement_micromap
 - SPV_AMDX_shader_enqueue
 - SPV_INTEL_fp_max_error
 - SPV_INTEL_kernel_attributes
 - SPV_INTEL_cache_controls
 - SPV_INTEL_global_variable_fpga_decorations
 - SPV_INTEL_global_variable_host_access
 - SPV_INTEL_bfloat16_conversion
 - SPV_INTEL_runtime_aligned
 - SPV_INTEL_fpga_argument_interfaces
 - SPV_INTEL_fpga_dsp_control
 - SPV_INTEL_fpga_invocation_pipelining_attributes
 - SPV_INTEL_fpga_latency_control
 - SPV_INTEL_fpga_loop_controls
 - SPV_INTEL_fpga_memory_attributes

- SPV_EXT_image_raw10_raw12
- SPV_EXT_shader_tile_image
- SPV_EXT_mesh_shader
- SPV_EXT_opacity_micromap
- Other changes from public headers
 - Added source languages HERO_C, NZSL, WGSL, and Slang
 - Removed the Kernel enabling capability from the sampler addressing modes.
- Fix SPIR-V Registry issues:
 - #72: Be consistent in **OpTypeBool** that SPIR-V can support Booleans in the **UniformConstant** storage class.
 - #197: Clarify that **OpQuantizeToF16** must flush denormalized values to 0.
- Fix Khronos SPIR-V issues:
 - #689: Clarify use of **OpPhi** on **OpTypeImage** in the universal validation rules.
 - #708: Remove unused definitions of Break Block, Continue Block and Return Block.
 - #707: Clarify that using a bad Direction in OpGroupNonUniformQuadSwap is invalid SPIR-V.
 - #712: Clarify multiple UserSemantic decorations can apply to a variable or structure member.
 - #731: Clarify that aliasing is based on dynamic execution.
 - #736: Clarify that **OpArrayLength** may have a logical pointer operand in the universal validation rules.
 - #737: Clarify validation rule restricting **OpConstantNull** from pointing into the **PhysicalStorageBuffer** storage class.
 - #738: Restrict OpImageQueryLevels and OpImageQueryLod images to have MS of 0.
 - #295: Clarify that the ZeroExtend and SignExtend image operands are not valid together.
 - #753: Clarify that **GroupNonUniformQuad** instructions are not affected by their execution scopes, and require the value to be subgroup.
 - #754: Modify *ClusterSize* operands to refer to the size of the group of invocations participating in the instruction instead of always talking about **SubgroupSize**.
 - #755: Clarify set of invocations affected by a group operation:
 - · Add definition of group (invocations).
 - · Add definition of workgroup.
 - · Link to new definitions throughout the specification.
 - · Define sizes of quad, subgroup, and workgroup.
 - · Modify description of *Execution Scope* to clarify that it identifies the group an instruction affects.
 - Remove restrictions on *Execution Scope* for most instructions, leaving it up to client APIs to restrict them.
 - · Clarify that non-uniform instructions require the value of *Execution Scope* to be subgroup.
 - · Clarify that **GroupNonUniformQuad** instructions are not affected by their execution scopes.
 - #757: Restrict the type of ballot bit sets to be 4-component vectors of 32-bit unsigned integers in Non-Uniform Instructions.
 - #758: Add the definition of a cluster.

- #772: Clarify that OpPtrAccessChain does not dereference any pointer.
- #750: Update validation rules to reflect support for image and sampler array non-uniform indexing.
- Khronos SPIR-V MRs:
 - #261: Clarify that *Sampled* operand for **OpImageSparseFetch** is restricted to 1, bringing it in line with the constraint for **OpImageFetch**.
 - #280: Control barriers wait only for active invocations.
- Deprecations:
 - Issue #756: Deprecated the use of BuiltIn to decorate a constant to set its value and removed the deprecation of the WorkgroupSize built-in. That is, WorkgroupSize is kept but no longer marked as deprecated (it is still required by OpenCL). The use of BuiltIn to decorate a constant to set its value was only for WorkgroupSize, which has been superseded by the LocalSizeId execution mode.
 - MR #277: Deprecated Simple memory model in favor of GLSL450.

4.45. Changes from Version 1.6, Revision 3

- Reserve enumerants for:
 - SPV_KHR_float_controls2
 - SPV_KHR_maximal_reconvergence
 - SPV_KHR_quad_control
 - SPV_KHR_relaxed_extended_instruction
 - SPV_EXT_replicated_composites
 - SPV_INTEL_fpga_cluster_attributes
 - SPV_INTEL_masked_gather_scatter
 - SPV_INTEL_maximum_registers
 - SPV_QCOM_image_processing2
 - SPV_NV_shader_atomic_fp16_vector
 - SPV_NV_raw_access_chains
- Other changes from public headers
 - Enforce Core, KHR, EXT, Vendor ordering conventions for aliased names
 - Added source languages Zig
 - Removed the Kernel enabling capability from Image Channel Order and Image Channel Data Type.
- Fix Khronos SPIR-V Issues:
 - #638: Clarify that most execution modes must be applied at most once to a given entry point.
 - #766: Clarify the texel value type for the **ZeroExtend** and **SignExtend** image operands.
 - #724: Clarify that the storage class must match when performing an OpBitcast between two OpTypePointer. Clarify that the behavior is undefined when using the result of a bit cast between a scalar and a pointer (OpBitcast and OpConvertUToPtr) if the storage class scalar.
 - Add optional operand for OpTypeFloat to specify bit pattern of values. Clarify that OpFConvert operates on different types not just width. Clarify the following uses IEEE 754 floating-points: OpQuantizeToF16, Image Operands taking *floating-point type* operands, VecTypeHint, DenormPreserve, DenormFlushToZero, SignedZeroInfNanPreserve, RoundingModeRTE and

RoundingModeRTZ execution mode, Derivative instructions, Float16Buffer, Float16 and Int64 capabilities. Clarify that OpIsNan, OpIsInf, OpIsFinite, OpOrdered and OpUnordered results depends on the floating-point encoding.

- #767: Rework the **Function** Storage Class definition. Clarify the memory is visible across all functions and not just the declaring function. Clarify that an **OpVariable** with a **Function** Storage Class is only allocated from its declaration until reaching a function termination instruction.