

Yagiite

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Crystal Data: Hexagonal. *Point Group:* $6/m\ 2/m\ 2/m$. Interstitially in a 0.8 mm silicate inclusion surrounded by nickel-iron.

Physical Properties: Hardness = n.d. $D(\text{meas.}) = \text{n.d.}$ $D(\text{calc.}) = 2.70$

Optical Properties: Semitransparent. *Color:* Colorless; colorless to very light blue in thin section.

Optical Class: Uniaxial (+). *Pleochroism:* Faint; $O = \text{very light blue}$; $E = \text{colorless}$.
 $\omega = 1.536(2)$ $\epsilon = 1.544(2)$

Cell Data: *Space Group:* $P6/mcc$. $a = 10.09(1)$ $c = 14.29(3)$ $Z = 2$

X-ray Powder Pattern: Colomera meteorite.

3.228 (100), 5.059 (65), 3.726 (50), 2.765 (50), 2.909 (40), 7.12 (30), 2.003 (30)

Chemistry:

	(1)
SiO ₂	61.7
TiO ₂	0.8
Al ₂ O ₃	19.1
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.1
FeO	2.4
MnO	0.2
MgO	10.5
CaO	0.1
Na ₂ O	3.7
K ₂ O	1.4
Total	100.0

(1) Colomera meteorite; by electron microprobe, corresponds to $(\text{Na}_{1.20}\text{K}_{0.30})_{\Sigma=1.50}\text{Mg}_{2.00}(\text{Al}_{1.96}\text{Mg}_{0.60}\text{Fe}_{0.34}\text{Ti}_{0.10})_{\Sigma=3.00}(\text{Si}_{10.22}\text{Al}_{1.78})_{\Sigma=12.00}\text{O}_{30}$.

Mineral Group: Milarite group.

Occurrence: In silicate inclusions of an iron meteorite, crystallized in a magnesium-rich environment.

Association: Diopside, whitlockite, tridymite, plagioclase, nickel-iron.

Distribution: In the Colomera iron meteorite.

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Type Material: n.d.

References: (1) Bunch, T.E. and L.H. Fuchs (1969) Yagiite, a new sodium-magnesium analogue of osumilite. *Amer. Mineral.*, 54, 14–18.