

**Elbrusite**

**Crystal Data:** Cubic. *Point Group:*  $4/m \bar{3} 2/m$ . As skeletal crystals to  $15 \mu\text{m}$  with dominant {110} and minor {211}. Often as zones and spots within  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$ -dominant kimzeyite crystals.

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* None. *Tenacity:* Brittle. *Fracture:* Irregular. Hardness = n.d. D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 4.801 Radioactive and nearly completely metamict.

**Optical Properties:** Transparent to translucent. *Color:* Dark-brown to black. *Streak:* Brown.

*Luster:* Vitreous to dull, resinous.

*Optical Class:* [Isotropic.]  $n = \text{n.d.}$

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:*  $Ia\bar{3} d$ .  $a \approx 12.55$

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** n.d.

Chemistry:	(1)	(1)
$\text{UO}_3$	25.14	$\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$
$\text{V}_2\text{O}_5$	0.05	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_3$
$\text{ThO}_2$	0.65	$\text{Y}_2\text{O}_3$
$\text{HfO}_2$	0.25	$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$
$\text{SnO}_2$	5.13	$\text{FeO}$
$\text{ZrO}_2$	17.11	$\text{CaO}$
$\text{TiO}_2$	2.12	<u><math>\text{MgO}</math></u>
$\text{SiO}_2$	0.79	Total
		99.87

(1) Upper Chegem caldera, Northern Caucasus, Russia; average of 6 electron microprobe analyses supplemented by Raman spectroscopy; corresponding to  $(\text{Ca}_{3.040}\text{Th}_{0.018}\text{Y}_{0.001})_{\Sigma=3.059}(\text{U}^{6+}_{0.658}\text{Zr}_{1.040}\text{Sn}_{0.230}\text{Hf}_{0.009}\text{Mg}_{0.004})_{\Sigma=1.941}(\text{Fe}^{3+}_{1.575}\text{Fe}^{2+}_{0.559}\text{Al}_{0.539}\text{Ti}^{4+}_{0.199}\text{Si}_{0.099}\text{Sn}_{0.025}\text{V}^{5+}_{0.004})_{\Sigma=3}\text{O}_{12}$ .

**Polymorphism & Series:** Complex solid solutions with kimzeyite and toturite described by  $\text{Ca}_3(\text{U},\text{Zr},\text{Sn},\text{Ti},\text{Sb},\text{Sc},\text{Nb...})_2(\text{Fe},\text{Al},\text{Si},\text{Ti})_3\text{O}_{12}$ .

**Mineral Group:** Garnet supergroup, bitikleite group.

**Occurrence:** In spurrite zones in skarn developed in xenoliths in ignimbrite.

**Association:** Spurrite, rondonite, wadalite, kimzeyite, perovskite, lakargite, ellestadite-(OH), hillebrandite, afwillite, hydrocalumite, ettringite group minerals, hydrogrossular.

**Distribution:** From the Upper Chegem caldera, near Mt. Lakargi, on the interfluve between the Chegem and Kenstanty Rivers, Kabardino-Balkaria, Northern Caucasus, Russia.

**Name:** For the highest peak in Europe, Mt. *Elbrus* (5642 m), Northern Caucasus, Russia.

**Type Material:** A.E. Fersman Mineralogical Museum, Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia (3840/1).

**References:** (1) Galusquina, I.O., E.V. Galuskin, T. Armbruster, B. Lazic, J. Kusz, P. Dzierżanowski, V.M. Gazeev, N.N. Pertsev, K. Prusik, A.E. Zadov, A. Winiarski, R. Wrzalik, and A.G. Gurbanov (2010) Elbrusite-(Zr) - A new uranian garnet from the Upper Chegem caldera, Kabardino-Balkaria, Northern Caucasus, Russia. Amer. Mineral., 95, 1172-1181. (2) Grew, E.S., A.J. Locock, S.J. Mills, I.O. Galusquina, E.V. Galuskin, and U. Hålenius (2013) Nomenclature of the garnet supergroup. Amer. Mineral., 95, 785-811.