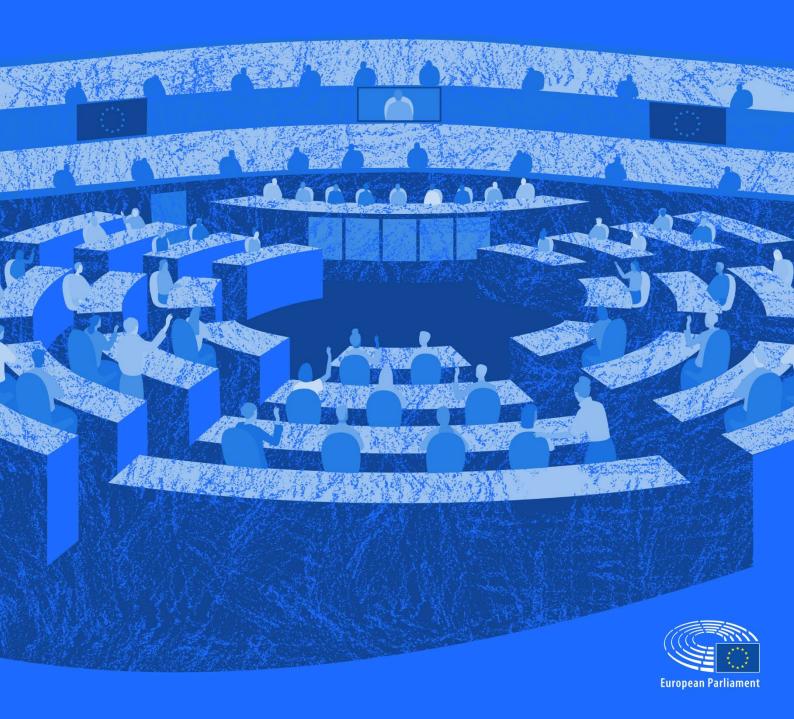
ACTIVITY REPORT

2019 - 2024

ITRE

Committee on Industry, Research and Energy



This activity report was produced for the European Parliament's Committee on Industry, Research and Energy (ITRE).

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Activity Report 2019-2024

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Foreword by the Chair



I am very pleased to present the activity report of the Committee on Industry, Research and Energy (ITRE) for the 9th legislative term. Its aim is to give an overview of our work during the last five years, which have been marked by many legislative achievements.

ITRE legislates on several of the most important policy areas of the European Union, being responsible for energy, research and innovation, industry and SMEs, digital, telecoms and cybersecurity, as well as space policy.

This parliamentary term has been particularly marked by the COVID-19 pandemic and the Russian attack on Ukraine. The pandemic posed many practical difficulties in our committee work, which we managed to overcome by adapting our methods of working and the way of conducting our meetings and votes. More importantly, it also meant taking the necessary actions at EU level to respond to the crisis, in order to mitigate its socio-economic impact and support the recovery of the European industry. The Russian attack on Ukraine played a fundamental role in reshaping our EU policies in relation to energy, as well as defence industry, and led to the introduction of new policy and legislative instruments, where ITRE had a central role.

During this term, our Committee has been engaged in and adopted a significant number of files. Overall, ITRE has been responsible for 119 procedures, including 42 files under the ordinary legislative procedure, 17 files under the consultation and consent procedures, 19 own-initiative reports, 11 oral questions/motions for resolution, and 30 delegated acts. It also adopted 73 opinions to other committees.

Amongst others, ITRE played a major role in adopting legislation with a view to ensuring the transition of our energy systems to achieve the strategic goals of energy security, energy efficiency and decarbonisation. It also adopted legislation aimed to reinforce the European industry and strategic autonomy and make the EU more resilient and better prepared for the challenges and opportunities of the green and digital transitions.

It has been a real pleasure and honour chairing the ITRE Committee during this remarkable term and I am very proud of the hard work and commitment demonstrated by the ITRE Members and staff. I would like to take this opportunity to thank them once again for their enthusiastic engagement, high level of competence and spirit of compromise, which have been crucial for the work achieved during this parliamentary term.

Cristian-Silviu BUŞOI

Committee mandate

The Committee on Industry, Research and Energy (ITRE) is responsible for 1:

- 1. the Union's industrial policy and related measures, and the application of new technologies, including measures related to SMEs;
- 2. the Union's research and innovation policy, including science and technology as well as the dissemination and exploitation of research findings;
- 3. European space policy;
- 4. the activities of the Joint Research Centre, the European Research Council, the European Institute of Innovation and Technology and the Institute for Reference Materials and Measurements, as well as JET, ITER and other projects in the same area;
- 5. Union measures relating to energy policy in general and in the context of the establishment and functioning of the internal energy market, including measures relating to:
 - a. the security of energy supply in the Union,
 - b. the promotion of energy efficiency and energy saving and the development of new and renewable forms of energy,
 - c. the promotion of interconnection of energy networks and energy efficiency including the establishment and development of trans–European networks in the energy infrastructure sector;
- 6. the Euratom Treaty and Euratom Supply Agency; nuclear safety, decommissioning and waste disposal in the nuclear sector;
- 7. the information society, information technology and communications networks and services, including technologies and security aspects and the establishment and development of trans-European networks in the telecommunication infrastructure sector as well as the activities of the European Union Agency for Network and Information Security (ENISA).

¹ Based on Annex VI of the Rules of Procedure.

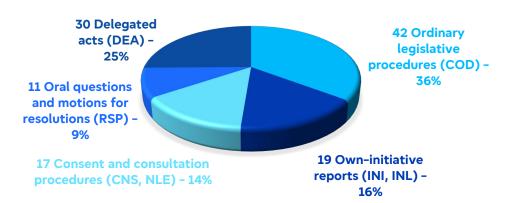
ITRE in figures: statistical and aggregated data²

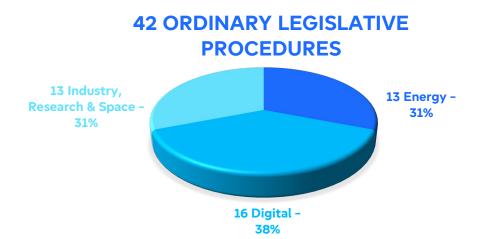
| Number of Members | Start of term: 67 |
|--|-------------------|
| | End of term: 78 |
| Committee meetings | 112 |
| Procedures with ITRE in the lead | 119 |
| Opinions | 73 |
| Amendments | 38.641 |
| Structured dialogues and other meetings with Commissioners | 38 |
| Public hearings | 21 |
| Missions and delegations | 24 |
| Trilogues ³ | 103 |

 $^{^{2}}$ Data on legislative procedures from the Legislative Observatory on 29/4/2024.

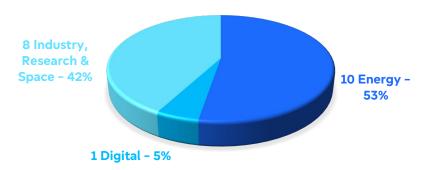
³ Excluding files carried over from the 8th parliamentary term (see page 9).

119 PROCEDURES

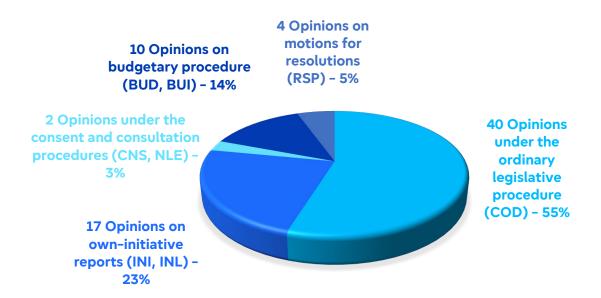




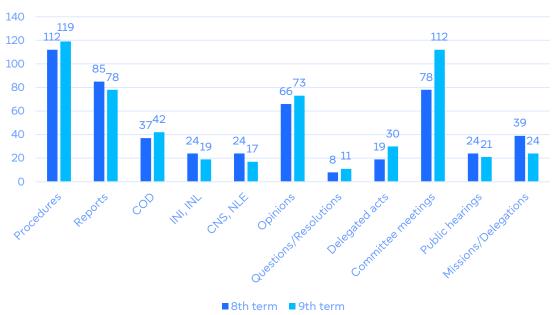
19 OWN-INITIATIVE REPORTS



73 OPINIONS



9th term compared to 8th term activities



Legislative activities of the Committee

Each legislative proposal attributed to ITRE is allocated, following a decision by its coordinators, to a political group, which nominates a rapporteur to draw up a draft report. Other political groups may appoint shadow rapporteurs.

ITRE deals mostly with ordinary legislature procedures (codecision), but also with consent/consultation procedures. ITRE also draws up own-initiative reports which, despite having no legal value, can provide important political input.

The ITRE Committee work covers a range of policy areas, under the broad main headings of (a) energy and (b) industry, research and digital, including space.

In this chapter, a fiche is presented for each report where ITRE was the lead committee. The reports are categorised by type of procedure and policy area.

A number of files, mainly related to the multiannual financial framework 2021–2027, were carried over from the 8th parliamentary term and were concluded at the start of the 9th parliamentary term. Those files, which can be found in the Activity Report of the 8th parliamentary term, were the following:

| 2018/0148(COD) | Henna VIRKKUNEN (EPP) |
|--|--|
| 2018/0224(COD) | Dan NICA (S&D) |
| 2018/0225(CNS) | Christian EHLER (EPP) |
| 2018/0227(COD) | Valter FLEGO (Renew) |
| 2018/0228(COD) Joint committee procedure: ITRE-TRAN | Henna VIRKKUNEN (ITRE, EPP), Marian-Jean MARINESCU (TRAN, EPP), Dominique RIQUET (TRAN, Renew) |
| 2018/0236(COD) | Massimiliano SALINI (EPP) |
| | 2018/0224(COD) 2018/0225(CNS) 2018/0227(COD) 2018/0228(COD) Joint committee procedure: ITRE-TRAN |

| European Defence Fund 2021-2027 | 2018/0254(COD) | Zdzisław |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------------|
| | | KRASNODĘBSKI |
| | | (ECR) |
| European Cybersecurity Competence | 2018/0328(COD) | Rasmus |
| Centre | | ANDRESEN |
| | | (Greens/EFA) |

Reports under the ordinary legislative procedure

ENERGY

| Title | Reference |
|---|---|
| Trans-European Energy Networks Guidelines | |
| On 15 December 2020, the European Commission adopted a proposal to revise the EU rules on Trans-European Networks for Energy to better support the modernisation of Europe's cross-border energy infrastructure and achieve the objectives of the European Green Deal. The proposal aimed to support the energy transition by providing financial and policy support for EU projects of common interest (PCIs) in cross-border energy infrastructure that contribute towards the EU's emission reduction targets for 2030 and climate neutrality by 2050. Parliament and Council reached agreement in December 2021. | 2020/0360(COD) Rapporteur: Zdzisław KRASNODĘBSKI (ECR) |
| The Regulation mostly ends EU support for new natural gas and oil projects and introduces mandatory sustainability criteria for all PCI projects. It seeks to accelerate the permit-granting process, which must now be completed in less than 42 months with a single national authority assuming overall responsibility. A transitional period until 31 December 2029 will allow hydrogen assets converted from natural gas to be used to transport or store a blend of hydrogen with natural gas or biomethane. However, eligibility for EU financial assistance for such projects will cease on 31 December 2027. | |
| Electrolysers, smart gas grids, CO ₂ transport and storage projects are covered explicitly by the Regulation, while Projects of Mutual Interest (PMIs) with third countries become possible, as long as these are sustainable and provide benefit at EU level. Voluntary cooperation between Member States on offshore grid planning becomes more structured. ENTSO-G and ENTSO-E are given an enhanced role in developing network plans, offshore grid planning, and identifying cross-border infrastructure gaps. | |

Title Reference **Energy Efficiency Directive (EED) (recast)** The 2023 revision of the Energy Efficiency Directive follows a 2021/0203(COD) proposal for a recast put forward by the Commission in July 2021, as part of the Fit for 55 package, which was further enhanced by the REPowerEU plan, presented by the Commission in May 2022, Rapporteur: aiming to decrease the EU's dependency on fossil fuel imports from Niels FUGLSANG Russia. (S&D) The text agreed by Parliament and Council raises the EU energy efficiency target, making it binding for Member States to collectively ensure a reduction of energy consumption of at least 11,7% in 2030 compared to the projections of the 2020 EU Reference Scenario. Member States are also required to achieve cumulative end-use energy savings for the entire period 2021 to 2030 equivalent to new annual savings of 0.8% of final energy consumption in 2021-2023, 1.3% in 2024-2025, 1.5% in 2026-2027 and 1.9% in 2028-2030. The public sector will have to reduce its final energy consumption by 1.9% each year. Member States should also ensure that at least 3% of the total floor area of heated and/or cooled buildings owned by public bodies is renovated each year to be transformed into at least nearly zero-energy buildings or zero-emission buildings. The Directive also establishes 'energy efficiency first' as a fundamental principle of EU energy policy, giving it legal standing for the first time. Energy efficiency must be considered by Member States in all relevant policy and major investment decisions taken in the energy and non-energy sectors. The Directive also introduces an obligation for the monitoring of the energy performance of data centres through the establishment of a

It also includes a definition of energy poverty and provisions aimed

at reducing energy poverty and empowering consumers.

European database.

Title Reference Renewable Energy Directive (RED) Following its adoption in 2009, the Renewable Energy Directive 2021/0218 (COD) (RED) was substantially revised in 2018 and on 14 July 2021 another and significant revision was proposed by the Commission as part of the 2022/0160(COD) Fit for 55 package. Rapporteur: The ITRE report i.a. proposed more ambitious targets, tightened the Markus PIEPER sustainability criteria for biomass, accelerated the permit granting (EPP) process for RES installations, and required each Member State to develop at least two cross-border RES projects by the end of 2025. Following the Russian attack on Ukraine, the Commission, via the REPowerEU proposal in 2022, introduced further amendments to RED. ITRE reacted swiftly by adopting a further report and merging it with the first procedure at the negotiations stage. This report also included elements from the Council Regulation of 22 December 2022 laying down a framework to accelerate the deployment of renewable energy, which had been adopted under Article 122 TFEU without involvement of Parliament. Agreement between Parliament and Council was reached after eight trilogues on 30 March 2023. It raises the share of renewables in the EU's overall energy consumption to 42.5% by 2030, with an additional 2.5% indicative top-up that would allow the overall share to reach 45%. Additionally, Parliament and Council agreed a series of sectoral targets (industry, transport, buildings, heating and cooling), some of which are of a binding nature while others are only indicative. The rules on sustainability of biofuels were tightened, while renewable permit granting processes are to be accelerated.

Title Reference Methane emissions reduction in the energy sector 2021/0423(COD) Methane is a powerful greenhouse gas responsible for about a third of current climate warming. Approximately 60% of global methane emissions are man-made, with the largest source being Joint committee fossil fuel production and use. procedure: ITRE-ENVI On 15 December 2021, the Commission presented its proposal for a Methane Emissions Reduction Regulation in the Energy Sector. Co-Rapporteurs: The proposal aimed to stop avoidable release of methane into the Jutta PAULUS atmosphere and to minimise leaks by fossil energy companies (ITRE, Greens/EFA), operating in the EU. It set standards for measurement, reporting and verification of emissions. It promoted immediate reduction in Pascal CANFIN emissions through mandatory leak detection and (ENVI, Renew) mechanisms and a ban on venting and flaring practices, which involve the release of methane directly into the atmosphere. Further, it set transparency requirements on imports, collecting information on whether and how exporter countries or companies are measuring, reporting and abating methane emissions, with a view to establishing a methane intensity profile of those entities. The interinstitutional negotiations were concluded with agreement reached on 14 November 2023. That agreement: elaborates on the requirements for regular surveys and reporting to detect and repair methane leaks in the EU; bans routine venting and flaring; sets rules for companies in the oil, gas and coal sectors to carry out an inventory of closed assets to monitor and mitigate their emissions; provides for the establishment of a methane transparency database and methane performance profiles of countries and companies to allow importers to make informed choices; and puts in place a global methane emitters monitoring tool and a rapid alert mechanism for super-emitting events.

Title Reference **Gas and Hydrogen Markets Regulation** As part of the Fit for 55 package to align policies with the EU's 2021/0424(COD) increased climate targets under the Green Deal, the Commission proposed in December 2021 to revise the 2009 EU Gas Regulation and make a targeted revision of the 2017 Regulation on Security of Rapporteur: Gas Supply. This was part of a broader hydrogen and decarbonised Jerzy BUZEK (EPP) gas markets package, which also included a revision of the 2009 EU Gas Directive (see next fiche). After two years of intensive work, Parliament and Council reached agreement in December 2023. That agreement i.a.: enables the uptake of renewable and low-carbon gases by facilitating connection and access to the existing gas grid and allowing discounts to cross-border and injection tariffs for these gases; establishes a new governance structure in the form of a dedicated European Network of Network Operators for Hydrogen, with a commitment to evaluate at a later date the possibility of integrating the three European networks for hydrogen, electricity and gas; and reinforces energy security, including by strengthening crisis management procedures. In addition, Parliament successfully pushed for the following: a permanent, voluntary demand aggregation and joint purchasing mechanism for natural gas, as well as a five-year pilot project to bring together demand and supply of hydrogen; a mechanism allowing Member States to limit upfront bidding for capacity for access to the network and LNG terminals for natural gas and LNG from Russia and Belarus; strengthened measures to boost investments that will support the uptake of green hydrogen and renewable gases in mining and energy-intensive regions; and recognition of the EU's ambition to increase production of

biomethane, in line with REPowerEU's 2030 target.

Title Reference **Gas and Hydrogen Markets Directive** The new Directive aims to decarbonise the EU's energy sector by 2021/0425(COD) ramping up the production of renewable gases and hydrogen and facilitating their integration into EU energy networks. It will also help secure energy supply, in order to address both climate change and Rapporteur: the disruption of gas flows caused by the Russian attack on Ukraine. Jens GEIER (S&D) During the two years of negotiations, Parliament secured clear and fair pricing for renewable and low-carbon gas and a consistent energy supply during the transition and pushed for strong measures on price transparency, consumers' right to be properly informed and support for vulnerable consumers, in order to protect those at risk of energy poverty during the energy transition. Member States will be obliged to take measures to prevent disconnections. Parliament and Council reached agreement in December 2023. The agreement envisages separation of gas and hydrogen supply and generation from the operation of transmission networks, thus retaining both the horizontal and vertical unbundling regime. However, Member States may apply derogations from these rules. It also includes Parliament's proposal to introduce provisions on the establishment of plans for the decommissioning of gas networks by Distribution System Operators (DSOs). New definitions ensure the split between Transmission System Operators and DSOs for hydrogen. The agreement retains the Commission's proposal that long-term contracts for fossil gas should be phased out by 2049.

Title Reference **Energy performance of buildings Directive (EPBD) (recast)** As part of the Fit for 55 package, the Commission proposed to 2021/0426(COD) increase the level of ambition of the EPBD to reduce further the carbon emission from the building sector, through: Rapporteur: minimum EU-level efficiency standards (MEPS), triggering an Ciarán CUFFE increase in the renovation rate of the worst-performing (Greens/EFA) buildings over the next two decades; a harmonised scale of energy performance certificates; all new buildings in the EU to be zero-emission as of 2030 (public ones as of 2027); voluntary renovation passports by 2024 and a Smart Readiness Indicator by 2026, to help building owners plan renovations; improvement on the current national renovation plans; better air quality inside buildings; digitalisation of energy systems of buildings; rolling out infrastructure for sustainable mobility. In addition, the RePowerEU proposal of May 2022 introduced requirements for minimum solar panel installations on buildings. The revised EPBD, adopted in plenary on 14 March 2024: removes MEPS for individual residential buildings, going instead for national trajectories of reduction in the energy used in the overall stock of residential buildings of at least 16% by 2030 and between 20-22% by 2035; sets targets (in %) of renovation of non-residential buildings by 2030/2033; keeps requirements on new buildings by 2030; preserves the objective to completely discontinue the use of fossil fuel boilers by 2040, and stop subsidising stand-alone fossil fuel boilers as of 2025; sets strict targets on e-mobility and solar panels in buildings; introduces new requirements on indoor environmental quality,

fire safety and on an integrated district approach.

Title Reference **Gas Storage Regulation** The Russian invasion of Ukraine in February 2022 triggered serious 2022/0090(COD) concerns about EU energy security, in particular in the gas sector, where Russia was the leading supplier. To ensure that the EU was prepared for the risk of an interruption of gas supplies during the Rapporteur: upcoming winter, the Commission proposed in March 2022 an Cristian-Silviu urgent Regulation on Gas Storage, inter alia requiring Member BUŞOI (as Chair) States to: fill at least 80% of their storage capacity by 1 November 2022 (rising to 90% in subsequent years); carry out certification of all gas storage system operators and provide a 100% tariff discount on entry and exit points into gas storage. In order for the Regulation to come into effect already in summer 2022, Parliament agreed to swiftly negotiate the text (urgent procedure under Rule 163 of the Rules of Procedure) and appointed a negotiating team headed by Jerzy Buzek (EPP). The Parliament and the Council reached an agreement after two trilogues in April and May 2022. The EP negotiating team successfully obtained provisions on the need for Member States to diversify gas supply sources and boost energy efficiency measures, and also managed to make the certification phase as short as possible. Even more importantly, after advocating for joint EU gas purchasing since 2010, the EP negotiating team managed to include provisions on a voluntary mechanism for joint procurement of natural gas, obliging

the Commission to issue guidance on the use of the mechanism by

August 2022.

| Title | Reference |
|--|---|
| Regulation of Energy Market Integrity and Transparency (REMIT) | |
| In 2021 and 2022, energy prices in Europe surged due to reduced gas supply and Russia's attack on Ukraine. Thus, in parallel to the Electricity Market Design proposal (next fiche), in March 2023 the Commission unveiled its proposal to revise the REMIT Regulation to align its scope with evolving market dynamics. The agreement reached with the Council creates stricter requirements for EU market participants who are resident in a third country, gives ACER the right to investigate certain cases with a cross-border dimension as well as new tools for conducting investigations, and also gives ACER the power to impose periodic penalty payments for certain infringements. | 2023/0076(COD) Rapporteur: Maria da Graça CARVALHO (EPP) |

| Title | Reference |
|--|---|
| Electricity Market Design | |
| Following the rise in energy prices in light of the post-Covid recovery and Russia's attack on Ukraine, the EU found itself struggling with extremely high energy prices and energy supply issues. | 2023/0077A(COD) and 2023/0077B(COD) |
| On 14 March 2023, the Commission published a legislative proposal for an amending Regulation to improve the EU electricity market design. The proposal concerns the Electricity Regulation, the Electricity Directive, the Renewable Energy Directive and the ACER Regulation. The overall electricity market reform also included the REMIT proposal (above). | Rapporteur: Nicolás GONZÁLEZ CASARES (S&D) |
| The interinstitutional negotiations were concluded on 14 December 2023. The agreement between Parliament and Council introduces the use of Contracts for Differences (CfDs) in all investments in new electricity production from renewable and nuclear energy. The agreement also gives the Council the power to declare an electricity price crisis, reinforces the measures to protect energy poor and vulnerable customers, and enables a flexible use of the revenues generated by the state via two-way CfDs (e.g. to finance direct price support schemes or invest in reducing electricity costs for final consumers). | |
| The final agreement also included a split of the proposal into two legislative procedures (Directive and Regulation). | |

DIGITAL

| Title | Reference |
|---|--|
| Data Governance Act (DGA) | |
| The Data Governance Act (DGA) was the first proposal coming out of the 2020 European Strategy for Data. The Commission proposed: | 2020/0340(COD) |
| conditions under which public authorities may allow the reuse of data; a compulsory notification and supervisory framework for providers facilitating the sharing of data; a framework for voluntary registration of data altruism organisations; and a European data innovation board (EDIB) to promote standardisation and interoperability. | Rapporteur: Angelika NIEBLER (EPP) |
| The 2021 agreement between Parliament and Council addressed reuse of publicly held data, prohibiting public authorities from granting exclusive rights for the use of certain data for longer than 12 months and obliging public authorities to apply their 'best efforts' to help data re-users obtain consent from data rights holders. In contrast to the Commission proposal, the agreement tightened the conditions for providing data intermediation services. Also, data altruism activities should be performed functionally separate from other activities, rather than through a dedicated legal entity as originally proposed by the Commission. | |
| On the initiative of Parliament, the agreement also prohibits entities from making commercial terms for data intermediation services dependent on the use of other services from related entities. Parliament also successfully insisted on detailed provisions on the composition and tasks of the European data innovation board to ensure effective implementation of the DGA. | |

Title Reference A high common level of cybersecurity (NIS 2 Directive) The Commission proposal aimed at addressing the deficiencies, due 2020/0359(COD) to inconsistent implementation by Member States, of the Network and Information Security (NIS) Directive of 2016, which was the first EU-wide legislation on cybersecurity. In order to respond to the Rapporteur: growing risks posed by digitalisation and the surge in cyber-attacks, **Bart GROOTHUIS** the NIS 2 proposal aimed at strengthening the security (Renew) requirements, addressing the security of supply chains, streamlining reporting obligations and introducing more stringent supervisory measures and stricter enforcement requirements. After three trilogues, Parliament and Council reached an agreement in May 2022. The agreement lays down cybersecurity reporting obligations on the basis of a risk-based approach taking account of the criticality and/or size of the entities. It also increases the number of sectors covered by the Directive by including research. It guarantees better cooperation and exchange of information between relevant authorities at national and EU level as well as enhances the reporting mechanism on incidents, threats and vulnerabilities. Parliament ensured, against the will of the Council, that public administration entities at national and regional level are also covered by the Directive. The Council insisted on specific exclusions for the defence, national security, public security and law enforcement sectors. A peer-review process was agreed and the

legal relationship and obligations stemming from other sector

specific Union acts was clarified.

| Title | Reference |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Roaming Regulation (recast) | |
| The Commission's proposal aimed to recast the Roaming Regulation to ensure that consumers can continue to roam in other Member States without additional charges (roam like at home) for an additional 10 years, while also introducing new measures to | 2021/0045(COD) Rapporteur: |
| increase transparency and ensure that users have the same mobile network connection quality abroad as at home. | Angelika WINZIG (EPP) |
| Parliament and Council agreed to extend the Regulation for another 10 years. Users are entitled to have the same quality and speed of their mobile network connection abroad as at home, where equivalent networks are available. Furthermore, new provisions also secure efficient access to emergency services, including improving awareness about alternative means for people with disabilities, as well as improved information on possible fees for using value-added services while roaming. Wholesale roaming charges were capped at €2 per gigabyte from 2022, progressively reduced to €1 in 2027. | |

| | - C |
|--|---|
| Title | Reference |
| European Digital Identity Framework | |
| The amending Regulation aims to foster the adoption of electronic identification means within the EU by introducing the European Digital Identity Wallet. This wallet is designed to allow citizens to | 2021/0136(COD) |
| access both public and private services digitally in a secure manner, while maintaining full control over their personal data. Furthermore, the Regulation expands the current list of eIDAS trust services by adding three new qualified trust services: electronic archiving services, electronic ledgers, and the management of remote electronic signature and seal creation devices. | Rapporteur: Romana JERKOVIĆ (S&D) |
| In the agreement reached with Council in 2023, Parliament ensured that provisions were in place to prevent discrimination against citizens who choose not to utilize the digital wallet. Additionally, Parliament secured the open-source nature of the wallet, promoting transparency, fostering innovation, and enhancing security measures. Moreover, stringent rules were established for the registration and oversight of companies involved in the process to ensure accountability and traceability. | |
| Furthermore, the agreement provides for the issuance of free "qualified electronic signatures" for EU wallet users, which hold the same legal standing as handwritten signatures. Additionally, it facilitates wallet-to-wallet interactions to improve the fluidity of digital exchanges. Through the implementation of a privacy dashboard, users will have full control over their data, including the ability to request their deletion, in accordance with the General | |

| Title | Reference |
|---|-----------------------|
| 2030 "Path to the Digital Decade" Programme | |
| The proposal sets out the concrete digital targets (skills, infrastructures, digitalisation of businesses and public services) to be achieved by the end of the decade. To that end, it creates a | 2021/0293 (COD) |
| mechanism of annual cooperation between the EU institutions and | |
| the Member States. Parliament and Council agreed to clarify some definitions of the programme's general objectives and tasked the | Martina DLABA IOVÁ |
| Commission together with the Member States to develop EU-level | ! |
| trajectories for each target. Parliament will have a strong scrutiny | |
| role in the process of achieving the targets. | |

Data Protection Regulation. Moreover, the legislation enshrines the right to use pseudonyms, further protecting users' privacy and

autonomy.

Title Reference Secure connectivity programme 2023-2027 The Commission proposal aimed to ensure access to high-speed 2022/0039 (COD) connectivity across the whole EU, relying on an EU-owned multiorbital space infrastructure, including low earth orbit satellites, and a ground segment. The system would guarantee highly secured Rapporteur: connectivity and communication for governmental and commercial Christophe services, notably by using quantum encryption technologies, and GRUDLER (Renew) thereby enhance the Union's resilience and sovereignty while avoiding critical dependencies on non-EU communication infrastructures. The system would allow connecting better key infrastructure, in order to support crisis management, surveillance and potential mass-market broadband applications. The proposal suggested relying on a public-private partnership under a concession model expected to allow for the provision of both governmental and commercial services. The concessionaire would be tasked with the operations, maintenance and necessary upgrades of the system (except for security assets or the security monitoring services). Within less than one month, Parliament and Council reached a political agreement in November 2022 after two trilogues. The agreement aimed at fostering a completely new ecosystem of startups and SMEs, as well as the emergence of innovations and new services in the European space sector. On Parliament's initiative, the agreement reached introduces for the first time strict sustainability criteria for heavy space activities, including launchers and satellites components. Parliament and Council also managed to agree on an ambitious budget (€2.4 billion), which will be

complemented with contributions from Member States via the

European Space Agency (ESA) and private contributions.

| Title | Reference |
|---|--|
| Harmonised rules on fair access to and use of data (Data Act) | |
| The Commission proposal aimed to remove barriers to access data for both consumers and businesses to stimulate innovation in a context where the volume of data generated is increasing exponentially. Following negotiations between Parliament and Council, agreement was reached in 2023 on the following key points: | 2022/0047 (COD) Rapporteur: Pilar del CASTILLO VERA (EPP) |
| users of connected devices are granted the right to access and share data generated through those devices and related services. Manufacturers of connected devices must ensure that the devices and related services are designed to facilitate the exercise of these rights. Data holders (i.e. manufacturers) can withhold or suspend data sharing when the confidentiality of trade secrets can be undermined; private sector data will need to be shared with public sector bodies and EU institutions in case of exceptional needs, such as in public emergencies, when access to data is necessary to fulfil a specific task in the public interest or when access to data is necessary for specific research purposes; a number of requirements are placed on cloud providers to ensure that customers can switch between providers of cloud services and not be 'locked in' with a particular provider; and safeguards are introduced against unlawful international data transfers. | |

| Title Title | Reference |
|--|----------------------|
| High common level of cybersecurity at the institutions, bodies, off the Union (EUIBAs) | ices and agencies of |
| The Regulation establishes a common framework to harmonise | 2022/0085(COD) |
| cybersecurity rules and measures across all EU entities. It also sets | |
| up a new interinstitutional cybersecurity board and strengthens the | |
| mandate and the budget of CERT-EU, in view of it possibly | Rapporteur: |
| becoming an EU office. The 2023 agreement also aligns the rules for | Henna VIRKKUNEN |
| EU entities closely to those of the updated NIS 2 Directive. | (EPP) |

| Title | Reference |
|--|------------------------------|
| Cyber Resilience Act | <u>i</u> |
| The Commission proposal aimed at establishing single Union-wide cybersecurity requirements for hardware and software products with digital elements and connected to a network/device. It included essential requirements for the placing on the market, for | 2022/0272 (COD) Rapporteur: |
| the design, development and production of products with digital elements as well as for the manufacturers' vulnerability handling processes. It also included obligations for manufacturers, importers and distributors, e.g. manufacturers would be obliged to provide security support and software updates to address identified vulnerabilities and to provide customers with information about the cybersecurity of their products. | Nicola DANTI (Renew) |
| After three trilogues, Parliament and Council reached agreement in November 2023 to, i.a., extend the list of covered products to include identity management systems software, password managers, biometric readers, smart home assistants and private security cameras. It was also agreed that the obligatory support period should be at least five years, with a differentiation between security and functionality updates. | |
| To enhance the overall cybersecurity awareness in the Union, on Parliament's request, the EU Agency for Cybersecurity will receive all notifications of actively exploited vulnerabilities and severe incidents and will assess the situation and may inform other Member States so they can to take the necessary steps. Parliament also ensured the inclusion of support measures for SMEs, e.g. specific awareness-raising, education and training programmes, collaboration initiatives, and strategies to enhance workforce | |

| Title | Reference |
|---|----------------------------|
| Interoperable Europe Act | |
| The Act creates a framework for Member States and EU public administrations to cooperate, share information and deliver interoperable digital public services across borders. It establishes a new governance body to provide guidance, support innovation and update the European Interoperability Framework (EIF). In the negotiations, Parliament and Council have further clarified the scope of the Regulation and the conditions for interoperability assessments and strengthened the role of regional and local authorities and the interoperability community. | Rapporteur: Ivars IJABS |

mobility.

Title Reference Gigabit Infrastructure Act (GIA) (including intra-EU calls and SMS) 2023/0046(COD) In 2023, the European Commission proposed a Infrastructure Act to replace the Broadband Cost Reduction Directive as part of its "Connectivity Package". The proposal aimed to reduce the costs of network deployment by, i.a.: Rapporteur: Alin MITUȚA enabling providers of high-speed public very (Renew) communications networks to have enhanced access to physical infrastructure of network operators and public organisations; coordinating civil works better and introducing uniform and digitally accessible permit procedures; stricter deadlines and requirements for access request to be considered unreasonable; and, a mandatory fibre-ready label for new and renovated buildings. The agreement between Parliament and Council in 2024 includes strengthened provisions on permit granting, accelerating the maximum duration of procedures for the deployment of very highcapacity networks to four months. It was also agreed to add an exception for a transitional period for smaller municipalities, as well as specific provisions to promote connectivity in rural and remote areas. The factors when calculating fair and reasonable conditions for access were clarified as well. In contrast to the Commission proposal, Parliament and Council agreed on an optional fibre-ready label for buildings. Parliament and Council also agreed on a political path towards the abolition of fees for end-users for intra-EU calls and SMS, which was not part of the Commission proposal. By 2029, there should be no differentiation of retail prices based solely on the fact that calls are

originated or terminated in different Member States.

| Title | Reference |
|--|--|
| Managed security services | |
| The Regulation amends the Cybersecurity Act to enable the future adoption of European certification schemes for managed security services (MSS), which play an increasingly vital role in cybersecurity risk management. These services support prevention, detection, response and recovery from incidents, encompassing activities like incident handling, penetration testing, security audits, and consulting related to technical support. | 2023/0108(COD) Rapporteur: Josianne CUTAJAR (S&D) |
| The agreement clarifies the definition of MSS and ensures its alignment with the updated NIS 2 Directive. Furthermore, it aligns the security objectives of MSS certification schemes with those of other schemes under the Cybersecurity Act (ENISA Regulation). The amendments also include modifications in the annex to the Cybersecurity Act, specifying requirements for conformity assessment bodies. These adjustments aim to enhance the clarity, effectiveness, and alignment of certification processes for managed security services within the Union. | |

| Title | Reference |
|--|---|
| Cyber Solidarity Act | |
| The Cyber Solidarity Act was proposed by the Commission in 2023 to reinforce capacities to detect, prepare for and respond to the growing cybersecurity threats and attacks across the EU. | 2023/0109(COD) |
| The ITRE report added more resources in terms of budget, strengthening of the objectives relating to skills, the provision of a reserve in favour of potentially more exposed non-EU countries, such as Ukraine and Moldova, and strengthening of transnational information sharing. | Rapporteur: Lina GÁLVEZ MUÑOZ (S&D) |
| Agreement was reached in 2024 at the second trilogue. | |

INDUSTRY, RESEARCH & SPACE

Title Reference **European Institute of Technology Package** - European Institute of Innovation and Technology (recast) - European Institute of Innovation and Technology: strategic innovation agenda 2021-2027 The EIT was created in 2008 and is located in Budapest. It has 2019/0151(COD) become an EU body and aims to increase economic growth and job creation by promoting knowledge triangle activities (i.e. higher education, research and innovation). It operates through 8 Rapporteur: knowledge and innovation communities (KICs) that address societal Marisa MATIAS challenges (such as digitalisation, urban mobility, climate and raw (The Left) materials). It requires that an updated Strategic Innovation Agenda (SIA) is submitted every seven years. Agreement was reached in 2021. The agreement is broadly 2019/0152(COD) consistent with the Commission proposal, but also includes a much greater emphasis on the environmental transition which is a potential focus for existing and new KICs. Together, the agreed Rapporteur: texts also emphasise the importance of geographical diversity and Maria da Graça regional innovation schemes (RIS). While the final EIT budget line is CARVALHO (EPP) substantially lower than Parliament hoped, the new EIT Regulation makes clear that funded projects are eligible to receive resources from other EU programmes. Budget allowing, the EIT can launch new KICs in addition to those newly agreed on culture and water.

| Title | Reference |
|--|-------------------------------|
| European Partnership on Metrology | |
| This initiative established a new partnership under Horizon Europe. The partnership aims to accelerate Europe's global lead in metrology research (scientific study of measurement), establishing self-sustaining European metrology networks which support new innovative products, and respond to societal challenges. The Committee report stressed that States participating in the Partnership must respect academic freedom, and synergies with other EU programmes and funds should be feasible. Agreement was reached in 2021. | Rapporteur: Maria da Graça |

| Title | Reference |
|---|--|
| Chips Act | |
| The Chips Act was an important proposal from the Commission as the answer, in the context of a reshaped EU industrial policy, to the chips shortage following the Covid crisis and the Russian attack on Ukraine and a global 'subsidy race' in the world's main producing regions. | 2022/0032(COD) Rapporteur: Dan NICA (S&D) |
| Parliament and Council reached agreement on the file on 18 April 2023. The agreement includes: | |
| securing the 3,3 bn EUR for research and innovation related to chips; fast tracking permitting procedures and recognition as highest national significance status where such status exists, and support to the ecosystem of semiconductor value chain, recognising spill-over effects in different sectors and countries; strengthened international cooperation with strategic partners. Intellectual Property rights were also strengthened in order to have the right competition conditions and protection of innovation; a crisis response mechanism in case of shortages, with the Commission assessing the risks to the EU supply of semiconductors and early warning indicators in Member States that could trigger an EU-wide alert. This would allow the Commission to implement emergency measures such as prioritising the supply for products particularly affected. Parliament further improved the crisis response pillar through a mapping mechanism that will help to identify possible bottlenecks in the semiconductor sector; and a network of competence centres, which will address the skills shortage and attract new talent on research, design and production. New production facilities will play also an important role in investing and boosting the skilled work force in Europe. | |

| Title | Reference |
|---|---|
| European defence industry reinforcement through common procur | ement act (EDIRPA) |
| On 19 July 2022, the Commission adopted a proposal for a Regulation establishing the European defence industry reinforcement through common procurement act (EDIRPA) for | 2022/0219(COD) |
| 2022 to 2024. The key goals were to address the EU's most urgent and critical defence capability gaps and incentivise the EU Member States to procure defence products jointly. | Joint committee procedure: ITRE-AFET/SEDE |
| The proposal seeks to enhance the competitiveness of the European defence industry by supporting cooperation between Member States in the field of joint defence procurement. | Co-Rapporteurs: Zdzisław KRASNODĘBSKI (ITRE, ECR), |
| On 27 June 2023, Parliament and Council reached agreement, including on a €300 million budget and certain preferential treatment of SMEs and also providing for a bonus if Ukraine or Moldova benefit directly from a procurement action. | Michael GAHLER (AFET/SEDE, EPP) |
| Eligible contractors must in principle be established and have their executive management structures in the EU or an associated country (Iceland, Liechtenstein or Norway). | |

Title Reference **Critical Raw Materials Act** The Commission's proposal had the overall aim to: 2023/0079(COD) ensure EU's access to secure, diversified, affordable and sustainable supplies of critical raw materials; Rapporteur: enable Europe to pursue its twin climate and digital Nicola BEER transition and ensure its open strategic sovereignty; and (Renew) strengthen EU's resilience by cutting the reliance on third countries for materials used for strategic technologies. The agreement reached in 2023 keeps the overall objectives of the original proposal but strengthens several elements. It reinforces the recycling benchmark, clarifies the permitting procedure for strategic projects, requires relevant companies to perform a supply-chain risk assessment on their sourcing of strategic raw materials and includes aluminium in the list of strategic and critical materials. Main targets for the EU by 2030 were agreed as follows: extract domestically at least 10% and process at least 40% of its annual consumption of key minerals; recycle at least 25% of critical raw materials. It was also agreed to: set time limits creating a rapid and simplified permit granting procedure for strategic extractive projects, managed by a single national contact point; diversify imports, as no foreign supplier should provide more than 65% of any strategic raw material, giving, however, special consideration to countries with whom the Union has established a strategic partnership, a free trade agreement or other forms of cooperation covering raw materials. ensure becoming a leader in research and development of innovative substitutes.

There is also an agreed list of 34 critical raw materials and 17 strategic raw materials, which the Commission will review and

update, if necessary.

Title Reference **Net Zero Industry Act** 2023/0081(COD) Faced with massive support packages adopted by other countries, the Commission presented on 1 February 2023 a 'Green Deal industrial plan for the net-zero age'. The plan set out a European approach to boost the EU's net-zero industry. The Commission Rapporteur: announced in this plan that it would present a net-zero industry act, Christian EHLER which it did on 14 March 2023. The proposed Regulation set up a (EPP) framework of measures for innovating and scaling up the manufacturing capacity of net-zero technologies in the EU, to support the EU's 2030 target of reducing net greenhouse gas emissions by at least 55 % and the Union's 2050 climate neutrality target. It aimed to ensure EU's access to a secure and sustainable supply of net-zero technologies needed to safeguard the resilience of the EU's energy system and to contribute to the creation of quality jobs. The ITRE report changed the proposed system of technologies to be considered as strategic to a system of criteria allowing any netzero technology project to apply and obtain this status. Furthermore, ITRE pushed for more ambitious approach regarding the CO₂ injection capacity and wider application of modified procurement rules. End of term approaching, Parliament and Council had less than two months to conclude negotiations. Agreement was reached on 6 February 2024. Among other things, the agreement expands the list of technologies considered as net-zero, the system of permitting was made more transparent, export elements were added to the benchmarks, rules on the CO₂ injection capacity and the proposed

system of procurement rules were both strengthened.

| Title | Reference |
|---|--|
| Establishing the Act in Support of Ammunition Production (ASAP) | |
| On 3 May 2023, the Commission put forward a proposal for a Regulation establishing the Act in Support of Ammunition Production (ASAP). On 9 May 2023, Parliament decided to trigger a negotiated urgent procedure (Rule 163 of the Rules of Procedure) in order to proceed quickly with the proposal without a report. On 6 July 2023, Parliament and Council reached agreement, and Coreper confirmed the agreement the following day. The deal was endorsed in ITRE on 9 July. On 13 July, the act was adopted in plenary. The final act was signed on 20 July and published in the Official Journal on 24 July 2023. | 2023/0140(COD) Rapporteur: N/A (urgent procedure) |
| ASAP is in response to Ukraine's need for ammunition, and the Council's agreement on 20 March 2023 on a three track proposal on ammunition. Member States were invited to urgently transfer ammunition from their own stocks to Ukraine (Track 1). They agreed to jointly procure 1 million ammunition rounds (Track 2). Track 3 aims at ramping up production capacity in the European defence industry. This is supposed to be achieved through ASAP. | |
| Financial support up to €500 million is to be provided in the form of grants to various types of actions, contributing to the efforts of the European defence industry to increase their production capacities and tackle identified bottlenecks. | |
| ASAP complements EDIRPA, which aims at incentivising Member States to commonly procure the most critical and urgent defence products in light of the Russian attack on Ukraine. | |

| Title | Reference | |
|---|---|--|
| Establishing the Strategic Technologies for Europe Platform ('STEP') | | |
| The Commission proposal for a Regulation establishing a Strategic Technologies for Europe Platform ('STEP') was published on 20 June 2023 as part of the package on the revision of the Multiannual | 2023/0199(COD) | |
| Financial Framework (MFF). The platform aims to contribute to the green and digital transitions | Joint committee procedure : ITRE-BUDG | |
| and to reduce the strategic dependencies of the Union by boosting investments in critical technologies in strategic sectors and | Co-Rapporteurs: | |
| addressing the shortage of labour and skills in these sectors. To this end, it streamlines existing Union programmes and funds. Agreement between Parliament and Council was reached in 2024. | Christian EHLER (ITRE, EPP), | |
| Agreement between Faniament and Council was reached in 2024. | José Manuel FERNANDES (BUDG, EPP) | |

| Title | | | Reference |
|---|--|---|--------------------|
| Partnership for resea (PRIMA): continuation of t | rch and innovation he Union's participation | in the M | lediterranean area |
| The Partnership for Resear Area (PRIMA) is a research sustainable agro-food systmanagement in the Medit extend the Union's participalign its provisions with agreement also includes fureporting. | and innovation initiative tems and integrated wate erranean area. The propertion in PRIMA to the enthose of Horizon Euro | focussing upon or provision and cosal aimed to and of 2027, and ope. The 2024 | Rapporteur: |

Reports under the consent and consultation procedures

ENERGY

| Title | Reference |
|--|--|
| Withdrawal of the Union from the Energy Charter Treaty (ECT) | |
| The Energy Charter Treaty is a multilateral trade and investment agreement applicable to the energy sector that was signed in 1994 and entered into force in 1998. In the absence of any substantial update of the ECT since the 1990s, a modernisation process was initiated in November 2018 in order to bring it into alignment with the principles of the Paris Agreement, the requirements of sustainable development and the fight against climate change, as well as with modern standards of investment protection. After Council failed to agree on its modernisation, the Commission submitted a proposal for a Council decision on the withdrawal of the Union from the ECT to which Parliament gave its consent in 2024. | Joint committee procedure: ITRE-INTA Co-Rapporteurs: Marc BOTENGA (ITRE, The Left), Anna CAVAZZINI (INTA, Greens/EFA) |

DIGITAL

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| Title | Reference |
|--|---|
| EuroHPC initiative for start-ups to boost European leadership in tru Intelligence | ustworthy Artificial |
| The proposal amended Council Regulation (EU) 2021/1173 establishing the European High Performance Computing Joint Undertaking, in order to allow for AI-dedicated supercomputers. | 2024/0016(CNS) |
| The ITRE committee report stressed the importance of attracting and retaining talent in the field of Artificial Intelligence (AI), broadening the use of AI powered supercomputers to wider audiences including start-ups and scale-ups and the broader scientific community. It also outlined the need to ensure that these computers are energy efficient and have access to clean affordable energy. Parliament adopted its position in 2024. | Rapporteur: Maria da Graça CARVALHO (EPP) |

INDUSTRY, RESEARCH & SPACE

| Title | Reference |
|---|--|
| EC/Korea Cooperation Agreement on a Civil Global Navigatio (GNSS): accession of Bulgaria, Croatia and Romania to the EU | n Satellite System |
| This Protocol take accounts of the accession of Bulgaria, Croatia and Romania to the EU and makes them contracting parties to the EC/Korea Cooperation Agreement on a Civil Global Navigation | 2018/0429(NLE) |
| Satellite System (GNSS). Parliament gave its consent to the conclusion of the Protocol in 2022. | Rapporteur: Cristian-Silviu BUŞOI (as Chair) |

| Title | Reference |
|--|--|
| EC/India Agreement for scientific and technological cooperation | on: renewal of the |
| The EC-India scientific cooperation agreement first entered into force on 14 October 2002, and was renewed for additional periods of five years, in 2009 and 2015 respectively. The Commission's | 2020/0015(NLE) |
| evaluation concluded that the Agreement provides an important framework for facilitating cooperation between the EU and Brazil in common S&T priority areas leading to mutual benefits. Therefore, | Rapporteur: Cristian-Silviu BUŞOI (as Chair) |
| Parliament in 2020 gave its consent to renew the agreement for an additional period of five years. | |

| Title | Reference |
|--|--|
| EC/Ukraine Agreement on cooperation in science and technology: renewal of the Agreement | |
| The EC-Ukraine scientific cooperation agreement first entered into force on 11 February 2003, and was renewed for additional periods of five years in 2009 and 2014 respectively. The Commission's evaluation concluded that renewing the Agreement would enable both the EU and Ukraine to strengthen cooperation and develop a more strategic partnership. Therefore, Parliament in 2020 gave its consent to renew the agreement for an additional period of five years. | 2020/0016(NLE) Rapporteur: Cristian-Silviu BUŞOI (as Chair) |

| Title | Reference | |
|--|-----------------------------|--|
| Research Fund for Coal and Steel: research programme and multiannual technical guidelines | | |
| The Council decision revises the research objectives for the Research Programme of the Research Fund for Coal and Steel in the light of the Paris Agreement and Union objectives on climate | 2020/0141(NLE) | |
| neutrality by 2050. The ITRE Committee report stressed that attention should be made to research on raw materials deriving | Rapporteur: Cristian-Silviu | |
| from coal wastes. The research programme should be consistent with the EU's political, social, economic, climate, environmental, scientific and technological objectives, complementary to actions | BUŞOI (as Chair) | |
| carried out in the Member States and under existing EU research programmes. Parliament's position was adopted in 2021. | | |

| Title | Reference |
|--|----------------|
| Joint Undertakings under Horizon Europe | |
| Nine partnerships covering areas related to the environment, | 2021/0048(NLE) |
| technology, health and transport were established under the Horizon Europe Regulation (2021–2027). | |
| | Rapporteur: |
| The Committee report highlighted the need to reinforce the scope | Maria da Graça |
| and budget for certain joint undertakings (JUs). It also stressed that | CARVALHO (EPP) |
| financing of JUs should be through the Union programmes and Next | |
| Generation EU funds. The report called on the Commission to | |
| develop guidelines on the implementation of the different types of | |
| synergies by the JUs. Parliament's position was adopted in 2021. | |

| Title | Reference |
|--|--------------------|
| EC/Brazil Agreement for scientific and technological cooperation and technological cooperations. | on: renewal of the |
| The EU-Brazil scientific cooperation agreement entered into force on 7 August 2007. The Commission's evaluation confirmed that the Agreement provides an important framework for facilitating | 2021/0336(NLE) |
| cooperation between the EU and Brazil in common S&T priority areas leading to mutual benefits. Therefore, Parliament gave its consent in 2022 to renew the Agreement for an additional period of five years. | ! |

| Title | Reference |
|--|--------------------|
| EU/USA Agreement on the promotion, provision and use of Galiled based navigation systems and related applications: extension | and GPS satellite- |
| The EU/USA agreement on the promotion, provision and use of | 2022/0005(NLE) |
| Galileo and GPS satellite-based navigation systems and related | |
| applications was first signed in 2004 and entered into force in 2011. | |
| It was due to expire on 12 December 2021. Before that deadline, | Rapporteur: |
| both parties agreed on an extension for an additional period of five | Cristian-Silviu |
| years. Parliament gave its consent to the extension in 2022. | BUŞOI (as Chair) |

| Title | Reference |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Chips Joint Undertaking | |
| The Chips Joint Undertaking is the main instrument to implement the Chips for Europe Initiative. It aims at strengthening Europe's semiconductor ecosystem and economic security by managing an | 2022/0033(NLE) |
| expected budget of nearly €11 billion by 2030, provided by the EU and participating states. | Rapporteur: Eva MAYDELL (EPP) |
| The ITRE report emphasised the crucial role of reinforcing Europe's semiconductor ecosystem for economic resilience, security, and digital sovereignty, while promoting green and digital transitions. It also underlined the need for clear guidelines for participation in projects under the Regulation. Parliament's position was adopted in 2023. | • |

| Title | Reference |
|---|--------------------------------|
| EU/USA agreement for scientific and technological cooperation: extension | |
| The first scientific and technological cooperation agreement between the EU and the US entered into force in 1998. This collaboration thrives on shared values and principles such as ethics, research integrity, transparency, openness, and evidence-based policymaking, which make EU and the US strong partners in the field of research and innovation. Therefore, Parliament gave its consent in 2023 to extend the agreement for an additional period of five years. | Rapporteur: Cristian-Silviu |

Own-initiative reports

ENERGY

| Title | Reference |
|---|------------------------------|
| A comprehensive European approach to energy storage | |
| The report called for a comprehensive strategy on energy storage to enable the transformation to a highly energy-efficient and renewables-based economy taking into account all available technologies. It identified necessary measures to improve cross-border connections and coordination, reduce regulatory burdens for market entry, and improve access to capital, skills and raw materials for storage technologies, with a view to boosting the competitiveness of the EU market and industry. | Rapporteur: Claudia GAMON |

| Title | Reference |
|---|--------------|
| Maximising the energy efficiency potential of the EU building stock | |
| The report called for a renovation wave to achieve an energy- efficient and climate-neutral building stock by 2050 through an action plan for integrated renovation programmes with a focus on | |
| communities, especially those in energy poverty, and to provide healthy, decent, affordable and energy efficient buildings in line with the European Green Deal and the net-zero emissions target for | Ciarán CUFFE |
| 2050. The report focused on the role of neighbourhoods and communities, funding, construction technologies and building materials, standards, skills and digitalisation. | |

| Title | Reference |
|---|---------------------------|
| A European Strategy for Energy System Integration | |
| ITRE decided to draw up an own-initiative report to react to the Commission's communication on "Powering a climate-neutral economy: An EU Strategy for Energy System Integration". The report agreed with improving the efficiency of production, fostering the circularity of the energy system and using cleaner electricity, more renewables and low-carbon fuels. It also emphasised that, while contributing to achieving climate goals, the strategy must reflect the diversity of national energy systems. | Rapporteur: Christophe |

| Title | Reference |
|--|-----------|
| A European Strategy for Hydrogen | |
| ITRE decided to draw up an own-initiative report to react to the Commission's communication on a hydrogen strategy for a climate-neutral Europe. The report provided recommendations for an EU hydrogen strategy that covers the whole hydrogen value chain, including the demand and supply sectors, and is aligned with national efforts to ensure that sufficient supplementary renewable electricity generation infrastructure is built for the production of renewable hydrogen and to bring down the costs of such hydrogen. The report also called for a coherent, integrated and comprehensive regulatory framework for a hydrogen market. | |

| Title | Reference |
|--|---|
| A European strategy for offshore renewable energy | |
| ITRE decided to draw up an own-initiative report to react to the Commission's communication on a Strategy to harness the potential of offshore renewable energy. The aim is to increase EU | 2021/2012(INI) |
| offshore renewable energy production from 12 to 60 GW by 2030 and to 300 GW by 2050. Parliament proposed to: | Rapporteur: Morten PETERSEN (Renew) |
| reach 450 GW capacity by 2050; improve infrastructure; enhance MS cooperation via joint planning and regulatory barriers removal; | |
| invest in R&D exploit deep waters, floating technology, wave and tidal energy; | |
| simplify the permitting process; streamline MS procedures and standards; and create a well-designed market and stable regulatory framework. | |

| Title Title | Reference |
|---|-------------|
| Implementation of the Energy Performance of Buildings Directive (EPBD) | |
| This was an implementation report on the EPBD ahead of its review. It called on Member States to implement more thoroughly the EPBD, via harmonised and comprehensive long-term renovation strategies and on the Commission to monitor non-compliance strictly. It pleaded for establishing minimum energy performance standards, one-stop-shops for renovations and charging infrastructure requirements to promote e-mobility. It stressed the role of smart and flexible building technologies in reducing buildings' footprint. | Rapporteur: |

| Title | Reference |
|---|--|
| The New European Bauhaus | <u>i</u> |
| The report expressed support for the New European Bauhaus | 2021/2255(INI) |
| (NEB), which aspires to create a pan–European cultural movement contributing to a smarter, more sustainable, inclusive and enjoyable living environment and promoting the development of knowledge at local and global level. It called for an integrated governance model and defined the criteria for selection of projects. Parliament also called for more funding and for the NEB to be a standalone | Joint committee procedure: ITRE-CULT |
| project in the next MFF. | Co-Rapporteurs: |
| | Christian EHLER (ITRE, EPP), |
| | Marcos ROS |
| | SEMPERE |
| | (CULT, S&D) |

| Title | Reference |
|--|---|
| Small modular reactors | |
| ITRE decided to draw up an own-initiative report on small modular reactors (SMRs), a key emerging nuclear technology. According to the report, SMRs can reduce the costs of future nuclear projects via design and manufacturing standardisation and supply chain integration, and can also support the green transition by providing flexible, stable and clean generation capacity, thus complementing variable renewable sources like solar and wind. The report attracted strong interest from stakeholders and shaped the Commission's decision to establish a new Industrial Alliance to develop and deploy SMRs in Europe by the early 2030s. | 2023/2109(INI) Rapporteur: Franc BOGOVIČ (EPP) |

| Title | Reference |
|---|--|
| Geothermal energy | |
| The report called for a European geothermal energy strategy, by i.a. reducing administrative burdens and support investments in buildings, industry and agricultural sectors across the Union. | 2023/2111(INI) |
| The report also called for: a Geothermal Industrial Alliance to fast-track best practices and the effective implementation of legislation; a harmonised financial risk mitigation insurance scheme; encouraging Member States to design national strategies for geothermal like those by the French, German, Polish, Austrian, Croatian and Irish governments; and supporting regions in transition and coal regions to transition to geothermal. | Rapporteur: Zdzisław KRASNODĘBSKI (ECR) |

| Title | Reference |
|--|---|
| European Hydrogen Bank (EHB) | |
| ITRE decided to draw up an own-initiative report to react to the Commission communication on a European Hydrogen Bank (EHB). The report proposed a substantial increase in the budget of the EHB emphasising that it should prioritise domestic production and evolve into a one-stop-shop, streamlining support for all renewable hydrogen activities across the EU. It underlined that the EHB should focus on hard-to-abate industries and heavy transport, for which direct electrification is not technologically possible or competitive, and called for setting up regional auctions within the EHB to ensure a fair and balanced allocation of funds across all Member States. | 2023/2123(INI) Rapporteur: Robert HAJŠEL (S&D) |

DIGITAL

| Title | Reference |
|---|--|
| A European strategy for data | |
| Subsequent to the Commission communication 'A European strategy for data' aiming at the creation of a single market for data to ensure Europe's global competitiveness and data sovereignty, ITRE adopted an own-initiative report that asked as a matter of priority for a legislative framework for the governance of data sharing. The report defined Parliament's views on data access, interoperability, portability and ownership. Furthermore, it underlined the need to address related issues such as infrastructure and cybersecurity, education, knowledge and competence as well as international considerations. | 2020/2217(INI) Rapporteur: Miapetra KUMPULA-NATRI (S&D) |

INDUSTRY, RESEARCH & SPACE

| A New Industrial Strategy for Europe | |
|--|---|
| The report addressed the conditions for long-term growth, financing, including stimulus measures, the European Green Deal, strengthening Europe's global leadership and reducing the EU's dependence on other parts of the world in strategic value chains by avoiding the relocation of European industries while preserving an open market. It built on two main and interlinked phases: one aimed at consolidating jobs and reactivating production, and a second on rebuilding and transforming European industry, pursuing the objectives of the double transition and strengthening the EU's sovereignty and strategic autonomy. | 2020/2076(INI) Rapporteur: Carlo CALENDA (S&D) |

| Title | Reference |
|---|------------------------------|
| A new strategy for European SMEs | |
| Emphasising SMEs' pivotal role in the economy, the report addressed the challenges exacerbated by the pandemic, advocating tailored support like regulatory reforms, enhanced access to finance, and digitalisation. Urgent measures to tackle late payments and bolster sectors hardest hit by COVID-19 were suggested. The recovery strategy should prioritise SMEs, allocating increased funding for innovation and environmentally friendly practices. Additionally, measures to enhance competitiveness in global markets and support for STEM education, particularly for women, were proposed. | Rapporteur: Paolo BORCHIA |

| Title | Reference |
|---|---|
| A European strategy for critical raw materials | |
| Subsequent to the Commission communication 'Critical Raw Materials Resilience: Charting a Path towards greater Security and Sustainability' that aimed at ensuring access to critical resources as | 2021/2011(INI) |
| part of the new industrial strategy for Europe, ITRE adopted an own-initiative report that asked for an integrated approach across the value chain. The report defined Parliament's views on projects | Rapporteur: Hildegard BENTELE (EPP) |
| of common European interest, circular economy, and strategic approach towards supply from outside the Union. | , , |

| Title | Reference |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| Implementation of the Updated SME Strategy for Europe: aligning | spending to policy |
| The report emphasised the necessity of a robust policy aligned with the Green Deal, aiming to reduce dependency on non-EU countries, | 2022/2008(INI) |
| enhance innovation and promote a circular economy. It highlighted the need for targeted relief measures for vulnerable customers in the industrial context, in particular vulnerable SMEs and micro- enterprises, which have been strongly affected by the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Maintaining a level playing field and | Rapporteur: Tom BERENDSEN (EPP) |
| addressing unfair competition, especially in strategic sectors, were also highlighted as key objectives. | |

| Title | Reference |
|--|---|
| Implementation report on the European Innovation Council | |
| The European Innovation Council (EIC) has been established under Horizon Europe. It has a budget of €10.1 billion to support game changing innovations, technology transfer, and the financing and scale up of start-ups and SMEs. ITRE decided to draw up an own-initiative report in order to look into the governance issues of the EIC, which have caused delays in providing the funds that were promised to entities selected for support. The report recommended reassessing the management of the EIC Fund to better reflect the ambitious nature of the EIC, emphasising principles such as direct control by the Commission. | 2022/2063(INI) Rapporteur: Christian EHLER (EPP) |

| Title | Reference | |
|---|-------------|--|
| Critical technologies for security and defence: state of play and future challenges | | |
| ITRE decided to draw up an own-initiative report to react to the Commission communication 'Roadmap on Critical Technologies for Security and Defence'. The report stressed that the worsening security situation in Europe demands stronger and better coordination on critical technologies for security and defence, including ammunition production. A European defence equipment market should be established, and Member States should cooperate more closely on capability development. | Rapporteur: | |

| Title | Reference |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Increasing innovation, industrial and technological competiti favourable environment for start-ups and scale-ups | veness through a |
| The report stated that comprehensive measures should be taken to unlock the full potential of start-ups and scale-ups in driving innovation and enhancing the EU's industrial and technological | 2023/2110(INI) |
| competitiveness. It called on the Commission to propose a | Rapporteur: |
| harmonised definition for start-ups and scale-ups, and to tackle the challenges faced by them such as limited access to funding, regulatory burdens, difficulty in attracting and retaining talent, and | Tsvetelina PENKOVA (S&D) |
| access to markets. | |

| Title | Reference |
|---|-------------|
| Promotion of the freedom of scientific research in the EU (legislati | ve INI) |
| This legislative own-initiative report called for a proposal for a legislation to guarantee, protect and promote the freedom of scientific research. The legislation should ensure the right of individual researchers to conduct research and disseminate their findings. For scientific research organisations, it should ensure the right to institutional autonomy and international collaboration, and introduce an obligation to involve scientific researchers in decision-making. Governmental bodies should be obliged to respect, protect, promote and ensure the freedom of scientific research. | Rapporteur: |

Scrutiny and oversight activities of the Committee

Hearings of Commissioners-designate

During the 9th parliamentary term, ITRE organised, either alone or jointly with other committees, the hearings of six Commissioners-designate, one of whom was an Executive Vice-President-designate:

| Commissioner-designate or Executive Vice-President- designate | Portfolio | Date of hearing(s) |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| Mariya Gabriel | Innovation and Youth | 30 September 2019 |
| Sylvie Goulard (rejected in a joint committee vote) | Internal Market | 2 and 10 October 2019 |
| Kadri Simson | Energy | 3 October 2019 |
| Margrethe Vestager | A Europe Fit for the Digital Age | 8 October 2019 |
| Thierry Breton (proposed to replace Goulard) | Internal Market | 14 November 2019 |
| Iliana Ivanova | Innovation, Research, Culture, Education and Youth | 5 September 2023 |

ITRE also participated, as an associated committee, in the following hearings:

| Commissioner-designate or (Executive) Vice-President-designate | Portfolio | Date of hearing |
|--|---|-------------------|
| Maroš Šefčovič | Interinstitutional Relations and Foresight | 30 September 2019 |
| Frans Timmermans | European Green Deal | 8 October 2019 |
| Wopke Hoekstra | Climate Action | 2 October 2023 |
| Maroš Šefčovič | European Green Deal, Interinstitutional Relations and Foresight | 3 October 2023 |

Structured dialogue and other meetings with Commissioners

During the 9th parliamentary term, ITRE held 38 regular 'structured dialogues' or other meetings with Commissioners whose portfolios fall within ITRE competences. The aim of these meetings is to assess the implementation of the Commission work programme, discuss topical issues, and look at future priorities.

| Date | Title |
|------------------|---|
| | |
| 23 January 2020 | Exchange of views with Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, on the energy related aspects of the European Green Deal |
| 28 January 2020 | Structured dialogue with Mr Thierry Breton, Commissioner for Internal Market |
| 18 February 2020 | Structured dialogue with Ms Mariya Gabriel, Commissioner for Innovation, Research, Culture, Education and Youth |
| 18 February 2020 | Structured dialogue with Mr Frans Timmermans, Executive Vice-President for the European Green Deal |
| 19 February 2020 | Presentation by Mr Thierry Breton, Commissioner for Internal Market, of the new initiatives in the digital sector |
| 24 April 2020 | Exchange of views with Ms Mariya Gabriel, Commissioner for Innovation, Research, Culture, Education and Youth and Mr Thierry Breton, Commissioner for Internal Market, on the way forward following the adoption by plenary of a resolution on COVID-19 |
| 19 May 2020 | Exchange of views with Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, on energy-related aspects of European recovery after COVID-19 |
| 4 June 2020 | Exchange of views with Mr Thierry Breton, Commissioner for Internal Market, on European recovery after COVID-19 |
| 16 June 2020 | Exchange of views with Ms Mariya Gabriel, Commissioner for Innovation, Research, Culture, Education and Youth, on European recovery after COVID-19 |
| 1 October 2020 | Exchange of views with Mr Thierry Breton, Commissioner for Internal Market, on ICT state-of-play and the upcoming legislative initiatives in the digital area |
| 15 October 2020 | Presentation by Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, on the Renovation Wave and the Methane Strategy |
| 15 December 2020 | Presentation by Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, on the revision of Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 on guidelines for trans-European energy infrastructure (TEN-E Regulation) |
| 18 March 2021 | Structured dialogue with Ms Mariya Gabriel, Commissioner for Innovation, Research, Culture, Education and Youth |
| 10 May 2021 | Structured dialogue with Mr Thierry Breton, Commissioner for Internal Market |
| 26 May 2021 | Structured dialogue with Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy |

| Date | Title |
|-------------------|--|
| 15 July 2021 | Presentation by Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, of the energy aspects of the Fit for 55 package |
| 27 September 2021 | Presentation by Ms Mariya Gabriel, Commissioner for Innovation, Research, Culture, Education and Youth, on the Communication on the Global Approach to Research and Innovation and other research related topics |
| 14 October 2021 | Presentation by Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, on measures to tackle energy price rises |
| 2 February 2022 | Exchange of views with Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, on energy prices in the EU |
| 2 February 2022 | Presentation by Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, of the new EU framework to decarbonise gas markets, promote hydrogen and reduce methane emissions and the revision of the Energy Performance of Buildings Directive (Fit for 55 package) |
| 15 March 2022 | Presentation by Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, of the REPowerEU Communication |
| 21 March 2022 | Structured dialogue with Mr Thierry Breton, Commissioner for Internal Market, with particular focus on the Commission's proposals on the Secure Connectivity Programme and the Chips Act |
| 31 March 2022 | Structured dialogue with Ms Margrethe Vestager, Executive Vice-President for A Europe Fit for the Digital Age, with particular focus on the Chips Act and the Data Act |
| 2 June 2022 | Presentation by Mr Johannes Hahn, Commissioner for Budget and Administration, of the proposal for a regulation on measures for a high common level of cybersecurity at the institutions, bodies, offices and agencies of the Union |
| 13 June 2022 | Structured dialogue with Ms Mariya Gabriel, Commissioner for Innovation, Research, Culture, Education and Youth, with particular focus on European support to the Ukrainian research community |
| 14 June 2022 | Presentation by Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, of the REPowerEU Plan |
| 4 October 2022 | Exchange of views with Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, on the state-of-play on the energy markets and recent and forthcoming energy proposals |
| 29 November 2022 | Exchange of views with Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, on the energy crisis |
| 24 January 2023 | Structured dialogue with Ms Mariya Gabriel, Commissioner for Innovation, Research, Culture, Education and Youth |
| 9 March 2023 | Exchange of views with Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, and Mr Fatih Birol, Executive Director of the International Energy Agency (IEA), on the consequences on the EU's energy policy |
| 27 March 2023 | Presentation by Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, of the Electricity Market Design Package |

| Date | Title |
|------------------|--|
| 28 March 2023 | Structured dialogue with Mr Thierry Breton, Commissioner for Internal Market, with particular focus on the Critical Raw Materials Act and the Net-Zero Industry Act |
| 25 April 2023 | Structured dialogue with Mr Johannes Hahn, Commissioner for Budget and Administration, with a particular focus on the Interoperable Europe Act proposal |
| 28 November 2023 | Structured dialogue with Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, including with respect to the first Union list of PCIs and PMIs, the state of the Energy Union and the outlook for the winter |
| 23 January 2024 | Structured dialogue with Ms Iliana Ivanova, Commissioner for Innovation, Research, Culture, Education and Youth |
| 15 February 2024 | Exchange of views with Ms Kadri Simson, Commissioner for Energy, on energy aspects of the latest Commission proposals |
| 9 April 2024 | Structured dialogue with Mr Thierry Breton, Commissioner for Internal Market |
| 9 April 2024 | Structured dialogue with Mr Maroš Šefčovič, Executive Vice- President for the European Green Deal, Interinstitutional Relations and Foresight |

Delegated and implementing acts

During the 9th parliamentary term, ITRE scrutinised a total of 30 delegated acts and a large number of implementing acts. Public discussions were held with the Commission during committee meetings regarding several important delegated acts.

List of delegated acts:

| Title | Reference |
|--|-------------------|
| Trong European anarous infracturations Union list of | 2010 /2007(DE A \ |
| Trans-European energy infrastructure: Union list of projects of common interest | 2019/2907(DEA) |
| Energy labelling of residential ventilation units: | 2020/2526(DEA) |
| correcting certain language versions | <u> </u> |
| Labelling of certain energy-related products: | 2020/2628(DEA) |
| correcting certain language versions | |
| Values for global warming potentials and the inventory | 2020/2648(DEA) |
| guidelines and the Union inventory system | 0000 (0655(DEA) |
| Establishing the eligibility and selection criteria and | 2020/2655(DEA) |
| the procedure for the designation of the Registry of the .eu top-level domain name | |
| Optional common European Union scheme for rating | 2020/2831(DEA) |
| the smart readiness of buildings | |
| Energy labelling requirements for electronic displays, | 2020/2933(DEA) |
| household washing machines and household washer- | |
| dryers, light sources, refrigerating appliances, | |
| household dishwashers and refrigerating appliances | |
| with a direct sales function | 2020 (2077(DEA) |
| Voice call termination rates in the EU (Eurorates) | 2020/2937(DEA) |
| European business statistics: details for the statistical | 2021/2822(DEA) |
| information to be provided by tax and customs | |
| authorities and amending Annexes V and VI | |
| Establishing the Union renewable development | 2021/2849(DEA) |
| platform | 0001 (0007/DEA) |
| Composition of the risk groups | 2021/2987(DEA) |
| Union list of projects of common interest | 2021/2991(DEA) |
| | |
| Methodology for calculating the amount of renewable | 2021/3042(DEA) |
| energy used for cooling and district cooling | |
| Specific selection criteria and the details of the | 2021/3055(DEA) |
| process for selecting cross-border projects in the field of renewable energy | |
| List of selected cross-border projects in the field of | 2022/2813(DEA) |
| renewable energy | |
| Revising the primary energy factor for electricity | 2022/3021(DEA) |
| | |

| , | • |
|--|---|
| Measures to ensure effective access to emergency | 2022/3024(DEA) |
| services through emergency communications to the | |
| single European emergency number '112 | |
| Establishing a Union methodology setting out detailed | 2023/2568(DEA) |
| rules for the production of renewable liquid and | |
| gaseous transport fuels of non-biological origin | |
| Establishing a minimum threshold for greenhouse gas | 2023/2569(DEA) |
| emissions savings of recycled carbon fuels and by | |
| specifying a methodology for assessing greenhouse | |
| gas emissions savings from renewable liquid and | |
| gaseous transport fuels of non-biological origin and | |
| from recycled carbon fuels | |
| Methodology to determine the share of biofuel and | 2023/2730(DEA) |
| biogas for transport, produced from biomass being | |
| processed with fossil fuels in a common process | |
| Energy labelling of smartphones and slate tablets | 2023/2756(DEA) |
| 3, | |
| Energy labelling requirements of air conditioners, light | 2023/2776(DEA) |
| sources, refrigerating appliances, and refrigerating | |
| appliances with a direct sales function: correcting | |
| some Delegated Regulations | |
| Review of harmonised efficiency reference values for | 2023/2777(DEA) |
| separate production of electricity and heat in | ====,====== |
| application of the Energy Efficiency Directive | |
| Energy labelling of household tumble dryers | 2023/2801(DEA) |
| | |
| Establishing a list of selected cross-border projects in | 2023/2859(DEA) |
| the field of renewable energy | ====,======, |
| Union list of projects of common interest and projects | 2023/3007(DEA) |
| of mutual interest | |
| Establishing a network code on sector-specific rules | 2024/2649(DEA) |
| for cybersecurity aspects of cross-border electricity | <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> |
| flows | |
| Aligning a technical term with Directive on the | 2024/2685(DEA) |
| promotion of the use of energy from renewable | <u></u> |
| sources | |
| First phase of the establishment of a common Union | 2024/2693(DEA) |
| rating scheme for data centres | |
| Renewable Energy Directive: amending Annex IX as | 2024/2694(DEA) |
| regards adding feedstock for the production of | |
| biofuels and biogas | |
| L DIOTOGIO UNA DIOGUS | |

Questions to the Commission and the Council and motions for resolution

During the 9th parliamentary term, ITRE put forward 11 questions for oral answer addressed to the European Commission or the Council, 8 of which were accompanied by a motion for resolution:

| Title | Reference | Rapporteur | Question/Motion for resolution |
|---|----------------|--|--|
| Revision of the guidelines for trans-European energy infrastructure | 2020/2549(RSP) | Cristian–Silviu BUŞOI (as Chair) | Question accompanied by a motion for resolution |
| Safety of the nuclear power plant in Ostrovets (Belarus) | 2021/2511(RSP) | Cristian–Silviu BUŞOI (as Chair) | Question accompanied by a motion for resolution |
| A new ERA for Research and Innovation | 2021/2524(RSP) | Cristian–Silviu BUŞOI (as Chair) | Question accompanied by a motion for resolution |
| The EU's Cybersecurity Strategy for the Digital Decade | 2021/2568(RSP) | Cristian–Silviu BUŞOI (as Chair) | Question accompanied by a motion for resolution |
| Global Approach to Research and Innovation: Europe's strategy for international cooperation in a changing world | 2021/3001(RSP) | Cristian-Silviu BUŞOI (as Chair) | Question accompanied by a motion for resolution |
| Rising energy prices and market manipulation on the gas market | 2022/2552(RSP) | Cristian-Silviu BUŞOI (as Chair) | Question |
| An EU Approach for Space Traffic Management - An EU contribution addressing a global challenge | 2022/2641(RSP) | Cristian–Silviu BUŞOI (as Chair) | Question accompanied by a motion for resolution |
| European support to the Ukrainian research community | 2022/2691(RSP) | Cristian–Silviu BUŞOI (as Chair) | Question |
| A new European innovation agenda | 2023/2799(RSP) | Cristian–Silviu BUŞOI (as Chair) | Question |
| Young researchers | 2023/2884(RSP) | Cristian-Silviu BUŞOI (as Chair) | Question accompanied by a motion for resolution |

| Association agreements | 2023/3018(RSP) | Christian | Question |
|--------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| for the participation of | | EHLER | accompanied by |
| third countries in Union | | (ITRE, EPP), | a motion for |
| programmes | | Jean-Lin | resolution |
| | | LACAPELLE | |
| | | (AFET, ID) | |
| | | | |
| | | (jointly with | |
| | | AFET) | |

Fact finding and outreach activities

Missions and ad hoc delegations

Each year, committees may send missions of Members to locations within the EU and ad hoc delegations to countries outside the EU. Missions may visit agencies that fall within the committee's responsibility or places of relevance to subjects falling within the committee's remit. The number of missions was reduced during the 9th term due to the COVID pandemic. ITRE organised the following 16 missions:

| Title | Date |
|--|----------------------|
| Mission to Budapest (Hungary) and Vienna (Austria) | 28-30 October 2019 |
| Ad hoc delegation to Washington (USA) | 1-5 November 2021 |
| Mission to ACER, Ljubljana (Slovenia) | 3-4 November 2021 |
| Mission to the Czech Republic (Brno, Prague) | 21-23 February 2022 |
| Mission to Portugal (Lisbon) | 23-25 May 2022 |
| Mission to ENISA, Athens (Greece) | 18-19 July 2022 |
| Mission to Spain (Galicia, Asturias) | 19-21 September 2022 |
| Ad hoc delegation to South Korea | 19-23 September 2022 |
| Mission to Italy (Milan and Lombardy regions) | 2-4 November 2022 |
| Mission to Poland (Wałbrzych, Konin, Poznań) | 3-5 April 2023 |
| Mission to the BEREC Office, Riga (Latvia) | 15-16 May 2023 |
| Mission to Finland (Eurajoki, Olkiluoto, Rauma, Pori, Tampere and Espoo) | 15-17 May 2023 |
| Mission to Denmark (Copenhagen, Kalundborg and Esbjerg) | 19-21 June 2023 |
| Mission to ACER, Ljubljana (Slovenia) | 30-31 October 2023 |
| Ad hoc delegation to Silicon Valley (USA) | 30 Oct-2 Nov 2023 |
| Mission to Eindhoven and Rotterdam (The Netherlands) | 30-31 October 2023 |

Each year, ITRE also participates, together with other committees, in two EP adhoc delegations to two conferences organised by the United Nations: the Internet Governance Forum (IGF) and the Conference of Parties (COP) to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC). During the 9th parliamentary term the number of IGF and COP meetings were curtailed due to the COVID pandemic. ITRE participated in the following eight ad hoc delegations to the IGF and COP:

| Title | Date |
|--|---------------------|
| EP ad hoc delegation to the 14th Internet Governance Forum, Berlin (Germany) | 25-29 November 2019 |
| EP ad hoc delegation to COP25, Madrid (Spain) | 10-14 December 2019 |
| EP ad-hoc delegation to COP26, Glasgow (United Kingdom) | 9-13 November 2021 |
| EP ad-hoc delegation to the 16th Internet Governance Forum, Katowice (Poland) | 6-10 December 2021 |
| EP ad hoc delegation to COP27, Sharm el Sheikh (Egypt) | 14-18 November 2022 |
| EP ad-hoc delegation to the 17th Internet Governance Forum, Addis Ababa (Ethiopia) | 28 Nov-2 Dec 2022 |
| EP ad-hoc delegation to the 18th Internet Governance Forum, Kyoto (Japan) | 8-12 October 2023 |
| EP ad hoc delegation to COP28 in Dubai (United Arab Emirates) | 7-12 December 2023 |

Public hearings

Committees may organise public hearings where this is considered essential to their work on a particular subject. Public hearings allow Members to hear the views of experts or stakeholders on a legislative proposal or any other topic of interest to the committee. During the 9th parliamentary term, ITRE organised the following 21 public hearings:

| Title | Date |
|--|-------------------|
| Strategic Planning of Horizon Europe: Missions and Partnerships | 23 January 2020 |
| How to secure access to COVID-19 vaccines for EU citizens: clinical trials, production and distribution challenges (jointly with ENVI) | 22 September 2020 |
| How to increase the capacity of COVID 19 vaccine production and improve delivery (jointly with ENVI) | 25 February 2021 |
| Data Governance Act: how to enable data-driven innovation for the benefit of businesses and society? | 25 March 2021 |
| Decarbonisation of the Energy System | 13 April 2021 |
| The New European Bauhaus initiative (jointly with CULT) | 16 June 2021 |
| A new Industrial Strategy for Europe | 28 October 2021 |
| The energy aspects of the Fit for 55 package | 9 November 2021 |
| Excellent, secure, resilient and energy efficient connectivity | 30 November 2021 |
| The New ERA for Research and Innovation | 6 December 2021 |
| European Digital Identity Wallet and Trust Services | 3 February 2022 |
| Revision of the Third Energy Package for gas | 22 March 2022 |
| New European Bauhaus: taking stock and the way forward (jointly with CULT) | 20 April 2022 |
| Creative Start-ups and Innovation | 16 May 2022 |
| Distributed solar energy and prosumers: challenges and opportunities | 17 May 2022 |

| Automotive industry: from manufacturing to distribution | 21 June 2022 |
|--|-----------------|
| How a European Chips Act will put Europe back in the tech race | 14 July 2022 |
| Data Act: creating growth and innovation | 26 October 2022 |
| Critical Raw Materials | 22 May 2023 |
| Net Zero Industry Act | 23 May 2023 |
| Reform of the EU's electricity market design | 24 April 2023 |

Working groups

ITRE Working Group on Horizon Europe

The ITRE Working Group on Horizon Europe was established in March 2021, following the adoption of Horizon Europe, to scrutinise the implementation of the programme. The WG had permanent Members from various political groups which decided on the agenda, but the meetings were open to all interested ITRE Members.

The Members of the Working Group on Horizon Europe were:

| EPP | Christian EHLER |
|------------|----------------------------------|
| S&D | Dan NICA |
| RE | Martina DLABAJOVÁ |
| Greens/EFA | Jordi SOLE I FERRANDO |
| ECR | Evžen TOSENOVSKY |
| ID | Elena LIZZI |
| The Left | Marisa MATIAS (until March 2024) |
| | Marc BOTENGA (from March 2024) |

ITRE ACER Contact Group

Since ACER's establishment, it has been a priority for ITRE to maintain strong relations and regular contacts with the Agency. ITRE established an informal ACER contact group, consisting of ITRE Members from the various political groups, who followed closely the work of the Agency. Meetings between the contact group and ACER representatives took place on an ad-hoc basis and informally in order to discuss issues of current interest.

The Members of the ACER Contact Group were:

| EPP | Maria SPYRAKI |
|------------|--------------------------------|
| | Pernille WEISS |
| S&D | Josianne CUTAJAR |
| | Ivo HRISTOV |
| RE | Iskra MIHAYLOVA |
| | Morten Helveg PETERSEN (Chair) |
| Greens/EFA | Ciarán CUFFE |
| | Jutta PAULUS |
| ECR | Izabela-Helena KLOC |
| | Jacek SARYUSZ-WOLSKI |
| ID | Sylvia LIMMER |
| | Joëlle MÉLIN |
| The Left | Marisa MATIAS |

ITRE Contact Group on Ukraine

On 8 March 2022, the ITRE Coordinators set up the ITRE Contact Group to follow the acute impact of the Russian attack on Ukraine on the policy areas covered by ITRE (chaired by Cristian–Silviu Buşoi). During the meetings, which were organised on a regular basis until September 2023, the Members discussed the latest developments in ITRE's areas of competence with various representatives of the European Commission, including Commissioners. In this context, DG ENER also provided weekly statistics on energy data to monitor the energy crisis. The meetings of the ITRE Contact Group were organised in the format of extraordinary coordinators' meetings open to all ITRE Members.

Covid 19 Vaccines Contact Group (temporary)

The Conference of Presidents decided on 24 February 2021 to establish a Covid 19 Vaccines Contact Group consisting of the ITRE, ENVI and INTA Chairs and Coordinators (or their replacements). The contact group held a number of meetings, all remote. The last meeting was in April 2022.

Studies, briefings, in-depth analyses

Policy departments provide in-house and external expertise to support committees in shaping legislation and exercising scrutiny. During the 9th parliamentary term, the Policy Department for Economic, Scientific and Quality of Life Policies (Policy Department A, DG IPOL) has prepared the following studies, briefings and in-depth analyses for ITRE:

| Туре | Title | Publication Date | PE number |
|----------|--|---------------------|---------------|
| Briefing | Commitments made at the hearings of the Commissioners-designate - von der Leyen Commission 2019-2024: Thierry Breton; Mariya Gabriel; Kadri Simson; Margrethe Vestager | 16-Oct-20 | 629837 |
| Briefing | Tracking the EU Commissioners' commitments – Von der Leyen Commission, 2019 – 2024: Thierry Breton; Mariya Gabriel; Kadri Simson; Margrethe Vestager | 20-Sep-22 | 700876 |
| Briefing | Commitments made at the hearing of Iliana Ivanova, Commissioner-designate Innovation, Research, Culture, Education and Youth | 20-Sep-23 | 740096 |
| Briefing | Commitments made at the hearing of WOPKE HOEKSTRA, Commissioner-designate on Climate Action | 17-Oct-23 | <u>754186</u> |
| Briefing | Commitments made at the hearing of MAROŠ ŠEFČOVIČ, Executive Vice-President of the Commission on the European Green Deal | 20-Oct-23 | 754187 |
| Briefing | Covid-19 Newsletter 1 | 22-Apr-20 | 648794 |
| Briefing | COVID-19: List of the measures taken in relation to the ITRE remit - March-April 2020 | 12-May-20 | 648804 |
| Briefing | National COVID-19 contact tracing apps | 15-May-20 | 652711 |
| Briefing | Covid-19 Newsletter 2: Exit strategy | 03-Jul-20 | 652710 |

| ļ | Ţ | · | Ţ |
|----------------------|--|-----------|---------------|
| Briefing | COVID-19: List of the measures taken in relation to the ITRE remit May–June 2020 | 13-Jul-20 | 652726 |
| Study | Impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on EU industries | 29-Mar-21 | <u>662903</u> |
| Briefing | The White Paper on Artificial Intelligence | 02-Apr-20 | 648773 |
| Study | Opportunities of Artificial Intelligence | 15-Jun-20 | <u>652713</u> |
| Study | Europe's Digital Decade and Autonomy | 26-Oct-21 | 695465 |
| Study | The emergence of non-personal data markets | 06-Oct-23 | 740098 |
| Study | The European Health Data Space | 08-Dec-23 | 740054 |
| Study | Budget and staffing needs at the Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators | 31-Oct-20 | 658177 |
| Study | Decarbonisation of Energy | 18-Nov-21 | 695469 |
| Study | The road to energy efficiency | 10-Dec-21 | <u>695480</u> |
| Study | The Revision of the Third Energy Package for Gas | 01-Dec-22 | 734009 |
| Study | The role of financial operators in the ETS market and the incidence of their activities in determining the allowances' price | 06-Dec-22 | 740052 |
| In-Depth Analysis | Salt Batteries: Opportunities and applications of storage systems based on sodium nickel chloride batteries | 07-Feb-23 | 740064 |
| Study | The design of the European electricity market - Current proposals and ways ahead | 28-Sep-23 | 740094 |
| Study | Energy system infrastructures and investments in hydrogen, including an impact analysis of Ukraine's connection to the EU power grid | 27-Apr-24 | 754207 |

| Study | SME focus - Long term strategy for the European industrial future | 19-Mar-20 | <u>648776</u> |
|----------------------|---|-----------|---------------|
| Study | Energy-intensive industries - Challenges and opportunities in energy transition | 01-Jul-20 | 652717 |
| Study | The Future of the EU Automotive Sector | 30-Sep-21 | <u>695457</u> |
| Study | Moving towards Zero-Emission Steel - Technologies Available, Prospects, Timeline and Costs | 16-Dec-21 | <u>695484</u> |
| Study | Space Market - How to facilitate access and create an open and competitive market? | 21-Dec-21 | <u>695483</u> |
| Study | Strengthening the security of supply of products containing Critical Raw Materials for the green transition and decarbonisation | 19-Dec-22 | 740058 |
| Study | Application of the 'One in, one out' approach — and its impact on businesses | 15-Jan-24 | 754202 |
| Study | First appraisal of the EU-UK Trade and Cooperation Agreement by Policy Department A | 30-Mar-21 | 662902 |
| Workshop | Bridging the gender gap in digital, research and industry: What is the way forward? | 30-Jun-21 | 662933 |
| In-Depth Analysis | Background Briefing for ITRE Delegation to Lombardy and Piedmont, Italy, 24 - 26 February 2020 | 01-Feb-20 | internal |
| In-Depth Analysis | Background Briefing for ITRE Delegation to Czech Republic - 6 to 8 April 2020 | 01-Apr-20 | internal |
| In-Depth Analysis | Background Briefing for ITRE Delegation to Katowice, Poland - 6 to 10 Dec 2021 | 01-Nov-21 | internal |
| In-Depth Analysis | Background Briefing for ITRE Delegation to Washington DC, US - 1 to 5 Nov 2021 | 01-Nov-21 | internal |

| In-Depth | Background Briefing for ITRE | 01 5-6 00 | : |
|----------------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| Analysis | Delegation to Brno and Prague - 21 to 23 February 2022 | 01-Feb-22 | internal |
| In-Depth | Background Briefing for ITRE Delegation to Seoul, South Korea - 11 to | 01-Apr-22 | internal |
| Analysis | 15 April 2022 | | |
| In-Depth Analysis | Background Briefing for ITRE Delegation to Lisbon, Portugal - 23 to | 01-May-22 | internal |
| | 25 May 2022 | • | |
| In-Depth | Background Briefing for ITRE Delegation to Galicia and Asturias, | 01-Sep-22 | internal |
| Analysis | Spain - 19 to 21 September 2022 | | |
| In-Depth Analysis | Background Briefing for ITRE Delegation to Milan - Lombardy region, | 01-Oct-22 | internal |
| | Italy - 2 to 4 November 2022 | | |
| In-Depth | Background Briefing for ITRE Delegation to Wałbrzych, Konin and | 01-Mar-23 | internal |
| Analysis | Poznań, Poland - 3 to 5 April 2023 | | |
| In-Depth | Background Briefing for ITRE Delegation to Eurajoki, Olkiluoto, | 01-May-23 | internal |
| Analysis | Rauma, Tampere and Espoo, Finland – 15 to 17 May 2023 | | |
| | Background Briefing for ITRE | | |
| In-Depth Analysis | Delegation to Copenhagen, Kalundborg and Esbjerg, Denmark - 19 to 21 June | 01-Jun-23 | internal |
| Allalysis | 2023 | | |
| In-Depth | Background Briefing for ITRE Delegation to Silicon Valley, USA, 30 | Oct-27 | internal |
| Analysis | October - 2 November 2023 | OCI-23 | IIICIIIdl |
| In-Depth | Background Briefing for ITRE Delegation to Eindhoven, Rotterdam | | |
| Analysis | and The Hague, the Netherlands, 30 | Oct-23 | internal |
| | October - 1 November 2023 | | |
| In-Depth | Background Briefing for ITRE Delegation to UN-convened 18th | 0-1-07 | |
| Analysis | annual meeting of the Internet Governance Forum Kyoto, Japan - 8 to | OCT-25 | internal |
| | 12 October 2023 | | |

| Briefing | Background Briefing mission to Ukraine | for | ITRE | Chair | Mar-24 | internal |
|----------|--|-----|------|-------|--------|----------|
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Gender mainstreaming: stocktaking the successes and charting the way forward

By MEP Josianne Cutajar, ITRE Standing Rapporteur for Gender Mainstreaming

An Introductory Message from MEP Cutajar

Gender equality is not only a fundamental EU value, but it is also crucial to ensuring inclusive and socially equitable policymaking. As ITRE's Standing Rapporteur for Gender Mainstreaming in the 2019-2024 mandate, I have dedicated my efforts to promote gender equality in the Committee's work, including via amendments on different files and yearly activities during the European Gender Equality Week.

Hand in hand with the Secretariat, and taking into consideration the <u>ITRE</u> <u>Committee's Gender Mainstreaming Action Plan</u>, we have done our utmost to level-up our gender mainstreaming efforts this mandate. The aim of this short report is to therefore offer an outline of positive actions, and also evaluate what can be done better once the new MEPs are elected.

What is Gender Mainstreaming?

Gender equality forms an integral part of the EU's founding values (Art.2–3 TEU). Promotion of gender equality is also listed as a horizontal principle that the EU must take into account in all its activities (Art.8 TFEU). Gender mainstreaming refers to "the integration of a gender perspective into every aspect of EU policy-preparation, design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of policies, legal measures and spending programmes— with a view to achieving equality between women and men"⁴ In order to implement the principle of gender mainstreaming in all its activities, the European Parliament decided, in its resolution of 13 March 2003 and following resolutions, that the gender perspective should be integrated in the work of its committees and delegations and set the premises for the Gender Mainstreaming Network to be established.⁵

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⁴ SWD(2015)0278

⁵ Commission communication "Incorporating equal opportunities for women and men into all Community policies and activities" (COM(96)0067) from 1996 which established the principle of gender mainstreaming; resolutions of 2003, 2011 and 2016 on gender mainstreaming in the work of the European Parliament

Gender Equal Practices Adhered to throughout the Mandate

Gender mainstreaming was factored in throughout the Committee's work. Via work with the Secretariat, the best endeavours were made to ensure the use of **gender-neutral language** in committee related documents, as well as to achieve **gender balance among experts and speakers** during ITRE hearings and workshops, promoting diversity and representation.

Events Organised by the Committee

During the mandate, the ITRE Committee organised a number of events that directly tackled gender equality. Below is a list of the four most prominent events, three of which were organised as part of the **European Gender Equality Week Initiative**, which is now an annual fixture in ITRE's Calendar:

- June 2021: together with the Policy Department, the Committee organised a Workshop on: Bridging the gender gap in digital, research and industry: What is the way forward? This event was complemented by an in-depth study.
- October 2021: the Committee organised an Exchange of views with Mr Jean-Eric Paquet, Director-General for Research and Innovation, on gender equality issues as part of European Gender Equality Week.
- October 2022: the Committee organised an Exchange of views on gender inequalities in the energy sector where we welcomed Ms Maruša Gortnar, Head of Operations in the European Institute for Gender Equality (EIGE), as part of European Gender Equality Week 2022.
- October 2023: the Committee organised an Exchange of views on gender-equal transition to clean energy: patterns of behaviour, structural inequalities and opportunities where we welcomed Ms Annabel Wildschut, Research Officer (EIGE), as part of the mandate's final Gender Equality Week.

Regular participation of the ITRE Committee in the European Gender Equality Week was certainly a priority for MEP Cutajar and the Secretariat. This initiative, which was only introduced during this mandate, serves as a stellar example of productive cooperation between Committees like ITRE, FEMM, as well as other stakeholders such as the European Institute for Gender Equality.

MEP Cutajar's Comments on the Way Forward

Throughout this legislative term, I have been a part of the European Parliament's **Gender Mainstreaming Network**, as a testament of my belief that equality is a fundamental guiding principle for law-making. Integrating a gender perspective into our parliamentary duties and activities is key to ensuring that women and girls are given the **right tools to participate in**, as well as enrich the green and **digital transition**. To this end, I have emphasized the importance of

understanding gender inequalities through collecting more relevant data, as well as maintaining a gender perspective in all aspects of our work, particularly in fields such as **STEM**, and in **remote and disadvantaged geographical areas**, especially islands.

In the next mandate, the incoming MEPs ought not to lose any of the good practices that have been fostered, and work towards collecting statistics on gender mainstreaming efforts in successful legislative amendments. Furthermore, as ITRE, it would be beneficial to do more outreach with girls and young women who are interested in taking up careers in industry, research, and energy, as well as in fields that represent more upcoming challenges, such as cybersecurity. Amidst such severe sectoral skills shortages across our Union, we must do our utmost to fully tap into their full talents in these sectors.

As we aim for a more **equitable and inclusive society**, gender mainstreaming should remain a cornerstone of our work. Through collaborative efforts and ongoing commitment, we can continue to promote gender equality within the European Parliament and beyond, contributing to the broader objectives of the European Union.

Annexes

Committee Members

During the 9th parliamentary term, the number of ITRE Members increased from 67 to 78 full Members. The first photograph below was taken at the ITRE meeting of 14 February 2024. It is complemented by the second photograph (next page), taken in Strasbourg on 27 February 2024 and including EVP Vestager and Commissioners Simson and Breton.





| Full Members | Substitute Members | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| EPP | EPP | |
| M. BELLAMY François-Xavier | M. ARIMONT Pascal | |
| Mme BENTELE Hildegard | M. BOGDAN Ioan-Rareş | |
| M. BERENDSEN Tom | M. BOGOVIČ Franc | |
| M. BLAGA Vasile | Mme COMI Lara | |
| M. BUŞOI Cristian-Silviu | M. DE MEO Salvatore | |
| M. BUZEK Jerzy | M. FALCĂ Gheorghe | |
| Mme DEL CASTILLO VERA Pilar | M. GIESEKE Jens | |
| M. EHLER Christian | M. JARUBAS Adam | |
| M. KELLY Seán | M. KARAS Othmar | |
| M. KUBILIUS Andrius | M. LEWANDOWSKI Janusz | |
| M. MARTUSCIELLO Fulvio | M. MARINESCU Marian-Jean | |
| Mme MAYDELL Eva | Mme MELBĀRDE Dace | |
| Mme NETO Vânia | M. NIEDERMAYER Luděk | |
| Mme NIEBLER Angelika | M. RADTKE Dennis | |
| M. PIEPER Markus | M. SALINI Massimiliano | |
| Mme SKYTTEDAL Sara | M. ŠTEFANEC Ivan | |
| Mme SPYRAKI Maria | M. TOBÉ Tomas | |
| M. TERRAS Riho | Mme WALSMANN Marion | |
| Mme VIRKKUNEN Henna | Mme WINZIG Angelika | |
| Mme WEISS Pernille | Mme WISELER-LIMA Isabel | |

| S&D | S&D | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Mme COVASSI Beatrice | M. AGIUS SALIBA Alex | |
| Mme CUTAJAR Josianne | M. AMERIKS Andris | |
| M. FUGLSANG Niels | Mme BALLARÍN CEREZA Laura | |
| Mme GÁLVEZ MUÑOZ Lina | M. BALT Marek Paweł | |
| M. GEIER Jens | M. CHAHIM Mohammed | |
| M. GONZÁLEZ CASARES Nicolás | M. ECKE Matthias | |
| M. HAJŠEL Robert | M. GLANZELIUS Linus | |
| M. HRISTOV Ivo | Mme HOMS GINEL Alicia | |
| Mme JERKOVIĆ Romana | Mme KALJURAND Marina | |
| M. KOHUT Łukasz | Mme MEBAREK Nora | |
| Mme KUMPULA-NATRI Miapetra | M. MOLNÁR Csaba | |
| M. NICA Dan | M. ROS SEMPERE Marcos | |
| Mme PENKOVA Tsvetelina | M. RUDNER Thomas | |
| Mme TOIA Patrizia | M. SIDL Günther | |
| M. ZORRINHO Carlos | M. TUDOSE Mihai | |
| Renew | Renew | |
| M. DANTI Nicola | M. ANSIP Andrus | |
| Mme DLABAJOVÁ Martina | Mme BILBAO BARANDICA Izaskun | |
| M. FLEGO Valter | M. GLÜCK Andreas | |
| Mme GAMON Claudia | M. GROŠELJ Klemen | |
| M. GROOTHUIS Bart | Mme HAYER Valérie | |
| M. GRUDLER Christophe | M. HOJSÍK Martin | |
| M. IJABS Ivars | M. MITUȚA Alin | |
| M. KAUCH Michael | M. RIQUET Dominique | |
| Mme MIHAYLOVA Iskra | Mme SOLÍS PÉREZ Susana | |
| M. PEKKARINEN Mauri | M. TORVALDS Nils | |
| M. PETERSEN Morten | Mme WIESNER Emma | |
| Greens/EFA | Greens/EFA | |
| M. BLOSS Michael | M. ANDRESEN Rasmus | |
| M. CORRAO Ignazio | M. BOESELAGER Damian | |
| M. CUFFE Ciarán | M. CARÊME Damien | |
| Mme HAHN Henrike | M. DALUNDE Jakop G. | |
| M. NIENAß Niklas | Mme PAULUS Jutta | |
| M. NIINISTÖ Ville | Mme PETER-HANSEN Kira Marie | |
| M. PEKSA Mikuláš | M. ROPĖ Bronis | |
| Mme RIPA Manuela | M. SOLÉ Jordi | |
| Mme TOUSSAINT Marie | Mme VON CRAMON-TAUBADEL Viola | |
| ECR | ECR | |
| Mme KLOC Izabela-Helena | Mme DE BLASIS Elisabetta | |
| M. KRASNODĘBSKI Zdzisław | M. FIOCCHI Pietro | |
| M. NISSINEN Johan | M. ILČIĆ Ladislav | |
| M. ROOS Robert | Mme KRUK Elżbieta | |
| Mme SZYDŁO Beata | Mme DE LA PISA CARRIÓN Margarita | |
| M. TOBISZOWSKI Grzegorz | M. ROOKEN Rob | |
| M. TOŠENOVSKÝ Evžen | M. SARYUSZ-WOLSKI Jacek | |
| ID | ID | |
| M. ADINOLFI Matteo | M. CIOCCA Angelo | |

| M. BORCHIA Paolo | M. DAVID Ivan |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| M. BUCHHEIT Markus | Mme GANCIA Gianna |
| Mme DAUCHY Marie | Mme LIMMER Sylvia |
| M. MARIANI Thierry | Mme LIZZI Elena |
| M. MAYER Georg | M. PATRICIELLO Aldo |
| Mme TOVAGLIERI Isabella | M. REIL Guido |
| The Left | The Left |
| M. BOTENGA Marc | Mme ERNST Cornelia |
| Mme CARO MAYA Patricia | M. GEORGIOU Giorgos |
| Mme MESURE Marina | Mme KOUNTOURA Elena |
| Mme RODRIGUES Anabela | Mme PEREIRA Sandra |
| NI | NI |
| M. BUSCHMANN Martin | Mme BEGHIN Tiziana |
| M. GYÜRK András | Mme DONATO Francesca |
| Mme KAILI Eva | M. GEORGOULIS Alexis |
| Mme PONSATÍ OBIOLS Clara | M. SINČIĆ Ivan Vilibor |
| M. USPASKICH Viktor | |
| THE COLUMN TIMES | <u>i</u> |

List of ITRE Members as of 30/4/2024.

Bureau



BUŞOI Cristian-Silviu
Chair
EPP



KRASNODĘBSKI
Zdzisław
Vice-Chair
ECR



PETERSEN Morten
Vice-Chair
Renew



TOIA Patrizia
Vice-Chair
S&D



GÁLVEZ MUÑOZ Lina
Vice-Chair
S&D

Coordinators



EHLER Christian **EPP**



CARVALHO Maria da Graça **EPP**



NICA Dan S&D



DLABAJOVÁ Martina Renew



GRUDLER Christophe Renew



NIINISTÖ Ville **Greens/EFA**



KRASNODĘBSKI Zdzisław **ECR**



TOŠENOVSKÝ <u>Evžen</u> **ECR**



ID



BORCHIA Paolo BOTENGA Marc The Left



MATIAS Marisa The Left

| REPORTS CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1) Ordinary Legislative Procedure (COD) | | |
| Energy | | |
| Labelling of tyres: fuel efficiency and other essential parameters | 2018/0148(COD) | Henna Virkkunen |
| Guidelines for trans–European energy infrastructure and repealing Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 | 2020/0360(COD) | Zdzisław Krasnodębski |
| Energy efficiency (recast) | 2021/0203(COD) | Niels Fuglsang |
| Amending Directive (EU) 2018/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Directive 98/70/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the promotion of energy from renewable sources, and repealing Council Directive (EU) 2015/652 | 2021/0218(COD) | Markus Pieper |
| Methane emissions reduction in the energy sector and amending Regulation (EU) 2019/942 | Joint committee procedure ITRE-ENVI | Jutta Paulus (ITRE), Pascal Canfin (ENVI) |
| Internal markets for renewable and natural gases and for hydrogen (recast) | 2021/0424(COD) | Jerzy Buzek |
| Common rules for the internal markets in renewable and natural gases and in hydrogen (recast) | 2021/0425(COD) | Jens Geier |
| Energy performance of buildings (recast) | 2021/0426(COD) | Ciarán Cuffe |
| Amending Regulation (EU) 2017/1938 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning measures to safeguard the security of gas supply and Regulation (EC) n°715/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council on conditions for access to natural gas transmission networks | 2022/0090(COD) | Cristian–Silviu Buşoi |
| Amending Directive (EU) 2018/2001 on the promotion of the use of energy | 2022/0160(COD) | Markus Pieper |

| from renewable sources, Directive 2010/31/EU on the energy performance of buildings and Directive 2012/27/EU on energy efficiency Amending Regulations (EU) No 1227/2011 and (EU) 2019/942 to improve the Union's protection against market manipulation in the wholesale energy market Amending Regulations (EU) 2019/943 and (EU) 2019/942 to improve the | 2023/0076(COD) 2023/0077A(COD) | Maria da Graça Carvalho Nicolás González Casares |
|---|--|--|
| Union's electricity market design Amending Directives (EU) 2018/2001 and (EU) 2019/944 to improve the Union's electricity market design | 2023/0077B(COD) | Nicolás González Casares |
| Digital | | |
| Establishing the Digital Europe programme for the period 2021-2027 | 2018/0227(COD) | Valter Flego |
| Establishing the Connecting Europe Facility | 2018/0228(COD) Joint committee procedure ITRE-TRAN | Henna Virkkunen (ITRE), Marian-Jean Marinescu (TRAN), Dominique Riquet (TRAN) |
| Establishing the European Cybersecurity Industrial, Technology and Research Competence Centre and the Network of National Coordination Centres | 2018/0328(COD) | Rasmus Andresen |
| European data governance (Data Governance Act) | 2020/0340(COD) | Angelika Niebler |
| Measures for a high common level of cybersecurity across the Union, repealing Directive (EU) 2016/1148 | 2020/0359(COD) | Bart Groothuis |
| Roaming on public mobile communications networks within the Union (recast) | 2021/0045(COD) | Angelika Winzig |
| Amending Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 as regards establishing a framework for a European Digital Identity | 2021/0136(COD) | Romana Jerković |
| Establishing the 2030 Policy Programme "Path to the Digital Decade" | 2021/0293(COD) | Martina Dlabajová |
| Establishing the Union Secure Connectivity Programme for the period 2023–2027 | 2022/0039(COD) | Christophe Grudler |

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|---|----------------|----------------------------|
| Harmonised rules on fair access to and use of data (Data Act) | 2022/0047(COD) | Pilar del Castillo Vera |
| Laying down measures for a high common level of cybersecurity at the institutions, bodies, offices and agencies of the Union | 2022/0085(COD) | Henna Virkkunen |
| Horizontal cybersecurity requirements for products with digital elements and amending Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 | 2022/0272(COD) | Nicola Danti |
| Laying down measures for a high level of public sector interoperability across the Union (Interoperable Europe Act) | 2022/0379(COD) | Ivars ljabs |
| Measures to reduce the cost of deploying gigabit electronic communications networks and repealing Directive 2014/61/EU (Gigabit Infrastructure Act) | 2023/0046(COD) | Alin Mituța |
| Amending Regulation (EU) 2019/881 as regards managed security services | 2023/0108(COD) | Josianne Cutajar |
| Laying down measures to strengthen solidarity and capacities in the Union to detect, prepare for and respond to cybersecurity threats and incidents | 2023/0109(COD) | Lina Gálvez Muñoz |
| Industry, Research & Space | | |
| Horizon Europe – the Framework Programme for Research and Innovation, laying down its rules for participation and dissemination | 2018/0224(COD) | Dan Nica |
| Establishing the space programme of the Union and the European Union Agency for the Space Programme | 2018/0236(COD) | Massimiliano Salini |
| Establishing the European Defence Fund | 2018/0254(COD) | Zdzisław Krasnodębski |
| European Institute of Innovation and Technology (recast) | 2019/0151(COD) | Marisa Matias |
| Strategic Innovation Agenda of the European Institute of Innovation and Technology (EIT) 2021–2027: Boosting the Innovation Talent and Capacity of Europe | 2019/0152(COD) | Maria da Graça Carvalho |
| The participation of the Union in the European Partnership on Metrology jointly undertaken by several Member States | 2021/0049(COD) | Maria da Graça Carvalho |
| Establishing a framework of measures for strengthening Europe's semiconductor ecosystem (Chips Act) | 2022/0032(COD) | Dan Nica |

| Establishing the European defence industry reinforcement through common procurement act | Joir pro | 2/0219(COD) at committee cedure E-AFET/SEDE | | Zdzisław Krasnodębski (ITRE), Michael Gahler (AFET/SEDE) |
|---|--------------|---|---|--|
| Establishing a framework for ensuring a secure and sustainable supply of critical raw materials | 202 | 3/0079(COD) | | Nicola Beer |
| Establishing a framework of measures for strengthening Europe's net-zero technology products manufacturing ecosystem (Net Zero Industry Act) | | 3/0081(COD) | | Christian Ehler |
| Establishing the Act in Support of Ammunition Production | | 3/0140(COD) | | No rapporteur (urgent procedure) |
| Establishing the Strategic Technologies for Europe Platform ('STEP') | Join prod | 3/0199(COD) It committee cedure E-BUDG | | Christian Ehler (ITRE), José Manuel Fernandes (BUDG) |
| Amending Decision (EU) 2017/1324 as regards the continuation of the Union's participation in the Partnership for Research and Innovation in the Mediterranean Area (PRIMA) under Horizon Europe | | 3/0207(COD) | | Paolo Borchia |
| 2) Consultation and consent proceed | dures | (CNS, NLE) | | |
| Energy | | | | |
| Withdrawal of the Union from the En | ergy | 2023/0273(NLE) Joint committee procedure ITRE- INTA | : | arc Botenga (ITRE), nna Cavazzini (INTA) |
| Digital | | | | |
| Establishing the European I Performance Computing Joint Underta | High king | 2020/0260(NLE) | | aria da Graça arvalho |
| Amending Regulation (EU) 2021/1173 regards an EuroHPC initiative for start- to boost European leadership trustworthy Artificial Intelligence | | 2024/0016(CNS) | 1 | aria da Graça arvalho |

| Industry, December 2 Const | | |
|---|----------------|----------------------------|
| Industry, Research & Space | , | , |
| Specific programme implementing Horizon Europe – the Framework Programme for Research and Innovation | 2018/0225(CNS) | Christian Ehler |
| EC/Korea Cooperation Agreement on a Civil Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS): accession of Bulgaria, Croatia and Romania to the EU | 2018/0429(NLE) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| The renewal of the Agreement for scientific and technological cooperation between the European Community and the Government of the Republic of India | 2020/0015(NLE) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| The renewal of the Agreement on cooperation in science and technology between the European Community and Ukraine | 2020/0016(NLE) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| Amending Decision 2008/376/EC on the adoption of the Research Programme of the Research Fund for Coal and Steel and on the multiannual technical guidelines for this programme | 2020/0141(NLE) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| Establishing the Joint Undertakings under Horizon Europe | 2021/0048(NLE) | Maria da Graça Carvalho |
| The renewal of the Agreement for scientific and technological cooperation between the European Community and the Federative Republic of Brazil | 2021/0336(NLE) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| Extension of the Agreement on the promotion, provision and use of Galileo and GPS satellite-based navigation systems and related applications between the European Community and its Member States and the United States of America | 2022/0005(NLE) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| Amending Regulation (EU) 2021/2085 establishing the Joint Undertakings under Horizon Europe, as regards the Chips Joint Undertaking | 2022/0033(NLE) | Eva Maydell |
| The extension of the Agreement for scientific and technological cooperation between the European Community and the Government of the United States of America | 2023/0088(NLE) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| | | |

| 3) Own-initiative reports (INI, INL) | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---|
| Energy | | |
| A comprehensive European approach to energy storage | 2019/2189(INI) | Claudia Gamon |
| Maximising the energy efficiency potential of the EU building stock | 2020/2070(INI) | Ciarán Cuffe |
| A European Strategy for Energy System Integration | 2020/2241(INI) | Christophe Grudler |
| A European Strategy for Hydrogen | 2020/2242(INI) | Jens Geier |
| A European strategy for offshore renewable energy | 2021/2012(INI) | Morten Petersen |
| Implementation of the Energy Performance of Buildings Directive | 2021/2077(INI) | Seán Kelly |
| The New European Bauhaus | Joint committee procedure | Christian Ehler (ITRE), Marcos Ros Sempere (CULT) |
| CIIII | ITRE-CULT | Г D: ¥ |
| Small modular reactors | 2023/2109(INI) | Franc Bogovič |
| Geothermal energy European Hydrogen Bank | 2023/2111(INI) 2023/2123(INI) | Zdzisław Krasnodębski Robert Hajšel |
| | 2023/2123(1111) | Robert Hajset |
| Digital | | |
| A European strategy for data | 2020/2217(INI) | Miapetra Kumpula-Natri |
| Industry, Research & Space | | |
| A New Industrial Strategy for Europe | 2020/2076(INI) | Carlo Calenda |
| A new strategy for European SMEs | 2020/2131(INI) | Paolo Borchia |
| A European strategy for critical raw materials | 2021/2011(INI) | Hildegard Bentele |
| Implementation of the Updated SME Strategy for Europe: aligning spending to policy | 2022/2008(INI) | Tom Berendsen |
| Implementation report on the European Innovation Council | 2022/2063(INI) | Christian Ehler |
| Critical technologies for security and defence: state of play and future challenges | 2022/2079(INI) | Riho Terras |
| Increasing innovation, industrial and technological competitiveness through a favourable environment for start-ups and scale-ups | 2023/2110(INI) | Tsvetelina Penkova |
| Promotion of the freedom of scientific research in the EU | 2023/2184(INL) | Christian Ehler |

OPINIONS

1) Ordinary Legislative Procedure (COD)

| Establishing the Just Transition Fund | 2020/0006(COD) | Jerzy Buzek |
|---|----------------|----------------------------|
| Establishing the framework for achieving climate neutrality and amending Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 (European Climate Law) | 2020/0036(COD) | Zdzisław Krasnodębski |
| Public sector loan facility under the Just Transition Mechanism | 2020/0100(COD) | Izabela-Helena Kloc |
| Establishing a Recovery and Resilience Facility | 2020/0104(COD) | François-Xavier Bellamy |
| Establishing the InvestEU Programme | 2020/0108(COD) | Seán Kelly |
| A reinforced role for the European Medicines Agency in crisis preparedness and management for medicinal products and medical devices | 2020/0321(COD) | Joëlle Mélin |
| Regulation concerning batteries and waste batteries, repealing Directive 2006/66/EC and amending Regulation (EU) No 2019/1020 | 2020/0353(COD) | Patrizia Toia |
| Single Market For Digital Services (Digital Services Act) and amending Directive 2000/31/EC | 2020/0361(COD) | Henna Virkkunen |
| Resilience of critical entities | 2020/0365(COD) | Nils Torvalds |
| Contestable and fair markets in the digital sector (Digital Markets Act) | 2020/0374(COD) | Carlos Zorrinho |
| Amending Directive 2013/34/EU, Directive 2004/109/EC, Directive 2006/43/EC and Regulation (EU) No 537/2014, as regards corporate sustainability reporting | 2021/0104(COD) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| Harmonised rules on Artificial Intelligence (Artificial Intelligence Act) and amending certain Union Legislative Acts | 2021/0106(COD) | Eva Maydell |
| Amending Regulation (EU) 2019/631 as regards strengthening the CO2 emission performance standards for new passenger cars and new light commercial vehicles in line with the Union's increased climate ambition | 2021/0197(COD) | Dominique Riquet |
| Amending Regulations (EU) 2018/841 as regards the scope, simplifying the compliance rules, setting out the targets of the Member States for 2030 and committing to the collective achievement of climate neutrality by 2035 in the land use, forestry and agriculture sector, and | 2021/0201(COD) | Henna Virkkunen |

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| (EU) 2018/1999 as regards improvement in monitoring, reporting, tracking of progress and review | | |
| Amending Decision (EU) 2015/1814 as regards the amount of allowances to be placed in the market stability reserve for the Union greenhouse gas emission trading scheme until 2030 | 2021/0202(COD) | Claudia Gamon |
| Ensuring a level playing field for sustainable air transport | 2021/0205(COD) | Jutta Paulus |
| Establishing a Social Climate Fund | 2021/0206(COD) | Beata Szydło |
| The use of renewable and low-carbon fuels in maritime transport and amending Directive 2009/16/EC | 2021/0210(COD) | Rasmus Andresen |
| Amending Directive 2003/87/EC establishing a system for greenhouse gas emission allowance trading within the Union, and Decision (EU) 2015/1814 concerning the establishment and operation of a market stability reserve for the Union greenhouse gas emission trading scheme | 2021/0211A(COD) | Mauri Pekkarinen |
| Amending Regulation (EU) 2015/757 on the monitoring, reporting and verification (MRV) of carbon dioxide emissions from maritime transport) in order to provide for the inclusion of maritime transport activities in the EU ETS and of other greenhouse gases than CO2 | 2021/0211B(COD) | Mauri Pekkarinen |
| Establishing a carbon border adjustment mechanism | 2021/0214(COD) | Izabela-Helena Kloc |
| Deployment of alternative fuels infrastructure, and repealing Directive 2014/94/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council | 2021/0223(COD) | Michael Bloss |
| Corporate Sustainability Due Diligence and amending Directive (EU) 2019/1937 | 2022/0051(COD) | Martina Dlabajová |
| Information security in the institutions, bodies, offices and agencies of the Union | 2022/0084(COD) | Henna Virkkunen |
| Laying down harmonised conditions for the marketing of construction products, amending Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 and repealing Regulation (EU) 305/2011 | 2022/0094(COD) | Pascal Arimont |
| Establishing a framework for setting ecodesign requirements for sustainable products and repealing Directive 2009/125/EC | 2022/0095(COD) | Maria Spyraki |

| Fluorinated greenhouse gases, amending Directive (EU) 2019/1937 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 517/2014 | 2022/0099(COD) | Sara Skyttedal |
|--|----------------|----------------------------|
| Amending Directive 2010/75/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) and Council Directive 1999/31/EC of 26 April 1999 on the landfill of waste | 2022/0104(COD) | Tomas Tobé |
| European Health Data Space | 2022/0140(COD) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| Financial rules applicable to the general budget of the Union (recast) | | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| Amending Regulation (EU) 2021/241 as regards REPowerEU chapters in recovery and resilience plans and amending Regulation (EU) 2021/1060, Regulation (EU) 2021/2115, Directive 2003/87/EC and Decision (EU) 2015/1814 | 2022/0164(COD) | Dan Nica |
| Establishing a Single Market emergency instrument and repealing Council Regulation No (EC) 2679/98 | 2022/0278(COD) | Eva Maydell |
| Amending Directive 2000/60/EC establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy, Directive 2006/118/EC on the protection of groundwater against pollution and deterioration and Directive 2008/105/EC on environmental quality standards in the field of water policy | 2022/0344(COD) | Lina Gálvez Muñoz |
| Type-approval of motor vehicles and engines and of systems, components and separate technical units intended for such vehicles, with respect to their emissions and battery durability (Euro 7) and repealing Regulations (EC) No 715/2007 and (EC) No 595/2009 | 2022/0365(COD) | Massimiliano Salini |
| Establishing a Union certification framework for carbon removals | 2022/0394(COD) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| Packaging and packaging waste, amending Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 and Directive (EU) 2019/904, and repealing Directive 94/62/EC | 2022/0396(COD) | Patrizia Toia |
| Amending Regulation (EU) 2019/1242 as regards strengthening the CO ₂ emission performance standards for new heavyduty vehicles and integrating reporting obligations, and repealing Regulation (EU) 2018/956 | 2023/0042(COD) | Miapetra Kumpula- Natri |

| Laying down Union procedures for the authorisation and supervision of medicinal products for human use and establishing rules governing the European Medicines Agency | 2023/0131(COD) | Henna Virkkunen | |
|--|----------------|-----------------------|--|
| Union code relating to medicinal products for human use, and repealing Directive 2001/83/EC and Directive 2009/35/EC | 2023/0132(COD) | Henna Virkkunen | |
| Preventing plastic pellet losses to reduce microplastic pollution | 2023/0373(COD) | Maria Spyraki | |
| 2) Consultation and consent procedures (CNS, NLE) | | | |
| Decision on the conclusion, on behalf of the Union, of the Trade and Cooperation Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, of the other part, and of the Agreement between the European Union and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland concerning security procedures for exchanging and protecting classified information | | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi | |
| Restructuring the Union framework for the taxation of energy products and electricity (recast) | 2021/0213(CNS) | Robert Hajšel | |
| 3) Own-initiative reports (INI, INL) | | | |
| The EU's role in protecting and restoring the world's forests | 2019/2156(INI) | Mauri Pekkarinen | |
| The European Forest Strategy - The Way Forward | 2019/2157(INI) | Mauri Pekkarinen | |
| The impact on the fishing sector of offshore windfarms and other renewable energy systems | 2019/2158(INI) | Morten Petersen | |
| An EU legal framework to halt and reverse EU-driven global deforestation | 2020/2006(INL) | Mauri Pekkarinen | |
| Recommendations on the negotiations for a new partnership with the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland | 2020/2023(INI) | Cristian–Silviu Buşoi | |
| Towards a WTO-compatible EU carbon border adjustment mechanism | 2020/2043(INI) | Jens Geier | |
| Shortage of medicines - how to address an emerging problem | 2020/2071(INI) | Joëlle Mélin | |
| New Circular Economy Action Plan | 2020/2077(INI) | Patrizia Toia | |
| Shaping the digital future of Europe: removing barriers to the functioning of the | 2020/2216(INI) | Nicola Beer | |

| digital single market and improving the use | | |
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| of Al for European consumers | | |
| An EU strategy to reduce methane | 2021/2006(INI) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| emissions | | • |
| A Pharmaceutical Strategy for Europe | 2021/2013(INI) | Marc Botenga |
| Better Regulation: Joining forces to make | | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| better laws | | , |
| Upscaling the 2021-2027 Multiannual | 2022/2046(INI) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| Financial Framework: a resilient EU budget | | |
| fit for new challenges | | |
| Proposals of the European Parliament for | 2022/2051(INL) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| the amendment of the Treaties | | |
| Sustainable Carbon Cycles | 2022/2053(INI) | Seán Kelly |
| EU Strategy for Sustainable and Circular | 2022/2171(INI) | Christian Ehler |
| Textiles | 0000 (0000(1) 11) | 5 N: |
| Implementation report on the EU-UK Trade | 2022/2188(INI) | Dan Nica |
| and Cooperation Agreement | | |
| 4) Budgetary procedure (BUD, BUI) | | |
| General budget of the European Union for | 2019/2028(BUD) | Adina-Ioana Vălean |
| the financial year 2020 - all sections | | |
| Guidelines for the 2021 Budget - Section III | 2019/2213(BUD) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| General budget of the European Union for | 2020/1998(BUD) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| the financial year 2021 - all sections | | |
| Guidelines for the 2022 Budget - Section III | 2020/2265(BUI) | Christian Ehler |
| General budget of the European Union for | 2021/0227(BUD) | Christian Ehler |
| the financial year 2022 - all sections | 2021/2226/DLII\ | Christian Eblor |
| Guidelines for the 2023 Budget - Section III General budget of the European Union for | 2021/2226(BUI) 2022/0212(BUD) | Christian Ehler Christian Ehler |
| the financial year 2023 - all sections | 2022/0212(BUD) | Christian Enter |
| Guidelines for the 2024 Budget - Section III | 2022/2184(BUI) | Christian Ehler |
| General budget of the European Union for | 2023/0264(BUD) | Christian Ehler |
| the financial year 2024 – all sections | ,, (, | |
| Guidelines for the 2025 Budget - Section III | 2023/2220(BUI) | Christian Ehler |
| 5) Motions for resolution (RSP) | | |
| Resolution on the 2019 UN Climate Change | 2019/2712(RSP) | Adina-Ioana Vălean |
| Conference in Madrid, Spain (COP25) | ZO19/Z/1Z(KOF) | Adilia-idalia valeali |
| Resolution on the 2021 UN Climate Change | 2021/2667(RSP) | Cristian–Silviu Buşoi |
| Conference in Glasgow, UK (COP26) | ,,, | - I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I |
| Resolution on the 2022 UN Climate | 2022/2673(RSP) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| Change Conference in Sharm El-Sheikh, | , , | |
| Egypt (COP27) | | |
| Resolution on the UN Climate Change | 2023/2636(RSP) | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi |
| Conference 2023 in Dubai, United Arab | | |
| Emirates (COP28) | | |

Relevant websites

ITRE website

https://www.europarl.europa.eu/committees/en/itre/home/highlights

Legislative Observatory

http://www.europarl.europa.eu/oeil/home/home.do

Public hearings

http://www.europarl.europa.eu/committees/en/itre/events.html#menuzone

Newsletters

https://www.europarl.europa.eu/committees/en/itre/home/newsletters

European Commission, DG CONNECT

https://digital-strategy.ec.europa.eu/en

European Commission, DG DEFIS

https://defence-industry-space.ec.europa.eu/index_en

European Commission, DG ENER

https://energy.ec.europa.eu/index_en

European Commission, DG GROW

https://single-market-economy.ec.europa.eu/index_en

Council of the European Union

https://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/policies/?filters=1646

EPRS - European Parliamentary Research Service

http://www.eprs.sso.ep.parl.union.eu/eprs/auth/en/ENERGY.html#

http://www.eprs.sso.ep.parl.union.eu/eprs/auth/en/RESPOL.html#

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Think Tank

http://www.europarl.europa.eu/thinktank/en/home.html