



EASY
LATIN
PLAYS

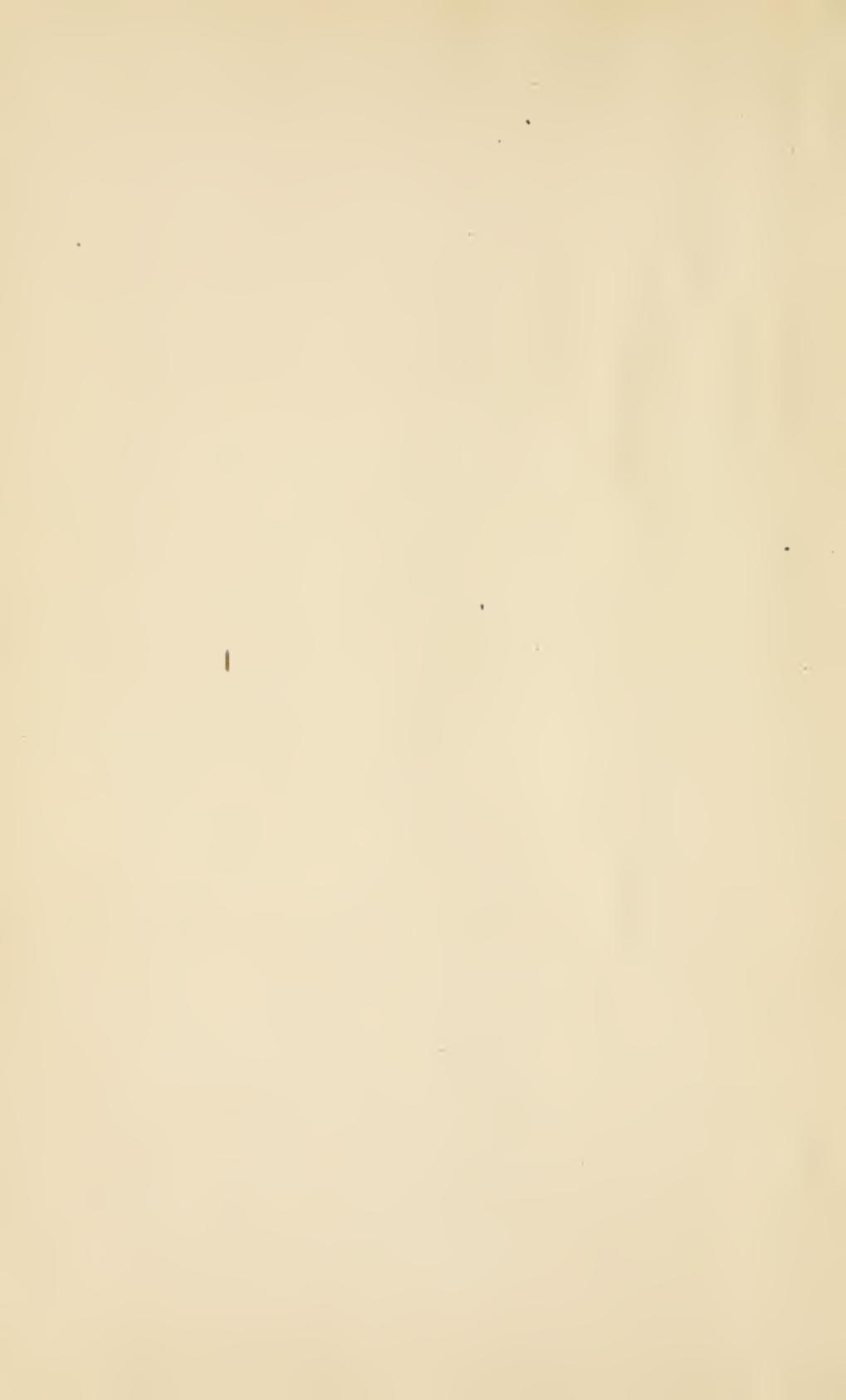
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EASY LATIN PLAYS

BY

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P R E F A C E

‘Mater Gracchorum’ is published at the request of teachers who attended the Summer School of Latin at Bangor. The play was written to serve as a reading-book for an Upper Third Form during the second and third terms of the year in which Latin was begun. A year’s course of lessons in Roman History had preceded the learning of Latin. All the work of the class (frequent drill in grammar, oral work by question and answer, and simple-sentence construction) was based upon the text of the play.

‘Gemini’ was similarly used in a class of younger girls during the second term of the first year.

SHEFFIELD HIGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

January, 1912.

296961

MAER GRACCHORUM

DRAMATIS PERSONAE

CORNELIA.

GAIUS GRACCHUS.

BLOSSIUS.

MARCUS OCTAVIUS.

TIB. GRACCHI FILIUS.

FAMULAE.

CIVES.

TRIBUNI.

SENATORES.

SCAENA I. APUD CORNELIAM.

Cornelia; *G. Gracchus*; *familiae*. *Tib. Gracchus*.

Gai. māter mea, cūr cessat Tibērius? quid agit? solitārius iam semper ego in Campō me exerceō, vel in silvīs ferās captō solitārius.

Cor. frāter tuus, mī filī, prō patriā nostrā cōgitat et labōrat. nūm vīs patris vestrī filium, Africānī nepōtem, esse dēgenerem? num ille vēnātiōnibus studēbit, dum miseriīs premuntur cīvēs Rōmānī?

[*clāmōrēs audiuntur*]

populus (extra). euge, euge! salvē Gracche!

ecce Tibērius, tribūnus plēbis!

Gai. cūr māter . . . ?

Cor. exaudī! quid audiō? quid clāmant?

[*intrat Tibērius*]

Ti. salvē, māter! salvēte!

Cor. mī filī, quid audiēbam? quid clāmābat *populus*?

Ti. māter mea, *populus Rōmānus* mē tribūnum plēbis creāvit.

Cor. tu ergo, mī filī, servābis Rōmam. senātum comprimēs, cīvēs fovēbis.

<i>apud, at, near.</i>	<i>nepōs, grandson.</i>
<i>famula, handmaid.</i>	<i>esse, to be.</i>
<i>māter, mother.</i>	<i>dēgener, unworthy of the family.</i>
<i>meus, my.</i>	
<i>cūr, why?</i>	<i>ille, he.</i>
<i>cessāre, to linger.</i>	<i>vēnatiō, a hunt.</i>
<i>quid? what?</i>	<i>studēre, to give attention.</i>
<i>agere, to do.</i>	<i>dum, while.</i>
<i>solitārius, all alone.</i>	<i>miseria, misery.</i>
<i>iam, now, already.</i>	<i>premere, to oppress.</i>
<i>semper, always.</i>	<i>cīvis, a citizen.</i>
<i>ego, I.</i>	<i>clāmor, a shout.</i>
<i>mē, acc. of ego.</i>	<i>euge! hurrah!</i>
<i>exercēre, to exercise.</i>	<i>salvē! hail! good-day!</i>
<i>vel. or.</i>	<i>ecce! behold! lo!</i>
<i>silva, a wood.</i>	<i>tribūnus, a tribune.</i>
<i>fera, a beast.</i>	<i>plēbs, the common people.</i>
<i>captāre, to chase.</i>	<i>audīre, to hear.</i>
<i>frāter, brother.</i>	<i>exaudīre, to listen.</i>
<i>tuus, thy, your.</i>	<i>clāmāre, to shout.</i>
<i>filius, son.</i>	<i>populus, the people.</i>
<i>patria, country.</i>	<i>creāre, to create.</i>
<i>noster, our.</i>	<i>tū, thou, you.</i>
<i>cōgitāre, to take thought.</i>	<i>ergō, therefore, then.</i>
<i>labōrāre, to work.</i>	<i>servāre, to save.</i>
<i>num asks a question.</i>	<i>senātus, the Senate.</i>
<i>vīs, you wish.</i>	<i>comprimere, to crush.</i>
<i>pater, father.</i>	<i>fovēre, to cherish.</i>
<i>vester, your.</i>	

Ti. nuper in Italiam reveniēbam. iter faciēns per Viam Appiam multum dolēbam. ubīque servōs vidēbam, miserōs hominēs et turpēs, gregēs custōdientēs, ubi agricolae Rōmānī oīlim habitābant et suōs quisque agrōs colēbat. nunc, eheu, omnēs agrōs dīvitēs habent; cīvēs Rōmānī in urbe in paupertāte ac vitiīs versantur, optimātium clientēs.

Cor. hoc ergō tibi erit opus, mī fīlī.

Ti. lēgem feram iustissimam. agrōs pauperibus reddam; iterum suum quisque fundum colet.

Cor. [Gaium alloquēns] hūc, puer! audīsne? ego et tū testēs sumus. Tibērius populō Rōmānō agrōs Italōs restituet, et pristinōs Rōmānōrum mōrēs.

nuper, <i>lately.</i>	habēre, <i>to have, hold.</i>
revenīre, <i>to come back.</i>	urbs, <i>the city.</i>
iter, <i>a journey, way.</i>	paupertās, <i>poverty.</i>
faciēns, <i>making.</i>	ac, <i>and.</i>
per, <i>along, through.</i>	vitium, <i>vice.</i>
multum, <i>much, greatly.</i>	versārī, <i>to be involved.</i>
dolēre, <i>to grieve.</i>	optimās, <i>a noble.</i>
ubique, <i>everywhere.</i>	cliēns, <i>a dependent.</i>
servus, <i>a slave.</i>	hoc, <i>this (thing).</i>
vidēre, <i>to see.</i>	opus, <i>work.</i>
homō, <i>a man.</i>	tibi, <i>dat. of tū.</i>
miser, <i>wretched.</i>	lēx, <i>law.</i>
turpis, <i>vile.</i>	ferō, <i>I carry.</i>
grex, <i>a flock.</i>	iustus, <i>just.</i>
custodiēns, <i>keeping.</i>	pauper, <i>a poor man.</i>
ubi, <i>where.</i>	reddere, <i>to give back.</i>
ōlim, <i>formerly.</i>	iterum, <i>again.</i>
agricola, <i>a farmer.</i>	fundus, <i>a farm.</i>
habitāre, <i>to dwell.</i>	hūc, <i>hither.</i>
suus, <i>his own.</i>	puer, <i>boy.</i>
quisque, <i>each man.</i>	testis, <i>witness.</i>
colere, <i>to till.</i>	Italus, <i>Italian.</i>
ager, <i>field, land.</i>	restituere, <i>to restore.</i>
nunc, <i>now.</i>	pristinus, <i>former.</i>
eheu ! alas !	mōs, <i>sing. custom ; plur.</i>
omnis, <i>every, all.</i>	<i>character.</i>
dīves, <i>a rich man.</i>	alloquēns, <i>addressing.</i>

SCAENA II. IN FORO.

Ti. Gracchus; M. Octavius; ceteri tribuni; cives.

*cives [inter se colloquentes]. tacete! veniunt
tribuni plebis. audite Gracchum!*

*Ti. cives Romani, suffragia feretis. ego agricos
Italos cupio inter cives omnes, ut anteā, distribui—
privari eos qui plus habent agrum quam quingenta
iugera. M. Octavius vetat; tribunus plebis plebem
prodit. [Octavium alloquens] Marce Octavi, rursus
te admoneo. desine etiam nunc populis voluntatem
impedire. [Octavius tacet.]*

*cives Romani, suffragia fert! censeo Octavi
magistratum abrogandum. quid sentitis? placetne?*

cives. placet.

*Ti. Marce Octavi, magistratus tibi est abrogatus.
abi! expellite eum!*

*Oct. mox tu poenias dabis, qui leges Romanas,
tribunum sacrōsanctum, ita violas.*

cēterī, <i>the others.</i>	magistrātus, <i>office.</i>
inter, <i>among.</i>	abrogāre, <i>to take away.</i>
sē, <i>himself, herself, itself, themselves.</i>	sentīre, <i>to feel, think.</i>
tacēre, <i>to be silent.</i>	placēre, <i>to be pleasing.</i>
venīre, <i>to come.</i>	rursus, <i>again.</i>
suffrāgium, <i>a vote.</i>	tē, <i>acc. of tū.</i>
cupere, <i>to desire.</i>	admonēre, <i>to warn.</i>
ut, <i>as.</i>	dēsinere, <i>to cease.</i>
anteā, <i>before.</i>	etiam, <i>even.</i>
distribuere, <i>to distribute.</i>	voluntās, <i>the will.</i>
prīvāre, <i>to despoil.</i>	impedīre, <i>to hinder.</i>
eōs, <i>them, those.</i>	abīre, <i>to go away.</i>
quī, <i>who.</i>	expellere, <i>to drive out.</i>
plus... quam, <i>more than.</i>	eum, <i>him, that man.</i>
quīngentī, <i>five hundred.</i>	mox, <i>soon.</i>
iūgerum, <i>an acre.</i>	poena, <i>penalty.</i>
vetāre, <i>to forbid.</i>	dare, <i>to give.</i>
prōdere, <i>to betray.</i>	sacrōsanctus, <i>sacred.</i>
censēre, <i>to think, propose.</i>	ita, <i>thus.</i>
	violāre, <i>to outrage.</i>

SCAENA III. IN FORO. VESPERI.

civēs. Ti. Gracchus; filius praetextatus.

civ. I. quid tū sentīs? num Graechus . . .

civ. II. hoc equidem sentiō. Graechus . . . sed ecce! inde venit ipse.

[*intrat Ti. Gracchus cum filiō*]

Ti. civēs! amicī! mihi sī crās erit ultimus diēs, excipite hunc, filium meum cārissimum. hodiē vōbīs hunc trādō; crās animam meam fortasse prō vōbīs dēpōnam.

civēs. vīvēs, Gracche—vīvēs et superābis. iterum eris tribūnus.

euge, euge! salvē, Gracche!

[*excunt.*]

vesper, <i>evening.</i>	diēs, <i>day.</i>
praetextātus, <i>wearing a boy's bordered toga.</i>	excipere, <i>to receive.</i>
equidem, <i>I for my part.</i>	hunc, <i>him, this (man).</i>
sed, <i>but.</i>	cārus, <i>dear.</i>
inde, <i>yonder.</i>	hodiē, <i>to-day.</i>
ipse, <i>he himself.</i>	vōbīs, <i>dat. plur. of tū.</i>
cum, <i>with.</i>	trādere, <i>to hand over.</i>
amicus, <i>friend.</i>	anima, <i>life.</i>
mihi, <i>dat. sing. of ego.</i>	fortasse, <i>perhaps.</i>
sī, <i>if.</i>	dēpōnere, <i>to lay down.</i>
crās, <i>to-morrow.</i>	vīvere, <i>to live.</i>
ultimus, <i>last.</i>	superāre, <i>to conquer.</i>

SCAENA IV. IN CAPITOLIO.

civēs; rusticus. senātōrēs; tribūnī; Ti. Gracchus.

rust. salvēte, amīcī! nuper rure in urbem advēni.
dīcite mihi! quid hīc agitur?

civ. I. comitia habentur; tribūnī plēbis creantur.

rust. quī petunt? cui favet populus?

civ. I. Tibērius Gracchus petit iterum esse
tribūnus.

rust. quid? nōnne lēgēs id vetant?

civ. I. vetant sāne lēgēs, sed populus favet
Gracchō.

civ. II. nuper ille agrōs Italōs cīvibus pauperibus
reddidit.

rust. bene ēgit. iure illī populus favet.

civ. III. immō lēgēs violat petēns iterum tribūnus
esse. mihi displicet.

civ. II. crescit clāmor!

rust. quid agitur?

[*intrant senātōrēs tribūnī Gracchus contendētēs.*
Gracchus cadit.]

rusticus, *a countryman.*
rus, *the country.*
advenīre, *to arrive.*
dīcere, *to tell, say.*
hīc, *here.*
comitia, *elections.*
petere, *to seek, to be a
candidate.*
cui, *dat. sing. of qui.*
favēre, *to be favourable.*
id, *it, that.*
sāne, *indeed.*

reddidī, *pres. perf. of red-*
dere.
bene, *well.*
ēgī, *pres. perf. of agere.*
iure, *rightly.*
illi, *dat. sing. of ille.*
immō, *nay but.*
petēns, *seeking.*
displicēre, *to be displeas-*
ing.
crescere, *to increase.*
contendēns, *struggling.*
cadere, *to fall.*

SCAENA V. APUD CORNÉLIAM.

Cornēlia; famulæ. Blossius; cīvēs.

Cor. cūr cessat Tibērius? summō hodiē amōre
eum exspectō.

fam. exaudi, domina! venit.

Cor. num ille venit? cūr nōn cum clāmōribus
populī venit?

[*intrant Blossius et cīvēs*]

Bl. salvē, Cornēlia!

Cor. salvē, amīce! quid mihi nuntiās?

Bl. tristia, eheu! nuntiō—tristissima.

Cor. quid? haud tristissima, amīce, potes nuntiāre, nisī turpem sc̄ilicet filius meus sē praebuit.

Bl. Cornēlia, Tibērius mortuus est.

Cor. a . . . prō patriā vērō mortuus est. o amīcē,
abīte! fīlium meum hūc adducite! . . . multās
hōrās eum exspectō, iam tandem eum accipiam.

[*intrant cīvēs cum Tibērii corpore*]

summus, *highest, greatest.*
amōr, *love, longing.*
exspectāre, *to await.*
domina, *mistress.*
nuntiāre, *to announce,*
 bring news.
tristia, *sad things, sad*
 tidings.
haud, *not.*
potes, *you can.*
abīre, *to go.*

nisi, *unless.*
scilicet, *forsooth.*
praebēre, *to offer, show.*
mortuus, *dead.*
vērō, *however.*
multi, *many.*
tandem, *at length.*
accipere, *to receive, wel-*
 come.
corpus, *a body.*

Cor. salvē, mī fīlī ! nunquam anteā tantā laetitiā quantā hodiē tē accēpī. maxime hodiē tē amō atque laudō. o, mē ! ter quaterque nunc beāta sum—pater meus Hannibalem superāvit : vir meus in Hispāniā glōriam sibi comparāvit ; fīliorum, quōs illī peperī, unus hīc iacet—prō patriā mortuus est ; vīvit alter—prō patriā vīvet et labōrābit ! [cīvibus] vōbīs, amīctī, grātiās reddō, quod haec tam laeta mihi nuntiāvistis, hoc tam cārum corpus ad mē adduxistis. [fāmulis] venīte, puellae ! excēdēmus. Deīs Immortālibus grātiās reddēmus. festināte ! mulierem beātissimam ad templa deōrum adducite—Scipiōnis fīliam, Gracchi uxōrem, mātrem Gracchōrum !

nunquam, <i>never.</i>	peperi, <i>pres. perf. of parere to bear.</i>
tantus . . . quantus, <i>so great . . . as.</i>	iacere, <i>to lie.</i>
laetitia, <i>joy.</i>	alter, <i>the other.</i>
accēpi, <i>pres. perf. of accipere.</i>	grātiae, <i>thanks.</i>
maxime, <i>especially.</i>	quod, <i>because.</i>
amāre, <i>to love.</i>	haec, <i>these things.</i>
atque, <i>and.</i>	tam, <i>so.</i>
laudāre, <i>to praise.</i>	laetus; <i>joyful, glad.</i>
ter, <i>thrice.</i>	adducere, <i>to lead, bring.</i>
quater, <i>four times.</i>	puella, <i>girl.</i>
-que, <i>and.</i>	excēdere, <i>to go out.</i>
beātus, <i>blessed.</i>	immortālis, <i>immortal.</i>
vir, <i>man, husband.</i>	deus, <i>god.</i>
Hispānia, <i>Spain.</i>	festinare, <i>to hasten.</i>
glōria, <i>glory.</i>	mulier, <i>woman.</i>
sibi, <i>dat. of sē.</i>	templum, <i>temple.</i>
comparāre, <i>to win, get.</i>	fīlia, <i>daughter.</i>
quōs, <i>acc. plur. of qui.</i>	uxor, <i>wife.</i>

GENERAL VOCABULARY

1. NOUNS

First Declension.

- agricola, *farmer.*
anima, *life.*
domina, *mistress.*
famula, *handmaid.*
fera, *wild beast.*
filia, *daughter.*
glōria, *glory.*
grātiae, *thanks.*
hōra, *hour.*
laetitia, *joy.*
miseria, *misery.*
patria, *country.*
poena, *penalty.*
puella, *girl.*
silva, *wood.*
via, *road.*

Second Declension.

- avus, *ancestor.*
deus, *god.*
filius, *son.*
fundus, *farm.*
populus, *people.*
servus, *slave.*
tribūnus, *tribune.*
ager, *field, land.*

puer, *boy.*

vir, *man, husband.*

comitium, *assembly.*

iugerum, *acre.*

templum, *temple.*

vitium, *vice.*

Third Declension.

- { amor, (m.) *love, longing.*
{ clāmor, (m.) *shout.*
{ uxor, *wife.*
{ mulier, *woman.*
{ pauper, *poor person.*
{ pater, *father.*
{ māter, *mother.*
{ frāter, *brother.*
{ grēx, (m.) *flock.*
{ lēx, (f.) *law.*
{ plēbs, (f.) *common people.*
{ urbs, (f.) *city.*
{ cliēns, *dependent.*
{ optimās, *a noble.*
{ paupertās, (f.) *poverty.*
{ voluntās, (f.) *will.*
{ nepōs, *grandson.*
{ virtūs, (f.) *valour.*

{ vēnātio, (f.) <i>the hunt.</i>	{ opus, (n.) <i>work.</i>
{ homo, <i>man, fellow.</i>	{ corpus, (n.) <i>body.</i>
{ cīvis, <i>citizen.</i>	dīvēs, <i>rich person.</i>
{ testis, <i>witness.</i>	iter, (n.), <i>journey, way.</i>
{ mōs, (m.) <i>custom.</i>	
{ rūs, (n.) <i>country.</i>	

II. ADJECTIVES

antiqu-us,	} ancient.	summus, <i>greatest.</i>
—a,		suus, <i>his, her, its, their.</i>
—um,	} five hundred.	tantus, <i>so great.</i>
quīngent-i,		tuus, <i>thy, your.</i>
—ae,	} five hundred.	quantus, <i>how great.</i>
—a,		ultimus, <i>last.</i>
beātus, <i>blessed.</i>		miser,
cārus, <i>dear.</i>		— a, } wretched.
iustus, <i>just.</i>		— um,
laetus, <i>joyful.</i>		noster,
meus, <i>my.</i>		nostr-a, } our.
mortuus, <i>dead.</i>		— um,
pristinus, <i>former.</i>		vester,
sacrōsanctus, <i>sacred.</i>		vestr-a, } your.
solitārius, <i>all alone.</i>		— um,
{ dēgener, <i>degenerate.</i>		immortālis, <i>immortal.</i>
{ immemor, <i>forgetful.</i>		omnis, <i>every, all.</i>
{ faciēns, <i>making.</i>		turpis, <i>base, rile.</i>
{ custōdiēns, <i>minding.</i>		tristis, <i>sad.</i>
{ petēns, <i>seeking.</i>		

III. VERBS

First Conjugation.

- amāre, *to love.*
 captāre, *to chase.*
 cessāre, *to linger.*
 clāmāre, *to shout.*
 cōgitāre, *to think.*
 comparāre, *to get, win.*
 creāre, *to create, make.*
 dare, *to give.*
 exspectāre, *to await.*
 festināre, *to hasten.*
 habitāre, *to inhabit.*
 labōrāre, *to work.*
 laudāre, *to praise.*
 nuntiāre, *to bring news.*
 prīvāre, *to despoil.*
 servāre, *to save.*
 superāre, *to overcome.*
 vetāre, *to forbid.*
 violāre, *to outrage.*
 versāri, *to be engaged.*

Second Conjugation.

- admonēre, *to warn.*
 cēnsēre, *to think, propose.*
 disPLICēre, *to displease.*
 dolēre, *to grieve.*
 exercēre, *to exercise.*

- favēre, *to favour.*
 fovēre, *to cherish.*
 habēre, *to have, hold.*
 iacēre, *to lie.*
 placēre, *to please.*
 praebēre, *to show, offer.*
 studēre, *to give attention.*
 tacēre, *to be silent.*
 vidēre, *to see.*

Third Conjugation.

- adducere, *to lead.*
 agere, *to do.*
 colere, *to till.*
 comprimere, *to restrain, curb.*
 crescere, *to increase.*
 dēpōnere, *to lay down.*
 dēsinere, *to cease.*
 dīcere, *to say, tell.*
 distribuere, *to divide.*
 excēdere, *to go out.*
 expellere, *to drive out.*
 petere, *to seek.*
 premere, *to crush.*
 prōdere, *to betray.*
 reddere, *to give back.*
 restituere, *to restore.*

trādere, to hand over.
vīvere, to live.

Fourth Conjugation.

audīre, to hear.
exaudīre, to listen.
impedīre, to hinder.
sentīre, to feel.
venīre, to come.

advenīre, to arrive
revenīre, to return.

Irregular Perfect Stems.

accipere, accep-
agere, ēg-
parere, peper-
reddere, reddid-
venīre, vēn-

G E M I N I
DRAMATIS PERSONAE

NUMITOR.

ROMULUS }
REMUS } *gemini.*

FAUSTULUS, *pastor.*

SENEX.

MINISTRI.

PASTORES.

SCAENA I. EXTRA NUMITÖRIS DOMUM.

(*intrant dextrā Rōmulus et Faustulus; intrat sinistrā senex.*)

Rom. salvē, senex !

sen. salvētē !

Rom. estne haec Numitōris domus ?

sen. Numitōris est domus.

[*exit dextrā*]

Rom. [*Faustulum alloquēns*] haec, pater, est Numitōris domus.

Faust. tu, domum, Rōmule, intrā. ego ibi tē exspectābō. heu miserum ! multum doleō quod fīlius meus, Remus, captīvus est.

[*exit Rōmulus sinistrā, Faustulus dextrā.*]

geminus, *a twin.*
pastor, *a shepherd.*
senex, *an old man.*
minister, *a servant.*
extrā, *outside.*
domus, *a house.*
intrāre, *to enter.*
dextrā, *on the right.*
sinistrā, *on the left.*
salvē! *hail! good day!*
est, *is.*
-ne *asks a question.*
hic, haec, hoc, *this.*
alloquēns, *addressing.*
exīre, *to go out.*

pater, *father.*
tu, *thou, you.*
ego, *I.*
ibi, *yonder, there.*
tē, *acc. of tū.*
exspectāre, *to await, wait.*
heu! *alas!*
miser, *unhappy.*
multum, *much.*
dolēre, *to grieve.*
quod, *because.*
filius, *son.*
meus, *my.*
captīvus, *a prisoner.*

SCAENA II. INTRĀ NUMITŌRIS DOMUM.

(*Numitor sedet. ministri circumstant.*)

Num. ecce ! quem dūcunt pastōrēs ?

min. captīvum dūcunt catenīs vinctum ?

[*intrant pastōrēs Remum dūcentēs*]

Num. hic homo, quis est ?

pastor. hic ūnus est, domine, pastōrum Amūlī, quem captum ad tē addūcimus.

Num. cūr hunc ad mē addūcitis vinctum ?

past. pastōrēs Amūlī nōbīs sunt inimīci.

Num. quam est formōsus ! [*Remum alloquēns*] venī, homo ! volō tē aspicere, o mē miserum ! quantum est Rēae Sylviae similis, filiae meae cāris-simae, quam Amūlius necāvit !

[*intrat Rōmulus*]

min. quis inde venit ?

Rom. salvē, o domine !

Num. quis es tū, qui captīvī nostrī tam similis es ?

Rom. Rōmulus appellor. hic est frāter meus, Remus.

Num. quid petis, Rōmule ?

Rom. Remum petō, qui ā servīs tuīs hūc ductus est captīvus.

Num. unde vēnistī ?

Rom. ab Aventīnō vēnimus, ubi Amūlī gregēs custōdīmus.

<i>intrā, inside.</i>	<i>venīre, to come.</i>
<i>sedēre, to be seated.</i>	<i>homo, man, fellow.</i>
<i>circumstāre, to stand around.</i>	<i>volō, I wish.</i>
<i>ecce! lo! behold!</i>	<i>aspicere, to look at.</i>
<i>quis? who?</i>	<i>quantum! how much!</i>
<i>quem? acc. of quis?</i>	<i>similis, like.</i>
<i>dūcere, to lead.</i>	<i>fīlia, daughter.</i>
<i>catēna, a chain.</i>	<i>cārissimus, very dear.</i>
<i>vinctus, bound.</i>	<i>quam, acc. fem. of qui.</i>
<i>ūnus, one.</i>	<i>necāre, to kill.</i>
<i>dominus, master.</i>	<i>inde, from there, yonder.</i>
<i>qui, quae, quod, who, which.</i>	<i>es, thou art, you are.</i>
<i>quem, acc. masc. of qui.</i>	<i>noster, our.</i>
<i>captus, having been caught.</i>	<i>tam, so, so much.</i>
<i>ad, to, towards.</i>	<i>appellor, I am called.</i>
<i>addūcere, to bring, lead.</i>	<i>frāter, brother.</i>
<i>cūr? why?</i>	<i>petere, to seek.</i>
<i>hunc, acc. of hic.</i>	<i>ā, by, from.</i>
<i>nōbīs, dat. pl. of ego.</i>	<i>servus, slave.</i>
<i>sunt, (they) are.</i>	<i>tuus, thy, your.</i>
<i>inimīcus, unfriendly, hostile.</i>	<i>hūc, hither.</i>
<i>quam! how!</i>	<i>unde? whence?</i>
<i>formōsus, beautiful.</i>	<i>ubi, where.</i>
	<i>gregēs, flocks.</i>
	<i>custōdīre, to keep guard.</i>

Num. quis vobis est pater?

Rom. Faustulus est pater noster, Amulii pastor.

Num. [ministrum alloquens] abi! Faustulum huc adduci! [exit minister]

Rom. iam ille apud portam exspectat.

[intrant minister et Faustulus]

min. hic, domine, est Faustulus.

Faust. salvē, o domine!

Num. aspice hos! suntne filii tuī?

Faust. per multos annos, domine, hos educamus et ego et uxor mea.

Num. quid tum? nonne sunt vestri filii?

Faust. non sunt nostri filii, sed cum liberis nostris hos educavimus.

Num. quid? unde sunt?

Faust. hos diū abhinc in ripā fluvii inventos ad casam meam adduxi—tum parvuli erant.

Num. quid? in ripā fluvii! parvuli!

Faust. ibi relictī erant.

Num. tibi magna dabō praemia et uxori tuae. venite huc, Rōmule et Reme! audite omnes! frater meus, Amulius, homo improbus, olim regnum meum occupavit, filium meum necavit et filiam Rēam Sylviam, et liberos eius parvulos in flumen precipitavit. ecce, Rōmulus et Remus, filiae meae liberi, a Faustulo servati!

ministri et pastores. salvete, o dominī!

Rom. et *Rem.* nos Amulium superabimus et Numitor rursus erit rex.

vōbīs, *dat. pl. of tū.*
 abīre, *to go away.*
 iam, *already.*
 ille, *he, that (man).*
 apud, *at.*
 porta, *gate.*
 hīc, *here.*
 hōs, *acc. pl. of hic.*
 per, *during.*
 multī, *many.*
 annus, *year.*
 et . . . et, *both . . . and.*
 ēducāre, *to bring up.*
 uxor, *wife.*
 tum, *then.*
 quid? *what?*
 nōn, *not.*
 vester, *your.*
 cum, *with.*
 līberī, *children.*
 sed, *but.*
 diū abhinc, *long ago.*
 rīpa, *bank.*
 fluvius, *river.*

inventus, *(having been) found.*
 casa, *cottage.*
 parvulus, *a tiny child.*
 erant, *(they) were.*
 relictus, *abandoned, left.*
 māgnus, *great.*
 dare, *to give.*
 praemium, *reward.*
 audīre, *to hear.*
 omnēs, *all (people).*
 improbus, *wicked.*
 olim, *once upon a time.*
 rēgnum, *kingdom.*
 occupāre, *to seize.*
 eius, *his, her, its.*
 praecipitāre, *to throw.*
 servātus, *(having been) saved.*
 nōs, *pl. of ego.*
 superāre, *to overcome.*
 rursus, *again.*
 erit, *(he) will be.*
 rēx, *king.*

GENERAL VOCABULARY

I. VERBS

First Conjugation.

- appellāre, *to call, name.*
circumstāre, *to stand around.*
dare, *to give.*
exspectāre, *to wait for.*
intrāre, *to enter, go into.*
necāre, *to kill.*
occupāre, *to seize.*
praecipitāre, *to throw, cast.*
servāre, *to save.*
superāre, *to overcome.*

Second Conjugation.

- dolēre, *to grieve, be unhappy.*
sedēre, *to sit.*

Third Conjugation.

- addūcere, *to bring.*
dūcere, *to lead.*
petere, *to seek.*

Fourth Conjugation.

- audīre, *to hear, listen.*
custōdīre, *to keep guard.*
venīre, *to come.*

aspiciō, *I look at.*

volō, *I wish.*

II. NOUNS

First Declension.

- catēna, *a chain.*
filia, *a daughter.*
porta, *a gate.*

- rīpa, *a bank.*
casa, *a cottage.*

Second Declension.

<i>domus, a house.</i>	<i>praemium, a reward.</i>
<i>filius, a son.</i>	<i>rēgnūm, a kingdom.</i>
<i>captīvus, a prisoner.</i>	<i>minister, a servant.</i>
<i>dominus, a lord, master.</i>	<i>liber-ī (no singular), chil-</i>
<i>servus, a slave.</i>	<i>dren.</i>
<i>annus, a year.</i>	<i>gemin-ī, twins.</i>
<i>fluvius, a river.</i>	

Third Declension.

<i>pater, a father.</i>	<i>senex, an old man.</i>
<i>frāter, a brother.</i>	<i>rēx, a king.</i>
<i>pastor, a shepherd.</i>	<i>grēx, a flock.</i>
<i>uxor, a wife.</i>	<i>homo, a man, fellow.</i>

III. ADJECTIVES AND PRONOUNS

<i>cārissim-us,</i>	<i>very dear.</i>	<i>ductus, led.</i>
<i>—a,</i>		<i>inventus, found.</i>
<i>—um,</i>		<i>relictus, deserted.</i>
<i>formōsus, beautiful.</i>		<i>servātus, saved.</i>
<i>improbus, wicked.</i>		<i>vinctus, bound.</i>
<i>inimīcus, unfriendly.</i>		<i>miser,</i>
<i>māgnus, great, large.</i>		<i>—a, } unhappy.</i>
<i>meus, my.</i>		<i>—um, }</i>
<i>parvulus, very little.</i>		<i>noster,</i>
<i>tuus, your, (thy)</i>		<i>nostr-a, } our.</i>
<i>captus, captured.</i>		<i>—um,</i>

vester,	{	quem, <i>whom</i> (masc.).
vestr-a,		quam, <i>whom</i> (fem.).
—um,		quis ? <i>who?</i>
similis, <i>like.</i>		quid ? <i>what?</i>
omnis, <i>every, all.</i>		ego, <i>I.</i>
ducēns, <i>leading.</i>		mē, <i>me.</i>
hic, <i>he, this.</i>		nōs, <i>we.</i>
haec, <i>she, this.</i>		nōbīs, <i>to us.</i>
hunc, <i>him, this.</i>		tū, <i>you</i> (subject).
hos, <i>them, these.</i>		tē, <i>you</i> (object).
ille, <i>he, that man.</i>		tibi, <i>to you</i> (sing.).
eius, <i>his, her, its.</i>		vōbīs, <i>to you</i> (plur.).
qui, <i>who.</i>		

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G. BELL



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