

Table of Contents

Preface	V
Figures	IX
Abbreviations	X
Introduction	1
1 Summary of Some Previous Scholarship	2
2 Methodology	4
Chapter 1: Overview of the Birds in the Old Testament/ Hebrew Bible	7
1.1 Terms and Classifications for “Bird”	11
1.1.1 <i>עֵנֶג</i> : Flyer	11
1.1.2 <i>צָפֵר(ו)</i> : Flyer	12
1.1.3 <i>זְנוּלָה</i> : Young Bird	14
1.1.4 <i>שַׁרְץַ הַעוֹף</i> : The Small Flyer	14
1.1.5 <i>טוֹבָה</i> : Bird of Prey	16
1.1.6 Summary	19
1.2 Bird Depictions in the Hebrew Bible	20
1.3 Cultic Use of Birds	23
1.4 Militaristic Connections	42
1.5 Fantastic Birds	44
1.6 Conclusions	51
Chapter 2: Birds in Surrounding Cultures	53
2.1 Methodology of Comparisons	53
2.2 Egypt	61
2.3 Mesopotamia	63
2.4 Persia	70
2.5 The Levant	71
2.6 Conclusions	74

Chapter 3: The Philology and Appearances of Specific Bird Names	77
3.1 How to Apply These Philological and Tradition-Historical Investigations to the Dietary Laws: A Recapitulation	78
3.2 נֶשֶׁר – פָּרֵס – עֲזַנִּיה – דָּאָה (דִּיה) – אַיָּה	79
3.3 עֲרָב: The Black Bird(s) – Crows, Rooks, and Ravens	91
3.4 בַּת יְעֻנָּה: Ostrich or Owl?	96
3.5 תְּחַמֵּס: Owl or Falcon?	101
3.6 שַׁחַף: Gull?	102
3.7 נְצֵץ: Falcon or Hawk	103
3.8 כּוֹס: Owl	105
3.9 שַׁלְּךָ: Cormorant?	107
3.10 יִנְשֹׁף: Owl or Hawk	110
3.11 חַנְשָׂמָת: Swamphen?	111
3.12 קָאתָק: Pelican and/or Desert Owl	113
3.13 רַחְםָה (ה): Vulture?	116
3.14 חַסִּידָה: Stork	118
3.15 אַנְפָה: Heron	119
3.16 דּוֹכְבִּיפָּת: Hoopoe	122
3.17 עַטְלָף: Bat	124
3.18 Preliminary Conclusions	124
 Chapter 4: Composition-Critical Reflections on Lev 11 and Deut 14:3–21	129
4.1 An Overview of the History of Scholarship	129
4.1.1 Veijola: Deuteronomic Priority	130
4.1.2 Milgrom: Levitical Priority	132
4.1.3 Nihan: A Shared Source	133
4.1.4 Otto: Staged Levitical Priority	135
4.2 The Relationship between Lev 11 and Deut 14	136
4.3 The Small (Swarming) Flyers	141
4.4 Compositional Hypothesis	144
 Chapter 5: Why Ban <i>These</i> Birds?	149
 Conclusion	161
Bibliography	167
Index	177