NOMENCLATURE OF THE MICAS

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ABSTRACT

End-members and species, defined with permissible ranges of composition, are presented for the true micas, the brittle micas, and the interlayer-deficient micas. The determination of the crystallochemical formula for different available chemical data is outlined, and a system of modifiers and suffixes is given to allow the expression of unusual chemical substitutions or polytypic stacking arrangements. Tables of mica synonyms, varieties, ill-defined materials, and a list of names formerly or erroneously used for micas are presented. The Mica Subcommittee was appointed by the Commission on New Minerals and Mineral Names of the International Mineralogical Association. The definitions and recommendations presented were approved by the Commission.

Keywords: mica nomenclature, brittle micas, interlayer-deficient micas, species, end members.

SOMMAIRE

Les pôles des diverses espèces de mica sont ici définis, ainsi que les intervalles de composition permis, ceci pour les vrais micas, les micas cassants, et les micas déficitaires dans la position interfeuillet. On décrit la détermination de la formule cristallochimique à partir des diverses données chimiques disponibles; un système de qualificatifs et de suffixes permet d'exprimer des vecteurs de substitution peu courants et des agencements d'empilement polytypique. Sont inclus un tableau de synonymes, une liste de variétés et de matériaux méconnus, ainsi qu'une liste de noms désuets ou erronnés utilisés pour décrire les micas. Le comité de nomenclature des micas a été mandaté par la Commission des nouveaux minéraux et des noms de minéraux de l'Association internationale de Minéralogie. Les définitions et recommandations de ce comité ont été approuvées par la Commission.

Keywords: nomenclature des micas, micas cassants, micas déficitaires dans la position interfeuillet, espèces, pôles.

DEFINITION

Micas are phyllosilicates in which the unit structure consists of one octahedral sheet (Os) between two opposing tetrahedral sheets (Ts). These sheets form a layer that is separated from adjacent layers by planes of non-hydrated *interlayer cations* (I). The sequence is: ... I Ts Os Ts I Ts Os Ts ... The tetrahedral sheets have composition T_2O_5 , and tetrahedra are linked by sharing each of three corners (= basal atoms of oxygen) to a neighboring tetrahedron; the fourth corner (= apical atom of oxygen) points in one direction for a given tetrahedral sheet. The coordinating anions around octahedrally coordinated cations (M) consist of apical atoms of oxygen of adjacent tetrahedral sheets and anions A. The coordination of interlayer cations is nominally twelve-fold, and their charge should not be less than 0.6 per formula. The simplified formula can be written as:

$$IM_{2-3} \square_{1-0} T_4 O_{10} A_2$$
,

where I is commonly Cs, K, Na, NH₄, Rb, Ba, Ca,

M is commonly Li, Fe (di- or trivalent), Mg, Mn (di- or trivalent), Zn, Al, Cr, V, Ti,

☐ represents a vacancy,

T is commonly Be, Al, B, Fe (trivalent), Si, and A is commonly Cl, F, OH, O (oxy-micas), S.

(The most frequently encountered elements are set in bold face; note that other substitutions are possible). The number of formula units, Z, may vary depending on the structure, but is equal to 2 in a 1M structure.

SUBDIVISIONS

Depending on the interlayer cation, the micas are subdivided into *true micas* (if $\geq 50\%$ *I* cations present are monovalent) or *brittle micas* (if > 50% *I* cations present are divalent); if the formula exhibits < 0.85 and ≥ 0.6 positive interlayer charges, it represents an interlayer-cation-deficient mica or, stated in an abbreviated form, an *interlayer-deficient mica*. In special cases (*e.g.*, wonesite), the interlayer charge may be lower than 0.6 provided the material does not have swelling or expanding capabilities. The 0.85 charge divide holds for dioctahedral micas. To date, there are insufficient data to define an analogous limit in trioctahedral micas.

Regardless of the mica subgroup, it is *dioctahedral* if it contains less than 2.5 octahedral cations (M) per formula unit; micas with ≥2.5 octahedral cations are *trioctahedral*. Micas with intermediate octahedral occupancies occur frequently, but no provision is made for any other divisions or terms (e.g., "2½ octahedral"); the use of such terms is discouraged. Also discouraged is the division of micas into "disilicic", "trisilicic", and "tetrasilicic" according to the number of silicon atoms per formula.

Octahedrally coordinated M cations may be distributed over three crystallographic positions (octahedral ordering) or two positions in structures with the C2/m space group. Because of this ordering, some end-member formulas do not conform to the "chemical" 50% rule of Nickel (1992). To a lesser extent, the same applies to tetrahedrally coordinated T cations.

PRINCIPLES OF CLASSIFICATION

The present classification is based on the chemical composition of micas and embodies generalizations derived from crystal-structure determinations. The inclusion of physical determinative properties as classification criteria was avoided because these properties cannot unambiguously differentiate members of the micas. Moreover, the approach adopted here reflects the belief that mica classification should be based on easily accessible chemical data and a minimum of physical measurements.

The crystallochemical formula should be based on chemical data, density, and cell data. If chemical data only are available, the recommended procedure to calculate a formula is as follows: (1) If there is a reliable determination of H₂O, the formula should be based on twelve O + F atoms. (2) If there is no determination of H₂O, as in electron-microprobe analyses, an idealized anion group must be assumed, and the formula should be based on 22 positive charges. (3) If there is no determination of H₂O and there are grounds to suspect that a later oxidation of iron in the mica caused deprotonation of the anion group, the formula should be based on 22 + z positive charges, where z is the quantity of trivalent iron (Stevens 1946, Foster 1960, Rimsaite 1970). It should be noted that lithium. concentrations of which cannot be determined with current electron-microprobe techniques, is commonly overlooked in wet-chemical analyses because of its low molecular weight. Also, failure to establish the concentration of lithium has caused a number of erroneous identifications.

END MEMBERS

End-member names given below are associated with formulas containing the most frequently encountered A anion only. End members in which other A anions dominate should be designated with the prefixes "fluoro" (e.g., in muscovite), "hydroxy" (e.g., in polylithionite), or "oxy" (e.g., in annite). When such phases are found in nature, their proposed new mineral status and name should nonetheless be submitted for approval to the Commission on New Minerals and Mineral Names, IMA.

This report contains end-member formulas that are stoichiometric on the scale of the asymmetric part of the unit cell. Those mica species that do not meet this requirement (such as those in which the main end-members are not yet clear) appear as "species that are not end members". To express chemical variation in compositional plots, hypothetical end-members may be employed. However, because these end members have not been documented as mineral species, they may not receive mineral-like names, and only formulas or formula-like expressions should be used in such plots. Experimental determinations of miscibility limits in

natural mica series will help in establishing species and in positioning boundaries between them.

Lists of valid names for true, brittle, and interlayer-deficient micas appear in Tables 1, 2, and 3, respectively. The compositional space for some dioctahedral interlayer-deficient and true micas is shown in Figure 1.

TABLE 1. TRUE MICAS: END-MEMBER FORMULAS AND TYPICAL RANGES FOR MINERAL SPECIES

DIOCTAHEDRAL

muscovite	K Al ₂ □ AlSi ₃ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
^{IV} Si; 3.0 – 3.1 V ^I Al; I.9	9 – 2,0 K: 0.7 – 1.0 (<i>I</i> ≥ 0.85)
$^{V_1}R^{2+}/(^{V_1}R^{2+} + ^{V_1}R^{3+}) < 0.25$	$^{VI}AI/(^{VI}A1 + ^{VI}Fe^{3*}): 0.5 - 1.0$
aluminoceladonite	K Al(Mg,Fe ²⁺) \square Si ₄ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
$^{V_1}R^{2+}/(^{V_1}R^{2+} + ^{V_1}R^{3+}) \ge 0.25$	$^{VI}AI/(^{VI}A1 + ^{VI}Fe^{3+}): 0.5 - 1.0$
$Mg/(Mg + {}^{VI}Fe^{2+}) > 0.5$	
ferro-aluminoceladonite	K Al(Fe ²⁺ ,Mg) \square Si ₄ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
VIAI/(VIAI + VIFe3+); 0.5 - 1.0	$Mg/(Mg + {^{Vi}Fe^{2+}}) \le 0.5$
celadonite	K $Fe^{3+}(Mg_{*}Fe^{2+}) \square Si_{4} O_{10} (OH)_{2}$
${}^{V_1}R^{2+}/({}^{V_1}R^{2+} + {}^{V_1}R^{3+}) \ge 0.25$	$^{V_1}AI/(^{V_1}AI + ^{V_1}Fe^{3+}) < 0.5$
$Mg/(Mg + {}^{VI}Fe^{2+}) > 0.5$	
ferroceladonite	K $Fe^{3+}(Fe^{2+},Mg)\square Si_4 O_{10} (OH)_2$
$^{VI}AI/(^{VI}AI + ^{VI}Fe^{3+}) < 0.5$	$Mg/(Mg + {}^{VI}Fe^{2+}) \le 0.5$
roscoelite	$K V_2 \square AlSi_3 O_{10} (OH)_2$
chromphyllite	K Cr ₂ □ AlSi ₃ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
boromuscovite	K Al ₂ □ BSi ₃ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
paragonite	Na Al ₂ □ AlSi ₃ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
K < 0.15	Ca < 0.11
nanpingite	$C_8 Al_2 \square AlSi_3 O_{10} (OH)_2$
tobelite	(NH₄) Al₁□ AlSi₁ O₁₄ (OH),

TRIOCTAHEDRAL

annite	K Fe ² *, AlSi, O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
phlogopite	K Mg ₃ AlSi ₃ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
siderophyllite	K Fe2+2Al Al2Si2 O10 (OH)2
eastonite	K $Mg_2Al Al_2Si_2 O_{10} (OH)_2$
hendricksite	K Zn ₃ AlSi ₃ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
$Z_{\rm n} > 1.5$	
montdorite*	$KFe^{2+}_{1.5}Mn^{2+}_{0.5}Mg_{0.5}\square_{0.5}$ Si ₄ O ₁₀ F ₂
tainiolite	K LiMg ₂ Si ₄ O ₁₀ F ₂
polylithionite	K Li ₂ Al Si ₄ O ₁₀ F ₂
trilithionite*	K Li _{1.5} Al _{1.5} AlSi ₃ O ₁₀ F ₂
masutomílite	K LiAlMn ² * AlSi ₃ O ₁₀ F ₂
Mn ²⁺ : 1.0 – 0.5	Li: 1.0 – 1.5
Si; 3.0 – 3.5	^{TV} AI: 1.0 – 0.5
norrishite	K LiMn³*2 Si ₄ O ₁₂
tetra-ferri-annite	K Fe ²⁺ , Fe ³⁺ Si, O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
tetra-ferriphlogopite	K Mg ₃ Fe ³ *Si ₃ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
aspidolite	Na Mg ₃ AlSi ₃ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
preiswerkite	Na Mg2Al Al2Si2 O10 (OH)2
ephesite	Na LiAl ₂ Al ₂ Si ₂ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂

Note: species that are not end members are denoted with an asterisk. Compositional limits are expressed in atoms per formula unit (appu).

TABLE 2. BRITTLE MICAS: END-MEMBER FORMULAS AND TYPICAL RANGES FOR MINERAL SPECIES

	DIOCTAHEDRAL	
margarite I: Ca, Na chernykhite M: V, Al, Fe, Mg	<i>M</i> : Al, Li, □ > Li	Ca Al ₂ □ Al ₂ Si ₂ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂ T: Al, Si, Be Ba V ₂ □ Al ₂ Si ₂ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
	TRIOCTAHEDRAL	
clintonite I: Ca, Na, K bityite VI(i > VI□	M: Mg, Fe2+, Al, Fe3+, Mn	Ca Mg ₂ Al Al ₃ Si O ₁₀ (OH) ₂ T: Al, Si, Fe ³⁺ a LiAl ₂ BeAlSi ₂ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂
anandite I: Ba, K, Na kinoshitalite I: Ba + K ≈ 1.0	M: Fe ²⁺ , Mg, Fe ³⁺ , Mn, Al M: Mg, Mn ²⁺ , Mn ³⁺ , Al, Fe, Ti	Ba Mg ₃ Al ₂ Si ₂ O ₁₀ (OH) ₂

Compositional limits are expressed in atoms per formula unit (applu).

MODIFIERS AND SUFFIXES

Chemical deviations from end-member compositions may be expressed by adjectival modifiers. These must be based on actual determinations to support the claim. The usage of adjectival modifiers is not mandatory. Modifiers like "rubidian" should be used only if the element in question exceeds 10%, but not 50%, of the real occupancy of the respective position in the end-member formulas involved. Thus, a rubidian muscovite may contain between 0.1 and 0.5 Rb atoms per formula unit. If an element can enter more than one coordination, a further differentiation is possible, such as "tetra-ferrian" or "octa-ferrian". If the concentration of an element is less than that necessary for the assignment of a modifier, and if the author wishes to acknowledge its presence, he or she may use a modifier such as "rubidium-containing". The latter type of modifier should be used also if the analysis is incomplete, thus preventing the calculation of a complete crystallochemical formula.

For cases where a polytype determination has been made, the name may be suffixed with an appropriate polytype symbol (Nickel 1993), e.g., muscovite-3T. There are two universal systems of polytype symbolism, both based on the modified Gard notation: one presented jointly by IMA and IUCr (Bailey et al. 1978), and another, more generalized, by IUCr (Guinier et al. 1984). Because of international acceptance and common usage, the Ramsdell symbolism is preferred for the micas unless exact stacking sequences or other special information need clarification; for the latter cases, see Ross et al. (1966), Takeda & Sadanaga (1969), Zvyagin (1964, 1967), Zvyagin et al. (1979), or Dornberger-Schiff & Durovič (Durovič 1981). When

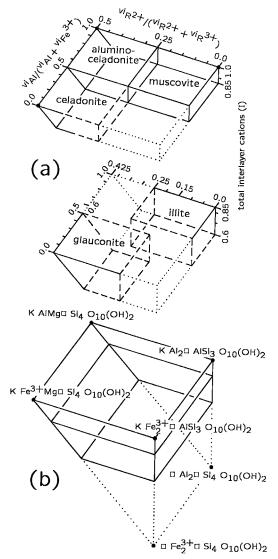


FIG. 1. A three-dimensional plot illustrating the relation of some true dioctahedral micas to interlayer-deficient dioctahedral micas. a. Two slabs cut from the chemographic volume (b) shown in terms of formulas (small solid circles). Dashed lines indicate approximate borders, dotted lines complete the solid. The ratio $^{VI}R^{2+}/(^{VI}R^{2+} + ^{VI}R^{3+})$ is equal to x/2 (Table 3) for micas with 2.0 octahedral cations. End-member formulas in (a) are shown by solid circles. Glauconite with Na > K should be referred to as "natroglauconite".

using the other systems or when using symbolism that is not commonly known, the author must reference its source or, preferably, specify the stacking sequence

TABLE 3. INTERLAYER-DEFICIENT MICAS: REPRESENTATIVE FORMULAS AND RANGES

DIOCTAHEDRAL⁸

idealized general formula

 $\begin{array}{c|c} (K_{r}Na)_{x+y} \left(Mg_{r}Fe^{2+} \right)_{x}(AL_{r}Fe^{3+})_{2} _{-2} \square \text{ Si}_{x+y}(AL_{r}Fe^{3+})_{p}, O_{10} \left(OH \right)_{2} \\ 0.6 \leq x+y \leq 0.85 & Mg \geq Fe^{2+} & ^{r}A1 \geq ^{r}Fe^{3+} \\ \text{illite (a series name)} & K_{0.65} \text{ Al}_{2,0} \square \text{ Al}_{0.65}Si_{3.39} \text{ O}_{10} \left(OH \right)_{2} \\ \text{''}R^{2+} \left(^{r}(^{r}R^{2+} + ^{r}R^{2+}) \leq 0.25 & ^{r}A1 / (^{r}A1 + ^{r}Fe^{2+}) \geq 0.6 \\ \text{glancontre (a series name)} & K_{0.25} R^{2+} \square_{3} R^{2+} \square_{3} \square_{4} \square_{13} Si_{1.37} \text{ O}_{10} \left(OH \right)_{2} \\ \text{''}R^{2+} \left(^{r}(^{r}A^{2+} + ^{r}R^{2+}) \geq 0.15 & ^{r}A1 / (^{r}A1 + ^{r}Fe^{2+}) \leq 0.5 \\ \text{brammallite (a series name)} & Na_{0.65} \text{ Al}_{1.0} \square \text{ Al}_{0.65} Si_{3.35} \text{ O}_{10} \left(OH \right)_{2} \end{array}$

TRIOCTAHEDRAL

wonesite*

Na_{0.5}□_{0.5} Mg_{2.5}Al_{0.5} AlSi₃ O₁₀ (OH)₂

Note: * wonesite is a species that is not an end member. Compositional limits are expressed in atoms per formula unit (apfu). § See also Figure 1; I = x + y.

represented by the symbols used. A review of polytypes in micas found to date can be found in Baronnet (1980), Bailey (1984), or Takeda & Ross (1995).

SERIES NAMES AND LISTS OF INVALID NAMES

This report also includes series names intended to designate incompletely investigated micas that are to be used by field geologists or petrographers (Table 4). Such names (e.g., "biotite") are defined only in some series, thus in fact sanctioning a practice that is common already. Assigning a name to an incompletely investigated layer silicate may be risky, and it should be preceded by at least optical examination. Once such material has been studied in detail, end-member names should be preferred, with or without modifiers and suffixes. Series names are not to be associated with varietal modifiers.

TABLE 4. SERIES NAMES USED IN MICA NOMENCLATURE

biotite	trioctahedral micas between, or close to, the annite - phlogopite and siderophyllite - eastonite joins; dark micas without lithium	
glauconite	dioctanedral interlayer-deficient micas with composition defined in Table 3	
illite	dioctahedral interlayer-deficient micas with composition defined in Table 3	
lepidolite	trioctahedral micas on, or close to, the trilithionite – polylithionite join; light micas with substantial lithium	
phengite	potassic dioctahedral micas between, or close to, the joins muscovite – aluminoceladonite and muscovite – celadonite	
zinnwaldite	trioctahedral micas on, or close to, the siderophyllite – polylithionite join; dark micas containing lithium	

Hendricksite, chernykhite, montdorite, and masutomilite should be added to these names if future research substantiates the existence of solid solutions terminated two end members, such as K Zn_3 AlSi, O_{10} (OH)₂ and K Mn^2 , AlSi, O_{10} (OH)₂. The first of those, now listed as end-member hendricksite, should then be renamed to "zincohendricksite", whereas the second should become "manganohendricksite". The same pattern should apply in all cases given.

Names whose usage is discouraged were divided into synonyms and varieties (Table 5), ill-defined materials and mixtures (Table 6), and names formerly or erroneously used for micas (Table 7).

JUSTIFICATION

This paragraph summarizes grounds for some of the Mica Subcommittee's decisions.

- Aluminoceladonite. The alternative term for this mica, *leucophyllite*, was considered unjustified because it invites confusion with an identical rock-name and because the type-locality leucophyllite (Starkl 1883) is too low in alkalis to represent a mica.
- Aspidolite. The Subcommittee voted to resurrect the name aspidolite (von Kobell 1869), which represented an old description of what was in more recent years referred to as sodium phlogopite (Schreyer et al. 1980). It must be pointed out that no one ever applied formally for the mineral name sodium phlogopite.
- **Brammallite**. A reasoning similar to that concerning *illite* has led the Subcommittee to list it as a series name. A more precise end-member nomenclature might develop at a later time.
- Divisions within the interlayer-deficient micas. In the subgroup of interlayer-deficient micas, some divisions comply with Nickel's (1992) nomenclature for mineral solid-solutions, but some do not. The non-50% limits adopted by the Subcommittee as divides between volumes in interlayer-deficient micas are essentially those of Bailey *et al.* (1979).
- Illite. This name has been used relatively vaguely, and the Subcommittee found it suitable as a series name for a relatively large volume in compositional space, as a counterpart to glauconite.
- Interlayer-deficient micas versus hydromicas. The Subcommittee was unable to find any hydromica that has an excess of H₂O over the equivalent of (OH,F)₂ and could not be interpreted as a mixed-layer structure (such as biotite vermiculite, illite smectite). At the same time, all micas described as hydromicas exhibit a deficiency in the interlayer cation position. Accordingly, the Subcommittee opted to abandon the subgroup name hydromicas and replace it with interlayer-cation-deficient micas or, in an abbreviated form, interlayer-deficient micas.
- Phengite. Phengite was elevated to a series name for solid solutions involving muscovite, aluminoceladonite, and celadonite.

TABLE 5. SYNONYMS (a) AND VARIETIES (v) THAT HAVE BEEN USED IN NAMING MICAS*

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roscoelite muscovite margarite paragonite paragonite zimwaldite, farroan trilithionite, ferroan polylithionite muscovite muscovite muscovite muscovite	natro-alumobiotite (v) natro-ferrophilogopite (v) natrombiotite (v) natromphilogopite (v) natrommargarite (s)	-	
muscovite margarite paragonite zimwakite, ferroan trilithionite, ferroan polylithionite muscovite muscovite muscovite muscovite	natro-ferrophiogopite (v) natronbiotite (v) natronphiogopite (v) natronmargarite (a)		
margarite paragomite zimwaldite, ferroan wilithionite, ferroan polylithionite muscovite muscovite muscovite	natronbiotite (v) natronphlogopite (v) natronmargarite (s)		biotite, sodian phlogopite
paragonite zimwaldite, ferroan trilithionite, ferroan polylithionite muscovite muscovite muscovite	natromphlogopite (v) natrommargarite (s)		biotite
zinnwaldite, ferroan trilithionite, ferroan polylithionite muscovite muscovite muscovite	natronmargarite (s)	-	sodian phlogopite
ferroan polylithionite muscovite muscovite muscovite			calcic paragonita, calcic ephesite
muscovite muscovite muscovite		_	nickeloan phlogopite
muscovite muscovite	oblique mica	_	miscovite
muscovite	odenite	-	biotite
	Odente		biotite
	Odith		biotite
margarite		=	
clintonite	oellacherite		barian muscovite
muscovite	oncophyllite	-	muscovite
margarite	Onkophyllit	=	muscovite
biotite	paucilithionite (s)	-	trilithionite
tetra-ferri-annite	pearl-mica (s)	=	margarite
biotite	Periglimmer (s)		margarite
ferrian muscovite	picrophengite (v)		magnesian muscovite
ferrian phlogopite, tetra-ferriphlogopite	poly-irvingite (v)		lepidolite
biotite	potash margarite (v)	ь-	margarite
	potash mica	=	muscovite
	pregrattite (s)	-	paragonite
	protolithionite (v)	-	zinnwaldite, lithian annite, lithian siderophyllite
	pycnophyllite	m	fine-grained muscovite or illite
		10	fine-grained muscovite or illite
		=	zinnwaldite
	Rhombenglimmer (v)	=	phlogopite, biotite
	rhombic mica (v)		phlogopite, biotite
		113	barian muscovite
		-	illite
		=	lepidolite
			muscovite
		-	lepidolite
		ы	celadonite
		-	clintonite
		_	ferroan muscovite, ferroan illite
			lepidolite
		,	glauconite
			glauconite
clintonite			calcic paragonite, calcic ephesite
clintonite			
interlayer-deficient micas			paragonite brammallite
illite			
brammallite			aspidolite
annite			muscovite
biotite			celadonite
			tainiolite
			muscovite
			biotite
		-	biotite
		-	biotite
			biotite
			clintonite
			roscoelite
		н	roscoelite
	verdite	-	chromian muscovite
	Verona earth (s)	-	celadonite
	veronite (s)		celadonite
lepidolite	voron'ya siyuda (v) ³	-	zinnwaldite, lithian annite, lithian siderophyllite
margarite	walouewite (v)	E1	clintonite
	waluewite (v)	-	clintonite
lepidolite, zimrwaldite			
	Waliteuit (v)	=	
zimwaldite	Walujewit (v)	=	clintonite
zimwaldite lepidolite	wodanite (v)	-	climtonite biotite
zimwaldite			clintonite
	biotite ferrian muscovite ferrian phlogopite, tetra-ferriphlogopite biotite biotite biotite biotite marganite ferrian amite biotite ferroan phlogopite ferroan phlogopite ferroan phlogopite ferroan phlogopite tainiolite muscovite chromian muscovite chromian muscovite miscovite lilite illite illite illite illite illite illite biotite climonite climonite climonite climonite climonite biotite ferrian illite annite biotite ferrian illite annite biotite ferrian illite smine, siderophyllite, biotite lilite celadonite, ferrian oeladonite annito, siderophyllita, tetra-ferri-annite, biotite phengite aluminoceladonite lepidolite	biotite farrian muscovite ferrian muscovite ferrian phlogopite, tetra-ferriphlogopite biotite biotite biotite biotite biotite biotite biotite biotite ferrian amite biotite ferrian amite biotite ferrian amite biotite ferrian amite biotite ferroan phlogopite for phlogopite ferrian lilite ferrian lilite ferrian lilite ferrian lilite ferrian lilite ferrian muscovite ferrian lilite ferrian muscovite ferrian lilite ferrian muscovite filite ferrian lilite ferrian muscovite ferrian lilite ferrian muscovite ferrian lilite ferrian phlogopite ferrian muscovite filite ferrian lilite ferrian muscovite filite ferrian muscovite filite ferrian phlogopite for prophengite for polar miscovite framobiotite for phengite for prophengite for polar miscovite framobiotite framobiotite for phengite for prophengite for polar miscovite framobiotite for phengite for prophengite for polar miscovite framobiotite for phengite for prophengite for prophen	biotite Ferriam muscovite Forcite

Names in the left column should be abandoned in favor of those in the right. The absence of a symbol in parentheses indicates cases where it could not be decided whether the name is a synonym or a variety. 1 The mineral *gebhardite* has the formula $Pb_8O(As_2O_5)_2Cl_6$. 2 Also has been used to refer to hematite. 3 "Raven mica" or "crow mica" in Russian.

TABLE 6. ILL-DEFINED MATERIALS AND MIXTURES*

TABLE 7. NAMES FORMERLY OR ERRONEOUSLY USED FOR MICAS

achlusite	a sodium mica?
antrophyllite	a mica ?
avalite	chromian illite or a mineral mixture
baddeckite	muscovite and hematite
bardolite	interstratified biotite and vermiculite?
basonite	interstratified biotite and vermiculite
bastonite	interstratified biotite and vermiculite
bravaisite	illite and montmorillonite
buldymite	biotite and vermiculite or interlayer-deficient biotite
caswellite	mica and manganoan andradite
cataspilite	alteration product with dominant muscovite
catlinite	muscovite and pyrophyllite
chacaltaite	illite pseudomorph after cordierite
cymatolite	muscovite and albite
dudlevite	a smectite?
ekmanite	a smectite ?
epichlorite	an altered chlorite?
epileucite	muscovite and K-feldspar pseudomorph after
•	cordierite
episericite	illite ?
eukamptite	altered biotite
euphyllite	paragonite and muscovite or paragonite
gigantolite	muscovite and cordierite
hallerite	paragonite and lithian muscovite
helvetan	decomposed biotite
hexagonal mica	a mica ?
hydrophlogopite	interstratified phlogopite and vermiculite
hydropolylithionite	an altered lepidolite ?
iberite	altered cordierite and zeolite
ivigute	muscovite ? sodian ferruginous mica ?
kryptotile	probably not a mica
ledikite	interstratified biotite and vermiculite
leslevite	a variety of margarite or a mineral mixture
leverrierite	probably not a mica
mahadevite	an Al-rich biotite?
Melanglimmer	biotite ? stilpnomelane ? cronstedtite ?
metabiotite	weathering product of biotite
Mg-illite-hydromica	interstratified phlogopite and vermiculite
minguetite	interstratified biotite and vermiculite?
oncosine	muscovite ± quartz ± other phases
Onkosin	muscovite ± quartz ± other phases
onkosine	muscovite ± quartz ± other phases
pattersonite	interstratified biotite and vermiculite
philadelphite	decomposition product of biotite, a vermiculite?
pholidolite	phlogopite ? saponite ?
pinite	pseudomorph mostly of mica after cordierite,
•	nepheline, or scapolite

pimite pseudomorph mostly of mica after cord nepheline, or scapolite pseudobiotite interstratified biotite and vermiculite or

interlayer-deficient biotite
pterolite decomposition product of homblende consisting
of mica and alkali pyroxene

rastolyte altered biotite or interlayer-deficient biotite rubellan altered biotite or interlayer-deficient biotite,

vermiculite?

sericite fine-grained aggregate of mica-like phases spodiophyllite possibly a mica related to tainiolite rincictahedral illite interstratified biotite and vermiculite uniaxial mica a biotite?

alite a vermiculite ?

waddoite

voigtite weathering product of biotite or interlayer-deficient

a mica ?

• Species that are not end members. The Subcommittee voted to consider as end members only formulas that are stoichiometric on the scale of the asymmetric part of the unit cell. This principle ruled out a number of micas; the Subcommittee decided it would be best to refer to nonstoichiometric micas that have a fairly constant and recurring composition as "species that are not end members". The micas so designated are montdorite, trilithionite and wonesite.

agalmatolite pyrophyllite or a mixture with dominant pyrophyllite allevardite bannisterite related to islandlike modulated 2:1 layer silicates Bildstein pyrophyllite or a mixture with dominant pyrophyllite chalcodite stilpnomelane Fe muscovite invalid name, hypothetical end-member ferrimuscovite invalid name, hypothetical end-member ferrophengite invalid name, hypothetical end-member ferrostilpnomelane stilpnomelane ganophyllite modulated 2:1 layer silicate hydrobiotite regular 1:1 interstratification of biotite and vermiculite invalid name, hypothetical end-member iron muscovite kerrite vermiculite maconite related to verniculite manandonite boron-rich serpentine pyrophyllite or a mixture with dominant pyrophyllite pagodite parsettensite modulated 2:1 laver silicate stilpnochlorane nontronite tarasovite resular 3:1 interstratification of dioctahedral mica and smectite

Note that some entries listed in the left-hand column are names of valid species; these names are not to be considered discredited because they appear in this table.

- Synonyms (s) and varieties (v). The list is based on tabulations of Heinrich *et al.* (1953) and Hey (1962, 1963), modified and supplemented. Labels "(s)" or "(v)" could only be attached where there was sufficient information. If a series name appears to the right of a variety rather than a species name, it is because no more precise information is available.
- Tainiolite. The Subcommittee prefers the original spelling tainiolite to taeniolite. The spelling of Flink (1899) was based on Greek words ταινία (a band or strip) and λίθος (a stone). It should be noted that the Russian spelling has always been ΤΑΣΗΙΙΟΙΙΙΤ.
- **Tetra-ferri-annite**. Inasmuch as Wahl's (1925) analytical results do not make the case for ^{IV}Fe³⁺ sufficiently strongly, his *monrepite* was rejected as an end member, with *tetra-ferri-annite* taking its place. Parallel with it is the name *tetra-ferriphlogopite*.

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^{*} Usage of these names is discouraged unless the ill-defined micas are substantiated by new research.

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