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Search for a right-handed W boson and a heavy neutrino in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

The CMS Collaboration*

Abstract

A search is presented for a right-handed W boson (W_R) and a heavy neutrino (N), in a final state consisting of two same-flavor leptons (ee or $\mu\mu$) and two quarks. The search is performed with the CMS experiment at the CERN LHC using a data sample of proton-proton collisions at a center-of-mass energy of 13 TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 138 fb⁻¹. The search covers two regions of phase space, one where the decay products of the heavy neutrino are merged into a single large-area jet, and one where the decay products are well separated. The expected signal is characterized by an excess in the invariant mass distribution of the final-state objects. No significant excess over the standard model background expectations is observed. The observations are interpreted as upper limits on the product of W_R production cross sections and branching fractions assuming that couplings are identical to those of the standard model W boson. For N masses m_N equal to half the W_R mass m_{W_R} ($m_N = 0.2$ TeV), m_{W_R} is excluded at 95% confidence level up to 4.7 (4.8) and 5.0 (5.4) TeV for the electron and muon channels, respectively. This analysis provides the most stringent limits on the W_R mass to date.

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1 Introduction

Left-right (LR) symmetric models [1–4], which extend the electroweak sector of the standard model (SM) by a right-handed SU(2) group, provide a possible explanation for parity violation in the SM as the consequence of spontaneous symmetry breaking at a multi-TeV mass scale. These models predict a heavy partner of the SM W boson, a heavy, right-handed gauge boson W_R that is coupled to right-handed fermions. In addition, LR models also provide an explanation for the small mass of SM neutrinos through the seesaw mechanism [5–7], which requires the existence of a heavy right-handed neutrino (N) for each lepton flavor. The heavy neutrinos couple exclusively to leptons of the corresponding flavor, and have different masses.

The coupling strengths in most LR models. We assume:

constant g_L .

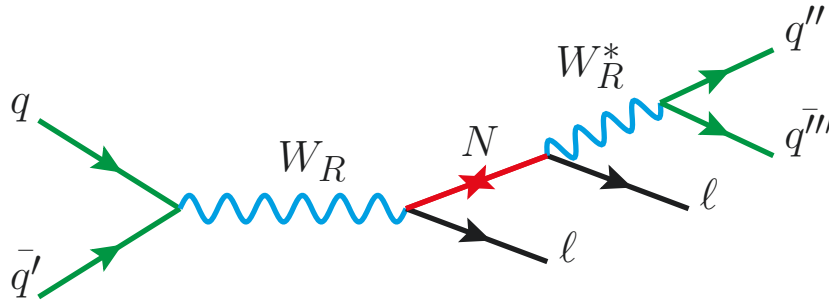


Figure 1: Feynman diagram for the production of a heavy neutrino via the decay of a W_R boson.

The dominant production process for the W_R boson at the CERN LHC is the Drell–Yan (DY) mechanism. The leading order Feynman diagram for this process is shown in Fig. 1. Searches for W_R bosons and heavy neutrinos have been performed by the ATLAS [8–10] and CMS [11–15] Collaborations using LHC proton-proton (pp) collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ and 13 TeV. These searches have excluded regions of phase space with masses of the right-handed W boson and heavy neutrino (m_{W_R} and m_N , respectively) up to several TeV.

In this paper, we extend the region of parameter space covered in the previous 2016 CMS search for W_R bosons in events with two same-flavor leptons (e or μ) and two jets using 2016 data [12], by including the regime where the W_R boson is heavy compared to the N ($m_{W_R}/m_N \gg 10$). In this scenario, the heavy neutrinos are produced with large transverse momentum (p_T) and their decay products are collimated along their direction of motion. Therefore, the heavy neutrino decay is reconstructed in a single jet and identified using jet substructure techniques, similar to those discussed in Refs. [16, 17] and previously applied in Ref. [10]; we refer to these as “boosted” events, in contrast to “resolved” events where the two jets from the heavy neutrino decay are reconstructed separately. The inclusion of boosted events leads to significant improvements in the search sensitivity in the region where $m_N \approx 0.5$ TeV. To obtain maximum sensitivity, a statistical combination of the resolved and boosted results is performed. For this analysis we use the data sample collected in 2016–2018 with the CMS detector at the LHC corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 138 fb^{-1} . Tabulated results are provided in HEPData [18].

2 The CMS detector

A detailed description of the CMS detector, together with a definition of the coordinate system and the relevant kinematic variables, can be found in Ref. [19]. The central feature of the CMS

apparatus is a superconducting solenoid of 6 m internal diameter, providing a magnetic field of 3.8 T. Within the solenoid volume are a silicon pixel and strip tracker, a lead tungstate crystal electromagnetic calorimeter (ECAL), and a brass and scintillator hadron calorimeter (HCAL), each composed of a barrel and two endcap sections. Forward calorimeters extend the pseudorapidity (η) coverage provided by the barrel and endcap detectors. Muons are detected in gas-ionization chambers embedded in the steel flux-return yoke outside the solenoid.

Events of interest are selected using a two-tiered trigger system [20]. The first level, composed of custom hardware processors, uses information from the calorimeters and muon detectors to select events at a rate of around 100 kHz within a fixed time interval of less than 4 ns [21]. The second level, known as the high-level trigger, consists of a farm of processors running a version of the full event reconstruction software optimized for fast processing, and reduces the event rate to around 1 kHz before data storage.

3 Simulated samples

All signal events are simulated using the MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO 2.6.5 [22] Monte Carlo (MC) event generator at leading order (LO) following the prescriptions described in Refs. [17, 23] for various m_{W_R} hypotheses in the range from 0.2 to 7.0 TeV, with m_N ranging from 0.1 TeV up to m_{W_R} . The events are generated in final states with two same-flavor (SF) leptons (ee or $\mu\mu$). The production cross sections are scaled to next-to-LO (NLO) in quantum chromodynamics (QCD) using K factors obtained from the same generator.

The background samples are simulated with several MC event generators. The Z and W boson production associated with jets is simulated with the MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO 2.2.2 (2.4.2) generator for up to four parton-level jets at LO for the 2016 (2017–2018) samples, with the MLM matching scheme between jets from matrix element calculations and parton showers [24]. The POWHEG 2.0 [25–28] generator is used to model the $t\bar{t}$ production, as well as tW and t -channel single top quark production at NLO. The s -channel single top quark production is generated with the MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO generator at NLO precision. The inclusive decay of $t\bar{t}$ produced in association with a W and Z boson is simulated by MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO at NLO and LO precision, respectively. The PYTHIA generator [29] is used to simulate diboson processes (WW, WZ, and ZZ) at LO. Triple vector boson (WWW, WWZ, WZZ, and ZZZ) events are generated at NLO using MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO.

The generators used for the signal and background processes are interfaced with PYTHIA 8.226 (8.230) [29] to simulate the parton showering and hadronization in the 2016 (2017–2018) samples. The PYTHIA parameters for the underlying event description are set with either the CUETP8M1 [30] tune for the 2016 samples or the CP5 [31] tune for the 2017–2018 samples. For the description of the parton distribution functions (PDFs), the NNPDF3.0 [32] PDF sets are used to produce all simulated background samples in 2016. For the 2017–2018 background samples, the NNPDF3.1 next-to-NLO (NNLO) PDF sets [33] are used. The NNPDF3.1 NNLO PDF sets are used to simulate all the signal samples.

All simulated samples were processed through a GEANT4 simulation [34] of the CMS detector. Multiple pp collisions may occur in the same or adjacent LHC bunch crossings (pileup) and contribute to the overall event activity in the detector. This effect is included in the simulation, and the distribution of the number of pileup interactions is adjusted to match the one observed in the data, assuming a total inelastic cross section of 69.2 mb [35].

4 Event reconstruction and object selection

For this search, the events were selected at the trigger level by requiring the presence of a high-momentum lepton in the event. A combination of three triggers that require an isolated electron with $p_T \geq 27$ – 32 GeV, an electron with $p_T \geq 115$ GeV, or a photon with $p_T \geq 175$ – 200 GeV is used to collect events that contain two electrons in 2016 (2018). In 2017, two triggers with the requirement of an isolated electron with $p_T \geq 35$ GeV or a photon with $p_T \geq 200$ GeV were used. Events containing at least one isolated muon are collected by triggers that require a muon with a minimum p_T of 50 GeV.

The primary pp interaction vertex is taken to be the candidate vertex with the largest value of summed physics-object p_T^2 . The physics objects are the jets, clustered using the anti- k_T jet finding algorithm [36, 37] with the tracks assigned to candidate vertices as inputs, and the associated missing transverse momentum, taken as the negative vector p_T sum of those jets.

The global event reconstruction (also called particle-flow event reconstruction) [38] aims to reconstruct and identify each individual particle in an event, with an optimized combination of all subdetector information. In this process, the identification of the particle type (photon, electron, muon, charged and neutral hadron) plays an important role in the determination of the particle direction and energy. Photons (e.g., coming from π^0 decays or from electron bremsstrahlung) are identified as ECAL energy clusters not linked to the extrapolation of any charged particle trajectory to the ECAL. Each electron (e.g., coming from photon conversions in the tracker material or from B hadron semileptonic decays) is identified as a primary charged particle track and potentially many ECAL energy clusters corresponding to this track extrapolation to the ECAL and to possible bremsstrahlung photons emitted along the way through the tracker material. Muons (e.g., from B hadron semileptonic decays) are identified as tracks in the central tracker consistent with either a track or several hits in the muon system, and associated with calorimeter deposits compatible with the muon hypothesis. Charged hadrons are identified as charged particle tracks neither identified as electrons, nor as muons. Finally, neutral hadrons are identified as HCAL energy clusters not linked to any charged hadron trajectory, or as a combined ECAL and HCAL energy excess with respect to the expected charged hadron energy deposit.

The energy of each photon is obtained from the ECAL measurement. The energy of each electron is determined from a combination of the electron momentum at the primary interaction vertex as determined by the tracker, the energy of the corresponding ECAL cluster, and the energy sum of all bremsstrahlung photons spatially compatible with originating from the electron track. The momentum of each muon is obtained from the trajectory of the corresponding track in the magnetic field. The energy of each charged hadron is determined from a combination of the momentum measured in the tracker and the matching ECAL and HCAL energy deposits, corrected for the response function of the calorimeters to hadronic showers. Finally, the energy of each neutral hadron is obtained from the corresponding corrected ECAL and HCAL energies.

For each event, the jets are clustered from the reconstructed particles using the infrared and collinear safe anti- k_T algorithm [36, 37] with a distance parameter of 0.4 (AK4 jets) or 0.8 (AK8 jets). The jet momentum is determined as the vectorial sum of all particle momenta in the jet, and is found from simulation to be, on average, within 5–10% of the true momentum over the whole p_T spectrum and detector acceptance [39].

Pileup interactions can contribute additional tracks and calorimetric energy deposits to the reconstructed jets, increasing their apparent momentum. To mitigate this effect for AK4 jets,

charged particles identified as originating from pileup vertices are discarded and an offset correction is applied to correct for the remaining contributions. Jet energy corrections are derived from simulation to correct the average measured energies of jets to those of particle-level jets. In situ measurements of the momentum balance in dijet, photon+jet, Z+jet, and multijet events are used to account for any residual differences in jet energy scale in data and simulation [39]. The typical jet energy resolution is 15% at 10 GeV, 8% at 100 GeV, and 4% at 1 TeV. Additional selection criteria are applied to each jet to remove jets potentially dominated by anomalous contributions from various subdetector components or reconstruction failures [40]. For AK8 jets, the pileup-per-particle identification algorithm [41, 42] is used to mitigate the effect of pileup at the reconstructed-particle level, making use of local shape information, event pileup properties and tracking information.

The momentum resolution for electrons with $p_T \geq 45$ GeV from $Z \rightarrow e\bar{e}$ decays ranges from 1.7% to 4.5%. It is generally better in the barrel region than in the endcaps, and also depends on the bremsstrahlung energy emitted by the electron as it traverses the material in front of the ECAL [43].

Muons are measured in the range $0.4 < \eta < 2.4$, with detection planes made using three technologies: drift tubes, cathode strip chambers, and resistive-plate chambers. The single-muon trigger efficiency exceeds 90% over the full η range, and the subsequent efficiency to reconstruct and identify muons is greater than 96%. Matching muons to tracks measured in the silicon tracker results in a fractional p_T resolution of 1% in the barrel and 3% in the endcaps for muons with p_T up to 100 GeV, and of better than 7% in the barrel for muons with p_T up to 1 TeV [44].

To reconstruct resolved W_R candidates, events with two leptons and at least two AK4 jets are selected. Events with additional leptons are rejected, and if more than two jets exist, the two jets with the highest p_T are used. The leading (subleading) lepton is required to have $p_T \geq 60$ (53) GeV and to be within the fiducial acceptance ($1.44 < \eta < 2.4$). Electrons are rejected if the cluster lies in the range $1.44 < \eta < 1.57$, which corresponds to the transition region between the barrel and endcap sections of the ECAL, where the performance is degraded. To suppress muons originating from hadron decays or pion punch-through in jets, the p_T sum of additional tracks that originate at the PV and are inside a cone of $\Delta R \leq 0.3$, where $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\eta^2 + \Delta\phi^2}$, is required to be less than 10% of the muon p_T . Electrons are also required to be isolated, i.e., the p_T sum of all tracks in a cone of $\Delta R \leq 0.3$ centered on the electron candidate, not associated with the electron and originating from the PV, must be below 5 GeV. Dedicated identification algorithms, optimized for the selection of high-momentum leptons [43, 45] are used. The two jet candidates must each have $p_T \geq 40$ GeV and be within $0.4 < \eta < 2.4$. To avoid overlaps between leptons and jets, they are required to be separated in ΔR by at least 0.4. An event is considered resolved if it contains four well-separated final-state objects as described above.

Events that fail the resolved selection criteria are used to reconstruct the boosted W_R candidates. The $N \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ decay is reconstructed as a single AK8 jet. The boosted signature requires an AK8 jet with $p_T \geq 200$ GeV and two leptons that have the same p_T requirements as in the resolved search. The leading lepton is required to be separated in the azimuthal direction by $\Delta\phi \geq 2.0$ with respect to the AK8 jet. The subleading lepton, with the isolation requirement removed, is required to fall within the AK8 jet cone. The AK8 jet with the highest p_T is chosen when multiple jets satisfy the conditions above, and events with additional isolated leptons are rejected. The jet is groomed [46] to remove soft and wide-angle radiation using the soft-drop algorithm [47, 48], with the soft radiation fraction parameter z set to 0.1 and the angular exponent parameter β set to 0. The groomed jet is used to compute the soft-drop jet mass (m_{SD}) and each AK8 jet is required to have $m_{SD} \geq 40$ GeV, in order for the jet substructure variables to be

properly modeled.

The lepton subjet fraction (LSF_3) algorithm [49] is used to determine the consistency of the jet with three subjets, where one subjet is dominated by the four-momentum of the lepton. This algorithm clusters the constituents of a jet into three subjets using the exclusive- k_T algorithm, and LSF_3 is defined as the ratio of the lepton p_T to its associated subjet p_T ($p_T / p_{T \text{ subjet}}$). Jets with higher LSF_3 values are considered to have a more isolated lepton within the jet and therefore the lepton is assumed to originate from a prompt decay. A selection of $\text{LSF}_3 > 0.75$ is required for all signal AK8 jets, which removes more than 81 (94)% of dielectron (dimuon) background events that have leptons originating from the decay of particles with non-negligible lifetimes (nonprompt leptons), while keeping 87 (92)% of signal events with $m_{W_R}, m_N = 5.0, 0.2$ TeV.

For the resolved events we reconstruct an invariant mass distribution from the two leptons and two AK4 jets (m_{jj}), and for the boosted events we consider the distribution in invariant mass of the lead lepton and AK8 jet (m_{lJ}). We search for deviations from the expected SM background in these distributions in the mass regions with m_{jj} or $m_{lJ} > 0.8$ TeV. To reduce the contribution from Z boson production, we also impose a requirement of $m_{jj} > 0.4 + 0.2$ TeV in the resolved (boosted) search. For the signal samples with $m_{W_R} = 5.0$ TeV and $m_N = 0.2 - 3.0$ TeV, the product of acceptance and efficiency is 21–22 (49–50)% and 34–43 (54–67)% in the dielectron and dimuon boosted (resolved) signal regions (SRs), respectively, depending on the year.

5 Background estimation

The dominant SM processes that contribute to the background in each SR are DY production of lepton pairs with additional jets in the final state (DY+jets), leptonic decays of pair-produced top quarks, and single top production with an associated W boson. These backgrounds are estimated from simulation and the modeling is corrected using control regions (CRs), as described below. A schematic diagram presenting the CRs and SR is shown in Fig. 2.

The $t\bar{t}$ events with at least one hadronically decaying W boson, s - and t -channel production of a single top quark, and W boson production in association with jets can contribute to the SRs when nonprompt leptons from, e.g., semileptonic decays of B hadrons, are misidentified as signal-like leptons. These types of background are labeled as nonprompt, and are estimated by means of simulated samples. Multiboson and $t\bar{t}$ production in association with a gauge boson are rare SM processes that can also contribute to the SRs, and their contributions are obtained from simulation as well.

To correct the mismodeled p_T distribution of the Z boson in the DY simulation [50, 51], we apply a K factor as a function of the generator-level Z boson p_T (“ p_T Z correction”). The NLO-to-LO K factor in QCD is obtained by taking the ratio between DY samples simulated to NLO and LO precision. The uncertainties from renormalization and factorization scale, PDF variations, and the statistical uncertainties in the MC samples are taken into account. The nNLO electroweak correction (combination of the \mathcal{O}^2 s contributions and the \mathcal{O}^3 s electroweak Sudakov logarithms in the next-to-leading log approximation) is taken from Ref. [51]. We define DY CRs to be the same as the SR but modify the dilepton mass requirement to $60 < m_{ll} < 150$ GeV (blue region in Fig. 2). For the boosted DY CRs, a lepton is not required to be located inside an AK8 jet, and the LSF_3 requirement is removed when collecting the AK8 jets. Owing to a limitation of the DY MC generator, which is restricted to the LO simulation of events with a maximum of four partons in the hard scattering, a shape discrepancy is observed in the leading AK4 and AK8 jet p_T distributions in the resolved and boosted DY CRs, respec-

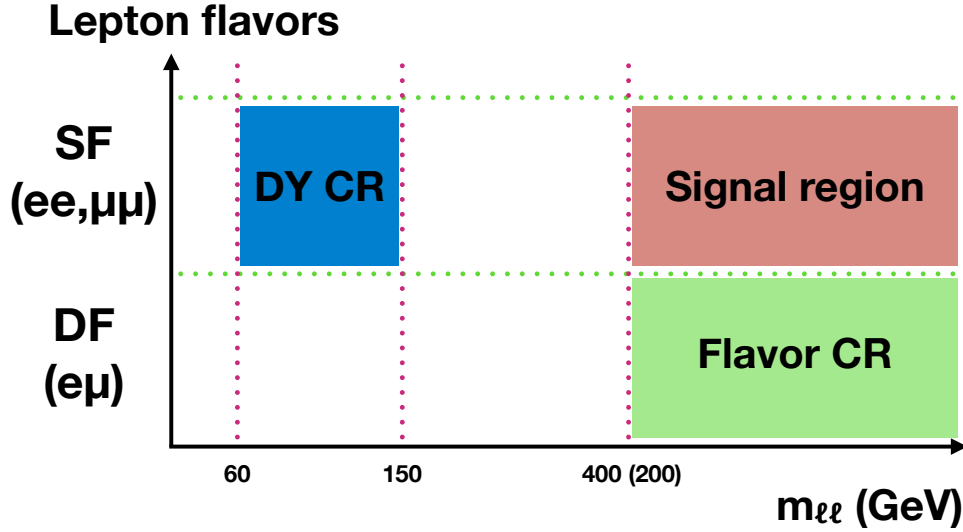


Figure 2: A schematic diagram of the analysis region. The minimum values of the dilepton mass in the SR and the flavor CR is 400 (200) GeV for the resolved (boosted) region. The backgrounds from $t\bar{t}$ and tW production are estimated from the flavor CR (green), where different flavor (DF) leptons are required. The DY background is estimated from the DY CR (blue).

tively. We correct the shape of the jet p_T distributions to match with those observed in data by a bin-by-bin rescaling (“DY reshape”). Since this mismodeling is due to the higher-order effect of QCD jet splitting, the dielectron and dimuon events will be affected in a similar way, thus the two event samples are summed when extracting the reweighting values. The uncertainty assigned to the DY reshape correction is dominated by the statistical uncertainty, and is treated as uncorrelated across bins in the invariant mass spectrum. The normalization of the DY processes is allowed to vary in the fitting procedure, which is described in Section 7.

To constrain the normalization of the $t\bar{t}$ and tW backgrounds in each SR, a corresponding control region (flavor CR) dominated by $t\bar{t}$ and tW events is defined by requiring the two leptons to have different flavors (the green region in Fig. 2). For the boosted analysis, separate control regions are used for the dielectron and dimuon searches. These require a lead muon plus a jet with an electron contained within it (e-jet), and a lead electron plus a jet with a muon contained within it (μ -jet), respectively. The normalizations of these backgrounds are extracted by performing a simultaneous fit across the SRs and flavor CRs.

The invariant mass distributions in the DY CRs, flavor CRs, and the SRs are simultaneously fitted (Section 7). The m_{jj} and m_j distributions after the fitting (post-fit) in the DY CRs and flavor CRs are shown in Figs. 3 and 4, respectively.

6 Systematic uncertainties

The m_{jj} (m_j) distribution is used to perform a binned maximum likelihood fit in the resolved (boosted) SR. The shapes of the invariant mass distributions are affected by a number of systematic uncertainties. Each systematic uncertainty is treated either as uncorrelated or fully correlated across the three data-taking years. A complete list of systematic uncertainties and their correlations is given in Table 1.

The integrated luminosities for the 2016, 2017, and 2018 data-taking years have 1.2–2.5% individual uncertainties [52–54], while the overall uncertainty for the 2016–2018 period is 1.6%.

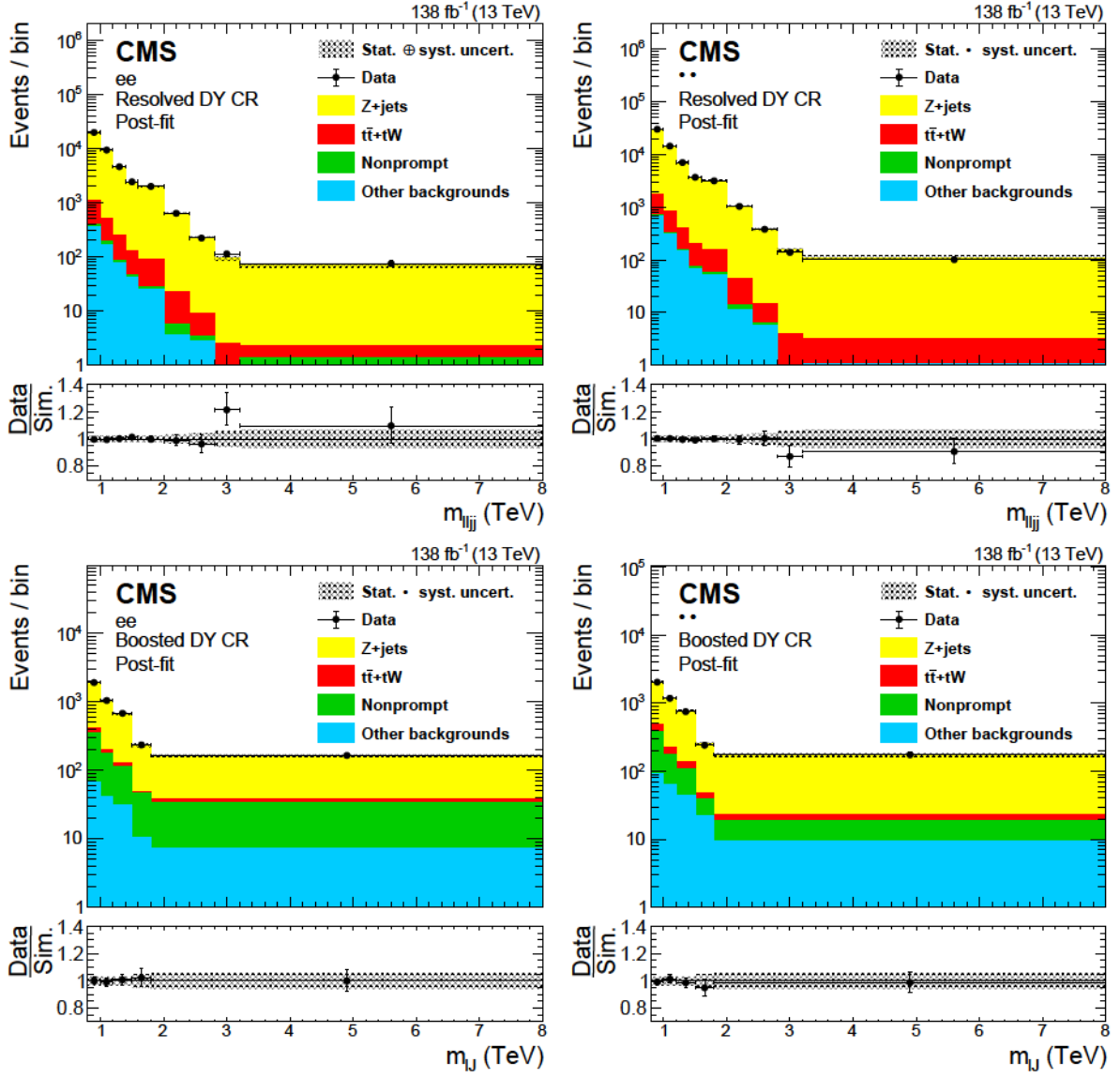


Figure 3: The $m_{\ell\ell j}$ ($m_{e j}$) distributions in the resolved (boosted) DY CRs are shown in the upper (lower) row. Results in the ee ($\mu\mu$) channels are shown in the left (right) plots. The hatched uncertainty bands on the simulated background histograms include statistical and systematic components.

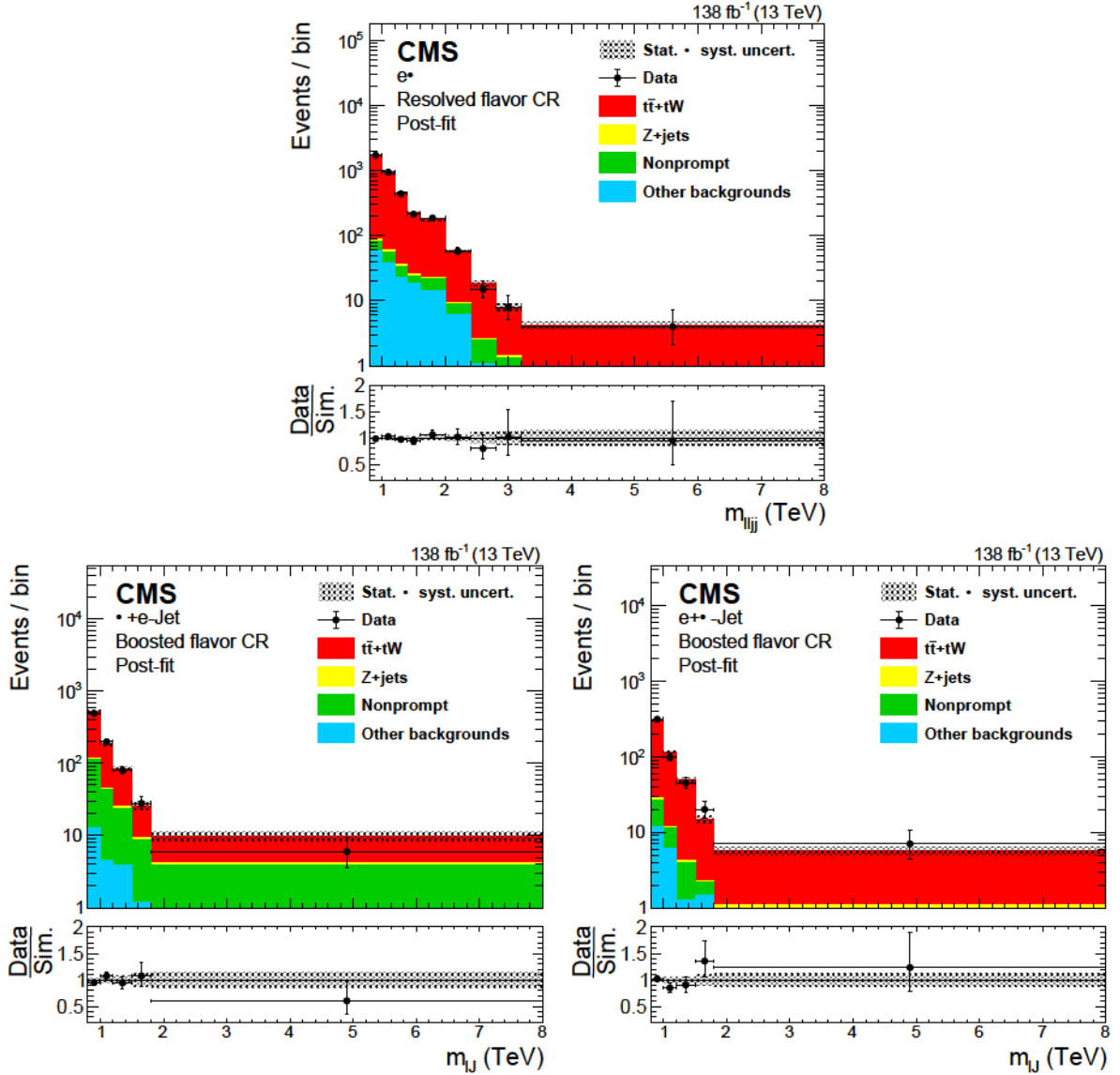


Figure 4: The reconstructed mass of the W_R boson in the resolved (upper), boosted with e -jet (lower left), and boosted with μ -jet (lower right) flavor CR.

The uncertainties in the expected signal and background yields associated with the pileup simulation are estimated by varying the total cross section of the inelastic scattering used in the simulation by $\pm 5\%$. The resultant uncertainties are 0.0–0.9% and 0.2–1.1% in signal and background yields, respectively.

The lepton trigger, reconstruction, identification, and isolation efficiencies are measured in both data and simulation using $Z \rightarrow \ell^\pm \ell^\mp$ ($\ell = e$ or μ) events and data-to-simulation scale factors are applied to all simulation samples to correct any discrepancies. The uncertainties in the lepton scale factors are evaluated by changing the scale factors by ± 1 standard deviation from their nominal values. The momenta of leptons are varied in the simulation within their ± 1 standard deviation from their nominal value, and the differences in the mass distributions are taken as the uncertainties. The uncertainties in the jet energy scale and resolutions [39] affect the signal and background yields by less than 5%. The jet selection efficiency associated with the requirement $LSF_3 > 0.75$ is measured by taking a sample of AK8 jets from boosted W bosons in $t\bar{t}$ events where one W boson decays leptonically and the other decays hadronically

and injecting a simulated lepton (e or μ) in the direction of the hadronically decaying W boson, to emulate the 3-prong jet topology. The data-to-simulation scale factor obtained for the LSF_3 requirement is then applied to the simulated samples. The resulting uncertainty in the yields amounts to less than 10% for both the signal and background.

As described in Section 5, the two corrections applied to the DY simulation are varied within their uncertainties to estimate their impact on the invariant mass distributions.

Owing to the imperfect description of nonprompt leptons in the simulation, a conservative 100% normalization uncertainty, cross-checked with a dedicated control region, is assigned to the nonprompt background estimation. A 50% uncertainty is assigned to the rare SM background. The theoretical uncertainties originating from the strong coupling constant α_s , PDFs, and renormalization/factorization scales are the dominant sources of uncertainties for the signal shape estimate. The PDF and α_s uncertainties are estimated from the standard deviation of the weights from the PDF replicas provided in the NNPDF3.1 PDF set [33], following the PDF4LHC procedure [55].

Table 1: Summary of the relative uncertainties in the total yields of the signal and background (bkgd) predictions. The uncertainties are given for the resolved (boosted) SR. The values for the signal correspond to $m_{W_R} = 5$ TeV. The range given for each systematic uncertainty source covers the variation across the years and the year-to-year treatment is shown as either fully correlated (C) or uncorrelated (U). The EW1, EW2, and EW3 entries are the uncertainties from the \mathcal{O}^2 Sudakov terms, the NLO portion of the nNLO EW uncertainty, and the uncertainty in the Sudakov approximation at nNLO, respectively.

Source	Process	Corr.	ee bkgd. (%)	ee signal (%)	bkgd. (%)	signal (%)
Integrated luminosity	All	C	1.6 (1.6)	1.6 (1.6)	1.6 (1.6)	1.6 (1.6)
Electron reconstruction	All	C	1.0–1.6 (0.5–0.8)	0.8–1.4 (0.4–0.8)	—	—
Electron energy resolution	All	C	0.1 (0.1)	0.1 (0.1)	—	—
Electron energy scale	All	C	0.5–1.9 (0.5–2.4)	0–0.2 (0–0.4)	—	—
Electron identification	All	C	3.1–3.3 (1.8–1.9)	4.1–4.4 (2.1–2.4)	—	—
Electron trigger	All	U	0–0.1 (0.2–0.4)	0.1 (0.1–0.2)	—	—
Muon reconstruction	All	C	—	—	0.4–1.0 (0.3–0.7)	4.4–36.8 (5.6–30.7)
Muon momentum scale	All	C	—	—	0.4–2.5 (0.5–3.7)	0.1–0.2 (0.1–0.3)
Muon identification	All	C	—	—	0.2–1.2 (0.1–0.6)	0.2–1.1 (0.1–0.5)
Muon isolation	All	C	—	—	0.1–0.2 (0–0.1)	0.1–0.2 (0–0.1)
Muon trigger	All	U	—	—	0.1–0.2 (0.1–0.2)	0.7–1.6 (0.5–1.3)
Jet energy scale	All	C	1.9–4.2 (0.9–1.9)	0–0.2 (0–0.2)	2.1–3.5 (0.6–0.9)	0–0.2 (0–0.4)
Jet energy resolution	All	U	0.5–1.5 (0.7–2.0)	0–0.3 (0–0.4)	0.2–1.3 (0.2–1.1)	0–0.3 (0–0.3)
Jet mass scale	All	C	0.1 (1.0–1.8)	0.1 (0.1–1.0)	0.1 (1.4–1.7)	0.1 (0.2–1.0)
LSF scale factor	All	U	— (6.7–8.7)	— (6.7–8.7)	— (5.8–7.1)	— (5.8–7.1)
Pileup modeling	All	C	0.2–1.1 (0.5–1.2)	0.1–0.8 (0.1–0.9)	0.3–0.5 (0.2–1.2)	0.1–0.5 (0–0.6)
p_T (Z) correction, MC stat.	DY+jets	C	0.6–2.0 (0.6–2.0)	—	0.6–2.0 (0.6–2.0)	—
p_T (Z) correction, renorm./fact. scales	DY+jets	C	6.3–7.1 (6.7–7.3)	—	6.1–7.1 (6.8–7.4)	—
p_T (Z) correction, PDF replicas	DY+jets	C	0.6–2.0 (0.6–2.0)	—	0.6–2.0 (0.6–2.0)	—
p_T (Z) correction, PDF α_s	DY+jets	C	0.8–4.7 (0.8–5.2)	—	0.8–4.7 (0.8–5.3)	—
p_T (Z) correction, EW1 [51]	DY+jets	C	0.1 (0.1)	—	0.1 (0.1)	—
p_T (Z) correction, EW2 [51]	DY+jets	C	0.3 (0.3)	—	0.3 (0.3)	—
p_T (Z) correction, EW3 [51]	DY+jets	C	0.1 (0.1)	—	0.1 (0–0.1)	—
DY reshape	DY+jets	C	8.5–9.1 (10.1–11.6)	—	8.5–9.2 (9.7–11.6)	—
Nonprompt background normalization	Nonprompt	U	100 (100)	—	100 (100)	—
Rare SM background normalization	Others	C	50 (50)	—	50 (50)	—
PDF replicas	Signal	C	—	5.9–11.9 (8.8–40.3)	—	2.8–6.8 (17.5–40.6)
α_s	Signal	C	—	0–0.2 (0.2–1.3)	—	0–0.2 (0.2–1.2)
Renorm./fact. scales	Signal	C	—	0–0.1 (0.3–2.3)	—	0–0.1 (2.1–2.9)

7 Results

A maximum-likelihood fit is performed on the m_{jj} (m_j) distributions in the resolved (boosted) SRs and CRs, with the systematic uncertainties described in Section 6 treated as nuisance parameters. The post-fit invariant mass distributions are shown in Fig. 5 and no significant excess

over the background expectations is observed. The upper limits on the product of the cross section for W_R production and the branching fractions $\sigma_{pp \rightarrow W_R} \mathcal{B}(W_R \rightarrow ee, \mu\mu, \tau\tau, \nu\bar{\nu})$ for various m_{W_R} and m_N hypotheses are obtained using the distributions of the likelihood ratio calculated using the asymptotic approximation [56] and the CL_s criterion [57, 58]. The excluded phase space as a function of m_{W_R} obtained from the expected and observed upper limits at 95% confidence level (CL) is shown in Fig. 6. With $m_N = m_{W_R}/2$, the observed (expected) lower limit at 95% CL on the mass of the W_R is 4.7 (5.2) TeV and 5.0 (5.2) TeV for the electron and muon channels, respectively; for $m_N = 0.2$ TeV, limits exclude the phase space up to $m_{W_R} = 4.8$ –5.0 and 5.4–5.3 TeV for the electron and muon channels. The local p -value of the signal strength, as a function of m_{W_R} and m_N , is obtained from fits to the data and we observe the most extreme p -value to occur in the electron channel for the $m_{W_R}, m_N = 6.0, 0.8$ TeV mass point and to be 1.58×10^{-3} , corresponding to a local significance of 2.95 σ . When the look-elsewhere effect [59] is taken into account, the probability under the background-only hypothesis of observing a similar or larger excess in the electron channel across the full analysis mass range is 2.7×10^{-3} , corresponding to a global significance of 2.78 σ . The upper limits across the entire m_{W_R}, m_N plane are shown in Fig. 7. The results are compared with previous searches for W_R bosons and heavy neutrinos performed by the CMS Collaboration [12] using LHC pp collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV and the excluded regions from this analysis extends these previous results by 0.3 and 0.6 TeV in m_{W_R} , with $m_N = m_{W_R}/2$, in the electron and muon channels, respectively.

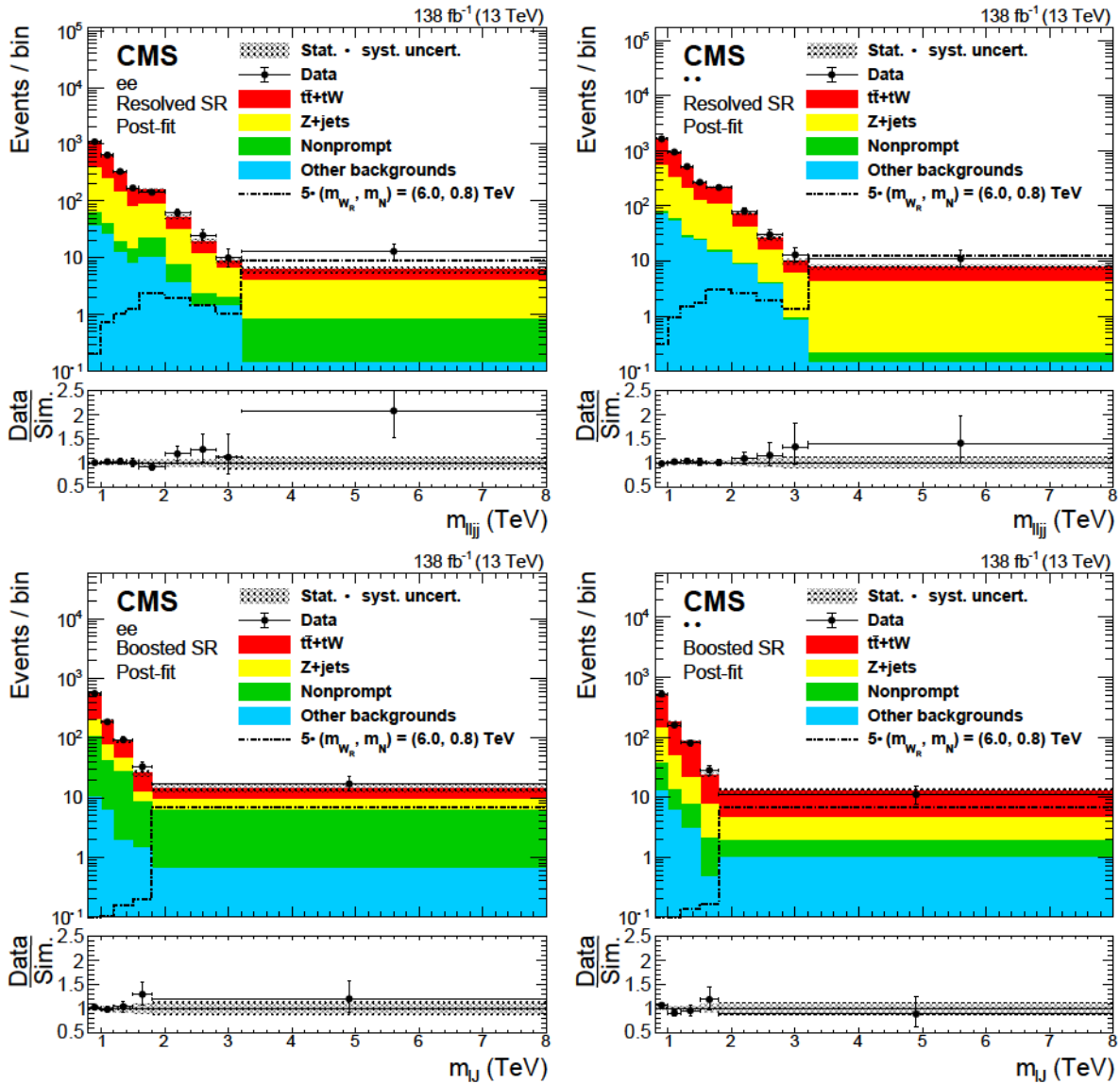


Figure 5: The post-fit $m_{\ell\ell jj}$ ($m_{\ell\ell}$) distributions in the resolved (boosted) SR are shown in the upper (lower) plot. Results for the dielectron (dimuon) channel are shown on the left (right). Statistical and systematic uncertainties in the expected background yields are represented by the hatched band. The simulated signal distribution is scaled up by a factor of five to enhance visibility.

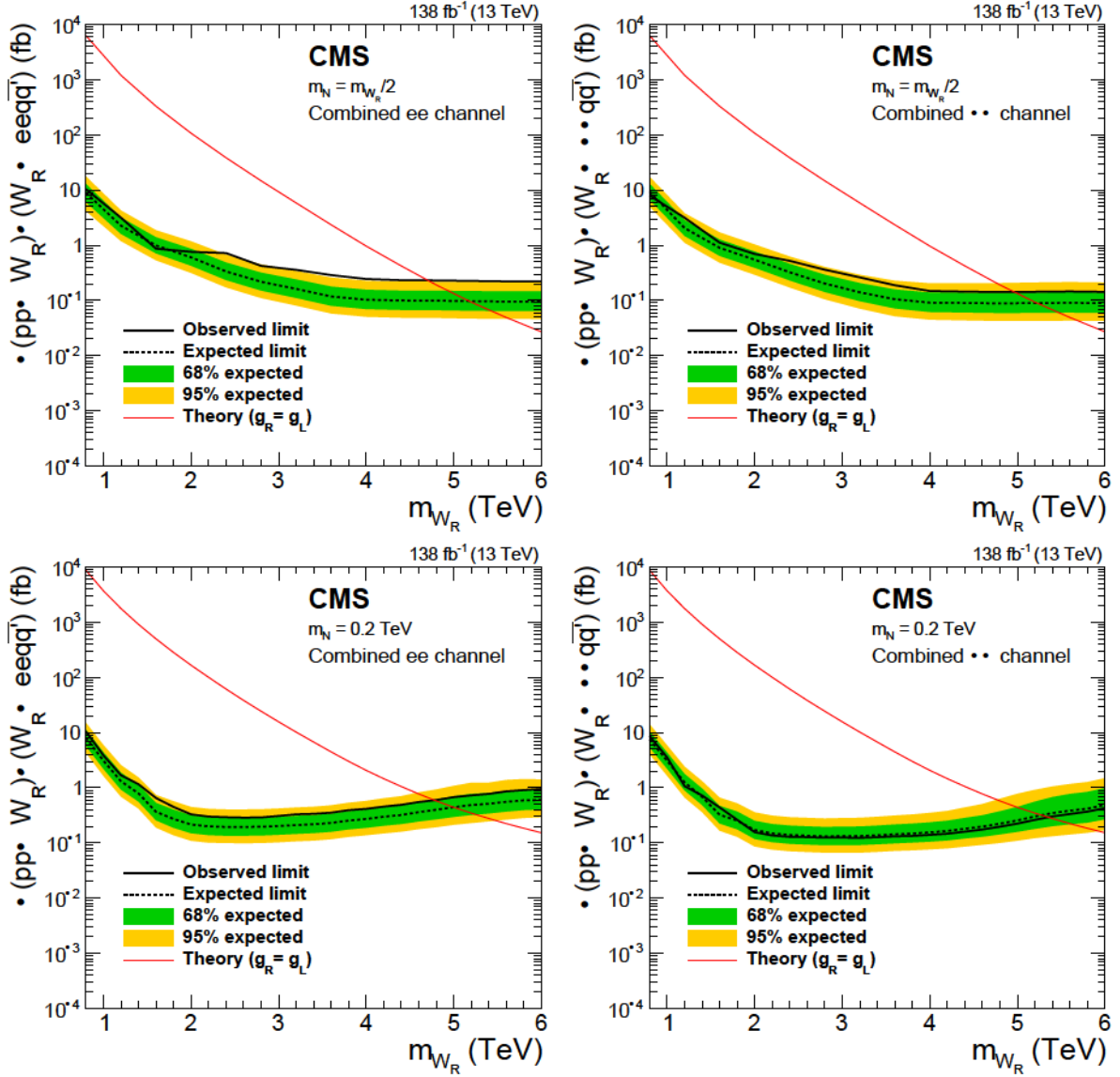


Figure 6: The expected (black dashed line) and the observed (black solid line) 95% CL upper limits on the product of the cross section for W_R production and the branching fractions for the electron channel (left) and muon channel (right) from the combination of the resolved and boosted categories. The plots in the upper (lower) row are the results for the $m_N = m_{W_R}/2$ ($m_N = 0.2$ TeV) mass point. The green (inner) and yellow (outer) bands indicate the 68 and 95% coverage of the expected upper limits. The red solid lines represent the values expected from the theory [17].

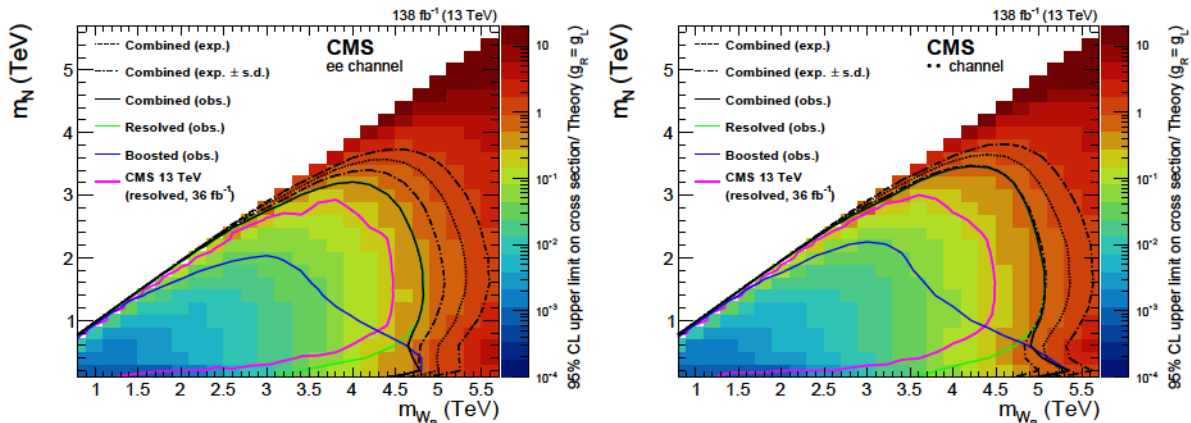


Figure 7: The observed 95% CL upper limits on the product of the production cross sections and the branching fractions of a right-handed W_R boson divided by the theory expectation for a coupling constant g_R equal to the SM coupling of the W_R boson (g_L), for the electron channel (left) and muon channel (right). The observed exclusion regions are shown for the resolved (solid green), boosted (solid blue), and combined (solid black) channels, together with the expected exclusion region for the combined result (dotted black). The dash-dotted lines represent the 68% coverage of the boundaries of the expected exclusion regions. The observed exclusion regions obtained in the previous search performed by the CMS Collaboration [12] are bounded by the magenta lines. The biggest improvement can be seen in the $m_N < 0.5$ TeV region, where the new boosted category greatly improves the sensitivity over the previous result.

8 Summary

A search for right-handed bosons (W_R) and heavy right-handed neutrinos (N) in the left-right symmetric extension of the standard model has been presented. The analysis is based on proton-proton collision data collected at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV by the CMS detector, corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 138 fb^{-1} . The final state consists of events with two same-flavor leptons (ee or $\mu\mu$) and two quarks, and is identified through two regions: the resolved region, where all four objects are well separated, and the boosted region, where the heavy neutrino decay is identified using jet substructure techniques applied to large-area jets. The addition of the boosted region greatly improves the search sensitivity in the region where $m_N < 0.5$ TeV. No significant excess over the standard model background expectations is observed in the invariant mass distributions. Upper limits are set on the products of the W_R and N production cross sections and their branching fraction to two leptons and two quarks assuming that couplings are identical to those of the standard model. For N masses m_N equal to half the W_R mass m_{W_R} ($m_N = 0.2$ TeV), m_{W_R} is excluded at 95% confidence level up to 4.7 (4.8) and 5.0 (5.4) TeV for the electron and muon channels, respectively. This analysis provides the most stringent limits on the W_R mass to date.

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A The CMS Collaboration

Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia

A. Tumasyan

Institut für Hochenergiephysik, Vienna, Austria

W. Adam , J.W. Andrejkovic, T. Bergauer , S. Chatterjee , K. Damanakis, M. Dragicevic , A. Escalante Del Valle , R. Frühwirth¹, M. Jeitler¹ , N. Krammer, L. Lechner , D. Liko, I. Mikulec, P. Paulitsch, F.M. Pitters, J. Schieck¹ , R. Schöfbeck , D. Schwarz, S. Templ , W. Waltenberger , C.-E. Wulz¹ 

Institute for Nuclear Problems, Minsk, Belarus

V. Chekhovsky, A. Litomin, V. Makarenko 












Universiteit Antwerpen, Antwerpen, Belgium

M.R. Darwish², E.A. De Wolf, T. Janssen , T. Kello³, A. Lelek , H. Rejeb Sfar, P. Van Mechelen , S. Van Putte, N. Van Remortel 

Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Brussel, Belgium

F. Blekman , E.S. Bols , J. D'Hondt , M. Delcourt, H. El Faham , S. Lowette , S. Moortgat , A. Morton , D. Müller , A.R. Sahasransu , S. Tavernier , W. Van Doninck













Université Libre de Bruxelles, Bruxelles, Belgium

D. Beghin, B. Bilin , B. Clerbaux , G. De Lentdecker, L. Favart , A. Grebenyuk, A.K. Kalsi , K. Lee, M. Mahdavihorrani, I. Makarenko , L. Moureaux , L. Pétrel, A. Popov , N. Postiau, E. Starling , L. Thomas , M. Vanden Bemden, C. Vander Velde , P. Vanlaer 

Ghent University, Ghent, Belgium

T. Cornelis , D. Dobur, J. Knolle , L. Lambrecht, G. Mestdach, M. Niedziela , C. Roskas, A. Samalan, K. Skovpen , M. Tytgat , B. Vermassen, L. Wezenbeek















Université Catholique de Louvain, Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium

A. Benecke, A. Bethani , G. Bruno, F. Bury , C. Caputo , P. David , C. Delaere , I.S. Donertas , A. Giammanco , K. Jaffel, Sa. Jain , V. Lemaître, K. Mondal , J. Prisciandaro, A. Taliercio, M. Teklishyn , T.T. Tran, P. Vischia , S. Wertz 

Centro Brasileiro de Pesquisas Físicas, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

G.A. Alves , C. Hensel, A. Moraes 


Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

W.L. Aldá Júnior , M. Alves Gallo Pereira , M. Barroso Ferreira Filho, H. Brandao Malbouisson, W. Carvalho , J. Chinellato⁴, E.M. Da Costa , G.G. Da Silveira⁵ , D. De Jesus Damiao , S. Fonseca De Souza , C. Mora Herrera , K. Mota Amarilo, L. Mundim , H. Nogima, P. Rebello Teles , A. Santoro, S.M. Silva Do Amaral , A. Sznajder , M. Thiel, F. Torres Da Silva De Araujo⁶ , A. Vilela Pereira 

Universidade Estadual Paulista (a), Universidade Federal do ABC (b), São Paulo, Brazil

C.A. Bernardes⁵ , L. Calligaris , T.R. Fernandez Perez Tomei , E.M. Gregores , D.S. Lemos , P.G. Mercadante , S.F. Novaes , Sandra S. Padula 


Institute for Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia, Bulgaria

A. Aleksandrov, G. Antchev , R. Hadjiiska, P. Iaydjiev, M. Misheva, M. Rodozov, M. Shopova, G. Sultanov





University of Sofia, Sofia, Bulgaria

A. Dimitrov, T. Ivanov, L. Litov , B. Pavlov, P. Petkov, A. Petrov












Beihang University, Beijing, China

T. Cheng , T. Javaid⁷, M. Mittal, L. Yuan



Department of Physics, Tsinghua University, Beijing, China

M. Ahmad , G. Bauer, C. Dozen⁸ , Z. Hu , J. Martins⁹ , Y. Wang, K. Yi^{10,11}


Institute of High Energy Physics, Beijing, China

E. Chapon , G.M. Chen⁷ , H.S. Chen⁷ , M. Chen , F. Iemmi, A. Kapoor , D. Leggat, H. Liao, Z.-A. Liu⁷ , V. Milosevic , F. Monti , R. Sharma , J. Tao , J. Thomas-Wilsker, J. Wang , H. Zhang , J. Zhao 



State Key Laboratory of Nuclear Physics and Technology, Peking University, Beijing, China

A. Agapitos, Y. An, Y. Ban, C. Chen, A. Levin , Q. Li , X. Lyu, Y. Mao, S.J. Qian, D. Wang , J. Xiao

Sun Yat-Sen University, Guangzhou, China

M. Lu, Z. You 

Institute of Modern Physics and Key Laboratory of Nuclear Physics and Ion-beam Application (MOE) - Fudan University, Shanghai, China

X. Gao³, H. Okawa , Y. Zhang 



Zhejiang University, Hangzhou, China, Zhejiang, China

Z. Lin , M. Xiao 

Universidad de Los Andes, Bogota, Colombia

C. Avila , A. Cabrera , C. Florez , J. Fraga


Universidad de Antioquia, Medellin, Colombia

J. Mejia Guisao, F. Ramirez, J.D. Ruiz Alvarez , C.A. Salazar González 

University of Split, Faculty of Electrical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering and Naval Architecture, Split, Croatia

D. Giljanovic, N. Godinovic , D. Lelas , I. Puljak 

University of Split, Faculty of Science, Split, Croatia

Z. Antunovic, M. Kovac, T. Sculac 


Institute Rudjer Boskovic, Zagreb, Croatia

V. Brigljevic , D. Ferencek , D. Majumder , M. Roguljic, A. Starodumov¹² , T. Susa 

University of Cyprus, Nicosia, Cyprus

A. Attikis , K. Christoforou, E. Erodotou, A. Ioannou, G. Kole , M. Kolosova, S. Konstantinou, J. Mousa , C. Nicolaou, F. Ptochos , P.A. Razis, H. Rykaczewski, H. Saka 


Charles University, Prague, Czech Republic

M. Finger¹³, M. Finger Jr.¹³ , A. Kveton































































Escuela Politecnica Nacional, Quito, Ecuador

E. Ayala

Universidad San Francisco de Quito, Quito, Ecuador







E. Carrera Jarrin 

Academy of Scientific Research and Technology of the Arab Republic of Egypt, Egypt


































tian Network of High Energy Physics, Cairo, EgyptS. Abu Zeid¹⁴ , S. Elgammal¹⁵**Center for High Energy Physics (CHEP-FU), Fayoum University, El-Fayoum, Egypt**A. Lotfy , M.A. Mahmoud **National Institute of Chemical Physics and Biophysics, Tallinn, Estonia**S. Bhowmik , R.K. Dewanjee , K. Ehataht, M. Kadastik, S. Nandan, C. Nielsen, J. Pata, M. Raidal , L. Tani, C. Veelken**Department of Physics, University of Helsinki, Helsinki, Finland**P. Eerola , L. Forthomme , H. Kirschenmann , K. Osterberg , M. Voutilainen **Helsinki Institute of Physics, Helsinki, Finland**S. Bharthuar, E. Brücken , F. Garcia , J. Havukainen , M.S. Kim , R. Kinnunen, T. Lampén, K. Lassila-Perini , S. Lehti , T. Lindén, M. Lotti, L. Martikainen, M. Myllymäki, J. Ott , H. Siikonen, E. Tuominen , J. Tuominiemi**Lappeenranta University of Technology, Lappeenranta, Finland**P. Luukka , H. Petrow, T. Tuuva**IRFU, CEA, Université Paris-Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France**C. Amendola , M. Besancon, F. Couderc , M. Dejardin, D. Denegri, J.L. Faure, F. Ferri , S. Ganjour, P. Gras, G. Hamel de Monchenault , P. Jarry, B. Lenzi , E. Locci, J. Malcles, J. Rander, A. Rosowsky , M.Ö. Sahin , A. Savoy-Navarro¹⁶, M. Titov , G.B. Yu **Laboratoire Leprince-Ringuet, CNRS/IN2P3, Ecole Polytechnique, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, Palaiseau, France**S. Ahuja , F. Beaudette , M. Bonanomi , A. Buchot Perraguin, P. Busson, A. Cappati, C. Charlot, O. Davignon, B. Diab, G. Falmagne , S. Ghosh, R. Granier de Cassagnac , A. Hakimi, I. Kucher , J. Motta, M. Nguyen , C. Ochando , P. Paganini , J. Rembser, R. Salerno , U. Sarkar , J.B. Sauvan , Y. Sirois , A. Tarabini, A. Zabi, A. Zghiche **Université de Strasbourg, CNRS, IPHC UMR 7178, Strasbourg, France**J.-L. Agram¹⁷ , J. Andrea, D. Apparù, D. Bloch , G. Bourgatte, J.-M. Brom, E.C. Chabert, C. Collard , D. Darej, J.-C. Fontaine¹⁷, U. Goerlach, C. Grimault, A.-C. Le Bihan, E. Nibigira , P. Van Hove **Institut de Physique des 2 Infinis de Lyon (IP2I), Villeurbanne, France**E. Asilar , S. Beauceron , C. Bernet , G. Boudoul, C. Camen, A. Carle, N. Chanon , D. Contardo, P. Depasse , H. El Mamouni, J. Fay, S. Gascon , M. Gouzevitch , B. Ille, I.B. Laktineh, H. Lattaud , A. Lesauvage , M. Lethuillier , L. Mirabito, S. Perries, K. Shchablo, V. Sordini , L. Torterotot , G. Touquet, M. Vander Donckt, S. Viret**Georgian Technical University, Tbilisi, Georgia**I. Bagaturia¹⁸, I. Lomidze, Z. Tsamalaidze¹³**RWTH Aachen University, I. Physikalisches Institut, Aachen, Germany**V. Botta, L. Feld , K. Klein, M. Lipinski, D. Meuser, A. Pauls, N. Röwert, J. Schulz, M. Teroerde **RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut A, Aachen, Germany**A. Dodonova, D. Eliseev, M. Erdmann , P. Fackeldey , B. Fischer, S. Ghosh , T. Hebbeker , K. Hoepfner, F. Ivone, L. Mastrolorenzo, M. Merschmeyer , A. Meyer , G. Mocellin, S. Mondal, S. Mukherjee , D. Noll , A. Novak, T. Pook , A. Pozdnyakov 

Y. Rath, H. Reithler, J. Roemer, A. Schmidt , S.C. Schuler, A. Sharma , L. Vigilante, S. Wiedenbeck, S. Zaleski



















RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut B, Aachen, Germany

C. Dziwok, G. Flügge, W. Haj Ahmad¹⁹ , O. Hlushchenko, T. Kress, A. Nowack , C. Pistone, O. Pooth, D. Roy , H. Sert , A. Stahl²⁰ , T. Ziemons , A. Zotz














Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron, Hamburg, Germany

H. Aarup Petersen, M. Aldaya Martin, P. Asmuss, S. Baxter, M. Bayatmakou, O. Behnke, A. Bermúdez Martínez, S. Bhattacharya, A.A. Bin Anuar , K. Borrás²¹, D. Brunner, A. Campbell , A. Cardini , C. Cheng, F. Colombina, S. Consuegra Rodríguez , G. Correia Silva, V. Danilov, M. De Silva, L. Didukh, G. Eckerlin, D. Eckstein, L.I. Estevez Banos , O. Filatov , E. Gallo²², A. Geiser, A. Giraldi, A. Grohsjean , M. Guthoff, A. Jafari²³ , N.Z. Jomhari , H. Jung , A. Kasem²¹ , M. Kasemann , H. Kaveh , C. Kleinwort , R. Kogler , D. Krücker , W. Lange, J. Lidrych , K. Lipka, W. Lohmann²⁴, R. Mankel, I.-A. Melzer-Pellmann , M. Mendizabal Morentin, J. Metwally, A.B. Meyer , M. Meyer , J. Mnich , A. Mussgiller, Y. Otariid, D. Pérez Adán , D. Pitzl, A. Raspereza, B. Ribeiro Lopes, J. Rübenach, A. Saggio , A. Saibel , M. Savitskyi , M. Scham²⁵, V. Scheurer, S. Schnake, P. Schütze, C. Schwanenberger²² , M. Shchedrolosiev, R.E. Sosa Ricardo , D. Stafford, N. Tonon , M. Van De Klundert , R. Walsh , D. Walter, Q. Wang , Y. Wen , K. Wichmann, L. Wiens, C. Wissing, S. Wuchterl 

University of Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany

R. Aggleton, S. Albrecht , S. Bein , L. Benato , P. Connor , K. De Leo , M. Eich, F. Feindt, A. Fröhlich, C. Garbers , E. Garutti , P. Gunnellini, M. Hajheidari, J. Haller , A. Hinzmann , G. Kasieczka, R. Klanner , T. Kramer, V. Kutzner, J. Lange , T. Lange , A. Lobanov , A. Malara , A. Nigamova, K.J. Pena Rodriguez, O. Rieger, P. Schleper, M. Schröder , J. Schwandt , J. Sonneveld , H. Stadie, G. Steinbrück, A. Tews, I. Zoi 





Karlsruher Institut fuer Technologie, Karlsruhe, Germany

J. Bechtel , S. Brommer, M. Burkart, E. Butz , R. Caspart , T. Chwalek, W. De Boer[†], A. Dierlamm, A. Droll, K. El Morabit, N. Faltermann , M. Giffels, J.o. Gosewisch, A. Gottmann, F. Hartmann²⁰ , C. Heidecker, U. Husemann , P. Keicher, R. Koppenhöfer, S. Maier, M. Metzler, S. Mitra , Th. Müller, M. Neukum, A. Nürnberg, G. Quast , K. Rabbertz , J. Rauser, D. Savoio , M. Schnepf, D. Seith, I. Shvetsov, H.J. Simonis, R. Ulrich , J. Van Der Linden, R.F. Von Cube, M. Wassmer, M. Weber , S. Wieland, R. Wolf , S. Wozniewski, S. Wunsch

Institute of Nuclear and Particle Physics (INPP), NCSR Demokritos, Aghia Paraskevi, Greece

G. Anagnostou, G. Daskalakis, T. Geralis , A. Kyriakis, D. Loukas, A. Stakia 

National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens, Greece

M. Diamantopoulou, D. Karasavvas, G. Karathanasis, P. Kontaxakis , C.K. Koraka, A. Manousakis-Katsikakis, A. Panagiotou, I. Papavergou, N. Saoulidou , K. Theofilatos , E. Tziaferi , K. Vellidis, E. Vourliotis

National Technical University of Athens, Athens, Greece

G. Bakas, K. Kousouris , I. Papakrivopoulos, G. Tsipolitis, A. Zacharopoulou

University of Ioánnina, Ioánnina, Greece

K. Adamidis, I. Bestintzanos, I. Evangelou , C. Foudas, P. Gianneios, P. Katsoulis, P. Kokkas, N. Manthos, I. Papadopoulos , J. Strogas 



MTA-ELTE Lendület CMS Particle and Nuclear Physics Group, Eötvös Loránd University, Budapest, Hungary

M. Csanad , K. Farkas, M.M.A. Gadallah²⁶ , S. Lökös²⁷ , P. Major, K. Mandal , A. Mehta , G. Pasztor , A.J. Rádl, O. Surányi, G.I. Veres 

Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary

M. Bartók²⁸ , G. Bencze, C. Hajdu , D. Horvath²⁹ , F. Sikler , V. Veszpremi 


Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary

S. Czellar, D. Fasanella , J. Karancsi²⁸ , J. Molnar, Z. Szillasi, D. Teyssier



Institute of Physics, University of Debrecen, Debrecen, Hungary

P. Raics, Z.L. Trocsanyi³⁰ , B. Ujvari






Karoly Robert Campus, MATE Institute of Technology, Gyongyos, Hungary

T. Csorgo³¹ , F. Nemes³¹, T. Novak











Indian Institute of Science (IISc), Bangalore, India

S. Choudhury, J.R. Komaragiri , D. Kumar, L. Panwar , P.C. Tiwari 







National Institute of Science Education and Research, HBNI, Bhubaneswar, India

S. Bahinipati³² , C. Kar , P. Mal, T. Mishra , V.K. Muraleedharan Nair Bindhu³³, A. Nayak³³ , P. Saha, N. Sur , S.K. Swain, D. Vats³³






Panjab University, Chandigarh, India

S. Bansal , S.B. Beri, V. Bhatnagar , G. Chaudhary , S. Chauhan , N. Dhingra³⁴ , R. Gupta, A. Kaur, M. Kaur , S. Kaur, P. Kumari , M. Meena, K. Sandeep , J.B. Singh , A.K. Viridi 




University of Delhi, Delhi, India

A. Ahmed, A. Bhardwaj , B.C. Choudhary , M. Gola, S. Keshri , A. Kumar , M. Naimuddin , P. Priyanka , K. Ranjan, A. Shah 




Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics, HBNI, Kolkata, India

M. Bharti³⁵, R. Bhattacharya, S. Bhattacharya , D. Bhowmik, S. Dutta, S. Dutta, B. Gomber³⁶ , M. Maity³⁷, P. Palit , P.K. Rout , G. Saha, B. Sahu , S. Sarkar, M. Sharan, B. Singh³⁵, S. Thakur³⁵

Indian Institute of Technology Madras, Madras, India

P.K. Behera , S.C. Behera, P. Kalbhor , A. Muhammad, R. Pradhan, P.R. Pujahari, A. Sharma , A.K. Sikdar

Bhabha Atomic Research Centre, Mumbai, India

D. Dutta , V. Jha, V. Kumar , D.K. Mishra, K. Naskar³⁸, P.K. Netrakanti, L.M. Pant, P. Shukla 

Tata Institute of Fundamental Research-A, Mumbai, India

T. Aziz, S. Dugad, M. Kumar

Tata Institute of Fundamental Research-B, Mumbai, India

S. Banerjee , R. Chudasama, M. Guchait, S. Karmakar, S. Kumar, G. Majumder, K. Mazumdar, S. Mukherjee 

Indian Institute of Science Education and Research (IISER), Pune, India

K. Alpana, S. Dube , B. Kansal, A. Laha, S. Pandey , A. Rane , A. Rastogi , S. Sharma 

Isfahan University of Technology, Isfahan, Iran

H. Bakhshiansohi³⁹ , E. Khazaie, M. Zeinali⁴⁰




























Institute for Research in Fundamental Sciences (IPM), Tehran, Iran

S. Chenarani⁴¹ , S.M. Etesami , M. Khakzad , M. Mohammadi Najafabadi 
























University College Dublin, Dublin, Ireland

M. Grunewald 






INFN Sezione di Bari ^a, Bari, Italy, Università di Bari ^b, Bari, Italy, Politecnico di Bari ^c, Bari, Italy

M. Abbrescia^{a,b} , R. Aly^{a,b,42} , C. Aruta^{a,b}, A. Colaleo^a , D. Creanza^{a,c} , N. De Filippis^{a,c} , M. De Palma^{a,b} , A. Di Florio^{a,b}, A. Di Pilato^{a,b} , W. Elmetenawee^{a,b} , L. Fiore^a , A. Gelmi^{a,b} , M. Gul^a , G. Iaselli^{a,c} , M. Ince^{a,b} , S. Lezki^{a,b} , G. Maggi^{a,c} , M. Maggi^a , I. Margjeka^{a,b}, V. Mastrapasqua^{a,b} , S. My^{a,b} , S. Nuzzo^{a,b} , A. Pellecchia^{a,b}, A. Pompili^{a,b} , G. Pugliese^{a,c} , D. Ramos^a, A. Ranieri^a , G. Selvaggi^{a,b} , L. Silvestris^a , F.M. Simone^{a,b} , Ü. Sözbilir^a, R. Venditti^a , P. Verwilligen^a 













INFN Sezione di Bologna ^a, Bologna, Italy, Università di Bologna ^b, Bologna, Italy

G. Abbiendi^a , C. Battilana^{a,b} , D. Bonacorsi^{a,b} , L. Borgonovi^a, L. Brigliadori^a, R. Campanini^{a,b} , P. Capiluppi^{a,b} , A. Castro^{a,b} , F.R. Cavallo^a , M. Cuffiani^{a,b} , G.M. Dallavalle^a , T. Diotallevi^{a,b} , F. Fabbri^a , A. Fanfani^{a,b} , P. Giacomelli^a , L. Giommi^{a,b} , C. Grandi^a , L. Guiducci^{a,b}, S. Lo Meo^{a,43}, L. Lunerti^{a,b}, S. Marcellini^a , G. Masetti^a , F.L. Navarria^{a,b} , A. Perrotta^a , F. Primavera^{a,b} , A.M. Rossi^{a,b} , T. Rovelli^{a,b} , G.P. Siroli^{a,b} 

INFN Sezione di Catania ^a, Catania, Italy, Università di Catania ^b, Catania, Italy

S. Albergo^{a,b,44} , S. Costa^{a,b,44} , A. Di Mattia^a , R. Potenza^{a,b}, A. Tricomi^{a,b,44} , C. Tuve^{a,b} 





INFN Sezione di Firenze ^a, Firenze, Italy, Università di Firenze ^b, Firenze, Italy

G. Barbagli^a , A. Cassese^a , R. Ceccarelli^{a,b}, V. Ciulli^{a,b} , C. Civinini^a , R. D'Alessandro^{a,b} , E. Focardi^{a,b} , G. Latino^{a,b} , P. Lenzi^{a,b} , M. Lizzo^{a,b}, M. Meschini^a , S. Paoletti^a , R. Seidita^{a,b}, G. Sguazzoni^a , L. Viliani^a 





















INFN Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy

L. Benussi , S. Bianco , D. Piccolo 











INFN Sezione di Genova ^a, Genova, Italy, Università di Genova ^b, Genova, Italy

M. Bozzo^{a,b} , F. Ferro^a , R. Mulargia^{a,b}, E. Robutti^a , S. Tosi^{a,b} 

INFN Sezione di Milano-Bicocca ^a, Milano, Italy, Università di Milano-Bicocca ^b, Milano, Italy

























A. Benaglia^a , G. Boldrini , F. Brivio^{a,b}, F. Cetorelli^{a,b}, F. De Guio^{a,b} , M.E. Dinardo^{a,b} , P. Dini^a , S. Gennai^a , A. Ghezzi^{a,b} , P. Govoni^{a,b} , L. Guzzi^{a,b} , M.T. Lucchini^{a,b} , M. Malberti^a, S. Malvezzi^a , A. Massironi^a , D. Menasce^a , L. Moroni^a , M. Paganoni^{a,b} , D. Pedrini^a , B.S. Pinolini, S. Ragazzi^{a,b} , N. Redaelli^a , T. Tabarelli de Fatis^{a,b} , D. Valsecchi^{a,b,20}, D. Zuolo^{a,b} 

INFN Sezione di Napoli ^a, Napoli, Italy, Università di Napoli 'Federico II' ^b, Napoli, Italy, Università della Basilicata ^c, Potenza, Italy, Università G. Marconi ^d, Roma, Italy








S. Buontempo^a , F. Carnevali^{a,b}, N. Cavallo^{a,c} , A. De Iorio^{a,b} , F. Fabozzi^{a,c} , A.O.M. Iorio^{a,b} , L. Lista^{a,b,45} , S. Meola^{a,d,20} , P. Paolucci^{a,20} , B. Rossi^a , C. Sciacca^{a,b} 

INFN Sezione di Padova ^a, Padova, Italy, Università di Padova ^b, Padova, Italy, Università













di Trento ^c, Trento, Italy

P. Azzi^a , N. Bacchetta^a , D. Bisello^{a,b} , P. Bortignon^a , A. Bragagnolo^{a,b} , R. Carlin^{a,b} , P. Checchia^a , T. Dorigo^a , U. Dosselli^a , F. Gasparini^{a,b} , U. Gasparini^{a,b} , G. Grosso, S.Y. Hoh^{a,b} , L. Layer^{a,46}, E. Lusiani , M. Margoni^{a,b} , A.T. Meneguzzo^{a,b} , J. Pazzini^{a,b} , P. Ronchese^{a,b} , R. Rossin^{a,b}, F. Simonetto^{a,b} , G. Strong^a , M. Tosi^{a,b} , H. Yarar^{a,b}, M. Zanetti^{a,b} , P. Zotto^{a,b} , A. Zucchetta^{a,b} , G. Zumerle^{a,b} 




























INFN Sezione di Pavia ^a, Pavia, Italy, Università di Pavia ^b, Pavia, Italy

C. Aime^{a,b}, A. Braghieri^a , S. Calzaferrri^{a,b}, D. Fiorina^{a,b} , P. Montagna^{a,b}, S.P. Ratti^{a,b}, V. Re^a , C. Riccardi^{a,b} , P. Salvini^a , I. Vai^a , P. Vitulo^{a,b} 














INFN Sezione di Perugia ^a, Perugia, Italy, Università di Perugia ^b, Perugia, Italy

P. Asenov^{a,47} , G.M. Bilei^a , D. Ciangottini^{a,b} , L. Fanò^{a,b} , M. Magherini^b, G. Mantovani^{a,b}, V. Mariani^{a,b}, M. Menichelli^a , F. Moscatelli^{a,47} , A. Piccinelli^{a,b} , M. Presilla^{a,b} , A. Rossi^{a,b} , A. Santocchia^{a,b} , D. Spiga^a , T. Tedeschi^{a,b} 



































INFN Sezione di Pisa ^a, Pisa, Italy, Università di Pisa ^b, Pisa, Italy, Scuola Normale Superiore di Pisa ^c, Pisa, Italy, Università di Siena ^d, Siena, Italy

P. Azzurri^a , G. Bagliesi^a , V. Bertacchi^{a,c} , L. Bianchini^a , T. Boccali^a , E. Bossini^{a,b} , R. Castaldi^a , M.A. Ciocci^{a,b} , V. D'Amante^{a,d} , R. Dell'Orso^a , M.R. Di Domenico^{a,d} , S. Donato^a , A. Giassi^a , F. Ligabue^{a,c} , E. Manca^{a,c} , G. Mandorli^{a,c} , D. Matos Figueiredo, A. Messineo^{a,b} , F. Palla^a , S. Parolia^{a,b}, G. Ramirez-Sanchez^{a,c}, A. Rizzi^{a,b} , G. Rolandi^{a,c} , S. Roy Chowdhury^{a,c}, A. Scribano^a, N. Shafiei^{a,b} , P. Spagnolo^a , R. Tenchini^a , G. Tonelli^{a,b} , N. Turini^{a,d} , A. Venturi^a , P.G. Verdini^a 








INFN Sezione di Roma ^a, Rome, Italy, Sapienza Università di Roma ^b, Rome, Italy

P. Barria^a , M. Campana^{a,b}, F. Cavallari^a , D. Del Re^{a,b} , E. Di Marco^a , M. Diemoz^a , E. Longo^{a,b} , P. Meridiani^a , G. Organtini^{a,b} , F. Pandolfi^a, R. Paramatti^{a,b} , C. Quaranta^{a,b}, S. Rahatlou^{a,b} , C. Rovelli^a , F. Santanastasio^{a,b} , L. Soffi^a , R. Tramontano^{a,b}









INFN Sezione di Torino ^a, Torino, Italy, Università di Torino ^b, Torino, Italy, Università del Piemonte Orientale ^c, Novara, Italy

N. Amapane^{a,b} , R. Arcidiacono^{a,c} , S. Argiro^{a,b} , M. Arneodo^{a,c} , N. Bartosik^a , R. Bellan^{a,b} , A. Bellora^{a,b} , J. Berenguer Antequera^{a,b} , C. Biino^a , N. Cartiglia^a , S. Cometti^a , M. Costa^{a,b} , R. Covarelli^{a,b} , N. Demaria^a , B. Kiani^{a,b} , F. Legger^a , C. Mariotti^a , S. Maselli^a , E. Migliore^{a,b} , E. Monteil^{a,b} , M. Monteno^a , M.M. Obertino^{a,b} , G. Ortona^a , L. Pacher^{a,b} , N. Pastrone^a , M. Pelliccioni^a , G.L. Pinna Angioni^{a,b}, M. Ruspa^{a,c} , K. Shchelina^a , F. Siviero^{a,b} , V. Sola^a , A. Solano^{a,b} , D. Soldi^{a,b} , A. Staiano^a , M. Tornago^{a,b}, D. Trocino^a , A. Vagnerini^{a,b}

INFN Sezione di Trieste ^a, Trieste, Italy, Università di Trieste ^b, Trieste, Italy









S. Belforte^a , V. Candelise^{a,b} , M. Casarsa^a , F. Cossutti^a , A. Da Rold^{a,b} , G. Della Ricca^{a,b} , G. Sorrentino^{a,b}, F. Vazzoler^{a,b} 

Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Korea


S. Dogra , C. Huh , B. Kim, D.H. Kim , G.N. Kim , J. Kim, J. Lee, S.W. Lee , C.S. Moon , Y.D. Oh , S.I. Pak, B.C. Radburn-Smith, S. Sekmen , Y.C. Yang

Chonnam National University, Institute for Universe and Elementary Particles, Kwangju, Korea







H. Kim , D.H. Moon 

Hanyang University, Seoul, KoreaB. Francois , T.J. Kim , J. Park **Korea University, Seoul, Korea**S. Cho, S. Choi , Y. Go, B. Hong , K. Lee, K.S. Lee , J. Lim, J. Park, S.K. Park, J. Yoo**Kyung Hee University, Department of Physics, Seoul, Republic of Korea, Seoul, Korea**J. Goh , A. Gurtu**Sejong University, Seoul, Korea**H.S. Kim , Y. Kim**Seoul National University, Seoul, Korea**J. Almond, J.H. Bhyun, J. Choi, S. Jeon, J. Kim, J.S. Kim, S. Ko, H. Kwon, H. Lee , S. Lee, B.H. Oh, M. Oh , S.B. Oh, H. Seo , U.K. Yang, I. Yoon **University of Seoul, Seoul, Korea**W. Jang, D.Y. Kang, Y. Kang, S. Kim, B. Ko, J.S.H. Lee , Y. Lee, J.A. Merlin, I.C. Park, Y. Roh, M.S. Ryu, D. Song, I.J. Watson , S. Yang**Yonsei University, Department of Physics, Seoul, Korea**

S. Ha, H.D. Yoo

Sungkyunkwan University, Suwon, KoreaM. Choi, H. Lee, Y. Lee, I. Yu **College of Engineering and Technology, American University of the Middle East (AUM), Egaila, Kuwait, Dasman, Kuwait**

T. Beyrouthy, Y. Maghrbi

Riga Technical University, Riga, LatviaK. Dreimanis , V. Veckalns⁴⁸ **Vilnius University, Vilnius, Lithuania**M. Ambrozias, A. Carvalho Antunes De Oliveira , A. Juodagalvis , A. Rinkevicius , G. Tamulaitis **National Centre for Particle Physics, Universiti Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia**N. Bin Norjoharuddeen , W.A.T. Wan Abdullah, M.N. Yusli, Z. Zolkapli**Universidad de Sonora (UNISON), Hermosillo, Mexico**J.F. Benitez , A. Castaneda Hernandez , M. León Coello, J.A. Murillo Quijada , A. Sehrawat, L. Valencia Palomo **Centro de Investigacion y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN, Mexico City, Mexico**G. Ayala, H. Castilla-Valdez, E. De La Cruz-Burelo , I. Heredia-De La Cruz⁴⁹ , R. Lopez-Fernandez, C.A. Mondragon Herrera, D.A. Perez Navarro, A. Sánchez Hernández **Universidad Iberoamericana, Mexico City, Mexico**S. Carrillo Moreno, C. Oropeza Barrera , F. Vazquez Valencia**Benemerita Universidad Autonoma de Puebla, Puebla, Mexico**

I. Pedraza, H.A. Salazar Ibarguen, C. Uribe Estrada



University of Montenegro, Podgorica, MontenegroJ. Mijuskovic⁵⁰, N. Raicevic**University of Auckland, Auckland, New Zealand**

D. Krofcheck 

University of Canterbury, Christchurch, New Zealand

P.H. Butler 

National Centre for Physics, Quaid-I-Azam University, Islamabad, Pakistan

A. Ahmad, M.I. Asghar, A. Awais, M.I.M. Awan, H.R. Hoorani, W.A. Khan, M.A. Shah, M. Shoaib , M. Waqas 




AGH University of Science and Technology Faculty of Computer Science, Electronics and Telecommunications, Krakow, Poland

V. Avati, L. Grzanka, M. Malawski

National Centre for Nuclear Research, Swierk, Poland

H. Bialkowska, M. Bluj , B. Boimska , M. Górski, M. Kazana, M. Szeleper , P. Zalewski



Institute of Experimental Physics, Faculty of Physics, University of Warsaw, Warsaw, Poland

K. Bunkowski, K. Doroba, A. Kalinowski , M. Konecki , J. Krolikowski 




Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas, Lisboa, Portugal

M. Araujo, P. Bargassa , D. Bastos, A. Boletti , P. Faccioli , M. Gallinaro , J. Hollar , N. Leonardo , T. Niknejad, M. Pisano, J. Seixas , O. Toldaiev , J. Varela 

Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia

S. Afanasiev, D. Budkouski, I. Golutvin, I. Gorbunov , V. Karjavine, V. Korenkov , A. Lanev, A. Malakhov, V. Matveev^{51,52}, V. Palichik, V. Perelygin, M. Savina, D. Seitova, V. Shalaev, S. Shmatov, S. Shulha, V. Smirnov, O. Teryaev, N. Voytishin, B.S. Yuldashev⁵³, A. Zarubin, I. Zhizhin


Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Gatchina (St. Petersburg), Russia

G. Gavrillov , V. Golovtcov, Y. Ivanov, V. Kim⁵⁴ , E. Kuznetsova⁵⁵, V. Murzin, V. Oreshkin, I. Smirnov, D. Sosnov , V. Sulimov, L. Uvarov, S. Volkov, A. Vorobyev

Institute for Nuclear Research, Moscow, Russia

Yu. Andreev , A. Dermenev, S. Gninenko , N. Golubev, A. Karneyeu , D. Kirpichnikov , M. Kirsanov, N. Krasnikov, A. Pashenkov, G. Pivovarov , A. Toropin



Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics named by A.I. Alikhanov of NRC 'Kurchatov Institute', Moscow, Russia

V. Epshteyn, V. Gavrillov, N. Lychkovskaya, A. Nikitenko⁵⁶, V. Popov, A. Stepenov, M. Toms, E. Vlasov , A. Zhokin


Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology, Moscow, Russia

T. Aushev

National Research Nuclear University 'Moscow Engineering Physics Institute' (MEPhI), Moscow, Russia

O. Bychkova, R. Chistov⁵⁷ , A. Oskin, P. Parygin, S. Polikarpov⁵⁷ , E. Popova


P.N. Lebedev Physical Institute, Moscow, Russia

V. Andreev, M. Azarkin, I. Dremin , M. Kirakosyan, A. Terkulov






Skobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia

A. Belyaev, E. Boos , V. Bunichev, M. Dubinin⁵⁸ , L. Dudko , A. Ershov, V. Klyukhin , O. Kodolova , I. Lokhtin , S. Obraztsov, M. Perfilov, S. Petrushanko, V. Savrin

Novosibirsk State University (NSU), Novosibirsk, Russia

V. Blinov⁵⁹, T. Dimova⁵⁹, L. Kardapoltsev⁵⁹, A. Kozyrev⁵⁹, I. Ovtin⁵⁹, O. Radchenko⁵⁹, Y. Skovpen⁵⁹ 



Institute for High Energy Physics of National Research Centre 'Kurchatov Institute', Protvino, Russia

I. Azhgirey , I. Bayshev, D. Elumakhov, V. Kachanov, D. Konstantinov , P. Mandrik , V. Petrov, R. Ryutin, S. Slabospitskii , A. Sobol, S. Troshin , N. Tyurin, A. Uzunian, A. Volkov

National Research Tomsk Polytechnic University, Tomsk, Russia

A. Babaev, V. Okhotnikov




















Tomsk State University, Tomsk, Russia

V. Borshch, V. Ivanchenko , E. Tcherniaev 


University of Belgrade: Faculty of Physics and VINCA Institute of Nuclear Sciences, Belgrade, Serbia

P. Adzic⁶⁰ , M. Dordevic , P. Milenovic , J. Milosevic 

Centro de Investigaciones Energéticas Medioambientales y Tecnológicas (CIEMAT), Madrid, Spain

M. Aguilar-Benitez, J. Alcaraz Maestre , A. Álvarez Fernández, I. Bachiller, M. Barrio Luna, Cristina F. Bedoya , C.A. Carrillo Montoya , M. Cepeda , M. Cerrada, N. Colino , B. De La Cruz, A. Delgado Peris , J.P. Fernández Ramos , J. Flix , M.C. Fouz , O. Gonzalez Lopez , S. Goy Lopez , J.M. Hernandez , M.I. Josa , J. León Holgado , D. Moran, Á. Navarro Tobar , C. Perez Dengra, A. Pérez-Calero Yzquierdo , J. Puerta Pelayo , I. Redondo , L. Romero, S. Sánchez Navas, L. Urda Gómez , C. Willmott















Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain

J.F. de Trocóniz, R. Reyes-Almanza 

Universidad de Oviedo, Instituto Universitario de Ciencias y Tecnologías Espaciales de Asturias (ICTEA), Oviedo, Spain

B. Alvarez Gonzalez , J. Cuevas , C. Erice , J. Fernandez Menendez , S. Folgueras , I. Gonzalez Caballero , J.R. González Fernández, E. Palencia Cortezon , C. Ramón Álvarez, V. Rodríguez Bouza , A. Soto Rodríguez, A. Trapote, N. Trevisani , C. Vico Villalba


Instituto de Física de Cantabria (IFCA), CSIC-Universidad de Cantabria, Santander, Spain

J.A. Brochero Cifuentes , I.J. Cabrillo, A. Calderon , J. Duarte Campderros , M. Fernandez , C. Fernandez Madrazo , P.J. Fernández Manteca , A. García Alonso, G. Gomez, C. Martinez Rivero, P. Martinez Ruiz del Arbol , F. Matorras , P. Matorras Cuevas , J. Piedra Gomez , C. Prieels, T. Rodrigo , A. Ruiz-Jimeno , L. Scodellaro , I. Vila, J.M. Vizan Garcia 

















University of Colombo, Colombo, Sri Lanka








































M.K. Jayananda, B. Kailasapathy⁶¹, D.U.J. Sonnadara, D.D.C. Wickramarathna

University of Ruhuna, Department of Physics, Matara, Sri Lanka




W.G.D. Dharmaratna , K. Liyanage, N. Perera, N. Wickramage

CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland

















T.K. Aarrestad , D. Abbaneo, J. Alimena , E. Auffray, G. Auzinger, J. Baechler, P. Baillon[†], D. Barney , J. Bendavid, M. Bianco , A. Bocci , T. Camporesi, M. Capeans Garrido , G. Cerminara, N. Chernyavskaya , S.S. Chhibra , M. Cipriani , L. Cristella , D. d'Enterria , A. Dabrowski , A. David , A. De Roeck , M.M. Defranchis , M. Deile 

M. Dobson, M. Dünser , N. Dupont, A. Elliott-Peisert, N. Emriskova, F. Fallavollita⁶², A. Florent , G. Franzoni , W. Funk, S. Giani, D. Gigi, K. Gill, F. Glege, L. Gouskos , M. Haranko , J. Hegeman , V. Innocente , T. James, P. Janot , J. Kaspar , J. Kieseler , M. Komm , N. Kratochwil, C. Lange , S. Laurila, P. Lecoq , A. Lintuluoto, K. Long , C. Lourenço , B. Maier, L. Malgeri , S. Mallios, M. Mannelli, A.C. Marini , F. Meijers, S. Mersi , E. Meschi , F. Moortgat , M. Mulders , S. Orfanelli, L. Orsini, F. Pantaleo , L. Pape, E. Perez, M. Peruzzi , A. Petrilli, G. Petrucciani , A. Pfeiffer , M. Pierini , D. Piparo, M. Pitt , H. Qu , T. Quast, D. Rabady , A. Racz, G. Reales Gutiérrez, M. Rieger , M. Rovere, H. Sakulin, J. Salfeld-Nebgen , S. Scarfi, C. Schäfer, C. Schwick, M. Selvaggi , A. Sharma, P. Silva , W. Snoeys , P. Sphicas⁶³ , S. Summers , K. Tatar , V.R. Tavolaro , D. Treille, P. Tropea, A. Tsirou, G.P. Van Onsem , J. Wanczyk⁶⁴, K.A. Wozniak, W.D. Zeuner














Paul Scherrer Institut, Villigen, Switzerland

L. Caminada⁶⁵ , A. Ebrahimi , W. Erdmann, R. Horisberger, Q. Ingram, H.C. Kaestli, D. Kotlinski, U. Langenegger, M. Missiroli⁶⁵ , L. Noehte⁶⁵, T. Rohe



ETH Zurich - Institute for Particle Physics and Astrophysics (IPA), Zurich, Switzerland

K. Androsov⁶⁴ , M. Backhaus , P. Berger, A. Calandri , A. De Cosa, G. Dissertori , M. Dittmar, M. Donegà, C. Dorfer , F. Eble, K. Gedia, F. Glessgen, T.A. Gómez Espinosa , C. Grab , D. Hits, W. Lustermann, A.-M. Lyon, R.A. Manzoni , L. Marchese , C. Martin Perez, M.T. Meinhard, F. Nessi-Tedaldi, J. Niedziela , F. Pauss, V. Perovic, S. Pigazzini , M.G. Ratti , M. Reichmann, C. Reissel, T. Reitenspiess, B. Ristic , D. Ruini, D.A. Sanz Becerra , V. Stampf, J. Stegmann⁶⁴ , R. Wallny , D.H. Zhu






Universität Zürich, Zurich, Switzerland

C. AMSLER⁶⁶ , P. Bäertschi, C. Botta , D. Brzhechko, M.F. Canelli , K. Cormier, A. De Wit , R. Del Burgo, J.K. Heikkilä , M. Huwiler, W. Jin, A. Jofrehei , B. Kilminster , S. Leontsinis , S.P. Liechi, A. Macchiolo , P. Meiring, V.M. Mikuni , U. Molinatti, I. Neutelings, A. Reimers, P. Robmann, S. Sanchez Cruz , K. Schweiger , M. Senger, Y. Takahashi 




National Central University, Chung-Li, Taiwan

C. Adloff⁶⁷, C.M. Kuo, W. Lin, A. Roy , T. Sarkar³⁷ , S.S. Yu











National Taiwan University (NTU), Taipei, Taiwan

L. Ceard, Y. Chao, K.F. Chen , P.H. Chen , W.-S. Hou , Y.y. Li, R.-S. Lu, E. Paganis , A. Psallidas, A. Steen, H.y. Wu, E. Yazgan , P.r. Yu



Chulalongkorn University, Faculty of Science, Department of Physics, Bangkok, Thailand

B. Asavapibhop , C. Asawatangkuldee , N. Srimanobhas 





Çukurova University, Physics Department, Science and Art Faculty, Adana, Turkey

F. Boran , S. Damarsekin⁶⁸, Z.S. Demiroglu , F. Dolek , I. Dumanoglu⁶⁹ , E. Eskut, Y. Guler⁷⁰ , E. Gurpinar Guler⁷⁰ , C. Isik, O. Kara, A. Kayis Topaksu, U. Kiminsu , G. Onengut, K. Ozdemir⁷¹, A. Polatoz, A.E. Simsek , B. Tali⁷², U.G. Tok , S. Turcpar, I.S. Zorbakir 

Middle East Technical University, Physics Department, Ankara, Turkey

B. Isildak⁷³, G. Karapinar, K. Ocalan⁷⁴ , M. Yalvac⁷⁵ 


Bogazici University, Istanbul, Turkey

B. Akgun, I.O. Atakisi , E. Gülmez , M. Kaya⁷⁶ , O. Kaya⁷⁷, Ö. Özçelik, S. Tekten⁷⁸, E.A. Yetkin⁷⁹ 

Istanbul Technical University, Istanbul, Turkey

A. Cakir , K. Cankocak⁶⁹ , Y. Komurcu, S. Sen⁸⁰ 

Istanbul University, Istanbul, Turkey

S. Cerci⁷², I. Hos⁸¹, B. Kaynak, S. Ozkorucuklu, D. Sunar Cerci⁷² , C. Zorbilmez












Institute for Scintillation Materials of National Academy of Science of Ukraine, Kharkov, Ukraine

B. Grynyov







National Scientific Center, Kharkov Institute of Physics and Technology, Kharkov, Ukraine

L. Levchuk 



















University of Bristol, Bristol, United Kingdom

D. Anthony, E. Bhal , S. Bologna, J.J. Brooke , A. Bundock , E. Clement , D. Cussans , H. Flacher , J. Goldstein , G.P. Heath, H.F. Heath , L. Kreczko , B. Krikler , S. Paramesvaran, S. Seif El Nasr-Storey, V.J. Smith, N. Stylianou⁸² , K. Walkingshaw Pass, R. White





Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom

K.W. Bell, A. Belyaev⁸³ , C. Brew , R.M. Brown, D.J.A. Cockerill, C. Cooke, K.V. Ellis, K. Harder, S. Harper, M.-L. Holmberg⁸⁴, J. Linacre , K. Manolopoulos, D.M. Newbold , E. Olaiya, D. Petyt, T. Reis , T. Schuh, C.H. Shepherd-Themistocleous, I.R. Tomalin, T. Williams 









Imperial College, London, United Kingdom

R. Bainbridge , P. Bloch , S. Bonomally, J. Borg , S. Breeze, O. Buchmuller, V. Cepaitis , G.S. Chahal⁸⁵ , D. Colling, P. Dauncey , G. Davies , M. Della Negra , S. Fayer, G. Fedi , G. Hall , M.H. Hassanshahi, G. Iles, J. Langford, L. Lyons, A.-M. Magnan, S. Malik, A. Martelli , D.G. Monk, J. Nash⁸⁶ , M. Pesaresi, D.M. Raymond, A. Richards, A. Rose, E. Scott , C. Seez, A. Shtipliyski, A. Tapper , K. Uchida, T. Virdee²⁰ , M. Vojinovic , N. Wardle , S.N. Webb , D. Winterbottom

Brunel University, Uxbridge, United Kingdom

K. Coldham, J.E. Cole , A. Khan, P. Kyberd , I.D. Reid , L. Teodorescu, S. Zahid 

Baylor University, Waco, Texas, USA

S. Abdullin , A. Brinkerhoff , B. Caraway , J. Dittmann , K. Hatakeyama , A.R. Kanuganti, B. McMaster , N. Pastika, M. Saunders , S. Sawant, C. Sutantawibul, J. Wilson 











Catholic University of America, Washington, DC, USA

R. Bartek , A. Dominguez , R. Uniyal , A.M. Vargas Hernandez

The University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, Alabama, USA








A. Buccilli , S.I. Cooper , D. Di Croce , S.V. Gleyzer , C. Henderson , C.U. Perez , P. Rumerio⁸⁷ , C. West 

Boston University, Boston, Massachusetts, USA











A. Akpınar , A. Albert , D. Arcaro , C. Cosby , Z. Demiragli , E. Fontanesi, D. Gastler, S. May , J. Rohlf , K. Salyer , D. Sperka, D. Spitzbart , I. Suarez , A. Tsatsos, S. Yuan, D. Zou

Brown University, Providence, Rhode Island, USA

G. Benelli , B. Burkle , X. Coubez²¹, D. Cutts , M. Hadley , U. Heintz , J.M. Hogan⁸⁸ 

T. KWON, G. Landsberg , K.T. Lau , D. Li, M. Lukasik, J. Luo , M. Narain, N. Pervan, S. Sagir⁸⁹ , F. Simpson, E. Usai , W.Y. Wong, X. Yan , D. Yu , W. Zhang

University of California, Davis, Davis, California, USA

J. Bonilla , C. Brainerd , R. Breedon, M. Calderon De La Barca Sanchez, M. Chertok , J. Conway , P.T. Cox, R. Erbacher, G. Haza, F. Jensen , O. Kukral, R. Lander, M. Mulhearn , D. Pellett, B. Regnery , D. Taylor , Y. Yao , F. Zhang 



















University of California, Los Angeles, California, USA

M. Bachtis , R. Cousins , A. Datta , D. Hamilton, J. Hauser , M. Ignatenko, M.A. Iqbal, T. Lam, W.A. Nash, S. Regnard , D. Saltzberg , B. Stone, V. Valuev 










University of California, Riverside, Riverside, California, USA

K. Burt, Y. Chen, R. Clare , J.W. Gary , M. Gordon, G. Hanson , G. Karapostoli , O.R. Long , N. Manganeli, M. Olmedo Negrete, W. Si , S. Wimpenny, Y. Zhang




University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, California, USA

J.G. Branson, P. Chang , S. Cittolin, S. Cooperstein , N. Deelen , D. Diaz , J. Duarte , R. Gerosa , L. Giannini , J. Guiang, R. Kansal , V. Krutelyov , R. Lee, J. Letts , M. Masciovecchio , F. Mokhtar, M. Pieri , B.V. Sathia Narayanan , V. Sharma , M. Tadel, A. Vartak , F. Würthwein , Y. Xiang , A. Yagil 







University of California, Santa Barbara - Department of Physics, Santa Barbara, California, USA

N. Amin, C. Campagnari , M. Citron , A. Dorsett, V. Dutta , J. Incandela , M. Kilpatrick , J. Kim , B. Marsh, H. Mei, M. Oshiro, M. Quinnan , J. Richman, U. Sarica , F. Setti, J. Sheplock, D. Stuart, S. Wang 







California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, California, USA

A. Bornheim , O. Cerri, I. Dutta , J.M. Lawhorn , N. Lu , J. Mao, H.B. Newman , T.Q. Nguyen , M. Spiropulu , J.R. Vlimant , C. Wang , S. Xie , Z. Zhang , R.Y. Zhu 


Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, USA

J. Alison , S. An , M.B. Andrews, P. Bryant , T. Ferguson , A. Harilal, C. Liu, T. Mudholkar , M. Paulini , A. Sanchez, W. Terrill






























University of Colorado Boulder, Boulder, Colorado, USA















J.P. Cumalat , W.T. Ford , A. Hassani, E. MacDonald, R. Patel, A. Perloff , C. Savard, K. Stenson , K.A. Ulmer , S.R. Wagner 

Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, USA














J. Alexander , S. Bright-Thonney , X. Chen , Y. Cheng , D.J. Cranshaw , S. Hogan, J. Monroy , J.R. Patterson , D. Quach , J. Reichert , M. Reid , A. Ryd, W. Sun , J. Thom , P. Wittich , R. Zou 

Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, Batavia, Illinois, USA








M. Albrow , M. Alyari , G. Apollinari, A. Apresyan , A. Apyan , S. Banerjee, L.A.T. Bauerdick , D. Berry , J. Berryhill , P.C. Bhat, K. Burkett , J.N. Butler, A. Canepa, G.B. Cerati , H.W.K. Cheung , F. Chlebana, K.F. Di Petrillo , V.D. Elvira , Y. Feng, J. Freeman, Z. Gecse, L. Gray, D. Green, S. Grünendahl , O. Gutsche , R.M. Harris , R. Heller, T.C. Herwig , J. Hirschauer , B. Jayatilaka , S. Jindariani, M. Johnson, U. Joshi, T. Klijnsma , B. Klima , K.H.M. Kwok, S. Lammel , D. Lincoln , R. Lipton, T. Liu, C. Madrid, K. Maeshima, C. Mantilla , D. Mason, P. McBride , P. Merkel, S. Mrenna , S. Nahn , J. Ngadiuba , V. O'Dell, V. Papadimitriou, K. Pedro , C. Pena⁵⁸ , O. Prokofyev,

F. Ravera , A. Reinsvold Hall , L. Ristori , E. Sexton-Kennedy , N. Smith , A. Soha , W.J. Spalding , L. Spiegel, S. Stoynev , J. Strait , L. Taylor , S. Tkaczyk, N.V. Tran , L. Uplegger , E.W. Vaandering , H.A. Weber 







University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida, USA

D. Acosta , P. Avery, D. Bourilkov , L. Cadamuro , V. Cherepanov, F. Errico , R.D. Field, D. Guerrero, B.M. Joshi , M. Kim, E. Koenig, J. Konigsberg , A. Korytov, K.H. Lo, K. Matchev , N. Menendez , G. Mitselmakher , A. Muthirakalayil Madhu, N. Rawal, D. Rosenzweig, S. Rosenzweig, J. Rotter, K. Shi , J. Sturdy , J. Wang , E. Yigitbasi , X. Zuo














Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida, USA

T. Adams , A. Askew , R. Habibullah , V. Hagopian, K.F. Johnson, R. Khurana, T. Kolberg , G. Martinez, H. Prosper , C. Schiber, O. Viazlo , R. Yohay , J. Zhang





Florida Institute of Technology, Melbourne, Florida, USA

M.M. Baarmand , S. Butalla, T. Elkafrawy¹⁴ , M. Hohlmann , R. Kumar Verma , D. Noonan , M. Rahmani, F. Yumiceva 









University of Illinois at Chicago (UIC), Chicago, Illinois, USA

M.R. Adams, H. Becerril Gonzalez , R. Cavanaugh , S. Dittmer, O. Evdokimov , C.E. Gerber , D.A. Hangal , D.J. Hofman , A.H. Merrit, C. Mills , G. Oh , T. Roy, S. Rudrabhatla, M.B. Tonjes , N. Varelas , J. Viinikainen , X. Wang, Z. Wu , Z. Ye 

















The University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa, USA

M. Alhusseini , K. Dilsiz⁹⁰ , R.P. Gandrajula , O.K. Köseyan , J.-P. Merlo, A. Mestvirishvili⁹¹, J. Nachtman, H. Ogul⁹² , Y. Onel , A. Penzo, C. Snyder, E. Tiras⁹³ 




Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland, USA

O. Amram , B. Blumenfeld , L. Corcodilos , J. Davis, M. Eminizer , A.V. Gritsan , S. Kyriacou, P. Maksimovic , J. Roskes , M. Swartz, T.Á. Vámi 

The University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kansas, USA

A. Abreu, J. Anguiano, C. Baldenegro Barrera , P. Baringer , A. Bean , A. Bylinkin , Z. Flowers, T. Isidori, S. Khalil , J. King, G. Krintiras , A. Kropivnitskaya , M. Lazarovits, C. Le Mahieu, C. Lindsey, J. Marquez, N. Minafra , M. Murray , M. Nickel, C. Rogan , C. Royon, R. Salvatico , S. Sanders, E. Schmitz, C. Smith , J.D. Tapia Takaki , Q. Wang , Z. Warner, J. Williams , G. Wilson 









Kansas State University, Manhattan, Kansas, USA

S. Duric, A. Ivanov , K. Kaadze , D. Kim, Y. Maravin , T. Mitchell, A. Modak, K. Nam
















Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, California, USA

F. Rebassoo, D. Wright







University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland, USA

E. Adams, A. Baden, O. Baron, A. Belloni , S.C. Eno , N.J. Hadley , S. Jabeen , R.G. Kellogg, T. Koeth, A.C. Mignerey, S. Nabili, C. Palmer , M. Seidel , A. Skuja , L. Wang, K. Wong 






Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA

D. Abercrombie, G. Andreassi, R. Bi, W. Busza , I.A. Cali, Y. Chen , M. D'Alfonso , J. Eysermans, C. Freer , G. Gomez Ceballos, M. Goncharov, P. Harris, M. Hu, M. Klute , D. Kovalskyi , J. Krupa, Y.-J. Lee , C. Mironov , C. Paus , D. Rankin , C. Roland , G. Roland, Z. Shi , G.S.F. Stephans , J. Wang, Z. Wang , B. Wyslouch 

University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minnesota, USA

R.M. Chatterjee, A. Evans , J. Hiltbrand, Sh. Jain , M. Krohn, Y. Kubota, J. Mans , M. Revering, R. Rusack , R. Saradhy, N. Schroeder , N. Strobbe , M.A. Wadud










University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Lincoln, Nebraska, USA

K. Bloom , M. Bryson, S. Chauhan , D.R. Claes, C. Fangmeier, L. Finco , F. Golf , C. Joo, I. Kravchenko , M. Musich, I. Reed, J.E. Siado, G.R. Snow[†], W. Tabb, F. Yan, A.G. Zecchinelli






State University of New York at Buffalo, Buffalo, New York, USA

G. Agarwal , H. Bandyopadhyay , L. Hay , I. Iashvili , A. Kharchilava, C. McLean , D. Nguyen, J. Pekkanen , S. Rappoccio , A. Williams 











Northeastern University, Boston, Massachusetts, USA

G. Alverson , E. Barberis, Y. Haddad , A. Hortiangtham, J. Li , G. Madigan, B. Marzocchi , D.M. Morse , V. Nguyen, T. Orimoto , A. Parker, L. Skinnari , A. Tishelman-Charny, T. Wamorkar, B. Wang , A. Wisecarver, D. Wood 






Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois, USA

S. Bhattacharya , J. Bueghly, Z. Chen , A. Gilbert , T. Gunter , K.A. Hahn, Y. Liu, N. Odell, M.H. Schmitt , M. Velasco














University of Notre Dame, Notre Dame, Indiana, USA

R. Band , R. Bucci, M. Cremonesi, A. Das , N. Dev , R. Goldouzian , M. Hildreth, K. Hurtado Anampa , C. Jessop , K. Lannon , J. Lawrence, N. Loukas , D. Lutton, N. Marinelli, I. Mcalister, T. McCauley , C. Mcgrady, K. Mohrman, C. Moore, Y. Musienko⁵¹, R. Ruchti, P. Siddireddy, A. Townsend, M. Wayne, A. Wightman, M. Zarucki , L. Zygala

The Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, USA

B. Bylsma, B. Cardwell, L.S. Durkin , B. Francis , C. Hill , M. Nunez Ornelas , K. Wei, B.L. Winer, B.R. Yates 














Princeton University, Princeton, New Jersey, USA

F.M. Addesa , B. Bonham , P. Das , G. Dezoort, P. Elmer , A. Frankenthal , B. Greenberg , N. Haubrich, S. Higginbotham, A. Kalogeropoulos , G. Kopp, S. Kwan , D. Lange, D. Marlow , K. Mei , I. Ojalvo, J. Olsen , D. Stickland , C. Tully 

University of Puerto Rico, Mayaguez, Puerto Rico, USA

S. Malik , S. Norberg

Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA

A.S. Bakshi, V.E. Barnes , R. Chawla , S. Das , L. Gutay, M. Jones , A.W. Jung , S. Karmarkar, D. Kondratyev , M. Liu, G. Negro, N. Neumeister , G. Paspalaki, S. Piperov , A. Purohit, J.F. Schulte , M. Stojanovic¹⁶, J. Thieman , F. Wang , R. Xiao , W. Xie 





Purdue University Northwest, Hammond, Indiana, USA

J. Dolen , N. Parashar

Rice University, Houston, Texas, USA












A. Baty , T. Carnahan, M. Decaro, S. Dildick , K.M. Ecklund , S. Freed, P. Gardner, F.J.M. Geurts , A. Kumar , W. Li, B.P. Padley , R. Redjimi, W. Shi , A.G. Stahl Leiton , S. Yang , L. Zhang⁹⁴, Y. Zhang 

University of Rochester, Rochester, New York, USA

A. Bodek , P. de Barbaro, R. Demina , J.L. Dulemba , C. Fallon, T. Ferbel , M. Galanti,

A. Garcia-Bellido , O. Hindrichs , A. Khukhunaishvili, E. Ranken, R. Taus








Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, Piscataway, New Jersey, USA

B. Chiarito, J.P. Chou , A. Gandrakota , Y. Gershtein , E. Halkiadakis , A. Hart, M. Heindl , O. Karacheban²⁴ , I. Laflotte, A. Lath , R. Montalvo, K. Nash, M. Osherson, S. Salur , S. Schnetzer, S. Somalwar , R. Stone, S.A. Thayil , S. Thomas, H. Wang 




University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee, USA

H. Acharya, A.G. Delannoy , S. Fiorendi , S. Spanier 







Texas A&M University, College Station, Texas, USA

O. Bouhali⁹⁵ , M. Dalchenko , A. Delgado , R. Eusebi, J. Gilmore, T. Huang, T. Kamon⁹⁶, H. Kim , S. Luo , S. Malhotra, R. Mueller, D. Overton, D. Rathjens , A. Safonov 

Texas Tech University, Lubbock, Texas, USA

N. Akchurin, J. Damgov, V. Hegde, S. Kunori, K. Lamichhane, S.W. Lee , T. Mengke, S. Muthumuni , T. Peltola , I. Volobouev, Z. Wang, A. Whitbeck


Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tennessee, USA

E. Appelt , S. Greene, A. Gurrola , W. Johns, A. Melo, H. Ni, K. Padeken , F. Romeo , P. Sheldon , S. Tuo, J. Velkovska 












University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Virginia, USA

M.W. Arenton , B. Cox , G. Cummings , J. Hakala , R. Hirosky , M. Joyce , A. Ledovskoy , A. Li, C. Neu , C.E. Perez Lara , B. Tannenwald , S. White , E. Wolfe 

Wayne State University, Detroit, Michigan, USA

N. Poudyal 

University of Wisconsin - Madison, Madison, WI, Wisconsin, USA

K. Black , T. Bose , C. Caillol, S. Dasu , I. De Bruyn , P. Everaerts , F. Fienga , C. Galloni, H. He, M. Herndon , A. Hervé, U. Hussain, A. Lanaro, A. Loeliger, R. Loveless, J. Madhusudanan Sreekala , A. Mallampalli, A. Mohammadi, D. Pinna, A. Savin, V. Shang, V. Sharma , W.H. Smith , D. Teague, S. Trembath-Reichert, W. Vetens 

†: Deceased

1: Also at TU Wien, Wien, Austria

2: Also at Institute of Basic and Applied Sciences, Faculty of Engineering, Arab Academy for Science, Technology and Maritime Transport, Alexandria, Egypt

3: Also at Université Libre de Bruxelles, Bruxelles, Belgium

4: Also at Universidade Estadual de Campinas, Campinas, Brazil

5: Also at Federal University of Rio Grande do Sul, Porto Alegre, Brazil

6: Also at The University of the State of Amazonas, Manaus, Brazil

7: Also at University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China

8: Also at Department of Physics, Tsinghua University, Beijing, China

9: Also at UFMS, Nova Andradina, Brazil

10: Also at Nanjing Normal University Department of Physics, Nanjing, China

11: Now at The University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa, USA

12: Also at Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics named by A.I. Alikhanov of NRC 'Kurchatov Institute', Moscow, Russia

13: Also at Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia

14: Also at Ain Shams University, Cairo, Egypt

15: Now at British University in Egypt, Cairo, Egypt

16: Also at Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA

-
- 17: Also at Université de Haute Alsace, Mulhouse, France
 - 18: Also at Ilia State University, Tbilisi, Georgia
 - 19: Also at Erzincan Binali Yildirim University, Erzincan, Turkey
 - 20: Also at CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland
 - 21: Also at RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut A, Aachen, Germany
 - 22: Also at University of Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany
 - 23: Also at Isfahan University of Technology, Isfahan, Iran
 - 24: Also at Brandenburg University of Technology, Cottbus, Germany
 - 25: Also at Forschungszentrum Jülich, Juelich, Germany
 - 26: Also at Physics Department, Faculty of Science, Assiut University, Assiut, Egypt
 - 27: Also at Karoly Robert Campus, MATE Institute of Technology, Gyongyos, Hungary
 - 28: Also at Institute of Physics, University of Debrecen, Debrecen, Hungary
 - 29: Also at Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary
 - 30: Also at MTA-ELTE Lendület CMS Particle and Nuclear Physics Group, Eötvös Loránd University, Budapest, Hungary
 - 31: Also at Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary
 - 32: Also at IIT Bhubaneswar, Bhubaneswar, India
 - 33: Also at Institute of Physics, Bhubaneswar, India
 - 34: Also at Punjab Agricultural University, Ludhiana, India
 - 35: Also at Shoolini University, Solan, India
 - 36: Also at University of Hyderabad, Hyderabad, India
 - 37: Also at University of Visva-Bharati, Santiniketan, India
 - 38: Also at Indian Institute of Technology (IIT), Mumbai, India
 - 39: Also at Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron, Hamburg, Germany
 - 40: Also at Sharif University of Technology, Tehran, Iran
 - 41: Also at Department of Physics, University of Science and Technology of Mazandaran, Behshahr, Iran
 - 42: Now at INFN Sezione di Bari, Università di Bari, Politecnico di Bari, Bari, Italy
 - 43: Also at Italian National Agency for New Technologies, Energy and Sustainable Economic Development, Bologna, Italy
 - 44: Also at Centro Siciliano di Fisica Nucleare e di Struttura Della Materia, Catania, Italy
 - 45: Also at Scuola Superiore Meridionale, Università di Napoli Federico II, Napoli, Italy
 - 46: Also at Università di Napoli 'Federico II', Napoli, Italy
 - 47: Also at Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche - Istituto Officina dei Materiali, Perugia, Italy
 - 48: Also at Riga Technical University, Riga, Latvia
 - 49: Also at Consejo Nacional de Ciencia y Tecnología, Mexico City, Mexico
 - 50: Also at IRFU, CEA, Université Paris-Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France
 - 51: Also at Institute for Nuclear Research, Moscow, Russia
 - 52: Now at National Research Nuclear University 'Moscow Engineering Physics Institute' (MEPhI), Moscow, Russia
 - 53: Also at Institute of Nuclear Physics of the Uzbekistan Academy of Sciences, Tashkent, Uzbekistan
 - 54: Also at St. Petersburg Polytechnic University, St. Petersburg, Russia
 - 55: Also at University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida, USA
 - 56: Also at Imperial College, London, United Kingdom
 - 57: Also at P.N. Lebedev Physical Institute, Moscow, Russia
 - 58: Also at California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, California, USA
 - 59: Also at Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics, Novosibirsk, Russia
 - 60: Also at Faculty of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia

- 61: Also at Trincomalee Campus, Eastern University, Sri Lanka, Nilaveli, Sri Lanka
- 62: Also at INFN Sezione di Pavia, Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy
- 63: Also at National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens, Greece
- 64: Also at Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale Lausanne, Lausanne, Switzerland
- 65: Also at Universität Zürich, Zurich, Switzerland
- 66: Also at Stefan Meyer Institute for Subatomic Physics, Vienna, Austria
- 67: Also at Laboratoire d'Annecy-le-Vieux de Physique des Particules, IN2P3-CNRS, Annecy-le-Vieux, France
- 68: Also at Şırnak University, Sirnak, Turkey
- 69: Also at Near East University, Research Center of Experimental Health Science, Nicosia, Turkey
- 70: Also at Konya Technical University, Konya, Turkey
- 71: Also at Piri Reis University, Istanbul, Turkey
- 72: Also at Adiyaman University, Adiyaman, Turkey
- 73: Also at Ozyegin University, Istanbul, Turkey
- 74: Also at Necmettin Erbakan University, Konya, Turkey
- 75: Also at Bozok Universiteleri Rektörlüğü, Yozgat, Turkey
- 76: Also at Marmara University, Istanbul, Turkey
- 77: Also at Milli Savunma University, Istanbul, Turkey
- 78: Also at Kafkas University, Kars, Turkey
- 79: Also at Istanbul Bilgi University, Istanbul, Turkey
- 80: Also at Hacettepe University, Ankara, Turkey
- 81: Also at Istanbul University - Cerrahpasa, Faculty of Engineering, Istanbul, Turkey
- 82: Also at Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Brussel, Belgium
- 83: Also at School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom
- 84: Also at Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom
- 85: Also at IPPP Durham University, Durham, United Kingdom
- 86: Also at Monash University, Faculty of Science, Clayton, Australia
- 87: Also at Università di Torino, Torino, Italy
- 88: Also at Bethel University, St. Paul, Minneapolis, USA
- 89: Also at Karamanoğlu Mehmetbey University, Karaman, Turkey
- 90: Also at Bingol University, Bingol, Turkey
- 91: Also at Georgian Technical University, Tbilisi, Georgia
- 92: Also at Sinop University, Sinop, Turkey
- 93: Also at Erciyes University, Kayseri, Turkey
- 94: Also at Institute of Modern Physics and Key Laboratory of Nuclear Physics and Ion-beam Application (MOE) - Fudan University, Shanghai, China
- 95: Also at Texas A&M University at Qatar, Doha, Qatar
- 96: Also at Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Korea