



FIAST: Fostering Innovation in Accelerator Science and Technology

### The INFRAINNOV4 Proposal Accelerator Innovation Pilot

Structure of the project and requirements from contributors

Maurizio Vretenar, CERN

1st Preparation Meeting, 9 January 2020

ARIES is co-funded by the European Commission Grant Agreement number 730871

### Welcome to CERN and to FIAST

Today we have invited:

- the representatives of the 37 proposals selected by the Evaluation Committee to be part of the new project (out of 101 submitted, success rate 36.6%).
- The persons in charge of the Workpackages not concerned by the selection (management, communication, industry relations, innovation).
- The CERN EU project team.

A warm welcome to all those that are new to CERN and to EU projects, and welcome back to all who have been already with us in ARIES or in EUCARD2!



Proposal			
Number	Туре	Task name (tbc)	Task Leader (tbc)
		Management and coordination	M. Vretenar- CERN
		Dissemination	P. Foka - GSI
		Communication and Outreach	P. Burrows - UOXF
		Coordination, industrial partnership support, KT	M. Morandin - INFN
		Innovation management and committee	M. Losasso - CERN
		Beam windows for high-power accelerator	M. Losasso - CERN
16	D	applications	
60		Suspended graphenic membrane beam windows	M. Tomut - GSI
69	D	for next generation accelerators Large scale Carbide-Carbon Materials for	5 0 0501
35	D	multipurpose applications	F. Carra - CERN
		MUon colliders STrategy network	N. Pastrone - INFN
45	s		
45	5	Pushing Accelerator Frontiers	F. Zimmermann / G.
50	s		Franchetti - GSI
10	P	Improvement of slow extraction spill quality	P. Fork - GSI
10	Р	Novel Particle Accelerators Concepts and	
51	S	Technologies	R. Assmann - DESY
75	S	LASers for PLasma Accelerators	L. Gizzi - CNR
	_	Multi-scale Innovative targets for laser-plasma	C. Thaury - CNRS
61	D	accelerators	,
72	D	Laser focal spot stabilization for compact plasma accelerators	F. Mathieu - CNRS
	S	Ultra-Low Emittance Ring	R. Bartolini - UOXF
73	3	Longitudinally Variable Dipole for the upgrade of	
		the Elettra storage ring	Y. Papaphilippou -
82	Р		CERN
19	Р	Very high gradient RF Guns operating in the C-band RF technology	D. Alesini - INFN
88	Р	CompactLight Prototype Accelerating Structure	G. D'Auria - Elettra
		Permanent Magnet Quadrupoles & Combined	B. Shepherd - STFC
78	D	Function Magnets for Ultra Low-Emittance Rings	
103	S	European Strategy for HTS magnet	L. Rossi - INFN
22	Р	Magnets for Advanced Hadrontherapy and Fast	L. Rossi - INFN
23 13	P	Synchrotrons Development of ReBCO HTS nuclotron cable	P. Spiller - GSI
15	Р	Strategy for Innovative Superconducting	
17	S	Accelerating Cavities	C. Antoine - CEA
38	Р	Innovative Superconducting Accelerating Cavities	C. Pira - INFN
32	D	Innovative superconducting accelerating cavities	R. Valizadeh - STFC
18	D	Surface Engineering by Atomic Layer Deposition	T. Proslier - CEA
	-	Improvement of mechanical and superconducting	A. Medvids - RTU
49	D	properties of RF resonator by laser radiation	
31	D	Optimization of flat SRF thin films production	O. Kugeler - HZB
51	0	procedure Additive Manufacturing for the Accelerator	M. Vedani - Polimi
56	S	Community	ivi. vedani - Polimi
53	P	Repair of damaged accelerator components by AM	E. Lopez - FET
53	D	technologies Development of superconducting RF cavities by AM	M Depote INITAL
55	D	percopinient of superconducting or cavities by AM	M. Pepato - INFN
		Photon Stimulated Desorption (PSD) from NEG	O. Malyshev - STFC
40	D	coatings for accelerator vacuum chambers	,
92	P	MAchine Learning techniques for accelerator and	T. Shea - ESS
92	D	target diagnostics at ESS Development of electro-optical waveguide sensors	S. Gibson - RHUL
94	D	as Beam electric field sensors	3. GIDSUN - KHUL
	c	Sustainable Concepts for Accelerator driven	M. Seidel - PSI
68	S	Research Infrastructures	
5	Р	High Efficiency Klystron Industrial Prototype	E. Jensen - CERN
25	s	A Strategy for Implementing Novel Societal	R. Edgecock - HUD
23	5	Applications of Accelerators Design of advanced electron accelerator plant for	A. Chmeliewski - INCT
103	D	biohazards treatment	A. CHITICHEWSKI - HIVLI
2	D	Internal Rf Ion Source for Cyclotrons	J. Perez - CIEMAT
		European Technology Infrastructure for	S. Leray - CEA
102	S	Accelerators and Magnets	
20	D	New RF amplifiers based on GaN Semiconductors	D. Dancila - UU

2

Proposal

### From a collection of actions to a coherent proposal

### Our goal today:

To review all steps required to transform a set of disparate proposals into a **coherent 80 page document** to be submitted to the European Commission by the deadline of 17 March, which can convince the EC evaluators to give us 10 M€.

(note that this proposal is worth 125'000 €/page, or about 150 €/word !)







## From a group of proposers to a real team



Up to now, you have all been in competition to be part of this proposal.

This phase is <u>finished</u>, and from now on we have to act as a solid and coordinated team – if we want to write an excellent and competitive proposal.

Only if we succeed in working as a team we will be able to solve all the administrative problems that we have to face over the next 2 months.

### From competition to collaboration

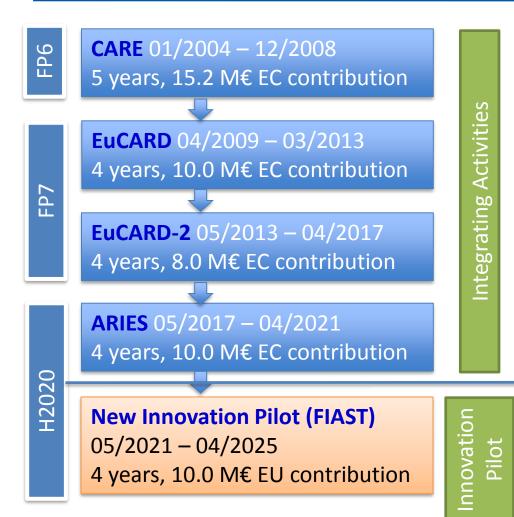


### Introducing the project team

- Particle accelerator submissions to the EC research programmes are coordinated by the TIARA Committee (coordinator R. Aleksan, CEA, chair E. Nappi, INFN).
- Since 2009, CERN provides the coordination of the general accelerator projects as a service to the community (free of charge – our salaries are not charged to the project!).
- Coordinator nominated (by TIARA): Maurizio Vretenar, former project leader of Linac4 and coordinator of EuCARD2 and ARIES.
- Administrative manager: Svetlomir Stavrev, leader of EU projects management and administrative support section at CERN. Supported by Livia Lapadatescu and Sabrina El Yacoubi.
- Project assistant: Valerie Brunner (the person behind the accelerator.innovation@cern.ch address).



### Historical background



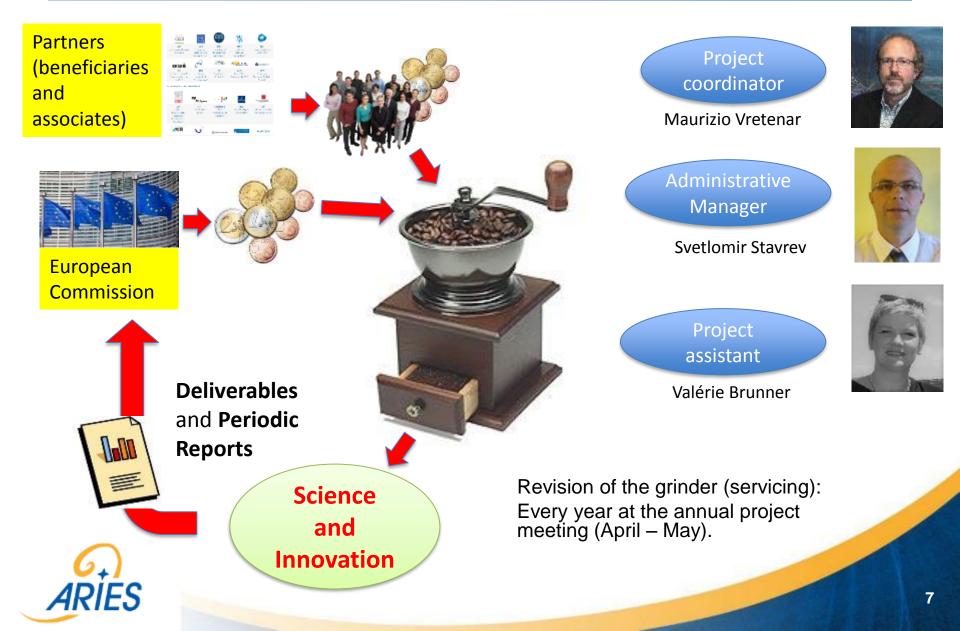
Long tradition of EC support to generic accelerator R&D: 4 successful Integrating Activities have raised 43 M€ EC funding over 16 years (2.7 M€/yr).

Accelerators are a "superadvanced community" for which new tools are required, beyond the rigid structure of Integrating Activities.

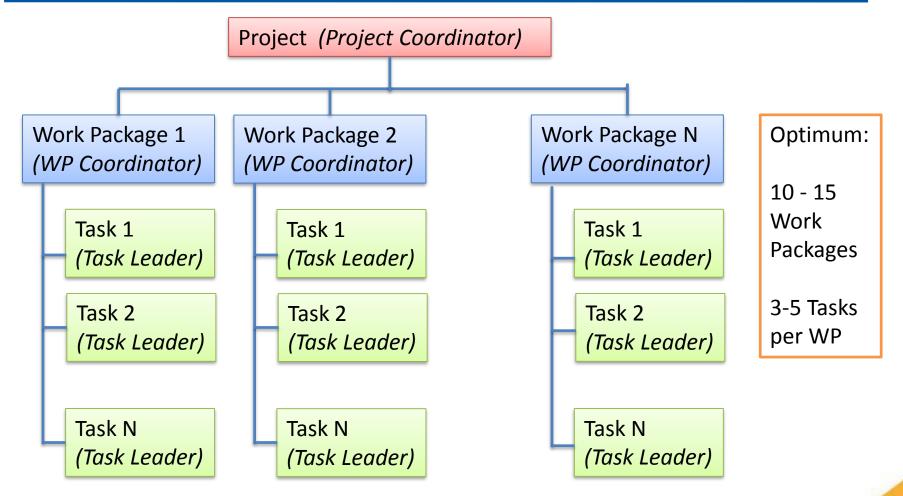
Introduction of the new "Innovation Pilot" instrument to favour the transition to new forms of support.



## A European project in a nutshell



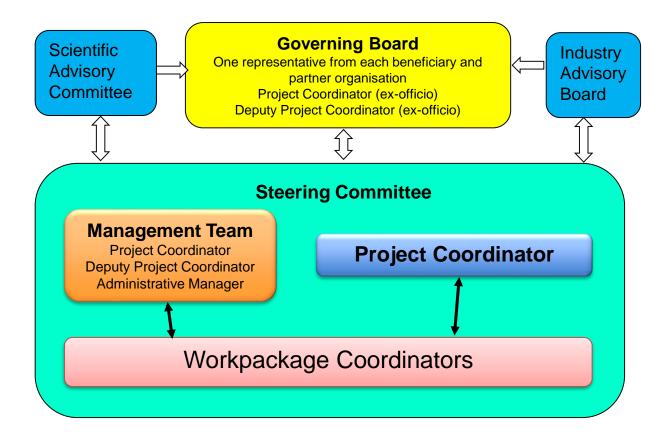
## EU Project Work Breakdown Structure



- Each Task has to be supported by more than 1 partner
- Each Task should have 1-2 Milestones and produce 1 Deliverable
- When possible, Tasks should be consecutive in time (i.e. not all M1-M48).

### Maximum 60 Deliverables $\rightarrow$ Maximum 60 Tasks

## Governance (Example of ARIES)





### The new Innovation Pilot Project

The Horizon2020 call «INFRAINNOV-04-2020: Innovation pilots» foresees 3 projects of 10 M€ each addressing innovation in 3 domains: light source technologies, detector technologies, accelerator technologies. Non-competitive call, each community is expected to submit one project that will be approved if evaluated beyond an acceptance threshold.

TIMELINE:

- Call opened 28 November 2019
- Deadline for submission **17 March 2020**
- Result of EC evaluation <17 August 2020
- Consortium Agreement preparation October 2020 March 2021
- Project start 1 May 2021 (at end of ARIES)
- Duration 4 years (2021 2025)

### Targeted call. We are not in competition with other

communities, but we have to aim for excellence because:

- 1. We need to pass the minimum evaluation threshold
- 2. Our project is a «**pilot**» to demonstrate integration and good organisation of our community. If successful, can open the way to larger «programs» in Horizon Europe.

### Requirements for the new project – EC instructions

<u>Scope</u>: Funding will be provided to research infrastructure networks to kick-start the implementation of a common strategy/roadmap for technological developments required for improving their services through partnership with industry. Proposals should then involve research infrastructures, industry and SMEs to promote innovation and knowledge sharing through co-creation of needed technical solutions and make use, when appropriate, of large-scale platforms combining R&D (Research and Development), integration and validation for the technological developments.

- RI Networks
- Technological developments in partnership with industry
- Use of large scale platforms

### 3 components:

- Technological roadmaps in partnership with industry
- 2. «Development» of technologies.
- 3. «Prototyping» of technologies.

- if not already done, the identification of key techniques and trends which are crucial for future construction and upgrade of the involved Research Infrastructures and the definition of roadmaps and/or strategic agendas for their development, in close partnership with the industrial partners, especially with innovative SMEs;
- the development of the identified fundamental technologies or techniques underpinning and arising from the efficient and joint use of the involved research infrastructures, taking into due account resource efficiency and environmental (including climate-related) impacts.
- the prototyping of higher performance methodologies, protocols, and instrumentation, including the testing of components, subsystems, materials, and dedicated software, needed to upgrade the involved research infrastructures, construct their next generation, or develop new advanced applications.

### **General goal:**

TILLU

<u>Boost innovation in the accelerator</u> <u>community via a reinforced</u> <u>partnership with industry</u> (\*) an innovation is the implementation of a new or significantly improved product or process (OECD, The Oslo Manual)

## Requirements for the new project – our vision

### Accelerator science at a turning point:

- Large projects for particle physics are reaching the limits of sustainability.

**Basic science** 

 Accelerators are rapidly growing, thanks to their increasing use in applied science and society.

Limitations related to size, cost, energy.

Applied science (photon

and neutron sources)

New ideas, technologies

Societal

applications

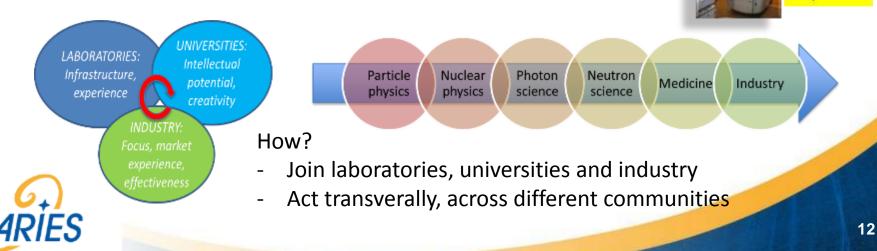
(medicine,

industry, environment,

etc.)

ARIES or the new FIAST offer a unique opportunity to develop new ideas and technologies to:

- 1. Make «big science» more sustainable;
- 2. Support the transition to applied science and society.



## Main themes of the new project FIAST

- The call for proposal was very open but showed already some trends.
- The selection criteria provided guidelines to prioritise activities.
- The Evaluation Committee gave some additional priorities.

The result is a project composed of activities that **look beyond** the needs of ongoing projects or studies (e.g. HL-LHC, FCC, CLIC, etc.) and focus on:

- > Novel accelerator options and technologies.
- Sustainability.
- > Applied science (synchrotron light and societal applications).
- Cooperation between academia and industry.

With respect to EuCARD2 and ARIES, we observe a decreasing support to technological implementation (instrumentation, materials for collimation, vacuum, etc.).



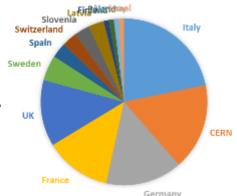
## The call for proposals

- 101 proposals received: 17 Strategies, 51
   Developments, 33
   Prototypes.
- total requested EC contribution 26.4 M€ → oversubscription factor (request/budget) > 3.
- Average funding rate
  52% (ratio EC contrib./total budget).

	STR	DEV	PRO	Total	Italy	22
Applications	1	2	4	7	CERN	17
Concepts	4		1	5	Germany	15
Infrastructure	1		1	2	France	13
Instrumentation	2	10	1	13	UK	13
Magnets	0	2	7	9	Sweden	5
Materials	1	4		5	Spain	3
New techniques	4	7		11	Switzerland	3
Performance		2	8	10	Slovenia	3
RF	1	9	6	16	Latvia	3
Sources		2	1	3	Finland	1
Sustainability	1			1	Poland	1
Technology	2	13	4	19	Norway	1
TOTALS	17	51	33	101	Israel	1

Distribution by main theme and by country of proposer

Requested budget non-standard: reclassified as developments if ≤ 200 k€, prototypes if ≥ 200 k€.



## The Evaluation

## Evaluation Committee of 17 members, chaired by MV, including 4 industry representatives

- One month for the evaluation (15.10-15.11).
- Each proposal was evaluated by 3 people, not related to the proposer's institute (for developments and prototypes, one evaluator was from industry).
- Average note: 40.74.
- Generally good agreement between the evaluators. The standard deviation of the 3 evaluations was calculated, usually low.
- «medium» proposals were accepted accordingly to the general priorities of the community.

Final result (36 accepted, 36%)Spain industryAitor Echeandia20 proposals accepted without correctionsFrench industryEric Giguet16 proposals accepted with requests for corrections (budget reduction and/or merging)



Institute	Representative
CEA	Pierre VEDRINE
	Stéphane CHEL
CERN	Frederick BORDRY
CIEMAT	José Manuel PEREZ
CNRS/IN2P3	Jean-Luc BIAROTTE
DESY	Ralph ASSMANN
GSI	Jens Stadlmann
INFN	Susanna GUIDUCCI
INP	Piotr MALECKI
Nordic	Roger RUBER
PSI	Terry GARVEY
	Mike SEIDEL
STFC	Peter MCINTOSH
Italy industry	Mauro MORANDIN
Germany industry	Philipp Revilak
Spain industry	Aitor Echeandia
French industry	Eric Giguet

### Workpackages outside of competition

- WP1: Coordination, dissemination and sustainability (530k) Management, internal communication, sustainability and cooperation.
- WP2: Training, communication and outreach (400k) Communication and outreach Challenge Based Innovation programme Advanced MOOC
- WP3: Industry engagement (300k)
  Industry advisory board (in particular for Strategies)
  Incubation strategy, entrepreneurship
  Company scouting for collaborations
  Models for academia-industry interaction and IP management
  Models for sharing of Technological Facilities
- WP4: Managing innovation (1.1 M€)

Internal innovation programme (2<sup>nd</sup> call), 24-month innovative projects in collaboration with industry open to partners of the project – limited to prototypes and developments with a budget 100-200 kEUR.



## General rules – from proposals to project

- All contributions have to be converted into one Task (Developments) or maximum two Tasks (Strategies and Prototypes) inside a more general Workpackage, corresponding to a Key Technology / Theme.
- Every Workpackage is composed of a Strategy and one or more Prototypes and Developments.
- As a general principle, the Strategy proposer becomes the Coordinator of the Workpackage.
- I have taken as Task Leaders the presenters of the individual proposals (to be redefined for merged activities) – please confirm.
- In general terms, the Task Leaders are responsible for managing their Task(s), including writing their Task description for the final proposal and defining their Task budget.
- The WP Coordinator reports on all Task activities at the Steering Committee meetings (2 x year) and writes the general WP introduction for the proposal.



## Project structure – Work Packages

			Coord.
WP	WP Name	WP Coordinator	Lab.
1	Coordination, dissemination	M. Vretenar	CERN
2	Training, communication, outreach	P. Burrows	UOXF
3	Industry engagement	M. Morandin	INFN
4	Managing Innovation, new Materials	M. Losasso	CERN
5	New concepts, performance improvements	F. Zimmermann	CERN
6	Novel particle accelerators concepts and technologies	R. Assmann	DESY
7	High brightness synchrotron light sources	R. Bartolini	UOXF
8	Innovative superconducting magnets	L. Rossi	INFN
9	Innovative superconducting cavities	C. Antoine, O. Malyshev	CEA/STFC
10	Advanced accelerator technologies	T. Torims	RTU
11	Sustainable concepts and technologies	M. Seidel	PSI
12	Societal applications	R. Edgecock	HUD
13	Technology Infrastructure	S. Leray	CEA

WP Coordinators are invited to nominate a Deputy Coordinator or a Co-Coordinator – to share the management we should have two names per Workpackage.



### Project structure - 1

			Coord.	Proposal	Duration					WP	Max.
WP	WP Name	WP Coordinator	Lab.	Number	(m)	Туре	Task name (tbc)	Task Leader (tbc)	Budget	Budget	Deliverables
1	Coordination, dissemination	M. Vretenar	CERN		48		Management and coordination	M. Vretenar- CERN	530	530	1
							Dissemination	P. Foka - GSI			1
2	Training, communication, outreach	P. Burrows	UOXF		48		Communication and Outreach	P. Burrows - UOXF	400	400	1
							Challenge-based innovation				1
							Training				1
3	Industry engagement	M. Morandin	INFN		48		Coordination, industrial partnership support, KT	M. Morandin - INFN	300	300	1
							Harmonisation of procedures and regulations for co- innovation activities	-			1
							Industry involvement and exploitation of the				1
							Technology Infrastructure				1
4	Managing Innovation, new Materials	M. Losasso	CERN		48		Innovation management and committee	M. Losasso - CERN	100	1420	1
					24		Innovation Fund	M. Losasso - CERN	1000		2
				10	24	_	Beam windows for high-power accelerator	M. Losasso - CERN	200		2
				16	24	-	applications Suspended graphenic membrane beam windows	M Tamut CCI	200		2
				69	42		for next generation accelerators	M. Tomut - GSI			
							Large scale Carbide-Carbon Materials for	F. Carra - CERN	4.00		
				35	48	-	multipurpose applications		120		1
							MUon colliders STrategy network	N. Pastrone - INFN			
5	New concepts, performance improvements	F. Zimmermann	CERN	45	48	S	Duckie z Accelerator Franticus		300	1060	2
						1	Pushing Accelerator Frontiers	F. Zimmermann / G.			
				50	48	S	Improvement of slow extraction spill quality	Franchetti - GSI	260		2
				10	48	· ·		P. Fork - GSI	500		2
6	Novel particle accelerators concepts and technologies	R. Assmann	DESY	51	48		Novel Particle Accelerators Concepts and Technologies	R. Assmann - DESY	400	555	2
				75	48		LASers for PLasma Accelerators	L. Gizzi - CNR			1
							Multi-scale Innovative targets for laser-plasma	C. Thaury - CNRS			
				61	24	-	accelerators		100		1
				72	36	-	Laser focal spot stabilization for compact plasma accelerators	F. Mathieu - CNRS	55		1
7	High brightness synchrotron light sources	R. Bartolini	UOXF	73	48		Ultra-Low Emittance Ring	R. Bartolini - UOXF	300		
						-	Longitudinally Variable Dipole for the upgrade of	Y. Papaphilippou -		2.00	
				82	48		the Elettra storage ring	CERN	500		2
					_		Very high gradient RF Guns operating in the C-band				
				19	48		RF technology		450		2
				88	24	· ·	CompactLight Prototype Accelerating Structure	G. D'Auria - Elettra	270		1
				78	28		Permanent Magnet Quadrupoles & Combined	B. Shepherd - STFC	180		
				/0	20		Function Magnets for Ultra Low-Emittance Rings		190		-



## Project Structure - 2

8	Innovative superconducting magnets	L. Rossi	INFN	103	48	S	European Strategy for HTS magnet	L. Rossi - INFN	50	900	1
		2			_		Magnets for Advanced Hadrontherapy and Fast	L. Rossi - INFN		200	-
				23	48	Р	Synchrotrons		650		2
		C. Antoine, O.		13	48	Р	Development of ReBCO HTS nuclotron cable	P. Spiller - GSI	200		1
ç	Innovative superconducting cavities	C. Antoine, O. Malyshev	CEA	17	48	S	Strategy for Innovative Superconducting Accelerating Cavities	C. Antoine - CEA	100	950	1
				38	48	Р	Innovative Superconducting Accelerating Cavities	C. Pira - INFN	550		2
				32	48	D	Innovative superconducting accelerating cavities	R. Valizadeh - STFC			
				18	48	D	Surface Engineering by Atomic Layer Deposition	T. Proslier - CEA	100		1
				49	48	D	Improvement of mechanical and superconducting properties of RF resonator by laser radiation	A. Medvids - RTU	100		1
				31	24	D	Optimization of flat SRF thin films production procedure	O. Kugeler - HZB	100		1
10	Advanced accelerator technologies	T. Torims	RTU	56	48	s	Additive Manufacturing for the Accelerator	M. Vedani - Polimi	220	570	2
				53	24	D		E. Lopez - FET			
				55	24	D	Development of superconducting RF cavities by AM	M. Pepato - INFN	50		1
				40	48	D	Photon Stimulated Desorption (PSD) from NEG coatings for accelerator vacuum chambers	O. Malyshev - STFC	100		1
				92	36	D	MAchine Learning techniques for accelerator and target diagnostics at ESS	T. Shea - ESS	100		1
				94	24	D	Development of electro-optical waveguide sensors as Beam electric field sensors	S. Gibson - RHUL	100		1
11	Sustainable concepts and technologies	M. Seidel	PSI	68	48	s	Sustainable Concepts for Accelerator driven Research Infrastructures	M. Seidel - PSI	200	700	1
				5	36	Р	High Efficiency Klystron Industrial Prototype	E. Jensen - CERN	500		2
12	Societal applications	R. Edgecock	HUD	25	48	s	A Strategy for Implementing Novel Societal Applications of Accelerators	R. Edgecock - HUD	300	515	2
				103	24	D	Design of advanced electron accelerator plant for biohazards treatment	A. Chmeliewski - INCT	100		1
				2	24	D	Internal Rf Ion Source for Cyclotrons	J. Perez - CIEMAT	115		1
13	Technology Infrastructure	S. Leray	CEA	102	24	s	European Technology Infrastructure for Accelerators and Magnets	S. Leray - CEA	300	400	2
				20	24	D	New RF amplifiers based on GaN Semiconductors	D. Dancila - UU	100		1
									10000	10000	59



### **Brexit news**

### Guarantee and extension funding

UK participants may be unable to access funding from the EU after Brexit if the UK becomes a third country.

In October., the UK government has committed to provide funding for all successful eligible UK bids to Horizon 2020 that are submitted before the end of 2020. This funding will apply for the lifetime of projects.

The funding guarantee and extension to the guarantee will be delivered by UK Research and Innovation (UKRI).

Hide message

### Register to vote

Register by 26 November to vote in the General Election on 12 December.

Home > UK participation in Horizon 2020: UK government overview

### 繱 Department for Business, Energy

Innovate UK

UK Research and Innovation

### Guidance

& Industrial Strategy

### **UK participation in Horizon 2020 after** Brexit

Updated 24 October 2019

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Stay up to date

Funding overview

Current UK participants

UK applicants who submit new

bids before Brexit Applying to Horizon 2020 after Brexit

Ongoing projects that may become ineligible after Brexit

Delivery of government funding

### Stay up to date

The UK is leaving the EU. This page tells you how to prepare for Brexit and will be updated if anything changes.

Sign up for email alerts to get the latest information.

The UK should be able to participate in Horizon 2020 as a non-EU country (a third country if we leave the EU without a deal.

Third countries can bid to, participate in and lead the majority of Horizon 2020 projects, but cannot access:

- mono-beneficiary schemes
- some space and security projects which only allow participants from EU countries
- some multi-beneficiary schemes (for example Fast Track to Innovation (FTI))

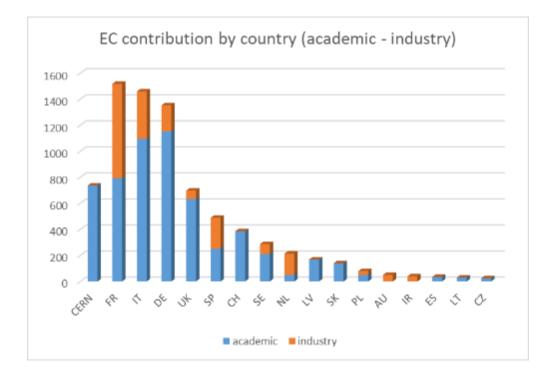


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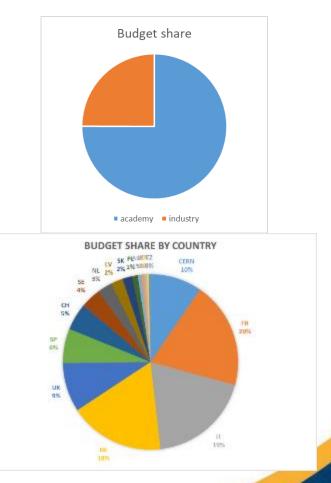
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## Budget distribution by country

### Only R&D activities (WPs 4-13) – present situation

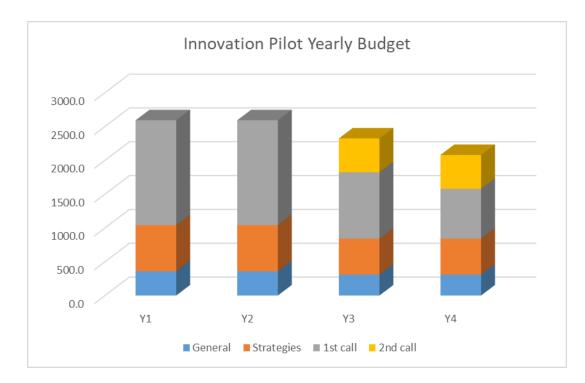


- Distribution by country is quite good.
- Share of industry 25% corresponds to our goal.



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## Budget distribution by time



Some activities last only 2 or 3 years. They will be compensated by the activities of the 2<sup>nd</sup> call that will cover the last 2 years.

For the 2<sup>nd</sup> call has been reserved 1 M€ - the call will include only developments or 2<sup>nd</sup> phase prototypes requesting an EC contribution between 100 and 200 k€.



## Matching funds

For R&D activities (WPs 4-13)

- Total EC contribution 7.67 M€.
- Project cost announced by participants 15.73 M€ w/o overheads, 19.7 M€ with 25% overheads.
- Funding rate: 39% (ratio EC contribution / Total cost with overheads)
- Assuming 50% matching funds for WP1-4, this leads to a total project cost of about 25 M€ (funding rate 40%).
- Very good, we can even reduce if required the matching funds in some activities.



## The main problem: number of beneficiaries

- The ideal number of EC beneficiaries (partners receiving a direct EC contribution) for these is projects is **about 40**.
- Too many beneficiaries means excessive administrative work (for CERN and for the WPs), high administrative overheads for partners receiving only a small contribution, and more risks for the project of delays or defaulting partners – and for the same reasons it is not appreciated by the EC offices!
- Adding all the institutes that you have indicated as partners in your activities we come to 60 Beneficiaries.
- This is far too many! We can agree on maximum 50 beneficiaries (better less) but we cannot exceed this limit.



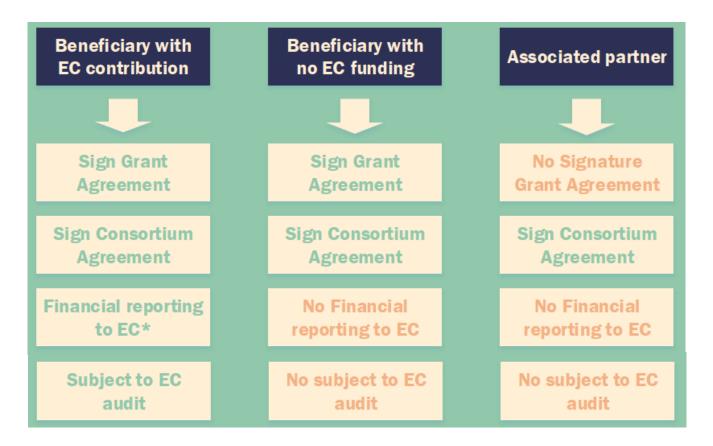
### Solution: associated partners

- The solution is to move some of the small partners to become "associated partners" via a larger partner (leading beneficiary).
- Associated partners will sign the Consortium Agreement and participate in the Governing Board meetings (with the same voting rights as Beneficiaries) but they don't sign the Grant Agreement with the EC.
- Associated partners sign an Agreement with their partner (usually a large laboratory) that engages to give them their budget in exchange of a given contribution.
- The associated partner budget is added to the EC contribution of the leading partner but it is not an eligible expenditure: has to be covered by the matching funds and/or overheads of the leading partner.
- Consequence is that associated budget must be "small" and that the leading beneficiary must be a large laboratory as CERN, GSI, CEA, etc.
- Note that travels are eligible: travels of an associated partner can be covered by the leading partner.

You have to take this into account when you produce your budget table



### **Summary Table**



The limit of 50 concerns only the beneficiaries with EC contribution



### Who has to become Associated Partner

Should become associate: Academic partners with EC contribution < 45 k€ Industry partners with an EC contribution < 25 k€ This concerns 15 partners.

- Additive manufacturing: select only 1 beneficiary (HC or ROS)
- Amplitude T. (AT) cannot be a beneficiary in the laser strategy.
- Small academic partners must become associated.
- Only possible exceptions HUD and UG (to be discussed).

		accurat	U
CIEMAT	252		
CNRS	370		
GSI	348		
PoliMi	58		C
HUD	40	Huddersfield	
PSI	342		
WWU	55		
HIT	60		
HZB	36	HZ Berlin	
DESY	191		
CVR	25	Res. Center Rez	
CEA	370		
INFN	875		
STFC	355		
Uni Siegen	141		
UU	110		
ESS	100	•	
UG	44	Geneva U.	
RTU	168		<b>—</b> ,
FEP	140		· · · ·
UOXF	35		E
IEE	140		
КІТ	117		В
Soleil	53		
JGU	35	Mainz U.	
ELETTRA	132		Co
DLS	98	_	
FTMC	30	Res. Inst. Vilnius	5
CNR	30	CNR Italy	
RHUL	35	Royal Holloway	11
TalTech	35	Tallinn Tech. U.	0.
INCT	50		
ILK	30	ILK Dresden	-
UT	50		-

	THALES	470	
	CYCLOMED	27	
field	GE	27	
	ВТ	95	
	BI	95	
	RHP	50	
	COMEB	135	
	BNG	80	
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	SIG	120	
	NNK	50	
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	нс	25	
	ROS	25	
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0.	Kyma	215	
	VDL-ETG	164	
	TMD	35	
	Bodycote	30	
	Xilinx	40	
	Biopolinex	30	
I	Exir	25	
	PR	25	
	Covesion Ltd	30	
Vilnius			

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merge

## Addtional check-list

- Check that your industries (in particular the small ones!) have a PIC number for participating in H2020. If not, it might be late to get one...
- Check that all branches of large entities can participate as one individual beneficiary: this is the usual case for CNRS and INFN, but it should be the same for Fraunhofer FEP (participates in 4 Tasks via different Departments) and Thales (in 2 Tasks).
- Check again with your partners that all agree that the results are Open Access – patents are allowed and for important reasons some Deliverables can be marked as confidential but by default they are going to be public.
- Verify again that you have your matching funds (from labs and industry). In February, your Directors will have to sign a Letter of Commitment to engage in the work and in providing the matching resources.
- Indentify the name of representatives for each partner organisation: scientific contact and administrative contact. Action required by Task Leaders, confirm names in Proposal Form and agree on one name when a partner participates in multiple Tasks.



## From Proposal Form to full Proposal

### Next step is writing.

Should not be too difficult because the Proposal Form that you have submitted for the evaluation was already structured to provide all the material (text and numbers) that we need for the proposal:

- 1. Excellence
- 2. Impact
- 3. Methodology and Organisation
- 4. Budget
- 5. Schedule, Deliverables and Milestones
- 6. Potential risks and mitigations

The main goal for the next month is to copy/paste (and revise where needed after today's discussions!) text and budget from the Proposal Form into the new Templates.



We need to be short: proposal limit is 80 pages!





## Writing the proposal - modifications to workplan

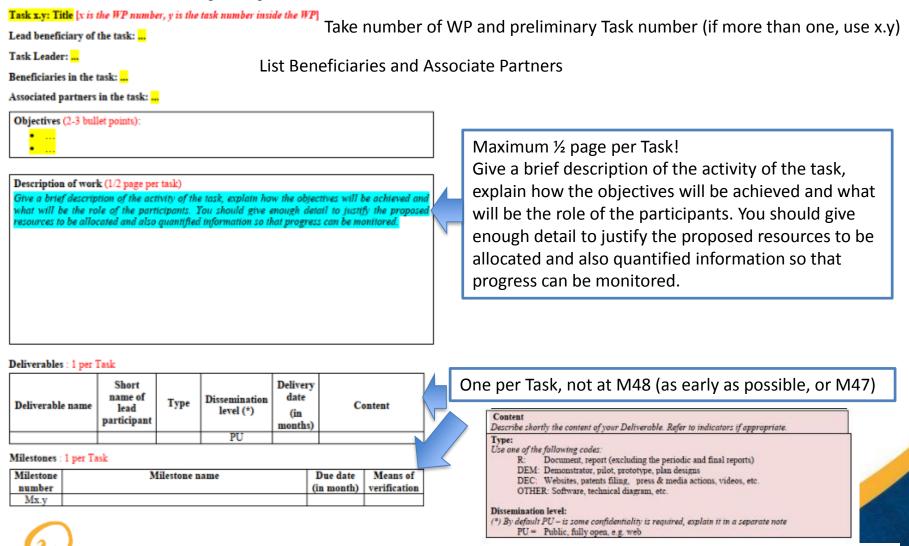
With respect to the Proposal Form, you need to make the following modifications to the Workplan:

- We need less Tasks: only 2 Tasks are allowed for Strategies and Prototypes, only 1 Task for Developments.
- 2. Every **Task** should have **1 Deliverable and 1 Milestone** we must remain within the limit of 60 Deliverables and 60 Milestones for the entire project.
- The Tasks should possibly have different timings (not all M1 M48) and the description should explain how the different partners will contribute (this was often missing in your proposals!).
- 4. The WP Coordinators are free to define a **Task 1: Coordination and Communication** (as in ARIES) or to incorporate the coordination and communication inside the Strategy Tasks.



### **Task Description Template**

Task	descri	ption	tem	plate
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Means of verification

Show how you will confirm that the milestone has been attained. Refer to indicators if appropriate. For example: a laboratory prototype that is 'up and running'; software released and validated by a user group; field survey complete and data quality validated.

### Only fill the white areas

Beneficiary	Person-months	Monthly	Personnel costs	Travel	Equipment and	Other direct	Sub-contracting	Material direct	Total direct costs	Total indirect	Total costs	EC requested
short name	i erson-montins	personnel cost	i ersonner costs	inaver	consumables	costs	Jub-contracting	costs		costs	(direct + indirect)	funding
Beneficiary 1			0.00					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Beneficiary 2			0.00					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Beneficiary 3			0.00					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Beneficiary 4			0.00					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Beneficiary 5			0.00					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Beneficiary 6			0.00					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Beneficiary 8			0.00					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Beneficiary 9			0.00					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Beneficiary 10			0.00					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
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Associated partners:

if the Leading Partner is a member of the Task, add their budget to the EC contribution of the Leading Partner (with a note in the margin).

If it is not a member of the Task, write a separate line with the name of the proposed Leading Partner



## **Schedule**

- 9 January: meeting of Task Leaders and WP Coordinators: distribution of templates - confirm list of Task Leaders and WP Coordinators - agree on partners that become Associated.
- Friday 24 January: deadline for receiving Task descriptions and Task budgets from Task Leaders, on the new Templates (with some tolerance with personnel costs).
- Friday 31 January: deadline for receiving Excellence and Impact sections of WPs from WP coordinators (advice: merge the text in the proposals).
- Friday 31 January: complete list of participants, including scientific and administrative contacts.
- 15 February: 1<sup>st</sup> complete draft of the proposal ready for comments, budget frozen and Letters of Committment sent to all beneficiaries.
- 22 February: deadline for receiving signed Lol's and comments to draft proposal.
- 6 March: 2<sup>nd</sup> complete draft ready and distributed for comments.
- Friday 13 March: first complete project submission on EC portal.
- Tuesday 17 March: final submission
- 18 March: champagne and holidays.
  ARIES



### A new name for a new project

# Fostering Innovation in Accelerator Science and Technology - FIAST

Thanks for your contribution and for taking part in this exciting new project !



Questions ?

