

*High-dimensional Model Selection Properties of Sorted L1 Penalization (SLOPE) using Approximate Message Passing*

**Cynthia Rush**<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> (Columbia)

**Abstract:** Sorted L1 regularization has been incorporated into many methods for solving high-dimensional statistical estimation problems, including the SLOPE estimator in linear regression. In this talk, we study how this relatively new regularization technique improves variable selection by characterizing the optimal SLOPE trade-off between the false discovery proportion (FDP) and true positive proportion (TPP) or, equivalently, between measures of type I and type II error. Additionally, we show that on any problem instance, SLOPE with a certain regularization sequence outperforms the Lasso, in the sense of having a smaller FDP, larger TPP and smaller L2 estimation risk simultaneously. Our proofs are based on a novel technique that reduces a variational calculus problem to a class of infinite-dimensional convex optimization problems and a very recent result from approximate message passing (AMP) theory. With SLOPE being a particular example, we discuss these results in the context of a general program for systematically deriving exact expressions for the asymptotic risk of estimators that are solutions to a broad class of convex optimization problems via AMP. Collaborators on this work include Zhiqi Bu, Jason Klusowski, Weijie Su, and Ruijia Wu (<https://arxiv.org/abs/1907.07502> and <https://arxiv.org/abs/2105.13302>) and Oliver Feng, Ramji Venkataraman, and Richard Samworth (<https://arxiv.org/abs/2105.02180>).