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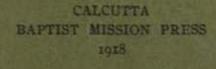
ARCHÆOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

OF

HIS EXALTED HIGHNESS THE NIZAM'S DOMINIONS.



1326 F. 1916-17 A.D.





GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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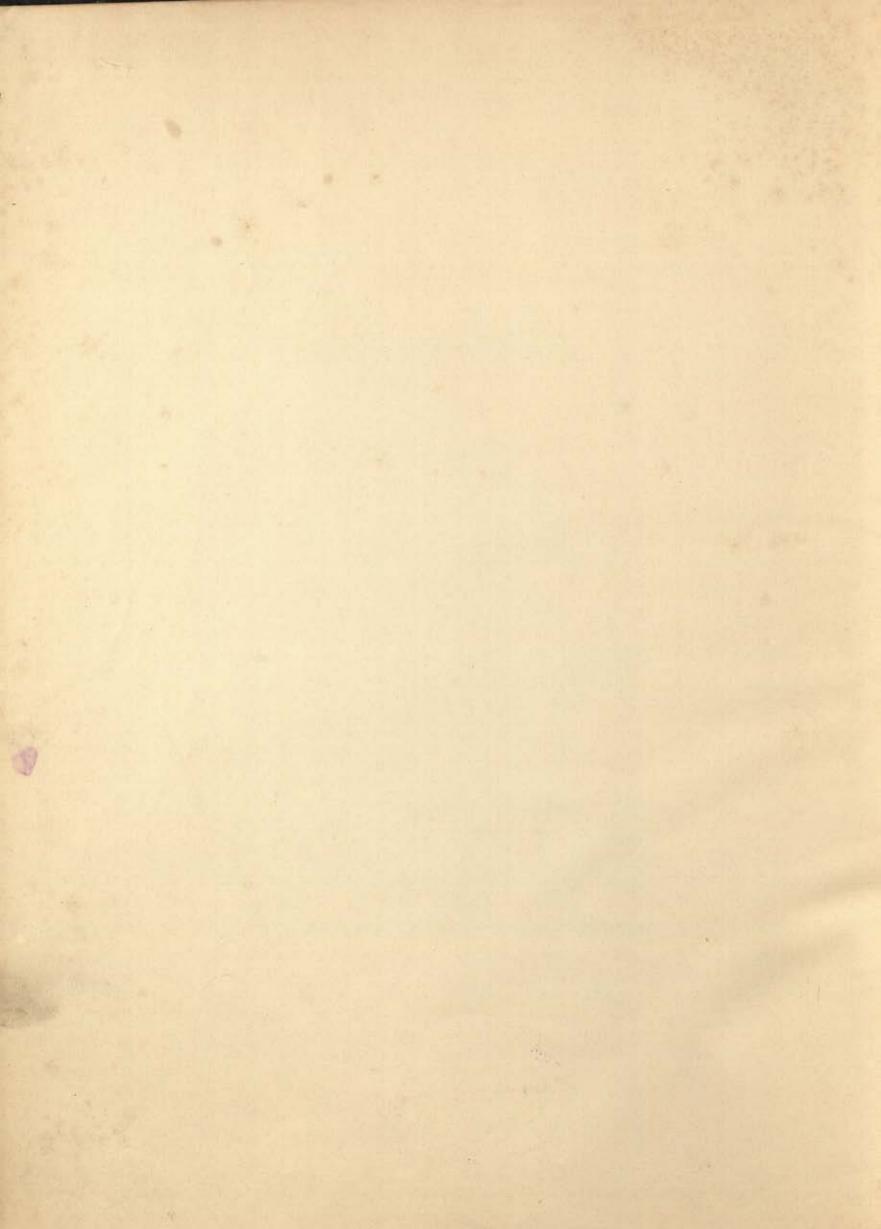
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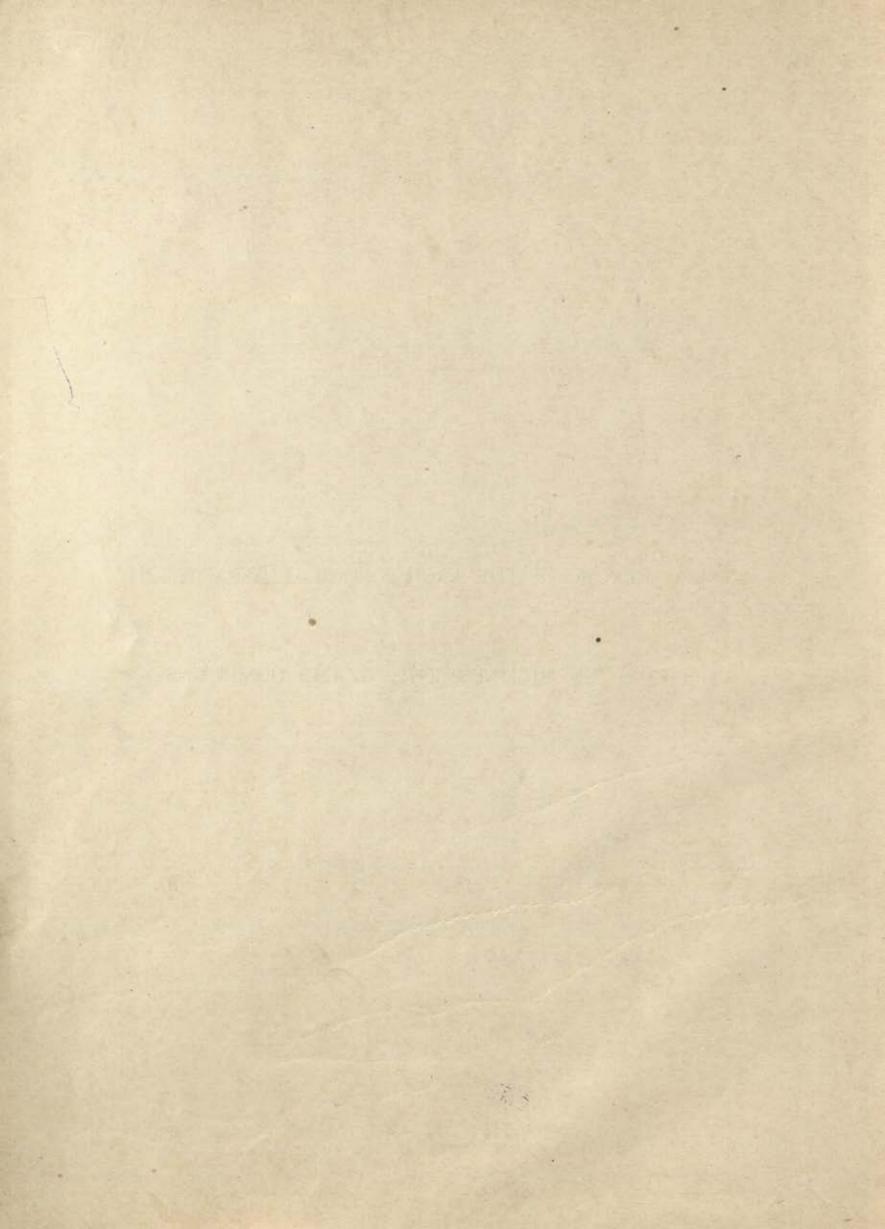


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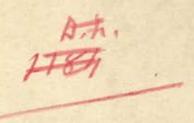
OF

HIS EXALTED HIGHNESS THE NIZAM'S DOMINIONS.





ANNUAL REPORT



OF THE

ARCHÆOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

OF

HIS EXALTED HIGHNESS THE NIZAM'S DOMINIONS.



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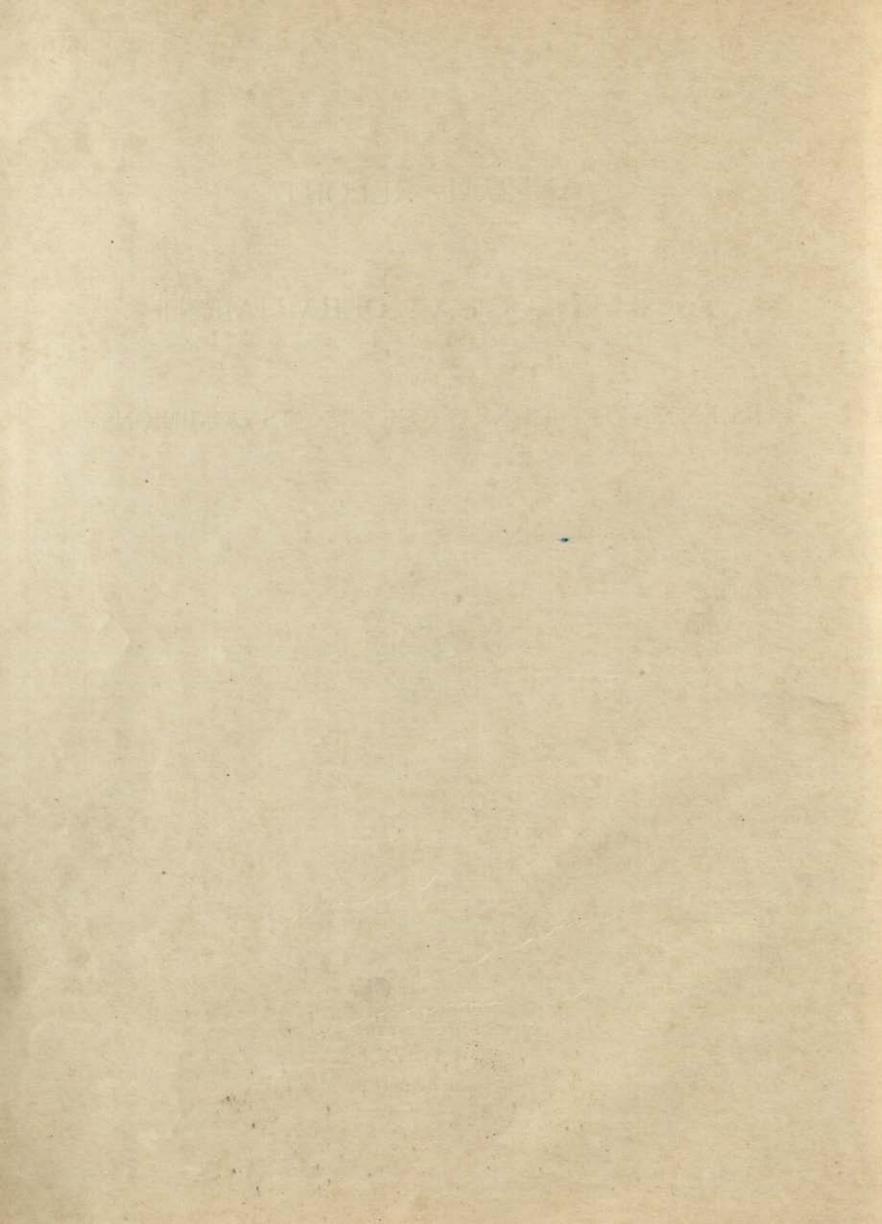


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CALCUTTA
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1918





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Proceedings of the Government of His Exalted Highness the Nizam in the Judicial, Police and General Departments—(Archæology).

No. 13 of 1327 F.

DATED, HYDERABAD (DECCAN), 24TH JUNE, 1918.

SUBJECT

Review of the Report on the working of the Archæological Department for the year 1916-17 (1326 F.).

Personnel.—Mr. Ghulam Yazdani was in charge of the Department, as Superintendent, throughout the year. The term of Mr. Yazdani's first appointment in the State expired on the 31st March, 1917 (27th Urdibihisht, 1326 F.), and at the request of His Exalted Highness' Government the Government of India sanctioned the extension of his services up to the 31st March, 1920. Following this extension the Department, which was inaugurated as a temporary measure, was made permanent.

The Superintendent was on privilege leave from the 6th May to the 21st July, 1917 (1st Tir to 15th Shahriwar, 1326 F.); but as he attended to important work during that period his absence involved no changes in the office staff.

- 2. Tours.—The Superintendent's tour programme was curtailed owing to the epidemic of plague in some parts of the Dominions, and for the same reason last year's programme of operations was not fully carried out. But the restriction of his movements enabled the Superintendent to devote greater attention to the monuments in Warangal, which town was comparatively free from plague. He also made short visits to places in the Karimnagar and Aurangabad districts. In 1918 the Superintendent proposes to visit places which are off the railway in Medak, Nizamabad, Nanded and Parbhani, and to explore the 'Adilabad district which has not hitherto received much attention.
- 3. Conservation.—The Superintendent carefully examined the group of temples at Palampet and took timely measures to protect them from further destruction. Mr. Yazdani thinks that this group "represents, perhaps, the brightest stars in the galaxy of the Mediæval Deccan temples." The great temple, which stands practically as a prototype for the smaller ones, is described with some detail in the Report. It represents what Fergusson called the Chalukyan style in the Deccan, and others, owing to a restricted knowledge of the extent of its prevalence, have named the Hoysala style of Mysore. The inscriptions in this temple are being edited by Dr. Barnett of the British Museum and will be published shortly.

Conservation work was carried out on other monuments, according to sanctioned estimates, in different parts of the Dominions. Mr. Yazdani is to submit



to Government a note of repairs to the temple at Uparpalli (Mediæval Deccan style) in the Karimnagar district, which he examined in the course of the year.

The report contains a detailed description of the Toli Masjid, in the City on the road to Golconda. The Superintendent has proposed certain measures for the conservation of this beautiful little monument of Qutb Shāhi architecture.

In the Aurangabad district the campaign of conservation started two years ago and has been carried on vigorously. Repairs to the Buddhist caves at Aurangabad and the Sivite temple at Anwa have been completed. Sir John Marshall, Kt., C.I.E., Director General of Archæology in India, was consulted in the matter of the preservation of the Ajanta paintings, and he kindly suggested the names of three Italian experts of "Restauri"—M. Luigi Cavenaghi and Professors Tito Venturini and Fabrizio Lucarini. His Exalted Highness' Government have requested Sir John Marshall to engage, on their behalf, the services of one of the three experts for a winter's work in India.

His Exalted Highness' Government have sanctioned a sum of B.G. Rs. 5,000 for the French savant, Monsieur Foucher, to write a monograph on the iconography of the Ajanta paintings. The monograph, which will be illustrated by the three-colour process, will be published by Government.

The preservation of the Ellora caves has been taken in hand, Rs. 8,357 having been spent during the year out of the first sanctioned estimate for O.S. Rs. 30,019. A second estimate for Rs. 40,000 (approximately) is before the Finance Department for sanction.

4. Excavation.—In November 1916 (Adhur 1326 F.) the Superintendent visited the Madras Museum to study the markings on the prehistoric pottery collected in that Museum, and published a note on them in the Journal of the Hyderabad Archæological Society. Mr. Yazdani is led to the opinion that the great similarity in the markings points to a connection between the cairn-builders of South India and Sergi's Eur-African race.

During the year Dr. E. H. Hunt opened forty cairns in the environs of Hyderabad and was the fortunate discoverer of many interesting finds. Dr. Hunt's pioneer work in this direction is a stimulus to other members of the Hyderabad Archæological Society. One paper on the subject from his pen has appeared in the Society's *Journal*: doubtless others will follow.

Epigraphy.—Dr. Barnett's monograph on the Ramappa and Uparpalli inscriptions will be issued shortly. His monograph on the Pakhal inscriptions will follow separately.

Some minor Telugu inscriptions were copied at Medak and Bhainsa.

During the year a complete set of rubbings was taken from the Golconda tombs and were published, with critical notes, in the 1915-16 volume of the *Epigraphia Indo-Moslemica*. Rubbings were also taken from several interesting Bahmani and Qutb Shahi inscriptions in the Medak Fort and Biloli Masjid. Another inscription—relating to Khafi Khan, the historian—was copied at Narsapur.

- 6. Numismatics.—Three hundred and ninety-seven coins were acquired as treasure trove. Seven of them were gold coins of the Vijayanagar dynasty, and there were three hundred and seventy-six Mughal silver coins, four Asaf Jahi silver coins and one Bahmani copper dub of the time of Humayun. Some of the Mughal coins are valuable as being from mints which are not represented in the cabinets of the Lahore or Indian Museums. These coins are for sale to public institutions or private collectors; or they will be exchanged with any institutions or Governments with whom His Exalted Highness' Government are on terms of exchange.
- 7. Museum.—Since the Superintendent's report was written a Curator has been appointed for the Museum and is proceeding to British India to study the methods in the principal museums there.
- 8. Hyderabad Archæological Society.—The Society has instituted a gold medal to commemorate the memory of its Founder and first President, the late Sir Alexander Pinhey, K.C.S.I., C.I.E. Competition for the medal is open to the world and it will be awarded triennially for the best work on Deccan archæology or history.

The Society is continuing its vigorous life under the new President, Sir Stuart Fraser, K.C.S.I., C.I.E.

9. Expenditure.—The expenditure on conservation during the year was O.S. Rs. 33,381 (B.G. Rs. 28,612). The full grant of O.S. Rs. 45,000 could not be utilized, as repairs to many buildings were not taken in hand until some time after the estimates had been sanctioned. The grants are allotted annually to be spent on conservation and all efforts should be made to avoid lapses. Conservation work was carried on at Ellora, Bidar, Ittagi, Hyderabad, Usmanabad, Aurangabad, Karimnagar, Nanded, Gulbarga and Warangal.

The maintenance of the Department cost O.S. Rs. 17,181 (B.G. Rs. 14,726).

of the photographs and Drawings.—The Report has been illustrated by several of the photographs which were taken (72 in all) during the course of the year. Mr. Yazdani has selected, as type specimens, the following:—Toli Masjid to represent the Qutb Shahi style; the Dichpalli and Nagānatha temples to illustrate the Mediæval Deccan temple style; Shah Lutfullah's tomb at Timurni for the Pathan style; and the Biloli Masjid (late Mughal period) as a mixture of Hindu, Mughal and Qutb Shahi styles of architecture.

Several large drawings and some maps and sketches were also prepared.

- Jagadekamalla were published as No. 2 of the Hyderabad Archæological Series. The Superintendent edited the 1913–14 volume of the Epigraphia Indo-Moslemica and Fasc. III of the Shah Jahan Namah (Bibliotheca Indica), and contributed a paper on the Palampet temples to the Annual Report of the Director General of Archæology in India, an essay on Megalithic remains in the Deccan to the Journal of the Hyderabad Archæological Society, and four papers on Islamic inscriptions to the Epigraphia Indo-Moslemica for 1915-16.
- 12. Conclusion.—Mr. Yazdani is to be congratulated on a successful year's work and on the production of a lucid and interesting report. He has kept in view the primary necessity of all archæological work, namely, conservation; and

after giving this a fair share of attention has turned to the other aspect, exploration. On these two rests all true archæological progress.

His Exalted Highness' Government desire to express their appreciation of Mr. Yazdani's services.

(By order)

A. HYDARI,

Secretary to Government, Judicial, Police and General Departments.

Copy forwarded to:-

- 1. The Assistant Minister Peshi to His Exalted Highness the Nizam.
- 2. The Assistant Minister, Political Department.
- 3. The Secretary to Government, Financial Department.
- 4. The Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
- 5. The Secretary to Government, Public Works Department.
- 6. The Superintendent of Archæology.
- 7. The Superintendent, Government Press, for publication in the Jarida.

No. 60.

FROM

G. YAZDANI, Esq., M.A.,

Superintendent of Archæology, His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Dominions.

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,

Judicial, Police and General Departments.

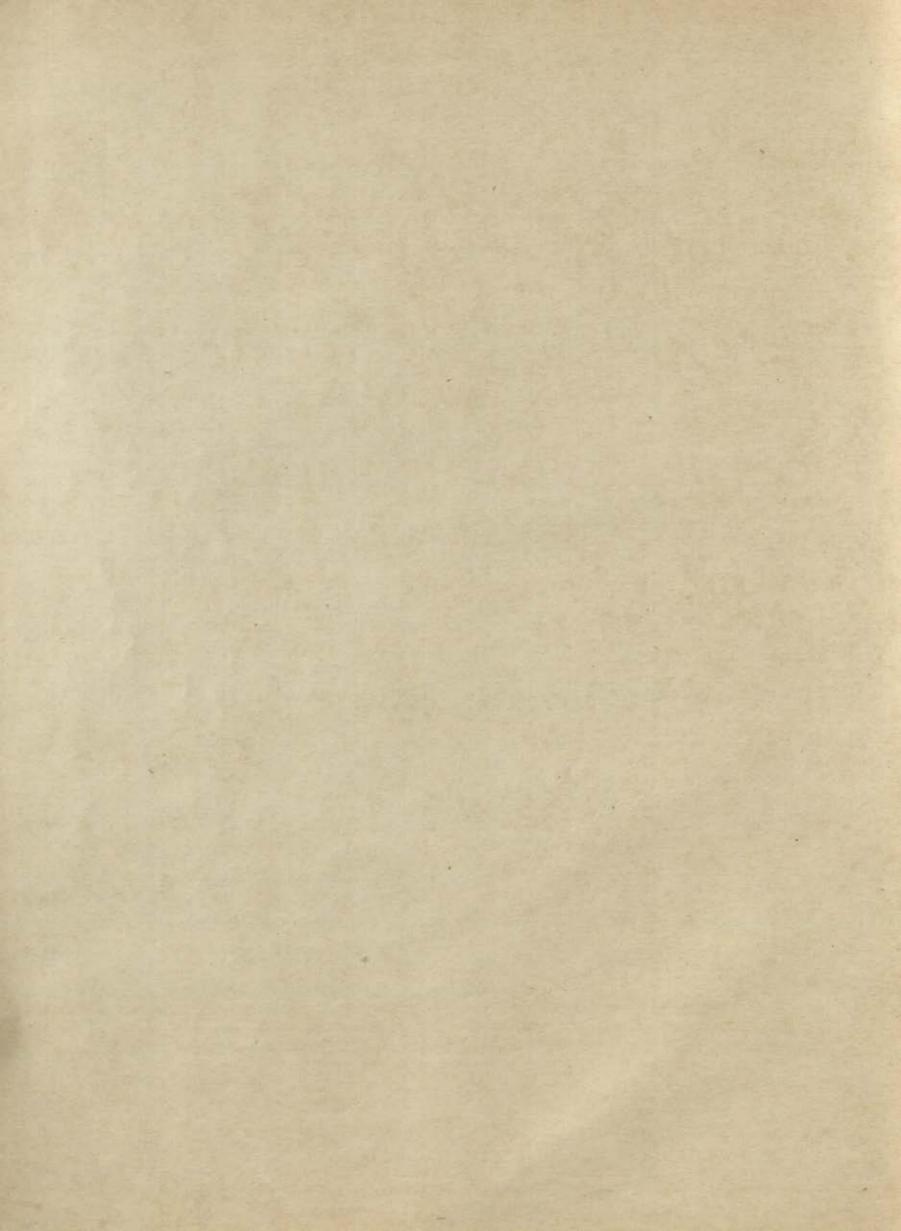
Dated Hyderabad (Dn.), the 20th March, 1918.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit herewith two copies of the Report on the working of the Archæological Department for the year 1326 Fasli (1916-17 A.D.).

A set of the photographs taken during the year under report has already been submitted to Government.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
G. YAZDANI,
Superintendent.



Annual Report of the Archæological Department, Hyderabad State

1916-17 A.D. (1326 F.).

On the 27th Urdibihisht (31st March, 1917) the term of the Superintendent's Personnel. services expired, but H. E. H's. Government were pleased to ask the Government of India for the loan of his services for a further period of three years (i.e. up to 31st March, 1920), to which proposal the latter Government agreed. Following the extension of the Superintendent's services H. E. H's. Government also made the Department, which had hitherto been in an experimental stage, permanent (vide Farman dated 18th Ramazan, 1335 A.H.).

The Superintendent was on privilege leave from the 1st Tir to the 15th Shahriwar (6th May to 21st July), but during this period work of an urgent nature was sent to him for disposal and there was no change in the personnel of the Department.

Owing to the prevalence of plague in the Dominions, it was not found Tours. practicable to carry out fully the programme published in last year's Report. However, the Superintendent was able to devote more time to the monuments in the Warangal district, which was more or less free from the epidemic, and also to pay short visits to several places in the Karimnagar and Aurangabad districts. The details of his tour are given in the diary published herewith (vide Appendix A).

The temples at Palampet, which represent, perhaps, the brightest stars in Conservation. the galaxy of mediæval Deccan temples, were carefully examined. This group has remained in obscurity owing to its unfavourable situation, being at some distance from the beaten track. On a platform (6' 4" high) of a cruciform plan stands the great temple. The plinth instead of being plain has been divided into foliating surfaces, which give a very pleasing effect to the general plan of the monument, and a space 10 ft. wide all around the temple once formed a sort of promenade for devout pilgrims to view the long panels of impassioned figurine which adorn the exterior of the building. These carvings are of a most heterogeneous character, consisting of gods, goddesses, warriors, acrobats, musicians, dancing girls-in different and often obscene attitudes. A peculiarity of this building is the figure brackets which spring from the shoulder of the outer pillars and nominally support the ponderous chhajja beams. They are mere ornaments having no architectural purpose, and represent the intermediate stage between their earlier analogues at Sanchi and the later examples at Vijayanagar

Annual Report, 1914-15, Pl. V). Twelve of them consist of female figures which, though executed with great precision and accuracy, in general effect are not very pleasing to the eye. The fingers with long nails are exceptionally good, the poses of the body are also in some cases graceful, but the contour and the expression of the face are less successful and represent very poor art. The floral designs and figures of animals, on the other hand, are exceedingly fine, and one is tempted to think that the artists would not have failed so miserably in their delineation of the human form if their work had not been dominated by religious conventionalities.

The architecture of the building is lofty and grand and there is a decided sense of proportion and symmetry. The temple represents the full development of the mediæval Deccan style, which Fergusson has termed 'Chalukyan.' Mr. Havell, in his enthusiastic analysis of symbolism in Indian architecture, speaks of this designation as 'delusive,' but the reasons which led Fergusson to adopt the term were, that the style developed its distinctive features during the reign of the Chalukya dynasty, and that it flourished in the country which was under their sway. Recently some scholars, dissatisfied with the terminology of Fergusson, have adopted equally indefinite terms, to wit, the temples of this type in the Mysore State have been called 'Hoysala,' which term, if applied to their analogues in Warangal, the seat of Kakatya kings, becomes equally perplexing.' If the influence of the Chalukya dynasty is not considered to be the main factor in the evolution of the style, the term 'Chalukyan' might be changed for 'Dekhani', which can be the only other appropriate name for the style.

The temple has several inscriptions which, as stated in the last year's Report, are being edited by Dr. L. D. Barnett, Officer in charge of Oriental MSS., British Museum, for the *Hyderabad Archæological Series*, and will be published shortly.

The other temples at Palampet although of smaller dimensions are built more or less in the same style, and in some cases are adorned with sculptures of surpassing beauty. For instance, the scene represented on a door panel of the temple at the western end of the Ramappa Lake Band, in which a sylvan deity standing in front is shown removing a thorn from her foot, is full of life and exhibits wonderful conception on the part of the artist (Annual Report, 1915-16, Pl. IX b).

These monuments though structurally in a fair state of preservation were embosomed in a thick growth of rank vegetation, and the interiors were extremely filthy. The Superintendent immediately after his inspection of the temples had them thoroughly cleared of grass and plants, and their plinths fully exposed and courtyards levelled and cleaned. These simple measures have not only saved the buildings from falling into rapid ruin, but have also considerably improved their general appearance.

In the Karımnagar District the Sivite temple at Uparpalli, a photograph of which was published in the last year's Report (Pl. VIII a), was carefully examined.

¹ The temple at Aundah (Parbhani) bears a great resemblance to the famous temple at Halebid, and it would be entirely beside the point to name the architectural style of the former 'Hoysala' for it was built by the Vädava kings of Deogiri (Pls. V-VII).

The temple consists of a square hall 27' each way, with shrines and antechambers at the northern, western and southern ends (see plan, Pl. III b). The architecture of the temple is rather plain and the carvings also are simple. On the frieze of the northern shrine Ganeśa is represented dancing, apparently exultant at his victory over an evil spirit who is shown prostrated at Ganeśa's feet. Adjoining the temple in the southern direction there is an open pillared-hall with a shrine at its western end. The hall seems to have been built at a comparatively later period and the walls of the shrine are incomplete.

The roof of the temple needs attention and the pillars require resetting as they are not in plumb. Neat supports should be provided for the broken lintels: the courtyard should be levelled and cleaned, and grass and other vegetation thoroughly removed from the roof and walls of the building. A note embodying these measures will be submitted to Government shortly.

In the old city of Hyderabad, along the road which runs from the Purāna Pul to Golconda, some of the most beautiful monuments of the Qutb Shāhī period may be seen. They comprise shrines, mosques, baths, façades of old shops and dwelling houses, and as a large number of them have inscriptions they possess an additional interest for the antiquary. Mr. A. Hydari, whose knowledge of and interest in the monuments of the Dominions are always of great assistance to the Department, drew the attention of the Superintendent to a mosque of this group called the Tolī Masjid. The building is very typical of the general character of the Qutb Shāhi style and will be described here in some detail. It was built by Mūsa Khān, a dignitary of the court of 'Abdullāh Qutb Shāh, who held the office of Maḥalldar (Lord Chamberlain), but in time of war he played also the rôle of a general. An inscription carved in the prayer-niche gives 1082 A.H. (1671 A.D.) as the date of the erection of the building.

For Müsa Khā see Muntahhabu-l-lubāb, Vol. II, p. 311, and Epigraphia Indo-Moslemica, 1913-14, pp. 51-3.

The inscription reads thus:—

TRANSLATION.

For whom is the kingdom to-day? For God, the One, the All-powerful.

Mūsa Khan built this mosque.

Which was completed in the reign of Shah 'Abdullah.

As a chronogram for the mosque this was announced (by the Invisible Speaker):

"Built the mosque in the name of God." 1081 A.H.=1671 A.D.

In the courtyard of the mosque two inscribed slabs of black basalt (38" x 15") are placed on a grave. The inscription records the erection of a mosque in 1043 A.H. during the reign of 'Abdullah Qutb Shah. The mosque referred to in the inscription is apparently different from the Toli Masjid because the latter was erected in 1082 A.H.

The text of the inscription is as follows:-

The mosque is situated within an extensive enclosure which originally had a large garden, but no vestige of it remains now. Flights of steps on three sides—east, north and south—lead the visitor to an elevated terrace (6 ft. high) forming the courtyard of the mosque. The prayer-hall is four feet higher and consists of a double hall, the outer apartment having five arched openings and the inner only three, the place of the extreme openings towards north and south being occupied by two niches built in the pillar and lintel style. In the inner hall at the western end there is a prayer-niche in the form of a semi-decagon. Two lofty minarets (6 oft. high, approximately) flank the building at each side (north and south), and a number of small cupolas adorn the roof. The lower part of the mosque up to the roof is built of ashlar masonry, while the upper part is constructed of brick and lime, probably to carry cut-plaster decorations.

The chief feature of the building is its decorations, which have a strong Hindu influence in motif as well as in sentiment. To wit, the circular earthen pot which is so common a theme in Hindu architectural ornamentation is largely adopted here—(I) the shafts of the minarets rise from pot-shaped bases, (2) the façade is adorned with rows of black basalt pots cut in relief. Again, elephant-tusk brackets, which are absolutely Hindu in origin—the figure of an animal being repugnant to orthodox Muslim taste—have been used profusely in the mosque. Further, there are niches in the pillar and lintel style identical in form with niches in temples for the accommodation of images. Another Hindu feature, which may escape the notice of a casual visitor, is that just as the Hindu adorns the exterior surface of the temple with miniature sikhāras and other architectural detail, in the mosque also the tops of niches are adorned with miniature mosques and minarets.

In Hindu temples the decorations are often carried to excess and conventionality predominates over artistic sense. These peculiarities are superabundant in this mosque as also in other Qutb Shāhi monuments. The cut-plaster decorations are always excessive, and the number of small turrets and cupolas is unnecessarily large. In this mosque an extraordinary illustration of conventionality ruling artistic taste may be seen in the façade of the inner apartment of the hall, which is adorned with a *chhajja* supported on elephant-tusk brackets and is extremely incongruous there. Another instance of blind conventionality is the use of the trellis-work screens which probably originated from the Zenana palaces where they were quite appropriate. In this mosque the space between the minarets on the roof is filled with a trellis screen of exquisite workmanship. The *jālī* designs are extremely fine and artistic; but the screen has no archi-

TRANSLATION.

In the reign of the well-wishing king, of heavenly court,
This building was completed through the efforts of the Shaikh, the leader.
When I asked the Invisible Inspirer for a chronogram for the building, he said,
"This mosque was built by the order of the king 'Abdullah."

Written by Lutfullah al-Husaini at-Tabrezi, 1043 A.H. (1633 A.D.).

In calculating the numerical value of the letters the lam of 'Abdullah which is double (عَدُونُ) is counted twice,

tectural purpose there and shows bad taste. The impression made by such buildings overloaded with decoration is, if one may say so, like the impression left by the ostentatious and lavish display of personal adornment generally favoured by lowly persons suddenly become rich.

The Toli Masjid is in need of slight repairs, and the Superintendent intends to have the following measures executed in consultation with the Ecclesiastical Department:—(I) laying out a muram path (4 ft. broad) from the Golconda road to the flight of steps towards the north; (2) thorough repair of steps on all the three sides; (3) cleaning and repair of the terraced courtyard of the mosque, which will include the restoration and resetting of missing and loose marginal stones of the courtyard and the cistern for ablutions; (4) thorough repair to the curtain-wall behind the mosque (towards west); (5) the removal of small plants growing on the building; and (6) exposing the plinth of the building and laying out a muram path (4ft. wide) all round, with a sharp slope outside so that the rain water may not sink into the foundation of the mosque.

In the Aurangabād district the campaign of conservation started two years ago has been carried on vigorously, and the repairs to the Buddhist caves at Aurangabad and to the Sivite temple at Anwa have nearly reached completion. In the matter of the preservation of the Ajanta paintings Sir John Marshall was kind enough to consult the three most notable experts of "restauri" in Italy-M. Luigi Cavenaghi, to whom is due the restoration of the "Cenacolo" of Leonardo de Vinci; (2) Prof. Tito Venturini, who restored the frescoes of the dome of Parma; and (3) Prof. Fabrizio Lucsrini, who was entrusted with the restoration of the paintings of some ancient tombs in Egypt. The process of preservation suggested by the specialists requires much expert knowledge and technical skill, so His Exalted Highness' Government have desired the Director General of Archæology kindly to engage the services of one of these artists and to bring him out for a winter to India.

In Adhur (November) the Superintendent visited the Madras Museum where, Excavation. not contrary to his expectations, he found a large quantity of marked pottery which he carefully studied, and a note on which has since been published in the Journal of the Hyderabad Archæological Society, No. 3, 1917. The most notable feature about the marks is that 75 per cent of them are identical with the alphabetic signs given by Evans in his comparative table showing the relation in Cretan and Aegean, Egypto-Libvan and Libvan writings.\(^1\) An identity to such an extent cannot be accidental, and one is led to believe that the cairn-builder of Southern India had a distinct connection, either of stock or culture, with the Mediterranean race whom Sergi calls Eur-African. This view gains further

¹ In the paper published in the J.H.A.S. (No. 3, p. 61) the Superintendent pointed out the similarity of several of these marks to Brahmi letters. The similarity may stand for as much in significance as the resemblance of the Phoenician characters to the alphabetiform signs of European dolmens about which Sergi (Mediterranean Race, p. 302) observes: "The characters called Phoenician are only a derived form of the alphabetiform signs that appeared during prehistoric times in Africa, in the Mediterranean, and in Western Europe. The Phœnicians, if indeed it was the Phœnicians who diffused the alphabet, only systematised signs that were already known and already indicated phonetic characters." Developing the argument, it is not unlikely that in India Brahmi may also be connected with the prehistoric marks current in the Deccan.

Fig. 1.

| - | - | | | | _ | | _ | - | 40 | - | 9 1 | (3) | 14 | 15 | | | |
|-----|----------|-----|----|-----|--|-----|---------|---------|-------|----------------|-----|----------|--------|----|-----------|---|----|
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| A | <i>"</i> | " | A | W | 4 | M | 7 22 | A | M | W | * | * | W | W | Sumb a | * | |
| Ÿ | **7 | 1,5 | Ä | 1 | 1 | * | * | 1 | 1 | * | N. | ▲ | ŸL | 5 | 事 | | |
| + | × | 7 | 本: | # | * | | | X | "X | X | * | ¥ | Z. | * | ¥." | 岸 | ++ |
| Ü | ű. | - | * | * | <u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u> | 一世, | WH WH | AM/ | | 州 M | | | | | | | |
| In" | m | πin | | 100 | ALL LAND | mm= | allull. | Cuma? | min a | amm: | 7 | Ultim" | tdung. | 1 | | | |
| "1 | ñ | 37 | 4 | * | Ű | Š | 644 | 11 | 2 | 3 | - | 0 7 | | 9 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| N-U | 23 | 78 | ã | ñ | (M) | M | W | SAL KER | 110 | I | in | ga a | | | | | |
| 4 | T) |) = | # | # | # | # | "L | 9 | | H | | | | | - | - | |

"Marks" found on pottery dug out from cairns in the Deccan and Southern India.

FIG. 2

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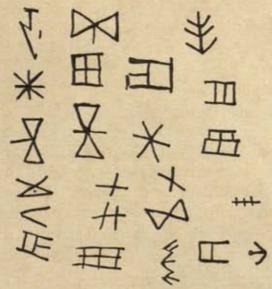
Linear writing signs on clay vessels (De Morgan). Sergi, Mediterranean Race, Pig. 81.

PIG. 3.

| | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 8 |
|---|----|---|-----|----|----|----|
| 1 | × | X | XK | XV | XX | FE |
| 1 | 7 | | 77 | | | 71 |
| 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | | 44 |
| 1 | I | I | IZN | | | |
| | H | 4 | 48H | 期 | | 日 |
| | K | # | K | Y | | 7 |
| | 9+ | 1 | LL | - | | 1 |
| | + | | + | | - | + |
| | × | × | × | XA | - | × |
| | | | | VV | | |

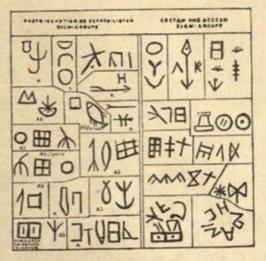
(1) Archaic Phoenician characters; (2) Mesa inscription; (3) Incised stones; (4) Ibsambul inscription; (5) Carthaginian coin; (6) Archaic Hebrew. (Lenormant).

Sergi, Mediterranean Race, Pig. 88.



Alphabetic signs of the Mycenæn epoch at Crete (Evans).

FIG. 5.



Comparison of alphabetiform signs (Evans).

FIG. 6.

| | | | | in the second little |
|---------------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|--|
| PROTO- | LISTAN IN- SCRIPTIONS AND TITINGGO | CRETAN ALCEAN | PROTO- ECTPTIAN | SERIPTIONS |
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| V.V. | | ** | * | ** |
| 1. | 11/1 | 000 | → | |
| H.H. | Hm | | 母母 | |
| 田田田 | # (=) | _ P | üÜ | |
| +++ | Hay | | ADA 444 | 1077 END 1- |
| Δ× | × | K - KAH | UN LINE | to in a [a] (a) [-4-5-4-4a sp and tights without in ted |
| | | / | | |

Comparison Table (nvans).

Characters of the Etruscan alphabet. Sergi, Mediterranean Race, Fig. 89.

support from the uniformity in the shape and ornamentation of pottery, in the working of the stone, and in the ritual of the dead as well as in the curious mode of burial—in an extended position, in a doubled up and crouching position, and the burial of several bodies together as in family vaults. The "Dravidian problem" which has hitherto been a tangled knot is being studied in this light by some scholars, and Mr. F. J. Richards, I.C.S., has collected some valuable information on this subject from an ethnographic point of view.

During the year under review Dr. E. H. Hunt opened altogether forty cairns at Maula 'Alī, Bowenpallī (near Secunderabad) and Raigīr. The most important finds among copper articles consist of a bell, a semi-circular trinket, probably an amulet, and a few ornamental head bands for the bull. Among iron relics he found at Bowenpallī a trident to which the effigy of a buffalo skeleton is attached. The find is interesting and indicates that the cairn wherein it was found is of a comparatively late date—of a period when the cairn-builder had imbibed some of the religious beliefs of the conquering Aryan stock. The trident with the buffalo skeleton apparently represent the victory of Śiva over the demon Mahiśa which is so favourite a theme in Hindu sculpture. It was evidently put into the cairn to avert the influence of evil spirits.

Dr. E. H. Hunt has kindly promised to contribute a paper on his recent excavations to the *Journal* of the Hyderabad Archæological Society.

No Hindu inscription of importance was discovered during the year although several minor Telugu epigraphs were copied at Medak and Bhainsa.

Dr. L. D. Barnett, to whom the editing of the Pākhal, Ramappa and Uparpallī inscriptions was entrusted (see last year's Report, p. 10), has, in spite of the many other calls on his leisure, kindly completed his readings and translations of the last two inscriptions, and his scholarly monograph on them is now ready for publication (No. 3, Hyderabad Archæological Series). Dr. L. D. Barnett proposes to edit separately the inscription of Pākhal on account of its great length.

In Muslim epigraphy the outstanding feature of the year's work is the acquirement of a complete set of rubbings of the inscriptions in the Golconda tombs and their publication with critical notes in the *Epigraphia Indo-Moslemica*, 1915-16. Several of these inscriptions are of unique value for the chronology of the Qutb Shāhī period, because contemporary history in some cases offers very scanty information and scholars are likely to go astray. It was evidently due to these difficulties that Professor Jadu Nath Sarkar, whose reputation as an enthusiastic and careful student of Indian history is well established, was led by contemporary writings to fix 1086 A.H. as the date of 'Abdullah Qutb Shāh's

Epigraphy.

In Southern India the mode of burial—in a doubled up position or in an extended position—varies to a large extent according to the availability of stone. In the districts where stone is plentiful the dead have been buried in stone cists in an extended position. On the other hand in places where stone is rare burial in a crouched position in dish-shaped clay coffins, or big earthen urns has been noticed. In some cases the burial of bone as bone has been noticed; which perhaps shows that bodies were first buried at a different place and later on shifted to a better resting place—a family vault, a husband or wife's tomb, or a spiritual leader's grotto. In some urns bones have been found in a calcined form, which indicate that "cremation", the practice prevalent among the ruling Aryan stock, had occupied the place of "inhumation." Such burials are apparently of a later date.

death, although the inscription on his tomb clearly shows that he died in 1083 A.H.

Besides the careful study of the epitaphs in the Golconda tombs the Superintendent has taken rubbings of several interesting Bahmani and Qutb Shāhi inscriptions in the Medak Fort and the Biloli mosque. Another inscription was copied at Narsāpur-32 miles north of Hyderabad, in the Pāigāh 'Ilaqa of the late Nawab Khurshīd Jāh, which shows that Khāfī Khān, the great historian, on perceiving the scarcity of water in the town, built a large well of sweet water in 1140 A.H. (1727 A.D.).

During the year three hundred and ninety-seven coins were acquired as Numismatics. treasure-trove finds. Below is a list showing the districts and localities from which they were received:

| Class | District | | Locality |
|--|-------------|--------|--------------|
| 16 gold coins of the Vijayanagar dynasty | Karimnagar | 4.5(5) | Sirser. |
| 188 silver coins of the Mughal emperors | Mahbūbnagar | - | Yalkacharlā. |
| 187 ,, ,, ,, ,, | Do. | | Pargi. |
| ı silver Mughal coin | Aurangabād | | Anbar. |
| 4 silver coins of the Āṣaf Jāhī dynasty | Nanded | | Hadgāon. |
| ı copper dub of Humāyūn Bahmanī | Do. | | Do. |

Of the coins received from the Mahbūbnagar district many are valuable as belonging to mints not represented in the cabinets of either the Indian Museum or the Lahore Museum (Plate XIII). A classified catalogue of these coins is published as Appendix G of the Report. The last column gives the price of the coins which are for sale or can be offered gratis to those institutions or Governments with whom H. E. H's. Government is on terms of exchange. The last date to apply for these coins is March 31st, 1919, when they will be distributed with due regard to the claims of each applicant.

In last year's Report it was noted that Government had sought the advice Museum. of several experts in the matter of selecting a suitable candidate for the post of Curator of the Hyderabad Museum. During the year several names were recommended by specialists, and the case is now before Government for final decision.4 The new appointment of the Director of Industries, recently created by H. E. H's. Government, it is hoped, will facilitate the initial equipment and subsequent development of the economic side of the Museum.

The most notable feature of the year's work is the institution of a medal in Hyderabad memory of the late Sir Alexander Pinhey, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., the founder and first cal Society. President of the Society. The competition for the medal is open to scholars in any part of the world, and it will be awarded triennially for the best work on Deccan archaeology or history.

During the year several interesting papers were read under the auspices of the Society, and a volume of the Journal (No. 3) comprising the Society's

I This question has been fully discussed in the Journal of the Hyderabad Archaeological Society, No. 3, 1917, pp. 80-82.

Since writing the Report Mr. T. Streennias, Bar.-at-Law, has been appointed Curator.

transactions was published. The number of ordinary members increased from fifty-five to eighty.

Publications.

The publications issued by the Archaeological Department during the year are noted below:—

(1) Annual Report, 1915-16 A.D. (1325 F.).1

(2) The Daulatabād Plates of Jagadekamalla, Hyderabad Archaeological Series, No. 2.

In addition, the Superintendent edited the Journal (No. 3) of the Hyderabad Archaeological Society, the Epigraphia Indo-Moslemica, 1913-14, and the Shāh Jahān Nāmāh (Fasc. III). The last work is being published under the auspices of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, and the Superintendent has been engaged for a considerable time in editing it, doing the work in pieces as opportunity offered.

The Superintendent, as usual, also contributed a detailed article this year on the temples of Pālampet, to the Annual Report of the Director General of Archaeology, Part II; one essay on the "Megalithic Remains of the Deccan" to the Journal of the Hyderabad Archaeological Society, 1917; and four essays on Islamic inscriptions to the Epigraphia Indo-Moslemica, 1915-16.

Library.

Fifty-six new books were added to the library of the Department, of which twenty-eight were purchased and the rest were received as presents. Among the purchased volumes there is a manuscript statistical account of the Deccan compiled in the reign of Muḥammad Shāh. It is written somewhat in the style of the modern gazetteers, and, besides giving a short history of important places, contains full statistical tables of the assessment of all the various districts and villages. The book seems to be identical to MS. No. 470 of the India Office Library (Cf. Catalogue of Persian MSS. by Éthe).

Photographs.

Seventy-two photographs were taken during the year. A complete set of them has been submitted to Government. Several of the photographs have been reproduced in this Report to illustrate the main architectural features of the monuments of the Deccan. Students of Indian art and architecture have often complained against the scarcity of illustrative material, and this Department since its institution has endeavoured to lessen the scarcity by publishing every year a certain number of plates illustrative of choice specimens of Deccan art. A complete list of the negatives is given in Appendix E.

Drawings.

During the year seven large drawings and several maps and sketches were prepared. The titles, scales, etc., of the large drawings are given in Appendix F.

Expenditure on Conservation. The expenditure on the conservation of monuments in the Dominions amounted to O.S. Rs. 33,381-7-8 (B.G. Rs. 28,612-11-2). The total amount of the Government grant could not be spent fully, as repairs to many buildings were not taken in hand owing to the estimates not being sanctioned. Conservation work is now in progress at Ajanta, Bidar, Ittagī (Raichur) and several other places,

It is unfortunate that the Urdu edition of the Report owing to the great delay made by the Government Press could not be issued in time.

² See J.H.A.S., No. 1916, p. 132, and History of Indian and Eastern Architecture by Fergusson and Burgess, Vol. II, p. 280.

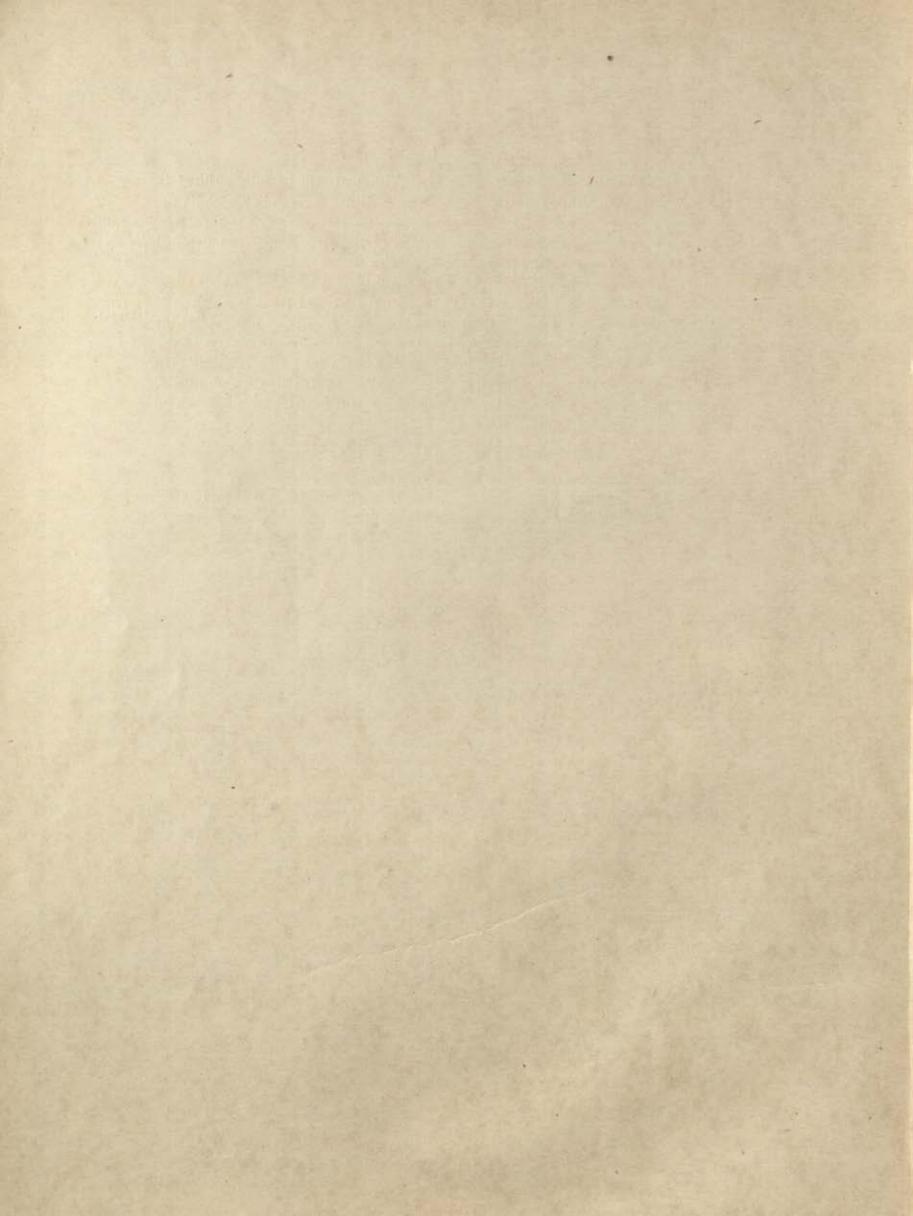
and it is hoped that the liberal grant of Government will be fully utilized in coming years. A detailed statement of the expenditure is given in Appendix C.

During the period under report a sum of O.S. Rs. 17,181-1-4 (B.G. Expenditure Rs. 14,726-10-8) was spent on the maintenance of the Department. A detailed tenance of the Department. statement of the expenditure is given in Appendix B.

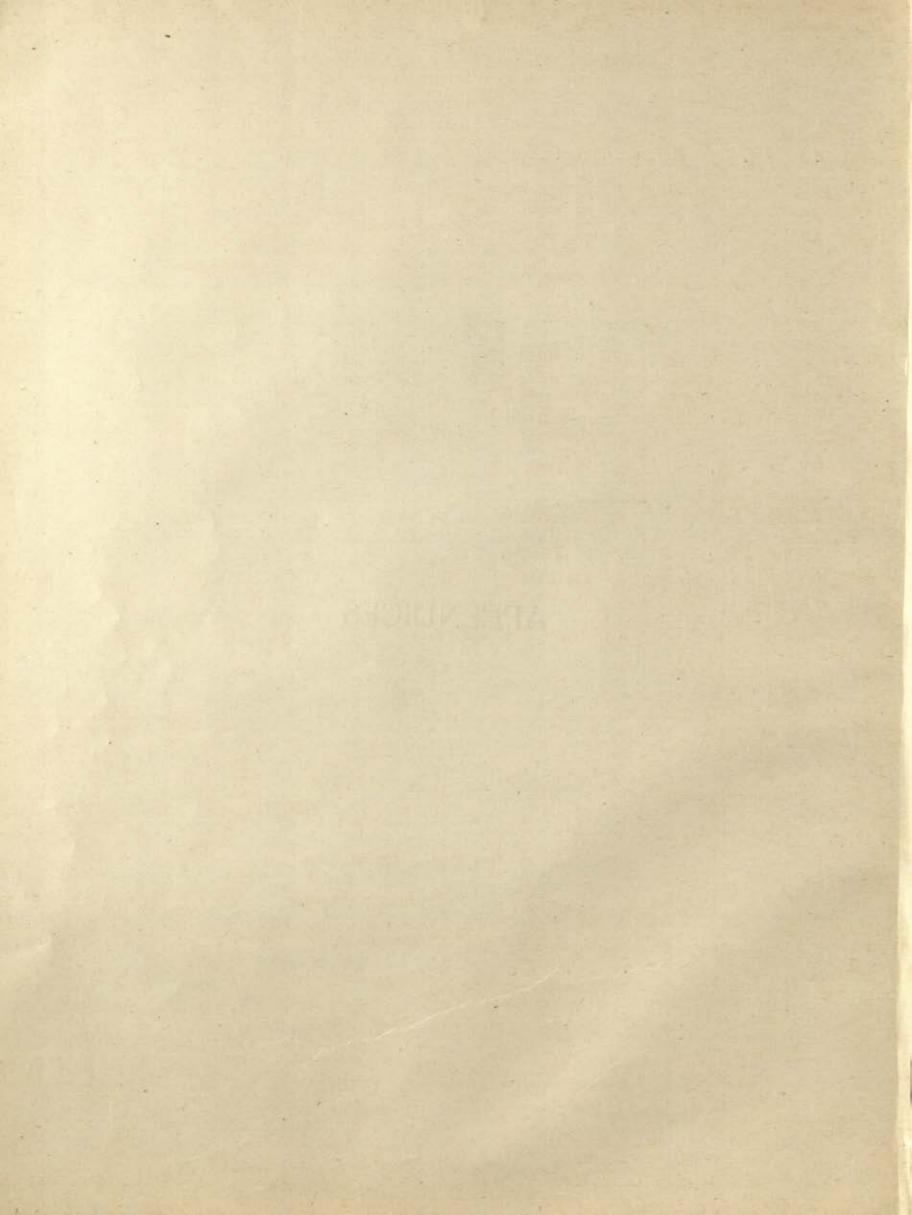
In Dai and Baihman (November and December) it is intended to visit those Tour Promonuments in the Medak, Nizāmabād, Nanded and Parbhani districts which have for 1917-18 not been examined yet owing to their distance from the railway line. Isfandār (1327 F.). and Farwardin (January and February) will be devoted to the exploration of the Āṣifabād ('Ādilabād) district which has hitherto remained terra incognita to archaeologists, due to the difficulty of communication and density of jungle. Besides this, short visits according to emergency will be paid to places where conservation work is in progress.

HYDERABAD, DECCAN:) 20th March, 1918.

G. YAZDANI, Superintendent of Archaeology, H. E. H. the Nizam's Dominions.



APPENDICES



APPENDIX A.

SUPERINTENDENT'S DIARY.

(7th October, 1916, to 6th October, 1917—1st Adhur to 29th Aban, 1326 Fasli)

| Month. | | Date. | | Place. |
|------------------------------------|----|--------------------------|------|-------------------------|
| October (Ādhur) | | 6th-31st (1st-26th) | | Duty at headquarters. |
| November (Ā <u>dh</u> ur & Dai) | ** | rst-3rd (27th-29th) | ** | Do. |
| , | | 4th-5th (30th-1st) | • | Hyderabad to Madras. |
| , | •• | 6th-11th (2nd-7th) | | Halt at Madras. |
| ,, | | 12th-15th (8th-9th) | | Madras to Hyderabad. |
| | ٠. | 14th-30th (10th-26th) | | Duty at headquarters. |
| December Dai & Baihman) | | 1st-3rd (27th-29th) | - 12 | Do. |
| п | | 4th (Ist) | | Hyderabad to Nekkonda. |
| 23 | | 5th (2nd) | | Nekkonda to Narsampet. |
| , | ٠. | 6th (3rd) | •• | Narsampet to Pakhal. |
| " | | 7th-8th (4th-5th) | *** | Halt at Pakhal. |
| , | | 9th (6th) | | Narsampet to Qazipet. |
| ., | ** | 10th (7th) | | Halt at Qazipet. |
| ,, | | rrth (8th) | | Qazipet to Mallampalli. |
| " | | 12th (9th) | | Mallampalli to Ramappa. |
| " | | 13th-16th (10th-13th) | | Halt at Ramappa. |
| ,, | | 17th (14th) | | Ramappa to Mallampalli. |
| ,, | | 18th (15th) | | Mallampalli to Qazipet. |
| , ,, | | 19th (16th) | 2.50 | Qazipet to Hyderabad. |

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APPENDIX A—concld.

| Month, | | Date. | | Place, |
|---|-----|--|------|-----------------------------------|
| December (Baihman) | | 20th-24th (17th-21st) | | Duty at headquarters. |
| * | 23 | 25th (22nd) | | Hyderabad to Qazipet. |
| " | | 26th (23rd) | 1.00 | Qazipet to Uparpalli. |
| " | | 27th (24th) | | Uparpalli to Qazipet. |
| " | | 28th (25th) | | Qazipet to Hyderabad. |
| " | *** | 29th-31st (26th-28th) | | Duty at headquarters. |
| January Baihman & Isfandār) | | ıst-3ıst (29th-29th) | | Do. |
| February Isfandār & Farwardi | n) | Ist-20th (30th-19th) | | Do. |
| ** | • • | 21st (20th) | | Hyderabad to Golcopda and back. |
| " | **: | 22nd-28th (21st-27th) | | Duty at headquarters. |
| March Farwardin & Urdil hisht) | | Ist-22nd (28th-18th) | | Do. |
| 1.0 | | 23rd (19th) | | Hyderabad to Golconda and back. |
| 29 | | 24th-31st (20th-27th) | | Duty at headquarters. |
| April Urdībihi <u>sh</u> t & <u>Kh</u> urdā | | Ist-9th (28th-5th) | | Do. |
| " | | roth (6th) | | Hyderabad to Bowenpalli and back. |
| | | 11th-30th (7th-26th) | | Duty at headquarters. |
| lay to July <u>Kh</u> urdād to <u>Sh</u> ahriwar | | Ist-2nd (27th-28th) | | Hyderabad to Aurangabad. |
| 27 | | 3rd-5th (29th-31st) | | Halt at Aurangabad. |
| n | | 6th May to 21st July (1st Tir to 15th Shahri war) | | On leave. |
| | | 22nd-31st (16th-25th) | | Duty at headquarters. |
| August to October Shahriwar to Ābān) | | 1st August to 5th Oct. (26th Shahriwar to 30th Ābān) | h | Do. |

APPENDIX B.

| Salaries :— | | | 917 (1326 F | 15000 | Rs. | As. | P. | Rs. | As. | P |
|------------------------|------------|--------|-------------|--------|---------|------|------|--------|------|---|
| Superintendent (E | .G. Rs. 50 | 00-50- | 600) | 10.5 | 6,719 | TO | 0 | | | |
| Contribution (B.G | . Rs. 62- | 8-0) | | | 875 | | 0 | | | |
| House-rent (Rs. 7 | 5) | | | | 900 | | 0 | | | |
| Establishment | | | 0.000 | ralifi | 2,697 | 1 | 8 | | | |
| Temporary Establ | ishment | | | ** | 179 | 1000 | 17. | | | |
| Grain Compensati | on | 15 70 | - 35 | | 36 | | 9 | | | |
| Plague allowance | | | | | 46 | | IO | | | |
| Bar mionance | | | ** | F(8) | 40 | 1 | 10 | ** *** | | - |
| ravelling allowances : | _ | | | | fintr's | Tho | - | 11,453 | 5 15 | 3 |
| Superintendent | | | | | -0. | - | He I | | | |
| Establishment | 11 | 111 | ** | 5.6 | 784 | | 0 | | | |
| Establishment | 11 | | 7.5 | ** | 448 | 12 | 5 | | | |

| Contingencies :- | | | | | Т | | 1,233 | 6 | 5 |
|--------------------|-----------------------|------|-----|-------|---|---|-------|---|---|
| Fixed Continge | encies | - | | 600 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | Livery for peous | 22 | 0.0 | 43 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Extra Contin- | Purchase of books | ** | 100 | 584 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| gencies | Printing charges | 8.63 | 1.0 | 2,350 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | Service postage | ** | 12. | 100 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | Purchase of furniture | | | 425 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | |
| Supply and Service | s: | 100 | | - | | - | 4,102 | 0 | 0 |

Purchase of Drawing, Survey and Photo articles .. 391 11 8

GRAND TOTAL .. 17,181 1 4
(B.G. 14,726 10 3)

APPENDIX C.

Statement of expenditure on the Conservation of Ancient Monuments in the Hyderabad State, during the year, 7th October, 1916, to 6th October, 1917 (1326 Fasli).

| District, | Locality. | Name of work and description. | Amount of sanctioned estimate. | Amount spent during the year. | REMARKS. |
|-----------|---------------------|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Hyderabad | Hyderabad City. | Repairs to the Bad- shahi 'ĀshūrKhana. | Rs. As. P. 9,310 0 0 | | Work was completed in 132; F., but the claims of the contractor |
| ,, | Mu <u>sh</u> ĭrabād | Repairs to the Mosque. | 4,724 14 0 | 375 9 4 | were settled in 1326 F. |
| n | Hyderabad City. | Repairs to the Jor- wan Hauz. | 1,537 0 0 | 1,347 6 7 | Completed. |
| Bidar | Bidar | Repairs to the tomb of Khān Jahān Barīd. | 466 o o | 465 3 2 | |
| | | Repairs to the tomb of Amir Barīd. | 972 0 0 | 774 8 8 | |
| | BA ME | Carried over | | 4,905 10 8 | |

18
APPENDIX C—concld.

| District. | Locality. | Name of work and description, | Amount of sanctioned estimate. | Amount spent during the year. | REMARKS |
|------------|--|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| | | Brought forward | Rs. As., P. | Rs. As. P. 4,905 10 8 | |
| Bidar | Madrasah of Maḥmūd Gāwān. | Salary of watchman. | 168 o o | 165 o o | |
| ·· | Tombs of Bahmani and Barid Sh ā h ī | Salaries of watchmen. | 168 о о | 168 о о | |
| n | kings. Bidar Monu- ments. | Salary of temporary Draftsman. | 675 o o | 675 o o | 30. |
| bād. | Naldurg | Repairs to the Fort | 231 8 11 | 231 8 11 | ** |
| Carīmnagar | Yelgandal | Repairs to the 'Idgah. | 500 0 0 | 499 0 0 | 1 8841 |
| urangabād | Ellora | Special repairs to the caves. | 33,019 0 0 | 8,357 8 2 | |
| n | Anwā | Repairs to the temple. | 2,963 0 0 | 1,464 15 6 | |
| | Aurangabād | Repairs to the caves. | 5,461 0 0 | 4,412 0 0 | |
| ,, | Daulatābād | Repairs to the Fort. | 2,400 0 0 | 2,176 2 0 | |
| n ··· | Aurangabād | Establishment for the supervision of repairs to the Archæological monuments in the Aurangabād district. Maintenance of Bibī- | 6,180 0 0 1,000 0 0 | | |
| | Ellora | ka-Maqbarāh. Maintenance of the caves. | 400 0 0 | 36r 15 5 | |
| | Daulatābād Fort. | Maintenance of the Fort. | 2,500 0 0 | 2,504 12 9 | |
| | Ajanțā | Salaries of watchmen. | 300 0 0 | 314 3 11 | |
| | Rauzā | Watering the trees in the Rauzā Bungalow | | 179 12 10 | |
| Nanded | Qandhār | Repairs to the Fort. | 1,500 0 0 | 1,499 12 0 | |
| ulbarga | Gulbarga | Maintenance of Ar- chæological build- | 418 o o | 414 6 8 | |
| Varangal | Palampet | ings. Salary of the watch- man | 96 0 0 | 96 o o | |
| | | Total | **** | 37,175 11 4 | |
| | | Deduct amount over charged. | **** | 3,794 I 8 | |
| | THE STATE OF | Total Expenditure 1916-17 (1326 F.) | | 33,381 9 8 (B.G. 28,612 12 10) | |

APPENDIX D.

List of books in the Library of the Superintendent of Archæology, Hyderabad, acquired during the year, 7th October, 1916, to 6th October, 1917 (1326 F.)

| Serial No. | Title. | REMARKS. |
|------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| 343 | JOURNALS AND PERIODICAL PUBLICATIONS. | THE PERSON NAMED IN |
| 449 | The Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain and Ireland, 1917, Parts I-IV. | Purchased. |
| 450-51 | The Journal of the Panjab Historical Society, Vols. V-VI | Presented by the Pub lishers. |
| 452 | The Journal of the U.P. Historical Society, No. 1, 1917 | Do. |
| 453 | The Journal of the Bihar and Orissa Research Society, Vol. III, Parts 1-4, 1917. | Do. |
| 454 | The Journal of the Hyderabad Archæological Society, Vol. II, 1917. | Do. |
| 455-56 | The Journal of the Mythic Society, Vol. VII (Parts 1-4), Vol. VIII (Parts 1-2). | Do. |
| 457 | The Journal of the Bangya Sahitya, Calcutta, 1917, 2 parts | Do. |
| 458 | The Ceylon Antiquary, Vol. II, Part 4, and Vol. III, Parts 1-3 | Do. |
| 459-60 | Bulletin de l'Ecole Française d'Extrême-Orient, Tome XVI, No. 5, and Tome XVII, Nos. 1 and 3. | Do. |
| 461 | Liste des Publications et Tables du Bulletin (1901-1915), 1917. | Do. |
| 462 | Indian Architecture, Parts 1-6 | Purchased. |
| | Archæological Survey. | |
| 463 | Annual Report of the Archæological Survey of India, Part I, 1915-16. | Presented by Government of India. |
| 464 | Do. do. Part II, 1913-14 | Do. |
| 465 | Annual Progress Report of the Superintendent, Hindu and Buddhist Monuments, Northern Circle, 1916. | Do |
| 466 | Report of the Superintendent of Archæology, Frontier Circle, 1916-17. | Do. |
| 467 | Annual Report of the Superintendent of Archæology, Eastern Circle, 1915-16. | Do. |
| 468 | Report of the Superintendent of Archæology, Burma, 1917 | Do. |
| 469 | Annual Report of the Archæological Superintendent, Western Circle, 1916. | Do. |
| 470 | Report of the Archæological Superintendent, Southern Circle, 1916-17. | Do. |
| 471 | Annual Report of the Assistant Superintendent of Archæology for Epigraphy, Southern Circle, 1916–17. | Do. |

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APPENDIX D-contd.

| Serial No. | Title. | REMARKS. |
|------------|---|---|
| | Archæological Survey—concld. | |
| 472 | Report of the Archæological Department, H.E.H. the Nizam's Dominions, 1915-16 (1325 F.). | Presented by H.E.H. the Nizam's Govern- ment. |
| 473 | Annual Report, Mysore Archæological Department, 1916 | Presented by Mysore State. |
| 474 | Do. do. do. 1917 | Do. |
| 475 | Taw Sein Ko, Archæological Notes on Pagan | Presented by the Author. |
| 476 | Do. Archæological Notes on Mandalay | Do. |
| 477 | Narasimhachar, R., Kesava Temple at Somnathapur, Mysore Archæological Series, No. 1. | Do. |
| 478 | Sastri, H. Krishna, Asokan Edict of Maski, Hyderabad Archæological Series, No. 1. | Presented by H.E.H the Nizam's Govern- ment. |
| 479 | Bhandarkar, D. R., Daulatabad Plates of Jagadekamalla REPORTS (New Imperial Series)— | Do. |
| 480 | Sastri, H. Krishna, South Indian Inscriptions, Vol. II | Presented by Govern ment of India. |
| | ART, ARCHITECTURE, ETC. | |
| 481 | Coomaraswamy, A., Buddha and the Gospel of Buddhism | Purchased. |
| 482 | Grünwedel, A., Buddhist Art in India. Translated by A. C. Gibson; revised and enlarged by J. Burgess. | Do. |
| | HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY. MANUSCRIPTS— | 3 1 2 |
| | Statistical Account of the Deccan. (India Office Catalogue, Ms. No. 470). | Do. |
| | BIBLIOTHECA INDICA— | |
| 483 | 'Abdu-l-Bāqī Nahāwandi Ma'āthir-i-Rahimi | Do. |
| 484 | Muhammad Kāzim, 'Ālamgir Nāma | Do. |
| 485 | Muḥammad Sāqī, Ma'āthir-i-'Ālamgiri | Do. |
| 486-87 | Ibn-Challikan, Wafyatu-l-Ā'yān. Edited by F. Wüstenfeld Vols. I-II. | . Do. |
| 488 | Aboulfeda, Géographie D', edidit Reinaud | . Do. |
| 489 | Al-Beládsori, Futühu-l-Buldan. Edited by M. J. De Goege | Do. |

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APPENDIX D-concld.

| Serial No. | Title. | REMARKS. |
|------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| | HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY—concld. | |
| 490 | Mīr Ghulam 'Alī Āzād, Ma'āthiru-l-Kirām, edited by 'Abdullah Khān. | Purchased. |
| 491 | Mirza Ibrāhīm Zubairī, Basātinu-s-Salatīn (History of Bijapur) | Do. |
| | HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY OF INDIA (in English)- | |
| 492 | Al-Beruni, Atharu-l-Baqiya. Translated by C. E. Sachau | Do. |
| 493 | Do. Kitabu-l-Hind. English edition by C. E. Sachau | Do. |
| 494 | Aurangabād Gazetteer | Do. |
| 495 | Cunningham, A., The Ancient Geography of India, Buddhist period. | Do. |
| 496-97 | Marco Polo, Travels, edited by Col. H. Yule, Vols. I-II | Do. |
| 498 | Stewart, Major Charles, Tezkereh Al Vakiāt of Jouher Aftabchi, (Oriental Translation Fund). | Do. |
| | Archæology. | The same |
| 499 | Bruce Foote, R., Catalogue Raisonné (Madras Government Museum). | Purchased. |
| 500 | Do. Catalogue of the Prehistoric Antiquities (Madras Government Museum). | Do. |
| 501 | Coggin Brown, J., Catalogue of the Prehistoric Antiquities in the Indian Museum (Archæological Survey of India). | Presented by Government of India. |
| 502 | Hornell, James, The Sacred Chank of India, Madras Fisheries Bulletin No. 7. | Purchased. |
| 503 | Rea, Alexander, Catalogue of the Prehistoric Antiquities from Adichannalur and Perumbair (Madras Government Museum). | Do. |
| ATE S | MISCELLANEOUS. | |
| 504 | Aiyangar, S. K., Tamil Studies. | Purchased. |

APPENDIX E.

List of photographic negatives prepared by the Office of the Superintendent of Archæology, Hyderabad, during the year 1916-17 (1326 F.).

| Serial No. | Locality. | Description. | Size. |
|------------|---|--|-----------|
| 311 | Library of Nawab Salar Jang, Hy- derabad. | Ḥadiqa Ḥakim Sanā'i, Shāhjahan's autograph | 61"×41" |
| 312 | | " Duplicate | " |
| 313 | *************************************** | MS. written by 'Alī Kātib for King 'Abdul 'Azīz of Bukhara, 956 H. | " |
| 314 | ,, | Mathnawi Zulālī, Shāhjahan's autograph | " |
| 315 | Hyderabad | Padshāhī 'Āshūrkhana, Tile-work (after repair) | 81" × 61" |
| 316 | Rāigir (Nalgonda) | Black, polished pot, dug out from a cairn | 61" × 41" |
| 317 | , | Another view | ,, |
| 318 | ** | Red pots from a cairn | ,, |
| 319 | Hyderabad | Pots of various shapes, dug out from cairns | ,, |
| 320 | Dornakal | Pottery from a cist, black and red | ,,, |
| 321 | Hyderabad | Iron implements, dug out from cairns | ., |
| 322 | Ajantā (Auranga- bād). | Cave IX, exterior | 8½" × 6½ |
| 323 | , | Cave X, interior | ,, |
| 324 | | Cave XXVI, interior | 39 |
| 325 | Hyderabad | Sculptures in the garden of Mr. R. I. R. Glancy's bungalow. | ,, |
| 326 | ,, | " " | 6½"×4½ |
| 327 | Kuppal (Rāichūr) | Fort, General view | 8½" × 6½ |
| 328 | ., | " Another view | " |
| 329 | #10 | Bahādur Banda (Fort), General view | 22 |
| 330 | , | ,, Another view | |
| 331 | Komatūr (Medak) | Masjid, General view | 6½" × 4½" |
| 332 | | (Duplicate) | .,, |
| 333 | Medak | Fort, Carvings on the gateway | |
| 334 | | " Gateway, front view | 81" × 61 |
| 335 | | " General view | 61"×41 |
| 3354 | | ,, (Duplicate) | ,,, |

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APPENDIX E—contd.

| | APPENDIX E,—tomu. | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Serial No. | Locality. | Description. | Size. | | | | | | | | |
| 336 | Dichpalli (Nizāma- bād). | Temple, Carvings of the doorway | 6½" × 4½" | | | | | | | | |
| 336a | , | | " | | | | | | | | |
| 3366 | | | 17 | | | | | | | | |
| 337 | ,, | " Main doorway | " | | | | | | | | |
| 338 | " | · View from S.W | 8½" × 6½" | | | | | | | | |
| 338a | " | | $6\frac{1}{2}'' \times 4\frac{1}{2}''$ | | | | | | | | |
| 339 | | ,, View from N.W | 8½" × 6½" | | | | | | | | |
| 339a | " | 39 39 39 34 | 6½" × 4½" | | | | | | | | |
| 340 | ,, | " View from South | 8½" × 6½" | | | | | | | | |
| 341 | | " Door of the shrine | $6\frac{1}{2}'' \times 4\frac{1}{2}''$ | | | | | | | | |
| 34Ia | " | | " | | | | | | | | |
| 342 | " | " Southern doorway | 30 | | | | | | | | |
| 343 | ,, | " Pillar near the main doorway | ** | | | | | | | | |
| 344 | | " Another pillar | 21 | | | | | | | | |
| 345 | ,, | " (Detail), View from South | $8\frac{1}{2}" \times 6\frac{1}{2}"$ | | | | | | | | |
| 346 | " | " " View from West | 19. | | | | | | | | |
| 347 | , | " Interior of the shrine | $6\frac{1}{2}" \times 4\frac{1}{2}"$ | | | | | | | | |
| 348 | | " General view from West | $8\frac{1}{2}'' \times 6\frac{1}{2}''$ | | | | | | | | |
| 349 | Kadlī (Nirmal) | " Sculptures | $6\frac{1}{2}'' \times 4\frac{1}{2}''$ | | | | | | | | |
| 350 | ,, | " Sikhara | 8½" × 6½" | | | | | | | | |
| 351 | Timurnī (Nirmal) | Tomb of Shāh Lutfullah | 6½" × 4½" | | | | | | | | |
| 352 | Bhainsa (Nanded) | Temple near the tank, Canarese inscription | ,, | | | | | | | | |
| 353 | Biloli (Nanded) | Mosque, General view | $8\frac{1}{2}'' \times 6\frac{1}{2}''$ | | | | | | | | |
| 354 | , | " Façade (detail) | n | | | | | | | | |
| 355 | ,,, | " Inscription | " | | | | | | | | |
| 356 | , | " Lower part of the minaret | 6½"×4½" | | | | | | | | |
| 357 | 21 | " Pulpit | | | | | | | | | |
| 358 | Aundāh (Parbhanī) | Nagānātha temple and tank, General view | $8\frac{1}{2}" \times 6\frac{1}{2}"$ | | | | | | | | |
| 359 | " | " General view | ,, | | | | | | | | |
| 360 | ,, | " Eastern side (detail) | ,, | | | | | | | | |
| | | | II. | | | | | | | | |

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APPENDIX E—concld.

| Serial No. | Locality. | | Description. | | Size. |
|------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----|-----------|
| 361 | Aundāh (Parbhani) | Nagānātha temple, | Southern side (detail) | | 8½" × 6½" |
| 362 | " | 31 | Sikhara from East | | 11. |
| 363 | ,, | ** | " from South | | |
| 364 | ,, | " | Northern side (detail) | | ,, |
| 365 | | ** | Southern side (detail) | | ,, |
| 366 | n | | View from N.W | | |
| 367 | ,, | , | View from East | 10 | ,, |
| 368 | " | , | Carvings of the doorway | | 6½" × 4½" |
| 369 | ,, | ,, | View from North | | |
| 370 | | , | Sikhara from South (detail) | | ** |
| 371 | 11 | | Pillar of the porch | | |
| 372 | n n | " | Pillar of the hall | ,, | 197 |
| 373 | . " | | Doorway | ** | 8½" × 6½" |
| 373a | " | , | (Duplicate) | | ** |
| 374 | Māhūr (Āṣifabād) | Mawālā tank, Gene | ral view | | 31 |
| 375 | Hyderabad | Toli Masjid, Genera | d view | | 6½" × 4½" |
| 376 | " | , (Dupli | cate) | | » |
| 377 | | " Façad | e (detail) | | 8½" × 6½" |
| 378 | Pākhāl (Warangal) | Pākhāl Lake inscrip | ption, 1st side | | 12"×10" |
| 379 | | , , | 2nd side | | ** |
| 380 | 22 | 11 11 | 3rd side | | " |
| 381 | ,, | n n | 4th side | 1 | ,, |

APPENDIX F.

List of drawings prepared during the year—7th October, 1916, to 6th October, 1917 (1326 F.).

| Serial No. | Place, | Descript | Description. | | | | |
|------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------|-----|----------|--|
| 10 | Uparpalli (Karim- nagar). | Plan of the temple | | | •• | 6' to 1' | |
| 11 | Hyderabad | Plan of the Toli Masjid | | HAVE T | | 8' to 1' | |
| 12 | Māhūr (Āṣifabād) | Plan of the Cave temples | | 574 | 10 | 10' to 1 | |
| 13 | Aundāh (Parbhanī) | Plan of the Naganatha temple | | | ** | 10' to 1 | |
| 14 | Māhūr (Āṣifabād) | Plan of the Mawalā tank | 140 | - 44 | | 40' to 1 | |
| 15 | Biloli (Nanded) | Plan of the Masjid | | | *** | 8' to 1 | |

APPENDIX G.

List of coins acquired during the year 1916-17 (1326 F.).

MUHAMMAD B. HUMĀYŪN BAHMANĪ.

A.H. 867-87. A.D. 1463-82.

| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price. |
|--------------|-------|-------|---|---|---------------|------------------|
| Æ | | | المعتصم شمس الدنيا والدين | محمد بن همايون السلطان | 1 20020 | |
| | | | KRISHŅA DEVA RĀ | YA (Vijayanagar). | | |
| | | 9. | A.D. 150 | 9-30. | | |
| AV 2-7 | | | Three-line legend, (1) Ŝri Pratā (2) pa Krishņa (3) rāya. | Seated deity. | Half-pagodas. | Rs. 6/- each. |
| 8 | ** | 1414 | ,, | ,, | Pagoda. | Rs. 10/- |
| | | | ACHYUTA RĀYA | (Vijayanagar). | | |
| | | | A.D. 153 | | | |
| 9–17 | | | Three-line legend, (1) Śrā Pra (2) tāpāchyuta (3) rāya. | Double-headed eagle- monster (ganda bherunda), holding up elephants in its beaks and claws. | Half-pagodas. | Rs. 6/-each. |

APPENDIX G—contd. SHĀH JAHĀN.

- SHAH VAHAM.

A.H. 1037-68. A.D. 1628-58.

| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price |
|--|------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|--------------|------------|
| Æ 18 | Bakkar | 1037 | The Kalima and | | | |
| | | | قدر بكو بعالا الهي خورداد عالا | شاه جهان ۱۰۳۷ معدمد شهاب الدین شهاب الدین صاحب قرآن ثا | | |
| "9 | | | In square the Kalima. Margins: Right بصدق ابي بكر Bottom وعدل عمر ورزم عثمان | ابدشاھ غازے بادشاھ غازے شاھ جہاں Margins: | | |
| " 20 | | ., | Top و الم علي In square the Kalima. Names in margins rubbed away. | ا right ماهب قران ثاني Bottom فحرب Left | | Rs. 2/ |
| | | | AURANO | ZEB. | | |
| | | | A.H. 1068-1118. | | | |
| ", 2I | Itāwa | 32 | اورنگ ۱۱۰۰ عالم زیب گیر شاه زد چو بدر منیر | میهند سنه ۲۲ جلوس | | Re. I/ |
| | | | سکه درجهان | فىرپ ەد | | 1 45 |
| | ,,, | 100 | | 1961 | Legends very | |
| 22 | | | " | " | distinct. | - 30 |
| | ** | 1101 | ,,,, | " " | distinct. | ** |
| 22 | | | | 19 | | ** |
| 22 23 | ** | 33 | 11:1 | " | | |
| 23 | 37 | 1101 33 ,, | 11:1 | " " | | Re. 1/ |
| 22 ,, 23 ,, 24 ,, 25 | 37. 39. | 1101 33 " 1101 34 1102 | 11-1 " | "· "· | | Re. 1/ |

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APPENDIX G—contd.

| AFFENDIX G-tonu. | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|------------|-------------------------------|--|-------------------|------------|--|--|
| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse, | Reverse, | Remarks, | Sale price | | |
| Æ 29 | Itāwa | 1106 | اورنگانا عالم زیب گیر | مانوس میبئے | | | | |
| -, | | 39 | زد چوبدرمنیر سکھ درجہاں | ميهدت سده ۲۹ جلوس ضرب اٿاوة | | | | |
| 30 | n | 1108 | 11-4 | d 0 , | | | | |
| 31 | ,, | 1113 45 | ille | ,,, | | Re. 1/8 | | |
| 32 | ** | 46 | , | ř | | Re. 1/8 | | |
| 33 | | 1114 46 | tite | Pol | | 1000 | | |
| 34 | 39 | 47 | " | ř. | | ** | | |
| 35 | ,, | 49 | ijis | pot | | D - 15 | | |
| 36 | " | | | *************************************** | Date rubbed away. | Re. 1/8 | | |
| 37 | Ajmer Dāru-l- Khaīr. | 1105 | 11-0 | دار الخير اجمير فسرب ميمفت مائوس جلوس | | ** | | |
| 38 | ,, | 1108 | 11.4 | , | | | | |
| 39 | Aḥsanabād | 1115 47 | 1110 | As on No. 21. بود بود احسن اباد | | | | |
| 40 | | 1116 48 | iir. | #A | | ** | | |
| 41 | Aḥmadabād | 6 | , | احدد اباد | | A.t. | | |
| " 42 | " | 31 | " | ř, | | ** | | |
| 43 | Akbarabād Musta- qarru-l- Khilāfat. | | , | اکبراباد ضرب مستقر الخلافه میمنست جلوس مانوس | | •• | | |

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APPENDIX G—contd.

| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price |
|--------------|--|------------|---|--|----------|------------|
| Æ 44 | Akbarabād Musta- garru-l- Khilāfat. | | In square بادشالا غاز المشاه عالم گير شاه عالم گير Margins: ابو المظفر Top محي الدين Right معمد اورنگ زيب Bottom | In square اکبرایاد فعرب Margins: Left Top Right مانوس Bottom | | |
| " 45 | Akbarnagar | 4 | As on No. 21, but مهر منیر in place of بدر منیر | جلوس میمئـــت مانوس م ضرب ضرب اکبر نگر | ** | |
| " 46 | " | 22 | m " | اببر سر ۲۰ | | |
| 47 | " | | | ,, | | |
| " 48 | Ilāhabād | 1100 32 | As on No. 21. | As on No. 21. | | 3.5 |
| " 49 | Bareli | 1099 31 | 1-11 | ۱۱ ۳۱ برهلي | | |
| 50 | ** | 33 | 11.1 | ÷ | | |
| " 51 | ** | 1108 40 | 11•4 | <i>".</i> | ** | 4. |
| " 52 | " | 1108 41 | ,, | jej | 22 | 76 |
| 53 | | 1114 47 | 11116 | leA 33 | | 27. |
| 54 | Bījāpūr Dāru-z- Zafr. | 31 | * | جلوس میمفت مانو سنه ۲۱ الظفر دار بیجا پور ضرب | | |
| 55 | , | 1106 | 11-4 | مانوس میمنــــت جلوس دار الظفر ۳۸ ضرب نیجاپرر | | |

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APPENDIX G—contd.

| | | | THERDIA | 8 1 55 17500 | | |
|--------------|----------------------------------|------------|---|---|--|-------------|
| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price. |
| AR 56 | Bijāpūr Dāru-z- Zafr. | 1106 39 | As on No. 21. | مانوس میمنت جلوس دار الطفر ۳۸ | ** | |
| | | | | ضرب بيجاپور ۲۹ | | |
| 57 | Tatta | 1107 40 | " 11-v | As on No. 21. டி. க் | *** | •• |
| 58 | Jahangir- nagar. | 10 28 | " FA | ر) جهانگیر نگر | The regnal year is on the obverse and the hijri year on the reverse. | ** |
| ,, | ,, | 1104 | ,, | | | |
| 59 | | 37 | 11.4 | ř | | |
| 60 | " | 1111 44 | ıïıı | tolo | 12.5 | |
| ői. | ** | 47 | n | leA ,, | *** | |
| 62 | <u>Ch</u> īnapatan | 41 | * | ر, ۱۴۱ چينا پٽن | 144 | |
| 63 | ** | 45 | " | tes ,, | *** | |
| 64 | Ḥaidarabād, Dāru-l- Jihād. | 1110 43 | 171. | جلوس میمذــت دار الجهاد مانو ن | | ** |
| | | | | سم فعرب ددد. | | D0 14 |
| 65 | | 1116 48 | 1111 | IFA | On the obverse after the figures 1116 the letter is written. | 322 |
| 66 | Sūrat | 1077 | As on No. 21. Date to left of middle line. | سده ۹ جلوس میمنت | | ** |
| | | | 1.44 | عاقوس سور ت ضرب | | |
| 67 | ** | | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | " | 55.5 | Re. 1/8 |

30 Appendix G—contd.

| fetal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price. |
|--------------|-------|------------|--|---|--------------------------|-------------|
| Æ 68 | Sūrat | 1082 | As on No. 21. Date to left of middle line. | سڈۂ ۱۴ جلوس میمئست مانوس سورت شوب | Regnal year cut. | ** |
| 69 | a | 20 | | " !!* | | Re. 1/8 |
| " | | 14 | | | | Re. 1/8 |
| 70 ,, | | 1088 | 1.44 | 7. | *** | |
| ;, 72 | en. | 1089 | " 1*45 | " | Has several punch marks. | Re. 1/8 |
| 73 | | " | " | | Date in top line. | |
| 74 | | 1090 22 | " | مائرس میمنت سنه ۲۶ جار | | |
| | | | | سنه ۲۲ جلوس ضوب سورت | | |
| 75-76 | * | 22 | ,, | . rr | | Re. 1/each. |
| 77 | | 1091 23 | 1-11 | ïr | | |
| 78 | ** | 1091 24 | | rie | Date in top | Re. 1 |
| 79-80 | | ,, | " | , | | each |
| 81 | | 1002 | 1-17 | rr | | |
| 82 | " | 25 | HE WALLER | 70 | | Re. 1 |
| 83-8 | | 100 | | , | | each |
| 85 | | 26 | 1-95 | 74 | | Re. |
| 86-1 | 87 | 100 | | | | eaci |

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Appendix G—contd.

| APPENDIX G—contd. | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------|------------|---------------|--------------|----------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price. | | | |
| Æ 89 | Sūrat | 1095 | As on No. 66. | As on No. 74 | | 72. | | | |
| ,, 90 | 900 | ,, | | * | | Re. 1/8 | | | |
| 91 | 197 | 1095 | 1.90 | "A | | ** | | | |
| " 92 | *** | 1096 | 1-11 | "A | | | | | |
| 93 | 37 | n | " | " | | Re. 1/12 | | | |
| ,, 94 | | 1097 | 1.1v | ř. | 55.5 | 311 | | | |
| 95-97 | 'n | 71 | n | 37 | | Re. 1/8 each. | | | |
| " 98 | ** | 1097 | 1-14 | ŗ. | ** | ** | | | |
| " 99 | ,, | 1098 | 1-14 | " | | 14.4 | | | |
| ,,, | .11 | 29 | n | *** | 1,57 | Re. 1/8 each. | | | |
| " 104 | ** | 1098 | 1-94 | ři | | | | | |
| ,, 105 | n | 1099 | 1-99 | " | | | | | |
| 106 | 91 | 1101 33 | 17-1 | # | | | | | |
| 107 | je. | 1102 34 | 11-1 | n° | | 255 | | | |
| 108–109 | 31 | | 31 | | | Re. 1/4 each. | | | |
| " IIo | ,, | 1103 35 | 117- | " | ** | | | | |
| 111-113 | ,, | " | | 7 | | Re. 1/8 each. | | | |
| " | ., | 1104 36 | 11-1* | ř | | | | | |
| " 115 | See | . " | n | | | Re. 1/8 | | | |
| " 116 | an T | 38 | | ,, FA | 34 | | | | |

32
Appendix G—contd

| Metal | | | | | - | |
|-----------------------|--|------------|---------------|--|-------------------|------------------|
| No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price |
| Æ 117 | Sürat | 38 | As on No. 66. | As on No. 74. | 23 | Re. 1/4 |
| 118 | ,, | 1107 39 | 11.v | " | ** | ** |
| 19-121 | * | 0 | n. | | | Re. 1/8 each. |
| 122 | * | 40 | ,, | p | | |
| 123 | | 1110 | 171. | ,, per | 1 | |
| 124 | 200 | 1110 43 | ** | FF | | |
| ,, 12 5 –26 | * | , | n | 7 | | Re. 1/8 each. |
| 127 | ** | 1112 44 | nor. | pope. | | |
| 128 | | 1112 45 | ,, | ", ** | •• | |
| 129 | | 1113 46 | i"r | ,,, Led | | 255 |
| 130 | ** | 1114 | 11114 | | | ** |
| 131 | | 47 | 0 | ,ev | | |
| 132 | | 1116 48 | 11111 | 1) 10A | | |
| 133 | m. | 1116 49 | " |), aq | | ** |
| 134-43 | 30 | ** | , | * | Date rubbed away. | Re. 1/ each. |
| 144 | Sahrind (?) | 1109 41 | As on No. 21. | As on No. 21. | Mint name | Re. 1/ |
| | | | | سهرند (?) | Na sa | |
| 145 | Shāhjahau- abād Dāru-l- Khilājat. | 1094 | 1-11 | دار الخلاقة شاة جهان اباد ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس سند ۲۹ | | |
| " 146 | | 1007 | " 1•\$v | | | |

33
APPENDIX G—contd.

| | TI Y ALES | | HITENDIA | o conta. | | |
|--------------|--|--------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------|
| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price. |
| Æ 147 | Shāhjahan- abād Dāru-l- Khilāfat. | 1097 | As on No. 21. | د او الخلاقة شاع جهان اباد ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس سنة ۳۰ | | Re. 1/8 |
| 148 | | 1107 39 | 17. | Ä | ••• | |
| 149 | " | ,, 40 | » | j., | | |
| 150-51 | ,, | | " | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | Date cut. | Re. 1/4 each. |
| 152 | Sholāpūr | 1090 21 | 1.4. | As on No. 21. | | |
| 153 | " | " | " | , n | Regnal year cut. | Re. 1/8 |
| 154 | ** | 1097 30 | 1.14 | | wra. | •• |
| 155 | Katak | 42 | " | بن کتک | | |
| 156 | " | ** | , | n | Name of mint cut. | Re. 1/4 |
| 157 | Kambāyat | 1093 25 | Date 1 -97 in bottom line. | ',' ۴۵ کبایت | negrinian). | |
| 158 | ,, | 26 | " | ř, | | |
| 159 | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 28 | , | r'A | | *** |
| 160 | " | 1098 30 | As on No. 21; but date | 7. | ** | •• |
| 161 | " | 1103 3[5] | il'e | r [*] | an likuwii. | |
| 162 | ,, | 1107 | " 11-v | , i | | |
| 163 | ** | 1110 43 | ıñ. |), PT | Subarrust : | *** |
| 164 | 11 | 47 | 1900 V.W | yav pav | | |

34
APPENDIX G—contd.

| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price |
|--------------|---|------------|------------------------|--|--------------------------|------------|
| AR 165 | Gulkanda (Golconda) | 14 | As on No. 21; but date | As on No. 21. | | |
| 166 | 23 | 21 | 10-19- | ñ | ** | |
| 167 | ,, | 26 | , | , and | ** | - 42 |
| 168 | " | 30 | ** | ŗ. | | |
| 169 | " | 40 | " | ji. | | |
| 170 | Lāhor Dāru-s- Salţanat. | 1094 26 | 1 - 116 | لاهور دار السلطنة فعرب جلوس ميهنت مانوس | | |
| " 171 | ** | 1095 | 1.44 | سنة كالوس الم | | |
| 172 | ,, | 1096 | 1-17 | Ä | | |
| 173 | " | 1100 33 | ű | # | | |
| 174 | Lakhna'ū | 1095 27 | " | As on No. 21. ۲۷ اکهنو | | *** |
| 175 | Machhlipa- tan. (Masulipa- tam). | 33 | Date 11 in top line. | جلوس میمدــت مانوس سفه ۲۳۳ ضرب مهملي پڏڻ | ** | |
| 176 | 11 | 1112 | niir. | , | Regnal year cut. | |
| 177 | Multān | 1098 30 | 1-14 | As on No. 21. | | 2.2 |
| 178 | Mailapür | 1118 | illa | اه میلا پرر مانوس | Rare. See Plate XIII. | |
| 179 | Nuṣrata- bād. (?) | | 11 | ميبذ ت | | |
| | 120 | 1 | 10.5 | فسرب نصوت [اباد] (?) | 1 | |

35
APPENDIX G—contd.

| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price |
|--------------|-------|------------|--|-------------------------------|----------|------------------|
| AR 180 | | 5 | As on No. 21. | As on No. 21. | | |
| 181-82 | | 6 | | * | | Re. 1/4 each. |
| 183 | ** | 9 | ب, in place of مهر منیر بدر منیر | جلوس میمنده مانوس و سنه | | Re, 1/4 |
| | | | | ضرب | | |
| 184 | | 12 | But بدر منیر in place of | As on No. 179. | | Re. 1/4 |
| 185 | | 13 | As on No. 21. | As on No. 21. | | Re. 1/4 |
| 186 | | 15 | ار, in place of مهر منیر But مهر منیر | As on No. 183. | | Re. 1/4 |
| .187 | | 1087 | As on No. 21; but date | As on No. 21. | | Re. 1/4 |
| 188 | | 21 | | ři | | Re. 1/4 |
| 189 | | 22 | پر منیر But مہر منیر in place of | As on No. 183. | | Re. 1/4 |
| 190 | | 1090 | As on No. 21. | As on No. 21. | | Re. 1/4 |
| " | | 1091 | 151 | re re | | Re. 1/8 |
| 192 | ••• | 1092 24 | 1-1r | Pie Pie | | Re. 1/4 |
| 193-94 | | 26 | »: | ñ | | Re. 1/4 each. |
| 195 | | 26 | But مهر مُنير in place of | As on No. 183. | | Re. 1/4 |
| 196 | | 27 | ** | " | 16. | Re. 1/4 |
| 197 | | 1098 | As on No. 21. | As on No. 21. | | Re. 1/4 |

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APPENDIX G—contd.

| | | | APPENDIX G | | | |
|--------------|-------|------------|--|----------------|----------|------------------|
| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price. |
| AR 198 | | 1098 | As on No. 21. | As on No. 21. | | Re. 1/4 |
| 199 | | 31 | As on No. 195. | As on No. 183. | ** | Re. 1/4 |
| 200 | *** | 1099 | As on No. 21. | As on No. 21. | | Re. 1/4 |
| " 20I | | 1100 | " | * | ** | Re. 1/4 |
| 202-03 | | 1101 33 | 11,21 | " | | Re. 1/4 each. |
| 204 | ** | 33 | " But مهر منيو in place of | As on No. 183. | ** | Re. 1/4 |
| 205-06 | | 1101 34 | بدر منیر. As on No. 21. | As on No. 21. | ., | Re. 1/4 each. |
| 207-09 | ** | 1102 34 | 111-7 | " | ** | Re. 1/4 each. |
| 210-11 | ** | 1104 36 | " 11-1 ² | A | | Re. 1/4 each. |
| 212-13 | | 1105 | 11+0 | ," rv | | Re. 1/4 each. |
| 214-15 | | 37 | بر منیر But مهر منیر in place of | As on No. 183. | | Re. 1/4 each. |
| 216–18 | | 38 | , , | ", "^ | | Re. 1/4 each. |
| 219 | | ,, | As on No. 21. | As on No. 21. | | Re. 1/4 |
| 220 | | 1106 | 11-1 | - "1 | | Re. 1/4 |
| 221 | | 1107 | 11-4 | , | | Re. 1/4 |
| 222 | | 39 | As on No. 21; but مهر منبر instead of | | | Re. 1/4 |
| 223 | | 110 | The state of the s | As on No. 21. | * | Re. 1/8 |
| 22. | | | Date 11.4 in top line. | | | Re. 1/8 |

37 APPENDIX G-contd.

| AR 225-26 | | 1110 42 | As on No. 21. | As on No. 21. | 1.00 | Re. 1/4 each. |
|--------------|----|------------|---------------|----------------|------|------------------|
| 227-28 | | 1111 43 | ıïı | iii | 24 | Re. 1/4 each. |
| 229-32 | ** | 1112 44 | 1111 | lole | ** | Re. 1/4 each. |
| 233 | ** | 44 | " | As on No. 183. | 550 | Re. 1/4 |
| 234-35 | | 1113 45 | ille | 100 | | Re. 1/4 each. |
| 236 | | 1114 46 | 11110 | As on No. 21. | | Re. 1/8 |
| 237 | | 47 | , |), pey | • | Re. 1/8 |
| 238-39 | | 1115 47 | 1110 | | ** | Re. 1/8 each. |
| 240-41 | | 48 | , | lev ii | F** | Re. 1/8 each. |
| 242-43 | | 1116 48 | 1114 | , | | Re. 1/8 each. |
| 244-46 | | 1117 49 | illy | led ,, | | Re. 1/8 each. |
| 247-48- | | 1118 51 | Iiin | " 81 | ** | Re. 1/8 each. |

| 249 | Ḥaidara- bād. | 1120 | ین باه کام بخش شــــالا | جلوس میننت مانوس ۲ حیدراباد ضرب | Rare. See Plate XIII. |
|-----|--|------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| | | | خورشید و مالا | | |
| | The state of the s | | د کن زد | | |
| | | | SHĀH ' | ĀLAM. | |

A.H. 1119-24. A.D. 1707-12.

| 250 | 'Ālamgīr- pūr. | 11119 | غازي شاء عالم باد سكية مبارك ١١١٩ | سده احد ضرب عالم گیر پور | Legends very distinct. See Plate XIII. | |
|-----|-------------------|-------|--|--------------------------------|---|--|
|-----|-------------------|-------|--|--------------------------------|---|--|

APPENDIX G-contd.

JAHANDAR SHAH.

A.H. 1124. A.D. 1712.

| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|------------|
| AR 251 | | I | جهاندار شاه | ميبنـت | Mint name cut. | |
| | | | مهو و ماه ابو الفقع غاز سكيف در أفاق زد | سنه احد جلوس ضرب | | |
| H WI | | - 1 | در آفاق زد | **** | | |
| | | | FARRUKH | SIYAR. | | |
| | | | A.H. 1124-31. A | A.D. 1713-19. | | |
| 252 | Itāwā | 4 | از فضل حق شـــــاد باه بحدو بو فرخ سهر ســـــکه | میمذی مانوی سنه ع جلوس ضرب فسرب اتاره | Legends a little rub- bed away. Mint name cut. | Re. 1/8 |
| n 252 | " | 1130 | زد برسیم و زو بعدو و بر فوغ سیر | | Legends very distinct. | |
| 253 | | 7- | بادشاه حق برسیم و زر فضل ۱۱۳۰ سکه زد الر | | | |
| 254 | Akbarabād Mustaqar- ru-l-Mulk | 1.1 | حق فرخ سیر شــــاه از فضل بان بعدو و بر ســــکه | جلوس مانوس میمنت مستقر الهاک | Legends a little rub- bed away. | Re. I |
| | 207 | | زه برسیم و زر | سقه ضوب | | 110 |
| " 255 | Bareli | 3 | از فضل حق برسیم و زر | As on No. 252, but mint Bareli. | , | Re. I |
| | | | بحو وبرفرخ سير زد | | | |
| 256 | Burhānpūr Daru-s- | 1130 | As on No. 253. | جلو ی مانوی میمنت | | Re. I |
| | Surūr. | | | سقه ۱ دار السرور ضوب [برهانيور] | | |
| 257 | 31 | 1130 | 29 | ** | Legends very distinct. | |
| 258 | Bandar (?) | 7 | [بحد و بر فرخ سير] شــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ | مانوس میمنت مذہ ۷ جلوس | On the revers | |
| | A CANCELLO | | رد برحیم و زر | فسرب بندر | word which is cut. The mint may | |
| | | | Wat de la | to the same of the | head, P.M. C., pp. lxiii and 310, see | |

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APPENDIX G-contd.

| No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale pric |
|-----------|---------------------|-------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------|-----------|
| | T. | | | | | _ |
| Æ 259 | Sūrat | 5 | As on No. 258. | As on No. 258. | | Re. 1/ |
| -53 | Fig. 3 | , | | Mint Surat (?). | MED ! | |
| 260 | 11 | " | | Mint name distinct. | 1.0 | Re. 1/ |
| 261 | 10 | " | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | *** | Re. 1/ |
| 262 | -10 | " | " | ,, | * 1. | Re. T/ |
| 263 | n | 1130 | "- | 3 | Legends very | |
| ,, 264 | Shahjahan- abad. | | As on No. 254. | دار الخلافة شاه جهان اباد | | Re. 1/ |
| 604 | abad. | 7 | | فرب چلوس میبنت مانوس | WE SA | |
| 265 | " | 30 | As on No. 253. | y &i | | Re. I |
| 266 | | 2 | As on No. 258. | As on No. 252. | | Re. I |
| | | | RAFT'U-D-D | | 2 | |
| | | | A.H. 1131. | A.D. 1719. | | |
| 267 | Sūrat (?) | 1131 | ۱۱۳۱ رفيع الدرجا | مانوس میمنــت | Mint name | |
| | | | بركا شاهنشه بحروبر | سنه احد جلرس | 12000 | |
| | 46 | 134 | ت زه سکه بهند بهزاران | ضرب سورت (۲) | | |
| | | | MUḤAMMA | | | |
| | | | А.Н. 1131-61. | The state of the s | | |
| 268 | Itāwa | 11 | (۱۱ محدد شاو | مانوس | Name of mint | Re. I |
| 200 | | 2 | | ميبنت | slightly cut. | |
| | * | | بادشاه عاز | سنة جلوس | | |
| | | | سکه مبار | ضرب اتاوا | | |
| 269 | Aḥmadabād (?) | II | 11 | ű | | Re. 1/ |
| | | - | | احمد اباد (?) | | |
| | Arkāt | | | ,, | Legends slightlyrub- | Re. 1/ |
| | TANK! | 5 | | - V. | | |
| 70 | ,, | 6 | elen " | ارکات | bed away. | Re. I |

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APPENDIX G—contd.

| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale pric |
|--------------|---|-----------|---|--|--|--|
| AR 273 | Arkāt | 25 (?) | محمد شاه بادشاه غاز ک ک سکه مبار | مائوس میمنت سفه ۲۵ جلوس ضرب ارکات | Name of mint cut. | Re. 1/8 |
| 274 | * | 115 26 | الاه] ۱۱ محدد شاه ع باد شاه غاز ک حکم مبار | Ä | Legends distinct. | ************************************** |
| 275 | 29 | 1157 | liev | | | Re. 1/8 |
| 276 | n | 30 | # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # | ř. | | Re. 1/1 |
| 277 | " | •• | As on No. 273. | As on No. 273. | Name of king rubbed away. | Re. 1/ |
| 278 | Akbarabād Mustagar- ru-l-Khi- lāfat. | ••• | | اکبراباد مستقر الخلافة ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس | | Re. 1/ |
| ,, 279 | Talegãon (?) | II 22 | " | As on No. 268. ۲۲ (۲) تليگانو | Mint is new. See Plate XIII. | ** |
| 280 | Sūrat | 113 | * | ار ا سورت | | Re. 1/1 |
| 281 | in. | 11 5 | , | | | Re. 1/1 |
| 282 | 23 | 5 | As on No. 268. | As on No. 268. | Regnal year a little indis- tinct. | Re. 1/ |
| 283 | 29 | 11 | 11 | 4 | | Re. 1/ |
| 284 | Shāhjahan- abād. | 3 | ۱۱۳۲ محمد شاد بادشاه غاز صاحبقران گان خار صاحبقران گان خارک | داوالخلافة شاع جهان آباد ضرب جلوس ميدنت مانوس سنة م | Letters a little rub- bed away. | |
| 285 | | 1137 7 | " | " | Date in se- cond line. | |

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APPENDIX G—contd.

| | | | TIPENDIA (| Touristical Control of the Control o | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|------------|---|--|---------------------------|-------------|
| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price. |
| AR 286 | Shāhjaha- nabād. | 11 11 | ا محمد شاہ بارشاہ غاز محمد شاہ بارشاہ غاز محمد شاہ بارگ سکھ مبارگ سکھ مبارگ سکھ مبارگ | دار الخافة شاة جهان آباد ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس سنة ١١ | Letters rub- bed away. | Re. 1/8 |
| 287 | ,, | 1152 22 | rior. | , ä | Legends very distinct. | |
| 288 | " | 1153 23 | 110 | ř | ** | 2.20 |
| 289 | Farrukha- bād. | | " | فرخ اباد (?) | | Re. 1/8 |
| 290 | Firoznagar | 1140 | As on No. 268. | As on No. 268. فيروزنگر | Rare. | ** |
| 291 | Katak | 115 25 | | د. کلک | Rare. | ** |
| 292 | Korā | 11 | , | " ۱۳ کورا | | Re. 1/12 |
| 293 | " | 1144 14 | I liele | " ()* | ., | |
| 294 | Gwāliār | 9 | معمد شاو بادشاه غاز | گوالیار ۱ | ** | |
| | | ** | سکھ میار | | Legends dis- | |
| 295 | " | II | | ïı | tinct. | |
| 296 | " | 20 | " | ŗ. | 1 | Re. 1/12 |
| 297 | | 20 | معهد شاه شاه باد غازي سکه مبارک | | *** | *** |
| 298 | Mur <u>sh</u> ida- bād. | 27 | As on No. 268. | As on No. 268. ۲۷ مرشداباد | | Re. 1/8 |

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APPENDIX G—contd.

| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price |
|--------------|-------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------|---------------|
| Æ 299 | Tower state | 2 | As on No. 268. | As on No. 268. | | Re. 1/8 |
| 300 | | 3 | * | p | | Re. 1/8 |
| 301 | · · | 5 | n | " å | | Re. 1/8 |
| 302 | | 1138 | lira | " | | Re. 1/8 |
| 303 | | 1140 | 11100 | r. | | Re. 1/8 |
| 304 | ** | 13 | | 117 | | Re. 1/8 |
| 305 | Thora | 114 | 112 | i'A | | Re. 1/8 |
| 306 | Vanh | " | n | ; | | Re. 1/8 |
| 307 | | 1150 | 110- | 7. | | Re. 1/8 |
| 308 | | 115 | 118 | | | Re. 1/8 |
| 309 | ** | 115 | 110 | rie . | | Re. 1/8 |
| 310 | | 26 | " | ř | | Re. 1/8 |
| 311 | | 30 | | 2. | | Re. 1/8 |
| 312-13 | | | | -0.4 | | Re. 1/8 each. |

анмар знан.

A.H. 1161-67. A.D. 1748-54.

| 314 | Arkāt | ĭ | بادشاه بهادر المشاه عاز المشاه عاز المشاه عاد المشاه عاد المشاه ا | مانوس م یما ت سفه احد جلوس ضرب فرب ارکات | The hijri date missing. | |
|-----|-------|---|--|--|---------------------------|-----|
| 315 | | 2 | | | | |
| 316 | " | 3 | The state of the s | 2 | Legends very distinct. | 3.0 |

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APPENDIX G—contd.

| - | | 1 | APPRINDIX | The state of the s | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|------------|
| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse, | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price |
| AR 317 | Arkāt | 4 | احدد شاه بهادر | مانوس | | Rs. 5/- |
| | | | بادشاه فاز کـــــــــک سکه مبار | هذه ع جلوس ضرب ارکات | | 72 |
| 318 | " | 1164 | (l'he | ř | | |
| 319 | ,, | 4 | , , | | Name of king cut. | Rs. 4/- |
| 320 | " | [116]5 5 | [וויו] | " | - | 25.7 |
| 321 | " | 5 | , | " | Legends very distinct. | Rs. 6/- |
| 322 | ** | 5 | " | " | | Rs. 5/- |
| 323 | , | 1166 | 1197 | 7 | See Plate XIII. | |
| 324 | " | 1166 | 1133 | 4 | | Rs. 6/- |
| " 325 | ,, | 1167 |), 117v | ÿ | Legends very distinct. | |
| 326 | n | | , | | | Rs. 3/- |
| 327 | ** | | n | * | Name of mint cut. | Rs. 2/- |
| 328 | Sūrat (?) | | As on No. 314. | As on No. 314. | Name of mint cut. | Re. 1/8 |
| 329 | | [116]6 | רניוון | ; | Mint name cut, but it is probably Arkāt. | Rs. 2/- |
| 330 | | [116] ₇ | [11"] v | " | * | Rs. 2/- |
| 331 | Gulkanda (Golconda) | 1166 | بفضل اله عا ۱۱۹۹ پناسا سکة زد در جهان | مانوس میمانست جلوس فس ب گولکنده | The couplet on the obverse is different from that given in Punjab Mu- seum Cata- | ** |
| | | | | are an | logus, p. 359. See Plate XIII. | |

APPENDIX G—contd.

A.H. 1167-73. A.D. 1754-59.

| Metal No. | Mint. | Date. | Obverse. | Reverse. | Remarks. | Sale price |
|---------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--|--|---|------------------|
| AR 332-337 | Arkāt | 116[7] | الا ۱۱۹ عالم گیر بادشاه غاز کادشاه عاز کادشاه مبار | مائوس میهنست سقه احد جلوس ضوب ارکات | The coin was struck by the French East India Company. | Re. 1/8 each. |
| 338-339 | Se Cantil Locality | 117[1] 4 | 117[1] | 10 1 11 pc | ** | Re. 1/8 each. |
| 340 | " | 5 | * | 33 8 | ,, | ** |
| 341 | Imtiyāz Garh (Ādoni). | 1 | عا] لمگير لم سكة ؤد عزيز الدين | میمانت جلوس احد ضوب | Rare. See Plate XIII. | *** |
| | | J. in 1 | صاحبقر | [1] مثياز گڏه | | FIELD IN |
| 342-43 | ,, | ." | | " | | Rs. 10/ each. |
| 344-345 | ** | ** | n | | Legends a little rub- bed away. | Rs. 3/- |
| ", 346 | " | ** | 98 | جلوس فسرب امتياز گڌي | | 1., |
| ,, 347-353 | - · · | 116 | شالع عالم گير ٿا | مانوس میمنـــت ۱۱۹ جلوس ضر پ شاداباد | The mint nameseems to be new. | Re. 1/8 each. |
| | | | زر زد سکه صا | 341302 | | |
| | | | SHĀH 'ĀL | AM II. | | |
| | | | A.H. 1173-1221. A | | | |
| 354 | | 1186 | شاہ عالم [باد] شاہ غاز مکھ | میمنت ۱۱۸۹ ۰۰۰۰ | Mint name cut. The coin be- longs to a Deccan mint. | |
| 355 | | | As on No. 354; but the word مبارک distinct in last line. | مائوس میمنست سفه جلوس | Letters of the reverse rubb ed away. | |
| 356-57 | | | فضل شاو عالم سکه زد در (۲) | میدنت جلوس ضر | The arrangement of legends is rather unusual. | |

APPENDIX G-concld.

Obverse.

SHĀH 'ĀLAM II.

Metal No.

Mint.

NIZĀM 'ALĪ KHĀN (of Ḥaidarabād).

Reverse.

А.Н. 1173-1221. А.Д. 1759-1806.

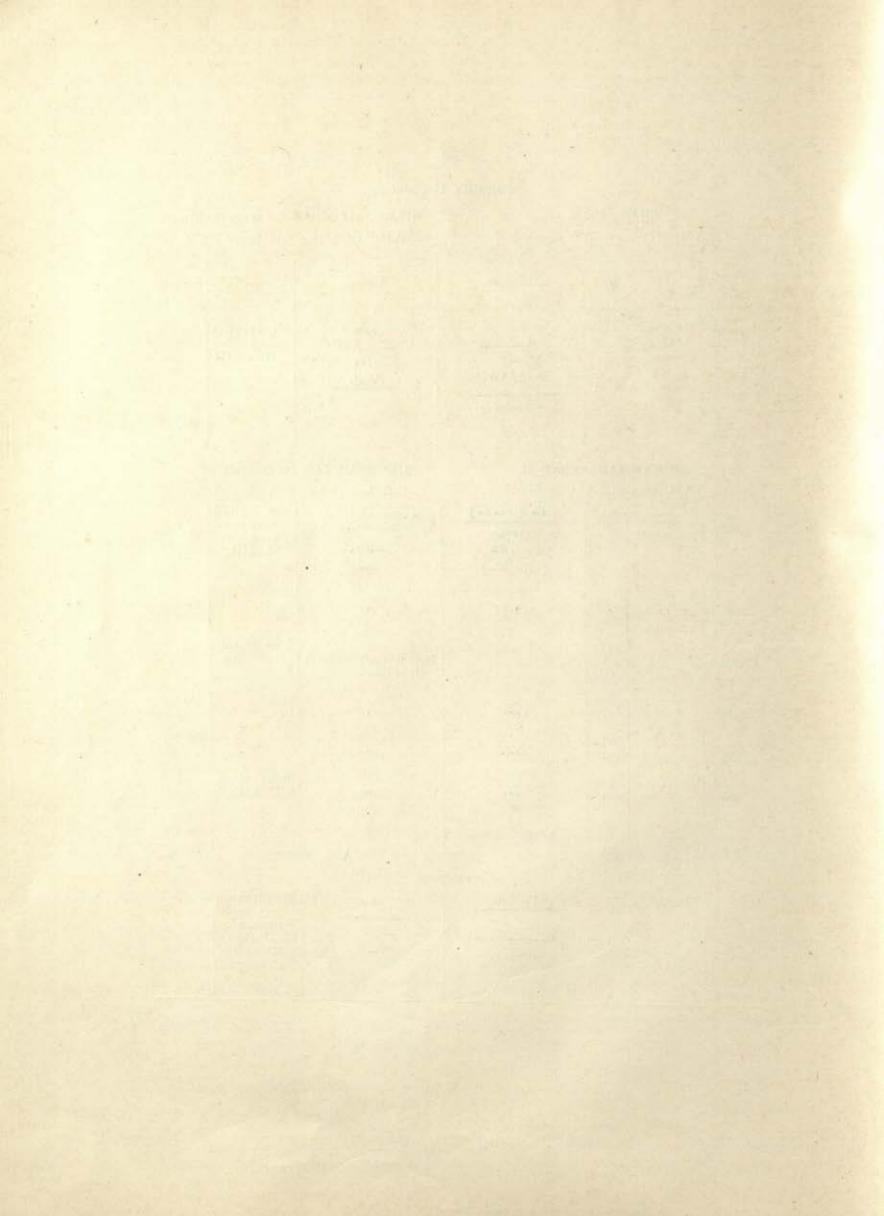
Date.

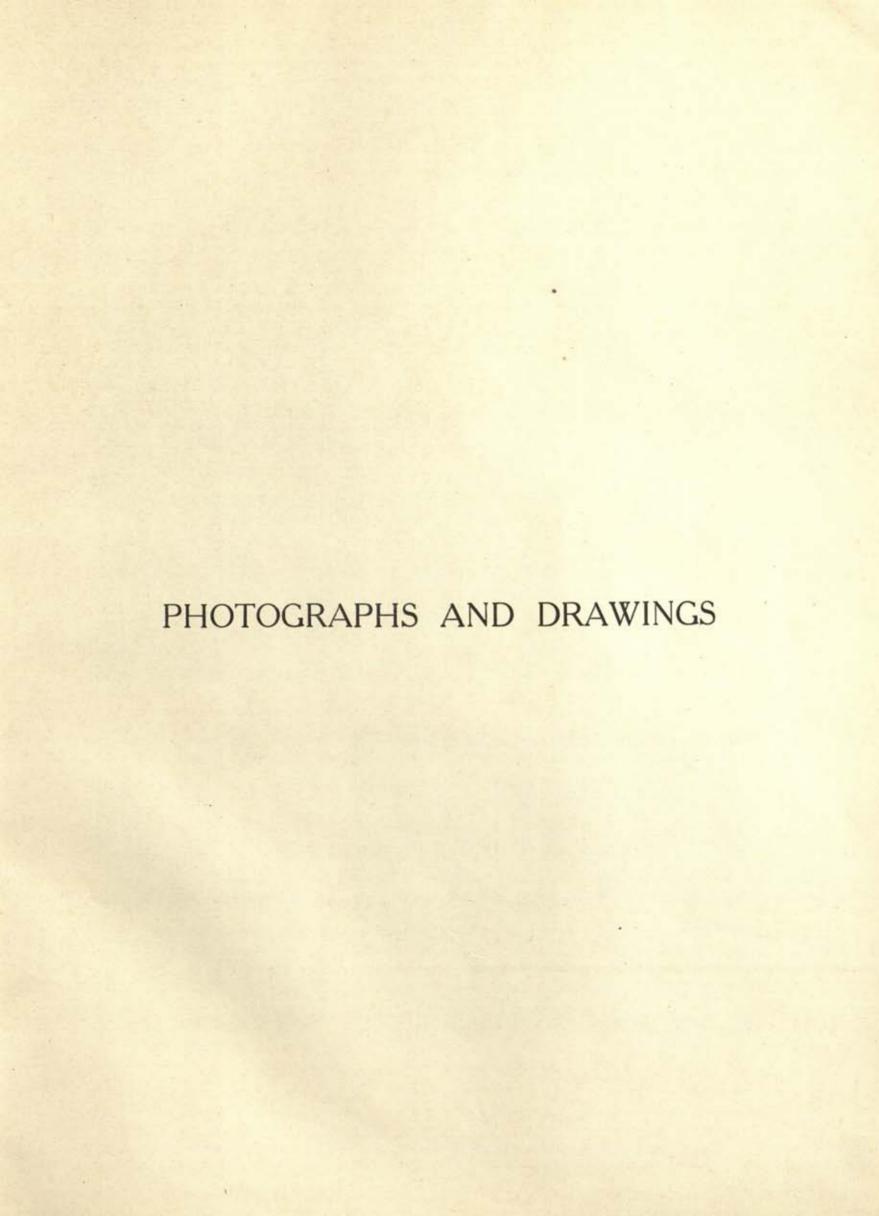
A.H. 1176-1218. A.D. 1763-1803.

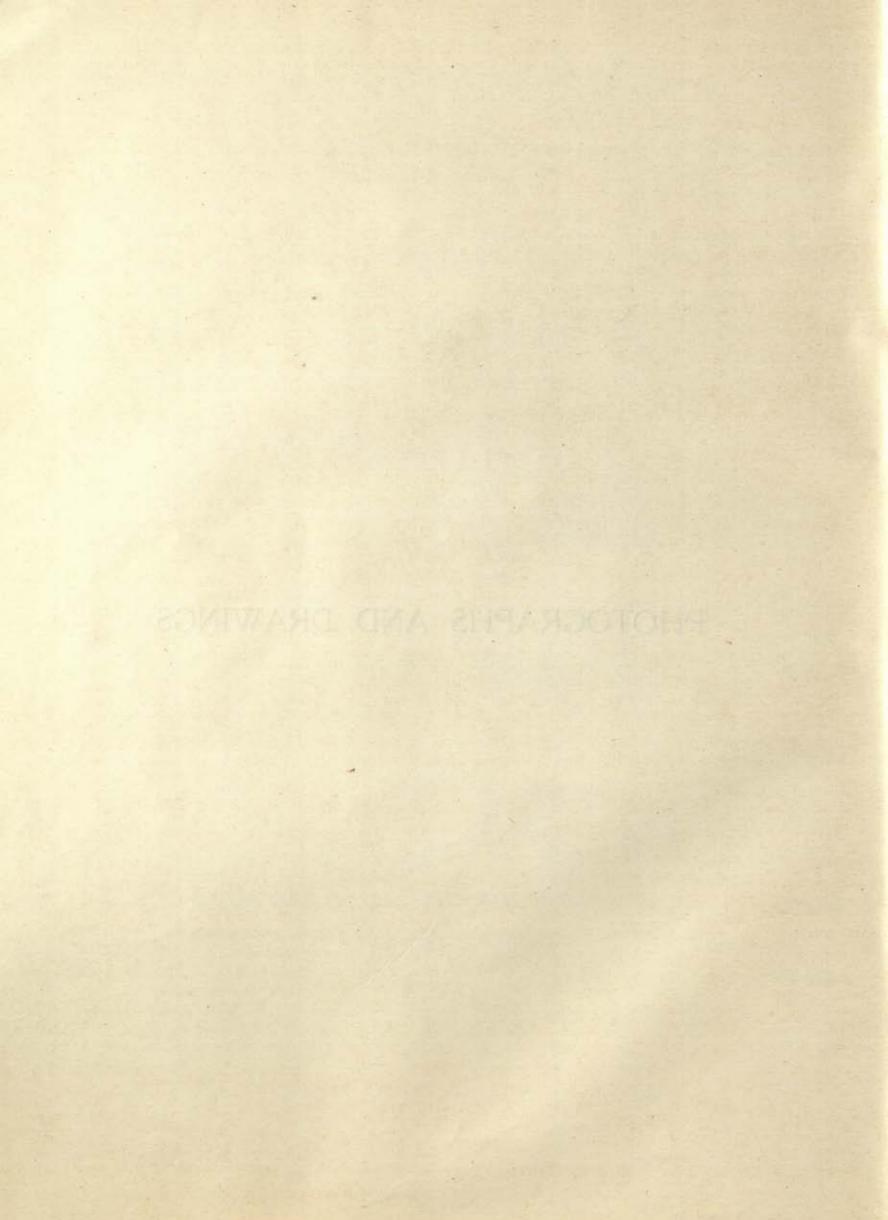
Remarks.

Sale price.

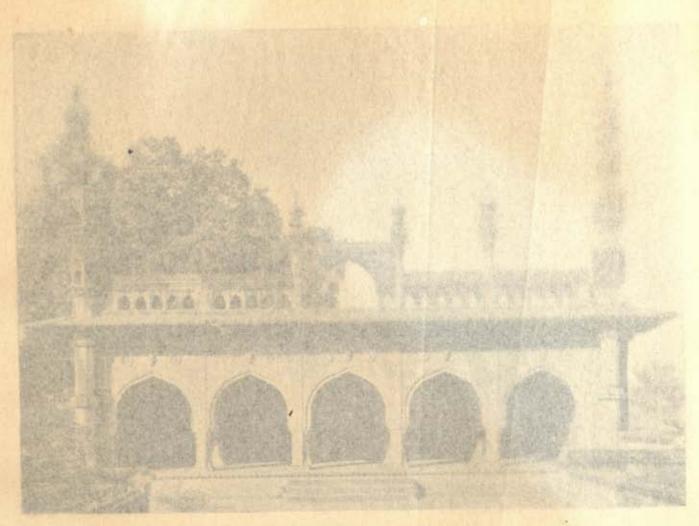
| AR 358 | Narayan- pet. | 1186 | به الم اله اله فاز مکه مهارک | جلوس میهنت ۱۱۸۹ دل شاد | Narayanpet sicca. See Plate XIII. | | | |
|-------------|------------------|------------|--|--|--|---------------|--|--|
| 359-60 | " | | , | " | ,, | Re. 1/8 each. | | |
| | MUHAMI | MAD A | KBAR II. | SIKANDAR JĀH | (of Ḥaidarābā | d) | | |
| | A.H. 1221- | -53. A | .D. 1806-37. | A.H. 1218-45. | A.D. 1803-29. | | | |
| 361 | | 6 | [محدد اکبر شاق] ۱۳۲۷ شاق فا [سکة عبارک] | میهانست سده جلوس | The sword mark on re- verse. See Pl. XIII. | | | |
| | | | [سکھ مبارک] | ، ضرب | | | | |
| 362 | | 6 | * | | a. | Re. 1/8 | | |
| 363 | | 7 (?) | ., | But the bracketed mark (!) in line 2. | Date (in bot- tom line) cut. | *** | | |
| 364 | ** | 1231 11 | irri | ï | ** | •• | | |
| 365 | ** | 1234 14 | i'me | 110 | | Re. 1/4 | | |
| 366 | ** | 1235 | ।?ro ज | 116 | Sugur sieca. Pl. XIII. | | | |
| 367 | | 14 | As on No. 36r. | ** | | Re. 1/4 | | |
| Unassigned. | | | | | | | | |
| 368 | | * | اکبر شاد [؟] فضل اله خضل اله که زد در جهان | ۰۰۰۰ میمد ت ۱۰۰۰ شو پ | The letters are very badly engraved. Cf. Punjab Museum Catalogue, p. 430, n. I. | | | |



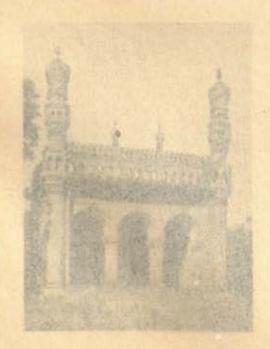




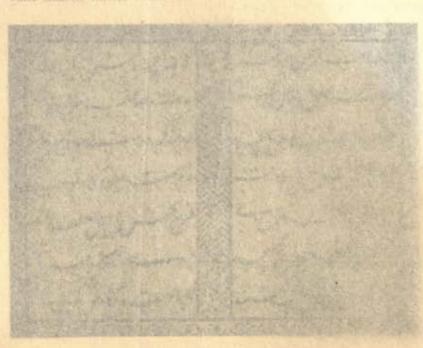
WEST SERVICE AND AND AND ADDRESS OF



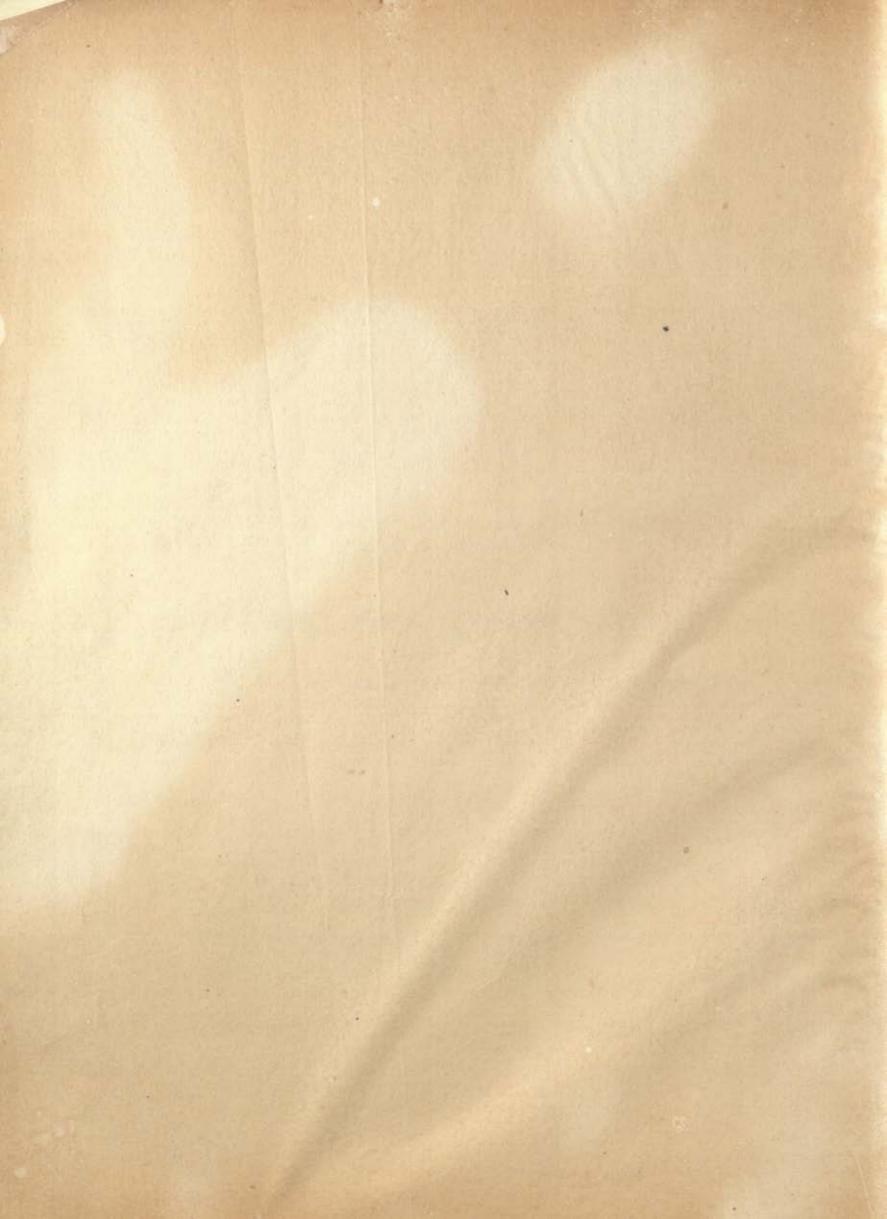
(a) JAMI MARIES BREOLI (NASIMBI)



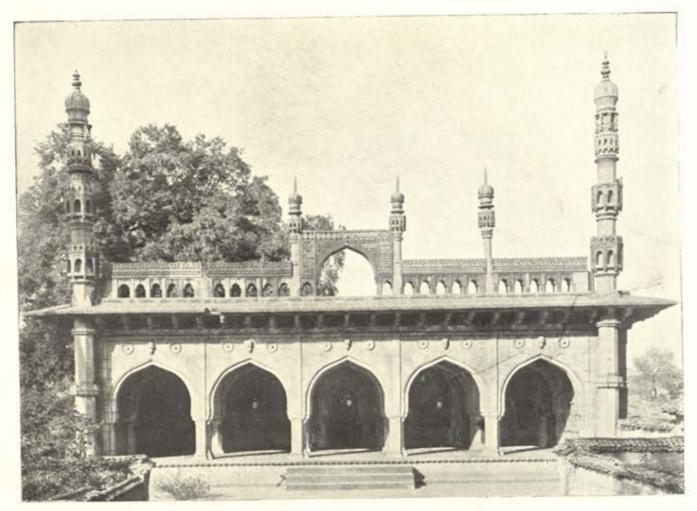
the Mangaratas Empared Officials.



of Inschierton in Jan Bassib, Print College



MUSLIM MONUMENTS. (QUTB SHAHI AND MUGHAL PERIODS).



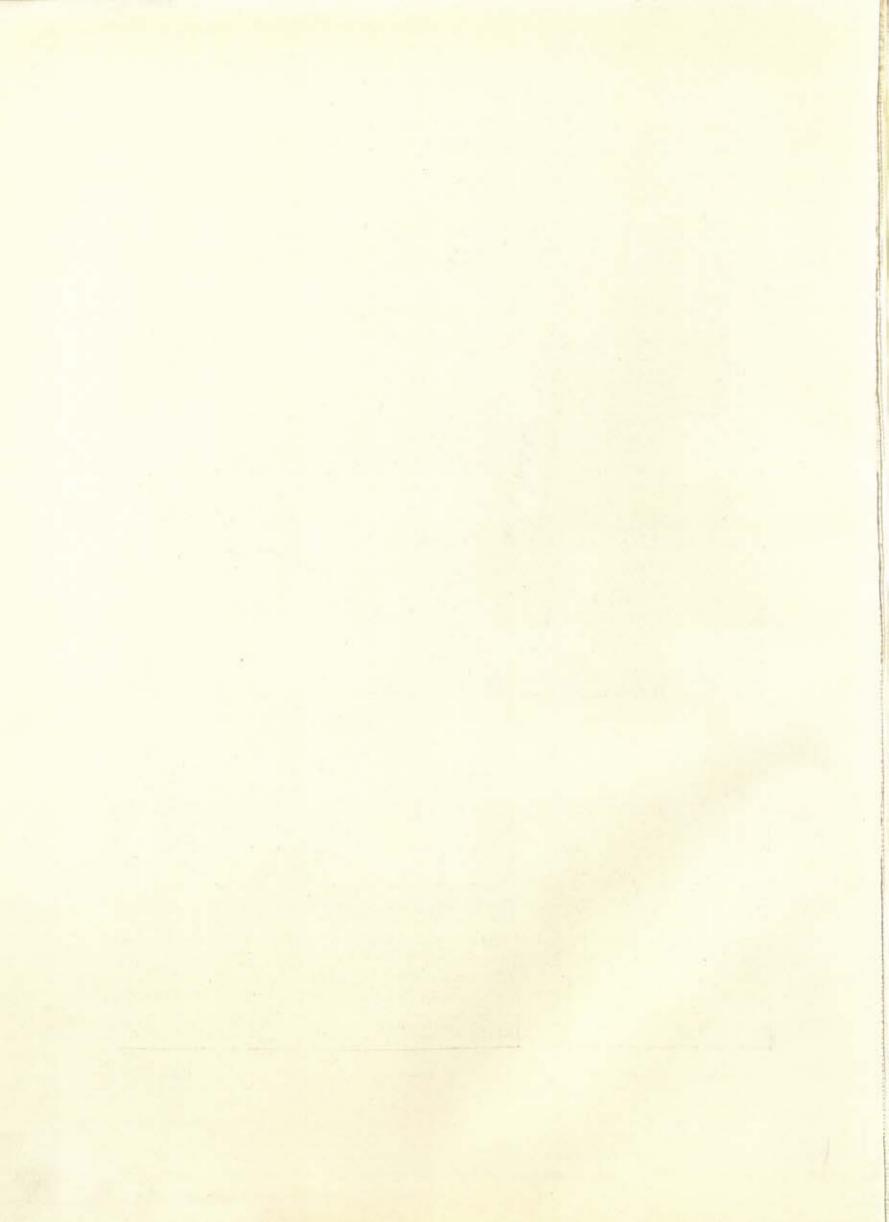
(a) Jami Masjid, Biloli (Nanded).

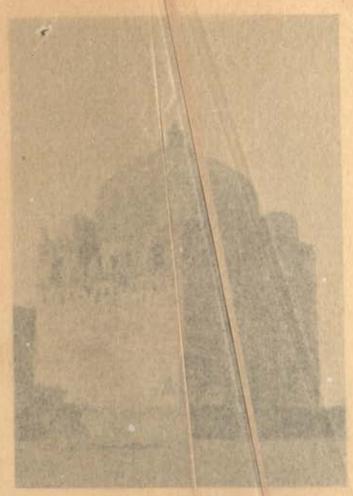


(b) Mosque at Komatur (Medak).

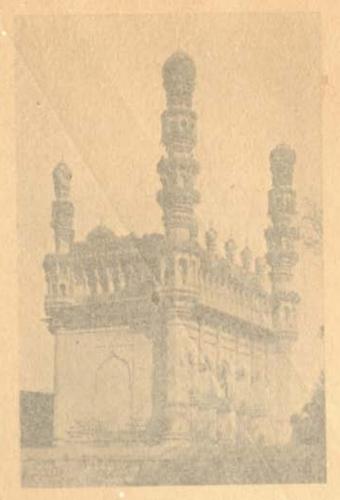


(c) Inscription in Jami Masjid, Biloli (Nanded).

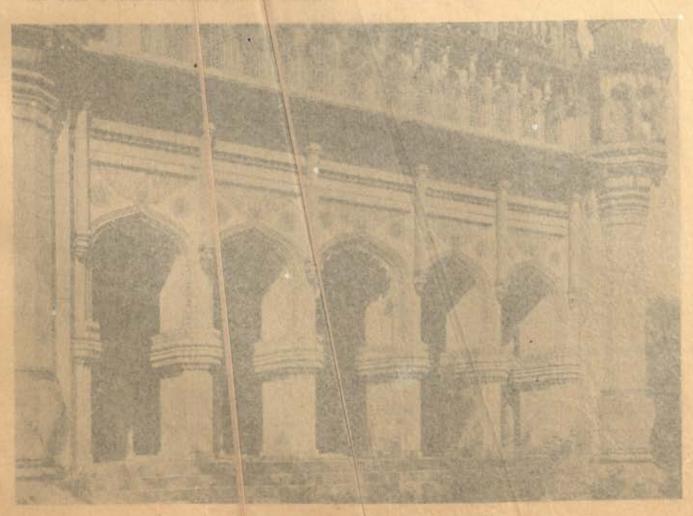




(al. Tone or Shan Lurery Lan, Tone of Shines



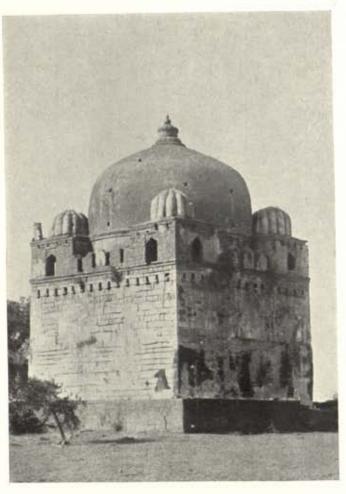
(A). TOLI MASSID, HYDRADAD, VIEW PROM S. E.

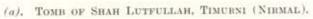


THE SAME, COLONIQUE, PRONT VIEW.



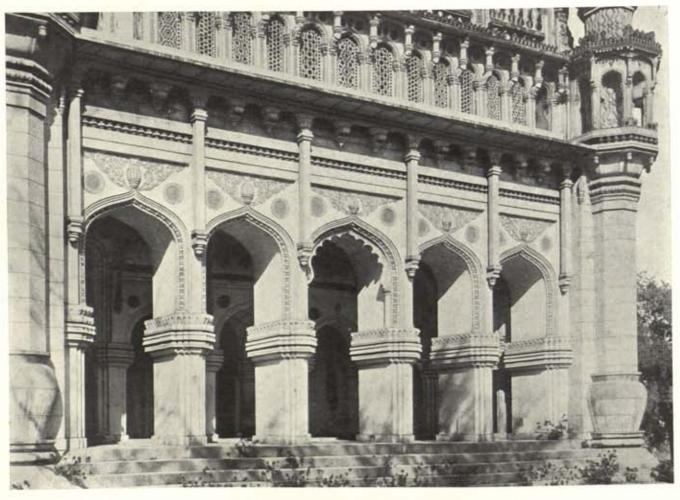
MUSLIM MONUMENTS-(CONTD).







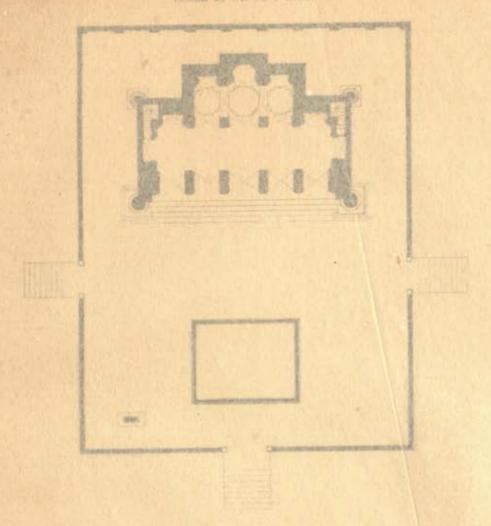
(b). Toli Masjid, Hydrabad, view from S. E.



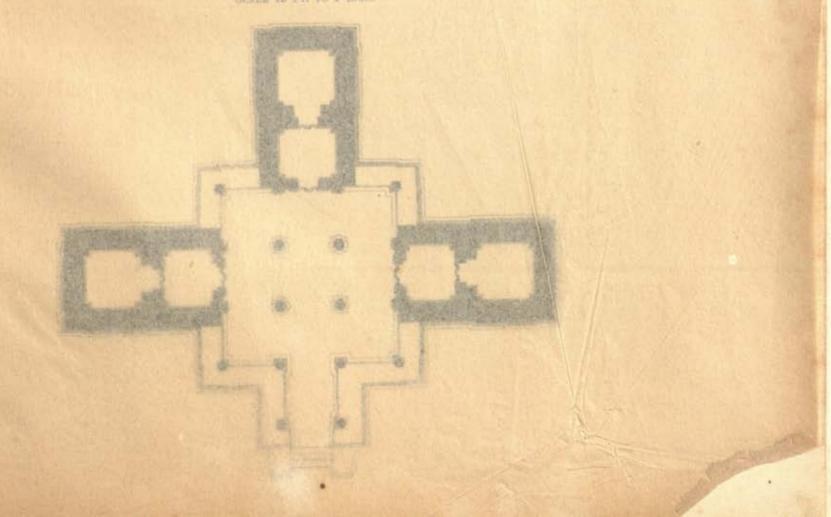
(c). The same, colonnade, front view.

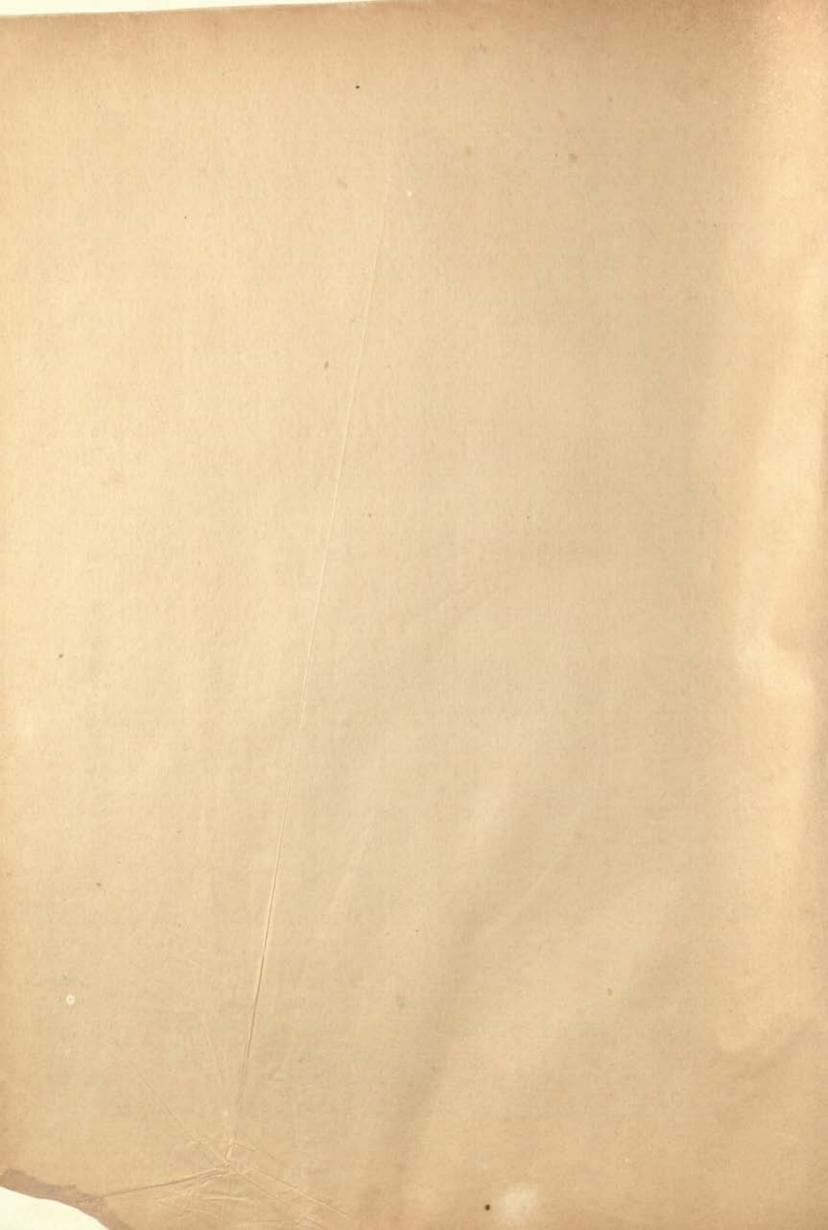


tor France with Tord Masser, Trushmanan . . Scale 24 st. to 1 ston.



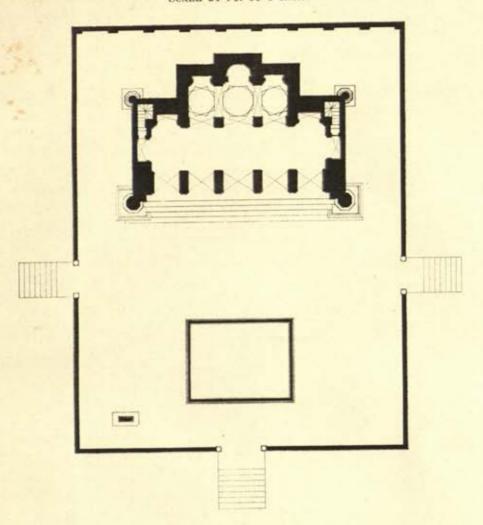
(5) FLAN OF THE TEMPLE AT UPPARPALLI (MARINESAULA). Scale 15 Pt. TO 1 1968.



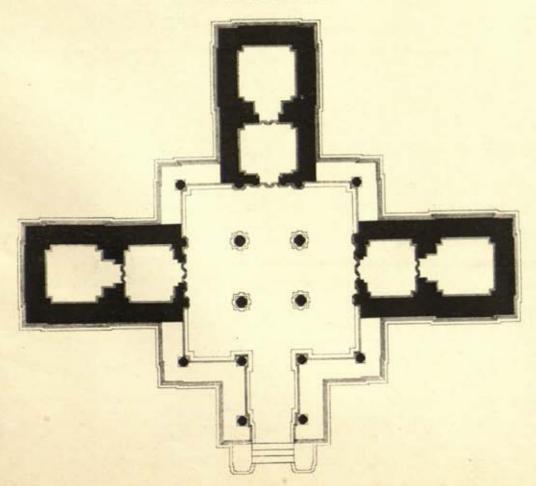


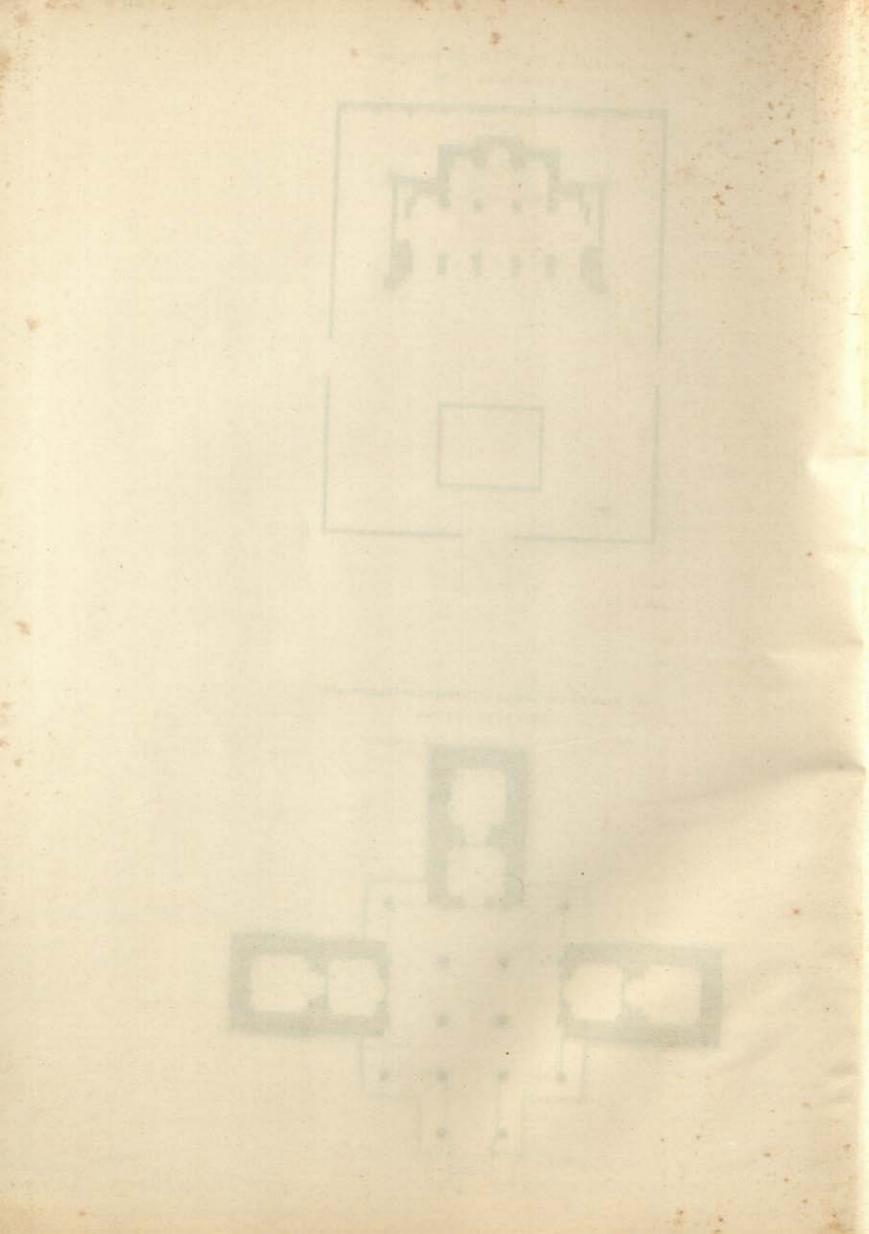
(a) PLAN OF THE TOLI MASJID, HYDERABAD.

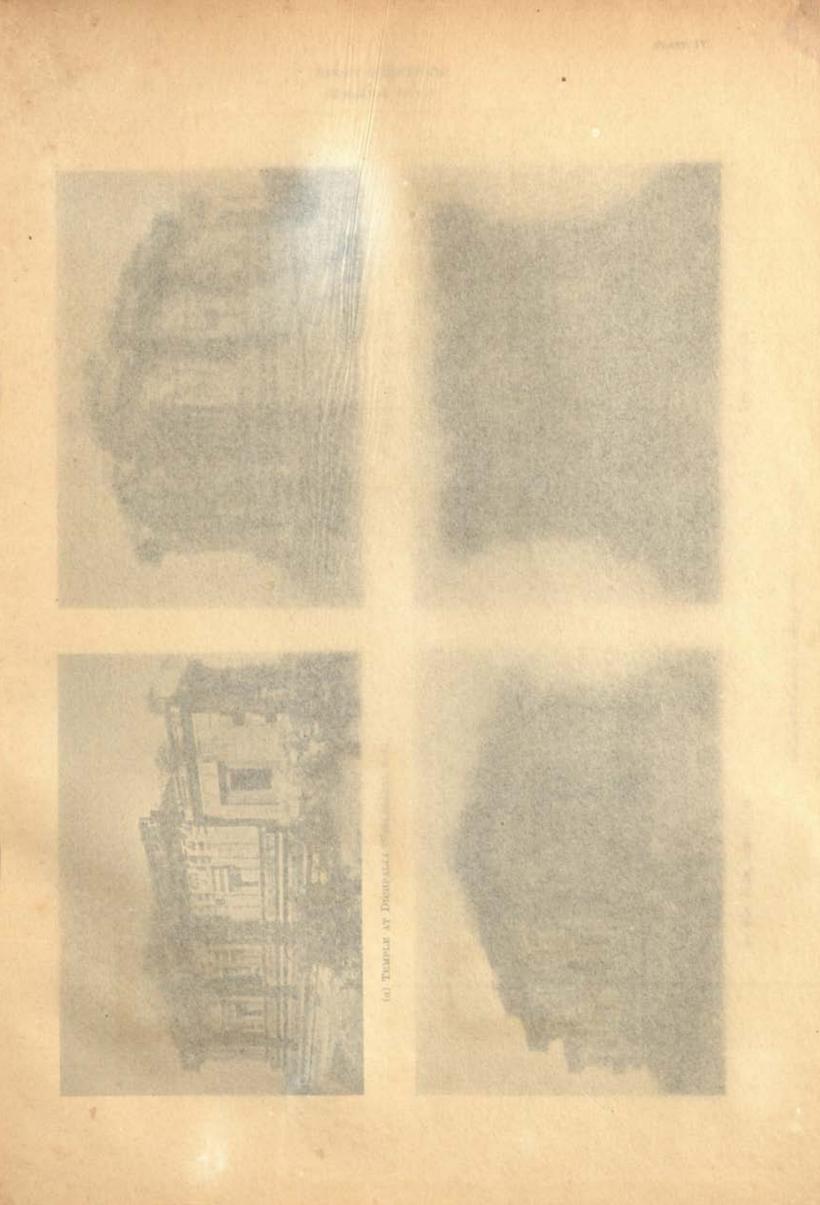
SCALE 24 FT. TO 1 INCH.



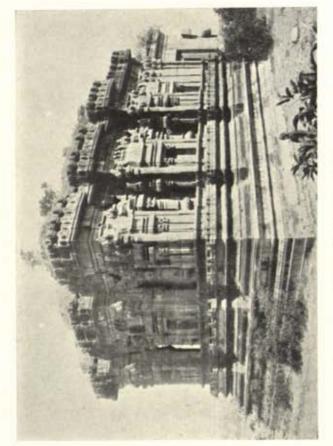
(b) PLAN OF THE TEMPLE AT UPPARPALLI (KARIMNAGAR). SCALE 15 FT. TO 1 INCH.



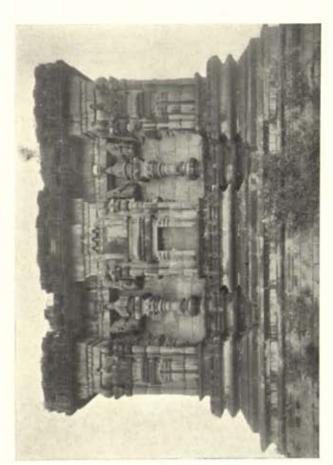




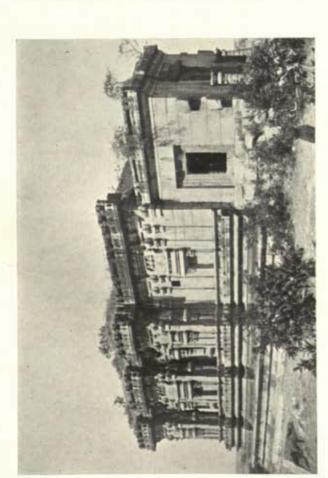




(b) THE SAME, FROM S. W.



(d) THE SAME, W.

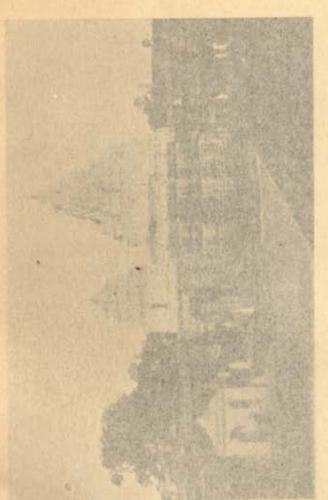


(a) TEMPLE AT DICHPALLI (NIZAMABAD), S. F.

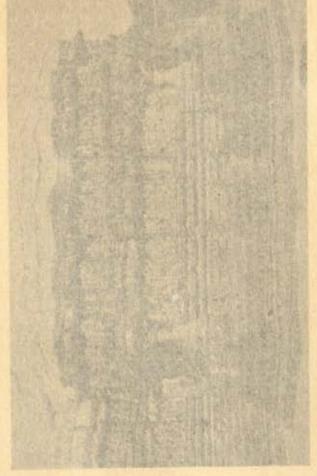


(c) THE SAME, FROM N. W.

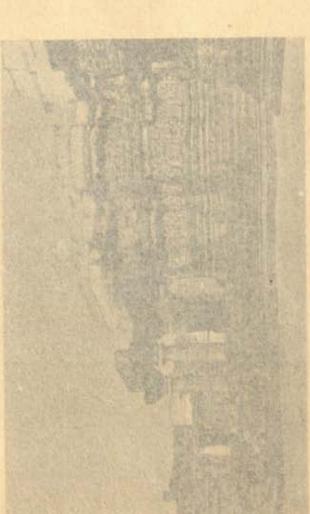




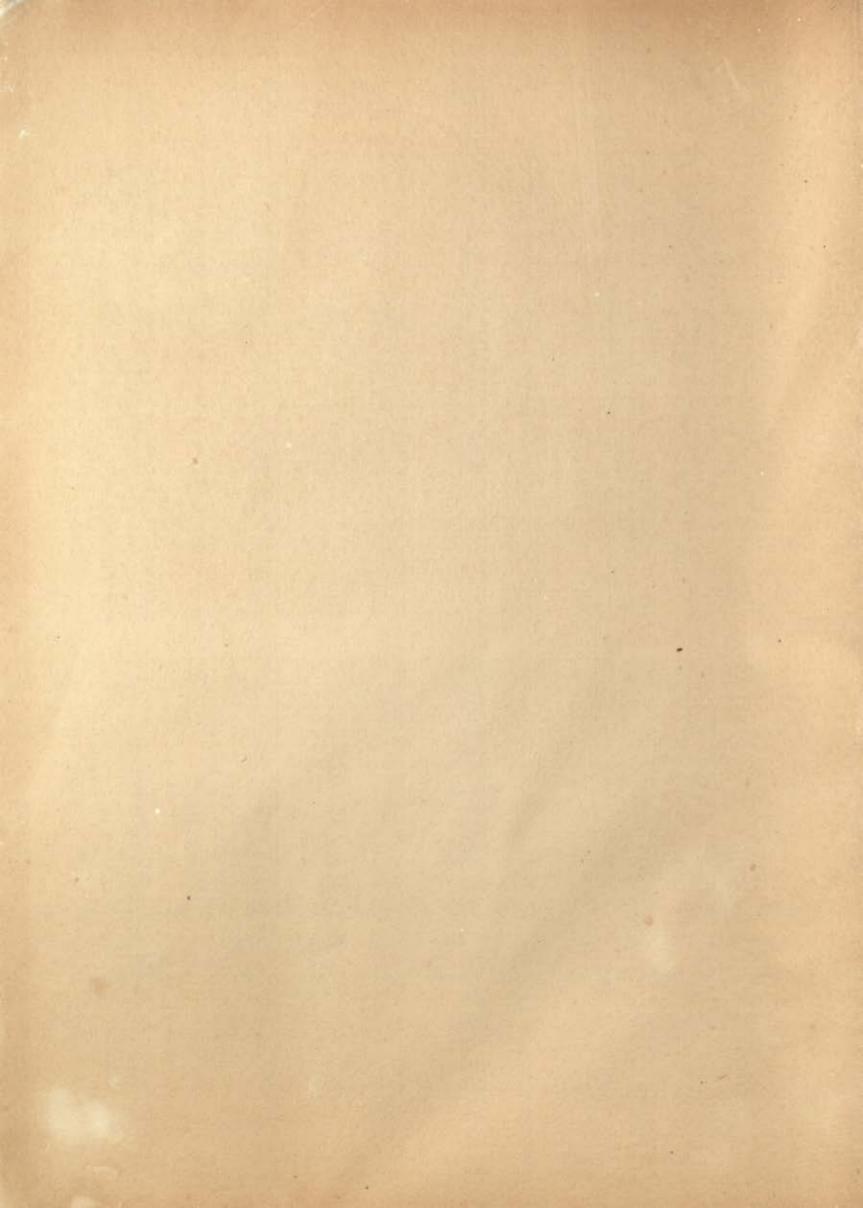
SKRANGTHE PERSONAL ADSDAR (PARRIAND). GESTICAL YOUR STRONG S. W.

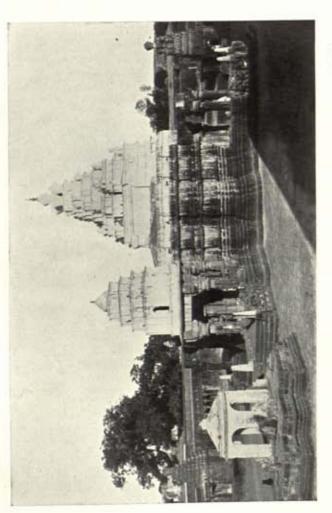


AN THE RAME SOUTHERN KIDS INVESTIGE HALLS.

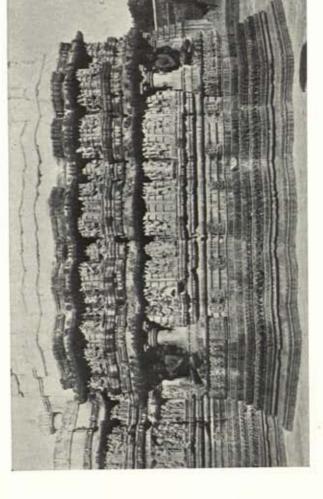


(b) The same southern stots (Westman Later).

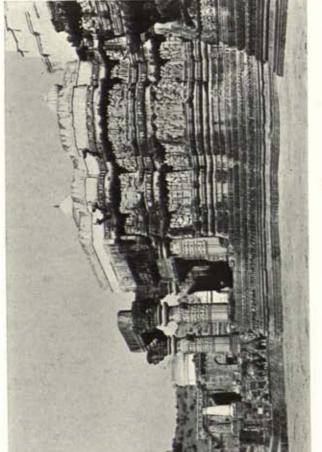




NAGANATHA TEMPLE, AUNDAH (PARBHANI). GENERAL VIEW FROM S. W.

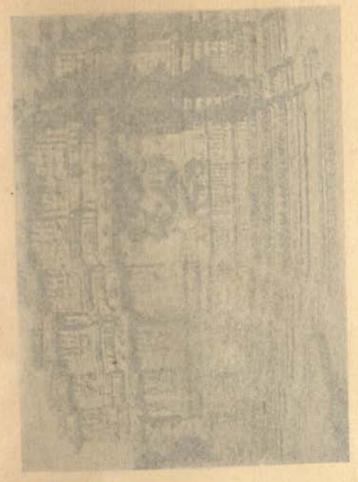


THE SAME, SOUTHERN SIDE (EASTERN HALP). (0)



THE SAME, SOUTHERN SIDE (WESTERN HALF).

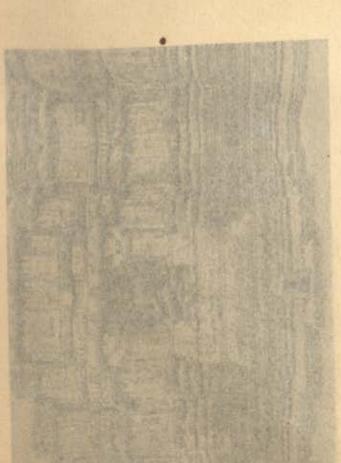




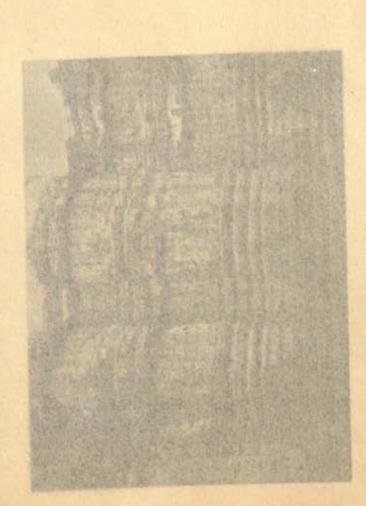
(b) THE HOUSE KANTERS WALL-

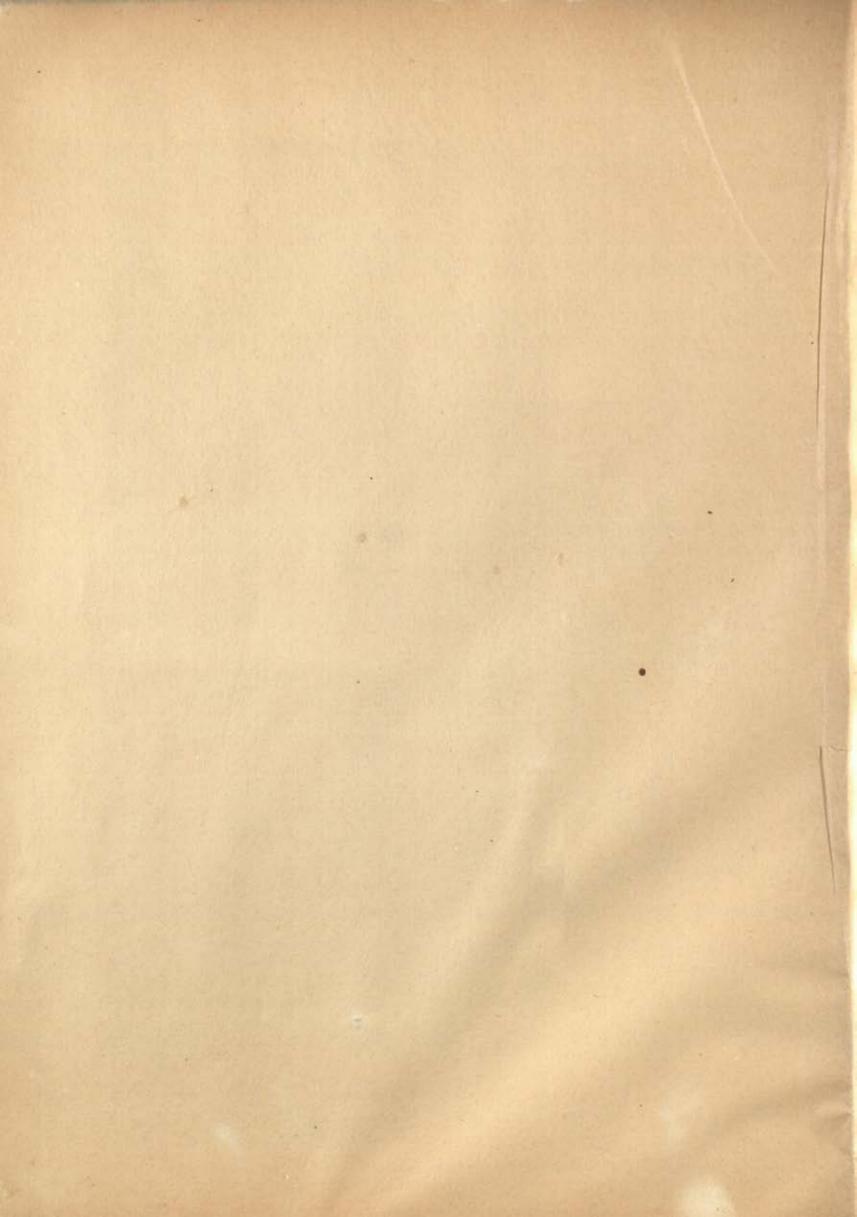


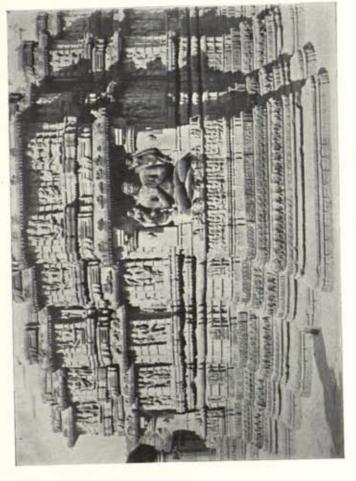
LAY THE SAME SOUTHBUR WALK (POSTION)



THE ROOM SOUTHERN WALL



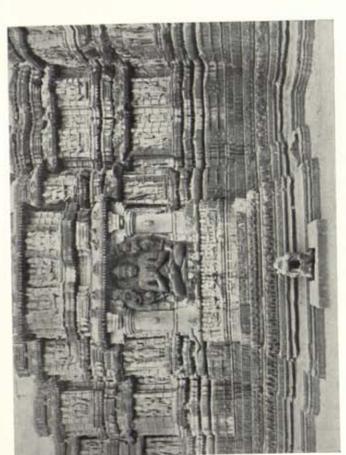




(b) The same, Eastern wall.

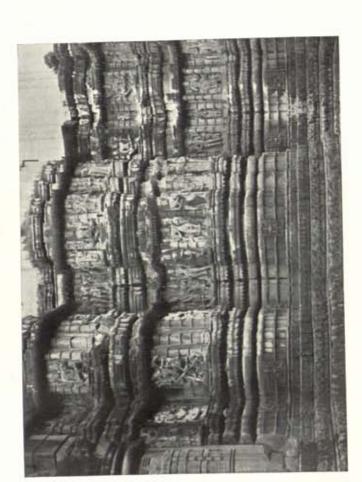


(d) The same, Southern wall (portion).



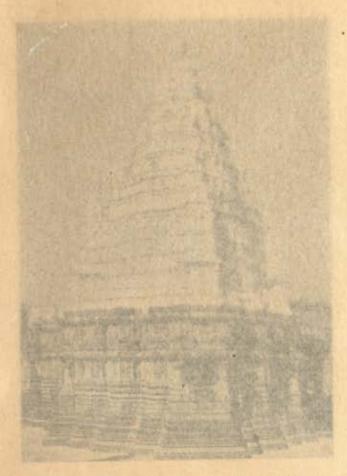
AUNDHA TEMPLE, DETAIL OF CARVING, NORTHERN WALL.

(1)



(c) THE SAME, SOUTHERN WALL.

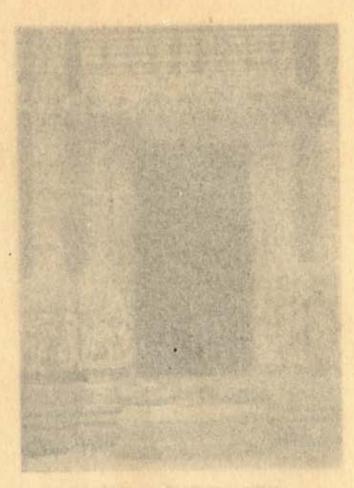




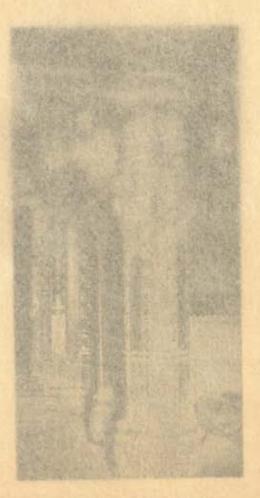
(a) AUNGRA TEMPLY, SIGNARY, CEPRE CONTION IS MODERNO.



(c) THE SAME, PROCESS OF THE PURPLE.



ON THE PARTY WAS LOUDE IN COMM.



IN THE PARTY STREET, SWITCHES IN HALL.





(a) Aunoha Temple, Sikhara, (Upper portion is modern).



(e) THE SAME, PILLARS OF THE PORTICO.

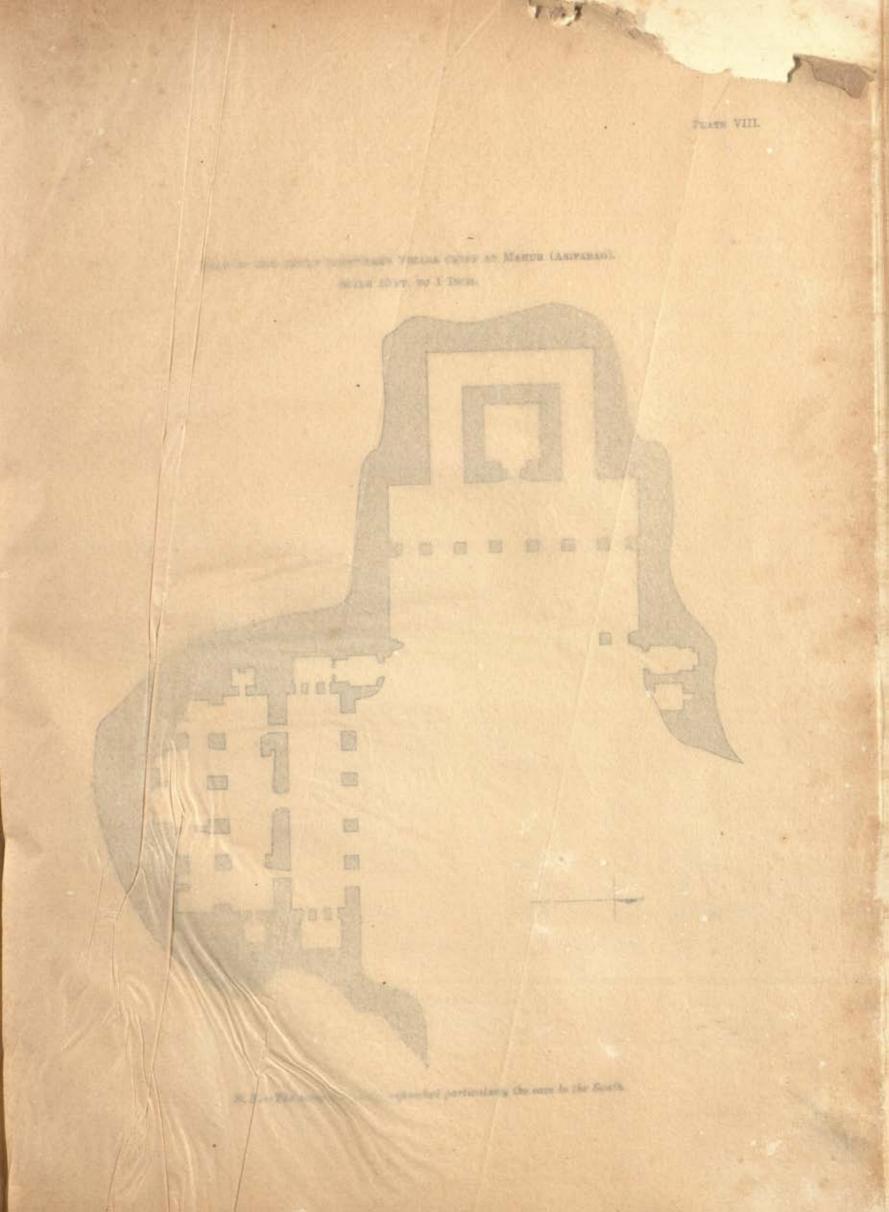


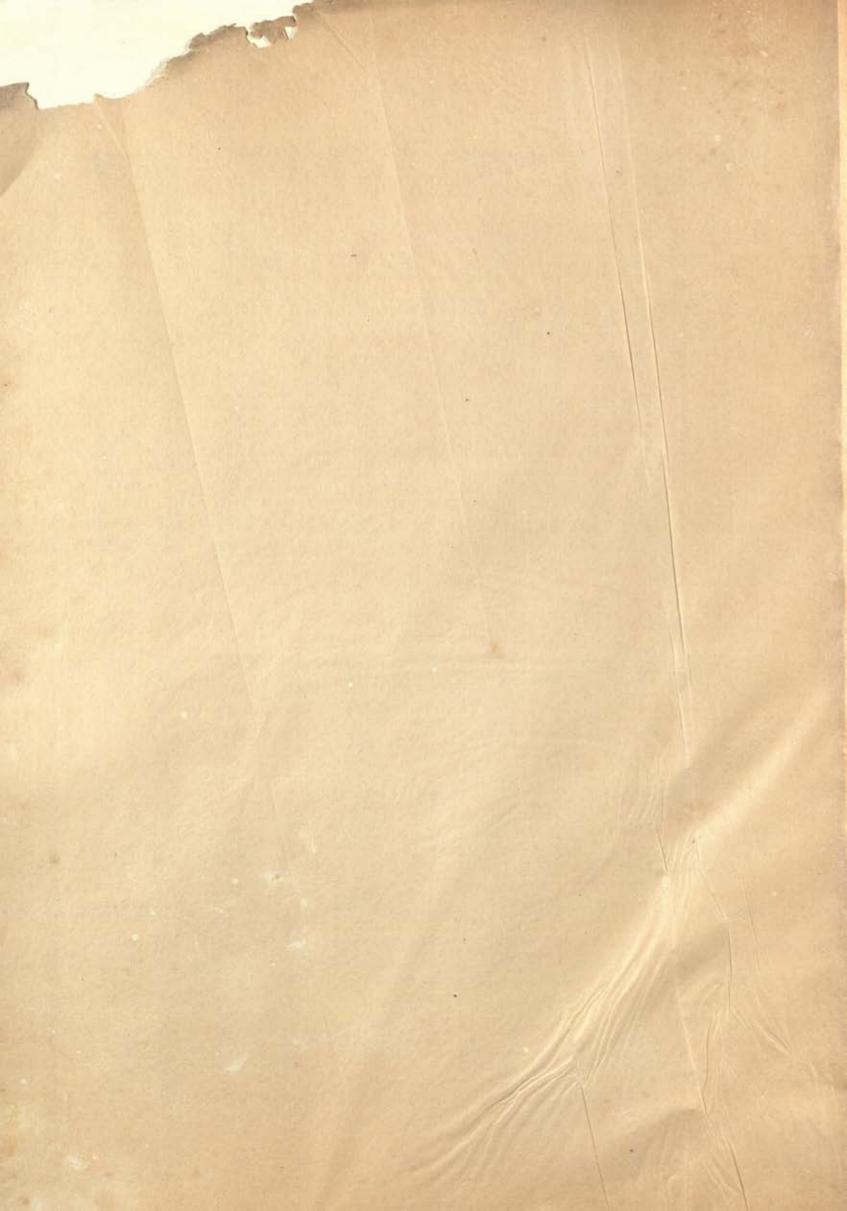
(b) The same, Northern doorway.



(d) The same, pillar in Hall.

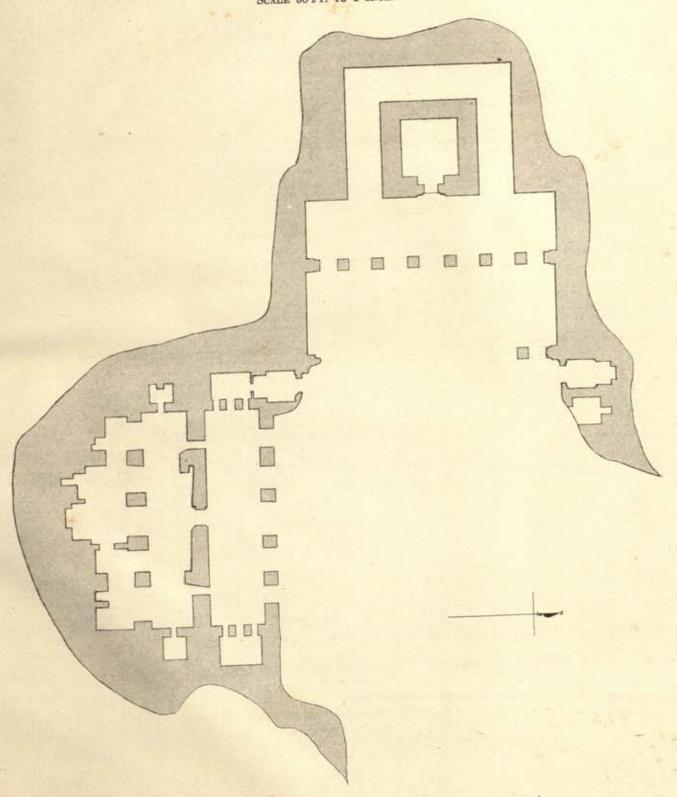






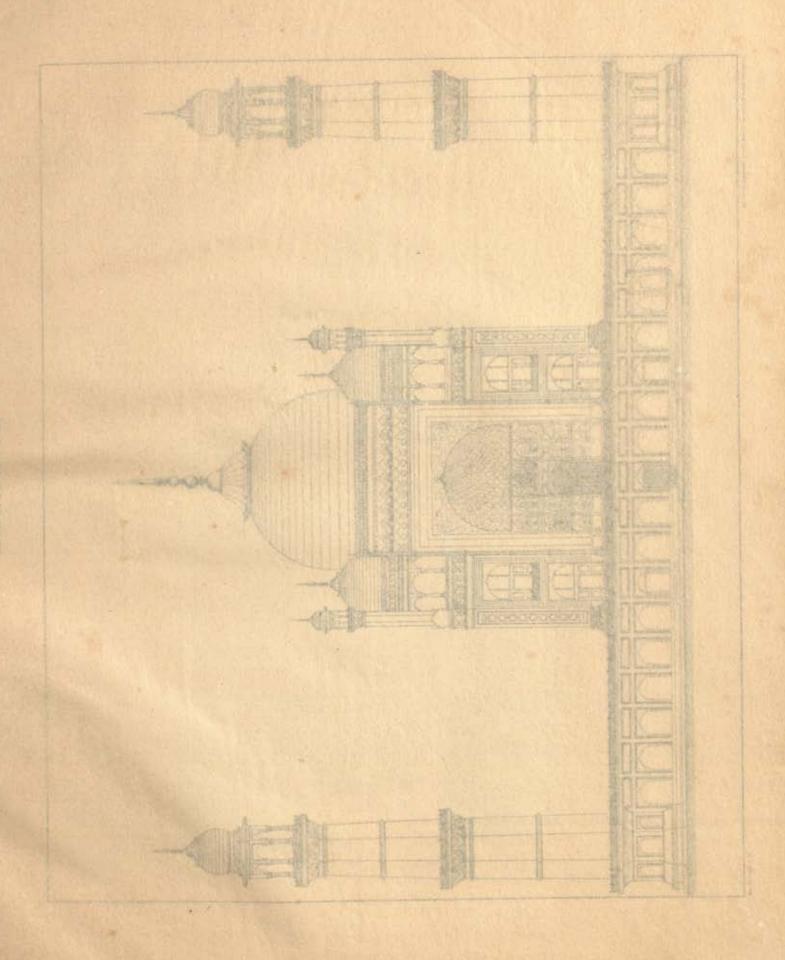
PLAN OF THE NEWLY DISCOVERED VIHARA CAVES AT MAHUB (ASIFABAD).

SCALE 30 FT. TO 1 INCH.



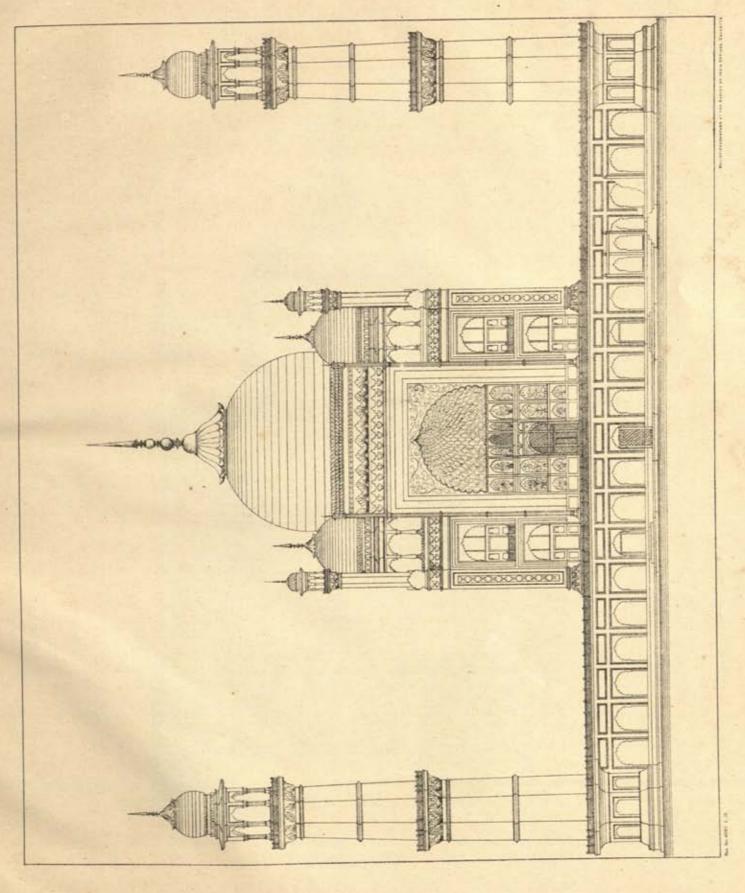
N. B .- The caves are partly unfinished particularly the cave to the South.

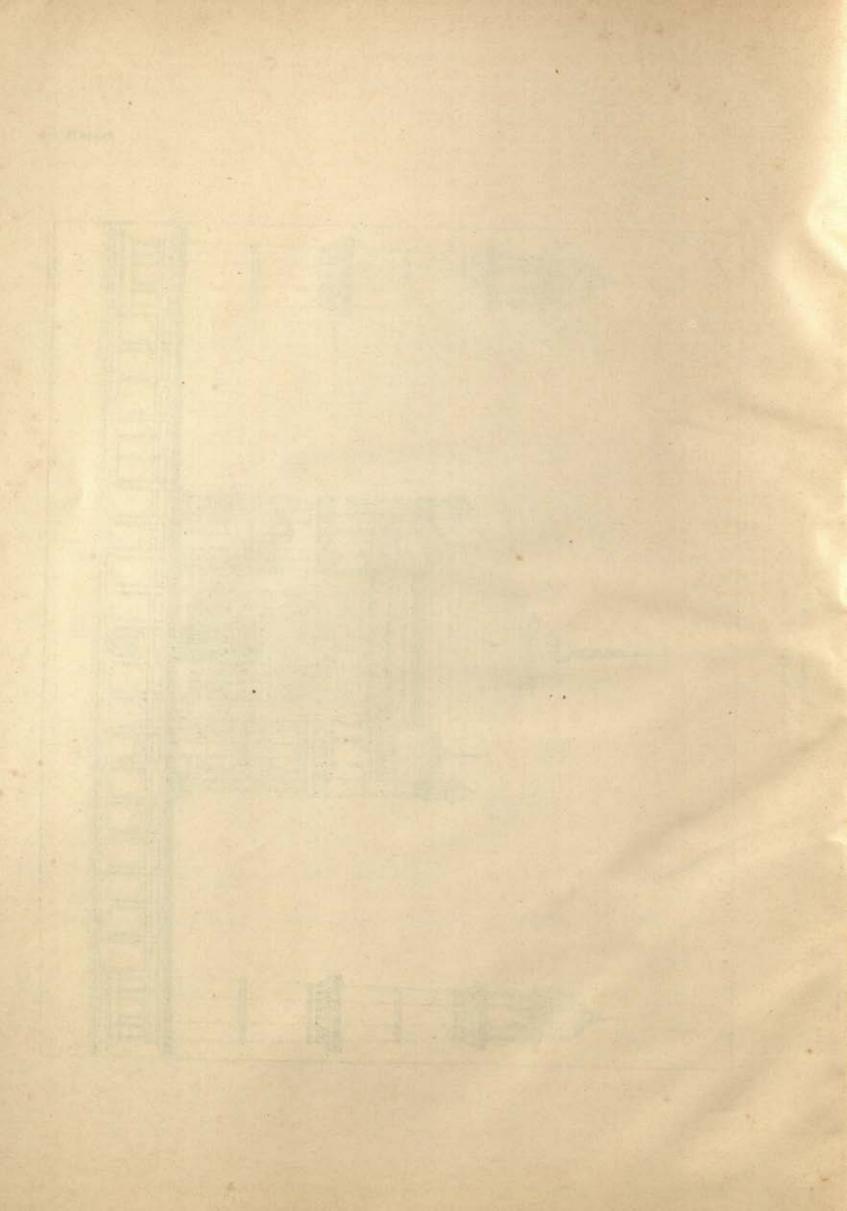




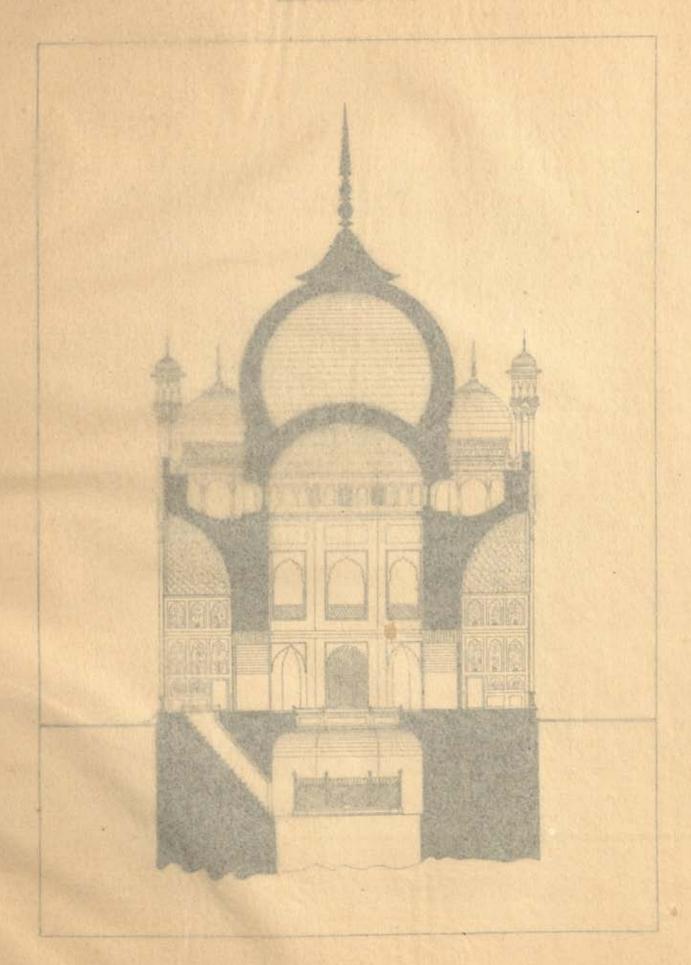
their Ka Magnard for Advention Beater the Prince P. exten.





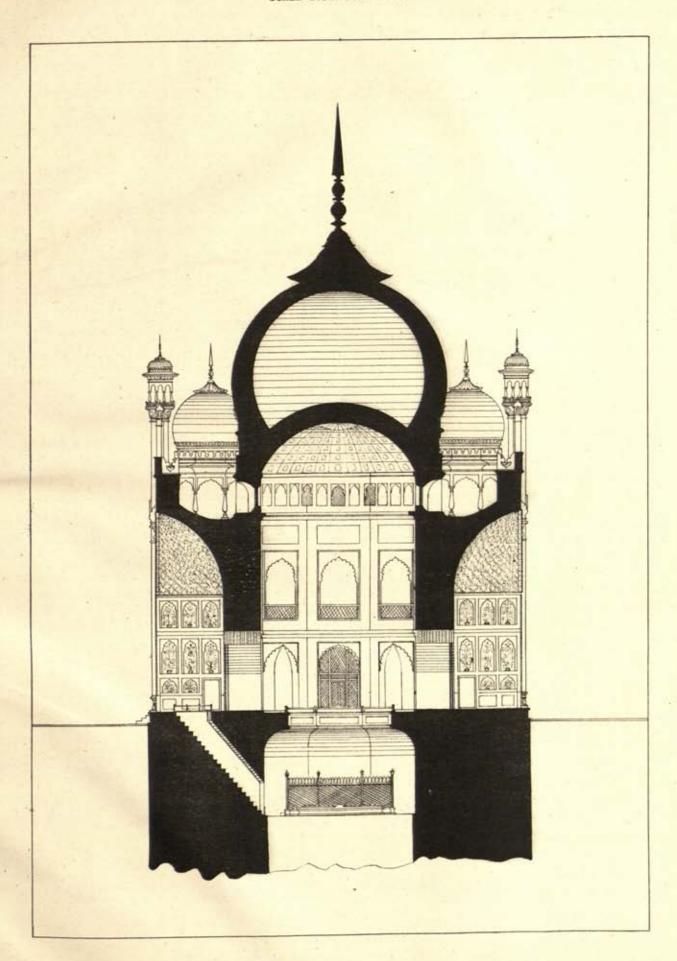


the sander, to 1 men.



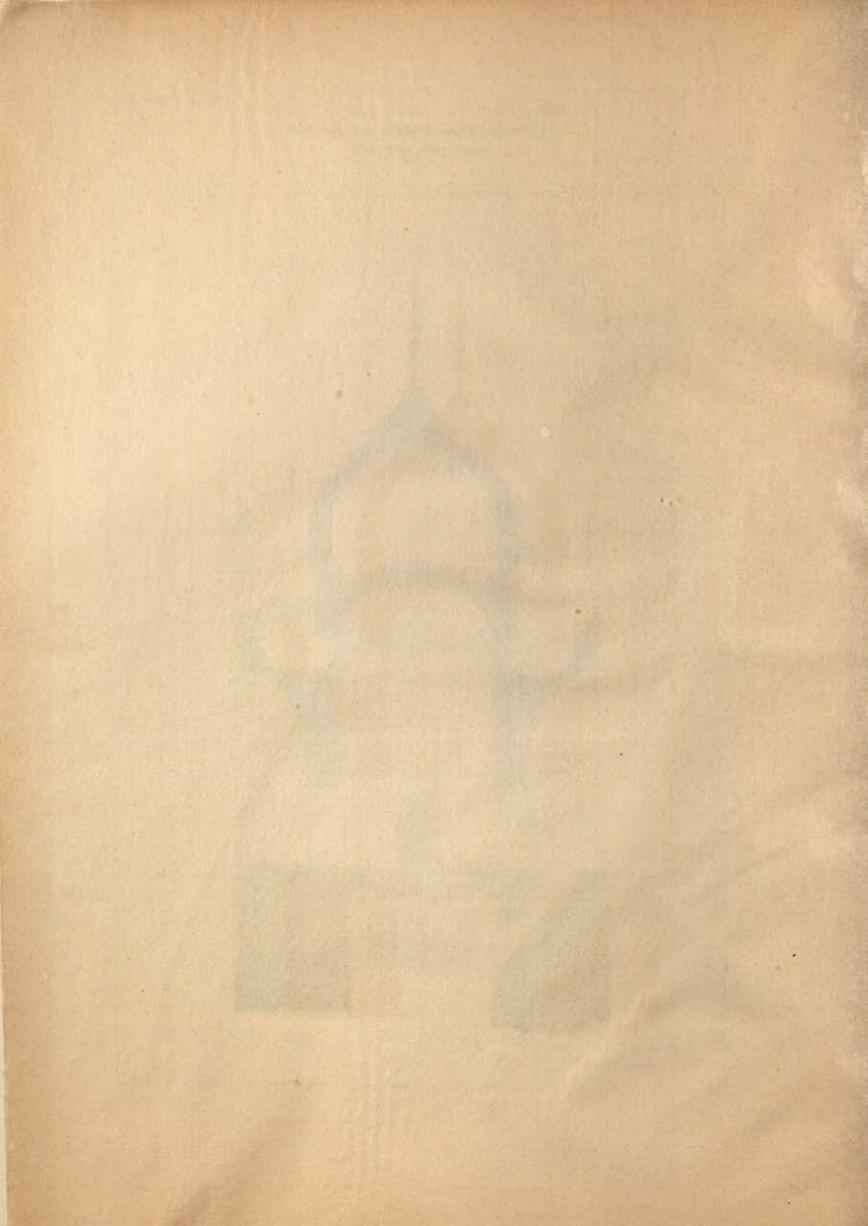


Section of Bibi ka Maqbara at Aurangabad Scale 20ft. to 1 inch.

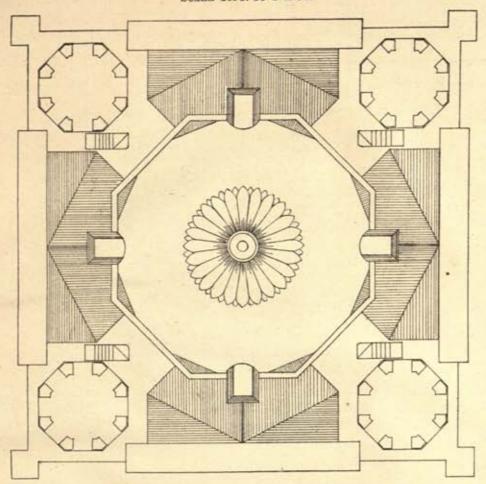


ALERS OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

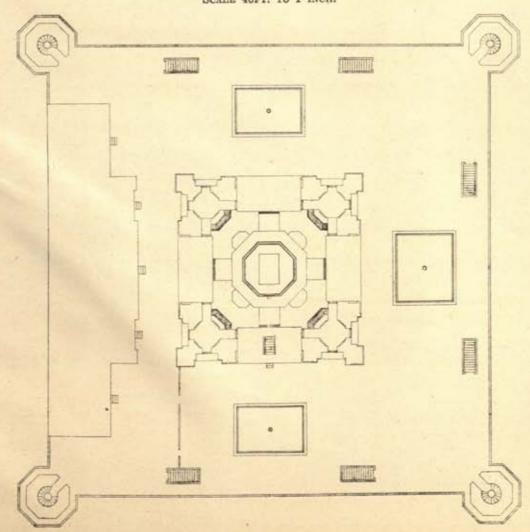


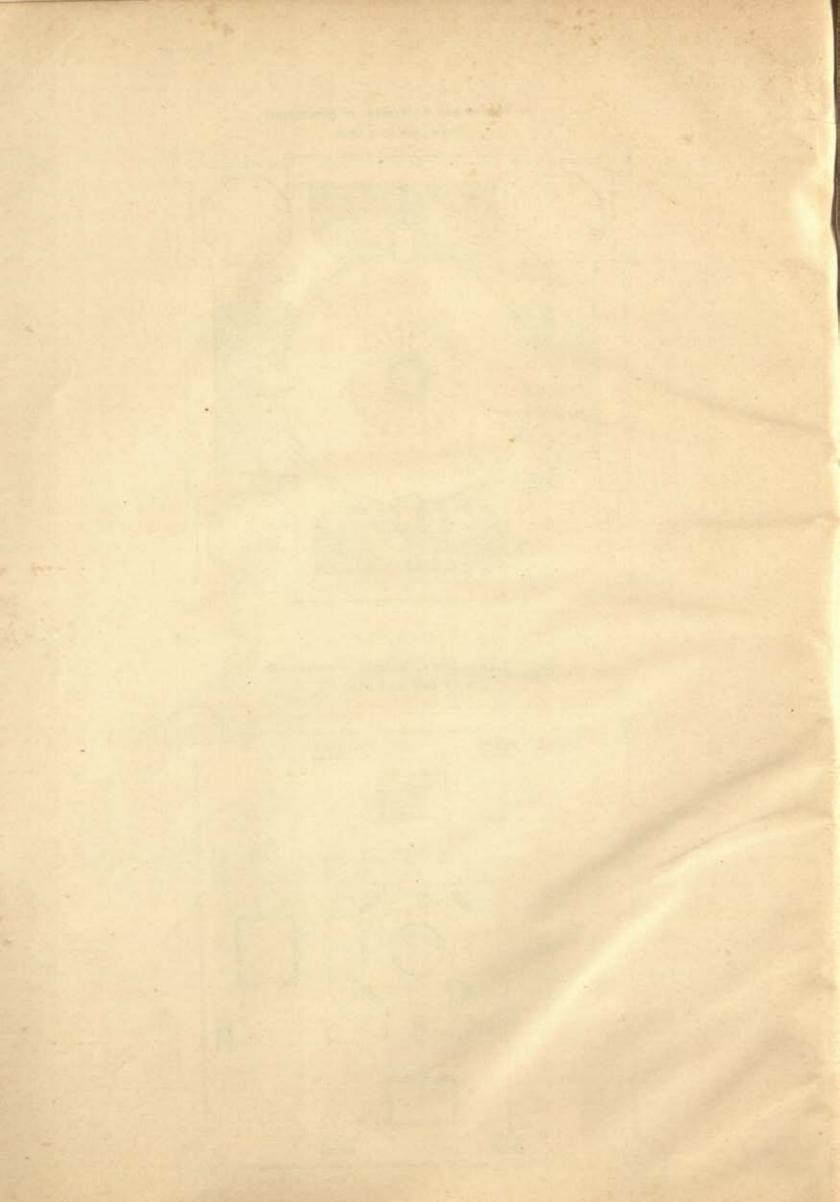


TOP PLAN OF BIBI KA MAQBARA AT AURANGABAD. SCALE 16FT. TO 1 INCH.



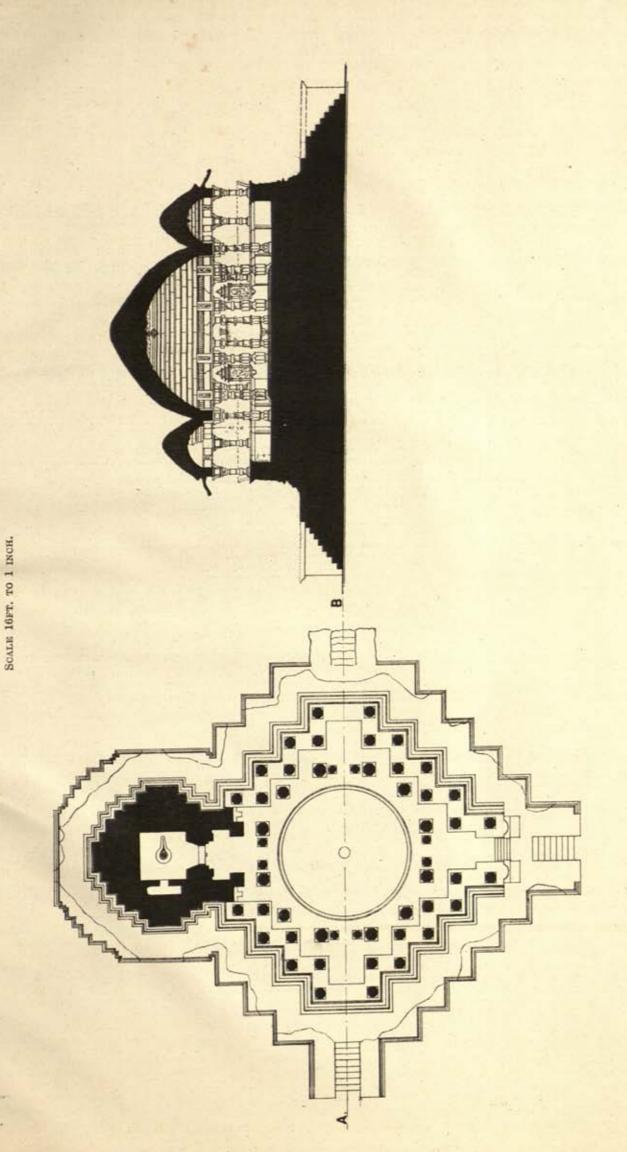
GROUND PLAN OF BIBI KA MAQBARA AT AURANGABAD. SCALE 40FT, TO 1 INCH.



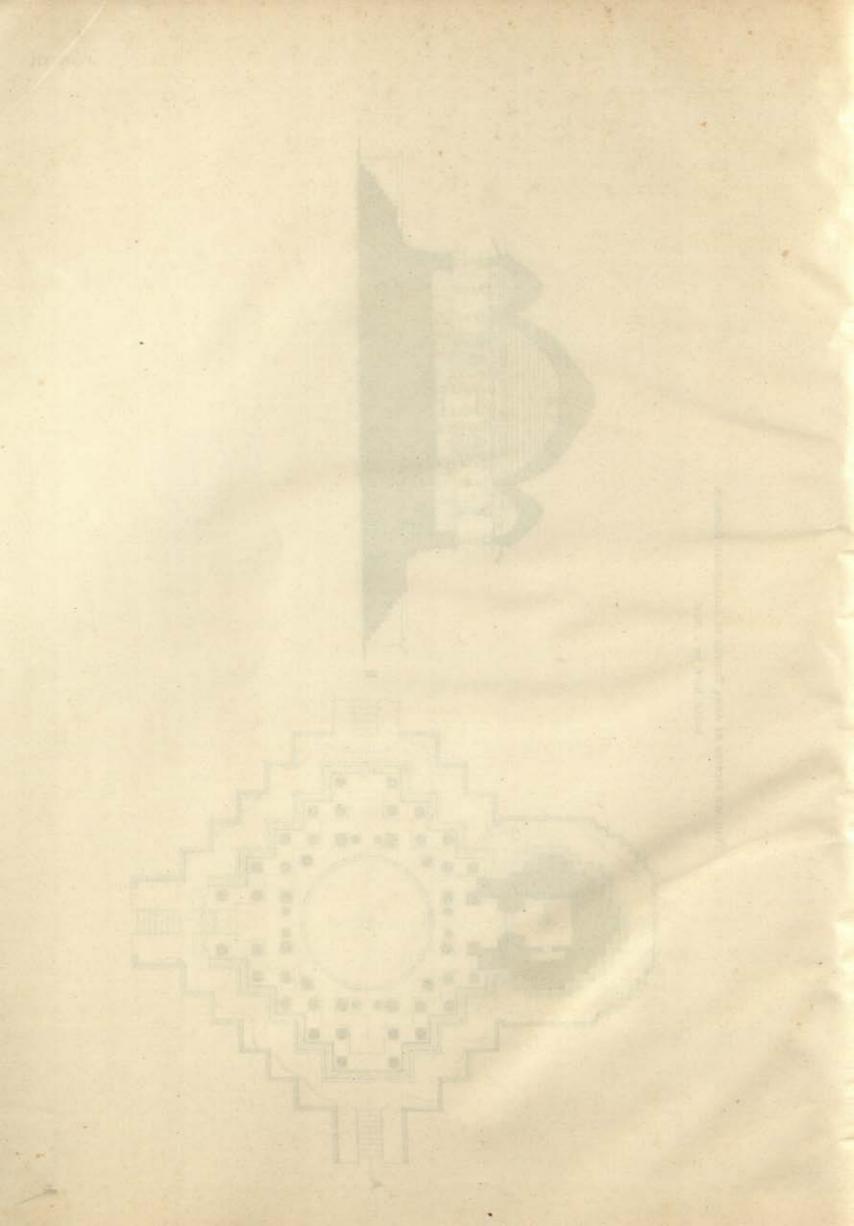








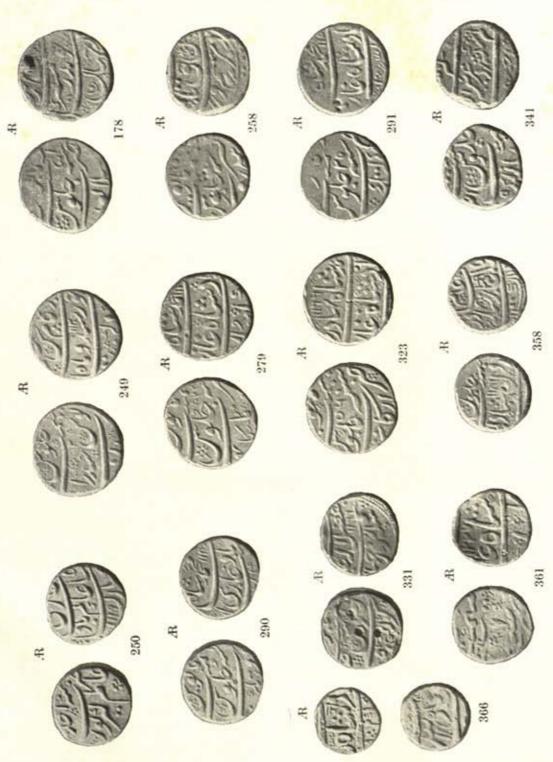
PLAN AND SECTION OF ANWA TEMPLE IN AURANGABAD DISTRICT.





178—Adras Guzeri, 249—Kām Barheri, 250—Shām 'Ālan; 268—Farnutheryar, 279 299 and 291—412 areas and 391—Arman Shām; 341—'Alanche II; 358—Shām 'Ālan II (or Nazam An Kara an Hadenbard) 361 and 360—Meramman Arman II (or Shandara dan of Hydenbard)





178—Апранския; 249—Кам Вакнян; 250—Shāн 'Ālam; 258—Farrukhsiyar; 279, 290 and 291—Миңаммар Shāн; 323 and 331—Аңмар Shāн; 341—'Ālamgir II; 358—Shāн 'Alam II (or Nizām 'Ali Khān of Hyderabad); 361 and 366—Миңаммар Аквак II (or Sirandar Jān of Hyderabad).







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