

Premature mortality from noncommunicable disease



- 12.5% relative reduction in mortality due to NCDs from 2016 to 2020 and 25% relative reduction by 2025

Harmful alcohol use



- 5% relative reduction in harmful use of alcohol from 2016 to 2020 and 10% relative reduction by 2025

Physical inactivity



- 5% relative reduction in prevalence of physical inactivity by 2020 and 10% relative reduction by 2025

Sodium intake



- 15% relative reduction of mean salt intake from 2016 to 2020 and 30% relative reduction by 2025

Tobacco use



- 25% relative reduction in tobacco consumption by 2020 and 30% relative reduction by 2025

Raised blood pressure



- 10% relative reduction in prevalence of high blood pressure by 2020 and 25% relative reduction by 2025

Diabetes and obesity



- 10% reduction in prevalence of diabetes by 2025

- 10% reduction in prevalence of obesity by 2025

Drug therapy to prevent heart attacks and strokes



[no target]

Essential noncommunicable disease medicines and basic technologies to treat major noncommunicable diseases



- By 2025, 80% availability of affordable basic technologies and essential medicines, including generics, required to treat NCDs in both public and private health facilities