

Singapore



Economic impact of overweight and obesity

In 2019, the economic impact of overweight and obesity was estimated to be US\$3.6 billion. This is equivalent to US\$620 per capita and 1% of GDP. Direct costs and indirect costs made up 18.9% and 81.1% of total costs respectively.

By 2060, economic impacts are predicted to increase to US\$58.23 billion. This is equivalent to US\$9295 per capita and 2.1% of GDP, and represents a 16-fold increase in total costs.

Breakdown of economic costs over time (standard model)

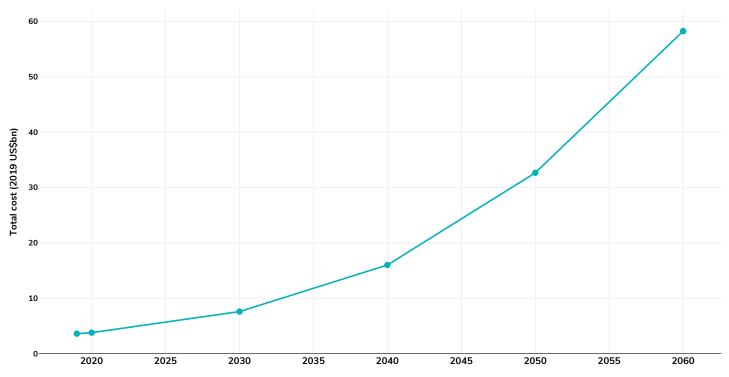
	2019	2030 (projected)	2060 (projected)
Total economic cost (direct + indirect costs):	\$3.6bn	\$7.59bn	\$58.23bn
Total economic cost as % of GDP:	0.96%	1.41%	2.09%
Total economic cost per capita:	\$620	\$1,211	\$9,295
Total direct costs:	\$0.68bn	\$1.06bn	\$2.65bn
Direct medical costs:	\$0.68bn	\$1.05bn	\$2.64bn
Direct-non-medical costs:	\$0bn	\$0bn	\$0bn
Total indirect costs:	\$2.92bn	\$6.53bn	\$55.59bn
Premature mortality costs:	\$1.97bn	\$5.05bn	\$50.36bn
Absenteeism costs:	\$0.49bn	\$0.76bn	\$2.7bn
Presenteeism costs:	\$0.46bn	\$0.72bn	\$2.53bn

All figures are in US\$

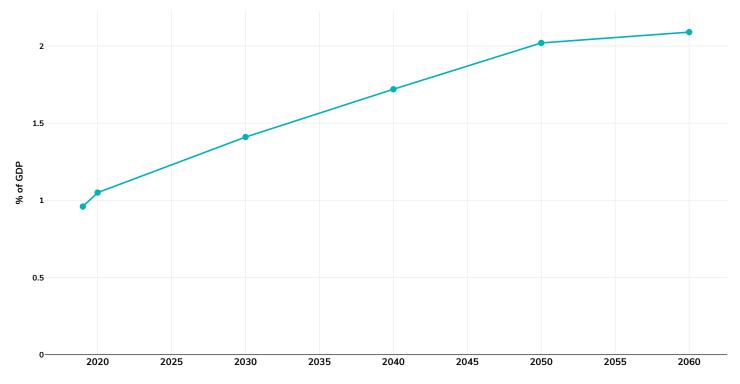


Trend graphs (standard model)

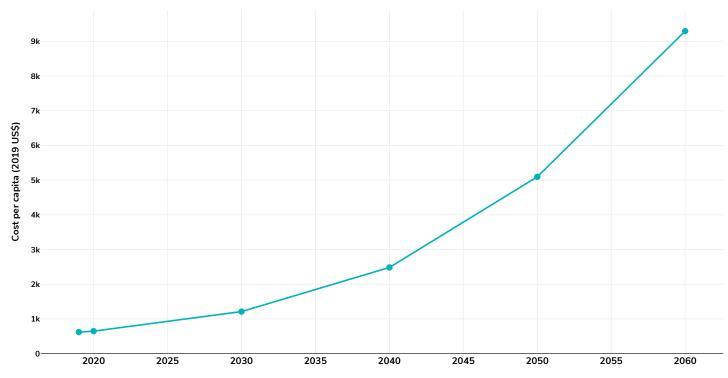
Total economic cost (in billions of 2019 US\$)



Total economic cost as % of GDP







Total economic cost per capita (in 2019 US\$)

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