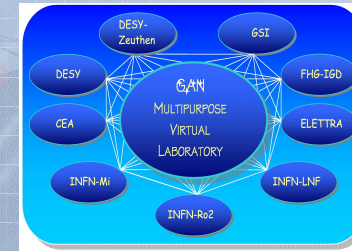


# GANMVL

## Multipurpose Virtual Laboratory



A project to improve communication to support collaboration in the field of accelerator research

### WP8 in the EUROTeV Project

- Motivation
- Project goals
- Project Elements
- Audio Video Task
- Virtual Instrument Integration
- Accelerator Controls integration
- Electro-Mechanical Set UP
- WP8 GANMVL Collaboration

EUROTeV



# Prologue

## General Consensus:

- Particle physics has no broad and comfortable avenue into the future: the spectacular progress of the 60ies,70ies and 80ies have slowed down
  - The accelerator facilities required to make further progress are very large and costly
  - Particle Physicists are not very successful to explain society why we need to make further progress in our field
- ⌚ IF we want to make progress, we need to combine the world-wide resources for future accelerator projects

## How to proceed:

There are two extreme positions of how to proceed:

- Combine all available resources and expertise in one location( Super-CERN)  
*Advantage: Strong organization and streamlined management possible in order to carry out efficiently large scale projects*
- Global Collaboration of the Accelerator Laboratories by contributions to a common project
- Advantage: Preserve the existing laboratories with the broad base of grown expertise which can regenerate from a large scientific base, necessary to keep the field dynamic and healthy

## Conclusion

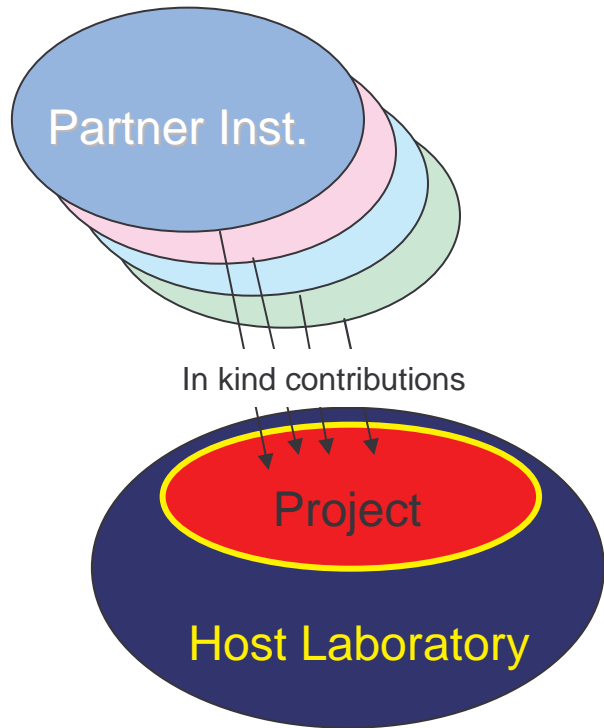
Not knowing what the path the field will eventually take, we need to understand the implications of these options:

For Global Collaboration this means we need to study where the real issues are, we need to start collaborations on a small scale, find out what procedures, tools are needed

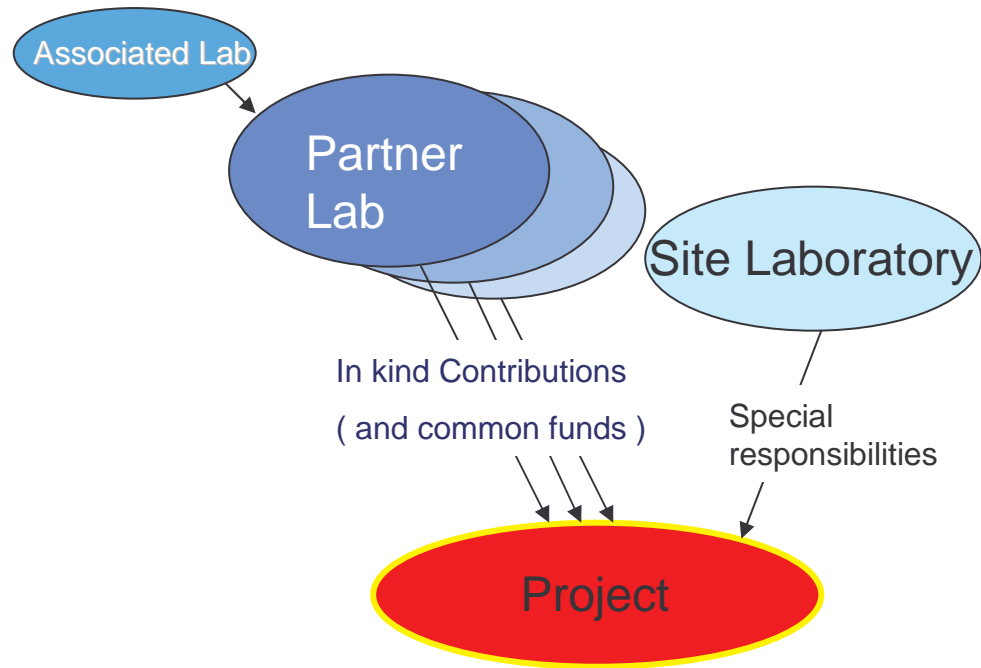
**⌚ This is the motivation for all GAN-Related Studies**

# Collaboration Models

HERA, LHC Model



GAN Model



# The need for Far Remote Operating

If the contribution to the project from remote collaborators is exceeding a certain level, the commitment of the collaborating institutions **beyond the construction** phase in **commissioning**, and **operation** is mandatory, because the host laboratory will not be able to handle the whole facility with its own staff.

On the other hand, this commitment cannot be made by relocating the technical staff on the site of the accelerator

- ⌚ Far remote operating ( operating in the widest sense, that is including running the accelerator, performing maintenance, trouble shooting and repairs, tuning-up the hardware systems, maintaining and managing spare inventory, pushing performance, ) is required

The implication, the procedures, the technical support of this mode of operation of a large facility must be studied (also experimentally!!) and must be well understood.

- ⌚ This is why we need the “GAN” projects to prepare for the linear collider

# GANMVL Goals

If the linear collider is to be build in a collaboration between the large HEP laboratories and contributions from smaller institutions, a dense network of inter-laboratory taskforces needs to be managed and supported

## Activities to be supported:

- Prototypes will be developed in one institution and assembled and tested with beam in another laboratory
- Equipment will be built and delivered by one partner and needs to be integrated into the accelerator complex by another partner
- Whole parts of the facility will be provided by a remote partner and need to be commissioned and possibly operated with the experts at their remote home institutions
- In situ trouble shooting and repairs needs to be performed with the support of off-site experts

The needs of the worldwide accelerator community to operate in this mode on a routine base in an efficient manner are by no means obvious. It will be a new way executing a large accelerator project. The laboratories will have to learn how to deal with it.

**The Accelerator community has started to prepare itself for the new mode of collaboration, GANMVL is part of this preparation**

# Project Scope

## **Integrate**

- state of the art audio- and video communications technology
- virtual instruments
- accelerator controls

implemented as a compact and transportable hardware set-up containing

- 3D-video screens,
- audio devices, video capturing devices,
- computer terminal,
- sockets for connecting network, instruments

## **Apply**

to existing accelerators and test facilities and demonstrate feasibility

# Audio-Video Task

Making the latest MPEG-4 based technology which is not available on the market available for GANMVL

- Fast video advanced protocols suited for low data rates
- 3-D (quasi 3-D) video capture and reproduction to support remote assembly and trouble shooting
- Eye-Contact Video Conferencing
- Directed Audio capture

# Virtual 3-D Conference Table reconstructed from 3-D Video Capture

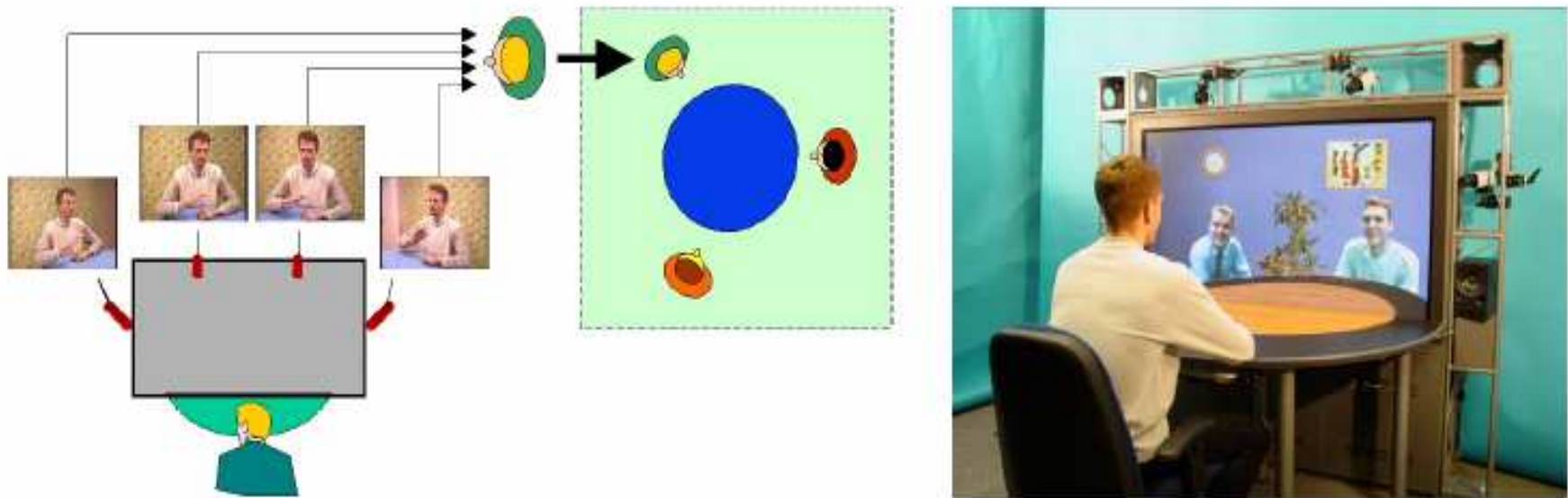
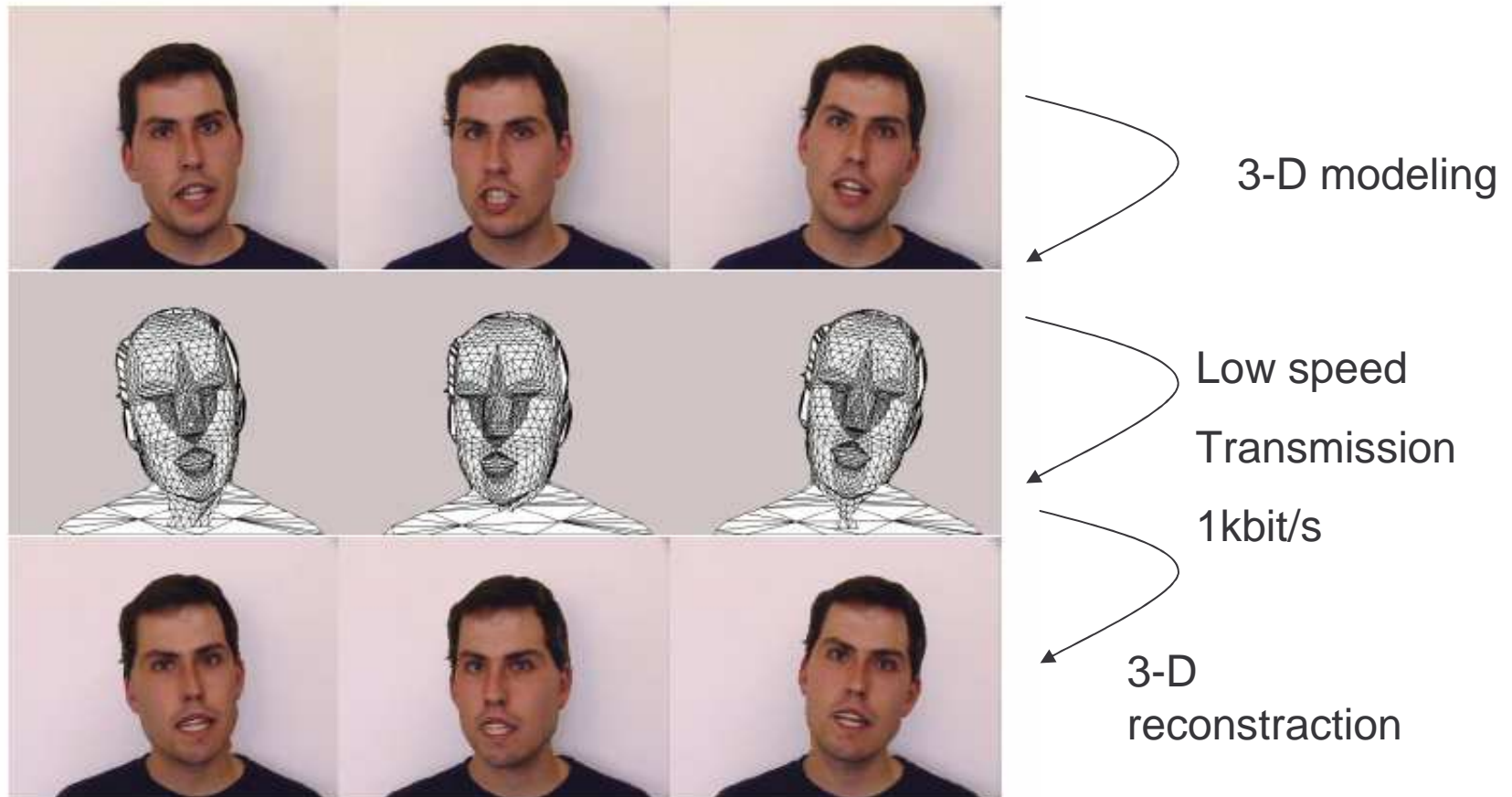


Figure 5. Left: Setup for a 3-party conference. Right: VIRTUE setup.

From P.Eisert, FHG for Telecommunications, Berlin, in proceedings of VCIP conference, Lugano, 2003



## 3-D video modeling for minimizing data rates and (possibly) eye-contact video conferencing



From P.Eisert, FHG for Telecommunications, Berlin, in proceedings of VCIP conference, Lugano, 2003

# Integration of Controls

There is no uniform approach as control systems are all very different  
Case to case solution depends on the technology and safety rules of the control system to be connected to

Solutions are wasy for :

TTF,thin client (x-terminal)

HERA, thick client, tine:

applications run on windows platform,

connection to control system via VPN connection

Common task for all control system:

Need as system to make MVL aware to control room

Token system to grant access to data, components

Desirable to do this in a generic way, this needs careful thinking

# Integration of virtual instruments

Virtual Versions of oscilloscopes, network analyzers, spectrum analysers available from many suppliers

## Differential Impedance Measurements with the Tektronix 8000B Series Instruments

► Application Note

LABView VI Solution for a major supplier

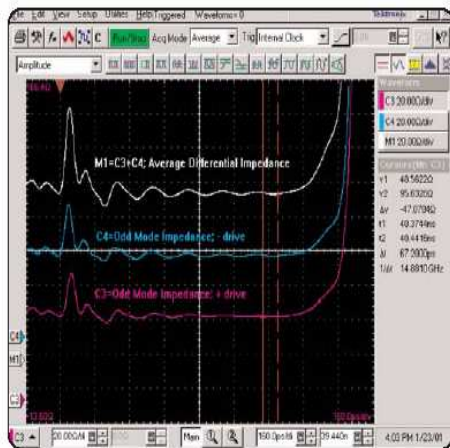


Figure 9. Odd-mode and Average Differential Impedances

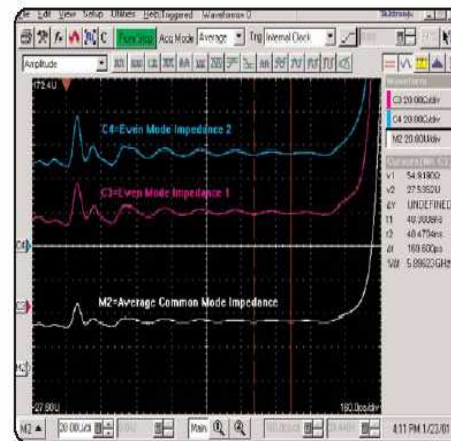
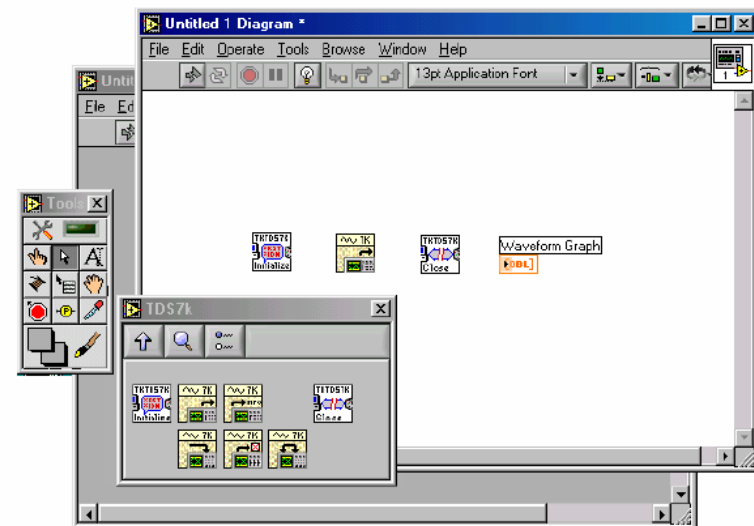


Figure 10. Even-mode and Average Common Impedances



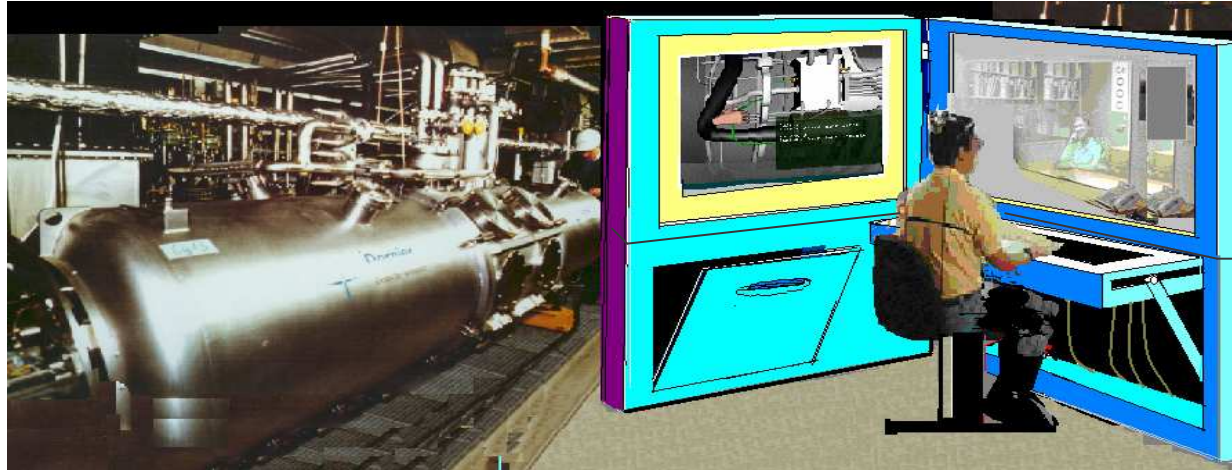
Assessments of available instruments

Integrate available software into MVL (if possible)

Plug and Play software which recognizes connected devices

And makes software remotely available

# Electro-Mechanical Implementation



Artists view of possible MVL implementation

⊞ Final specification is part of the task of determining the needs and priorities using the input from accelerator laboratories

# Participating Institutes

<b>Participant</b>	<b>Task1 MA</b>	<b>Task2 ODI</b>	<b>Task3 SC</b>	<b>Task4 ME</b>	<b>Task5 DGF</b>
<b>DESY</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>		<b>X</b>
<b>DESY-Z</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>
<b>GSI</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>		<b>X</b>
<b>FHI-IGD</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>		<b>x</b>
<b>ELETTRA</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>		<b>X</b>
<b>UDINE</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>		<b>X</b>
<b>INFN-Milano</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>		<b>X</b>
<b>INFN-ROMA2</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>
<b>INFN-Frascati</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>		<b>X</b>
<b>Uni Mannheim</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>			<b>X</b>



**Table 1 Distribution of Tasks**

Task		DESY	DESY-Z	Elettra	FHG	GSI	INFN-Mi	INFN-Ro2	INFN-LNF	U-Ma	U-Udin
WP Coordination	MA	80%				20%					
Analysis of User Needs	ODI-1	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
Overall Design Requirements	ODI-2	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
Develop, maintain update system design	ODI-3	50%					50%				
Organise integration events	ODI-4	50%					50%				
Intermediate design evaluations	ODI-5	20%				20%	20%			20%	20%
Human Computer Interface Issues	ODI-6									50%	50%
Collaboratory Issues	ODI-7									50%	50%
Immersive audio/video	SC-1		5%	10%	65%				10%		10%
Desktop Video Conferencing	SC-2				60%				40%		
Virtual Instrumentation Integration	SC-3			60%		40%					
Integration of controls	SC-4	35%		40%			15%	10%			
Integration of Data Access	SC-5			50%	50%						
Networking and Security	SC-6	30%		50%	20%						
MVL operational software applications	SC-7			70%	30%						
Analysis based on task System Comp. results	ME-1		90%					10%			
Electrical Specifications	ME-2		100%								
Electrical Design	ME-3		100%								
Mechanical Design	ME-4		100%								
Procurement of Components	ME-5		100%								
Construction and Assembly	ME-6		100%								
TTF far remote operation	DFG-1	30%	10%				10%	5%	5%	20%	20%
ELETTRA remote access	DFG-2			60%						20%	20%
Usability Analysis of Components	DFG-3	0		0	5%	10%				40%	45%
Performance plan and Evaluations	DFG-4	20%		20%		10%				15%	15%

# GANMVL Tasks

Task 1 Workpackage Coordination (MA)

Task 2 Determination of User Needs and Overall Design and Layout (ODI)

Task 3 Building the System Components (SC)

Task 4 Electrical and Mechanical Set-up (ME)

Task 5 Demonstration of GAN and Remote Operating

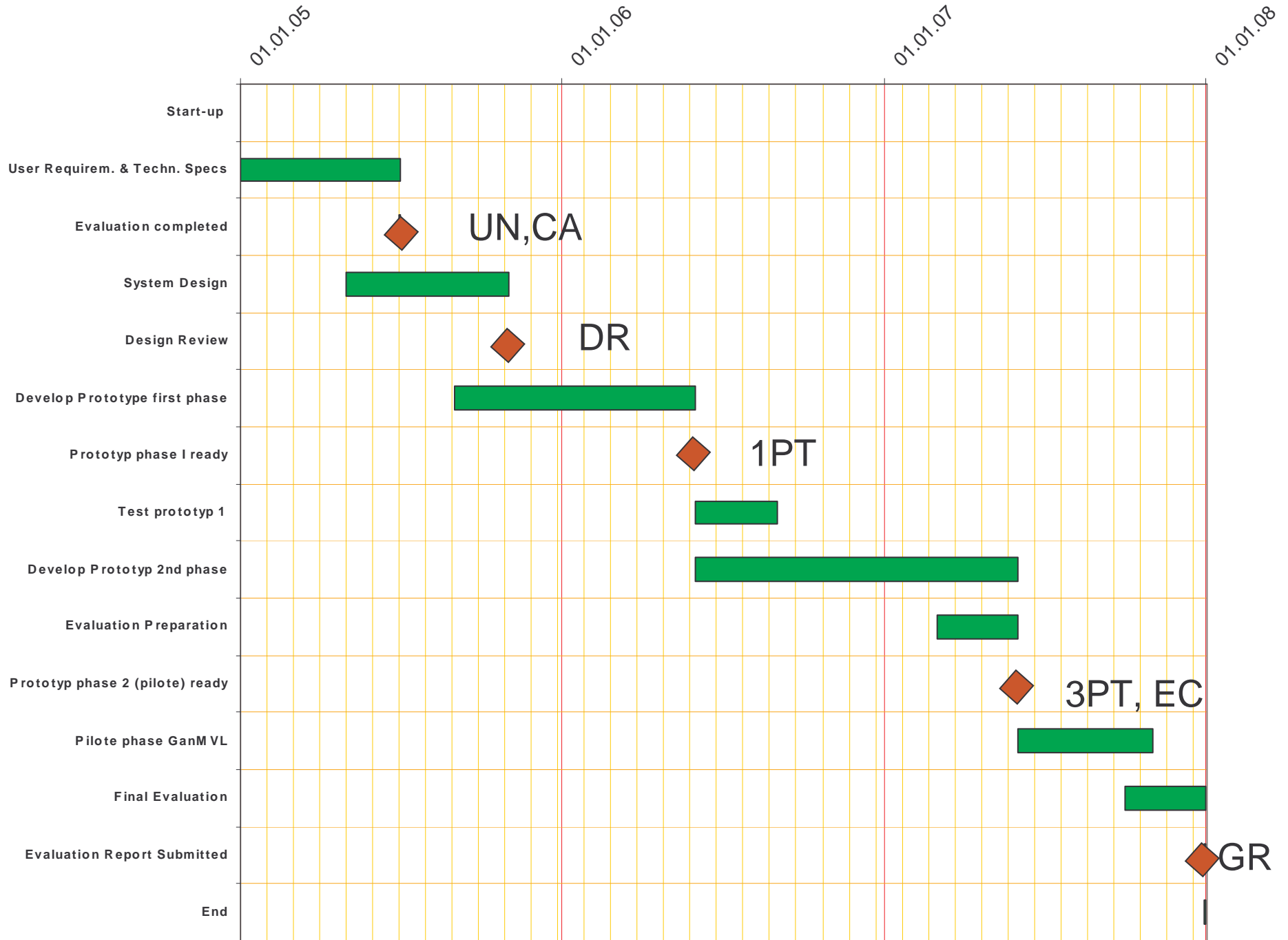
		1.	
}	Analysis of User Needs	ODI-1	0
	Overall Design Requirements	ODI-2	0
	design	ODI-3	2
	Organise integration events	ODI-4	1
	Intermediate design evaluations	ODI-5	0
	Human Computer Interface Issues	ODI-6	0
	Collaboratory Issues	ODI-7	0
}	Immersive audio/video	SC-1	8
	Desktop Video Conferencing	SC-2	4
	Virtual Instrumentation Integration	SC-3	0
	Integration of controls	SC-4	1
	Integration of Data Access	SC-5	0
	Networking and Security	SC-6	2
	applications	SC-7	2
}	Comp. results	ME-1	2
	Electrical Specifications	ME-2	1
	Electrical Design	ME-3	3
	Mechanical Design	ME-4	3
	Procurement of Components	ME-5	2
	Construction and Assembly	ME-6	2
}	TTF far remote operation	1	8
	ELETTRA remote access	2	5
	Usability Analysis of Components	3	5
	Performance plan and Evaluations	4	5

# Deliverables

Evaluation report of user needs (UN)	Task ODI
Eval. of human and collaborative aspects (CA)	Task ODI
GANMVL Design Report (DR)	Task ODI
First MVL Prototype (1PT)	Task SC
Improved MVL Prototypes: 3 units (3PT)	Task ME
Evaluation Criteria Report (EC)	Task DGF
Demonstration of GAN Evaluation Report (GR)	Task DGF

# Deliverables & Milestones

<b>GANMV Schedule</b>			
	Start	$\Delta t / 8h$	End
<b>Start-up</b>	<b>1.1.05</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>01.01.2005 07:00</b>
<b>User Requirem. &amp; Techn. Specs</b>	<b>1.1.05</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>01.07.2005 07:00</b>
<b>Evaluation completed</b>	<b>29.6.05</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>01.07.2005 07:00</b>
<b>System Design</b>	<b>1.5.05</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>01.11.2005 07:00</b>
<b>Design Review</b>	<b>30.10.05</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>01.11.2005 07:00</b>
<b>Develop Prototype first phase</b>	<b>1.9.05</b>	<b>273</b>	<b>01.06.2006 07:00</b>
<b>Prototyp phase I ready</b>	<b>30.5.06</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>01.06.2006 07:00</b>
<b>Test prototype 1</b>	<b>1.6.06</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>01.09.2006 07:00</b>
<b>Develop Prototype 2nd phase</b>	<b>1.6.06</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>01.06.2007 07:00</b>
<b>Evaluation Preparation</b>	<b>1.3.07</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>01.06.2007 07:00</b>
<b>Prototype phase 2 (pilote) ready</b>	<b>30.5.07</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>01.06.2007 07:00</b>
<b>Pilote phase GANMVL</b>	<b>1.6.07</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>01.11.2007 07:00</b>
<b>Final Evaluation</b>	<b>1.10.07</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>31.12.2007 07:00</b>
<b>Evaluation Report Submitted</b>	<b>29.12.07</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>31.12.2007 07:00</b>
<b>End</b>	<b>29.12.07</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>31.12.2007 07:00</b>





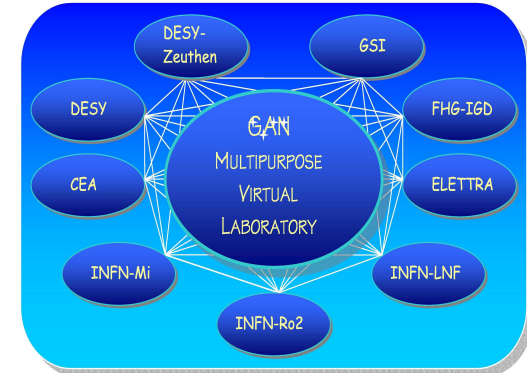
# Budget Consolidation

Budget adjustments accomplished without cutting scope but by increasing the contributions from the participating laboratories

Cuts in requested funding DESY:	30%
ELETTRA :	22%
FHG:	22%
GSI	0%
INFN	~12%
U-UDINE	0%
U-Manheim	0%
Average Reduction	22%

# WP8

## Task and Management team



GANMVL coordinator	F. Willeke
Deputy	P. Schuett

Task	Full name	Short name	Leaders
WP 8 task 1 ODI	Overall Design and Integration	ODI	M. Kasemann, DESY
WP 8 task 2 SC	System Components	SC	R. Pugliese, Elletra
WP 8 task 3 ME	Mechanical and Electrical Design	ME	A. Oppelt, DESY-Z
WP 8 task 4 DGF	Demonstration of GAN and far remote Operating	DGF	F. Willeke, DESY