

9 mars 1995

Le système de déclenchement
du détecteur ALR+
pour l'expérience L3

DOCUMENT ANNEXE AU TRAVAIL DE DIPLOME

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TRAVAIL DE DIPLOME

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Table des matières

- ANNEXE 1 : Documentation des photodiodes
 - ANNEXE 2 : Comportement dans le temps des 9 modules
 - ANNEXE 3 : Programme 'Leadrng.car'
 - ANNEXE 4 : Programme 'Leadrng.ffread'
 - ANNEXE 5 : Programme 'Install-lead'
 - ANNEXE 6 : Programme 't3-alr.for'
 - ANNEXE 7 : Tableau de correspondance des dB avec le facteur d'atténuation
 - ANNEXE 8 : Fichiers des données 5, 20, 30, 45, 60 et 90 GeV
 - ANNEXE 9 : Carte de sommation de deux canaux pour les tests
-
- ANNEXE 10 : Comparaison des décibels mesurés (amplitude signal) avec la théorie
 - ANNEXE 11 : Programmes : 'initialisation.for', 'init-talr.pas', 'rout.for', 'matrix.dat'



ANNEXE 1

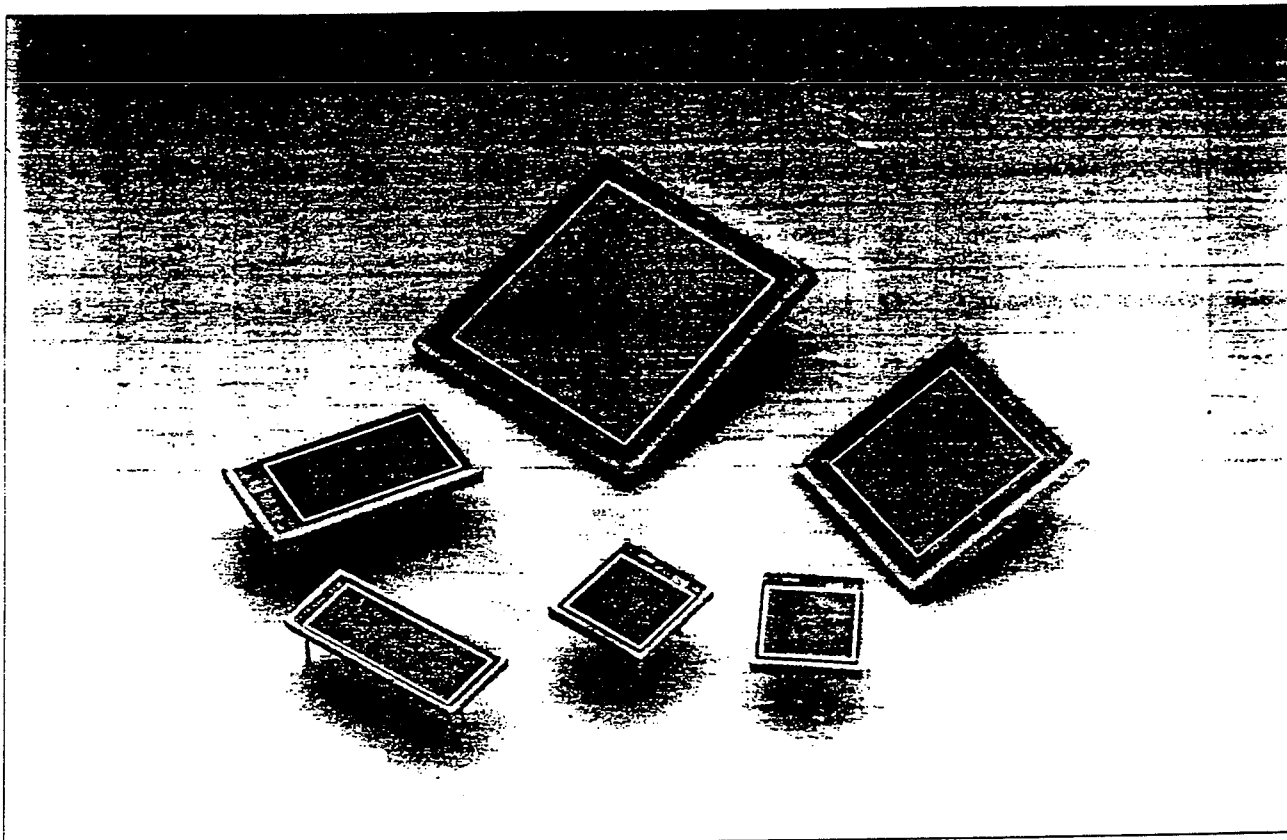
Documentation des photodiodes

HAMAMATSU

TECHNICAL DATA No.S-505-01

new

LARGE-AREA PIN SILICON PHOTODIODES FOR HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS AND NUCLEAR PHYSICS



Silicon photodiodes are promising devices for scintillation detectors in high energy physics experiments and nuclear physics. They are very compact, have low power demand, high quantum efficiency and are insensitive to magnetic fields.

Hamamatsu offers a variety of PIN silicon photodiodes specifically designed for scintillation detectors in high energy physics experiments and nuclear physics. These photodiodes have large, uniform sensitive-areas of square or rectangular shapes. In spite of large sensitive areas, they exhibit low dark current, low junction capacitance and low series resistance, assuring high-speed response, low noise and long-term high stability. Package configurations are well designed for good optical coupling to scintillators such as BGO and CsI crystals. Windowless types are also provided for direct high energy particle detection.

Standard types are made of a high-resistivity silicon wafer with 300 μm thickness that provides low junction capacitance at a low bias voltage. Also, smaller area types are available with a 200 μm thick wafer that enables low capacitance at even lower bias operation. 500 μm thick wafer is also used for 10 x 10 mm and larger area types that can be operated at a higher bias voltage, and are suited for direct particle detection.

FEATURES

- Large sensitive area: 10 x 10mm, 10 x 20mm, 30 x 30mm, etc.
- High quantum efficiency
- Low dark current
- Low bias voltage operation
- Sensitivity matching with BGO scintillators
- High-speed time response
- Low noise and high stability
- Good energy resolution

APPLICATIONS

- Scintillation detectors
- Calorimeters
- Hodoscopes
- TOF counters
- Air shower counters
etc.

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Characteristics (at 25°C)							Maximum Ratings				Type No.
Dark Current I_d		Bias Reverse Voltage (Full Depletion Voltage) (V)	Junction Capacitance C_j $f = 1\text{MHz}$ Typ. (pF)	Rise Time t_r Typ. (ns)	Cutoff Frequency f_c Typ. (MHz)	NEP Typ. ($\text{W/Hz}^{1/2}$)	Reverse Voltage V_R max. (V)	Current I max. (mA μ p)	Temperature Range		
Typ. (nA)	Max. (nA)								Operating (°C)	Storage (°C)	
2	10	70	50	10	45	2×10^{-13}	100	2	-20 ~ +60	-20 ~ +80	S3590-0
3	10	70	75	15	30	2×10^{-13}	100	2	-20 ~ +60	-20 ~ +80	S2662-0
4	15	70	100	20	25	4×10^{-13}	100	2	-20 ~ +60	-20 ~ +80	S2744-0
6	20	70	140	25	15	4×10^{-13}	100	2	-20 ~ +60	-20 ~ +80	S3204-0
10	30	70	330	70	5	5×10^{-13}	100	2	-20 ~ +60	-20 ~ +80	S3584-0
4	15	70	55	10	40	2×10^{-13}	100	2	-20 ~ +60	-20 ~ +80	S3588-0

Figure 1: Spectral Response

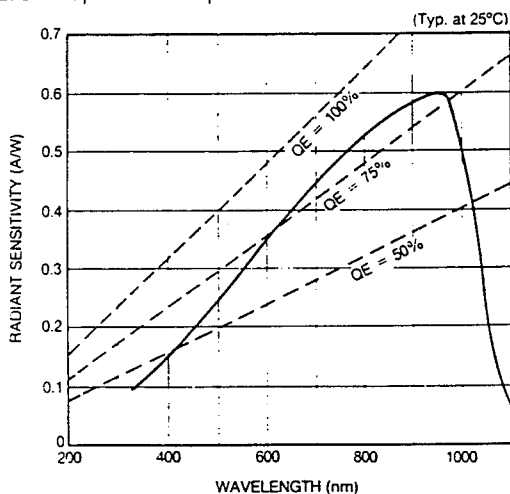


Figure 2: Junction Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

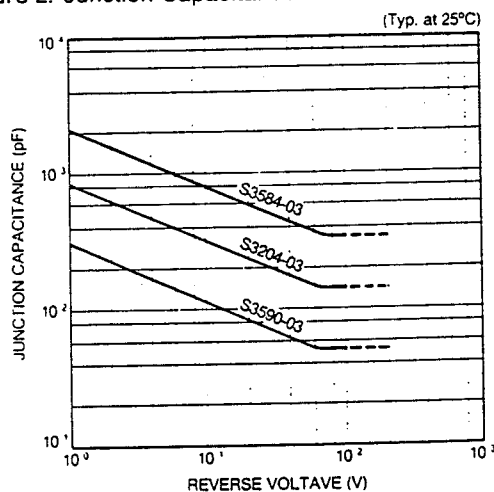


Figure 3: Dark Current vs. Reverse Voltage

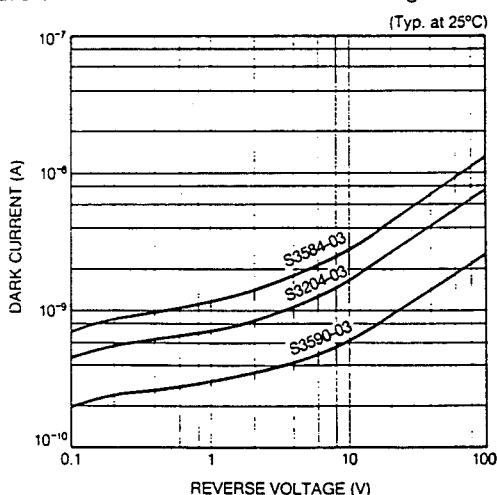
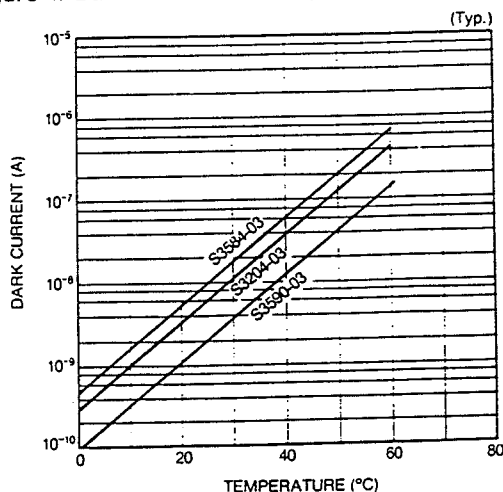


Figure 4: Dark Current vs. Temperature



Characteristics (at 25°C)							Maximum Ratings				Type No.
Dark Current I_d		Bias Reverse Voltage (Full Depletion Voltage) (V)	Junction Capacitance C_j ($f=1\text{MHz}$ Typ. (pF))	Rise Time t_r Typ. (ns)	Cutoff Frequency f_c Typ. (MHz)	NEP. Typ. ($\text{W/Hz}^{1/2}$)	Reverse Voltage V_R max. (V)	Current I max. (mA)	Temperature Range		
Typ. (nA)	Max. (nA)								Operating (°C)	Storage (°C)	

1	5	30	70	15	30	2×10^{-13}	50	2	-20 ~ +60	-20 ~ +80	S3590-01
2	10	12	120	30	20	2×10^{-13}	50	2	-20 ~ +60	-20 ~ +80	S2662-01
1.5	5	30	80	15	30	2×10^{-13}	50	2	-20 ~ +60	-20 ~ +80	S3588-01

8	30	100	30	7	60	5×10^{-13}	150	2	-20 ~ +60	-20 ~ +80	S3590-05
15	50	100	80	15	30	5×10^{-13}	150	2	-20 ~ +60	-20 ~ +80	S3204-05
30	100	100	200	40	10	1×10^{-12}	150	2	-20 ~ +60	-20 ~ +80	S3584-05

Figure 5: Spectral Response

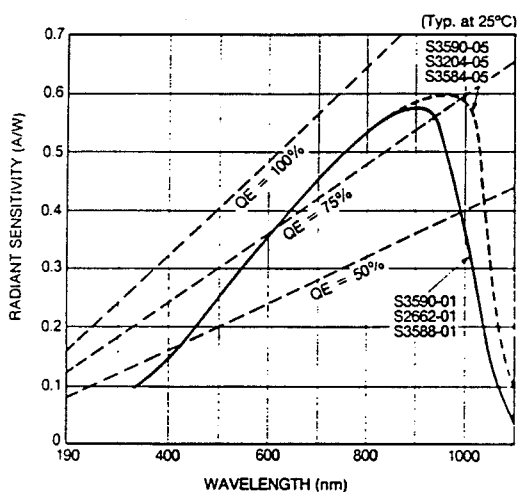


Figure 6: Junction Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

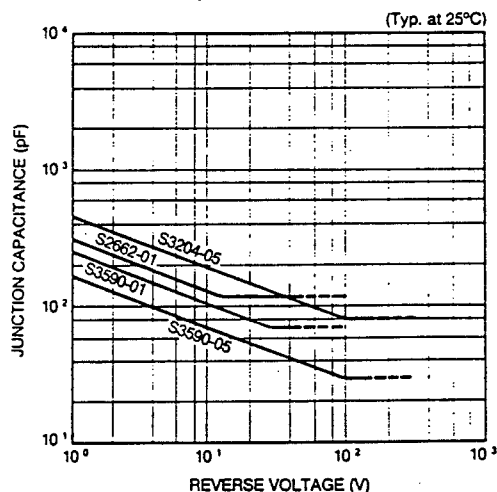


Figure 7: Dark Current vs. Reverse Voltage

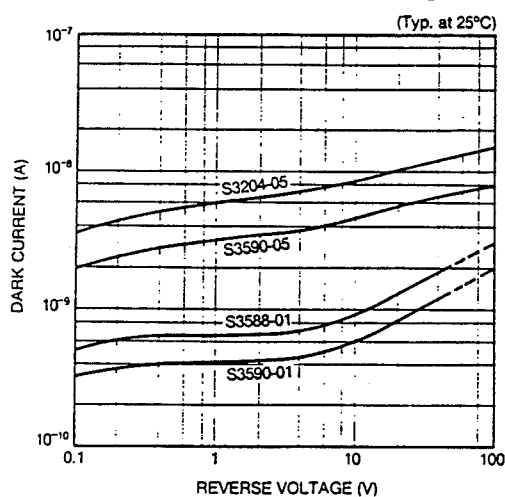
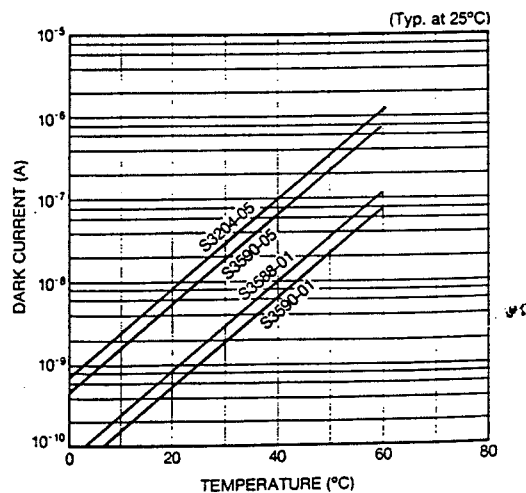


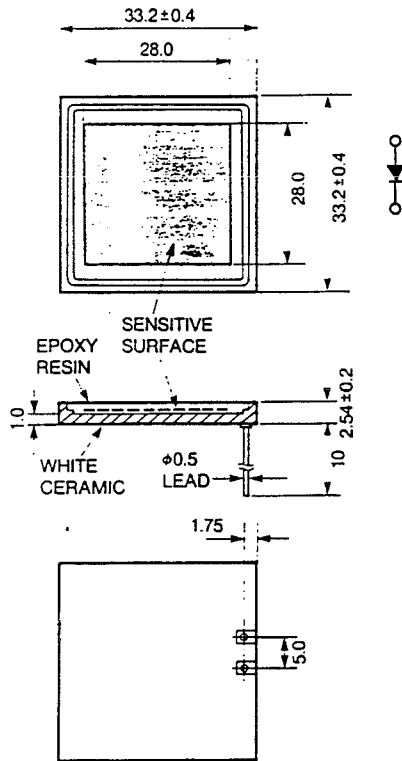
Figure 8: Dark Current vs. Temperature



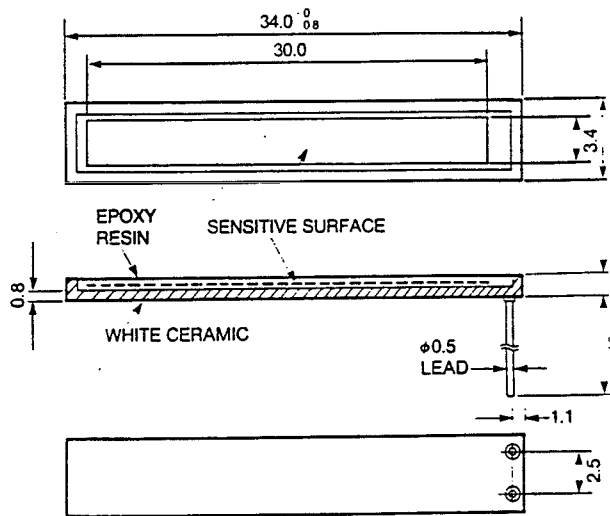
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Unit

⑤ S3584 Series



⑥ S3588 Series

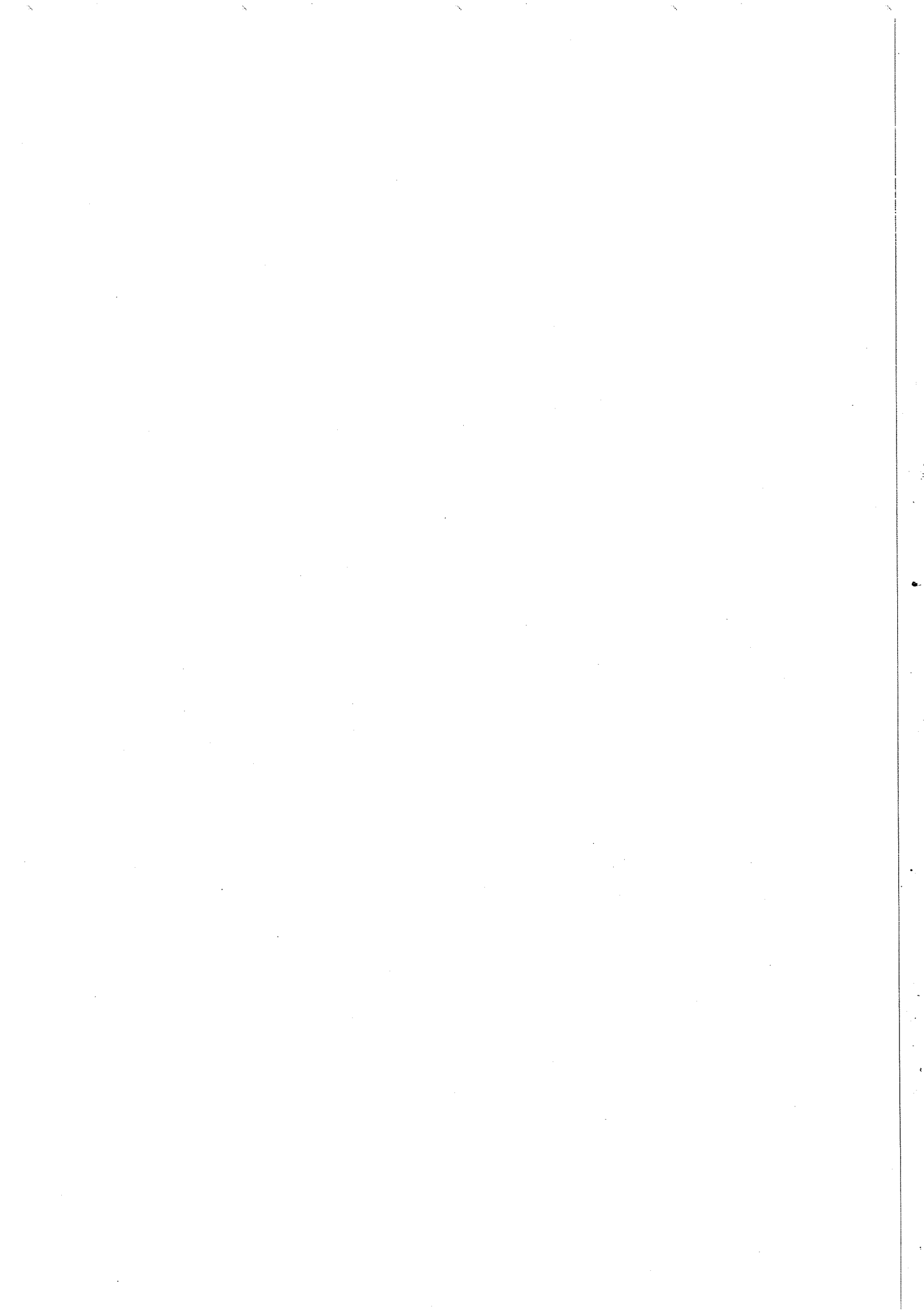


Windowless Types Available

Our standard types have clear epoxy resin windows. However, windowless types are also available. (Bonding wires are protected at one point by resin coating.)

Quick reference for Type No. suffix is as follows.

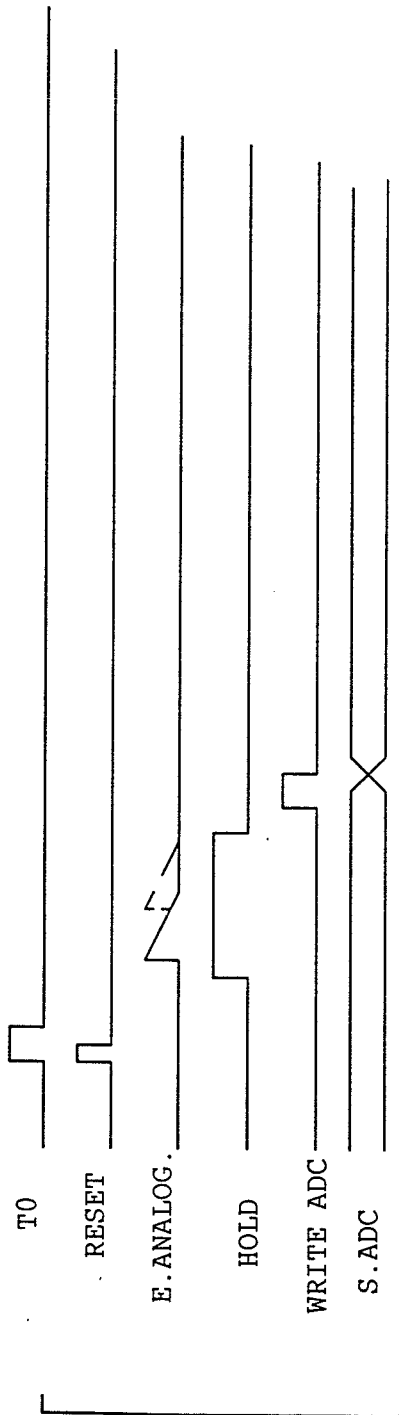
Suffix No.	Wafer Thickness	Window
-01	200 μm	Epoxy resin
-02		Non
-03	300 μm	Epoxy resin
-04		Non
-05	500 μm	Epoxy resin
-06		Non



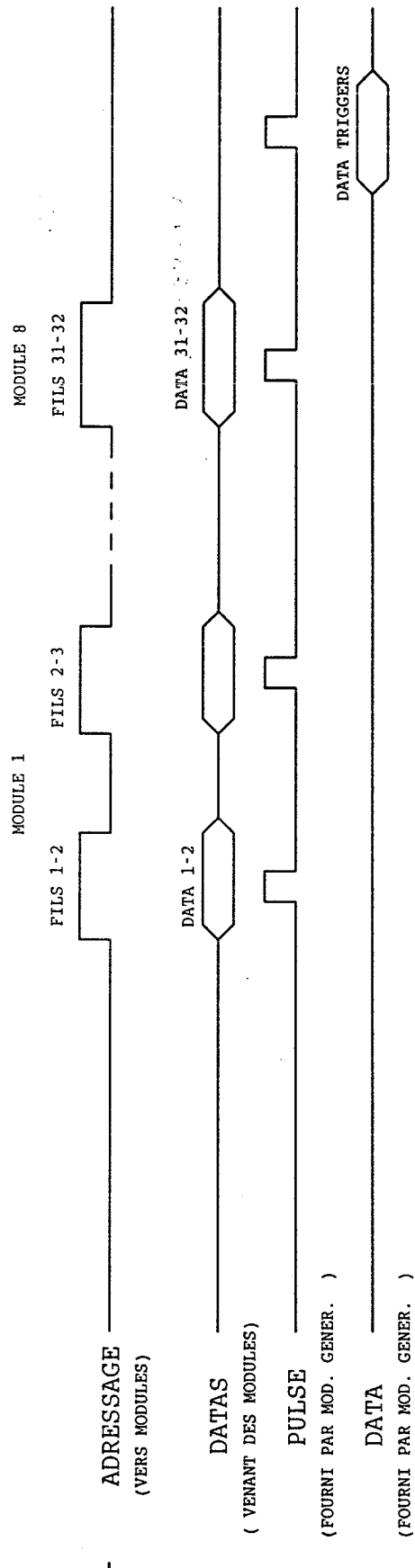
ANNEXE 2

Comportement dans le temps des 9 modules

TIMING
DE CHACUN
DES 8 MODULES



MODULE
GENERAL



ANNEXE 3

Programme 'Leadring.car'

```

+TITLE.
* LEADRING 0.0 /00 912210 1530 GEANT EXAMPLES
*
* L3 Lead ring calorimeter.
*
* UPDATES
* -----
* 22-10-91 : First version
*
+PATCH, LEADRING.
+DECK, BLANKDEK.
+KEEP, PVOLUM.
COMMON/PVOLUM/ IMAT1, IMAT2, RMAX(6), RPMIN(6), DZP(6),
+ RSMAX(3), RSMIN(3), DZS(3),
+ RCMAX(2), RCMIN(2), DZC(2), NCOUCHE(2),
+ NZ, ZPOS,
+ OFFPHI2, OFFPHI3, THEMEN, THEMEX, PHIMIN, PHIMAX
COMMON/CUGEOM/HFRAM(3)
+KEEP, UVAR.
PARAMETER (NPETA=16, NTIM=10)
COMMON/RINGEV/IEVT, EBEAM, THETAN, PHIN, ESEEN, S1TOT, S2TOT,
+ S3TOT, C1TOT, C2TOT, S1(NPETA), S2(NPETA),
+ S3(NPETA), C1(100), C2(100)
+KEEP, UTFILES.
COMMON/UTFILE/HNAME
CHARACTER HNAME*16
+DECK, MAIN.
*
PROGRAM MAIN
PARAMETER (NGEANT=900000, NHBOOK=500000)
COMMON/PAWC /H(NHBOOK)
COMMON/GCBANK/Q(NGEANT)
*
CALL GZEBRA(NGEANT)
CALL HLIMIT(-NHBOOK)
*
* *** GEANT initialisation
CALL UGINIT
*
* *** Start events processing
CALL GRUN
*
* *** End of RUN
CALL UGLAST
*
STOP
END
+DECK, UGINIT
SUBROUTINE UGINIT
*
To initialise GEANT/USER program and read data cards
*
+SEQ, GCKINE.
+SEQ, PVOLUM.
+SEQ, UTFILES.
+SEQ, GCBANK, GCLIST.

```

```

*
* *** Initialise GEANT
CALL GINIT
*
CALL VZERO (PKINE, 10)
ISETU=0
IMAT1=13
IMAT2=23
RPMAX(1)=16.75
RPMAX(2)=16.75
RPMAX(3)=16.75
RPMAX(4)=17.75
RPMAX(5)=17.75
RPMAX(6)=17.0
*

```

```

RPMIN(1)=7.5
RPMIN(2)=7.65
RPMIN(3)=7.85
RPMIN(4)=8.0
RPMIN(5)=8.2
RPMIN(6)=9.2
*
DZP(1)=1.4
DZP(2)=1.1
DZP(3)=1.1
DZP(4)=1.1
DZP(5)=1.1
DZP(6)=6.2
*
RSMAX(1)=16.75
RSMAX(2)=16.75
RSMAX(3)=16.75
*
RSMIN(1)=8.7
RSMIN(2)=8.7
RSMIN(3)=9.0
*
DZS(1)=1.4
DZS(2)=1.4
DZS(3)=1.4
*
RCMAX(1)=16.75
RCMAX(2)=17.75
*
RCMIN(1)=7.8
RCMIN(2)=8.15
*
DZC(1)=1.7
DZC(2)=1.7
*
* 5 IS 1/0.2 cm
NCOUCHE(1)=INT((RCMAX(1)-RCMIN(1))*5)
NCOUCHE(2)=INT((RCMAX(2)-RCMIN(2))*5)
*
ZPOS=108.0
NZ=16

```

Nov 10 16:34 1994 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/alr+/leadring3.car Page 3

```

*
OFFPHI2 = 0.
OFFPHI3 = 0.
*
IKINE=103
PKINE(1)= 10.
PKINE(2)= 6.
PKINE(3)= 11.
*
THEMIN = 4.7
THEMAX = 9.3
PHIMIN = 0.
PHIMAX = 360.
*
HNAME = 'leadring3.hist '
*
CALL FFKY('MATI', IMAT1, 2, 'REAL')
CALL FFKY('LAYE', RPMAX(1), 37, 'MIXED')
CALL FFKY('PFI', PREFIX, 1, 'MIXED')
CALL FFKY('THPH', THEMIN, 4, 'REAL')
CALL FFKY('ROTA', OFFPHI2, 2, 'REAL')
*
* *** read data cards
OPEN(UNIT=55, FILE='leadring.ffread', STATUS='UNKNOWN')
CALL FFSET('LINP', 55)
CALL GFFGO
CLOSE(55)
*
DO I=1,6
PRINT *, 'RPMAX(', I, ')', RPMAX(I)
PRINT *, 'RPMIN(', I, ')', RPMIN(I)
PRINT *, 'DZP(', I, ')', DZP(I)
ENDDO
DO I=1,3
PRINT *, 'RSMAX(', I, ')', RSMAX(I)

```

```

      PRINT *, 'RSMIN(' , I, ' )', RSMIN(I)
      PRINT *, 'DZS(' , I, ' )', DZS(I)
ENDDO
DO I=1,2
      PRINT *, 'RCMAX(' , I, ' )', RCMAX(I)
      PRINT *, 'RCMIN(' , I, ' )', RCMIN(I)
      PRINT *, 'DZC(' , I, ' )', DZC(I)
      PRINT *, 'NCOUCHE(' , I, ' )', NCOUCHE(I)
ENDDO
*
      CALL UFILES
*
* *** achieve initialization
      CALL GZINIT
*
      CALL GPART
      Geometry and materials description
      CALL UGEOM
*
* *** Energy loss and cross-sections initialisations

```

Nov 10 16:34 1994 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/alr+/leadring3.car Page 4

```

      CALL GPHYSI
*
* *** Define user histograms
      CALL UHINIT
*
* *** Print control
* CALL GPRINT('MATE',0)
* CALL GPRINT('TMED',0)
* CALL GPRINT('VOLU',0)
* CALL GPSETS('*','*')
*
      END
+DECK,UGEOM.
      SUBROUTINE UGEOM
*
* *** Define user geometry set up
*
+SEQ,GCBANK.
+SEQ,GCONST,GCLIST.
+SEQ,PVOLUM.
+SEQ,UVAR.
*
      DIMENSION PAR( 6)

      DIMENSION ZLG(6),ALG(6),WLG(6)
      DIMENSION A(3),Z(3),WMAT(3)
      DIMENSION AF(3),ZF(3),WMATF(3)
      DIMENSION AURAN(2),ZURAN(2),WURAN(2)
      DIMENSION AWATER(2),ZWATER(2),WWATER(2)
      DIMENSION AISOBU(3),ZISOBU(3),WGAS(3)
      DIMENSION ASCI(2),ZSCI(2),WSCI(2)
C
C           Argon/Isobuthane compound
C
      DATA AISOBU/12.01,1.01,39.95/
      DATA ZISOBU/6.,1.,18./
C
C           Water compound parameters
C
      DATA AWATER/1.,16./
      DATA ZWATER/1.,8./
      DATA WWATER/2.,1./
C
C           Lead glass mixture parameters
C
      DATA ZLG/ 82.00, 19.00, 14.00, 11.00, 8.00, 33.00/
      DATA ALG/ 207.19, 39.102, 28.088, 22.99, 15.999, 74.922/
      DATA WLG/ .65994, .00799, .126676, .0040073, .199281, .00200485/
C
C           BGO compound parameters
C
      DATA A/208.98,72.59,15.999/
      DATA Z/83.,32.,8./
      DATA WMAT/4.,3.,12./

```


C

C
C

Iron+Nickel+Crome compound parameters

DATA AF/55.847,58.71,51.998/
DATA ZF/26.,28.,24./
DATA WMATF/0.703964,0.099,0.197/
DATA ALAR,ZLAR,WLAR,DLAR,NLAR/40.,18.,1.,1.40,-1/

C
C
C

Uranium mixture

DATA AURAN/235.,238./
DATA ZURAN/92.,92./
DATA WURAN/0.004,0.996/

C
C
C

Scintillator

DATA ASCI/12.,1./
DATA ZSCI/6.,1./
DATA WSCI/1.,1./
DATA DSCI/1.032/

C
C
C

*** Defines USER particular materials

*
*
*
*

Argon/Isobuthane mixture (60% Ar and 40% Isobuthane)
First define Isobuthane compound and relative weights

DISO =0.00267
DENS1 =0.002136
WGAS (1)=4.
WGAS (2)=10.
CALL GSMIXT(4,'ISOBUTHAN\$',AISOBU,ZISOBU,0.40*DISO,-2,WGAS)
WGAS (1)=0.40*WGAS (1)
WGAS (2)=0.40*WGAS (2)
WGAS (3)=0.60
CALL GSMIXT(5,'ARG/ISOBUS\$',AISOBU,ZISOBU,DENS1,3,WGAS)
CALL GSMATE(9,'ALUMINIUM\$',26.98,13.,2.7,8.9,37.2,0,0)
CALL GSMATE(11,'COPPER\$',63.54,29.,8.96,1.43,14.8,0,0)
CALL GSMATE(12,'LEAD\$',207.19,82.,11.35,0.56,18.5,0,0)
CALL GSMATE(13,'LEAD\$',207.19,82.,11.35,0.56,18.5,0,0)
* CALL GSMATE(14,'URANIUM\$',238.03,92.,18.95,0.32,12.,0,0)
CALL GSMIXT(14,'URANIUM\$',AURAN,ZURAN,18.95,2,WURAN)
CALL GSMATE(15,'AIR\$',14.61,7.3,0.001205,30423.,6750.,0,0)
CALL GSMATE(16,'VACUUM\$',1.E-16,1.E-16,1.E-16,1.E+16,1.E+16,0,0)
CALL GSMIXT(10,'IRON (COMPOUND)\$',AF,ZF,7.8,3,WMATF)
CALL GSMIXT(21,'BGO (COMPOUND)\$',A,Z,7.1,-3,WMAT)
CALL GSMIXT(22,'LEAD GLASS\$',ALG,ZLG,5.2,6,WLG)
CALL GSMATE(23,'PLAST SC\$',6.25,3.4,1.032,43.0,437.,0,0)
CALL GSMIXT(24,'SCINTILLATOR\$',ASCI,ZSCI,DSCI,-2,WSCI)
CALL GSMIXT(25,'liq. Argon\$',ALAR,ZLAR,DLAR,NLAR,WLAR)
CALL GSMIXT(26,'Water\$\$',AWATER,ZWATER,1.,-2,WWATER)
CALL GSMATE(32,'LEADLEGER\$',207.19,82.,6.,0.56,18.5,0,0)
CALL GSMATE(33,'LEADLEGER\$',207.19,82.,6.,0.56,18.5,0,0)

* *** Defines USER tracking media parameters

FIELDM = 0.0
IFIELD = 0

TMAXFD = 10.0
DMAXMS = 0.50
DEEMAX = 0.20
EPSIL = 0.0100
STMIN = 0.0100
CALL GSTMED(1,'ABSORBER\$',IMAT1,0,IFIELD,
* FIELDM,TMAXFD,DMAXMS,DEEMAX, EPSIL, STMIN, 0,0)
CALL GSTMED(2,'ACTIVE MEDIUM\$',IMAT2,1,IFIELD,
* FIELDM,TMAXFD,DMAXMS,DEEMAX, EPSIL, STMIN, 0,0)

```

CALL GSTMED( 3, 'VACCUUM$', ,16, 0, IFIELD,
*          FIELDM, TMAXFD, DMAXMS, DEEMAX, EPSIL, STMIN, 0, 0 )
CALL GSTMED( 4, 'ALUM$', , 9, 0, IFIELD,
*          FIELDM, TMAXFD, DMAXMS, DEEMAX, EPSIL, STMIN, 0, 0 )

```

```

IF (IMAT2.EQ.24) THEN
  CALL GSTPAR(2, 'BIRK1', 1.)
  CALL GSTPAR(2, 'BIRK2', 0.013)
  CALL GSTPAR(2, 'BIRK3', 9.6E-6)
ENDIF

```

C
C
C

*** Defines USER'S VOLUMES

```

JMA = LQ(JMATE-IMAT1)
X1 = Q(JMA+9)
ABS1 = Q(JMA+10)
JMA = LQ(JMATE-IMAT2)
X2 = Q(JMA+9)
PRINT *, 'X1 =', X1, ' X2 =', X2, ' ABS1 =', ABS1

```

```

*
THX=90.
PHX=OFFPHI2
THY=90.
PHY=90.
THZ=0.
PHZ=0.
CALL GSROTM(1, THX, PHX, THY, PHY, THZ, PHZ)
PHX=OFFPHI3
CALL GSROTM(2, THX, PHX, THY, PHY, THZ, PHZ)

```

*
*

Mother FRAM

```

*
zpos=0
HFRAM(1) = 0.
HFRAM(2) = 1.1*RPMAX(5)
HFRAM(3) = 0
DO I=1,6
  HFRAM(3)=HFRAM(3)+DZP(I)
ENDDO
DO I=1,3
  HFRAM(3)=HFRAM(3)+DZS(I)
ENDDO
DO I=1,2
  HFRAM(3)=HFRAM(3)+DZC(I)

```

Nov 10 16:34 1994 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/alr+/leadring3.car Page 7

```

ENDDO
PAR(3)=0.5*HFRAM(3)
HFRAM(3) = 1.1*(ZPOS+HFRAM(3))
CALL GSVOLU('FRAM', 'TUBE', 3, HFRAM, 3, IVOL)

```

*

```

PAR(1)=0.
PAR(2)=RPMAX(1)
PAR(3)=0.5*DZP(1)
CALL GSVOLU('PBOX', 'TUBE', 1, PAR, 0, IVOL)
CALL GSVOLU('SSOX', 'TUBE', 2, PAR, 0, IVOL)
CALL GSDVN('SSPH', 'SSOX', NZ, 2)
CALL GSVOLU('SC01', 'TUBE', 2, PAR, 0, IVOL)
CALL GSDVN('SCT1', 'SC01', NCOUCHE(1), 1)
CALL GSVOLU('SC02', 'TUBE', 2, PAR, 0, IVOL)
CALL GSDVN('SCT2', 'SC02', NCOUCHE(2), 1)
CALL GSVOLU('ALUM', 'TUBE', 4, PAR, 0, IVOL)

```

```

XPOS=ZPOS
PAR(1)=0.

```

*PB1

```

PAR(1)=RPMIN(1)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(1)
PAR(3)=0.5*DZP(1)
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('PBOX', 1, 'FRAM', 0., 0., ZPOS, 0, 'ONLY', PAR, 3)
XPOS=XPOS+DZP(1)

```

*ALU1

```

PAR(1)=RPMIN(1)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(1)

```

```

PAR(3)=0.125/2.
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('ALUM',1,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
*S1
PAR(1)=RSMIN(1)
PAR(2)=RSMAX(1)
PAR(3)=0.5*DZS(1)
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
PAR(3)=0.5
CALL GSPOSP('SSOX',1,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
XPOS=XPOS+DZS(1)
*ALU2
PAR(1)=RPMIN(1)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(1)
PAR(3)=0.125/2.
ZPOS=XPOS-PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('ALUM',2,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
*PB2
PAR(1)=RPMIN(2)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(2)
PAR(3)=0.5*DZP(2)
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('PBOX',2,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
XPOS=XPOS+DZP(2)
*ALU3
PAR(1)=RPMIN(2)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(2)

```

Nov 10 16:34 1994 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/alr+/leadring3.car Page 8

```

PAR(3)=0.125/2.
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('ALUM',3,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
*C1
PAR(1)=RCMIN(1)
PAR(2)=RCMAX(1)
PAR(3)=0.5*DZC(1)
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
PAR(3)=0.6
CALL GSPOSP('SC01',1,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
XPOS=XPOS+DZC(1)
*ALU4
PAR(1)=RPMIN(2)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(2)
PAR(3)=0.125/2.
ZPOS=XPOS-PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('ALUM',4,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
*PB3
PAR(1)=RPMIN(3)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(3)
PAR(3)=0.5*DZP(3)
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('PBOX',3,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
XPOS=XPOS+DZP(3)
*ALU5
PAR(1)=RPMIN(3)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(3)
PAR(3)=0.125/2.
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('ALUM',5,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
*S2
PAR(1)=RSMIN(2)
PAR(2)=RSMAX(2)
PAR(3)=0.5*DZS(2)
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
PAR(3)=0.5
CALL GSPOSP('SSOX',2,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,1,'ONLY',PAR,3)
XPOS=XPOS+DZS(2)
*ALU6
PAR(1)=RPMIN(3)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(3)
PAR(3)=0.125/2.
ZPOS=XPOS-PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('ALUM',6,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
*PB4
PAR(1)=RPMIN(4)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(4)
PAR(3)=0.5*DZP(4)
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)

```

```

CALL GSPOSP('PBOX',4,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
XPOS=XPOS+DZP(4)
*ALU7
PAR(1)=RPMIN(4)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(4)
PAR(3)=0.125/2.
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)

```

Nov 10 16:34 1994 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/alr+/leadring3.car Page 9

```

CALL GSPOSP('ALUM',7,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
*C2
PAR(1)=RCMIN(2)
PAR(2)=RCMAX(2)
PAR(3)=0.5*DZC(2)
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
PAR(3)=0.6
CALL GSPOSP('SC02',1,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
XPOS=XPOS+DZC(2)
*ALU8
PAR(1)=RPMIN(4)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(4)
PAR(3)=0.125/2.
ZPOS=XPOS-PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('ALUM',8,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
*PB5
PAR(1)=RPMIN(5)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(5)
PAR(3)=0.5*DZP(5)
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('PBOX',5,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
XPOS=XPOS+DZP(5)
*ALU9
PAR(1)=RPMIN(5)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(5)
PAR(3)=0.125/2.
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('ALUM',9,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
*S3
PAR(1)=RSMIN(3)
PAR(2)=RSMAX(3)
PAR(3)=0.5*DZS(3)
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
PAR(3)=0.5
CALL GSPOSP('SSOX',3,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,2,'ONLY',PAR,3)
XPOS=XPOS+DZS(3)
*ALU10
PAR(1)=RPMIN(5)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(5)
PAR(3)=0.125/2.
ZPOS=XPOS-PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('ALUM',10,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
*PB6
PAR(1)=RPMIN(6)
PAR(2)=RPMAX(6)
PAR(3)=0.5*DZP(6)
ZPOS=XPOS+PAR(3)
CALL GSPOSP('PBOX',6,'FRAM',0.,0., ZPOS,0,'ONLY',PAR,3)
XPOS=XPOS+DZP(6)
*
* *** Close geometry banks. (obligatory system routine)
CALL GGCLOS
END
+DECK, UFILES.
SUBROUTINE UFILES

```

Nov 10 16:34 1994 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/alr+/leadring3.car Page 10

```
+SEQ,UFILES.
```

```
*
OPEN(UNIT=8, FILE='leadring.meta', STATUS='UNKNOWN')
```

```

OPEN(UNIT=34,FILE=HNAME,ACCESS='DIRECT',
+ RECL=4096,STATUS='UNKNOWN')
END

+DECK,UHINIT.
SUBROUTINE UHINIT
+SEQ,UVAR.
* To book the user's histograms
CALL HRFILE(34,'HBOOK','N')
*
CALL HBOOK1( 1,'total energy seen in scintillator
+ (in % of E inc.)',100, 0. , 10. , 0.)
*
CALL HBNT(100,'RING',' ')
IEVT=0
CALL HBNAME(100,'RINGEV',IEVT,
+ 'IEVT,EBEAM,THETA,PHI,ESEEN,S1TOT,S2TOT,'//
+ 'S3TOT,C1TOT,C2TOT,S1(16),S2(16),S3(16),'//
+ 'C1(100),C2(100)')
END

+DECK,GUKINE
SUBROUTINE GUKINE
* Generates Kinematics for primary track
* Kine : itype energy vx vy vz teta phi
+SEQ,GCBANK.
+SEQ,GCFLAG,GCKINE,GCONST.
+SEQ,UVAR.
+SEQ,PVOLUM.
DIMENSION VERTEX(3),PLAB(3),RNDM(2)
IF(IKINE.GT.100)THEN
IK=IKINE-100
TETA=PKINE(2)*DEGRAD
PHI =PKINE(3)*DEGRAD
ELSE
IK=IKINE
CALL GRNDM(RNDM,2)
TETA = THEMIN + RNDM(1)*(THEMAX-THEMIN)
TETA = TETA*DEGRAD
PHI = PHIMIN + RNDM(2)*(PHIMAX-PHIMIN)
PHI = PHI*DEGRAD
ENDIF
*
JPA = LQ(JPART-IK)
XMASS = Q(JPA+7)
ETOT = PKINE(1)
PMOM = SQRT(PKINE(1)**2 - XMASS**2)
PKINE(10) = ETOT
VERTEX(1) = 0.
VERTEX(2) = 0.
VERTEX(3) = 0.
*
PLAB(1) = PMOM*SIN(TETA)*COS(PHI)

PLAB(2) = PMOM*SIN(TETA)*SIN(PHI)
PLAB(3) = PMOM*COS(TETA)
*
PHIN = PHI*RADDEG
THETAN = TETA*RADDEG
EBEAM = ETOT
*
CALL GSVERT(VERTEX,0,0,0,0,NVERT)
CALL GSKINE(PLAB,IK,NVERT,0,0,NT)
* *** Kinematics debug (controlled by ISWIT(1) )
* CALL GPRINT('VERT',0)
* CALL GPRINT('KINE',0)
END

+DECK,GUTREV
SUBROUTINE GUTREV
* User routine to control tracking of one event
* Called by GRUN
+SEQ,UVAR.
* *** initialise some arrays
CALL VZERO(S1,NPETA)
CALL VZERO(S2,NPETA)
CALL VZERO(S3,NPETA)

```

Nov 10 16:34 1994 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/alr+/leadring3.car Page 11

```

*
*      CALL VZERO(C1,100)
*      CALL VZERO(C2,100)
*
* *** Start the tracking of the event
*      CALL GTREVE
*      if (mod(ievt,50).eq.0.or.ievt.lt.5) then
*      print*, 'evt numb ',ievt+1
*      endif
*      END
+DECK, GUSTEP
*      SUBROUTINE GUSTEP
*
*      User routine called at the end of each tracking step
*
+SEQ, GCKING, GCTMED, GCTRAK, GCVOLU.
+SEQ, GCKINE, GCSETS, GCCUTS.
+SEQ, UVAR.
*
* *** Debug event
*      CALL GDEBUG
*
* *** Something generated ?
*      IF (NGKINE.GT.0) CALL GSKING(0)
*
* *** find PETAL KR
*      KR = 0
*      KE = 0
*      IF (NLEVEL.GE.3) THEN
*      COUCHE
*          KR = LINDEX(2)
*      DIVISION

```

Nov 10 16:34 1994 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/alr+/leadring3.car Page 12

```

*      KE = LINDEX(3)
*      WRITE(6,*) 'L-TEST ', NUMED, KR, KE, DESTEP
*      ENDIF
* *** Total energy deposited per R-module
*      IF ((KE.GT.0).AND.(DESTEP.GT.0.)) THEN
*      NUMED NORMALEMENT TOUJOURS EGALE A 2.
*      IF (NUMED.EQ.2) THEN
*          IF (KR.EQ.3) S1(KE)=S1(KE)+DESTEP
*          IF (KR.EQ.7) C1(KE)=C1(KE)+DESTEP
*          IF (KR.EQ.11) S2(KE)=S2(KE)+DESTEP
*          IF (KR.EQ.15) C2(KE)=C2(KE)+DESTEP
*          IF (KR.EQ.19) S3(KE)=S3(KE)+DESTEP
*      ENDIF
*      IF (NUMED.NE.2) SUMABS = SUMABS + DESTEP
*      ENDIF
*
*      END
+DECK, GUOUT
*      SUBROUTINE GUOUT
*
*      User routine called at the end of each event
*
+SEQ, GCKINE.
+SEQ, UVAR.
+SEQ, PVOLUM.
* *** Total energy deposited
*      S1TOT=0
*      S2TOT=0
*      S3TOT=0
*      C1TOT=0
*      C2TOT=0
*
*      DO I=1, NPETA
*          S1TOT=S1TOT+S1(I)
*          S2TOT=S2TOT+S2(I)
*          S3TOT=S3TOT+S3(I)
*      ENDDO
*
*      DO I=1, NCOUCHE(1)
*          C1TOT=C1TOT+C1(I)
*      ENDDO
*

```

```

DO I=1,NCOUCHE(2)
  C2TOT=C2TOT+C2(I)
ENDDO
*
ESEEN=S1TOT+S2TOT+S3TOT+C1TOT+C2TOT

IEVT=IEVT+1
CALL HFNT(100)
*
ESEEN = 1.E2*ESEEN/PKINE(1)
CALL HFILL (1,ESEEN, 0., 1.)
*
* *** Print current mean values

```

Nov 10 16:34 1994 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/alr+/leadring3.car Page 13

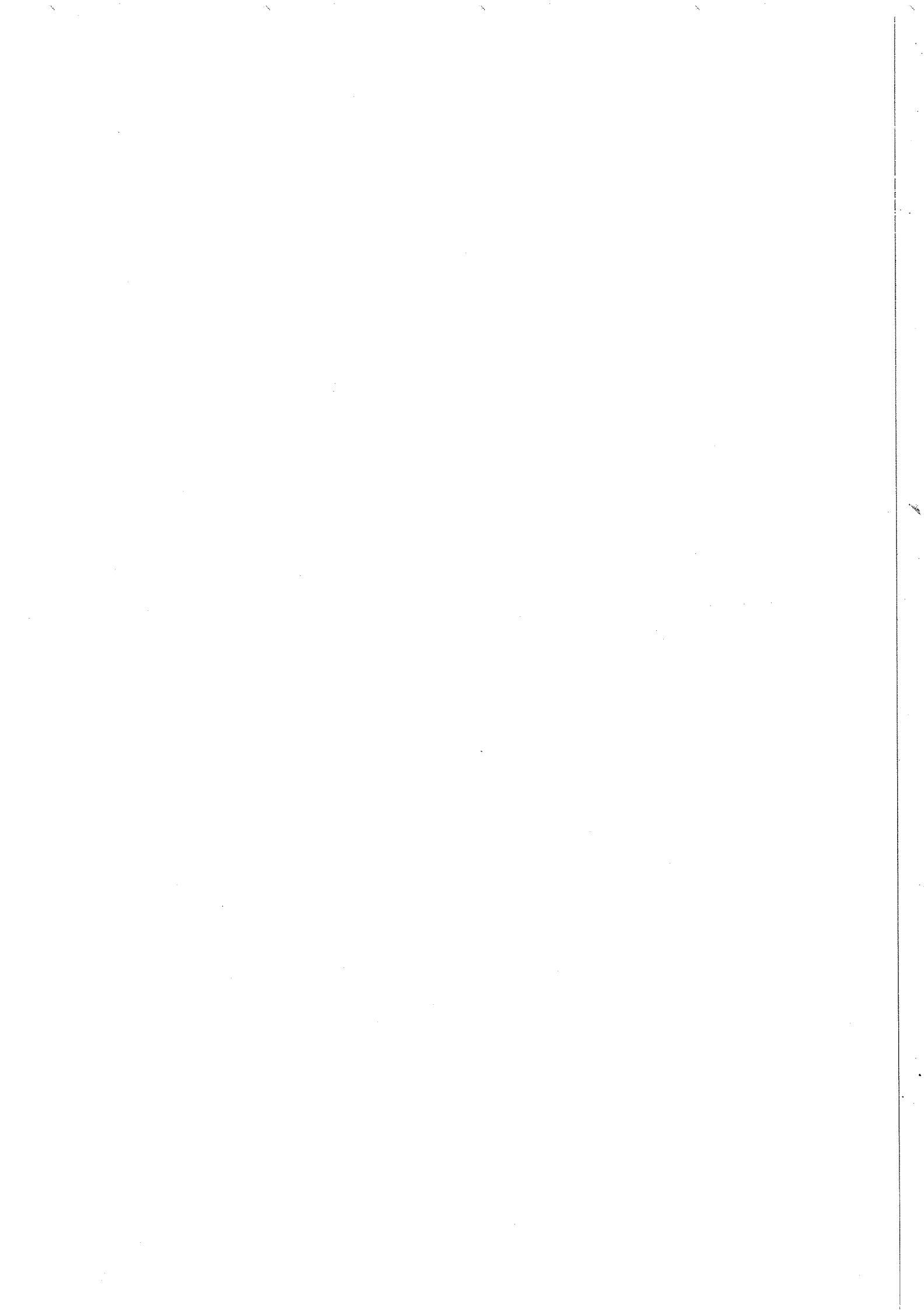
```

EMEAN = HSTATI(1,1,' ',0)
RMS = HSTATI(1,2,' ',0)
RMS = 100.*RMS/EMEAN
WRITE (LOUT,1001) IEVENT,EMEAN,RMS
1001 FORMAT(1X,'Event number:',I3,
+          3X,'ESEEN/E0 (%)':',F5.2, ' rms/eseen (%)':',F5.2)
*
END

+DECK,UGLAST
SUBROUTINE UGLAST
* Termination routine to print histograms and statistics
+SEQ,UVAR.

CALL GLAST
*
CALL HROUT(0,ICYCLE,' ')
28 CALL HREND('HBOOK')
*
* *** Print histograms
CALL HISTDO
END

```



ANNEXE 4

Programme 'Leadring.ffread'

```
LIST
TRIG 10000
RNDM 12345 54321
: CUTS 1=0.0001 3=0.001 4=0.00001 5=0.001 10=0.00204
: LOSS 3
: DRAY 1
: MULS 2
:----- KINE 103 10. 6. 11.
:
KINE 3 90. 6. 18.75
: PFIX 'e45g'
: PFIX 'gxin'
: LAYE RMAX RMIN1 RMIN2 RMIN3 RMIN4 DZS1 DZS2 DZS3 DZPB1 DZPB2 DZPB3 DZPB4 NZ ZPOS
ROTA 7.5 15.
: HPH 3.9 8.67 15. 37.5
DEBU 1 10
TIME 0. 0. 0
END
```

ANNEXE 5

Programme 'Install-lead'

```
#!/bin/sh
```

Make the standard executable and .o file for the various UNIX flavo(u)rs

This makes it possible to link your own stuff (for example, myfile.f) to the .o file by using the command:

```
$FC $FFLAGS myfile.f $NAME.o -o myfile.exe $LD_FLAGS
```

where you have to substitute \$FC, \$FFLAGS \$NAME and \$LD_FLAGS from the relevant lines below...(left as an exercise ;->)

Gerhard Raven (graven@hpl3.cern.ch)
Modified by R Clare: use the combined l3 library

Set the default values for the L3/CERN tree

NOTE: you can always override these values if you do (for example)
CERN_LEVEL=new ; export CERN_LEVEL (in case of sh,ksh,zsh,bash,...)
setenv CERN_LEVEL new (in case of csh,tcsh,...)

```
-z "$L3" ]      && L3=/l3
-z "$L3_LEVEL" ] && L3_LEVEL=180
-z "$L3_ROOT" ] && L3_ROOT=$L3/v$L3_LEVEL

-z "$CERN" ]    && CERN=/cern
-z "$CERN_LEVEL" ] && case $L3_LEVEL in
                    dev | 180 ) CERN_LEVEL=pro ;;
                    171 | 170 ) CERN_LEVEL=92a ;;
                    * )      echo 'CERN_LEVEL for $L3_LEVEL not present'
                               exit ;;
                    esac
-z "$CERN_ROOT" ] && CERN_ROOT=$CERN/$CERN_LEVEL
```

the target OS; first try uname, if no succes try for Apollo...

```
-z "$UNAME" ] && UNAME=`(uname) 2>/dev/null`
-z "$UNAME" -a -d /sys/node_data ] && UNAME="DomainOS"
-z "$UNAME" ] && (echo could not determine hosttype ; exit)
```

the target program name

NAME=leadring

The libraries

```
LIBS="-L$L3_ROOT/lib -L$CERN_ROOT/lib -L/usr/lib/X11R4 -L/lib \
-lld -lgeant321 -lpawlib -lgraf -lgrafx11 \
-lmathlib -lpacklib -lkernlib -lgenlib -lX11 -lm -lcl"
```

Machine specific options

```
if [ "$UNAME" = "HP-UX" ] ; then
```

```
MACHINE=HPUX
FC=fort77
```

```
FFLAGS="-K -O +ppu +T"
LD_FLAGS="-v -Wl,-s $LIBS"
# to use gprof utilities
# FFLAGS="-G -K -O +ppu +T"
# LD_FLAGS="-v $LIBS"
```

```
elif [ "$UNAME" = "DomainOS" ] ; then
```

```
MACHINE=APOLLO
FC=f77
FFLAGS=" -O -W0,-nuc,-bounds violation,-save,-indexl,-zero,-inline,!"
if /usr/apollo/bin/prism ; then
    FFLAGS="$FFLAGS,-natural -A cpu,a88k"
else
    FFLAGS="$FFLAGS,-nclines -A cpu,mathlib"
```

```

fi
LDLFLAGS="-Wl,-u,recbst,-u,recbts,-u,respar,-u,rexymc,-u,axocmp,-u,apgfac,-u,refld \
$LIBS"

elif [ "$UNAME" = "AIX" ] ; then

MACHINE=RS
FC=f77
FFLAGS=
echo 'RS/6000 with AIX not yet supported'
exit

elif [ "$UNAME" = "IRIX" ] ; then

MACHINE=SGI
FC=f77
FFLAGS="-trapuv -static -Nn4000 -backslash -G 3"
LDLFLAGS="-Wl,-u,recbst,-u,recbts,-u,respar,-u,rexymc,-u,axocmp,-u,apgfac,-u,r
$LIBS -lshift"

else

echo $UNAME is an unsupported system
exit

fi

echo " "
echo " #####"
echo " #####"
echo " ## "
echo " ## installing $NAME for $MACHINE "
echo " ## using $CERN_ROOT and $L3_ROOT "
echo " ## "
echo " #####"
echo " #####"
echo " "

[ "x$L3_LEVEL" = "xdev" ] && touch l3corr$L3_LEVEL.car \
|| crl3corr -v $L3_LEVEL -p l3corr$L3_LEVEL.car

```

Aug 02 10:38 1994 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/alr+/install_lead Page 3

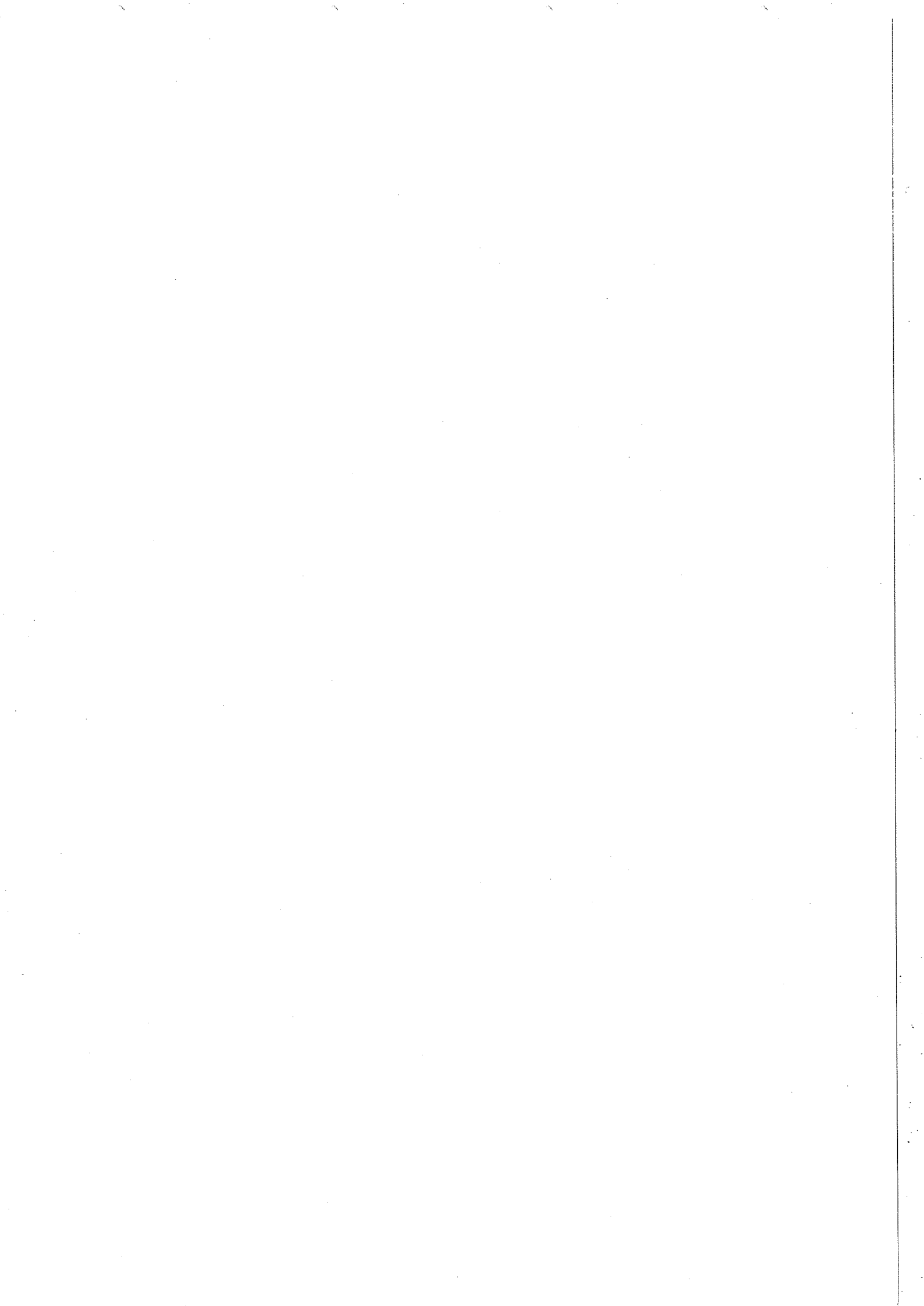
```

ypatchy - =$NAME.f :GO << EOI
+EXE, CRA*.
+OPT, MAP, LOST, WARN.
+SELF.
+USE, $MACHINE.
+USE, TYPE, QCDE, FATCDES, GCDES, ERPRCDES, UVAR.
+SELF.
+USE, LEADRING, T=EXE.
+PAM, 11, R=GCDES, T=C,T=A. /l3/pam/geant351.car
+PAM, 11, T=C, T=A. leadring.car
+QUIT.
EOI

# make the executable and the object file...

#$FC $FFLAGS /cern/pro/lib/gxint321.f $NAME.f -o $NAME.exe $LDLFLAGS
$FC $FFLAGS $NAME.f -o $NAME.exe $LDLFLAGS
chmod 755 $NAME.exe

```



ANNEXE 6

Programme 't3-alr.for'

REAL FUNCTION t3_alr(XDUMMY)

```
*****
*
* This file was generated by HUWFUN.
*
*****
*
* Ntuple Id:      100
* Ntuple Title:   RING
* Creation:       30/08/94 15.43.55
*
*****
```

```
LOGICAL          CHAIN
LOGICAL debug
LOGICAL debug10
LOGICAL lpass1
```

```
CHARACTER*128    CFILE
```

```
PARAMETER (nthebin=25,nphibin=20)
```

```
INTEGER IDNEVT
INTEGER NCHEVT
INTEGER ICHEVT
INTEGER NEVTOT
INTEGER nphi
INTEGER ntheta
INTEGER ista(16,3,nthebin,nphibin)
```

```
PARAMETER (NEVTOT = 6048)
```

```
REAL VIDN1
REAL VIDN2
REAL VIDN3
REAL VIDN(10)
```

```
REAL wphi(2)
REAL wtheta(2)
REAL energy(16,3,nthebin,nphibin)
REAL phistep
REAL thetastep
REAL s_can_1(nthebin,nphibin)
REAL c_can_1(nthebin,nphibin)
REAL s_effi(nthebin,nphibin)
REAL sc_effi(nthebin,nphibin)
REAL sc_uneffi(nthebin,nphibin)
REAL B(nthebin,nphibin)
REAL sc_coup(nthebin,nphibin)
REAL s_coup(nthebin,nphibin)
REAL coup_tot(nthebin,nphibin)
```

```
DATA emin/0.001/
DATA lpass1/.false./
```

```
COMMON/WORK/wphi,wtheta,energy,
+          phistep,thetastep,nphi,ntheta,ssigma,
+          ista,debug,debug10
```

```
COMMON /PAWIDN/ IDNEVT,VIDN1,VIDN2,VIDN3,VIDN
COMMON /PAWCHN/ CHAIN,NCHEVT,ICHEVT
COMMON /PAWCHC/ CFILE
```

```
*-- Ntuple Variable Declarations
```

```
*
REAL EBEAM
REAL THETA
REAL PHI
REAL ESEEN
REAL S1TOT
REAL S2TOT
REAL S3TOT
REAL C1TOT
REAL C2TOT
REAL S1(16)
REAL S2(16)
REAL S3(16)
REAL C1(100)
REAL C2(100)
```

```
*
INTEGER IEVT
*
```



```
COMMON /PAWCR4/ IEVT,EBEAM,THETA,PHI,ESEEN,S1TOT,S2TOT,S3TOT,  
+ C1TOT,C2TOT,S1,S2,S3,C1,C2
```

```
*-- Enter user code here
```

```
*  
***** Initialisation step *****
```

```
debug = .false.  
debug10 = .false.  
if (ievt.le.1) then  
  do i = 1,25  
    do j = 1,20  
      B(i,j) = 0  
      c_can_1(i,j) = 0  
      s_coup(i,j) = 0  
      sc_effi(i,j) = 0  
      s_can_1(i,j) = 0  
      sc_coup(i,j) = 0  
      s_effi(i,j) = 0  
      sc_uneffi(i,j) = 0
```

```
    enddo  
  enddo
```

```
  do is = 1,16  
    do il = 1,3  
      do i = 1,25  
        do j = 1,20  
          ista(is,il,i,j) = 0  
        enddo  
      enddo  
    enddo  
  enddo
```

```
  call interactif
```

```
*    call bdata
```

```
*2345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890190  
*****
```

```
  call hbook1(10,'EBEAM',100,0.,100.,0.)
```

```
  do it =1,ntheta  
    do ip = 1,nphi
```

```
      call hbook1(10*it+ip,'s1tot',100,0.,0.45,0.)  
      call hbook1(221*it+ip,'s2tot',100,0.,1.4,0.)  
      call hbook1(4441*it+ip,'s3tot',100,0.,1.,0.)  
      call hbook1(88841*it+ip,'s1tot+s2tot',100,0.,2.,0.)  
      call hbook1(1776841*it+ip,'s1tot+s2tot+s3tot',100,0.,5.,0.)
```

```
      write (6,*) it,ip
```

```
    enddo  
  enddo
```

```
  call hbook2(1,'efficiency (S scintillators)',  
+           20,3.9,8.7,20,7.5,30.,0.)  
  call hbook2(2,'evts number (S scintillators)',  
+           20,3.9,8.7,20,7.5,30.,0.)  
  call hbook2(3,'total efficiency (S+C scintillators)',  
+           20,3.9,8.7,20,7.5,30.,0.)  
  call hbook2(4,'evts number (C scintillators)',  
+           20,3.9,8.7,20,7.5,30.,0.)
```

```
  write(6,*) 'Bienvenue dans le monde merveilleux de ALR+ ...!'  
  write(6,*) ' '  
  write(6,*) '*****initialisation *****'  
  write(6,*) ' '
```

```
  debug = .true.
```

```
  write(6,*) '*****alr.out` opened *****',ios  
  write(6,*) ' '
```

```

c ***** Calculate the step in phi *****
      phistep = (wphi(2)-wphi(1))/nphi
c ***** Calculate the step in theta *****
      thetastep = (wtheta(2)-wtheta(1))/ntheta
      if(debug) write(6,101) phistep
101    format('You have defined a step of ', F5.2, ' degrees in phi')
      if(debug) write(6,102) thetastep
102    format(' and of', F6.2, ' degrees in theta ')
      if(debug) write(6,*) ' '
c ***** Array length : 16 secteurs * 3 layeurs * 25 * 20 *****
      ncell =16*3*nthebin*nphibin
c ***** Procedure initialization *****
      call vzero(energy,ncell)
      endif
c ***** end of the Initialisation step *****
      call hfill(10,ebeam,0.,1.)
c ***** Cells definition *****
c   it = number of steps in theta
c   ip = number of steps in phi
c   is = number of sector
      if (idnevt.le.nevtot) then
        do it=1,ntheta
          do ip=1,nphi
            themin=wtheta(1)+(it-1)*thetastep
            themax=wtheta(1)+(it)*thetastep
            if (theta.ge.themin.and.theta.lt.themax) then
              phimin=wphi(1)+(ip-1)*phistep
              phimax=wphi(1)+(ip)*phistep
              if(debug) write(6,*) ' I m going to fill the variables'
              if(debug) write(6,*) ' '
              if (phi.ge.phimin.and.phi.lt.phimax) then
                call hf1(10*it+ip,s1tot,1.)
                call hf1(221*it+ip,s2tot,1.)
                call hf1(4441*it+ip,s3tot,1.)
                call hopera (10*it+ip,'+',221*it+ip,88841*it+ip,1.,1.)
                call hopera (88841*it+ip,'+',4441*it+ip,
+                               17776841*it+ip,1.,1.)
                B(it,ip) = B(it,ip) + 1
                s_can_1(it,ip)=s1(1)+s2(1)+s3(1)+s1(2)+s2(2)+s3(2)
                if (s_can_1(it,ip).ge.0.6) then
                  s_coup(it,ip) = s_coup(it,ip) + 1
                endif
                c_can_1(it,ip) = c1tot+c2tot
                if (s_can_1(it,ip).lt.0.6.and.c_can_1(it,ip).lt.1.2) then
                  sc_coup(it,ip) = sc_coup(it,ip) + 1
                endif
              endif
            endif
          endif
        endif
      endif
*****
c   *** Here I fill my variables
c   if the energy found is greater than 'emin' ( = 0.001 Gev = 1 Mev ). **

```

```

c   *** I take into account that contribution energy
c   will contain at the end the requested quantity 'ista'
c   will contain the number of efficient events. ***
c   *** The mean energy will be the ration of those 2 variables ... see later

      do is=1,16
        if (s1(is).gt.emin) then
          ista(is,1,it,ip)= ista(is,1,it,ip)+1
          energy(is,1,it,ip)= energy(is,1,it,ip)+s1(is)
        endif
        if (s2(is).gt.emin) then
          ista(is,2,it,ip)= ista(is,2,it,ip)+1
          energy(is,2,it,ip)= energy(is,2,it,ip)+s2(is)
        endif
        if (s3(is).gt.emin) then
          ista(is,3,it,ip)= ista(is,3,it,ip)+1
          energy(is,3,it,ip)= energy(is,3,it,ip)+s3(is)
        endif
      enddo
    endif
  endif
enddo
enddo

if (idnevt.eq.nevtot) then
  do it =1,ntheta
    do ip = 1,nphi
      if (B(it,ip).ne.0) then
        s_effi(it,ip) = s_coup(it,ip)/B(it,ip)
        s_effi(it,ip) = s_effi(it,ip)*100
        sc_uneffi(it,ip) = sc_coup(it,ip)/B(it,ip)
        sc_uneffi(it,ip) = sc_uneffi(it,ip)*100
        sc_effi(it,ip) = 100.- sc_uneffi(it,ip)
        themin=wtheta(1)+(it-1)*thetastep
        phimin=wphi(1)+(ip-1)*phistep
        call hf2(1,themin+0.01,phimin+0.01,s_effi(it,ip))
        call hf2(2,themin+0.01,phimin+0.01,s_coup(it,ip))
        call hf2(3,themin+0.01,phimin+0.01,sc_effi(it,ip))
        call hf2(4,themin+0.01,phimin+0.01,sc_coup(it,ip))
c       write(6,*) 'B(',it,'-',ip,')= ', B(it,ip)
c       write(6,*) 'can_1(',it,'-',ip,')= ', can_1(it,ip)
c       write(6,*) 'coup(',it,'-',ip,')= ', coup(it,ip)
        write(6,*) 's_effi(',it,'-',ip,')= ', s_effi(it,ip)
        write(6,*) 'sc_effi(',it,'-',ip,')= ', sc_effi(it,ip)
      endif
    enddo
  enddo
endif

if(debug) write(6,*) ' Now, all the loops have been done '
if(debug) write(6,*) ' '

c   ***** Call an output file *****
      if (idnevt.eq.nevtot) call Doutput(s_effi,sc_effi)
      t3_alr = 1.
      end
*****
SUBROUTINE Doutput(s_effi,sc_effi)

```

```

*****
* This file will write a paper that contains the distribution of the
* deposit energy in each cell of each scintillator.
* (c) L. FREDJ review D. SCIARRINO
*****

```

```

CHARACTER*5   sc(6)
CHARACTER*18  pthe,pphi
*
PARAMETER (nthebin=25,nphibin=20)
*
REAL wphi(2)
REAL wtheta(2)
REAL energy(16,3,nthebin,nphibin)
REAL tension(16,3,nthebin,nphibin)
REAL phistep
REAL thetastep
REAL canal(16,nthebin,nphibin)
REAL voie(16,nthebin,nphibin)
REAL tcanal(16,nthebin,nphibin)
REAL tcan(16,nthebin,nphibin)
REAL tvoie(16,nthebin,nphibin)
REAL tv(16,nthebin,nphibin)
REAL s_effi(nthebin,nphibin)
REAL sc_effi(nthebin,nphibin)
REAL MAX(nthebin,nphibin)
REAL VM
*
INTEGER nphi
INTEGER ntheta
INTEGER ista(16,3,nthebin,nphibin)
INTEGER DB(16,3,nthebin,nphibin)
INTEGER de(16,3,nthebin,nphibin)
INTEGER VMAX(nthebin,nphibin)
INTEGER VMIN
INTEGER wm
INTEGER ONOFF1
INTEGER ONOFF2
INTEGER a,b
*
INTEGER pt
*
LOGICAL debug
LOGICAL debug10
*
COMMON/WORK/wphi,wtheta,energy,
+          phistep,thetastep,nphi,ntheta,ssigma,
+          ista,debug,debug10
*
REAL EBEAM
REAL THETA
REAL PHI
REAL ESEEN
REAL S1TOT
REAL S2TOT
REAL S3TOT
REAL C1TOT
REAL C2TOT
REAL S1(16)
REAL S2(16)
REAL S3(16)
REAL C1(100)
REAL C2(100)
*
INTEGER IEVT
*
COMMON /PAWCR4/ IEVT,EBEAM,THETA,PHI,ESEEN,S1TOT,S2TOT,S3TOT,
+          C1TOT,C2TOT,S1,S2,S3,C1,C2
*
do is = 1,16
  do il = 1,3
    do i = 1,25
      do j = 1,20

          tension(is,il,i,j)=0
          DB(is,il,i,j)=0
          db(is,il,i,j)=0

      enddo
    enddo
  enddo
enddo

```

```

enddo
do is = 1,16
  do i = 1,25
    do j = 1,20
      canal(is,i,j) = 0
      voie(is,i,j) = 0
      tcanal(is,i,j) = 0
      tcan(is,i,j) = 0
      tv(is,i,j) = 0
    enddo
  enddo
enddo

do i = 1,25
  do j = 1,20
    MAX(i,j)=0
    VMAX(i,j)=0
  enddo
enddo

VMIN=0
ONOFF1=0
ONOFF2=0

write (6,*) 'yup'
Write(56,*) ' Alr simulation program version 1.1 '
Write(56,*) ' '
Write(56,*) ' The beam energy is ',EBEAM, ' GeV'
Write(56,*) ' '
Write(56,100)
Write(57,*) ' Alr simulation program version 1.1 '
Write(57,*) ' '
Write(57,*) ' The beam energy is ',EBEAM, ' GeV'
Write(57,*) ' '
Write(57,*) ' WARNING : ALL THE TENSIONS ARE IN MILLIVOLTS '
Write(57,*) ' '
Write(57,100)

*** Calculate the mean energy deposit in this cell for each scintillator ***

do j=1,nphi
  do i=1,ntheta
    do is=1,16
      do il=1,3
        if(ista(is,il,i,j).gt.0)
+ energy(is,il,i,j) = 1000.*energy(is,il,i,j)/(ista(is,il,i,j))
          tension(is,il,i,j) = energy(is,il,i,j)*0.16
          if (ista(is,il,i,j).le.0.and.energy(is,il,i,j).gt.0.)then
            write(56,*) ' I found problems in the following case:'
            write(56,*) ' Cell number in phi ',i
            write(56,*) ' Cell number in phi ',j
            write(56,*) ' Sector number ',is
            write(56,*) ' Layer number ',il
            write(56,*) ' No entry but energy deposit =',
+ energy(is,il,i,j)
          endif
        enddo
      enddo
    enddo
  enddo
enddo

C ***** Calcule l'energie par canal (somme de 3 layers sur 1 petale) *****
C ***** Calcule l'energie par voie (somme de 3 layers sur 2 petales) *****
C
do is=1,16
  do i=1,ntheta
    do j=1,nphi
      do il=1,3
        canal(is,i,j) = canal(is,i,j)+energy(is,il,i,j)
        tcanal(is,i,j) = canal(is,i,j)*0.16
      enddo
    enddo
  enddo
enddo

```

```

        enddo
c      write(6,*) 'canal (' ,is,'-',i,'-',j,')=' ,canal(is,i,j)
        enddo
        enddo
        enddo
do is=1,16
  do i=1,ntheta
    do j=1,nphi

      if(is.NE.16) voie(is,i,j)=canal(is,i,j)+canal(is+1,i,j)
      if(is.EQ.16) voie(is,i,j)=canal(is,i,j)+canal(1,i,j)

      tvoie(is,i,j) = voie(is,i,j)*0.16

    enddo
  enddo
enddo
*
i=0
do is=1,2
  do il=1,3

    i=i+1
    write(sc(i),1)is,il

  enddo
enddo

write(6,*)' I m preparing the output file ...please wait ! '

write(56,2)sc
write(57,2)sc
write(58,13)

write(56,100)
write(57,100)
write(58,100)

i=0
pt=0
do it=1,ntheta
  do ip=1,nphi

    If (ievt.le.1) then

      VM = tension(1,1,1,1)

    endif

    do ia=1,2
      do ib=1,3

        if (tension(ia,ib,it,ip).gt.VM) then

          VM = tension(ia,ib,it,ip)

        endif

      enddo
    enddo

  enddo
enddo

VM = 1.12*VM
wm = INT(VM+0.5)
wm = 250

write(6,*) VM,wm

do it=1,ntheta
  do ip=1,nphi

    k=k+1
    pt=INT((100*it+ip)*100+EBEAM)

    write(58,14) pt
    write(6,*) k,EBEAM,it,ip

    MAX(it,ip) = tension(1,1,it,ip)

    do ia=1,2
      do ib=1,3

```

```

        if (tension(ia,ib,it,ip).gt.MAX(it,ip)) then
            MAX(it,ip) = tension(ia,ib,it,ip)
        endif
    enddo
enddo
MAX(it,ip) = MAX(it,ip)*1.1
VMAX(it,ip) = INT(MAX(it,ip)+0.5)
do i=1,2
    do j=1,3
        DB(i,j,it,ip) =99
        de(i,j,it,ip) =99
        if (tension(i,j,it,ip).le.0.) then
            write(6,*) i,j,it,ip,tension(i,j,it,ip)
        endif
        if (tension(i,j,it,ip).gt.0.) then
            DB(i,j,it,ip) = INT(20*(ALOG10(MAX(it,ip)
+           /tension(i,j,it,ip)))+0.5)
            de(i,j,it,ip) =INT(20*(ALOG10((wm
+           /tension(i,j,it,ip)))+0.5)
        endif
        if (DB(i,j,it,ip).gt.48.or.DB(i,j,it,ip).eq.99) then
            write(6,*) i,j,it,ip,de(i,j,it,ip)
            DB(i,j,it,ip) = 48
        endif
        if (de(i,j,it,ip).gt.48.or.de(i,j,it,ip).eq.99) then
            write(6,*) i,j,it,ip,de(i,j,it,ip)
+           write(62,*) pt,de(1,1,it,ip),
+           de(1,2,it,ip),de(1,3,it,ip),
+           de(2,1,it,ip),de(2,2,it,ip),
+           de(2,3,it,ip),tcanal(1,it,ip),
+           tcanal(2,it,ip),tvoie(1,it,ip)
            de(i,j,it,ip) = 48
        endif
    enddo
enddo
phimin=wphi(1)+(ip-1)*phistep
phimax=wphi(1)+(ip)*phistep
themin=wtheta(1)+(it-1)*thetastep
themax=wtheta(1)+(it)*thetastep
write(pthe,3) themin,themax
write(pphi,4) phimin,phimax
write(56,5) pthe
write(56,5) pphi
write(57,5) pthe
write(57,5) pphi
write(56,6) energy(1,1,it,ip),energy(1,2,it,ip),
+           energy(1,3,it,ip),energy(2,1,it,ip),
+           energy(2,2,it,ip),energy(2,3,it,ip)
write(57,7) tension(1,1,it,ip),tension(1,2,it,ip),
+           tension(1,3,it,ip),tension(2,1,it,ip),
+           tension(2,2,it,ip),tension(2,3,it,ip)
write(56,8) ista(1,1,it,ip),ista(1,2,it,ip),
+           ista(1,3,it,ip),ista(2,1,it,ip),

```

```

+           ista(2,2,it,ip),ista(2,3,it,ip)
write(57,8) ista(1,1,it,ip),ista(1,2,it,ip),
+           ista(1,3,it,ip),ista(2,1,it,ip),
+           ista(2,2,it,ip),ista(2,3,it,ip)

write(56,9) canal(1,it,ip),canal(2,it,ip)
write(56,10) voie(1,it,ip)

write(56,11) s_effi(it,ip)
write(56,12) sc_effi(it,ip)
write(56,100)

write(57,9) tcanal(1,it,ip),tcanal(2,it,ip)
write(57,10) tvoie(1,it,ip)

write(58,15) MAX(it,ip),tension(1,1,it,ip),
+           tension(1,2,it,ip),tension(1,3,it,ip),
+           tension(2,1,it,ip),tension(2,2,it,ip),
+           tension(2,3,it,ip),tcanal(1,it,ip),
+           tcanal(2,it,ip),tvoie(1,it,ip)

tcan(1,it,ip) = INT(tcanal(1,it,ip)+0.5)
tcan(2,it,ip) = INT(tcanal(2,it,ip)+0.5)
tv(1,it,ip) = INT(tvoie(1,it,ip)+0.5)

write(59,16) pt,VMAX(it,ip),DB(1,1,it,ip),
+           DB(1,2,it,ip),DB(1,3,it,ip),
+           DB(2,1,it,ip),DB(2,2,it,ip),
+           DB(2,3,it,ip),tcan(1,it,ip),
+           tcan(2,it,ip),tv(1,it,ip)

write(61,17) pt,wm,de(1,1,it,ip),
+           de(1,2,it,ip),de(1,3,it,ip),
+           de(2,1,it,ip),de(2,2,it,ip),
+           de(2,3,it,ip),VMIN,tv(1,it,ip),
+           ONOFF1,ONOFF2

write(57,11) s_effi(it,ip)
write(57,12) sc_effi(it,ip)
write(57,100)
write(58,100)

enddo
enddo

1  format('S',i2,'L',i1)
2  format(' point',6(5x,a5))
3  format(' theta',f5.2,'-',f5.2)
4  format(' phi',f5.2,'-',f5.2)
5  format(a17)
6  format(' deposit energy',4x,6(1x,f8.3,1x))
7  format(' tension',12x,6(1x,f8.3,1x))
8  format(' nber of evts',6x,6(1x,i8,1x))
9  format(' S1tot-S2tot',8x,11x,F8.3,1x,21x,F8.3,1x)
10 format(' S1+S2',39x,F8.3,1x)
11 format(' S efficiency %',32x,F6.2,1x)
12 format(' S+C efficiency %',30x,F6.2,1x)
13 format(' point',2x,'S1',6x,'S2',6x,'S3',6x,'S4',6x,
+       'S5',6x,'S6',6x,'C1',6x,'C2',6x,'C',6x)
14 format(I6)
15 format(10(F7.2,1x))
16 format((I6,3x),(I4,6x),6(I3,3x),3(4x,I3))
17 format(' ',I6,' ',11(I3,' '))
100 format(80('-'))

write(6,*) ' '
write(6,*) ' My job is finished..Do yours..Bye and Good Luck !'
write(6,*) ' '

return
end

```

SUBROUTINE vzero(x,n)

dimension x(30000)

do i=1,n

x(i)=0


```

        enddo
        return
    end

*****
    SUBROUTINE bdata
*****
    PARAMETER (nthebin=25,nphibin=20)
*
    REAL wphi(2)
    REAL wtheta(2)
    REAL energy(16,3,nthebin,nphibin)
    REAL phistep
    REAL thetastep
*
    INTEGER nphi
    INTEGER ntheta
    INTEGER ista(16,3,nthebin,nphibin)
*
    LOGICAL debug
    LOGICAL debug10
*
    COMMON/WORK/wphi,wtheta,energy,
+               phistep,thetastep,
+               nphi,ntheta,ssigma,
+               ista,debug,debug10
*

    nphi = 2
    wphi(1) = 7.5
    wphi(2) = 30.

    ntheta = 2
    wtheta(1) = 3.9
    wtheta(2) = 8.7

    return

    end

*****
    SUBROUTINE interactif
*****
    PARAMETER (nthebin=25,nphibin=20)
*
    REAL wphi(2)
    REAL wtheta(2)
    REAL energy(16,3,nthebin,nphibin)
    REAL phistep
    REAL thetastep
*
    INTEGER nphi
    INTEGER ntheta
    INTEGER ista(16,3,nthebin,nphibin)
*
    LOGICAL debug
    LOGICAL debug10
*
    COMMON/WORK/wphi,wtheta,energy,
+               phistep,thetastep,
+               nphi,ntheta,ssigma,
+               ista,debug,debug10
*

    lpass1=.true.

    write(6,*) ' '
    write(6,*) 'Please,enter the number of cuts in phi (<5)'
    read(5,*) nphi
    write(6,*) ' '
    write(6,*) 'Please,enter the number of cuts in theta (<5)'
    read(5,*) ntheta
    write(6,*) ' '
    write(6,*) 'Please,enter the work-phi min (0<wphim<7.5)'
    read(5,*) wphi(1)
    write(6,*) ' '
    write(6,*) 'Please,enter the work-phi max (wphim<wphi<30)'

```

```
read(5,*) wphi(2)
write(6,*) ' '
write(6,*) 'Please,enter the work-theta min (3.9<wthetam<8.7) '
read(5,*) wtheta(1)
write(6,*) ' '
write(6,*) 'Please,enter the work-theta max (3.9<wtheta<8.7) '
read(5,*) wtheta(2)
write(6,*) ' '

return
end
```

ANNEXE 7

Tableau de correspondance des dB avec le facteur d'atténuation

DB ATTENUATION OU GAIN EN TENSION

1	1.1		1.122019
2	1.3		1.258926
3	1.4 1.4	1.2	1.412538
4	1.6		1.584893
5	1.8		1.778279
6	2.0 2.0	1.995262	
7	2.2		2.238721
8	2.5		2.511886
9	2.8		2.818383
10	3.2		3.162278
11	3.5		3.548134
12	4.0	3.981072	
13	4.5		4.466836
14	5.0	5.011873	
15	5.6		5.623413
16	6.3		6.309573
17	7.1		7.079458
18	7.9		7.943283
19	-8.899999 S Y		8.91251
20	10 10		
21	11.2		11.22018
22	12.6		12.58926
23	14.1		14.12537
24	15.8		15.84893
25	17.8		17.7828
26	20	19.95262	
27	22.4		22.38721
28	25.1		25.11886
29	28.2		28.18383
30	31.6		31.62278
31	35.5		35.48134
32	39.8		39.81072
33	44.7		44.66836
34	50.1		50.11873
35	56.2		56.23413
36	63.1		63.09574
37	70.8		70.79458
38	79.4		79.43284
39	89.1		89.12513
40	100		100
41	112.2		112.2018
42	125.9		125.8925
43	141.3		141.2538
44	158.5		158.4893
45	177.8		177.828
46	199.5		199.5262
47	223.9		223.872
48	251.2		251.1887
49	281.8		281.8382
50	316.2		316.2279
51	354.8		354.8134
--	---		---

ANNEXE 8

Fichiers des données 5, 20, 30, 45, 60 et 90 GeV

10105	250	35	30	39	48	48	48	0	17	0	0
10205	250	48	31	38	35	45	48	0	18	0	0
10305	250	48	45	39	34	31	47	0	18	0	0
20105	250	32	28	37	48	48	48	0	22	0	0
20205	250	48	29	35	32	44	48	0	23	0	0
20305	250	48	44	37	31	28	47	0	23	0	0
30105	250	32	30	41	48	48	48	0	18	0	0
30205	250	48	31	40	32	46	48	0	19	0	0
30305	250	48	46	41	32	31	48	0	18	0	0

10115	250	30	21	27	48	48	48	0	44	0	0
10215	250	48	21	26	30	37	48	0	47	0	0
10315	250	48	37	27	29	21	39	0	48	0	0
20115	250	27	18	24	47	48	48	0	61	0	0
20215	250	48	19	23	27	37	48	0	63	0	0
20315	250	48	37	25	27	19	38	0	63	0	0
30115	250	27	21	29	48	48	48	0	44	0	0
30215	250	48	22	29	27	41	48	0	44	0	0
30315	250	48	41	29	27	21	43	0	47	0	0

10130	250	27	15	20	48	48	48	0	85	0	0
10230	250	48	16	19	28	33	45	0	87	0	0
10330	250	48	34	19	27	16	33	0	90	0	0
20130	250	24	13	17	47	48	48	0	114	0	0
20230	250	47	13	16	24	32	46	0	119	0	0
20330	250	48	33	17	24	13	32	0	119	0	0
30130	250	24	15	22	47	48	48	0	82	0	0
30230	250	48	16	22	24	37	48	0	82	0	0
30330	250	48	36	23	24	16	38	0	83	0	0

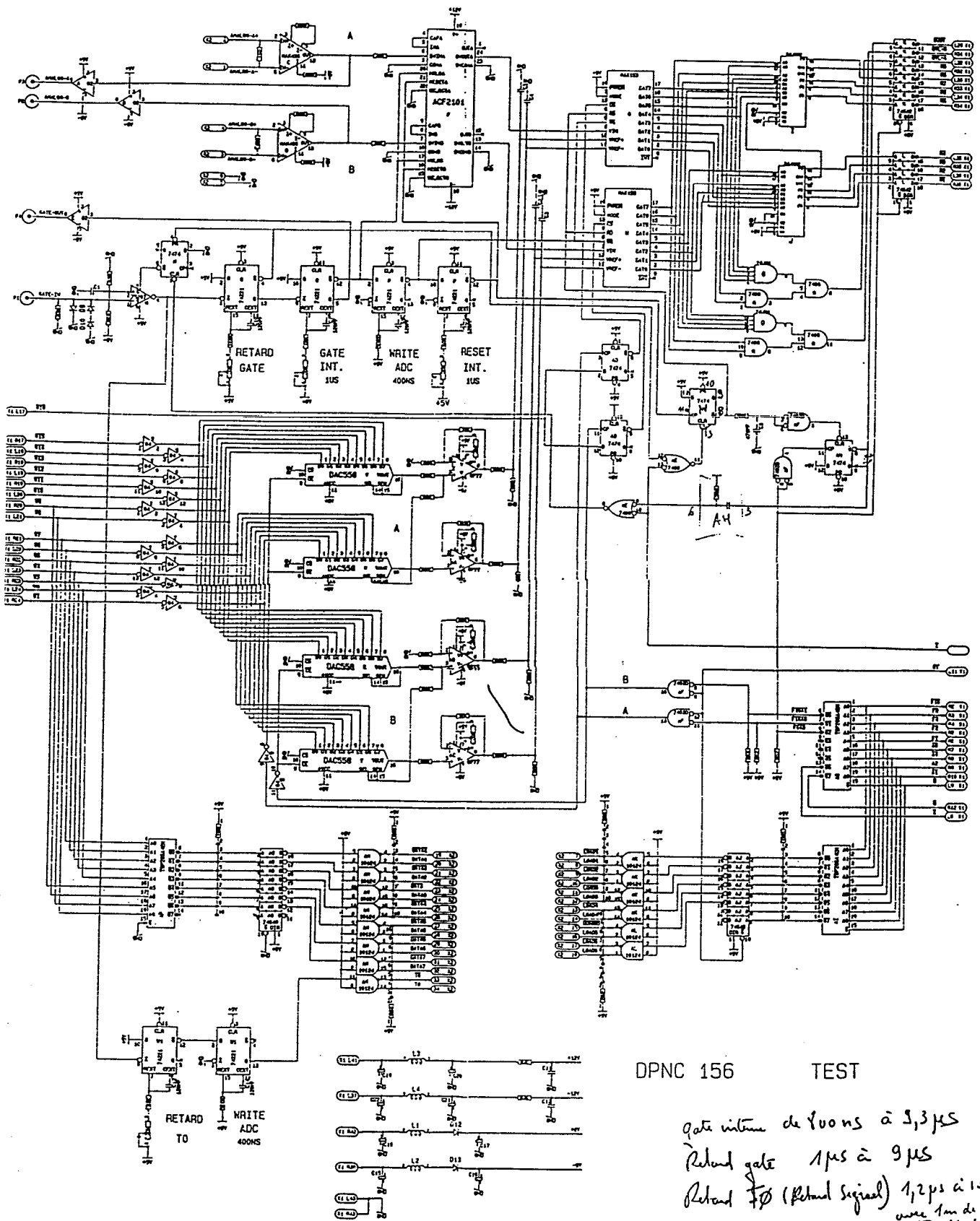
10145	250	26	13	16	47	46	48	0	121	0	0
10245	250	47	13	14	26	31	42	0	129	0	0
10345	250	48	31	16	26	13	29	0	131	0	0
20145	250	22	9	13	47	48	48	0	165	0	0
20245	250	46	10	11	22	30	44	0	174	0	0
20345	250	48	30	13	22	10	28	0	174	0	0
30145	250	22	11	18	46	48	48	0	114	0	0
30245	250	48	13	17	22	34	48	0	119	0	0
30345	250	48	34	18	22	13	34	0	119	0	0

10160	250	25	10	13	46	45	47	0	157	0	0
10260	250	47	11	12	25	29	40	0	167	0	0
10360	250	48	29	13	25	10	27	0	167	0	0
20160	250	21	7	10	45	47	48	0	216	0	0
20260	250	45	8	9	21	28	42	0	227	0	0
20360	250	48	28	10	21	8	26	0	227	0	0
30160	250	21	10	16	47	48	48	0	144	0	0
30260	250	46	10	15	21	32	47	0	153	0	0
30360	250	48	33	16	21	10	32	0	152	0	0

10190	250	23	7	8	46	43	45	0	235	0	0
10290	250	46	7	8	24	27	37	0	244	0	0
10390	250	48	26	9	23	7	23	0	248	0	0
20190	250	19	4	6	45	44	48	0	314	0	0
20290	250	45	4	5	19	26	38	0	331	0	0
20390	250	48	26	6	19	5	22	0	331	0	0
30190	250	20	7	12	46	48	48	0	206	0	0
30290	250	44	8	11	20	29	44	0	213	0	0
30390	250	48	30	12	20	7	29	0	217	0	0
10190	250	23	7	8	46	43	45	0	235	0	0

ANNEXE 9

Carte de sommation de deux canaux pour les tests



ANNEXE 10

Comparaison des décibels mesurés (amplitude signal) avec la
théorie

Attenuation (dB)	V1 (mV)	V2 (mV)	V3 (mV)	V4 (mV)	V5 (mV)	V6 (mV)	Vtheorie (mV)	ecart max (pourcent)
1	425	469	475	469	419	425	477	0.878406709
10	150	150	150	150	150	150	164	0.914634146
20	47	48	48	48	48	48	52.5	0.914285714
30	15	15	15	15	15	15	16.6	0.903614458
35	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	9.34	0.91006424

V = Amplitude du signal de depart = 525 mV

V1...V6 = Amplitude des 6 canaux d'attenuateurs mesuree selon l'attenuation portee a V

Vtheorie = Amplitude que l'on aurait du mesurer si les attenuateurs etaient parfaits

ANNEXE 11

- Programme : 'initialisation.for'
- Programme : 'init-talr.pas'
- Programme : 'matrix.dat'
- Programme : 'rout.for'


```

READ(5,*) run_condition
WRITE(6,*) ' '

IF (run_condition.eq.1) then
  WRITE(6,*) ' 1 : TEST RUN '
ENDIF

IF (run_condition.eq.2) then
write(6,*) 'call pedestal '
  CALL pedestal
  write(6,*) 'called pedestal '
  OPEN(unit=10,file='init_talr.log',status='old',
+      access='sequential')
5  READ(10,*, END=10)
   GOTO 5
10 WRITE(10,*) 'SALUT DU FORTRAN'
   close (10)
   endif
IF (run_condition.eq.3) then
  CALL prepare_run
  OPEN(unit=10,file='test.dat',status='unknown',
+      access='sequential')
  READ(10,*)
  WRITE(10,*) 'SALUT DU FORTRAN'

  CLOSE(10)

```

Feb 07 09:04 1995 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/initialisation.for Page 3

```

ENDIF
IF (run_condition.eq.0) then
* halt from VAX
  WRITE(6,*) ' 0 : NO RUN '
ENDIF
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE prepare_run

```

```

WRITE(6,*) ' 3 : RUN '

```

```

CALL read_sumped
CALL check_sumoverflow
CALL find_ped

```

```

RETURN

```

```

END

```

SUBROUTINE read_sumped

* SUMPED : are the sum of two chanel : 2*16 sumped in the file
 * SUMOVER : are the OR of the overflow of 2 sumated chanel
 * SUMOVER = 1 if at least one of the ADC is in overflow

INTEGER NLINE
 INTEGER n
 PARAMETER (NLINE = 32)
 REAL SUMPED(NLINE,2)
 REAL SUMOVER(NLINE)
 COMMON/VAR/SUMPED

Feb 07 09:04 1995 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/initialisation.for Page 4

```
*
*   + OPEN(access='direct',unit=10,recl=1024,
*     +     form='formatted', file='ped.dat',status='unknown')
*
*   + OPEN(access='sequential',unit=10,
*     +     file='sumped.dat',status='unknown')
*
*   DO n=1,NLINE
*
*     READ(10,*) (SUMPED(n,j),j=1,2)
*     WRITE(6,*) (SUMPED(n,j),j=1,2)
*
*   ENDDO
*
*   CLOSE(10)
*
*   WRITE(6,*) ' '
*   WRITE(6,*) 'Hi from sumped'
*   WRITE(6,*) ' '
*
*   RETURN
*
*   END
```

SUBROUTINE check_sumoverflow

```
INTEGER NLINE
PARAMETER (NLINE = 32)
REAL SUMOVER(NLINE)
REAL SUMPED(NLINE,2)
COMMON/VAR/SUMPED
DO j=1,NLINE
*
*   WRITE(6,*) 'SUMPED =', (SUMPED(j,i),i=1,2)
*   SUMOVER(j) = SUMPED(j,2)
*   WRITE(6,*) j, SUMOVER(j)
*
* ENDDO
DO i=2,15
```


END

SUBROUTINE find_ped

DIMENSION R(50)

REAL A(50,16), B(50,16), A2(50,16), B2(50,16)
INTEGER i,j,k,l,m,n
INTEGER ARRAY_DIM

PARAMETER (ARRAY_DIM=16)

OPEN(unit=10,file='matrix.dat',status='unknown')
OPEN(unit=11,file='sumped.dat',status='unknown')

IFAIL=0
IFAIL2=0
i=0
j=0
k=0
l=0
m=0
n=0

DO i=1,50

DO j=1,16

A(i,j)=0
B(i,j)=0
A2(i,j)=0
B2(i,j)=0

ENDDO

ENDDO

Feb 07 09:04 1995 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/initialisation.for Page 7

DO i=1,ARRAY_DIM

* READ(10,*,end=5) (A(i,j),j=1,ARRAY_DIM)
WRITE(6,*) (A(i,j),j=1,ARRAY_DIM)

ENDDO

DO i=1,ARRAY_DIM

DO j=1,ARRAY_DIM

* A2(i,j)=A(i,j)
WRITE(6,*) A2(i,j)

ENDDO

ENDDO

5 PRINT *, 'EOF'

CLOSE(10)

DO k=1,32

* READ(11,110) B(k,1)
WRITE(6,111) k,B(k,1)

If (k.ge.17) then


```

      B2((k-16),1) = B(k,1)
*      WRITE(6,112) (k-16), B2((k-16),1)
      B(k,1) = 0
      ENDIF
      WRITE(6,*) k,B(k,1), B2((k-16),1)
ENDDO
CLOSE(11)
CALL REQINV(ARRAY_DIM,A,50,R,IFAIL,1,B)
WRITE(6,*) 'IFAIL = ',IFAIL
CALL REQINV(ARRAY_DIM,A2,50,R,IFAIL2,1,B2)
WRITE(6,*) 'IFAIL2= ',IFAIL2

DO l=1,ARRAY_DIM
      WRITE(6,115) l, B(l,1), l, B2(l,1)

```

Feb 07 09:04 1995 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/initialisation.for Page 8

```

*      WRITE(6,112) l, B2(l,1)
      ENDDO
*      DO m=1,ARRAY_DIM
*      DO n=1,ARRAY_DIM
*          WRITE(6,113) m, n, a(m,n)
*          WRITE(6,114) m, n, a2(m,n)
*      ENDDO
*      ENDDO

110  FORMAT(F4.0)
111  FORMAT(' B (',i2,',',1) = ',F5.0)
112  FORMAT(' B2 (',i2,',',1) = ',F5.0)
113  FORMAT(' A (',i2,',',i2,',) = ',F3.0)
114  FORMAT(' A2 (',i2,',',i2,',) = ',F3.0)
115  FORMAT(' B (',i2,',',1) = ',F5.0,' B2((',i2,',',1) = ',F5.0)

      RETURN
      END

```

```

[INHERIT (
    'JT$PGM:[LIBS.GEFBLIB]CAMdef.PEN',
    'JT$PGM:[LIBS.utilities]node.pen'
)]
module INIT_Talr(output);

const
  branch=4;
  crate=6;
  slot_decision=9;

type
  {side = cote rb24a a rb26d : huit modules}
  {vr = dans les huit modules il y a 4 ADC, 1 pour chaque canal > 8 fois 4 DAQ}
  {stat = etat de l'ADC : ON ou OFF > 8 fois 4 etats }
  {decision = dans la logique : single tag, double tag, ET logique avec TEC}

  side=(rb24a,rb24b,rb24c,rb24d,rb26a,rb26b,rb26c,rb26d);
  vr=array[rb24a..rb26d,1..4]of unsigned;
  tab=array[1..32]of integer;
  stat=array[rb24a..rb26d,1..4]of boolean;
  decision=array[1..3]of unsigned;
  fourint=array[side]of unsigned;

var
  slot:fourint;

  test,inp,t2,t3,t4,t5 : text;
  t1 :string(100);
[global]procedure init(vrefm:vr;vrefp,switch,add_sub:vr;on:stat;
  var bt,thBB,thGG,thST,psBB,psST,onoff:unsigned;var ok:boolean);

var
  patt:unsigned;
  btdac:unsigned;
  thBB_ST:unsigned;
  psBB_ST:unsigned;
  i:integer;
  j:side;

const
  machine='VXL3j0';

begin
  ok:= true;

  OPEN(test,'init_talr.log');
  REWRITE(test);

  { CAMAC ne marche que sur la machine vxl3j0 }

  if not is_node(machine) then begin
    writeln(' this program must run on ',machine);

```

```

  ok := false;
  { halt;}
  end;

  init_camac;

  { rb24 modules CAMAC }

  slot[rb24a]:=1;
  slot[rb24b]:=2;
  slot[rb24c]:=3;
  slot[rb24d]:=4;

  { rb26 modules CAMAC }

```

```

slot[rb26a]:=5;
slot[rb26b]:=6;
slot[rb26c]:=7;
slot[rb26d]:=8;

if not testonline(branch,crate) then begin
  writeln(' not online branch ',branch,' crate ',crate);
  ok:=false;
  halt;
end;

{ ecrit les vref- et vref+}

for j:=rb24a to rb26d do begin
  for i:=1 to 4 do begin
    if (vrefm[j,i]>127) then begin
      writeln('not good vrefm for side ',j,' number ',i,' value ',vrefm[j,i]);
      ok:=false;
      vrefm[j,i]:=0;
      WRITELN(test,'vrefm was wrong(=',vrefm[j,i],')so I put it to 0');
      WRITELN(test,'ok = false');
    end;

    if (vrefp[j,i]>255) then begin
      writeln('not good vrefp for side ',j,' number ',i,' value ',vrefp[j,i]);
      ok:=false;
      vrefp[j,i]:=255;
      WRITELN(test,'vrefp was wrong(=',vrefp[j,i],')so I put it to 255');
      WRITELN(test,'ok = false');
    end;

    { 2**7 pour commencer a 128 pour vrefp }
    patt:=vrefm[j,i]+2**7*vrefp[j,i];
    { 2**15 pour le 16 eme bit }
    if (on[j,i]) then patt:=patt+2**16;
    { ecrit vref- sur 7 bits, vref+ sur 8 bits, et ONOFF sur le dernier }
  end;
end;

```

Feb 07 09:05 1995 /hp/genic/user/dsciar/init_talr.pas Page 3

```

camac(branch,crate,slot[j],i,16,patt);

if not compass.xcamac then begin
  writeln('no x camac for side ',j,' number ',i);
  ok:=false;
  WRITELN(test,'no x camac for side ',j,' number ',i);
  WRITELN(test,'ok = false');
end;
btdac := bt + 2**8*switch[j,i] + 2**12*add_sub[j,i];
end;

{ seuil du discri pour le "bunch tagging" = 1 DAQ }
camac(branch,crate,slot[j],4,16,btdac);

if not compass.xcamac then begin
  writeln('no x camac for btdac side ',j);
  ok:=false;
  WRITELN(test,'no x camac for btdac side ',j);
  WRITELN(test,'ok = false');
end;
end;

{ 9 eme module = module de decision, on ecrit les seuils des 3 differents trig
thBB_ST := thBB + 2**8 * thST;
thGG := thGG + 2**8 * onoff;
psBB_ST := psBB + 2**8 * psST;
CAMAC(branch,crate,slot_decision,0,16,thBB_ST);

```

```
for i:=rb24a to rb26d do begin
```

Feb 07 09:05 1995 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/init_talr.pas Page 5

```
for j:=1 to 4 do begin
  vrefp[i,j]:=255;
  vrefm[i,j]:=0;
  switch[i,j]:= 0;
  add_sub[i,j]:=0;
  on[i,j]:=true;
end;
end;
```

```
open(inp,'alr_ini.dat',history:=old);
reset(inp);
readln(inp,t1);
writeln('t1 = ',t1);
readln(inp,th1);
writeln('th1= ',th1);
readln(inp,thbb_st,thgg,psbb_st);
writeln('thbb_st,thgg,psbb_st = ',thbb_st,thgg,psbb_st);
readln(inp,modu);
writeln('modu = ',modu);
```

```
for k:=1 to 32 do begin
```

```
  readln(inp,a[k],b[k],c[k],d[k]);
  writeln(a[k],b[k],c[k],d[k]);
```

```
end;
readln(inp,module);
writeln('module =',module);
for k:=1 to 8 do begin
```

```
  readln(inp,e[k],f[k]);
  writeln(e[k],f[k]);
```

```
end;
close(inp);
```

```
init(vrefm,vrefp,switch,add_sub,ON,bt,thBB,thGG,thST,psBB,psST,onoff,ok);
if ok then writeln('AHOUTCH, it worked !!') else writeln('Sniff, it failed..');
```

```
end;
end.
```

```

if not compass.xcamac then begin
  writeln('no x camac for thBB_ST ');
  ok:=false;

  WRITELN(test,'no x camac for thBB_ST ');
  WRITELN(test,'ok = false');

end;

```

```

CAMAC(branch,crate,slot_decision,1,16,thGG);

```

```

if not compass.xcamac then begin
  writeln('no x camac for thGG ');
  ok:=false;

  WRITELN(test,'no x camac for thGG ');
  WRITELN(test,'ok = false');

```

Feb 07 09:05 1995 /hp/genlc/user/dsciar/init_talr.pas Page 4

```

end;

```

```

CAMAC(branch,crate,slot_decision,2,16,psBB_ST);

```

```

if not compass.xcamac then begin
  writeln('no x camac for psBB_ST');
  ok:=false;

  WRITELN(test,'no x camac for psBB_ST');
  WRITELN(test,'ok = false');

end;

```

```

IF OK then WRITELN(test,'PASS')
ELSE WRITELN(test,'FAILED');
CLOSE(test);
end;

```

```

[global]procedure pedestal;
var
  b: tab;
  a,c,d,e,f:tab;
  vrefm:vr;
  vrefp:vr;
  on:stat;
  bt:unsigned;
  onoff:unsigned;
  thbb_st : unsigned;
  psbb_st : unsigned;
  switch : vr;
  add sub : vr;
  thBB:unsigned;
  thST:unsigned;
  thGG:unsigned;
  psBB:unsigned;
  psST:unsigned;
  i:side;
  j,k:integer;
  ok:boolean;

  th1,modu,module:string(100);

```

```

begin

```

```

  thBB := 0;
  thST := 0;
  thGG := 0;
  psBB := 0;
  psST := 0;

```

program rout
c special acquisition camac pour TALR

INTEGER month
INTEGER day
INTEGER year

DIMENSION time(8)

INTEGER i
INTEGER nline

PARAMETER (nline = 16)
PARAMETER (NPPAWC = 200000)

INTEGER*2 I alr(nline,2)
INTEGER*2 data(nline,2)
INTEGER over(nline,2)
INTEGER bunchlet(nline,2)

COMMON/VAR/I alr,data,over,bunchlet
COMMON/PAWC/H(NPPAWC)

CALL IDATE(month,day,year)

WRITE(6,*) month,day,year

C CALL TIME(time)

OPEN(UNIT=10,FILE='sumped.dat',STATUS='new')

CALL HLIMIT(NPPAWC)

CALL HROPEN(1,'example','myhisto.hsto','N',1024,Istat)

+ CALL hbook2(100,'evts.vs.sum_ped.vs.chanel(RB26)',
16,1.,17.,767,-255.,512.,0.)

+ CALL hbook2(101,'nb evts.vs.sum_pedestal.vs.chanel(RB24)',
16,1.,17.,767,-255.,512.,0.)

+ CALL hbook2(102,'nb evts.vs.pedestal.vs.chanel(RB26)',
16,1.,17.,256,0.,256.,0.)

+ CALL hbook2(103,'nb evts.vs.pedestal.vs.chanel(RB24)',
16,1.,17.,256,0.,256.,0.)

CALL reading

CALL fill_file

CLOSE(10)

CALL prepare_run

CALL HCDIR('//example','')

CALL HROUT(0,ICYCLE,'')

CALL HREND('example')

CLOSE(1)

END

SUBROUTINE reading

INTEGER nline

PARAMETER (nline = 16)

INTEGER*2 I alr(nline,2)
INTEGER*2 data(nline,2)
INTEGER over(nline,2)
INTEGER bunchlet(nline,2)

```

ENDDO
DO j= 1,2
  IF (btest(I_alr(1,j),8)) THEN
    data(1,j) = (NOT(data(1,j)).and.'1ff'x) + 1
    WRITE(6,*)' '
    WRITE(6,*)'cote          = ',j
    WRITE(6,*)'(notdata) + 1 = ',data(1,j)
    data(1,j) = - data(1,j)
    WRITE(6,*)'data          = ',data(1,j)
    WRITE(6,*)' '
  ENDIF
ENDDO
DO i = 1,nline
  write(6,*) data(i,2)
  CALL hfill(100,float(i),float(data(i,1)),1.)
  CALL hfill(101,float(i),float(data(i,2)),1.)
ENDDO
100  FORMAT(' data(',i2,',',i2,')=',i8)
110  FORMAT(' over(',i2,',',i2,')=',i1)
120  FORMAT(' bunchlet(',i2,',',i2,')=',i1)

RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE fill_file

```

INTEGER  nline
INTEGER  line

PARAMETER (nline = 16)
PARAMETER (line = 32)

INTEGER*2 I_alr(nline,2)
INTEGER*2 data(nline,2)
INTEGER  over(nline,2)
INTEGER  bunchlet(nline,2)
INTEGER  sumped(line)
INTEGER  sumover(line)

COMMON/VAR/I_alr,data,over,bunchlet

DO i = 1, nline
  sumped(i)      = data(i,1)
  sumover(i)     = over(i,1)
  sumped(i+16)  = data(i,2)
  sumover(i+16) = over(i,2)
ENDDO

DO j = 1, line
  WRITE(10,130) sumped(j), sumover(j)
ENDDO
130  FORMAT(x,i4,2x,i1)

RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE prepare_run

```

DO i=2,15
  IF (SUMOVER(i).eq.1.) then
    IF ((SUMOVER(i-1).ne.1.)
+     and.(SUMOVER(i+1).ne.1.)) then
      WRITE(6,*) ' I had some pbs while reading
+ the overflow ',i,' : they are
+ incredible...PLEASE CHECK THE ADCs!'
*     WRITE(6,*) i
      ENDIF
    ENDIF
  ENDDO

  IF (SUMOVER(16).eq.1.)then
    IF((SUMOVER(15).ne.1.)
+   and.(SUMOVER(1).ne.1.))then
      WRITE(6,*) ' I had some pbs while reading
+ the overflow 16 : they are
+ incredible...PLEASE CHECK THE ADCs!'

      ENDIF
    ENDIF

  DO i=18,31
    IF (SUMOVER(i).eq.1.)then
      IF((SUMOVER(i-1).ne.1.)
+     and.(SUMOVER(i+1).ne.1.)) then

        WRITE(6,*) ' I had some pbs while reading
+the overflow ',i,' : they are
+incredible...PLEASE CHECK THE ADCs!'

        ENDIF
      ENDIF
    ENDDO

    IF (SUMOVER(32).eq.1.)then
      IF((SUMOVER(31).ne.1.)
+     and.(SUMOVER(17).ne.1.)) then

        WRITE(6,*) ' I had some pbs while reading
+ the overflow 32 : they are
+ incredible...PLEASE CHECK THE ADCs!'

        ENDIF
      ENDIF

    WRITE(6,*) ' '
    WRITE(6,*) 'Overflows checked'
    WRITE(6,*) ' '

100  FORMAT(x,i2,x,i1)

  RETURN

  END

```

SUBROUTINE find_ped

DIMENSION R(50)

REAL A(50,16), B(50,16), A2(50,16), B2(50,16)
 INTEGER i,j,k,l,m,n
 INTEGER ARRAY_DIM

PARAMETER(ARRAY_DIM=16)

```

        CALL hfill(103,float(1),B2(1,1),1.)
*
        WRITE(6,112) 1, B2(1,1)
ENDDO
*
        DO m=1,ARRAY_DIM
*
        DO n=1,ARRAY_DIM
*
        WRITE(6,113) m, n, a(m,n)
*
        WRITE(6,114) m, n, a2(m,n)
*
        ENDDO
*
        ENDDO
110  FORMAT(x,F4.0)
111  FORMAT(' B (' ,i2,' ,1) = ',F7.2)
112  FORMAT(' B2 (' ,i2,' ,1) = ',F7.2)
113  FORMAT(' A (' ,i2,' ,',i2,' ) = ',F3.0)
114  FORMAT(' A2 (' ,i2,' ,',i2,' ) = ',F3.0)
115  FORMAT(' B (' ,i2,' ,1) = ',F7.2,' B2 (' ,i2,' ,1) = ',F7.2)

RETURN
END

```