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Test of lepton flavour universality in W -boson decays into electrons and τ -leptons using $p p$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector

The ATLAS Collaboration

A measurement of the ratio of the branching fractions, $R_{\tau/e} = B(W \rightarrow \tau\nu)/B(W \rightarrow e\nu)$, is performed using a sample of W bosons originating from top-quark decays to final states containing τ -leptons or electrons. This measurement uses $p p$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, collected by the ATLAS experiment at the Large Hadron Collider during Run 2, corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 140 fb^{-1} . The $W \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$ (with $\tau \rightarrow e\nu_e\nu_\tau$) and $W \rightarrow e\nu_e$ decays are distinguished using the differences in the impact parameter distributions and transverse momentum spectra of the electrons. The measured ratio of branching fractions $R_{\tau/e} = 0.975 \pm 0.012 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.020 \text{ (syst.)}$, is consistent with the Standard Model assumption of lepton flavour universality in W -boson decays.

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1 Introduction

The Standard Model (SM) [1–3] posits that the electroweak interactions of charged leptons (electrons, muons and τ -leptons) are identical. This feature, known as lepton flavour universality (LFU), is one of the foundational principles of the SM. Differences in the rates of electroweak processes among charged leptons are induced only via their mass differences, manifesting in phase space and radiative effects. Any violation of LFU would be an unambiguous signal of physics beyond the SM and would help to identify the principles that can be used to build a more comprehensive theory.

LFU has been extensively tested by measuring the couplings of the different generations of leptons to the W boson. Such studies have been performed in decays of τ -leptons, charged π and K mesons [4], and in leptonic decays of the W bosons [5]. No significant deviations from LFU have been observed in the charged-current decays of τ -leptons, π and K mesons, with experimental precision reaching about 0.1–0.2%. The precision of LFU tests in the decays of on-shell W bosons is lower. The ratios of the branching fractions of the W -boson decays into leptons are consistent with LFU, and the world-average values have a precision of 0.6–2%. Despite higher experimental uncertainties, probes of LFU in decays of on-shell W bosons offer sensitivity to different possible new physics effects compared to the decays of light particles [6–8].

The ratio of branching fractions $R_{\tau/\mu} \equiv B(W \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau)/B(W \rightarrow \mu\nu_\mu)$ was measured at the LEP collider [9] and at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) by the ATLAS [10] and CMS [11] collaborations. The measurements at LEP deviate from unity by more than two standard deviations, but the more precise subsequent measurements from ATLAS and CMS agree with the SM expectation. The Particle Data Group (PDG) average of all the measurements of $R_{\tau/\mu}$, accounting for the tension between them, is 1.002 ± 0.020 [5]. Recently, the ATLAS Collaboration published a measurement of $R_{\mu/e} \equiv B(W \rightarrow \mu\nu_\mu)/B(W \rightarrow e\nu_e) = 0.9995 \pm 0.0044$ [12] with an improved precision compared to the current world average $R_{\mu/e} = 1.002 \pm 0.006$ [5]. The combined LEP result of $R_{\tau/e} \equiv B(W \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau)/B(W \rightarrow e\nu_e) =$

1.063 ± 0.027 deviates from the SM by more than two standard deviations like the LEP $R_{\tau/\mu}$ measurement [9]. The result of the CMS Collaboration $R_{\tau/e} = 0.994 \pm 0.021$ [11] agrees with the SM expectation and differs from the corresponding LEP measurement.

This paper presents the first measurement of the ratio $R_{\tau/e}$ with the ATLAS detector using top-quark decays as a source of W bosons. The analysis complements the previous ATLAS measurement of $R_{\tau/\mu}$ and $R_{\mu/e}$ in W -boson decays by including another decay channel. Top-quark pair-production yields a clean source of W bosons, owing to the large $t\bar{t}$ production cross-section relative to expected background processes and efficient triggering. The SM predicts that the top quark decays almost exclusively into a Wb final state, and thus a measurement of the ratio of branching fractions $B(t \rightarrow \tau v_b)/B(t \rightarrow e v_b)$ provides a measurement of $R_{\tau/e}$. For the τ -lepton selection, the leptonic decay $\tau \rightarrow e v_e \nu_\tau$ is chosen over hadronic τ decays due to the smaller experimental uncertainties associated with the leptonic channel. In addition, selecting the electron in both the $W \rightarrow \tau v_\tau$ and $W \rightarrow e v_e$ final states results in a substantial reduction of the systematic uncertainties in the ratio $R_{\tau/e}$.

This paper is organised as follows. Section 2 presents the ATLAS detector, followed by a description of the data and Monte Carlo simulation samples used in the analysis in Section 3. Section 4 details the physical objects and event selection criteria. The calibration of the signal modelling is discussed in Section 5, and Section 6 describes the estimate of background contributions. The statistical analysis and systematic uncertainties are covered in Section 7, with the results and conclusions presented in Sections 8 and 9, respectively.

2 ATLAS detector

The ATLAS detector [13] at the LHC covers nearly the entire solid angle around the collision point.¹ It consists of an inner tracking detector surrounded by a thin superconducting solenoid, electromagnetic and hadronic calorimeters, and a muon spectrometer incorporating three large superconducting air-core toroidal magnets.

The inner-detector system (ID) is immersed in a 2 T axial magnetic field and provides charged-particle tracking in the range of $|\eta| < 2.5$. The high-granularity silicon pixel detector covers the vertex region and typically provides four measurements per track, the first hit generally being in the insertable B-layer (IBL) installed before Run 2 [14, 15]. It is followed by the SemiConductor Tracker (SCT), which usually provides eight measurements per track. These silicon detectors are complemented by the transition radiation tracker (TRT), which enables radially extended track reconstruction up to $|\eta| = 2.0$. The TRT also provides electron identification information based on the fraction of hits (typically 30 in total) above a higher energy-deposit threshold arising from transition radiation.

The calorimeter system covers the pseudorapidity range $|\eta| < 4.9$. Within the region $|\eta| < 3.2$, electromagnetic calorimetry is provided by barrel and endcap high-granularity lead/liquid-argon (LAr) calorimeters, with an additional thin LAr presampler covering $|\eta| < 1.8$ to correct for energy loss in material

¹ ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the centre of the detector and the z -axis along the beam pipe. The x -axis points from the IP to the centre of the LHC ring, and the y -axis points upwards. Polar coordinates (r, ϕ) are used in the transverse plane, ϕ being the azimuthal angle around the z -axis. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle θ as $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$ and is equal to the rapidity $y = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{E+p_z}{E-p_z} \right)$ in the relativistic limit.

Angular distance is measured in units of $\Delta R \equiv \sqrt{(\Delta y)^2 + (\Delta \phi)^2}$. The transverse momentum p_T is defined as the projection of the momentum of a particle on the plane perpendicular to the beam pipe in the centre of ATLAS detector.

upstream of the calorimeters. Hadronic calorimetry is provided by the steel/scintillator-tile calorimeter, segmented into three barrel structures within $|\eta| < 1.7$, and two copper/LAr hadronic endcap calorimeters. The solid angle coverage is completed with forward copper/LAr and tungsten/LAr calorimeter modules optimised for electromagnetic and hadronic energy measurements, respectively.

The muon spectrometer (MS) comprises separate trigger and high-precision tracking chambers measuring the deflection of muons in a magnetic field generated by the superconducting air-core toroidal magnets. The field integral of the toroids ranges between 2.0 and 6.0 T m across most of the detector. Three layers of precision chambers, each consisting of layers of monitored drift tubes, cover the region $|\eta| < 2.7$, complemented by cathode-strip chambers in the forward region, where the background is highest. The muon trigger system covers the range $|\eta| < 2.4$ with resistive-plate chambers in the barrel, and thin-gap chambers in the endcap regions.

The luminosity is measured mainly by the LUCID–2 [16] detector that records Cherenkov light produced in the quartz windows of photomultipliers located close to the beampipe.

Events are selected by the first-level trigger system implemented in custom hardware, followed by selections made by algorithms implemented in software in the high-level trigger [17]. The first-level trigger accepts events from the 40 MHz bunch crossings at a rate below 100 kHz, which the high-level trigger further reduces to record complete events to disk at about 1 kHz.

A software suite [18] is used in data simulation, in the reconstruction and analysis of real and simulated data, in detector operations, and in the trigger and data acquisition systems of the experiment.

3 Data and simulated events samples

The measurement uses pp collision data recorded by the ATLAS detector from 2015 to 2018 at a centre-of-mass energy of $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV. Each recorded event includes on average 33 additional inelastic collisions because of the high instantaneous luminosity of the LHC. These background collisions are referred to as *pile-up*. After the application of data-quality requirements [19], the data sample corresponds to an integrated luminosity of $140.1 \pm 1.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ [20].

Samples of simulated events were produced using Monte Carlo (MC) techniques to model different SM processes. After event generation of the process of interest for each sample, the detector response was modelled using either the full ATLAS detector simulation based on GEANT4 toolkit [21] or a fast simulation that relied on a parametrisation of the calorimeter response [22]. The effect of pile-up was modelled by overlaying the simulated hard-scattering event with inelastic pp collisions generated with PYTHIA 8.186 [23] using the NNPDF2.3LO [24] set of parton distribution functions (PDF) and the A3 set of tuned parameters [25]. The data and MC simulated events were passed through the same reconstruction and analysis procedures.

For all MC samples simulating the production of top quarks, the mass of the top quark was set to $m_{\text{top}} = 172.5$ GeV. The mass of the Higgs boson was set to 125 GeV. In all samples where PYTHIA was used to simulate the parton shower (PS) and hadronisation, it used the A14 set of tuned parameters [26] and the NNPDF2.3LO set of PDFs. In all samples where the PYTHIA or HERWIG [27, 28] generators were used to simulate the PS and hadronisation, the decays of bottom and charm hadrons were simulated using the EvtGEN program [29].

The production of $t\bar{t}$ events was modelled using the PowHEG Box v2 [30–33] generator, which provides matrix elements (ME) at next-to-leading order (NLO) in the strong coupling constant α_s , and the NNPDF3.0NLO [34] PDF set. The h_{damp} parameter, which effectively regulates the high-transverse momentum (p_T) radiation against which the $t\bar{t}$ system recoils, was set to 1.5 m_{top} [35]. The functional form of the renormalisation and factorisation scales was set to $\sqrt{m_{\text{top}}^2 + p_T^2}$. The events were passed through PYTHIA 8.230 [36] for the PS and hadronisation.

An additional re-weighting was applied to the $t\bar{t}$ events to match the calculations at next-to-next-to-leading-order (NNLO) in α_s and NLO in α_{EW} [37]. The applied weights are based on the parton-level distributions, after final state radiation, and are derived as a function of the top-quark and anti-top-quark p_T , and the mass and transverse momentum of the $t\bar{t}$ system. The re-weighting improves the agreement between data and MC simulation.

The $t\bar{t}$ sample was normalised to the cross-section prediction at NNLO in α_s including the resummation of next-to-next-to-leading logarithmic (NNLL) soft-gluon terms calculated using Top++ 2.0 [38–44]. For pp collisions at a centre-of-mass energy of $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, this cross-section corresponds to $\sigma(t\bar{t})_{\text{NNLO+NNLL}} = 832 \pm 45$ pb. The uncertainties in the cross-section due to the PDF and α_s were calculated using the PDF4LHC15 prescription [45] with the MSTW2008NNLO [46, 47], CT10NNLO [48, 49] and NNPDF2.3LO PDF sets in the five-flavour scheme, and were added in quadrature to the effect of the scale uncertainty.

In addition to $t\bar{t}$ events, the contribution of the Wt and $t\bar{t} + X$ ($X = W, Z, H$) production processes are treated as signal. For the Wt process, the leptons (electron or τ -lepton) coming from the top-quark and W -boson decays are included in the analysis as in both cases they are produced in the decays of a real W boson.

Single-top Wt associated production was modelled using PowHEG Box v2 and PYTHIA 8.230. The renormalisation and factorisation scales were set to m_{top} . A diagram removal scheme [50] was employed to handle the interference with $t\bar{t}$ production [35]. The inclusive cross-section of Wt production was corrected to the theory prediction calculated at NLO in α_s with NNLL soft-gluon corrections [51, 52] yielding $\sigma(Wt)_{\text{NLO+NNLL}} = 71.7 \pm 3.8$ pb. The uncertainty in the cross-section due to the PDF was calculated using the MSTW2008NNLO PDF set, and was added in quadrature to the uncertainty of $\sigma(Wt)$.

The production of $t\bar{t}V$ ($V = W, Z$) events was modelled using the MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO 2.3.3 [53] generator, which provided MEs at NLO in α_s with the NNPDF3.0NLO PDF set. The functional form of the renormalisation and factorisation scales was set to $0.5 \times \sum_i \sqrt{m_i^2 + p_{T,i}^2}$, where the sum runs over all the particles generated from the ME calculation. Top quarks were decayed at leading-order (LO) using MADSPIN [54, 55]. The events were passed through PYTHIA 8.210 for the PS and hadronisation. The cross-sections were calculated at NLO in α_s and NLO in α_{EW} accuracy using MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO as reported in Ref. [56]. In the case of $t\bar{t}l^+l^-$ ($l = e, \mu, \tau$), the cross-section was scaled by an off-shell correction estimated at the one-loop level in α_s . The predicted values at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV are $0.88^{+0.09}_{-0.11}$ pb and $0.60^{+0.08}_{-0.07}$ pb for $t\bar{t}Z$ and $t\bar{t}W$, respectively, where the uncertainties were estimated from variations of α_s and the renormalisation and factorisation scales.

The production of $t\bar{t}H$ events was modelled using the PowHEG Box v2 [30–33, 57] generator. The functional form of the renormalisation and factorisation scales was set to $\sqrt[3]{m_T(t) \cdot m_T(\bar{t}) \cdot m_T(H)}$, where $m_T = \sqrt{m^2 + p_T^2}$ is the transverse mass of a generated particle, m is its mass, and p_T is its transverse momentum. The events were passed through PYTHIA 8.230. The cross-section was calculated at NLO in α_s and NLO in α_{EW} accuracy using MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO as reported in Ref. [56]. The predicted

value at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV is 507^{+35}_{-50} fb, where the uncertainties were estimated from variations of α_s and the renormalisation and factorisation scales.

The background for this analysis comes from two main sources. The first is the production of Z bosons decaying to pairs of leptons. The second source includes all processes in which the probe electrons do not come from the decays of real W or Z bosons. Such electrons are referred to as *fake* electrons.

The production of most $V+\text{jets}$ ($V = Z, W$) events was simulated with the SHERPA 2.2.11 [58] generator. For the simulation of $Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ events SHERPA 2.2.14 was used. The simulation setup involved MEs with NLO accuracy in α_s for up to two partons, and LO accuracy for up to four partons calculated with the COMIX [59] and OPENLOOPS [60–62] libraries. The default SHERPA PS [63] based on Catani–Seymour dipole factorisation and the cluster hadronisation model [64] were used. They employed the dedicated set of tuned parameters developed by the SHERPA authors and the NNPDF3.0NNLO [34] PDF set. The NLO MEs for a given jet multiplicity were matched to the PS using a colour-exact variant of the MC@NLO algorithm [65]. Different jet multiplicities were then merged into an inclusive sample using an improved CKKW matching procedure [66, 67] which was extended to NLO accuracy using the MEPS@NLO prescription [68].

The production of diboson final states (VV) was simulated with the SHERPA 2.2.1 or 2.2.2 generator depending on the process, including off-shell effects and Higgs boson contributions, where appropriate. Fully leptonic final states and semileptonic final states, where one boson decays leptonically and the other hadronically, were generated using MEs at NLO in α_s for up to one additional parton and at LO in α_s for up to three additional parton emissions. Samples for the loop-induced processes $gg \rightarrow VV$ were generated using LO-accurate MEs for up to one additional parton emission for both the cases of fully leptonic and semileptonic final states. The ME calculations were matched and merged with the SHERPA PS based on Catani–Seymour dipole factorisation [59, 63] using the MEPS@NLO prescription [65–68]. The virtual QCD corrections were provided by the OPENLOOPS library [60–62]. The NNPDF3.0NNLO set of PDFs was used, along with the dedicated set of tuned PS parameters developed by the SHERPA authors.

Events featuring at least one fake lepton originate from $t\bar{t}$, $t\bar{t} + X$ ($X = W, Z, H$), or Wt production processes. The simulation of such events was described above. Single-top-quark s - and t -channel production can also produce dilepton events with at least one fake lepton. These processes were modelled using the Powheg Box v2 [31–33, 69] generator. The functional form of the renormalisation and factorisation scales was set to $\sqrt{m_b^2 + p_{T,b}^2}$ for t -channel following the recommendation of Ref. [69], and to m_{top} for s -channel. The events were processed through PYTHIA 8.230.

Any possible contribution of other sources of fake leptons was taken into account in the correction factors measured using data as explained in Section 6.

The uncertainties related to the modelling of the signal and background production were estimated by comparing the baseline MC samples described above with different MC generators or a modified configuration of the baseline MC generators. More details of these studies are given in Section 7. Here, the description of the alternative MC samples is given.

The uncertainty due to the choice of the PS and hadronisation model used in $t\bar{t}$ and Wt production was evaluated with a sample generated with Powheg Box v2 for the hard-scatter simulation but passed through HERWIG 7.1.3 for the PS and hadronisation. The samples employ the HERWIG 7.1 default set of tuned parameters and the MMHT2014LO [70] PDF set.

The baseline $t\bar{t}$ and Wt samples were generated with $h_{\text{damp}} = 1.5 m_{\text{top}}$. A variation of the h_{damp} value to $3.0 m_{\text{top}}$ was used to evaluate the systematic uncertainty related to this parameter.

The NLO matching uncertainty was evaluated by comparing the baseline $t\bar{t}$ and Wt samples with alternative samples obtained by setting the pT_{hard} parameter of PYTHIA 8 to one (the default value is zero). This parameter regulates the definition of the vetoed region of the showering, important to avoid holes or overlap in the phase space filled by PowHEG and PYTHIA. This follows the recommendation of Refs. [71, 72].

An additional source of uncertainty in the PS is the modelling of the recoil for gluons emitted from b -quarks in the $t \rightarrow Wb$ process. The baseline $t\bar{t}$ sample employs a scheme where partons recoil against b -quarks. An alternative sample was generated with identical settings to the baseline ones, except for a modified recoil scheme. Here, the gluon emissions from the PS of the b -quark were made to recoil against the top quark itself. This scheme changes the modelling of second and subsequent gluon emissions.

The baseline PowHEG+PYTHIA 8 sample of Wt production was generated using the diagram removal scheme to model the interference between the $t\bar{t}$ and Wt production. To evaluate the corresponding uncertainty, the baseline simulation was compared with an alternative sample generated using the diagram subtraction scheme [35, 50].

To estimate the systematic uncertainty related to the electron reconstruction efficiency, an alternative sample of $Z(\rightarrow e^+e^-) + \text{jets}$ events was used, which was simulated with MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO 2.2.2 [53], using MEs at NLO in α_s with up to four final-state partons. The ME calculation employed the NNPDF2.3LO set of PDFs. Events were passed through PYTHIA 8.186 for the modelling of the PS and hadronisation. The overlap between ME and PS emissions was removed using the CKKW-L merging procedure [73, 74]. The $Z+\text{jets}$ samples were normalised to a NNLO prediction [75].

4 Event reconstruction and selection

A sample of $t\bar{t}$ events, in which the W bosons from both t and \bar{t} quarks decay to leptons, is selected for the measurement. With this selection, the tag-and-probe approach is used. One charged lepton (muon or electron) from the decay of the $t\bar{t}$ pair is used as the *tag*. The other lepton (electron), which is called the *probe*, is used in an unbiased way to determine whether the electron is directly produced in the decay $W \rightarrow e\nu_e$ or via an intermediate decay $W \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau \rightarrow e\nu_e\nu_\tau\nu_\tau$. In the first case, the probe electrons are called *prompt* and denoted by $W \rightarrow e$, while in the second case they are denoted by $W \rightarrow \tau \rightarrow e$.

To distinguish between electrons from $W \rightarrow e$ and $W \rightarrow \tau \rightarrow e$ decays, the analysis exploits differences in the p_T spectra of the probe electrons together with the displacement of the intermediate τ -lepton decays from the pp collision point (primary vertex) owing to the τ -lepton lifetime. The quantity reflecting the displacement of the vertex of the τ -lepton decay from the primary vertex is the transverse impact parameter (d_0) of the electron track with respect to the beamline. This quantity is defined as the distance of closest approach of the extrapolated track to the beamline in the transverse plane. Electrons originating from the $W \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau \rightarrow e\nu_e\nu_\tau\nu_\tau$ decays generally have lower p_T due to energy lost to undetected neutrinos. These electrons also have on average a larger $|d_0|$ because of the non-zero lifetime of the τ -lepton. In contrast, the electrons from prompt decays are produced directly at the primary vertex, and therefore their measured value of d_0 depends mainly on the detector resolution.

Electrons are reconstructed using the clusters of energy deposits in the electromagnetic calorimeter matched to tracks in the ID. They must pass the *tight* (for both isolation and quality) requirements of Refs. [76, 77].

Muons are reconstructed by combining tracks from the ID with matching tracks reconstructed in the MS. They must pass the *medium* quality and *tight* isolation criteria defined in Ref. [78]. The charged tracks of the selected electrons and muons must be consistent with the primary vertex and have $|d_0| < 0.5$ mm. These requirements reduce the contribution of fake leptons, which becomes large compared to the signal for $|d_0| > 0.5$ mm. The pseudorapidity of the electromagnetic cluster associated with the electron (η_{cl}) must be $|\eta_{\text{cl}}| < 2.47$. The electrons with $1.37 < |\eta_{\text{cl}}| < 1.52$ are not used in the analysis to exclude the transition region between the barrel and endcap electromagnetic calorimeters. The pseudorapidity of the selected muons must be $|\eta| < 2.5$. All these requirements are applied to both tag and probe leptons. The tag lepton must pass a suite of single-muon or single-electron triggers [79–81]. No trigger requirement for the probe electron is applied. The lowest electron p_T trigger threshold is 24 GeV in 2015 and 26 GeV in 2016–2018. The lowest muon p_T trigger threshold is 20 GeV in 2015 and 26 GeV in 2016–2018. The efficiency of the triggers reached the plateau for electrons with $p_T > 27$ GeV and muons with $p_T > 27.3$ GeV. Consequently, the tag electrons must have $p_T > 27$ GeV and tag muons must have $p_T > 27.3$ GeV. The probe electrons must have $7 < p_T < 250$ GeV. The fraction of electrons with $p_T > 250$ GeV from $W \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$ is much smaller than from other sources, and the upper cut on p_T of probe electrons is applied to simplify the measurement without loss in accuracy.

Jets are reconstructed using the anti- k_t algorithm [82, 83] with a radius parameter $R = 0.4$ applied to particle flow objects based on tracks and topological clusters calibrated as specified in Ref. [84]. The jet energy scale and resolution are calibrated using simulations with in situ corrections obtained from data [85]. Jets are required to have $p_T > 25$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.5$. To reduce the pile-up contribution, an additional requirement for jets with $p_T < 60$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.4$ is applied based on a dedicated jet vertex tagger (JVT) algorithm which is designed to discriminate between jets produced in the hard-scatter process and those from pile-up [86].

To avoid double counting electrons and muons within jets, an overlap removal procedure is implemented. Specifically, all electrons that share a track with another electron are removed, as are electrons sharing a track with a muon. Additionally, the closest jet found within a $\Delta R = 0.2$ of a reconstructed electron is removed. Any electron subsequently found within $\Delta R = 0.4$ of a jet is also removed. Any jet with fewer than three tracks associated to it and found within $\Delta R = 0.2$ of a muon is removed. Any muon subsequently found within $\Delta R = 0.4$ of a jet is removed.

Jets likely to contain b hadrons are identified as b -jets using the DL1r algorithm [87], which employs a deep neural network. Such jets are referred to as *b-tagged* in the following. The network utilises distinctive features of b -hadrons, such as the impact parameters of tracks and the displaced vertices reconstructed in the ID. The b -tagging efficiency in simulated $t\bar{t}$ events is approximately 70%.

Events containing exactly one tag lepton (muon or electron), one probe electron, and at least two b -tagged jets are selected for this measurement. The tag and probe leptons must have opposite electric charge. The events with μ_{tag} and e_{probe} , and with e_{tag} and e_{probe} are analysed separately. These channels are referred to as μe and ee , respectively. To further refine the selection, several criteria based on the invariant mass of the tag and probe leptons ($m_{\ell\ell}$) are applied. Only events with $m_{\ell\ell} > 15$ GeV are selected to suppress the contribution from fake probe electrons. Additionally, the ee channel events with $|m_{e^+e^-} - m_Z| < 5$ GeV are excluded, to remove events that could come from Z -boson production.² Finally, the ee events where both electrons satisfied the tag criteria are analysed twice, with each electron considered in turn the tag or probe.

The sample of events passing this selection is referred to as *nominal* in the following.

² The mass of Z boson is taken to be $m_Z = 91.188$ GeV [5].

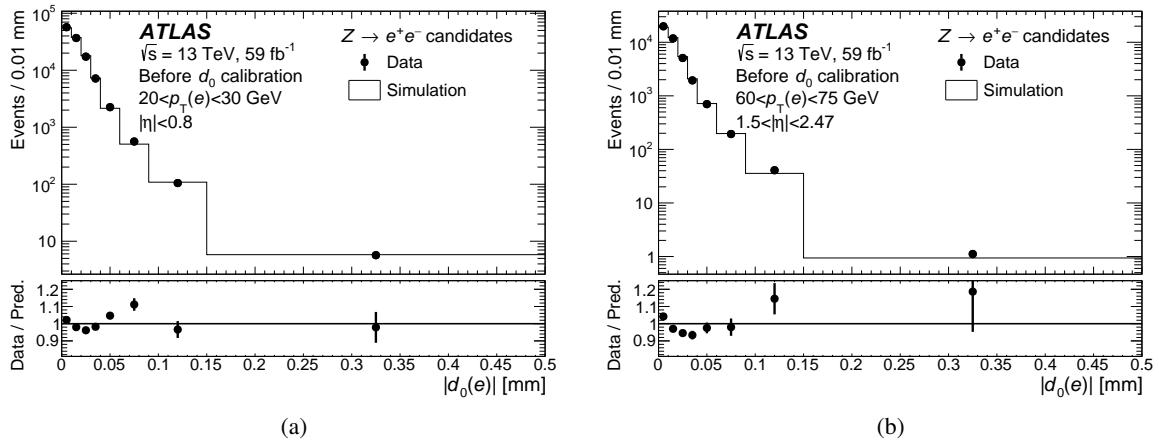


Figure 1: Example distributions of $|d_0|$ of the probe electrons for two kinematic bins in the Z data and simulation samples (before $|d_0|$ calibration) collected in the 2018 data-taking period. The data are represented by black markers and the simulation prediction as the histogram. Only the statistical uncertainties in the data are shown. The distribution of the simulated events in each kinematic bin is normalised to the number of data events in that bin. The bottom panels show the ratio of the data to the simulation prediction.

5 Electron impact parameter calibration

The impact parameter d_0 is one of the two quantities used to separate the electrons produced in τ -lepton decays from other sources. An accurate calibration of the d_0 distribution in simulation is essential for the measurement of $R_{\tau/e}$. The impact parameter d_0 is measured relative to the beamline. Therefore, the shape of the d_0 distribution of prompt electrons is mainly determined by the detector resolution and the precision of the beamspot measurement, and can be obtained in data using the $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ decay. A clean sample of such events is obtained by requiring that two electrons satisfy the same criteria as in the nominal event selection, but with the invariant mass of the e^+e^- pair satisfying $|m_{e^+e^-} - m_Z| < 10$ GeV. At least two jets are required in the event to reproduce the track activity around the electron as in the nominal sample. However, no b -tagging condition must be fulfilled. This selection results in a sample of 4.3 million electrons, which is referred to in the following as the Z data sample. The contribution of non-prompt electrons is estimated by using the MC simulation to be about 0.4%. By using the Z data sample to calibrate the d_0 distribution of prompt electrons, the uncertainties due to the shape of the d_0 distribution are considerably reduced.

The d_0 distribution depends on the electron p_T and η . Consequently, the shape of the d_0 distribution of prompt electrons is determined separately in 39 kinematic bins of p_T and $|\eta|$. These bins are obtained by dividing the p_T range of 7–250 GeV into 13 bins and the $|\eta|$ range of 0–2.47 into three bins. The boundaries are optimised to have reasonable statistics in each bin. Figure 1 shows the comparison of $|d_0|$ distributions in data and MC simulation in two kinematic bins before the $|d_0|$ calibration is applied.

For the measurement of $R_{\tau/e}$, the d_0 distribution in each kinematic bin is taken from the Z data sample after subtracting the contribution of non-prompt electrons estimated from MC simulation. The resulting distributions $T_{ij}^{\text{pr}}(d_0)$, which are referred to as d_0 templates, are normalised to unity. Here the indices i and j refer to the p_T and $|\eta|$ bins, respectively. Separate templates are used for data collected in different years

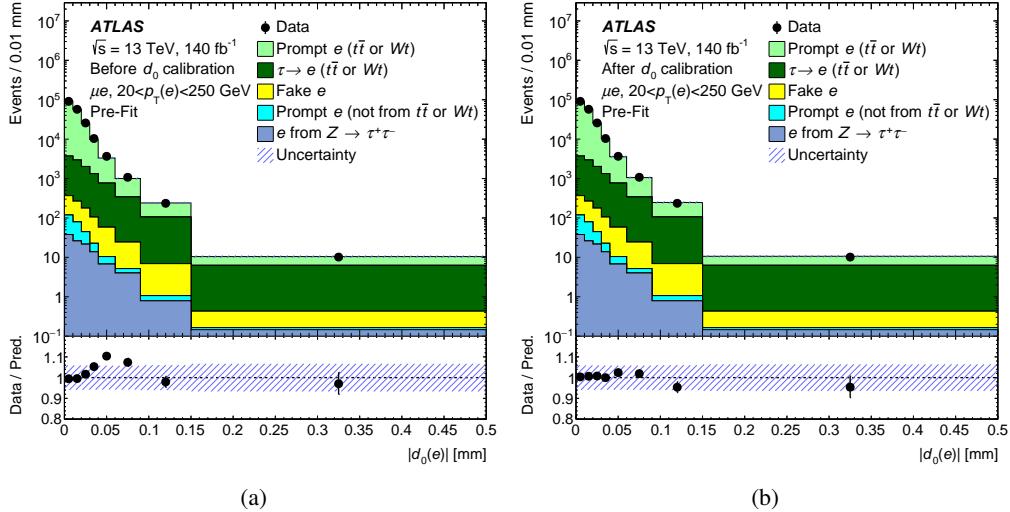


Figure 2: Distributions of $|d_0|$ for the μe channel of the nominal sample for $20 < p_T(e) < 250$ GeV (a) before and (b) after the d_0 calibration is applied. The data are represented by black markers. The different contributions to the nominal sample, are shown by stacked histograms. The bottom panels show the ratio of the data to the simulation prediction. The systematic uncertainties in the prediction are represented by the blue hatched bands.

(2015–2016, 2017, and 2018) because of the variation of the beam conditions and the alignment of the ID from year to year.

The d_0 distribution of prompt electrons with p_T in a range $p_T^{\min} \leq p_T < p_T^{\max}$ is computed as

$$D^{\text{pr}}(d_0, p_T^{\min}, p_T^{\max}) = \sum_{i=i_{\min}}^{i_{\max}} \sum_{j=1}^3 f_{ij}^{\text{pr}} T_{ij}^{\text{pr}}(d_0). \quad (1)$$

Here, f_{ij}^{pr} is the fraction of prompt probe electrons produced in the $W \rightarrow e$ decay and contained in the kinematic bin ij relative to the total number of prompt probe electrons from the $W \rightarrow e$ decay in all bins. The outer sum ranges from i_{\min} to i_{\max} , the indices of the bins containing p_T^{\min} and p_T^{\max} . The values of p_T^{\min} and p_T^{\max} correspond to the definition of p_T bins used for the measurement of $R_{\tau/e}$ ($7 < p_T < 10$ GeV, $10 < p_T < 20$ GeV, and $20 < p_T < 250$ GeV) as defined in Section 7. The same method and d_0 templates are used to obtain the d_0 distribution of prompt electrons from other sources (i.e., non-resonant Drell-Yan production of e^+e^- and VV production), with the fractions f_{ij} being computed from MC simulation for each source separately. Figure 2 shows the comparison of $|d_0|$ distributions of the probe electrons with $20 < p_T < 250$ GeV in the nominal sample before and after the d_0 calibration is applied. A significant improvement in the agreement between data and MC simulation is observed.

The d_0 templates of electrons from $W \rightarrow \tau \rightarrow e$ decays are determined using simulated events and corrected for the difference in resolution of d_0 in data and simulation following the method employed in Ref. [10]. For these electrons, the d_0 distribution is the convolution of the d_0 resolution and the d_0 distribution due to the lifetime of the τ -lepton. This lifetime is known with good precision [88]. Therefore, only the correction of d_0 resolution is necessary to calibrate the d_0 templates of electrons from $W \rightarrow \tau \rightarrow e$ decays in simulation. To quantify the difference in resolution of d_0 in data and simulation, the $|d_0|$ distribution of the probe electrons in the Z data sample is fitted using a Gaussian function with the mean

fixed at zero. The fit is performed in each kinematic bin in the range of $|d_0| < 0.02$ mm. For $p_T = 20$ GeV, the d_0 resolution is about $15\ \mu\text{m}$. The d_0 resolution is determined separately for 2015-2016, 2017, and 2018 data-taking periods. The d_0 templates of the electrons from τ -lepton decays in the MC simulation are corrected using the measured $|d_0|$ resolution. The corrected templates are then used to measure $R_{\tau/e}$. The resulting correction due to the d_0 resolution is small and varies within 1% for different values of d_0 . The d_0 templates of fake electrons are similarly taken from simulated events and corrected using the d_0 resolution from data events with corrections also at the 1% level.

6 Background estimation

Drell-Yan production of an e^+e^- pair in association with jets is a large background at small values of $|d_0|$. The resonant $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ decay is suppressed by applying a selection on the e^+e^- invariant mass $|m_{e^+e^-} - m_Z| > 5$ GeV. However, non-resonant e^+e^- production is an irreducible background. Its contribution is determined using a control sample of e^+e^- events containing the resonant $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ contribution. This sample is obtained by removing the Z -mass window veto ($|m_{e^+e^-} - m_Z| > 5$ GeV), whilst keeping all other requirements as specified in Section 4. Figure 3 shows the $m_{e^+e^-}$ distribution for the data control sample in the range of $55 < m_{e^+e^-} < 115$ GeV which is used to determine the $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ contribution.

The control sample in data and MC simulation is partitioned into three subsamples, depending on p_T of the probe electron ($7 < p_T < 10$ GeV, $10 < p_T < 20$ GeV, and $20 < p_T < 250$ GeV). This binning in p_T matches the one used in the measurement of $R_{\tau/e}$, as detailed in Section 7. A binned extended maximum-likelihood fit [89] of the $m_{e^+e^-}$ distribution in the range of $55 < m_{e^+e^-} < 115$ GeV is used to estimate the number of Z +jets events in each p_T bin i , $N_{Z,i}$, of the control sample. The distribution is modelled by the function

$$F(m_{e^+e^-} | m_Z, \Gamma_Z, s, N_{Z,i}, N_{\text{bkg},i}) = N_{Z,i} V(m_{e^+e^-} | m_Z, \Gamma_Z, s) + N_{\text{bkg},i} P(m_{e^+e^-}). \quad (2)$$

Here, $V(m_{e^+e^-} | m_Z, \Gamma_Z, s)$ is the Voigt profile [90] describing the $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ signal and $P(m_{e^+e^-})$ is the second-degree Chebyshev polynomial corresponding to the background under the Z -boson peak. The parameters $N_{Z,i}$ and $N_{\text{bkg},i}$ are the numbers of Z and background events, respectively. The parameters m_Z and Γ_Z are the mass and width of the Z boson, respectively, and s is the standard deviation of the mass resolution. The Z boson's width is fixed to the PDG value $\Gamma_Z = 2.4955$ GeV [5], while the other parameters in Eq. (2) are varied freely in the fit.

The numbers of $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ events in data and MC, $N_{Z,i}^{\text{data}}$ and $N_{Z,i}^{\text{MC}}$, are obtained from the fit to the $m_{e^+e^-}$ distribution in data and MC simulation, respectively. The simulated non-resonant Drell-Yan contribution in the nominal sample is then scaled in each p_T bin i by the factor $C_i^Z \equiv N_{Z,i}^{\text{data}} / N_{Z,i}^{\text{MC}}$. The scaling factors C_i^Z are also applied to the $Z(\rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)$ +jets sample, which contributes to both μe and ee channels.

The values of C_i^Z in all p_T groups are found to be statistically consistent across all p_T bins. The average value of C_i^Z is 1.117 ± 0.013 , where the uncertainty reflects the limited size of the data and simulation samples.

The solid blue line in Figure 3 shows the result of the fit to the full data control sample using the model function specified in Eq. (2). The parametrisation of the background, which comes mainly from $t\bar{t}$ and Wt production, is shown as the dashed line.

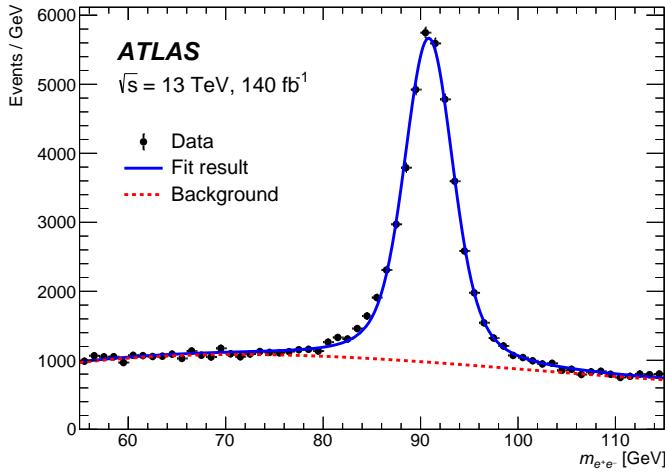


Figure 3: Distribution of the invariant mass of the electron-positron system, $m_{e^+e^-}$, in the control sample. The data are represented by black markers. The result of the fit by the sum of the Voigt profile for the Z-boson peak and the second-degree Chebyshev polynomial for the background is shown by the solid line. The dashed line corresponds to the parametrisation of the background contribution.

Fake electrons are another important source of background. They mainly arise from two processes: the decay of b - or c -hadrons, and photon conversions. The number of fake electrons in the nominal sample in simulation is corrected by a factor derived from the comparison of data and simulation. A control sample is defined by applying the nominal selections, but requiring two leptons with the same electric charge. The fake electrons contribute to both the nominal (i.e., opposite-sign) and control (i.e., same-sign) samples, while the contribution of non-fake leptons to the same-sign sample is reduced. For electrons with $p_T < 10 \text{ GeV}$ the fraction of fake electrons in the same-sign sample is about 97%, and for electrons with $20 < p_T < 250 \text{ GeV}$ it is about 50%. The extrapolation of the correction factor from the same-sign to opposite-sign sample is evaluated from simulated events.

In addition to the fake electrons from hadron decays and photon conversions, prompt electrons from W - and Z -boson decays also contribute to the same-sign sample, especially at high p_T and small values of $|d_0|$. The main processes yielding prompt same-sign electrons are $t\bar{t} + V$ and VV production, where the leptons from the V boson and one of the top-quark decays can have the same electric charge. There is also a 3% contribution of events with a wrong measurement of the charge of the electron due to bremsstrahlung.

The correction factors for the number of fake electrons from hadron decays (C^{HAD}), from photon conversions (C^{PH}), and for the number of prompt electrons (C^{PR}), are derived from the comparison of the number of same-sign events as a function of probe lepton p_T in data and simulation. In addition to the events with probe electrons, the same-sign events with probe muons are also used. The probe muons are selected using the same requirements as the tag muons but changing the p_T condition to $5 < p_T(\mu) < 250 \text{ GeV}$. No trigger requirements are applied to the probe muons. The addition of the events with a probe muon increases the statistical precision of the correction factors. The same C^{PR} value is applied to the events with prompt probe muons and electrons, and the same C^{HAD} value is applied to the events with fake muons and electrons from hadron decays. It was verified that the separate treatment of electrons and muons from these sources had no statistically significant impact on the result.

The same-sign sample is divided into 12 groups depending on the channel (ee , μe , $e\mu$, and $\mu\mu$) and

p_T of the probe lepton ($p_T < 10$ GeV, $10 < p_T < 20$ GeV, and $20 < p_T < 250$ GeV), and a binned maximum-likelihood fit is performed to these groups. The free parameters in the fit are C^{HAD} , C^{PH} , and C^{PR} . The statistical and systematic uncertainties related to the limited size of the simulation samples are taken into account. Other systematic uncertainties are discussed in Section 7. Figure 4 shows the results of the fit. A good agreement between data and simulation is obtained for all 12 groups of same-sign events with the p -value of the global goodness of the fit [91] being equal to 0.7. The obtained values of C^{HAD} , C^{PH} , and C^{PR} are 1.41 ± 0.03 , 0.84 ± 0.05 , and 1.45 ± 0.08 , respectively.

Figure 5 shows the p_T and $|d_0|$ distributions of the probe electrons after the fit to the same-sign data. A reasonably good agreement between data and simulation is observed after applying the measured correction factors. The remaining differences are in the regions where the contribution of prompt electrons from $t\bar{t}V$ and VV production is dominant. These differences are taken into account by the uncertainties in the $t\bar{t}V$ and VV production together with the systematic uncertainties of fake-lepton contribution.

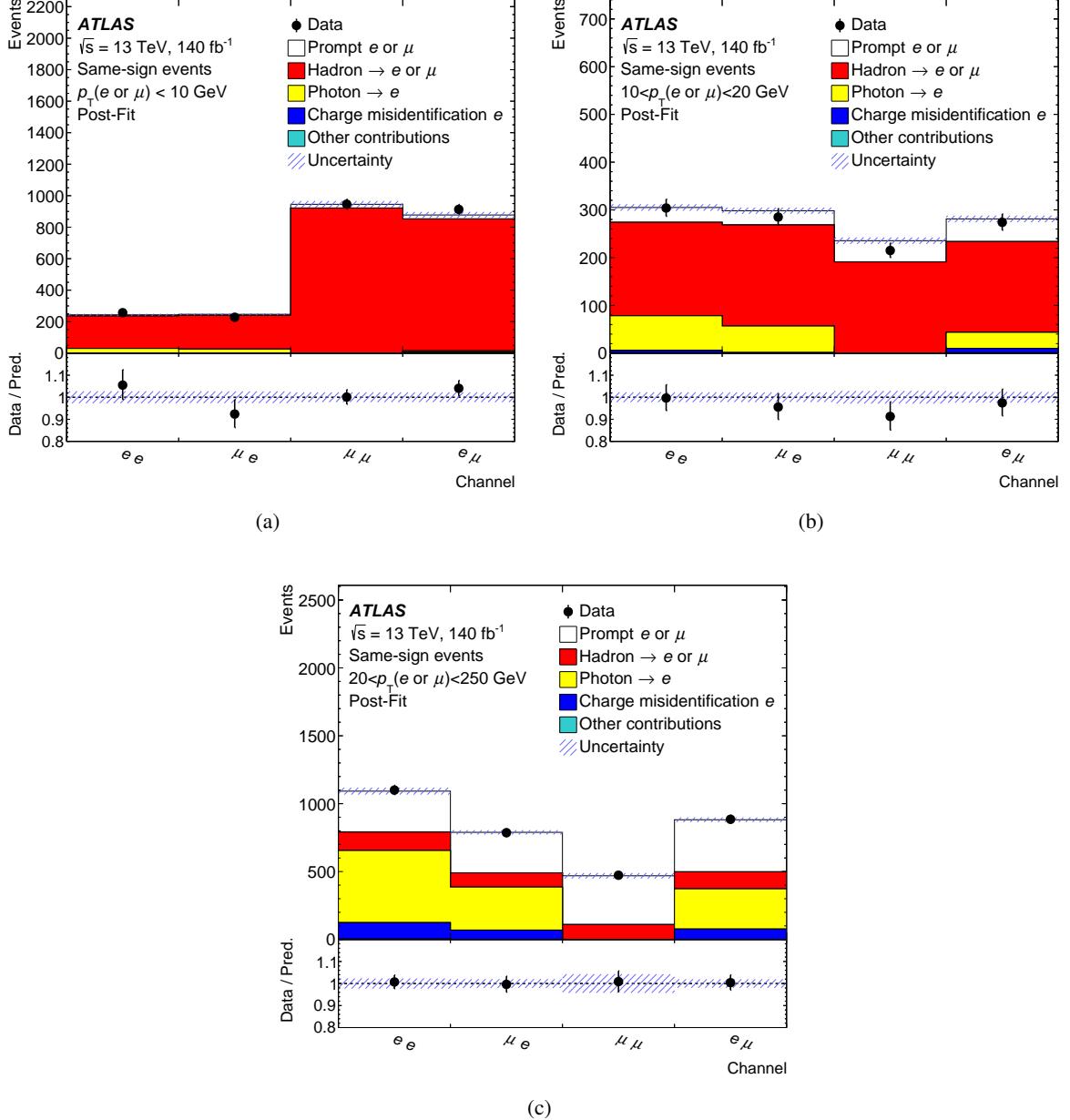


Figure 4: Number of same-sign events in the ee , $\mu\mu$, $e\mu$, and μe channels where the first lepton is the tag lepton and the second is the probe lepton. The sub-figures correspond to (a) $p_T < 10 \text{ GeV}$, (b) $10 < p_T < 20 \text{ GeV}$, and (c) $20 < p_T < 250 \text{ GeV}$ of the probe lepton (electron or muon). The data are represented by black markers and the different components contributing to the sample, taken from simulation after the fit ('Post-Fit'), are shown by stacked histograms. The component 'Other contributions' contains events with both fake leptons or with charge misidentification of both leptons. Distributions are shown after the fit to the same-sign data has been performed. The systematic uncertainties related to the limited size of the simulation samples are included in the fit, and represented by the blue hatched bands. The bottom panels show the ratio of the data to the simulation prediction.

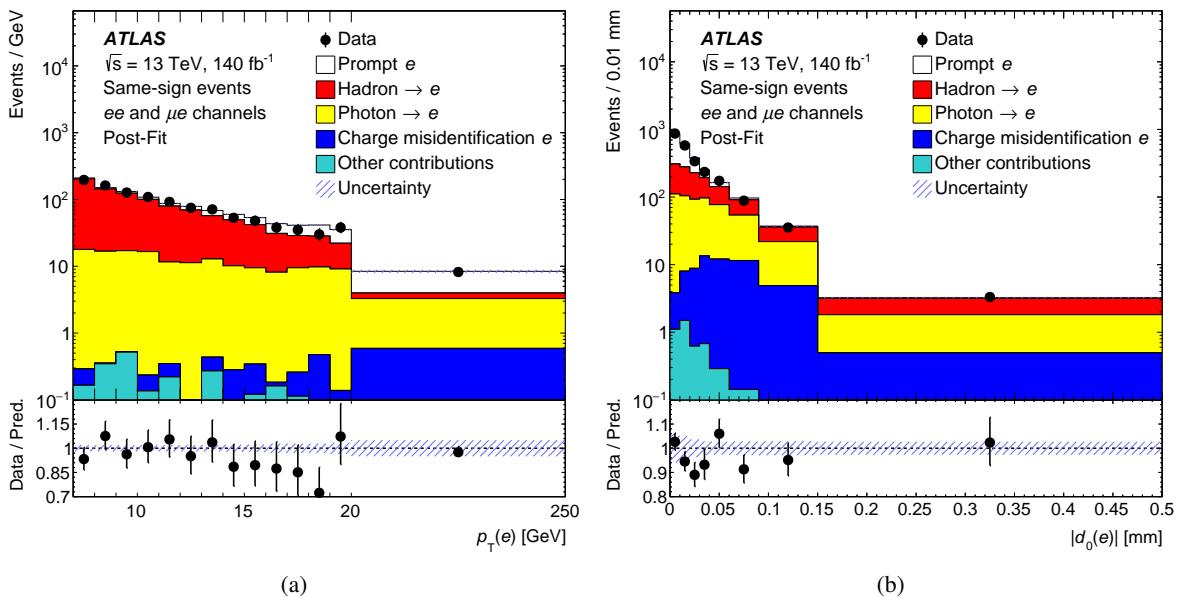


Figure 5: Distributions of (a) p_T and (b) $|d_0|$ of the probe electrons for the sum of the μe and ee channels of the same-sign sample. The last bin in the p_T distribution includes all events with $20 < p_T(e) < 250$ GeV. The data are represented by black markers and the different components contributing to the sample, taken from simulation after the fit ('Post-Fit'), are shown by stacked histograms. The component 'Other contributions' contains events with both fake leptons or with charge misidentification of both leptons. Distributions are shown after the fit to the same-sign data has been performed. The systematic uncertainties related to the limited size of the simulation samples and the cross-section of $t\bar{t}V$ production are represented by the blue hatched bands. The bottom panels show the ratio of the data to the simulation prediction.

7 Statistical analysis and systematic uncertainties

To measure $R_{\tau/e}$, a two-dimensional binned template profile likelihood fit is performed to the p_T and $|d_0|$ distributions. The bin boundaries are optimised to provide the best sensitivity to $R_{\tau/e}$ given the available data. This optimisation resulted in three bins in p_T ($7 < p_T < 10$ GeV, $10 < p_T < 20$ GeV, and $20 < p_T < 250$ GeV) and eight bins in $|d_0|$ ($|d_0| < 0.01$ mm, $0.01 < |d_0| < 0.02$ mm, $0.02 < |d_0| < 0.03$ mm, $0.03 < |d_0| < 0.04$ mm, $0.04 < |d_0| < 0.06$ mm, $0.06 < |d_0| < 0.09$ mm, $0.09 < |d_0| < 0.15$ mm, $0.15 < |d_0| < 0.5$ mm) in both the ee and μe channels. In total 48 bins are used in the fit.

The fit is set up such that a negative-log-likelihood minimization is performed with the parameter of interest, $R_{\tau/e}$, two other unknown parameters k_{sig} and $k(\mu/e)$ defined below, and systematic uncertainties included as nuisance parameters (NP), θ . The likelihood function is defined as a product of Poisson probabilities for each bin in each channel and a probability density function for systematic uncertainties.

$$L(\mathbf{n}, \boldsymbol{\theta}^0 | R_{\tau/e}, k_{\text{sig}}, k(\mu/e), \boldsymbol{\theta}) = \prod_{i \in \text{bins}} P(n_i | R_{\tau/e}, k_{\text{sig}}, k(\mu/e), \boldsymbol{\theta}) \times \prod_{j \in \text{NPs}} G(\theta_j^0 | \theta_j). \quad (3)$$

Here n_i is the number of events in bin i and G is a Gaussian distribution that constrains the nuisance parameter θ_j to the nominal value θ_j^0 .

The scaling factors $R_{\tau/e}$, k_{sig} , $k(\mu/e)$ and more than 300 nuisance parameters representing various statistical and systematic uncertainties are varied in the fit. The parameter of interest $R_{\tau/e}$ is applied to the $W \rightarrow \tau \rightarrow e$ events. The SM value of $R_{\tau/e} = 1$ is set in the MC simulation. The parameter k_{sig} is the normalisation scaling factor of the $t\bar{t}$ and Wt processes contributing to the signal. It is applied to both the $W \rightarrow \tau \rightarrow e$ and $W \rightarrow e$ components of the signal. The parameter $k(\mu/e)$ takes into account any residual difference in the modelling of the selection efficiencies of the tag muon and electron. It is applied to both the signal and background contributions to the μe channel.

The fit is performed after applying the correction factors to the main components of the background events as explained in Section 6. Other background processes are normalised to their theoretical cross-sections.

The main systematic uncertainties in $R_{\tau/e}$ are discussed in detail below.

For the measurement of $R_{\tau/e}$ the $t\bar{t}$ simulation with NNLO re-weighting is used as explained in Section 3. The uncertainty due to re-weighting of the NNLO matrix element calculations is estimated by comparing the result with and without this re-weighting applied.

The uncertainties related to the modelling of $t\bar{t}$ and Wt signals are estimated by comparing the baseline Powheg + Pythia 8 generator to alternative MC generators of $t\bar{t}$ and Wt production or to modified configurations of the baseline MC generators. The NNLO re-weighting is available only for some of the alternative MC generators. For consistency, the systematic uncertainties related to the $t\bar{t}$ and Wt modelling are derived from the comparison of the baseline and alternative MC generators without NNLO re-weighting.

To evaluate the uncertainty of $t\bar{t}$ production due to the h_{damp} parameter, the PS and hadronisation model, the NLO matching, and the gluon recoil scheme, the templates obtained with the Powheg+Pythia 8 generator are compared with the simulation obtained with the alternative MC samples described in Section 3.

To estimate the sensitivity of $t\bar{t}$ production to the amount of parton radiation and potential missing higher-order QCD corrections, the renormalisation and factorisation scales of the baseline MC generator are varied up by a factor of 2.0 and down by a factor of 0.5 from the default values. The uncertainties in

initial-state-radiation (ISR) are estimated by using the Var3c eigen-tune variations of the A14 tune [26]. The impact of final-state-radiation (FSR) uncertainties is evaluated using weights which vary the renormalisation scale for QCD emission in the FSR by factors of 0.5 and 2.0, respectively. The difference between up and down variations divided by two is taken as a symmetric uncertainty related to these variations of the MC generators.

The modelling uncertainties of Wt production related to the PS and hadronisation model, h_{damp} parameter, NLO matching, ISR and FSR are estimated similarly to $t\bar{t}$ events. The uncertainty related to the interference between the $t\bar{t}$ and Wt processes is evaluated by comparing the baseline Wt simulation, which was generated using the diagram removal scheme, and the alternative MC sample generated using the diagram subtraction scheme [35, 50] as described in Section 3.

The uncertainty of 5% in the Wt cross-section is included as a separate contribution to the systematic uncertainty. The relative uncertainties of the $t\bar{t}V$ and VV production cross-section are set to 15% and 30%, respectively. The relative uncertainties in the t - and s -channel single-top-quark production are set to 5%. These uncertainties produce a negligible impact on $R_{\tau/e}$.

To estimate the systematic uncertainty due to the proton PDFs, 30 nuisance parameters corresponding to 30 different variations of PDF defined by the PDF4LHC15 set [45] are included in the fit.

The modelling uncertainties are estimated separately for $t\bar{t}$ and Wt processes, and treated as correlated between these processes and between $W \rightarrow e$ and $W \rightarrow \tau \rightarrow e$ contributions.

To build the d_0 templates of prompt electrons from $W \rightarrow e$ decays, the Z sample containing mainly $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ events is used as explained in Section 5. The electrons from these two processes originate in the hard-scatter primary vertex and therefore their d_0 distributions are expected to be the same. However, second-order effects related to track reconstruction and differences in kinematics of electrons coming from Z -boson decay and from $t\bar{t}$ result in residual differences between the templates employed in the fit and the actual d_0 distributions. To evaluate the impact of this difference on the result, the d_0 templates are modified as

$$T'_{ij}(d_0) = N T_{ij}^{\text{pr}}(d_0) \frac{D_{ij}^{W \rightarrow e}(d_0)}{D_{ij}^Z(d_0)}. \quad (4)$$

Here, $D_{ij}^Z(d_0)$ and $D_{ij}^{W \rightarrow e}(d_0)$ are the normalised d_0 distributions of prompt electrons produced in $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ and $t\bar{t}$ processes, respectively, which are obtained in simulation. The coefficient N normalises the modified templates $T'_{ij}(d_0)$ to unity. The difference in the value of $R_{\tau/e}$ obtained with the $T'_{ij}(d_0)$ and $T_{ij}^{\text{pr}}(d_0)$ templates is taken as the systematic uncertainty due to the calibration of d_0 of prompt electrons.

Three sources of uncertainty in the evaluation of the correction factors to the number of fake electrons are considered. These include the limited size of the same-sign sample, the choice of PS and hadronisation model, and the possible variation of the fraction of electrons from photon conversion. The uncertainty due to the parton shower and hadronisation model is obtained by comparing the expected number of fake electrons evaluated using the baseline PYTHIA and alternative HERWIG algorithms. The fraction of electrons from photon conversions is evaluated using the MC simulation. The effect of the uncertainty in this quantity is estimated by using the fraction in the same-sign sample instead of the nominal opposite-sign sample when measuring $R_{\tau/e}$.

The electron energy scale and resolution, the reconstruction, isolation, and identification efficiencies and their corresponding uncertainties are measured using $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ and $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$ events [76, 77, 92]. In particular, J/ψ events are used to measure the identification efficiency for electrons with $p_T < 20$ GeV. The

reconstruction efficiency is not measured for electrons with $p_T < 15$ GeV with the standard tag-and-probe method because of large backgrounds which make the measurement unreliable. The agreement between data and MC in p_T dependence of electron efficiency is essential for this measurement. This agreement is tested using the Z sample of events described in Section 5. The dominant contribution to this sample originates from $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ events accompanied with two or more jets. Following this study, an additional correction to the efficiency of electrons with small p_T is found to be necessary. The corresponding correction factors are derived from the ratio of the p_T distribution of probe electrons in the Z sample in data and simulation. They are determined separately for 2015–2016, 2017, and 2018 data-taking periods. The systematic uncertainty due to the additional efficiency correction is evaluated using the comparison of the correction factors obtained with the baseline SHERPA MC generator and an alternative sample generated with MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO. It is verified that the variation of the correction factors in events with different numbers of jets is within the assigned systematic uncertainty.

Muon reconstruction, identification, and isolation efficiencies, as well as muon momentum scale and resolution, are obtained using the prescriptions specified in Refs. [78, 93]. The size of the corresponding uncertainties are derived using $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ events for muons with $p_T < 15$ GeV and $Z \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ events for muons with $p_T > 15$ GeV.

The lepton trigger efficiencies are measured in $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ and $Z \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ events using tag-and-probe techniques [80, 81], and are varied within the corresponding uncertainties.

The jet energy scale and resolution are evaluated using simulation and *in situ* measurements [85]. For the jet energy scale uncertainty, 35 independent nuisance parameters are used, and 13 nuisance parameters are taken into account for the jet energy resolution. The uncertainties in the jet b -tagging efficiency and rate of b -tagged background are estimated by using the semileptonic and dileptonic $t\bar{t}$ events, as well as Z +jets events [94–96]. The simulated pile-up events are weighted to reproduce the distribution of the average number of inelastic interactions per bunch crossing observed in the data. The associated uncertainty is included as a nuisance parameter in the measurement of $R_{\tau/e}$. The uncertainty associated with the use of the JVT algorithm is estimated by using the results of the study presented in Ref. [86].

The uncertainty in the integrated luminosity is 0.83% [97], obtained using the LUCID-2 detector for the primary luminosity measurements, complemented by measurements using the inner detector and calorimeters. This uncertainty has a negligible impact on $R_{\tau/e}$.

The measurement of $R_{\tau/e}$ depends on $B(\tau \rightarrow e\nu_e\nu_\tau)$, which has been measured to be $(17.82 \pm 0.04)\%$ [5]. The dependence on this branching fraction is included as an additional uncertainty. The limited size of the MC samples is treated as a separate contribution to the systematic uncertainty following the Barlow-Beeston approach [98].

8 Results

The numbers of observed events in the μe and ee channels and in different p_T bins, together with the fitted number of events from different sources, are given in Tables 1 and 2. The number of events in simulation agrees with that in data across different channels and p_T bins.

Figures 6 and 7 show the distribution in data and in simulation of $|d_0|$ in the six regions after the fit. Good agreement between data and simulation is observed, both in the total yield and differential shape. The p -value of the global goodness of the fit [91] is 87%. These figures also demonstrate the separation between

Table 1: Number of events in the μe channel from different sources, as estimated by the fit to the data, compared with the observed yield. Uncertainties include the statistical and systematic contributions. The uncertainty in the total expected number of events can be smaller than the uncertainties of the individual contributions because of correlations between them resulting from the fit.

	μe $7 < p_T < 10 \text{ GeV}$	μe $10 < p_T < 20 \text{ GeV}$	μe $20 < p_T < 250 \text{ GeV}$
Prompt $e(t\bar{t})$	1278 \pm 28	13370 \pm 150	178000 \pm 1000
e from $\tau(t\bar{t})$	1092 \pm 32	4490 \pm 100	11670 \pm 290
Prompt $e(Wt)$	34 \pm 6	340 \pm 60	5300 \pm 900
e from $\tau(Wt)$	28.0 \pm 2.5	119 \pm 16	380 \pm 110
Prompt e (not from $t\bar{t}$ or Wt)	5.2 \pm 1.5	23 \pm 7	180 \pm 50
e from $Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	19.9 \pm 0.4	85.4 \pm 1.4	132.9 \pm 2.2
Fake e	317 \pm 22	380 \pm 33	840 \pm 60
Total predicted	2770 \pm 40	18880 \pm 120	196500 \pm 400
Data	2768	18783	196552

Table 2: Number of events in the ee channel from different sources, as estimated by the fit to the data, compared with the observed yield. Uncertainties include the statistical and systematic contributions. The uncertainty in the total expected number of events can be smaller than the uncertainties of the individual contributions because of correlations between them resulting from the fit.

	ee $7 < p_T < 10 \text{ GeV}$	ee $10 < p_T < 20 \text{ GeV}$	ee $20 < p_T < 250 \text{ GeV}$
Prompt $e(t\bar{t})$	1238 \pm 35	12210 \pm 130	160300 \pm 900
e from $\tau(t\bar{t})$	1051 \pm 30	4060 \pm 100	10490 \pm 260
Prompt $e(Wt)$	35 \pm 7	320 \pm 50	5000 \pm 700
e from $\tau(Wt)$	30 \pm 4	116 \pm 13	340 \pm 100
e from $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$	240 \pm 50	1770 \pm 120	12380 \pm 200
Prompt e (not from $t\bar{t}$ or Wt)	11.7 \pm 3.5	59 \pm 17	560 \pm 170
e from $Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	19.7 \pm 0.4	69.7 \pm 0.9	105.3 \pm 1.3
Fake e	302 \pm 20	374 \pm 32	810 \pm 50
Total predicted	2930 \pm 50	18970 \pm 120	190000 \pm 400
Data	2928	19047	189945

the signal and background processes. The electrons from $W \rightarrow e$ dominate at high p_T and small $|d_0|$, while the electrons from $W \rightarrow \tau \rightarrow e$ dominate at high $|d_0|$. The fake electrons mainly contribute at small p_T .

The measured value of $R_{\tau/e}$ is

$$R_{\tau/e} = 0.975 \pm 0.012 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.020 \text{ (syst.)}. \quad (5)$$

The values of k_{sig} and $k(\mu/e)$ obtained in the fit are $k_{\text{sig}} = 1.03 \pm 0.06$ and $k(\mu/e) = 0.986 \pm 0.010$ with uncertainties that include both statistical and systematic components. Both k_{sig} and $k(\mu/e)$ are consistent

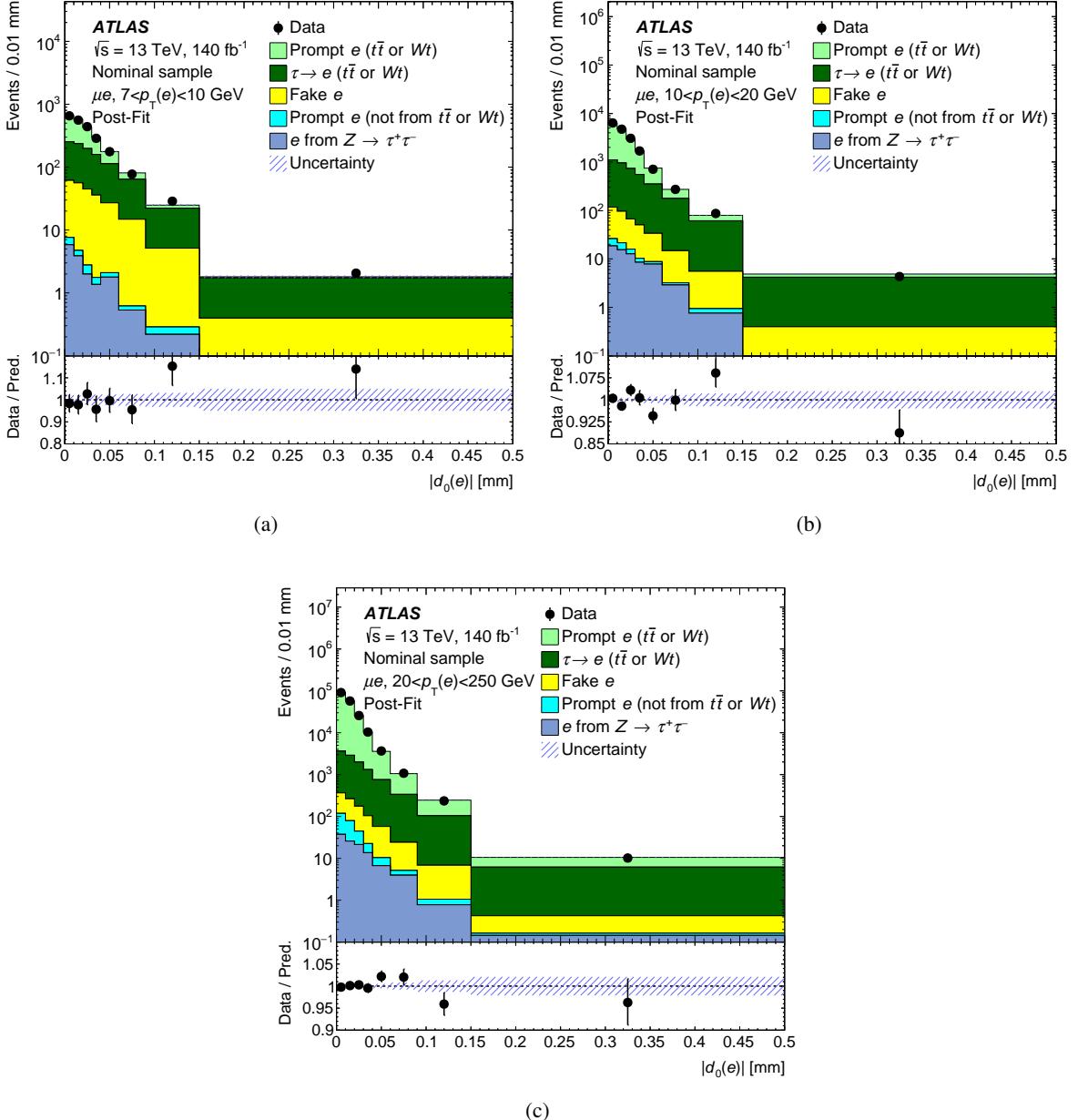


Figure 6: Distributions of $|d_0|$ for the μe channel of the nominal sample in different p_T bins. The data are represented by black markers. The different contributions to the nominal sample, taken from simulation after the fit ‘Post-Fit’), are shown by stacked histograms. The bottom panels show the ratio of the data to the simulation prediction after the fit. The systematic uncertainties in the prediction with the constraints from the fit and the correlation between the nuisance parameters applied are represented by the blue hatched bands.

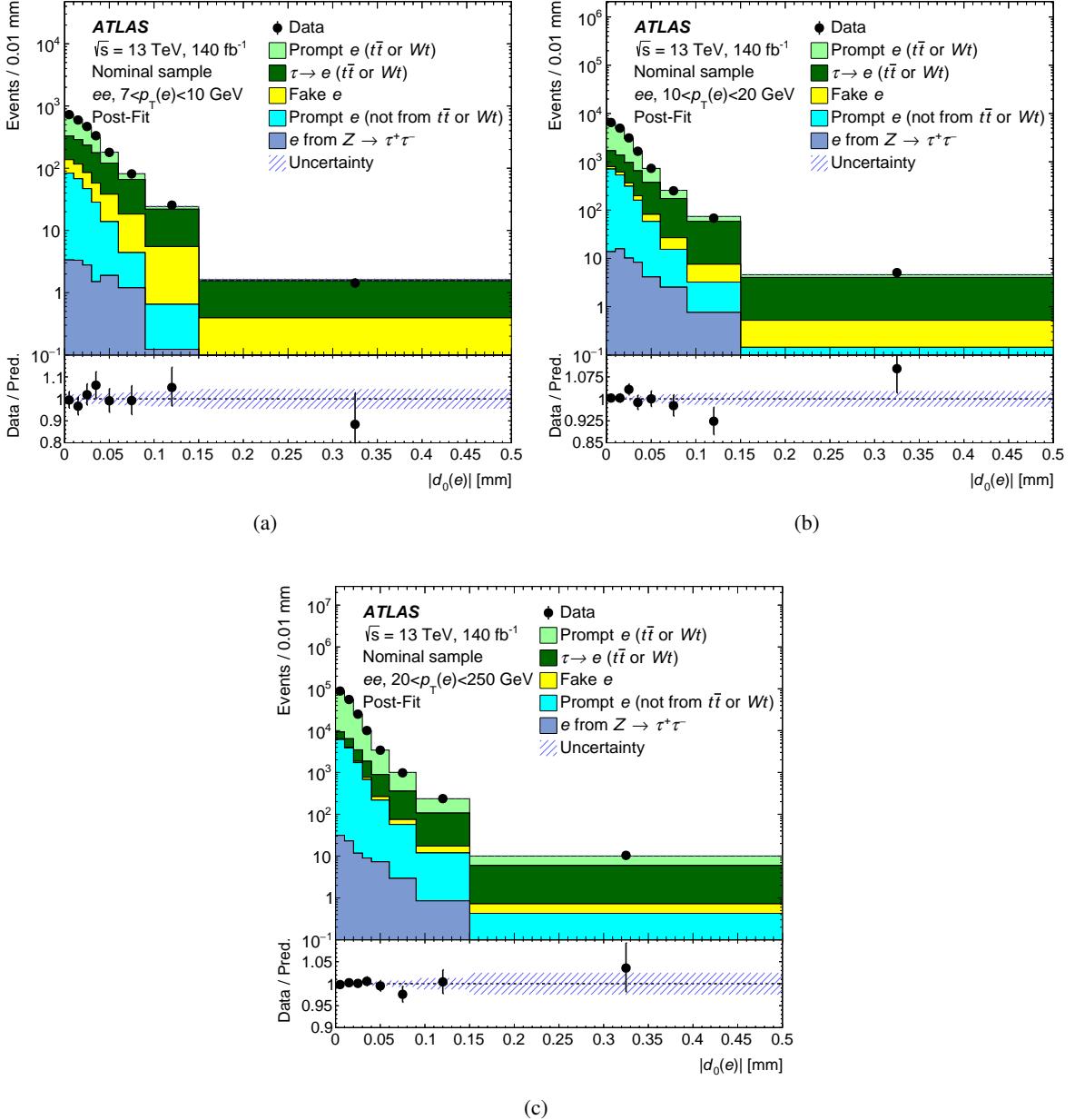


Figure 7: Distributions of $|d_0|$ for the ee channel of the nominal sample in different p_T bins. The data are represented by black markers. The different contributions to the nominal sample, taken from simulation after the fit ('Post-Fit'), are shown by stacked histograms. The bottom panels show the ratio of the data to the simulation prediction after the fit. The systematic uncertainties in the prediction with the constraints from the fit and the correlation between the nuisance parameters applied are represented by the blue hatched bands.

Table 3: Measured values of $R_{\tau/e}$ in the different p_T bins.

p_T bin	$R_{\tau/e}$
$7 < p_T < 10 \text{ GeV}$	$1.13 \pm 0.11 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.07 \text{ (syst)}$
$10 < p_T < 20 \text{ GeV}$	$0.93 \pm 0.04 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.02 \text{ (syst)}$
$20 < p_T < 250 \text{ GeV}$	$0.98 \pm 0.04 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.02 \text{ (syst)}$

with unity within less than two standard deviations. Fixing $k(\mu/e)$ to unity in the fit has a negligible impact on the $R_{\tau/e}$ result, both central value and uncertainties.

Consistent results are found when performing the measurement separately for the 2015–2016, 2017 and 2018 data-taking periods, as well as for the individual channels and p_T bins. Table 3 shows the results for the different p_T bins.

A breakdown of uncertainties grouped into categories is shown in Table 4. Many systematic uncertainties are treated as correlated between the $W \rightarrow e$ and $W \rightarrow \tau \rightarrow e$ contributions. These include the uncertainties in the jet reconstruction, selection of b -jets, and trigger efficiencies. The impact of such correlated uncertainties on $R_{\tau/e}$ is reduced. The remaining dominant uncertainties are related to the modelling of $t\bar{t}$ production, the calibration of d_0 distributions (Section 5), the evaluation of the background (Section 6), and electron reconstruction, identification, and isolation. The largest impact on $R_{\tau/e}$ in the modelling group of uncertainties comes from NNLO re-weighting, the variation of PS and hadronisation model, the amount of parton radiation, and h_{damp} parameter.

Figure 8 provides a comparison of this result to other measurements of $R_{\tau/e}$. A similar precision is achieved to that of the CMS result [11]. This new measurement agrees with the SM expectation of lepton flavour universality and with the previous measurement of $R_{\tau/e}$ by the CMS Collaboration. It however differs from the combination of LEP measurements [9] by more than two standard deviations.

Table 4: Breakdown of statistical and systematic uncertainties in the fit to data. Different individual components used in the fit are combined into categories. The size of the impact each group of uncertainties has on $R_{\tau/e}$, which is denoted by $\sigma(R_{\tau/e})$ and shown in the second column, is assessed by subtracting in quadrature the uncertainty from the nominal fit and the fit with the relevant nuisance parameters fixed to their post-fit values. The group ‘Other sources’ includes the uncertainties due to trigger, JVT, luminosity, and pile-up.

Uncertainty group	$\sigma(R_{\tau/e})$
Modelling of $t\bar{t}$ and Wt	0.011
d_0 calibration	0.006
Background estimation	0.005
Electron reconstruction, identification, and isolation	0.005
Electron energy scale	0.003
Electron energy resolution	0.002
Jet energy resolution	0.004
Jet energy scale	0.003
Jet b -tagging	0.002
Muon reconstruction, identification, and isolation	0.001
Other sources	0.002
Variation of k_{sig} and $k(\mu/e)$	0.003
Finite size of simulated samples	0.003
$B(W \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau \rightarrow e\nu_e\nu_\tau\nu_\tau)$	0.002
Total systematical uncertainty	0.020
Data statistical uncertainty	0.012
Total uncertainty	0.024

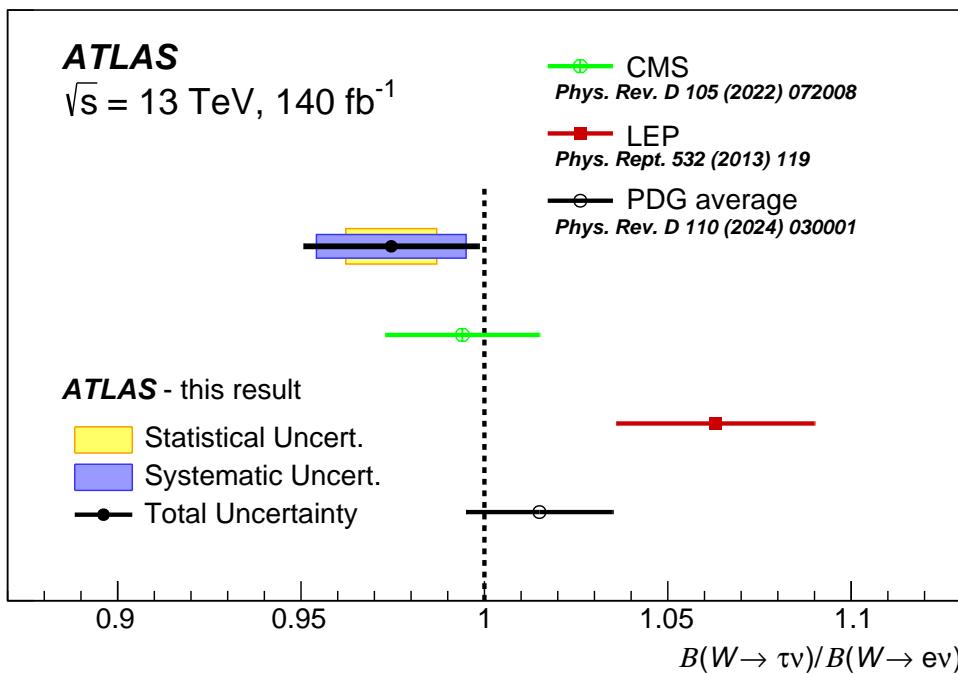


Figure 8: Summary of measurements of $R_{\tau/e} = B(W \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau)/B(W \rightarrow e\nu_e)$. The $R_{\tau/e}$ value measured in this publication is shown together with the corresponding statistical and systematic uncertainties. It is compared with other measurements and the average value from the PDG [5]. The vertical dashed line at unity indicates the Standard Model assumption of equal branching fractions to all lepton flavours.

9 Conclusion

The value of $R_{\tau/e} = B(W \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau)/B(W \rightarrow e\nu_e)$ has been measured using the decays of the top quark to final states containing τ -leptons or electrons. A sample of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV collected by the ATLAS experiment in Run 2 and corresponding to 140 fb^{-1} was used in the analysis. The leptonic decay $\tau \rightarrow e\nu_e\nu_\tau$ was used for the τ -lepton selection. The decays $W \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau \rightarrow e\nu_e\nu_\tau\nu_\tau$ and $W \rightarrow e\nu_e$ were distinguished by exploiting differences in the impact parameter and transverse momentum distributions of the electrons. The dominant systematic uncertainties are related to the modelling of $t\bar{t}$ and Wt production, the impact parameter calibration, the estimate of the background, and electron reconstruction, identification, and isolation requirements. The resulting value of $R_{\tau/e} = 0.975 \pm 0.012 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.020 \text{ (syst)}$ is consistent with the Standard Model assumption of lepton flavour universality. The precision of this measurement is comparable to that of the LEP combination and that of the CMS Collaboration, and will further reduce the uncertainty in the world-average result for $R_{\tau/e}$.

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