Structure Based Prediction of Influenza Drug-Resistant Mutations

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Baloxavir Marboxil (Xofluza)

ORIGINAL ARTICLE FREE PREVIEW

Baloxavir Marboxil for Uncomplicated Influenza in Adults and Adolescents

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from IDWeek 2018.



September 6, 2018 N Engl J Med 2018; 379:913-923 DOI: 10.1056/NEJMoa1716197





Baloxavir Marboxil Safe and Effective for High-Risk Influenza Patients



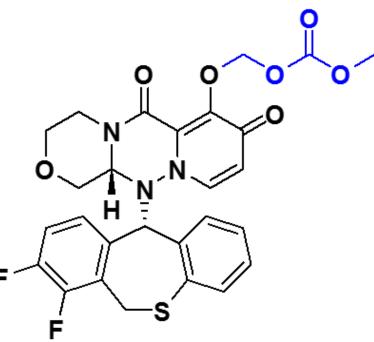
XOFLUZA™ is approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as a single-dose, for acute, uncomplicated influenza in people 12 years of age and older.¹ A single dose of X be taken orally within 48 hours of symptom onset.¹



SAN FRANSISCO — When compared with a placebo, the oral selective, cap-dependent,

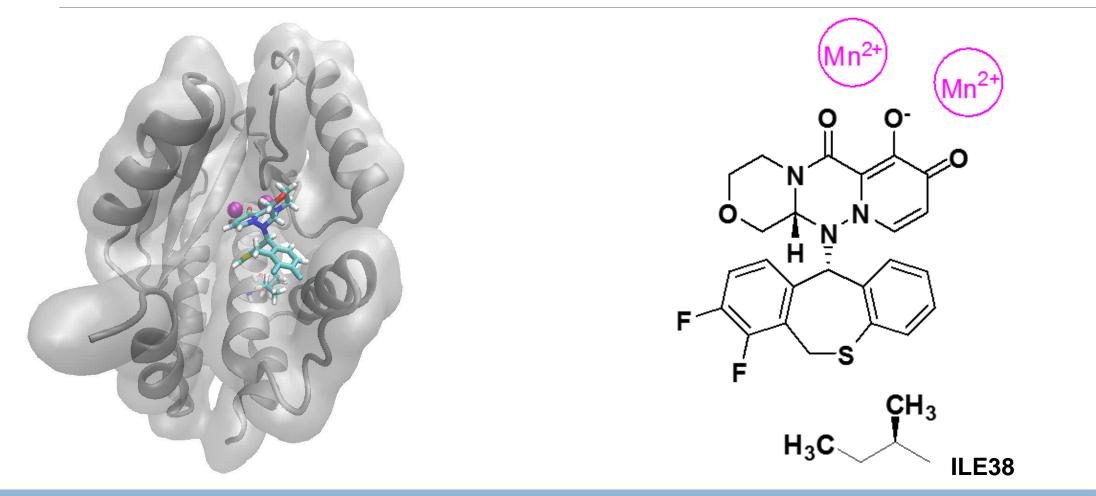


Reloxavir proved superior to oselfamivir in shortening th

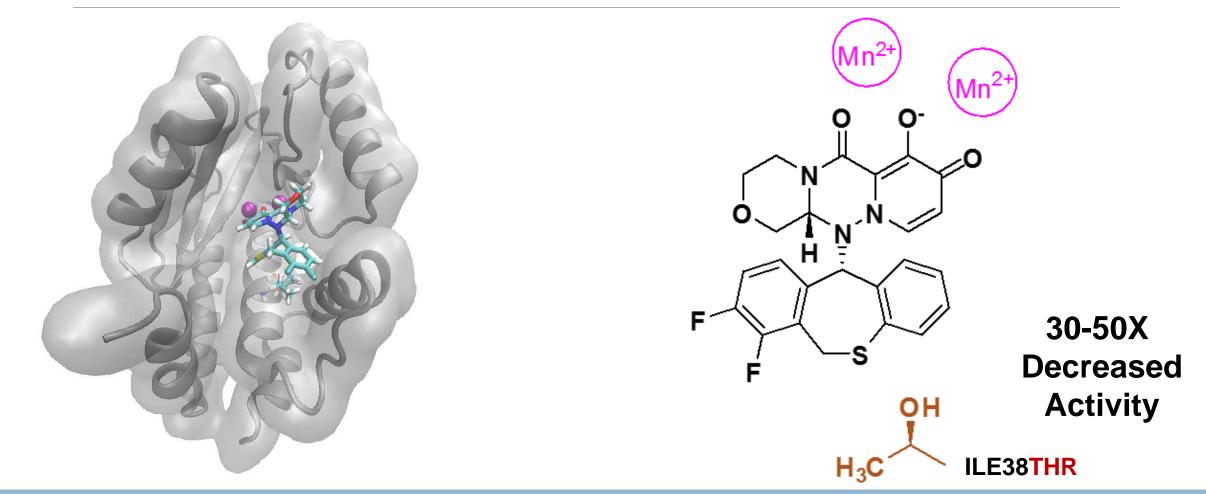




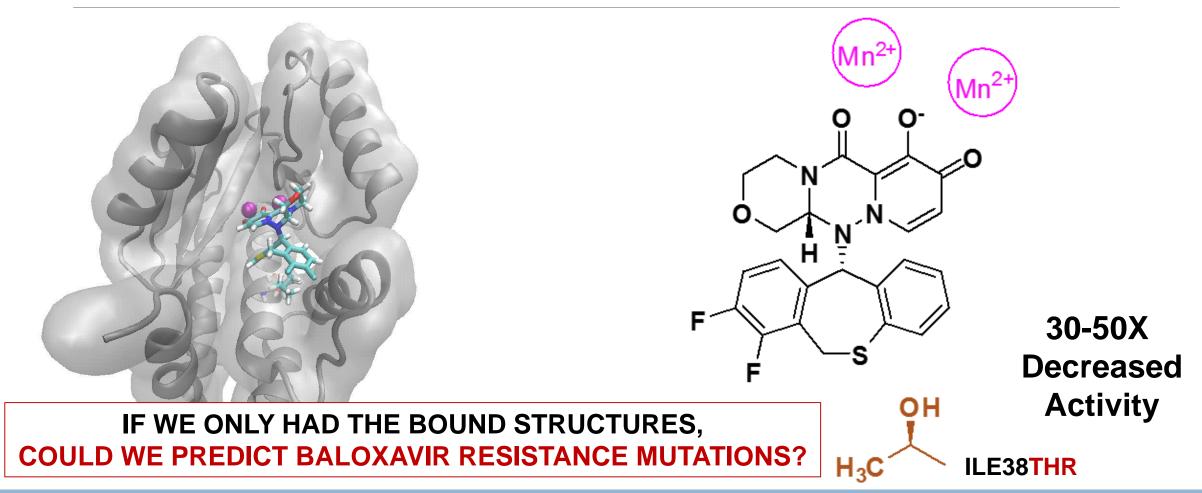
Baloxavir Marboxil (Xofluza) Resistance



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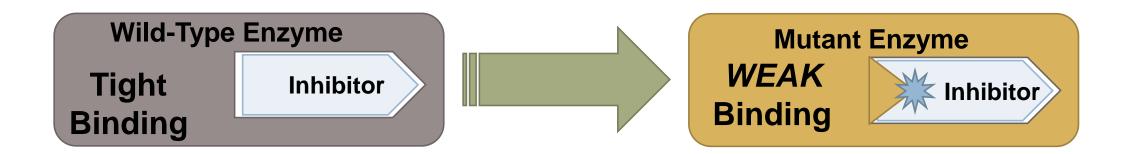
Baloxavir Marboxil (Xofluza) Resistance



Omoto, et. al, Sci Rep (2018) 8: 9633.

Predicting Resistance: Central Hypothesis

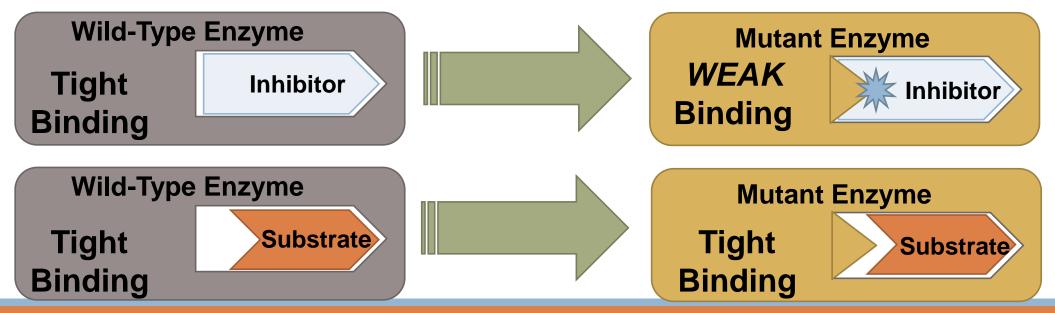
I. Decrease Binding of Inhibitor



Hao, et. al, Drug Discovery Today (2012) 17: 1121-1126.

Predicting Resistance: Central Hypothesis

I. Decrease Binding of InhibitorII. Maintain Affinity of Substrate



Hao, et. al, Drug Discovery Today (2012) 17: 1121-1126.

Predicting Resistance: Central Hypothesis **Decrease Binding of Inhibitor** I. **II.** Maintain Affinity of Substrate **III.Low Genetic Barrier** Wild-Type Enzyme **Mutant Enzyme** $AUU \rightarrow ACU$ WEAK Tight Inhibitor Inhibitor **Binding** Binding **Single Nucleotide Substitution** Wild-Type Enzyme **Mutant Enzyme**

 $AUU \rightarrow ACU$

Tight

Binding

Hao, et. al, *Drug Discovery Today* (2012) 17: 1121-1126.

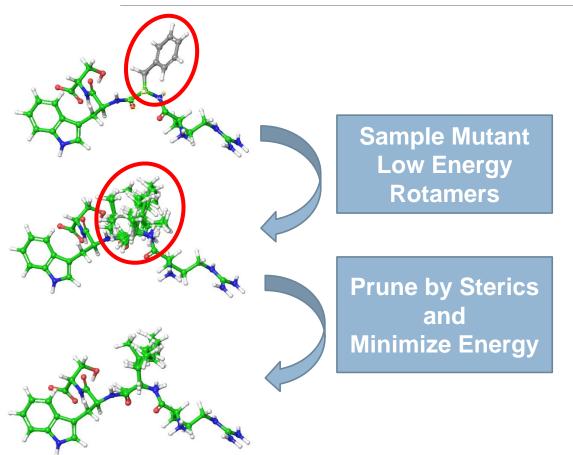
Tight

Binding

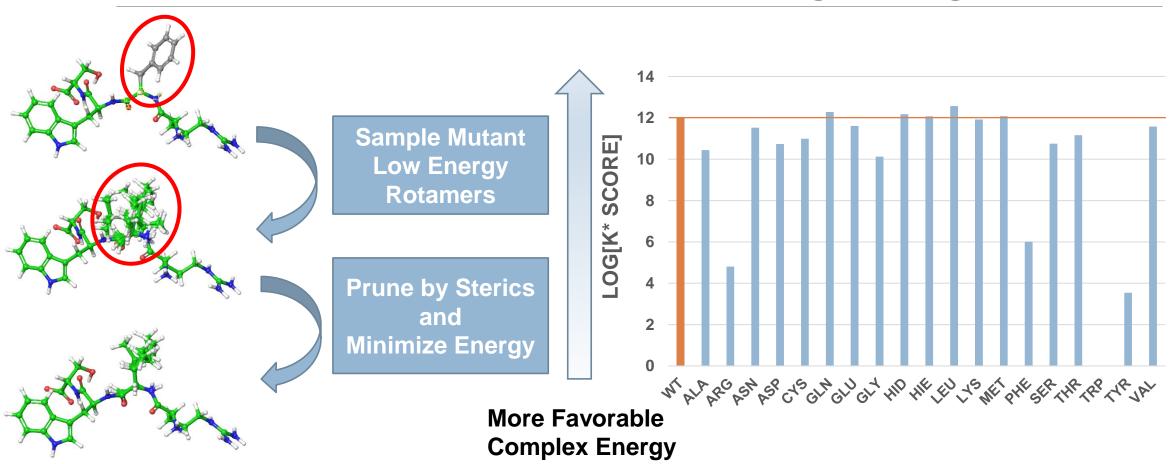
Substrate

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Simulation of All I38 Mutations: OSPREY / K* Protein Design Algorithm



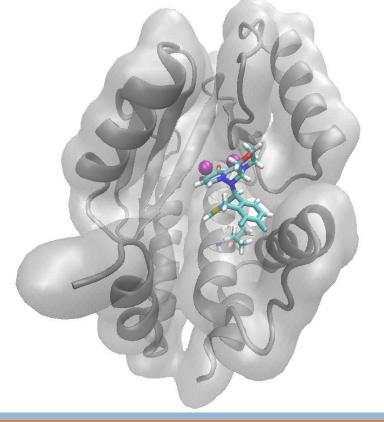
Simulation of All I38 Mutations: OSPREY / K* Protein Design Algorithm

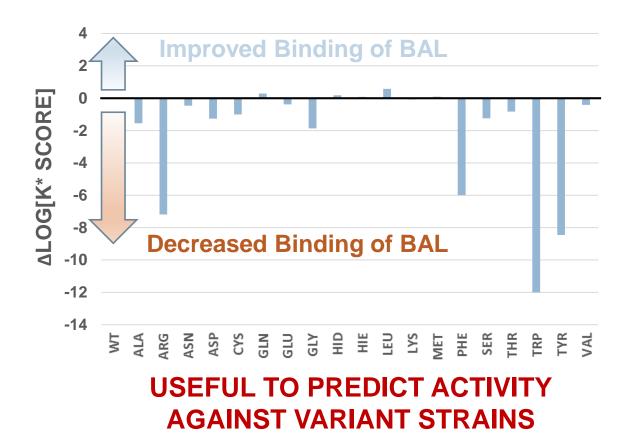


Reeve, SM, et. al. *Proc Nat Acad Sci* (2015) 112(3): 749-754. Gainza, P, et. al. *Methods Enzymol* (2013) 523: 87-107

Simulation of All I38 Mutations: Energy Relative to Wild-Type

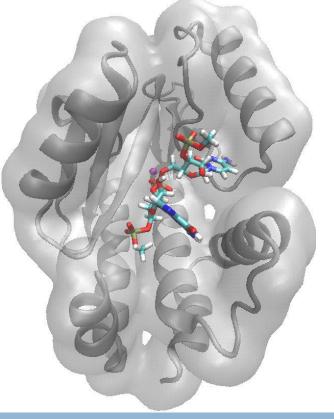
Model of BAL Active Species Bound to Flu A H1N1 PA

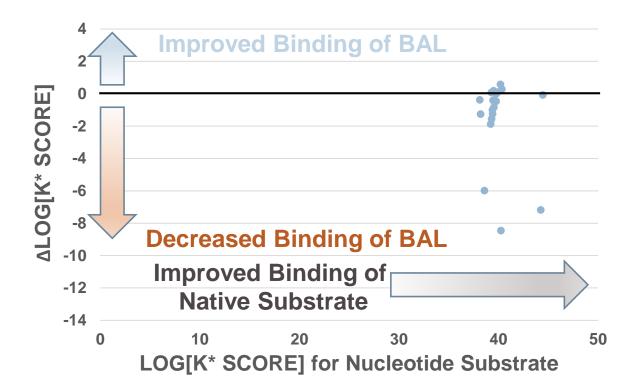




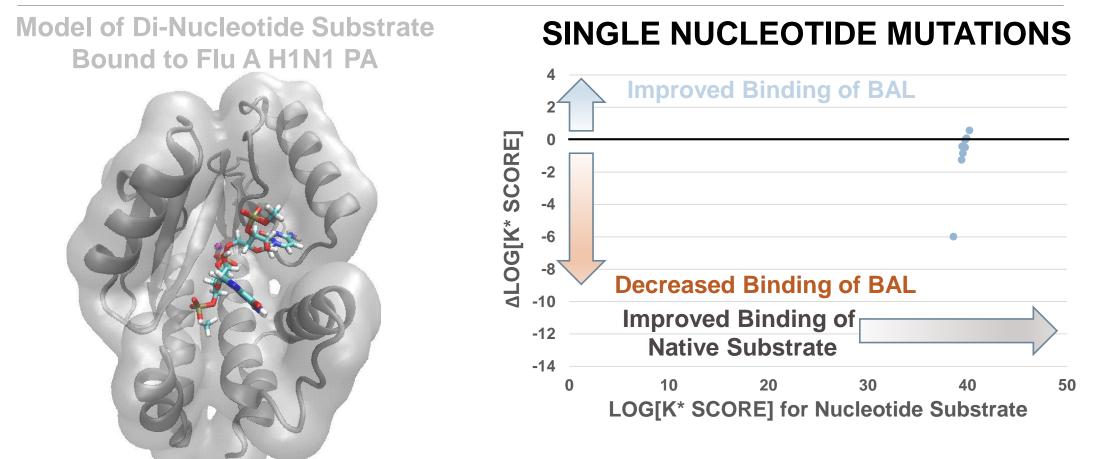
Simulation of All I38 Mutations: Considering Native Substrate Affinity

Model of Di-Nucleotide Substrate Bound to Flu A H1N1 PA



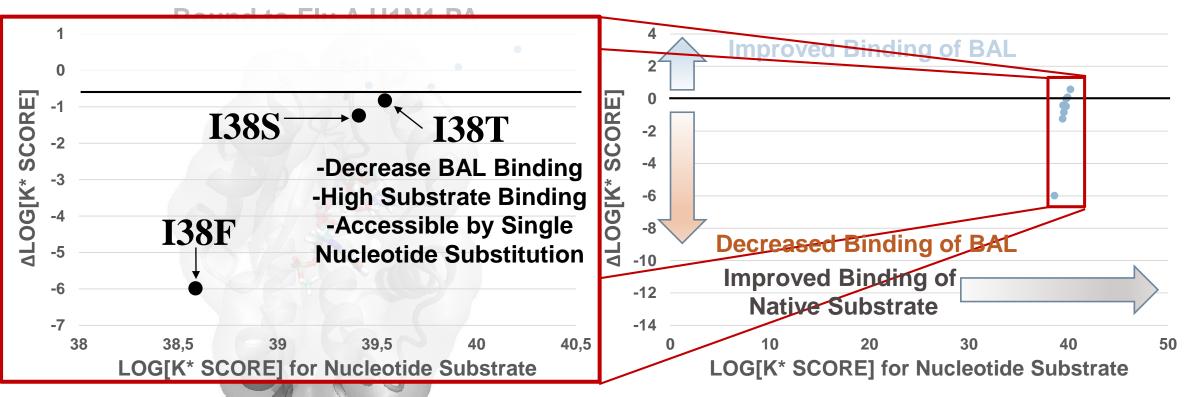


Simulation of All I38 Mutations: Accessible by Low Genetic Barrier

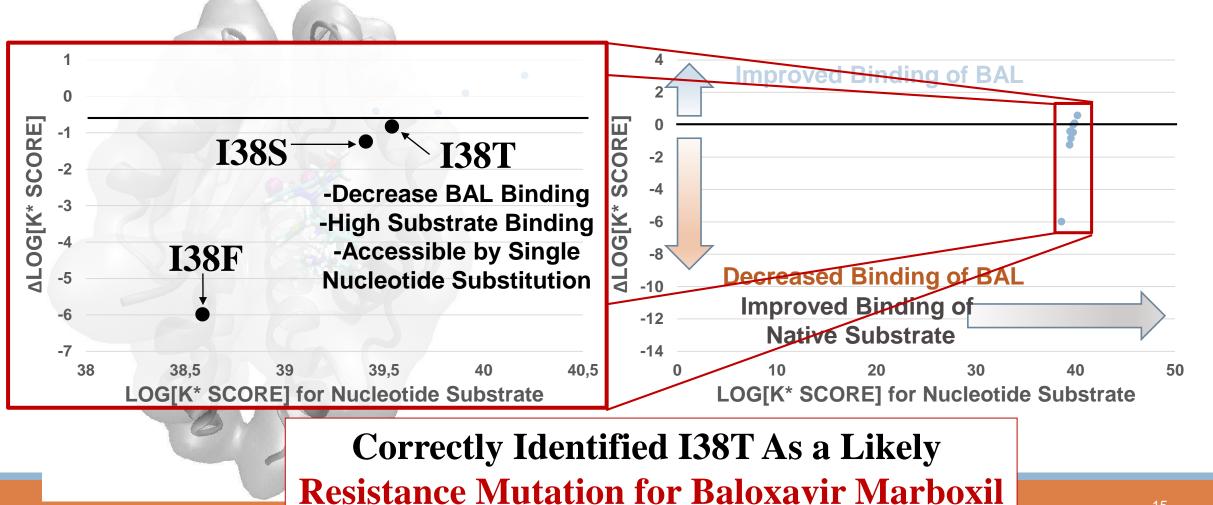


Simulation of All I38 Mutations: Single-Nucleotide Accessible Mutations

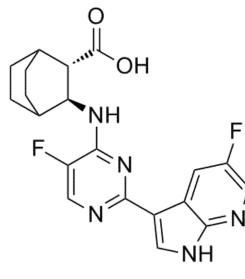
Model of Di-Nucleotide Substrate



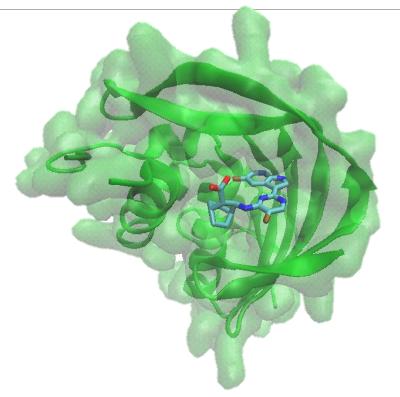
Simulation of All I38 Mutations: Single-Nucleotide Accessible Mutations



Predicting Resistance Mutations for Pimodivir - Influenza A PB2 Inhibitor

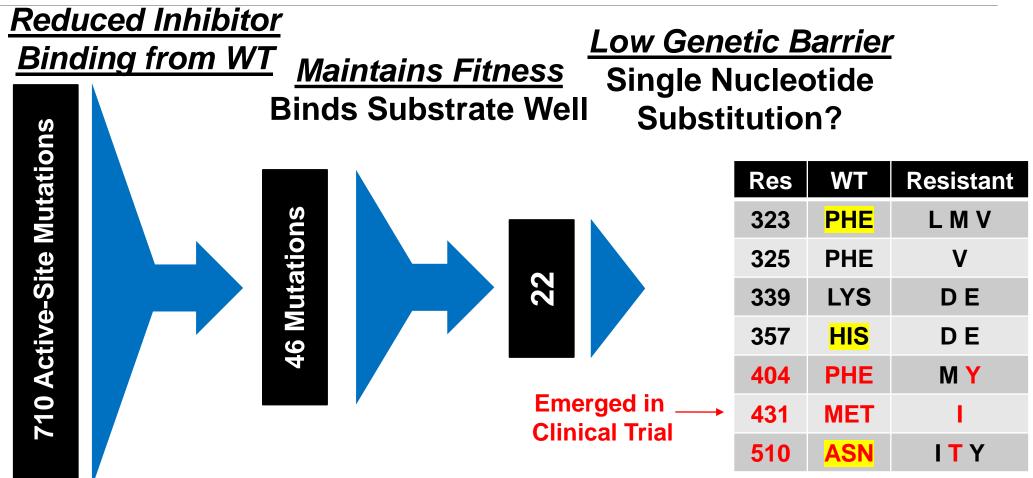


VX-787 (Pimodivir)

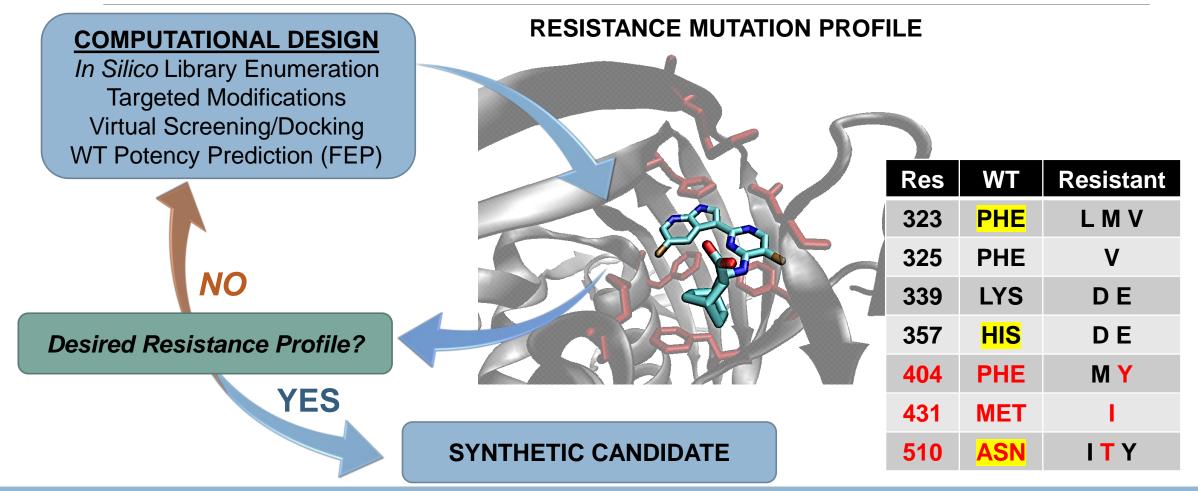


Model of Pimodivir Bound To Avian H5N1 FluA PB2

Predicting Resistance Mutations for Pimodivir - Influenza A PB2 Inhibitor



Incorporating Resistance Prediction into Drug Design Platform



Summary and Conclusions

Developed approach to *de novo* predict resistance mutations given only an inhibitor-bound structure

- Successfully applied to other viruses (HIV-1, HBV, HCV and ZIKV)
- Recapitulated resistance mutations for Baloxavir Marboxil and Pimodivir

Useful tool in antiviral drug design

- Rational design of broadly active agents against all strain variations
- Rational design of agents with improved resistance profiles
- Rational design of drug combinations that ensure no single mutation delivers cross-resistance to all agents

Future Directions and Other Applications

- Allosteric mutations not in direct contact with inhibitor
- Compensatory mutations that improve substrate binding
- Antibody escape mutations

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- Keivan Zandi, PhD

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