

Search for SM Higgs Boson in $H \rightarrow bb$ at the LHC

Second MCTP Spring Symposium on
Higgs Boson Physics

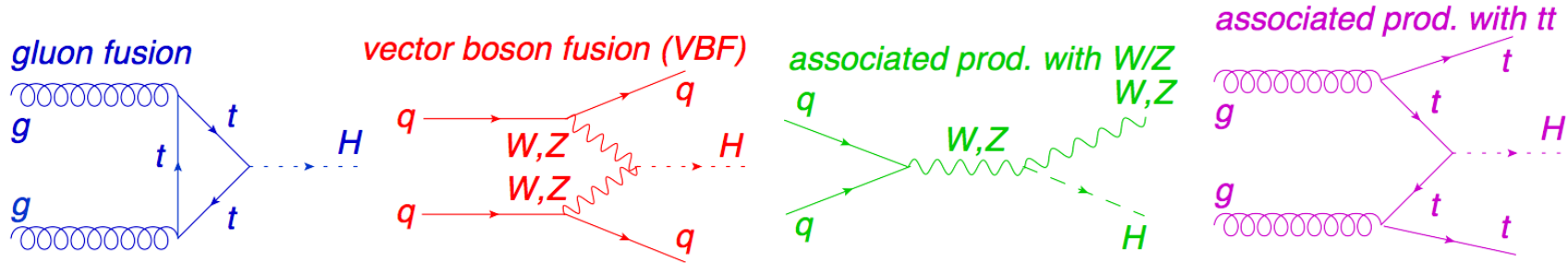
April 16-20, 2012

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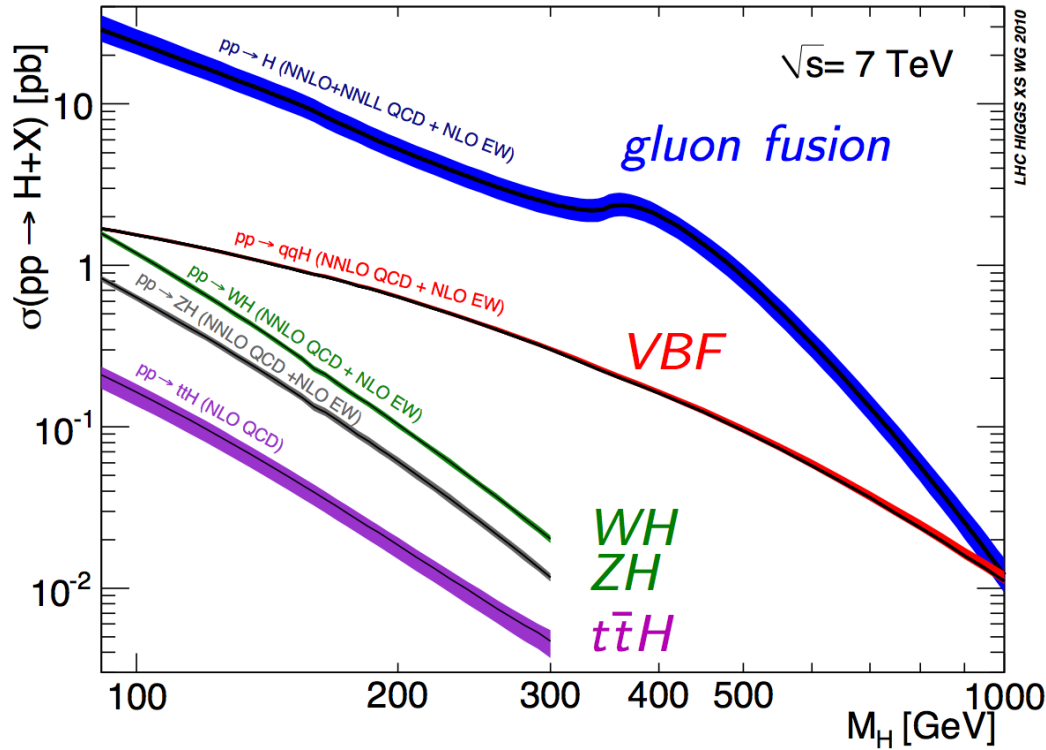
On behalf of the ATLAS and CMS Collaborations



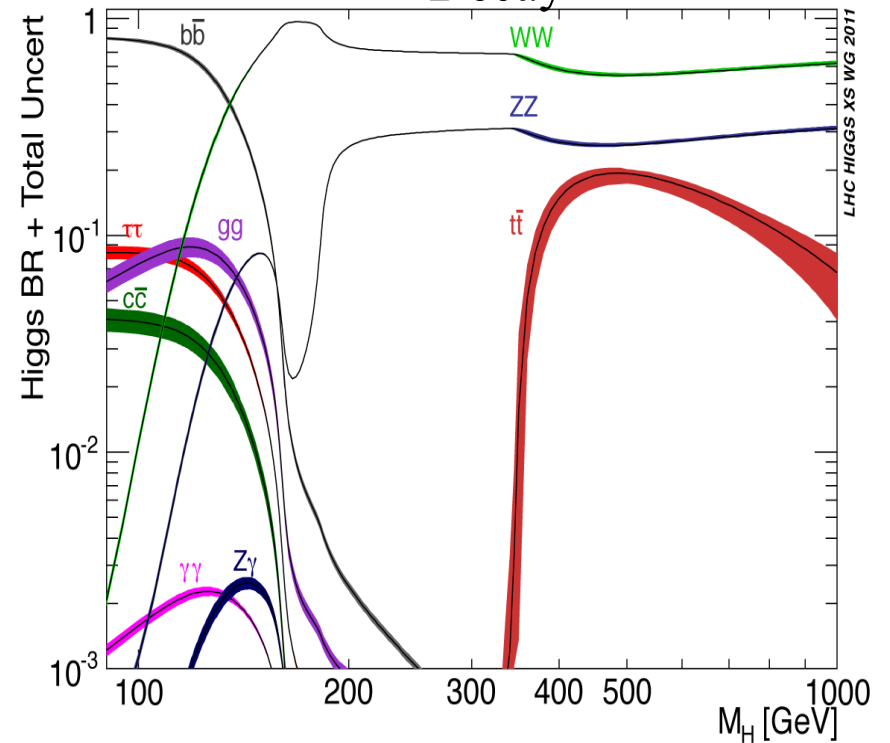
Introduction



Production



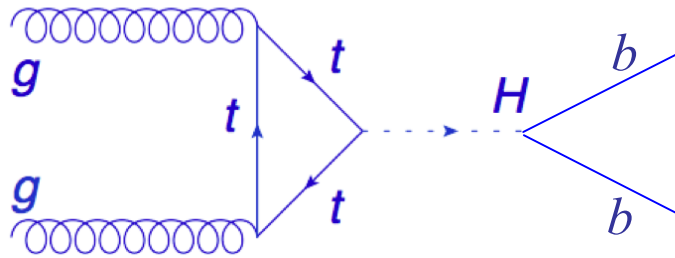
Decay



H \rightarrow bb has highest decay BR at low mass ($m_H < \sim 135$ GeV)

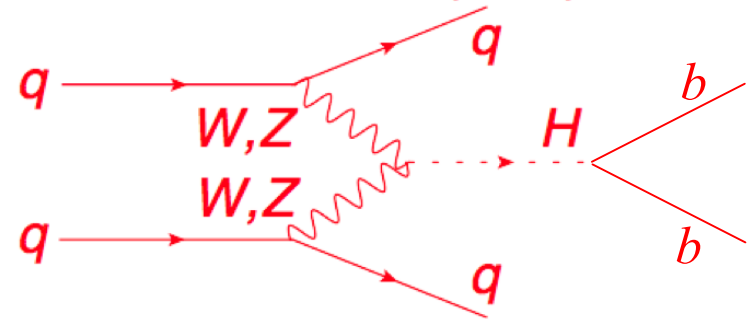
Search for Low Mass Higgs Boson

gluon fusion



• $\sigma(m_H=120 \text{ GeV}) \sim 17 \text{ pb}$

vector boson fusion (VBF)

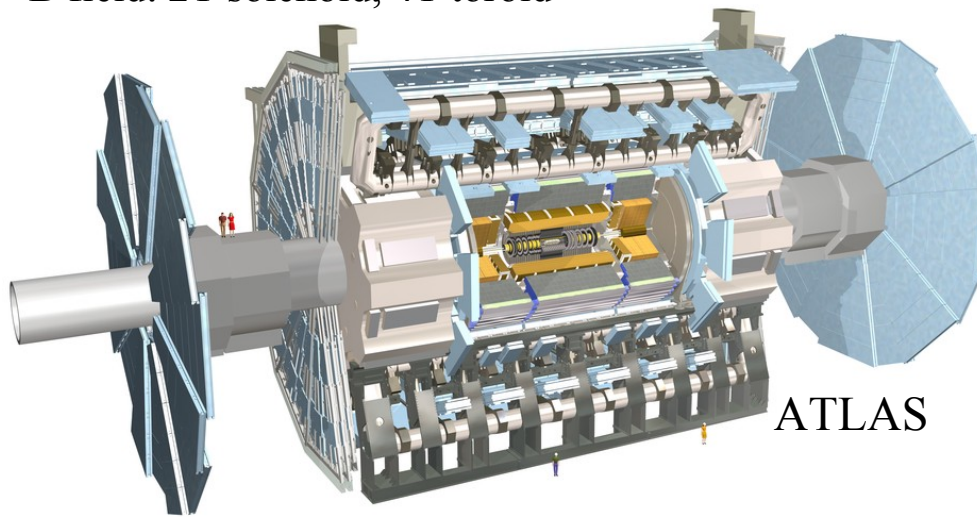


• $\sigma(m_H=120 \text{ GeV}) \sim 1.3 \text{ pb}$

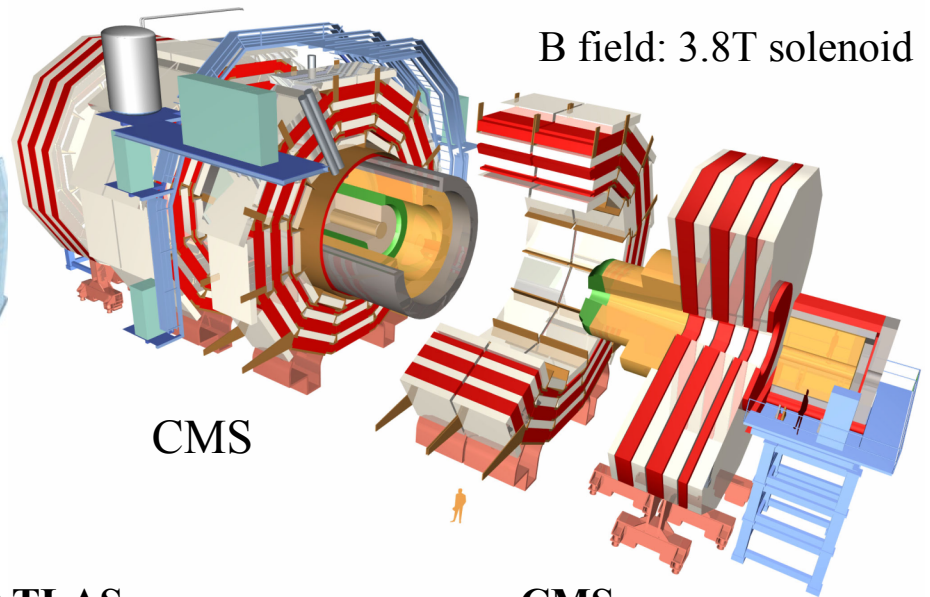
- Search in bb or $qqbb$ final state will encounter huge multi-jet background
- Higgs production in association with W or Z
 - 3rd and 4th highest production rate ($\sigma(WH) \sim 0.66 \text{ pb}$, $\sigma(ZH) \sim 0.36 \text{ pb}$ @ $m_H=120 \text{ GeV}$)
 - Final states with leptonic decays of W and Z can help to reduce contribution from multi-jet background

Detectors

B field: 2T solenoid, 4T toroid



ATLAS



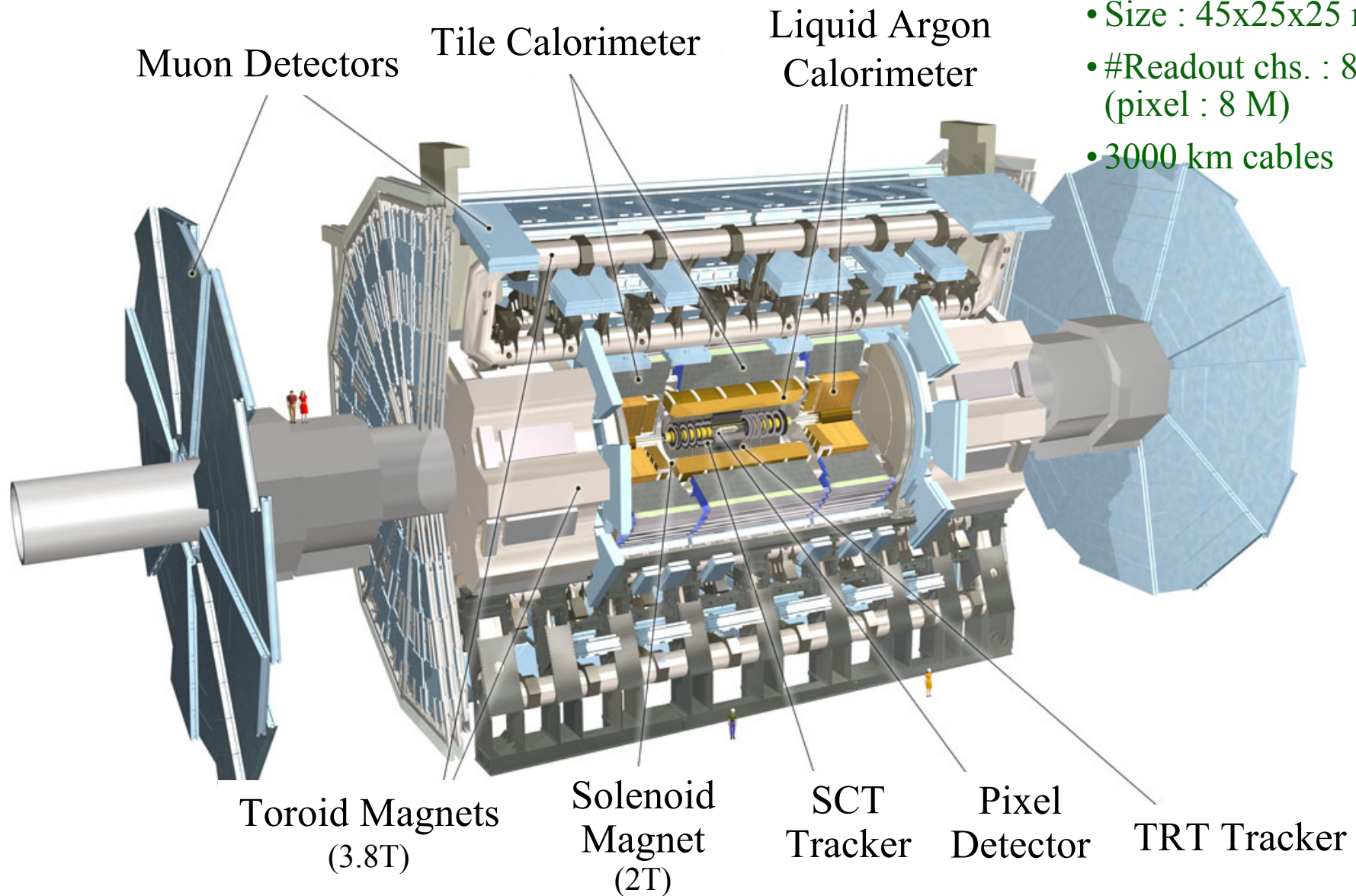
CMS

B field: 3.8T solenoid

	<u>ATLAS</u>	<u>CMS</u>
Inner tracker : η coverage	2.5	2.5
$\sigma(P_T)/P_T$ at $P_T=100$ GeV	3.8%	1.5%
EM calorimeter: η coverage	3.2	3.0
$\sigma(E)/E$	$10\%/\sqrt{E}+0.7\%$	$3\%/\sqrt{E}+0.5\%$
HAD calorimeter: η coverage	4.9	5.2
$\sigma(E)/E$ (EM+HAD combined)	$50\%/\sqrt{E}+3\%$	$85\%/\sqrt{E}+7\%$
Muon system: η coverage	2.7	2.4
$\sigma(P_T)/P_T$ at $P_T=1$ TeV (standalone)	12% ($ \eta <1.5$)	15-40% (depend on η range)

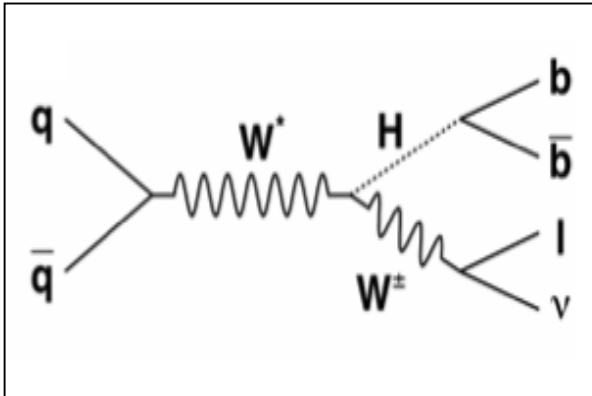
A Toroidal LHC Apparatus (ATLAS) DETECTOR

- Weight : 7000 ton
(same as Eiffel tower)
- Size : 45x25x25 m³
- #Readout chs. : 8.8 M
(pixel : 8 M)
- 3000 km cables

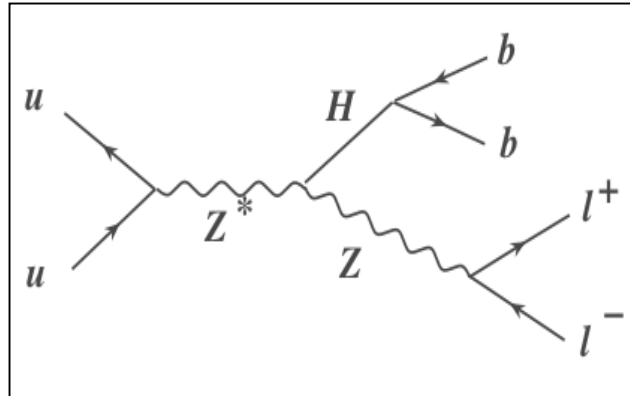


Search for Higgs Boson in Associated Production

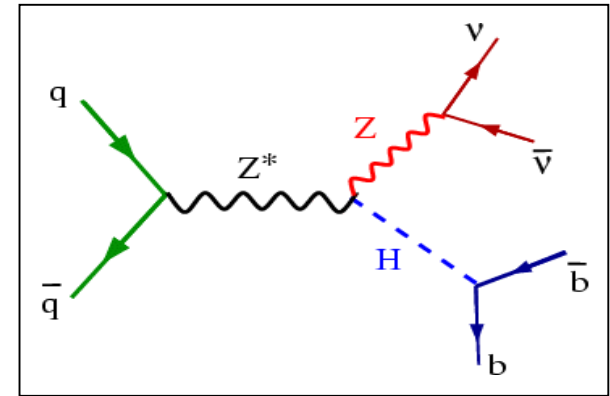
WH \rightarrow $l\nu$ bb



ZH \rightarrow l^+l^- bb



ZH \rightarrow $\nu\nu$ bb



WH (lvbb)

- 1 high p_T lepton
 - e or μ
- Missing Transverse Energy (E_T^{miss})
- 2 b jets

ZH (llbb)

- 2 high p_T leptons
 - e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$
- Z resonance peak
- small E_T^{miss}
- 2 b jets

ZH (vvbb)

- 0 lepton
- Large E_T^{miss}
- 2 b jets

• CMS : Phys. Lett. B 710 (2012) 284-306

• ATLAS : ATLAS-CONF-2012-015

Background Sources

Main Physics Background

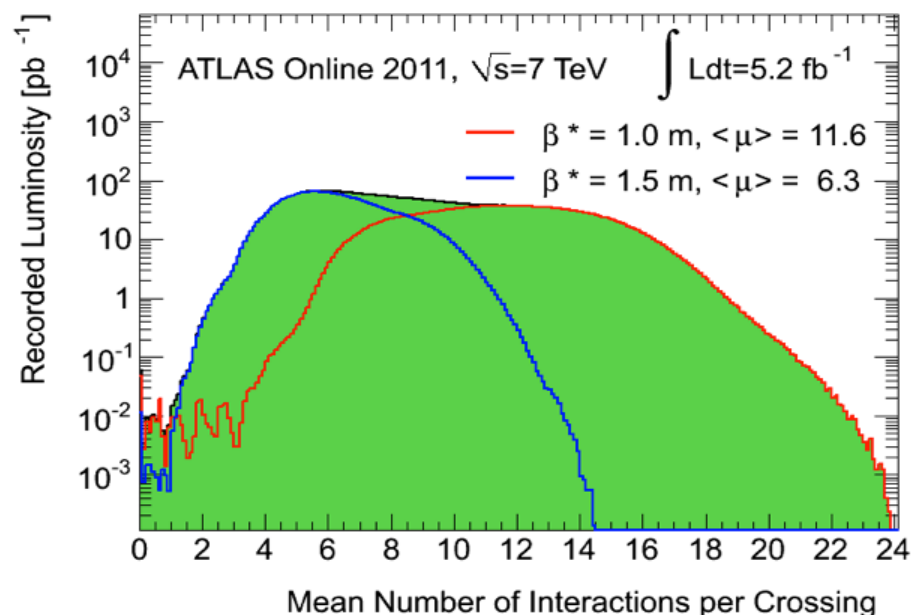
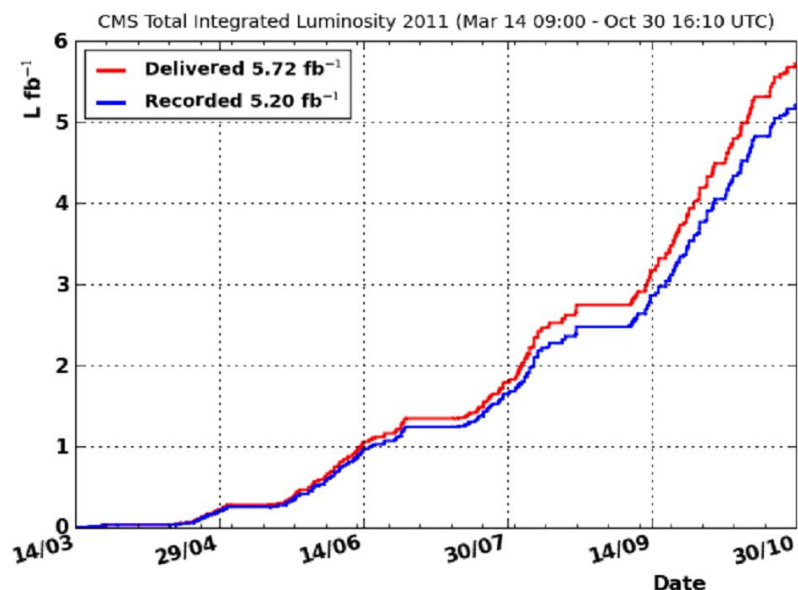
- Top quark production (ttbar, single top)
 - Z + jets (Z + light-flavor (LF) jets, Z + heavy-flavor (HF) jets)
 - Diboson (WW, WZ, ZZ)
 - W + jets (W + LF jets, W + HF jets)
 - QCD multi-jet
- } only for WH(lvbb)
and ZH(vvbb)
searches

Other Sources

- Extra jets from pile-up
- Fake large E_T^{miss} sources
 - Noise in calorimeter
 - Beam gas, beam halo

Data Samples

- Perform searches on data samples with $\int L = 4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$, collected in 2011



- Average number of interactions per p-p bunch crossing is ~ 10

Triggers to collect data samples :

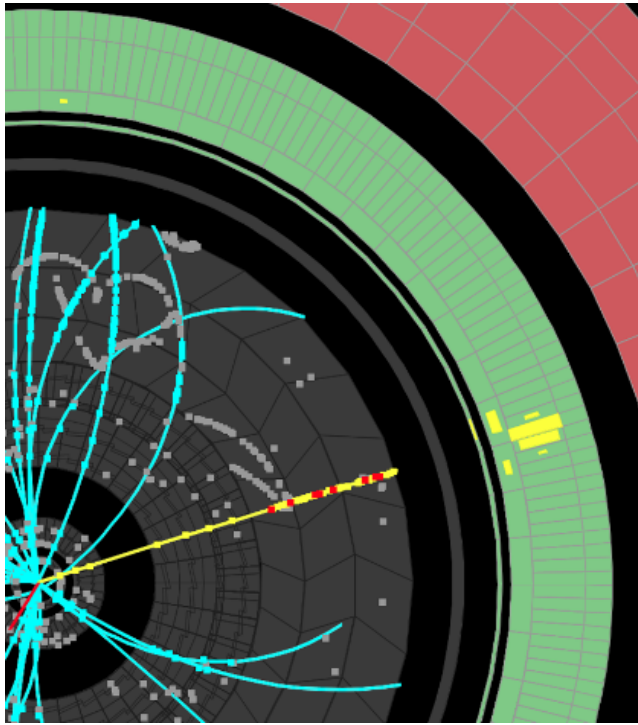
- **WH(lvbb)** : single e/ μ triggers (efficiency $\sim 90\text{-}100\%$)
- **ZH(llbb)** : single or double e/ μ triggers (efficiency $\sim 95\text{-}100\%$)

• **ZH(vvbb)** :

- CMS : E_T^{miss} and $E_T^{\text{miss}+\text{jet}}$ triggers (efficiency $\sim 98\%$ at $E_T^{\text{miss}}(\text{offline}) = 160 \text{ GeV}$)
- ATLAS: E_T^{miss} trigger (efficiency $\sim 50\%$ at $E_T^{\text{miss}}(\text{offline}) = 120 \text{ GeV}$, 100% at $E_T^{\text{miss}}(\text{offline}) = 170 \text{ GeV}$)

Efficiency measured w.r.t. offline selections

Physics Objects Reconstruction

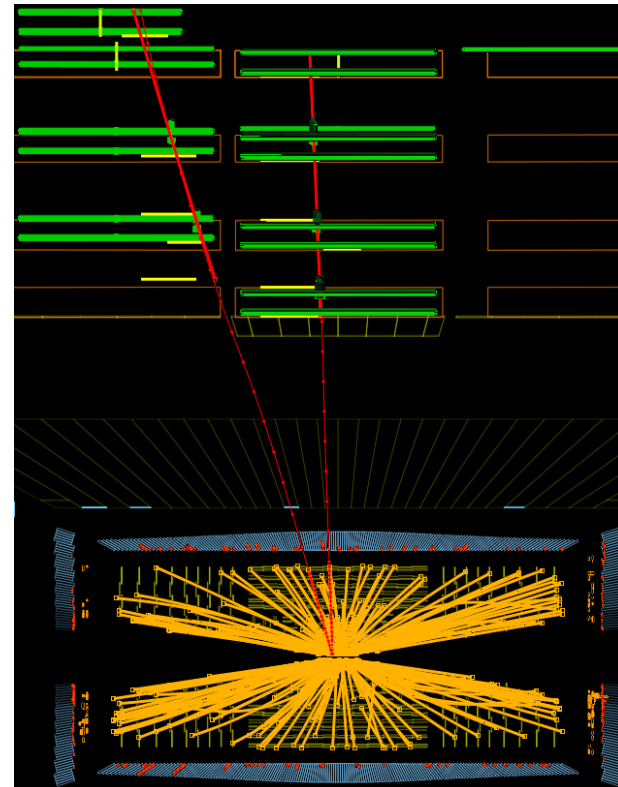


Electron

- Inner detector track from primary vertex matched to energy cluster in electromagnetic calorimeter
- $|\eta| < 2.5$
- $P_t > \sim 20\text{-}30$ GeV, isolated

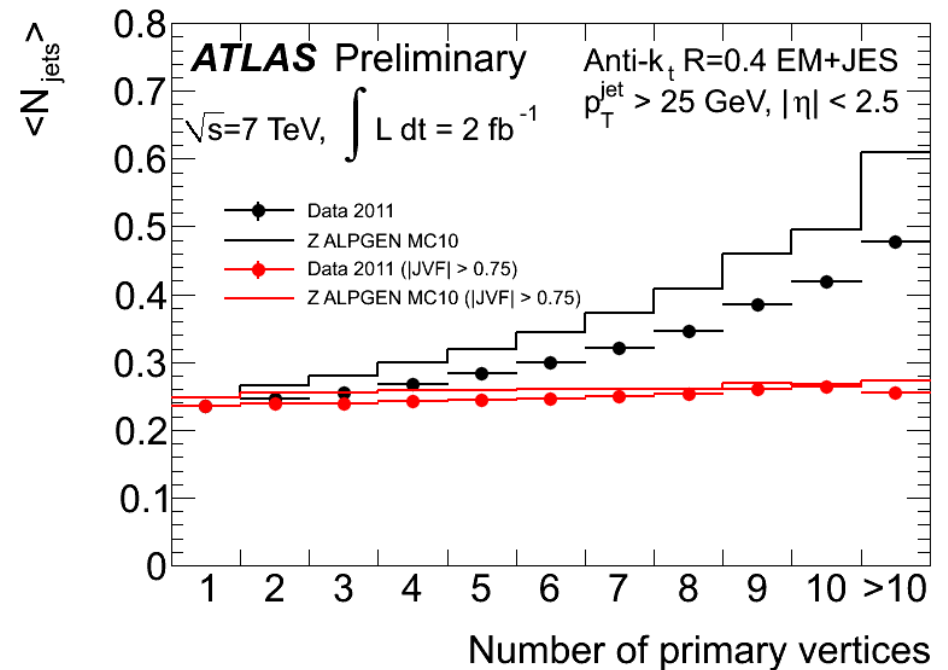
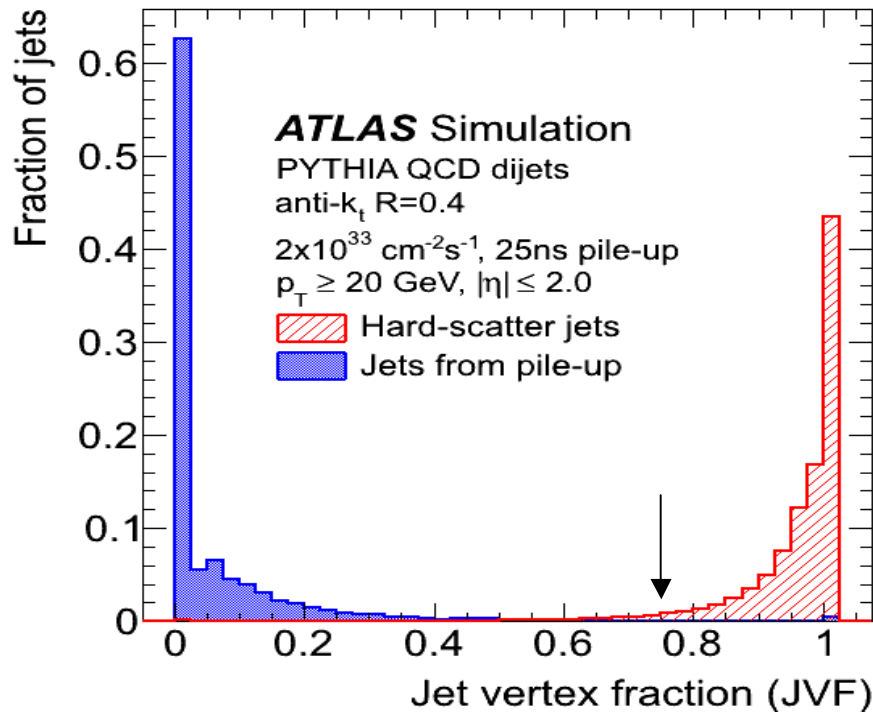
Muon

- Inner detector track from primary vertex matched to track in muon system
- $|\eta| < 2.5$
- $P_t > \sim 20\text{-}25$ GeV, isolated



Jets

- Reconstructed using anti-kt algorithm (cone size: 0.5 (CMS), 0.4 (ATLAS))
- Minimum $P_t(\text{jet}) > \sim 20\text{-}30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$
- Subtract extra energy from pile-up
- Remove extra jets coming from pile-up interactions (not from the main hard interaction)



JVF: fraction of momentum of tracks associated to the jet from main primary vertex

Missing Transverse Energy (E_T^{miss})

CMS

\vec{E}_T^{miss} : negative vector sum of transverse momentum of all particle flow objects in event

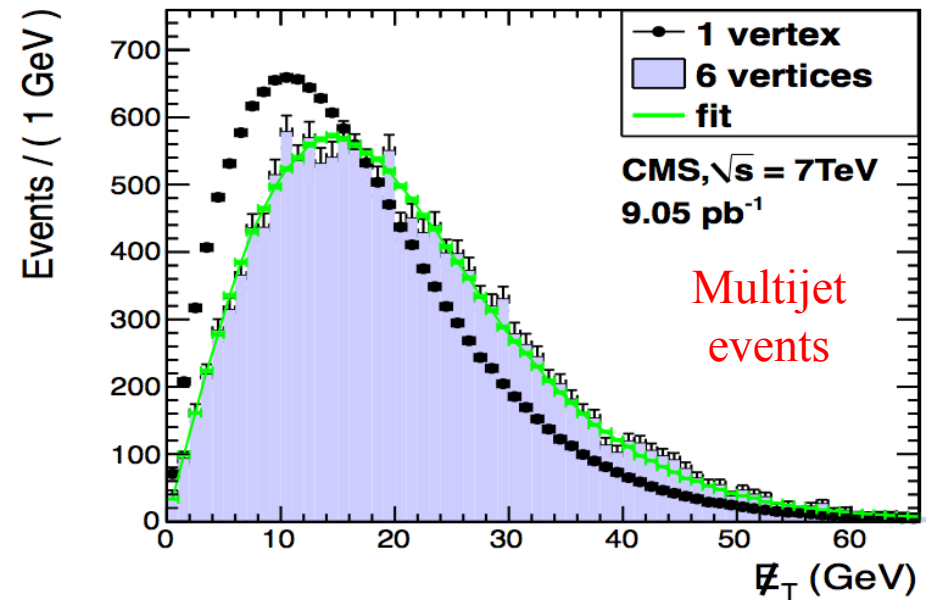
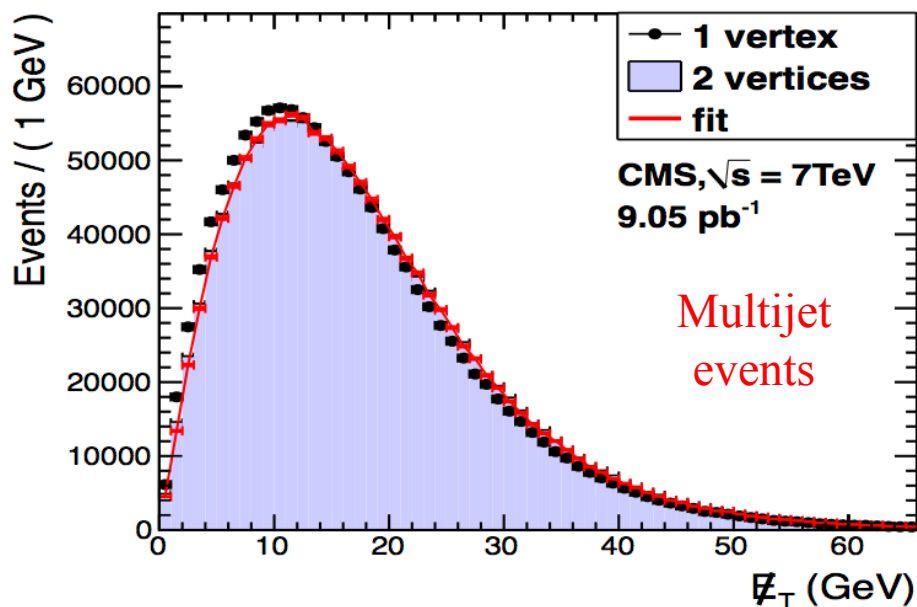
ATLAS

\vec{E}_T^{miss} : negative vector sum of cluster transverse energy in calorimeter.

- Correct cluster energy if associate to physics objects (e, μ , τ , γ)

Pile-up Effect:

- Additional interactions in bunch crossing can degrade E_T^{miss} resolution



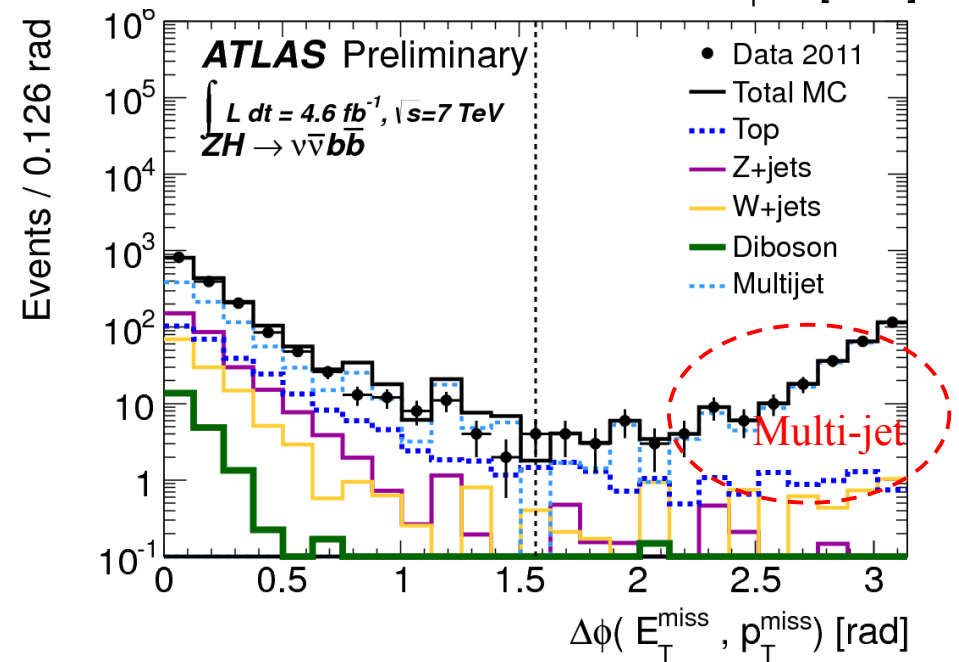
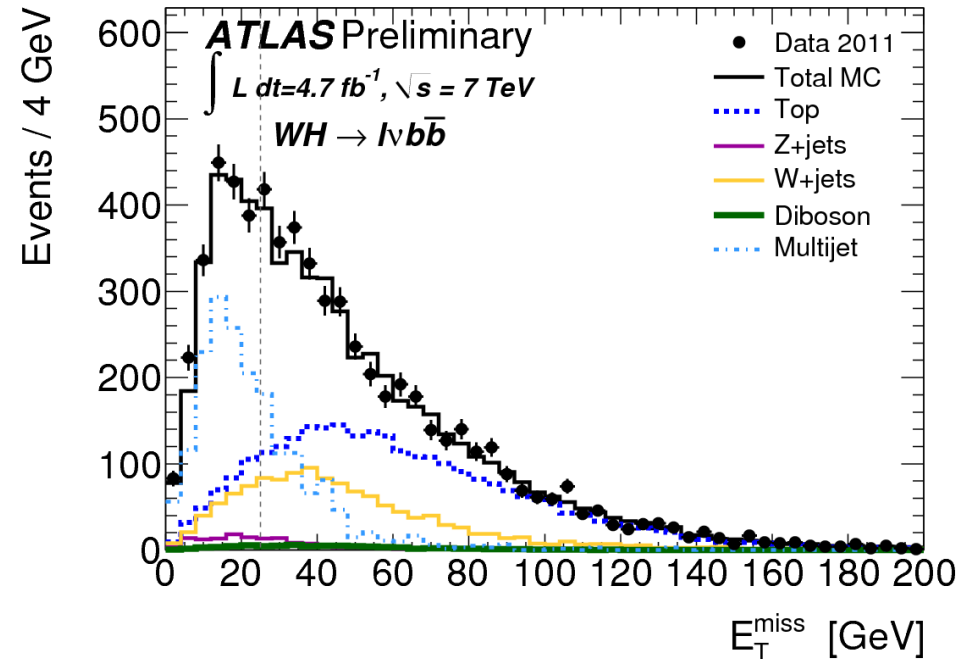
- E_T^{miss} (from high p_T multi-jet events) broaden with increase in multiple interactions
- Simulation needs right pile-up profile as seen in data

Missing Transverse Energy (E_T^{miss})

- Simulated events re-weighted to have pile-up profile matches data
- E_T^{miss} performance in simulation is under control for 2011 analyses

\vec{p}_T^{miss} (ATLAS) :

- Alternative quantity to E_T^{miss}
 - Based on tracks
- \vec{p}_T^{miss} : negative vector sum \vec{p}_T of tracks
- E_T^{miss} and \vec{p}_T^{miss} point in same direction for events with real E_T^{miss}
 - Use correlation in directions of E_T^{miss} and \vec{p}_T^{miss} to reduce multi-jet background
- Apply in ATLAS's ZH($\nu\nu b\bar{b}$) analysis to reduce QCD multi-jet background



B-Jet Tagging

- b-jet : identified based on relatively long lifetime ($c\tau \sim 450 \mu\text{m}$) of B hadron
- Construct single discriminant using information from track impact parameters and secondary vertices reconstructed in jet
 - to separate b-jet from light, c and gluon jets

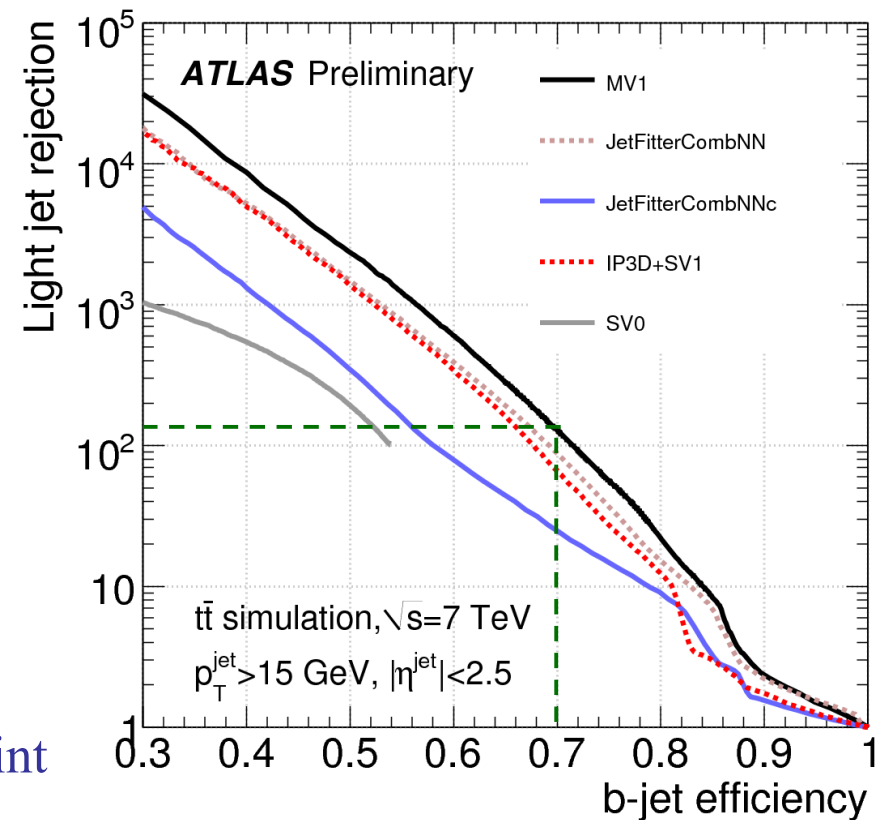
•CMS :

- apply b-tagging algorithm at several working points in Higgs search

	Eff(B) (%)	Reject C rate	Reject LF rate
“Loose” (CSV>0.244)	82	2.5	8.3
“Tight” (CSV>0.90)	50	17	670

•ATLAS :

- apply b-tagging algorithm at 1 working point
- Eff(B)=70%, reject C~5, reject LF~130



Event Selection

- CMS has two approaches :
 - “**BDT Analysis**”
 - Pre-select events with looser cuts and apply boosted-decision-tree (BDT) algorithm to further separate signal from background
 - Search for signal in the output of the BDT discriminant
 - “**Mjj Analysis**”
 - Apply tighter selection cuts and search for signal in the di-jet mass distribution (M_{jj}) of the $H \rightarrow bb$ candidates
- ATLAS employs the “**Mjj Analysis**” approach
- CMS performs search in 5 channels :
 - $WH(e\nu bb)$, $WH(\mu\nu bb)$, $ZH(eebb)$, $ZH(\mu\mu bb)$ and $ZH(\nu\nu bb)$
- ATLAS performs search in 3 channels :
 - $WH(e/\mu\nu bb)$, $ZH(ee/\mu\mu bb)$ and $ZH(\nu\nu bb)$

Event Selection (CMS)

channel	WH(lvbb)	ZH(llbb)	ZH(vvbb)
lepton	e or μ	e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$	0
Invariant mass (GeV)	-	$75 < M(l^+l^-) < 105$	-
E_T^{miss} (GeV)	>35 (only for electron)	-	>160
NJet	≥ 2 [=2]	≥ 2 [2-3]	≥ 2 [=2]
$p_T(\text{JJ})$ (GeV)	>150 [>160]	>100	>160
$p_T(\text{V})$ (GeV)	>150 [>160]	>100	-
$\Delta\phi(\text{V,H})$ (rad)	- [>2.95]	- [>2.90]	- [>2.90]
B-tagging	medium,medium [tight,medium]	loose,loose [tight,medium]	medium,medium [tight,medium]
$\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{Jet})$ (rad)	-	-	>0.5 [>1.5]

- “[]” : tighter thresholds use for “Mjj” analysis
- Events pass loose selection are used for “BDT” analysis
- Requiring significant boost in V and H (high $p_T(\text{V})$ and $p_T(\text{JJ})$) help to reduce background from W/Z+Jets

Event Selection (ATLAS)

channel	WH(lvbb)	ZH(llbb)	ZH(vvbb)
lepton	e or μ	ee or $\mu^+\mu^-$	0
Transverse or Invariant mass (GeV)	$M_T > 40$	$83 < M(l^+l^-) < 99$	-
E_T^{miss} (GeV)	> 25	< 50	> 120
p_T^{miss} (GeV)	-	-	> 30
NJet	=2	≥ 2	=2
B-tagging	Exactly 2 b-tagged jets (@ Eff(b)=70%)		

- Addition cuts for ZH(vvbb) channel to suppress QCD multi-jet and W/Z+Jets
 - $\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, p_T^{\text{miss}}) < \pi/2$ rad
 - $\Delta R(\text{Jet1}, \text{Jet2}) < 1.7 - 2.0$
 - $\Delta\phi(V, H) > 2.7 - 2.9$ rad
 - $\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{Jet}) > 1.8$ rad

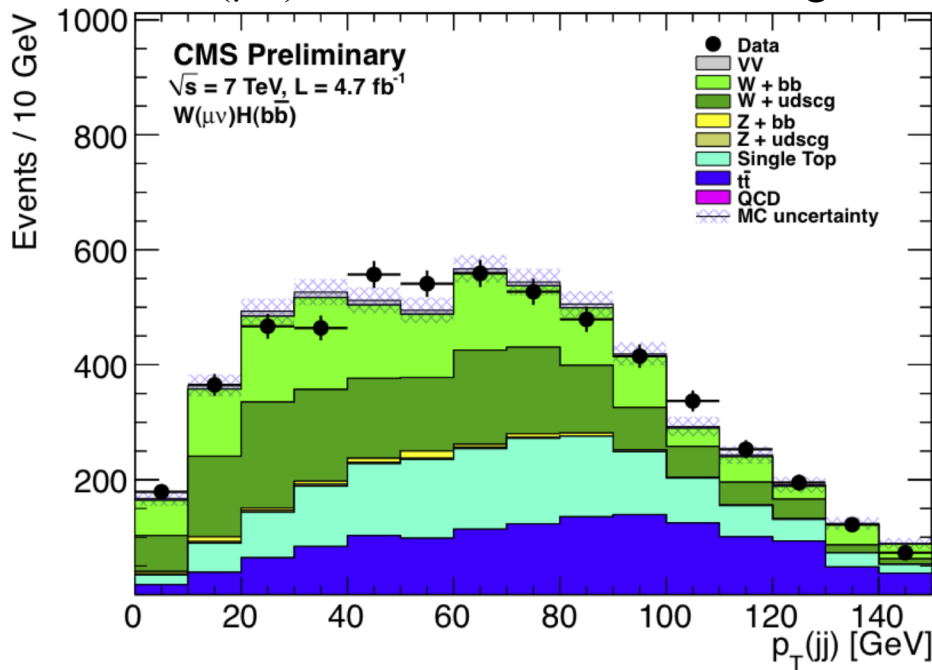
Event Selection (ATLAS)

- Search for H signal in 4 $p_T(V)$ bins and 3 E_T^{miss} bins :
- WH(lvbb), ZH(llbb) :
 - $p_T(V)$: <50 GeV, 50-100 GeV, 100-200 GeV, >200 GeV
- ZH(vvbb) :
 - E_T^{miss} : 120-160 GeV, 160-200 GeV, >200 GeV

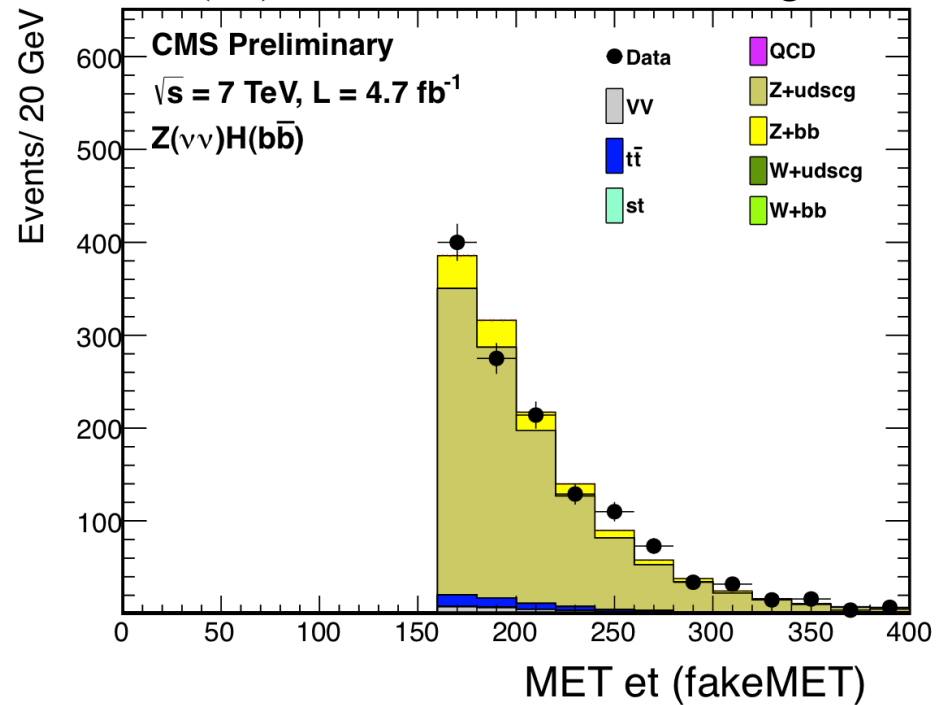
Background Estimation

- W+Jet, Z+Jet, Top, Diboson background contributions are estimated from simulation
- Corrections to background normalization are obtained from control regions with negligible signal contamination

W($\mu\nu$)+HF enhanced Control Region



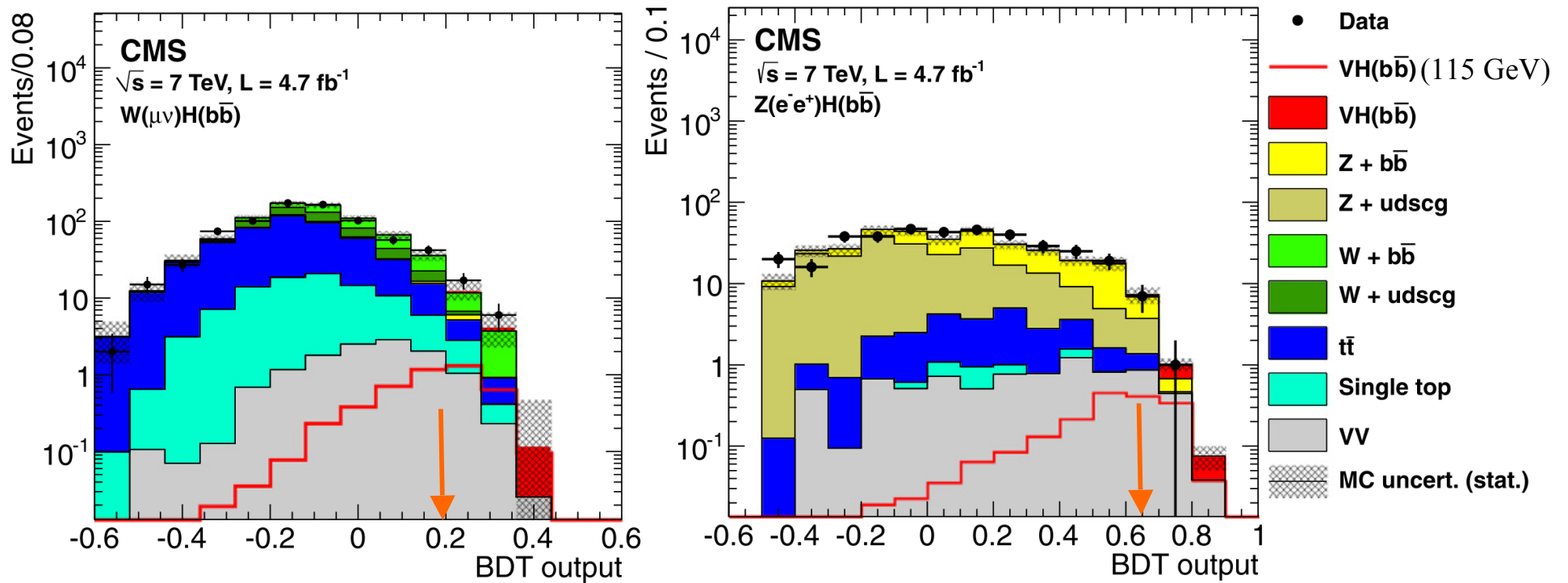
Z($\nu\nu$)+LF enhanced Control Region



Multi-jet Background Estimation

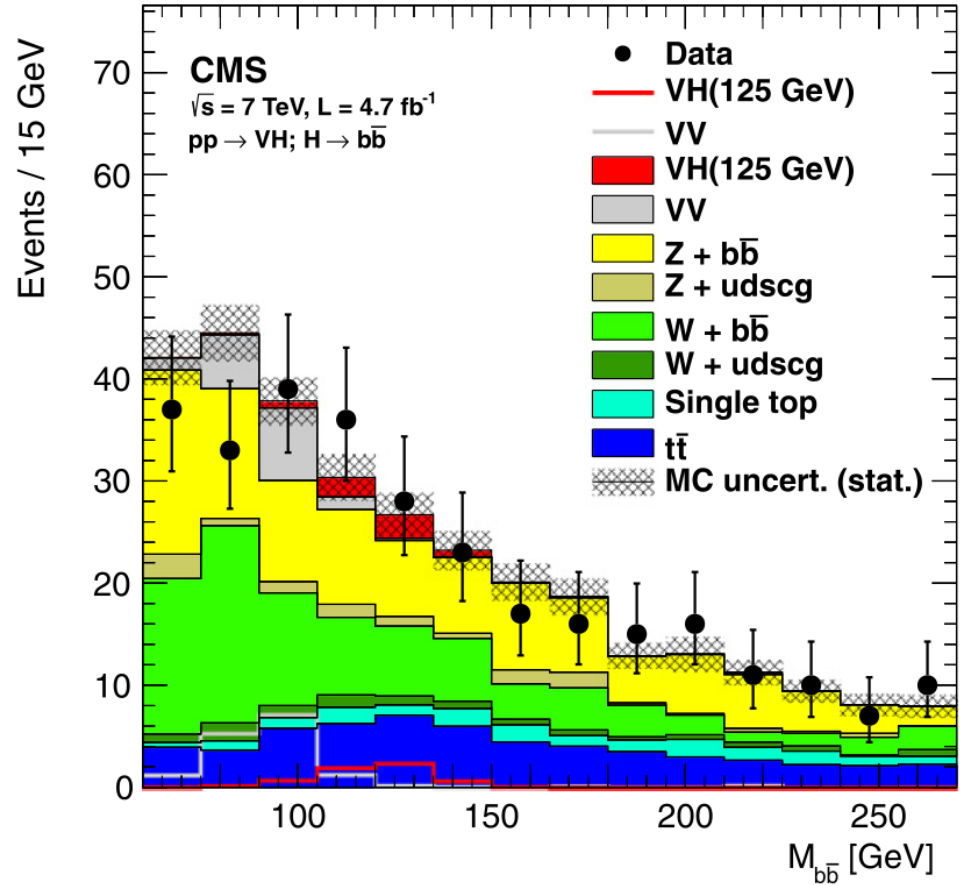
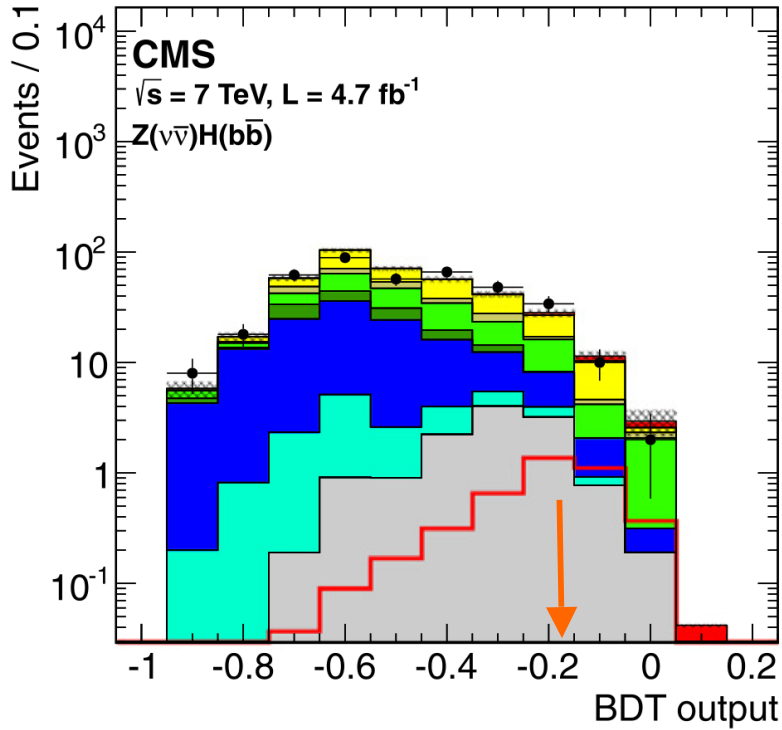
- QCD multi-jet background is estimated from data
- WH(lvbb) (ATLAS)
 - Obtain multi-jet template shape in events failing lepton identification
 - Determine normalization by fitting template to E_T^{miss} distribution of signal region (but loosening the E_T^{miss} and M_T cuts)
- ZH(vvbb) (CMS, ATLAS)
 - Use control regions defined by two un-correlated variables to estimate multi-jet background in signal region
 - CMS : sum of b-tagging discriminating weights vs $\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{Jet})$
 - ATLAS : $\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, p_T^{\text{miss}})$ vs $\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{Jet})$
 - Both CMS and ATLAS estimated negligible QCD multi-jet background in signal region of ZH(vvbb), not included in the limit calculation.

BDT Discriminant Output (CMS)



• Cut on BDT distribution to define signal region to search for Higgs signal

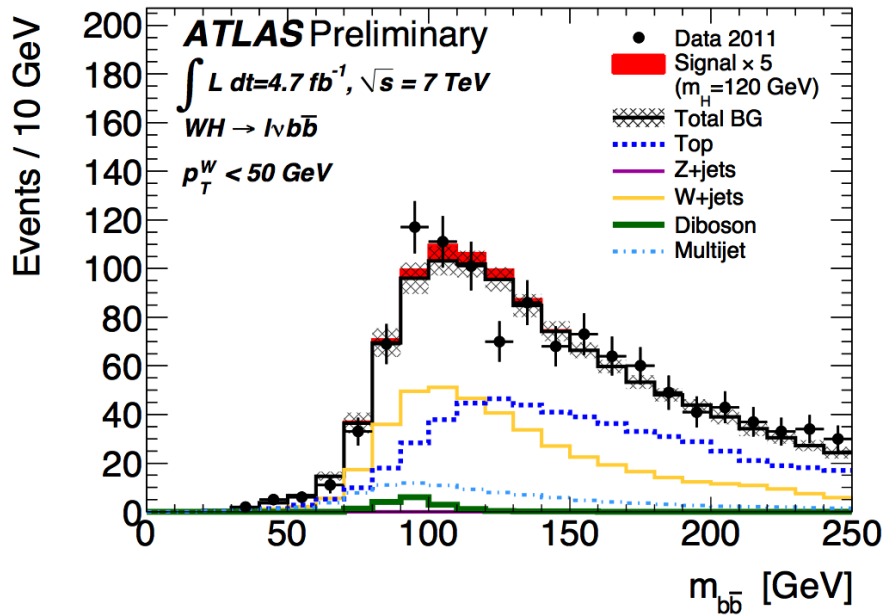
BDT Discriminant Output and Di-Jet Mass (CMS)



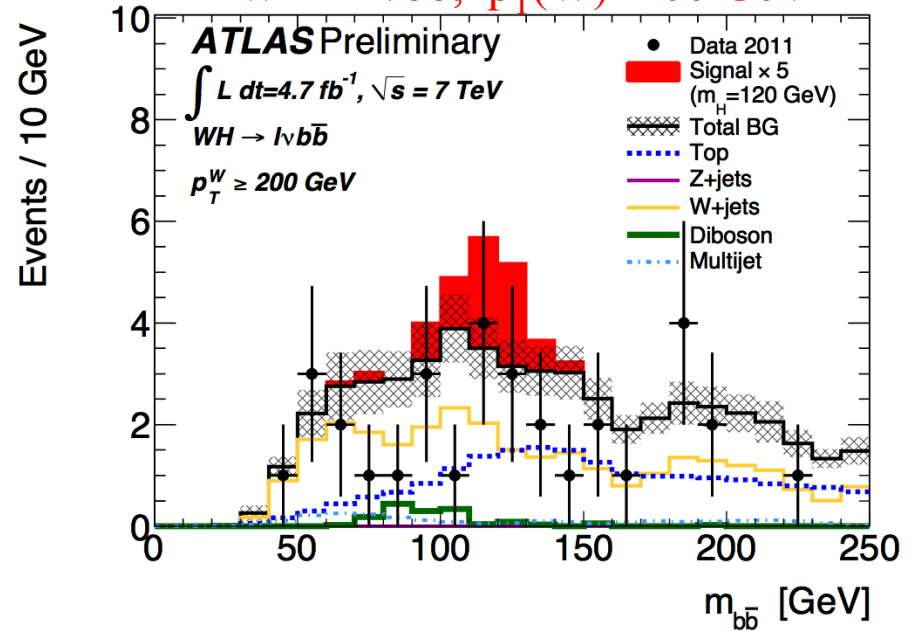
$M_{b\bar{b}}$ distribution for “MJJ” analysis

M_{bb} Distribution (ATLAS)

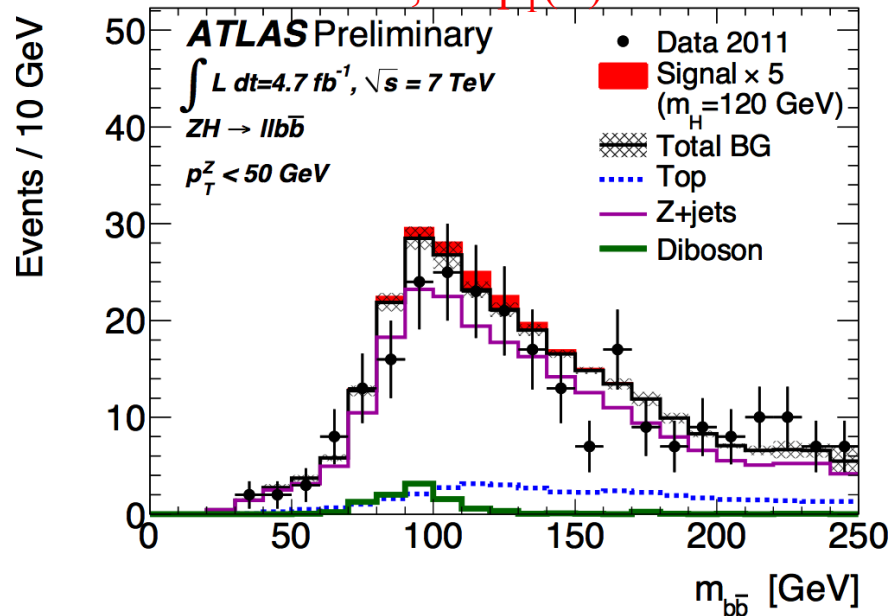
$WH \rightarrow l\nu b\bar{b}$, $0 < p_T(W) < 50$ GeV



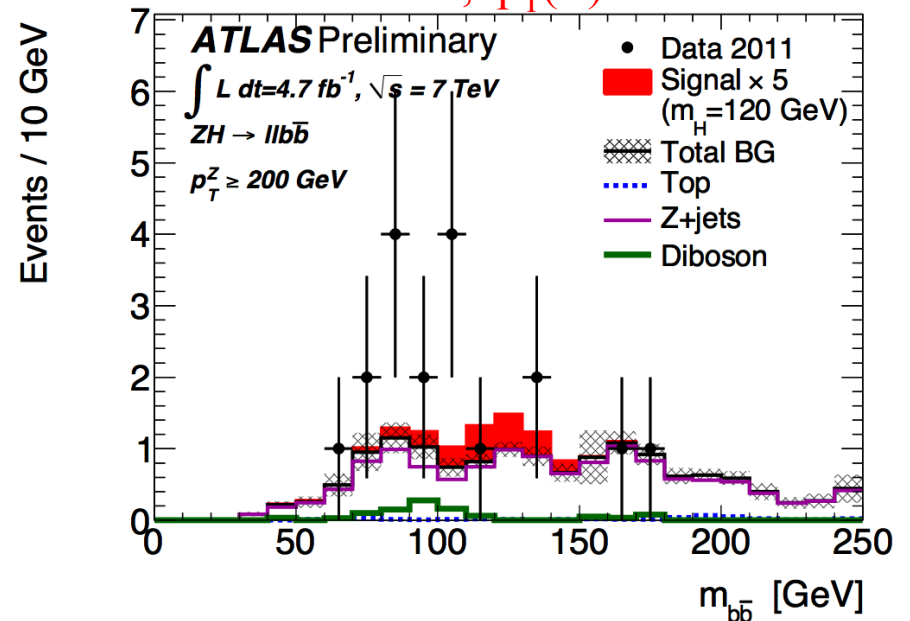
$WH \rightarrow l\nu b\bar{b}$, $p_T(W) > 200$ GeV



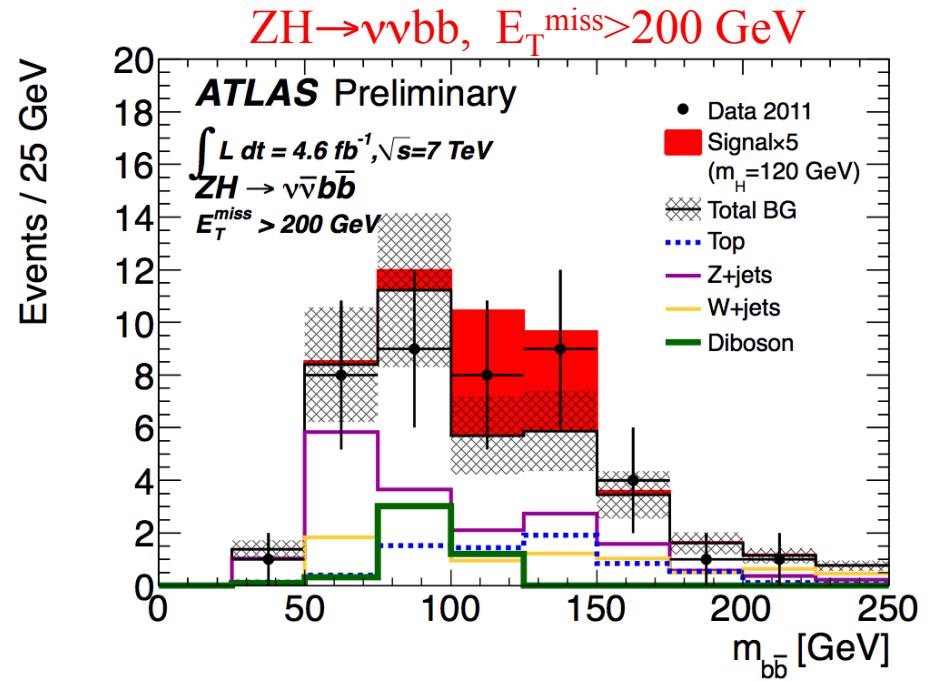
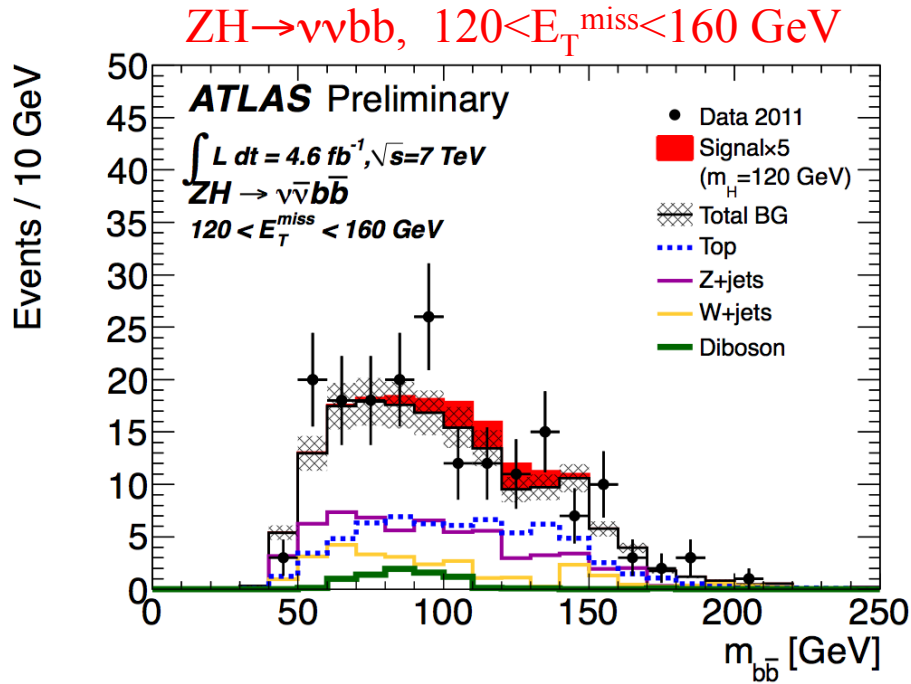
$ZH \rightarrow ll b\bar{b}$, $0 < p_T(Z) < 50$ GeV



$ZH \rightarrow ll b\bar{b}$, $p_T(Z) > 200$ GeV



M_{bb} Distribution (ATLAS)

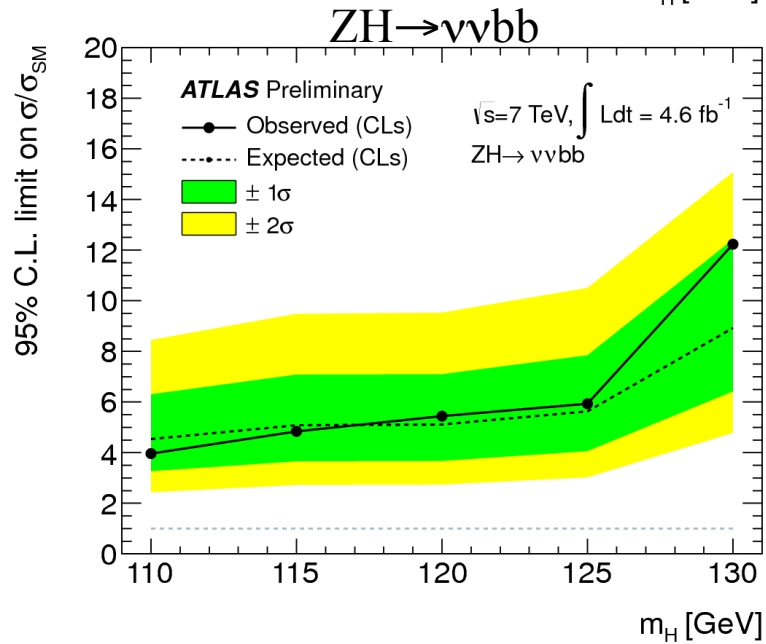
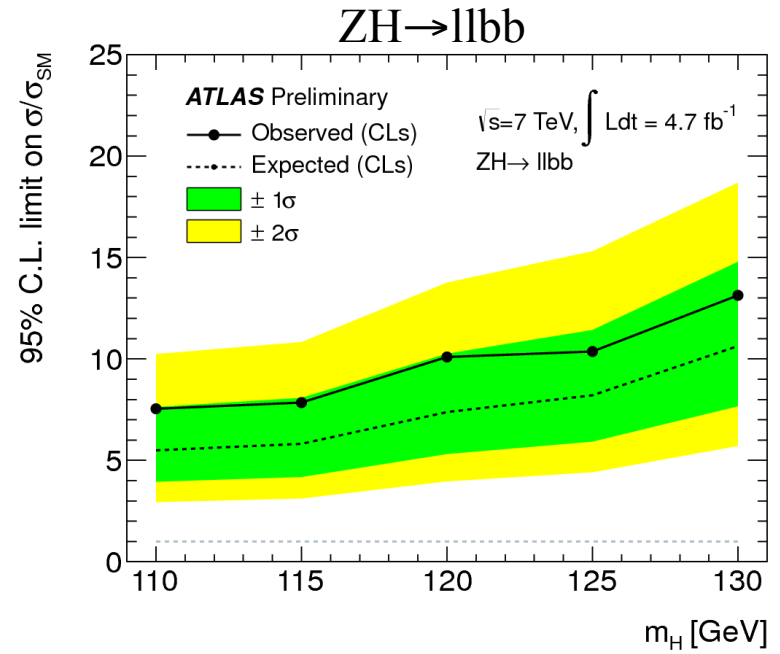
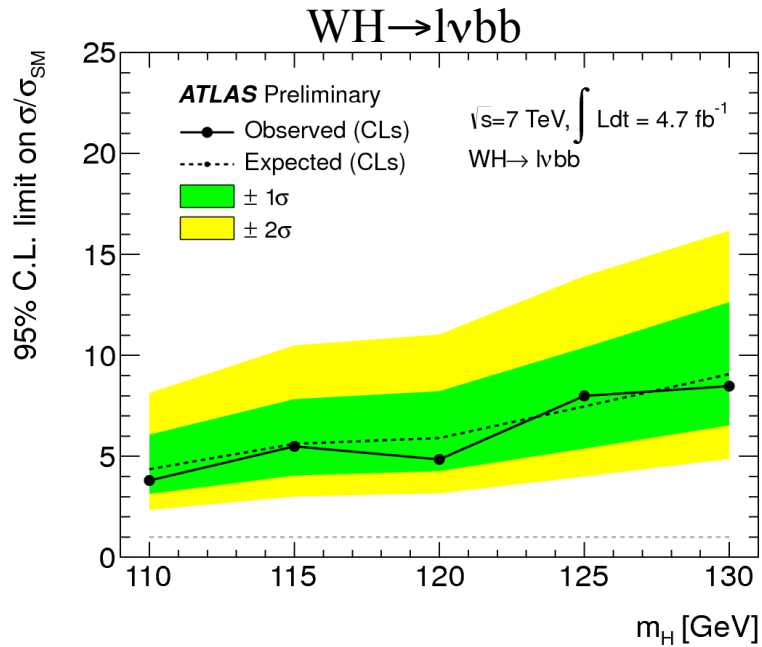


• Better sensitivity at higher $p_T^W, p_T^Z, E_T^{\text{miss}}$

Systematic Uncertainties

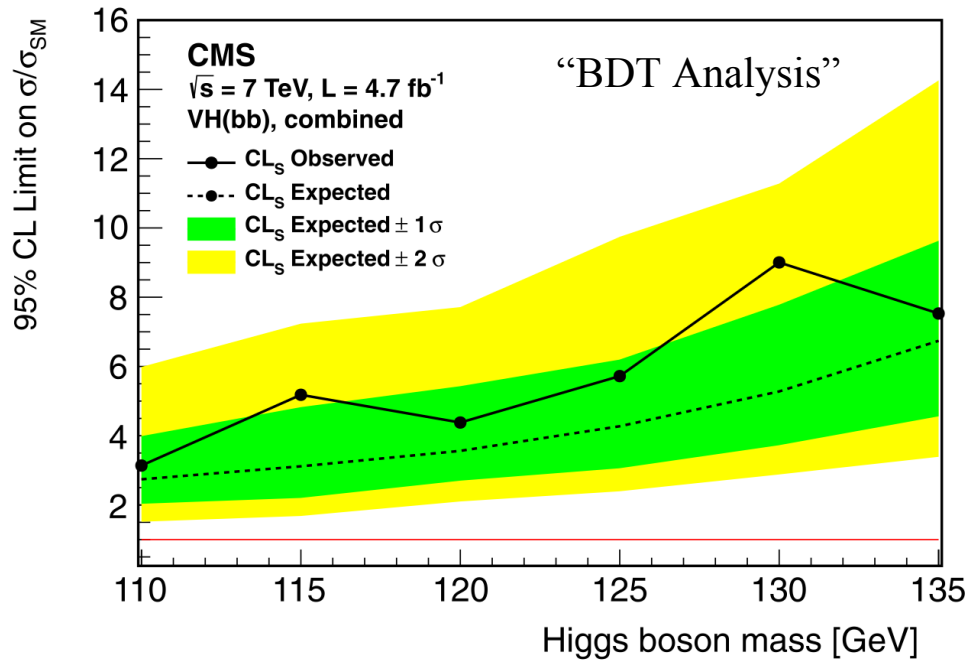
	CMS (%)	ATLAS (%)
Luminosity	4.5	3.9
Lepton Efficiency	3 (include trigger, per lepton)	1-6
Trigger (ZH(vvbb))	2	5 ($120 < E_T^{\text{miss}} < 160$ GeV)
Jet Energy Scale	2-3	~2-17
Jet Energy Resolution	3-6	
E_T^{miss}	3	
B-Tagging	3-15	3-20
Signal cross section	6-14	5-13
Background estimation	10-35	3-24

Limits from Individual Channel (ATLAS)

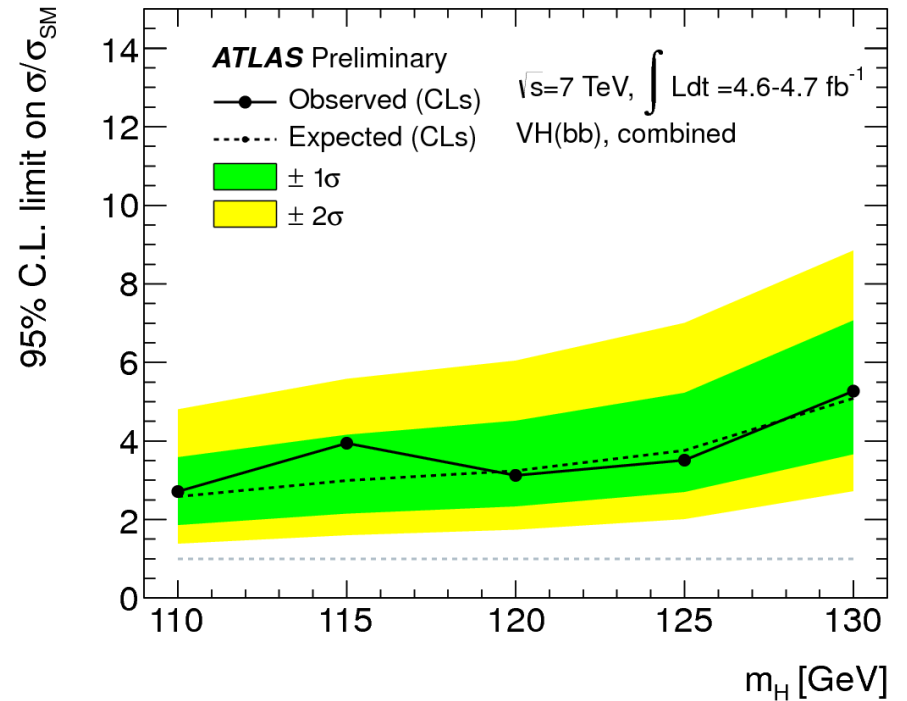


Combined Limits from All Channels (CMS, ATLAS)

CMS



ATLAS



Limits (σ/σ_{SM})

	m_H [GeV]	110	115	120	125	130	135
CMS	BDT Exp.	2.7	3.1	3.6	4.3	5.3	6.7
	BDT Obs.	3.1	5.2	4.4	5.7	9.0	7.5
ATLAS	Exp.	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.8	5.1	
	Obs.	2.7	3.9	3.1	3.5	5.3	

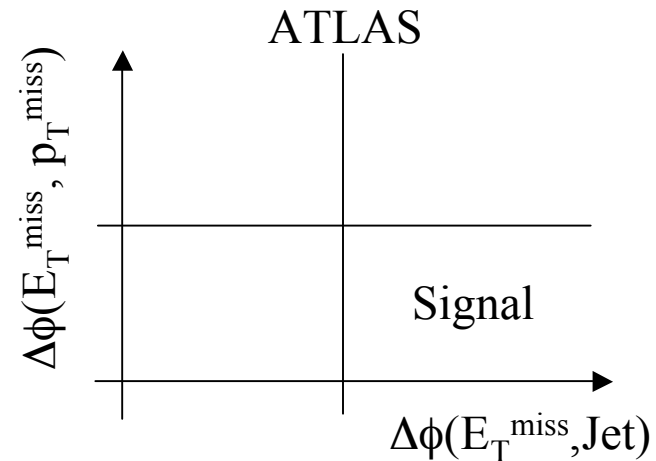
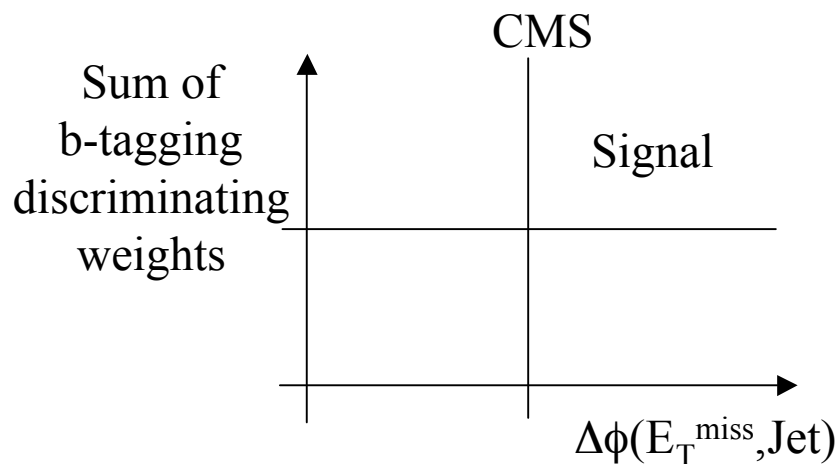
•CMS “MJJ analysis” is $\sim 10\%$ less sensitive than the “BDT analysis”

Summary

- CMS and ATLAS have searched for SM Higgs boson in the associated VH production via $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ decay channel, using 5 fb^{-1} data sample
- No evidence of Higgs signal is observed
- Both experiments have similar search sensitivity for $110 < M_H < 130 \text{ GeV}$
 - Expected limit :
 - CMS : 2.7 - 5.3 times the SM
 - ATLAS : 2.6 - 5.1 times the SM
 - Observed limit :
 - CMS : 3.1 - 9 times the SM
 - ATLAS : 2.7 - 5.3 times the SM
- Main systematic uncertainties are dominated by jet/ E_T^{miss} reconstruction, b-tagging and background estimation
- Started taking data in 2012 at $\sqrt{s}=8\text{TeV}$, face new challenges (e.g. higher pile-up)
- If the Higgs boson is indeed light , $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ will be an important channel to estimate the Higgs parameters

Multi-jet Background Estimation

- QCD multi-jet background is estimated from data
- WH(lvbb) (ATLAS)
 - Obtain multi-jet template shape in events failing lepton identification
 - Determine normalization by fitting template to E_T^{miss} distribution of signal region (but loosening the E_T^{miss} and M_T cuts)
- ZH(vvbb) (CMS, ATLAS)
 - Use control regions defined by two un-correlated variables to estimate multi-jet background in signal region



- Both CMS and ATLAS estimated negligible QCD multi-jet background in signal region of ZH(vvbb), not included in the limit calculation.