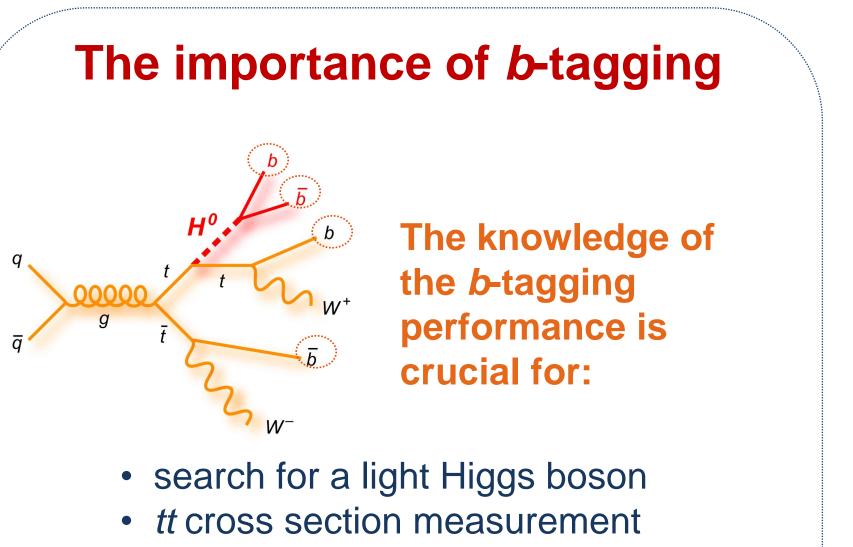
Measurement of the *b*-tagging performance of the ATLAS detector



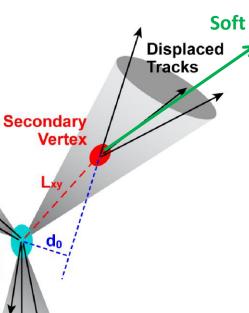
The aim of *b*-tagging is to identify jets originating from the fragmentation of *b*-quarks. In ATLAS, different *b*-tagging algorithms are used to identify jets originating from b- or light-flavour quarks. Their efficiencies as well as their mistag rates are being measured with several methods.



- search for SUSY, 4th generation...
- suppression of background...

The *b*-hadrons properties

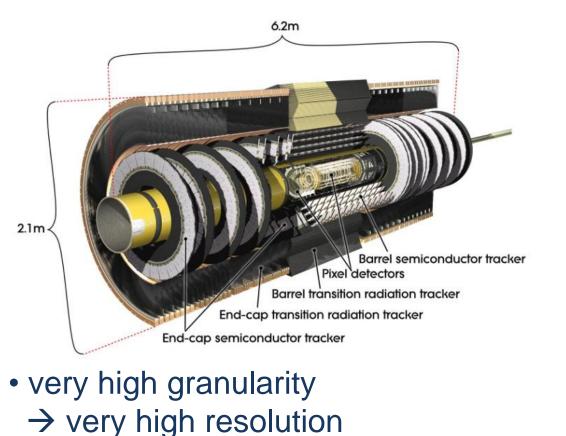
• Long lifetime : a *b*-hadron in a jet of $p_T=50$ GeV flies ~ 3mm in R ϕ before decaying • Displaced secondary vertex (SV) from primary vertex (PV)



Large transverse impact parameter d_0 of tracks in jets from the SV • Semileptonic decay (~40% of *b*-jets): $BR(b \rightarrow lvX)$ + $BR(b \rightarrow c/(\bar{c}) \rightarrow lvX) = 11\% +$

The ATLAS inner detector

is the most important detector used for the identification and reconstruction of secondary vertices from *b*-hadrons



The performance of **b**-tagging relies heavily on the performance of the inner detector

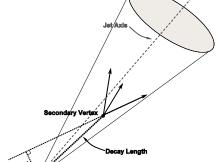
- Pixel : \sim 80 million channels,
- ~96.9% operational!
- SCT : 6.3 million channels,
- ~99.1% operational!

2 methods based on top-quark pair events

The top quark decays in ~99% of the cases into a b-quark and W boson.

• TRT : 350 000 channels, ~97.5% operational!

Early b-tagging algorithms **SV0** and **JetProb**



The SV0 tagging algorithm relies on reconstructed secondary vertices from the tracks associated to jets.

 $L/\sigma(L)$ distribution for all

reconstructed SV data events

(black points). Superimposed,

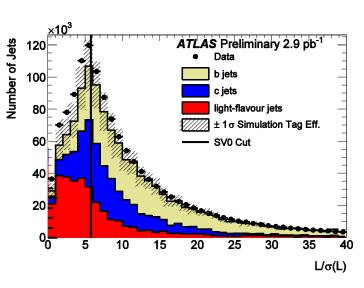
the expectation from simulated

events.

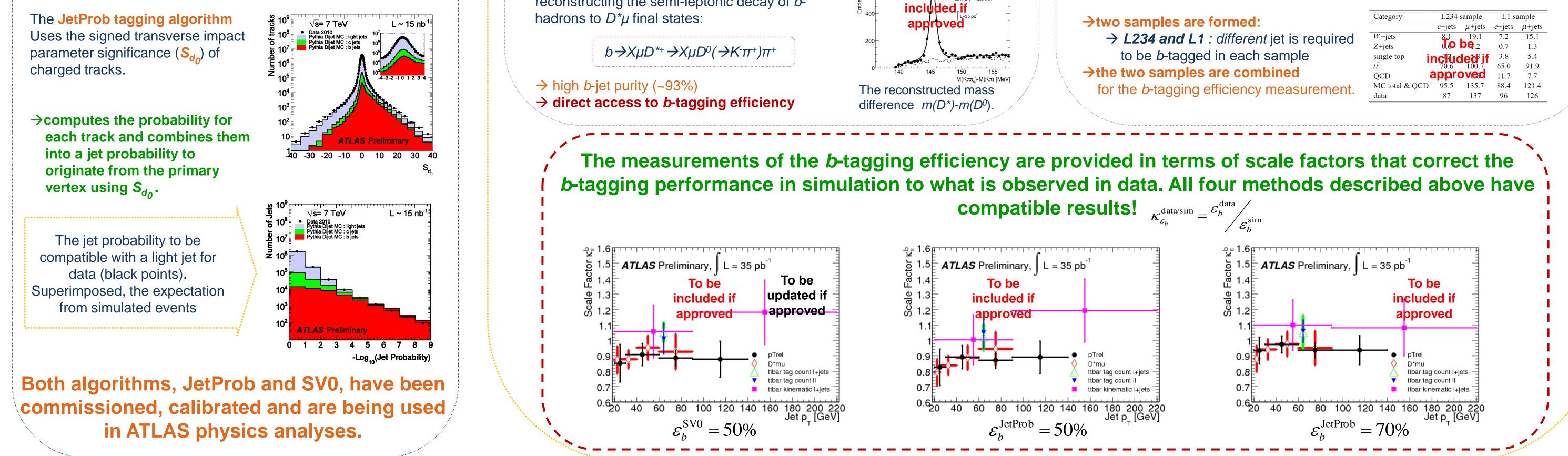
 \rightarrow uses of the signed decay length

significance $L/\sigma(L)$.

he SV is reconstructed from tracks with a large impact parameter significance with respect to the primary vertex.



each track and combines them into a jet probability to



Measurement of the *b***-tagging efficiency**

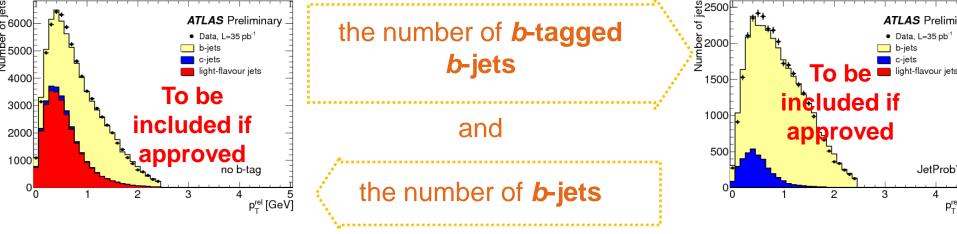
2 methods based on jets containing muons

The p_{τ}^{rel} method: p_{T}^{rel} is the transverse momentum of a muon with respect to the jet axis.

Very good discriminating power!

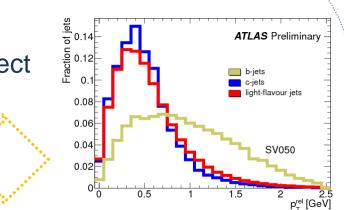
10% (I=e, μ)

Using the p_T^{rel} distribution fit to data, the *b*-tagging efficiency is the ratio between :



The *D**µ method:

A pure sample of *b*-jets can be selected by reconstructing the semi-leptonic decay of *b*-



ATLAS Preliminary

JetProb70

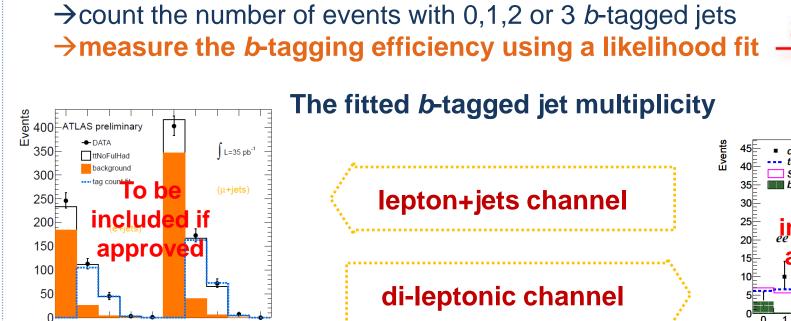
Data, L=35 pb⁻¹

📃 b-jets

ATLAS Preliminary

 $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

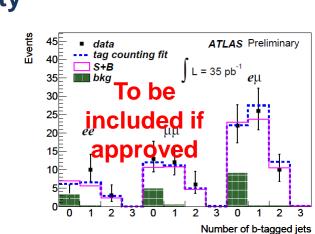
··· D**/· µ*/· in jets **To be**



Number of b-tagged jets

The tag counting method:

 \rightarrow tt events \rightarrow enriched *b*-jets data sample



l⁺, q

 $W^+ \sim v, \bar{q}'$

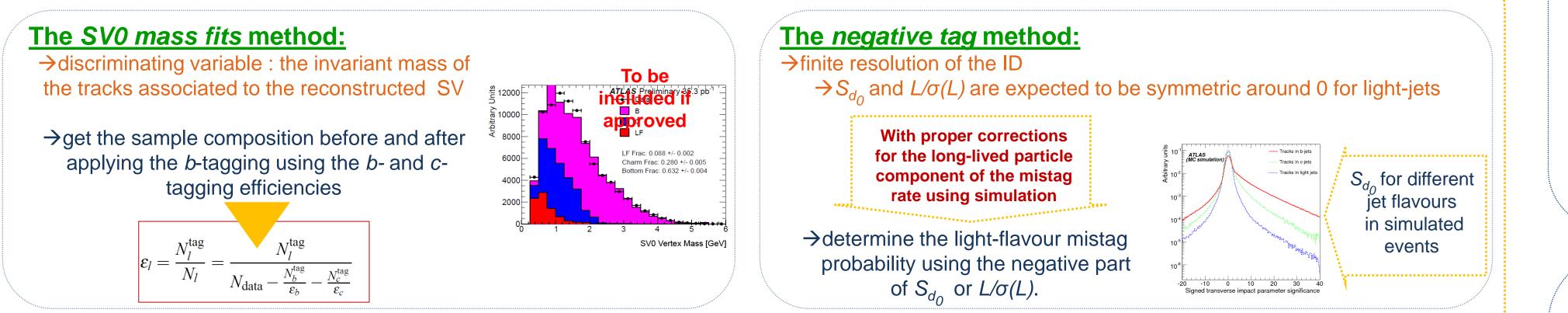
The kinematic selection method: \rightarrow at least one jet in the event *b*-tagged with the SV0 algorithm.

→two samples are formed:
→ L234 and L1 : different jet is require
to be <i>b</i> -tagged in each sample
He two samples are combined
for the <i>b</i> -tagging efficiency measureme

Category	L234 sample		L1 sample	
	e+jets	μ +jets	<i>e</i> +jets	μ +jets
W+jets	8.1	19.1	7.2	15.1
Z+jets	d.0	bę .2	0.7	1.3
single top		led[®] if	3.8	5.4
tt	70.6	100.7	65.0	91.9
QCD 6	appro	oved	11.7	7.7
MC total & QCD	95.5	135.7	88.4	121.4
data	87	137	96	126

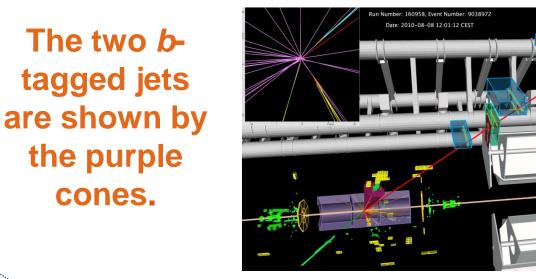
Measurement of the mistag rate

The mistag rate is the rate by which light-flavour jets are identified as *b*-jets by a b-tagging algorithm.



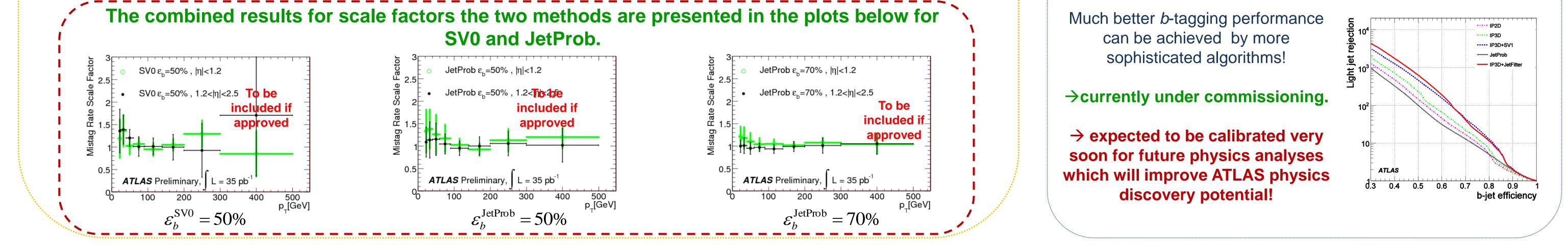
ATLAS event display with 2 *b*-tagged jets

Event display of a top pair di-lepton candidate with two *b*-tagged jets



The secondary vertices are indicated by the orange ellipses.

Advanced *b*-tagging algorithms



ATLAS has an excellent b-tagging performance providing a light quark rejection of 100 for a 50% efficiency operating point (ex. JetProb). However, this rejection is expected to reach 600 for the same efficiency, (up to ~6 times better!) with the use of the advanced taggers!

> PLHC Poster Session, Perugia, June 2011 Nancy Tannoury, on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

