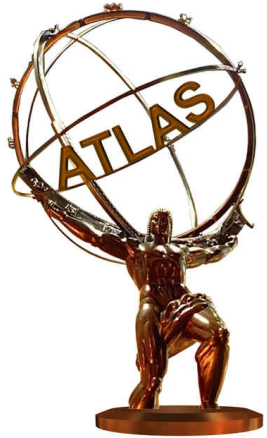


ATLAS Measurements of Electroweak Boson Production Cross Sections



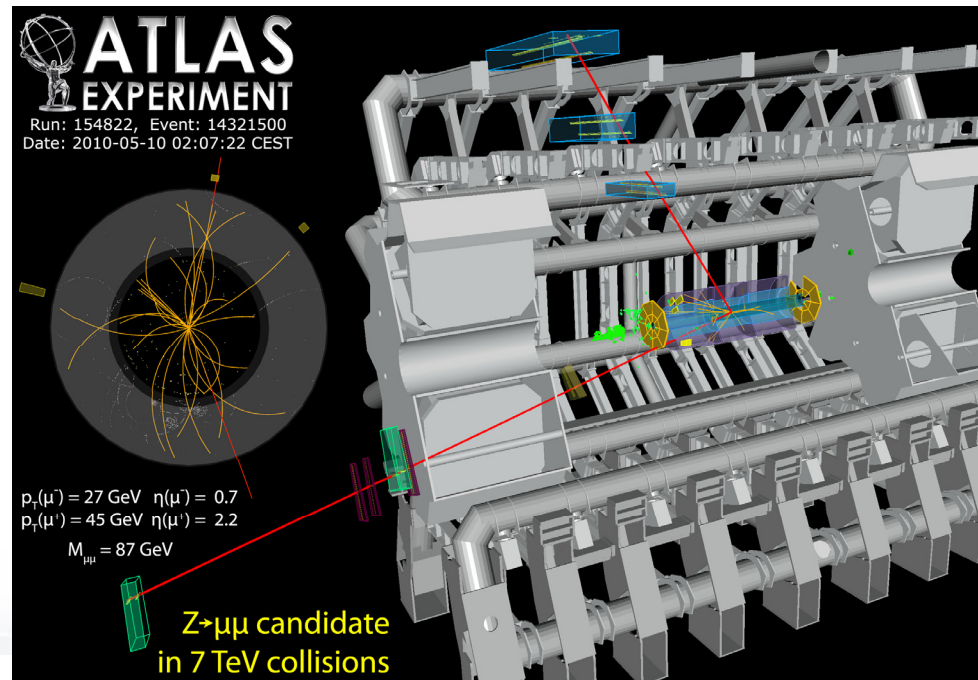
Christian Göringer
for the ATLAS collaboration



JOHANNES GUTENBERG
UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ

Cross section measurements:

- Inclusive W/Z
- W/Z +jets
- Diboson

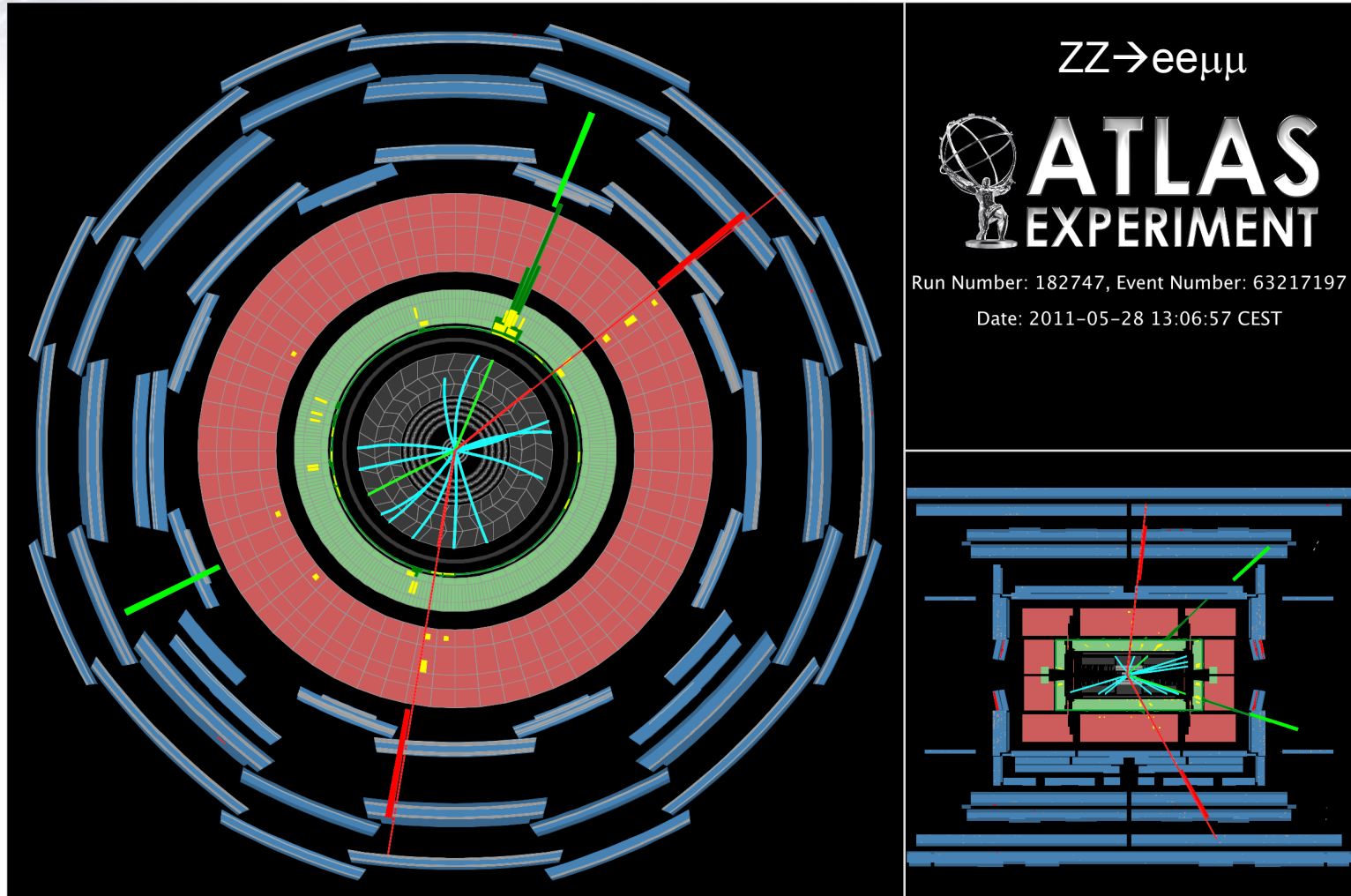


Introduction

Cross section measurements:

- **Inclusive W/Z**
 - 2010 Dataset 33-36 pb⁻¹
 - Sensitive to Parton Density Functions (PDFs), W lepton universality
- **W/Z+jets**
 - 2010 Dataset 33-36 pb⁻¹
 - Test of QCD calculations and MC generators
- **Diboson**
 - 2011 Dataset (till June) 1 fb⁻¹
 - Sensitive to Triple Gauge Couplings (TGCs)
- **Measurements done with high p_T electrons and muons**
 - Precise understanding of lepton reconstruction, identification, calibration and resolution in W/Z events required

The ATLAS detector



- Tracking system ($|\eta| < 2.5$)
- Calorimeters (central $|\eta| < 2.5$, forward $|\eta| < 4.9$)
- Muon systems ($|\eta| < 2.7$)

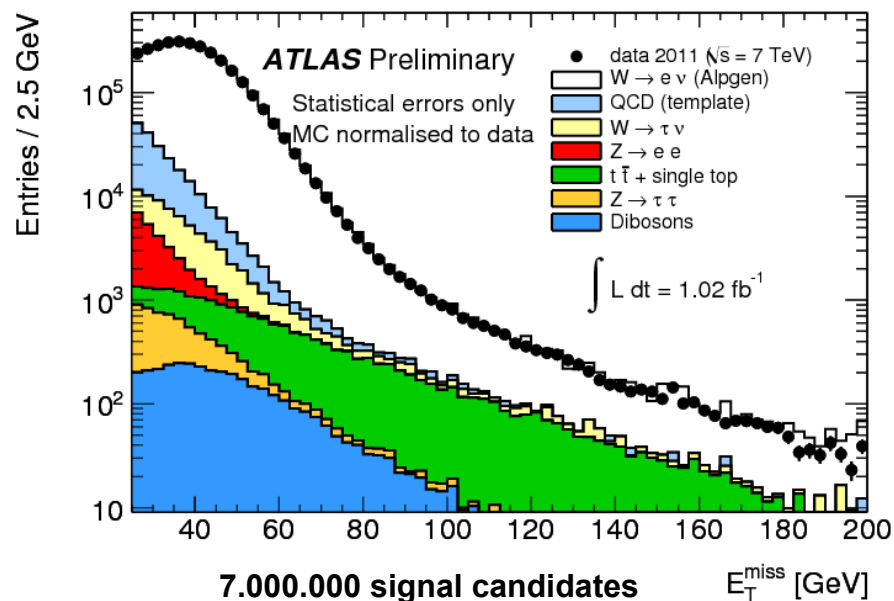
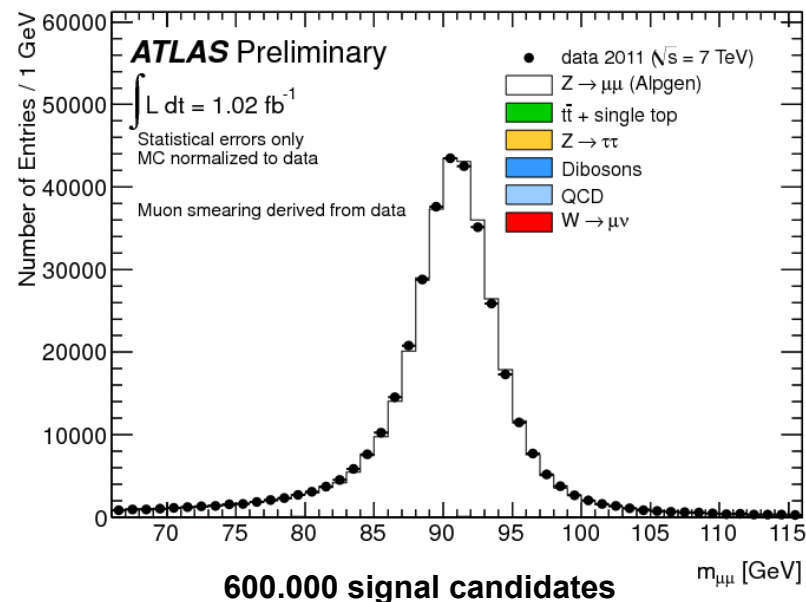
Inclusive W and Z

Selection

- High p_T lepton(s) $l=e,\mu$
 - Electrons: $E_T > 20\text{ GeV}$, Muons: $p_T > 20\text{ GeV}$, isolated
- Z candidate:
 - Mass in range $[66, 116]\text{ GeV}$, opposite charge
- W candidate:
 - High missing E_T and M_T
- Very clean signal

Detailed background estimation

- Multi-jet (“QCD”) by data driven methods
 - Template fit (cut inversion)
 - Matrix method
- Electroweak from MC



Inclusive W and Z

Fiducial cross section

$$\sigma_{Fid} = \frac{N_{Obs} - N_{Bkg}}{C \cdot L_{Int}}$$

Total cross section

$$\sigma_{Tot} = \frac{N_{Obs} - N_{Bkg}}{A \cdot C \cdot L_{Int}}$$

Uncertainties:

- Luminosity
- Acceptance
- Experimental $\sim 1\%$
 - W: MET scale and resolution uncertainty
 - W,Z: electron/muon reconstruction and ID efficiency

Individual channel cross sections consistent

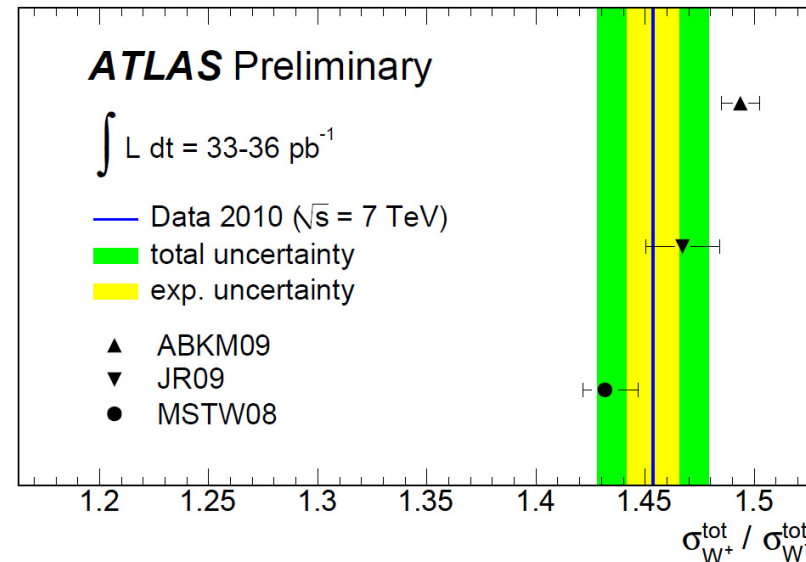
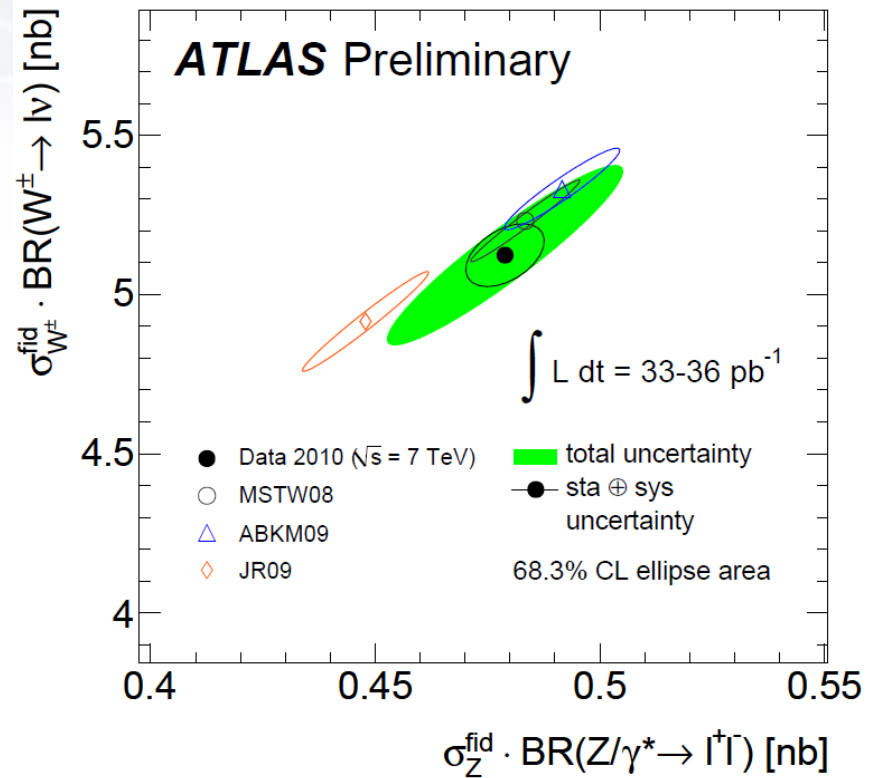
σ_{tot} [nb]	σ_{tot}	$\Delta\sigma_{stat}$	$\Delta\sigma_{syst}$	$\Delta\sigma_{lum}$	$\Delta\sigma_{acc}$
W^+ combined	6.041	0.016	0.077	0.205	0.096
W^- combined	4.156	0.014	0.058	0.141	0.083
W combined	10.197	0.021	0.127	0.347	0.165
Z/γ^* combined	0.937	0.006	0.009	0.032	0.016

Experimental precision of $\sim 1\%$!

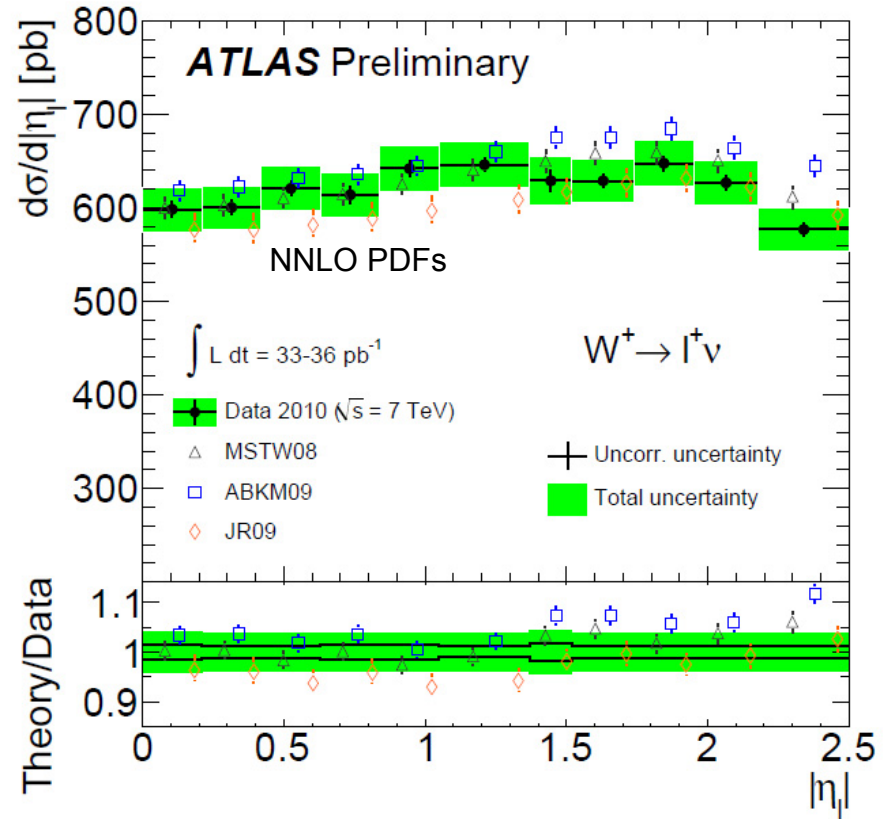
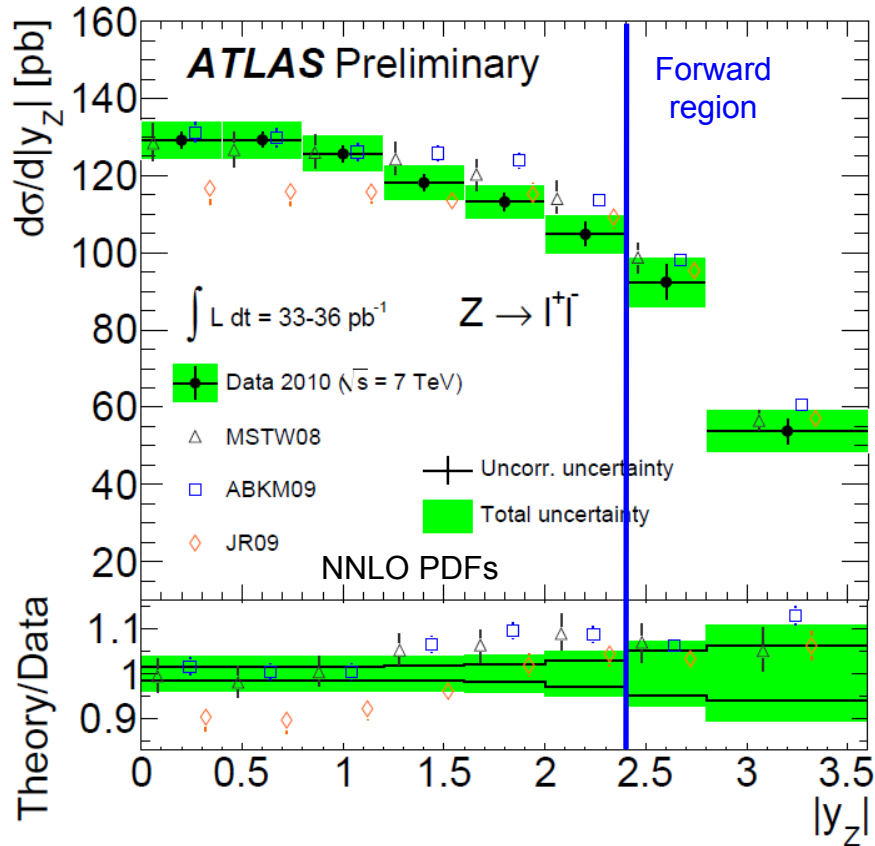
Limited by luminosity uncertainty!

Reference: **paper to be published (soon)**

C. Goeringer



Inclusive W and Z: y/η - differential

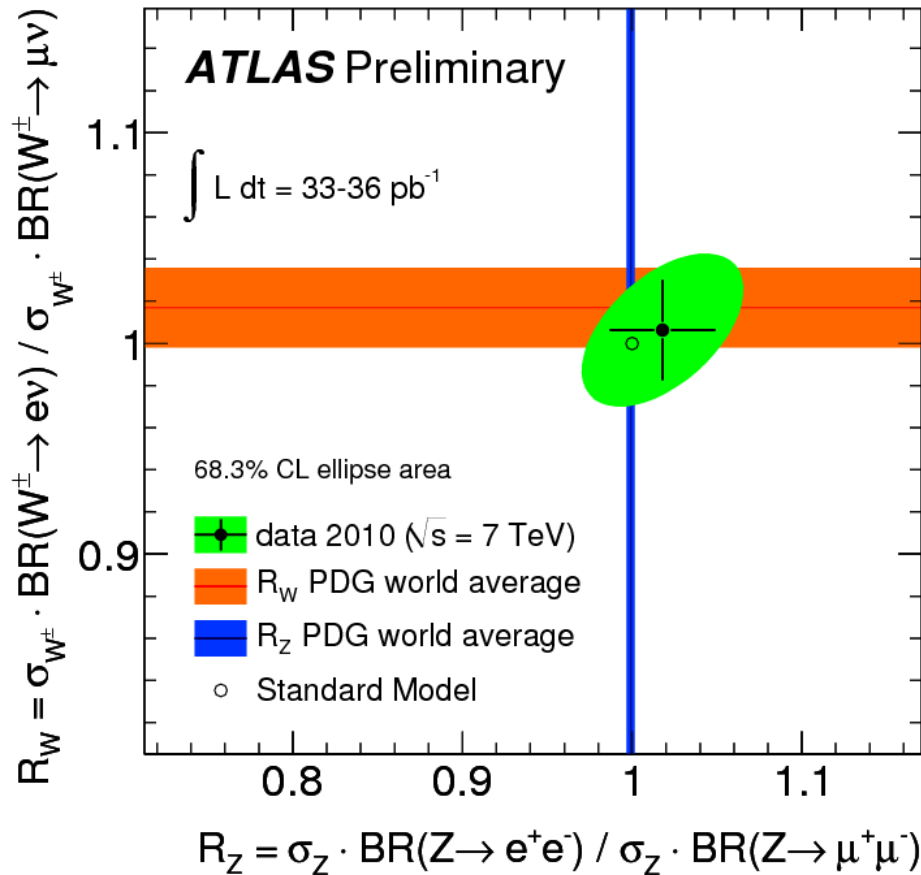


- Differential measurement includes forward electrons for the first time!

Can be used to improve PDFs

Reference: **paper to be published (soon)**

W lepton universality



- W lepton universality measurement competitive with PDG world average: 2.4% w.r.t. 1.9%

Precise test of SM

W/Z+jets

Motivation

- Test of QCD and MC generators
- Important background for SM processes and BSM searches

Z+jets

Reference: **ATLAS-CONF-2011-042**

Selection

- 2 high p_T leptons
 - Z mass window, exactly 2 leptons of opposite charge
- High p_T Jet
 - anti- k_T $R=0.4$, $p_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.8$

Differential cross sections

- N_{jet} , N_{jet}/N_{jet-1} , $p_{T,leading jet}$, $p_{T,2ng leading jet}$

W+jets

Reference: **ATLAS-CONF-2011-060**

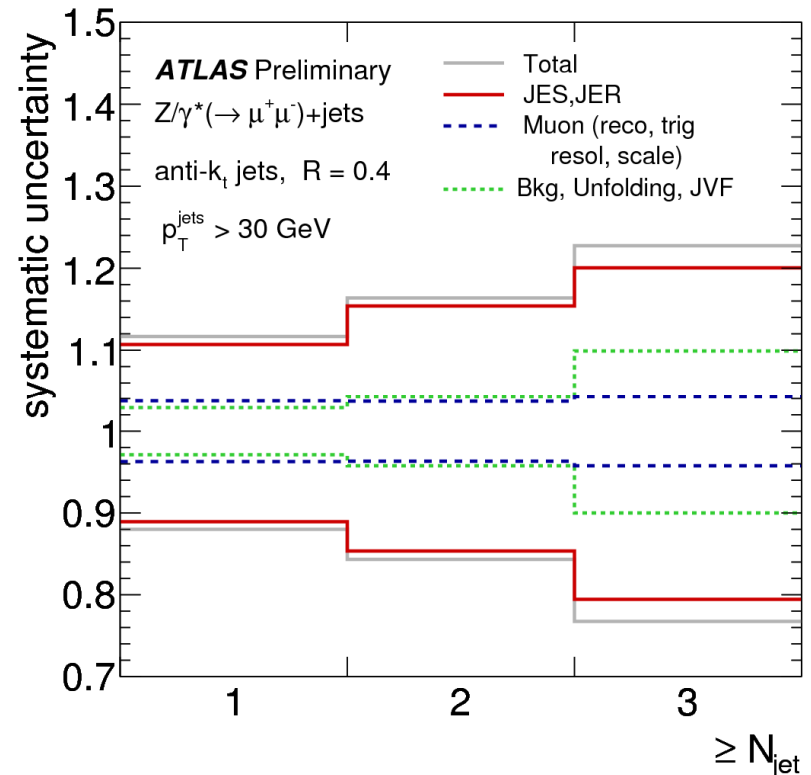
Selection

- 1 high p_T lepton
 - Isolated, second lepton veto
- High p_T Jet
 - anti- k_T $R=0.4$, $p_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.8$
- High missing E_T
 - Missing $E_T > 25$ GeV

Differential cross sections

- N_{jet} , N_{jet}/N_{jet-1} , H_T , p_T (leading jet, 2nd, 3rd and 4th leading jet)

Unfolding used to correct results back to parton level

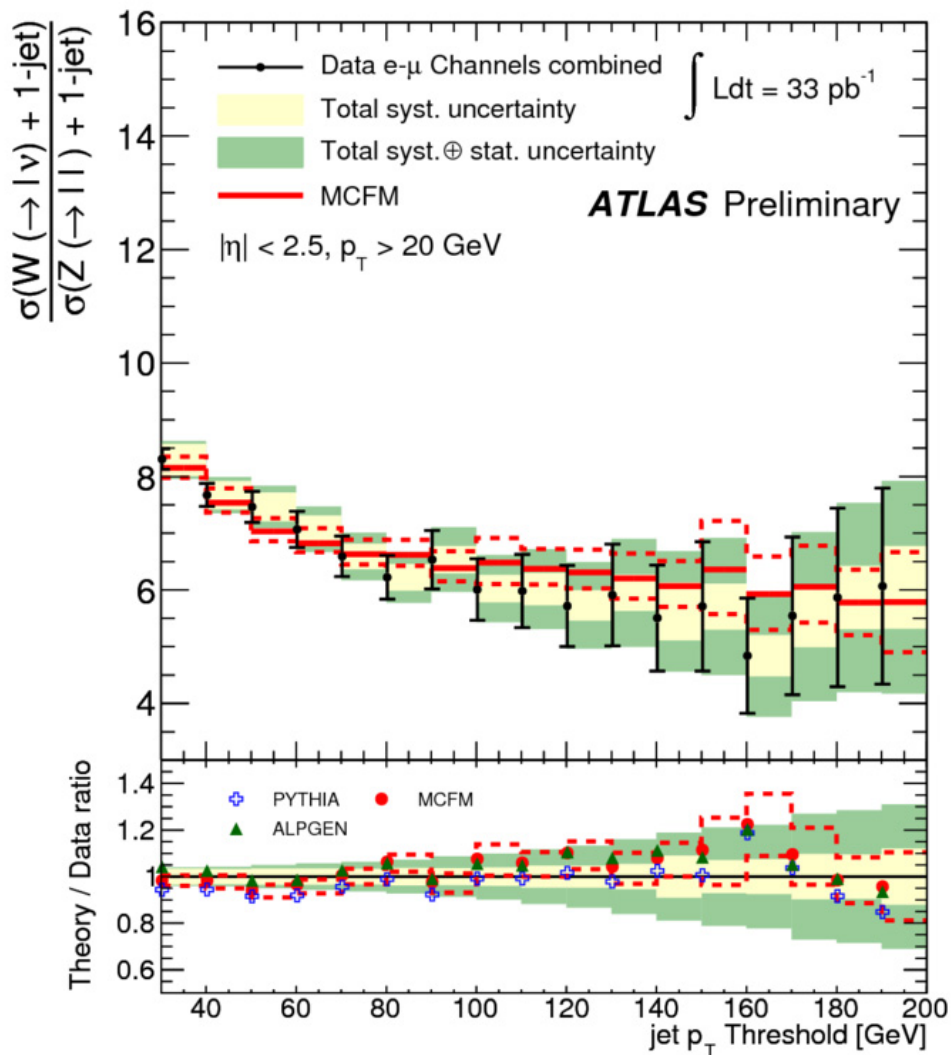
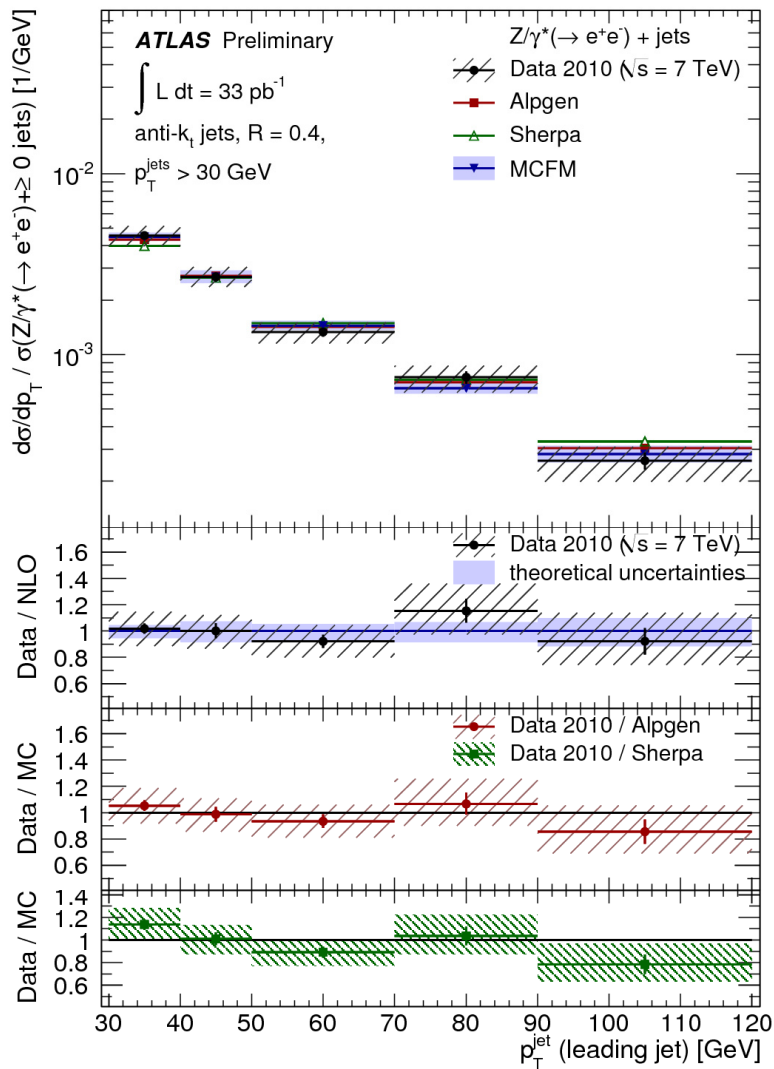


Cross section ratio of W+jets/Z+jets

Reference: **paper to be published**

Z+jets

Ratio W+1jet/Z+1jet



Good agreement with MC predictions

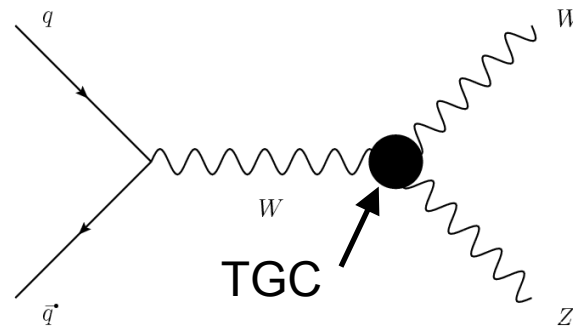
Limited by systematics

New analysis optimized for minimum uncertainty on ratio

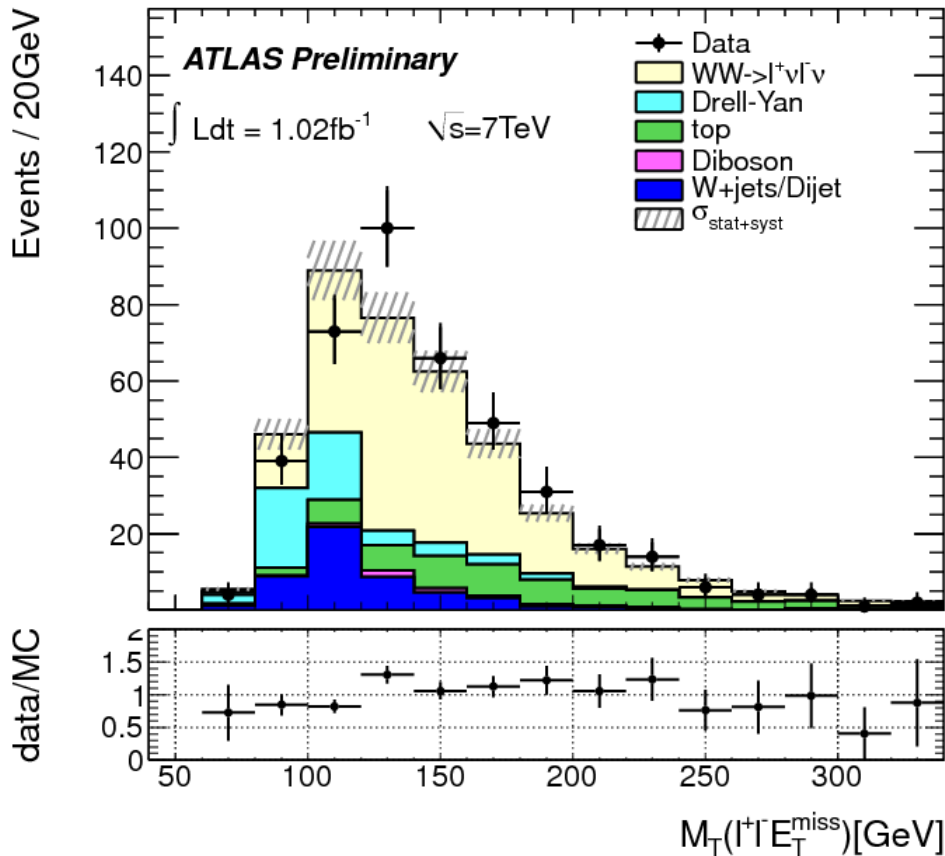
Already reached systematic uncertainty below 5%

Diboson introduction

- Important background for both SM and BSM measurements
 - Higgs, SUSY etc.
- Non-abelian structure of the weak section of SM
 - Triple Gauge Couplings (TGC)
- Sensitive to new physics via anomalous TGCs
- Cross section measurements done:
 - WW
 - WZ (aTGC limits!)
 - ZZ (aTGC limits!)
 - W+gamma/Z+gamma



- Channels:
 - ee, $\mu\mu$ or $e\mu$ + missing E_T
- Selection:
 - 2 high p_T leptons
 - Opposite charge, isolated
 - μ : $p_T > 20$ GeV
 - e: $E_T > 25$ (20) GeV leading(subleading)
 - Outside of Z mass window
 - $|m_{ll} - m_Z| > 15$ GeV
 - High missing E_T
 - $ME_{T,Rel}^1 > (40, 45, 25)$ GeV (ee, $\mu\mu$, $e\mu$)
 - Jet veto
 - $p_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 4.5$
- Background estimation
 - Top (data driven)
 - DY and Z+jets (MC+data driven)
 - W+jets (data driven)
 - Diboson (MC)
- Cross section extracted via log likelihood method



Cross section		σ	$\Delta\sigma_{\text{stat}}$	$\Delta\sigma_{\text{syst}}$	$\Delta\sigma_{\text{lum}}$
σ_{WW}^{tot}	pb	48.2	4.0	6.4	1.8
SM pred. (NLO)	pb	46		3	

Cross section consistent with theory prediction
Limited by systematic uncertainties

¹ $M_{ET,Rel}$ is using topological information to improve rejection power

Reference: ATLAS-CONF-2011-110

Channels measured:

- $eee, ee\mu, e\mu\mu$ or $\mu\mu\mu + ME_T$

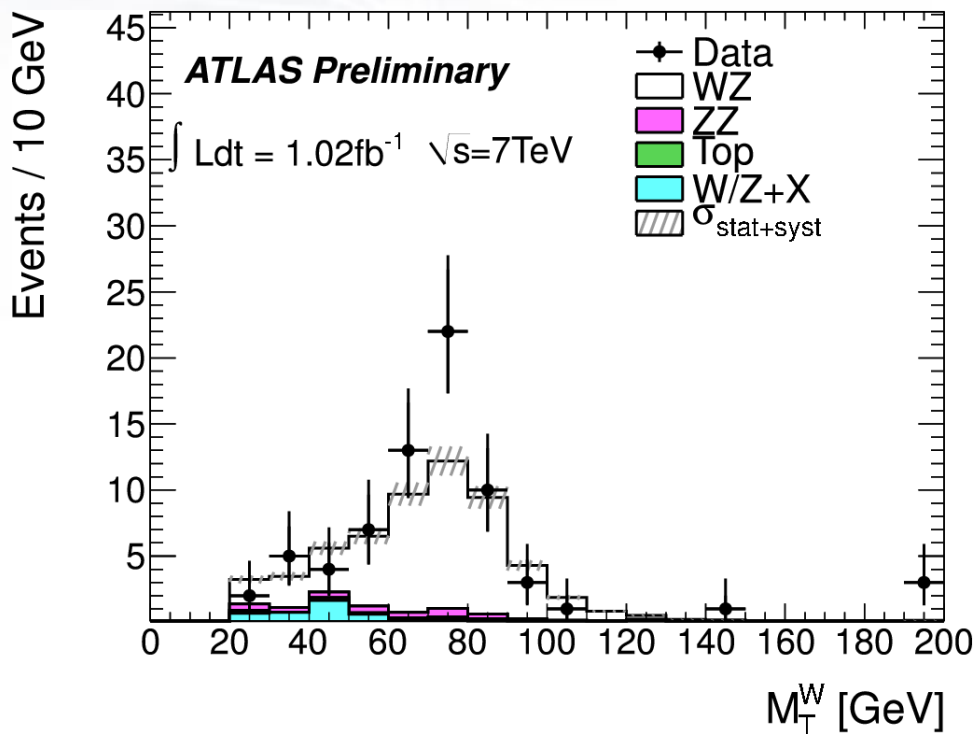
Event selection:

- 3 (or more) high p_T leptons
 - isolated
 - W electron or trigger lepton: $p_T > 20$ GeV
 - Other leptons: $p_T > 15$ GeV
- Z candidate
 - $|M_{ll} - M_Z| < 10$ GeV
- W candidate
 - Missing $E_T > 25$ GeV
 - $M_T > 20$ GeV

Background estimation

- W/Z+jets (data driven)
- ZZ (MC)
- Top (MC)
- W+ γ (MC)

Cross section extracted via log likelihood method



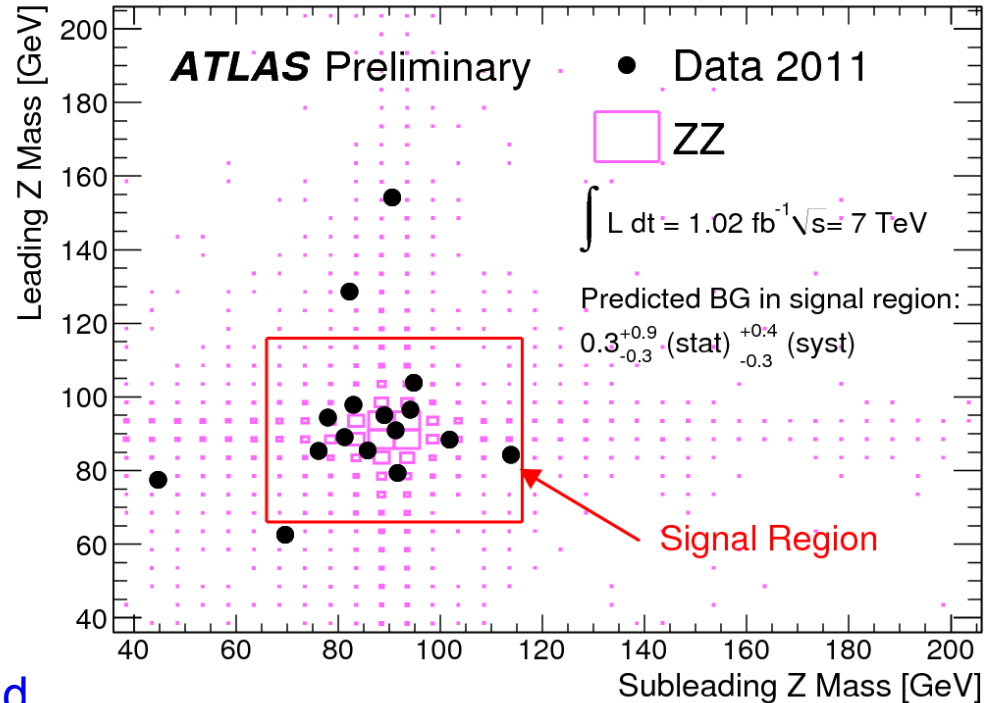
Cross section		σ	$\Delta\sigma_{\text{stat}}$	$\Delta\sigma_{\text{syst}}$	$\Delta\sigma_{\text{lum}}$
σ_{WZ}^{tot}	pb	21.1	+3.1 -2.8	+1.2 -1.2	+0.9 -0.8
SM prediction	pb	17.2		+1.2 -0.8	

Cross section consistent with theory prediction

Limited by statistics uncertainty

ZZ

- First ATLAS ZZ measurement!
- Channels:
 - eeee, eeμμ, μμμμ
- Selection:
 - 4 high p_T leptons
 - Exactly 4 isolated leptons, 2 pairs of same flavour and opposite charge
 - Leading e (μ): $p_T > 25$ (20) GeV
 - Subleading lepton: $p_T > 15$ GeV
 - Z mass window
 - $66 < M(l_1 l_2 \text{ \& \ } l_3 l_4) < 116$ GeV
- Very clean signal, low background
 - Z+X (misidentified jets)



Cross section		σ	$\Delta\sigma_{stat}$	$\Delta\sigma_{syst}$	$\Delta\sigma_{lum}$
σ_{ZZ}^{tot}	pb	8.4	+2.7 -2.3	+0.4 -0.7	0.3
SM pred. (NLO)	pb	6.5		+0.3 -0.2	

Cross section consistent with theory prediction

Limited by statistics

Reference: **ATLAS-CONF-2011-107**

W/Z+gamma

Selection:

- High p_T lepton(s)
- Z candidate
 - Exactly two oppositely charged leptons
- W candidate
 - Exactly one lepton, $E_{T, Miss} > 25 \text{ GeV}$, $m_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$
- High p_T photon
 - $E_{T, \gamma} > 15 \text{ GeV}$, γ isolation $< 5 \text{ GeV}$
 - $\Delta R(l, \gamma) > 0.7$
 - Includes FSR and quark/gluon fragmentation contributions

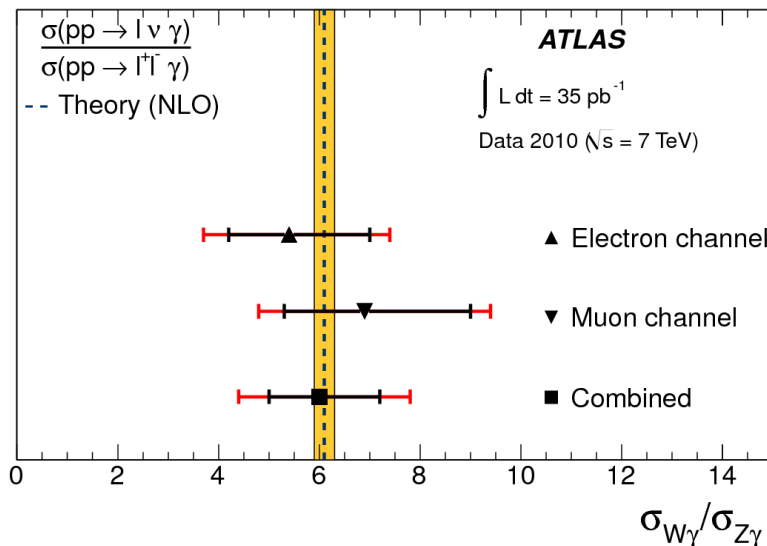
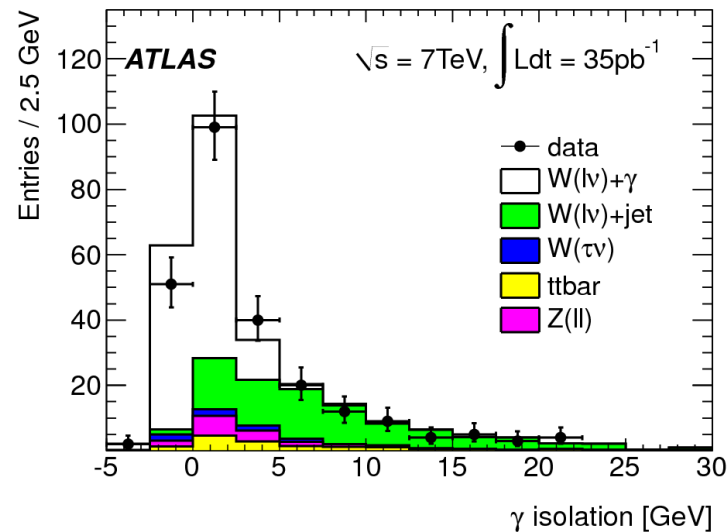
Cross section

- Dominated by γ efficiency uncertainty
- Cancels in ratio $\sigma_{W\gamma}/\sigma_{Z\gamma}$

Backgrounds

- W(Z)+jets ($\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$)

Cross section		σ	$\Delta\sigma_{stat}$	$\Delta\sigma_{syst}$	$\Delta\sigma_{lum}$
$\sigma_{W\gamma}^{tot}$	pb	42.5	4.2	7.2	1.4
SM pred.	pb	42.1		2.7	
$\sigma_{Z\gamma}^{tot}$	pb	6.4	1.2	1.6	0.2
SM pred.	pb	6.9		0.5	



Cross section consistent with theory prediction

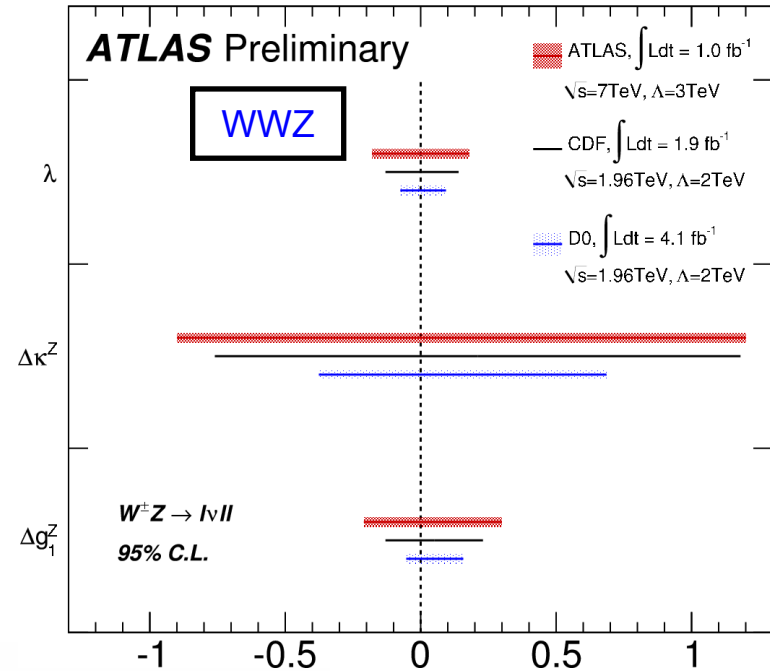
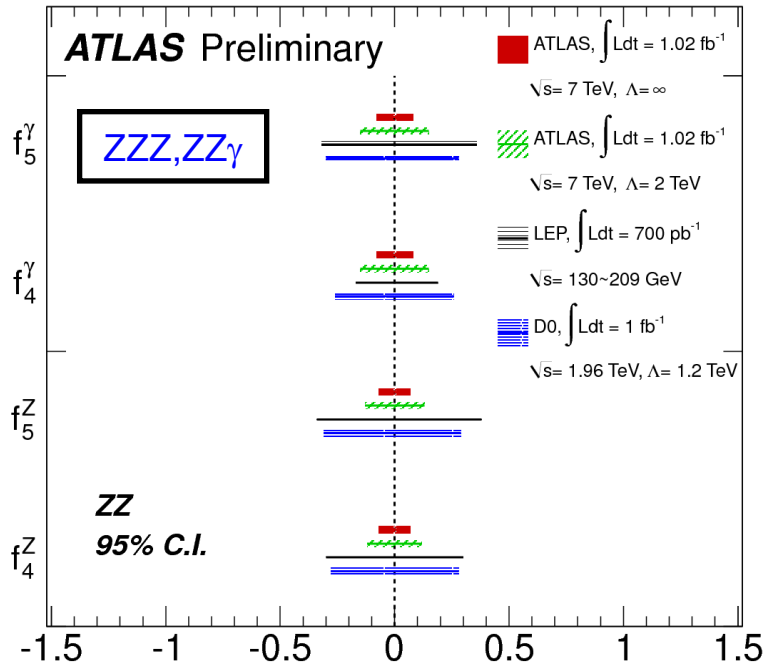
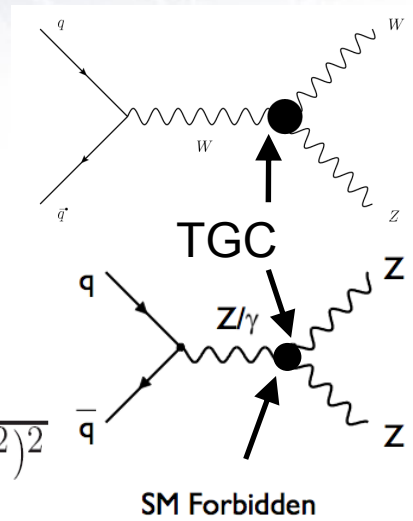
First analysis limited by syst, but can be improved

Reference: [arXiv:1104.5225](https://arxiv.org/abs/1104.5225)

Triple Gauge Couplings

- Sensitivity to new physics!
- Possible vertices using a generalised Lagrangian
 - WWZ (couplings: $\alpha_0 = g_1^Z, \kappa^Z, \lambda$) SM = (1,1,0)
 - ZZZ, ZZ γ (couplings: $\alpha_0 = f_4^Z, f_4^\gamma, f_5^Z, f_5^\gamma$) SM = (0,0,0,0)
- Scale dependent formfactor with cutoff scale Λ O(2TeV):
- ATLAS: cross sections as TGC limit input
- Tevatron: differential distributions as TGC limit input

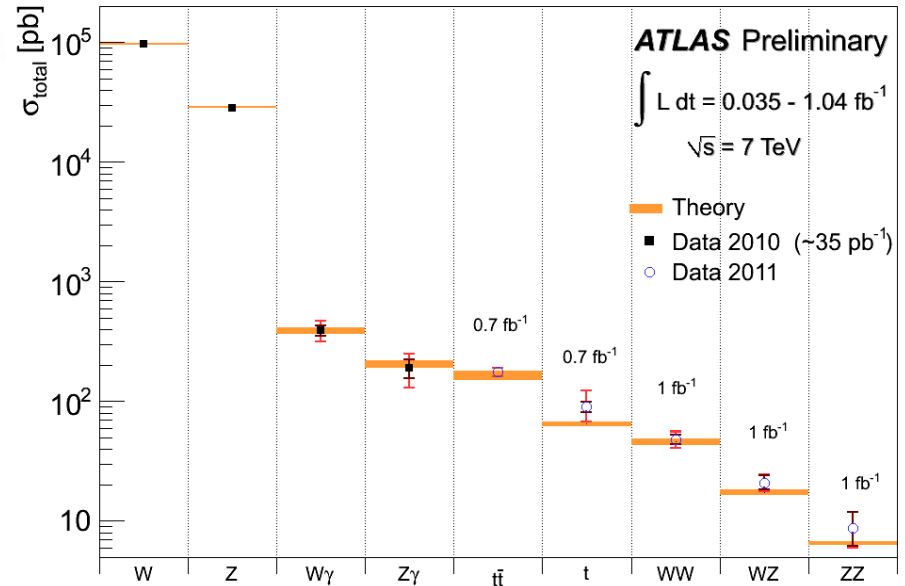
$$\alpha(\hat{s}) = \frac{\alpha_0}{(1 + \hat{s}/\Lambda^2)^2}$$



ATLAS limits consistent and competitive
 Use of differential distributions: will increase sensitivity

Summary

- Precise measurements of production cross sections of electroweak gauge bosons with data up to 1 fb^{-1} @ 7 TeV
- Results consistent with SM expectations
- Event properties well described by MC
- Analysis presented:
 - W/Z inclusive
 - Sensitive to PDFs,
 - Sensitive to W lepton flavour universality
 - W/Z+jets
 - Test of QCD/MC
 - Diboson
 - Sensitive to TGCs
- Many more analysis available but not shown



More Details on W/Z inclusive measurements and PDF sensitivity: In session 5A talk by S. Chouridou:
W and Z Production Measured Using the ATLAS Detector, and Impact on Partons Densities of the Proton

List of available measurements

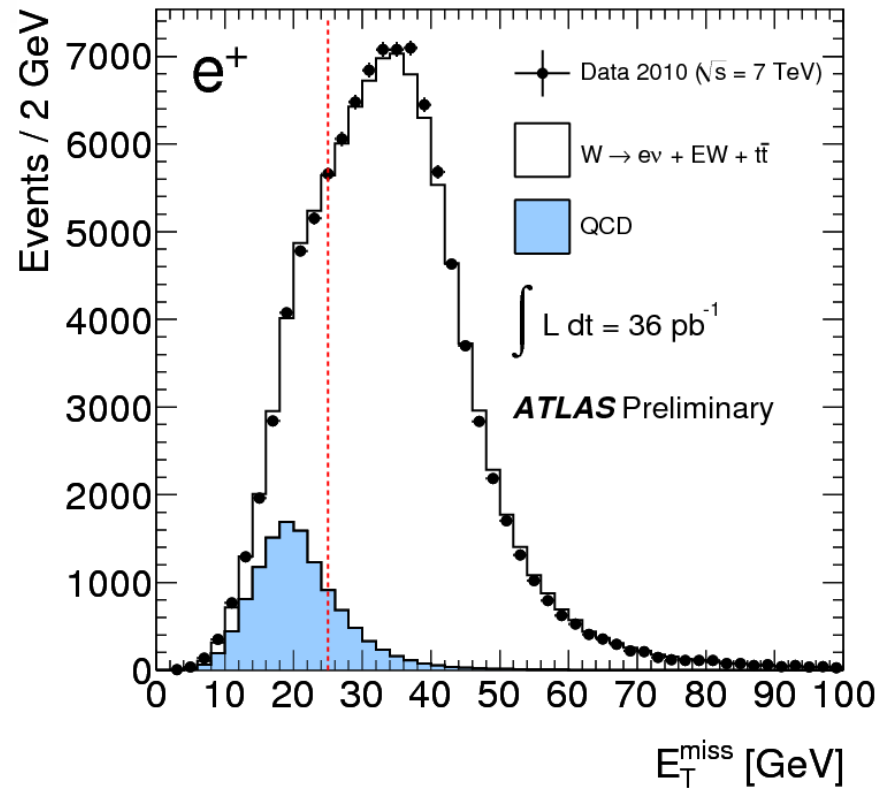
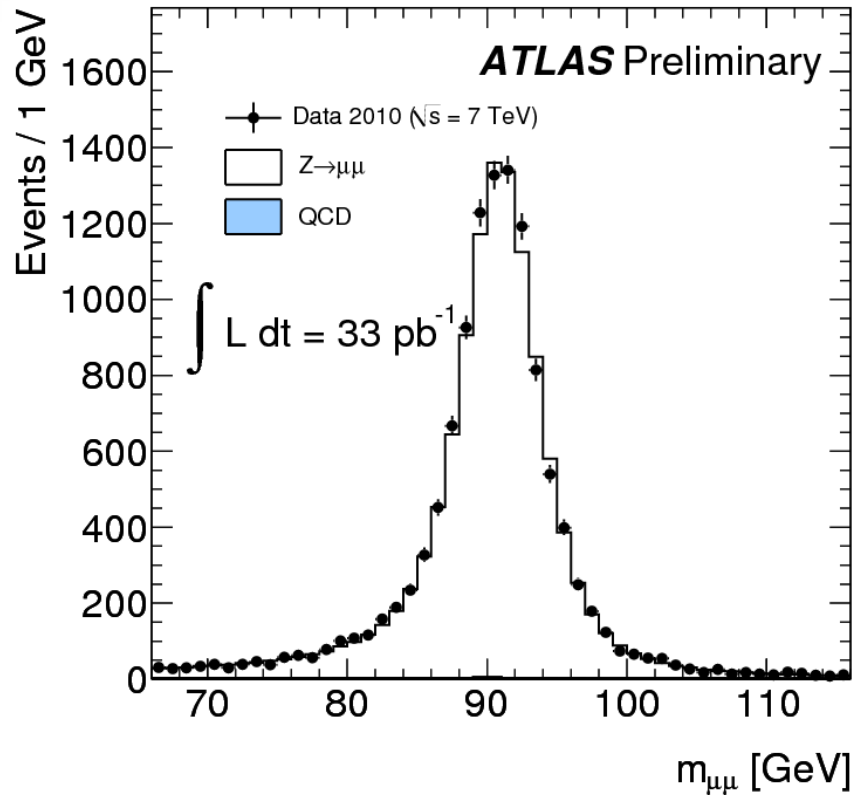
W/Z inclusive cross sections	Paper to be published
Differential Z distributions	arXiv:1107.2381v1
Differential W distributions	Paper to be published
Z- \rightarrow tautau cross section	Paper to be published
W- \rightarrow taunu cross section	Paper to be published
W+b cross section	Paper to be published
Z+b cross section	Paper to be published
W+jets	ATLAS-CONF-2011-060
Z+jets	ATLAS-CONF-2011-042
Ratio of the W+1jet to Z+1jet cross sections	Paper to be published
$W\gamma/Z\gamma$ cross section	arXiv:1104.5225
WW cross section	ATLAS-CONF-2011-110
WZ cross section	ATLAS-CONF-2011-099
ZZ cross section	ATLAS-CONF-2011-107

Backup

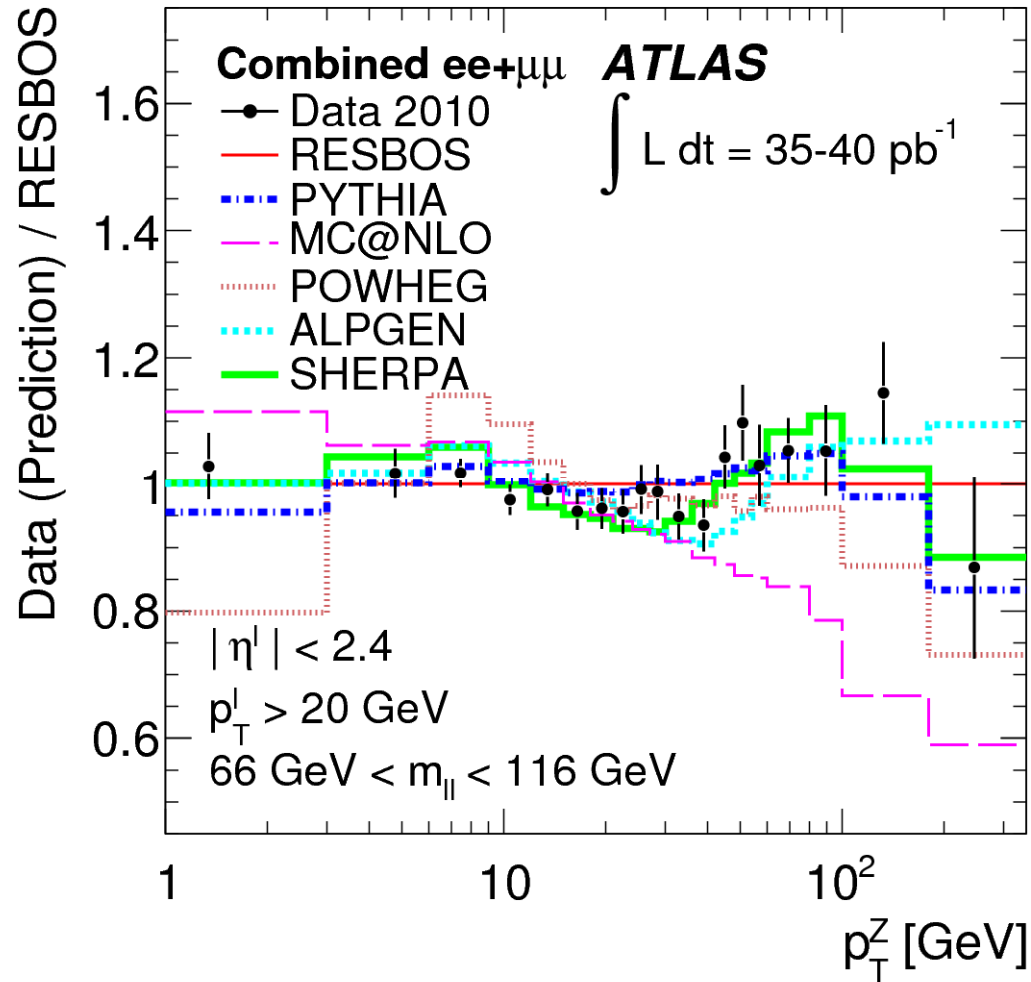
Event display

- Event display of a $ZZ \rightarrow e\mu\mu\mu$ candidate event (Run Number 182747, Event Number 63217197). One Z candidate has a mass of 85.9 GeV and a pt of 30.8 GeV and it is formed by two muons (in red) with {pt, eta, phi} of {44.9 GeV, 0.11, 0.69 rad} and {44.5 GeV, 0.53, -1.75 rad}, respectively. The other Z candidate has a mass of 85.5 GeV and a pt of 29.3 GeV, and it is formed by two electrons (in green) with {pt, eta, phi} of {39.6 GeV, 0.95, 1.19 rad} and {42.2 GeV, 1.85, -2.68 rad}, respectively. The four lepton system has a mass of 209.5 GeV and a pt of 4.6 GeV. Inner detector tracks with a transverse momentum pt larger than 1 GeV are displayed as blue helices.

W,Z inclusive

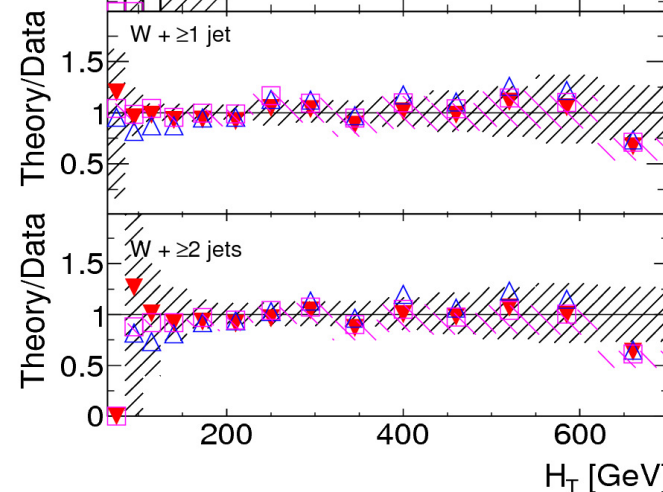
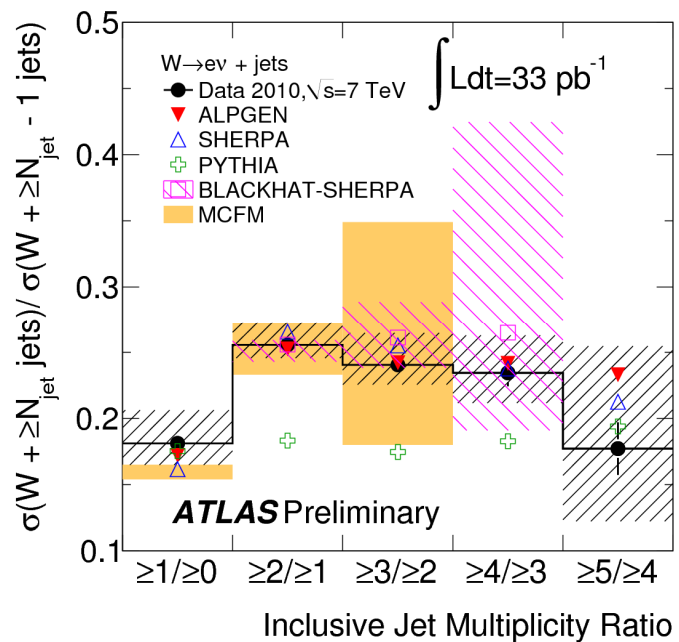
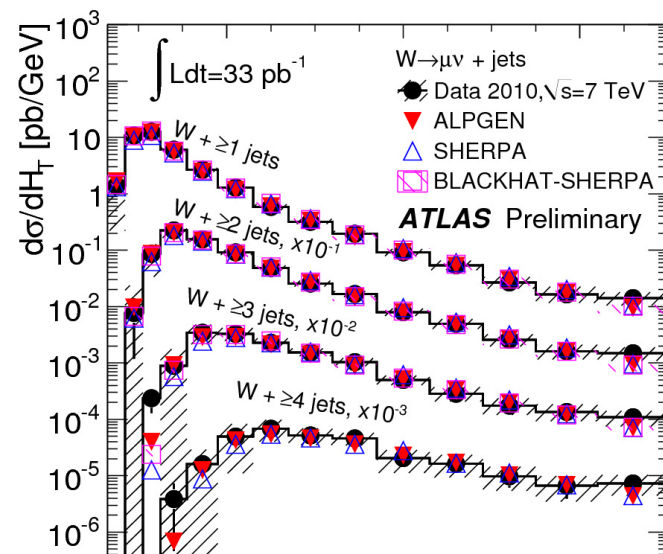
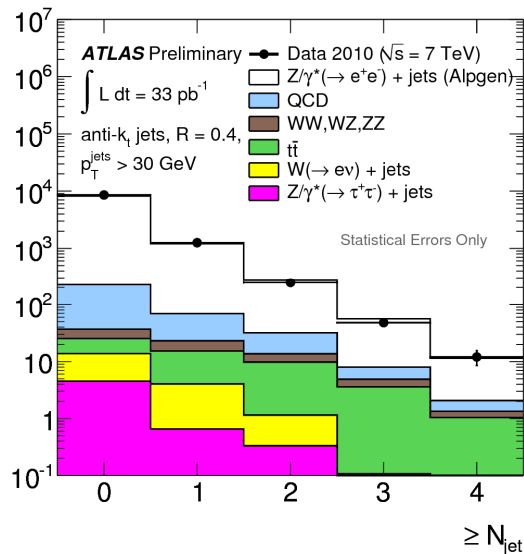
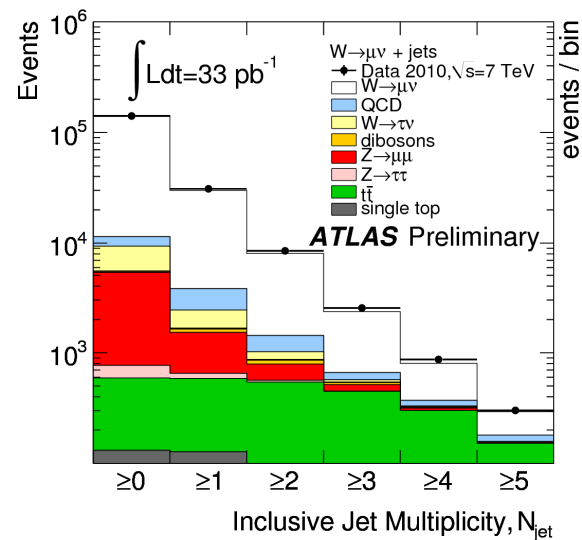


Z p_T -differential



Reference: [arXiv:1107.2381v1](https://arxiv.org/abs/1107.2381v1)

W/Z+jets



H_T : Skalar sum of p_T of jets passing the selection

W/Z+jets

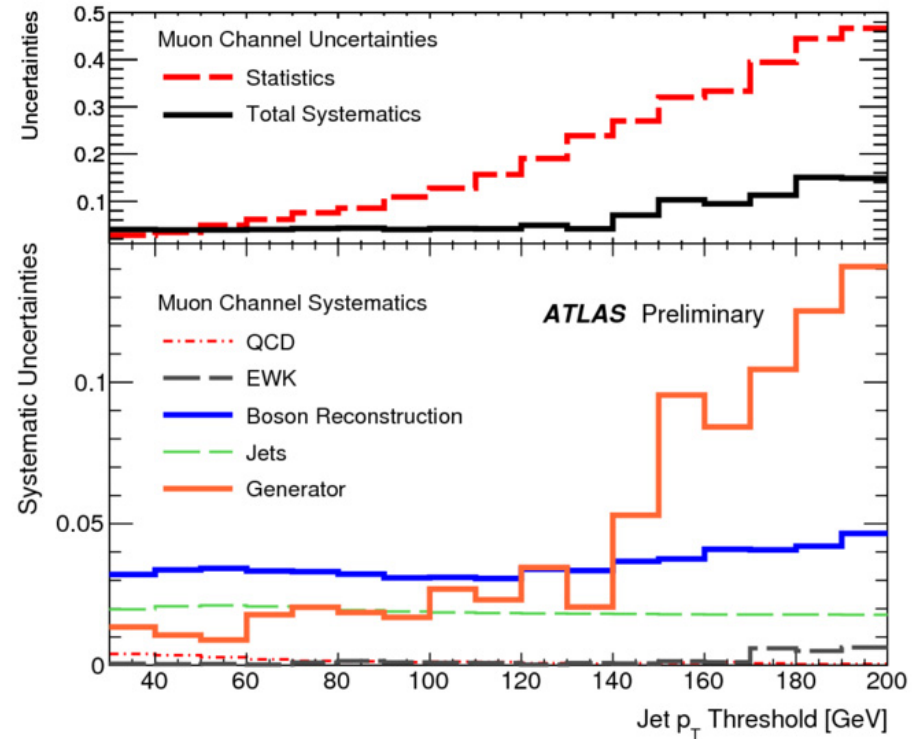
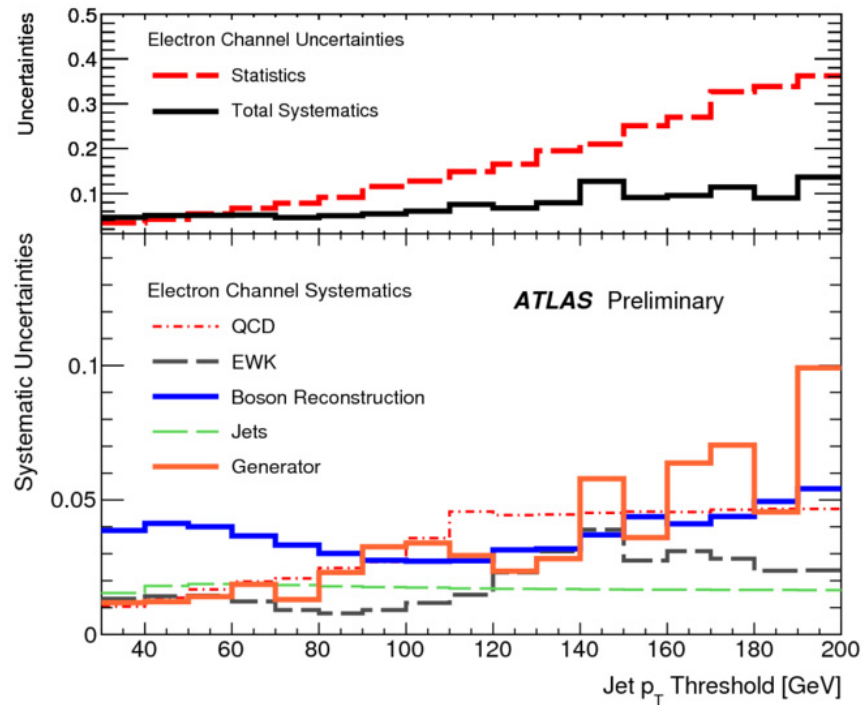
Z+jets

- Background estimation
 - QCD in ee+jet final state data driven (template fit)
 - Other backgrounds estimated via MC
- Unfolding
 - Bin-by-bin using ALPGEN
 - Systematics: use SHERPA instead of ALPGEN, use differences as error

W+jets

- Background estimation
 - QCD data driven (template fit for e and μ)
 - Other backgrounds estimated via MC
- Unfolding
 - Separate unfolding in N_{jet}, p_T, H_T
 - Systematics: use SHERPA instead of ALPGEN, use differences as error

Ratio of W+1jet/Z+1jet



- Definition of relative missing energy:

$$E_{T, \text{Rel}}^{\text{miss}} = \begin{cases} E_T^{\text{miss}} \times \sin(\Delta\phi_{\ell, j}) & \text{if } \Delta\phi < \pi/2 \\ E_T^{\text{miss}} & \text{if } \Delta\phi \geq \pi/2 \end{cases}$$

WZ background estimation

- Most important contribution: Z+jets (+ minor W+jets)
- Estimated from data besides C_{MET}
- Sample of Z+jet:

- 2 leptons + 1 lepton-like jet passing all selection criteria “llj”
 - Exception: lepton-like jet fails electron ID / muon isolation:

$$N_{bkg} = N(llj) \cdot f(p_T) \cdot C_{MET}$$

- Fake factor: probability to fail ID/isolation cut
 - Derived from Z + lepton-like jet sample (no MET, M_T requirements)

$$f(p_T) = \frac{N(l, MET < 25 GeV)}{N(j, MET < 25 GeV)}$$

- C_{MET} : Interpolation from low to high missing ET region, done via MC
 - Validated with dijet-events in data and MC

ZZ background estimation

- Estimate background from data

- Dominant: one jet fakes a lepton

$$N(bkg) = N(lllj) \cdot f - N(lljj) \cdot f^2 - N(ZZcandidates)$$

- Fake factor $f(p_T, \eta)$

- Ratio of probability for a jet to pass full lepton criteria over probability to pass lepton-like criteria
- Derived from data sample in which true leptons are suppressed
- Derived as single lepton quantity
- Cross checked with MC

- $N(lllj)$ ($N(lljj)$): number of events with 1 (2) lepton-like jets

- Lepton-like jet: satisfies all criteria besides electron ID/ muon isolation

- To avoid double counting: subtract $N(lljj)$