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Systematic Review of Prevalence of *Histoplasma* Antigenuria in Persons with HIV in Latin America and Africa

Appendix

Appendix Table 1. Search criteria by search engines for systematic review of prevalence of *Histoplasma* antigenuria in persons with HIV in Latin America and Africa

Search	Description
Ovid, Medline, and epub ahead of print, in-process, in-data-review, and other nonindexed citations, daily and versions, 1946–July 20, 2023	
1	exp Histoplasmosis/ or exp Histoplasma/
2	(histoplasmosis or histoplasma or "h. capsulatum" or "h capsulatum").mp.
3	1 or 2
4	exp Antigens/ or exp Immunoenzyme Techniques/
5	(antigen* or enzyme immunoassay or enzyme immune assay or EIA).mp.
6	4 or 5
7	exp HIV Infections/ or exp HIV/
8	(AIDS or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome* or acquired immune deficiency syndrome* or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome* or HIV or human immunodeficiency virus* or human immuno-deficiency virus).mp.
9	7 or 8
10	3 and 6 and 9
Embase Classic+Embase 1947–July 20, 2023	
1	exp Histoplasmosis/ or exp Histoplasma/
2	(histoplasmosis or histoplasma or "h. capsulatum" or "h capsulatum").mp.
3	1 or 2
4	exp antigen/ or exp enzyme immunoassay/
5	(antigen* or enzyme immunoassay or enzyme immune assay or EIA).mp.
6	4 or 5
7	exp Human immunodeficiency virus infection/ or exp Human immunodeficiency virus/
8	(AIDS or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome* or acquired immune deficiency syndrome* or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome* or HIV or human immunodeficiency virus* or human immuno-deficiency virus).mp.
9	7 or 8
10	3 and 6 and 9
Scopus	((INDEXTERMS ("Histoplasmosis" OR "Histoplasma") OR TITLE-ABS-KEY (histoplasmosis OR histoplasma OR "h. capsulatum" OR "h capsulatum")) AND (INDEXTERMS ("Antigens" OR "Immunoenzyme Techniques" OR "antigen" OR "enzyme immunoassay") OR TITLE-ABS-KEY (antigen* OR enzyme AND immunoassay OR "enzyme immune assay" OR eia)) AND (INDEXTERMS ("HIV Infections" OR "HIV" OR "Human immunodeficiency virus infection" OR "Human immunodeficiency virus") AND TITLE-ABS-KEY (aids OR "acquired immunodeficiency syndrome**" OR "acquired immune deficiency syndrome**" OR "acquired immuno-deficiency syndrome**" OR "hiv*" OR "human immunodeficiency virus**" OR "human immuno-deficiency virus")))

Appendix Table 2. Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) methodology checklist for cross-sectional/prevalence studies for systematic review of prevalence of *Histoplasma* antigenuria in persons with HIV in Latin America and Africa

Major components	Response options		
Define the source of information (survey, record review)	Y	N	U
List inclusion and exclusion criteria for exposed and unexposed subjects (cases and controls) or refer to previous publications	Y	N	U
Indicate time period used for identifying patients	Y	N	U
Indicate whether or not subjects were consecutive if not population-based	Y	N	U
Indicate if evaluators of subjective components of study were masked to other aspects of the status of the participants	Y	N	U
Describe any assessments undertaken for quality assurance purposes (e.g., test/retest of primary outcome measurements)	Y	N	U
Explain any patient exclusions from analysis	Y	N	U
Describe how confounding was assessed and/or controlled	Y	N	U
If applicable, explain how missing data were handled in the analysis	Y	N	U
Summarize patient response rates and completeness of data collection	Y	N	U
Clarify what follow-up, if any, was expected and the percentage of patients for which incomplete data or follow-up was obtained	Y	N	U

*U, unclear

Appendix Table 3. Risk of Bias Assessment Tool for Nonrandomized Studies (RoBANS)*

Domain	Description	Risk for bias
Selection of participants	Selection biases caused by the inadequate selection of participants	Low/High/Unclear
Confounding variables	Selection biases caused by the inadequate confirmation and consideration of confounding variables	Low/High/Unclear
Measurement of exposure	Performance biases caused by inadequate measurements of exposure	Low/High/Unclear
Blinding of outcome assessments	Detection biases caused by the inadequate blinding of outcome assessments	Low/High/Unclear
Incomplete outcome data	Attrition biases caused by the inadequate handling of incomplete outcome data	Low/High/Unclear
Selective outcome reporting	Reporting biases caused by the selective reporting of outcomes	Low/High/Unclear

Appendix Table 4: Risk of Bias Assessment Tool for Nonrandomized Studies (RoBANS) applied to cohort studies included in systematic review of prevalence of *Histoplasma* antigenuria in persons with HIV in Latin America and Africa*

Reference	Selection of participants	Confounding variables	Measurement of exposure	Blinding of outcome assessments	Incomplete outcome data	Selective outcome reporting
1	U	L	L	L	L	U
2	L	L	L	L	L	U
3	L	L	L	U	L	L
4	U	L	L	L	L	L

*U, unclear risk; L, low risk

Appendix Table 5. Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) Methodology Checklist applied to cross-sectional studies included in systematic review of prevalence of *Histoplasma* antigenuria in persons with HIV in Latin America and Africa*

Ref	Info source defined	List inclusion/exclusion	Time period indicated	Subjects consecutive	Blinded	QA	Patient exclusion from analysis explained	Confounding assessed	Missing data in analysis	Patient response rates and completeness of data	Followup for missing data
5	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	U	Y	Y	Y	Y	U
6	Y	Y	Y	Y	U	U	Y	Y	NA	NA	NA
7	Y	Y	Y	Y	U	U	NA	Y	NA	NA	NA
8	Y	Y	Y	Y	U	Y	Y	U	NA	NA	NA
9	Y	Y	Y	Y	U	Y	NA	Y	NA	NA	NA
10	Y	Y	Y	Y	U	U	Y	U	NA	NA	NA
11	Y	Y	Y	Y	U	U	Y	U	NA	NA	NA
12	Y	Y	Y	Y	U	U	NA	Y	NA	NA	NA
13	Y	Y	Y	Y	U	U	Y	U	NA	NA	NA
14	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	U	NA	Y	U	NA	NA
15	Y	Y	Y	Y	U	Y	Y	U	NA	Y	NA

*Ref, reference; Info, information; U, undetermined; NA, not applicable; QA, quality assurance

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