

This specification describes the situation of the Proximus network and services. It will be subject to modifications for corrections or when the network or the services will be modified. Please take into account that modifications can appear at any moment. Therefore, the reader is requested to check regularly with the most recent list of available specifications that the document in one's possession is the latest version.

Proximus can't be held responsible for any damages due to the use of an outdated version of this specification.

Whilst every care has been taken in the preparation and publication of *this document*, errors in content, typographical or otherwise, may occur. If you have remarks concerning its accuracy, please send a mail to the following address proximus.uni.spec@proximus.com and your remark will be transmitted to the right Proximus department.

IMS CORPORATE VoIP
Address templates

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|---|----|
| 1. Document History | 5 |
| 2. Scope | 6 |
| 3. References | 7 |
| 3.1. Normative references | 7 |
| 3.2. Informative references | 7 |
| 4. Symbols, Definitions and Abbreviations | 8 |
| 4.1. Symbols | 8 |
| 4.2. Definitions | 8 |
| 4.3. Abbreviations | 8 |
| 5. General | 9 |
| 5.1. Principles | 9 |
| 5.1.1. E.164 numbers | 9 |
| 5.1.2. Enum | 9 |
| 5.1.3. URI parameters | 9 |
| 5.1.4. URI syntax | 10 |
| 6. Address templates for calls from Belgium | 11 |
| 6.1. National (significant) Numbers | 11 |
| 6.2. Non-E.164 numbers in Belgium | 11 |
| 6.2.1. 3-digit numbers | 11 |
| 6.2.2. 4-digit short codes | 12 |
| 6.2.3. 4 digit access codes | 12 |
| 6.2.4. 6-digit short codes | 12 |
| 7. Address templates for calls from other countries | 12 |
| 7.1. National (significant) Numbers | 12 |
| 7.2. Non-E.164 numbers | 13 |



1. Document History

Every update of this document results in a complete new version with new version number and release date.

| Version | Date | Main or important changes since previous version |
|---------|--------------------|--|
| 2.0 | May 07, 2019 | First version |
| 2.1 | May 25, 2019 | Small corrections |
| 2.2 | June 06, 2019 | Update after comments from IP-PBX team: |
| 2.3 | September 19, 2019 | Update of SW versions in Scope |

Table 1: document history

2. Scope

This document defines the address templates to be used by IP-P(A)BXs on the VoIP interface of the Proximus IMS network. Address templates define the “format” of addressing information

This specification is applicable for Proximus business trunking services offered nationally as well as internationally.

This specification is applicable for the following IMS equipment and software packages:

Nokia (Alcatel-Lucent) ISC – software package Release 13
Oracle SBC 4600 – Software Version SCZ8.1.0 MR-1 patch 12
Broadsoft application server – BroadWorks R22

This document is part of a set of documents describing the UNI interface of the Proximus IMS Network, for IP-P(A)BXs. Other documents in this set are:

PXM IMS Corporate VoIP – UNI specification – SIP signalling – Business Trunking with IMS services [1]
PXM IMS Corporate VoIP – UNI specification – SIP signalling – Wireless Office Extended [2]
PXM IMS Corporate VoIP – UNI specification – SIP signalling – Enterprise Voice multi [3]
PXM IMS Corporate VoIP – UNI specification – Testing
PXM IMS VoIP – UNI specification – Fax over IP [8]
PXM IMS Corporate VoIP – UNI specification – General [4]

3. References

Whenever a date of edition is mentioned, the document with this date should be consulted. If no date is present, the latest version of this document should be consulted.

3.1. Normative references

| | | |
|---|---------------|---|
| 1 | Proximus | PXM IMS Corporate VoIP – UNI specification – SIP signalling – Business Trunking with IMS services |
| 2 | Proximus | PXM IMS Corporate VoIP – UNI specification – SIP signalling – Wireless Office Extended |
| 3 | Proximus | PXM IMS Corporate VoIP – UNI specification – SIP signalling – Enterrpise Voice Multi |
| 4 | Proximus | PXM IMS Corporate VoIP – UNI specification – General |
| 5 | ITU-T E.164 | The international telecommunication numbering plan |
| 6 | IETF RFC 2119 | Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels |
| 7 | IETF RFC 3966 | The tel URI for Telephone Numbers |
| 8 | Proximus | PXM IMS VoIP – UNI specification – Fax over IP |
| | | |

Table 2: normative references

3.2. Informative references

| | | |
|----|---|-------------------|
| I1 | BGC_D_48_9807_30_04_E.pdf | Information tones |
|----|---|-------------------|

Table 3: informative references

4. Symbols, Definitions and Abbreviations

4.1. Symbols

For the purpose of the present document, the following symbols apply:

| | | |
|-------|--|--------------------------------|
| <CC> | Country code, as defined by ITU-T | |
| <NSN> | National significant number, as defined in ITU-T E.164 | |
| <ZIP> | Postal code of the location of the calling user. | |
| <SPS> | 4-digit short code | Used to call a Special Service |

Note: The ZIP code is used to route emergency calls to the correct PSAP. A ZIP code is a 4 digit code.

4.2. Definitions

For the purpose of the present document, the following definitions apply:

IP-P(A)BX: The IP P(A)BX constitutes an Enterprise's collection of network elements that provides packetized voice call origination and termination services using the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and the Session Description Protocol (SDP) for signalling and the Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP) for media traffic.

4.3. Abbreviations

For the purpose of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

| | |
|------|---|
| PXM | Proximus |
| ETSI | European Telecommunications Standards Institute |
| IETF | Internet Engineering Task Force |
| NNI | Network Network Interface |
| RFC | Request For Comment |
| SIP | Session Initiation Protocol |
| TS | Technical Specification |
| UNI | User Network Interface |

5.General

5.1. Principles

This clause contains some high level principles concerning the content of the Request-URI and/or the treatment of the content

5.1.1. E.164 numbers

An E.164 number is dialable from any country in the world by prefixing it with the Country Code: <CC><NSN>. <CC> = 32 for Belgium.

The length of a Belgian mobile National (significant) Number is 9 digits, except for “machine-to-machine” numbers, where the length is 13 digits.

The length of a Belgian fixed (geographical or non-geographical) National (significant) Number is 8 digits.

The international trunk prefix is 00.

The national trunk prefix is 0. The first digit of a National (significant) Number is therefore 1, ..., 9.

The general principle is to always use the E.164 international format for E.164 numbers. Emergency numbers and short codes are exceptions to this rule.

Note: the number format as dialed i.e. 0<NSN> or 00<CC><NSN> is currently supported on the business trunking interface, but may be discontinued in the future

5.1.2. Enum

The Proximus IMS platform includes a private ENUM database used for routing purposes. The Proximus IMS platform does an ENUM query for every call. The domain name received from an IP-P(A)BX is not used for routing until after the ENUM query.

5.1.3. URI parameters

Only the URI parameters mentioned in this document are supported and should be used. Usage of IANA registered URI parameters not listed in this document may lead to call failure. URI parameters not registered at IANA MUST NOT be used.

A list of registered URI parameters can be found at the IANA website:

- Tel-URI parameters: <http://www.iana.org/assignments/tel-uri-parameters/tel-uri-parameters.xhtml#tel-uri-parameters-1>
- SIP/SIPS URI parameters: <http://www.iana.org/assignments/sip-parameters/sip-parameters.xhtml#sip-parameters-11>

5.1.4. URI syntax

The format of the URLs used shall be exactly as shown in the remainder of this document. Escaping of characters as defined in RFC 3261 MUST NOT be applied.

6. Address templates for calls from Belgium

6.1. National (significant) Numbers

The address information template for a call to a National (significant) Number via a Business Trunk is as follows:

| Dialed number | Request-URI | Remark |
|---------------------|--|---|
| <u>0</u> <NSN> | sip:+ <u>32</u> <NSN>@<domain>;user=phone or tel:+ <u>32</u> <NSN> | The national dialling format is supported but not recommended. |
| <u>00</u> <CC><NSN> | sip:+<CC><NSN>@<domain>;user= phone or tel:+<CC><NSN> | The international dialling format is supported but not recommended. |

Where:

- <domain> is any domain (see section 5.1.2).

6.2. Non-E.64 numbers in Belgium

6.2.1. 3-digit numbers

3-digit numbers are dialled as 1xy, where x = 0 or 1 (except 116xxx, see section 6.2.4). The format on the Business trunk is:

| Dialed Number | Request-URI |
|---------------|---|
| 1xy | sip: <u>1xy</u> @<domain>;user=phone or tel: <u>1xy</u> |

3-digit numbers are either emergency numbers or aid numbers and are routed to the nearest Public Safety Access Point (PSAP). The public network determines the location of the caller, based on the installation address of the access line. Some IP-P(A)BXes however cover several sites, with only one break-out to the public network. In that case the installation address of the access line can not be used to determine the location of the caller. A multi-site IP-P(A)BX must therefore communicate the location of the caller by adding a postal code <ZIP> to the Request-URI.

| Dialed Number | Request-URI |
|---------------|--|
| 1xy | sip: <u>19921</u> xy<ZIP>@<domain>;user=phone or tel: <u>19921</u> xy<ZIP> |

Remark: it must be possible for the PSAP operator to locate the caller that placed an emergency call. A multi-site PABX must therefore insert a CLI that refers to the site from where the emergency call is placed. This CLI is called "Emergency Virtual Number" (EVN) and will be put by Proximus in the Emergency Database with the address of the site.

6.2.2. 4-digit short codes

4-digit short codes are dialled as 1xyz, where x = 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9. The format on the Business Trunk is:

| Dialled Number | Request-URI |
|----------------|---|
| 1xyz | sip: 1xyz@<domain>;user=phone or tel: 1xyz |

6.2.3. 4 digit access codes

4-digit access codes are dialled as 1xyz, followed by a number string, where x = 5 or 6. The format on a Business Trunk is:

| Dialled Number | Request-URI |
|-----------------|---|
| 1xyz<SPS> | sip: 1xyz<SPS>@<domain>;user=phone or tel: 1xyz<SPS> |
| 1xyz0<NSN> | sip: 1xyz0<NSN>@<domain>;user=phone or tel: 1xyz0<NSN> |
| 1xyz00<CC><NSN> | sip: 1xyz00<CC><NSN>@<domain>;user=phone or tel: 1xyz00<CC><NSN> |

6.2.4. 6-digit short codes

6-digit access codes are dialled as 116xyz. The format on a Business Trunk is:

| Dialled Number | Request-URI |
|----------------|---|
| 116xyz | sip: 116xyz@<domain>;user=phone or tel: 116xyz |

7. Address templates for calls from other countries

7.1. National (significant) Numbers

The recommended address format for a call to a National (Significant) Number is a global URI, as shown in the column “Request-URI” of the table below. The table also suggests some local URLs that may be supported

| Dialed number | Request-URI | Remark |
|---------------|---|---|
| <SN> | sip:+<CC _{orig} ><NDC _{orig} ><SN>@<domain>; user=phone or tel:+ <CC _{orig} ><NDC _{orig} ><SN> | The local dialling format is not recommended, it is only offered on |

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| | | best effort base. |
| <u><PFX_{nat}><NSN></u> | sip:+<CC _{orig} ><NSN>@<domain>; user=phone or tel:+ <CC _{orig} ><NSN> | The national dialling format is supported but not recommended. |
| <u><PFX_{intal}><CC_{dest}><NSN></u> | sip:+ <CC _{dest} ><NSN>@<domain>; user= phone or tel:+ <CC _{dest} ><NSN> | The international dialling format is supported but not recommended. |

Where:

- <SN> is the subscriber number
- <NDC_{orig}> is the National Destination Code of the geographical area of the caller
- <PFX_{nat}> is the national trunk prefix, applicable in the originating country;
- <PFX_{intal}> is the international trunk prefix, applicable in the originating country;
- <CC_{orig}> is the Country Code of the originating country;
- <CC_{dest}> is the Country Code of the destination country.

7.2. Non-E.164 numbers

The address information template for a call to a non-E.164 number from outside Belgium via an International Business Trunk is as follows:

| Dialled Number | Request-URI |
|----------------|---|
| <non164> | sip:<non164>@<domain>;user=phone or tel:<non164> |

Remark: emergency numbers are in most countries non-E.164 numbers. They follow the above convention, even from a multi-site PABX. Routing to the nearest PSAP is accomplished, based on the EVN number, that the multi-site PABX must insert. See section 6.2.1 for more information about EVN numbers.