JACKSONVILLE TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

Basic Financial Statements, Supplementary Information and Single Audit Report

> Year ended September 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board Members Jacksonville Transportation Authority Jacksonville, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jacksonville Transportation Authority (the "Authority"), a discrete component unit of the City of Jacksonville, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



1415 S. Washington Ave. Titusville, FL 32780 Phone: 321-267-2190 Fax: 321-268-2272 We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Authority, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the other post-employment benefits and pension schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and Chapter 10.550, Rules of *the Auditor General*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2019 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

March 26, 2019 Melbourne, Florida Berman Hopkins Wright & LaHam (PAs and Associates, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

September 30, 2018

This discussion and analysis is designed to provide insight into the Jacksonville Transportation Authority's (the "JTA" or the "Authority") annual financial report by discussing significant financial issues and changes in financial position based on currently known facts in order to better explain material changes in the Authority's financial position and performance during the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2018 as compared to September 30, 2017.

The information contained herein is designed to assist the reader in assessing the Authority's financial position. We encourage readers to consider the information contained in this discussion in conjunction with all of the other sections of the Authority's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The financial highlights section will serve as background in understanding the more detailed explanations that follow:

- The Authority's total net position of combined governmental and business type activities on the Statement of Net Position was \$274.7 million, which consisted of net investment in capital assets of \$231.2 million, restricted net position of (\$31.2) million, and an unrestricted net position of \$74.7 million.
- The Authority's increase in federal and state expenditures in FY18 supports the Authority's mission to improve Northeast Florida's economy, environment and quality of life by providing safe, reliable, efficient and sustainable multimodal transportation services and facilities. The spending was primarily attributable to the following initiatives:
 - Bus purchases in support of the Authority's fleet replacement plan.
 - CNG buses for the second and third corridors (Blue and Red Lines) of the First Coast Flyer including branded stations and transit signal priority.
 - JTA's design and build of Phase I Intercity Bus Terminal of the Jacksonville. Regional Transportation Center (JRTC). A state-of-the-art 10,000 square foot terminal.
 - Continued improvements/investment in the newest mode of service St. Johns River Ferry.
 - o JTAMobilityWorks Program, road and transit enhancement projects.
 - Technology investments including fleet-wide mobile ticketing scanners.
- Total capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, including custodial projects, increased from \$250.2 million in 2017 to \$303.2 million in 2018, an increase of 21%. The increase in capital assets was primarily due to an increase in construction in process for the Authority's previously mentioned major project initiatives.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion is to introduce the Authority's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

The government-wide financial statements are the first two statements that focus on the Authority as a whole and provide both long-term and short-term information about the Authority's overall financial condition. These statements provide readers with a broad view of the Authority's finances, similar to a private sector business.

The fund financial statements are the remaining statements. They are similar to traditional governmental financial statements. These statements report on individual parts of the Authority's operations and include more detail than the government-wide statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements report on the Authority as a whole using accounting rules very similar to those used by private companies. There are two government-wide statements. The first is the statement of net position, which combines and reports all of the Authority's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The second is the statement of activities. It combines and reports all of the Authority's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is paid or received. These two financial statements demonstrate how the Authority's net position has changed. Net position is the difference between total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and is one way of assessing the Authority's current financial condition. Increases or decreases in net position are good indicators of whether the Authority's financial health is improving or deteriorating over time. Other non-financial factors, such as changes in local economic conditions, regulations, and government legislation, are important in evaluating the Authority's overall financial condition.

The government-wide financial statements are grouped into two categories:

Governmental activities: Include road construction and general engineering administration.

Business-type activities: The Authority's Bus, Automated Skyway Express (the "ASE"), Community Transportation Coordinator (the "CTC"), and Ferry (the "Ferry") operations are classified here. In these activities, the Authority charges customers fees to cover a portion of the cost of providing these goods and services.

Fund Financial Statements

The Authority's fund statements report in greater detail than the government-wide statements on the Authority's most significant funds. A fund is a group of related accounts used to exercise control over specific resources set apart for specific activities. The Authority, like other state and local governments, uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial requirements imposed by law, bond covenants, and local administrative and legislative actions. The Authority maintains several individual governmental funds. The General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund are presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. In addition, the Authority maintains several individual proprietary funds. The Bus, Skyway (the "ASE"), Connexion (the "CTC"), and Ferry (the "Ferry") are presented separately in the proprietary fund statement of net position and in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.

All of the Authority's funds are classified in one of the following categories.

Governmental funds tell how basic governmental services were paid for in the short-term as well as what remains for near future spending. These funds account for essentially the same services as those reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements.

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Because the governmental fund view does not include the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information following the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances that explains the differences between the two views.

Proprietary funds report on business type operations such as Bus, ASE, CTC, and Ferry, where the fees typically cover a portion of the costs of operations. These statements offer both long and short-term financial information. The Authority's enterprise funds, one type of proprietary fund, are a more detailed reporting of the amounts classified as business-type activities in the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information and explanation that is necessary for a full understanding of both the government-wide and fund statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Our analysis of the Authority's financial statements begins below. The statement of net position and the statement of activities, in summary format, follow. These two statements report the net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Authority's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, you will need to consider other nonfinancial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, regulation, and new government legislation.

To begin our analysis, a summary of the Authority's statement of net position is presented in Table A-1.

Table A-1Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	/pe Activities	Total			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Current and other assets	\$ 86,905,936	\$ 84,610,661	\$ 29,039,112	\$ 30,224,818	\$ 115,945,048	\$ 114,835,479		
Noncurrent assets	101,169,997	116,227,404	4,170,921	2,082,198	105,340,918	118,309,602		
Capital assets	85,543,223	54,088,077	217,674,950	196,144,116	303,218,173	250,232,193		
Total assets	273,619,156	254,926,142	250,884,983	228,451,132	524,504,139	483,377,274		
Deferred outflows - deferred								
amounts for pensions	6,562,240	6,551,700	6,704,906	7,352,985	13,267,146	13,904,685		
Current liabilities	13,340,225	8,890,528	15,304,180	10,385,287	28,644,405	19,275,815		
Long-term liabilities	216,691,407	193,696,512	4,720,817	4,248,964	221,412,224	197,945,476		
Total liabilities	230,031,632	202,587,040	20,024,997	14,634,251	250,056,629	217,221,291		
Deferred inflows of resources -								
pension and other	1 207 604	740 044	2 072 202	1 670 500	E 260 807	0 440 700		
post-employment benefits	1,397,604	743,211	3,872,203	1,670,522	5,269,807	2,413,733		
Deferred amounts for unavailable revenue	7,727,516	8,418,103	_	_	7,727,516	8,418,103		
Net position:	1,121,010	0,410,100			1,121,010	0,410,100		
Net investment in capital assets	13,526,149	13,532,813	217,674,950	196,144,116	231,201,099	209,676,929		
Restricted	(31,185,626)	(24,818,105)		-	(31,185,626)	(24,818,105)		
Unrestricted	58,684,121	61,014,780	16,017,739	23,355,228	74,701,860	84,370,008		
Total net position	\$ 41,024,644	\$ 49,729,488	\$ 233,692,689	\$ 219,499,344	\$ 274,717,333	\$ 269,228,832		

Statement of Net Position 2018 vs. 2017

The Authority's governmental activities show an increase of \$18.7 million or (7.33%) in total assets from 2017. Included in governmental activities are custodial projects which represent the sum total of planning, design and construction of assets that are built for others. In FY 2018, the change in total assets is attributable to an increase in project activity including the First Coast Flyer (Bus Rapid Transit) and JTAMobility Works programs.

Total liabilities for governmental activities increased by \$27.4 million or 13.6%. The primary contributors to the increase were related to amounts due for custodial projects due, increases in pension liabilities, and the major projects initiatives. The Governmental activities change in net position was a net decrease of \$8.7 million from the prior year.

Total assets for the Authority's business type activities increased \$22.43 million or 9.82% compared to 2017. This increase is attributable to the Authority's investment in capital assets.

Total liabilities for business type activities increased by \$5.39 million or 36.84% compared to 2017. This increase is centered in the current liabilities section for the Authority's accounts payable and internal balances.

A condensed summary of the Authority's revenues and expenses follows in Table A-2. While the Statement of Net Position shows the change in financial position, the Statement of Activities provides answers as to the nature and source of these changes.

Table A-2Condensed Statement of Activities

	 Government	tal Activities	 Business-Ty	be A	ctivities	Total			
	 2018	2017	2018		2017		2018		2017
Revenue:									
Program revenue:									
Charges for services	\$ -	\$-	\$ 24,966,068	\$	24,651,617	\$	24,966,068	\$	24,651,617
Operating grants and									
contributions	-	-	12,844,479		12,925,349		12,844,479		12,925,349
Capital grants and									
contributions	17,517,298	10,642,620	29,832,797		23,244,590		47,350,095		33,887,210
General revenue:									
Sales taxes	2,032,848	2,206,833	-		-		2,032,848		2,206,833
Intergovernmental	-	-	81,643,831		76,762,635		81,643,831		76,762,635
Investment earnings	2,004,370	1,059,659	42,798		138,310		2,047,168		1,197,969
Other general revenues	3,705,462	3,858,088	-		-		3,705,462		3,858,088
Loss on disposal of capital assets	 -		 (990,969)		(944,036)		(990,969)		(944,036)
Total revenue	 25,259,978	17,767,200	 148,339,004		136,778,465		173,598,982		154,545,665
Expenses:									
General government	3,687,047	3,684,493	-		-		3,687,047		3,684,493
Transportation and									
infrastructure projects	25,386,628	46,751,633	-		-		25,386,628		46,751,633
Interest on long-term debt	4,641,250	6,472,667	-		-		4,641,250		6,472,667
Bus	-	-	102,893,373		99,749,908		102,893,373		99,749,908
Automated skyway express	-	-	10,405,205		10,035,065		10,405,205		10,035,065
Community transportation	-	-	17,633,454		16,850,728		17,633,454		16,850,728
Ferry	 -		 3,213,627		2,635,099		3,213,627		2,635,099
Total expenses	 33,714,925	56,908,793	 134,145,659		129,270,800		167,860,584		186,179,593
Change in net position before transfers	(0 454 047)	(20 141 502)	14 102 245		7,507,665		E 700 000		(21 622 020)
Transfers	(8,454,947)	(39,141,593) 12,567,316	14,193,345		(12,567,316)		5,738,398		(31,633,928)
	 		 				<u> </u>		
Change in net position	(8,454,947)	(26,574,277)	14,193,345		(5,059,651)		5,738,398		(31,633,928)
Net position, beginning Cumulative effect of change in accounting	 49,729,488	76,303,765	 219,499,344		224,558,995		269,228,832		300,862,760
principle	(249,897)						(249,897)		
Net position, beginning (restated)	 49,479,591	- 76,303,765	- 219,499,344		- 224,558,995		268,978,935		300,862,760
Net position, ending	\$ 41,024,644	\$ 49,729,488	\$ 233,692,689	\$	219,499,344	\$	274,717,333	\$	269,228,832
· · ·	 		 						

Statement of Activities 2018 vs. 2017

For the Governmental activities, revenues increased \$7.49 million or 42.2% from the prior year. The increase is attributable to the increase in capital grants and contributions.

Expenditures for Governmental activities decreased by \$22.95 million or 40.3% compared to the previous year from \$56.9 million in 2017 to \$34 million in 2018. The primary contributor to this decrease in spending was lower expenditures for transportation and infrastructure projects.

Total revenues for Business-type activities increased by \$11.56 million or 8.46%. The increased revenue is primarily due to favorable intergovernmental revenue and an overall increase in capital grants in 2018 for the Authority's major project initiatives.

Expenditures for Business-type activities increased by \$4.87 million or 3.78%. The increased expenditure is primarily attributable to increased operating expenses for bus operations.

Financial Analysis of the Authority's Funds

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Of the Jacksonville Transportation Authority's Government Funds, the General Fund is primary fund. Total Sales Tax revenue for the general fund was budgeted at \$2.03 million. There was no variance between actual intergovernmental revenue as compared to the Final Budget.

General Government Expenditures for the general fund were budgeted (final) at \$2.26 million; the actual amount of expenditures was \$2.35 million. The general fund expenditures were unfavorable by \$87K or (.037%) compared to the final budget, primarily due to increased expenditures in general government.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of Fiscal Year 2018, the Authority showed \$303.2 million in both the governmental and business-type activities in a broad range of Land, Buildings, Vehicles, Equipment and Construction in Progress as shown in Table A-3.

Table A-3 Capital Assets

-	Goverr Activ			Business-Type Activities Tot							
	2018	2017	2018		2017		2018		2017		
Land	\$ 13,512,436	\$ 13,512,437	\$ 25,309,760	\$	24,812,801	\$	38,822,196	\$	38,325,238		
Land improvements	-	-	15,904,634		14,293,363		15,904,634		14,293,363		
Building and											
improvements	13,152	19,030	57,970,934		59,139,930		57,984,086		59,158,960		
Vehicles	-	-	52,020,560 51,587,098				52,020,560		51,587,098		
Furniture and office											
equipment	561	1,346	553,868		806,282		554,429		807,628		
Other equipment	-	-	9,394,477		10,181,735		9,394,477		10,181,735		
Construction in progress	-	-	56,520,717		35,322,907		56,520,717		35,322,907		
Construction in progress -											
custodial projects	 72,017,074	 40,555,264	 -		-		72,017,074		40,555,264		
Total	\$ 85,543,223	\$ 54,088,077	\$ 217,674,950	\$	196,144,116	\$	303,218,173	\$	250,232,193		

Debt Administration

In January 2015, the Authority issued \$97,485,000 in local option gas tax revenue bonds, Series 2015. The bonds are used to: (i) finance expenditures relating to the cost of transportation projects identified in the Authority's mobility program, and (ii) fund a debt service reserve. The Series 2015 issue has a final maturity of 2036. The outstanding bond balance as of September 30, 2018 was \$91,280,000. Interest rates range from 3% to 5%. The revenues of the local option gas tax have been pledged as collateral and the payments of the bonds are insured with a municipal bond issue insurance policy. The approximate amount of the pledge is equal to the remaining principal and interest of \$140,508,250. During 2018, \$18,338,499 of local option gas tax revenue was recognized and \$7,812,250 was paid for debt service and fees.

Next Year's Budget

The Authority's FY19 Budget is a continuing step in the transition to the agency of the future. While we continue to allocate resources and funding to ensure that we operate and serve JTA's customers efficiently and effectively, we are also dedicating a portion of the budget to major projects that position us to embrace technology and automation.

Operating expenses are increasing 6.9% overall versus the FY18 budget. 3.8% of this increase is due to ongoing operations. The remaining increases are attributed to the transition to the Jacksonville Regional Transportation Center, JTA's multi-modal transit hub and headquarters which will be finalized in early 2020; and the initialization of the Ultimate Urban Circulator, the conversion and extension of the existing Skyway and transition to fully autonomous vehicles.

Additionally, JTA has expanded our Bus Rapid Transit system through the introduction of the First Coast Flyer East line. With this 18.5 mile extension, the system is now at 39 of the total planned 57 miles.

All of these initiatives support JTA's vision of "universal access to dynamic transportation solutions".

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest therein. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information may be addressed to, Finance Department, Jacksonville Transportation Authority, 121 West Forsyth Street, Jacksonville, FL 32202

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities		Вι	usiness -Type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,351,918	\$	4,167,132	\$	17,519,050
Investments	Ŷ	59,905,520	Ť		Ŷ	59,905,520
Internal balances		9,375,636		(9,375,636)		-
Due from other governments		4,265,258		29,977,544		34,242,802
Accounts receivable, net		7,604		1,000,728		1,008,332
Inventory		7,004		2,612,053		2,612,053
Prepaids		_		657,291		657,291
Noncurrent assets:				007,201		007,201
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		12,683,645		_		12,683,645
Restricted investments		88,486,352		_		88,486,352
Net pension asset		00,400,002		4,170,921		4,170,921
•		-		4,170,921		4,170,921
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		10 510 406		25 200 760		20 022 100
Land		13,512,436		25,309,760		38,822,196
Construction in progress		-		56,520,717		56,520,717
Custodial projects - construction in progress		72,017,074		-		72,017,074
Land improvements		-		15,904,634		15,904,634
Buildings and improvements		13,152		57,970,934		57,984,086
Vehicles		-		52,020,560		52,020,560
Furniture and office equipment		561		553,868		554,429
Other equipment		-		9,394,477		9,394,477
Total assets		273,619,156		250,884,983		524,504,139
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Deferred amounts for pensions		6,562,240		6,704,906		13,267,146
		0,002,240		0,104,000		10,207,140
-						
Current liabilities:		4 070 400		0.050.000		40.007.007
Accounts payable		4,378,138		9,259,829		13,637,967
Accrued expenses		4,377,809		2,015,509		6,393,318
Due to other governments		-		1,849,617		1,849,617
Claims payable		-		2,061,049		2,061,049
Accrued compensated absences - current		150,000		118,176		268,176
Accrued interest		755,208		-		755,208
Revenue bonds payable		3,679,070		-		3,679,070
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Claims payable		-		2,948,956		2,948,956
Accrued compensated absences - noncurrent		217,428		1,326,973		1,544,401
Net pension liability		15,610,883		444,888		16,055,771
Revenue bonds payable		107,332,288		-		107,332,288
Other post-employment benefits obligation		169,469		-		169,469
Custodial projects - due to other governments		93.361.339		-		93.361.339
Total liabilities		230,031,632		20,024,997		250,056,629
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Deferred amounts for unavailable revenue		7,727,516				7,727,516
				2 972 202		
Deferred amounts for pensions		1,396,061		3,872,203		5,268,264
Deferred amounts for other post-employment						
benefits		1,543		-		1,543
Total deferred inflows		9,125,120		3,872,203		12,997,323
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		13,526,149		217,674,950		231,201,099
Restricted		(31,185,626)		-		(31,185,626)
Unrestricted		58,684,121		16,017,739	_	74,701,860
Total net position	\$	41,024,644	\$	233,692,689	\$	274,717,333

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended September 30, 2018

					Program Revenu	ie					oense) Revenue a jes in Net Positio		
Functions/Programs	ns/Programs Expenses			Charges or Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Primary Government				
		Experieee	· · ·		Contributione	`		G	Governmental Business-Type				
Transportation Authority:									Activities Activities			Total	
Governmental activities:	•		•		^	•		•		•		•	
General government	\$	3,687,047	\$	-	\$ -	\$		\$	(3,687,047)	\$	-	\$	(3,687,047)
Transportation and infrastructure projects		25,386,628		-	-		17,517,298		(7,869,330)		-		(7,869,330)
Interest on long-term debt		4,641,250		-			-		(4,641,250)				(4,641,250)
Total governmental activities		33,714,925		-			17,517,298		(16,197,627)		-		(16,197,627)
Business-type activities:													
Bus system		102,893,373		12,366,123	9,943,331		25,444,426		-		(55,139,493)		(55,139,493)
Automated skyway express		10,405,205		32,483	1,246,498		1,358,477		-		(7,767,747)		(7,767,747)
Community transportation coordinator		17,633,454		11,115,223	1,348,765		-		-		(5,169,466)		(5,169,466)
Ferry		3,213,627		1,452,239	305,885		3,029,894		-		1,574,391		1,574,391
Total business-type activities		134,145,659		24,966,068	12,844,479		29,832,797				(66,502,315)		(66,502,315)
Total Transportation Authority	\$	167,860,584	\$	24,966,068	\$ 12,844,479	\$	47,350,095		(16,197,627)		(66,502,315)		(82,699,942)
			Ge	neral revenues									
				Sales taxes					2,032,848		-		2,032,848
				Intergovernm	ental revenues				-		81,643,831		81,643,831
				Investment e	arnings				2,004,370		42,798		2,047,168
				Other	-				3,705,462		-		3,705,462
				Total ger	eral revenues				7,742,680		81,686,629		89,429,309
			Oth	ner expenses:									
				Loss on sale	of capital assets				-		(990,969)		(990,969)
			Change in net position						(8,454,947)		14,193,345		5,738,398
			Ne	t position - beg	inning of year				49,729,488		219,499,344		269,228,832
			Cu	mulative effect	of change in acc	count	ting principle		(249,897)		-		(249,897)
			Ne	t position - beg	inning of year (re	estate	ed)		49,479,591		219,499,344		268,978,935
			Ne	t position - enc	of year			\$	41,024,644	\$	233,692,689	\$	274,717,333

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET

September 30, 2018

		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,351,918	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,351,918
Investments		59,905,520		-		-		-		59,905,520
Due from other funds		20,172,513		-		1,572,787		-		21,745,300
Due from other governments		159,677		14,404		3,440,573		650,604		4,265,258
Accounts receivable		7,604		-		-		-		7,604
Restricted assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents		101,630		570,502		3,593,410		8,418,103		12,683,645
Investments		-		8,762,250		69,975,411		9,748,691		88,486,352
Total assets	\$	93,698,862	\$	9,347,156	\$	78,582,181	\$	18,817,398	\$	200,445,597
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	397,167	\$	-	\$	2,564,110	\$	1,416,861	\$	4,378,138
Accrued expenses	Ŷ	1,276,121	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	3,101,688	Ŷ		Ŷ	4,377,809
Due to other funds		-		2,430,324		8,816,599		1,122,741		12,369,664
Total liabilities		1,673,288		2,430,324		14,482,397		2,539,602		21,125,611
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenue		-		-		9,497		7,718,019		7,727,516
Fund balances: Spendable:										
Restricted		-		6,916,832		64,090,287		8,559,777		79,566,896
Assigned		82,800,400		-		-		-		82,800,400
Unassigned		9,225,174		-		-		-		9,225,174
Total fund balances		92,025,574		6,916,832		64,090,287		8,559,777		171,592,470
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources										
and fund balances	\$	93,698,862	\$	9,347,156	\$	78,582,181	\$	18,817,398	\$	200,445,597

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2018

Fund balances - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	\$ 171,592,470
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	85,543,223
Net liabilities for other post-employment benefits resulting from underfunding are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(169,469)
Net pension liability pertaining to the Florida Retirement System is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the	
funds.	(15,610,883)
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources are reported in the statement of net position but not in the governmental funds:	
Deferred outflows - pensions	6,562,240
Deferred inflows - pensions and OPEB	(1,397,604)
Long-term obligations related to custodial construction projects are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the	
funds.	(93,361,339)
Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Revenue bonds payable	(91,280,000)
Bond premium	(19,731,358)
Accrued interest	(755,208)
Accrued compensated absences	(367,428)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 41,024,644

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended September 30, 2018

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund	 Capital Projects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total iovernmental Funds
REVENUE:								
Intergovernmental:								
Sales taxes	\$ 2,032,848	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,032,848
Federal and state grants	-		15,557	8,994,407		-		9,009,964
City of Jacksonville	-		-	-		8,507,334		8,507,334
Investment earnings	460,112		113,562	1,299,121		131,575		2,004,370
Local assistance	-		30,000	1,087,600		-		1,117,600
Miscellaneous	 91,711		-	 -		-		91,711
Total revenues	 2,584,671		159,119	 11,381,128		8,638,909		22,763,827
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government	2,350,651		-	-		-		2,350,651
Transportation and infrastructure	,,							,,
projects	-		173,292	30,107,393		1,164,629		31,445,314
Debt service:			,					
Principal payment	-		-	-		3,150,000		3,150,000
Interest and other	-		-	-		4,662,250		4,662,250
Total expenditures	 2,350,651		173,292	 30,107,393		8,976,879		41,608,215
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures Other financing sources (uses):	234,020		(14,173)	(18,726,265)		(337,970)		(18,844,388)
Proceeds sale of surplus property	2,496,151		-	-		-		2,496,151
Net change in fund balances	 2,730,171		(14,173)	 (18,726,265)		(337,970)		(16,348,237)
Fund balances, beginning of year	 89,295,403		6,931,005	 82,816,552		8,897,747		187,940,707
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 92,025,574	\$	6,916,832	\$ 64,090,287	\$	8,559,777	\$	171,592,470

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances, total governmental funds	\$ (16,348,237)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Current year capital outlay	31,461,810
Current year depreciation expense Other adjustments - capital outlay	(4,605) 306,269
Other post employment benefits (OPEB) are recorded as an decrease in expenses and an decrease in the net OPEB liability on the statement of net position and are not recorded in the fund financial statements.	9,634
Other adjustments not recorded in the fund financial statements.	9,034 186,479
Costs associated with transportation and infrastructure projects constructed pursuant to agreements with the State of Florida and the City of Jacksonville are held as custodial assets until such time as the projects are completed, accepted and turned over to the State or City.	(26,256,988)
Changes in the net pension liability are not reported in the governmental funds because it does not require the use of current financial resources. These balances are reported in the government wide financial statements with the associated deferred inflows and outflows:	
Net effect of pension expense	(1,321,284)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities did not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Debt service principal payment	3,150,000
Accrued interest	21,000
Amortization of premium on revenue bonds	335,064
Compensated absences	 5,911
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (8,454,947)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2018

	Bus	ASE	 CTC	 Ferry	 Totals
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,881,655	\$ 224,383	\$ 920,587	\$ 140,507	\$ 4,167,132
Accounts receivable, net	551,620	61,830	105,240	282,038	1,000,728
Due from other funds	9,557,475	422,384	5,506,793	-	15,486,652
Due from other governments	25,771,105	1,554,143	1,430,962	1,221,334	29,977,544
Inventories	1,474,528	1,137,525	-	-	2,612,053
Prepaid expenses	512,290	 141,265	 1,646	 2,090	 657,291
Total current assets	40,748,673	 3,541,530	 7,965,228	 1,645,969	 53,901,400
Noncurrent assets:					
Net pension asset	4,170,921	-	-	-	4,170,921
Capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation	129,407,276	 69,297,790	3,367,604	 15,602,280	 217,674,950
Total noncurrent assets	133,578,197	 69,297,790	 3,367,604	 15,602,280	221,845,871
Total assets	174,326,870	 72,839,320	 11,332,832	 17,248,249	 275,747,271
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts for pension	6,704,906	 -	 -	 -	 6,704,906
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	5,442,198	708,894	1,966,154	1,142,583	9,259,829
Accrued expenses	1,890,740	101,913	22,856	-	2,015,509
Due to other funds	11,006,821	5,063,846	6,596,648	2,194,973	24,862,288
Due to other governments	1,849,617	-	-	-	1,849,617
Claims payable	2,061,049	-	-	-	2,061,049
Accrued compensated absences	102,500	 9,656	 6,020	 -	 118,176
Total current liabilities	22,352,925	 5,884,309	 8,591,678	 3,337,556	 40,166,468
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Net pension obligation	444,888	-	-	-	444,888
Claims payable	2,903,237	45,719	-	-	2,948,956
Accrued compensated absences	1,159,980	 103,115	 63,878	 -	 1,326,973
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,508,105	 148,834	 63,878	 -	 4,720,817
Total liabilities	26,861,030	6,033,143	8,655,556	3,337,556	44,887,285
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts for pension	3,872,203	-	-	-	3,872,203
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	129,407,276	69,297,790	3,367,604	15,602,280	217,674,950
Unrestricted (deficit)	20,891,267	 (2,491,613)	 (690,328)	 (1,691,587)	 16,017,739
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 150,298,543	\$ 66,806,177	\$ 2,677,276	\$ 13,910,693	\$ 233,692,689

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Bus	ASE	СТС	Ferry	Totals
Operating revenues:					
Passenger	\$ 11,884,018	\$-	\$ 1,031,393	\$ 1,452,129	\$ 14,367,540
Agency	-	-	10,083,442	-	10,083,442
Charter	9,106	-	-	-	9,106
Auxiliary transportation	348,145	-	-	-	348,145
Non-transportation	124,854	32,483	388	110	157,835
Total operating revenues	12,366,123	32,483	11,115,223	1,452,239	24,966,068
Operating expenses:					
Labor	35,109,824	2,520,182	2,399,565	193,252	40,222,823
Fringe benefits	18,091,282	1,285,060	1,014,422	58,957	20,449,721
Materials and supplies	8,697,406	888,456	2,153,489	250,445	11,989,796
Services	21,656,072	916,799	9,328,543	1,877,405	33,778,819
Casualty and insurance	1,649,582	329,131	13,813	1,470	1,993,996
Taxes and licenses	86,865	-	-	6,526	93,391
Other	3,740,880	1,136,484	838,369	99,119	5,814,852
Depreciation expense	13,861,462	3,329,093	1,885,253	726,453	19,802,261
Total operating expenses	102,893,373	10,405,205	17,633,454	3,213,627	134,145,659
Operating loss	(90,527,250)	(10,372,722)	(6,518,231)	(1,761,388)	(109,179,591)
Nonoperating revenues:					
Public funding					
United States government	5,717,866	1,246,498	1,348,765	305,885	8,619,014
State of Florida	4,225,465	-	-	-	4,225,465
City of Jacksonville	79,237,635	-	2,134,180	272,016	81,643,831
Investment earnings	40,971	1,753	74	-	42,798
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,012,842)	5,055	16,818		(990,969)
Total nonoperating revenues	88,209,095	1,253,306	3,499,837	577,901	93,540,139
Loss before capital contributions,					
transfers and special items	(2,318,155)	(9,119,416)	(3,018,394)	(1,183,487)	(15,639,452)
Capital contributions	25,444,426	1,358,477	-	3,029,894	29,832,797
Transfers in	-	5,256,399	1,475,069	999,665	7,731,133
Transfers out	(7,731,133)	-	-	-	(7,731,133)
Change in net position	15,395,138	(2,504,540)	(1,543,325)	2,846,072	14,193,345
Net position, beginning of year	134,903,405	69,310,717	4,220,601	11,064,621	219,499,344
Net position, end of year	\$ 150,298,543	\$ 66,806,177	\$ 2,677,276	\$ 13,910,693	\$ 233,692,689

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Bus		ASE		СТС		Ferry		Totals	
Cash flows from operating activities:										
Receipts from customers	\$1	2,098,630	\$	(13,177)	\$	11,030,589	\$	1,433,047	\$	24,549,089
Payments to suppliers	(2	7,478,604)		(3,516,269)		(10,572,125)		(1,134,524)		(42,701,522)
Payments to employees	(5	1,050,927)		(3,789,717)		(3,612,874)		(252,209)		(58,705,727)
Other receipts (payments)	(7,423,654)		1,386,913		(108,889)		(713,018)		(6,858,648)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(7	3,854,555)		(5,932,250)		(3,263,299)		(666,704)		(83,716,808)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:										
Intergovernmental revenue	7	9,237,635		-		2,134,180		272,016		81,643,831
Operating grants received		9,943,331		1,246,498		1,348,765		305,885		12,844,479
Transfers from other funds		-		5,256,399		1,475,069		999,665		7,731,133
Transfers (to) other funds	(7,731,133)		-		-		-		(7,731,133)
Net cash provided by noncapital										
financing activities	8	1,449,833		6,502,897		4,958,014		1,577,566		94,488,310
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:										
Capital contributions	2	5,444,426		1,358,477		-		3,029,894		29,832,797
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(3	4,520,648)		(2,274,017)		(1,585,387)		(3,944,012)		(42,324,064)
Net cash (used in) capital and related										
financing activities	(9,076,222)		(915,540)		(1,585,387)		(914,118)		(12,491,267)
Cash flows from investing activities:										
Interest on investments		40,971		1,753		74		-		42,798
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(1,439,973)		(343,140)		109,402		(3,256)		(1,676,967)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		4,321,628		567,523		811,185		143,763		5,844,099
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,881,655	\$	224,383	\$	920,587	\$	140,507	\$	4,167,132

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Bus	ASE	СТС	Ferry	Totals
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by	 				
(used in) operating activities:					
Operating loss	\$ (90,527,250)	\$ (10,372,722)	\$ (6,518,231)	\$ (1,761,388)	\$ (109,179,591)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to					
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation	13,861,462	3,329,093	1,885,253	726,453	19,802,261
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows:					
Accounts receivable	(43,151,482)	(9,865,448)	(15,361,618)	(4,688,067)	(73,066,615)
Inventory	278,314	67,642	-	-	345,956
Prepaid expenses	(2,583,506)	(27,035)	2,105	(2)	(2,608,438)
Deferred outflows	648,079	-	-	-	648,079
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows:					
Accounts payable	46,119,563	10,916,858	17,064,019	5,056,300	79,156,740
Accrued expenses	(116,353)	8,123	(212,402)	-	(320,632)
Accrued compensated absences	199,280	7,402	13,515	-	220,197
Net pension obligation	(134,429)	-	-	-	(134,429)
Claims payable	767,726	3,837	-	-	771,563
Deferred inflows	2,201,681	-	-	-	2,201,681
Unearned revenue	(1,417,640)	-	(135,940)	-	(1,553,580)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating					
activities	\$ (73,854,555)	\$ (5,932,250)	\$ (3,263,299)	\$ (666,704)	\$ (83,716,808)
Noncash capital and financing activities:					
Accounts payable for capital acquisitions	\$ 20,513	\$ -	\$ <u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 20,513

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -PENSION TRUST FUND

September 30, 2018

	JTM Salaried Employees
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 348,389
Investments:	
Money market	417,677
Government securities	51,580
Equity securities	214,322
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,031,968</u>
Net position	
Restricted for pensions	<u>\$ 1,031,968</u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2018

	JTM Salaried Employees		
Additions:			
Employer contribution	\$	397,716	
Other additions		4,153	
Total contributions		401,869	
Investment income		86,821	
Total contributions and net investment income		488,690	
Deductions:			
Benefit payments		218,587	
Other payments		24,769	
Total deductions		243,356	
Net change in plan net position		245,334	
Net position restricted for pensions, beginning of year		786,634	
Net position restricted for pensions, end of year	\$	1,031,968	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY

Established by the Florida Legislature in 1955, the Jacksonville Transportation Authority (the "JTA" or the "Authority") is a public body and corporate agency of the State of Florida under Chapter 349, as amended, Florida Statutes. The Authority is empowered to acquire, construct, operate and lease a mass transit system; it may plan, coordinate and recommend methods and facilities for the parking of vehicles and the movement of pedestrians and vehicular traffic; and it may issue evidences of indebtedness and secure payment thereof by pledge of its revenues.

It is also empowered to construct, improve, operate and lease the Jacksonville Expressway System and improvements thereto, to fix and collect rates, rentals and other charges for the services and facilities of such system; and to secure bonds by a pledge of such revenues and all or part of Duval County gasoline tax and sales tax funds pursuant to a lease-purchase agreement between the Authority and the State of Florida Department of Transportation (the "FDOT"). The FDOT maintains responsibility for the operation of the Expressway System with the exception of certain contract maintenance functions.

In fiscal year 2000, the Authority entered into an Interlocal Agreement ("ILA") with the City of Jacksonville (the "City") for the purpose of constructing the roadway and infrastructure projects of the Better Jacksonville Plan (the "Plan" or "BJP"), as defined in the ILA. Pursuant to this agreement, the Authority pledged its sales tax and the City pledged its Constitutional Gas Tax to the payment of bonds issued by the City to implement the Program (the "Bonds"). The Bonds are an obligation of the City and there is no guarantee by the Authority nor are any of the other Authority's revenues or assets pledged for such bonds except the sales tax. The ILA commenced on October 1, 2000 and continues in effect until all of the Bonds have been duly paid in full or defeased in accordance with their terms (see Note G). The terms of the ILA also requires that the City make available its Local Option Gas Tax to the Authority for the Authority's operation of its mass transit division. Any excess funds calculated pursuant to the terms of the ILA (as amended) will be allocated entirely to the Authority. The Authority may use these funds for any lawful purpose within its operating mission.

The Authority is fiscally dependent on the City under Section 14 of the City Charter through approval of its budget and there is a financial benefit/burden relationship between the two entities. Accordingly, the Authority has been determined to be a component unit of the City under Governmental Accounting Standards Board's ("GASB") applicable guidance. The Authority's governing body has seven members. Three members are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate; three members are appointed by the City's Mayor and confirmed by the City Council; and the seventh member is the District Two Secretary of the Florida Department of Transportation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Authority and its component units, entities for which the Authority is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the Authority's operation and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

Blended component unit

Jacksonville Transit Management, Inc. (the "JTM") is a not for profit, corporate entity responsible for the management of payroll and related benefits for drivers, mechanics and certain other employees who support the enterprise activities of the Authority. The Authority owns all of the stock of JTM, members of JTM's Board of Directors are appointed by the Authority, services are exclusively provided to JTA, and management of the Authority has operational responsibility for the component unit. The transactions of JTM are blended with the primary government, the Authority, and are included in the expenses of the Authority's enterprise funds.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund level statements. The government-wide statements report on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Authority. Both the government-wide and fund level statements classify primary activities of the Authority as either governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, or business-type activities, which are partially supported by user fees and charges.

The government-wide statement of net position reports all assets and liabilities of the Authority, including both long-term assets and long-term debt and other obligations. Net position, the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, are subdivided into three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints are imposed on the use of the amounts either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The statement of activities reports the degree to which direct expenses of Authority functions are offset by program revenues. Program revenues consist of charges for services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. Charges for services refer to amounts received from those who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Grants and contributions consist of revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program. The net cost of these programs is funded from general revenues such as taxes, unrestricted intergovernmental revenue and investment earnings.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The fund level statements report on governmental, proprietary and fiduciary activities, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund level financial statements. Since the fund level statements for governmental activities are presented using a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column (as discussed in Note B-1, under Basis of Accounting in this summary of significant accounting policies), a reconciliation is presented on the page following each fund level statements into the government-wide governmental column presentations.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. An exception to this is the Bus Fund's payments to the Community Transportation Coordinator (the "CTC") Fund in the amount of \$8,247,740 for services provided to the transportation disadvantaged. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for these funds.

The Authority's policy is to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, when both are available for use to fund an activity.

Fund structure: The Authority's accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting to enable compliance with limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to it. Under fund accounting, individual funds are established for the purpose of carrying on activities or attaining objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions or limitations. Each individual fund is a self-balancing set of accounts recording assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures/expenses and fund equity. For financial statement presentation, funds with similar characteristics are grouped into generic classifications as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A brief description of the Maior Funds follows:

Governmental funds: These funds report transactions related to resources received and used for those services traditionally provided by governmental agencies. The following are major governmental funds used by the Authority:

General fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Authority. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special revenue fund: The Special Revenue Fund receives money from other governmental agencies, primarily the State of Florida (the State) and the City of Jacksonville, to fund major capital improvement projects for those respective governments. Upon completion, ownership of the assets constructed (the accumulated costs of such assets) is transferred to the State or City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Capital projects fund</u>: The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports resources to be used for the construction of various transportation projects that are not accounted for in the proprietary funds.

In addition to the major governments funds presented above, the Authority has other governmental funds consisting of the remaining non-major funds primarily consists of the Authority's bond activity and restricted funds for specific roadway projects.

Proprietary funds: These funds are used to account for the financing of services to the public on a continuing basis with funding provided by Federal and State grants, local sales and fuel taxes and costs recovered partially through user charges. Major proprietary funds include:

<u>Bus</u>: The Bus Fund is used to account for the operation of the Authority's bus services. Operating revenue is provided through Federal and State grants, local sales and fuel taxes and passenger fares.

<u>ASE</u>: The Automated Skyway Express Fund is used to account for the Authority's local train service. Operating revenue is generally provided through passenger fares. During fiscal 2012, the Authority temporarily suspended the passenger fares to study the effect on ridership and the cost to operate the system. This suspension was in effect for all of fiscal 2018. Presently the Authority has not made a determination as to whether the user fees will be reinstated or if the suspension will become permanent.

<u>CTC</u>: The Community Transportation Coordinator Fund is used to account for paratransit service - Connexion; for disabled and transportation for disadvantaged riders. Operating revenue is provided through governmental grants and other sources.

<u>*Ferry:*</u> The Ferry Fund is used to account for the St. Johns River Ferry which is the Authority's car and passenger ferry service. The Ferry connects Mayport Village and Fort George Island in Northeast Florida.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the funds' principal ongoing operation.

The principal operating revenues for the Authority's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Since the rate structure of these funds is not sufficient to generate revenues to fully fund operating expenses or to fund acquisition, replacement and future expansion of property and equipment, the Authority is compelled to seek contributions-in-aid from local, state and federal sources, which are reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses include direct expenses of providing the goods or services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies applicable to the Authority:

1. Basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Intergovernmental revenues, grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Taxes such as sales and gas taxes are recognized based on the date of the underlying sales transactions.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they become both measurable and available). Measurable is the amount of the transaction that can be determined, available, and collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Generally, the Authority considers a 90 day availability period for revenue recognition.

Major revenues that are determined to be susceptible to accrual include taxes, intergovernmental revenue when eligibility requirements are met, charges for services and investment income. Taxes such as sales and gas taxes are recognized based on the date of the underlying sales transactions and if received within the Authority's period of availability for governmental funds.

Expenditures of governmental funds are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Expenditures related to pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are recognized when the Authority has made a decision to fund those obligations with current available resources.

2. Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes bank demand accounts, money market funds and investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3. Investments

Investments with a maturity date greater than one year from the purchase date are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices, and investments with a maturity date less than one year from the purchase date are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

During fiscal year 2016, the Authority implemented GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which applied GASB accounting concepts of fair value measurement to JTA's valuation. The statement requires additional analysis of fair value if the volume or level of activity for an asset or liability has significantly decreased. GASB Statement No. 72 also requires identification of transactions that are not orderly. The statement establishes a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value with three levels.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs-other than quoted prices-included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly;
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, such as management's assumption of the default rate among underlying mortgages of a mortgage-backed security. The implementation of this standard does not have a material effect on the Authority's reporting as the fair value measurement is already maintained by the Authority.

The Authority's pricing for investments is within various levels in the fair value hierarchy.

4. Accounts receivable and due from other governments

Customer accounts receivable consist of amounts owed from private individuals, organizations or agencies of the government for services. The allowance method is used to account for bad debt expense. All accounts receivable balances are shown net of the allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance is based on management's estimates using historical experience and current economic conditions. The allowance for doubtful accounts was approximately \$682,860 for the Bus fund at September 30, 2018, and all other receivables are considered fully collectible in the other funds. In addition, the Authority has recorded a due from other governments of \$34,242,802, which is considered fully collectible.

5. <u>Inventory and prepaid items</u>

Inventory consists of materials and supplies and is reported using the average cost method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and proprietary fund statement of net position. In the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, prepaid items are included in expenditures for the current period, when purchased.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

6. <u>Custodial assets/custodial liabilities</u>

Custodial assets generally consist of cash, cash equivalents, investments, certain amounts due from the City, and costs of infrastructure assets currently under construction for the benefit of the State and the City. After completion, the City or State, as appropriate, is responsible for maintaining the assets. Therefore, the Authority transfers such assets upon completion of the related construction project.

These assets are reported as custodial projects on the government-wide statement of net position because title of such assets does not transfer until the project is completed and accepted by the State or the City, as appropriate.

As these assets are being held in an agency-like capacity by the Authority, the revenues associated with the funding of these projects are reported as custodial projects and represent amounts due to other governments (liabilities) on the government-wide statement of net position, reflecting the Authority's obligation to the State or City.

7. Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at historical cost and are defined as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$3,000 and an estimated useful life exceeding one year.

The cost of improvements and replacements, which extend the useful lives of assets, are capitalized. Repairs and maintenance costs, which do not improve or extend the useful life of the respective assets, are charged to expense. Depreciation commences when the assets are placed in service. Property and equipment are depreciated by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

	Years
Land improvements	5 - 10
Buildings and improvements	10 - 40
Vehicles	3 - 25
Furniture and office equipment	3 - 12
Other equipment	3 - 10

As of September 30, 2018, there were no infrastructure assets owned by the Authority other than the custodial projects being constructed for other parties mentioned in Note E.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

8. <u>Compensated absences</u>

Employees accrue personal leave, or compensated absences, by prescribed formula based on length of service. All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as accrued liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The value of accumulated benefits earned by employees, that may be used in subsequent years or paid upon termination or retirement, is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends.

9. <u>Unearned/unavailable revenues</u>

Payments are recorded as unearned revenue in the government-wide and fund financial statements which have been received but which have not met revenue recognition requirements (not earned). In addition, amounts related to governmental fund receivables that are measurable, but not received within the Authority's period of availability, are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources entitled unavailable revenue in the governmental fund financial statements.

10. <u>Claims liability</u>

Provision for injury and damage losses are charged to operations based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling incurred claims and incurred but not reported claims using past experience adjusted for current trends.

11. Restricted assets

Certain assets of the Authority's governmental and proprietary funds are classified as restricted assets on the financial statements because their use is limited to the construction of capital assets or custodial projects through bond or loan covenants and other legal restrictions.

12. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period, and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. These items are reported as a category below the assets on the Statement of Net Position.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period, and as such will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These items are reported as a category below the liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

12. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (continued)

The Authority reports deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources that result from the activity in its defined benefit pension plans and other post-employment benefits. These activities include differences between expected and actual experience, and changes in actuarial assumptions, or other inputs. In addition, the Authority records a deferred inflow in its governmental funds for resources that are not available.

13. Net position and fund balances

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets: This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets, if any, reduce this category.

Restricted net position: This category represents the net position of the Authority, which is restricted by creditors, grantors or laws and regulations or legally enforceable enabling legislation which a party external to the Authority (such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary) can compel the Authority to honor.

Unrestricted net position: This category represents the net position of the Authority, which is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Governmental funds report fund balance either as non-spendable or spendable. Spendable balance are further classified as restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned, based on the extent to which there are external or internal constraints on the spending of these fund balance;

Nonspendable fund balance: Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance: This category represents the fund balance of the Authority, which is restricted by creditors, grantors or laws and regulations or legally enforceable enabling legislation which a party external to the Authority (such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary) can compel the Authority to honor.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

13. <u>Net position and fund balances (continued)</u>

Committed fund balance: Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors through passage of a resolution. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Authority removes those constraints by taking the same type of action.

Assigned fund balance: Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the Authority's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: (a) the Board of Directors or (b) the Chief Executive Officer.

Unassigned fund balance: Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance also includes any residual deficit fund balance of other governmental funds.

The Authority's policy is to expend resources in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

14. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions, such as the provisions for uninsured losses and pension costs, that affect the reported amounts of assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

1. Cash and cash equivalents

Custodial credit risk - deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority's policy to address custodial credit risk requires the Authority to maintain all deposits in qualified public depositories as defined in Chapter 280.02, Florida Statutes. Deposits whose value exceeds the limits of federal depository insurance are entirely insured or collateralized pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, *Florida Security for Public Deposits Act* (the Act). Under this Act, financial institutions which are qualified as public depositories place with the State Board of Administration, securities which have a market value equal to 50% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of applicable deposit insurance. The Public Deposit Security Trust Funds have a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof. At September 30, 2018, the Authority's demand deposits with banks were \$19,517,642 and its reported balances were \$18,489,106. The pension trust fund reported \$348,389 for cash and cash equivalents for the bank and account balances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

2. Investments

The Authority's Board approved its written investment policy on August 28, 2014. The policy complies with Florida Statute 218.415. The investment policy authorizes the following investments: Money market mutual funds, Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Funds, United States Government Securities, United States Government Agencies, interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts, repurchase agreements, commercial paper of a high rating A-1 P-1 as provided by one of the nationally recognized rating agencies, Standard & Poor's Corporation (S & P) or Moody's, fixed income mutual funds, and intergovernmental investment pols that are authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act. The policy also provides limits on individual issuers and rating requirement standards. Outside portfolio managers must review the portfolios they manage to ensure compliance with the Authority's diversification guidelines on an ongoing basis.

Investments are recorded at fair value (quoted market price or the best available estimate thereof), with the exception of the investments held by the Florida Treasury Investment Pool. The investments held by the Florida Treasury Investment Pool are recorded at amortized cost, which is consistent with the treatment of "2a-7 like" pool securities.

As of September 30, 2018, the Authority has restricted and unrestricted investments of \$109,382,673, money markets and bank accounts of \$50,725,328, and \$685,999 related to investments for the pension trust. The following is a schedule of investments by type:

	Government-	Pension Trust				
Investment Type	wide	Fund				
Stocks and EFTS	\$ -	\$	177,384			
U.S. Treasury bills/notes	50,342,046		-			
Federal agency bonds/notes	18,160,648		51,580			
Collateralized mortgage obligations	1,625,310		-			
Supranational agency	7,036,450		-			
Municipal obligations	1,625,146		-			
Corporate notes	11,731,460		39,358			
Asset backed securities	4,837,007		-			
Commercial paper	5,211,197		-			
Local Government Investment Pool	8,813,409		-			
Money market funds	50,725,328		417,677			
Total investments	\$ 160,108,001	\$	685,999			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

3. Interest rate risk and price level

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of an investment's fair value is to change in market interest rates. The Authority's investment policy limits the investing of current operating funds to investments with maturities of not more than 12 months. Investment maturities for bond reserves, construction funds, and other non-operating funds are limited to 5 years with the weighted average maturity not to exceed 3 years. This policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing the Authority's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. JTA has adopted GASB No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This statement establishes a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

- > Level 1 quoted market prices in active markets
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 unobservable inputs

The following table presents the investments as of September 30, 2018. The Authority had the following debt-type investments and maturities measured at fair value. Investments are recorded at fair value quoted market price or the best available estimate thereof. The pricing for investments is shared between levels in the fair value hierarchy.

	Remaining maturity (in years)											
		Less than	1-5		6-10	More	e than		Fair			
Investment type		1 year	years	years		10	years		value			
U.S. Treasury bills/notes	\$	35,825,614	\$ 14,516,432	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,342,046			
Federal agency bonds/notes		15,222,289	2,938,359		-		-		18,160,648			
Collateralized mortgage obligations		66,512	1,558,798		-		-		1,625,310			
Supranational agency		1,029,761	6,006,689		-		-		7,036,450			
Municipal obligations		1,042,088	583,058		-		-		1,625,146			
Corporate notes		321,563	11,409,897		-		-		11,731,460			
Asset backed securities		166,757	4,670,250		-		-		4,837,007			
Commercial paper		5,211,197	-		-		-		5,211,197			
Local Government Investment Pool		8,813,409	-		-		-		8,813,409			
Money market funds		50,725,328							50,725,328			
	\$	118,424,518	\$ 41,683,483	\$	-	\$	-	\$	160,108,001			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

4. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. As a means of limiting its exposure to credit risk, the Authority's policy is to strictly limit its investments in permitted investment vehicles authorized by the policy, which are generally recognized as elements of a conservative investment portfolio that carries minimal credit risk exposure. U.S. Government securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, therefore a credit rating is not assigned. The Authority's investments are rated as follows:

	S&P's Credit	
Investment type	Rating	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury bills/notes	AA+	\$ 50,342,046
Federal Agency	AA+	18,160,648
Federal Agency Mortgage-Backed	AA+	1,323,602
Federal Agency CMO	AA+	301,708
Commercial paper	A-1+	4,230,181
Commercial paper	A-1	981,016
Corporate notes	AA+	594,493
Corporate notes	AA	812,374
Corporate notes	AA-	820,968
Corporate notes	A+	2,616,357
Corporate notes	А	3,095,893
Corporate notes	A-	2,704,866
Corporate notes	BBB+	1,086,509
Supranationals	AAA	7,036,450
Municipals	AA	1,042,088
Municipals	AA-	583,058
Asset Backed Securities	AAA	2,957,566
Asset Backed Securities	NR	1,879,441
Local Government Investment Pool	AAAf	8,413,640
Local Government Investment Pool	AAAm	399,769
Money market funds	AAAm	50,725,328
		\$ 160,108,001

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

5. Custodial credit risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Authority's investment policy requires securities to be held by a third party custodian and be properly designated as an asset of the Authority and held in the Authority's name. As of September 30, 2018, the Authority's investments were held with a third-party custodian as required by the Authority's investment policy.

The investment policy authorizes the following maximum permissible concentrations based on book values: United States Government Securities (100%), United States Government Agencies (80%), interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts (25%), repurchase agreements (25%), commercial paper (25%) of a high rating A-1 P-1 as provided by one of the nationally recognized rating agencies, Standard & Poor's corporation (S & P) or Moody's, fixed income mutual funds (25%), and intergovernmental investment pools (25%) that are authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act.

The policy further allows that 100% of the portfolio can be comprised of any of the following instruments: money markets mutual funds, Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Funds, United States Government Securities and Federal Instrumentalities.

	Fair	% of
Issuer	value	Portfolio
U.S. Treasury	\$ 50,342,046	31.44%
Money market funds	50,725,328	31.68%
Federal Agency	18,160,648	11.34%
Corporate Note	11,731,460	7.33%
Local government investment pool	 8,813,409	5.50%
	\$ 139,772,891	87.30%

Investments that represent more than 5% of the Authority's investments are listed below:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a schedule of changes in capital assets of the governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases			Ending Balance
Governmental activities						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 13,512,436	\$ -	\$	-	\$	13,512,436
Construction in progress - custodial						
projects	 40,555,264	 31,461,810		-		72,017,074
Total capital assets,						
not being depreciated	 54,067,700	 31,461,810		-		85,529,510
Capital assets, being depreciated						
Buildings and improvements	311,681	-		20,434		291,247
Vehicles	114,762	-		-		114,762
Furniture and office equipment	 31,408	-		2,209		29,199
Total capital assets,						
being depreciated	457,851	-		22,643		435,208
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	292,651	4,031		18,587		278,095
Vehicles	114,762	-		-		114,762
Furniture and office equipment	 30,062	574		1,998		28,638
Total accumulated						
depreciation	 437,475	4,605		20,585		421,495
Total capital assets,						
being depreciated, net	 20,376	 (4,605)		2,058		13,713
Governmental activities						
capital assets, net	\$ 54,088,076	\$ 31,457,205	\$	2,058	\$	85,543,223

Depreciation expense was \$4,605 for the year ended September 30, 2018 related to the buildings and improvements for the governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

The following is a schedule of changes in capital assets of the enterprise funds for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 24,812,801	\$ 496,959	\$-	\$ 25,309,760
Construction in progress	35,322,907	42,446,825	21,249,015	56,520,717
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	60,135,708	42,943,784	21,249,015	81,830,477
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	30,236,690	7,454,383	3,489,367	34,201,706
Buildings and improvements	135,794,302	3,304,541	693,297	138,405,546
Vehicles	114,686,042	10,541,343	2,500	125,224,885
Furniture and office equipment	2,721,189	39,719	12,574	2,748,334
Other equipment	90,053,791	3,585,341	681,862	92,957,270
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	373,492,014	24,925,327	4,879,600	393,537,741
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	15,943,327	2,356,919	3,174	18,297,072
Buildings and improvements	76,654,372	3,847,764	67,524	80,434,612
Vehicles	63,098,944	10,105,381	-	73,204,325
Furniture and office equipment	1,914,907	280,755	1,196	2,194,466
Other equipment	79,872,056	3,847,079	156,342	83,562,793
Total accumulated				
depreciation	237,483,606	20,437,898	228,236	257,693,268
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	136,008,408	4,487,429	4,651,364	135,844,473
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 196,144,116	\$ 47,431,213	\$ 25,900,379	\$ 217,674,950

Increases to accumulated depreciation contain certain adjusting amounts not related to current year depreciation expense. Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2018 related to enterprise funds amounted to:

Bus services	\$ 13,861,462
Automated skyway express	3,329,093
Transportation disadvantaged	1,885,253
Ferry	726,453
Total depreciation expense	\$ 19,802,261

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE E - CUSTODIAL PROJECTS

Custodial projects are reported in the governmental activities on the statement of net position. The following is a schedule of changes in custodial construction projects until completion, acceptance and transfer of title for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	Beginning balance	Current year roject costs/ increases	Completed projects/ decreases	Ending balance	
Restricted cash and investments	\$ 26,549,087	\$ 12,546,033	\$ (17,750,855)	\$ 21,344,265	
Construction in progress	40,555,264	 31,461,810	 -	72,017,074	
	\$ 67,104,351	\$ 44,007,843	\$ (17,750,855)	\$ 93,361,339	
Reconcilation of custodial projects:					
		stricted cash a	\$ 21,344,265		

	ψ	21,344,203
Construction in progress - Grant capital plan		32,235,238
Construction in progress - JTA mobility works program		39,781,836
	\$	93,361,339

NOTE F - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

During the normal course of operations, numerous transactions occur between funds. The following is a schedule of interfund balances at September 30, 2018:

	 Receivable Fund:											
	 Capital											
	General		Projects		Bus		ASE		CTC			
	 Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total	
Payable Fund:												
Special revenue fund	\$ 2,325,878	\$	-	\$	104,446	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,430,324	
Capital projects fund	545,925		-		8,243,124		27,550		-		8,816,599	
Other government fund	169,776		952,965		-		-		-		1,122,741	
Enterprise fund - Bus	5,291,040		-		-		372,997		5,342,784		11,006,821	
Enterprise fund - ASE	4,899,837		-		-		-		164,009		5,063,846	
Enterprise fund- CTC	5,976,826		619,822		-		-		-		6,596,648	
Enterprise fund - Ferry	 963,231		-		1,209,905		21,837		-		2,194,973	
	\$ 20,172,513	\$	1,572,787	\$	9,557,475	\$	422,384	\$	5,506,793	\$	37,231,952	

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates expenses are incurred and payments between funds are made, which are expected to be collected in subsequent years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE F - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (continued)

Transfers of net resources from a fund receiving revenue to a fund in which the resources are to be expended are recorded as operating transfers.

		Transfers to										
		CTC Fund	Ec	erry Fund		ASE Fund		Total				
	Fund				i en y i unu				TUIAI			
Transfer from												
General fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Enterprise fund - Bus		-		1,475,069		999,665		5,256,399		7,731,133		
	\$	-	\$	1,475,069	\$	999,665	\$	5,256,399	\$	7,731,133		

Interfund transfers were made from the Bus fund to support the operating activities of the Skyway, Connexion, and Ferry.

NOTE G - LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Long term debt and other liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

	bala	Beginning ance, restated*	Additions			Reductions	Ending balance	_	Due within one year
Governmental activities:									
Revenue bonds	\$	94,430,000	\$	-	\$	3,150,000	\$ 91,280,000	\$	3,275,000
Unamortized original									
issue premium		20,066,422		-		335,064	19,731,358		404,070
Accrued interest		776,208		755,208		776,208	 755,208		755,208
Total interest and bonds payable		115,272,630		755,208		4,261,272	111,766,566		4,434,278
Accrued compensated absences		373,339		379,891		385,802	367,428		150,000
Net pension liability *		14,931,910		678,973		-	15,610,883		-
OPEB liability *		179,103		-		9,634	169,469		-
Custodial projects - due to other									
governments		67,104,351		44,007,843		17,750,855	 93,361,339		-
Governmental activities long-term									
liabilities	\$	197,861,333	\$	45,821,915	\$	22,407,563	\$ 221,275,685	\$	4,584,278
D									
Business-type activities:			•						
Accrued compensated absences	\$	1,224,952	\$	1,764,360	\$	1,544,163	\$ 1,445,149	\$	118,176
Claims payable		4,238,439		1,556,892		785,326	5,010,005		2,061,049
Net pension liability		579,317		-		134,429	 444,888		-
Business activities long-term									
liabilities	\$	6,042,708	\$	3,321,252	\$	2,463,918	\$ 6,900,042	\$	2,179,225

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE G - LONG TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

In January 2015, the Authority issued \$97,485,000 in local option gas tax revenue bonds, Series 2015. The bonds are used to: (i) finance expenditures relating to the cost of transportation projects identified in the Authority's mobility program, and (ii) fund a debt service reserve. The Series 2015 issue has a final maturity of 2036. The outstanding bond balance as of September 30, 2018 was \$91,280,000. Interest rates range from 3% to 5%. The revenues of the local option gas tax have been pledged as collateral and the payments of the bonds are insured with a municipal bond issue insurance policy. The approximate amount of the pledge is equal to the remaining principal and interest of \$140,508,250. During 2018, \$18,338,499 of local option gas tax revenue was recognized and \$7,812,250 was paid for debt service and fees.

The Authority recognized two months of accrued interest in the amount of \$755,208 for an interest payment due on February 1, 2019. The next principal payment in the amount of \$3,275,000 due on August 1, 2019. The current portion of the revenue bonds payable including the current amortization of the bond premium is \$3,679,070 as presented in the Statement of Net Position, governmental activities.

Years ending September 30:	 Principal	Interest		 Total	
2019	\$ 3,275,000	\$	4,531,250	\$ 7,806,250	
2020	3,405,000		4,400,250	7,805,250	
2021	3,575,000		4,230,000	7,805,000	
2022	3,755,000		4,051,250	7,806,250	
2023	3,945,000		3,863,500	7,808,500	
2024-2028	22,870,000		16,155,500	39,025,500	
2029-2033	29,195,000		9,836,000	39,031,000	
2034-2036	21,260,000		2,160,500	 23,420,500	
	\$ 91,280,000	\$	49,228,250	\$ 140,508,250	

Debt Maturities

NOTE H - OPERATING LEASE

On July 28, 2015, the Authority entered into a second operating lease for the Church Street premises, an 18 month period expiring on January 31, 2017. On December 20, 2017, a second amendment was executed to further extend the terms of the lease to expire on January 31, 2020. For the year end September 30, 2018, total cost for the Church Street lease was \$51,200.

On July 1, 2014, the Authority entered into a 60 month operating lease for the 121 Atlantic Place expiring on November 30, 2019, with three year renewal options. For the year end September 30, 2018, total cost for the building lease was \$607,916.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE H - OPERATING LEASE (continued)

The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

		12	1 Atlantic
Chu	Church Street Place		
\$	52,800	\$	624,420
	17,600		104,528
\$	70,400	\$	728,948
	Chu \$ \$	\$ 52,800 17,600	Church Street \$ 52,800 \$ 17,600 \$

NOTE I - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to injury and damage claims arising from operations. The Authority is self-insured for general liability and automobile liability and purchases stop loss insurance which caps the Authority's liability at \$300,000 per claim. Stop loss insurance is limited to \$2 million for product liability (automobile) and \$1 million for personal injury. The Authority purchases commercial insurance for group health insurance, workers compensation and destruction of property.

Claim liabilities include an amount for known claims and claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs) for which a loss is probable. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. The liability is reported in the Enterprise Funds. During fiscal year 2018, individual injury and damage claims in excess of \$200,000 and \$300,000 per occurrence were subject to the Florida Sovereign Immunity Law.

Changes in the estimated liability for the self-insurance program consisted of the following:

				Current year claims and				
Fiscal year ended		Beginning	changes in			Claims		Ending
September 30,		Balance	e estimates		paid		Balance	
2016	\$	4,416,737	\$	609,168	\$	863,430	\$	4,162,475
2017	\$	4,162,475	\$	952,414	\$	876,450	\$	4,238,439
2018	\$	4,238,439	\$	1,556,892	\$	785,326	\$	5,010,005

NOTE J - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Construction commitments: The Authority as a whole had construction and construction-related commitments related to the Custodial Projects discussed at Note E amounting to approximately \$72,017,074 at September 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

JTAMobility Works Program: As of July 29, 2014, the Authority and the City of Jacksonville entered into an interlocal agreement (ILA) for the purpose of constructing roadway projects as defined in the JTAMobility Works Program CIP plan. As of the effective date of the ILA, the City of Jacksonville pledged its Duval Authority local option gas tax revenues to pay the debt service on transportation revenue bonds issued by the Authority to fund such roadway projects under the JTAMobility Works Program. All such bonds are revenue obligations, secured solely by the Local Option Gas Taxes collected in Duval Authority, and there is no guarantee by the City or any other Authority revenues or assets pledged for such bonds.

Better Jacksonville Plan: As of October 1, 2000, the Authority and the City of Jacksonville entered into an ILA for the purpose of constructing roadway projects as defined in the Better Jacksonville Plan. As of the effective date of the ILA, the Authority pledged its Duval County sales tax revenues to pay the debt service on transportation revenue bonds issued by the City of Jacksonville to fund such roadway projects under the Better Jacksonville Plan. All such bonds are revenue obligations, secured solely by the Transportation Discretionary Sales Surtax and Constitutional Gas Taxes collected in Duval County, and there is no guarantee by the Authority nor are any of the Authority revenues or assets pledged for such bonds.

Grant funding: Federal and State grant awards are audited in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the Florida Single Audit Act. These grant awards are subject to audit by the respective grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting for a federal audit may become a liability of the Authority. It is management's opinion that no material liabilities will result from any such grantor audits.

Union contracts: At September 30, 2018, the Authority employed a total of 808 employees. The employees covered under union contracts represents 71.5% or 578 of the total Authority's employees. The Amalgamated Transit Local Union No. 1197 covers bus operators. Its three- year contract, representing 386 employees, expires September 30, 2020.

The American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees Florida Council 79, (AFSCME), covers 27 dispatchers and operations supervisors. This three year contract expires May 20, 2019.

There are 150 mechanics and utility employees who operate under a contract with the International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers Union No. 759. This three year contract expires November 2, 2020. Additionally, under the same Union, there are 15 customer service employees that are covered under a separate three year contract which expires January 18, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Purchase commitment: On November 25, 2014 the Authority entered into a 15-year purchase agreement with a third party vendor for compressed natural gas. This agreement was amended on September 30, 2016. The amended agreement requires the purchase of compressed natural gas starting at a rate of \$1.257 per diesel gas equivalent (DGE) and increasing to \$1.346 per DGE. There is a minimum annual volume that must be purchased starting at 126,563 DGEs and increasing to a total of 843,750 DGEs at the end of the 15 year period. The Authority has estimated the 15 year cost of this agreement, based on the minimum purchase requirements, will be approximately \$23.5 million (including infrastructure costs), as compared to a cost of \$28.5 if diesel fuel continued to be used.

On November 16, 2017 the Authority entered into an agreement with a third party supplier for Design-Build services on Kernan Boulevard from Atlantic Boulevard to McCormick Road. This agreement is for the design and construction of the roadway widening project to reconstruct Kernan Boulevard from a four-lane to a six-lane urban roadway between Atlantic Boulevard and Matthew Unger Drive and four lanes from Matthew Unger Drive to McCormick Road. The road will have raised medians, curb and gutter, sidewalks, bike lanes, a 12-foot multi-use path on the eastside of the road and utility improvements. Total compensation under this agreement is \$21,647,614 with completion anticipated in July 2020.

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Pension plan of the primary government: The administrative employees of the Authority participate in the Florida Retirement System (the "FRS") defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State of Florida Department of Administration, Division of Retirement, to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the Authority for participant eligibility, contribution requirements, vesting eligibility and benefit provisions.

Benefits are determined by category and length of service and the applicable contribution rates are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Membership category	Benefit	Vesting	July 1, 2017 Employer contribution rate	July 1, 2018 Employer contribution rate
Regular	1.6% times years of service times average compensation (8 highest years) if age 65 or 33 years of services at any age.	Choice Pension - after 6 years of creditable service if actively employed on July 1, 2001 or 8 years is initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 Investment - after 1 year of creditable service.	7.92%	8.26%
Senior Management	2.0% times years of service times average compensation (8 highest years) if age 65 or 33 years of services at any age	Choice Pension - after 6 years of creditable service if actively employed on July 1, 2001 or 8 years is initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 Investment - after 1 year of creditable service.	22.71%	24.06%
Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)	Accumulated FRS benefits earn 1.3% effective annual interest compounded monthly for a period up to 60 months after becoming vested, having reached normal retirement date, and remaining employed.	Subject to normal system vesting provision for membership category	13.26%	14.03%

All of the above employer contribution rates include 1.66% for a post-retirement health insurance subsidy as part of the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Plan. The Regular and Senior Management rates also include .06% for an administrative and educational fee.

Participating employer contributions are based upon actuarially determined state-wide rates established by the State of Florida, that expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employee contribution rates are 3% for regular employees and senior management. There is no employee contribution for employees enrolled in DROP.

Contributions to the FRS were \$1,224,172 for the year ended September 30, 2018, which was equal to the required contributions for each year.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Division of Retirement, 2639 North Monroe Street, Building C, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1560.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68

As a participating employer, the Authority applies GASB Statement No. 68, as amended, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which requires employers participating in cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans to report the employers' proportionate share of the net pension liabilities and related pension amounts of the defined benefit pension plans.

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Pension Plan)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>:

At September 30, 2018, the Authority reported a net pension liability of \$10,554,467 for its proportionate share of the plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's 2017-18 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2016-17 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the Authority's proportionate share was .03504% of the net pension liability which was .00110% increase from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the Authority recognized the FRS Plan pension expense of \$1,046,798. In addition, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	(Outflow of		Inflow of
Description	F	Resources	F	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	894,122	\$	32,452
Change of assumptions		3,448,687		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on FRS pension plan investments		-		815,461
Change in proportion and differences between Authority				
FRS contributions and proportional share of contributions		617,335		-
Authority FRS contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		250,989		-
	\$	5,211,133	\$	847,913

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$250,989 resulting from Authority contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	[Deferred		
Years ending	Outflows/			
September 30:	(inflows), net			
2019	\$	776,363		
2020		686,028		
2021		597,516		
2022		555,757		
2023		541,446		
Thereafter		955,121		

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions which were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013 experience observation period:

Inflation	2.60%
Salary Increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB with details in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation report for plan funding purposes.

The long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.00% used in GASB discount rate calculations consists of two building block components: 1) a real return of 4.4%, which is consistent with one capital market outlook model developed during 2018 by the outside investment consultant to the Florida State Board of Administration; 2) a long-term average annual inflation assumption of 2.6% as most recently adopted in October 2018 by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. The table below shows a summary of Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the 2.60% inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on forward- looking capital market economic model.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

			Compound	
		Annual	annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation (1)	return	return	deviation
Cash equivalents	1%	2.9%	2.9%	1.8%
Fixed income	18%	4.4%	4.3%	4.0%
Global equity	54%	7.6%	6.3%	17.0%
Real estate (property)	11%	6.6%	6.0%	11.3%
Private equity	10%	10.7%	7.8%	26.5%
Strategic investments	6%	6.0%	5.7%	8.6%
Total	100%			
Assumed inflation - mean			2.6%	1.9%

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Note: (1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The FRS Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

<u>Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes</u> in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.00%		 Current rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%		
Net Pension Liability - FRS	\$	19,262,345	\$ 10,554,467	\$	3,322,060	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)

<u>Plan Description</u>. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan established under and administered under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. For the Authority's fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum HIS payment is \$30 and the maximum HIS payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive HIS Plan benefits, a retiree under a State administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u>. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Authority contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The Authority's contributions to the HIS Plan were \$246,140 for the year ended September 30, 2018 which was equal to the required contributions.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>:

At September 30, 2018, the Authority reported a net pension liability of \$5,056,416 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, July 1, 2018. The Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's 2017-18 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2017-18 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the Authority's proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS) (continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)</u>:

For the Authority's fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the Authority recognized the HIS Plan pension expense of \$274,486. In addition, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following resources:

Description	(Deferred outflow of esources	i	Deferred inflow of esources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	77,411	\$	8,591
Change of assumptions		562,336		534,607
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on HIS pension plan investments		3,052		-
Change in proportion and differences between Authority				
HIS contributions and proportional share of contributions		646,796		4,950
Authority HIS contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date		61,512		
	\$	1,351,107	\$	548,148

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$61,512 for 2018 resulting from Authority contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending September 30:	Deferred outflows/ (Inflows), net
2019	\$ 175,733
2020	175,733
2021	150,140
2022	119,504
2023	56,297
Thereafter	64,040

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS) (continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)</u>:

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions which were based on the results of an actuarial experience study of the FRS for the period July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013:

Inflation Salary increases Municipal bond rate 2.60% 3.25%, average, including inflation 3.87%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB, in the July, 1, 2018 valuation report.

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability relating to the HIS Plan was 3.87% for 2018. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

<u>Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes</u> <u>in the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability, for the HIS Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 3.87%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (2.87%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.87%) than the current rate:

		Decrease 2.87%	(Current rate 3.87%		1% Increase 4.87%	
Net pension liability - HIS	\$ 5,758,961		\$	5,056,416	\$	4,470,803	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Pension plans of Jax Transit Management Corp. (JTM)

JTM (a component unit) makes contributions to a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan for the JTM employees (mechanics) represented by the International Association of Machinists union. JTM also maintains two single-employer defined benefit pension plans, which cover general (salaried) employees and bus operators for the Authority's proprietary activities.

International Association of Machinists (IAM) Pension Plan

Mechanics and other technicians whose job classification is within the bargaining unit represented by the International Association of Machinists ("IAM") union participate in the IAM defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement plan administered by the union to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating employees. As of September 30, 2018, 150 of the Authority's employees were covered under this plan. The plan documents for the IAM National Pension Fund establish the authority for participant eligibility, contribution requirements, vesting eligibility and benefit provisions. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits are determined by category and length of service as follows:

Membership Category	Retirement Benefit	Vesting	Employer	January 1, 2017 Employer Contribution rate
Regular	Benefit calculated based upon the participants age of retirement, the participants amounts of credited service, the contribution rates paid by contributing employer on the participants behalf, and the form of payment chosen by the participant at retirement.	After 5 years of vesting service or five years of future service credit	\$3.90 per hour	\$3.90 per hour

Participating employer contributions are based upon the collective bargaining agreement for mechanics and utility employees in effect through November 2, 2020 that, expressed as an hourly rate, are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. No employee contributions are required.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

International Association of Machinists (IAM) Pension Plan (continued)

The payments made to the IAM plan in the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$1,156,396, \$1,147,357, and \$1,055,119 respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Defined Benefit Pension Plans Sponsored by Jax Transit Management Corp.

Salaried Plan description: The Authority contributes to the Jax Transit Management Corp. (JTM) Retirement Plan for Salaried Employees, a single-employer defined benefit plan which covers all salaried employees on JTM's payroll whose job classifications are not represented by unions. The Salaried Employees plan was established by JTM on January 1, 1963. A committee comprised of three JTM employees and three employees of the Authority administer the Salaried Employees Plan.

Drivers Plan description: The Authority also contributes to the Amalgamated Jax Transit Management, Corp. Pension Plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan which covers all full and part-time bus operators on JTM's payroll whose job classification is within the bargaining unit represented by the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 1197. The Drivers Plan was established on May 1, 1964 by JTM. The plan is administered by a six-member Board of Control. The Authority has no fiduciary responsibility for the plan assets of the Drivers plan, thus the net position of this plan is not reported as a pension trust fund. The plan issues an available financial report which may be obtained by writing or calling the plan administrator, Reliance Trust at 1000 Abernathy Rd. NE, Suite 400, Atlanta GA 30328-5634 or (800) 749-0752.

As of December 31, 2017, employee membership data related to both of these plans was as follows:

	Salaried	Drivers
	Employees	Plan
Active employees:		
Nonvested	-	88
Partially vested	1	-
Fully vested	11	258
Retirees and beneficiaries currently		
receiving benefits	2	221
Terminated plan members entitled to		
but not yet receiving benefits	10	142
	24	709

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans Sponsored by Jax Transit Management Corp. (continued)

The following is a summary of funding policies, contribution methods and benefit provisions:

	Salaried Employees	Drivers Plan
Determination of contribution requirements	Actuarially determined	Contracted pursuant to union negotiations
Employer	Paid quarterly	\$2.66 per hour
Funding of administrative costs	Paid by JTM	Paid by plan assets
Period required to vest	6 years	5 years
Postretirement benefit increases	Not applicable	Not applicable
Eligibility for distribution	Normal retirement: The first day of the calendar month coincident with or next following the attainment of age 65 or the 5th year of plan participation, if later. Early retirement: attainment of age 55 and completed 5 years of plan participation as well as 5 years of service.	The earlier of (1) the Anniversary Date on which the participant reaches age 62 and completes 30 Years of vesting service or (2) the latter of attainment of age 65 and 5 years of participation. Early retirement: attainment of age 62 and completion of 20 vesting year of service.
Benefit provisions	1.5% average monthly compensation multiplied by total years of service (up to 60 years)	\$60 per month multiplied by years of service limited to 30 years, effective 10/1/2017

Funding policies: The following table provides information concerning funding policies:

	Salaried employees	Drivers Plan
Valuation date	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Amortization period	10 years	10 years
Actuarial asset valuation method	Market value	Market value
Actuarial assumptions:		
Assumed rate of return on investments	6% compounded annually	7% compounded annually
Projected salary increases	Assumed 3% per year	2.5% per year
Mortality rates	IRC 430(h) combined	SOA RP-2014 blue collar mortality with
	table for 2015	Scale MP-2017
Postretirement benefit increases (maximum)	None	None
Inflation	2.0%	2.5%

The Salaried Plan's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentage of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Level percentages of payroll contribution rates are determined using the modified unit credit method. Significant actuarial assumptions used to compute contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the pension benefit obligation described above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans Sponsored by Jax Transit Management Corp. (continued)

Investments - Salaried Employee Plan

A committee comprised of three JTM employees and three Authority employees administers the Jax Transit Management, Corp. Salaried Employee Plan. The committee has the authority to establish and amend investment policy including decisions regarding asset allocation. It is the policy of the committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The following was the committee's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2018:

Target Allocation
41%
7%
52%
100%

The expected return on investments is determined from a building block approach that includes components for inflation, real risk-free return, and risk premium. It is calculated by summing the weighted average of the total return for each asset class.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans Sponsored by Jax Transit Management Corp. (continued)

Net Pension Liability - Salaried Employee Plan

The components of the net pension liability of the Authority's Jax Transit Management, Corp. (Salaried Employee) plan at September 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	· · · · · ·			N	let Pension	
	То	tal Pension	Plan Fiduciary			Liability
	L	iability (a)	Net	Position (b)		(a) - (b)
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$	1,365,951	\$	786,634	\$	579,317
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		96,408		-		96,408
Interest		81,184		-		81,184
Participant contributions	6,71		-		6,716	
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		145,185		-		145,185
Employer and employee contributions		-		397,716		(397,716)
Net investment income		-		86,821		(86,821)
Benefit payments		(218,587)		(218,587)		-
Administrative expense		-		(20,966)		20,966
Investment expense		-		(3,803)		3,803
Other		(1)		4,153		(4,154)
Net changes		110,905		245,334		(134,429)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$	1,476,856	\$	1,031,968	\$	444,888

Discount rate - Salaried Employee Plan

The discount used to measure the Jax Transit Management, Corp. (Salaried Employee) plan total pension liability was 6% as of December 31, 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans Sponsored by Jax Transit Management Corp. (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Salaried Employee Plan

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the Jax Transit Management, Corp. (Salaried Employee) plan net pension liability as of December 31, 2017 to changes in the discount rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase	
	5%		6%		7%	
Net pension liability - salaried	\$	656,399	\$	444,888	\$	266,106

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources Related to Jax Transit Management, Corp. (Salaried Employee) plan Pensions are as follows:

Description	0	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on salaried pension plan investments	\$	57,445	\$	28,952	
Experience (gains) losses		168,664		412,702	
Change in assumption		-		404,986	
Authority contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		102,000		-	
	\$	328,109	\$	846,640	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans Sponsored by Jax Transit Management Corp. (continued)

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$102,000 for 2018 resulting from Authority contributions to the Jax Transit Management, Corp. (Salaried Employee) plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred		
Years ending	outflow/		
September 30:	(inflow), net		
2019	\$	(142,935)	
2020		(142,935)	
2021	(142,934)		
2022		(162,083)	
2023		(29,644)	

Drivers Plan

The Jax Transit Management Corp. Drivers Plan's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at contractually negotiated rates that, expressed as an hourly rate, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Significant actuarial assumptions used to compute contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the pension benefit obligation described above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans Sponsored by Jax Transit Management Corp. (continued)

Investments - Drivers Plan

The Jax Transit Management Corp. Drivers plan is administered by a six-member Board of Control. The Board has the authority to establish and amend investment policy including decisions regarding asset allocation. It is the policy of the Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2018:

Asset class	Target allocation
U.S. Bills and notes	8%
Corporate bonds	4%
Bond mutual funds	29%
Real assets	7%
Equities	52%
	100%

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments is developed for each major asset class by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term expected
Asset Class	real rate of return
U.S. Bills and notes	0.7%
Corporate bonds	0.7%
Bond mutual funds	0.7%
Real assets	6.2%
Equities	6.4%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans Sponsored by Jax Transit Management Corp. (continued)

Changes in Net Pension Asset - Jax Transit Management Corp. Drivers Plan

	(Increase) Decrease				
		Net Pension			
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	(Asset) (a)		
	Liability (a)	Net Position (b)	- (b)		
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$ 36,849,103	\$ 38,931,301	\$ (2,082,198)		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	1,517,160	-	1,517,160		
Interest	2,752,364	-	2,752,364		
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	1,396,801	-	1,396,801		
Assumption changes	-	-	-		
Contributions-employer	-	2,447,847	(2,447,847)		
Net investment income	-	5,846,761	(5,846,761)		
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-		
Benefit payments	(1,906,454)	(1,906,454)	-		
Administrative expense	-	(497,299)	497,299		
Other	-	(42,261)	42,261		
Net changes	3,759,871	5,848,594	(2,088,723)		
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 40,608,974	\$ 44,779,895	\$ (4,170,921)		

Discount rate - Jax Transit Management Corp. Drivers Plan

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7% as of December 31, 2017. This rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7%. The projected cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the Authority's contributions will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans Sponsored by Jax Transit Management Corp. (continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate- Jax</u> <u>Transit Management Corp. Drivers Plan</u>

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the Jax Transit Management Corp. Drivers plan net pension liability as of December 31, 2017, to changes in the discount rate:

	1%	6% Decrease	С	urrent Rate 7%	1	% Increase 8%
Net Pension (Asset) liability - Drivers	\$	267,857	\$	(4,170,921)	\$	(7,984,098)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources Related to Pensions -</u> <u>Jax Transit Management Corp. Drivers Plan</u>

	(Deferred Outflow of		Deferred Inflow of
Description	F	Resources	F	Resources
Change of assumptions	\$	1,864,062	\$	308,677
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on drivers pension plan investments		1,341,948		2,620,391
Experience (gains) losses		1,354,904		96,495
Authority contributions subsequent to				
the measurement date		1,815,883		-
	\$	6,376,797	\$	3,025,563

The deferred outflows of resources related to Jax Transit Management Corp. Drivers pension plan, totaling \$1,815,883 for 2018 resulting from Authority contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability or an increase to the net pension asset in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
	Outflows/
Years ending September 30:	(Inflows), net
2019	\$ 1,221,326
2020	807,321
2021	(203,295)
2022	(359,046)
2023	69,045

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE L - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Pursuant to Section 112.081, Florida Statutes, the Authority is required to permit participation in the health insurance program by retirees and their eligible dependents at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. This results in an implicit subsidy to retirees.

Plan description: The Authority's OPEB Plan is a single employer defined benefit healthcare (medical and dental) plan which offers health insurance for retired employees. The published insurance rates are based primarily on the healthcare usage of active employees. Retirees pay 100 percent of the published rates. Since retirees use healthcare at a rate much higher than active employees, using these blended rates creates a subsidy for the retiree group. Employees who terminate their employment prior to retirement eligibility are not eligible to participate in the plan. Dependents, including surviving spouses, are permitted access to the plan.

Funding policy: The Board is authorized to establish benefit levels, subject to the minimum requirements set forth by Florida Statutes, and to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. The Board establishes the contribution requirements of plan members and the Authority. These contributions are neither mandated nor guaranteed. The retiree pays the full cost of the premium each month for themselves, spouses and other dependents who are also eligible for coverage. The Authority does not subsidize any member premiums. The Authority has not set up a trust to prefund benefits. Benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Benefits for employees of JTM subject to union negotiations do not currently include any health benefits after retirement and are not considered by this Plan.

Total active employees	237
Total number of participants	240

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE L - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

OPEB Liability

The total OPEB liability of \$169,469 is based on October 1, 2017 valuation data.

Actuarial assumptions, methods and valuation

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Although the valuation results are based on values the actuarial consultant believes are reasonable assumptions, the valuation result is only an estimate of what future costs may actually be and reflect a long-term perspective. Deviations in any of several factors, such as future interest rate discounts, medical cost inflation, Medicare coverage risk and changes in marital status could result in actual costs being greater or less than estimated.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

If necessary, liabilities are rolled forward from actuarial valuation date to measurement through use of a roll forward method. Liabilities are adjusted for passage of time by adding normal cost minus benefit payments all adjusted with interest.

Actual coverage status is used; females assumed 3 years younger than male spouse.

All employees not participating in coverage currently are assumed to not elect to participate in the future.

35% of employees with coverage are assumed to elect to continue coverage upon retirement. 35% of those currently enrolled with spouse/family coverage will continue the same coverage upon retirement.

Additional actuarial assumptions used:

Cost Method Asset Valuation Method Actuarial Valuation Date Measurement Date Discount Rate as of October 1, 2017 Entry Age Normal Cost Method Market Value of Assets October 1, 2017 October 1, 2017 3.5%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE L - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial assumptions, methods and valuation (continued)

Medical Trend Assumptions

These assumptions were developed using the SOA long term medical trend model. The following baseline assumptions were used as input variables into the model:

Rate of Inflation	2.2%
Rate of Growth in Real Income/GDP per capita	1.6%
Extra Trend due to Technology and other	
factors	1.3%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	25.0%
Year for Limiting Cost Growth to GDP Growth	2075

Decrement Assumptions

Below is a summary of decrements used in this valuation:

Mortality decrements	Description
(1) Health - Active	Regular, male: RP 2000 50% white collar. 50% blue collar; fully generational with Scale BB Regular, female: RP 2000 100% white collar; fully generational with Scale BB
(2) Healthy - Inactive (3) Disabled	Regular, male: RP 2000 50% white collar, 50% blue collar; fully generational with Scale BB Regular, female: RP 2000 100% white collar; fully generational with Scale BB No Disability is assumed.
	No Disability is assumed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE L - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial assumptions, methods and valuation (continued)

Salary Scale

The salary scale depends upon sex, service, and FRS type (these are the general employee rates). This includes a 2.2% inflation rate.

Service	Male	Female
0	7.6%	7.8%
1	5.7%	5.5%
2	5.3%	5.0%
2	5.1%	5.0%
4	5.0%	4.9%
4 5	3.0 <i>%</i> 4.9%	4.9%
6	4.9%	4.8%
0 7	4.8% 4.8%	4.8% 4.7%
8	4.7%	4.6%
9	4.7%	4.6%
10	4.5%	4.6%
11	4.5%	4.5%
12	4.5%	4.4%
13	4.5%	4.4%
14	4.5%	4.4%
15	4.4%	4.4%
16	4.4%	4.4%
17	4.4%	4.4%
18	4.3%	4.3%
19	4.3%	4.3%
20	4.3%	4.3%
21	4.3%	4.2%
22	4.3%	4.2%
23	4.2%	4.1%
24	4.1%	4.1%
25	4.0%	4.0%
26	4.0%	3.9%
27	4.0%	3.8%
28	3.9%	3.7%
29	4.4%	4.0%
30 and more	4.4%	4.0%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE L - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial assumptions, methods and valuation (continued)

Claims Assumption

The plan is fully insured. To determine the assumed cost and the retiree contributions, the 2018 premium rates were weighted by the current enrollment.

Gross claims are equal to the age adjusted assumed cost. The resulting average pre age 65 claims were age adjusted.

The following chart shows the total costs including both medical and prescription drug as well as the assumed costs. Family costs are assumed to be 2.00 times the cost of single coverage.

FYE 2019 Claims			
Total Costs	Single		
1. Explicit costs			
a. Pre-Medicare	\$	8,349	
2. Total Medical and Drug costs			
a. Under 50	\$	7,006	
b. Age 50 - 54	\$	8,537	
c. Age 55 - 59	\$	10,009	
d. Age 60 - 64	\$	12,070	

Transition to GASB 75

Per paragraph 244 of GASB 75, the difference between the Net OPEB Obligation as of September 30, 2017 and the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of the FYE 2017 measurement date (September 30, 2016) determined using a 3.10% rate, should be reported as a restatement of the beginning net position. The table below shows the calculation.

Development of beginning net position

1. Estimated Net OPEB Obligation/(Asset) in September 30, 2017	\$ 429,000
2. Unfunded Accrued Liability September 30, 2016 (3.10%, EAN)	179,103
3. Restatement of beginning net position (2 1.)	\$ (249,897)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE L - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Change in Net OPEB Liability

		Plan		
	Total OPEB	Fiduciary	N	et OPEB
	Liability	Net Position		Liability
	(a)	(b)		(a)-(b)
Balance as of September 30, 2016 for FYE 2016	\$ 179,103	\$ -	\$	179,103
Change for the year	-	-		-
Service cost	12,737	-		12,737
Interest	5,157	-		5,157
Changes of benefit terms	-	-		-
Experience Losses/(Gains)	-	-		-
Trust contribution - Employer	-	25,471		(25,471)
Net Investment Income	-	-		-
Administrative expense	(2,057)	-		(2,057)
Benefit payments (net of retiree contributions)	(25,471)	(25,471)		-
Administrative expense	-	-		-
Net changes	(9,634)			(9,634)
Balance as of September 30, 2017 for FYE 2017	\$ 169,469	\$ -	\$	169,469
Funded Status		0%		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE L - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

OPEB Expense

Service Cost Interest	\$ 12,737 5,157
Changes in Assumptions In Current Fiscal Year Recognized in Current Year From Past Years Recognized in Current Year	(514) -
Total	 (514)
Total OPEB Expense	\$ 17,380

Sensitivity Analysis

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following table presents the Authority's Total and Net OPEB liability. It is also presented with the Total and Net OPEB liability if it is calculated using a *discount rate* that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Discount Rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 174,539	\$ 169,469	\$ 164,224

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following table presents the Authority's Total and Net OPEB liability. It is also presented with the Total and Net OPEB liability if it is calculated using a *health care cost trend rate* that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE L - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Sensitivity Analysis (continued)

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Health Care Cost Trend	2.90%	3.90%	4.90%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 158,095	\$ 169,469	\$ 182,563

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the Authority recognized an OPEB expense of \$17,380. At September 30, 2018, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Changes of assumptions	-	1,543

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan will be recognized as follows:

Fiscal Year ended September 30:	
2018	\$ (514)
2019	(514)
2020	(515)
2021	-
2022	-
Thereafter	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE M - FUND BALANCE

A schedule of Authority governmental fund balances is provided below:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund			Capital Projects Fund	Debt Management Fund			Total overnmental Funds
Spendable:									
Restricted for State and City									
construction projects	\$-	\$	6,916,832	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,916,832
Restricted for capital projects	-		-		64,090,287		-		64,090,287
Restricted for debt service	-		-		-		8,559,777		8,559,777
Assigned to:									
Construction projects	39,505,560		-		-		-		39,505,560
General fund legal costs	5,556,000		-		-		-		5,556,000
General fund reserves	1,077,868		-		-		-		1,077,868
Right-of-Way acquisitions	3,000,000		-		-		-		3,000,000
Transit operations reserve	30,554,000		-		-		-		30,554,000
Transit operations CIP initiatives	3,106,972								3,106,972
Unassigned	9,225,174		-		-				9,225,174
Total fund balance	\$ 92,025,574	\$	6,916,832	\$	64,090,287	\$	8,559,777	\$	171,592,470

NOTE N - ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which establishes a single model for lease accounting. This statement is effective for the Authority's September 30, 2021 fiscal year end. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the Authority's financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions,* which establishes a new accounting and financial reporting requirement for OPEB. This statement is in effect for Authority September 30, 2018 fiscal year end.

NOTE O - POLLUTION REMEDIATION

The Authority has a pollution remediation event for the required regulatory assessments and monitoring for a site. Based on the uncertainty of the amount of the remediation and any offsetting insurance or City reimbursement, the associated cost have not been accrued for and reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE P - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Authority has evaluated subsequent events through March 26, 2019; the date on which the financial statements were available for issuance, and has determined that no material events occurred that would require additional disclosure in the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND (Unaudited)

Year Ended September 30, 2018

	 Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		•		•			
City of Jacksonville - Net 1/2 cent surtax	\$ 2,032,848	\$	2,032,848	\$	2,032,848	\$	-
Investment earnings	225,000		225,000		460,112		(235,112)
Other miscellaneous	 5,500		5,500		91,711		(86,211)
Total revenues	2,263,348		2,263,348		2,584,671		(321,323)
Expenditures:							
Current							
General government	2,263,348		2,263,348		2,226,357		36,991
Highway planning	 -		-		124,294		(124,294)
Total expenditures	 2,263,348		2,263,348		2,350,651		(87,303)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-		-		234,020		(234,020)
Other financing uses:							
Proceeds sale of surplus property	 -		-		2,496,151		(2,496,151)
Net change in fund balance	-		-		2,730,171		(2,730,171)
Fund balances, beginning of year	 89,295,403		89,295,403		89,295,403		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 89,295,403	\$	89,295,403	\$	92,025,574	\$	(2,730,171)

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

NOTE TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Authority prepares an annual budget for its General Fund. The Custodial Project Special Revenue Fund adopts project-length budgets rather than annual budgets. Accordingly, a budget and actual schedule is not presented for this fund. The Authority is authorized to transfer appropriated funds, from one of the purposes for which funds are appropriated, to another, if, in the discretion of the Authority, such transfer is necessary to carry out all of the purposes for which funds are appropriated, subject to applicable law. Thus, the legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. All budgets are adopted in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end for unfilled obligations are canceled and reappropriated in the succeeding year's budget. Such amounts, if material, are disclosed in the notes to financial statements under "Commitments and Contingencies." In addition, the Authority is not legally required to establish a budget for proprietary funds.

The General Fund reported actual revenues exceeding budgeted revenues in the amount of \$321,323. The difference is attributable to favorable returns as compared to budget in Investment earnings of \$86,211, and increased miscellaneous revenue, \$235,112, from Greyhound, Clear Channel and North Florida TPO.

The General fund reported \$2,496,151 from the sale of surplus property per the Authority's reserve policy and \$460,112 of interest revenue earned that was not budgeted for.

The General fund reported higher expenditures than budgeted appropriations in the amount of \$87,303. This difference is mainly attributable to expenses incurred as a result of Hurricane Irma. Overall the general fund reported a positive change in fund balance of \$2,730,171.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (Unaudited)

Year Ended September 30, 2018

As of September 30 Fiscal Year	2017
Total OPEB liability	
Service cost	\$ 12,737
Interest cost	5,157
Changes in benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes of assumptions	(2,057)
Benefit payments	(25,471)
Net Changes in Total OPEB Liability	(9,634)
Total OPEB liability - Beginning of Year	179,103
Total OPEB liability - End of Year	\$ 169,469
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - Employer	\$ 25,471
Net Investment Income	÷ _0,
Benefit payments (net of retiree contributions)	(25,471)
Administrative Expenses	-
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	-
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year	-
Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year	\$ -
	<u> </u>
	100,400
Net OPEB Liability	169,469
Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability	0.00%
Covered-Employee Payroll ¹	
Net OPEB Liability as a % Payroll ¹	
Expected Average Remaining Service Years of All	
Participants	4
Notes to Schedule:	
Benefit Changes	None
Changes of assumptions The discount rate was changed as follows:	
Discount Rate	
9/30/2016	3.10%
9/30/2017	3.50%

¹ Because this OPEB plan does not depend on salary, there is no salary information

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Statement 75, paragraph 4. This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in the schedule is not required to be presented retroactively Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available

NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL LIABILITY - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Unaudited)

Year Ended September 30, 2018

Notes to Schedule:	Other Post-Employment Medical Benefits
Valuation Date:	October 1, 2017
Measurement Date:	October 1, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar
Remaining amortization period	10 years
Asset valuation method	Market value
Medical Trend Assumptions;	
Rate of inflation	2.20%
Rate of Growth in Real income/GDP per capita	1.60%
Extra Trend Due To Technology And Other Factors	1.3%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	25%
Year for Limiting Cost Growth to GDP Growth	2075
Roll Forward Method	If necessary, liabilities are rolled forward from actuarial valuation date to measurement through use of a roll forward method. Liabilities are adjusted for passage of time by adding normal cost minus benefit payments all adjusted with interest.
Coverage Status and Age of Spouse	Actual coverage status is used; females assumed 3 years younger than male spouse. All employees not participating in coverage currently are assumed to not elect to participate in the future. 35% of employees with coverage are assumed to elect to continue coverage upon retirement. 35% of those currently enrolled with spouse/family coverage will continue the same coverage upon retirement.
Interest Assumptions	Not Funded
Discount Rate as of October 1, 2017	3.50%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements of GASB 75. Data for fiscal years prior to September 30, 2017, is not available.

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements of GASB 75. Information is required to presented for 10 Years. However, until a full 10 years trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION - LIABILITIES AND RELATED RATIOS - DRIVERS AND SALARIED PENSION PLAN (Unaudited)

September 30, 2018

** Plan Year Ended December 31:	Salaried Employees Pension Plan 2018		Drivers Pension Plan 2018		Salaried Employees Pension Plan 2017		Drivers Pension Plan 2017		Salaried Employees Pension Plan 2016			Drivers Pension Plan 2016
Total pension liability												
Service cost Interest Participant contributions Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	96,408 81,184 6,716 145,185	\$	1,517,160 2,752,364 - 1,396,801	\$	110,356 102,990 25,190 (203,992)	\$	790,363 2,400,761 - 384,557	\$	103,635 109,510 25,561 (431,921)	\$	849,498 2,385,590 - (182,348)
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Other		- (218,587) (1)		- (1,906,454) -		- (619,874) -		819,121 (2,068,840) -		(599,633) (22,798) -		(853,399) (1,782,954) -
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability-beginning		110,905 1,365,951		3,759,871 36,849,103		(585,330) 1,951,281		2,325,962 34,523,141		(815,646) 2,766,927		416,387 34,106,754
Total pension liability-ending (a)	\$	1,476,856	\$	40,608,974	\$	1,365,951	\$	36,849,103	\$	1,951,281	\$	34,523,141
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions-Authority Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member	\$	397,716 86,821	\$	2,447,847 5,846,761	\$	229,190 38,217	\$	2,180,892 2,743,015	\$	230,703 (17,723)	\$	2,429,423 (244,632)
contributions Administrative expenses Investment expenses Other		(218,587) (20,966) (3,803) 4,153		(1,906,454) (497,299) - (42,261)		(619,874) (31,647) (3,533) -		(2,068,840) (377,674) - -		(22,798) (37,297) (5,611) -		(1,782,954) (373,132) - -
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position-beginning		245,334 786,634		5,848,594 38,931,301		(387,647) 1,174,281		2,477,393 36,453,908		147,274 1,027,007		28,705 36,425,203
Plan fiduciary net position-ending (b)	\$	1,031,968	\$	44,779,895	\$	786,634	\$	38,931,301	\$	1,174,281	\$	36,453,908
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	444,888	\$	(4,170,921)	\$	579,317	\$	(2,082,198)	\$	777,000	\$	(1,930,767)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Covered payroll		69.88% 865,309		110.27% N/A*		57.59% 782,112		105.65% N/A*		60.18% 751,943		105.59% N/A*
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		51.41%		N/A*		74.07%		N/A*		103.33%		N/A*

*As the contribution formula is not pay related, earnings information has not been collected ** The amount presented for each year were determined as of December 31 of the prior year.

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements of GASB 68. Information is required to be presented for 10 Years.

However, until a full 10 years trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - SALARIED AND DRIVERS PENSION PLAN (Unaudited)

Year Ended September 30, 2018

Salari	ed Employe	es Pension P	lan				
** Plan Year Ended December 31:		2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution Contribution made in relation to the actuarially	\$	165,015	\$	175,635	\$ 167,906	\$ 380,399	\$ 391,415
determined contribution		397,716		229,190	 414,692	 291,591	 293,733
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(232,701)	\$	(53,555)	\$ (246,786)	\$ 88,808	\$ 97,682
Covered payroll	\$	865,309	\$	782,112	\$ 751,943	\$ 962,567	\$ 1,135,662
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		46.0%		29.3%	55.1%	30.3%	25.9%
	Drivers Pen	sion Plan					
** Plan Year Ended December 31:		2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution Contribution made in relation to actuarially	\$	2,447,847	\$	2,180,892	\$ 2,429,423	\$ 2,289,802	\$ 210,659
determined contribution		2,447,847		2,180,892	 2,429,423	 2,332,063	 2,111,750
Contribution (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$ 	\$ (42,261)	\$ (1,901,091)
Covered payroll		N/A*		N/A*	N/A*	 N/A*	 N/A*
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A*		N/A*	N/A*	N/A*	N/A*

Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

*As the contribution formula is not pay related, earnings information has not been collected.

** The amount presented for each year were determined as of December 31 of the prior year.

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements of GASB 68. Information is required to presented for 10 Years. However, until a full 10 years trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - SALARIED AND DRIVERS PENSION PLAN (Unaudited)

Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Salaried Employees Pension Plan 2018	Drivers Pension Plan 2018	Salaried Employees Pension Plan 2017	Drivers Pension Plan 2017	Salaried Employees Pension Plan 2016	Drivers Pension Plan 2016	Salaried Employees Pension Plan 2015	Drivers Pension Plan 2015
Notes to Schedule: Valuation Date: Measurement Date:	December 31, 2017 December 31, 2017	December 31, 2017 December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016 December 31, 2016	December 31, 2016 December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015 December 31, 2015	December 31, 2015 December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014 December 31, 2014	December 31, 2014 December 31, 2014
Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method	Entry age normal Level dollar 10 years Market value	Entry age normal Level dollar 10 years Market value	Entry age normal Level dollar 10 years Market value	Entry age normal Level dollar 10 years Market value	Entry age normal Level dollar 10 years Market value	Entry age normal Level dollar 10 years Market value	Entry age normal Level dollar 10 years Market value	Entry age normal Level dollar 10 years Market value
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return Assumed annual salary increases Inflation Cost of living adjustments	6% compounded annually Assumed 3% per year 2.0% None	7% compounded annually Assumed 2.5% per year 2.5% None	6% per annum Assumed 4% per year 2.0% None	7% per annum Assumed 2.5% per year 2.5% None	6% per annum Assumed 4% per year 4.0% None	7% per annum Assumed 2.5% per year 2.5% None	4% per annum Assumed 4% per year 4.0% None	7% per annum Assumed 2.5% per year 2.5% None
Mortality rates	IRC 430(h) combined table for 2015	SOA RP-2014 Blue CollarMortality with Scale MP - 2017	IRC 430(h) combined table for 2015	SOA RP-2014 Blue CollarMortality with Scale MP - 2017	IRC 430(h) combined table for 2015	SOA RP-2014 Blue CollarMortality with Scale SSA	IRC 430(h) combined table for 2015	SOA RP-2014 Blue CollarMortality with Scale SSA

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements of GASB 68. Data for fiscal years prior to September 30, 2014, is not available.

Notes to Schedule: Notes to Schedule: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements of GASB 68. Information is required to presented for 10 Years. However, until a full 10 years trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - SALARIED AND DRIVERS PENSION PLAN (Unaudited)

Year Ended September 30, 2018

Salaried Employees Pension Plan											
* Plan Year Ended December 31:	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014						
Annual money-weighted rate of return											
Net of investment expenses	15.16%	4.90%	-2.95%	1.46%	14.18%						
The annualized compounded rate of return is -2.6%											
The annualized compounded rate of return is -2.6%	Drivers Pension Plan										
The annualized compounded rate of return is -2.6% * Plan Year Ended December 31:		2017	2016	2015	2014						
	Drivers Pension Plan	2017	2016	2015	2014						

The annualized compounded rate of return is -.3%

Notes to Schedule:

Information is required to be presented for 10 Years. However, until a full 10 years trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years for which information is available.

* The amount presented for each year were determined as of December 31 of the prior year.

SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY -FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) PENSION PLAN (Unaudited)

Year Ended September 30, 2018

* Plan Year Ended June 30:	2018			2017		2016		2015		2014	
Authority's proportion of the FRS net pension liability		0.035%		0.034%		0.034%		0.032%		0.030%	
Authority's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$	10,554,467	\$	10,040,222	\$	8,558,525	\$	4,178,293	\$	1,798,478	
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$	16,021,950	\$	15,469,007	\$	13,875,348	\$	13,375,131	\$	11,555,666	
Authority's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		65.88%		64.91%		61.68%		31.24%		15.56%	
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		84.26%		83.89%		85.00%		92.00%		96.09%	

Notes to Schedule:

Information is required to be presented for 10 Years. However, until a full 10 years trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years for which information is available.

* The amount presented for each year were determined as of June 30.

SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY -HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION (HIS) PLAN (Unaudited)

Year Ended September 30, 2018

* Plan Year Ended June 30:	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Authority's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0.0478%	0.0457%	 0.0458%	0.0403%	 0.038%
Authority's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	\$ 5,056,416	\$ 4,888,242	\$ 5,336,207	\$ 4,110,889	\$ 3,542,705
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,021,950	\$ 15,469,007	\$ 13,983,538	\$ 13,375,131	\$ 11,555,666
Authority's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	31.56%	31.60%	38.16%	30.74%	30.66%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

Notes to Schedule:

Information is required to be presented for 10 Years. However, until a full 10 years trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years for which information is available.

* The amount presented for each year were determined as of June 30.

SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS -FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEMS PENSION PLAN (Unaudited)

Year Ended September 30, 2018

* Plan Year Ended June 30:	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required pension contribution Pension contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$ 1,224,172	\$ 1,114,730	\$ 977,735	\$ 1,257,792	\$ 1,159,359
pension contribution	 1,224,172	 1,114,730	 977,735	 1,257,792	 1,159,359
Pension contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Authority's covered payroll	\$ 16,021,950	\$ 15,469,007	\$ 13,857,348	\$ 13,375,131	\$ 11,555,666
Pension contributions as a percentage of cover payroll	7.64%	7.21%	7.06%	9.40%	10.03%

Notes to Schedule:

Information is required to be presented for 10 Years. However, until a full 10 years trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years for which information is available.

* The amount presented for each year were determined as of June 30.

SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS -HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

* Plan Year Ended June 30:	2018	 2017		2016	2015		 2014
Contractually required pension contribution HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$ 264,140	\$ 246,472	\$	230,032	\$	208,514	\$ 192,196
pension contribution	 264,140	 246,472		230,032		208,514	 192,196
Pension contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$ -
Authority's covered payroll	\$ 16,021,950	\$ 15,469,007	\$	13,857,348	\$	13,375,131	\$ 11,555,666
Pension contributions as a percentage of cover payroll	1.65%	1.59%		1.66%		1.56%	1.66%

Notes to Schedule:

Information is required to be presented for 10 Years. However, until a full 10 years trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years for which information is available.

* The amount presented for each year were determined as of June 30.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Number	Number	Expenditures	Paid to Subrecipients
United States of Department of Transportation: Direct Programs: Federal Transit Cluster:				
70FBD Ferry Boat Discretionary Ferry Boat Discretionary Grants (FHWA)	20.205	FL-2016-039-00	\$ 597,899	\$
Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants	20.500	FL-03-0343-00	3,170,477	-
	20.500	FL-04-0184-00	40,836	-
	20.500	FL-03-0338-00	58,550	-
	20.500	FL-03-0339-01	1,707,831	-
	20.500	FL-2016-029-00	996,400	-
Total Capital Investment Grants			5,974,094	-
Bus and Bus Facility Discretionary Grants	20.500	FL-04-0111-02	727,584	-
	20.500	FL-04-0128-00	10,214	-
Total Bus and Bus Facility Discretionary Grants			737,798	-
	00 500	EL 0047 440 04	4 505 400	
New Start Program	20.500	FL-2017-119-01	1,565,432	
Total New Starts Program Grants			1,565,432	<u>-</u>
Modernization Formula Grants	20.500	FL-05-0106-02	6,257	
Total CFDA 20.500			8,881,480	
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	FL-90-X600-01	700	-
	20.507	FL-90-X643-01	15,387	-
	20.507	FL-90-X683-01	401,289	-
	20.507	FL-90-X711-01	241,074	-
	20.507	FL-90-X742-01	84,394	-
	20.507	FL-90-X774-01	80,203	-
	20.507	FL-90-X802-01	69,203	-
	20.507	FL-90-X879-00	102,000	-
	20.507	FL-95-X089-00	150,282	-
	20.507	FL-95-0105-00	27,882	-
	20.507	FL-2017-042-00	393,745	-
	20.507 20.507	FL-2017-104-00 FL-2017-102-00	821,597	-
	20.507	FL-2017-102-00 FL-2016-050-00	286,612 2,113,832	-
	20.507	FL-2017-105-00	994,165	-
	20.507	FL-2018-019-00	581,057	-
	20.507	1085-2018	9,132,571	-
	20.507	FL-2018-0115	5,461,088	191,130
	20.507	FL-2018-116	267,163	-
	20.507	FL-2018-097	19,273	
Total Federal Transit Formula Grants			21,243,517	191,130
State of Good Repairs Formula Grant	20.525	FL-54-0001-02	492,801	
Clate of Cood Repaire Formula Clanc	20.525	FL-2017-007-00	221,204	-
	20.525	FL-2018-099	3,051	-
Total State of Good Repairs Formula Grant			717,056	-
Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Grant	20.526	FL-34-0001-02	362,664	-
	20.526	FL-2017-110	1,332,774	-
	20.526	FL-2018-119	1,230,150	
Total Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Grant			2,925,588	-
Total Federal Transit Cluster			\$ 33,767,641	\$ 191,130

See accompanying notes and Independent Auditor's Report.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (continued)

Year Ended September 30, 2018

ederal/State Agency/Pass-Through Entity, ederal Program or Cluster Title/State Project	CFDA/CSFA Number	Federal Expenditures			Paid to precipients	
Direct Programs (continued):	00 51 4	FL 04 7004 00	¢	54 450	¢	
Public Transportation Research Grants	20.514	FL-64-7001-00	\$	51,456	\$	-
Job Access Reverse Commute Grants	20.516	FL-37-X051-01		4,501		48,841
	20.516	FL-37-X068-00		24,612		9,481
Total Job Access Reverse Commute Grants				29,113		58,322
				-		
Clean Fuels Grants:	20.519	FL-58-0001-00		83,280		-
Total Clean Fuels Grants:				83,280		-
New Freedom Grants	20.521	FL-57-X022-01		9,154		2,540
	20.521	FL-57-X037-02		24,279		37,556
Total New Freedom Grants	201021			33,433		40,096
						,
Total Direct Programs			\$	33,964,923	\$	289,548
ass through:						
Indirect Programs						
State of Florida Department of Transportation:						
Highway Planning and Construction Grants						
	20.205	ARO09 / 341A	\$	1,968	\$	-
	20.205	ARO09 / 342A		1,374		-
	20.205	GO563		6,399		-
	20.205	GOD36		971		-
Federal Landa Assess Dragram	20.205	GOV79		723		-
Federal Lands Access Program	20.205	GOD31		4,121		
Total Highway Planning and Construction Grants			-	15,556	·	-
North Florida Transportation Planning Organization	20.505	ARF85		32,373		
	20.505	G0098		366,571		
Total North Florida Transportation Planning Organization				398,944		-
Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas						
	20.509	ARS96		41,847		-
	20.509	AQU00		-		20,519
	20.509	AR920		-		11,796
	20.509	GOV55		-		40,657
Total Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas				41,847		72,972
Intercity Bus Program Section 5311 (f)	20.509	GO618		5,075,278		
Total CFDA 20.509	20.000	00010		5,117,126		72,972
				0,111,120		12,012
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities						
	20.513	FY2017/2018 MOBILITY MANAGEMENT		366,386		-
	20.513	FY 2016/2017 TRANSPORTAL		46,355		-
	20.513	FY18 5310 FED TRAN ENHANC		23,556		-
	20.513	FL-2018-005		12,801		-
Total Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Dis	sabilities			449,099		-
Total Indirect Programs			\$	5,980,724	\$	72,972
Total United States Department of Transportation				39,945,647	\$	362,520

See accompanying notes and Independent Auditor's Report.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (continued)

Year Ended September 30, 2018

Federal/State Agency/Pass-Through Entity, Federal Program or Cluster Title/State Project	CFDA/CSFA Number	Contract/Grant Number	State Expenditures	Paid to Subrecipients
State of Florida Department of Transportation:				
Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged (CTD)				
Trip and Equipment Grant Program	55.001	GOM38	\$ 1,276,848	\$-
	55.001	G0X21	312,477	-
Total Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged CTD)			1,589,325	-
Public Transit Block Grant Program	55.010	GOE27	4,197,403	
Intermodal Development Program	55.014	GO423	6,617,512	
New Starts Program				
J. J	55.017	AQ732	5,945	-
	55.017	AQN86	324,690	-
	55.017	G0O33	353,305	
	55.017	G0O33	770,940	-
Total New Starts Program			1,454,880	-
Total State Expenditures			\$ 13,859,120	\$

See accompanying notes and Independent Auditor's Report.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (the "Schedule") includes the federal and state grant activity of the Jacksonville Transportation Authority (the "Authority"). The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance") and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the presentation of the basic financial statements. Because the schedule presents only a select portion of the operations of the Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net position or cash flows of the Authority.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING

Expenditures recognized in the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for the proprietary funds and on the modified accrual basis of accounting for the governmental funds, which are described in Note B to the Authority's financial statements. Such expenditures are reported following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts in the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Authority did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board Members Jacksonville Transportation Authority Jacksonville, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jacksonville Transportation Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of the City of Jacksonville, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal* control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 26, 2019 Melbourne, Florida Berman Hopkins Wright & LaHam CPAs and Associates, LLP



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Board Members Jacksonville Transportation Authority Jacksonville, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the Jacksonville Transportation Authority's (the "Authority") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the *Department of Financial Services'* State Projects Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the Authority's major Federal programs and State projects for the year ended September 30, 2018. The Authority's major Federal programs and State projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal and State statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards and State projects applicable to its Federal programs and State projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Authority's major Federal programs and State projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of the Title 2 U.S *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program or State project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.



We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each of the major Federal programs and State projects. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance.

Opinion on each of the Major Federal Programs and State Projects

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs and State projects for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs or State projects to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each of its major Federal programs and State projects and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program or State project on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program or state program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a Federal program or State project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program or State project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 26, 2019 Melbourne, Florida

Berman Hopkins Wright & LaHam CPAs and Associates. LLP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

September 30, 2018

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness identified? **No** Significant deficiency identified? **None noted**

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs: Material weakness identified? **No** Significant deficiencies identified? **None reported**

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.156(a) **No**

Identification of major programs:

Federal Transit Cluster CFDA Nos. 20.500, 20.507, 20.525, 20.526

The threshold for distinguishing types A and B programs was \$1,209,245

Did the auditee qualify as a low-risk auditee? No

<u>State Financial Assistance</u> Internal control over major projects: Material weakness identified? **No** Significant deficiency identified? **None reported**

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major projects: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General? **None reported**

Identification of major projects:

Transportation Disadvantaged (CTD) Trip and Equipment Grant Program CSFA No. 55.001 Intermodal Development Program CSFA No. 55.014 New States Transit Program CSFA No. 55.017

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B projects: \$415,773

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

September 30, 2018

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None Reported.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS

None Reported.

D. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR STATE PROJECTS

None Reported.

E. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None Reported.



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MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550 OF THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Board Members Jacksonville Transportation Authority Jacksonville, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jacksonville Transportation Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; Title 2 U.S Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report On an Examination Conducted in Accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, *AT-C* Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 26, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings in the preceding financial audit report.



Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in Note A in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General,* require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Authority has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Authority did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to sections 10.554(1)(i)5c and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Authority's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of the financial information provided by the same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we noted the following item to help improve on financial reporting;

1. Further work towards a crosswalk of the modified accrual financial statements to the full accrual in preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board Members and applicable management of the Authority, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 26, 2019 Melbourne, Florida

Berman Hopkins Wright & LaHam CPAs and Associates, LLP



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415

To the Board Members Jacksonville Transportation Authority Jacksonville, Florida

We have examined the Jacksonville Transportation Authority's (the "Authority") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management of the Authority is responsible for the Authority's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Authority's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Authority complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Authority's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2018.

March 26, 2019 Melbourne, Florida Berman Hopkins Wright & LaHam CPAs and Associates, LLP

