



$$J = \frac{1}{2}$$

τ discovery paper was PERL 75. $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ cross-section threshold behavior and magnitude are consistent with pointlike spin-1/2 Dirac particle. BRANDELIK 78 ruled out pointlike spin-0 or spin-1 particle. FELDMAN 78 ruled out $J = 3/2$. KIRKBY 79 also ruled out $J=\text{integer}$, $J = 3/2$.

τ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1776.82±0.16 OUR AVERAGE				
1776.68±0.12±0.41	682k	¹ AUBERT	09AK BABR	423 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee}=10.6$ GeV
1776.81 ^{+0.25} _{-0.23} ±0.15	81	ANASHIN	07 KEDR	6.7 pb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee}=3.54\text{--}3.78$ GeV
1776.61±0.13±0.35		¹ BELOUS	07 BELL	414 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee}=10.6$ GeV
1775.1 ±1.6 ±1.0	13.3k	² ABBIENDI	00A OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
1778.2 ±0.8 ±1.2		ANASTASSOV	97 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee}=10.6$ GeV
1776.96 ^{+0.18} _{-0.21} ^{+0.25} _{-0.17}	65	³ BAI	96 BES	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee}=3.54\text{--}3.57$ GeV
1776.3 ±2.4 ±1.4	11k	⁴ ALBRECHT	92M ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee}=9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
1783 ⁺³ ₋₄	692	⁵ BACINO	78B DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee}=3.1\text{--}7.4$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
1777.8 ±0.7 ±1.7	35k	⁶ BALEST	93 CLEO	Repl. by ANASTASSOV 97
1776.9 ^{+0.4} _{-0.5} ±0.2	14	⁷ BAI	92 BES	Repl. by BAI 96

¹ AUBERT 09AK and BELOUS 07 fit τ pseudomass spectrum in $\tau \rightarrow \pi\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau$ decays. Result assumes $m_{\nu_\tau} = 0$.

² ABBIENDI 00A fit τ pseudomass spectrum in $\tau \rightarrow \pi^\pm \leq 2\pi^0\nu_\tau$ and $\tau \rightarrow \pi^\pm\pi^+\pi^- \leq 1\pi^0\nu_\tau$ decays. Result assumes $m_{\nu_\tau} = 0$.

³ BAI 96 fit $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)$ at different energies near threshold.

⁴ ALBRECHT 92M fit τ pseudomass spectrum in $\tau^- \rightarrow 2\pi^-\pi^+\nu_\tau$ decays. Result assumes $m_{\nu_\tau} = 0$.

⁵ BACINO 78B value comes from $e^\pm X^\mp$ threshold. Published mass 1782 MeV increased by 1 MeV using the high precision $\psi(2S)$ mass measurement of ZHOLENTZ 80 to eliminate the absolute SPEAR energy calibration uncertainty.

⁶ BALEST 93 fit spectra of minimum kinematically allowed τ mass in events of the type $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^- \rightarrow (\pi^+ n\pi^0\nu_\tau)(\pi^- m\pi^0\nu_\tau)$ $n \leq 2$, $m \leq 2$, $1 \leq n+m \leq 3$. If $m_{\nu_\tau} \neq 0$, result increases by $(m_{\nu_\tau}^2/1100 \text{ MeV})$.

⁷ BAI 92 fit $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)$ near threshold using $e\mu$ events.

$$(m_{\tau^+} - m_{\tau^-})/m_{\text{average}}$$

A test of *CPT* invariance.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<2.8 × 10⁻⁴	90	BELOUS	07 BELL	414 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee}=10.6$ GeV

● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●

$<5.5 \times 10^{-4}$ 90 ¹ AUBERT 09AK BABR 423 fb⁻¹, $E_{cm}^{ee}=10.6$ GeV
 $<3.0 \times 10^{-3}$ 90 ABBIENDI 00A OPAL 1990–1995 LEP runs
¹ AUBERT 09AK quote both the listed upper limit and $(m_{\tau^+} - m_{\tau^-})/m_{\text{average}} = (-3.4 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-4}$.

τ MEAN LIFE

<u>VALUE (10⁻¹⁵ s)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
290.3 ± 0.5 OUR AVERAGE				
290.17 ± 0.53 ± 0.33	1.1M	BELOUS	14 BELL	711 fb ⁻¹ $E_{cm}^{ee}=10.6$ GeV
290.9 ± 1.4 ± 1.0		ABDALLAH	04T DLPH	1991-1995 LEP runs
293.2 ± 2.0 ± 1.5		ACCIARRI	00B L3	1991–1995 LEP runs
290.1 ± 1.5 ± 1.1		BARATE	97R ALEP	1989–1994 LEP runs
289.2 ± 1.7 ± 1.2		ALEXANDER	96E OPAL	1990–1994 LEP runs
289.0 ± 2.8 ± 4.0	57.4k	BALEST	96 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
291.2 ± 2.0 ± 1.2		BARATE	97I ALEP	Repl. by BARATE 97R
291.4 ± 3.0		ABREU	96B DLPH	Repl. by ABDALLAH 04T
290.1 ± 4.0	34k	ACCIARRI	96K L3	Repl. by ACCIARRI 00B
297 ± 9 ± 5	1671	ABE	95Y SLD	1992–1993 SLC runs
304 ± 14 ± 7	4100	BATTLE	92 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
301 ± 29	3780	KLEINWORT	89 JADE	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 35\text{--}46$ GeV
288 ± 16 ± 17	807	AMIDEI	88 MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
306 ± 20 ± 14	695	BRAUNSCH...	88C TASS	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 36$ GeV
299 ± 15 ± 10	1311	ABACHI	87C HRS	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
295 ± 14 ± 11	5696	ALBRECHT	87P ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.3\text{--}10.6$ GeV
309 ± 17 ± 7	3788	BAND	87B MAC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
325 ± 14 ± 18	8470	BEBEK	87C CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.5$ GeV
460 ± 190	102	FELDMAN	82 MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

$$(\tau_{\tau^+} - \tau_{\tau^-}) / \tau_{\text{average}}$$

Test of *CPT* invariance.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<7.0 \times 10^{-3}$	90	¹ BELOUS	14 BELL	711 fb ⁻¹ $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
¹ BELOUS 14 quote limit on the absolute value of the relative lifetime difference.				

τ MAGNETIC MOMENT ANOMALY

The q^2 dependence is expected to be small providing no thresholds are nearby.

$$\mu_{\tau}/(e\hbar/2m_{\tau})-1 = (g_{\tau}-2)/2$$

For a theoretical calculation $[(g_{\tau}-2)/2 = 117\,721(5) \times 10^{-8}]$, see EIDELMAN 07.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
> -0.052 and < 0.013 (CL = 95%) OUR LIMIT				
> -0.052 and < 0.013	95	¹ ABDALLAH	04K DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\tau^+\tau^-$ at LEP2

● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●

< 0.107	95	² ACHARD	04G	L3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\tau^+\tau^-$ at LEP2
> -0.007 and < 0.005	95	³ GONZALEZ-S..00	RVUE		$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ and $W \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$
> -0.052 and < 0.058	95	⁴ ACCIARRI	98E	L3	1991–1995 LEP runs
> -0.068 and < 0.065	95	⁵ ACKERSTAFF	98N	OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
> -0.004 and < 0.006	95	⁶ ESCRIBANO	97	RVUE	$Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ at LEP
< 0.01	95	⁷ ESCRIBANO	93	RVUE	$Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ at LEP
< 0.12	90	GRIFOLS	91	RVUE	$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau\gamma$ at LEP
< 0.023	95	⁸ SILVERMAN	83	RVUE	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ at PETRA

¹ ABDALLAH 04K limit is derived from $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\tau^+\tau^-$ total cross-section measurements at \sqrt{s} between 183 and 208 GeV. In addition to the limits, the authors also quote a value of -0.018 ± 0.017 .

² ACHARD 04G limit is derived from $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\tau^+\tau^-$ total cross-section measurements at \sqrt{s} between 189 and 206 GeV, and is on the absolute value of the magnetic moment anomaly.

³ GONZALEZ-SPRINBERG 00 use data on tau lepton production at LEP1, SLC, and LEP2, and data from colliders and LEP2 to determine limits. Assume imaginary component is zero.

⁴ ACCIARRI 98E use $Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-\gamma$ events. In addition to the limits, the authors also quote a value of $0.004 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.023$.

⁵ ACKERSTAFF 98N use $Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-\gamma$ events. The limit applies to an average of the form factor for off-shell τ 's having p^2 ranging from m_τ^2 to $(M_Z - m_\tau)^2$.

⁶ ESCRIBANO 97 use preliminary experimental results.

⁷ ESCRIBANO 93 limit derived from $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)$, and is on the absolute value of the magnetic moment anomaly.

⁸ SILVERMAN 83 limit is derived from $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ total cross-section measurements for q^2 up to $(37 \text{ GeV})^2$.

τ ELECTRIC DIPOLE MOMENT (d_τ)

A nonzero value is forbidden by both T invariance and P invariance.

The q^2 dependence is expected to be small providing no thresholds are nearby.

Re(d_τ)

<u>VALUE (10^{-16} ecm)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
= 0.22 to 0.45	95	¹ INAMI	03	BELL $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
< 2.3	90	² GROZIN	09A	RVUE From e EDM limit
< 3.7	95	³ ABDALLAH	04K	DLPH $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\tau^+\tau^-$ at LEP2
< 11.4	95	⁴ ACHARD	04G	L3 $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\tau^+\tau^-$ at LEP2
< 4.6	95	⁵ ALBRECHT	00	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4 \text{ GeV}$
> -3.1 and < 3.1	95	ACCIARRI	98E	L3 1991–1995 LEP runs
> -3.8 and < 3.6	95	⁶ ACKERSTAFF	98N	OPAL 1990–1995 LEP runs
< 0.11	95	^{7,8} ESCRIBANO	97	RVUE $Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ at LEP
< 0.5	95	⁹ ESCRIBANO	93	RVUE $Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ at LEP
< 7	90	GRIFOLS	91	RVUE $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau\gamma$ at LEP
< 1.6	90	DELAGUILA	90	RVUE $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 35 \text{ GeV}$

- ¹ INAMI 03 use $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ events.
- ² GROZIN 09A calculate the contribution to the electron electric dipole moment from the τ electric dipole moment appearing in loops, which is $\Delta d_e = 6.9 \times 10^{-12} d_\tau$. Dividing the REGAN 02 upper limit $|d_e| \leq 1.6 \times 10^{-27}$ e cm at CL=90% by 6.9×10^{-12} gives this limit.
- ³ ABDALLAH 04K limit is derived from $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\tau^+\tau^-$ total cross-section measurements at \sqrt{s} between 183 and 208 GeV and is on the absolute value of d_τ .
- ⁴ ACHARD 04G limit is derived from $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\tau^+\tau^-$ total cross-section measurements at \sqrt{s} between 189 and 206 GeV, and is on the absolute value of d_τ .
- ⁵ ALBRECHT 00 use $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ events. Limit is on the absolute value of $\text{Re}(d_\tau)$.
- ⁶ ACKERSTAFF 98N use $Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-\gamma$ events. The limit applies to an average of the form factor for off-shell τ 's having p^2 ranging from m_τ^2 to $(M_Z - m_\tau)^2$.
- ⁷ ESCRIBANO 97 derive the relationship $|d_\tau| = \cot \theta_W |d_\tau^W|$ using effective Lagrangian methods, and use a conference result $|d_\tau^W| < 5.8 \times 10^{-18}$ e cm at 95% CL (L. Silvestris, ICHEP96) to obtain this result.
- ⁸ ESCRIBANO 97 use preliminary experimental results.
- ⁹ ESCRIBANO 93 limit derived from $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)$, and is on the absolute value of the electric dipole moment.

$\text{Im}(d_\tau)$

VALUE (10^{-16} ecm)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.25 to 0.008	95	¹ INAMI 03	BELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
< 1.8	95	² ALBRECHT 00	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4$ GeV

- ¹ INAMI 03 use $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ events.
- ² ALBRECHT 00 use $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ events. Limit is on the absolute value of $\text{Im}(d_\tau)$.

τ WEAK DIPOLE MOMENT (d_τ^W)

A nonzero value is forbidden by CP invariance.

The q^2 dependence is expected to be small providing no thresholds are nearby.

$\text{Re}(d_\tau^W)$

VALUE (10^{-17} ecm)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.50	95	¹ HEISTER 03F	ALEP	1990–1995 LEP runs
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
<3.0	90	¹ ACCIARRI 98C	L3	1991–1995 LEP runs
<0.56	95	ACKERSTAFF 97L	OPAL	1991–1995 LEP runs
<0.78	95	² AKERS 95F	OPAL	Repl. by ACKERSTAFF 97L
<1.5	95	² BUSKULIC 95C	ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 03F
<7.0	95	² ACTON 92F	OPAL	$Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ at LEP
<3.7	95	² BUSKULIC 92J	ALEP	Repl. by BUSKULIC 95C

- ¹ Limit is on the absolute value of the real part of the weak dipole moment.
- ² Limit is on the absolute value of the real part of the weak dipole moment, and applies for $q^2 = m_Z^2$.

$\text{Im}(d_\tau^W)$

VALUE (10^{-17} ecm)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.1	95	¹ HEISTER	03F ALEP	1990–1995 LEP runs
<1.5	95	ACKERSTAFF 97L	OPAL	1991–1995 LEP runs
<4.5	95	² AKERS	95F OPAL	Repl. by ACKERSTAFF 97L

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

¹ HEISTER 03F limit is on the absolute value of the imaginary part of the weak dipole moment.

² Limit is on the absolute value of the imaginary part of the weak dipole moment, and applies for $q^2 = m_Z^2$.

τ WEAK ANOMALOUS MAGNETIC DIPOLE MOMENT (α_τ^W)

Electroweak radiative corrections are expected to contribute at the 10^{-6} level. See BERNABEU 95.

The q^2 dependence is expected to be small providing no thresholds are nearby.

$\text{Re}(\alpha_\tau^W)$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.1 × 10⁻³	95	¹ HEISTER	03F ALEP	1990–1995 LEP runs
> -0.0024 and < 0.0025	95	² GONZALEZ-S..00	RVUE	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ and $W \rightarrow \tau \nu_\tau$
<4.5 × 10 ⁻³	90	¹ ACCIARRI	98C L3	1991–1995 LEP runs

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

¹ Limit is on the absolute value of the real part of the weak anomalous magnetic dipole moment.

² GONZALEZ-SPRINBERG 00 use data on tau lepton production at LEP1, SLC, and LEP2, and data from colliders and LEP2 to determine limits. Assume imaginary component is zero.

$\text{Im}(\alpha_\tau^W)$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<2.7 × 10⁻³	95	¹ HEISTER	03F ALEP	1990–1995 LEP runs
<9.9 × 10 ⁻³	90	¹ ACCIARRI	98C L3	1991–1995 LEP runs

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

¹ Limit is on the absolute value of the imaginary part of the weak anomalous magnetic dipole moment.

τ^- DECAY MODES

τ^+ modes are charge conjugates of the modes below. “ h^\pm ” stands for π^\pm or K^\pm . “ ℓ ” stands for e or μ . “Neutrals” stands for γ 's and/or π^0 's.

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level
Modes with one charged particle		
Γ_1 particle $^- \geq 0$ neutrals $\geq 0 K^0 \nu_\tau$ (“1-prong”)	(85.35 \pm 0.07) %	S=1.3
Γ_2 particle $^- \geq 0$ neutrals $\geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$	(84.71 \pm 0.08) %	S=1.3
Γ_3 $\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau$	[a] (17.41 \pm 0.04) %	S=1.1
Γ_4 $\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau \gamma$	[b] (3.6 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_5 $e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau$	[a] (17.83 \pm 0.04) %	
Γ_6 $e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau \gamma$	[b] (1.75 \pm 0.18) %	
Γ_7 $h^- \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$	(12.06 \pm 0.06) %	S=1.2
Γ_8 $h^- \nu_\tau$	(11.53 \pm 0.06) %	S=1.2
Γ_9 $\pi^- \nu_\tau$	[a] (10.83 \pm 0.06) %	S=1.2
Γ_{10} $K^- \nu_\tau$	[a] (7.00 \pm 0.10) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1
Γ_{11} $h^- \geq 1$ neutrals ν_τ	(37.10 \pm 0.10) %	S=1.2
Γ_{12} $h^- \geq 1 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(36.58 \pm 0.10) %	S=1.2
Γ_{13} $h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(25.95 \pm 0.09) %	S=1.1
Γ_{14} $\pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (25.52 \pm 0.09) %	S=1.1
Γ_{15} $\pi^- \pi^0$ non- $\rho(770) \nu_\tau$	(3.0 \pm 3.2) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{16} $K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (4.29 \pm 0.15) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{17} $h^- \geq 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(10.87 \pm 0.11) %	S=1.2
Γ_{18} $h^- 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(9.52 \pm 0.11) %	S=1.1
Γ_{19} $h^- 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(9.36 \pm 0.11) %	S=1.2
Γ_{20} $\pi^- 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] (9.30 \pm 0.11) %	S=1.2
Γ_{21} $\pi^- 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0),	< 9 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%
Γ_{22} scalar $\pi^- 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0),	< 7 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%
Γ_{23} vector $K^- 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] (6.5 \pm 2.3) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{24} $h^- \geq 3 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(1.35 \pm 0.07) %	S=1.1
Γ_{25} $h^- \geq 3 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(1.26 \pm 0.07) %	S=1.1
Γ_{26} $h^- 3 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(1.19 \pm 0.07) %	
Γ_{27} $\pi^- 3 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] (1.05 \pm 0.07) %	
Γ_{28} $K^- 3 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0, η)	[a] (4.8 \pm 2.2) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{29} $h^- 4 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(1.6 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{30} $h^- 4 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0, η)	[a] (1.1 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{31} $K^- \geq 0 \pi^0 \geq 0 K^0 \geq 0 \gamma \nu_\tau$	(1.572 \pm 0.033) %	S=1.1
Γ_{32} $K^- \geq 1 (\pi^0 \text{ or } K^0 \text{ or } \gamma) \nu_\tau$	(8.72 \pm 0.32) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1

Modes with K^0 's

Γ ₃₃	$K_S^0 (\text{particles})^- \nu_\tau$	(9.2 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁻³	S=1.5
Γ ₃₄	$h^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau$	(1.00 ± 0.05) %	S=1.8
Γ ₃₅	$\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (8.4 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁻³	S=2.1
Γ ₃₆	$\pi^- \bar{K}^0 (\text{non-}K^*(892)^-) \nu_\tau$	(5.4 ± 2.1) × 10 ⁻⁴	
Γ ₃₇	$K^- K^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (1.59 ± 0.16) × 10 ⁻³	
Γ ₃₈	$K^- K^0 \geq 0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(3.18 ± 0.23) × 10 ⁻³	
Γ ₃₉	$h^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(5.6 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁻³	
Γ ₄₀	$\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (4.0 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁻³	
Γ ₄₁	$\bar{K}^0 \rho^- \nu_\tau$	(2.2 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁻³	
Γ ₄₂	$K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (1.59 ± 0.20) × 10 ⁻³	
Γ ₄₃	$\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \geq 1 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(3.2 ± 1.0) × 10 ⁻³	
Γ ₄₄	$\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(2.6 ± 2.4) × 10 ⁻⁴	
Γ ₄₅	$K^- K^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	< 1.6 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=95%
Γ ₄₆	$\pi^- K^0 \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau$	(1.7 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁻³	S=1.8
Γ ₄₇	$\pi^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (2.31 ± 0.17) × 10 ⁻⁴	S=1.9
Γ ₄₈	$\pi^- K_S^0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (1.2 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁻³	S=1.8
Γ ₄₉	$\pi^- K^0 \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(3.1 ± 2.3) × 10 ⁻⁴	
Γ ₅₀	$\pi^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(1.60 ± 0.30) × 10 ⁻⁴	
Γ ₅₁	$\pi^- K_S^0 K_L^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(3.1 ± 1.2) × 10 ⁻⁴	
Γ ₅₂	$K^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \nu_\tau$	< 6.3 × 10 ⁻⁷	CL=90%
Γ ₅₃	$K^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	< 4.0 × 10 ⁻⁷	CL=90%
Γ ₅₄	$K^0 h^+ h^- h^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau$	< 1.7 × 10 ⁻³	CL=95%
Γ ₅₅	$K^0 h^+ h^- h^- \nu_\tau$	(2.3 ± 2.0) × 10 ⁻⁴	

Modes with three charged particles

Γ ₅₆	$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$	(15.20 ± 0.08) %	S=1.3
Γ ₅₇	$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$) ("3-prong")	(14.57 ± 0.07) %	S=1.3
Γ ₅₈	$h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau$	(9.80 ± 0.07) %	S=1.2
Γ ₅₉	$h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)$	(9.46 ± 0.06) %	S=1.2
Γ ₆₀	$h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)$	(9.42 ± 0.06) %	S=1.2
Γ ₆₁	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$	(9.31 ± 0.06) %	S=1.2
Γ ₆₂	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)$	(9.02 ± 0.06) %	S=1.1
Γ ₆₃	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0),$ non-axial vector	< 2.4 %	CL=95%
Γ ₆₄	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)$	[a] (8.99 ± 0.06) %	S=1.1
Γ ₆₅	$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau$	(5.39 ± 0.07) %	S=1.2
Γ ₆₆	$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1 \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)$	(5.09 ± 0.06) %	S=1.2
Γ ₆₇	$h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(4.76 ± 0.06) %	S=1.2
Γ ₆₈	$h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)$	(4.57 ± 0.06) %	S=1.2
Γ ₆₉	$h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)$	(2.79 ± 0.08) %	S=1.2
Γ ₇₀	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(4.62 ± 0.06) %	S=1.2

Γ_{71}	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(4.48 \pm 0.06) %	S=1.2
Γ_{72}	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0, ω)	[a] (2.70 \pm 0.08) %	S=1.2
Γ_{73}	$h^- \rho \pi^0 \nu_\tau$		
Γ_{74}	$h^- \rho^+ h^- \nu_\tau$		
Γ_{75}	$h^- \rho^- h^+ \nu_\tau$		
Γ_{76}	$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(5.21 \pm 0.32) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{77}	$h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(5.08 \pm 0.32) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{78}	$h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(4.98 \pm 0.32) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{79}	$h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0, ω, η)	[a] (1.0 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{80}	$h^- h^- h^+ 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (2.3 \pm 0.6) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.2
Γ_{81}	$2\pi^- \pi^+ 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(2.1 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{82}	$2\pi^- \pi^+ 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0, \eta, f_1(1285)$)	(1.7 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{83}	$2\pi^- \pi^+ 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0, \eta, \omega, f_1(1285)$)	< 5.8 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{84}	$K^- h^+ h^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	(6.35 \pm 0.24) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.5
Γ_{85}	$K^- h^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(4.38 \pm 0.19) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=2.7
Γ_{86}	$K^- h^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(8.7 \pm 1.2) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.1
Γ_{87}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	(4.85 \pm 0.21) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.4
Γ_{88}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \geq 0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(3.75 \pm 0.19) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.5
Γ_{89}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$	(3.49 \pm 0.16) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.9
Γ_{90}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] (2.94 \pm 0.15) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=2.2
Γ_{91}	$K^- \rho^0 \nu_\tau \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$	(1.4 \pm 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{92}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(1.35 \pm 0.14) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{93}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(8.1 \pm 1.2) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{94}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0, η)	[a] (7.8 \pm 1.2) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{95}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0, ω)	(3.7 \pm 0.9) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{96}	$K^- \pi^+ K^- \geq 0$ neut. ν_τ	< 9 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%
Γ_{97}	$K^- K^+ \pi^- \geq 0$ neut. ν_τ	(1.50 \pm 0.06) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.8
Γ_{98}	$K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$	[a] (1.44 \pm 0.05) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.9
Γ_{99}	$K^- K^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (6.1 \pm 2.5) $\times 10^{-5}$	S=1.4
Γ_{100}	$K^- K^+ K^- \nu_\tau$	(2.1 \pm 0.8) $\times 10^{-5}$	S=5.4
Γ_{101}	$K^- K^+ K^- \nu_\tau$ (ex. ϕ)	< 2.5 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{102}	$K^- K^+ K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	< 4.8 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{103}	$\pi^- K^+ \pi^- \geq 0$ neut. ν_τ	< 2.5 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%
Γ_{104}	$e^- e^- e^+ \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau$	(2.8 \pm 1.5) $\times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{105}	$\mu^- e^- e^+ \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau$	< 3.6 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%

Modes with five charged particles

Γ_{106}	$3h^- 2h^+ \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ (ex. $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+$) ("5-prong")	(1.02 \pm 0.04) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1
Γ_{107}	$3h^- 2h^+ \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] (8.39 \pm 0.35) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.1

Γ_{108}	$3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0 , ω)	$(8.3 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{109}	$3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0 , ω , $f_1(1285)$)	$(7.7 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{110}	$K^- 2\pi^- 2\pi^+ \nu_\tau$	< 2.4	$\times 10^{-6}$ CL=90%
Γ_{111}	$K^+ 3\pi^- \pi^+ \nu_\tau$	< 5.0	$\times 10^{-6}$ CL=90%
Γ_{112}	$K^+ K^- 2\pi^- \pi^+ \nu_\tau$	< 4.5	$\times 10^{-7}$ CL=90%
Γ_{113}	$3h^- 2h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] $(1.78 \pm 0.27) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{114}	$3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	$(1.65 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{115}	$3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0 , η , $f_1(1285)$)	$(1.11 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{116}	$3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0 , η , ω , $f_1(1285)$)	$(3.6 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{117}	$K^- 2\pi^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	< 1.9	$\times 10^{-6}$ CL=90%
Γ_{118}	$K^+ 3\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	< 8	$\times 10^{-7}$ CL=90%
Γ_{119}	$3h^- 2h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	< 3.4	$\times 10^{-6}$ CL=90%

Miscellaneous other allowed modes

Γ_{120}	$(5\pi)^- \nu_\tau$	$(7.6 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{121}	$4h^- 3h^+ \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ ("7-prong")	< 3.0	$\times 10^{-7}$ CL=90%
Γ_{122}	$4h^- 3h^+ \nu_\tau$	< 4.3	$\times 10^{-7}$ CL=90%
Γ_{123}	$4h^- 3h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	< 2.5	$\times 10^{-7}$ CL=90%
Γ_{124}	$X^-(S=-1) \nu_\tau$	$(2.87 \pm 0.07) \%$	S=1.3
Γ_{125}	$K^*(892)^- \geq 0$ neutrals \geq $0K_L^0 \nu_\tau$	$(1.42 \pm 0.18) \%$	S=1.4
Γ_{126}	$K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau$	$(1.20 \pm 0.07) \%$	S=1.8
Γ_{127}	$K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau$	$(7.9 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{128}	$K^*(892)^0 K^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	$(3.2 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{129}	$K^*(892)^0 K^- \nu_\tau$	$(2.1 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{130}	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	$(3.8 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{131}	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$(2.2 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{132}	$(\bar{K}^*(892)\pi)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow$ $\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(1.0 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{133}	$K_1(1270)^- \nu_\tau$	$(4.7 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{134}	$K_1(1400)^- \nu_\tau$	$(1.7 \pm 2.6) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.7
Γ_{135}	$K^*(1410)^- \nu_\tau$	$(1.5 \pm_{-1.0}^{+1.4}) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{136}	$K_0^*(1430)^- \nu_\tau$	< 5	$\times 10^{-4}$ CL=95%
Γ_{137}	$K_2^*(1430)^- \nu_\tau$	< 3	$\times 10^{-3}$ CL=95%
Γ_{138}	$a_0(980)^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ		
Γ_{139}	$\eta \pi^- \nu_\tau$	< 9.9	$\times 10^{-5}$ CL=95%
Γ_{140}	$\eta \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] $(1.39 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.4
Γ_{141}	$\eta \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(1.81 \pm 0.31) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{142}	$\eta K^- \nu_\tau$	[a] $(1.52 \pm 0.08) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{143}	$\eta K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau$	$(1.38 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-4}$	

Γ_{144}	$\eta K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(4.8 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{145}	$\eta K^- \pi^0 (\text{non-}K^*(892)) \nu_\tau$	$< 3.5 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{146}	$\eta \bar{K}^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$(9.3 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{147}	$\eta \bar{K}^0 \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 5.0 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{148}	$\eta K^- K^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 9.0 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{149}	$\eta \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau$	$< 3 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{150}	$\eta \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex.} K^0)$	$(2.25 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{151}	$\eta \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex.} K^0, f_1(1285))$	$(9.9 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{152}	$\eta a_1(1260)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta \pi^- \rho^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 3.9 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{153}	$\eta \eta \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$< 7.4 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{154}	$\eta \eta \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 2.0 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%
Γ_{155}	$\eta \eta K^- \nu_\tau$	$< 3.0 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{156}	$\eta'(958) \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$< 4.0 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{157}	$\eta'(958) \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 1.2 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{158}	$\eta'(958) K^- \nu_\tau$	$< 2.4 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{159}	$\phi \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$(3.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{160}	$\phi K^- \nu_\tau$	$(3.70 \pm 0.33) \times 10^{-5}$	S=1.3
Γ_{161}	$f_1(1285) \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$(3.9 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$	S=1.9
Γ_{162}	$f_1(1285) \pi^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$(1.18 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-4}$	S=1.3
Γ_{163}	$f_1(1285) \pi^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow 3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \nu_\tau$	$(5.2 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{164}	$\pi(1300)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow (\rho \pi)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow (3\pi)^- \nu_\tau$	$< 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{165}	$\pi(1300)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow ((\pi \pi)_{S\text{-wave}} \pi)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow (3\pi)^- \nu_\tau$	$< 1.9 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{166}	$h^- \omega \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau$	$(2.41 \pm 0.09) \%$	S=1.2
Γ_{167}	$h^- \omega \nu_\tau$	[a] $(2.00 \pm 0.08) \%$	S=1.3
Γ_{168}	$K^- \omega \nu_\tau$	$(4.1 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{169}	$h^- \omega \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] $(4.1 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{170}	$h^- \omega 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(1.4 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{171}	$\pi^- \omega 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(7.3 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{172}	$h^- 2\omega \nu_\tau$	$< 5.4 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{173}	$2h^- h^+ \omega \nu_\tau$	$(1.20 \pm 0.22) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{174}	$2\pi^- \pi^+ \omega \nu_\tau$	$(8.4 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-5}$	

Lepton Family number (*LF*), Lepton number (*L*), or Baryon number (*B*) violating modes

L means lepton number violation (e.g. $\tau^- \rightarrow e^+ \pi^- \pi^-$). Following common usage, *LF* means lepton family violation *and not* lepton number violation (e.g. $\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$). *B* means baryon number violation.

Γ_{175}	$e^- \gamma$	<i>LF</i>	$< 3.3 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ_{176}	$\mu^- \gamma$	<i>LF</i>	$< 4.4 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ_{177}	$e^- \pi^0$	<i>LF</i>	$< 8.0 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%

Γ ₁₇₈	$\mu^- \pi^0$	LF	< 1.1	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₇₉	$e^- K_S^0$	LF	< 2.6	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₈₀	$\mu^- K_S^0$	LF	< 2.3	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₈₁	$e^- \eta$	LF	< 9.2	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₈₂	$\mu^- \eta$	LF	< 6.5	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₈₃	$e^- \rho^0$	LF	< 1.8	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₈₄	$\mu^- \rho^0$	LF	< 1.2	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₈₅	$e^- \omega$	LF	< 4.8	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₈₆	$\mu^- \omega$	LF	< 4.7	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₈₇	$e^- K^*(892)^0$	LF	< 3.2	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₈₈	$\mu^- K^*(892)^0$	LF	< 5.9	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₈₉	$e^- \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	LF	< 3.4	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₉₀	$\mu^- \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	LF	< 7.0	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₉₁	$e^- \eta'(958)$	LF	< 1.6	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₉₂	$\mu^- \eta'(958)$	LF	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₉₃	$e^- f_0(980) \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	LF	< 3.2	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₉₄	$\mu^- f_0(980) \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	LF	< 3.4	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₉₅	$e^- \phi$	LF	< 3.1	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₉₆	$\mu^- \phi$	LF	< 8.4	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₉₇	$e^- e^+ e^-$	LF	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₉₈	$e^- \mu^+ \mu^-$	LF	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₁₉₉	$e^+ \mu^- \mu^-$	LF	< 1.7	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₀₀	$\mu^- e^+ e^-$	LF	< 1.8	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₀₁	$\mu^+ e^- e^-$	LF	< 1.5	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₀₂	$\mu^- \mu^+ \mu^-$	LF	< 2.1	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₀₃	$e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	LF	< 2.3	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₀₄	$e^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	L	< 2.0	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₀₅	$\mu^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	LF	< 2.1	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₀₆	$\mu^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	L	< 3.9	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₀₇	$e^- \pi^+ K^-$	LF	< 3.7	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₀₈	$e^- \pi^- K^+$	LF	< 3.1	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₀₉	$e^+ \pi^- K^-$	L	< 3.2	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₁₀	$e^- K_S^0 K_S^0$	LF	< 7.1	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₁₁	$e^- K^+ K^-$	LF	< 3.4	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₁₂	$e^+ K^- K^-$	L	< 3.3	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₁₃	$\mu^- \pi^+ K^-$	LF	< 8.6	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₁₄	$\mu^- \pi^- K^+$	LF	< 4.5	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₁₅	$\mu^+ \pi^- K^-$	L	< 4.8	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₁₆	$\mu^- K_S^0 K_S^0$	LF	< 8.0	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₁₇	$\mu^- K^+ K^-$	LF	< 4.4	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₁₈	$\mu^+ K^- K^-$	L	< 4.7	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₁₉	$e^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	LF	< 6.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₂₀	$\mu^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	LF	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₂₁	$e^- \eta \eta$	LF	< 3.5	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%

Γ ₂₂₂	$\mu^- \eta \eta$	<i>LF</i>	< 6.0	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₂₃	$e^- \pi^0 \eta$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.4	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₂₄	$\mu^- \pi^0 \eta$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.2	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₂₅	$p \mu^- \mu^-$	<i>L,B</i>	< 4.4	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₂₆	$\bar{p} \mu^+ \mu^-$	<i>L,B</i>	< 3.3	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₂₇	$\bar{p} \gamma$	<i>L,B</i>	< 3.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₂₈	$\bar{p} \pi^0$	<i>L,B</i>	< 1.5	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₂₉	$\bar{p} 2\pi^0$	<i>L,B</i>	< 3.3	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₃₀	$\bar{p} \eta$	<i>L,B</i>	< 8.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₃₁	$\bar{p} \pi^0 \eta$	<i>L,B</i>	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₃₂	$\Lambda \pi^-$	<i>L,B</i>	< 7.2	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₃₃	$\bar{\Lambda} \pi^-$	<i>L,B</i>	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ ₂₃₄	e^- light boson	<i>LF</i>	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%
Γ ₂₃₅	μ^- light boson	<i>LF</i>	< 5	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%

[a] Basis mode for the τ .

[b] See the Particle Listings below for the energy limits used in this measurement.

CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to 66 branching ratios uses 139 measurements and one constraint to determine 31 parameters. The overall fit has a $\chi^2 = 128.9$ for 109 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \delta x_j)$, in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions, $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$. The fit constrains the x_i whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

x_5	13										
x_9	-13	8									
x_{10}	11	0	-5								
x_{14}	-15	-18	-15	-3							
x_{16}	0	0	-1	-1	-7						
x_{20}	-1	-7	-15	-3	-48	-2					
x_{23}	-1	0	0	-1	-1	-11	-10				
x_{27}	-1	-4	-11	-1	1	0	-28	-1			
x_{28}	-1	0	1	-1	1	-10	-6	-18	-11		
x_{30}	-1	-4	-12	0	-10	0	10	-2	-41	1	
x_{35}	-9	-7	-5	-2	-2	0	-12	0	-4	0	
x_{37}	-2	-2	-1	-1	0	-6	-1	-10	1	-10	
x_{40}	-7	-6	-4	-1	-2	1	-9	2	-6	2	
x_{42}	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-8	1	-13	1	-13	
x_{47}	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
x_{48}	-7	-6	-4	-2	-2	1	-10	1	-3	1	
x_{64}	-10	-8	3	-2	0	0	-21	1	-12	1	
x_{72}	-4	-5	-5	0	-7	1	-2	1	-3	0	
x_{79}	2	0	-3	0	-2	0	3	-1	3	-1	
x_{80}	0	0	0	0	1	0	-2	0	-1	0	
x_{90}	-3	-2	-1	-1	1	0	-10	0	-4	0	
x_{94}	-1	0	1	0	2	0	-4	0	-2	0	
x_{98}	-3	-2	-1	-1	1	0	-9	0	-4	0	
x_{99}	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	0	0	
x_{107}	1	1	0	0	-1	-1	2	-1	2	-1	
x_{113}	0	0	-1	0	-2	0	2	0	1	0	
x_{140}	-1	-1	0	0	0	0	-3	0	0	0	
x_{142}	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
x_{167}	-4	-4	-4	0	-4	0	-5	0	-3	0	
x_{169}	0	-2	-5	-1	-3	0	1	-1	3	-2	
	x_3	x_5	x_9	x_{10}	x_{14}	x_{16}	x_{20}	x_{23}	x_{27}	x_{28}	

x35	-1										
x37	0	-3									
x40	0	-10	0								
x42	0	-2	-17	-18							
x47	0	-1	0	0	0						
x48	-1	-24	-7	-18	-5	-1					
x64	-7	-1	-1	-1	0	0	-1				
x72	3	3	1	3	0	0	2	-11			
x79	3	-1	0	-1	0	0	-1	-2	-7		
x80	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	-1	
x90	-2	-2	0	-1	0	0	-2	10	-3	-1	
x94	-1	-1	0	-1	0	0	-1	-2	-7	-1	
x98	-2	-2	0	-1	0	0	-1	9	-3	-1	
x99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	
x107	0	-2	0	-2	0	0	-2	-3	-2	1	
x113	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2	-1	1	
x140	-3	-1	0	-1	0	0	-1	0	0	-7	
x142	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
x167	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-7	-69	-4	
x169	3	-3	0	-2	0	0	-2	-3	-9	-62	
	x30	x35	x37	x40	x42	x47	x48	x64	x72	x79	

x90	0										
x94	-1	-2									
x98	0	76	-1								
x99	0	0	-3	0							
x107	0	-2	-1	-2	0						
x113	0	-1	0	-1	0	-5					
x140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
x142	0	0	-2	0	0	0	0	0			
x167	-1	-2	3	-2	1	-1	-1	0	0		
x169	-2	-2	-2	-2	0	1	1	-1	0	-5	
	x80	x90	x94	x98	x99	x107	x113	x140	x142	x167	

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$$(\Gamma(\tau^+) - \Gamma(\tau^-)) / (\Gamma(\tau^+) + \Gamma(\tau^-))$$

$\tau^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm K_S^0 \nu_\tau$ (RATE DIFFERENCE) / (RATE SUM)

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.36 ± 0.23 ± 0.11	LEES	12M BABR	476 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV

τ^- BRANCHING RATIOS

$$\Gamma(\text{particle}^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K^0 \nu_\tau \text{ ("1-prong")}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_1 / \Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_1 / \Gamma = (\Gamma_3 + \Gamma_5 + \Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10} + \Gamma_{14} + \Gamma_{16} + \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{27} + \Gamma_{28} + \Gamma_{30} + \Gamma_{35} + \Gamma_{37} + \Gamma_{40} + \Gamma_{42} + 2\Gamma_{47} + \Gamma_{48} + 0.708\Gamma_{140} + 0.715\Gamma_{142} + 0.09\Gamma_{167} + 0.09\Gamma_{169}) / \Gamma$$

The charged particle here can be e , μ , or hadron. In many analyses, the sum of the topological branching fractions (1, 3, and 5 prongs) is constrained to be unity. Since the 5-prong fraction is very small, the measured 1-prong and 3-prong fractions are highly correlated and cannot be treated as independent quantities in our overall fit. We arbitrarily choose to use the 3-prong fraction in our fit, and leave the 1-prong fraction out. We do, however, use these 1-prong measurements in our average below. The measurements used only for the average are marked "avg," whereas "f&a" marks a result used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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85.35 ± 0.07 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.3.			
85.26 ± 0.13 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.6. See the ideogram below.			

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

85.316 ± 0.093 ± 0.049	78k	¹ ABREU	01M DLPH	1992–1995 LEP runs
85.274 ± 0.105 ± 0.073		² ACHARD	01D L3	1992–1995 LEP runs
84.48 ± 0.27 ± 0.23		ACTON	92H OPAL	1990–1991 LEP runs

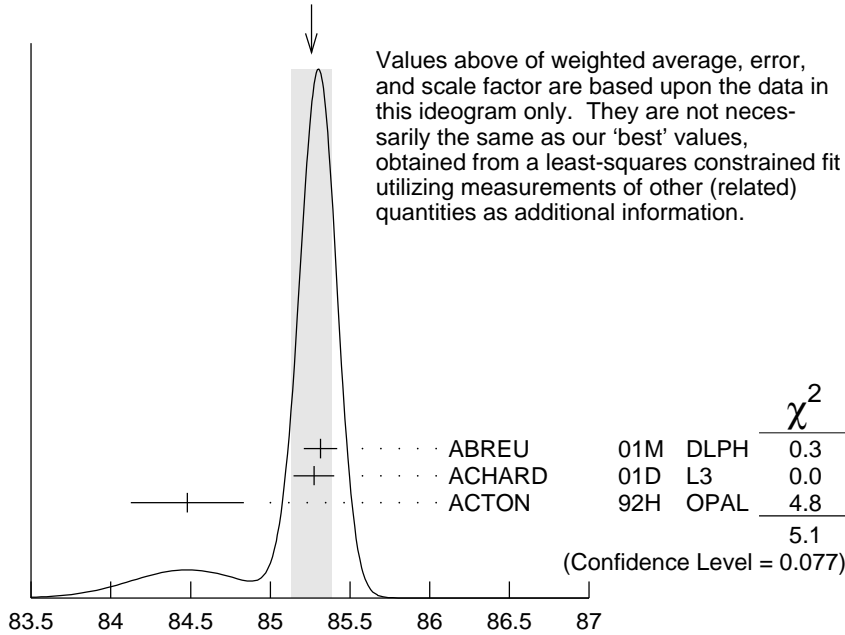
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

85.45 $\begin{matrix} +0.69 \\ -0.73 \end{matrix}$ ± 0.65		DECAMP	92C ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C
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¹ The correlation coefficients between this measurement and the ABREU 01M measurements of $B(\tau \rightarrow 3\text{-prong})$ and $B(\tau \rightarrow 5\text{-prong})$ are -0.98 and -0.08 respectively.

² The correlation coefficients between this measurement and the ACHARD 01D measurements of $B(\tau \rightarrow \text{"3-prong"})$ and $B(\tau \rightarrow \text{"5-prong"})$ are -0.978 and -0.082 respectively.

WEIGHTED AVERAGE
85.26 ± 0.13 (Error scaled by 1.6)



$\Gamma(\text{particle}^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K^0 \nu_\tau \text{ ("1-prong")}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} (\%)$

$$\Gamma(\text{particle}^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_2 / \Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_2 / \Gamma = (\Gamma_3 + \Gamma_5 + \Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10} + \Gamma_{14} + \Gamma_{16} + \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{27} + \Gamma_{28} + \Gamma_{30} + 0.6569\Gamma_{35} + 0.6569\Gamma_{37} + 0.6569\Gamma_{40} + 0.6569\Gamma_{42} + 1.0985\Gamma_{47} + 0.3139\Gamma_{48} + 0.708\Gamma_{140} + 0.715\Gamma_{142} + 0.09\Gamma_{167} + 0.09\Gamma_{169}) / \Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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84.71 ± 0.08 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.3.

85.1 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

85.6 ± 0.6 ± 0.3	3300	¹ ADEVA	91F L3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 88.3\text{--}94.3 \text{ GeV}$
84.9 ± 0.4 ± 0.3		BEHREND	89B CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 14\text{--}47 \text{ GeV}$
84.7 ± 0.8 ± 0.6		² AIHARA	87B TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
86.4 ± 0.3 ± 0.3		ABACHI	89B HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
87.1 ± 1.0 ± 0.7		³ BURCHAT	87 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
87.2 ± 0.5 ± 0.8		SCHMIDKE	86 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
84.7 ± 1.1 $\begin{smallmatrix} +1.6 \\ -1.3 \end{smallmatrix}$	169	⁴ ALTHOFF	85 TASS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34.5 \text{ GeV}$
86.1 ± 0.5 ± 0.9		BARTEL	85F JADE	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
87.8 ± 1.3 ± 3.9		⁵ BERGER	85 PLUT	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
86.7 ± 0.3 ± 0.6		FERNANDEZ	85 MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

¹ Not independent of ADEVA 91F $\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ value.

² Not independent of AIHARA 87B $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$, $\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$, and $\Gamma(h^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

³ Not independent of SCHMIDKE 86 value (also not independent of BURCHAT 87 value for $\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$).

⁴ Not independent of ALTHOFF 85 $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$, $\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$, $\Gamma(h^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$, and $\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

⁵ Not independent of (1-prong + $0\pi^0$) and (1-prong + $\geq 1\pi^0$) values.

$$\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_3 / \Gamma$$

To minimize the effect of experiments with large systematic errors, we exclude experiments which together would contribute 5% of the weight in the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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17.41 ± 0.04 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

17.33 ± 0.05 OUR AVERAGE

17.319 ± 0.070 ± 0.032	54k	¹ SCHAEEL	05C ALEP	1991-1995 LEP runs
17.34 ± 0.09 ± 0.06	31.4k	ABBIENDI	03 OPAL	1990-1995 LEP runs
17.342 ± 0.110 ± 0.067	21.5k	² ACCIARRI	01F L3	1991-1995 LEP runs
17.325 ± 0.095 ± 0.077	27.7k	ABREU	99X DLPH	1991-1995 LEP runs

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

17.37 ± 0.08 ± 0.18		³ ANASTASSOV	97 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

17.31 ±0.11 ±0.05	20.7k	BUSKULIC	96C	ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C
17.02 ±0.19 ±0.24	6586	ABREU	95T	DLPH	Repl. by ABREU 99X
17.36 ±0.27	7941	AKERS	95I	OPAL	Repl. by ABBIENDI 03
17.6 ±0.4 ±0.4	2148	ADRIANI	93M	L3	Repl. by ACCIARRI 01F
17.4 ±0.3 ±0.5		⁴ ALBRECHT	93G	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
17.35 ±0.41 ±0.37		DECAMP	92C	ALEP	1989-1990 LEP runs
17.7 ±0.8 ±0.4	568	BEHREND	90	CELL	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 35$ GeV
17.4 ±1.0	2197	ADEVA	88	MRKJ	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 14\text{--}16$ GeV
17.7 ±1.2 ±0.7		AIHARA	87B	TPC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
18.3 ±0.9 ±0.8		BURCHAT	87	MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
18.6 ±0.8 ±0.7	558	⁵ BARTEL	86D	JADE	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 34.6$ GeV
12.9 ±1.7 $\begin{smallmatrix} +0.7 \\ -0.5 \end{smallmatrix}$		ALTHOFF	85	TASS	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 34.5$ GeV
18.0 ±0.9 ±0.5	473	⁵ ASH	85B	MAC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
18.0 ±1.0 ±0.6		⁶ BALTRUSAIT..	85	MRK3	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 3.77$ GeV
19.4 ±1.6 ±1.7	153	BERGER	85	PLUT	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 34.6$ GeV
17.6 ±2.6 ±2.1	47	BEHREND	83C	CELL	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 34$ GeV
17.8 ±2.0 ±1.8		BERGER	81B	PLUT	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9\text{--}32$ GeV

¹ See footnote to SCHAEEL 05C $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

² The correlation coefficient between this measurement and the ACCIARRI 01F measurement of $B(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ is 0.08.

³ The correlation coefficients between this measurement and the ANASTASSOV 97 measurements of $B(e\bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$, $B(\mu\bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/B(e\bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$, $B(h^- \nu_\tau)$, and $B(h^- \nu_\tau)/B(e\bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ are 0.50, 0.58, 0.50, and 0.08 respectively.

⁴ Not independent of ALBRECHT 92D $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ and ALBRECHT 93G $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) \times \Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}^2$ values.

⁵ Modified using $B(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/B(\text{"1 prong"})$ and $B(\text{"1 prong"}) = 0.855$.

⁶ Error correlated with BALTRUSAITIS 85 $e\nu\bar{\nu}$ value.

$\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_4/Γ
<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
0.361±0.016±0.035		¹ BERGFELD 00	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.30 ±0.04 ±0.05	116	² ALEXANDER	96S	OPAL	1991-1994 LEP runs
0.23 ±0.10	10	³ WU	90	MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

¹ BERGFELD 00 impose requirements on detected γ 's corresponding to a τ -rest-frame energy cutoff $E_\gamma^* > 10$ MeV. For $E_\gamma^* > 20$ MeV, they quote $(3.04 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-3}$.

² ALEXANDER 96S impose requirements on detected γ 's corresponding to a τ -rest-frame energy cutoff $E_\gamma > 20$ MeV.

³ WU 90 reports $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau \gamma)/\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) = 0.013 \pm 0.006$, which is converted to $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ using $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} = 17.35\%$. Requirements on detected γ 's correspond to a τ rest frame energy cutoff $E_\gamma > 37$ MeV.

$\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_5 / Γ

To minimize the effect of experiments with large systematic errors, we exclude experiments which together would contribute 5% of the weight in the average.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
17.83 ± 0.04	OUR FIT			
17.82 ± 0.05	OUR AVERAGE			
17.837 ± 0.072 ± 0.036	56k	¹ SCHAEL	05C ALEP	1991-1995 LEP runs
17.806 ± 0.104 ± 0.076	24.7k	² ACCIARRI	01F L3	1991-1995 LEP runs
17.81 ± 0.09 ± 0.06	33.1k	ABBIENDI	99H OPAL	1991-1995 LEP runs
17.877 ± 0.109 ± 0.110	23.3k	ABREU	99X DLPH	1991-1995 LEP runs
17.76 ± 0.06 ± 0.17		³ ANASTASSOV	97 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
17.78 ± 0.10 ± 0.09	25.3k	ALEXANDER	96D OPAL	Repl. by ABBI- ENDI 99H
17.79 ± 0.12 ± 0.06	20.6k	BUSKULIC	96C ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEL 05C
17.51 ± 0.23 ± 0.31	5059	ABREU	95T DLPH	Repl. by ABREU 99X
17.9 ± 0.4 ± 0.4	2892	ADRIANI	93M L3	Repl. by ACCIARRI 01F
17.5 ± 0.3 ± 0.5		⁴ ALBRECHT	93G ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.4-10.6$ GeV
17.97 ± 0.14 ± 0.23	3970	AKERIB	92 CLEO	Repl. by ANAS- TASSOV 97
19.1 ± 0.4 ± 0.6	2960	⁵ AMMAR	92 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.5-10.9$ GeV
18.09 ± 0.45 ± 0.45		DECAMP	92C ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEL 05C
17.0 ± 0.5 ± 0.6	1.7k	ABACHI	90 HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
18.4 ± 0.8 ± 0.4	644	BEHREND	90 CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 35$ GeV
16.3 ± 0.3 ± 3.2		JANSSEN	89 CBAL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.4-10.6$ GeV
18.4 ± 1.2 ± 1.0		AIHARA	87B TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
19.1 ± 0.8 ± 1.1		BURCHAT	87 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
16.8 ± 0.7 ± 0.9	515	⁵ BARTEL	86D JADE	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34.6$ GeV
20.4 ± 3.0 +1.4 -0.9		ALTHOFF	85 TASS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34.5$ GeV
17.8 ± 0.9 ± 0.6	390	⁵ ASH	85B MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
18.2 ± 0.7 ± 0.5		⁶ BALTRUSAIT..	85 MRK3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 3.77$ GeV
13.0 ± 1.9 ± 2.9		BERGER	85 PLUT	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34.6$ GeV
18.3 ± 2.4 ± 1.9	60	BEHREND	83C CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34$ GeV
16.0 ± 1.3	459	⁷ BACINO	78B DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 3.1-7.4$ GeV

¹ Correlation matrix for SCHAEL 05C branching fractions, in percent:

- (1) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (2) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (3) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (4) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (5) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (6) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (7) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \eta)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (8) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (9) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (10) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (11) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (12) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow 3h^- 2h^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

(13) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow 3h^- 2h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
(2)	-20											
(3)	-9	-6										
(4)	-16	-12	2									
(5)	-5	-5	-17	-37								
(6)	0	-4	-15	2	-27							
(7)	-2	-4	-24	-15	20	-47						
(8)	-14	-9	15	-5	-17	-14	-8					
(9)	-13	-12	-25	-30	4	-2	16	-15				
(10)	0	-2	-23	-14	4	10	13	-6	-17			
(11)	1	0	-5	1	4	6	0	-9	-2	-11		
(12)	0	1	9	4	-8	-4	-6	9	-5	-4	-2	
(13)	1	-4	-3	-5	3	2	-4	-3	-1	4	1	-24

² The correlation coefficient between this measurement and the ACCIARRI 01F measurement of $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)$ is 0.08.

³ The correlation coefficients between this measurement and the ANASTASSOV 97 measurements of $B(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)$, $B(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/B(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$, $B(h^- \nu_\tau)$, and $B(h^- \nu_\tau)/B(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ are 0.50, -0.42, 0.48, and -0.39 respectively.

⁴ Not independent of ALBRECHT 92D $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ and ALBRECHT 93G $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) \times \Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}^2$ values.

⁵ Modified using $B(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/B(\text{"1 prong"})$ and $B(\text{"1 prong"})$, = 0.855.

⁶ Error correlated with BALTRUSAITIS 85 $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$.

⁷ BACINO 78B value comes from fit to events with e^\pm and one other nonelectron charged prong.

$\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ Γ_3/Γ_5

Standard Model prediction including mass effects is 0.9726.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.9764 ± 0.0030 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

0.979 ± 0.004 OUR AVERAGE

0.9796 ± 0.0016 ± 0.0036 731k ¹ AUBERT 10F BABR 467 fb⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

0.9777 ± 0.0063 ± 0.0087 ² ANASTASSOV 97 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

0.997 ± 0.035 ± 0.040 ALBRECHT 92D ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.4-10.6$ GeV

¹ Correlation matrix for AUBERT 10F branching fractions:

- (1) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$
- (2) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$
- (3) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$

	(1)	(2)
(2)	0.25	
(3)	0.12	0.33

² The correlation coefficients between this measurement and the ANASTASSOV 97 measurements of $B(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)$, $B(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$, $B(h^- \nu_\tau)$, and $B(h^- \nu_\tau)/B(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ are 0.58, -0.42, 0.07, and 0.45 respectively.

$\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau \gamma) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_6 / Γ

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.75 ± 0.06 ± 0.17	¹ BERGFELD 00	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

¹ BERGFELD 00 impose requirements on detected γ 's corresponding to a τ -rest-frame energy cutoff $E_\gamma^* > 10 \text{ MeV}$.

$\Gamma(h^- \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_7 / Γ

$\Gamma_7 / \Gamma = (\Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10} + \frac{1}{2} \Gamma_{35} + \frac{1}{2} \Gamma_{37} + \Gamma_{47}) / \Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
12.06 ± 0.06 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.			
12.2 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE				
12.47 ± 0.26 ± 0.43	2967	¹ ACCIARRI 95	L3	1992 LEP run
12.4 ± 0.7 ± 0.7	283	² ABREU 92N	DLPH	1990 LEP run
12.1 ± 0.7 ± 0.5	309	ALEXANDER 91D	OPAL	1990 LEP run

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

11.3 ± 0.5 ± 0.8	798	³ FORD 87	MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

12.44 ± 0.11 ± 0.11	15k	⁴ BUSKULIC 96	ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C
11.7 ± 0.6 ± 0.8		⁵ ALBRECHT 92D	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
12.98 ± 0.44 ± 0.33		⁶ DECAMP 92C	ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C
12.3 ± 0.9 ± 0.5	1338	BEHREND 90	CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 35 \text{ GeV}$
11.1 ± 1.1 ± 1.4		⁷ BURCHAT 87	MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
12.3 ± 0.6 ± 1.1	328	⁸ BARTEL 86D	JADE	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
13.0 ± 2.0 ± 4.0		BERGER 85	PLUT	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
11.2 ± 1.7 ± 1.2	34	⁹ BEHREND 83C	CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34 \text{ GeV}$

¹ ACCIARRI 95 with 0.65% added to remove their correction for $\pi^- K_L^0$ backgrounds.

² ABREU 92N with 0.5% added to remove their correction for $K^*(892)^-$ backgrounds.

³ FORD 87 result for $B(\pi^- \nu_\tau)$ with 0.67% added to remove their K^- correction and adjusted for 1992 B("1 prong").

⁴ BUSKULIC 96 quote $11.78 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.13$ We add 0.66 to undo their correction for unseen K_L^0 and modify the systematic error accordingly.

⁵ Not independent of ALBRECHT 92D $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$, $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) \times \Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$, and $\Gamma(h^- \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ values.

⁶ DECAMP 92C quote $B(h^- \geq 0 K_L^0 \geq 0 (K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) \nu_\tau) = 13.32 \pm 0.44 \pm 0.33$. We subtract 0.35 to correct for their inclusion of the K_S^0 decays.

⁷ BURCHAT 87 with 1.1% added to remove their correction for K^- and $K^*(892)^-$ backgrounds.

⁸ BARTEL 86D result for $B(\pi^- \nu_\tau)$ with 0.59% added to remove their K^- correction and adjusted for 1992 B("1 prong").

⁹ BEHREND 83C quote $B(\pi^- \nu_\tau) = 9.9 \pm 1.7 \pm 1.3$ after subtracting 1.3 ± 0.5 to correct for $B(K^- \nu_\tau)$.

$\Gamma(h^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_8/\Gamma = (\Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%) EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

11.53 ± 0.06 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

11.63 ± 0.12 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.

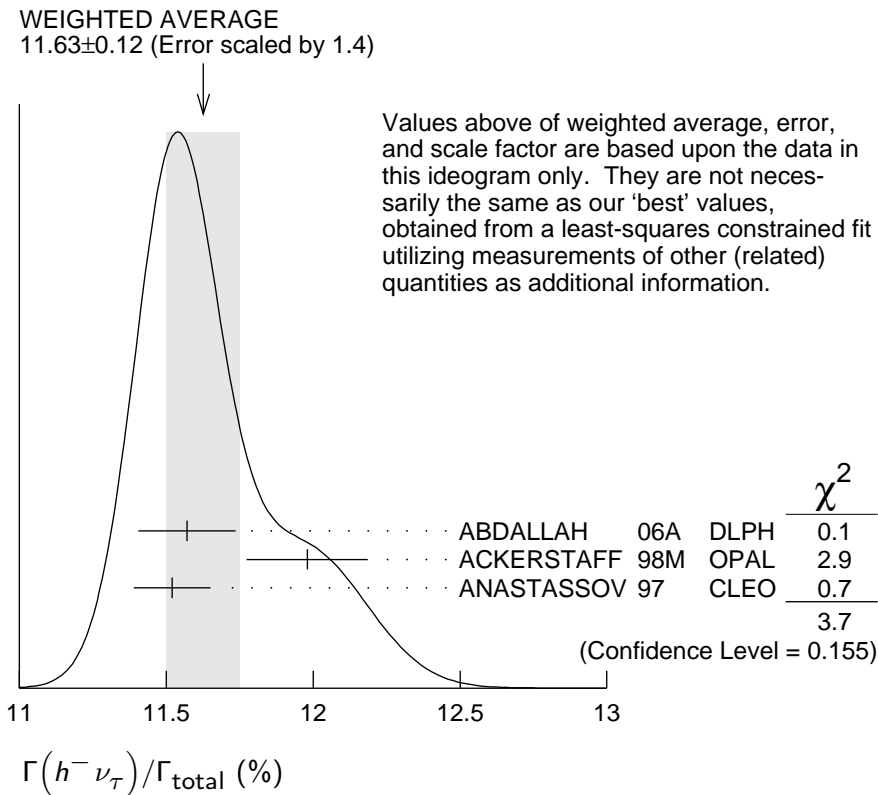
11.571 ± 0.120 ± 0.114	19k	¹ ABDALLAH 06A	DLPH	1992–1995 LEP runs
11.98 ± 0.13 ± 0.16		ACKERSTAFF 98M	OPAL	1991–1995 LEP runs
11.52 ± 0.05 ± 0.12		² ANASTASSOV 97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

¹ Correlation matrix for ABDALLAH 06A branching fractions, in percent:

- (1) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (2) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (3) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \geq 1\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (4) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (5) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \geq 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (6) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (7) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (8) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (9) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ \geq 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (10) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow 3h^- 2h^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (11) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow 3h^- 2h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
(2)		-34								
(3)		-47	56							
(4)		6	-66	15						
(5)		-6	38	11	-86					
(6)		-7	-8	15	0	-2				
(7)		-2	-1	-5	-3	3	-53			
(8)		-4	-4	-13	-4	-2	-56	75		
(9)		-1	-1	-4	3	-6	26	-78	-16	
(10)		-1	-1	1	0	0	-2	-3	-1	3
(11)		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	-5	-57

² The correlation coefficients between this measurement and the ANASTASSOV 97 measurements of $B(\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)$, $B(e \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$, $B(\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/B(e \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$, and $B(h^- \nu_\tau)/B(e \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ are 0.50, 0.48, 0.07, and 0.63 respectively.



$\Gamma(h^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ **$\Gamma_8 / \Gamma_5 = (\Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10}) / \Gamma_5$**

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.647 ± 0.004 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
0.640 ± 0.007 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.6.

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

0.6333 ± 0.0014 ± 0.0061	394k	¹ AUBERT	10F BABR	467 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV
0.6484 ± 0.0041 ± 0.0060		² ANASTASSOV 97	CLEO	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV

¹ Not independent of AUBERT 10F $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$.

² The correlation coefficients between this measurement and the ANASTASSOV 97 measurements of $B(\mu^+ \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)$, $B(e^+ \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$, $B(\mu^+ \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) / B(e^+ \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$, and $B(h^- \nu_\tau)$ are 0.08, -0.39, 0.45, and 0.63 respectively.

$\Gamma(\pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_9 / Γ**

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
10.83 ± 0.06 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
10.828 ± 0.070 ± 0.078	38k	¹ SCHAEEL	05C ALEP	1991-1995 LEP runs
11.06 ± 0.11 ± 0.14		² BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C
11.7 ± 0.4 ± 1.8	1138	BLOCKER	82D MRK2	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 3.5–6.7 GeV

¹ See footnote to SCHAEEL 05C $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

² Not independent of BUSKULIC 96 $B(h^- \nu_\tau)$ and $B(K^- \nu_\tau)$ values.

$\Gamma(\pi^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ Γ_9/Γ_5

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.607 ± 0.004 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
0.5945 ± 0.0014 ± 0.0061	369k	¹ AUBERT	10F BABR	467 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV

¹ See footnote to AUBERT 10F $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ for correlations with other measurements.

$\Gamma(K^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{10}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.700 ± 0.010 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
0.685 ± 0.023 OUR AVERAGE				

0.658 ± 0.027 ± 0.029		¹ ABBIENDI	01J OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
0.696 ± 0.025 ± 0.014	2032	BARATE	99K ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.85 ± 0.18	27	ABREU	94K DLPH	LEP 1992 Z data
0.66 ± 0.07 ± 0.09	99	BATTLE	94 CLEO	E _{cm} ^{ee} ≈ 10.6 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.72 ± 0.04 ± 0.04	728	BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	Repl. by BARATE 99K
0.59 ± 0.18	16	MILLS	84 DLCO	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 29 GeV
1.3 ± 0.5	15	BLOCKER	82B MRK2	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 3.9–6.7 GeV

¹ The correlation coefficient between this measurement and the ABBIENDI 01J $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \geq 0\pi^0 \geq 0K^0 \geq 0\gamma \nu_\tau)$ is 0.60.

$\Gamma(K^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ Γ_{10}/Γ_5

VALUE (units 10 ⁻²)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3.93 ± 0.06 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
3.882 ± 0.032 ± 0.057	25k	¹ AUBERT	10F BABR	467 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV

¹ See footnote to AUBERT 10F $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ for correlations with other measurements.

$\Gamma(K^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\pi^- \nu_\tau)$ Γ_{10}/Γ_9

VALUE (units 10 ⁻²)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
6.46 ± 0.10 OUR FIT			Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

6.531 ± 0.056 ± 0.093	¹ AUBERT	10F BABR	467 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV
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¹ Not independent of AUBERT 10F $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$.

$\Gamma(h^- \geq 1 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{11}/Γ

$$\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{14} + \Gamma_{16} + \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{27} + \Gamma_{28} + \Gamma_{30} + 0.157\Gamma_{35} + 0.157\Gamma_{37} + 0.157\Gamma_{40} + 0.157\Gamma_{42} + 0.0985\Gamma_{47} + 0.708\Gamma_{140} + 0.715\Gamma_{142} + 0.09\Gamma_{167} + 0.09\Gamma_{169})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
37.10 ± 0.10 OUR FIT			Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

36.14 ± 0.33 ± 0.58	¹ AKERS	94E OPAL	1991–1992 LEP runs
38.4 ± 1.2 ± 1.0	² BURCHAT	87 MRK2	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 29 GeV
42.7 ± 2.0 ± 2.9	BERGER	85 PLUT	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 34.6 GeV

¹ Not independent of ACKERSTAFF 98M $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(h^- \geq 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

² BURCHAT 87 quote for $B(\pi^\pm \geq 1 \text{ neutral } \nu_\tau) = 0.378 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.010$. We add 0.006 to account for contribution from $(K^{*-} \nu_\tau)$ which they fixed at BR = 0.013.

$\Gamma(h^- \geq 1\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$$\Gamma_{12}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{14} + \Gamma_{16} + \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{27} + \Gamma_{28} + \Gamma_{30} + 0.325\Gamma_{140} + 0.325\Gamma_{142})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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36.58 ± 0.10 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

36.641 ± 0.155 ± 0.127 45k ¹ ABDALLAH 06A DLPH 1992–1995 LEP runs

¹ See footnote to ABDALLAH 06A $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

$\Gamma(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{14} + \Gamma_{16})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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25.95 ± 0.09 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

25.73 ± 0.16 OUR AVERAGE

25.67 ± 0.01 ± 0.39 5.4M FUJIKAWA 08 BELL 72 fb⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

25.740 ± 0.201 ± 0.138 35k ¹ ABDALLAH 06A DLPH 1992–1995 LEP runs

25.89 ± 0.17 ± 0.29 ACKERSTAFF 98M OPAL 1991–1995 LEP runs

25.05 ± 0.35 ± 0.50 6613 ACCIARRI 95 L3 1992 LEP run

25.87 ± 0.12 ± 0.42 51k ² ARTUSO 94 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

25.76 ± 0.15 ± 0.13 31k BUSKULIC 96 ALEP Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C

25.98 ± 0.36 ± 0.52 ³ AKERS 94E OPAL Repl. by ACKER-STAFF 98M

22.9 ± 0.8 ± 1.3 283 ⁴ ABREU 92N DLPH $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 88.2\text{--}94.2 \text{ GeV}$

23.1 ± 0.4 ± 0.9 1249 ⁵ ALBRECHT 92Q ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

25.02 ± 0.64 ± 0.88 1849 DECAMP 92C ALEP 1989–1990 LEP runs

22.0 ± 0.8 ± 1.9 779 ANTREASYAN 91 CBAL $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

22.6 ± 1.5 ± 0.7 1101 BEHREND 90 CELL $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 35 \text{ GeV}$

23.1 ± 1.9 ± 1.6 BEHREND 84 CELL $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 14,22 \text{ GeV}$

¹ See footnote to ABDALLAH 06A $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

² ARTUSO 94 reports the combined result from three independent methods, one of which (23% of the $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$) is normalized to the inclusive one-prong branching fraction, taken as 0.854 ± 0.004 . Renormalization to the present value causes negligible change.

³ AKERS 94E quote $(26.25 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.52) \times 10^{-2}$; we subtract 0.27% from their number to correct for $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- K_L^0 \nu_\tau$.

⁴ ABREU 92N with 0.5% added to remove their correction for $K^*(892)^-$ backgrounds.

⁵ ALBRECHT 92Q with 0.5% added to remove their correction for $\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau$ background.

$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{14}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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25.52 ± 0.09 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

25.46 ± 0.12 OUR AVERAGE

25.471 ± 0.097 ± 0.085 81k ¹ SCHAEEL 05C ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

25.36 ± 0.44 ² ARTUSO 94 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

25.30 ±0.15 ±0.13		³ BUSKULIC	96	ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C
21.5 ±0.4 ±1.9	4400	^{4,5} ALBRECHT	88L	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
23.0 ±1.3 ±1.7	582	ADLER	87B	MRK3	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 3.77$ GeV
25.8 ±1.7 ±2.5		⁶ BURCHAT	87	MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
22.3 ±0.6 ±1.4	629	⁵ YELTON	86	MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

¹ See footnote to SCHAEEL 05C $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{total}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

² Not independent of ARTUSO 94 $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ and BATTLE 94 $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

³ Not independent of BUSKULIC 96 $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

⁴ The authors divide by $(\Gamma_3 + \Gamma_5 + \Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10})/\Gamma = 0.467$ to obtain this result.

⁵ Experiment had no hadron identification. Kaon corrections were made, but insufficient information is given to permit their removal.

⁶ BURCHAT 87 value is not independent of YELTON 86 value. Nonresonant decays included.

$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^0 \text{non-}\rho(770)\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{15}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>		<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.3±0.1±0.3	¹	BEHREND 84	CELL	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 14,22$ GeV

¹ BEHREND 84 assume a flat nonresonant mass distribution down to the $\rho(770)$ mass, using events with mass above 1300 to set the level.

$\Gamma(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{16}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.429±0.015 OUR FIT				
0.426±0.016 OUR AVERAGE				
0.416±0.003±0.018	78k	AUBERT	07AP BABR	230 fb ⁻¹ $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
0.471±0.059±0.023	360	ABBIENDI	04J OPAL	1991-1995 LEP runs
0.444±0.026±0.024	923	BARATE	99K ALEP	1991-1995 LEP runs
0.51 ±0.10 ±0.07	37	BATTLE	94 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.52 ±0.04 ±0.05	395	BUSKULIC	96	ALEP	Repl. by BARATE 99K
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$\Gamma(h^- \geq 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{17}/Γ

$$\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{27} + \Gamma_{28} + \Gamma_{30} + 0.157\Gamma_{35} + 0.157\Gamma_{37} + 0.157\Gamma_{40} + 0.157\Gamma_{42} + 0.0985\Gamma_{47} + 0.319\Gamma_{140} + 0.322\Gamma_{142})/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
10.87±0.11 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.			
9.91±0.31±0.27		ACKERSTAFF 98M	OPAL	1991-1995 LEP runs

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

9.89±0.34±0.55		¹ AKERS	94E	OPAL	Repl. by ACKER-STAFF 98M
14.0 ±1.2 ±0.6	938	² BEHREND	90	CELL	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 35$ GeV
12.0 ±1.4 ±2.5		³ BURCHAT	87	MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
13.9 ±2.0 ^{+1.9} / _{-2.2}		⁴ AIHARA	86E	TPC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

¹ AKERS 94E not independent of AKERS 94E $B(h^- \geq 1\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurements.

² No independent of BEHREND 90 $\Gamma(h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{exp. } K^0))$ and $\Gamma(h^- \geq 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$.

³ Error correlated with BURCHAT 87 $\Gamma(\rho^- \nu_e)/\Gamma(\text{total})$ value.

⁴ AIHARA 86E (TPC) quote $B(2\pi^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau) + 1.6B(3\pi^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau) + 1.1B(\pi^0 \eta \pi^- \nu_\tau)$.

$$\frac{\Gamma(h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + 0.157\Gamma_{35} + 0.157\Gamma_{37})/\Gamma} \quad \Gamma_{18}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTs	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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9.52 ± 0.11 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

9.48 ± 0.13 ± 0.10	12k	¹ BUSKULIC	96	ALEP Repl. by SCHAEEL 05c
¹ BUSKULIC 96 quote 9.29 ± 0.13 ± 0.10. We add 0.19 to undo their correction for $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- K^0 \nu_\tau$.				

$$\frac{\Gamma(h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{19}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23})/\Gamma} \quad \Gamma_{19}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTs	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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9.36 ± 0.11 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

9.17 ± 0.27 OUR AVERAGE

9.498 ± 0.320 ± 0.275	9.5k	¹ ABDALLAH	06A	DLPH 1992–1995 LEP runs
8.88 ± 0.37 ± 0.42	1060	ACCIARRI	95	L3 1992 LEP run

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

8.96 ± 0.16 ± 0.44		² PROCARIO	93	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6$ GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
10.38 ± 0.66 ± 0.82	809	³ DECAMP	92c	ALEP Repl. by SCHAEEL 05c
5.7 ± 0.5 $\begin{smallmatrix} +1.7 \\ -1.0 \end{smallmatrix}$	133	⁴ ANTREASYAN	91	CBAL $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
10.0 ± 1.5 ± 1.1	333	⁵ BEHREND	90	CELL $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 35$ GeV
8.7 ± 0.4 ± 1.1	815	⁶ BAND	87	MAC $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29$ GeV
6.2 ± 0.6 ± 1.2		⁷ GAN	87	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29$ GeV
6.0 ± 3.0 ± 1.8		BEHREND	84	CELL $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 14,22$ GeV

¹ See footnote to ABDALLAH 06A $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

² PROCARIO 93 entry is obtained from $B(h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ using ARTUSO 94 result for $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$.

³ We subtract 0.0015 to account for $\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau$ contribution.

⁴ ANTREASYAN 91 subtract 0.001 to account for the $\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau$ contribution.

⁵ BEHREND 90 subtract 0.002 to account for the $\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau$ contribution.

⁶ BAND 87 assume $B(\pi^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau) = 0.01$ and $B(\pi^- \pi^0 \eta \nu_\tau) = 0.005$.

⁷ GAN 87 analysis use photon multiplicity distribution.

$$\frac{\Gamma(h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)}{\Gamma_{19}/\Gamma_{13} = (\Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23})/(\Gamma_{14} + \Gamma_{16})} \quad \Gamma_{19}/\Gamma_{13}$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.361 ± 0.005 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

0.342 ± 0.006 ± 0.016 ¹ PROCARIO 93 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6$ GeV

¹ PROCARIO 93 quote 0.345 ± 0.006 ± 0.016 after correction for 2 kaon backgrounds assuming $B(K^{*-} \nu_\tau) = 1.42 \pm 0.18\%$ and $B(h^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) = 0.48 \pm 0.48\%$. We multiply by 0.990 ± 0.010 to remove these corrections to $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$.

$\Gamma(\pi^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{20}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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9.30 ± 0.11 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

9.239 ± 0.086 ± 0.090 31k ¹SCHAEL 05C ALEP 1991-1995 LEP runs

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

9.21 ± 0.13 ± 0.11 ²BUSKULIC 96 ALEP Repl. by SCHAEL 05C

¹ See footnote to SCHAEL 05C $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

² Not independent of BUSKULIC 96 $B(h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ and $B(K^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ values.

$\Gamma(\pi^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0), \text{scalar})/\Gamma(\pi^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ Γ_{21}/Γ_{20}

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<0.094 95 ¹BROWDER 00 CLEO 4.7 fb⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

¹ Model-independent limit from structure function analysis on contribution to $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ from scalars.

$\Gamma(\pi^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0), \text{vector})/\Gamma(\pi^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ Γ_{22}/Γ_{20}

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<0.073 95 ¹BROWDER 00 CLEO 4.7 fb⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

¹ Model-independent limit from structure function analysis on contribution to $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ from vectors.

$\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{23}/Γ

VALUE (units 10 ⁻⁴)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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6.5 ± 2.3 OUR FIT

5.8 ± 2.4 OUR AVERAGE

5.6 ± 2.0 ± 1.5 131 BARATE 99K ALEP 1991-1995 LEP runs

9 ± 10 ± 3 3 ¹BATTLE 94 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

8 ± 2 ± 2 59 BUSKULIC 96 ALEP Repl. by BARATE 99K

¹ BATTLE 94 quote $(14 \pm 10 \pm 3) \times 10^{-4}$ or $< 30 \times 10^{-4}$ at 90% CL. We subtract $(5 \pm 2) \times 10^{-4}$ to account for $\tau^- \rightarrow K^- (K^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0) \nu_\tau$ background.

$\Gamma(h^- \geq 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{24}/Γ

$\Gamma_{24}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{27} + \Gamma_{28} + \Gamma_{30} + 0.157\Gamma_{40} + 0.157\Gamma_{42} + 0.0985\Gamma_{47} + 0.319\Gamma_{140} + 0.322\Gamma_{142})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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1.35 ± 0.07 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.53 ± 0.40 ± 0.46 186 DECAMP 92C ALEP Repl. by SCHAEL 05C

3.2 ± 1.0 ± 1.0 BEHREND 90 CELL $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 35$ GeV

$$\Gamma(h^- \geq 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{25}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{27} + \Gamma_{28} + \Gamma_{30} + 0.325\Gamma_{140} + 0.325\Gamma_{142})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.26 ± 0.07 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
1.403 ± 0.214 ± 0.224	1.1k	¹ ABDALLAH	06A	DLPH 1992–1995 LEP runs

¹ See footnote to ABDALLAH 06A $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

$$\Gamma(h^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{26}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{26}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{27} + \Gamma_{28} + 0.157\Gamma_{40} + 0.157\Gamma_{42} + 0.322\Gamma_{142})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.19 ± 0.07 OUR FIT				
1.21 ± 0.17 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
1.70 ± 0.24 ± 0.38	293	ACCIARRI	95 L3	1992 LEP run
• • •				We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •
1.15 ± 0.08 ± 0.13		¹ PROCARIO	93	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV
• • •				We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •
1.24 ± 0.09 ± 0.11	2.3k	² BUSKULIC	96	ALEP Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C
0.0 ^{+1.4} _{-0.1} ^{+1.1} _{-0.1}		³ GAN	87	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

¹ PROCARIO 93 entry is obtained from $B(h^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ using ARTUSO 94 result for $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$.

² BUSKULIC 96 quote $B(h^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) = 1.17 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.11$. We add 0.07 to remove their correction for K^0 backgrounds.

³ Highly correlated with GAN 87 $\Gamma(\eta \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ value. Authors quote $B(\pi^\pm 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau) + 0.67B(\pi^\pm \eta \pi^0 \nu_\tau) = 0.047 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.011$.

$$\Gamma(h^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) \quad \Gamma_{26}/\Gamma_{13}$$

$$\Gamma_{26}/\Gamma_{13} = (\Gamma_{27} + \Gamma_{28} + 0.157\Gamma_{40} + 0.157\Gamma_{42} + 0.322\Gamma_{142})/(\Gamma_{14} + \Gamma_{16})$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.0459 ± 0.0029 OUR FIT			
0.044 ± 0.003 ± 0.005	¹ PROCARIO	93	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV

¹ PROCARIO 93 quote $0.041 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.005$ after correction for 2 kaon backgrounds assuming $B(K^{*-} \nu_\tau) = 1.42 \pm 0.18\%$ and $B(h^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) = 0.48 \pm 0.48\%$. We add 0.003 ± 0.003 and multiply the sum by 0.990 ± 0.010 to remove these corrections.

$$\Gamma(\pi^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{27}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.05 ± 0.07 OUR FIT				
0.977 ± 0.069 ± 0.058	6.1k	¹ SCHAEEL	05C	ALEP 1991-1995 LEP runs

¹ See footnote to SCHAEEL 05C $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

$\Gamma(K^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \eta))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{28}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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4.8 ± 2.2 OUR FIT

3.7 ± 2.1 ± 1.1 22 BARATE 99K ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

5 ± 13 ¹ BUSKULIC 94E ALEP Repl. by BARATE 99K

¹ BUSKULIC 94E quote $B(K^- \geq 0\pi^0 \geq 0K^0 \nu_\tau) - [B(K^- \nu_\tau) + B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) + B(K^- K^0 \nu_\tau) + B(K^- \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) + B(K^- \pi^0 K^0 \nu_\tau)] = (5 \pm 13) \times 10^{-4}$ accounting for common systematic errors in BUSKULIC 94E and BUSKULIC 94F measurements of these modes. We assume $B(K^- \geq 2K^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(K^- \geq 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ are negligible.

$\Gamma(h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{29}/Γ

$\Gamma_{29}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{30} + 0.319\Gamma_{140})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.16 ± 0.04 OUR FIT

0.16 ± 0.05 ± 0.05 ¹ PROCARIO 93 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.16 ± 0.04 ± 0.09 232 ² BUSKULIC 96 ALEP Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C

¹ PROCARIO 93 quotes $B(h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) = 0.006 \pm 0.002 \pm 0.002$. We multiply by the ARTUSO 94 result for $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ to obtain $B(h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$. PROCARIO 93 assume $B(h^- \geq 5 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ is small and do not correct for it.

² BUSKULIC 96 quote result for $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \geq 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau$. We assume $B(h^- \geq 5\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ is negligible.

$\Gamma(h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \eta))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{30}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.11 ± 0.04 OUR FIT

0.112 ± 0.037 ± 0.035 957 ¹ SCHAEEL 05C ALEP 1991-1995 LEP runs

¹ See footnote to SCHAEEL 05C $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

$\Gamma(K^- \geq 0\pi^0 \geq 0K^0 \geq 0\gamma \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{31}/Γ

$\Gamma_{31}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{10} + \Gamma_{16} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{28} + \Gamma_{37} + \Gamma_{42} + 0.715\Gamma_{142})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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1.572 ± 0.033 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

1.53 ± 0.04 OUR AVERAGE

1.528 ± 0.039 ± 0.040 ¹ ABBIENDI 01J OPAL 1990–1995 LEP runs

1.54 ± 0.24 ABREU 94K DLPH LEP 1992 Z data

1.70 ± 0.12 ± 0.19 202 ² BATTLE 94 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

1.520 ± 0.040 ± 0.041 4006 ³ BARATE 99K ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.70 ± 0.05 ± 0.06 1610 ⁴ BUSKULIC 96 ALEP Repl. by BARATE 99K

1.6 ± 0.4 ± 0.2 35 AIHARA 87B TPC $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

1.71 ± 0.29 53 MILLS 84 DLCO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

¹ The correlation coefficient between this measurement and the ABBIENDI 01J $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \nu_\tau)$ is 0.60.

² BATTLE 94 quote $1.60 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.19$. We add 0.10 ± 0.02 to correct for their rejection of $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays.

³ Not independent of BARATE 99K $B(K^- \nu_\tau)$, $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$, $B(K^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ (ex. K^0), $B(K^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ (ex. K^0), $B(K^- K^0 \nu_\tau)$, and $B(K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

⁴ Not independent of BUSKULIC 96 $B(K^- \nu_\tau)$, $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$, $B(K^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$, $B(K^- K^0 \nu_\tau)$, and $B(K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

$\Gamma(K^- \geq 1 (\pi^0 \text{ or } K^0 \text{ or } \gamma) \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{32}/Γ

$$\Gamma_{32}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{16} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{28} + \Gamma_{37} + \Gamma_{42} + 0.715\Gamma_{142})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.872 ± 0.032 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

0.86 ± 0.05 OUR AVERAGE

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

$0.869 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.034$	¹ ABBIENDI	01J	OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
0.69 ± 0.25	² ABREU	94K	DLPH	LEP 1992 Z data

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$1.2 \pm 0.5 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.2 \\ -0.4 \end{smallmatrix}$	9	AIHARA	87B	TPC $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
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¹ Not independent of ABBIENDI 01J $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \nu_\tau)$ and $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \geq 0 \pi^0 \geq 0 K^0 \geq 0 \gamma \nu_\tau)$ values.

² Not independent of ABREU 94K $B(K^- \nu_\tau)$ and $B(K^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)$ measurements.

$\Gamma(K_S^0 (\text{particles})^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{33}/Γ

$$\Gamma_{33}/\Gamma = (\frac{1}{2}\Gamma_{35} + \frac{1}{2}\Gamma_{37} + \frac{1}{2}\Gamma_{40} + \frac{1}{2}\Gamma_{42} + \Gamma_{47} + \Gamma_{48})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.92 ± 0.04 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.5.

0.97 ± 0.07 OUR AVERAGE

$0.970 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.062$	929	BARATE	98E	ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs
$0.97 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.06$	141	AKERS	94G	OPAL $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 88\text{--}94$ GeV

$\Gamma(h^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{34}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{35} + \Gamma_{37})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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1.00 ± 0.05 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.8.

0.90 ± 0.07 OUR AVERAGE

$0.855 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.073$	1242	COAN	96	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV
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• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

$1.01 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.07$	555	¹ BARATE	98E	ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs
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¹ Not independent of BARATE 98E $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

$\Gamma(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{35} / Γ

VALUE (%) EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

0.84 ± 0.04 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 2.1.

0.831 ± 0.030 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.

0.808 ± 0.004 ± 0.026 53k EPIFANOV 07 BELL 351 fb⁻¹ E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6 GeV

0.933 ± 0.068 ± 0.049 377 ABBIENDI 00C OPAL 1991–1995 LEP runs

0.928 ± 0.045 ± 0.034 937 ¹ BARATE 99K ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs

0.95 ± 0.15 ± 0.06 ² ACCIARRI 95F L3 1991–1993 LEP runs

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

0.855 ± 0.117 ± 0.066 509 ³ BARATE 98E ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs

0.704 ± 0.041 ± 0.072 ⁴ COAN 96 CLEO E_{cm}^{ee} ≈ 10.6 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.79 ± 0.10 ± 0.09 98 ⁵ BUSKULIC 96 ALEP Repl. by BARATE 99K

¹ BARATE 99K measure K⁰'s by detecting K_L⁰'s in their hadron calorimeter.

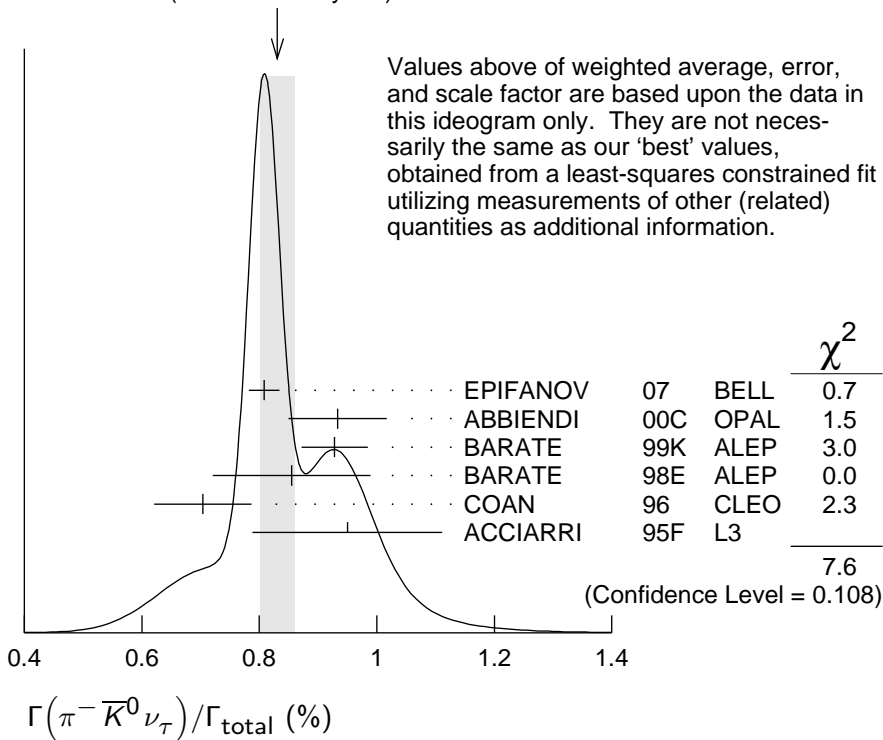
² ACCIARRI 95F do not identify π⁻/K⁻ and assume B(K⁻ K⁰ ν_τ) = (0.29 ± 0.12)%.

³ BARATE 98E reconstruct K⁰'s using K_S⁰ → π⁺ π⁻ decays. Not independent of BARATE 98E B(K⁰ particles⁻ ν_τ) value.

⁴ Not independent of COAN 96 B(h⁻ K⁰ ν_τ) and B(K⁻ K⁰ ν_τ) measurements.

⁵ BUSKULIC 96 measure K⁰'s by detecting K_L⁰'s in their hadron calorimeter.

WEIGHTED AVERAGE
0.831 ± 0.030 (Error scaled by 1.4)



Values above of weighted average, error, and scale factor are based upon the data in this ideogram only. They are not necessarily the same as our 'best' values, obtained from a least-squares constrained fit utilizing measurements of other (related) quantities as additional information.

$\Gamma(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 (\text{non-}K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{36}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5.4 ± 2.1		¹ EPIFANOV	07	BELL 351 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6$ GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<17	95	ACCIARRI	95F L3	1991–1993 LEP runs
¹ EPIFANOV 07 quote $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau) B(K^*(892)^- \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^-) / B(\tau^- \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau) = 0.933 \pm 0.027$. We multiply their $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau)$ by $[1 - (0.933 \pm 0.027)]$ to obtain this result.				

$\Gamma(K^- K^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{37}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.159 ± 0.016 OUR FIT				
0.158 ± 0.017 OUR AVERAGE				
0.162 ± 0.021 ± 0.011	150	¹ BARATE	99K ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.158 ± 0.042 ± 0.017	46	² BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.151 ± 0.021 ± 0.022	111	COAN	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6$ GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.26 ± 0.09 ± 0.02	13	³ BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	Repl. by BARATE 99K
¹ BARATE 99K measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in their hadron calorimeter.				
² BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays.				
³ BUSKULIC 96 measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in their hadron calorimeter.				

$\Gamma(K^- K^0 \geq 0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{38}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{37} + \Gamma_{42})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.318 ± 0.023 OUR FIT				
0.330 ± 0.055 ± 0.039	124	ABBIENDI	00C OPAL	1991–1995 LEP runs

$\Gamma(h^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{39}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{40} + \Gamma_{42})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.56 ± 0.04 OUR FIT				
0.50 ± 0.06 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
0.562 ± 0.050 ± 0.048	264	COAN	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6$ GeV
• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •				
0.446 ± 0.052 ± 0.046	157	¹ BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
¹ Not independent of BARATE 98E $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.				

$\Gamma(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{40}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.40 ± 0.04 OUR FIT				
0.36 ± 0.04 OUR AVERAGE				
0.347 ± 0.053 ± 0.037	299	¹ BARATE	99K ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.294 ± 0.073 ± 0.037	142	² BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.41 ± 0.12 ± 0.03		³ ACCIARRI	95F L3	1991–1993 LEP runs
• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •				
0.417 ± 0.058 ± 0.044		⁴ COAN	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6$ GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.32 ± 0.11 ± 0.05	23	⁵ BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	Repl. by BARATE 99K

- ¹ BARATE 99K measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in their hadron calorimeter.
² BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays.
³ ACCIARRI 95F do not identify π^-/K^- and assume $B(K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) = (0.05 \pm 0.05)\%$.
⁴ Not independent of COAN 96 $B(h^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurements.
⁵ BUSKULIC 96 measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in their hadron calorimeter.

$\Gamma(\overline{K}^0 \rho^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{41}/Γ**

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.22 ± 0.05 OUR AVERAGE			
0.250 ± 0.057 ± 0.044	¹ BARATE 99K	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.188 ± 0.054 ± 0.038	² BARATE 98E	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

- ¹ BARATE 99K measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in hadron calorimeter. They determine the $\overline{K}^0 \rho^-$ fraction in $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \overline{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ decays to be $(0.72 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.10)$ and multiply their $B(\pi^- \overline{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurement by this fraction to obtain the quoted result.
² BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays. They determine the $\overline{K}^0 \rho^-$ fraction in $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \overline{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ decays to be $(0.64 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.10)$ and multiply their $B(\pi^- \overline{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurement by this fraction to obtain the quoted result.

$\Gamma(K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{42}/Γ**

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.159 ± 0.020 OUR FIT				
0.144 ± 0.023 OUR AVERAGE				
0.143 ± 0.025 ± 0.015	78	¹ BARATE 99K	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.152 ± 0.076 ± 0.021	15	² BARATE 98E	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.145 ± 0.036 ± 0.020	32	COAN 96	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.10 ± 0.05 ± 0.03 5 ³ BUSKULIC 96 ALEP Repl. by BARATE 99K

- ¹ BARATE 99K measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in their hadron calorimeter.
² BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays.
³ BUSKULIC 96 measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in their hadron calorimeter.

$\Gamma(\pi^- \overline{K}^0 \geq 1\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **$\Gamma_{43}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{40} + \Gamma_{44})/\Gamma$**

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.324 ± 0.074 ± 0.066	148	ABBIENDI 00C	OPAL	1991–1995 LEP runs

$\Gamma(\pi^- \overline{K}^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{44}/Γ**

<u>VALUE (units 10⁻³)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.26 ± 0.24			¹ BARATE 99R	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 0.66 95 17 ² BARATE 99K ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs
 0.58 ± 0.33 ± 0.14 5 ³ BARATE 98E ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs

- ¹ BARATE 99R combine the BARATE 98E and BARATE 99K measurements to obtain this value.
² BARATE 99K measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in their hadron calorimeter.
³ BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays.

$\Gamma(K^- K^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{45}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.16 × 10⁻³	95	¹ BARATE	99R ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<0.18 × 10 ⁻³	95	² BARATE	99K ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
<0.39 × 10 ⁻³	95	³ BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

¹ BARATE 99R combine the BARATE 98E and BARATE 99K bounds to obtain this value.
² BARATE 99K measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in hadron calorimeter.
³ BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's by using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays.

$\Gamma(\pi^- K^0 \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{46}/\Gamma = (2\Gamma_{47} + \Gamma_{48})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.17 ± 0.04 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.8.		
• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •				

0.153 ± 0.030 ± 0.016	74	¹ BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.31 ± 0.12 ± 0.04		² ACCIARRI	95F L3	1991–1993 LEP runs
¹ BARATE 98E obtain this value by adding twice their $B(\pi^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \nu_\tau)$ value to their $B(\pi^- K_S^0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau)$ value.				
² ACCIARRI 95F assume $B(\pi^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \nu) = B(\pi^- K_S^0 K_L^0 \nu) = 1/2 B(\pi^- K_S^0 K_L^0 \nu)$.				

$\Gamma(\pi^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{47}/Γ

Bose-Einstein correlations might make the mixing fraction different than 1/4.

VALUE (units 10 ⁻⁴)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.31 ± 0.17 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.9.		
2.31 ± 0.09 OUR AVERAGE				
2.31 ± 0.04 ± 0.08	5.0k	LEES	12Y BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
2.6 ± 1.0 ± 0.5	6	BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
2.3 ± 0.5 ± 0.3	42	COAN	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(\pi^- K_S^0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{48}/Γ

VALUE (units 10 ⁻⁴)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
12 ± 4 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.8.		
10.1 ± 2.3 ± 1.3	68	BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

$\Gamma(\pi^- K^0 \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{49}/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
(0.31 ± 0.23) × 10⁻³	¹ BARATE	99R ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
¹ BARATE 99R combine BARATE 98E $\Gamma(\pi^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ and $\Gamma(\pi^- K_S^0 K_L^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurements to obtain this value.			

$\Gamma(\pi^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{50}/Γ

VALUE (units 10 ⁻⁴)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.60 ± 0.20 ± 0.22		409	LEES	12Y BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<2.0	95	BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs	

$\Gamma(\pi^- K_S^0 K_L^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{51}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$3.1 \pm 1.1 \pm 0.5$	11	BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

$\Gamma(K^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{52}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 6.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	LEES	12Y BABR	468 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{53}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 4.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	LEES	12Y BABR	468 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^0 h^+ h^- h^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{54}/Γ

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 0.17	95	TSCHIRHART	88 HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 0.27	90	BELTRAMI	85 HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
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$\Gamma(K^0 h^+ h^- h^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{55}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$2.3 \pm 1.9 \pm 0.7$	6	¹ BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

¹ BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays.

$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{56}/Γ

$$\Gamma_{56}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{35} + 0.3431\Gamma_{37} + 0.3431\Gamma_{40} + 0.3431\Gamma_{42} + 0.4307\Gamma_{47} + 0.6861\Gamma_{48} + \Gamma_{64} + \Gamma_{72} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{80} + \Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{98} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.285\Gamma_{140} + 0.285\Gamma_{142} + 0.9101\Gamma_{167} + 0.9101\Gamma_{169})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
15.20 ± 0.08 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.3.
14.8 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE				

$14.4 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.3$		ADEVA	91F L3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 88.3\text{--}94.3 \text{ GeV}$
$15.0 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3$		BEHREND	89B CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 14\text{--}47 \text{ GeV}$
$15.1 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.6$		AIHARA	87B TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$13.5 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.3$		ABACHI	89B HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
$12.8 \pm 1.0 \pm 0.7$		¹ BURCHAT	87 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
$12.1 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.2$		RUCKSTUHL	86 DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
$12.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.8$	1420	SCHMIDKE	86 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
$15.3 \pm 1.1 \begin{smallmatrix} +1.3 \\ -1.6 \end{smallmatrix}$	367	ALTHOFF	85 TASS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34.5 \text{ GeV}$
$13.6 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.8$		BARTEL	85F JADE	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
$12.2 \pm 1.3 \pm 3.9$		² BERGER	85 PLUT	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
$13.3 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.6$		FERNANDEZ	85 MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
24 ± 6	35	BRANDELIK	80 TASS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 30 \text{ GeV}$
32 ± 5	692	³ BACINO	78B DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 3.1\text{--}7.4 \text{ GeV}$
35 ± 11		³ BRANDELIK	78 DASP	Assumes $V\text{--}A$ decay
18 ± 6.5	33	³ JAROS	78 LGW	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} > 6 \text{ GeV}$

¹ BURCHAT 87 value is not independent of SCHMIDKE 86 value.

² Not independent of BERGER 85 $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$, $\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$, $\Gamma(h^- \geq 1 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$, and $\Gamma(h^- \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$, and therefore not used in the fit.

³ Low energy experiments are not in average or fit because the systematic errors in background subtraction are judged to be large.

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) (\text{"3-prong"})) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{57}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{57}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{64} + \Gamma_{72} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{80} + \Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{98} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.285\Gamma_{140} + 0.285\Gamma_{142} + 0.9101\Gamma_{167} + 0.9101\Gamma_{169})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
14.57 ± 0.07 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.3.
14.61 ± 0.06 OUR AVERAGE				
14.556 ± 0.105 ± 0.076		¹ ACHARD 01D	L3	1992–1995 LEP runs
14.96 ± 0.09 ± 0.22	10.4k	AKERS 95Y	OPAL	1991–1994 LEP runs
• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •				
14.652 ± 0.067 ± 0.086		SCHAEL 05C	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
14.569 ± 0.093 ± 0.048	23k	² ABREU 01M	DLPH	1992–1995 LEP runs
14.22 ± 0.10 ± 0.37		³ BALEST 95C	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
15.26 ± 0.26 ± 0.22		ACTON 92H	OPAL	Repl. by AKERS 95Y
13.3 ± 0.3 ± 0.8		⁴ ALBRECHT 92D	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
14.35 $^{+0.40}_{-0.45}$ ± 0.24		DECAMP 92C	ALEP	1989–1990 LEP runs

¹ The correlation coefficients between this measurement and the ACHARD 01D measurements of $B(\tau \rightarrow \text{"1-prong"})$ and $B(\tau \rightarrow \text{"5-prong"})$ are -0.978 and -0.19 respectively.

² The correlation coefficients between this measurement and the ABREU 01M measurements of $B(\tau \rightarrow \text{1-prong})$ and $B(\tau \rightarrow \text{5-prong})$ are -0.98 and -0.08 respectively.

³ Not independent of BALEST 95C $B(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau)$ and $B(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values, and BORTOLETTO 93 $B(h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/B(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)$ value.

⁴ This ALBRECHT 92D value is not independent of their $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}^2$ value.

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{58}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{58}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{35} + 0.3431\Gamma_{37} + \Gamma_{64} + \Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{98} + 0.017\Gamma_{167})/\Gamma$$

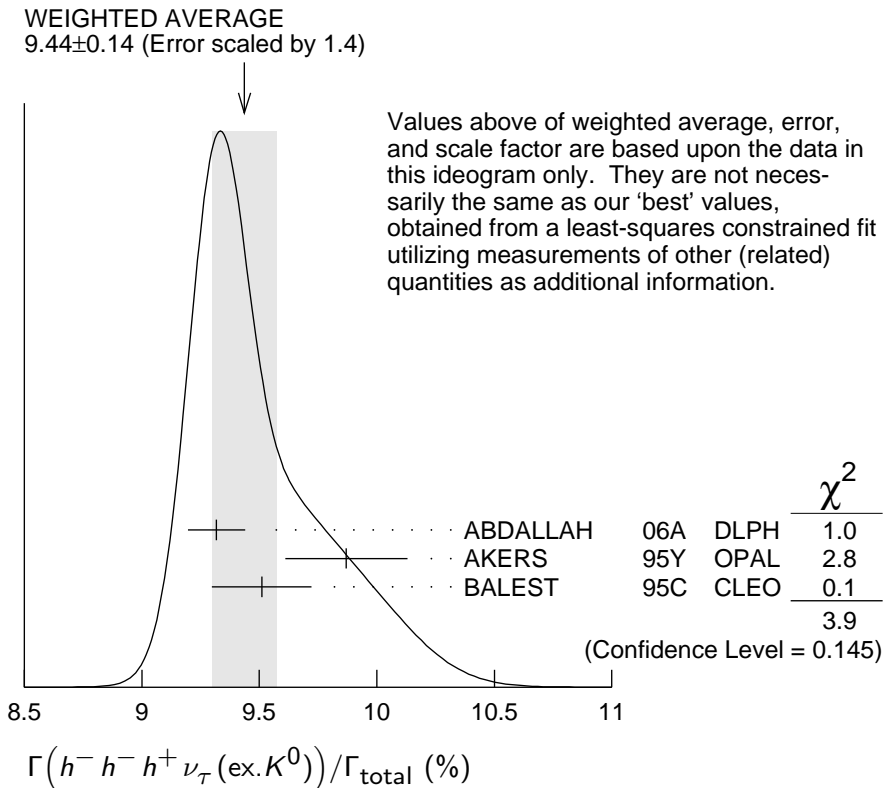
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
9.80 ± 0.07 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •				
7.6 ± 0.1 ± 0.5	7.5k	¹ ALBRECHT 96E	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
9.92 ± 0.10 ± 0.09	11.2k	² BUSKULIC 96	ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEL 05C
9.49 ± 0.36 ± 0.63		DECAMP 92C	ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEL 05C
8.7 ± 0.7 ± 0.3	694	³ BEHREND 90	CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 35 \text{ GeV}$
7.0 ± 0.3 ± 0.7	1566	⁴ BAND 87	MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
6.7 ± 0.8 ± 0.9		⁵ BURCHAT 87	MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
6.4 ± 0.4 ± 0.9		⁶ RUCKSTUHL 86	DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
7.8 ± 0.5 ± 0.8	890	SCHMIDKE 86	MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
8.4 ± 0.4 ± 0.7	1255	⁶ FERNANDEZ 85	MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
9.7 ± 2.0 ± 1.3		BEHREND 84	CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 14,22 \text{ GeV}$

- ¹ ALBRECHT 96E not independent of ALBRECHT 93C $\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau(\text{ex. } K^0)) \times \Gamma(\text{particle}^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}^2$ value.
- ² BUSKULIC 96 quote $B(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau(\text{ex. } K^0)) = 9.50 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.11$. We add 0.42 to remove their K^0 correction and reduce the systematic error accordingly.
- ³ BEHREND 90 subtract 0.3% to account for the $\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau$ contribution to measured events.
- ⁴ BAND 87 subtract for charged kaon modes; not independent of FERNANDEZ 85 value.
- ⁵ BURCHAT 87 value is not independent of SCHMIDKE 86 value.
- ⁶ Value obtained by multiplying paper's $R = B(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau) / B(3\text{-prong})$ by $B(3\text{-prong}) = 0.143$ and subtracting 0.3% for $K^*(892)$ background.

$$\frac{\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau(\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{59} / \Gamma} = (\Gamma_{64} + \Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{98} + 0.017\Gamma_{167}) / \Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
9.46 ± 0.06 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
9.44 ± 0.14 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.
9.317 ± 0.090 ± 0.082	12.2k	¹ ABDALLAH 06A	DLPH	1992–1995 LEP runs
9.51 ± 0.07 ± 0.20	37.7k	BALEST 95C	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV
• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •				
9.87 ± 0.10 ± 0.24		² AKERS 95Y	OPAL	1991–1994 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
9.50 ± 0.10 ± 0.11	11.2k	³ BUSKULIC 96	ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C

- ¹ See footnote to ABDALLAH 06A $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.
- ² Not independent of AKERS 95Y $B(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau(\text{ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-))$ and $B(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau(\text{ex. } K^0)) / B(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau(\text{ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-))$ values.
- ³ Not independent of BUSKULIC 96 $B(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau)$ value.



$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-))$$

Γ_{59}/Γ_{57}

(“3-prong”)

$$\Gamma_{59}/\Gamma_{57} = (\Gamma_{64} + \Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{98} + 0.017\Gamma_{167}) / (\Gamma_{64} + \Gamma_{72} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{80} + \Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{98} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.285\Gamma_{140} + 0.285\Gamma_{142} + 0.9101\Gamma_{167} + 0.9101\Gamma_{169})$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.6492 ± 0.0034 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
0.660 ± 0.004 ± 0.014	AKERS	95Y	OPAL 1991–1994 LEP runs

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{60}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{64} + \Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{98}) / \Gamma$$

9.42 ± 0.06 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

$$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{61}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{35} + \Gamma_{64} + 0.017\Gamma_{167}) / \Gamma$$

9.31 ± 0.06 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

$$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{62}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{64} + 0.017\Gamma_{167}) / \Gamma$$

9.02 ± 0.06 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

8.77 ± 0.13 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$8.42 \pm 0.00^{+0.26}_{-0.25}$	8.9M	¹ LEE	10	BELL 666 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6$ GeV
$8.83 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.13$	1.6M	² AUBERT	08	BABR 342 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6$ GeV
$9.13 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.46$	43k	³ BRIERE	03	CLE3 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6$ GeV

¹ Quoted statistical error is 0.003%. Correlation matrix for LEE 10 branching fractions:

- (1) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (2) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (3) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (4) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ K^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

	(1)	(2)	(3)
(2)	0.175		
(3)	0.049	0.080	
(4)	-0.053	0.035	-0.008

² Correlation matrix for AUBERT 08 branching fractions:

- (1) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (2) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (3) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
- (4) $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ K^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

	(1)	(2)	(3)
(2)	0.544		
(3)	0.390	0.177	
(4)	0.031	0.093	0.087

³ 47% correlated with BRIERE 03 $\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ and 71% correlated with $\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ because of a common 5% normalization error.

$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0), \text{ non-axial vector}) / \Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$
 $\Gamma_{63} / \Gamma_{62} = \Gamma_{63} / (\Gamma_{64} + 0.017 \Gamma_{167})$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.261	95	¹ ACKERSTAFF 97R	OPAL	1992–1994 LEP runs

¹ Model-independent limit from structure function analysis on contribution to $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ from non-axial vectors.

$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{64} / Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
8.99 ± 0.06 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
9.041 ± 0.060 ± 0.076	29k	¹ SCHAEEL	05C ALEP	1991-1995 LEP runs

¹ See footnote to SCHAEEL 05C $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{65} / Γ

$$\Gamma_{65} / \Gamma = (0.3431 \Gamma_{40} + 0.3431 \Gamma_{42} + 0.4307 \Gamma_{47} + 0.6861 \Gamma_{48} + \Gamma_{72} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{80} + \Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.285 \Gamma_{140} + 0.285 \Gamma_{142} + 0.888 \Gamma_{167} + 0.9101 \Gamma_{169}) / \Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5.39 ± 0.07 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

5.6 ± 0.7 ± 0.3	352	¹ BEHREND	90 CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 35 \text{ GeV}$
4.2 ± 0.5 ± 0.9	203	² ALBRECHT	87L ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
6.1 ± 0.8 ± 0.9		³ BURCHAT	87 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
7.6 ± 0.4 ± 0.9		^{4,5} RUCKSTUHL	86 DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
4.7 ± 0.5 ± 0.8	530	⁶ SCHMIDKE	86 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
5.6 ± 0.4 ± 0.7		⁵ FERNANDEZ	85 MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
6.2 ± 2.3 ± 1.7		BEHREND	84 CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 14,22 \text{ GeV}$

¹ BEHREND 90 value is not independent of BEHREND 90 $B(3h \nu_\tau \geq 1 \text{ neutrals}) + B(5\text{-prong})$.

² ALBRECHT 87L measure the product of branching ratios $B(3\pi^\pm \pi^0 \nu_\tau) B((e\bar{\nu} \text{ or } \mu\bar{\nu} \text{ or } \pi \text{ or } K \text{ or } \rho) \nu_\tau) = 0.029$ and use the PDG 86 values for the second branching ratio which sum to 0.69 ± 0.03 to get the quoted value.

³ BURCHAT 87 value is not independent of SCHMIDKE 86 value.

⁴ Contributions from kaons and from $>1\pi^0$ are subtracted. Not independent of $(3\text{-prong} + 0\pi^0)$ and $(3\text{-prong} + \geq 0\pi^0)$ values.

⁵ Value obtained using paper's $R = B(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau) / B(3\text{-prong})$ and current $B(3\text{-prong}) = 0.143$.

⁶ Not independent of SCHMIDKE 86 $h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau$ and $h^- h^- h^+ (\geq 0\pi^0) \nu_\tau$ values.

$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1 \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{66} / Γ

$$\Gamma_{66} / \Gamma = (\Gamma_{72} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{80} + \Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.226 \Gamma_{140} + 0.226 \Gamma_{142} + 0.888 \Gamma_{167} + 0.9101 \Gamma_{169}) / \Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5.09 ± 0.06 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		

5.10 ± 0.12 OUR AVERAGE

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

5.106 ± 0.083 ± 0.103	10.1k	¹ ABDALLAH	06A DLPH	1992–1995 LEP runs
5.09 ± 0.10 ± 0.23		² AKERS	95Y OPAL	1991–1994 LEP runs

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

4.95 ± 0.29 ± 0.65	570	DECAMP	92C ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C
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¹ See footnote to ABDALLAH 06A $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

² Not independent of AKERS 95Y $B(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-))$ and $B(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/B(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-))$ values.

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{67}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{67}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{40} + 0.3431\Gamma_{42} + \Gamma_{72} + \Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.226\Gamma_{142} + 0.888\Gamma_{167} + 0.017\Gamma_{169})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.76 ± 0.06 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

4.45 ± 0.09 ± 0.07	6.1k	¹ BUSKULIC	96	ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C
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¹ BUSKULIC 96 quote $B(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) = 4.30 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.09$. We add 0.15 to remove their K^0 correction and reduce the systematic error accordingly.

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{68}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{68}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{72} + \Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.226\Gamma_{142} + 0.888\Gamma_{167} + 0.017\Gamma_{169})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.57 ± 0.06 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

4.45 ± 0.14 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
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4.545 ± 0.106 ± 0.103	8.9k	¹ ABDALLAH	06A	DLPH	1992–1995 LEP runs
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4.23 ± 0.06 ± 0.22	7.2k	BALEST	95C	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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¹ See footnote to ABDALLAH 06A $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{69}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{72} + \Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.226\Gamma_{142})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID
2.79 ± 0.08 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

$$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{70}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{40} + \Gamma_{72} + 0.888\Gamma_{167} + 0.017\Gamma_{169})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID
4.62 ± 0.06 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

$$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{71}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{72} + 0.888\Gamma_{167} + 0.017\Gamma_{169})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.48 ± 0.06 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

4.55 ± 0.13 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.6.
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4.598 ± 0.057 ± 0.064	16k	¹ SCHAEEL	05C	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
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4.19 ± 0.10 ± 0.21		² EDWARDS	00A	CLEO	4.7 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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¹ SCHAEEL 05C quote $(4.590 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.064)\%$. We add 0.008% to remove their correction for $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^0 \omega \nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ decays. See footnote to SCHAEEL 05C

$\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

² EDWARDS 00A quote $(4.19 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-2}$ with a 5% systematic error.

$$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{72}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID
2.70 ± 0.08 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

$\Gamma(h^- \rho \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ $\Gamma_{73} / \Gamma_{67}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.30 ± 0.04 ± 0.02	393	ALBRECHT	91D ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4-10.6$ GeV
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$\Gamma(h^- \rho^+ h^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ $\Gamma_{74} / \Gamma_{67}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.10 ± 0.03 ± 0.04	142	ALBRECHT	91D ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4-10.6$ GeV
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$\Gamma(h^- \rho^- h^+ \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ $\Gamma_{75} / \Gamma_{67}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.26 ± 0.05 ± 0.01	370	ALBRECHT	91D ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4-10.6$ GeV
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$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
 $\Gamma_{76} / \Gamma = (\Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{80} + 0.226\Gamma_{140} + 0.888\Gamma_{169}) / \Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.521 ± 0.032 OUR FIT

0.561 ± 0.068 ± 0.095	1.3k	¹ ABDALLAH	06A DLPH	1992-1995 LEP runs
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¹ See footnote to ABDALLAH 06A $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{77} / Γ
 $\Gamma_{77} / \Gamma = (0.4307\Gamma_{47} + \Gamma_{79} + 0.226\Gamma_{140} + 0.888\Gamma_{169}) / \Gamma$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID
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0.508 ± 0.032 OUR FIT

$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{78} / Γ
 $\Gamma_{78} / \Gamma = (\Gamma_{79} + 0.226\Gamma_{140} + 0.888\Gamma_{169}) / \Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.498 ± 0.032 OUR FIT

0.435 ± 0.030 ± 0.035	2.6k	¹ SCHAEEL	05c ALEP	1991-1995 LEP runs
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.50 ± 0.07 ± 0.07	1.8k	BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEEL 05c
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¹ SCHAEEL 05c quote (0.392 ± 0.030 ± 0.035)%. We add 0.043% to remove their correction for $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \eta \pi^0 \nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ and $\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^- \eta \nu_\tau \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ decays. See footnote to SCHAEEL 05c $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau)$ $\Gamma_{78} / \Gamma_{56}$
 $\Gamma_{78} / \Gamma_{56} = (\Gamma_{79} + 0.226\Gamma_{140} + 0.888\Gamma_{169}) / (0.3431\Gamma_{35} + 0.3431\Gamma_{37} + 0.3431\Gamma_{40} + 0.3431\Gamma_{42} + 0.4307\Gamma_{47} + 0.6861\Gamma_{48} + \Gamma_{64} + \Gamma_{72} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{80} + \Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{98} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.285\Gamma_{140} + 0.285\Gamma_{142} + 0.9101\Gamma_{167} + 0.9101\Gamma_{169})$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.0328 ± 0.0021 OUR FIT

0.034 ± 0.002 ± 0.003	668	BORTOLETTO93	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV
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$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega, \eta))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{79}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	DOCUMENT ID
10 ± 4 OUR FIT	

$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{80}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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2.3 ± 0.6 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
2.2 ± 0.3 ± 0.4 139 ANASTASSOV 01 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 4.9	95	SCHAEEL	05C	ALEP	1991-1995 LEP runs
$2.85 \pm 0.56 \pm 0.51$	57	ANDERSON	97	CLEO	Repl. by ANAS-TASSOV 01
11 ± 4 ± 5	440	¹ BUSKULIC	96	ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C

¹BUSKULIC 96 state their measurement is for $B(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$. We assume that $B(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ is very small.

$\Gamma(2\pi^- \pi^+ 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{81}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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2.07 ± 0.18 ± 0.37 ¹LEES 12X BABR 468 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

¹Not independent of LEES 12X $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \eta \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma$, $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \eta \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma$, $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \omega 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma$, and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow f_1(1285) \pi^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma$ values.

$\Gamma(2\pi^- \pi^+ 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \eta, f_1(1285)))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{82}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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1.69 ± 0.08 ± 0.43 LEES 12X BABR 468 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(2\pi^- \pi^+ 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \eta, \omega, f_1(1285)))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{83}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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< 5.8 × 10⁻⁵ 90 ¹LEES 12X BABR 468 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

¹LEES 12X also quote $(1.0 \pm 0.8 \pm 3.0) \times 10^{-5}$ for this branching fraction.

$\Gamma(K^- h^+ h^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$
 $\Gamma_{84}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{37} + 0.3431\Gamma_{42} + \Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{98} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.285\Gamma_{142})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.635 ± 0.024 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.5.
< 0.6 90 AIHARA 84C TPC $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

$\Gamma(K^- h^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{85}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{98})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID
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0.438 ± 0.019 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 2.7.

$\Gamma(K^- h^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$
 $\Gamma_{85}/\Gamma_{62} = (\Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{98})/(\Gamma_{64} + 0.017\Gamma_{167})$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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4.85 ± 0.22 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 2.7.
5.44 ± 0.21 ± 0.53 7.9k RICHICHI 99 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$$\frac{\Gamma(K^- h^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\text{VALUE (units } 10^{-4}\text{)}} \quad \frac{\Gamma_{86}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.226\Gamma_{142})/\Gamma}{\text{DOCUMENT ID}}$$

8.7 ± 1.2 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

$$\frac{\Gamma(K^- h^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))}{\text{VALUE (\%)}} \quad \frac{\Gamma_{86}/\Gamma_{71} = (\Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.226\Gamma_{142})/(\Gamma_{72} + 0.888\Gamma_{167} + 0.017\Gamma_{169})}{\text{DOCUMENT ID}} \quad \text{TECN} \quad \text{COMMENT}$$

1.94 ± 0.27 OUR FIT

2.61 ± 0.45 ± 0.42	719	RICHICHI	99	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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$$\frac{\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\text{VALUE (\%)}} \quad \frac{\Gamma_{87}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{37} + 0.3431\Gamma_{42} + \Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{94} + 0.285\Gamma_{142})/\Gamma}{\text{DOCUMENT ID}} \quad \text{TECN} \quad \text{COMMENT}$$

0.485 ± 0.021 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.4.

0.58	+0.15	±0.12	20	¹ BAUER	94	TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
	-0.13						

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.22	+0.16	±0.05	9	² MILLS	85	DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
	-0.13						

¹ We multiply 0.58% by 0.20, the relative systematic error quoted by BAUER 94, to obtain the systematic error.

² Error correlated with MILLS 85 ($K K \pi \nu$) value. We multiply 0.22% by 0.23, the relative systematic error quoted by MILLS 85, to obtain the systematic error.

$$\frac{\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \geq 0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\text{VALUE (\%)}} \quad \frac{\Gamma_{88}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{94} + 0.226\Gamma_{142})/\Gamma}{\text{DOCUMENT ID}} \quad \text{TECN} \quad \text{COMMENT}$$

0.375 ± 0.019 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.5.

0.30 ± 0.05 OUR AVERAGE

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

0.343 ± 0.073 ± 0.031	ABBIENDI	00D	OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
0.275 ± 0.064	¹ BARATE	98	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

¹ Not independent of BARATE 98 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

$$\frac{\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\text{VALUE (\%)}} \quad \frac{\Gamma_{89}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{37} + \Gamma_{90})/\Gamma}{\text{DOCUMENT ID}}$$

0.349 ± 0.016 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.9.

$$\frac{\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\text{VALUE (\%)}} \quad \frac{\Gamma_{90}/\Gamma}{\text{DOCUMENT ID}} \quad \text{TECN} \quad \text{COMMENT}$$

0.294 ± 0.015 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 2.2.

0.290 ± 0.018 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 2.4. See the ideogram below.

0.330 ± 0.001	+0.016	-0.017	794k	¹ LEE	10	BELL	666 fb ⁻¹	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.273 ± 0.002 ± 0.009			70k	² AUBERT	08	BABR	342 fb ⁻¹	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.415 ± 0.053 ± 0.040			269	ABBIENDI	04J	OPAL	1991–1995 LEP runs	
0.384 ± 0.014 ± 0.038			3.5k	³ BRIERE	03	CLE3		$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.214 ± 0.037 ± 0.029				BARATE	98	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs	

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

0.346±0.023±0.056 158 ⁴ RICHICHI 99 CLEO $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

••• We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. •••

0.360±0.082±0.048 ABBIENDI 00D OPAL 1990–1995 LEP runs

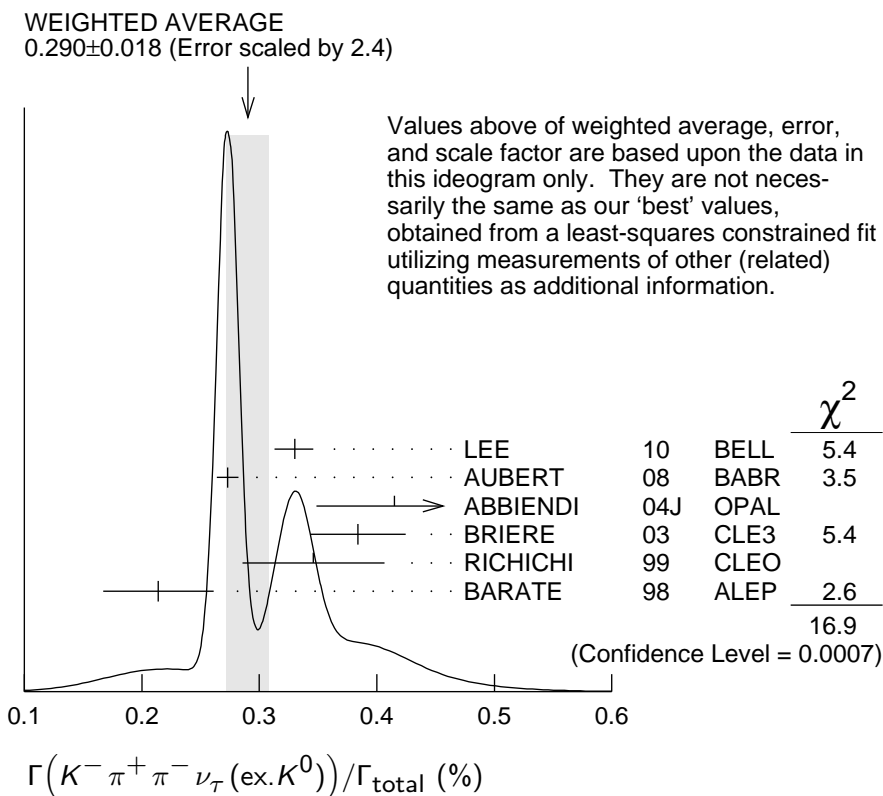
¹ See footnote to LEE 10 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements. Not independent of LEE 10 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ value.

² See footnote to AUBERT 08 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

³ 47% correlated with BRIERE 03 $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ and 34% correlated with $\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ because of a common 5% normalization error.

⁴ Not independent of RICHICHI 99

$\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- h^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$, $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ and BALEST 95C $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.



$$\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$$

$$\Gamma_{90}/\Gamma_{62} = \Gamma_{90}/(\Gamma_{64} + 0.017\Gamma_{167})$$

VALUE (units 10^{-2}) EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

3.26±0.17 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 2.3.

••• We use the following data for averages but not for fits. •••

3.92±0.02^{+0.15}_{-0.16} 794k ¹ LEE 10 BELL 666 fb⁻¹ $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

¹ Not independent of LEE 10 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

$\Gamma(K^- \rho^0 \nu_\tau \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ $\Gamma_{91} / \Gamma_{90}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.48 ± 0.14 ± 0.10	¹ ASNER	00B CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.39 ± 0.14	² BARATE	99R ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
¹ ASNER 00B assume $\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0) decays proceed only through $K\rho$ and $K^* \pi$ intermediate states. They assume the resonance structure of $\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0) decays is dominated by $K_1(1270)^-$ and $K_1(1400)^-$ resonances, and assume $B(K_1(1270) \rightarrow K^*(892)\pi) = (16 \pm 5)\%$, $B(K_1(1270) \rightarrow K\rho) = (42 \pm 6)\%$, and $B(K_1(1400) \rightarrow K\rho) = 0$.			
² BARATE 99R assume $\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0) decays proceed only through $K\rho$ and $K^* \pi$ intermediate states. The quoted error is statistical only.			

$\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{92} / \Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{42} + \Gamma_{94} + 0.226\Gamma_{142}) / \Gamma$

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>
13.5 ± 1.4 OUR FIT	

$\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{93} / \Gamma = (\Gamma_{94} + 0.226\Gamma_{142}) / \Gamma$

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
8.1 ± 1.2 OUR FIT				
7.3 ± 1.2 OUR AVERAGE				

7.4 ± 0.8 ± 1.1	¹ ARMS	05 CLE3	7.6 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
6.1 ± 3.9 ± 1.8	BARATE	98 ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

7.5 ± 2.6 ± 1.8	² RICHICHI	99 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
<17	95	ABBIENDI	00D OPAL 1990–1995 LEP runs

¹ Not independent of ARMS 05 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \omega \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

² Not independent of RICHICHI 99 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- h^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$, $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ and BALEST 95C $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

$\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \eta)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{94} / Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>
7.8 ± 1.2 OUR FIT	

$\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{95} / Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
3.7 ± 0.5 ± 0.8	833	ARMS	05 CLE3	7.6 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ K^- \geq 0 \text{ neut. } \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{96} / Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.09	95	BAUER	94 TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^- K^+ \pi^- \geq 0 \text{ neut. } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{97}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{98} + \Gamma_{99})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.150 ± 0.006 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.8.

0.203 ± 0.031 OUR AVERAGE

0.159 ± 0.053 ± 0.020		ABBIENDI	00D	OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
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0.15 ^{+0.09} / _{-0.07} ± 0.03	4	¹ BAUER	94	TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
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• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

0.238 ± 0.042		² BARATE	98	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
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¹We multiply 0.15% by 0.20, the relative systematic error quoted by BAUER 94, to obtain the systematic error.

²Not independent of BARATE 98 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

$\Gamma(K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{98}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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1.44 ± 0.05 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.9.

1.43 ± 0.07 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 2.4. See the ideogram below.

1.55 ± 0.01 ^{+0.06} / _{-0.05}	108k	¹ LEE	10	BELL	666 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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1.346 ± 0.010 ± 0.036	18k	² AUBERT	08	BABR	342 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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1.55 ± 0.06 ± 0.09	932	³ BRIERE	03	CLE3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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1.63 ± 0.21 ± 0.17		BARATE	98	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
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• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

0.87 ± 0.56 ± 0.40		ABBIENDI	00D	OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
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1.45 ± 0.13 ± 0.28	2.3k	⁴ RICHICHI	99	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

2.2 ^{+1.7} / _{-1.1} ± 0.5	9	⁵ MILLS	85	DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
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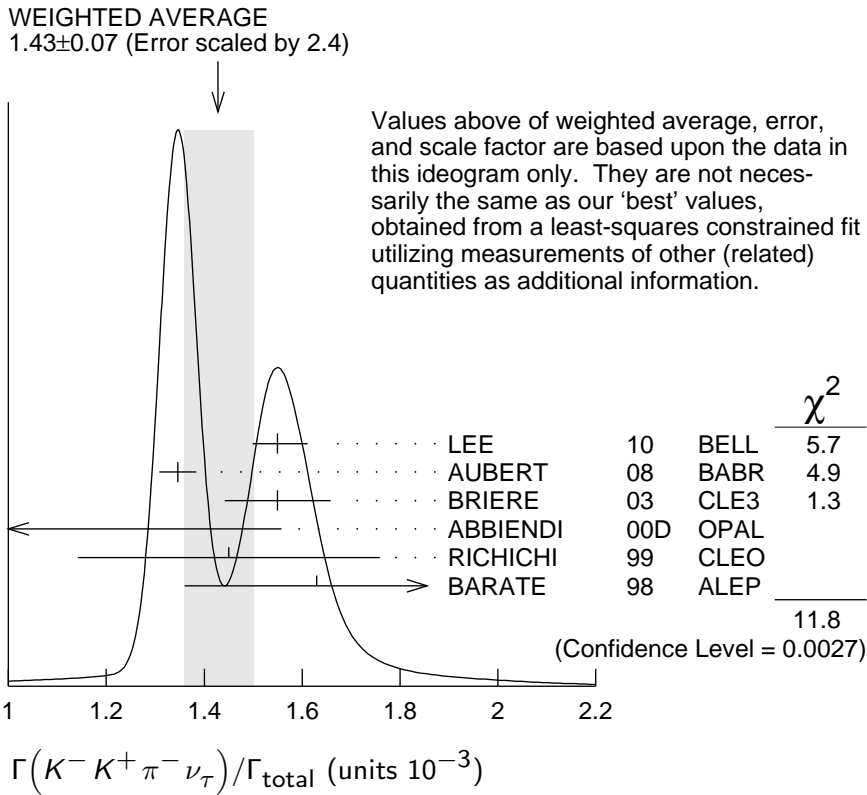
¹See footnote to LEE 10 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements. Not independent of LEE 10 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ value.

²See footnote to AUBERT 08 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

³71% correlated with BRIERE 03 $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ and 34% correlated with $\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ because of a common 5% normalization error.

⁴Not independent of RICHICHI 99 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ and BALEST 95C $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

⁵Error correlated with MILLS 85 ($K \pi \pi \pi^0 \nu$) value. We multiply 0.22% by 0.23, the relative systematic error quoted by MILLS 85, to obtain the systematic error.



$$\Gamma(K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) \quad \Gamma_{98} / \Gamma_{62} = \Gamma_{98} / (\Gamma_{64} + 0.017 \Gamma_{167})$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.60±0.06 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.9.
1.83±0.05 OUR AVERAGE				

1.60±0.15±0.30 2.3k RICHICHI 99 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

1.84±0.01±0.05 108k ¹ LEE 10 BELL 666 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

¹ Not independent of LEE 10 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

$$\Gamma(K^- K^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{99} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.61±0.25 OUR FIT					Error includes scale factor of 1.4.
0.60±0.18 OUR AVERAGE					

0.55±0.14±0.12 48 ARMS 05 CLE3 7.6 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

7.5 ±2.9 ±1.5 BARATE 98 ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

3.3 ±1.8 ±0.7 158 ¹ RICHICHI 99 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<27 95 ABBIENDI 00D OPAL 1990–1995 LEP runs

¹ Not independent of RICHICHI 99

$\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ and BALEST 95C $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

$$\Gamma(K^- K^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$$

$$\Gamma_{99} / \Gamma_{71} = \Gamma_{99} / (\Gamma_{72} + 0.888\Gamma_{167} + 0.017\Gamma_{169})$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.14 ± 0.05 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.4.
0.79 ± 0.44 ± 0.16	158	¹ RICHICHI	99	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

¹ RICHICHI 99 also quote a 95%CL upper limit of 0.0157 for this measurement.

$$\Gamma(K^- K^+ K^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{100} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.1 ± 0.8 OUR AVERAGE					Error includes scale factor of 5.4.

3.29 ± 0.17 ^{+0.19} _{-0.20}	3.2k	¹ LEE	10	BELL	666 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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1.58 ± 0.13 ± 0.12	275	² AUBERT	08	BABR	342 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 3.7	90	BRIERE	03	CLE3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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< 19	90	BARATE	98	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
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¹ See footnote to LEE 10 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements. Not independent of LEE 10 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ K^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ value.

² See footnote to AUBERT 08 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

$$\Gamma(K^- K^+ K^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) \quad \Gamma_{100} / \Gamma_{62}$$

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

3.90 ± 0.02 ^{+0.22} _{-0.23}	3.2k	¹ LEE	10	BELL	666 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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¹ Not independent of LEE 10 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ K^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

$$\Gamma(K^- K^+ K^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } \phi)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{101} / \Gamma$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 2.5 × 10⁻⁶	90	AUBERT	08	BABR 342 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(K^- K^+ K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{102} / \Gamma$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 4.8 × 10⁻⁶	90	ARMS	05	CLE3 7.6 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(\pi^- K^+ \pi^- \geq 0 \text{ neut. } \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{103} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 0.25	95	BAUER	94	TPC $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(e^- e^- e^+ \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{104} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.8 ± 1.4 ± 0.4	5	ALAM	96	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- e^- e^+ \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{105} / \Gamma$

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<3.6	90	ALAM	96	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(3h^- 2h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \text{) ("5-prong")}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{106} / \Gamma$
 $\Gamma_{106} / \Gamma = (\Gamma_{107} + \Gamma_{113}) / \Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.102 ± 0.004 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

0.107 ± 0.007 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

0.170 ± 0.022 ± 0.026 ¹ ACHARD 01D L3 1992–1995 LEP runs

0.097 ± 0.005 ± 0.011 419 GIBAUT 94B CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

0.102 ± 0.029 13 BYLSMA 87 HRS $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

0.093 ± 0.009 ± 0.012 SCHAEEL 05C ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs

0.115 ± 0.013 ± 0.006 112 ² ABREU 01M DLPH 1992–1995 LEP runs

0.119 ± 0.013 ± 0.008 119 ³ ACKERSTAFF 99E OPAL 1991–1995 LEP runs

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.26 ± 0.06 ± 0.05 ACTON 92H OPAL $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 88.2\text{--}94.2$ GeV

0.10 ^{+0.05} _{-0.04} ± 0.03 DECAMP 92C ALEP 1989–1990 LEP runs

0.16 ± 0.13 ± 0.04 BEHREND 89B CELL $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 14\text{--}47$ GeV

0.3 ± 0.1 ± 0.2 BARTEL 85F JADE $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 34.6$ GeV

0.13 ± 0.04 10 BELTRAMI 85 HRS Repl. by BYLSMA 87

0.16 ± 0.08 ± 0.04 4 BURCHAT 85 MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

1.0 ± 0.4 10 BEHREND 82 CELL Repl. by BEHREND 89B

¹ The correlation coefficients between this measurement and the ACHARD 01D measurements of $B(\tau \rightarrow \text{"1-prong"})$ and $B(\tau \rightarrow \text{"3-prong"})$ are -0.082 and -0.19 respectively.

² The correlation coefficients between this measurement and the ABREU 01M measurements of $B(\tau \rightarrow \text{1-prong})$ and $B(\tau \rightarrow \text{3-prong})$ are -0.08 and -0.08 respectively.

³ Not independent of ACKERSTAFF 99E $B(\tau^- \rightarrow 3h^- 2h^+ \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0))$ and $B(\tau^- \rightarrow 3h^- 2h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0))$ measurements.

$\Gamma(3h^- 2h^+ \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{107} / \Gamma$

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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8.39 ± 0.35 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

8.32 ± 0.35 OUR AVERAGE

9.7 ± 1.5 ± 0.5 96 ¹ ABDALLAH 06A DLPH 1992–1995 LEP runs

8.56 ± 0.05 ± 0.42 34k AUBERT,B 05W BABR 232 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

7.2 ± 0.9 ± 1.2 165 ² SCHAEEL 05C ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs

9.1 ± 1.4 ± 0.6 97 ACKERSTAFF 99E OPAL 1991–1995 LEP runs

7.7 ± 0.5 ± 0.9 295 GIBAUT 94B CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

6.4 ± 2.3 ± 1.0 12 ALBRECHT 88B ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10$ GeV

5.1 ± 2.0 7 BYLSMA 87 HRS $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

8.0 ± 1.1 ± 1.3 58 BUSKULIC 96 ALEP Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C

6.7 ± 3.0 5 ³ BELTRAMI 85 HRS Repl. by BYLSMA 87

¹ See footnote to ABDALLAH 06A $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

² See footnote to SCHAEEL 05C $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

³ The error quoted is statistical only.

$\Gamma(3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{108}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$8.33 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.43$	¹ LEES	12X BABR	$468 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

¹ Not independent of LEES 12X $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow f_1(1285) \pi^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow 3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma$ and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow 3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega, f_1(1285)))/\Gamma$ values.

$\Gamma(3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega, f_1(1285)))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{109}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$7.68 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.40$	69k	LEES	12X BABR	$468 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^- 2\pi^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{110}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 2.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	12X BABR	$468 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^+ 3\pi^- \pi^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{111}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 5.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	12X BABR	$468 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^+ K^- 2\pi^- \pi^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{112}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 4.5 \times 10^{-7}$	90	LEES	12X BABR	$468 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(3h^- 2h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{113}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.78 ± 0.27 OUR FIT				
1.74 ± 0.27 OUR AVERAGE				

1.6 $\pm 1.2 \pm 0.6$ 13 ¹ ABDALLAH 06A DLPH 1992–1995 LEP runs

2.1 $\pm 0.7 \pm 0.9$ 95 ² SCHAEEL 05C ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs

1.7 $\pm 0.2 \pm 0.2$ 231 ANASTASSOV 01 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

2.7 $\pm 1.8 \pm 0.9$ 23 ACKERSTAFF 99E OPAL 1991–1995 LEP runs

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.8 $\pm 0.7 \pm 1.2$ 18 BUSKULIC 96 ALEP Repl. by SCHAEEL 05C

1.9 $\pm 0.4 \pm 0.4$ 31 GIBAUT 94B CLEO Repl. by ANASTASSOV 01

5.1 ± 2.2 6 BYLSMA 87 HRS $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

6.7 ± 3.0 5 ³ BELTRAMI 85 HRS Repl. by BYLSMA 87

¹ See footnote to ABDALLAH 06A $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

² SCHAEEL 05C quote $(1.4 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-4}$. We add 0.7×10^{-4} to remove their correction for $\tau^- \rightarrow \eta \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow 3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ and $\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^- \eta \nu_\tau \rightarrow 3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ decays. See footnote to SCHAEEL 05C $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement for correlations with other measurements.

³ The error quoted is statistical only.

$\Gamma(3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{114}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.65±0.05±0.09	¹ LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

¹ Not independent of LEES 12X measurements of $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow 2\pi^- \pi^+ \omega \nu_\tau)/\Gamma$, $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow \eta \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma$, and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow 3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \eta, \omega, f_1(1285)))/\Gamma$.

$\Gamma(3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \eta, f_1(1285)))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{115}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.11±0.04±0.09	¹ LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

¹ Not independent of LEES 12X $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow 2\pi^- \pi^+ \omega \nu_\tau)/\Gamma$ and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow 3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \eta, \omega, f_1(1285)))/\Gamma$ values.

$\Gamma(3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \eta, \omega, f_1(1285)))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{116}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.36±0.03±0.09	7.3k	LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{117}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.9 × 10⁻⁶	90	LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(K^+ 3\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{118}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<8 × 10⁻⁷	90	LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(3h^- 2h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{119}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<3.4 × 10⁻⁶	90	AUBERT,B	06 BABR	232 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<1.1 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	GIBAUT	94B CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
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$\Gamma((5\pi)^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{120}/Γ

$\Gamma_{120}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{30} + \Gamma_{47} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{107} + 0.553\Gamma_{140} + 0.888\Gamma_{169})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.76±0.05 OUR FIT			

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

0.61±0.06±0.08	¹ GIBAUT	94B CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
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¹ Not independent of GIBAUT 94B $B(3h^- 2h^+ \nu_\tau)$, PROCARIO 93 $B(h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$, and BORTOLETTO 93 $B(2h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/B(\text{"3prong"})$ measurements. Result is corrected for η contributions.

$\Gamma(4h^- 3h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau (\text{"7-prong"}))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{121}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<3.0 × 10⁻⁷	90	AUBERT,B	05F BABR	232 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<1.8 × 10 ⁻⁵	95	ACKERSTAFF	97J OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
<2.4 × 10 ⁻⁶	90	EDWARDS	97B CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
<2.9 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	BYLSMA	87 HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

$\Gamma(4h^- 3h^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$			Γ_{122}/Γ		
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$<4.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT,B	05F	BABR	232 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(4h^- 3h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$			Γ_{123}/Γ		
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$<2.5 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT,B	05F	BABR	232 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(X^-(S=-1)\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$			$\Gamma_{124}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{10} + \Gamma_{16} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{28} + \Gamma_{35} + \Gamma_{40} + \Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{142})/\Gamma$		
VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT		

2.87 ± 0.07 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.3.

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

2.87 ± 0.12 ¹BARATE 99R ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs

¹BARATE 99R perform a combined analysis of all ALEPH LEP 1 data on τ branching fraction measurements for decay modes having total strangeness equal to -1 .

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$			Γ_{125}/Γ		
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	

1.42 ± 0.18 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.

1.19 ± 0.15 ^{+0.13}/_{-0.18} 104 ALBRECHT 95H ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.4-10.6$ GeV

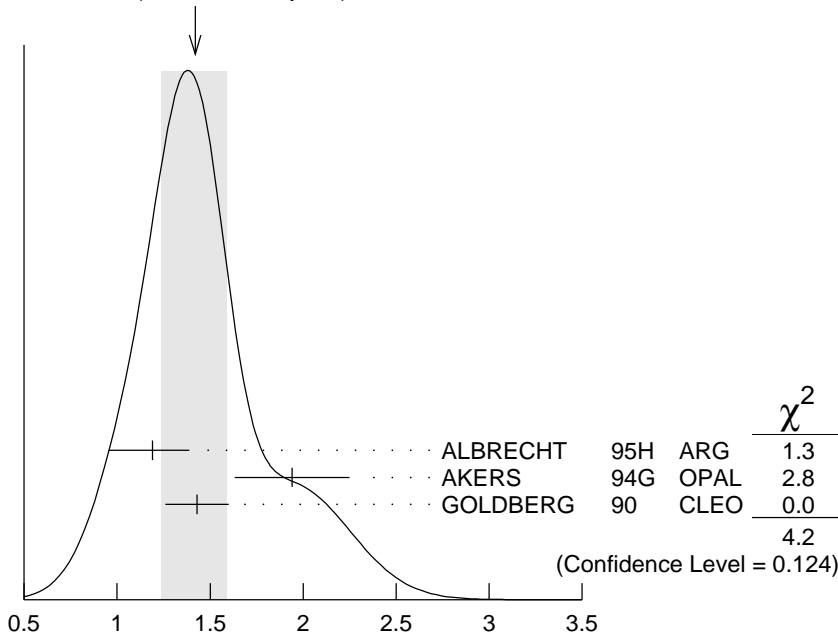
1.94 ± 0.27 ± 0.15 74 ¹AKERS 94G OPAL $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 88-94$ GeV

1.43 ± 0.11 ± 0.13 475 ²GOLDBERG 90 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.4-10.9$ GeV

¹AKERS 94G reject events in which a K_S^0 accompanies the $K^*(892)^-$. We do not correct for them.

²GOLDBERG 90 estimates that 10% of observed $K^*(892)$ are accompanied by a π^0 .

WEIGHTED AVERAGE
1.42 ± 0.18 (Error scaled by 1.4)



$\Gamma(K^*(892)^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ (%)

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{126}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.20 ± 0.07	OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.8. See the ideogram below.		
1.131 ± 0.006 ± 0.051	49k	¹ EPIFANOV	07 BELL	351 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV
1.326 ± 0.063		BARATE	99R ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
1.11 ± 0.12		² COAN	96 CLEO	E _{cm} ^{ee} ≈ 10.6 GeV
1.42 ± 0.22 ± 0.09		³ ACCIARRI	95F L3	1991–1993 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1.39 ± 0.09 ± 0.10		⁴ BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	Repl. by BARATE 99R
1.45 ± 0.13 ± 0.11	273	⁵ BUSKULIC	94F ALEP	Repl. by BUSKULIC 96
1.23 ± 0.21 ^{+0.11} / _{-0.21}	54	⁶ ALBRECHT	88L ARG	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10 GeV
1.9 ± 0.3 ± 0.4	44	⁷ TSCHIRHART	88 HRS	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 29 GeV
1.5 ± 0.4 ± 0.4	15	⁸ AIHARA	87C TPC	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 29 GeV
1.3 ± 0.3 ± 0.3	31	YELTON	86 MRK2	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 29 GeV
1.7 ± 0.7	11	DORFAN	81 MRK2	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 4.2–6.7 GeV

¹ EPIFANOV 07 quote $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^-\nu_\tau) B(K^*(892)^- \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^-) = (3.77 \pm 0.02(\text{stat}) \pm 0.12(\text{syst}) \pm 0.12(\text{mod})) \times 10^{-3}$. We add the systematic and model uncertainties in quadrature and divide by $B(K^*(892)^- \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^-) = 0.3333$.

² Not independent of COAN 96 $B(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau)$ and BATTLE 94 $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurements. $K\pi$ final states are consistent with and assumed to originate from $K^*(892)^-$ production.

³ This result is obtained from their $B(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau)$ assuming all those decays originate in $K^*(892)^-$ decays.

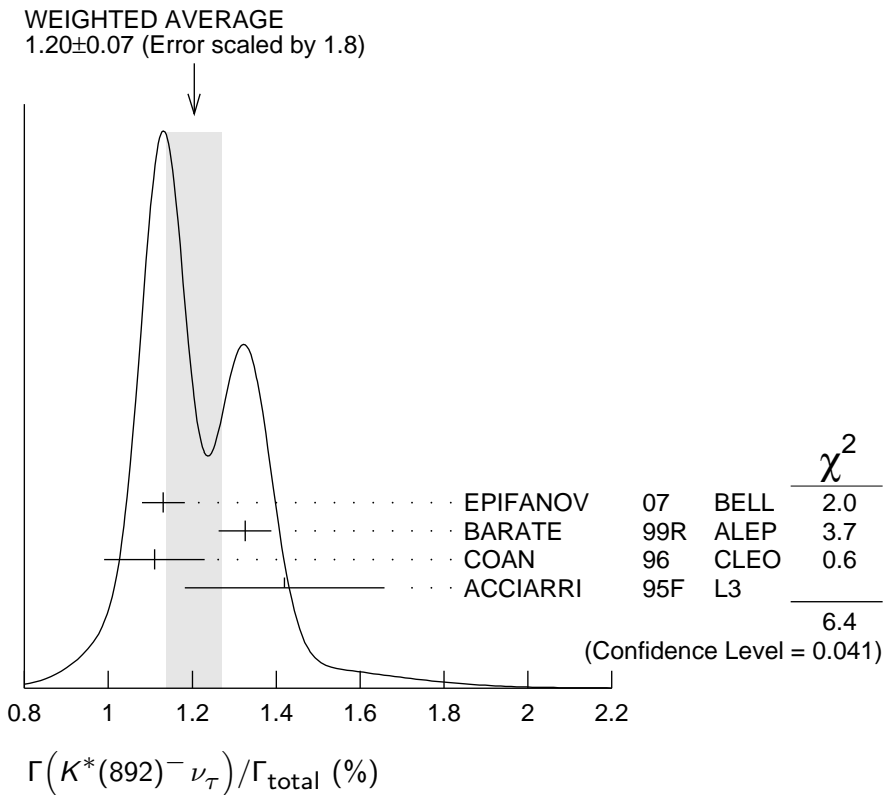
⁴ Not independent of BUSKULIC 96 $B(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurements.

⁵ BUSKULIC 94F obtain this result from BUSKULIC 94F $B(\bar{K}^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau)$ and BUSKULIC 94E $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ assuming all of those decays originate in $K^*(892)^-$ decays.

⁶ The authors divide by $\Gamma_2/\Gamma = 0.865$ to obtain this result.

⁷ Not independent of TSCHIRHART 88 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \bar{K}^0 \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma$.

⁸ Decay π^- identified in this experiment, is assumed in the others.



$\Gamma(K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ $\Gamma_{126} / \Gamma_{14}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.075 ± 0.027	¹ ABREU	94K DLPH	LEP 1992 Z data

¹ ABREU 94K quote $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau) B(K^*(892)^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^0) / B(\tau^- \rightarrow \rho^- \nu_\tau) = 0.025 \pm 0.009$. We divide by $B(K^*(892)^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^0) = 0.333$ to obtain this result.

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau)$ $\Gamma_{127} / \Gamma_{35}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.933 ± 0.027	49k	EPIFANOV	07 BELL	$351 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 K^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{128} / Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.32 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.12$	119	GOLDBERG	90 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.9 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 K^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{129} / Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.21 ± 0.04 OUR AVERAGE				
0.213 ± 0.048		¹ BARATE	98 ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
$0.20 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.04$	47	ALBRECHT	95H ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

¹ BARATE 98 measure the $K^- (\rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$ fraction in $\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ decays to be $(35 \pm 11)\%$ and derive this result from their measurement of $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ assuming the intermediate states are all $K^- \rho$ and $K^- K^*(892)^0$.

$\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{130} / Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.38 ± 0.11 ± 0.13	105	GOLDBERG 90	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.9 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{131} / Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.22 ± 0.05 OUR AVERAGE				
0.209 ± 0.058		¹ BARATE 98	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.25 ± 0.10 ± 0.05	27	ALBRECHT 95H	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

¹ BARATE 98 measure the $K^- K^*(892)^0$ fraction in $\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ decays to be $(87 \pm 13)\%$ and derive this result from their measurement of $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$.

$\Gamma((\bar{K}^*(892)\pi)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{132} / Γ

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.10 ± 0.04 OUR AVERAGE			
0.097 ± 0.044 ± 0.036	¹ BARATE 99K	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.106 ± 0.037 ± 0.032	² BARATE 98E	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

¹ BARATE 99K measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in their hadron calorimeter. They determine the $\bar{K}^0 \rho^-$ fraction in $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ decays to be $(0.72 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.10)$ and multiply their $B(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurement by one minus this fraction to obtain the quoted result.

² BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays. They determine the $\bar{K}^0 \rho^-$ fraction in $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ decays to be $(0.64 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.10)$ and multiply their $B(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurement by one minus this fraction to obtain the quoted result.

$\Gamma(K_1(1270)^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{133} / Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.47 ± 0.11 OUR AVERAGE				
0.48 ± 0.11		BARATE 99R	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.41 ^{+0.41} _{-0.35} ± 0.10	5	¹ BAUER 94	TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

¹ We multiply 0.41% by 0.25, the relative systematic error quoted by BAUER 94, to obtain the systematic error.

$\Gamma(K_1(1400)^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{134} / Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.17 ± 0.26 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.7.
0.05 ± 0.17		BARATE 99R	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.76 ^{+0.40} _{-0.33} ± 0.20	11	¹ BAUER 94	TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

¹ We multiply 0.76% by 0.25, the relative systematic error quoted by BAUER 94, to obtain the systematic error.

$$\frac{[\Gamma(K_1(1270)^- \nu_\tau) + \Gamma(K_1(1400)^- \nu_\tau)]}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \quad \Gamma_{133} / (\Gamma_{133} + \Gamma_{134}) / \Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.17^{+0.41}_{-0.37} \pm 0.29$	16	¹ BAUER 94	TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

¹ We multiply 1.17% by 0.25, the relative systematic error quoted by BAUER 94, to obtain the systematic error. Not independent of BAUER 94 $B(K_1(1270)^- \nu_\tau)$ and BAUER 94 $B(K_1(1400)^- \nu_\tau)$ measurements.

$$\frac{\Gamma(K_1(1270)^- \nu_\tau)}{[\Gamma(K_1(1270)^- \nu_\tau) + \Gamma(K_1(1400)^- \nu_\tau)]} \quad \Gamma_{133} / (\Gamma_{133} + \Gamma_{134})$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.69 ± 0.15 OUR AVERAGE			
0.71 ± 0.16 ± 0.11	¹ ABBIENDI 00D	OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
0.66 ± 0.19 ± 0.13	² ASNER 00B	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

¹ ABBIENDI 00D assume the resonance structure of $\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ decays is dominated by the $K_1(1270)^-$ and $K_1(1400)^-$ resonances.

² ASNER 00B assume the resonance structure of $\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0) decays is dominated by $K_1(1270)^-$ and $K_1(1400)^-$ resonances.

$$\frac{\Gamma(K^*(1410)^- \nu_\tau)}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \quad \Gamma_{135} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.5^{+1.4}_{-1.0}$	BARATE 99R	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

$$\frac{\Gamma(K_0^*(1430)^- \nu_\tau)}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \quad \Gamma_{136} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 0.5	95	BARATE 99R	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

$$\frac{\Gamma(K_2^*(1430)^- \nu_\tau)}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \quad \Gamma_{137} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 0.3	95		TSCHIRHART 88	HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 0.33	95	¹ ACCIARRI 95F	L3	1991–1993 LEP runs
< 0.9	95	0	DORFAN 81	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 4.2\text{--}6.7 \text{ GeV}$

¹ ACCIARRI 95F quote $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(1430)^- \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau) < 0.11\%$. We divide by $B(K^*(1430)^- \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0) = 0.33$ to obtain the limit shown.

$$\frac{\Gamma(a_0(980)^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \times B(a_0(980) \rightarrow K^0 K^-) \quad \Gamma_{138} / \Gamma \times B$$

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 2.8	90	GOLDBERG 90	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.9 \text{ GeV}$

$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta \pi^- \nu_\tau)}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \quad \Gamma_{139} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 0.99	95		¹ DEL-AMO-SA..11E	BABR	$470 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 6.2	95		BUSKULIC	97C	ALEP	1991–1994 LEP runs
< 1.4	95	0	BARTELT	96	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV
< 3.4	95		ARTUSO	92	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV
< 90	95		ALBRECHT	88M	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} \approx 10$ GeV
<140	90		BEHREND	88	CELL	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 14–46.8$ GeV
<180	95		BARINGER	87	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.5$ GeV
<250	90	0	COFFMAN	87	MRK3	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 3.77$ GeV
510	$\pm 100 \pm 120$	65	DERRICK	87	HRS	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
<100	95		GAN	87B	MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

¹ DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 11E also quote $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \eta \pi^- \nu_\tau) = (3.4 \pm 3.4 \pm 2.1) \times 10^{-5}$.

$\Gamma(\eta \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{140} / Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.39 ± 0.10 OUR FIT					Error includes scale factor of 1.4.
1.38 ± 0.09 OUR AVERAGE					Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
1.35 ± 0.03 ± 0.07		6.0k	INAMI	09 BELL	490 fb ⁻¹ $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
1.8 ± 0.4 ± 0.2			BUSKULIC	97C ALEP	1991–1994 LEP runs
1.7 ± 0.2 ± 0.2		125	ARTUSO	92 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 11.0	95		ALBRECHT	88M	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} \approx 10$ GeV
< 21.0	95		BARINGER	87	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.5$ GeV
42.0	$+ 7.0$ $- 12.0$	± 16.0	¹ GAN	87	MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

¹ Highly correlated with GAN 87 $\Gamma(\pi^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(total)$ value.

$\Gamma(\eta \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{141} / Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.81 ± 0.31 OUR AVERAGE					
2.01 ± 0.34 ± 0.22		381	LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
1.5 ± 0.5		30	¹ ANASTASSOV 01	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.4 ± 0.6 ± 0.3		15	² BERGFELD	97	CLEO	Repl. by ANASTASSOV 01
< 4.3	95		ARTUSO	92	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV
<120	95		ALBRECHT	88M	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} \approx 10$ GeV

¹ Weighted average of BERGFELD 97 and ANASTASSOV 01 value of $(1.5 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-4}$ obtained using η 's reconstructed from $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ decays.

² BERGFELD 97 reconstruct η 's using $\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ decays.

$\Gamma(\eta K^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{142} / Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.52 ± 0.08 OUR FIT					
1.52 ± 0.08 OUR AVERAGE					
1.42 ± 0.11 ± 0.07		690	DEL-AMO-SA..11E	BABR	470 fb ⁻¹ $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
1.58 ± 0.05 ± 0.09		1.6k	INAMI	09 BELL	490 fb ⁻¹ $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$2.9^{+1.3}_{-1.2} \pm 0.7$		BUSKULIC	97C	ALEP	1991–1994 LEP runs
$2.6 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	85	BARTELT	96	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV
< 4.7	95	ARTUSO	92	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(\eta K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{143} / Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.38 ± 0.15 OUR AVERAGE				
$1.34 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.09$	245	¹ INAMI	09	BELL 490 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$2.90 \pm 0.80 \pm 0.42$	25	BISHAI	99	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

¹ Not independent of INAMI 09 $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \eta K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \eta \bar{K}^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau)$ values.

$\Gamma(\eta K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{144} / Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.48 ± 0.12 OUR AVERAGE				
$0.46 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.04$	270	INAMI	09	BELL 490 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$1.77 \pm 0.56 \pm 0.71$	36	BISHAI	99	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(\eta K^- \pi^0 (\text{non-}K^*(892)) \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{145} / Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 3.5 \times 10^{-5}$	90	INAMI	09	BELL 490 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(\eta \bar{K}^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{146} / Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.93 ± 0.15 OUR AVERAGE				
$0.88 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.06$	161	¹ INAMI	09	BELL 490 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$2.20 \pm 0.70 \pm 0.22$	15	² BISHAI	99	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

¹ We multiply the INAMI 09 measurement $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \eta K_S^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau) = (0.44 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.03) \times 10^{-4}$ by 2 to obtain the listed value.

² We multiply the BISHAI 99 measurement $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \eta K_S^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau) = (1.10 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-4}$ by 2 to obtain the listed value.

$\Gamma(\eta \bar{K}^0 \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{147} / Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 5.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ INAMI	09	BELL 490 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

¹ We multiply the INAMI 09 measurement $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \eta K_S^0 \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) < 2.5 \times 10^{-5}$ by 2 to obtain the listed value.

$\Gamma(\eta K^- K^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{148} / Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 9.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ INAMI	09	BELL 490 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

¹ We multiply the INAMI 09 measurement $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \eta K^- K_S^0 \nu_\tau) < 4.5 \times 10^{-6}$ by 2 to obtain the listed value.

$\Gamma(\eta\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-\geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{149}/Γ

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.3	90	ABACHI	87B HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\eta\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau(\text{ex.}K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{150}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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2.25±0.13 OUR AVERAGE

2.25±0.07±0.12	4.6k	LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
2.3 ±0.5	170	¹ ANASTASSOV 01	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.60±0.05±0.11	1.8 k	AUBERT	08AE BABR	Repl. by LEES 12X
3.4 ^{+0.6} / _{-0.5} ±0.6	89	² BERGFELD 97	CLEO	Repl. by ANASTASSOV 01

¹ Weighted average of BERGFELD 97 and ANASTASSOV 01 measurements using η 's reconstructed from $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ and $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ decays.

² BERGFELD 97 reconstruct η 's using $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ decays.

$\Gamma(\eta\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau(\text{ex.}K^0, f_1(1285)))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{151}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.99±0.09±0.13	¹ LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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¹ LEES 12X obtain this result by subtracting their $B(\tau^- \rightarrow f_1(1285)\pi^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau)$ measurement from their $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau(\text{ex.}K^0))$ measurement.

$\Gamma(\eta a_1(1260)^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta\pi^-\rho^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{152}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<3.9 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	BERGFELD 97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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$\Gamma(\eta\eta\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{153}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<7.4 × 10 ⁻⁶	90	INAMI 09	BELL	490 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<1.1 × 10 ⁻⁴	95	ARTUSO 92	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
<8.3 × 10 ⁻³	95	ALBRECHT 88M	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\eta\eta\pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{154}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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< 2.0	95	ARTUSO 92	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<90	95	ALBRECHT 88M	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10 \text{ GeV}$
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$\Gamma(\eta\eta K^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{155}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<3.0 × 10 ⁻⁶	90	INAMI 09	BELL	490 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{156}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<4.0 × 10⁻⁶	90	LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
<7.2 × 10 ⁻⁶	90	AUBERT	08AE BABR	384 fb ⁻¹ , E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV
<7.4 × 10 ⁻⁵	90	BERGFELD	97 CLEO	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{157}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.2 × 10⁻⁵	90	LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
<8.0 × 10 ⁻⁵	90	BERGFELD	97 CLEO	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)K^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{158}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<2.4 × 10⁻⁶	90	LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV

$\Gamma(\phi\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{159}/Γ

VALUE (units 10 ⁻⁵)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3.42 ± 0.55 ± 0.25		344	AUBERT	08 BABR	342 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●					
< 20	90		¹ AVERY	97 CLEO	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV
< 35	90		ALBRECHT	95H ARG	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 9.4–10.6 GeV
¹ AVERY 97 limit varies from (1.2–2.0) × 10 ⁻⁴ depending on decay model assumptions.					

$\Gamma(\phi K^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{160}/Γ

VALUE (units 10 ⁻⁵)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3.70 ± 0.33 OUR AVERAGE			Error includes scale factor of 1.3.		
3.39 ± 0.20 ± 0.28		274	AUBERT	08 BABR	342 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV
4.05 ± 0.25 ± 0.26		551	INAMI	06 BELL	401 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●					
<6.7	90		¹ AVERY	97 CLEO	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV
¹ AVERY 97 limit varies from (5.4–6.7) × 10 ⁻⁵ depending on decay model assumptions.					

$\Gamma(f_1(1285)\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{161}/Γ

VALUE (units 10 ⁻⁴)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3.9 ± 0.5 OUR AVERAGE			Error includes scale factor of 1.9.		
4.73 ± 0.28 ± 0.45		3.7k	¹ LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV
3.60 ± 0.18 ± 0.23		2.5k	² LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●					
3.19 ± 0.18 ± 1.00		1.3 k	³ AUBERT	08AE BABR	Repl. by LEES 12X
3.9 ± 0.7 ± 0.5		1.4 k	⁴ AUBERT,B	05W BABR	Repl. by LEES 12X
5.8 ^{+1.4} / _{-1.3} ± 1.8		54	⁵ BERGFELD	97 CLEO	E _{cm} ^{ee} = 10.6 GeV

¹ LEES 12X obtain this value by dividing their $B(\tau^- \rightarrow f_1(1285)\pi^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow 3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \nu_\tau)$ measurement by the PDG 12 value of $B(f_1(1285) \rightarrow 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-) = 0.111^{+0.007}_{-0.006}$.

² LEES 12X obtain this value by dividing their $B(\tau^- \rightarrow f_1(1285)\pi^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau)$ measurement by 2/3 of the PDG 12 value of $B(f_1(1285) \rightarrow \eta\pi\pi) = 0.524^{+0.019}_{-0.021}$.

³ AUBERT 08AE obtain this value by dividing their $B(\tau^- \rightarrow f_1(1285)\pi^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau)$ measurement by the PDG 06 value of $B(f_1(1285) \rightarrow \eta\pi^- \pi^+) = 0.35 \pm 0.11$. The quote $(3.19 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.99) \times 10^{-4}$ where the final error is due to the uncertainty on $B(f_1(1285) \rightarrow \eta\pi^- \pi^+)$. We combine the two systematic errors in quadrature.

⁴ AUBERT,B 05W use the $f_1(1285) \rightarrow 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$ decay mode and the PDG 04 value of $B(f_1(1285) \rightarrow 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-) = 0.110^{+0.007}_{-0.006}$.

⁵ BERGFELD 97 use the $f_1(1285) \rightarrow \eta\pi^+ \pi^-$ decay mode.

$\Gamma(f_1(1285)\pi^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{162}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.18±0.07 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.3.		
1.26±0.06±0.06	2.5k	LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
1.11±0.06±0.05	1.3 k	AUBERT	08AE BABR	384 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(f_1(1285)\pi^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\eta\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau(\text{ex.}K^0))$ $\Gamma_{162}/\Gamma_{150}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.69±0.01±0.05	¹ AUBERT	08AE BABR	384 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
0.55±0.14	BERGFELD	97 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

¹ Not independent of AUBERT 08AE $B(\tau^- \rightarrow f_1(1285)\pi^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau)$ and $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau(\text{ex.}K^0))$ values.

$\Gamma(f_1(1285)\pi^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow 3\pi^- 2\pi^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{163}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.520±0.031±0.037	3.7k	LEES	12X BABR	468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(\pi(1300)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow (\rho\pi)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow (3\pi)^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{164}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.0 × 10⁻⁴	90	ASNER	00 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(\pi(1300)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow ((\pi\pi)_{\text{S-wave}}\pi)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow (3\pi)^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{165}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.9 × 10⁻⁴	90	ASNER	00 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(h^- \omega \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{166}/Γ

$\Gamma_{166}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{167} + \Gamma_{169})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.41±0.09 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

1.65±0.3 ±0.2	1513	ALBRECHT	88M ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10$ GeV
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$\Gamma(h^- \omega \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{167} / Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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2.00 ± 0.08 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.3.

1.92 ± 0.07 OUR AVERAGE

1.91 ± 0.07 ± 0.06	5803	BUSKULIC	97C	ALEP	1991–1994 LEP runs
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1.60 ± 0.27 ± 0.41	139	BARINGER	87	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.5 \text{ GeV}$
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• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

1.95 ± 0.07 ± 0.11	2223	¹ BALEST	95C	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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¹ Not independent of BALEST 95C $B(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \omega \nu_\tau) / B(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ value.

$\Gamma(h^- \omega \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ $\Gamma_{167} / \Gamma_{68}$

$\Gamma_{167} / \Gamma_{68} = \Gamma_{167} / (\Gamma_{72} + \Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.226\Gamma_{142} + 0.888\Gamma_{167} + 0.017\Gamma_{169})$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.437 ± 0.017 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

0.453 ± 0.019 OUR AVERAGE

0.431 ± 0.033	2350	¹ BUSKULIC	96	ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
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0.464 ± 0.016 ± 0.017	2223	² BALEST	95C	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.37 ± 0.05 ± 0.02	458	³ ALBRECHT	91D	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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¹ BUSKULIC 96 quote the fraction of $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)$ decays which originate in a $h^- \omega$ final state = 0.383 ± 0.029 . We divide this by the $\omega(782) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ branching fraction (0.888).

² BALEST 95C quote the fraction of $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)$ decays which originate in a $h^- \omega$ final state equals $0.412 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.015$. We divide this by the $\omega(782) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ branching fraction (0.888).

³ ALBRECHT 91D quote the fraction of $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ decays which originate in a $\pi^- \omega$ final state equals $0.33 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.02$. We divide this by the $\omega(782) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ branching fraction (0.888).

$\Gamma(K^- \omega \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{168} / Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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4.1 ± 0.6 ± 0.7	500	ARMS	05	CLE3	7.6 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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$\Gamma(h^- \omega \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{169} / Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.41 ± 0.04 OUR FIT

0.43 ± 0.06 ± 0.05	7283	BUSKULIC	97C	ALEP	1991–1994 LEP runs
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$\Gamma(h^- \omega \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau)$ $\Gamma_{169} / \Gamma_{56}$

$\Gamma_{169} / \Gamma_{56} = \Gamma_{169} / (0.3431\Gamma_{35} + 0.3431\Gamma_{37} + 0.3431\Gamma_{40} + 0.3431\Gamma_{42} + 0.4307\Gamma_{47} + 0.6861\Gamma_{48} + \Gamma_{64} + \Gamma_{72} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{80} + \Gamma_{90} + \Gamma_{94} + \Gamma_{98} + \Gamma_{99} + 0.285\Gamma_{140} + 0.285\Gamma_{142} + 0.9101\Gamma_{167} + 0.9101\Gamma_{169})$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.0271 ± 0.0028 OUR FIT

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

0.028 ± 0.003 ± 0.003	430	¹ BORTOLETTO	93	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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¹ Not independent of BORTOLETTO 93 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \omega \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ value.

$$\Gamma(h^- \omega \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) \quad \Gamma_{169} / \Gamma_{78}$$

$$\Gamma_{169} / \Gamma_{78} = \Gamma_{169} / (\Gamma_{79} + 0.226\Gamma_{140} + 0.888\Gamma_{169})$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.83 ± 0.08 OUR FIT			
0.81 ± 0.06 ± 0.06	BORTOLETTO93	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV

$$\Gamma(h^- \omega 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{170} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.4 ± 0.4 ± 0.3	53	ANASTASSOV 01	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$1.89^{+0.74}_{-0.67} \pm 0.40$	19	ANDERSON 97	CLEO	Repl. by ANASTASSOV 01
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$$\Gamma(\pi^- \omega 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{171} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.73 ± 0.12 ± 0.12	1.1k	LEES	12X BABR	468 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$$\Gamma(h^- 2\omega \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{172} / \Gamma$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 5.4 × 10⁻⁷	90	AUBERT,B 06	BABR	232 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$$\Gamma(2h^- h^+ \omega \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{173} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.2 ± 0.2 ± 0.1	110	ANASTASSOV 01	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$$\Gamma(2\pi^- \pi^+ \omega \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{174} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.84 ± 0.04 ± 0.06	2.4k	LEES	12X BABR	468 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$$\Gamma(e^- \gamma) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{175} / \Gamma$$

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 3.3 × 10⁻⁸	90	AUBERT 10B	BABR	516 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 1.2 × 10 ⁻⁷	90	HAYASAKA 08	BELL	535 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
< 1.1 × 10 ⁻⁷	90	AUBERT 06C	BABR	232 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
< 3.9 × 10 ⁻⁷	90	HAYASAKA 05	BELL	86.7 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
< 2.7 × 10 ⁻⁶	90	EDWARDS 97	CLEO	
< 1.1 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	ABREU 95U	DLPH	1990–1993 LEP runs
< 1.2 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	ALBRECHT 92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
< 2.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	KEH 88	CBAL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
< 6.4 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	HAYES 82	MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 3.8\text{--}6.8$ GeV

$\Gamma(\mu^- \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{176}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 4.4 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT	10B	BABR 516 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee}=10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 4.5 \times 10^{-8}$	90	HAYASAKA	08	BELL 535 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 6.8 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT,B	05A	BABR 232 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 3.1 \times 10^{-7}$	90	ABE	04B	BELL 86.3 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 1.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	AHMED	00	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 3.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	EDWARDS	97	CLEO
$< 6.2 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ABREU	95U	DLPH 1990–1993 LEP runs
$< 0.42 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BEAN	93	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 3.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
$< 55 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 3.8\text{--}6.8$ GeV

$\Gamma(e^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{177}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 8.0 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	07	BELL 401 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee}=10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 1.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT	07I	BABR 339 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee}=10.6$ GeV
$< 1.9 \times 10^{-7}$	90	ENARI	05	BELL 154 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 3.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 17 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
$< 14 \times 10^{-5}$	90	KEH	88	CBAL $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
$< 210 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 3.8\text{--}6.8$ GeV

$\Gamma(\mu^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{178}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 1.1 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT	07I	BABR 339 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee}=10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 1.2 \times 10^{-7}$	90	MIYAZAKI	07	BELL 401 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee}=10.6$ GeV
$< 4.1 \times 10^{-7}$	90	ENARI	05	BELL 154 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 4.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 4.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
$< 82 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 3.8\text{--}6.8$ GeV

$\Gamma(e^- K_S^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{179}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 2.6 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	10A	BELL 671 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 3.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT	09D	BABR 469 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 5.6 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	06A	BELL 281 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 9.1 \times 10^{-7}$	90	CHEN	02C	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 1.3 \times 10^{-3}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 3.8\text{--}6.8$ GeV

$\Gamma(\mu^- K_S^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{180}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 2.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 10A	BELL	671 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 4.0 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT 09D	BABR	469 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 4.9 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 06A	BELL	281 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 9.5 \times 10^{-7}$	90	CHEN 02C	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 1.0 \times 10^{-3}$	90	HAYES 82	MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(e^- \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{181}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 9.2 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 07	BELL	401 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT 07I	BABR	339 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.4 \times 10^{-7}$	90	ENARI 05	BELL	154 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 8.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI 97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 6.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT 92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 24 \times 10^{-5}$	90	KEH 88	CBAL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{182}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 6.5 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 07	BELL	401 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT 07I	BABR	339 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-7}$	90	ENARI 05	BELL	154 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 3.4 \times 10^{-7}$	90	ENARI 04	BELL	84.3 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 9.6 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI 97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 7.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT 92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(e^- \rho^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{183}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 1.8 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 11	BELL	854 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 4.6 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT 09W	BABR	451 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 6.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	NISHIO 08	BELL	543 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 6.5 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 06	BELL	158 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS 98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 4.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ BARTELT 94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 1.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT 92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 37 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES 82	MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^- \rho^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{184}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 1.2 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 11	BELL	$854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 2.6 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT 09W	BABR	$451 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 6.8 \times 10^{-8}$	90	NISHIO 08	BELL	$543 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 06	BELL	$158 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 6.3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS 98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 5.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ BARTELT 94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 2.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT 92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 44 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES 82	MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^- \omega)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{185}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 4.8 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 11	BELL	$854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 1.1 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT 08K	BABR	$384 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 1.8 \times 10^{-7}$	90	NISHIO 08	BELL	$543 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- \omega)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{186}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 4.7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 11	BELL	$854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 1.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT 08K	BABR	$384 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 8.9 \times 10^{-8}$	90	NISHIO 08	BELL	$543 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(e^- K^*(892)^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{187}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 3.2 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 11	BELL	$854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 5.9 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT 09W	BABR	$451 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 7.8 \times 10^{-8}$	90	NISHIO 08	BELL	$543 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 3.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 06	BELL	$158 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 5.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS 98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 6.3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ BARTELT 94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 3.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT 92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^- K^*(892)^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{188}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<5.9 \times 10^{-8}$	90	NISHIO	08	BELL 543 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$<7.2 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	11	BELL 854 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$<1.7 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT	09W	BABR 451 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$<3.9 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	06	BELL 158 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$<7.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$<9.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ BARTELT	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$<4.5 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10$ GeV

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^- \bar{K}^*(892)^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{189}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<3.4 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	11	BELL 854 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$<4.6 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT	09W	BABR 451 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$<7.7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	NISHIO	08	BELL 543 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$<4.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	06	BELL 158 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$<7.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$<1.1 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ BARTELT	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{K}^*(892)^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{190}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<7.0 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	11	BELL 854 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$<7.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT	09W	BABR 451 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$<1.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	NISHIO	08	BELL 543 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$<4.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	06	BELL 158 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$<7.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$<8.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ BARTELT	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^- \eta'(958))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{191}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-7}$	90	MIYAZAKI	07	BELL 401 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 2.4 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT	07I	BABR 339 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 10. \times 10^{-7}$	90	ENARI	05	BELL 154 fb ⁻¹ , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(\mu^- \eta'(958))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{192}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<1.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	MIYAZAKI 07	BELL	401 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$<1.4 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT 07I	BABR	339 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<4.7 \times 10^{-7}$	90	ENARI 05	BELL	154 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(e^- f_0(980) \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{193}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<3.2 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 09	BELL	671 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- f_0(980) \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{194}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<3.4 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 09	BELL	671 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(e^- \phi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{195}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<3.1 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 11	BELL	854 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<3.1 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT 09W	BABR	451 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$<7.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	NISHIO 08	BELL	543 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<7.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 06	BELL	158 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<6.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS 98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- \phi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{196}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<8.4 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 11	BELL	854 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$<1.9 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT 09W	BABR	451 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<1.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	NISHIO 08	BELL	543 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<7.7 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 06	BELL	158 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<7.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS 98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(e^- e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{197}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 2.7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	HAYASAKA 10	BELL	782 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$< 2.9 \times 10^{-8}$	90	LEES 10A	BABR	468 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 3.6 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 08	BELL	535 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 4.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT 07BK	BABR	376 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT 04J	BABR	91.5 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 3.5 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 04	BELL	87.1 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$< 2.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 0.33 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ BARTELT	94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
$< 2.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$
$< 40 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 3.8\text{--}6.8$ GeV

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^- \mu^+ \mu^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{198} / Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 2.7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	HAYASAKA	10	BELL 782 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

••• We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. •••

$< 3.2 \times 10^{-8}$	90	LEES	10A	BABR 468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 4.1 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	08	BELL 535 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 3.7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT	07BK	BABR 376 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 3.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT	04J	BABR 91.5 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	04	BELL 87.1 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 1.8 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 0.36 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ BARTELT	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 1.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
$< 2.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$
$< 33 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 3.8\text{--}6.8$ GeV

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^+ \mu^- \mu^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{199} / Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 1.7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	HAYASAKA	10	BELL 782 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

••• We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. •••

$< 2.6 \times 10^{-8}$	90	LEES	10A	BABR 468 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 2.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	08	BELL 535 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 5.6 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT	07BK	BABR 376 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 1.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT	04J	BABR 91.5 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	04	BELL 87.1 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 0.35 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ BARTELT	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^- e^+ e^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{200} / Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 1.8 \times 10^{-8}$	90	HAYASAKA	10	BELL 782 fb ⁻¹ $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 2.2 \times 10^{-8}$	90	LEES	10A	BABR	468 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 2.7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	08	BELL	535 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 8.0 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT	07BK	BABR	376 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 2.7 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT	04J	BABR	91.5 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 1.9 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	04	BELL	87.1 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 1.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO		$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 0.34 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ BARTELT	94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98	
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG		$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
$< 2.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO		$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.4-10.9$
$< 44 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2		$E_{cm}^{ee} = 3.8-6.8$ GeV

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^+ e^- e^-)/\Gamma_{total}$

Γ_{201}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-8}$	90	HAYASAKA 10	BELL	782 fb ⁻¹ $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 1.8 \times 10^{-8}$	90	LEES	10A	BABR	468 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	08	BELL	535 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 5.8 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT	07BK	BABR	376 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 1.1 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT	04J	BABR	91.5 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	04	BELL	87.1 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO		$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 0.34 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ BARTELT	94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98	
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG		$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO		$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.4-10.9$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^- \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{total}$

Γ_{202}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 2.1 \times 10^{-8}$	90	HAYASAKA 10	BELL	782 fb ⁻¹ $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 8.0 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AAIJ	13AH	LHCB	1.0 fb ⁻¹ , $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	
$< 3.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	LEES	10A	BABR	468 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 3.2 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	08	BELL	535 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 5.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT	07BK	BABR	376 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 1.9 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT	04J	BABR	91.5 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	04	BELL	87.1 fb ⁻¹	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 1.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO		$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$< 0.43 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ BARTELT	94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98	
$< 1.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG		$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
$< 1.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO		$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.4-10.9$
$< 49 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2		$E_{cm}^{ee} = 3.8-6.8$ GeV

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^- \pi^+ \pi^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{203} / Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 2.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 13	BELL	$854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 4.4 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$< 7.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 06	BELL	$158 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 1.2 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT, BE 05D	BABR	$221 \text{ fb}^{-1}, E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS 98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 4.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ BARTELT 94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 2.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT 92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 6.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK 90	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^+ \pi^- \pi^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{204} / Γ

Test of lepton number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 13	BELL	$854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 8.8 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 06	BELL	$158 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.7 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT, BE 05D	BABR	$221 \text{ fb}^{-1}, E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 1.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS 98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 4.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ BARTELT 94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT 92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 1.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK 90	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^- \pi^+ \pi^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{205} / Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 2.1 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 13	BELL	$854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$< 3.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$< 4.8 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 06	BELL	$158 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.9 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT, BE 05D	BABR	$221 \text{ fb}^{-1}, E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 8.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS 98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 7.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ BARTELT 94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 3.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT 92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 3.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK 90	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \pi^- \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{206}/Γ

Test of lepton number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<3.9 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 13	BELL	$854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$<3.7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$<3.4 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 06	BELL	$158 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AUBERT, BE 05D	BABR	$221 \text{ fb}^{-1}, E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<3.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS 98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<6.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ BARTELT 94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$<6.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT 92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$<3.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK 90	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^- \pi^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{207}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<3.7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 13	BELL	$854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$<5.8 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$<7.2 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 06	BELL	$158 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<3.2 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT, BE 05D	BABR	$221 \text{ fb}^{-1}, E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<6.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS 98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<7.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ BARTELT 94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$<2.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT 92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$<5.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK 90	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^- \pi^- K^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{208}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<3.1 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 13	BELL	$854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$<5.2 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$<1.6 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 06	BELL	$158 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<1.7 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT, BE 05D	BABR	$221 \text{ fb}^{-1}, E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<3.8 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS 98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<4.6 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ BARTELT 94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$<5.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK 90	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^+ \pi^- K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{209}/Γ

Test of lepton number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<3.2 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 13	BELL	$854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<6.7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$<1.9 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	06	BELL	$158 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<1.8 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT,BE	05D	BABR	$221 \text{ fb}^{-1}, E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<2.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<4.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ BARTELT	94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$<2.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$<4.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^- K_S^0 K_S^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{210}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<7.1 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	10A	BELL $671 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<2.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	CHEN	02C	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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$\Gamma(e^- K^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{211}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<3.4 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	13	BELL $854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<5.4 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$<3.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	06	BELL	$158 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<1.4 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT,BE	05D	BABR	$221 \text{ fb}^{-1}, E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<6.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(e^+ K^- K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{212}/Γ

Test of lepton number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<3.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	13	BELL $854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<6.0 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$<3.1 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	06	BELL	$158 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<1.5 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT,BE	05D	BABR	$221 \text{ fb}^{-1}, E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$<3.8 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- \pi^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{213}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 8.6 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	13	BELL $854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 1.6 \times 10^{-7}$	90	MIYAZAKI	10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$< 2.7 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	06	BELL	158 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.6 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT,BE	05D	BABR	221 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 7.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 8.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ BARTELT	94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 11 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 7.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^- \pi^- K^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{214}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 4.5 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	13	BELL 854 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 1.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	MIYAZAKI	10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$< 7.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	06	BELL	158 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 3.2 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT,BE	05D	BABR	221 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 7.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ BARTELT	94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 7.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \pi^- K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{215}/Γ

Test of lepton number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 4.8 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	13	BELL 854 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 9.4 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$< 2.9 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA	06	BELL	158 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.2 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT,BE	05D	BABR	221 fb^{-1} , $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 7.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ BARTELT	94	CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 5.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 4.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^- K_S^0 K_S^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{216}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 8.0 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI	10A	BELL 671 fb^{-1} $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 3.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	CHEN	02C	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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$\Gamma(\mu^- K^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{217}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 4.4 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 13	BELL	$854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$< 6.8 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$< 8.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 06	BELL	$158 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.5 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT, BE 05D	BABR	$221 \text{ fb}^{-1}, E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 15 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS 98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^+ K^- K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{218}/Γ

Test of lepton number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 4.7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 13	BELL	$854 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$< 9.6 \times 10^{-8}$	90	MIYAZAKI 10	BELL	Repl. by MIYAZAKI 13
$< 4.4 \times 10^{-7}$	90	YUSA 06	BELL	$158 \text{ fb}^{-1} E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 4.8 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AUBERT, BE 05D	BABR	$221 \text{ fb}^{-1}, E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 6.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS 98	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(e^- \pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{219}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 6.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI 97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- \pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{220}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 14 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI 97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(e^- \eta \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{221}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 35 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI 97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- \eta \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{222}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 60 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI 97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(e^- \pi^0 \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{223}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 24 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI 97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- \pi^0 \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{224}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 22 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI 97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(p\mu^-\mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{225}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<4.4 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	13AH LHCB	$1.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}, \sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

$\Gamma(\bar{p}\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{226}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<3.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	13AH LHCB	$1.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}, \sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

$\Gamma(\bar{p}\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{227}/Γ

Test of lepton number and baryon number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 3.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	GODANG	99	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$<29 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\bar{p}\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{228}/Γ

Test of lepton number and baryon number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<15 \times 10^{-6}$	90	GODANG	99	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$<66 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\bar{p}2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{229}/Γ

Test of lepton number and baryon number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<33 \times 10^{-6}$	90	GODANG	99	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\bar{p}\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{230}/Γ

Test of lepton number and baryon number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 8.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	GODANG	99	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$<130 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\bar{p}\pi^0\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{231}/Γ

Test of lepton number and baryon number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<27 \times 10^{-6}$	90	GODANG	99	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{232}/Γ

Test of lepton number and baryon number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<0.72 \times 10^{-7}$	90	MIYAZAKI	06	BELL $154 \text{ fb}^{-1}, E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\bar{\Lambda}\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{233}/Γ

Test of lepton number and baryon number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.4 \times 10^{-7}$	90	MIYAZAKI	06	BELL $154 \text{ fb}^{-1}, E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(e^- \text{ light boson})/\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ Γ_{234}/Γ_5

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.015	95	¹ ALBRECHT	95G ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
<0.018	95	² ALBRECHT	90E ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
<0.040	95	³ BALTRUSAIT..85	MRK3	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 3.77$ GeV

¹ ALBRECHT 95G limit holds for bosons with mass < 0.4 GeV. The limit rises to 0.036 for a mass of 1.0 GeV, then falls to 0.006 at the upper mass limit of 1.6 GeV.

² ALBRECHT 90E limit applies for spinless boson with mass < 100 MeV, and rises to 0.050 for mass = 500 MeV.

³ BALTRUSAITIS 85 limit applies for spinless boson with mass < 100 MeV.

$\Gamma(\mu^- \text{ light boson})/\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ Γ_{235}/Γ_5

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.026	95	¹ ALBRECHT	95G ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
<0.033	95	² ALBRECHT	90E ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
<0.125	95	³ BALTRUSAIT..85	MRK3	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 3.77$ GeV

¹ ALBRECHT 95G limit holds for bosons with mass < 1.3 GeV. The limit rises to 0.034 for a mass of 1.4 GeV, then falls to 0.003 at the upper mass limit of 1.6 GeV.

² ALBRECHT 90E limit applies for spinless boson with mass < 100 MeV, and rises to 0.071 for mass = 500 MeV.

³ BALTRUSAITIS 85 limit applies for spinless boson with mass < 100 MeV.

τ -DECAY PARAMETERS

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$\rho(e \text{ or } \mu)$ PARAMETER

(V–A) theory predicts $\rho = 0.75$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.745 ± 0.008 OUR FIT				
0.749 ± 0.008 OUR AVERAGE				
0.742 ± 0.014 ± 0.006	81k	HEISTER	01E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.775 ± 0.023 ± 0.020	36k	ABREU	00L DLPH	1992–1995 runs
0.781 ± 0.028 ± 0.018	46k	ACKERSTAFF	99D OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
0.762 ± 0.035	54k	ACCIARRI	98R L3	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.731 ± 0.031		¹ ALBRECHT	98 ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6$ GeV
0.72 ± 0.09 ± 0.03		² ABE	97O SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
0.747 ± 0.010 ± 0.006	55k	ALEXANDER	97F CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
0.79 ± 0.10 ± 0.10	3732	FORD	87B MAC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
0.71 ± 0.09 ± 0.03	1426	BEHRENDIS	85 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ near $\Upsilon(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.735 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.008$	31k	AMMAR	97B	CLEO	Repl. by ALEXANDER 97F
$0.794 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.031$	18k	ACCIARRI	96H	L3	Repl. by ACCIARRI 98R
$0.732 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.020$	8.2k	³ ALBRECHT	95	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5-10.6$ GeV
0.738 ± 0.038		⁴ ALBRECHT	95C	ARG	Repl. by ALBRECHT 98
$0.751 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.022$		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 01E
$0.742 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.020$	8000	ALBRECHT	90E	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4-10.6$ GeV

¹ Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 98, ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E. ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.

² ABE 970 assume $\eta = 0$ in their fit. Letting η vary in the fit gives a ρ value of $0.69 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.05$.

³ Value is from a simultaneous fit for the ρ and η decay parameters to the lepton energy spectrum. Not independent of ALBRECHT 90E $\rho(e$ or $\mu)$ value which assumes $\eta = 0$. Result is strongly correlated with ALBRECHT 95C.

⁴ Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E.

$\rho(e)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $\rho = 0.75$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.747 ± 0.010				OUR FIT
0.744 ± 0.010				OUR AVERAGE
$0.747 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.014$	44k	HEISTER	01E	ALEP 1991-1995 LEP runs
$0.744 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.037$	17k	ABREU	00L	DLPH 1992-1995 runs
$0.779 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.029$	25k	ACKERSTAFF	99D	OPAL 1990-1995 LEP runs
$0.68 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.07$		¹ ALBRECHT	98	ARG $E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5-10.6$ GeV
$0.71 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.05$		ABE	97O	SLD 1993-1995 SLC runs
$0.747 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.004$	34k	ALEXANDER	97F	CLEO $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
$0.735 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.020$	4.7k	² ALBRECHT	95	ARG $E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5-10.6$ GeV
$0.79 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.06$	3230	³ ALBRECHT	93G	ARG $E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4-10.6$ GeV
$0.64 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.07$	2753	JANSSEN	89	CBAL $E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4-10.6$ GeV
$0.62 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.14$	1823	FORD	87B	MAC $E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
0.60 ± 0.13	699	BEHRENDIS	85	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ near $\Upsilon(4S)$
$0.72 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.11$	594	BACINO	79B	DLCO $E_{cm}^{ee} = 3.5-7.4$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.732 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.009$	19k	AMMAR	97B	CLEO	Repl. by ALEXANDER 97F
$0.793 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.025$		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 01E
$0.747 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.028$	5106	ALBRECHT	90E	ARG	Repl. by ALBRECHT 95

¹ ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.

² ALBRECHT 95 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(h^+ h^- h^+ (\pi^0) \bar{\nu}_\tau)$ and their charged conjugates.

³ ALBRECHT 93G use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)(e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\tau)$ and their charged conjugates.

$\rho(\mu)$ PARAMETER $(V-A)$ theory predicts $\rho = 0.75$.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.763±0.020 OUR FIT**0.770±0.022 OUR AVERAGE**

0.776±0.045±0.019	46k	HEISTER	01E	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.999±0.098±0.045	22k	ABREU	00L	DLPH	1992–1995 runs
0.777±0.044±0.016	27k	ACKERSTAFF	99D	OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
0.69 ±0.06 ±0.06		¹ ALBRECHT	98	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6$ GeV
0.54 ±0.28 ±0.14		ABE	97O	SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
0.750±0.017±0.045	22k	ALEXANDER	97F	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
0.76 ±0.07 ±0.08	3230	ALBRECHT	93G	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
0.734±0.055±0.027	3041	ALBRECHT	90E	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
0.89 ±0.14 ±0.08	1909	FORD	87B	MAC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
0.81 ±0.13	727	BEHREND	85	CLEO	e^+e^- near $\Upsilon(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.747±0.048±0.044	13k	AMMAR	97B	CLEO	Repl. by ALEXANDER 97F
0.693±0.057±0.028		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 01E

¹ ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.

 $\xi(e \text{ or } \mu)$ PARAMETER $(V-A)$ theory predicts $\xi = 1$.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.985±0.030 OUR FIT**0.981±0.031 OUR AVERAGE**

0.986±0.068±0.031	81k	HEISTER	01E	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.929±0.070±0.030	36k	ABREU	00L	DLPH	1992–1995 runs
0.98 ±0.22 ±0.10	46k	ACKERSTAFF	99D	OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
0.70 ±0.16	54k	ACCIARRI	98R	L3	1991–1995 LEP runs
1.03 ±0.11		¹ ALBRECHT	98	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6$ GeV
1.05 ±0.35 ±0.04		² ABE	97O	SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
1.007±0.040±0.015	55k	ALEXANDER	97F	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.94 ±0.21 ±0.07	18k	ACCIARRI	96H	L3	Repl. by ACCIARRI 98R
0.97 ±0.14		³ ALBRECHT	95C	ARG	Repl. by ALBRECHT 98
1.18 ±0.15 ±0.16		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 01E
0.90 ±0.15 ±0.10	3230	⁴ ALBRECHT	93G	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV

¹ Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 98, ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E. ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.

² ABE 97O assume $\eta = 0$ in their fit. Letting η vary in the fit gives a ξ value of $1.02 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.05$.

³ Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E. ALBRECHT 95C uses events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(h^+ h^- h^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau)$ and their charged conjugates.

⁴ ALBRECHT 93G measurement determines $|\xi|$ for the case $\xi(e) = \xi(\mu)$, but the authors point out that other LEP experiments determine the sign to be positive.

$\xi(e)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $\xi = 1$.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.994 ± 0.040 OUR FIT

1.00 ± 0.04 OUR AVERAGE

1.011 ± 0.094 ± 0.038	44k	HEISTER	01E	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
1.01 ± 0.12 ± 0.05	17k	ABREU	00L	DLPH	1992–1995 runs
1.13 ± 0.39 ± 0.14	25k	ACKERSTAFF	99D	OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
1.11 ± 0.20 ± 0.08		¹ ALBRECHT	98	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6$ GeV
1.16 ± 0.52 ± 0.06		ABE	97O	SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
0.979 ± 0.048 ± 0.016	34k	ALEXANDER	97F	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.03 ± 0.23 ± 0.09		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 01E
		¹ ALBRECHT 98			use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.

$\xi(\mu)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $\xi = 1$.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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1.030 ± 0.059 OUR FIT

1.06 ± 0.06 OUR AVERAGE

1.030 ± 0.120 ± 0.050	46k	HEISTER	01E	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
1.16 ± 0.19 ± 0.06	22k	ABREU	00L	DLPH	1992–1995 runs
0.79 ± 0.41 ± 0.09	27k	ACKERSTAFF	99D	OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
1.26 ± 0.27 ± 0.14		¹ ALBRECHT	98	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6$ GeV
0.75 ± 0.50 ± 0.14		ABE	97O	SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
1.054 ± 0.069 ± 0.047	22k	ALEXANDER	97F	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.23 ± 0.22 ± 0.10		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 01E
		¹ ALBRECHT 98			use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.

$\eta(e \text{ or } \mu)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $\eta = 0$.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.013 ± 0.020 OUR FIT

0.015 ± 0.021 OUR AVERAGE

0.012 ± 0.026 ± 0.004	81k	HEISTER	01E	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
−0.005 ± 0.036 ± 0.037		ABREU	00L	DLPH	1992–1995 runs
0.027 ± 0.055 ± 0.005	46k	ACKERSTAFF	99D	OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
0.27 ± 0.14	54k	ACCIARRI	98R	L3	1991–1995 LEP runs
−0.13 ± 0.47 ± 0.15		ABE	97O	SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
−0.015 ± 0.061 ± 0.062	31k	AMMAR	97B	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
0.03 ± 0.18 ± 0.12	8.2k	ALBRECHT	95	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.25 ± 0.17 ± 0.11	18k	ACCIARRI	96H	L3	Repl. by ACCIARRI 98R
−0.04 ± 0.15 ± 0.11		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 01E

$\eta(\mu)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $\eta = 0$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.094 ± 0.073 OUR FIT				
0.17 ± 0.15 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.2.				
0.160 ± 0.150 ± 0.060	46k	HEISTER	01E	ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs
0.72 ± 0.32 ± 0.15		ABREU	00L	DLPH 1992–1995 runs
−0.59 ± 0.82 ± 0.45		¹ ABE	97O	SLD 1993–1995 SLC runs
0.010 ± 0.149 ± 0.171	13k	² AMMAR	97B	CLEO $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.010 ± 0.065 ± 0.001	27k	³ ACKERSTAFF	99D	OPAL 1990–1995 LEP runs
−0.24 ± 0.23 ± 0.18		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP Repl. by HEISTER 01E

¹ Highly correlated (corr. = 0.92) with ABE 97O $\rho(\mu)$ measurement.

² Highly correlated (corr. = 0.949) with AMMAR 97B $\rho(\mu)$ value.

³ ACKERSTAFF 99D result is dominated by a constraint on η from the OPAL measurements of the τ lifetime and $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)$ assuming lepton universality for the total coupling strength.

$(\delta\xi)(e \text{ or } \mu)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $(\delta\xi) = 0.75$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.746 ± 0.021 OUR FIT				
0.744 ± 0.022 OUR AVERAGE				
0.776 ± 0.045 ± 0.024	81k	HEISTER	01E	ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs
0.779 ± 0.070 ± 0.028	36k	ABREU	00L	DLPH 1992–1995 runs
0.65 ± 0.14 ± 0.07	46k	ACKERSTAFF	99D	OPAL 1990–1995 LEP runs
0.70 ± 0.11	54k	ACCIARRI	98R	L3 1991–1995 LEP runs
0.63 ± 0.09		¹ ALBRECHT	98	ARG $E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5-10.6$ GeV
0.88 ± 0.27 ± 0.04		² ABE	97O	SLD 1993–1995 SLC runs
0.745 ± 0.026 ± 0.009	55k	ALEXANDER	97F	CLEO $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.81 ± 0.14 ± 0.06	18k	ACCIARRI	96H	L3 Repl. by ACCIARRI 98R
0.65 ± 0.12		³ ALBRECHT	95C	ARG Repl. by ALBRECHT 98
0.88 ± 0.11 ± 0.07		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP Repl. by HEISTER 01E

¹ Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 98, ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E. ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.

² ABE 97O assume $\eta = 0$ in their fit. Letting η vary in the fit gives a $(\delta\xi)$ value of $0.87 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.04$.

³ Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E. ALBRECHT 95C uses events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(h^+ h^- h^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau)$ and their charged conjugates.

$(\delta\xi)(e)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $(\delta\xi) = 0.75$.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.734 ± 0.028 OUR FIT

0.731 ± 0.029 OUR AVERAGE

0.778 ± 0.066 ± 0.024	44k	HEISTER	01E	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.85 ± 0.12 ± 0.04	17k	ABREU	00L	DLPH	1992–1995 runs
0.72 ± 0.31 ± 0.14	25k	ACKERSTAFF	99D	OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
0.56 ± 0.14 ± 0.06		¹ ALBRECHT	98	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6$ GeV
0.85 ± 0.43 ± 0.08		ABE	97O	SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
0.720 ± 0.032 ± 0.010	34k	ALEXANDER	97F	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.11 ± 0.17 ± 0.07		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 01E
		¹ ALBRECHT 98			use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.

$(\delta\xi)(\mu)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $(\delta\xi) = 0.75$.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.778 ± 0.037 OUR FIT

0.79 ± 0.04 OUR AVERAGE

0.786 ± 0.066 ± 0.028	46k	HEISTER	01E	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.86 ± 0.13 ± 0.04	22k	ABREU	00L	DLPH	1992–1995 runs
0.63 ± 0.23 ± 0.05	27k	ACKERSTAFF	99D	OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
0.73 ± 0.18 ± 0.10		¹ ALBRECHT	98	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6$ GeV
0.82 ± 0.32 ± 0.07		ABE	97O	SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
0.786 ± 0.041 ± 0.032	22k	ALEXANDER	97F	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.71 ± 0.14 ± 0.06		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 01E
		¹ ALBRECHT 98			use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.

$\xi(\pi)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $\xi(\pi) = 1$.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.993 ± 0.022 OUR FIT

0.994 ± 0.023 OUR AVERAGE

0.994 ± 0.020 ± 0.014	27k	HEISTER	01E	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.81 ± 0.17 ± 0.02		ABE	97O	SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
1.03 ± 0.06 ± 0.04	2.0k	COAN	97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.987 ± 0.057 ± 0.027		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 01E
0.95 ± 0.11 ± 0.05		¹ BUSKULIC	94D	ALEP	1990+1991 LEP run
		¹			Superseded by BUSKULIC 95D.

$\xi(\rho)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $\xi(\rho) = 1$.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.994 ± 0.008 OUR FIT

0.994 ± 0.009 OUR AVERAGE

0.987 ± 0.012 ± 0.011	59k	HEISTER	01E	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
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0.99 ± 0.12 ± 0.04		ABE	97O	SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
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0.995 ± 0.010 ± 0.003	66k	ALEXANDER	97F	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
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1.022 ± 0.028 ± 0.030	1.7k	¹ ALBRECHT	94E	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4-10.6$ GeV
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.045 ± 0.058 ± 0.032		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 01E
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1.03 ± 0.11 ± 0.05		² BUSKULIC	94D	ALEP	1990+1991 LEP run
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¹ALBRECHT 94E measure the square of this quantity and use the sign determined by ALBRECHT 90I to obtain the quoted result.

²Superseded by BUSKULIC 95D.

$\xi(a_1)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $\xi(a_1) = 1$.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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1.001 ± 0.027 OUR FIT

1.002 ± 0.028 OUR AVERAGE

1.000 ± 0.016 ± 0.024	35k	¹ HEISTER	01E	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
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1.02 ± 0.13 ± 0.03	17.2k	ASNER	00	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
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1.29 ± 0.26 ± 0.11	7.4k	² ACKERSTAFF	97R	OPAL	1992–1994 LEP runs
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0.85 $\begin{smallmatrix} +0.15 \\ -0.17 \end{smallmatrix}$ ± 0.05		ALBRECHT	95C	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5-10.6$ GeV
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1.25 ± 0.23 $\begin{smallmatrix} +0.15 \\ -0.08 \end{smallmatrix}$	7.5k	ALBRECHT	93C	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4-10.6$ GeV
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.08 $\begin{smallmatrix} +0.46 & +0.14 \\ -0.41 & -0.25 \end{smallmatrix}$	2.6k	³ AKERS	95P	OPAL	Repl. by ACKERSTAFF 97R
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0.937 ± 0.116 ± 0.064		BUSKULIC	95D	ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 01E
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¹HEISTER 01E quote $1.000 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.020$ where the errors are statistical, systematic, and an uncertainty due to the final state model. We combine the systematic error and model uncertainty.

²ACKERSTAFF 97R obtain this result with a model independent fit to the hadronic structure functions. Fitting with the model of Kuhn and Santamaria (ZPHY **C48**, 445 (1990)) gives $0.87 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.04$, and with the model of of Isgur *et al.* (PR **D39**,1357 (1989)) they obtain $1.20 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.14$.

³AKERS 95P obtain this result with a model independent fit to the hadronic structure functions. Fitting with the model of Kuhn and Santamaria (ZPHY **C48**, 445 (1990)) gives $0.87 \pm 0.27 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.05 \\ -0.06 \end{smallmatrix}$, and with the model of of Isgur *et al.* (PR **D39**,1357 (1989)) they obtain $1.10 \pm 0.31 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.13 \\ -0.14 \end{smallmatrix}$.

ξ (all hadronic modes) PARAMETER $(V-A)$ theory predicts $\xi = 1$.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.995 ± 0.007 OUR FIT				
0.997 ± 0.007 OUR AVERAGE				
0.992 ± 0.007 ± 0.008	102k	¹ HEISTER	01E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.997 ± 0.027 ± 0.011	39k	² ABREU	00L DLPH	1992–1995 runs
1.02 ± 0.13 ± 0.03	17.2k	³ ASNER	00 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
1.032 ± 0.031	37k	⁴ ACCIARRI	98R L3	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.93 ± 0.10 ± 0.04		ABE	97O SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
1.29 ± 0.26 ± 0.11	7.4k	⁵ ACKERSTAFF	97R OPAL	1992–1994 LEP runs
0.995 ± 0.010 ± 0.003	66k	⁶ ALEXANDER	97F CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
1.03 ± 0.06 ± 0.04	2.0k	⁷ COAN	97 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
1.017 ± 0.039		⁸ ALBRECHT	95C ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6$ GeV
1.25 ± 0.23 $\begin{smallmatrix} +0.15 \\ -0.08 \end{smallmatrix}$	7.5k	⁹ ALBRECHT	93C ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
0.970 ± 0.053 ± 0.011	14k	¹⁰ ACCIARRI	96H L3	Repl. by ACCIARRI 98R
1.08 $\begin{smallmatrix} +0.46 & +0.14 \\ -0.41 & -0.25 \end{smallmatrix}$	2.6k	¹¹ AKERS	95P OPAL	Repl. by ACKER-STAFF 97R
1.006 ± 0.032 ± 0.019		¹² BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	Repl. by HEISTER 01E
1.022 ± 0.028 ± 0.030	1.7k	¹³ ALBRECHT	94E ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
0.99 ± 0.07 ± 0.04		¹⁴ BUSKULIC	94D ALEP	1990+1991 LEP run

¹ HEISTER 01E quote $0.992 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.005$ where the errors are statistical, systematic, and an uncertainty due to the final state model. We combine the systematic error and model uncertainty. They use $\tau \rightarrow \pi\nu_\tau$, $\tau \rightarrow K\nu_\tau$, $\tau \rightarrow \rho\nu_\tau$, and $\tau \rightarrow a_1\nu_\tau$ decays.

² ABREU 00L use $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \geq 0\pi^0\nu_\tau$ decays.

³ ASNER 00 use $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- 2\pi^0\nu_\tau$ decays.

⁴ ACCIARRI 98R use $\tau \rightarrow \pi\nu_\tau$, $\tau \rightarrow K\nu_\tau$, and $\tau \rightarrow \rho\nu_\tau$ decays.

⁵ ACKERSTAFF 97R use $\tau \rightarrow a_1\nu_\tau$ decays.

⁶ ALEXANDER 97F use $\tau \rightarrow \rho\nu_\tau$ decays.

⁷ COAN 97 use $h^+ h^-$ energy correlations.

⁸ Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E.

⁹ Uses $\tau \rightarrow a_1\nu_\tau$ decays. Replaced by ALBRECHT 95C.

¹⁰ ACCIARRI 96H use $\tau \rightarrow \pi\nu_\tau$, $\tau \rightarrow K\nu_\tau$, and $\tau \rightarrow \rho\nu_\tau$ decays.

¹¹ AKERS 95P use $\tau \rightarrow a_1\nu_\tau$ decays.

¹² BUSKULIC 95D use $\tau \rightarrow \pi\nu_\tau$, $\tau \rightarrow \rho\nu_\tau$, and $\tau \rightarrow a_1\nu_\tau$ decays.

¹³ ALBRECHT 94E measure the square of this quantity and use the sign determined by ALBRECHT 90I to obtain the quoted result. Uses $\tau \rightarrow a_1\nu_\tau$ decays. Replaced by ALBRECHT 95C.

¹⁴ BUSKULIC 94D use $\tau \rightarrow \pi\nu_\tau$ and $\tau \rightarrow \rho\nu_\tau$ decays. Superseded by BUSKULIC 95D.

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BALEST	96	PL B388 402	R. Balest <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BARTELT	96	PRL 76 4119	J.E. Bartelt <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BUSKULIC	96	ZPHY C70 579	D. Buskulic <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
BUSKULIC	96C	ZPHY C70 561	D. Buskulic <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
COAN	96	PR D53 6037	T.E. Coan <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)

ABE	95Y	PR D52 4828	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(SLD Collab.)
ABREU	95T	PL B357 715	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABREU	95U	PL B359 411	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACCIARRI	95	PL B345 93	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACCIARRI	95F	PL B352 487	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
AKERS	95F	ZPHY C66 31	R. Akers <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
AKERS	95I	ZPHY C66 543	R. Akers <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
AKERS	95P	ZPHY C67 45	R. Akers <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
AKERS	95Y	ZPHY C68 555	R. Akers <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ALBRECHT	95	PL B341 441	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	95C	PL B349 576	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	95G	ZPHY C68 25	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	95H	ZPHY C68 215	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
BALEST	95C	PRL 75 3809	R. Balest <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BERNABEU	95	NP B436 474	J. Bernabeu <i>et al.</i>	
BUSKULIC	95C	PL B346 371	D. Buskulic <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
BUSKULIC	95D	PL B346 379	D. Buskulic <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
Also		PL B363 265 (erratum)	D. Buskulic <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
ABREU	94K	PL B334 435	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
AKERS	94E	PL B328 207	R. Akers <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
AKERS	94G	PL B339 278	R. Akers <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ALBRECHT	94E	PL B337 383	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ARTUSO	94	PRL 72 3762	M. Artuso <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BARTELT	94	PRL 73 1890	J.E. Bartelt <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BATTLE	94	PRL 73 1079	M. Battle <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BAUER	94	PR D50 R13	D.A. Bauer <i>et al.</i>	(TPC/2gamma Collab.)
BUSKULIC	94D	PL B321 168	D. Buskulic <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
BUSKULIC	94E	PL B332 209	D. Buskulic <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
BUSKULIC	94F	PL B332 219	D. Buskulic <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
GIBAUT	94B	PRL 73 934	D. Gibaut <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ADRIANI	93M	PRPL 236 1	O. Adriani <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ALBRECHT	93C	ZPHY C58 61	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	93G	PL B316 608	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
BALEST	93	PR D47 R3671	R. Balest <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BEAN	93	PRL 70 138	A. Bean <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BORTOLETTO	93	PRL 71 1791	D. Bortoletto <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ESCRIBANO	93	PL B301 419	R. Escribano, E. Masso	(BARC)
PROCARIO	93	PRL 70 1207	M. Procario <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ABREU	92N	ZPHY C55 555	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACTON	92F	PL B281 405	D.P. Acton <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ACTON	92H	PL B288 373	P.D. Acton <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
AKERIB	92	PRL 69 3610	D.S. Akerib <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
Also		PRL 71 3395 (erratum)	D.S. Akerib <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALBRECHT	92D	ZPHY C53 367	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	92K	ZPHY C55 179	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	92M	PL B292 221	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	92Q	ZPHY C56 339	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
AMMAR	92	PR D45 3976	R. Ammar <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ARTUSO	92	PRL 69 3278	M. Artuso <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BAI	92	PRL 69 3021	J.Z. Bai <i>et al.</i>	(BES Collab.)
BATTLE	92	PL B291 488	M. Battle <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BUSKULIC	92J	PL B297 459	D. Buskulic <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
DECAMP	92C	ZPHY C54 211	D. Decamp <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
ADEVA	91F	PL B265 451	B. Adeva <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ALBRECHT	91D	PL B260 259	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALEXANDER	91D	PL B266 201	G. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ANTREASYAN	91	PL B259 216	D. Antreasyan <i>et al.</i>	(Crystal Ball Collab.)
GRIFOLS	91	PL B255 611	J.A. Grifols, A. Mendez	(BARC)
ABACHI	90	PR D41 1414	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	90E	PL B246 278	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	90I	PL B250 164	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
BEHREND	90	ZPHY C46 537	H.J. Behrend <i>et al.</i>	(CELLO Collab.)
BOWCOCK	90	PR D41 805	T.J.V. Bowcock <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
DELAGUILA	90	PL B252 116	F. del Aguila, M. Sher	(BARC, WILL)
GOLDBERG	90	PL B251 223	M. Goldberg <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
WU	90	PR D41 2339	D.Y. Wu <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
ABACHI	89B	PR D40 902	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
BEHREND	89B	PL B222 163	H.J. Behrend <i>et al.</i>	(CELLO Collab.)
JANSSEN	89	PL B228 273	H. Janssen <i>et al.</i>	(Crystal Ball Collab.)
KLEINWORT	89	ZPHY C42 7	C. Kleinwort <i>et al.</i>	(JADE Collab.)
ADEVA	88	PR D38 2665	B. Adeva <i>et al.</i>	(Mark-J Collab.)

ALBRECHT	88B	PL B202 149	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	88L	ZPHY C41 1	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	88M	ZPHY C41 405	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
AMIDEI	88	PR D37 1750	D. Amidei <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
BEHREND	88	PL B200 226	H.J. Behrend <i>et al.</i>	(CELLO Collab.)
BRAUNSCH...	88C	ZPHY C39 331	W. Braunschweig <i>et al.</i>	(TASSO Collab.)
KEH	88	PL B212 123	S. Keh <i>et al.</i>	(Crystal Ball Collab.)
TSCHIRHART	88	PL B205 407	R. Tschirhart <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
ABACHI	87B	PL B197 291	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
ABACHI	87C	PRL 59 2519	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
ADLER	87B	PRL 59 1527	J. Adler <i>et al.</i>	(Mark III Collab.)
AIHARA	87B	PR D35 1553	H. Aihara <i>et al.</i>	(TPC Collab.)
AIHARA	87C	PRL 59 751	H. Aihara <i>et al.</i>	(TPC Collab.)
ALBRECHT	87L	PL B185 223	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	87P	PL B199 580	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
BAND	87	PL B198 297	H.R. Band <i>et al.</i>	(MAC Collab.)
BAND	87B	PRL 59 415	H.R. Band <i>et al.</i>	(MAC Collab.)
BARINGER	87	PRL 59 1993	P. Baringer <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BEBEK	87C	PR D36 690	C. Bebek <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BURCHAT	87	PR D35 27	P.R. Burchat <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
BYLSMA	87	PR D35 2269	B.G. Bylsma <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
COFFMAN	87	PR D36 2185	D.M. Coffman <i>et al.</i>	(Mark III Collab.)
DERRICK	87	PL B189 260	M. Derrick <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
FORD	87	PR D35 408	W.T. Ford <i>et al.</i>	(MAC Collab.)
FORD	87B	PR D36 1971	W.T. Ford <i>et al.</i>	(MAC Collab.)
GAN	87	PRL 59 411	K.K. Gan <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
GAN	87B	PL B197 561	K.K. Gan <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
AIHARA	86E	PRL 57 1836	H. Aihara <i>et al.</i>	(TPC Collab.)
BARTEL	86D	PL B182 216	W. Bartel <i>et al.</i>	(JADE Collab.)
PDG	86	PL 170B 1	M. Aguilar-Benitez <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, CIT+)
RUCKSTUHL	86	PRL 56 2132	W. Ruckstuhl <i>et al.</i>	(DELCO Collab.)
SCHMIDKE	86	PRL 57 527	W.B. Schmidke <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
YELTON	86	PRL 56 812	J.M. Yelton <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
ALTHOFF	85	ZPHY C26 521	M. Althoff <i>et al.</i>	(TASSO Collab.)
ASH	85B	PRL 55 2118	W.W. Ash <i>et al.</i>	(MAC Collab.)
BALTRUSAIT...	85	PRL 55 1842	R.M. Baltrusaitis <i>et al.</i>	(Mark III Collab.)
BARTEL	85F	PL 161B 188	W. Bartel <i>et al.</i>	(JADE Collab.)
BEHREND	85	PR D32 2468	S. Behrends <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BELTRAMI	85	PRL 54 1775	I. Beltrami <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
BERGER	85	ZPHY C28 1	C. Berger <i>et al.</i>	(PLUTO Collab.)
BURCHAT	85	PRL 54 2489	P.R. Burchat <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
FERNANDEZ	85	PRL 54 1624	E. Fernandez <i>et al.</i>	(MAC Collab.)
MILLS	85	PRL 54 624	G.B. Mills <i>et al.</i>	(DELCO Collab.)
AIHARA	84C	PR D30 2436	H. Aihara <i>et al.</i>	(TPC Collab.)
BEHREND	84	ZPHY C23 103	H.J. Behrend <i>et al.</i>	(CELLO Collab.)
MILLS	84	PRL 52 1944	G.B. Mills <i>et al.</i>	(DELCO Collab.)
BEHREND	83C	PL 127B 270	H.J. Behrend <i>et al.</i>	(CELLO Collab.)
SILVERMAN	83	PR D27 1196	D.J. Silverman, G.L. Shaw	(UCI)
BEHREND	82	PL 114B 282	H.J. Behrend <i>et al.</i>	(CELLO Collab.)
BLOCKER	82B	PRL 48 1586	C.A. Blocker <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
BLOCKER	82D	PL 109B 119	C.A. Blocker <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.) J
FELDMAN	82	PRL 48 66	G.J. Feldman <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
HAYES	82	PR D25 2869	K.G. Hayes <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
BERGER	81B	PL 99B 489	C. Berger <i>et al.</i>	(PLUTO Collab.)
DORFAN	81	PRL 46 215	J.M. Dorfan <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
BRANDELIK	80	PL 92B 199	R. Brandelik <i>et al.</i>	(TASSO Collab.)
ZHOLENTZ	80	PL 96B 214	A.A. Zholents <i>et al.</i>	(NOVO)
Also		SJNP 34 814	A.A. Zholents <i>et al.</i>	(NOVO)
		Translated from YAF 34	1471.	
BACINO	79B	PRL 42 749	W.J. Bacino <i>et al.</i>	(DELCO Collab.)
KIRKBY	79	SLAC-PUB-2419	J. Kirkby	(SLAC) J
		Batavia Lepton Photon Conference.		
BACINO	78B	PRL 41 13	W.J. Bacino <i>et al.</i>	(DELCO Collab.) J
Also		Tokyo Conf. 249	J. Kirz	(STON)
Also		PL 96B 214	A.A. Zholents <i>et al.</i>	(NOVO)
BRANDELIK	78	PL 73B 109	R. Brandelik <i>et al.</i>	(DASP Collab.) J
FELDMAN	78	Tokyo Conf. 777	G.J. Feldman	(SLAC) J
JAROS	78	PRL 40 1120	J. Jaros <i>et al.</i>	(LGW Collab.)
PERL	75	PRL 35 1489	M.L. Perl <i>et al.</i>	(LBL, SLAC)

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DAVIER	06	RMP 78 1043	M. Davier, A. Hocker, Z. Zhang	(LALO, PARIN+)
RAHAL-CAL...	98	IJMP A13 695	G. Rahal-Callot	(ETH)
GENTILE	96	PRPL 274 287	S. Gentile, M. Pohl	(ROMAI, ETH)
WEINSTEIN	93	ARNPS 43 457	A.J. Weinstein, R. Stroynowski	(CIT, SMU)
PERL	92	RPP 55 653	M.L. Perl	(SLAC)
PICH	90	MPL A5 1995	A. Pich	(VALE)
BARISH	88	PRPL 157 1	B.C. Barish, R. Stroynowski	(CIT)
GAN	88	IJMP A3 531	K.K. Gan, M.L. Perl	(SLAC)
HAYES	88	PR D38 3351	K.G. Hayes, M.L. Perl	(SLAC)
PERL	80	ARNPS 30 299	M.L. Perl	(SLAC)
