

Editorial

by Michael Lawrence

On behalf of the editorial board, I am pleased to publish Volume 8, Issue 1 of the R Journal. This issue contains 27 contributed research articles. Each of them either presents an R package, a specific extension of an R package or applications using R packages available from the Comprehensive R Archive Network (CRAN, <http://CRAN.R-project.org>). It thus provides a small but current cross-section of the burgeoning R ecosystem.

Interest in developing graphical user interfaces and visualization tools on top of R, and integrating R with the web, continues to grow, as evidenced by the articles on the Social Network Analysis Survey Framework, a Shiny interface to the OpenMX modeling software, and the `mapmisc` package for visualizing geographic data. This issue also includes articles on R interfaces to cloud-based data resources (the `sbttools` package), and a system for crowd-sourcing data preprocessing chores (the `MTurkR` package).

True to the roots of R, the bulk of this issue presents advancements in the field of applied statistics, including the `crch` package for modeling censored and truncated data, new improvements in the `mclust` package for fitting Gaussian mixture models, the `scmamp` package for comparing the performance of multiple algorithms, the `rTableICC` for randomly generating contingency tables, the `clere` package for variable clustering in high dimensions, the `FWDselect` package for forward model selection, the `metaplus` package for analyzing robust meta-analyses, the `hiddenf` package for exploring interaction effects in factorial studies, the `statmod` package for calculating probabilities with the inverse Gaussian distribution, the `clustering.sc.dp` package for clustering with sequential constraints and a review of R-based methods for non-parametric testing of interactions in two-way factorial designs.

The diversity of the R ecosystem is such that packages are available for many highly focused subfields. Examples in this issue include the `stylo` package for performing stylometry studies, the `CryptRndTest` package for analyzing randomness in cryptography, the `quickpsy` package for function fitting in psychometrics, `SWMP` for analyzing estuary data, `FieldSim` for simulating Gaussian fields (e.g., in image analysis), `progenyClust` for progeny clustering, `keyplayer` for finding key players in social networks, `DECIPHER` for deciphering biological sequence data, `GMDH` for short term forecasting with neural networks, and `gstat` for spatio-temporal interpolation of geostatistics data.

Before the user can apply these tools, the data must first be imported into R and munged into a shape that is amenable to analysis. We present several packages for importing and munging data, namely: `SchemaOnRead`, a generalized data import framework supporting numerous common file types, multiple packages for working with web logs (`webreadr`, `urltools`, `iptools` and `rgeolocate`), and the `genderizeR` package for predicting gender from first names.

In addition the News and Notes section contains the usual updates on CRAN and the Bioconductor project.

I hope you enjoy the issue.

Michael Lawrence

Michael.Lawrence@r-project.org