



UNIVERSITÀ
DEGLI STUDI
DI PADOVA

Ottocento anni di libertà e futuro

A QUANTUM-INSPIRED TOOL FOR BRIDGING THE NISQ ERA

Simone Montangero



Dipartimento
di Fisica
e Astronomia
Galileo Galilei



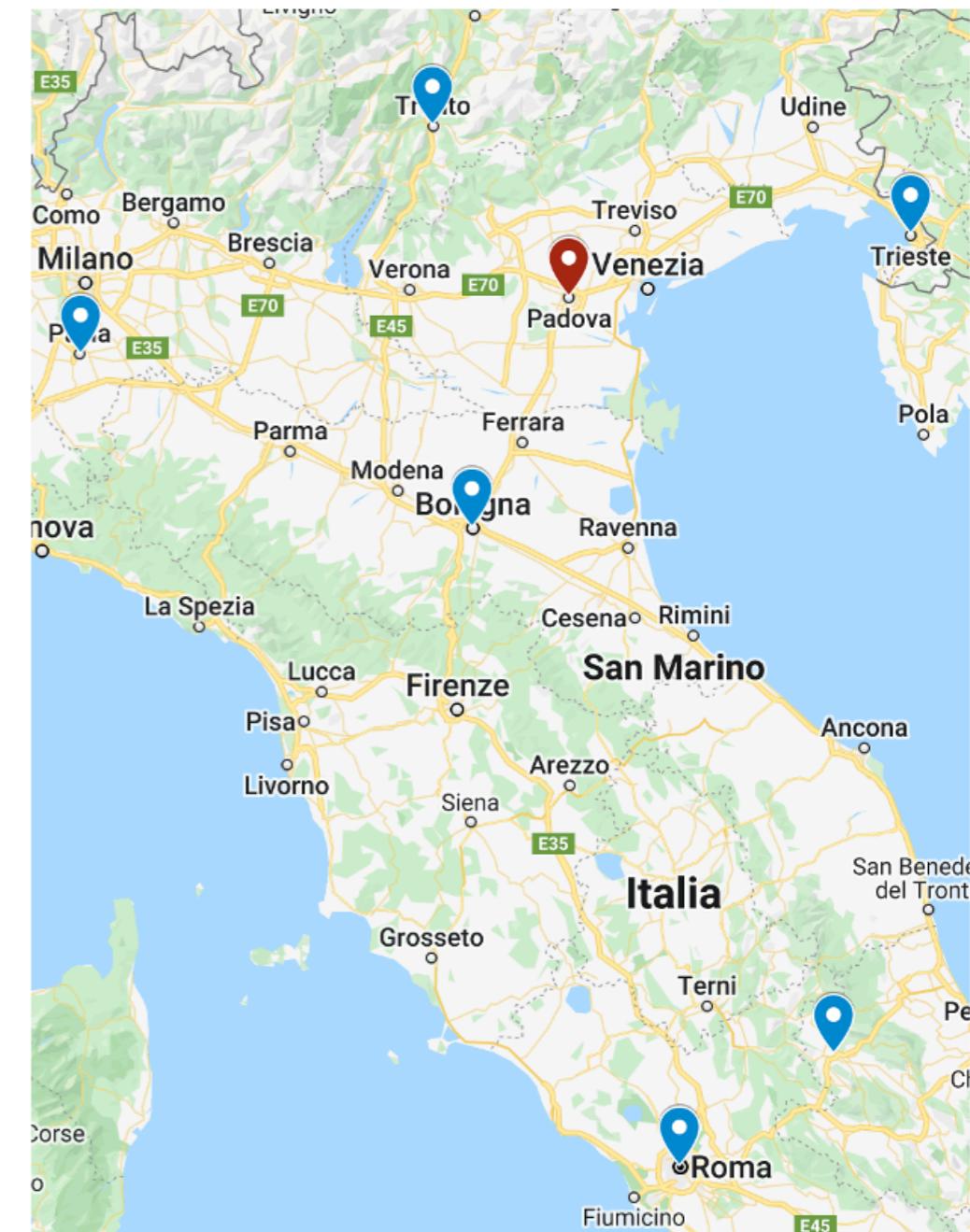
UNIVERSITÀ
DEGLI STUDI
DI PADOVA

QUANTUM COMPUTING AND SIMULATION CENTER

Investment of 6 M€

National strategic partnerships

Trapped ion quantum computer





ICSC

Centro Nazionale HPC, Big Data e Quantum Computing

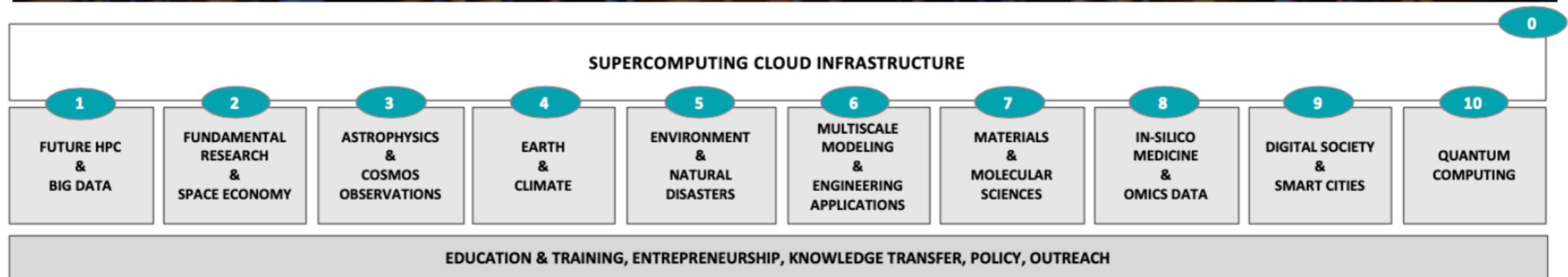
Xc



ICSC

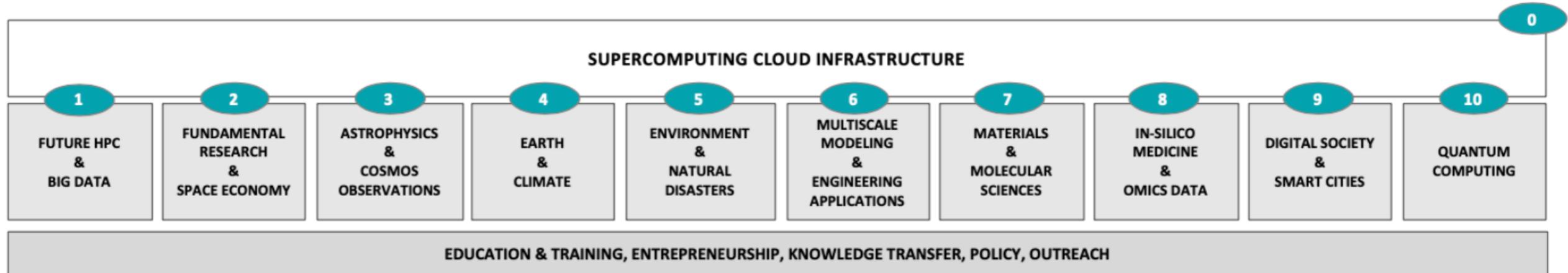
Centro Nazionale HPC, Big Data e Quantum Computing

Xc

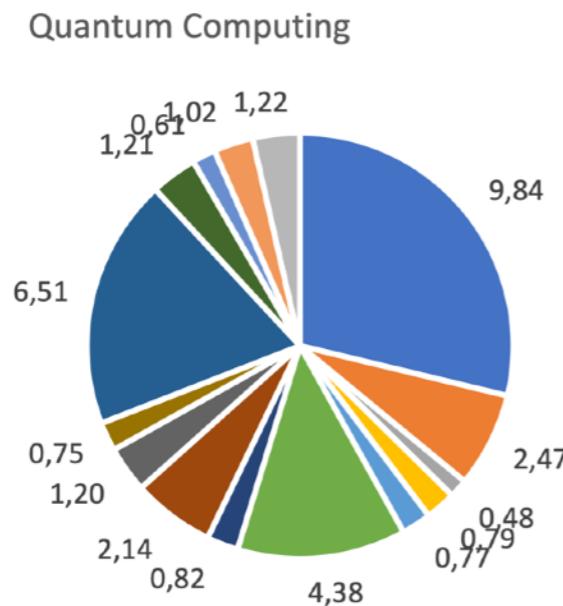


ICSC

Centro Nazionale HPC, Big Data e Quantum Computing



- POLIMI
- UNIPD
- CINECA
- UNIBO
- UNICT
- CNR
- INAF
- INFN
- UNIPV
- UNIPI
- UNINA
- SAPIENZA
- IIT
- UNIBA
- UNIMIB



Spoke 10 – Quantum Computing

WP1. Software (Leader: INFN): Development and application of high-level quantum software for algorithms solving general purpose problems, scientific and industrial applications: T1.1 New algorithms (Pavia, Bologna, IIT, Catania, CINECA, CNR, Pisa, Sapienza, Bari, Polimi, Padova); T1.2 Applications and use cases (IIT, Bologna, CINECA, CNR, INAF, INFN, Pavia, Pisa, Bari, Bicocca, Polimi, Padova)

WP2. Mapping, compilation and quantum computing emulation (Leader: CINECA): Development of software toolchain for compilation, benchmarking, verification, emulation of quantum computers and algorithms: T2.1 Mapping and compilation (Bologna, CNR, Pisa, Polimi); T2.2 Emulation (CINECA, INAF, Bari, Padova)

WP3. Firmware and hardware platforms (Leaders: CNR, Catania): Development of low-level software for the physical operation of quantum computers. Development and support of the quantum computer hardware chain: T3.1 Photonic (Sapienza, CNR, Bicocca, Pavia, Napoli); T3.2 Superconducting circuits (Napoli, INFN, Bicocca, CNR, Catania); T3.3 Atoms (CNR, Padova); T3.4 Ions (Padova, CNR); T3.5 Models and firmware (Catania, Polimi, Bari, Padova, Bicocca, CNR, Pisa)

PASQuanS

Programmable Atomic
Large-Scale Quantum
Simulation

iXblue

Atos

ALS AZUR LIGHT SYSTEMS

Laboratoire Kastler Brossel
Physique quantique et applications
COLLEGE DE FRANCE
cnrs

Freie Universität Berlin

PASQAL

INSTITUT
d'OPTIQUE
GRADUATE SCHOOL

JÜLICH
Forschungszentrum



MYCRYO
FIRM
Cryodevices & Consulting

ÖAW
ÖSTERREICHISCHE
AKADEMIE DER
WISSENSCHAFTEN

University of
Strathclyde
Glasgow

TOPTICA
PHOTONICS

UNIVERSITÄT
HEIDELBERG
ZUKUNFT
SEIT 1386



ParityQC

Pilot Project

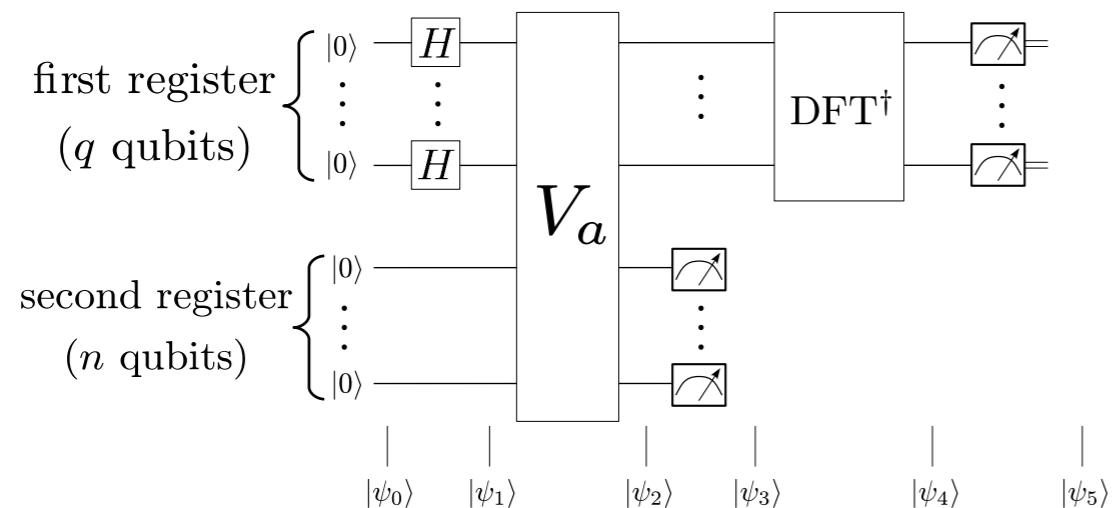
2018-2022

FPA - PASQUANS2

2023-2030

*Quantum simulator
with 10000 qubits!*

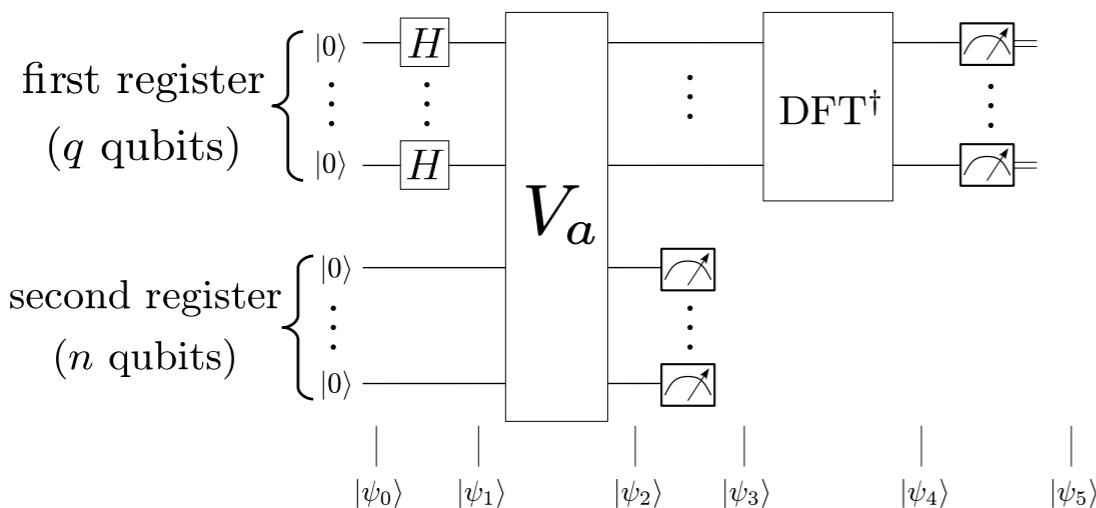
QUANTUM COMPUTING



$$V_a : |x\rangle|y\rangle \rightarrow |x\rangle|y \oplus a^x \bmod N\rangle$$

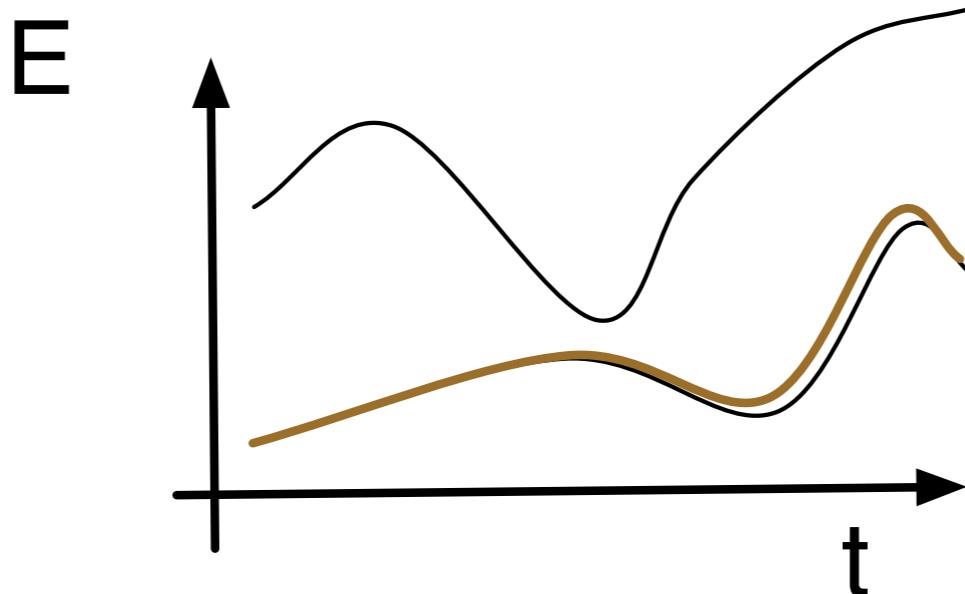
Circuit model

QUANTUM COMPUTING

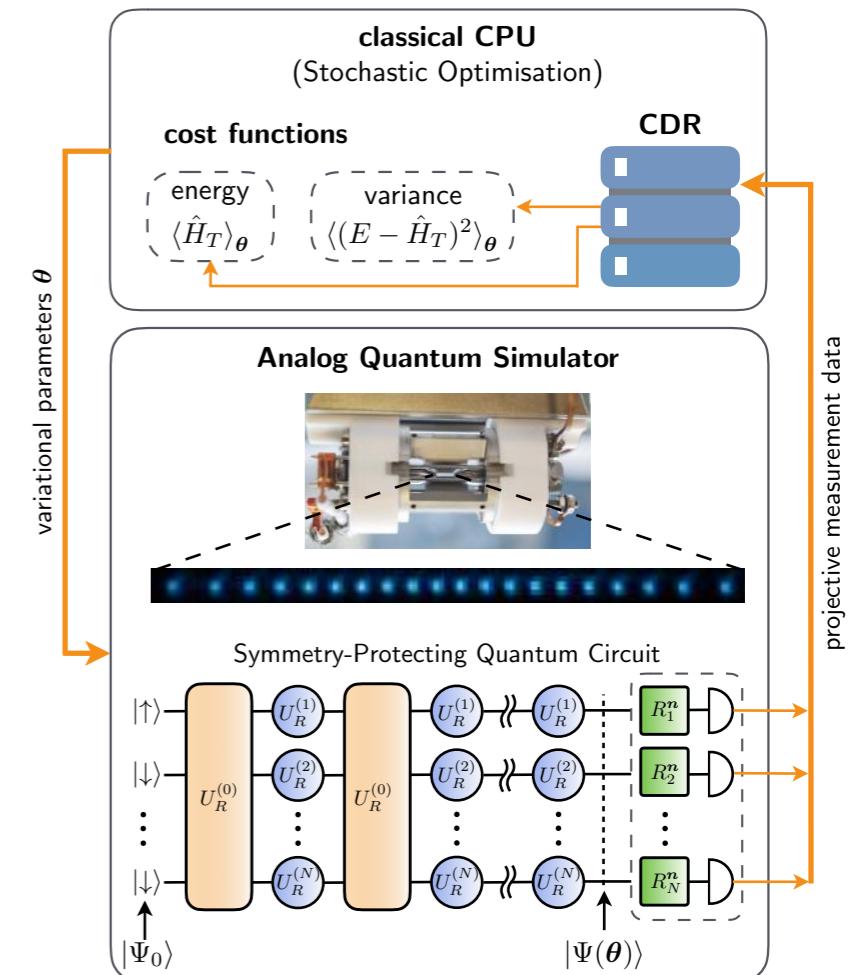


$$V_a : |x\rangle|y\rangle \rightarrow |x\rangle|y \oplus a^x \mod N\rangle$$

Circuit model

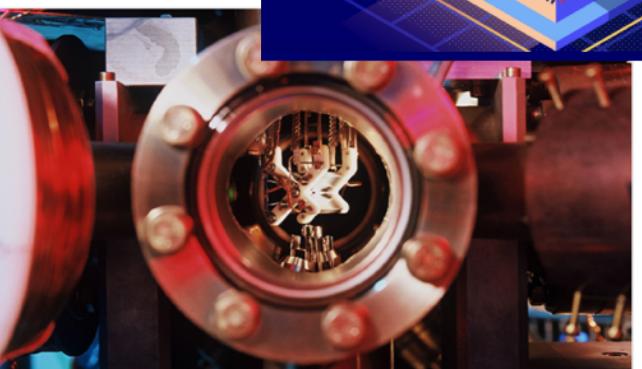
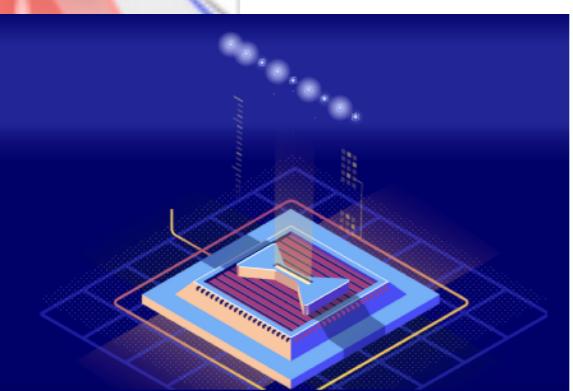
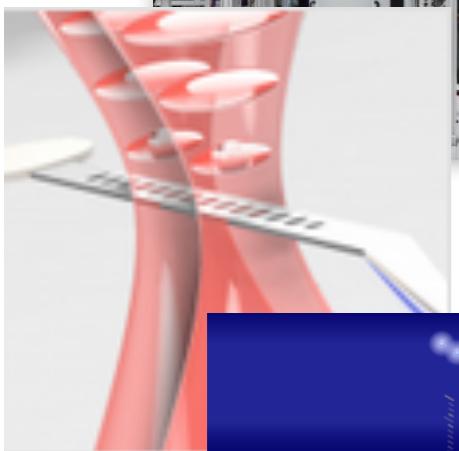
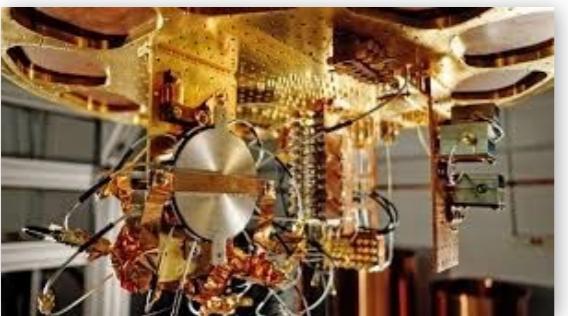


Adiabatic - Quantum Annealing



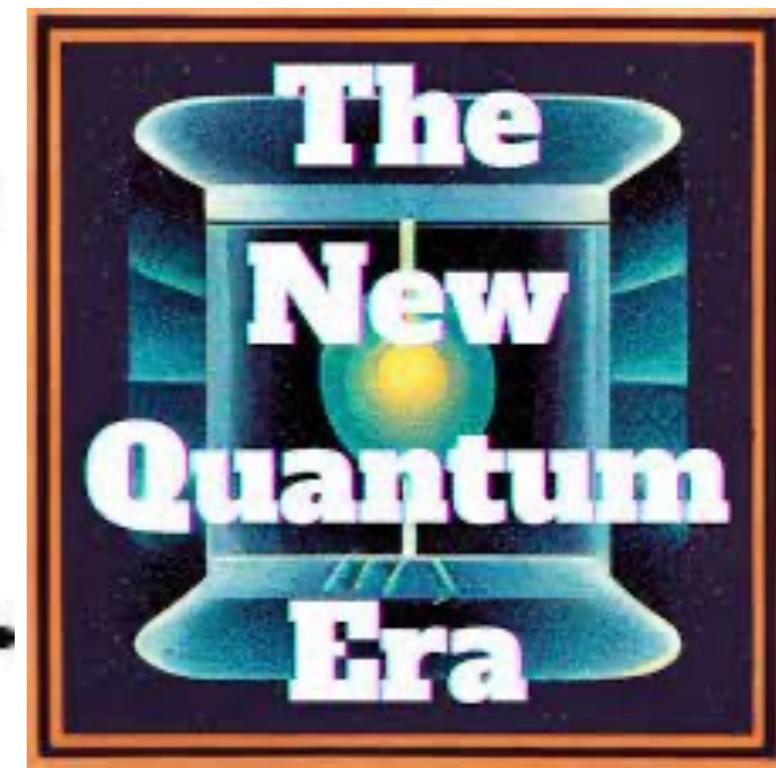
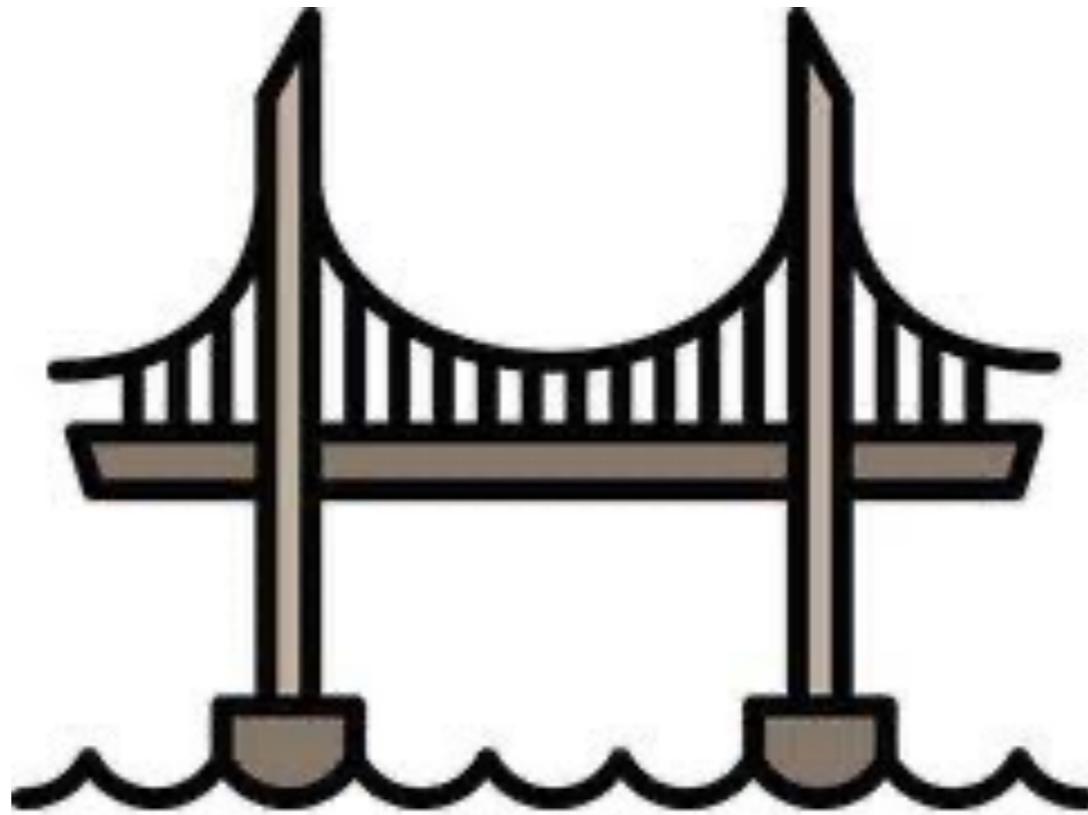
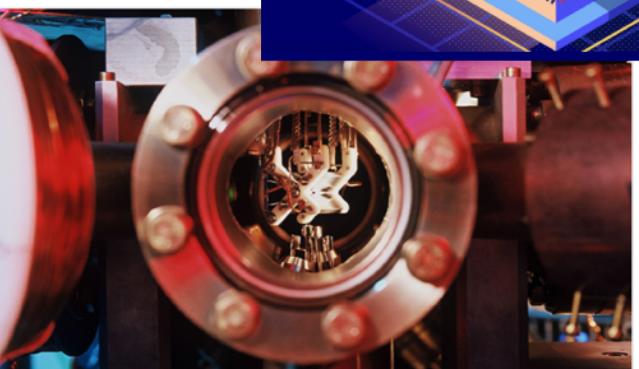
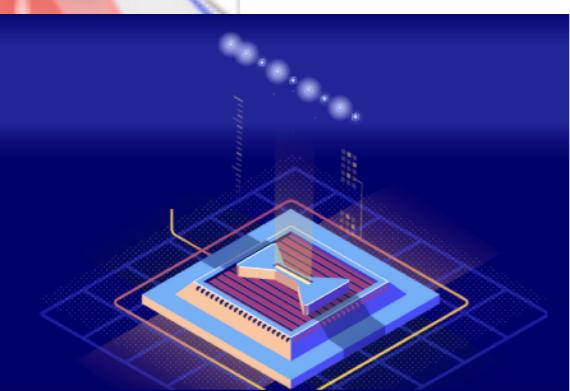
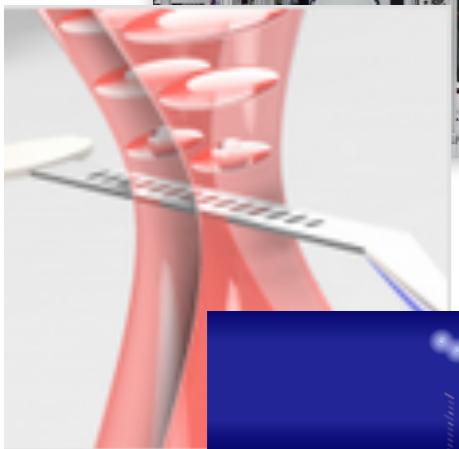
Hybrid (VQE)

HOW TO GUIDE THE TRANSITION?



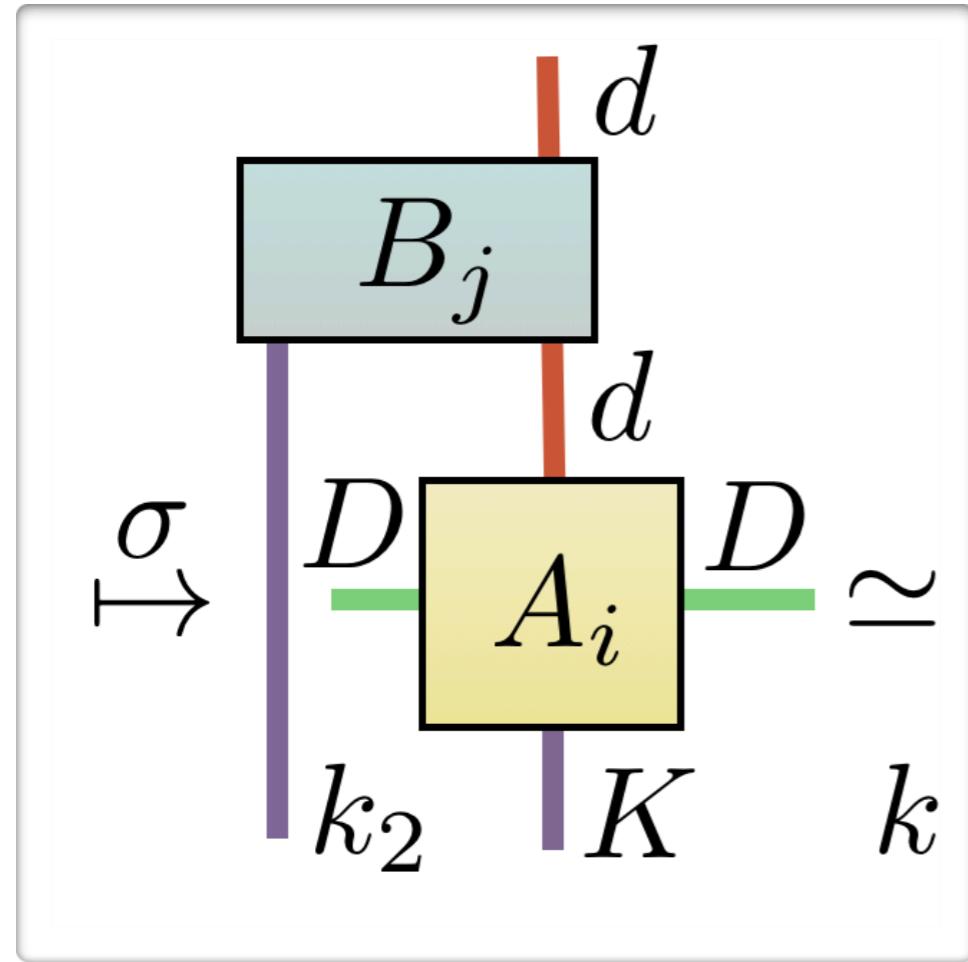
The New Quantum Era Podcast

HOW TO GUIDE THE TRANSITION?

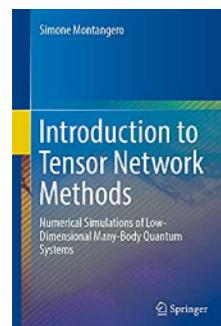


The New Quantum Era Podcast

TENSOR NETWORK ALGORITHMS



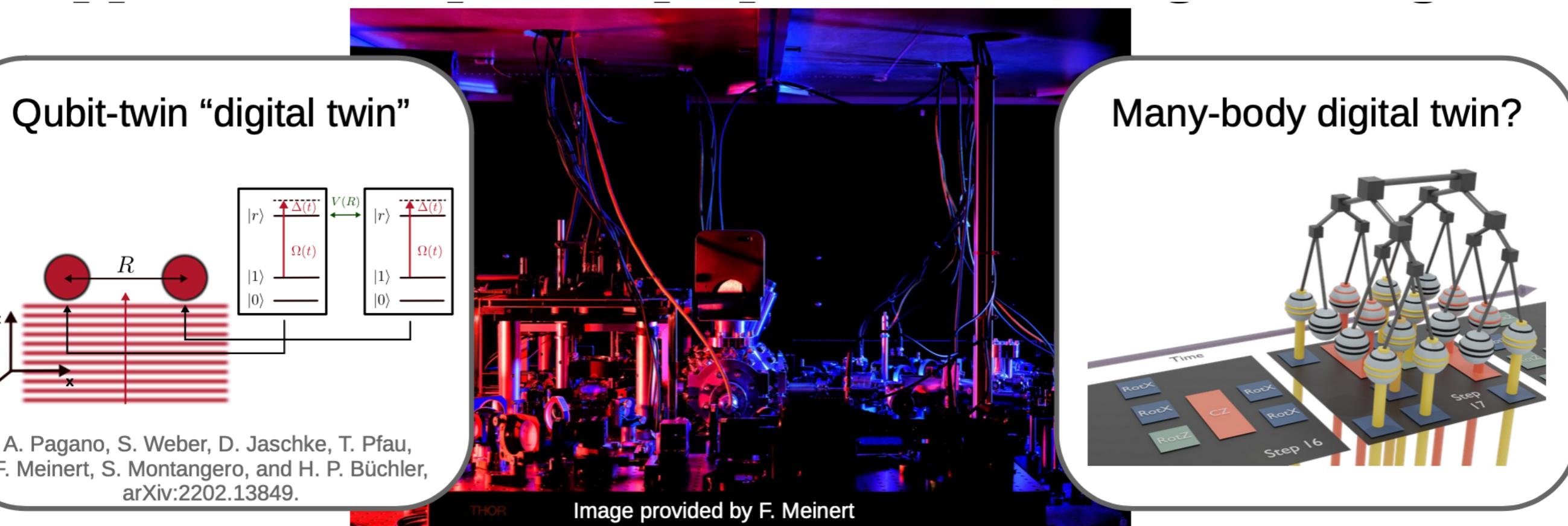
- *State of the art in 1D (poly effort)*
- *No sign problem*
- *Extended to open quantum systems*
- *Machine learning*
- *Data compression (BIG DATA)*
- *Extended to lattice gauge theories*
- *Simulations of low-entangled systems of hundreds qubits!*



“*Introduction to tensor network methods*”, S.Montangero, Springer (2019)

DIGITAL TWIN

QRyd^{Demo}



DIGITAL TWIN



Hamiltonian
description

Optimal control for
pulses & gates

Digital twin

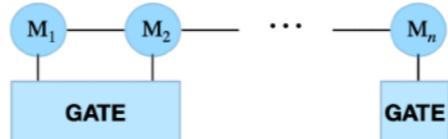
Compiler and
scheduler

Numerical simulation
of many-body
system

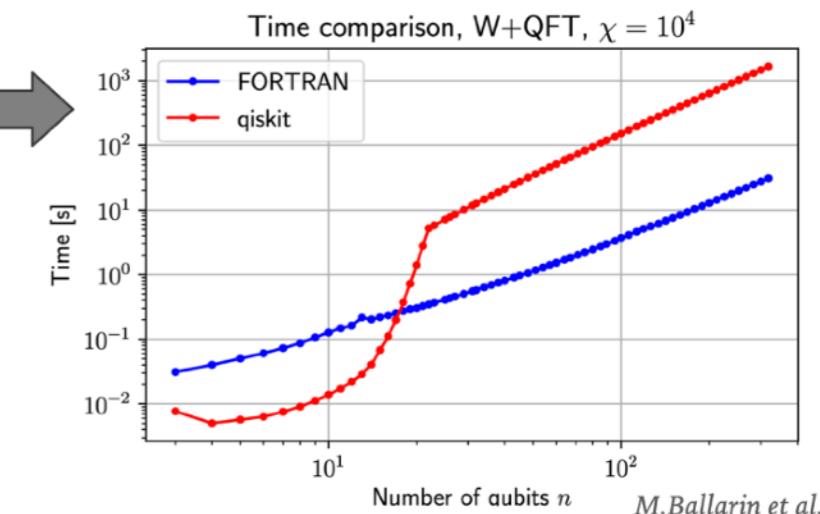
QUANTUM COMPUTER EMULATORS

Quantum circuits
Quantum computing Platforms
Superconducting, Trapped ions, or neutral atoms

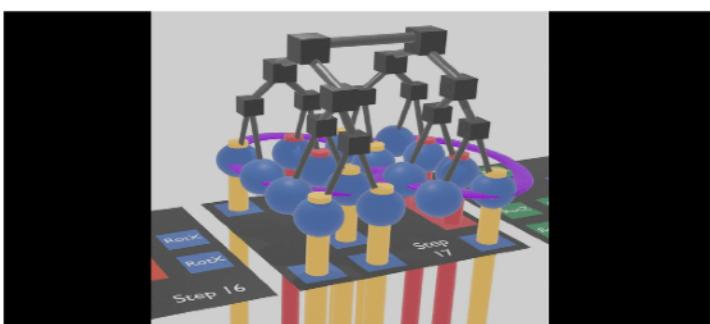
Quantum circuits emulator



- Quantum circuit as a tensor network
- Measurement of local observables
- Efficient sampling of the final state

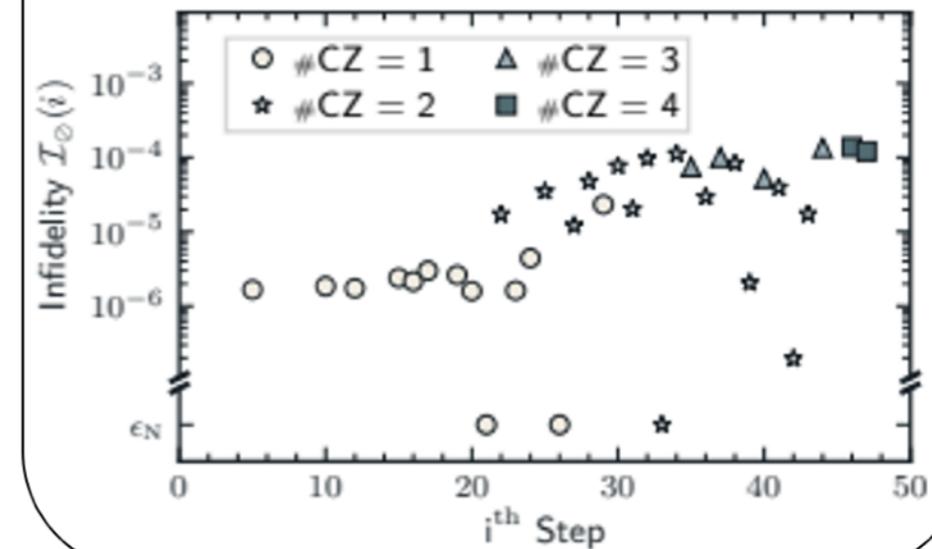


Digital twin approach



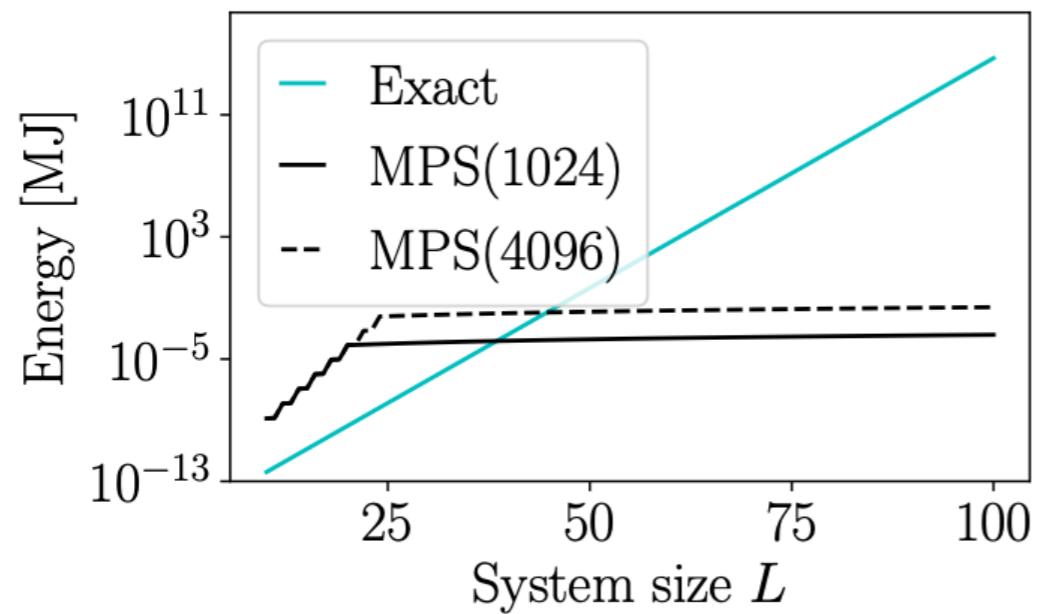
- 1) Up to 8x8 atoms
- 2) Schedule native gates
- 3) Gates as pulses
- 4) Study crosstalk
- 5) Run simulation

Comparison and resolve errors per step: GHZ state

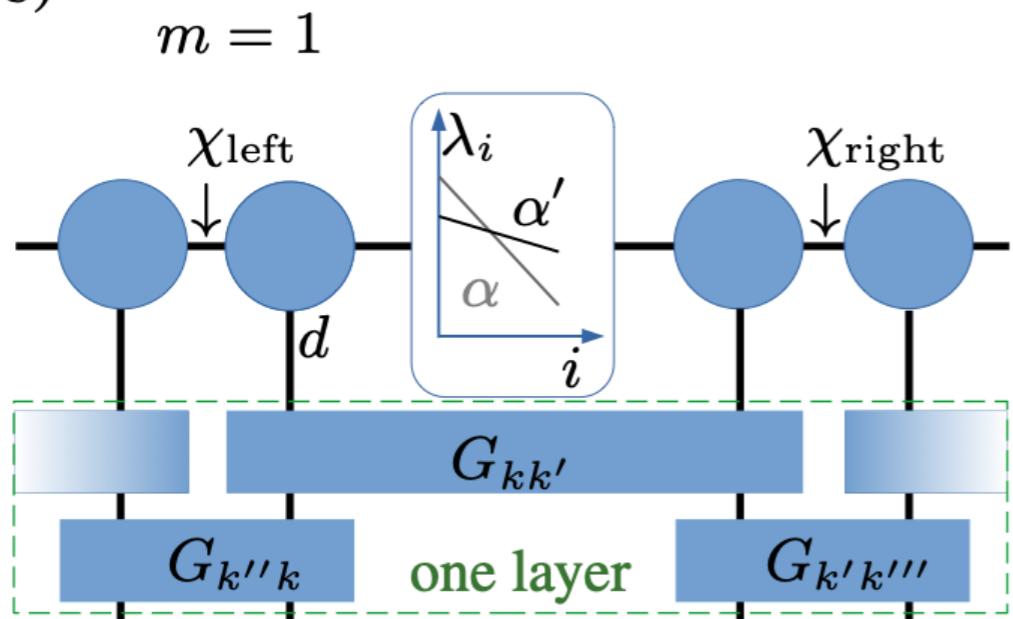


GREEN QUANTUM ADVANTAGE

a)

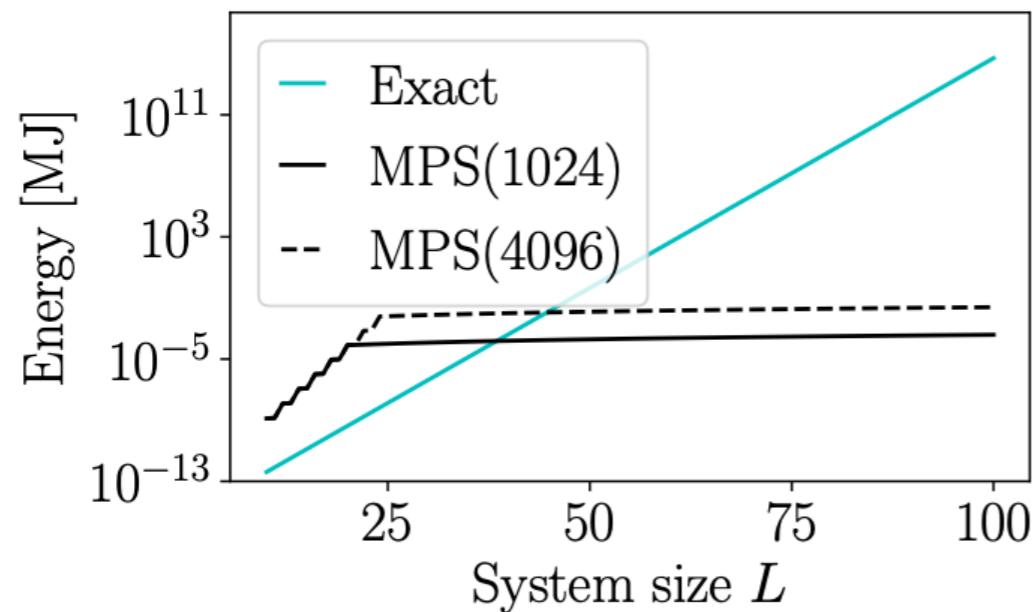


b)



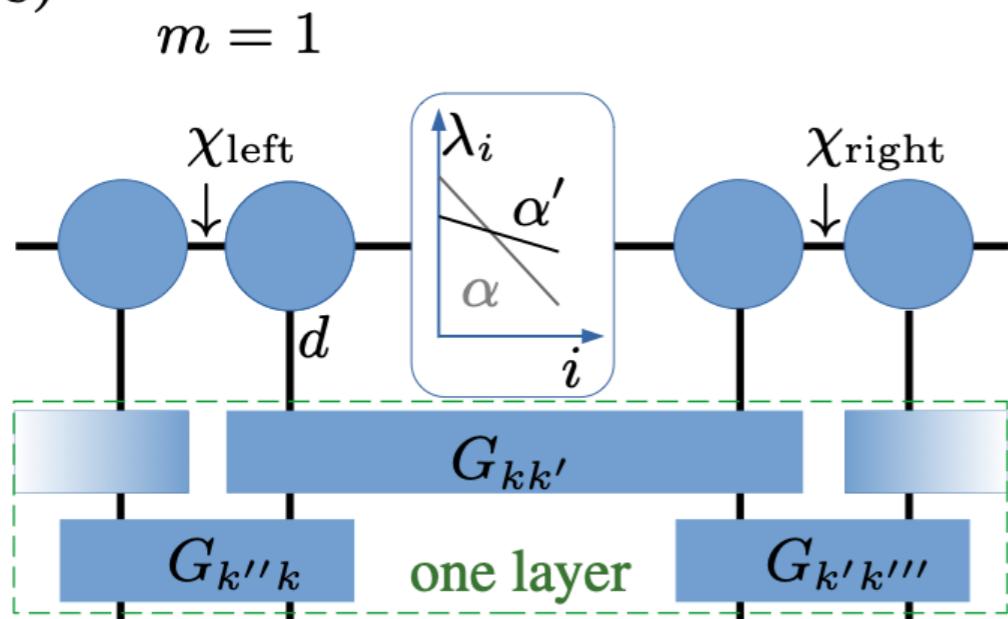
GREEN QUANTUM ADVANTAGE

a)



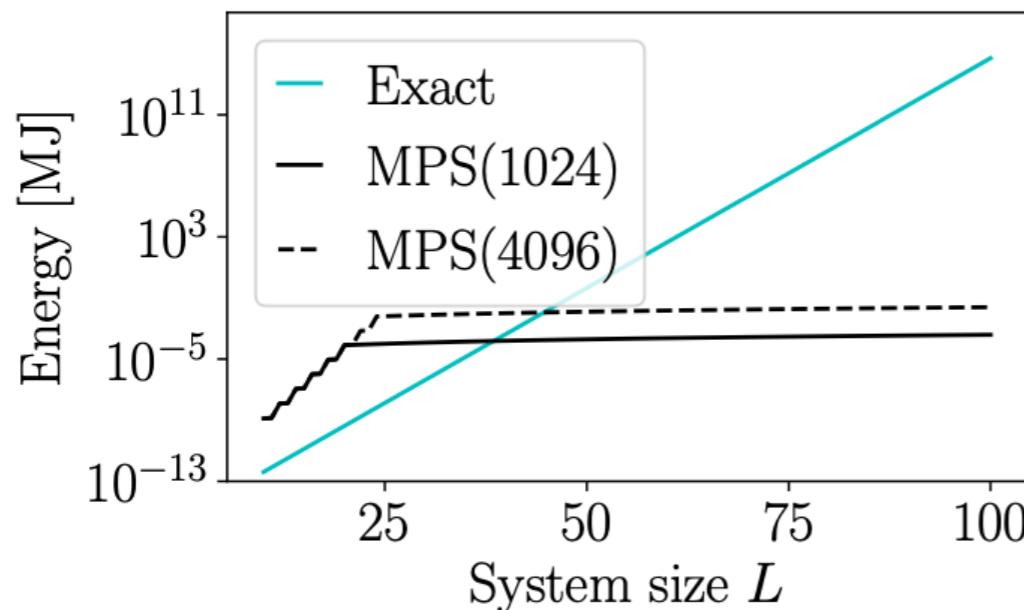
Equality of Fidelity and Energy Point (EFEP)

b)

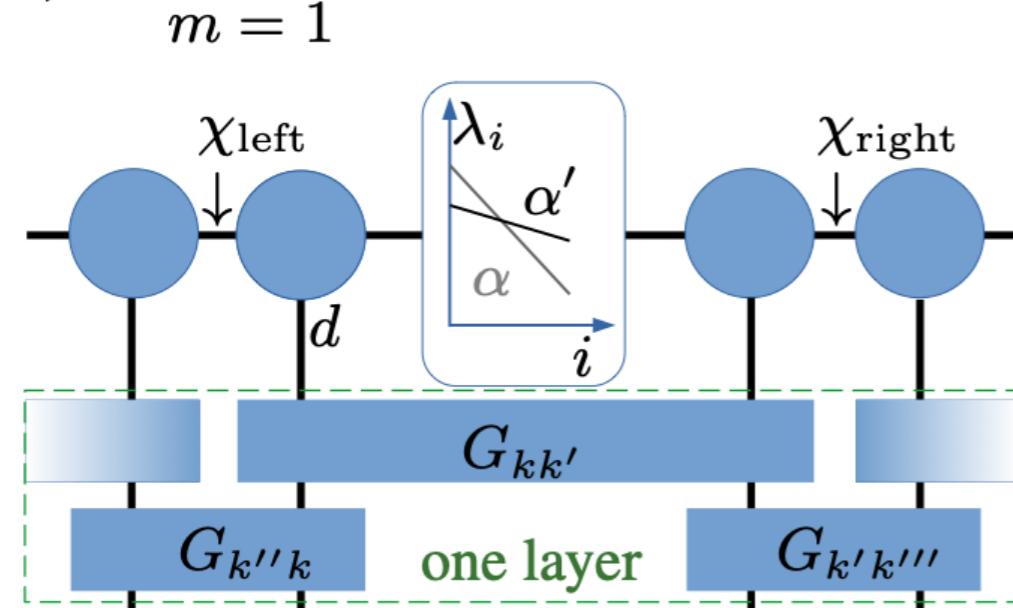


GREEN QUANTUM ADVANTAGE

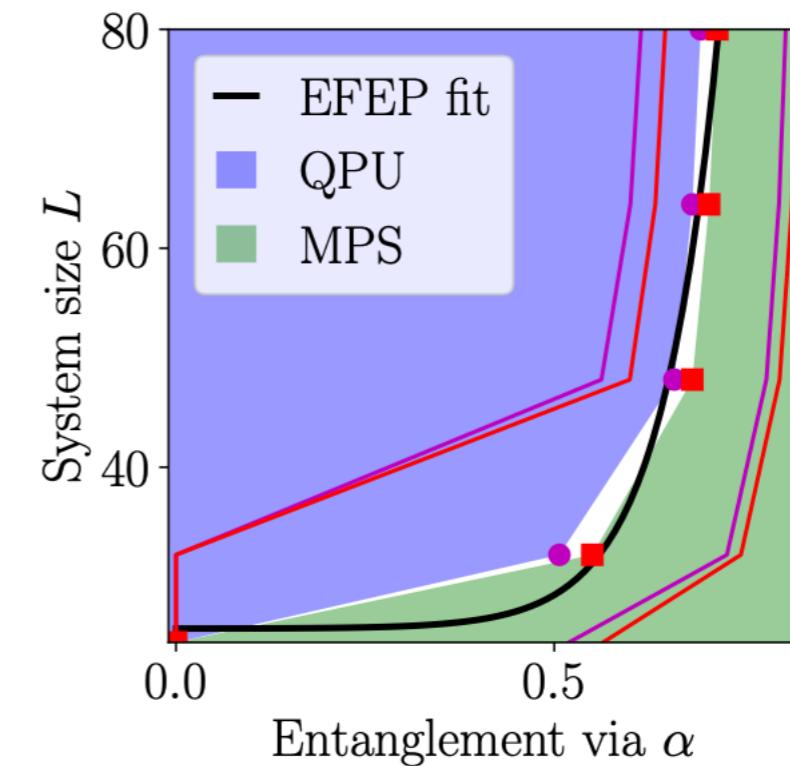
a)



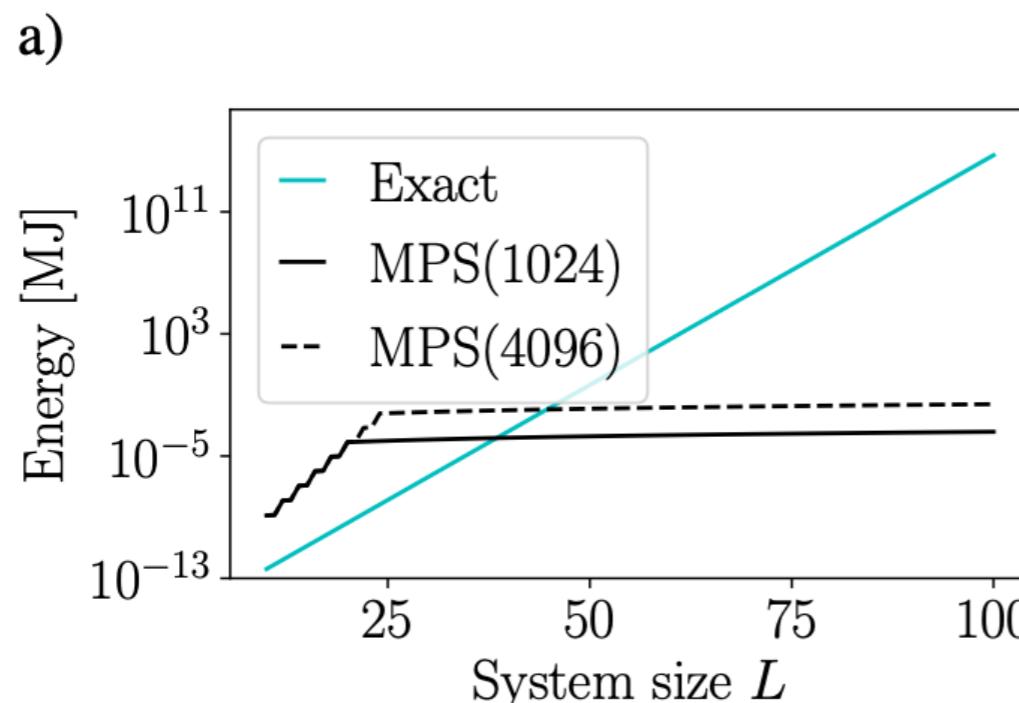
b)



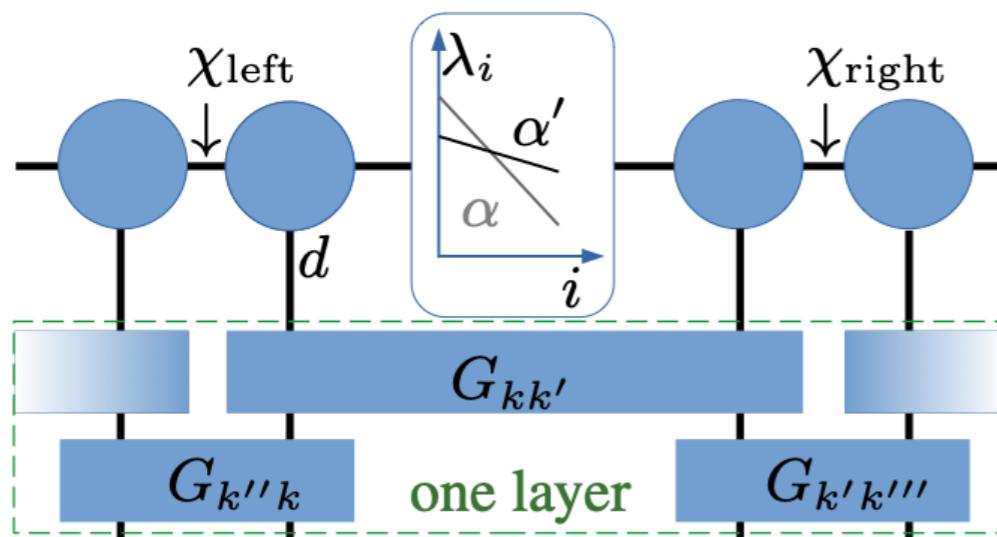
Equality of Fidelity and Energy Point (EFEP)



GREEN QUANTUM ADVANTAGE

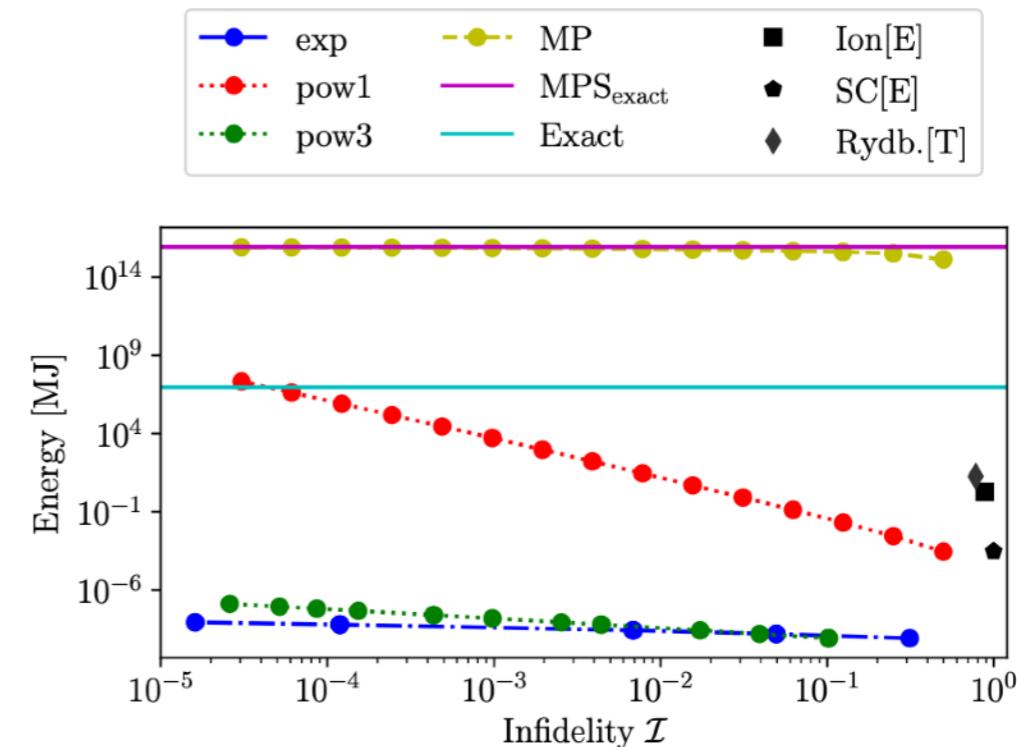
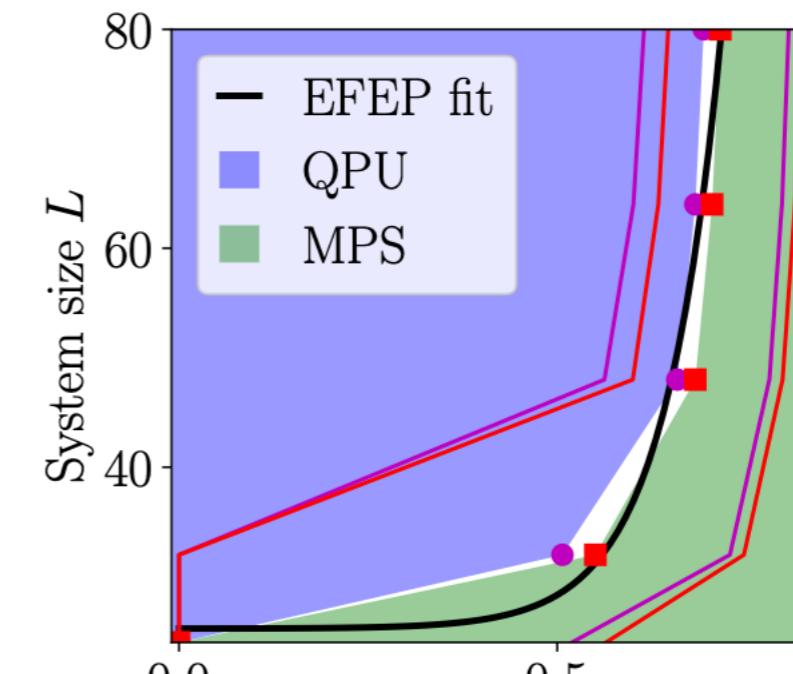


b) $m \equiv 1$



D. Jaschke and SM arxiv:2205.12092

Equality of Fidelity and Energy Point (EFEP)

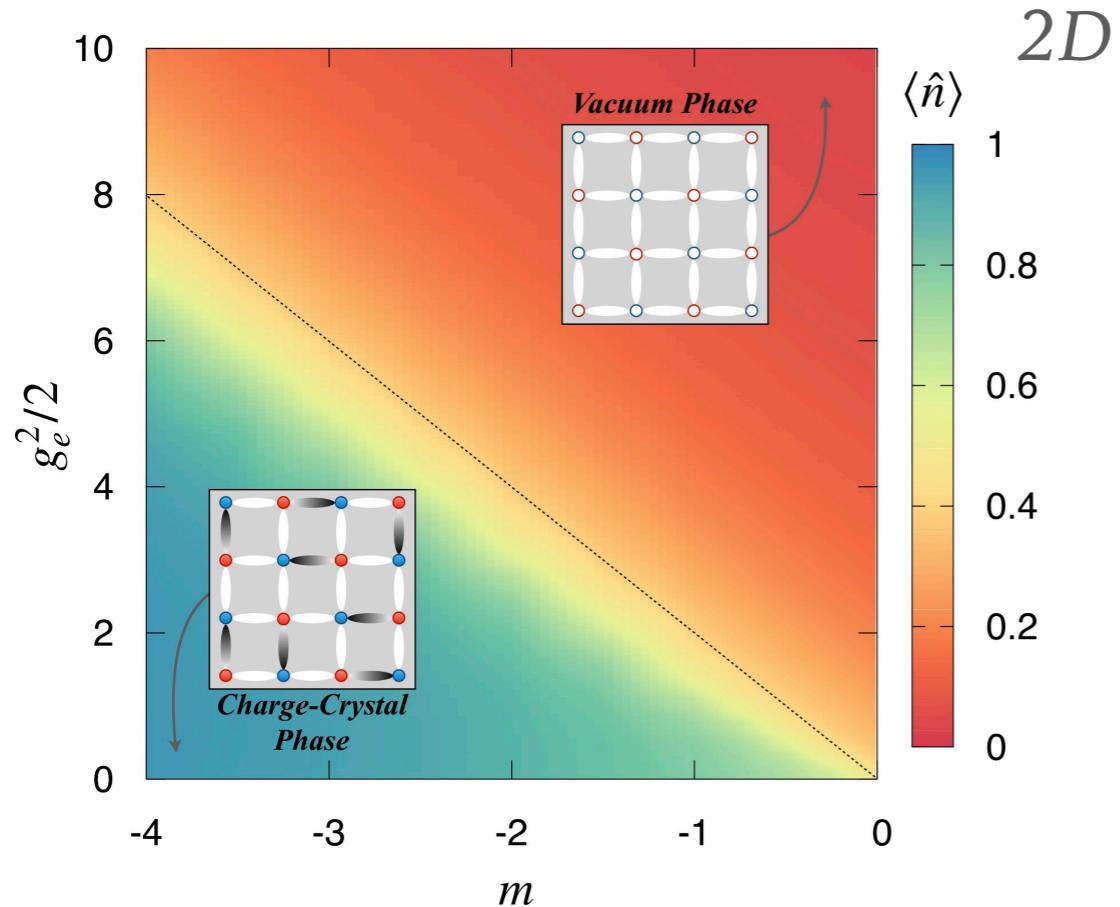


“

When do we really need a quantum simulation/computation?

LGT AT FINITE DENSITY

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{H} = & -t \sum_{x,\mu} \left(\hat{\psi}_x^\dagger \hat{U}_{x,\mu} \hat{\psi}_{x+\mu} + h.c. \right) \\ & + m \sum_x (-1)^x \hat{\psi}_x^\dagger \hat{\psi}_x + \frac{g_e^2}{2} \sum_{x,\mu} \hat{E}_{x,\mu}^2 \\ & - \frac{g_m^2}{2} \sum_x \left(\hat{U}_{x,\mu_x} \hat{U}_{x+\mu_x,\mu_y} \hat{U}_{x+\mu_y,\mu_x}^\dagger \hat{U}_{x,\mu_y}^\dagger + h.c. \right)\end{aligned}$$



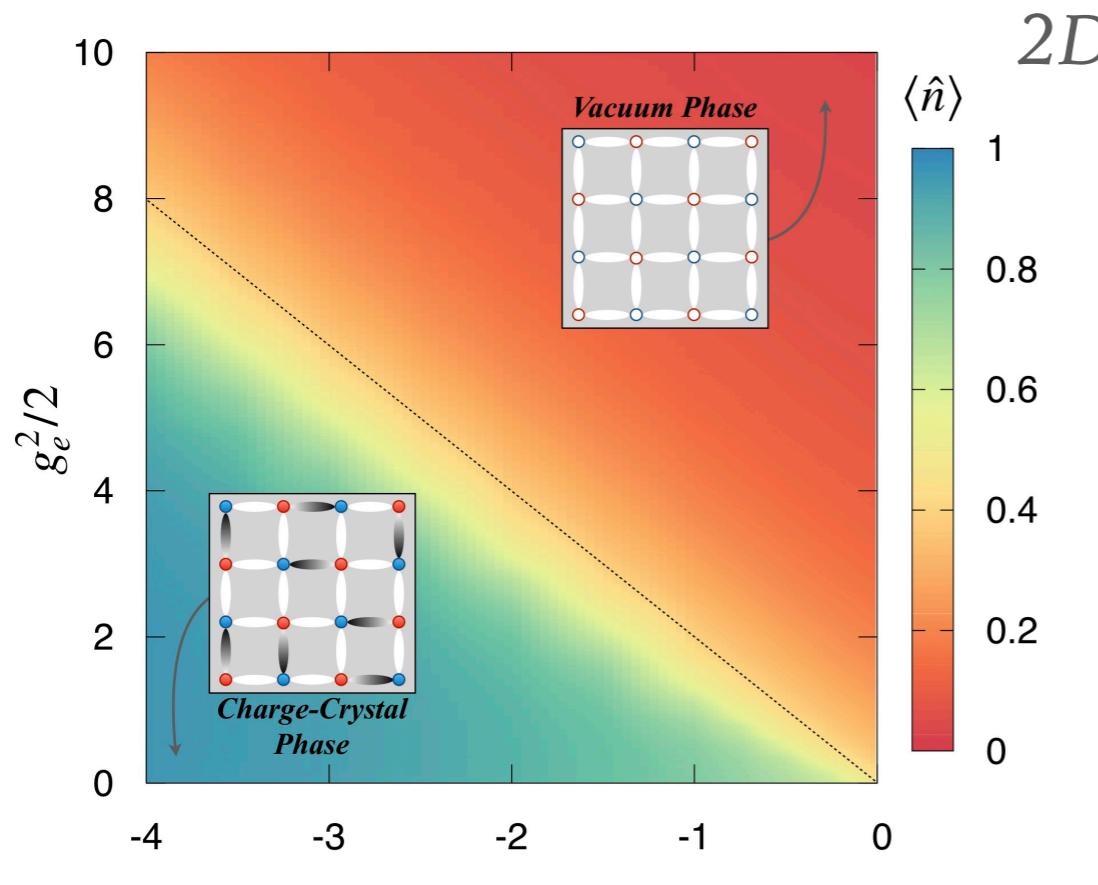
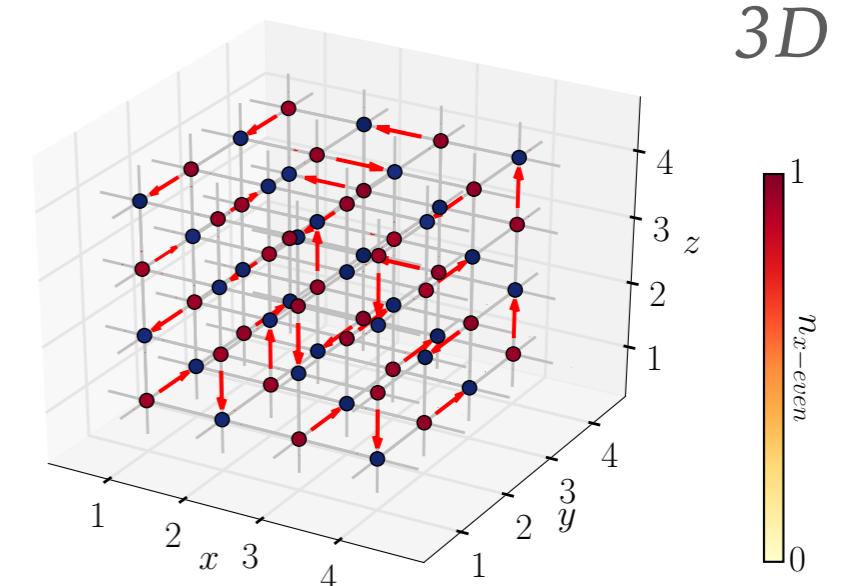
LGT AT FINITE DENSITY

Hilbert space of

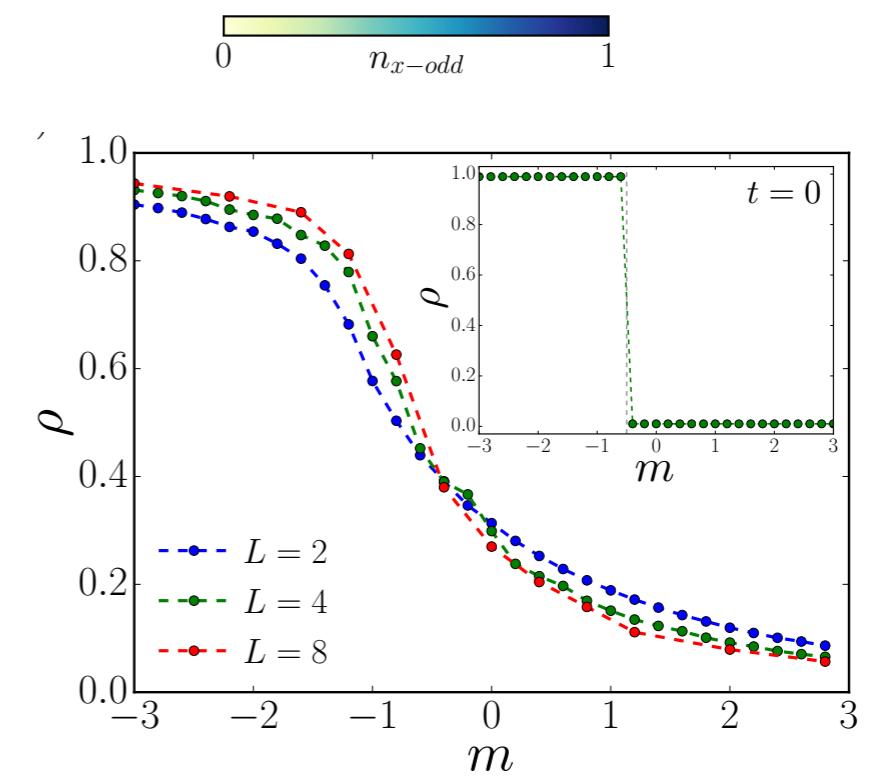
$\sim 64 \times 64 \times 64$ qubits!

200Kb QRAM

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{H} = & -t \sum_{x,\mu} \left(\hat{\psi}_x^\dagger \hat{U}_{x,\mu} \hat{\psi}_{x+\mu} + h.c. \right) \\ & + m \sum_x (-1)^x \hat{\psi}_x^\dagger \hat{\psi}_x + \frac{g_e^2}{2} \sum_{x,\mu} \hat{E}_{x,\mu}^2 \\ & - \frac{g_m^2}{2} \sum_x \left(\hat{U}_{x,\mu_x} \hat{U}_{x+\mu_x,\mu_y} \hat{U}_{x+\mu_y,\mu_x}^\dagger \hat{U}_{x,\mu_y}^\dagger + h.c. \right) \end{aligned}$$

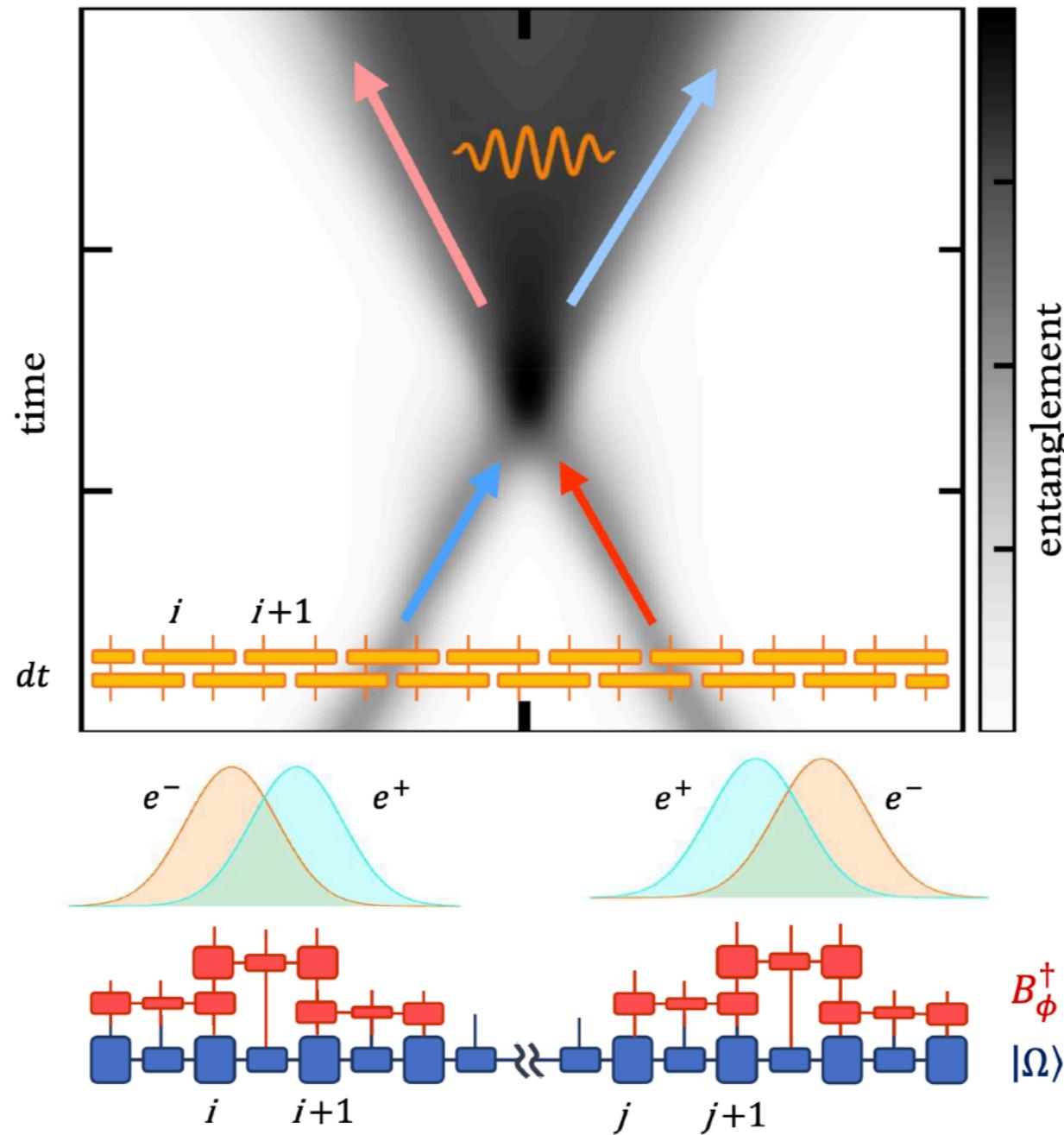


PRX (2020)

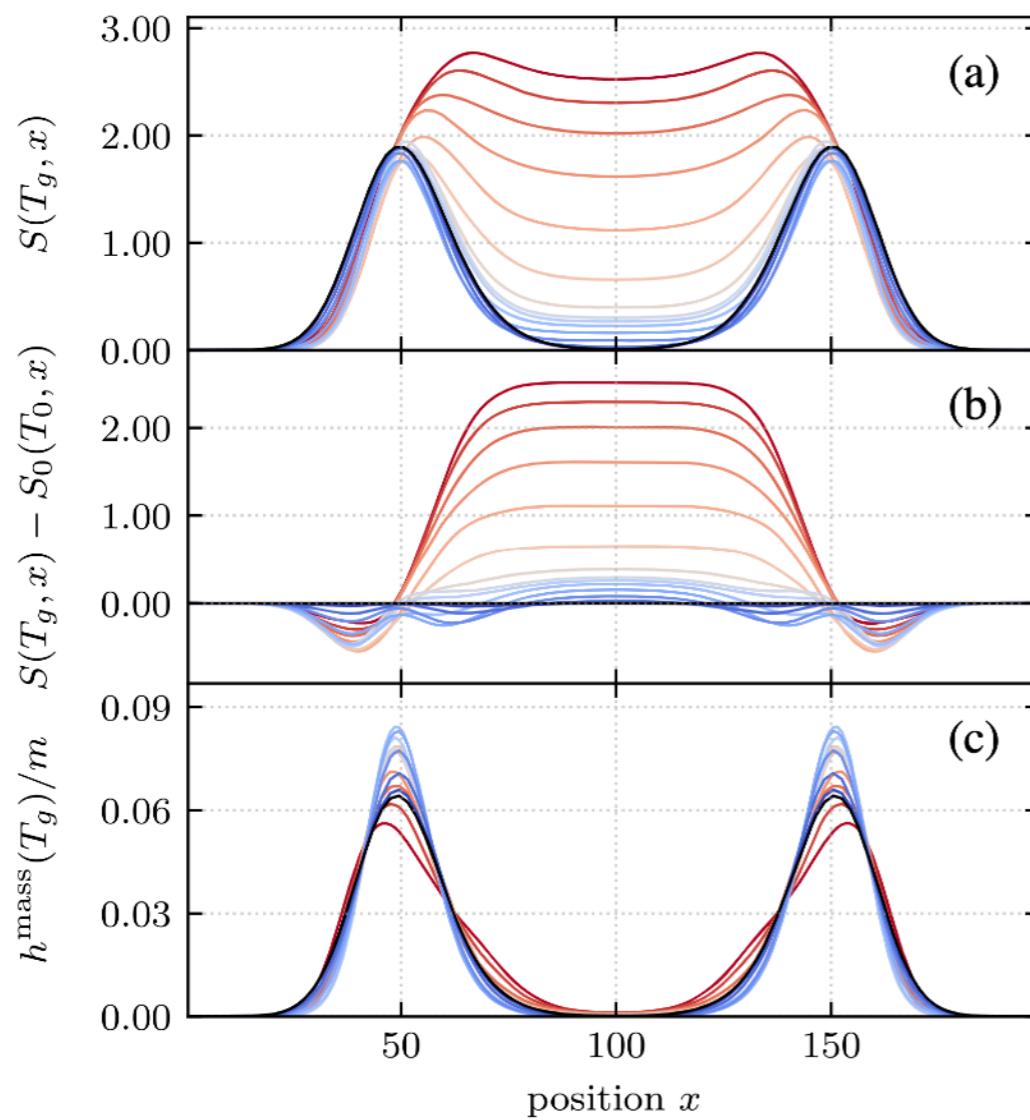


Nature Comm. (2021)

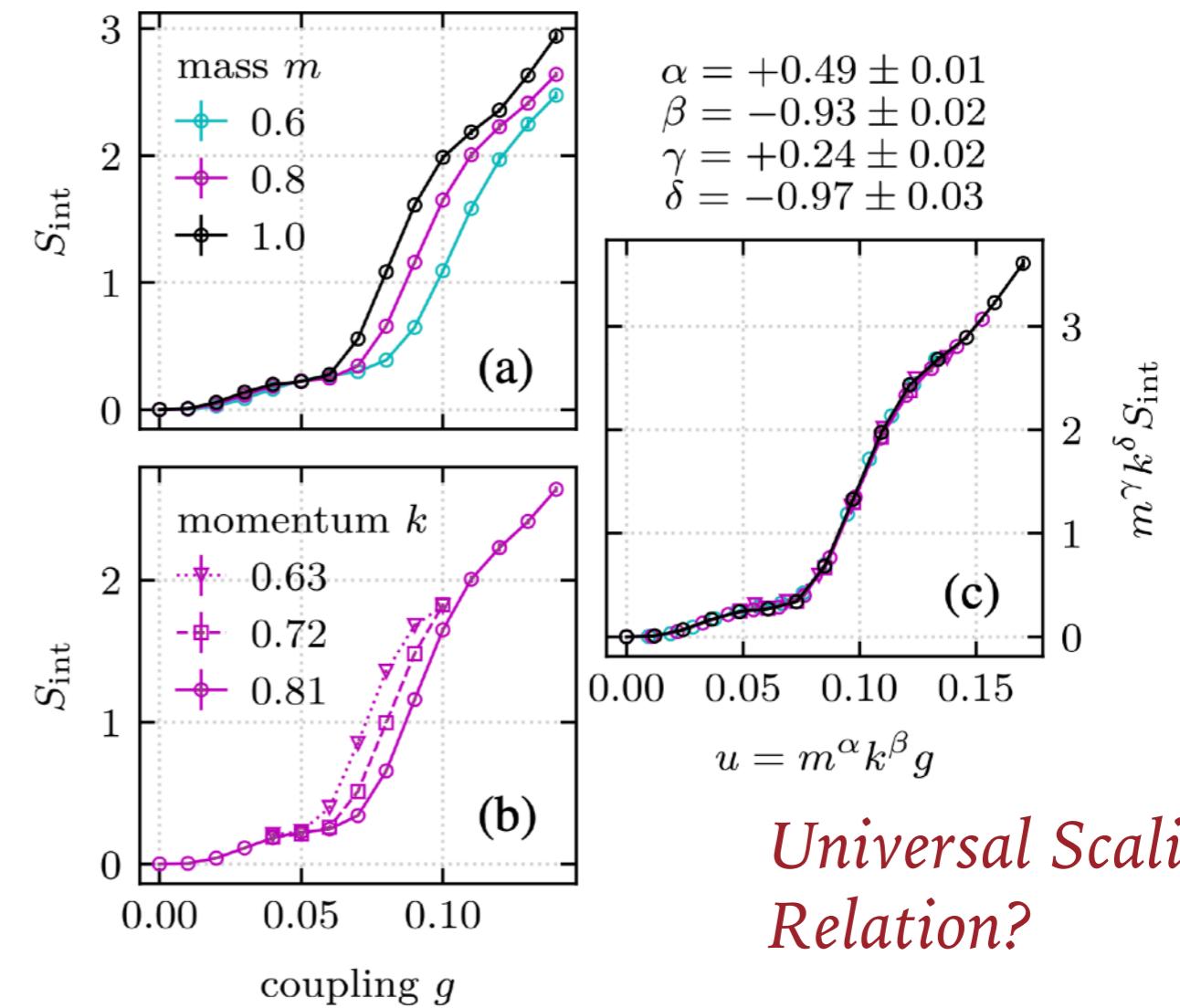
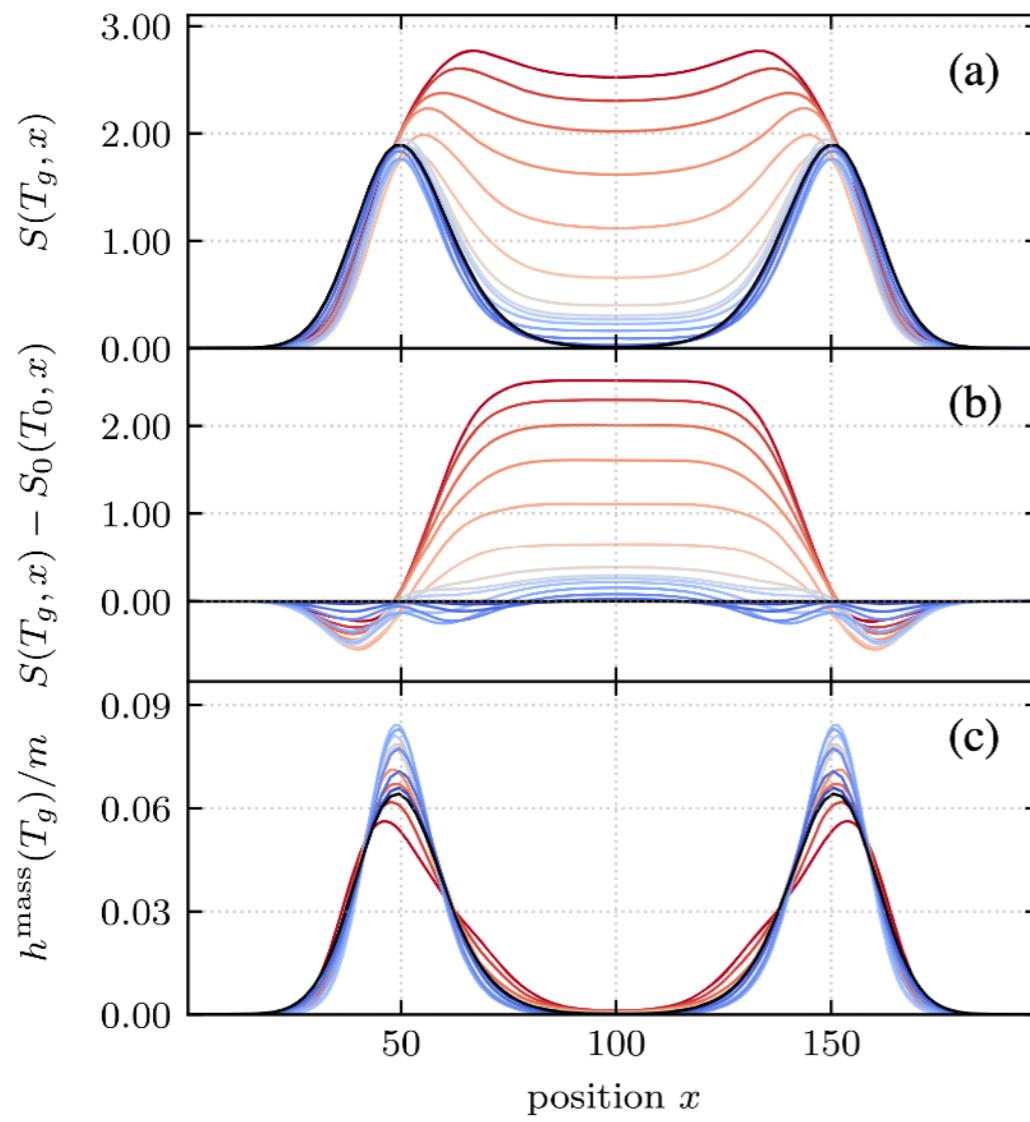
ENTANGLEMENT GENERATION IN QED SCATTERING PROCESSES



ENTANGLEMENT GENERATION IN QED SCATTERING PROCESSES

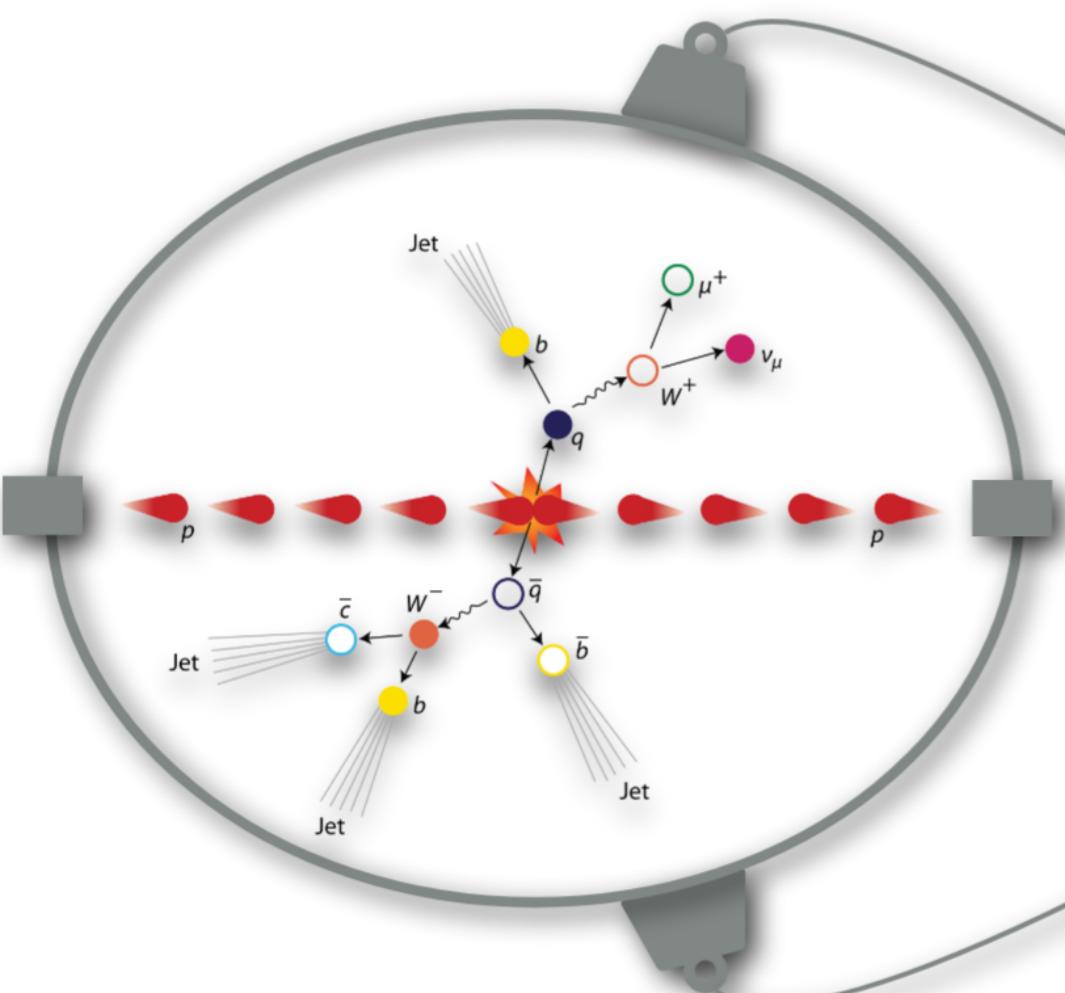


ENTANGLEMENT GENERATION IN QED SCATTERING PROCESSES



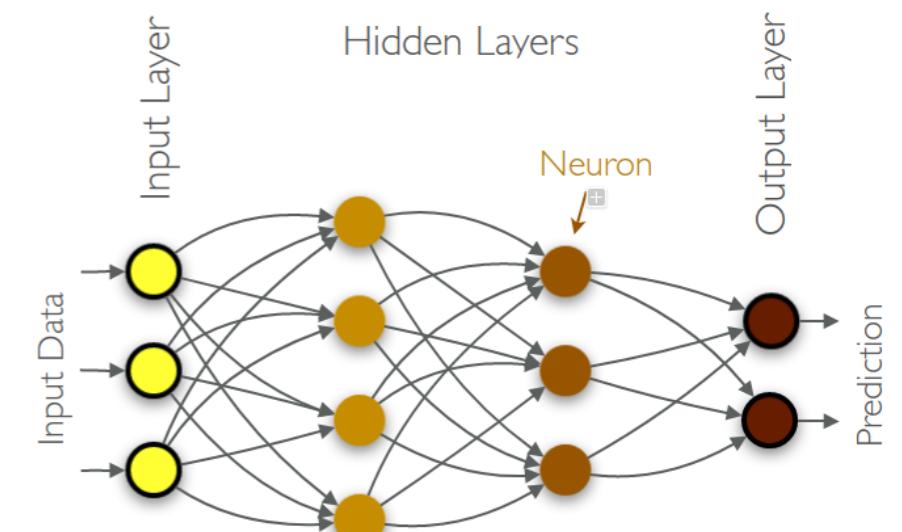
*Universal Scaling
Relation?*

TENSOR NETWORK MACHINE LEARNING

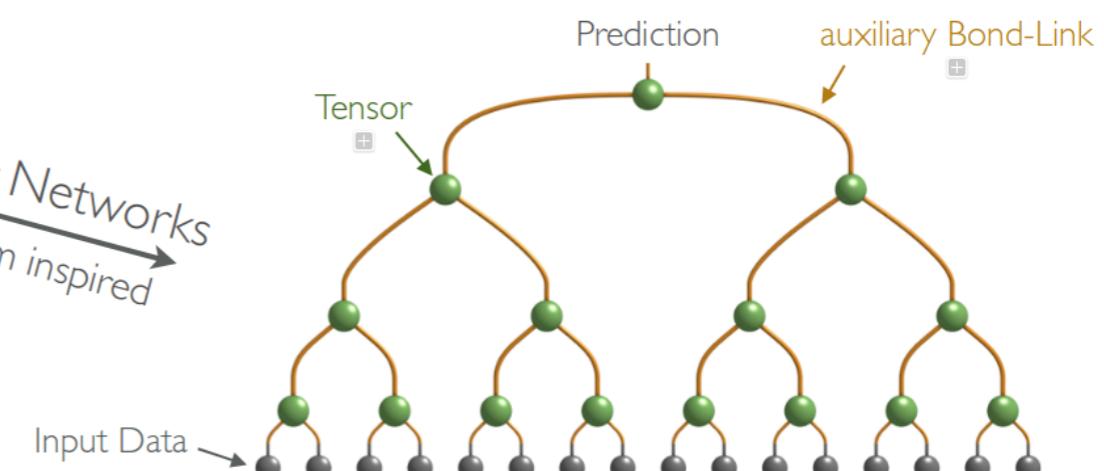


0001 00011111 0000
1001 01010010 0110
0011 11010010 1000
0101 01010001 0010
1010 11101000 1001
1100 10001101 0111
0101 01000011 0100
0101 01111001 0011
1100 00101000 0001
1011 01011010 1000
0100 11010110 1010
0111 00100001 0001
0000 10111110 1011
0010 11100100 0001
011011101111 1001
1001 11010100 1000
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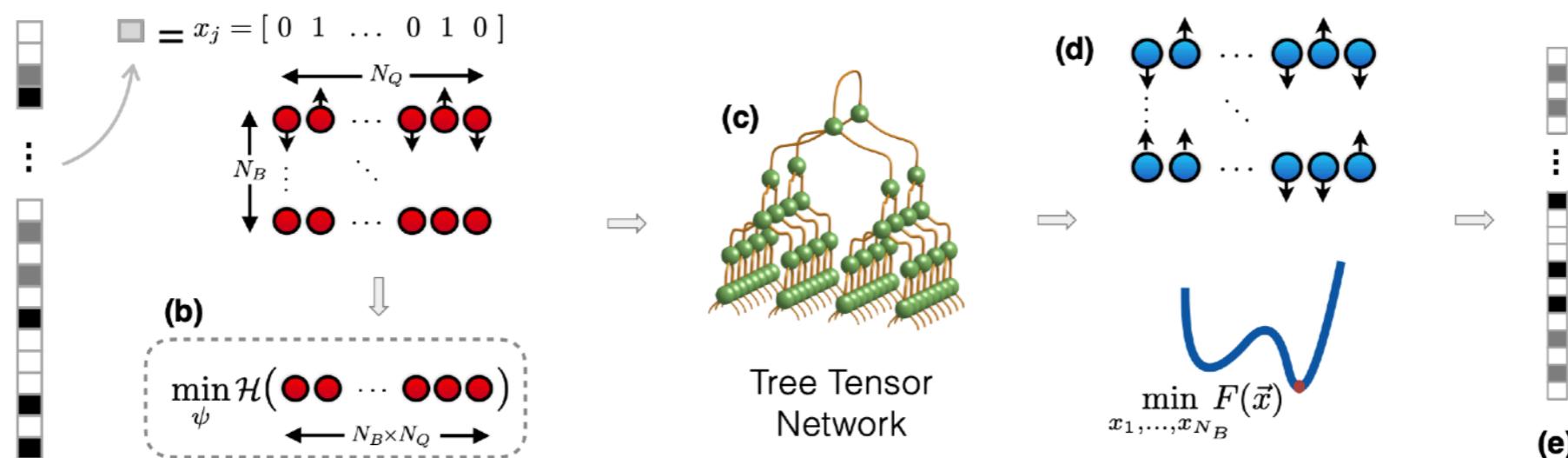
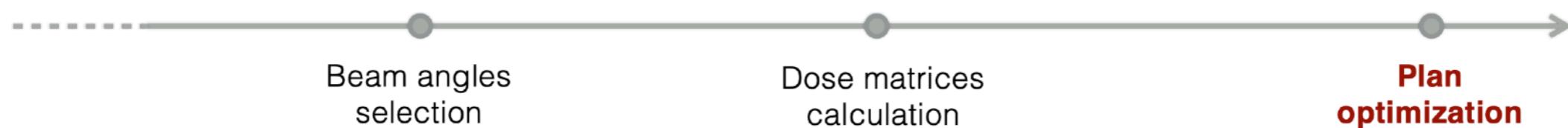
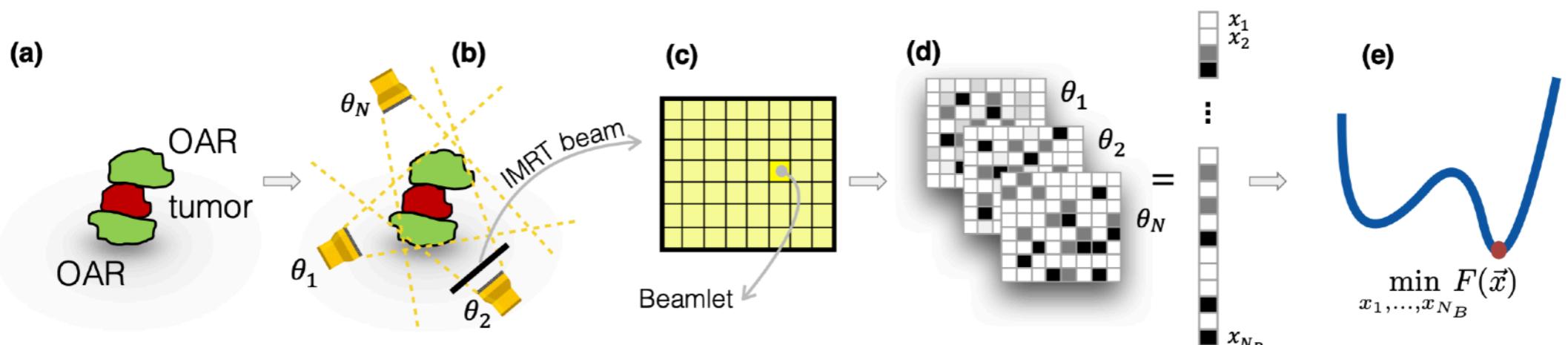
Neural Network
biologic inspired



Tensor Networks
quantum inspired



RADIOTHERAPY PLAN OPTIMIZATION



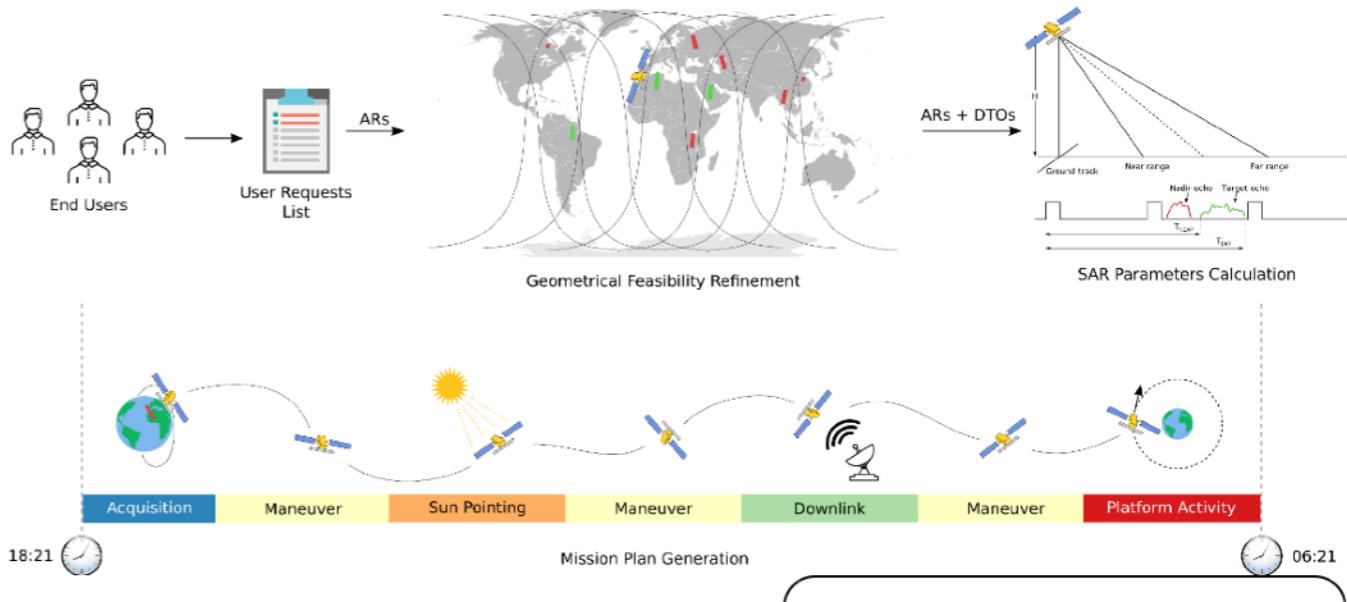
INDUSTRY APPLICATIONS



Agenzia Spaziale Italiana

Hard
optimization
problems

Mission planning for earth observation



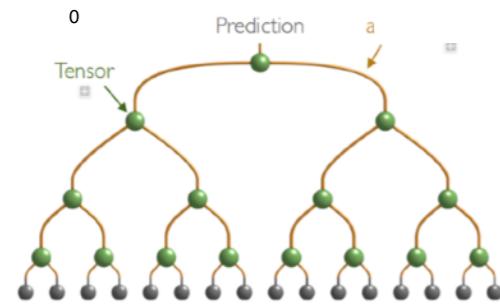
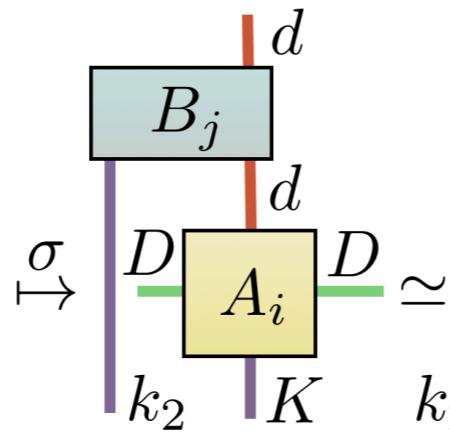
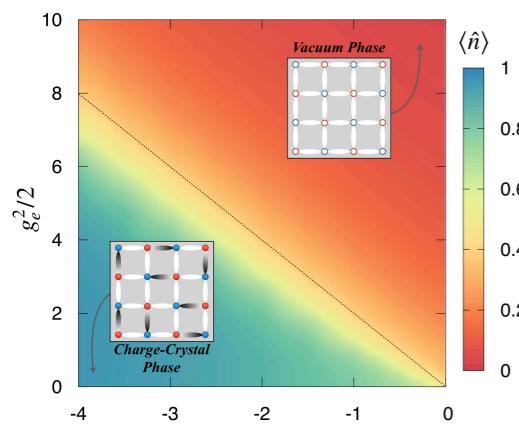
combinatorial optimization
(Knapsack problem)

from single satellite
to constellations

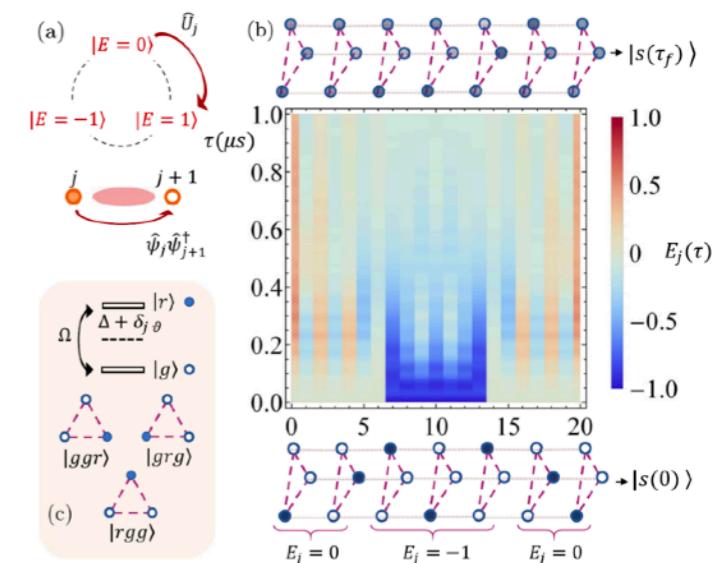
- Identification of use cases in the field of mission planning
- Estimate (hybrid) QPU-specs for realistic problems

RESEARCH LINES

Classical simulations and methods

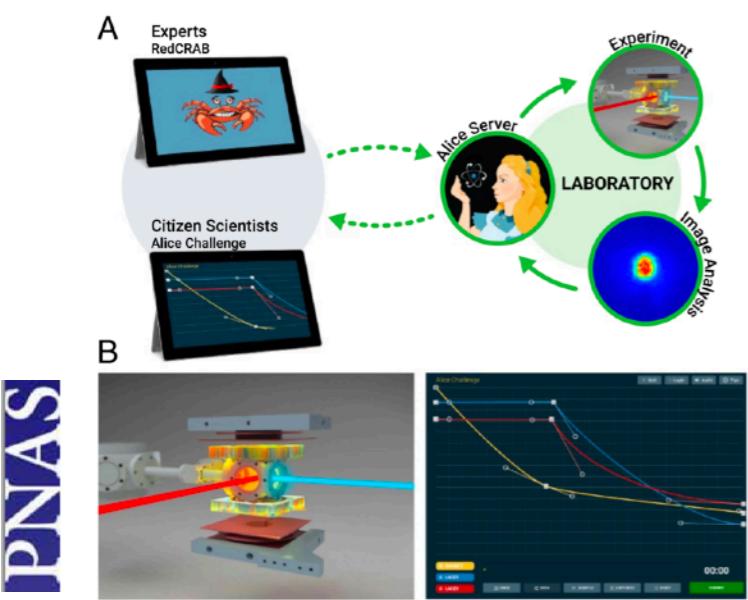


Theoretical development and analysis

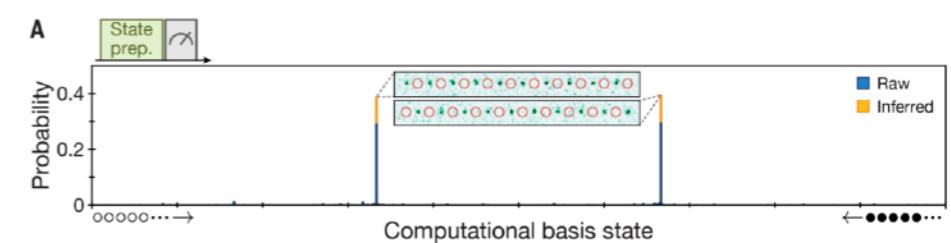
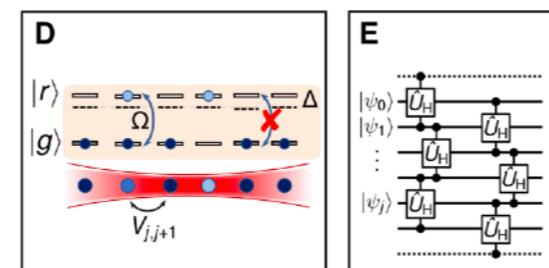
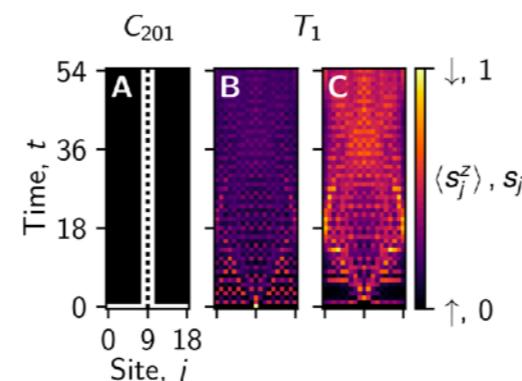


Quantum computer emulation

Experiment benchmarking, support and optimisation



Remote optimization of an ultracold atoms experiment by experts and citizen scientists

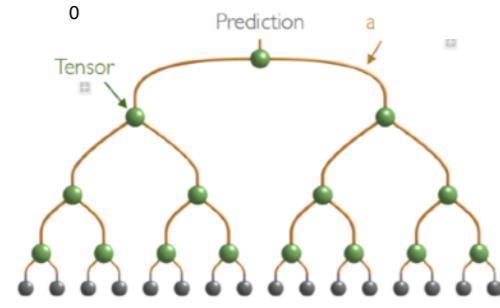
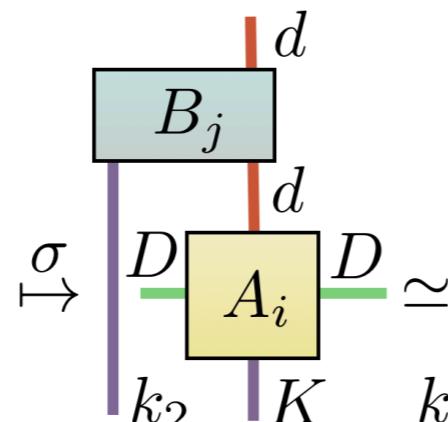
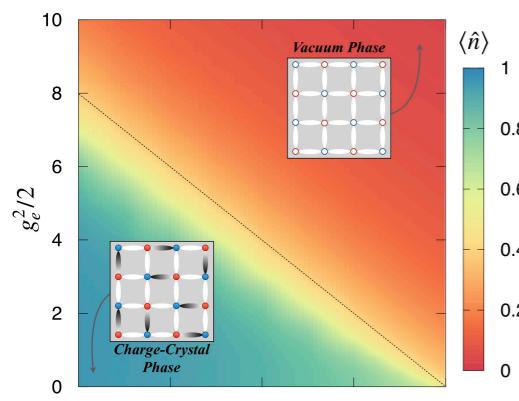


Science

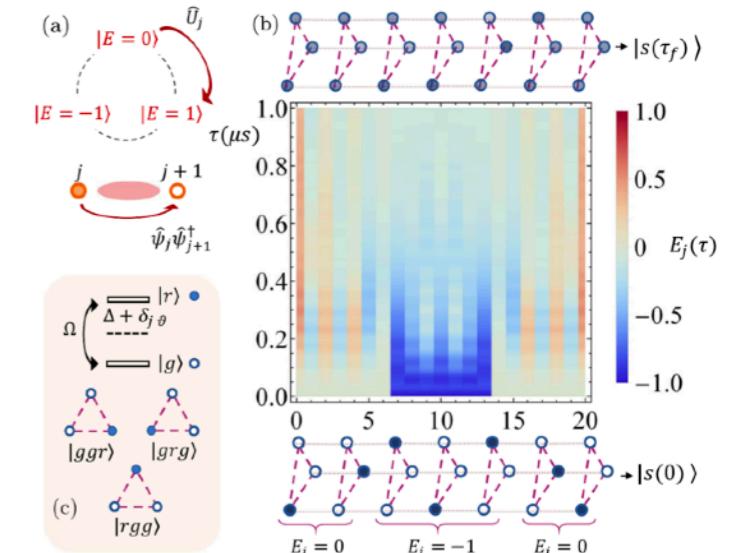
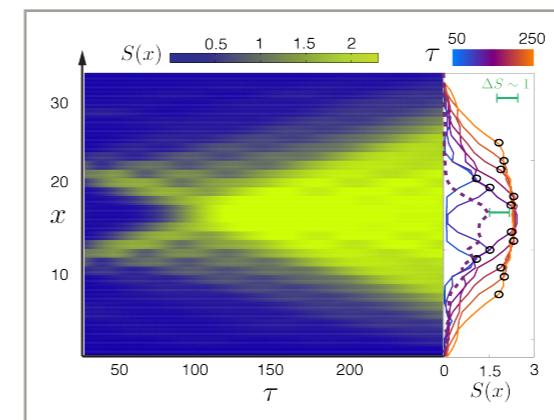
Generation and manipulation of Schrödinger cat states in Rydberg atom arrays

RESEARCH LINES

Classical simulations and methods

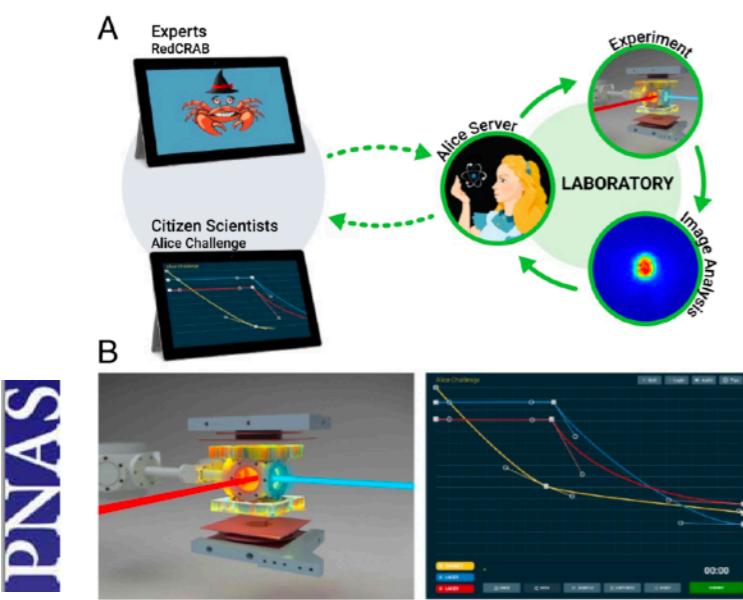


Theoretical development and analysis

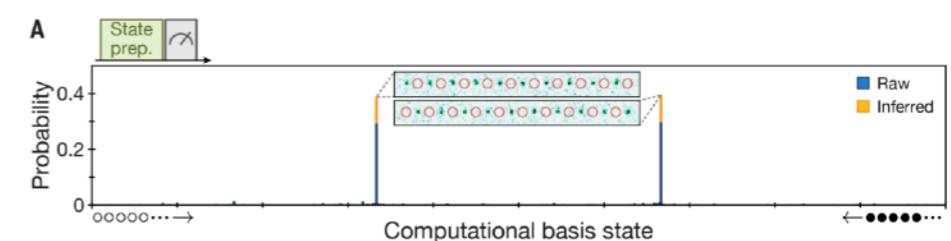
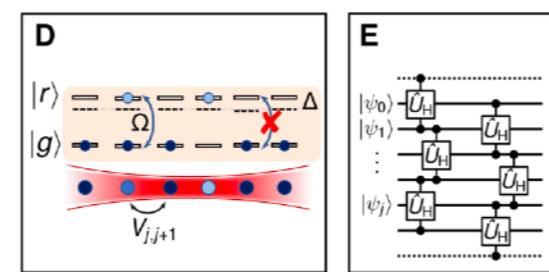
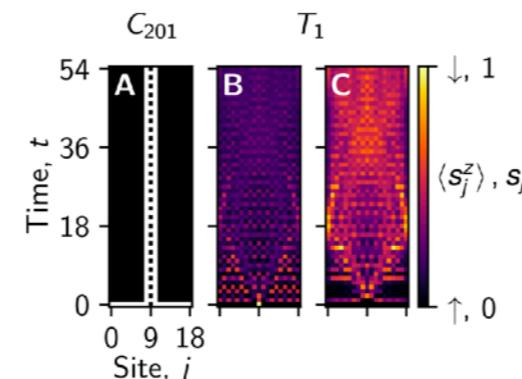


Quantum computer emulation

Experiment benchmarking, support and optimisation



Remote optimization of an ultracold atoms experiment by experts and citizen scientists



Science

Generation and manipulation of Schrödinger cat states in Rydberg atom arrays

CONCLUSIONS

- Tensor network algorithms can be used to benchmark, verify, support and guide quantum simulations, computations and communication
- Hybrid solutions will give the first results in

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 - Machine learning
 - Quantum sensing
 - Optimized protocols



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Thank you for your attention!

Simone Montangero
Pietro Silvi
Ilaria Siloi
Giuseppe Magnifico
Simone Notarnicola
Daniel Jaschke
Luca Arceci
Timo Felser
Marco Rigobello
Samuele Cavinato
Giovanni Cataldi
Marco Ballarin
Alice Pagano
Nora Reinic

Positions available!

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