Table 7. Incidence rates nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Nevada, 2020

Characteristic		Goods producing				Service providing									
	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	116.4	126.5	76.6	141.9	120.1	114.3	128.5		46.6	81.6	192.9	111.2	86.4		
Nature of injury, illness:															
Fractures	10.5	43.6	38.4	62.4	17.0	3.6					1.6	6.7			
Sprains, strains, tears	37.2	31.5	16.5	31.5	36.5	38.4				23.3	30.6	42.3			
Amputations Bruise, contusions	1.5 7.5	1.6 2.6			4.4 4.7	1.5 8.5				5.8	4.3	6.1			
Chemical burns and corrosions	7.3	2.0			T./	4	15.2			J.0 	7.5	1.7	-		
Heat (thermal) burns	1.2					1.4						4.7			
Soreness, pain	4.3	5.6		9.3		4.1	3.6				6.5	7.9			
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	9.2	12.8		14.5	14.6	8.5	4.1			25.1	1.6	7.5			
Cuts, lacerations	8.4	11.8		12.6	14.6	7.6	3.7			22.8		6.8			
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	.9	1.0		1.9		.9									
Carpal tunnel syndrome															
Tendonitis															
Multiple traumatic injuries	3.7	3.2		3.6		3.8	1				1.7	7.0			
With sprains and other injuries With fractures and other injuries	2.7	2.5		2.3	3.5	2.7	1.2				1.7	6.1			
Part of body affected:															
Head	12.9	8.7	10.6	10.2	5.9	13.7	17.8			24.8	7.2	10.9			
Eye	2.1	6.1	8.8	8.3		1.2	1.2					2.6			
Neck	.2					.3									
Trunk	14.0	16.3	9.2	19.8	13.5	13.6	21.1			5.5	13.2	15.9			
Back	10.1	10.7		12.9		10.0	15.6			4.1		11.3			
Upper extremities	22.3	36.1	41.0	25.0	51.3	19.5	26.5			10.1	10.6	29.0			
Shoulder	5.7 4.5	6.5		2.4 8.7	13.7 8.7	5.6 3.1	7.9 5.3				5.7	5.1 5.5			
Arm Wrist	2.6	11.4 2.0	31.9	8.7	3.3	2.7	5.3			2.9	1.6	5.5 1.7			
Hand	7.8	14.5		11.2		6.4	6.9			3.5					
Lower extremities	27.5	48.5	13.4	72.2		23.2	38.1			15.5		26.3			
Knee	7.6	4.1		3.5		8.3				6.6		7.7			
Ankle	5.1	6.6		8.5	4.8	4.8	4.6			4.5	6.7	6.3			
Foot	6.3	4.7		5.0	5.5	6.6	16.9				3.3	5.2			
Toe, toenail	1.1					1.2	2.1				1.5	1.4			
Body systems	29.3	9.6		3.9		33.4			24.6		135.0	14.0			
Multiple	9.7	7.1		10.7	3.4	10.3	11.6			6.9	9.1	14.6			
Source of injury, illness:															
Chemical, chemical products	1.0					1.1	.9					2.1			
Containers	10.1	4.6		5.3	4.7	11.3	26.5			4.3	1.8				
Furniture, fixtures	9.4	2.3			3.9	10.8	25.5				1.5	12.0			
Machinery	3.8	7.7			18.3	3.0	5.3			2.8		3.5			
Parts and materials	4.6	14.4		15.4	16.1	2.6						1.2			
Person, injured or ill worker	13.2	14.9	-	12.0		12.8				9.7				-	
Worker motion or position Person, other than injured or ill workers	12.8 7.9	13.7		12.0	20.6	12.6 9.6				9.6 23.0		15.2 3.6			
Health care patient	2.6					3.2				23.0	23.9	J.0 			
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	11.5	9.4	8.4	9.9	9.0	12.0				12.0		19.8			
Ladder	1.0	3.6		4.8		.5						1.2			
Handtools	3.4	9.1		12.6		2.2	.8					5.8			
Vehicles	13.9	36.4	33.6	56.5		9.2	15.6			3.5	7.0				
Trucks	2.3	2.5		2.3		2.3						3.8			
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.6					1.8	3.1				1.6	2.8			

		1	1		1			1	1	İ		1	1	
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	6.7					7.7	1.6			25.0	8.5	3.4		
Intentional injury by other person	5.4					6.5	1.1			22.3	7.0	2.2		
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	.6					.7					1.5	1.2		
Animal and insect related incidents	.7					.5								
Transportation incidents	5.0	7.8		5.4	4.6	4.5	6.8				4.8	3.3		
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	3.2	2.5		4.4		3.3	5.7				4.8			
Fires and explosions														
Falls, slips, trips	23.1	25.7	9.6	31.1	22.9	22.5	32.0			17.5	10.5	33.7		
Slips, trips without fall	5.2	8.2		8.8	10.1	4.5	5.1			3.8	2.7	7.0		
Fall on same level	11.6	9.2		10.4	8.4	12.1	13.2			12.5	7.2	19.3		
Fall to lower level	3.1	8.2		11.9	4.4	2.1	3.7					3.2		
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	30.9	9.6		3.9	19.0	35.3	13.5		24.9	18.6	135.2	20.5		
Contact with object, equipment	25.4	59.1	16.7	80.9	40.4	18.5	36.3			7.3	8.9	23.8		
Struck by object or equipment	18.3	42.0		72.0	10.1	13.4	26.4			5.7	6.5	16.3		
Struck against object or equipment	3.9	6.4		2.2	12.6	3.4	7.0					5.3		
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	2.3	7.7		3.3	15.8	1.1	2.2					1.3		
Overexertion and bodily reaction	25.0	22.4	14.7	17.2	33.0	25.5	38.2			11.4	25.1	26.5		
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	1.2	2.1			6.1	1.0	1.3							
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	8.6	9.9		9.6	13.0	8.3	14.1			3.8	9.7	7.7		

1 Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 03, 2021

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.