Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, private industry, Nevada, 2019

	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
Occupation		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services		Other services	Public Administration
Total	9,210	1,670	150	1,080	450	7,540	2,340	70	720	850	730	2,650	170	
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	970	60			20	910	740			160				
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	360					360				60	20	270		
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	350	90	40	40		260				50				
Food preparation workers	320					320						260		
First-line supervisors of mechanics, installers, and repairers	310					310			300					
Retail salespersons	300					300	140					150		
Construction laborers	300	230		230		70								
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	260					260				40	60	160		
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	240					240						240		
Maintenance and repair workers, general	240	20			20	220			90	20		100		
Carpenters	230	170		170		60	50							
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing, except technical and	190					180	180							
scientific products														
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	160					160				130		20		
Light truck drivers	160					150	100						20	
Security guards	150					150				40		70		
Cooks, restaurant	140					140						140		
Waiters and waitresses	140					140						140		
Stockers and order fillers	130					120	110							
Passenger vehicle drivers, except bus drivers, transit and intercity	120					120	110							
Registered nurses	110					110					110			
Nursing assistants	100					100				-	100			
Flight attendants	100					100								
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	90					90	90							
Taxi drivers	90					90	90							
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	90	80		80]
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	90		I			90	40			I	I		40	

 $^{^1}$ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 12, 2020

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.