

New low-mass scalars and Higgs decays to BSM particles at the LHC

Priscilla Pani
DESY (campus Zeuthen)

on behalf of ATLAS and CMS Collaborations

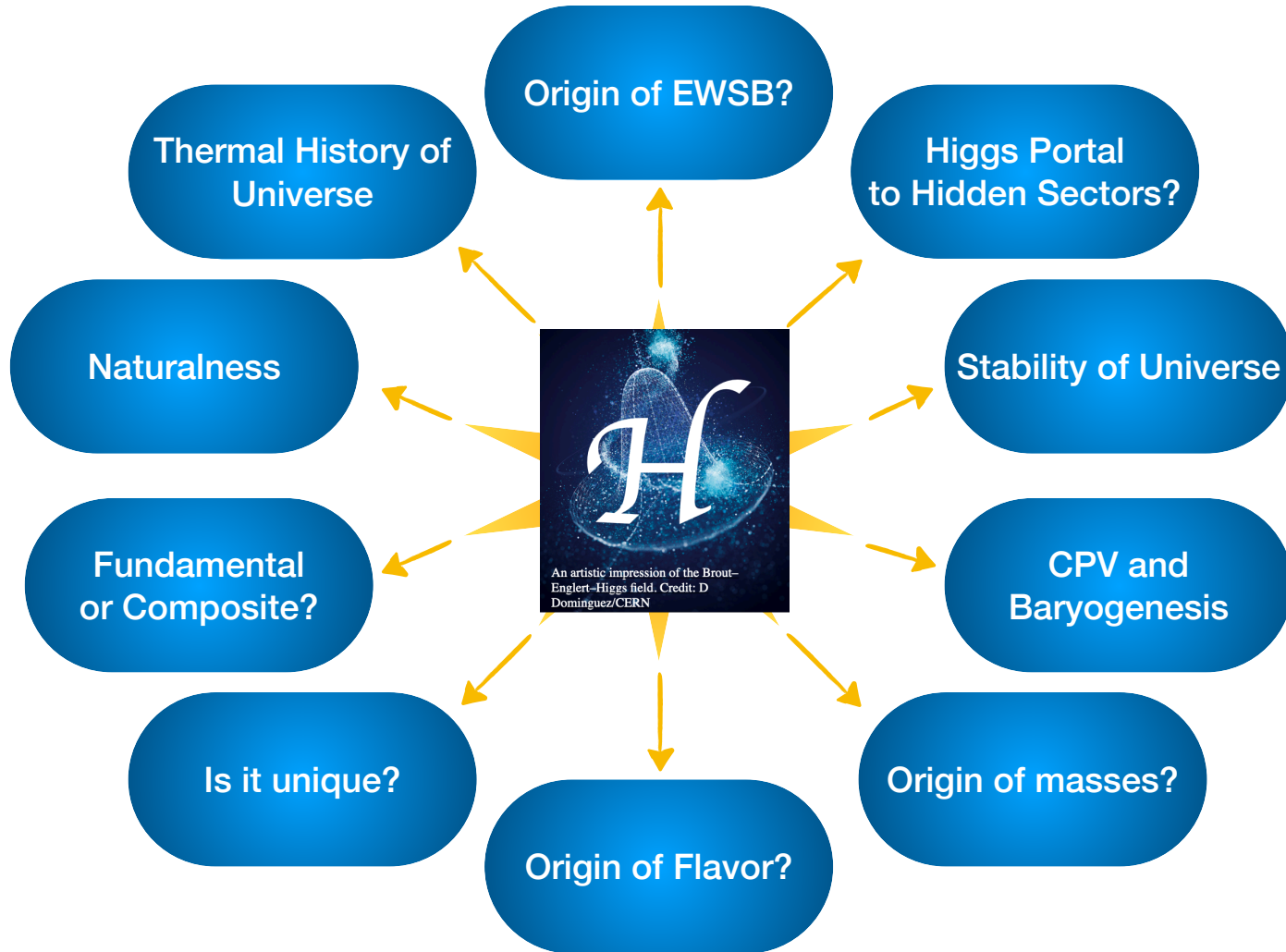


HELMHOLTZ RESEARCH FOR
GRAND CHALLENGES



THE Higgs

The end of the puzzle or the start of the journey



Precision measurements

Searches

More Higgses

theoretical framework

EXTENDED
HIGGS
SECTORS

2HDM

$< TeV$ H$^\pm$	$< TeV$ A
$125 GeV$ h	$< TeV$ H

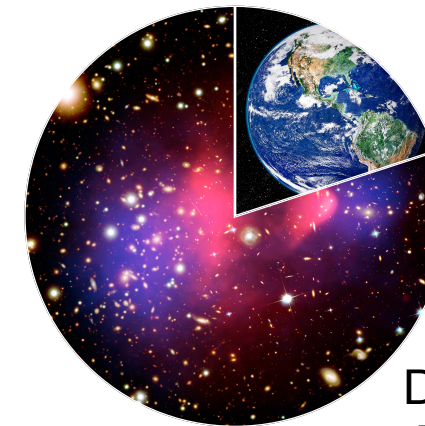
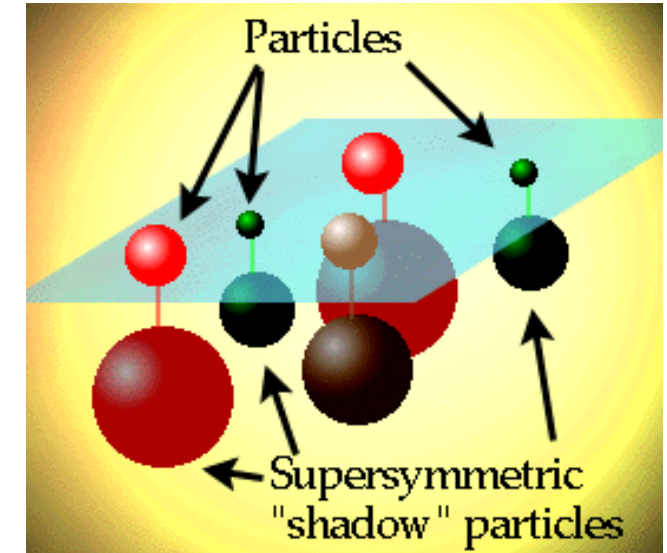
scalar/pseudoscalar

NOMENCLATURE

a (light pseudo scalar)
H (SM Higgs)
 ϕ or s (light scalar)

ewkinos
NMSSM
2HDM+S
....

SUPERSYMMETRY



2HDM+a
Higgs Portal

DARK MATTER /
DARK SECTOR

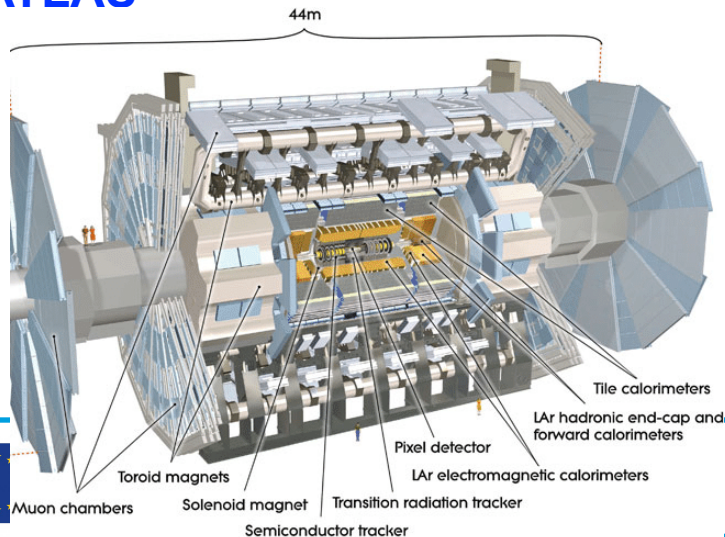
Credit slide

new since Higgs 2023

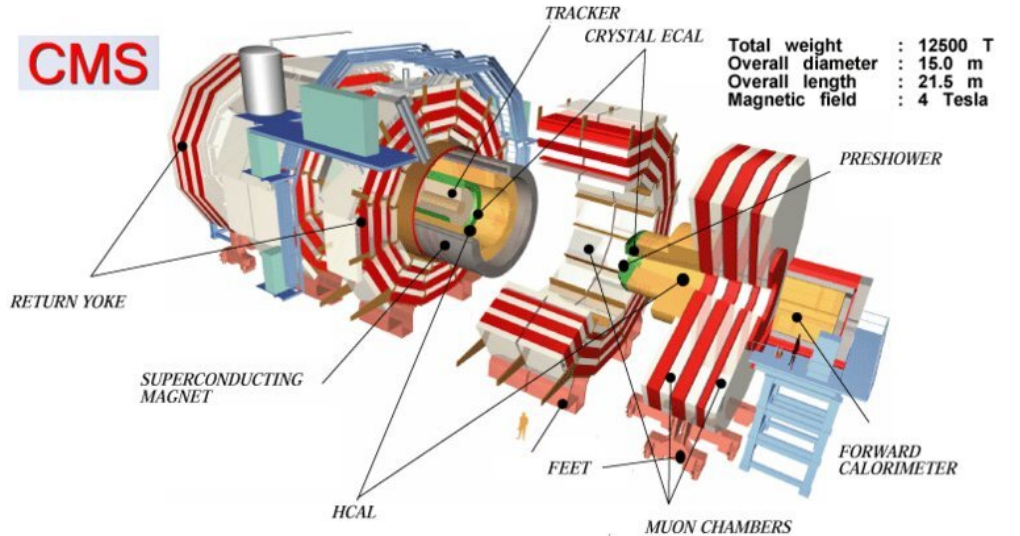
Signature	Exp.	Reference
$h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	ATLAS	HIGG-2023-12
$S \rightarrow ZdZd \rightarrow 4lep$	ATLAS	HDBS-2021-13
$H \rightarrow Za, a \rightarrow jj$	ATLAS	HDBS-2021-09
$A \rightarrow \tau\tau$	ATLAS	HDBS-2021-08
$H \rightarrow aa, bb\tau\tau$	ATLAS	HDBS-2021-07
$H \rightarrow aa, 4\gamma$	ATLAS	HDBS-2019-19
$H \rightarrow Za, a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	ATLAS	HDBS-2019-09
$tta, a \rightarrow \mu\mu$	ATLAS	HDBS-2020-12
rare decays	ATLAS	HDBS-2019-33
$H \rightarrow aa, bb\mu\mu$	ATLAS	HDBS-2021-03
$H \rightarrow SUSY$	ATLAS	HDBS-2018-07

Signature	Exp.	Reference
$\phi \rightarrow II (tt/W/Z)$	CMS	EXO-21-018
displaced $\mu\mu$	CMS	HIG-21-004
$h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	CMS	HIG-20-002
$H \rightarrow aa, \mu\mu\tau\tau$	CMS	HIG-18-024
$H \rightarrow aa, \mu\mu + 2tracks$	CMS	HIG-18-006
$H \rightarrow aa, \mu\mu bb$	CMS	HIG-18-011
$H \rightarrow aa, \mu\mu\tau\tau$	CMS	HIG-17-024
$H \rightarrow aa, \mu\mu\tau\tau$	CMS	HIG-17-029
$bba(\mu\mu)$	CMS	HIG-15-009
VH, $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4b$	CMS	HIG-18-026
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	CMS	HIG-21-001
$H \rightarrow aa, a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	CMS	HIG-21-016
$H \rightarrow Za, a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	CMS	HIG-22-003
$H \rightarrow aa \mu\mu bb / \tau\tau bb$	CMS	HIG-22-007
$H \rightarrow aa 4\tau / 2\mu 2\tau$	CMS	SUS-24-002

ATLAS



our experimental tools



Low-mass BSM Higg

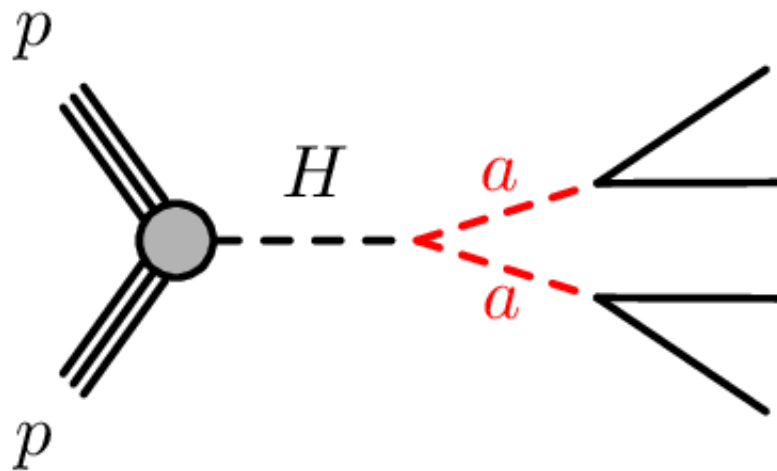


ES

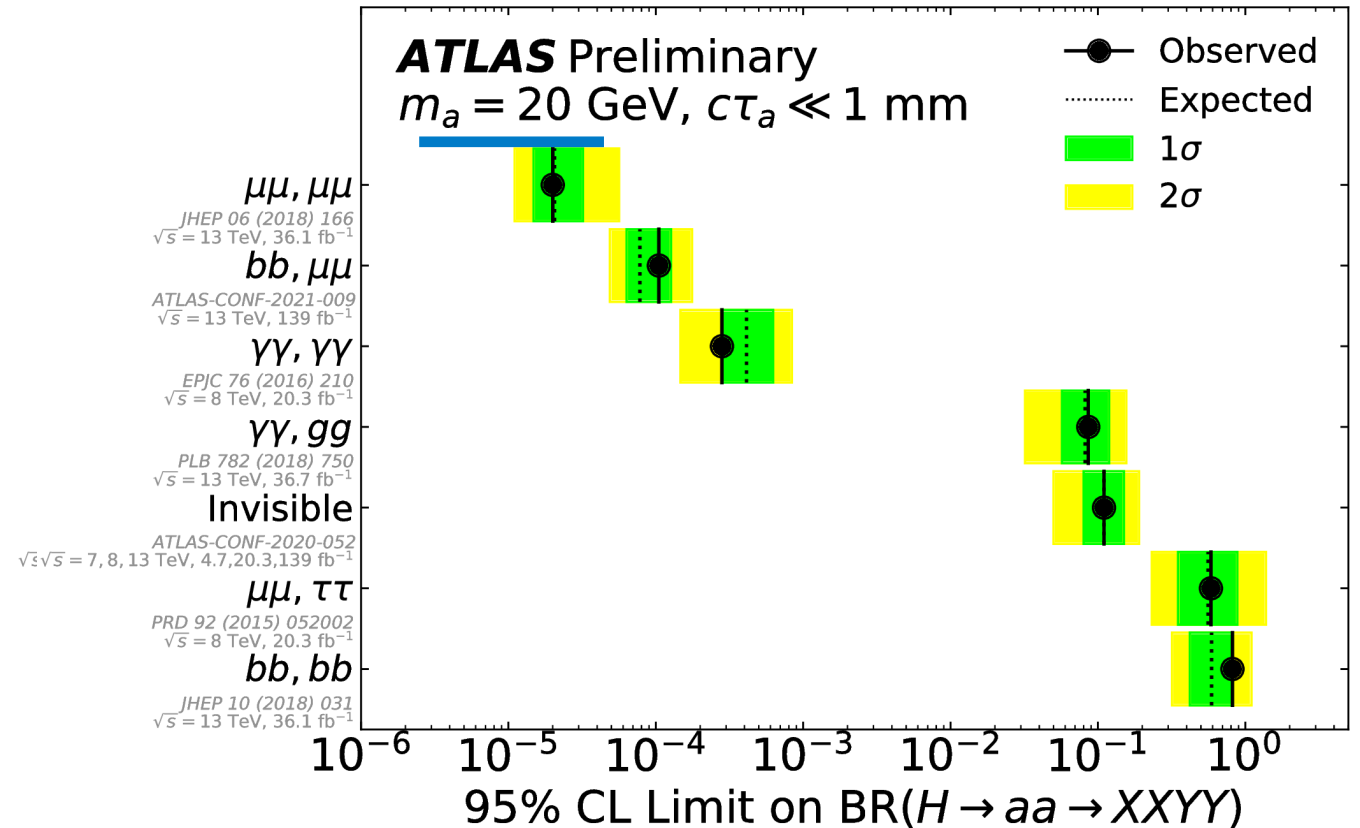


Pseudoscalars (a) via Higgs decays

channels

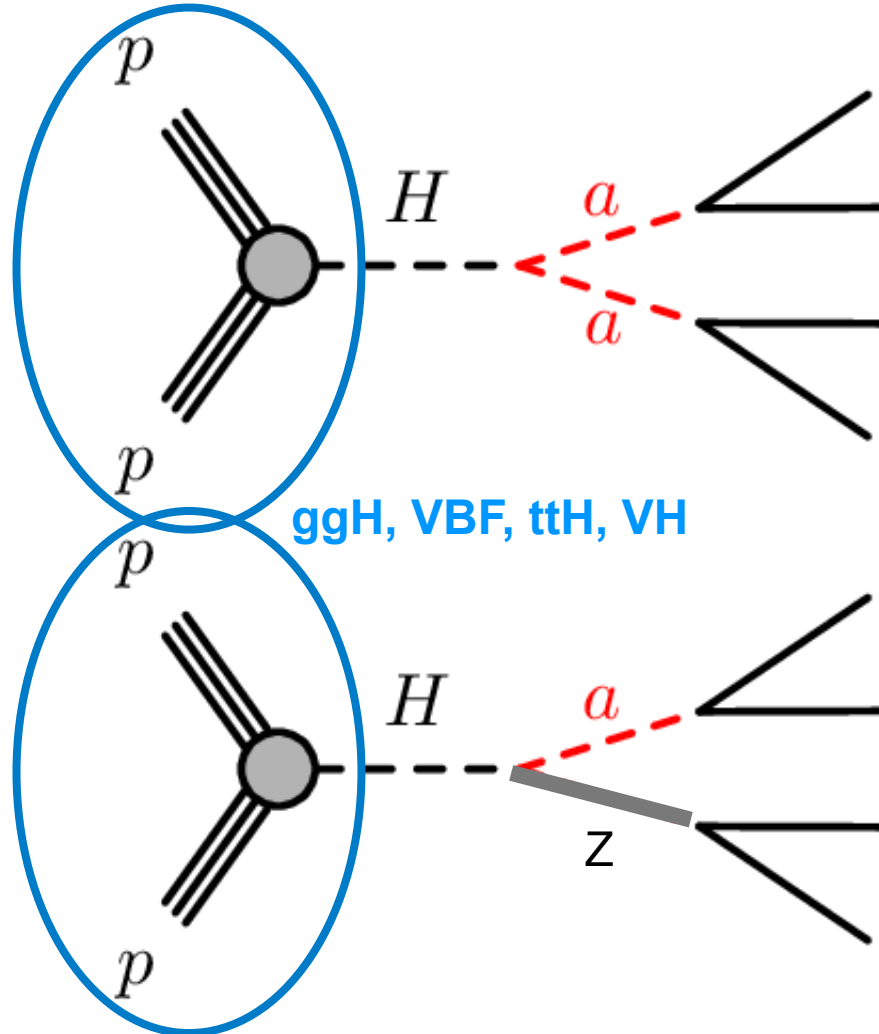


March 2021



Pseudoscalars (a) via Higgs decays

channels



Particle identification performance

❖ muons

❖ bjets

❖ taus

↑ PERFORMANCE

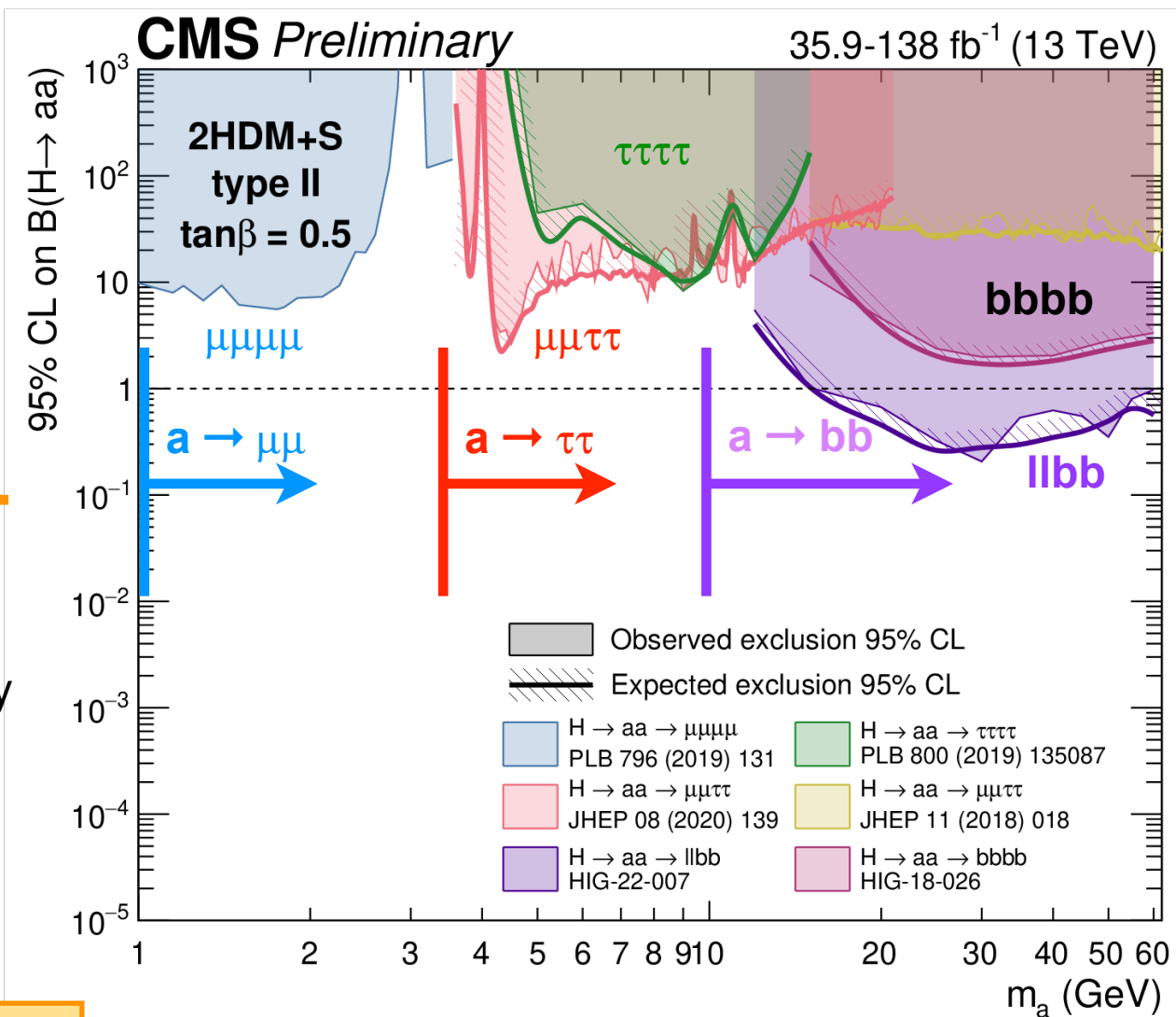
↓ BRANCHING RATIO

↓ TRIGGER THRES.

(* Also valid for $\gamma\gamma$, but considered more in the context of ALPs

Pseudoscalars (a) via Higgs decays

vs mass



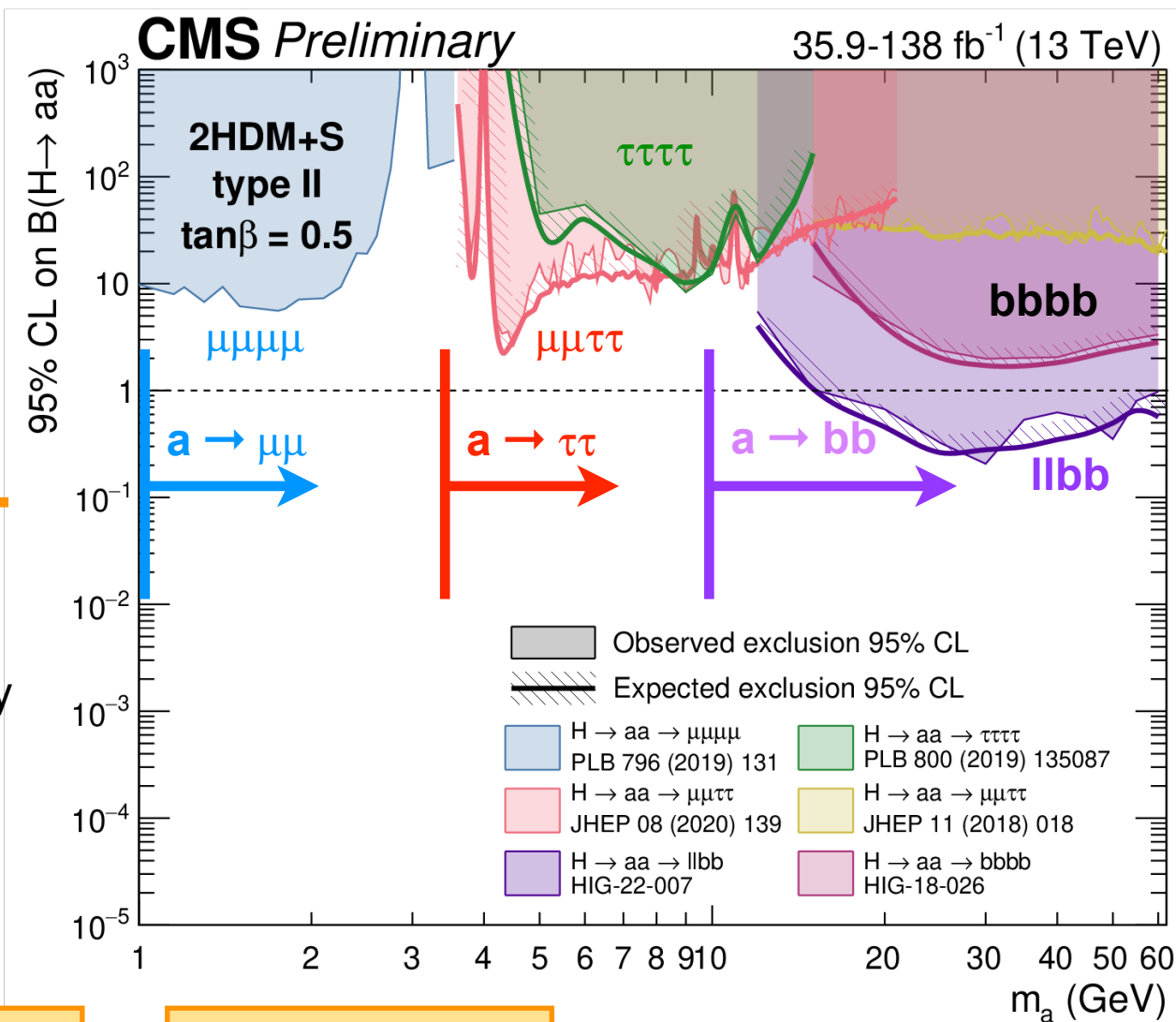
allowed by $H \rightarrow \text{inv.}$

[Link for CMS plots](#)

- ❖ all consider $H \rightarrow aa$
- ❖ channels are complementary
- ❖ BR(a) defined by model
- ❖ $y=1$ means Higgs decays 100% into new scalars

Pseudoscalars (a) via Higgs decays

vs mass

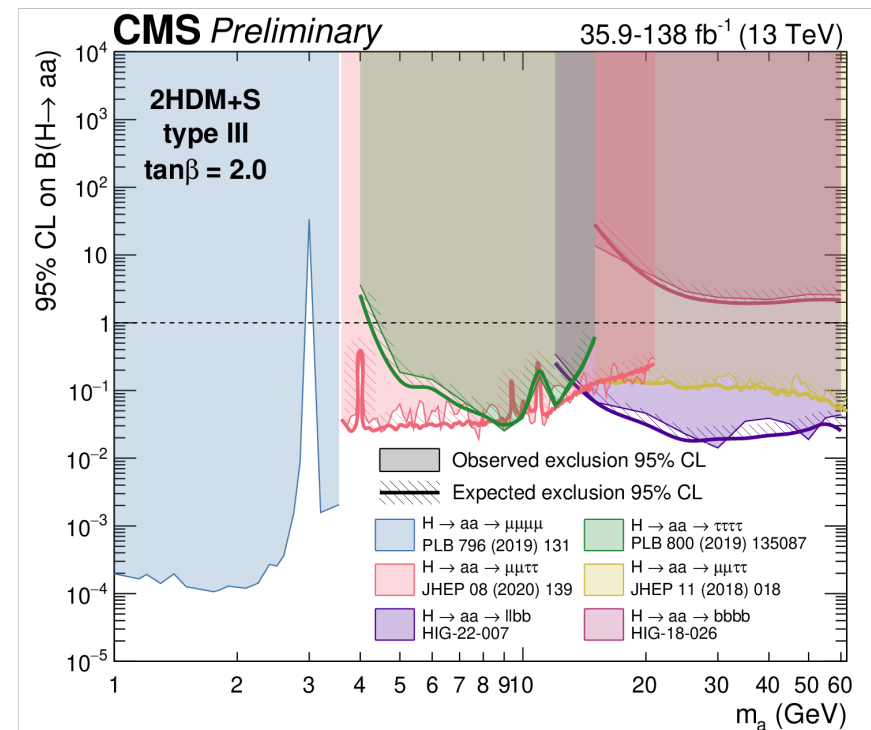


allowed by H \rightarrow inv.

[Link for CMS plots](#)

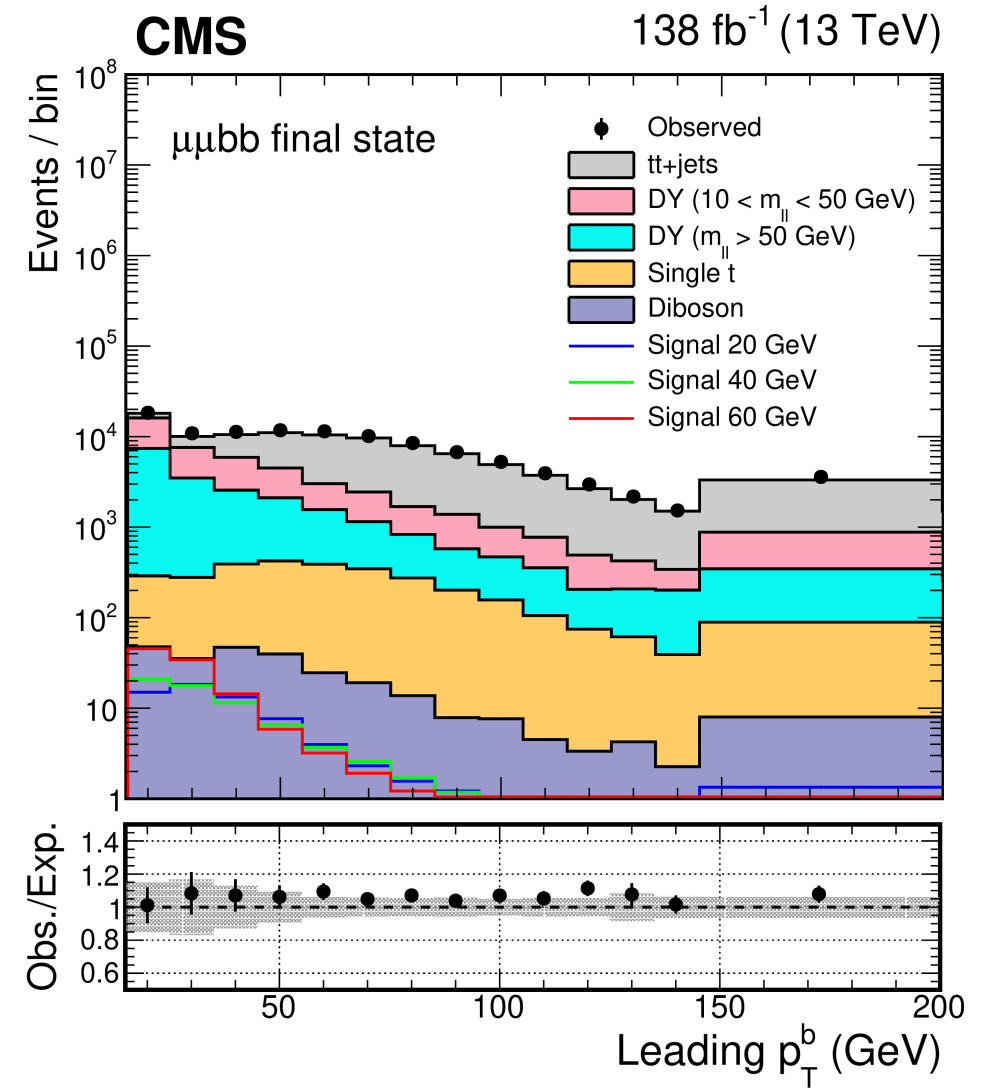
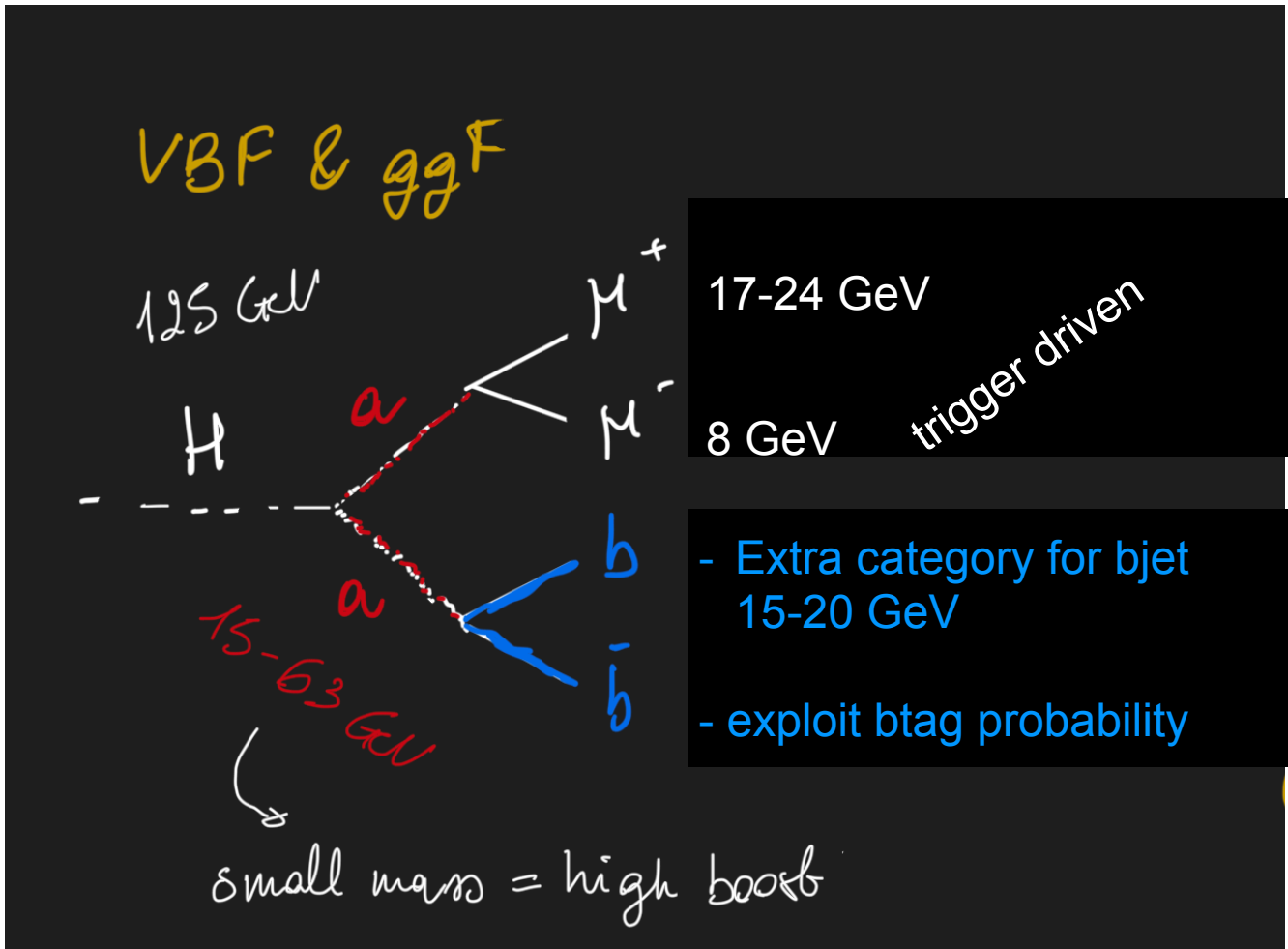
[Link for ATLAS plots](#)

different tan β , type III



- ❖ all consider H \rightarrow aa
- ❖ channels are complementary
- ❖ BR(a) defined by model
- ❖ $y=1$ means Higgs decays 100% into new scalars

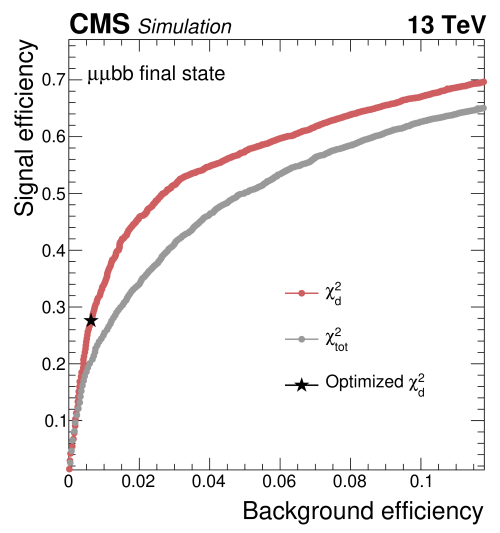
Highlight #1: $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow \mu\mu bb / \tau\tau bb$



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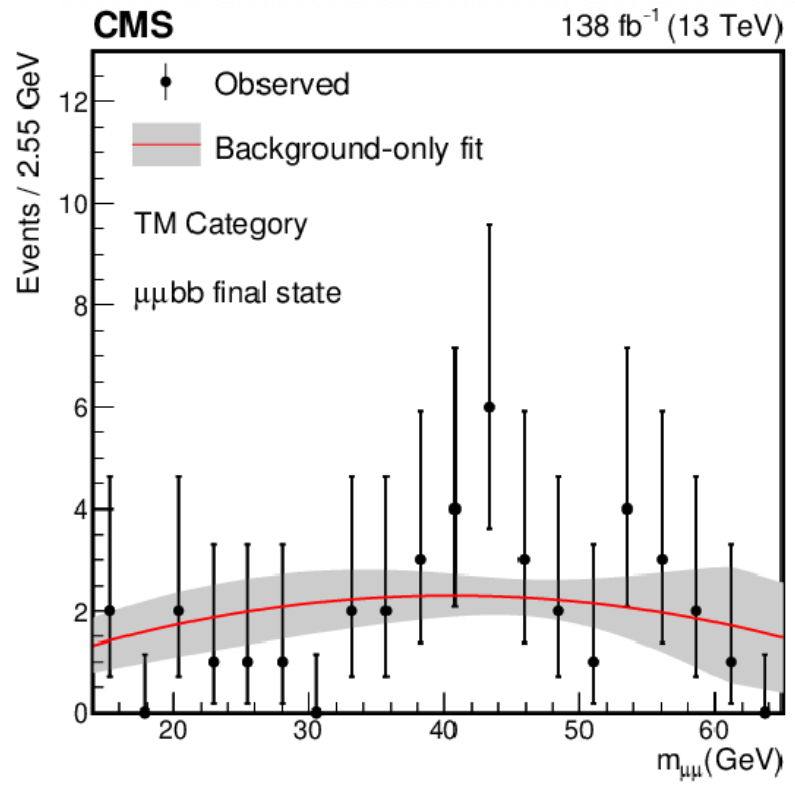
$$\chi_{bb} = \frac{(m_{bb} - m_{\mu\mu})}{\sigma_{bb}} \quad + \quad \chi_H = \frac{(m_{\mu\mu bb} - 125 \text{ GeV})}{\sigma_H}$$

Decorrelation for improved performance

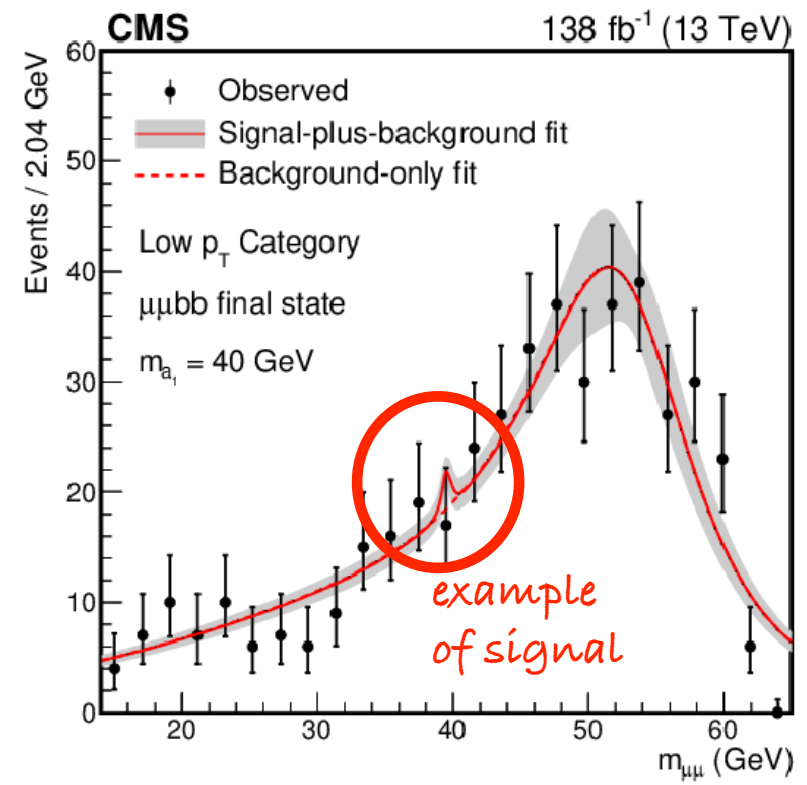


$$\begin{pmatrix} \chi_H \\ \chi_{bb} \end{pmatrix}_d = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a}{\sqrt{\lambda_1}} & \frac{b}{\sqrt{\lambda_1}} \\ \frac{-b}{\sqrt{\lambda_2}} & \frac{a}{\sqrt{\lambda_2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \chi_H \\ \chi_{bb} \end{pmatrix}_c$$

$$\chi_d^2 \equiv \chi_{H,d}^2 + \chi_{bb,d}^2$$



S/B = 0.3 @60 GeV

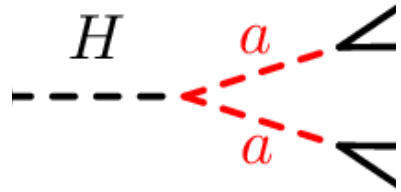


S/B = 0.02 @40 GeV

No excess in any category, very stringent limits in various scenarios

Highlight #2: bjets reconstruction developments

performance highlight



Momentum of decay products
 $\sim (m(H) - m(a))$

- ❖ small Δm : reduce the threshold of final-state objects (TC-LVT)

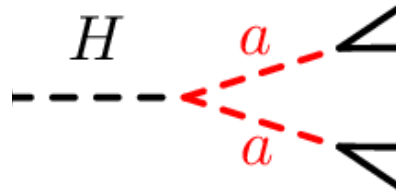
ATLAS: [arXiv:2405.03253](https://arxiv.org/abs/2405.03253) (FTAG-2023-02)

- ❖ large Δm : identify merged b-jets (DeXTer)

ATLAS: [ATL-PHYS-PUB-2022-042](https://arxiv.org/abs/2202.042)

Highlight #2: bjets reconstruction developments

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Momentum of decay products
 $\sim (m(H) - m(a))$

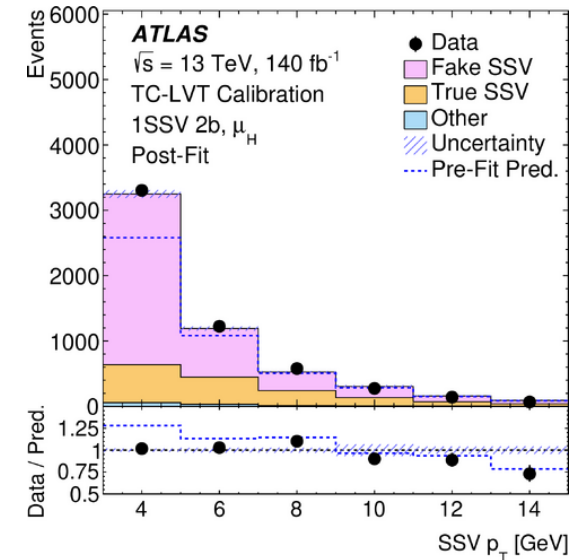
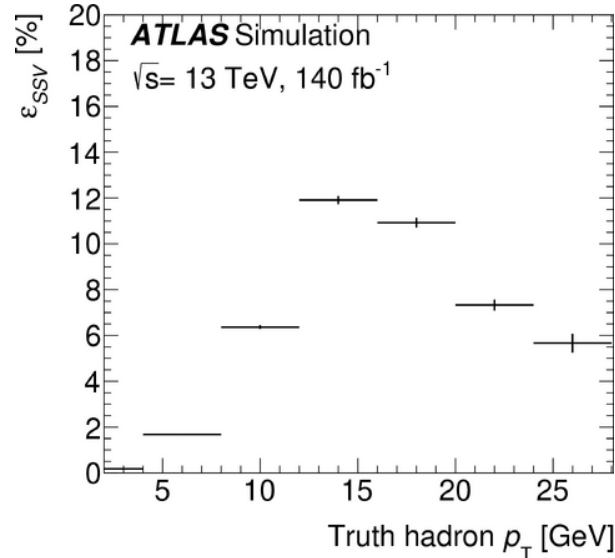
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ATLAS: [ATL-PHYS-PUB-2022-042](https://arxiv.org/abs/2204.042)

ATLAS TC-LVT algorithm for the reconstruction of soft secondary vertices outside jets



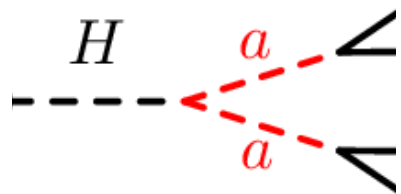
Stay tuned to see the algorithm used in light BSM Higgs searches

Calibration Scale Factors

SF_{eff}	0.86 ± 0.10
$SF_{\text{fake}}^{\mu_L}$	1.63 ± 0.15
$SF_{\text{fake}}^{\mu_H}$	1.58 ± 0.13

Highlight #2: bjets reconstruction developments

performance highlight



Momentum of decay products
 $\sim (m(H) - m(a))$

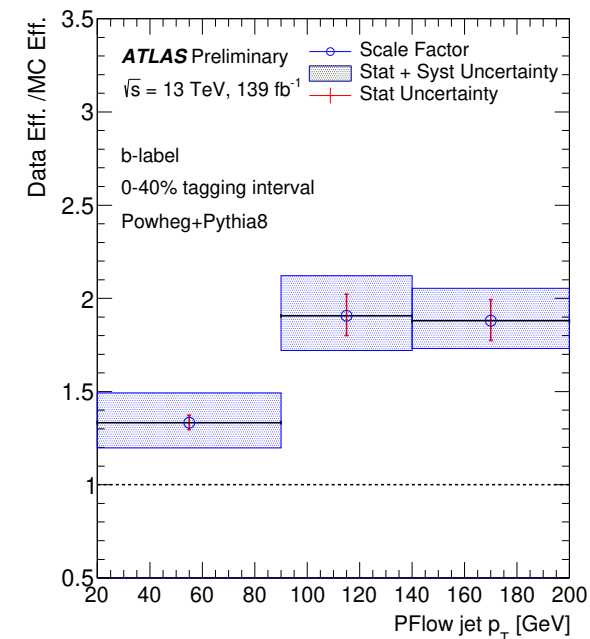
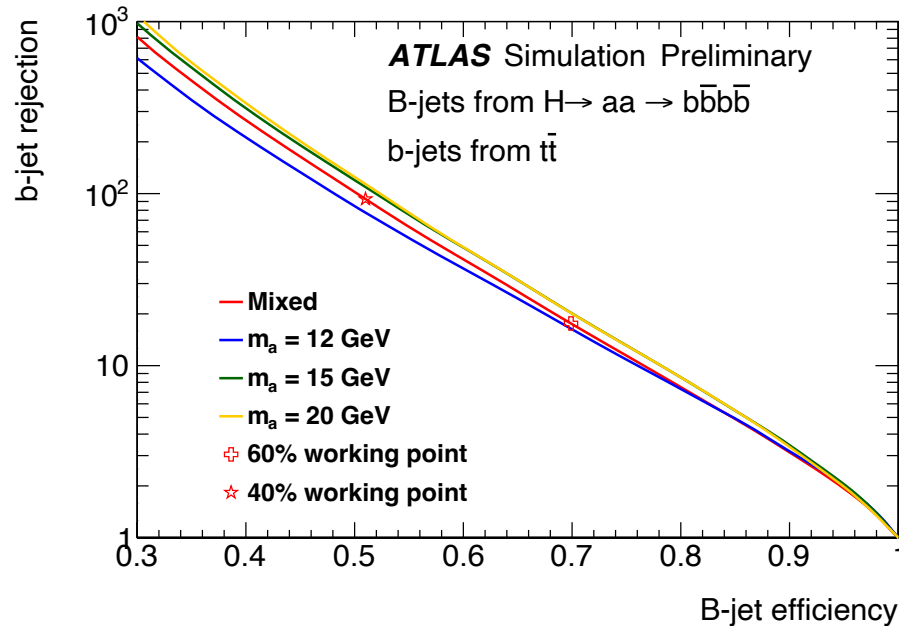
- ✿ small Δm : reduce the threshold of final-state objects (TC-LVT)

ATLAS: [arXiv:2405.03253](https://arxiv.org/abs/2405.03253) (FTAG-2023-02)

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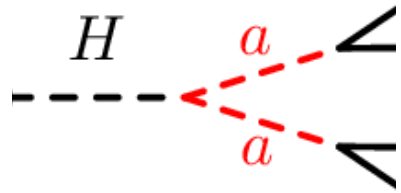
ATLAS DeXter algorithm is a deep-learning double-b tagger for jets below 200 GeV



Highlight #2: bjets reconstruction developments

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ATLAS DeXter algorithm is a deep-learning double-b tagger for jets below 200 GeV



Momentum of decay
 $\sim (m(H) - m(a))$

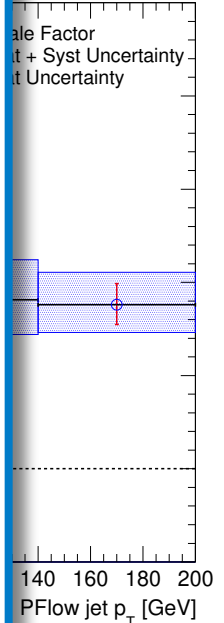
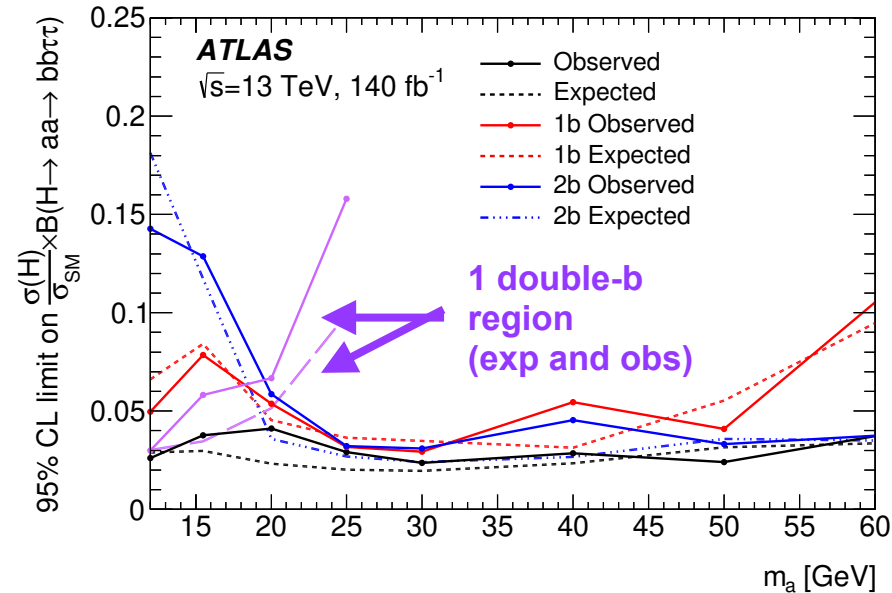
✿ small Δm : reduced
of final-state objects

✿ large Δm : identification

$$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$$

τ -lepton decays	$e\mu$	$(e\mu, 1B)$	$(e\mu, 1b)$	$(e\mu, 2b)$
	$\mu\tau_{\text{had}}$	$(\mu\tau_{\text{had}}, 1B)$	$(\mu\tau_{\text{had}}, 1b)$	$(\mu\tau_{\text{had}}, 2b)$
	$e\tau_{\text{had}}$	$(e\tau_{\text{had}}, 1B)$	$(e\tau_{\text{had}}, 1b)$	$(e\tau_{\text{had}}, 2b)$
		1B,0b	0B,1b	0B,2b
		Heavy-flavor jets		

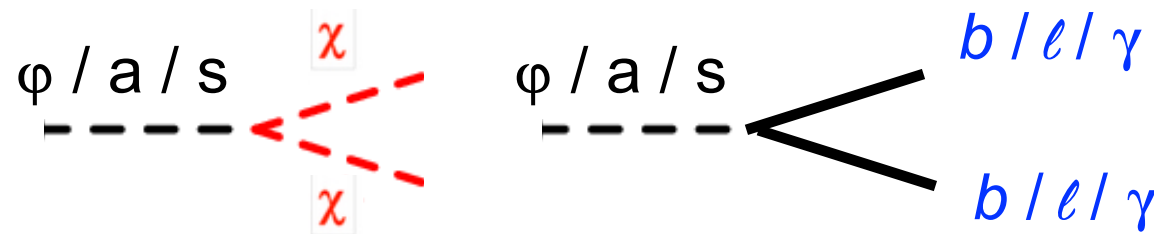
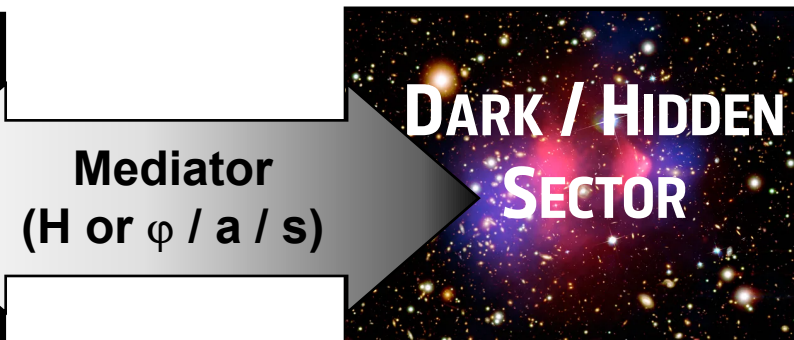
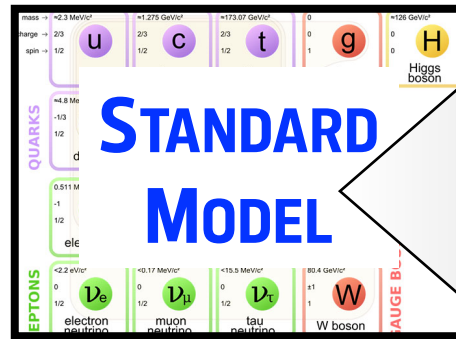
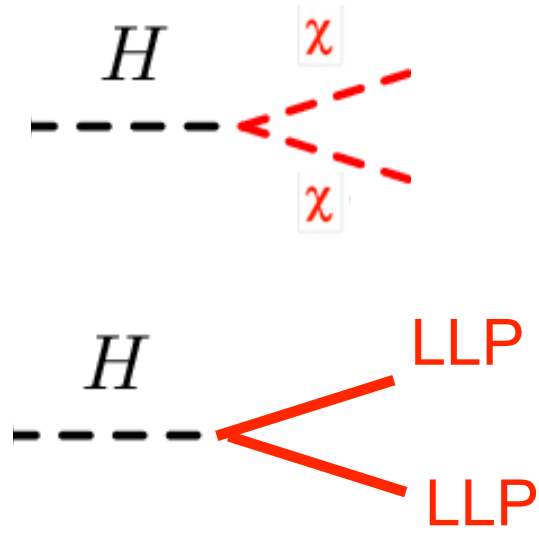
ATLAS: [arXiv:2407.01335](https://arxiv.org/abs/2407.01335) (HDBS-2021-07)



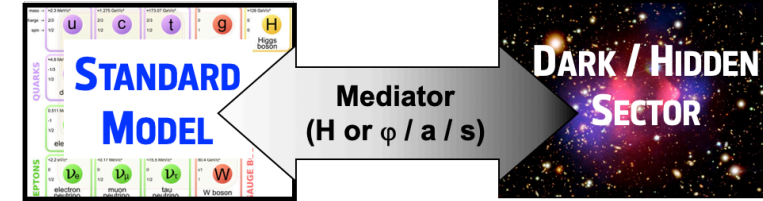
(*) check out also the beautiful performance of the di-t missing mass calculator [1012.4686] used in this analysis

ATLAS: [ATL-PHYS-PUB-2022-042](https://arxiv.org/abs/2204.042)

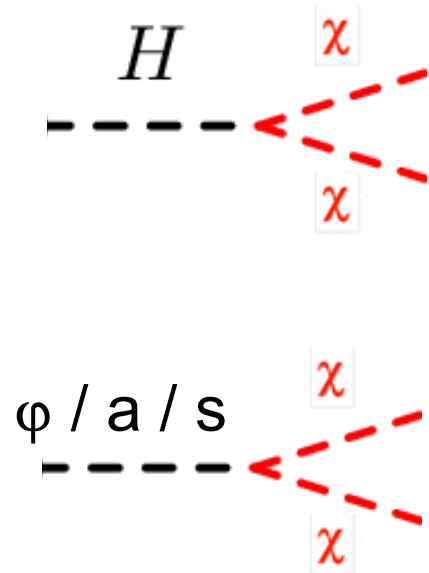
Dark Sectors and Hidden Sectors via Higgs or scalars



Light Higgs bosons and Dark Matter



1) The SM Higgs mediates the interaction to the dark sector
($H \rightarrow$ invisible)



CMS: [arXiv:1809.05937](https://arxiv.org/abs/1809.05937)

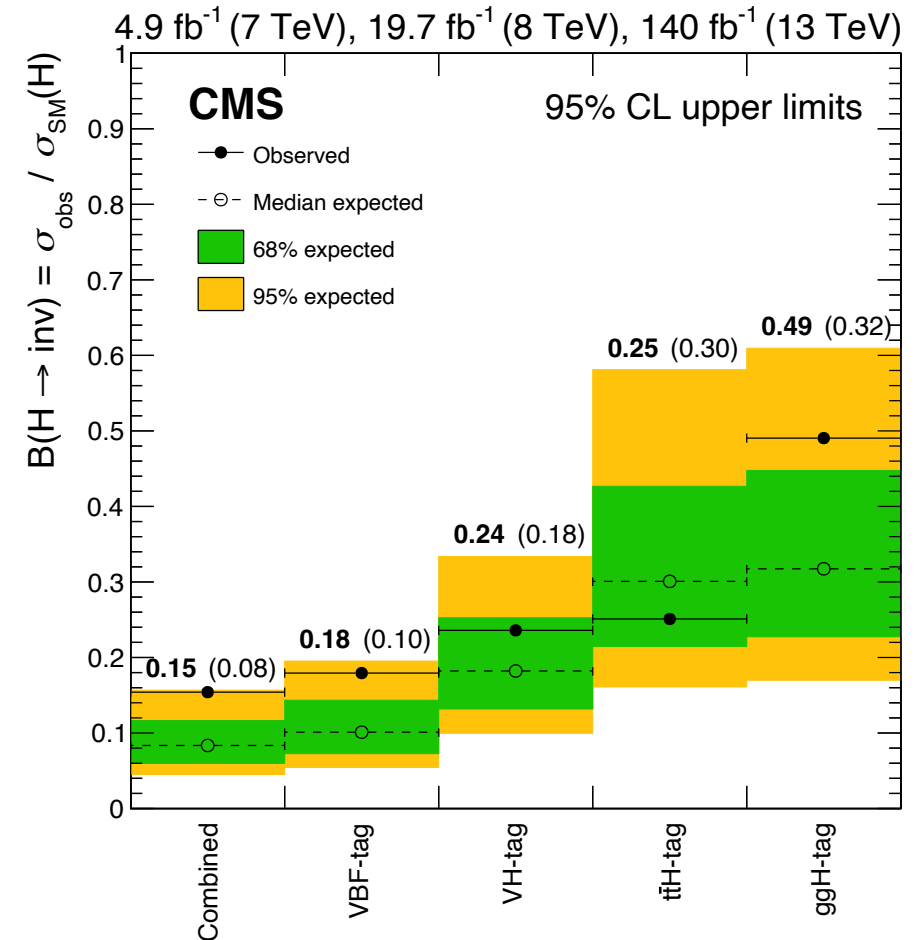
ATLAS: [arXiv:2301.10731](https://arxiv.org/abs/2301.10731)

Great results in constraining
 $H \rightarrow$ invisible $< 10-15\%$

2) Interaction mediated by a light scalar/pseudoscalar
(somewhat simplistic model but interesting final states)

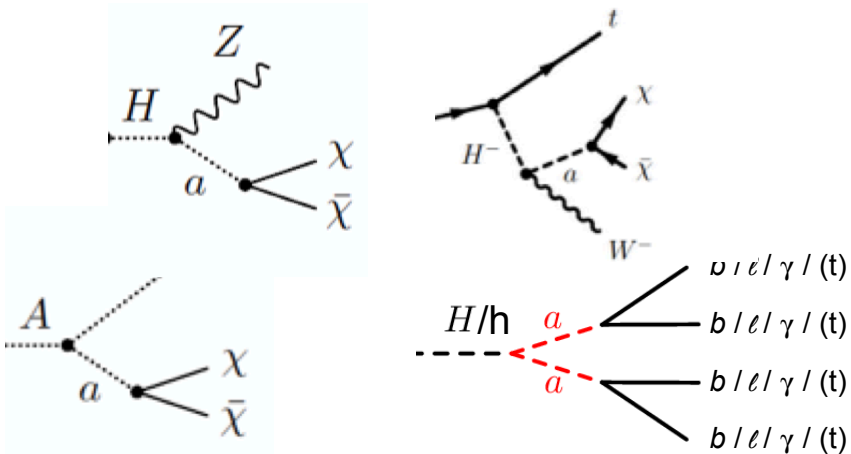
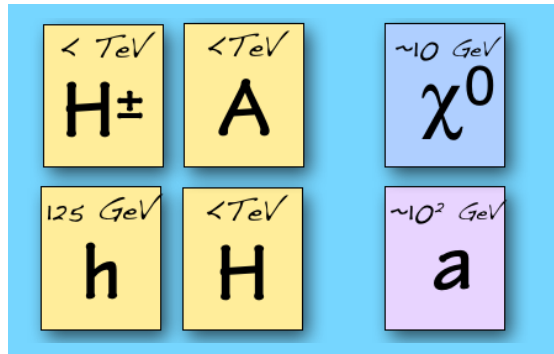
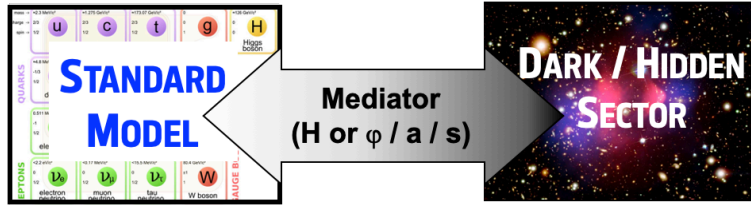
CMS: [arXiv:2405.13778](https://arxiv.org/abs/2405.13778) (EXO-2023-005)

ATLAS: [arXiv:2404.15930](https://arxiv.org/abs/2404.15930) (EXOT-2018-62)



Highlight #3: 2HDM+a

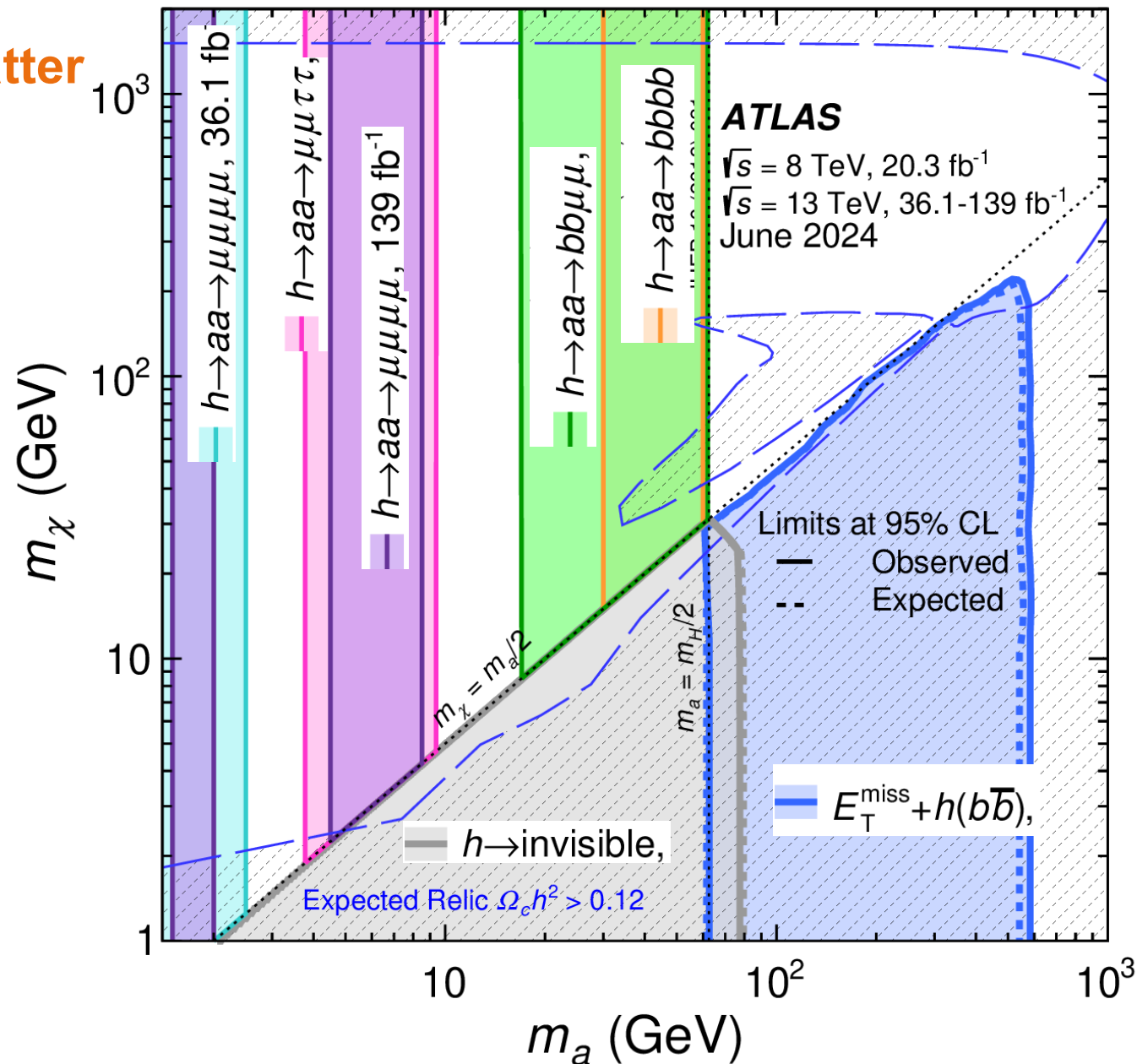
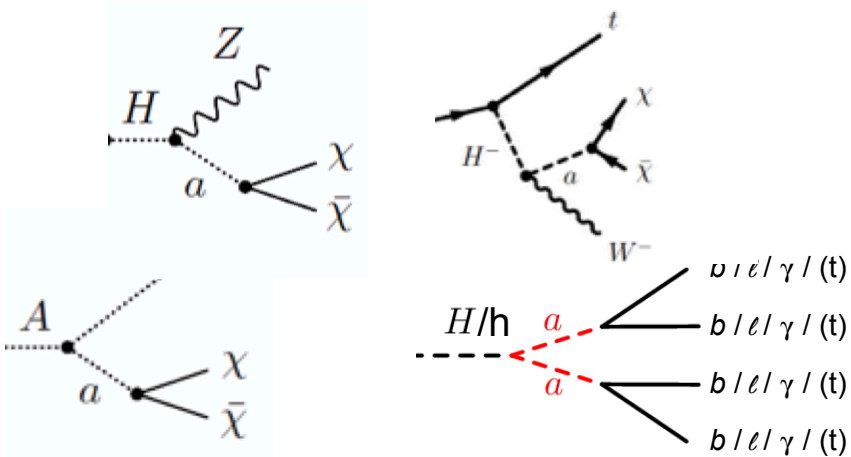
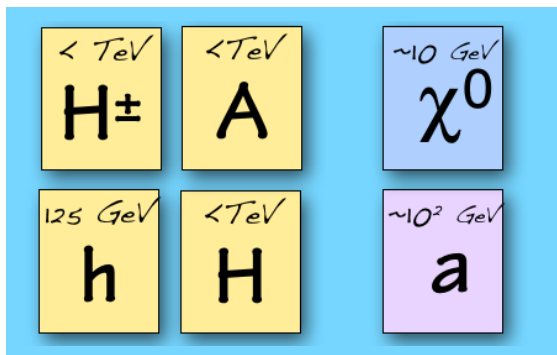
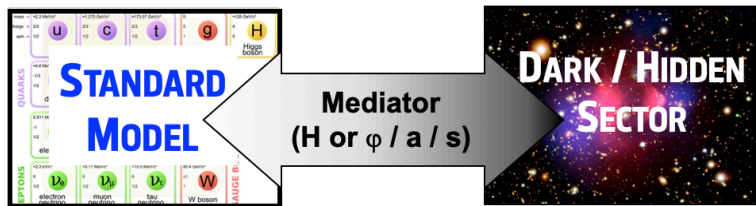
A more realistic model for Dark Matter



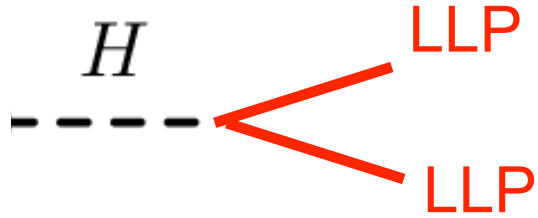
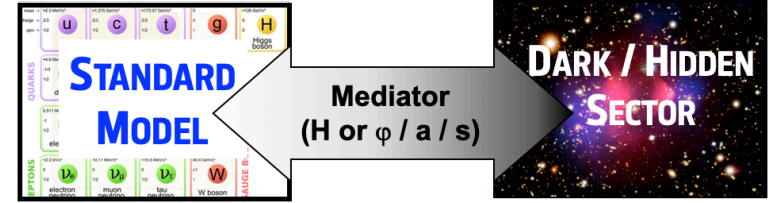
Highlight #3: 2HDM+a

A more realistic model for Dark Matter

2HDM+a, Dirac DM, $\sin \theta = 0.35$, $\tan \beta = 1$, $g_\chi = 1$, $m_A = m_H = m_{H^\pm} = 1.2$ TeV

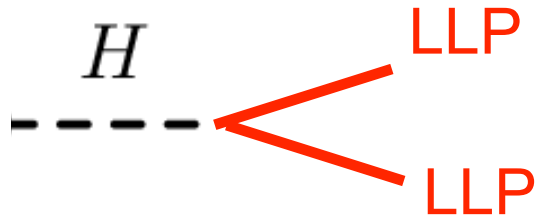
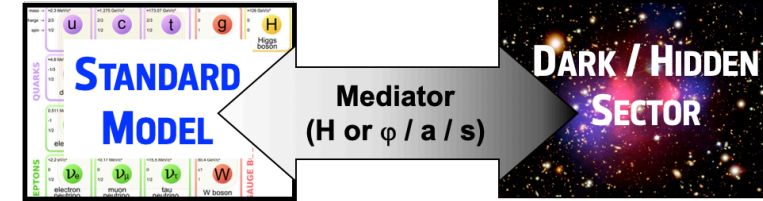


Highlight #4: Long Lived Particles

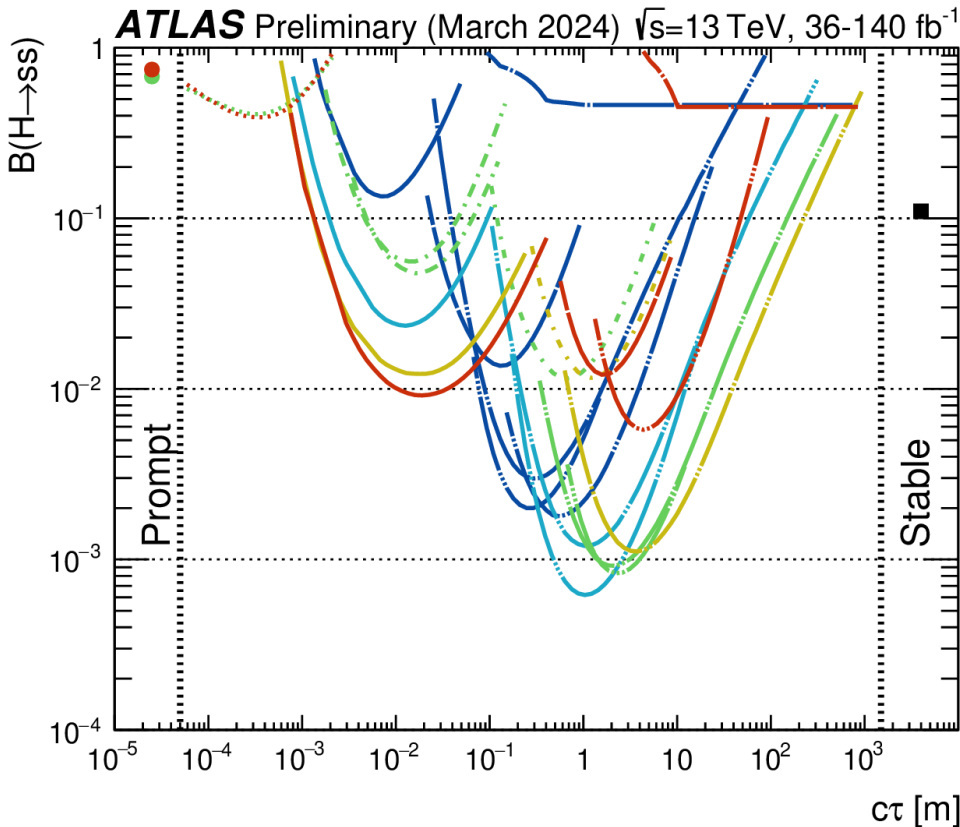


3) The SM Higgs mediates the interaction to the hidden sector and decays into long lived particles

Highlight #4: Long Lived Particles



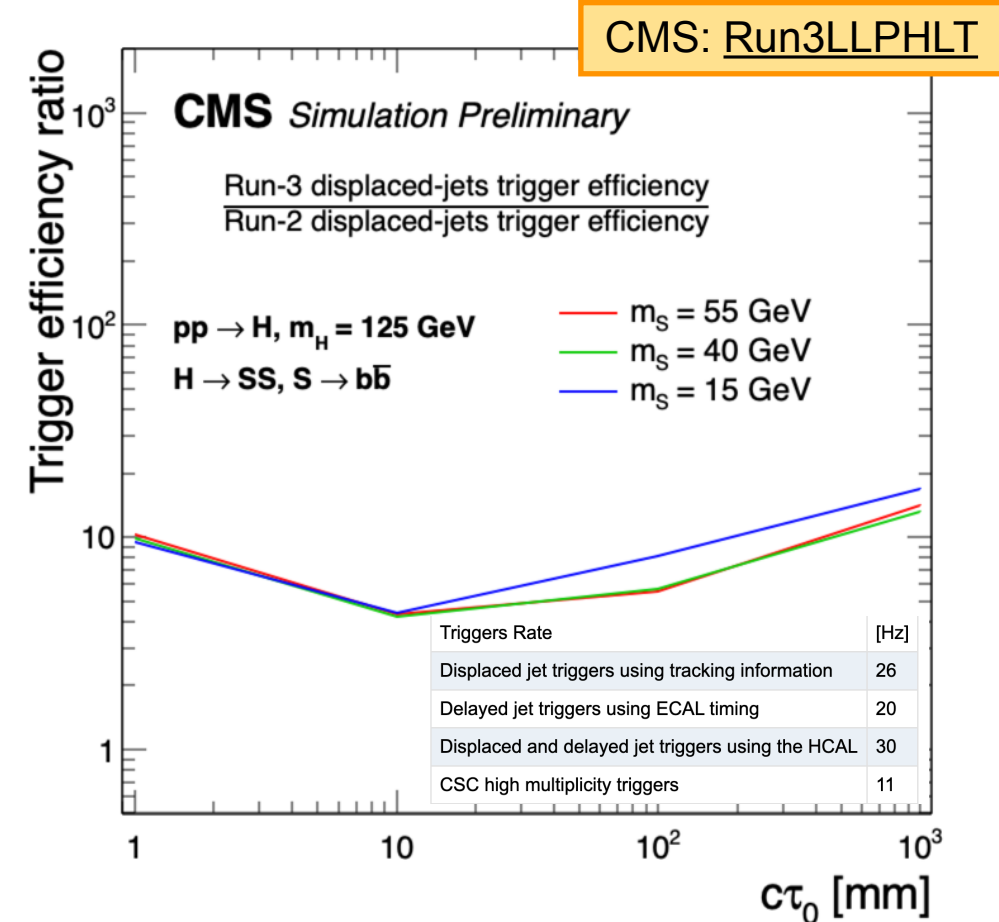
3) The SM Higgs mediates the interaction to the hidden sector and decays into long lived particles



Hidden Sector, $m_H = 125$ GeV
Selected **ATLAS** results
95% CL observed limits

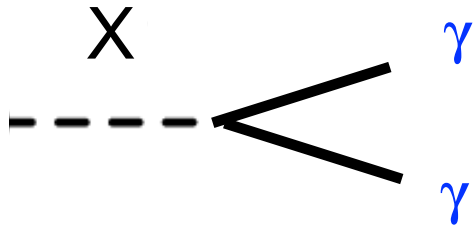
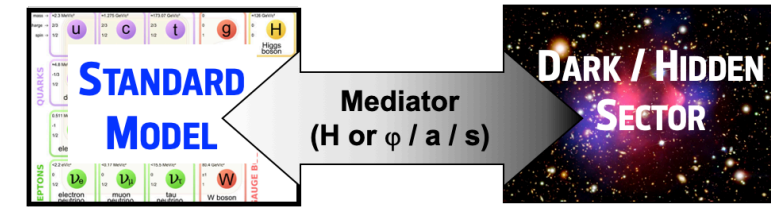
- Searches:**
- Muon System (2 Vtx Only), 139 fb^{-1}
Phys. Rev. D 106 (2022) 032005
 - Muon System (1 Vtx + 2 Vtx), 36 fb^{-1}
Phys. Rev. D 99 (2019) 052005
 - Calorimeter, 139 fb^{-1}
JHEP 06 (2022) 005
 - - - Tracker+Muon System, 36 fb^{-1}
Phys. Rev. D 101 (2020) 052013
 - - - Tracker, 139 fb^{-1}
JHEP 11 (2021) 229
 - Tracker (b-tag), 36 fb^{-1}
JHEP 10 (2018) 031
 - Monojet, 139 fb^{-1}
ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-020
 - $H \rightarrow \text{inv}$, 7-8-13 TeV combination
ATLAS-CONF-2020-052
 - Tracker, 37.5-140 fb^{-1}
arXiv:2403.15332

- LLP masses:**
- 5-8 GeV
 - 15-20 GeV
 - 25-35 GeV
 - 40 GeV
 - 45-60 GeV
 - Any



Highlight #4: Intermediate mass searches

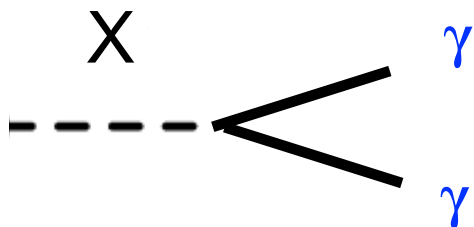
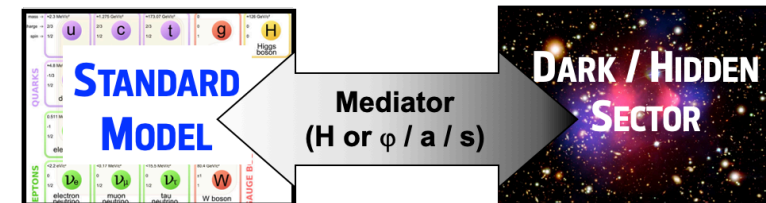
di-photon searches $70 < m_{\gamma\gamma} < 110 \text{ GeV}$



- 4) All new mediators decay back into the SM and can be reconstructed as resonances in all allowed SM final states
- ▶ These searches provide unique access to intermediate mass regimes

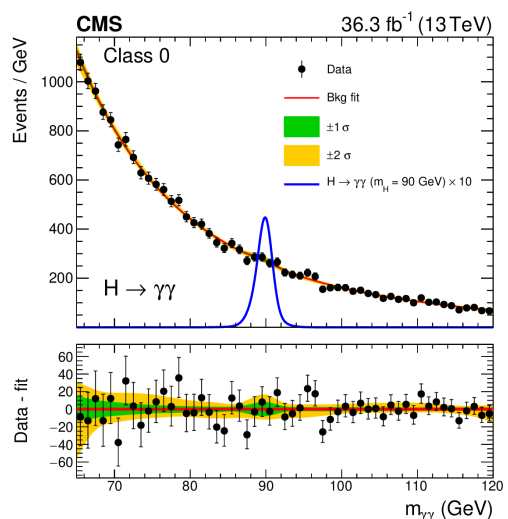
Highlight #5: Intermediate mass searches

di-photon searches $70 < m_{\gamma\gamma} < 110$ GeV

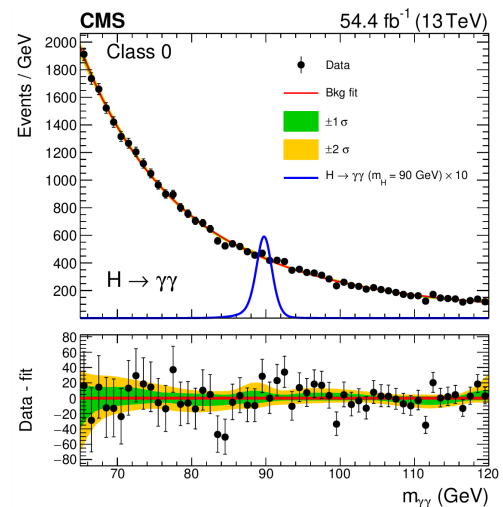


4) All new mediators decay back into the SM and can be searched as resonances in all allowed SM final states

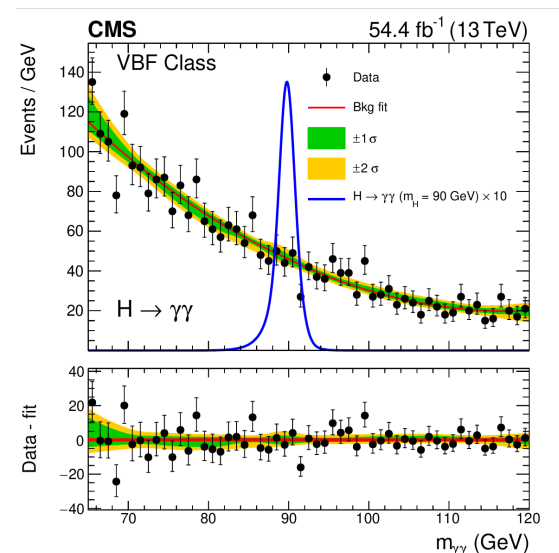
► These searches provide unique access to intermediate mass regimes



2016 data



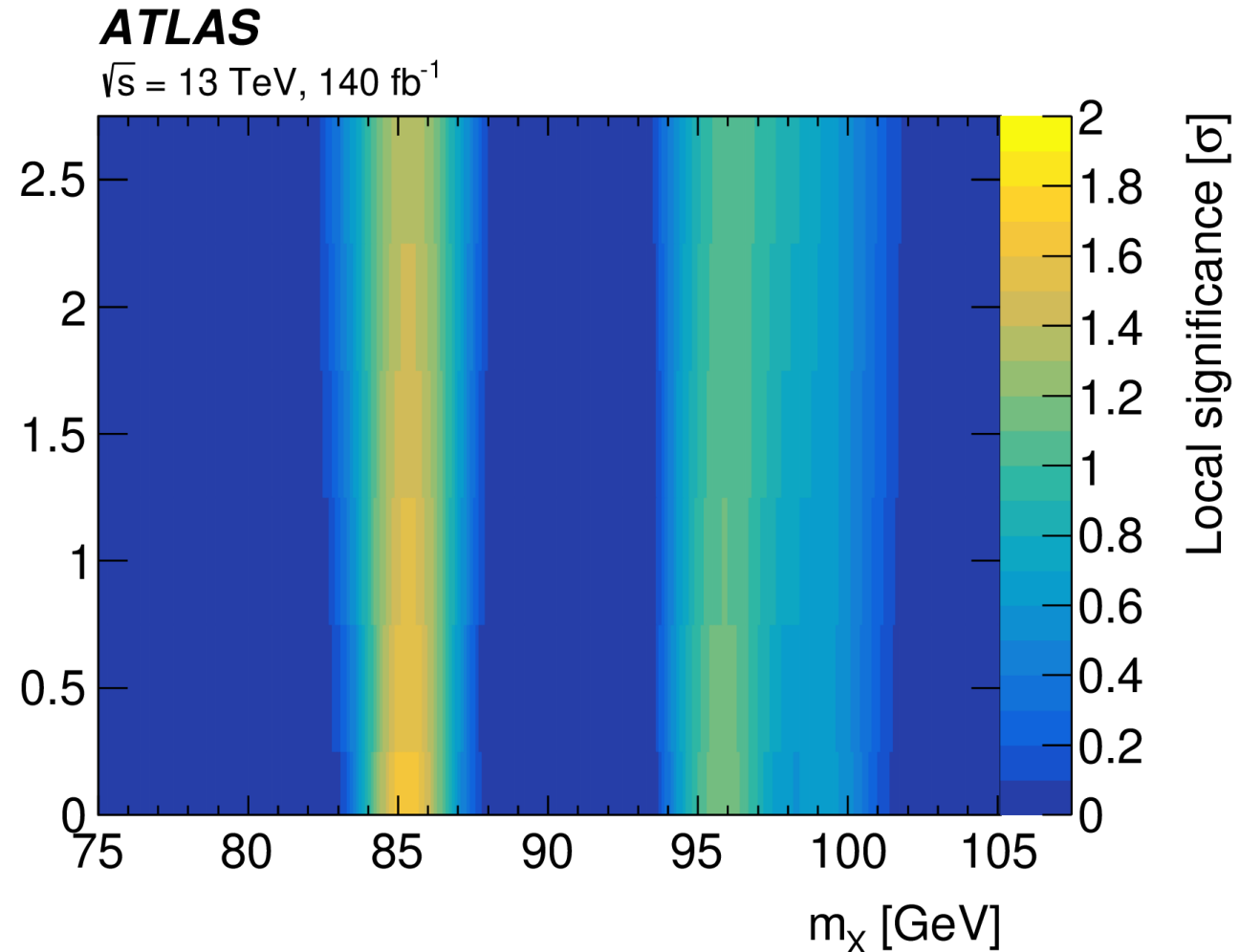
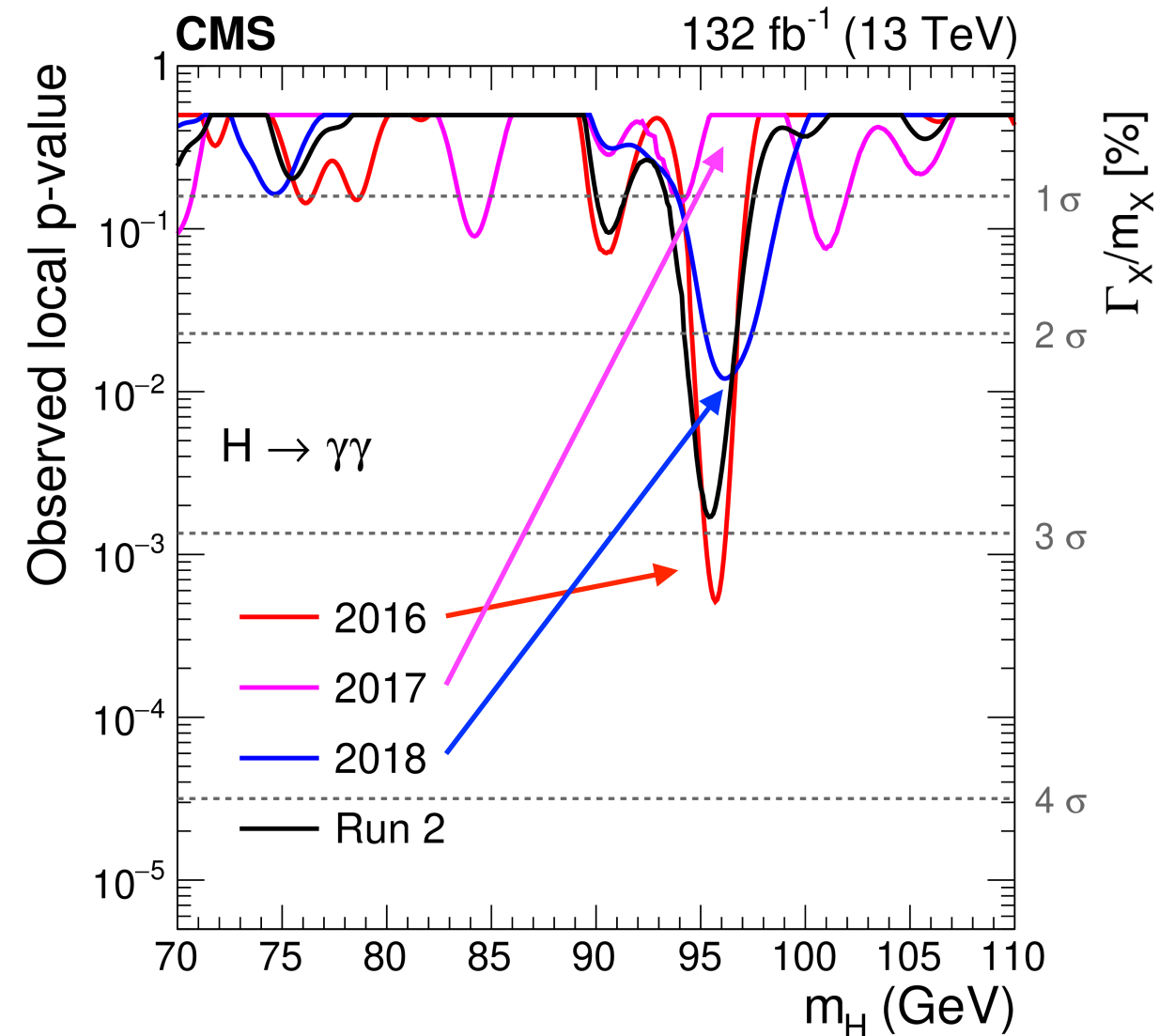
2018 data



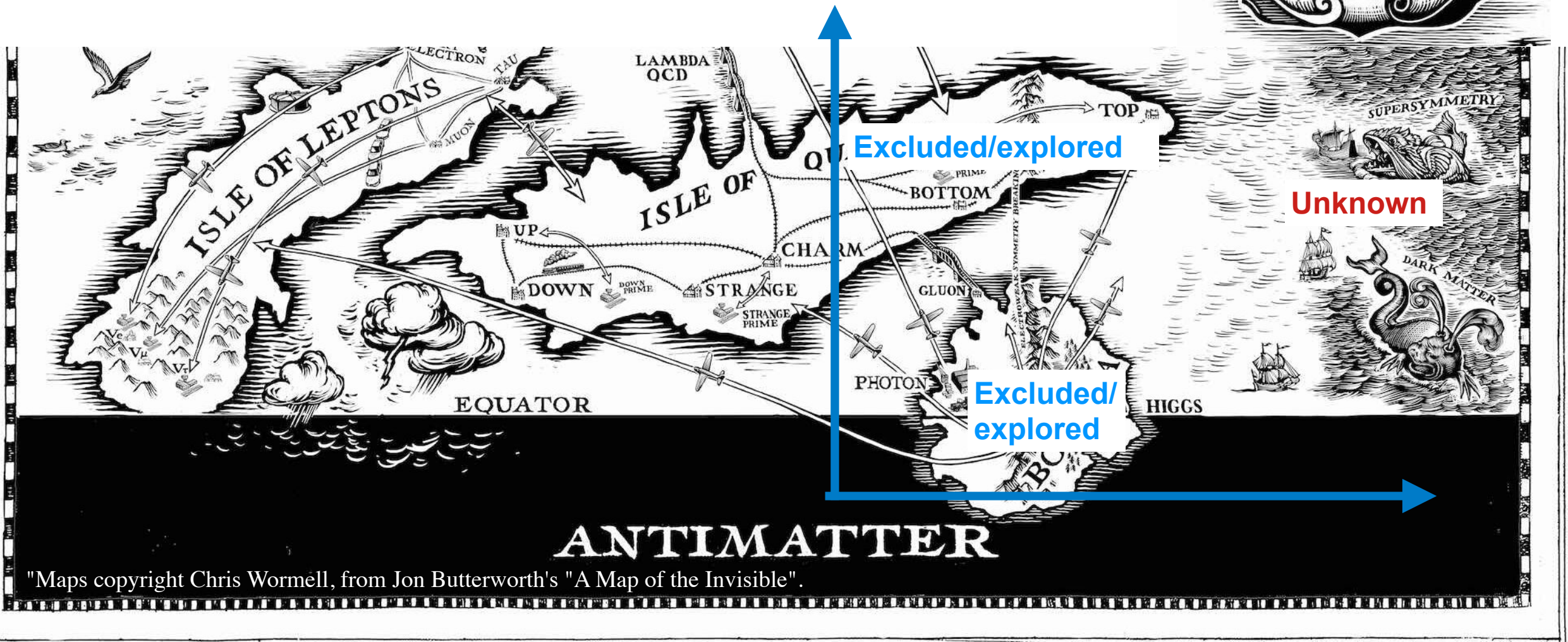
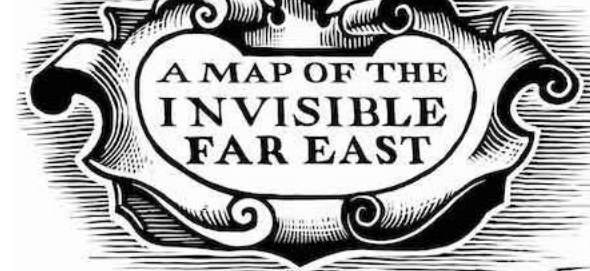
new 2018 VBF selection

- Complete and improved re-analysis of the entire dataset
- Events divided in various categories, VBF newly added for 2017-2018 data

Highlight #5: di-photon searches $70 < m_{\gamma\gamma} < 110$ GeV

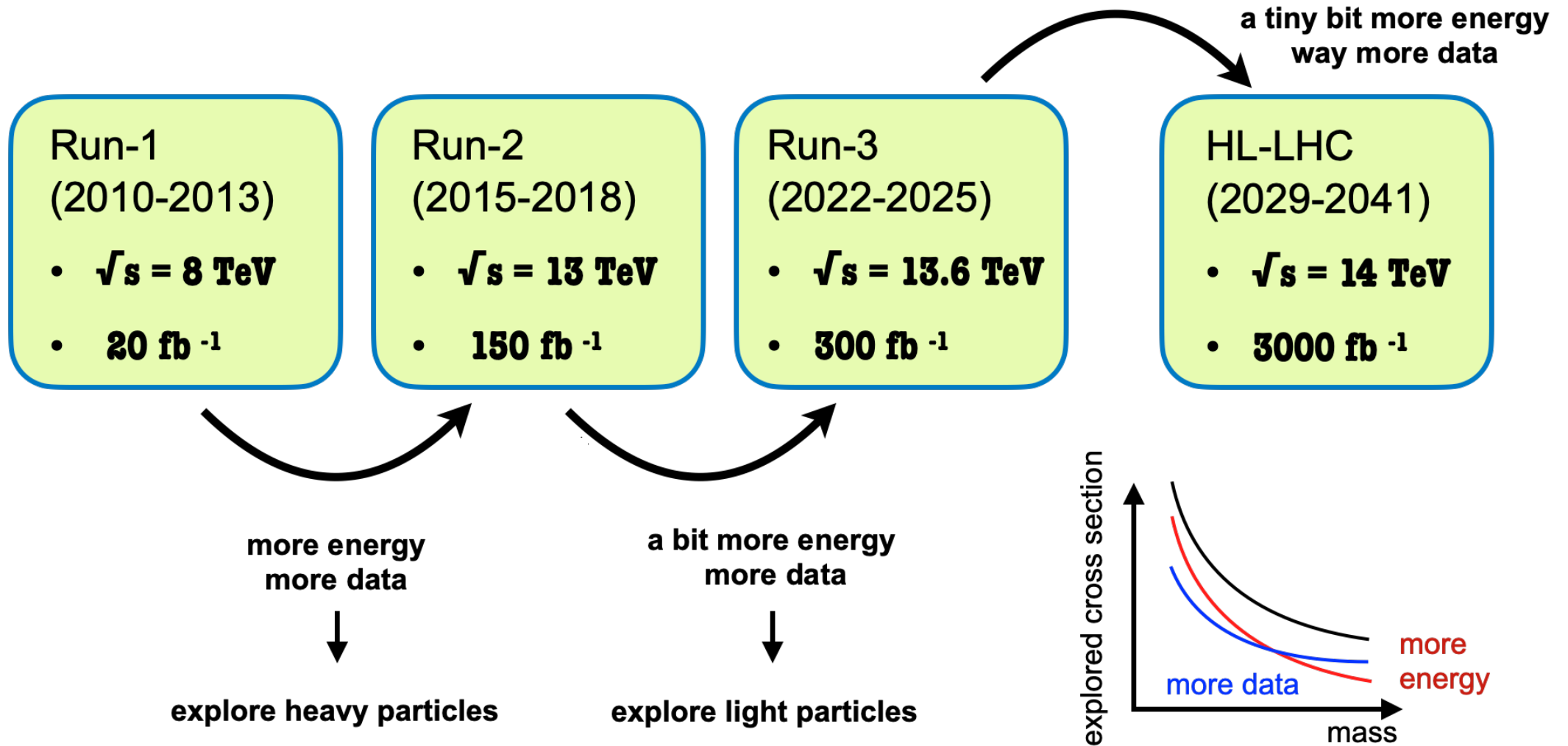


Bring me that Horizon [Jack Sparrow, Pirates of the Caribbean, 2003]



"Maps copyright Chris Wormell, from Jon Butterworth's "A Map of the Invisible".

The importance of focusing on low masses



Conclusions and credits (again)

CMS: "Dark sector searches with the CMS experiment", [arXiv:2405.13778](https://arxiv.org/abs/2405.13778) (EXO-2023-005)

ATLAS: "ATLAS searches for additional scalars and exotic Higgs boson decays [...]" [arXiv:2405.04914](https://arxiv.org/abs/2405.04914) (HDBS-2023-15)

Signature	Exp.	Reference
$\phi \rightarrow ll$ (tt/W/Z)	CMS	EXO-21-018
displaced $\mu\mu$	CMS	HIG-21-004
$h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	CMS	HIG-20-002
$H \rightarrow aa, \mu\mu\tau\tau$	CMS	HIG-18-024
$H \rightarrow aa, \mu\mu + 2\text{tracks}$	CMS	HIG-18-006
$H \rightarrow aa, \mu\mu bb$	CMS	HIG-18-011
$H \rightarrow aa, \mu\mu\tau\tau$	CMS	HIG-17-024
$H \rightarrow aa, \mu\mu\tau\tau$	CMS	HIG-17-029
$bba(\mu\mu)$	CMS	HIG-15-009
VH, $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4b$	CMS	HIG-18-026
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	CMS	HIG-21-001
$H \rightarrow aa, a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	CMS	HIG-21-016
$H \rightarrow Za, a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	CMS	HIG-22-003
$H \rightarrow aa \mu\mu bb / \tau\tau bb$	CMS	HIG-22-007

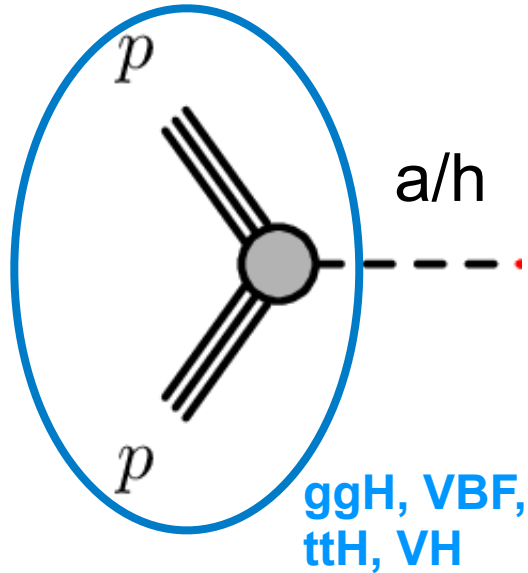
Signature	Exp.	Reference
$h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	ATLAS	HIGG-2023-12
$S \rightarrow ZdZd \rightarrow 4\text{lep}$	ATLAS	HDBS-2021-13
$H \rightarrow Za, a \rightarrow jj$	ATLAS	HDBS-2021-09
$A \rightarrow \tau\tau$	ATLAS	HDBS-2021-08
$H \rightarrow aa, bb\tau\tau$	ATLAS	HDBS-2021-07
$H \rightarrow aa, 4\gamma$	ATLAS	HDBS-2019-19
$H \rightarrow Za, a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	ATLAS	HDBS-2019-09
$tta, a \rightarrow \mu\mu$	ATLAS	HDBS-2020-12
rare decays	ATLAS	HDBS-2019-33
$H \rightarrow aa, bb\mu\mu$	ATLAS	HDBS-2021-03
$H \rightarrow \text{SUSY}$	ATLAS	HDBS-2018-07

- ❖ Exploration of low-mass BSM Higgs and exotics decays well advanced - congratulations to the experiments for the extensive effort!
- ❖ Looking forward to new ideas, Run-3 exploitation and HL-LHC

Thank you

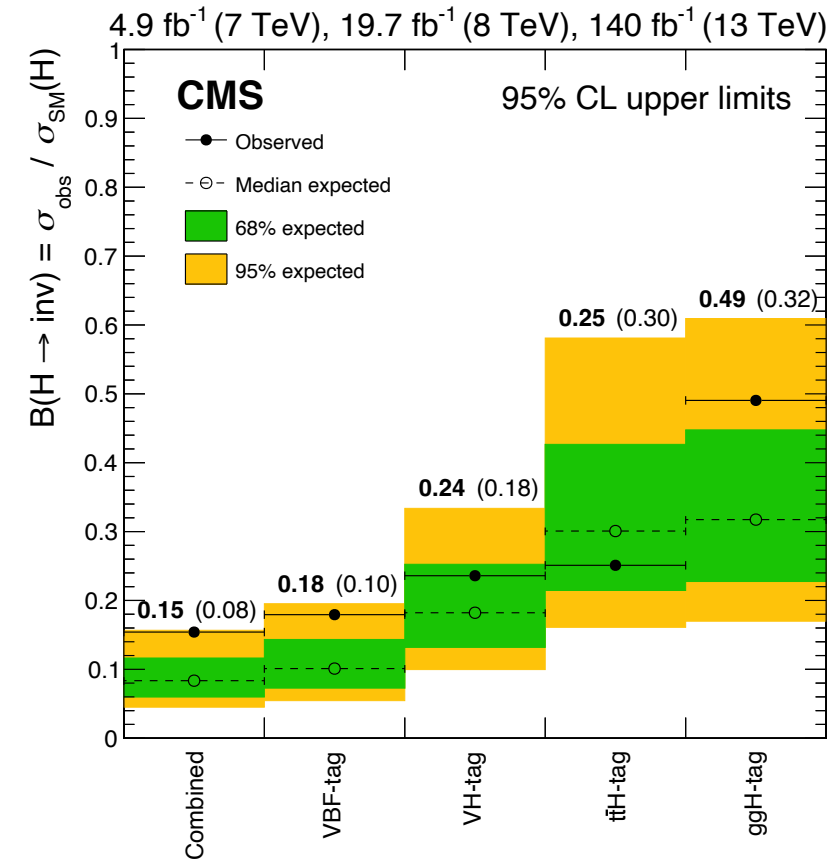
Backup slides

Single BSM higgs searches



- ❖ Great results in constraining $H \rightarrow$ invisible $< 10\text{-}15\%$
- ❖ Trigger requirements and large backgrounds are often challenging in some other final states
- ❖ Unique probe of intermediate mass regime (60-200 GeV) - synergies with data scouting and b-jet TLA (?)
- ❖ Increasing efforts in non-standard final states: Long Lived particles (LLPs) and SUSY decays -latter to be extended?

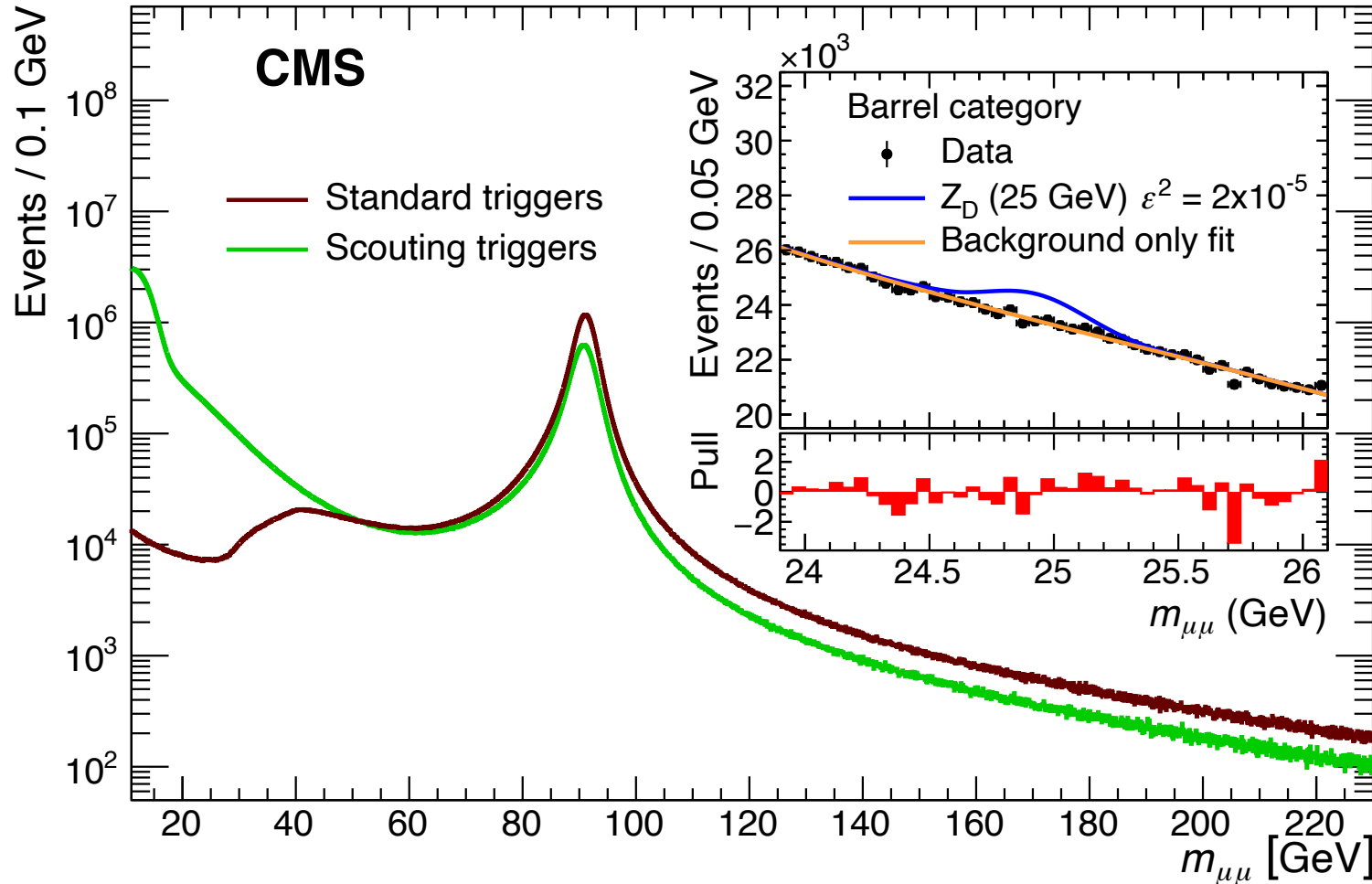
$H \rightarrow$ invisible



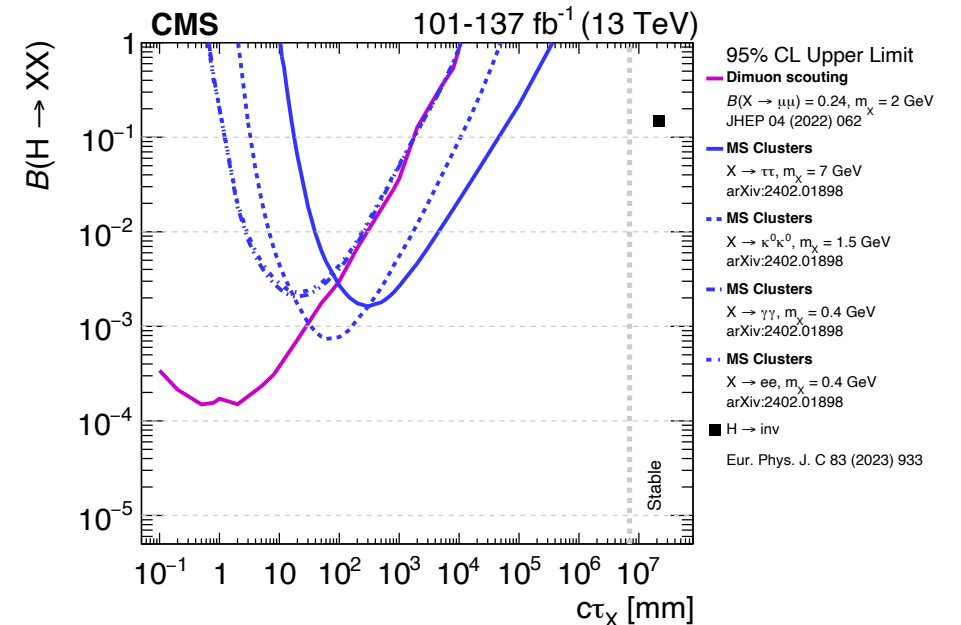
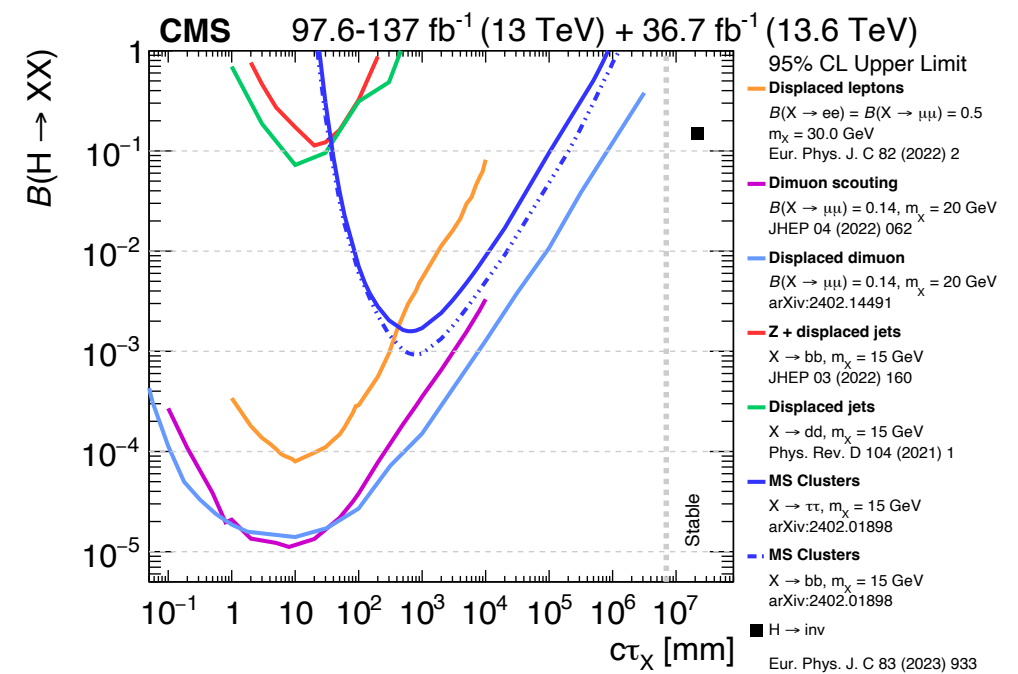
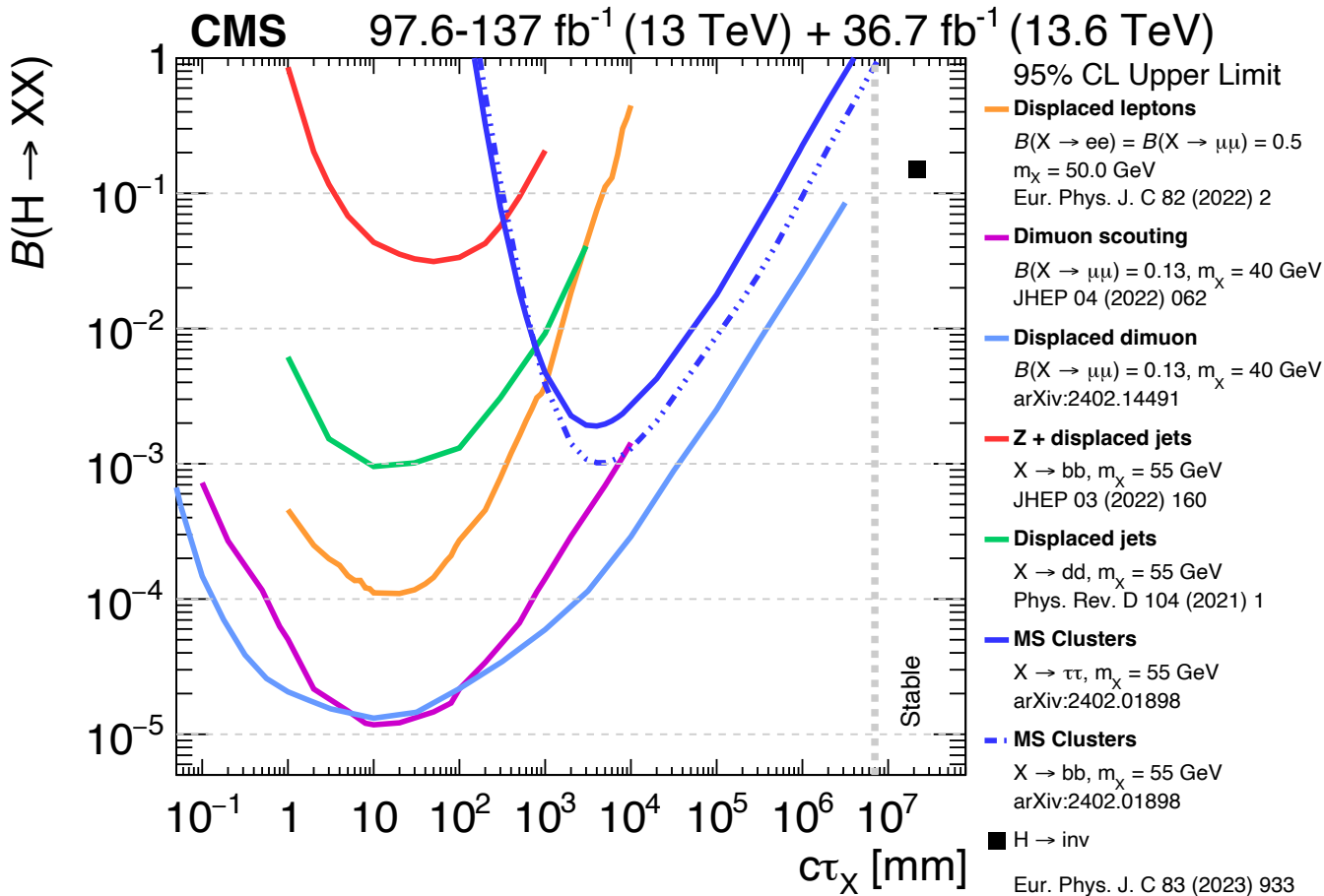
CMS: [arXiv:1809.05937](https://arxiv.org/abs/1809.05937)

ATLAS: [arXiv:2301.10731](https://arxiv.org/abs/2301.10731)

137 fb⁻¹ (standard triggers) and 96.6 fb⁻¹ (scouting triggers) (13 TeV)



LLP summary



ATLAS: [arXiv:2405.13778](https://arxiv.org/abs/2405.13778) (CMS-EXO-23-005)

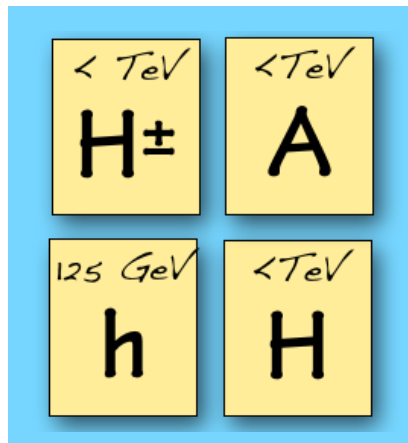


More Higgses

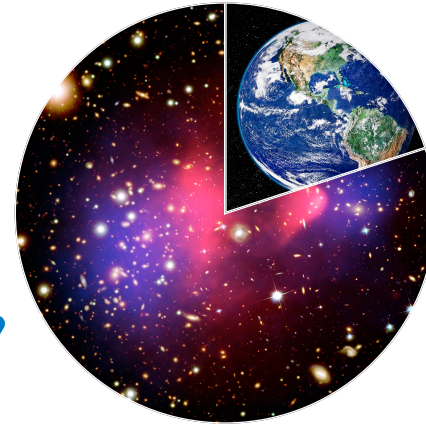
theoretical framework

EXTENDED
HIGGS
SECTORS

2HDM



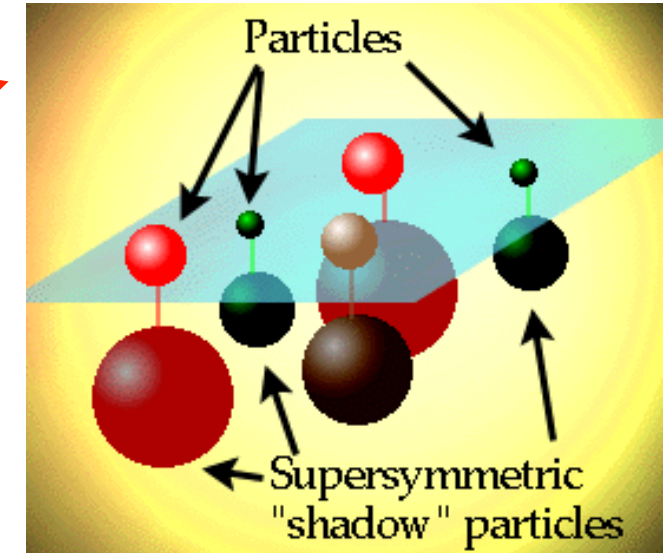
2HDM+a
Higgs Portal



DARK MATTER /
DARK SECTOR

ewkinos
NMSSM
2HDM+S
....

SUPERSYMMETRY

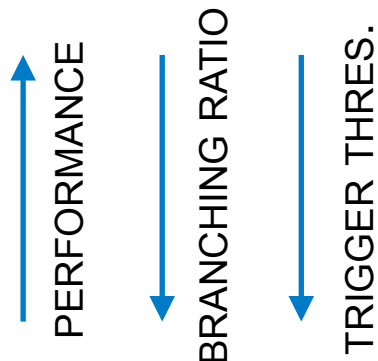


- Parameter : **mass**, **$\tan\beta$** (ratio of vev, v_2/v_1) , **α** (mixing angle between the h , H)
- **Type 1** : One doublet couples to V (fermiophobic), one to fermions
- **Type 2** : MSSM like model, one doublet couples to up-type quark, one to down-type quarks
- **Type 3** : Lepton-specific model, same coupling to quarks as Type 1 & to lepton as Type 2
- **Type 4** : Flipped model, same coupling to quarks as Type 2 & to lepton as Type 1

Key experimental ingredients

Particle identification performance

- ❖ muons
- ❖ bjets
- ❖ taus



Mass reconstruction

Background modelling

Systematic uncertainties

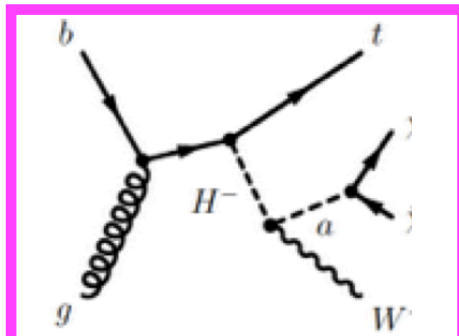
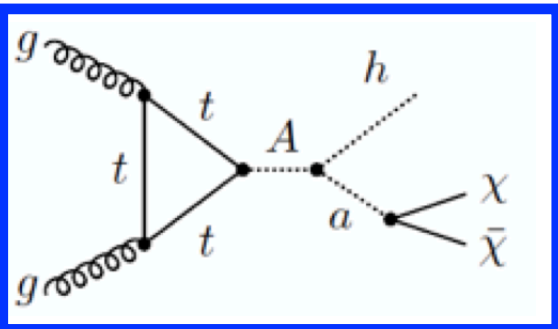
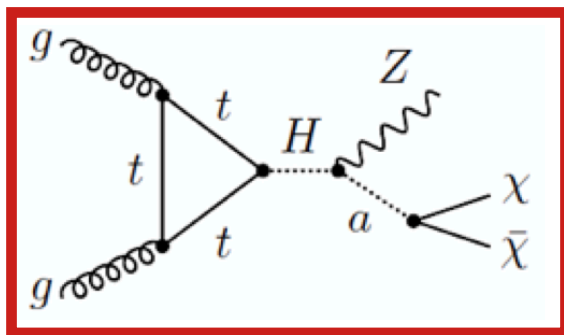
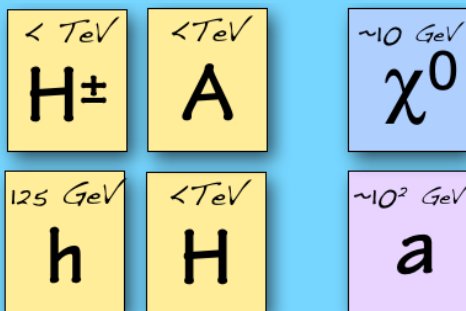
(*) Also valid for $\gamma\gamma$, but considered more in the context of ALPs

- + Rigorous blinding procedure,
- + non-discovery results interpreted as broadly as possible

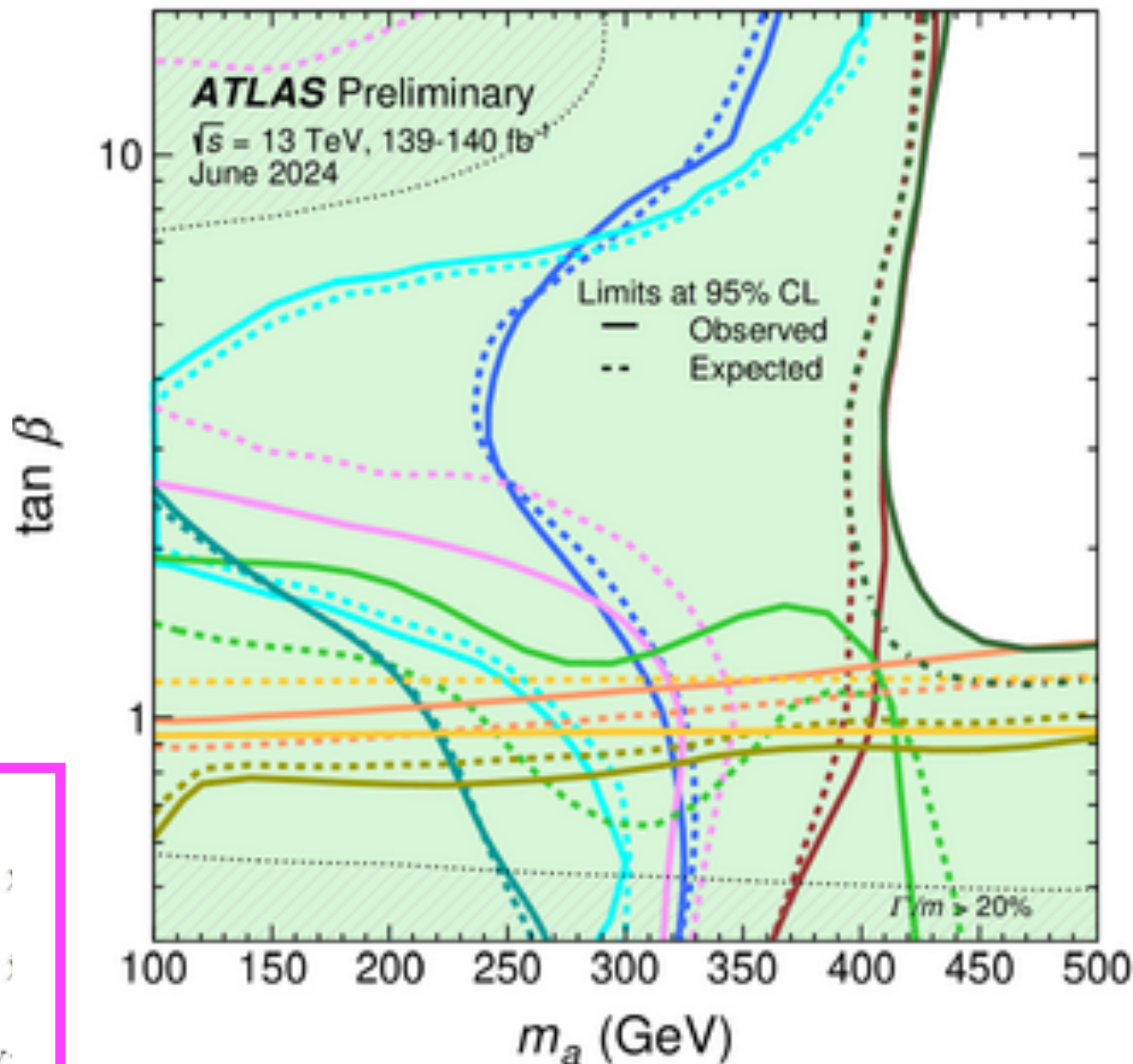
Higgs and Dark Matter

2HDM+a

2HDM DM models

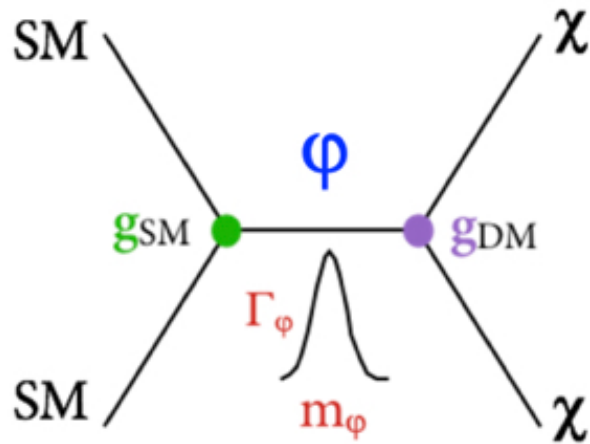


2HDM+a, Dirac DM, $\sin\theta = 0.7$, $m_Z = 10 \text{ GeV}$, $g_Z = 1$, $m_A = m_H = m_{H\pm} = 600 \text{ GeV}$



- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h(b\bar{b})$, 139 fb $^{-1}$
JHEP 11 (2021) 209
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h(\gamma\gamma)$, 139 fb $^{-1}$
JHEP 10 (2021) 13
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z(l\bar{l})$, 139 fb $^{-1}$
PLB 829 (2022) 137066
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + tW$, 139 fb $^{-1}$
EPJC 83 (2023) 603
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + j$, 139 fb $^{-1}$
PRD 103 (2021) 112006
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + V(qq')$, 140 fb $^{-1}$
arXiv:2406.01272
- $tbH^\pm(tb)$, 139 fb $^{-1}$
JHEP 06 (2021) 145
- $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$, 139 fb $^{-1}$
JHEP 07 (2023) 203
- $H/A \rightarrow t\bar{t}$, 140 fb $^{-1}$
arXiv:2404.18986
- Combination
 $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h(b\bar{b})$, $E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z(l\bar{l})$

Light Higgs bosons and Dark Matter



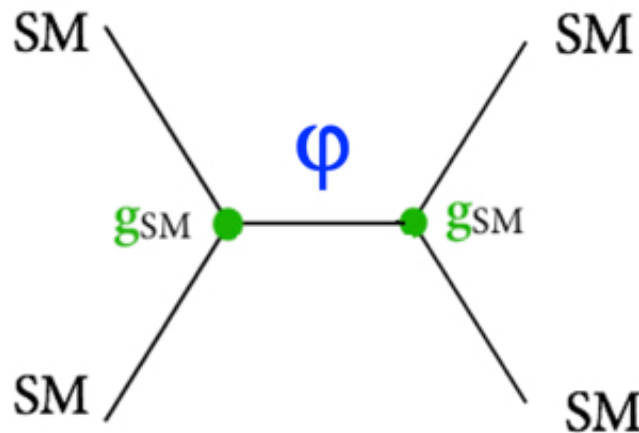
- 1) Mediated by the SM Higgs ($H \rightarrow$ invisible)
- 2) Mediated by a light scalar/pseudoscalar (simplified and somewhat simplistic model)

$$\mathcal{L} \sim \sum_f i g_v \frac{y_f}{\sqrt{2}} a \bar{f} \gamma^5 f \longrightarrow \text{Enhanced cross-section for tops and bottoms}$$

(small cross section for light quarks)

CMS: [arXiv:2405.13778](https://arxiv.org/abs/2405.13778) (EXO-2023-005)

ATLAS: [arXiv:2404.15930](https://arxiv.org/abs/2404.15930) (EXOT-2018-62)

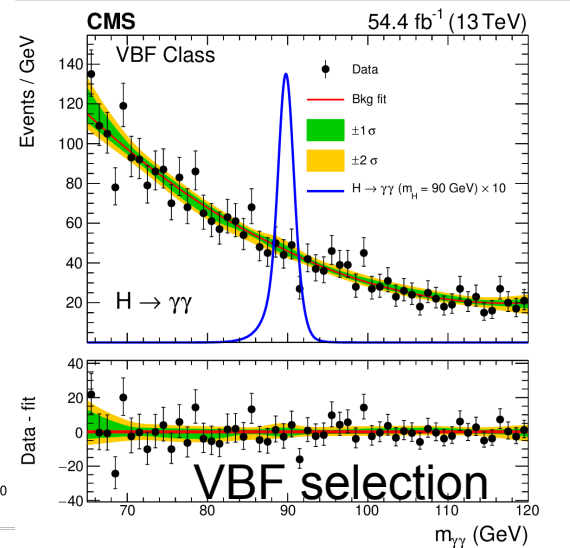
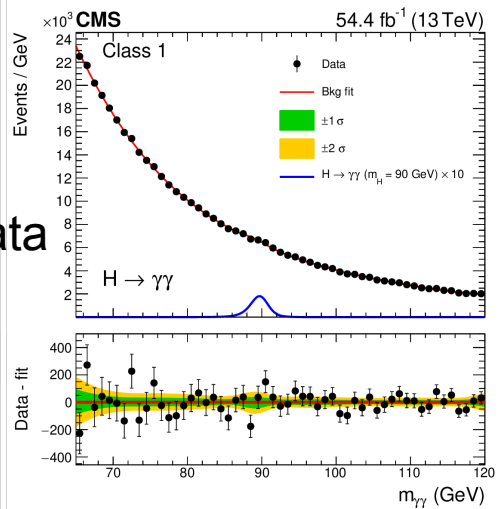
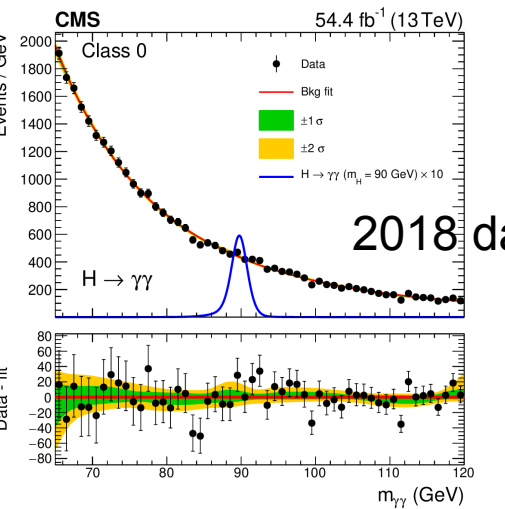
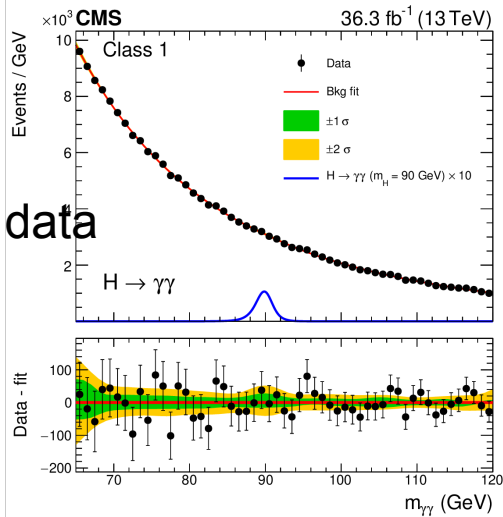
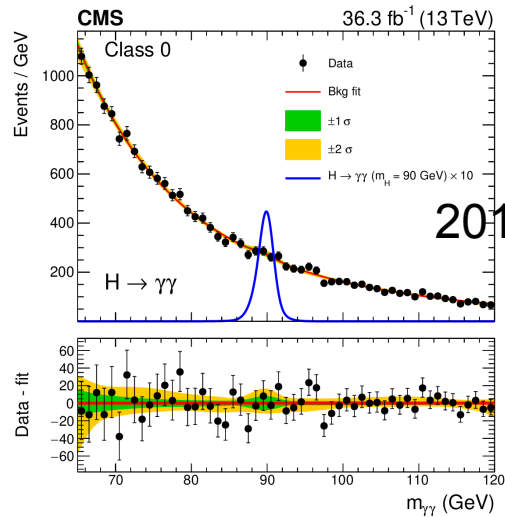


- 3) Mediated by a light scalar/pseudoscalar within an extended Higgs sector (UV complete and rich phenomenology)

Results in the next slide

Highlight #4: di-photon searches $70 < m_{\gamma\gamma} < 110$ GeV

- Complete and improved re-analysis of the entire dataset
- Events divided in various categories, VBF newly added for 2017-2018 data



CMS: arXiv:2405.18149 (HIG-20-002)