The MDT Trigger Processor upgrade for ATLAS Muons at the HL-LHC



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Motivation & Main Characteristics

The new first-level muon trigger (LOMuon) of the ATLAS experiment will be upgraded to operate in the substantially increased luminosity environment of the HL-LHC. The selectivity of the current system is limited by the moderate spatial resolution of **Resistive** Plate Chambers (RPC) and Thin Gap Chambers (TGC) trigger chambers.

- The upgrade will make use of the high-resolution tracking capabilities of the Monitored Drift Tubes (MDT).
- Improvement in the sharpness of the muon trigger efficiency turn-on curves with the new improved p_T resolution.



- 64 MDT Trigger Processor (MDT-TP) boards, one per sector: 16 sectors in phi for, 2 regions (barrel and endcap) and 2 sides.
- Each sector, side and region is divided in **3 stations**.
- The MDT-TP also provides the means to **read out the hits** on the MDT chambers. In addition to the trigger and readout, the MDT-TP is responsible for **configuring the MDT front-end electronics**.
- Fixed latency of 1.764µs in response to the incoming muon trigger candidate.





MDT-TP Hardware

Based on open-source **Apollo platform[1]**, comprised of two PCB modules:

Service Module (SM): common to all Apollo applications.

- provides **ATCA** Intelligent Platform Management Controller (**IPMC**).
- **power** entry and conditioning.
- powerful system-on-module (SoM) computer, Enclustra Mercury+.
- flexible clock and communications infrastructure.
 Command Module (CM): application-specific module,
 provides the processing FPGA.
- Optical Transceivers for communication with other ATLAS systems.

CM production:

- 4 **Demonstrators** (KU15p & ZU11EG) for technology and capabilities validation.
- 2 Prototypes (VU13P) which are currently being integrated and tested to validate the design.

Algorithm (Trigger & DAQ)

11b



Performance[2]

The MDT-TP trigger algorithm will:

- help to **reject fake SL candidates**.
- increase the momentum resolution.
- **Reduce the output rate ~50-70%** while keeping high efficiency for muons with momenta above the 20 GeV threshold.







Trigger path:

- capable of processing 3 simultaneous candidates.
- candidates received while system is busy are ignored.
- 1a. Tube Address Remapping (TAR)
- MDT hits coordinates are calculated.
- pipelined waiting for the candidate to arrive.

1b. Muon Candidate Manager (UCM)

- sorts the candidates from the Sector Logic (SL).
- manages the multithreaded architecture.
- **processes** the candidates to obtain the track angle and crossing position at each MDT station from the **SL RPC/TGC** seeds.
- 2. Hit Processor (HP):
- Filters the MDT hits in space and time using the candidate information to define the boundaries of the filters.
- The valid hits are then processed to obtain their drift radius
- Calculates local position of the tube respect the ROI window origin.
- 3. Segment Finder (SF):
- calculates the segment at each station.

×		
X		
RPC Z hits from sector logic	fitted line	center chamber intersection points





Status of Developments

Firmware

- All firmware blocks are developed and being debugged, tested and validated.
- Validation done with VHDL testbench & cocoTB framework.
- Continuous integration of Firmware is implemented using Hog (HDL-on-Git)[3].



DCS LOMDT

(OPC- UA Server) RC L0MDT & MDT

(OPC Server)

Monitoring Server

- sends the position and angle to the momentum estimation block.
- Two different implementations are available with different algorithms: Legendre Transform SF (CSF) and Compact SF (CSF).
 4. p_T estimator:
- t 4
- muon track segments are combined to obtain the track momentum.
- Two algorithms used depending on number of available segments: when 3 segments Sagitta

- algorithm and when **2 segments the deflection angle**.
 - DAQ Level-0/1 Accept module:
 - parametrizable and flexible concurrent timestamp-based
- data selection and packet formatting.
- For each station of the MDT-TP project it is configured with 1 data stream, 4 output links, and 32 simultaneous searches.

- Algorithm resources are within parameters.
- Progress to complete integration of FW blocks and meet timing.
- Integrating control & monitoring blocks, including fast monitoring system, to spy the internal buses and perform playback tests.

Hardware

- Prototype being tested, including optical links, SM-CM C2C, etc.
- Integration with others systems in progress.

Software on Service Module SoM

- L0 MDT services as core of board operations, control and monitoring is being developed.
- Core elements in place to help testing.
- Integration of external systems as Run Control & DCS in progress.

First FELIX computers with Phase 2 FELIX [4] prototypes cards expected soon to start integration.

CM

BUTool

interface

IPMC

Interface

Test stands at institutes and CERN ready and working.

References:

[1] https://apollo-lhc.gitlab.io/[2] https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/LOMuonTriggerPublicResults

[3] https://hog.readthedocs.io/[4] https://atlas-project-felix.web.cern.ch

10mdt

service

Data

Base

