

## RATIONAL FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER

R. Garoby  
J. Schipper

### 1. Function

This NIM-module is an RF-synthesizer for the ferrite cavities of the PS, developed for the ACOL  $\bar{p}$  production beam.

### 2. Specifications

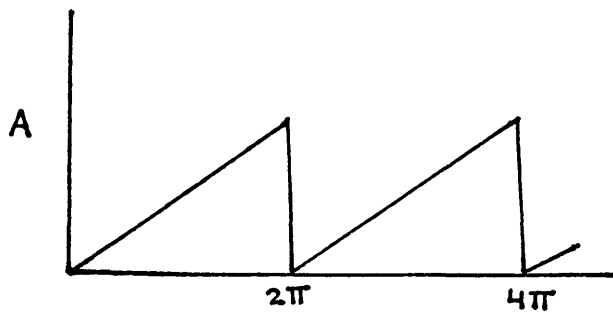
- 4 TTL/50  $\Omega$  outputs with a frequency equal to  $F_{out} = f\text{-clock} \frac{F}{2^{23}}$   
F = digital frequency word (TTL levels)
- Fast frequency change ( $\approx 1 \mu\text{s}$ ) without phase discontinuity.
- Possibility to synchronize the output with "F-rev" (reference pulse train), after a "start synchro" pulse has been given.
- Clock frequency 2 to 30 MHz  
Output frequency 0.1 to 5 MHz.

### 3. Description

The input word F consists of 25 bits (25-gnd, 23-N.C.), bits 1-22 form the data (TTL levels - 470  $\Omega$  pull-up resistors). Bit 24 is used to latch the data, this latching is synchronized with the internal clock system.

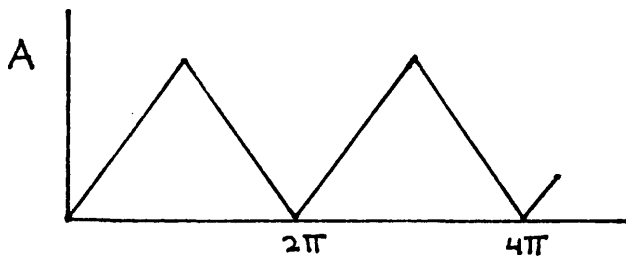
These TTL levels are translated in ECL. The resulting digital word is then used as the input of a digital integrator, clocked by the external "clock" signal.

For a constant input word, the result is a linearly increasing digital word at the output of the 24 bits adder. Since the adder output regularly overflows, seen in an analog form, it looks almost like a sawtooth. In order to decrease the amplitudes of the harmonics the sawtooth is then transformed into a triangle.



Fourier function sawtooth

$$f(t) = \frac{A}{2} - \frac{A}{\pi} \left( \sin \omega t + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\omega t + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3\omega t + \dots \right)$$



Fourier function triangle

$$f(t) = \frac{A}{2} - \frac{4A}{\pi^2} \left( \cos \omega t + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos 3\omega t + \frac{1}{5^2} \cos 5\omega t + \dots \right)$$

After being latched, the digital word will be converted into an analog signal, followed by a low pass filter (5 MHz), shaping and distribution system (TTL level/50Ω).

There is also the possibility to synchronize the output with an external frequency (F-rev. input) after a "start synchro" pulse has been given (IC7, IC10, IC26).

That is obtained by resetting the adder output latches in synchronism with the external reference.

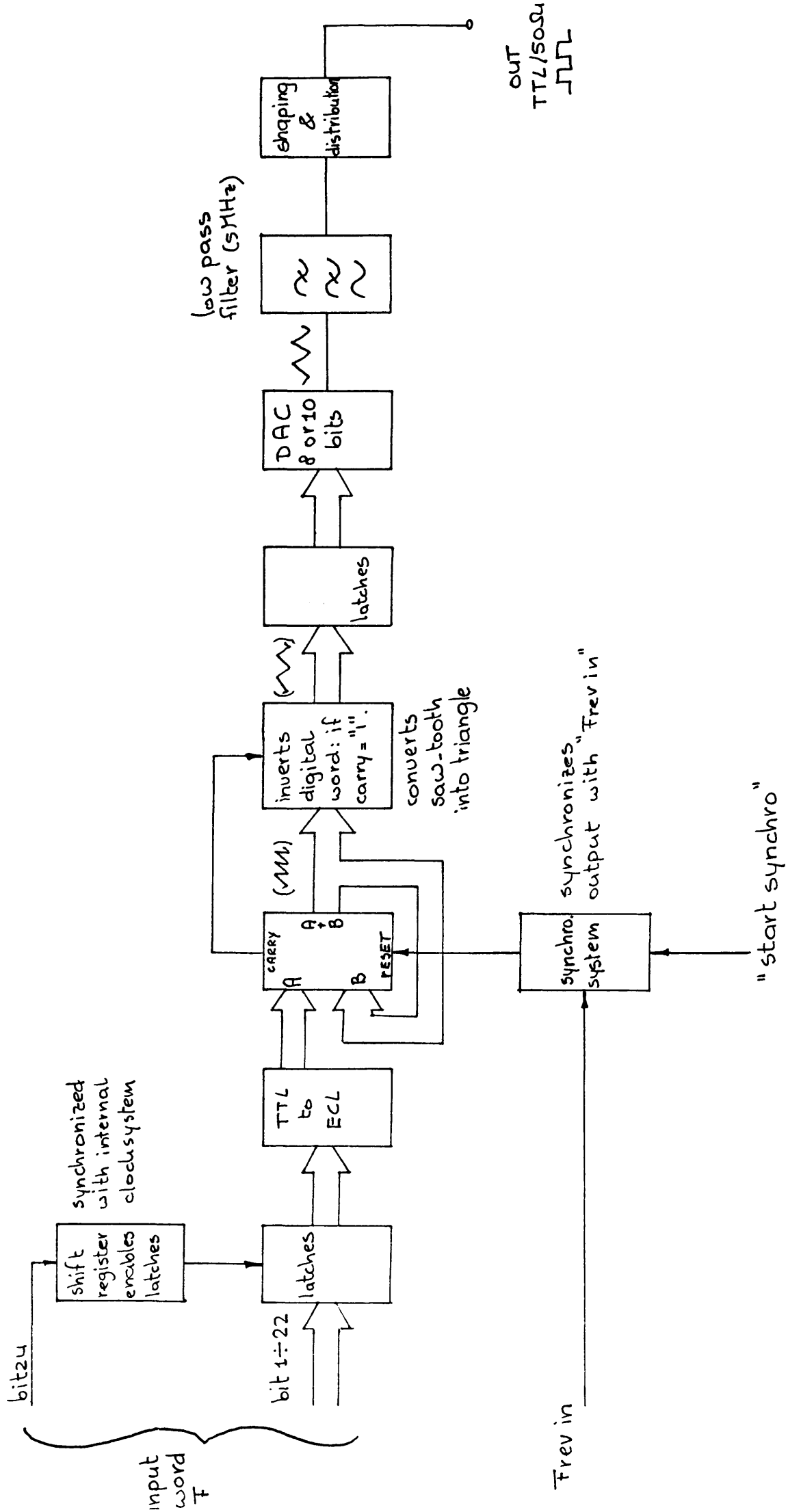
8 bit RFM - PS/RF-LL2012/2-2 (Reference number)

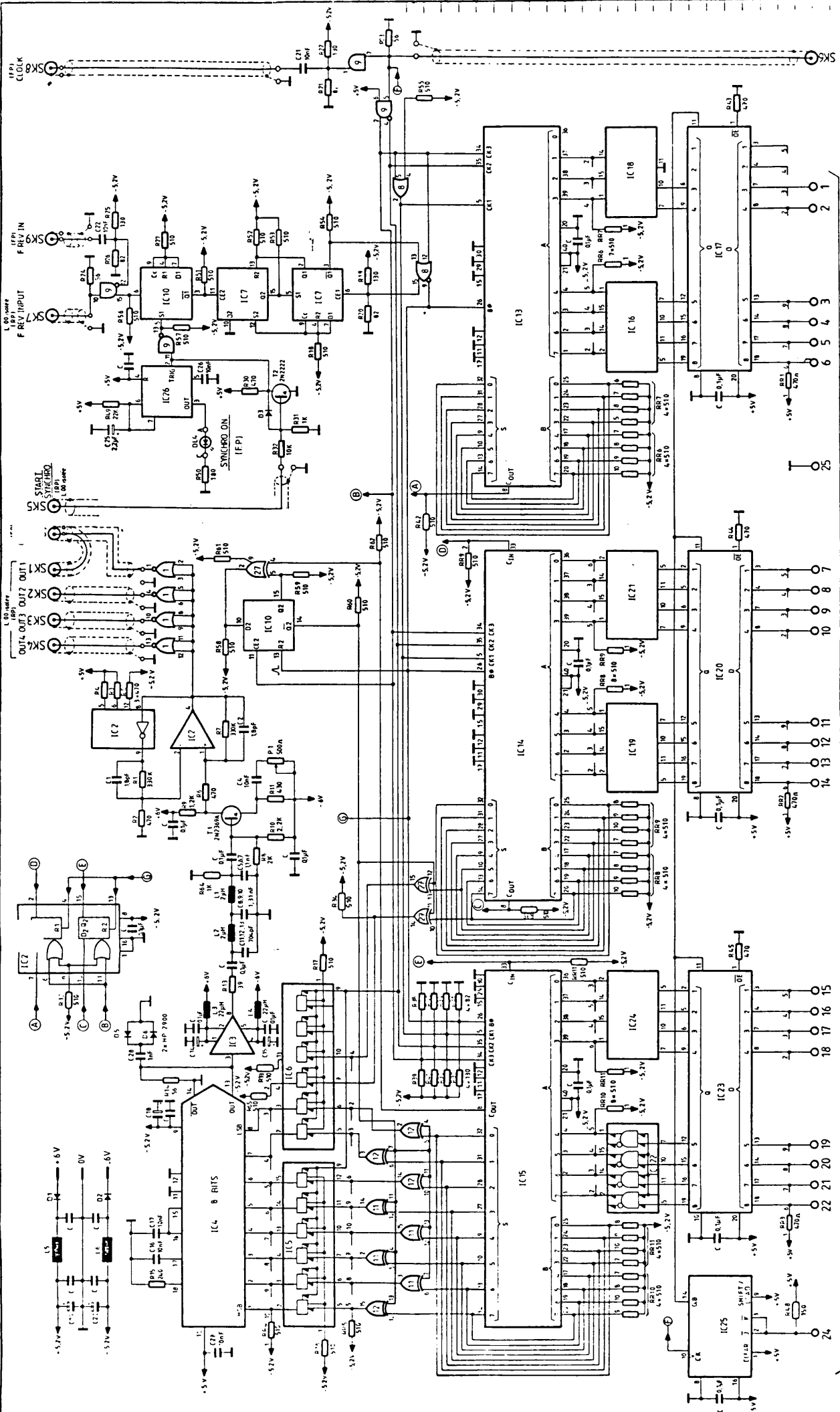
10 bit RFM - PS/RF-LL2018/2-2 (Reference number).

References

1. SPS/ARF, Note on SPS 6022 Frequency synthesizer, 1975, handwritten note.
2. "Direct Digital Frequency Synthesis", Rodger H. Horking (Rockland) and H.W. Cooper, Electronic Design 15, July 19, p. 17, 1974.
3. "Frequency Synthesis: Techniques and Applications", Jersky, Gorski and Popiel, IEEE Press, p. 25, 1975.

RFM\_block diagram.





**RESISTORS**  
 R1-R65 AR7AW 5%  
 R66-R68 Do not resist  
 R69-R71 Ferritebe  
 R72-R73 Do not resist

**CAPACITORS**  
 C1-C15 C18-C25 (étroite)  
 C16-C17 C19-C22 (large)  
 C23-C24 C26 Do not resist  
 C27-C28 Do not resist

**IC LIST**  
 - IC1  
 - IC2  
 - IC3  
 - IC4  
 - IC5  
 - IC6  
 - IC7  
 - IC8  
 - IC9  
 - IC10  
 - IC11  
 - IC12  
 - IC13  
 - IC14  
 - IC15  
 - IC16  
 - IC17  
 - IC18  
 - IC19  
 - IC20  
 - IC21  
 - IC22  
 - IC23  
 - IC24  
 - IC25

**SELES**  
 S1-S12 Non standard  
 S13-S14 Philips 07 91 13 2540  
 S15-S16 Ferritebe

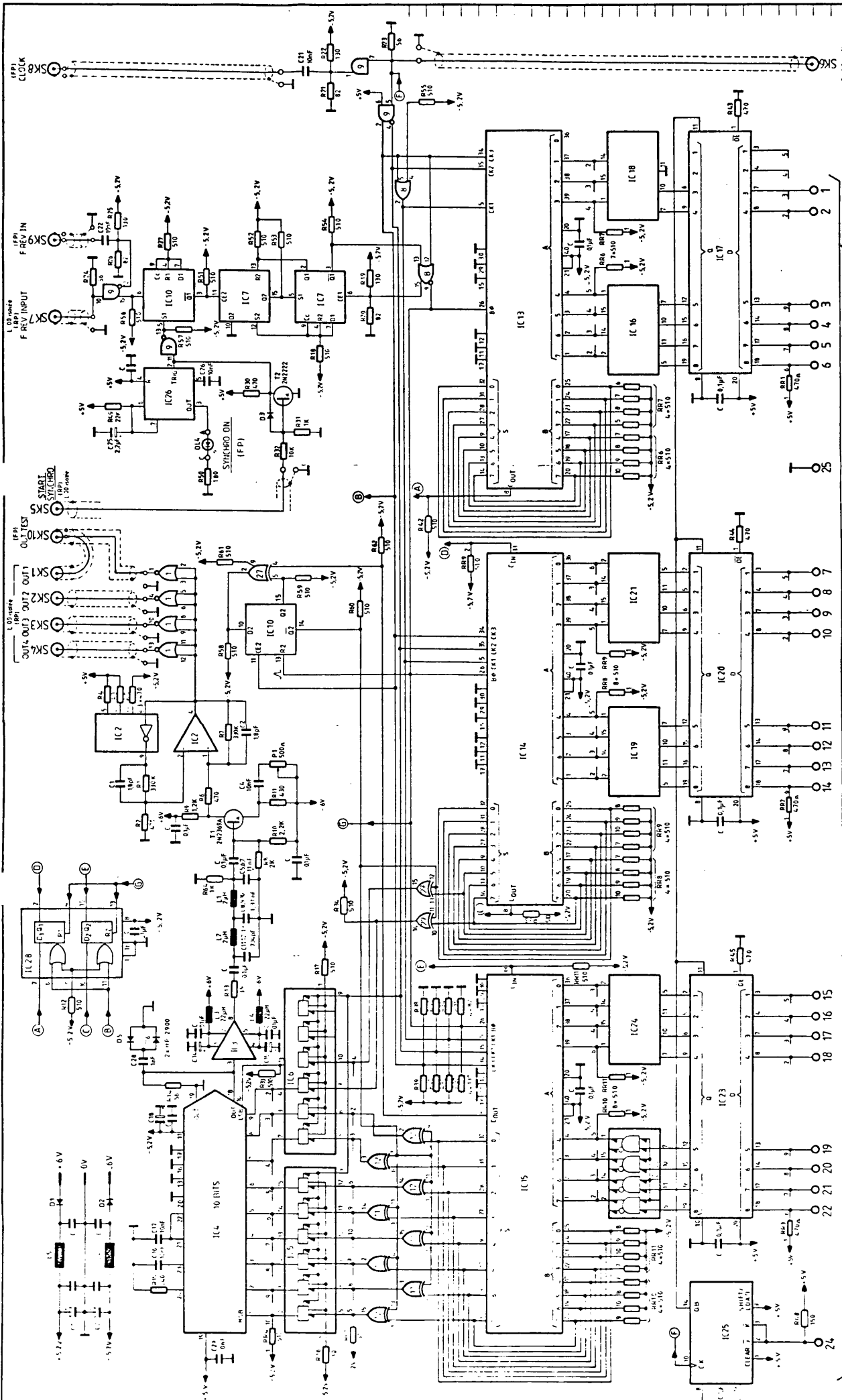
**DIAGRAM**  
 (J6477)  
 IC 02124  
 IC 02124  
 IC 02124

**REPLACEMENT PARTS**  
 DESSEINE L01201 JP  
 CONTROLER  
 REMPLACE PAR  
 REDUCTION

**NOTICE**  
 DATE NOM ZONE MODIFICATION

**ORGANISATION EUROPEENNE POUR LA RECHERCHE NUCLEAIRE**  
 EUROPEAN ORGANIZATION FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH  
 CERN - DIV  
 CARLINS DIAGRAM  
 RATIONAL FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER 8 BITS  
 S81-S83 LEFMO #8 08.44.11.110.0  
 S84-S85 LEFMO #8 08.44.11.110.4  
 S86-S88 LEFMO #8 09.21.22.000.2  
 S89 LEFMO #8 09.21.22.000.2

**PS/RF-LL 2012/2 - 2**



**RESISTORS**  
 R1-R6: AB T1AW 5%  
 R6: R4-P43: Do not resist  
 R11-R17: METROFORM

**CAPACITORS**  
 C1-C10: C1-C10: Ceram  
 C11-C13: C11-C13: Mica  
 C14-C15: C14-C15: Tantal  
 C16-C17: C16-C17: Do not resist

**IC LIST:**  
 - IC1 : SN74128  
 - IC2 : MC221  
 - IC3 : LM0014  
 - IC4 : SP7908  
 - IC5 : MC10186  
 - IC6 : MC10193  
 - IC7 : MC10194  
 - IC8 : MC10195  
 - IC9 : MC10196  
 - IC10 : MC10197  
 - IC11 : MC10198  
 - IC12 : MC10199  
 - IC13 : MC10200  
 - IC14 : MC10201  
 - IC15 : MC10202  
 - IC16 : MC10203  
 - IC17 : MC10204  
 - IC18 : MC10205  
 - IC19 : MC10206  
 - IC20 : MC10207  
 - IC21 : MC10208  
 - IC22 : MC10209  
 - IC23 : MC10210  
 - IC24 : MC10211  
 - IC25 : MC10212

**DIG FRQO WORD SK11**  
 Gen. 29p from MESS5

**SELES**  
 IC24 : L1, L2 : Non standard  
 L3, L4 : Philips 07 9179 2548  
 L5, L6 : Ferritecore

**REPLACEMENT PARTS**  
 SK1-SK7 : LEMO 00 08-44-11-110-0  
 SK8-SK10 : LEMO 00 09-44-11-100-4  
 SK11 : Cannon 25p 1 09-21-22-098-2

**REVISIONS**  
 DESIGNE Lambert JP 11/70/184  
 CONTROL  
 REMPLACE JYAF-7124-7-62  
 REMPLACE PAR  
 REDUCTION

**ORGANISATION EUROPEENNE POUR LA RECHERCHE NUCLEAIRE**  
 EUROPEAN ORGANIZATION FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH  
 CERN-DIV 2

**PS/RF-LL2018/2-2**

**RATIONAL FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER 10 BITS**  
 CABLING DIAGRAM

**DATE** / **MODIFICATION** / **FORM**