

Exploring the QCD color charge dependence of jet quenching with photon+jet events in ATLAS

Street, Dresden by **Kirchner**



Christopher McGinn

Hard Probes, Aschaffenburg

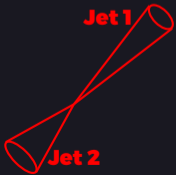
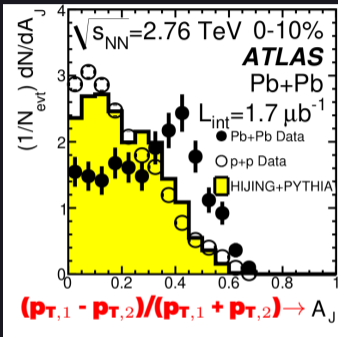
29 March 2023

**University
Colorado
Boulder**



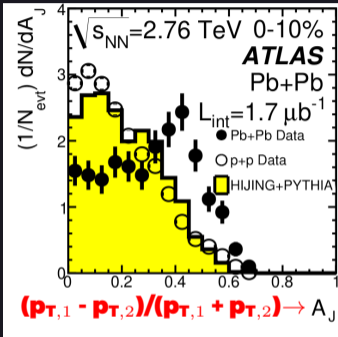
Jet Measurements in QGP

PRL 105 (2010) 252303

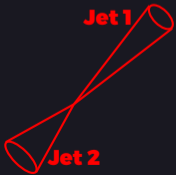
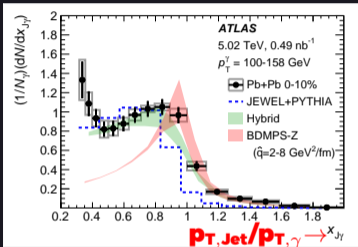


Jet Measurements in QGP

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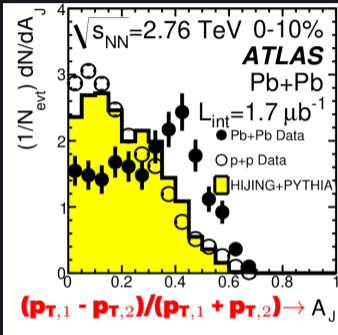


PLB 789 (2019) 167

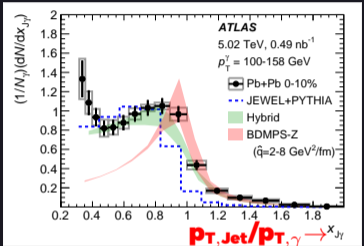


Jet Measurements in QGP

PRL 105 (2010) 252303

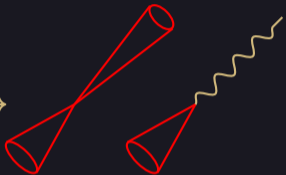
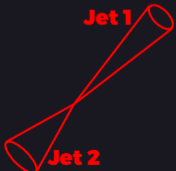


PLB 789 (2019) 167



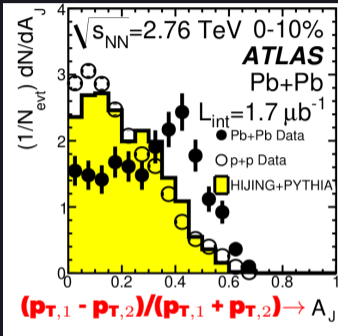
Today

1. Compare R_{AA} 's

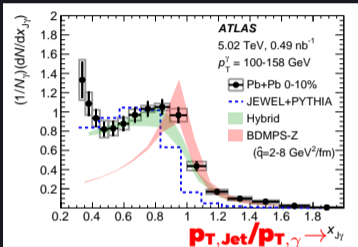


Jet Measurements in QGP

PRL 105 (2010) 252303

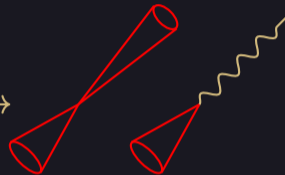


PLB 789 (2019) 167

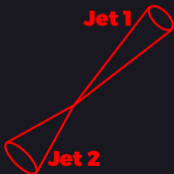
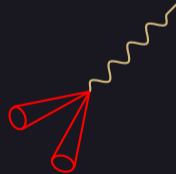


Today

1. Compare R_{AA} 's

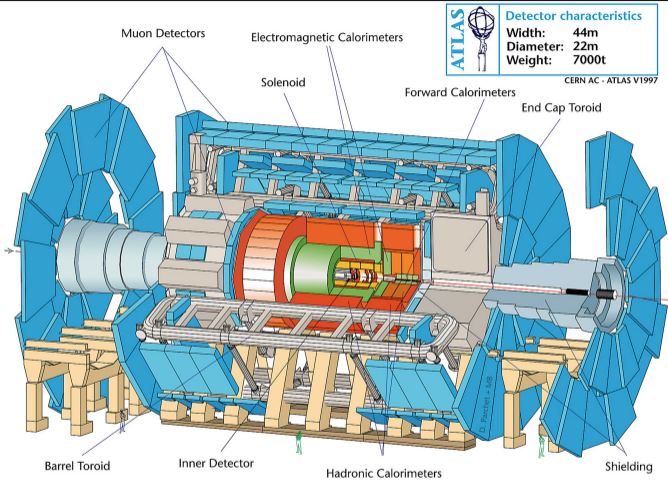


2. $\gamma + 2 \text{ jets} + X$



ATLAS Detector and Data

Via CDS

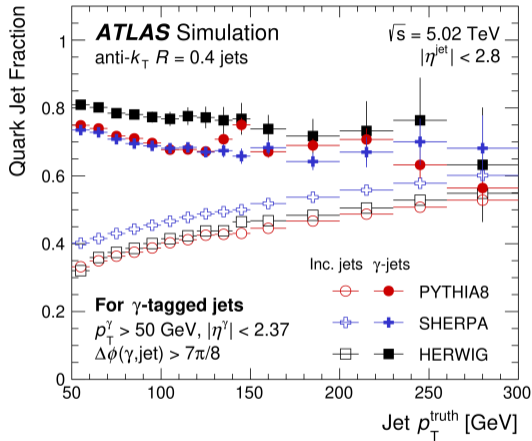


$p\ p$
 pp collected in 2017
 260 pb^{-1} int. lumi.

$Pb\ Pb$
 Pb+Pb collected in 2018
 1.72 nb^{-1} int. lumi.

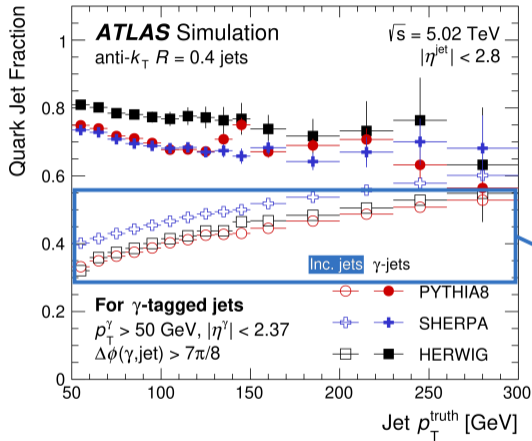
- **Jets are reconstructed w/ EMCal and HCal**
- **Photons are reconstructed w/ EMCal**
- **Centrality (nuclear overlap) is determined by FCal**

Motivating γ -tagged R_{AA}

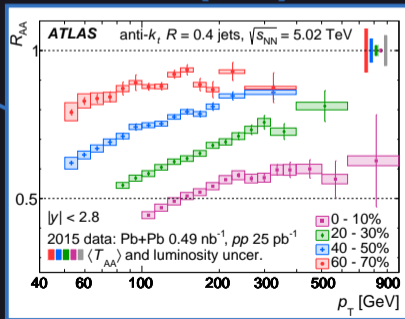


Submitted PLB

Motivating γ -tagged R_{AA}

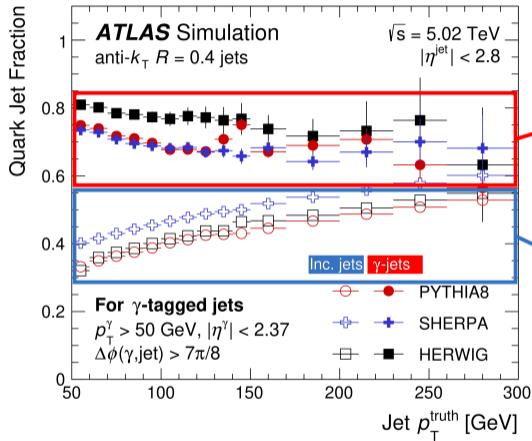


PLB 790 (2019) 180



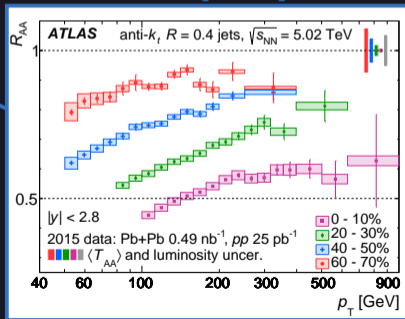
Submitted PLB

Motivating γ -tagged R_{AA}



Can we make a comparable measurement and observe q/g flavor dependence?

PLB 790 (2019) 180



Submitted PLB

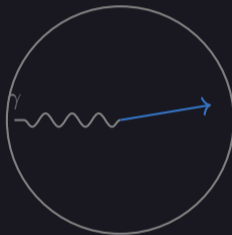
Measuring γ -tagged Jet Spectra

At least one γ :



1. $p_T^\gamma > 50 \text{ GeV}$
2. $|\eta| < 1.37$ OR $1.52 < |\eta| < 2.37$
3. Passes Tight ID
4. Isolation $< 3.0 \text{ GeV}$

R=0.4 jets with:



1. $p_T > 50 \text{ GeV}$
2. $|\eta_{\text{Jet}}| < 2.8$
3. $\Delta\phi_{\gamma, \text{Jet}} > 7\pi/8$

Construct Raw Distributions

Subtract Mixed Event

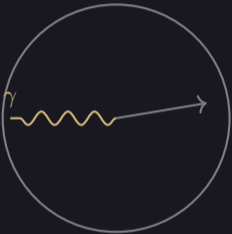
Apply Purity Correction

Unfold For Detector Effects

Final Results

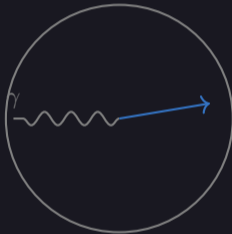
Measuring γ -tagged Jet Spectra

At least one γ :



1. $p_T^\gamma > 50$ GeV
2. $|\eta| < 1.37$ OR $1.52 < |\eta| < 2.37$
3. Passes Tight ID
4. Isolation < 3.0 GeV

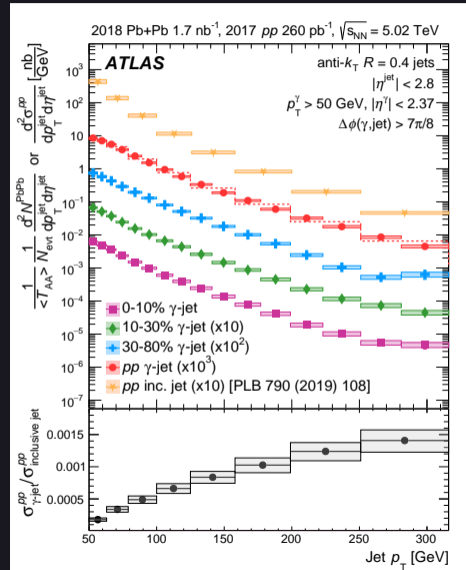
R=0.4 jets with:



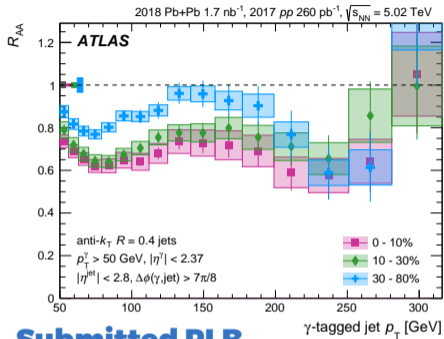
1. $p_T > 50$ GeV
2. $|\eta_{\text{Jet}}| < 2.8$
3. $\Delta\phi_{\gamma, \text{Jet}} > 7\pi/8$

Submitted PLB

Christopher McGinn

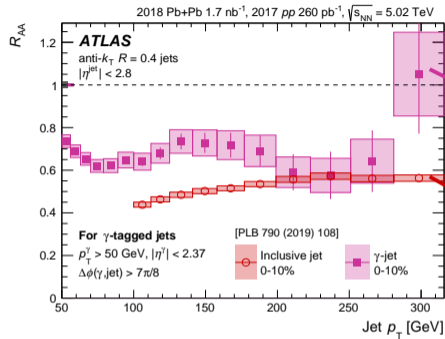


γ -tagged R_{AA}



Submitted PLB

γ -tagged R_{AA}

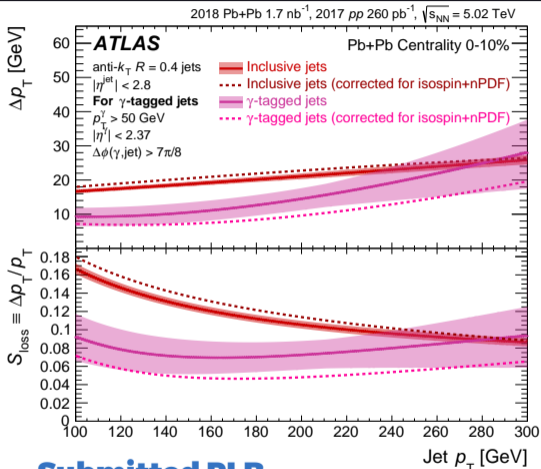


Comparison with inclusive jets

- Observe centrality ordered suppression (left), 0-10% most suppressed
- 0-10% γ -tagged jet $R_{AA} >$ inclusive jet R_{AA} ! (right)
- Quark v. Gluon medium interactions one possible explanation
 - Slope of spectra in pp differ enough to cause a 10% effect
 - Isospin and nPDF effects cause another 10% but opposite in sign

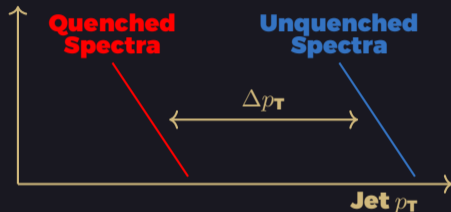


Estimating per-Jet Energy Loss



Δp_T and S_{Loss} calculation

Following PHENIX PRC 93 024911 (2016):
 Calculate per-jet energy loss from spectral
 shift needed to produce observed R_{AA} , i.e.



Remove spectral shape, isospin and nPDF
 effects for fair comparison between inclusive
 and γ -tagged jets

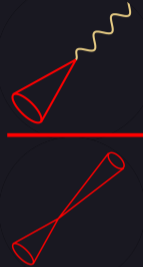
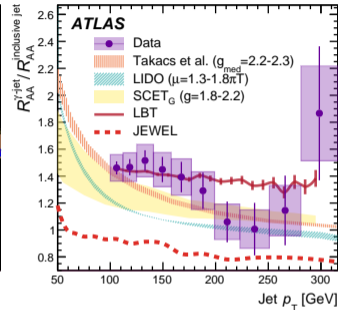
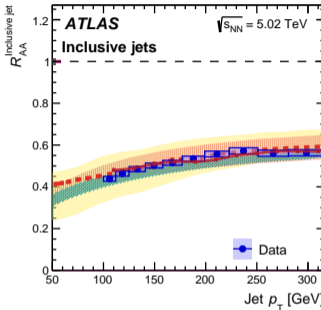
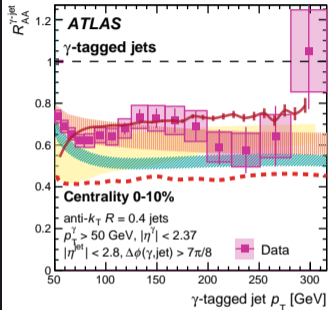
See also Dr. Maya Shimomura's talk for
 application in PHENIX w/ pions

Comparisons with Theory

γ -tagged jet R_{AA}

Inclusive jet R_{AA}

Ratio

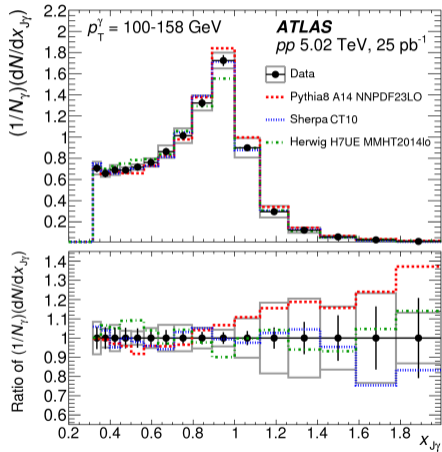


Submitted PLB

- All calculations describe inclusive jet R_{AA} well
- Most calculations tend to undershoot data for γ -tagged jet R_{AA}
- Data shows the ratio of the two R_{AA} above 1 everywhere
 - Theory replicates this qualitatively, but quantitative discrepancies exist

Motivating γ +multijet

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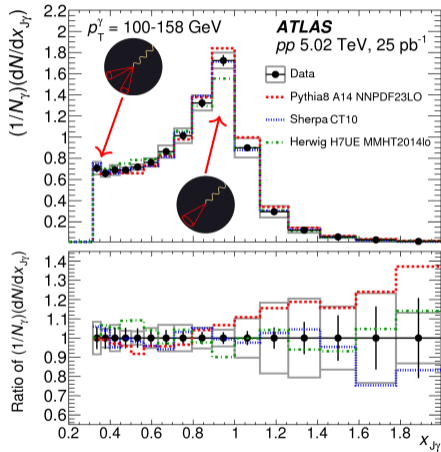


γ -jet balance in pp

Motivating γ +multijet

Phys. Lett. B 789 (2019) 167

- pp measurements of $x_{J\gamma}$ are a combination of γ + single and multijet

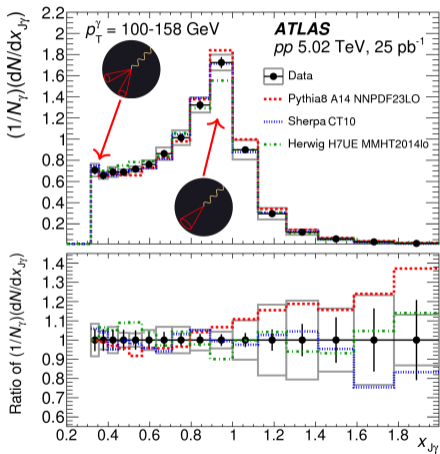


γ -jet balance in pp

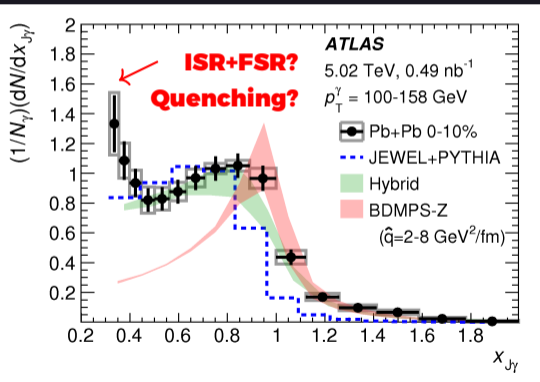
Motivating γ +multijet

Phys. Lett. B 789 (2019) 167

- pp measurements of $x_{J\gamma}$ are a combination of γ + single and multijet
- In Pb+Pb, this is convoluted w/ quenching
 - Can we disentangle w/ data?



γ -jet balance in pp

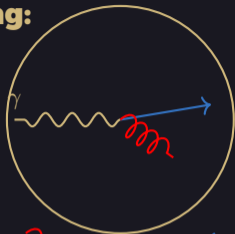


γ -jet balance in Pb+Pb

Multijet Observables

We are Studying:

Photon
with



jet-pair
balancing

$$x_{JJ\gamma} = (\vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2)_T / p_T^\gamma$$



- $x_{JJ\gamma}$ - reduced impact of ISR/FSR on γ +jet balance

Multijet Observables

We are Studying:

Photon
with



jet-pair
balancing

$$\mathbf{x}_{JJ\gamma} = (\vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2)_T / p_T^\gamma$$

$$\Delta R_{JJ} = \sqrt{\Delta\phi_{1,2}^2 + \Delta\eta_{1,2}^2}$$



- $\mathbf{x}_{JJ\gamma}$ - reduced impact of ISR/FSR on γ +jet balance
- ΔR_{JJ} - medium resolution of multiple color charges

Multijet Observables

We are Studying:

Photon
with



jet-pair
balancing



$$\mathbf{x}_{JJ\gamma} = (\vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2)_T / p_T^\gamma$$

$$\Delta R_{JJ} = \sqrt{\Delta\phi_{1,2}^2 + \Delta\eta_{1,2}^2}$$

$$\mathbf{A}_{JJ\gamma} = (\mathbf{p}_{T,1} - \mathbf{p}_{T,2}) / p_T^\gamma$$

- $\mathbf{x}_{JJ\gamma}$ - reduced impact of ISR/FSR on γ +jet balance
- ΔR_{JJ} - medium resolution of multiple color charges
- $\mathbf{A}_{JJ\gamma}$ - sensitive to color-charge differences in q/g

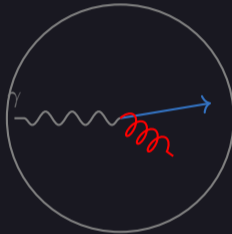
Measuring γ +multijet

At least one γ :



1. $90 < p_T^\gamma < 180$ GeV
2. $|\eta| < 1.37$ OR $1.52 < |\eta| < 2.37$
3. Passes Tight ID
4. Isolation < 3.0 GeV

**At least two
R=0.2 jets with:**



1. $p_T > 30$ GeV
2. $|\eta_{\text{Jet}}| < 2.8$
3. $\Delta\phi_{\gamma, \text{Jet}} > \pi/2$
4. $\Delta R_{JJ} > 0.4$
5. $\Delta\phi_{JJ-\gamma} > 7\pi/8$

Construct Raw Distributions

Subtract Mixed Event

**Modified for
multijet**

Apply Purity Correction

Unfold For Detector Effects

Final Results

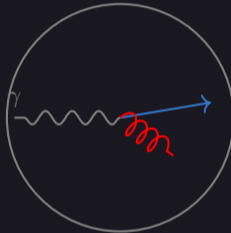
Measuring γ +multijet

At least one γ :

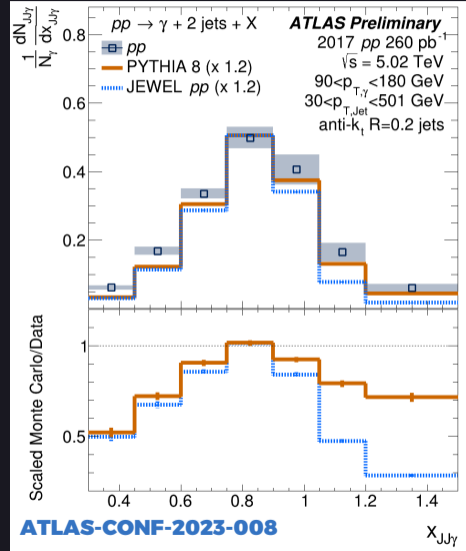


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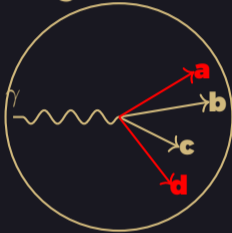
1. $p_T > 30$ GeV
2. $|\eta_{\text{Jet}}| < 2.8$
3. $\Delta\phi_{\gamma, \text{Jet}} > \pi/2$
4. $\Delta R_{\text{JJ}} > 0.4$
5. $\Delta\phi_{\text{JJ}\gamma} > 7\pi/8$



Multi-jet Mixed Event (I)

Mixed event subtracts off background contributions (red)

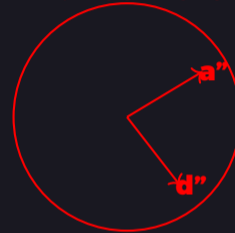
Signal Event



Min. Bias Event 1



Min. Bias Event 2

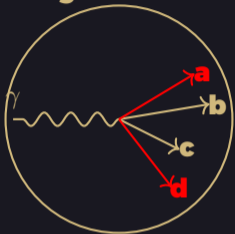


- **2 Min. Bias Events are needed per signal (minimum)**
- **Min. Bias chosen by matching global characteristics in signal:**
 - **Centrality matching (1% width bins)**
 - **Ψ_2 , or Event-plane ϕ , (8 bins)**

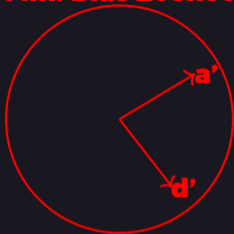
Multi-jet Mixed Event (II)

Using our example signal event, raw contributions are:

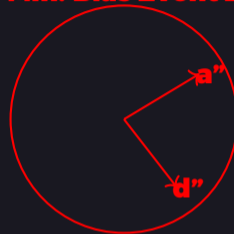
Signal Event



Min. Bias Event 1



Min. Bias Event 2



1. Signal

- $b+c$

2. Signal with Background

- $a+b$
- $a+c$
- $d+b$
- $d+c$

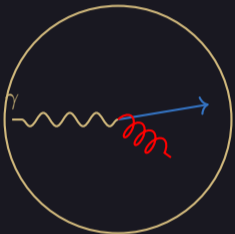
3. Pure Background

- $a+d$

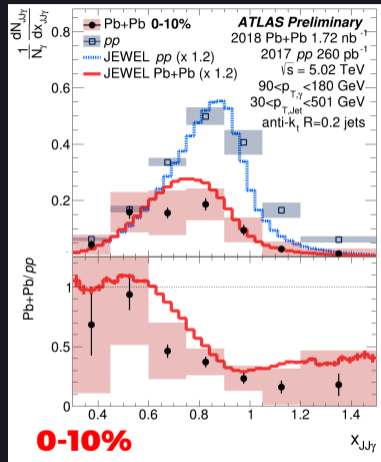
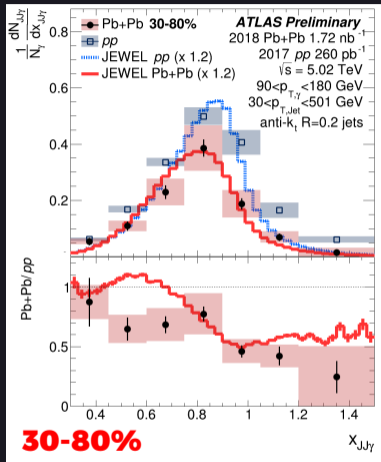
Step-by-step walkthrough
of mixing jet algo.
in backup [here](#)

Results $X_{JJ\gamma}$

ATLAS-CONF-2023-008



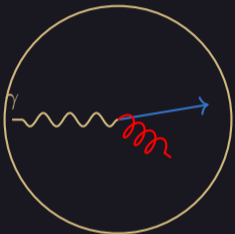
$$X_{JJ\gamma} = (\vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2)_T / p_T^\gamma$$



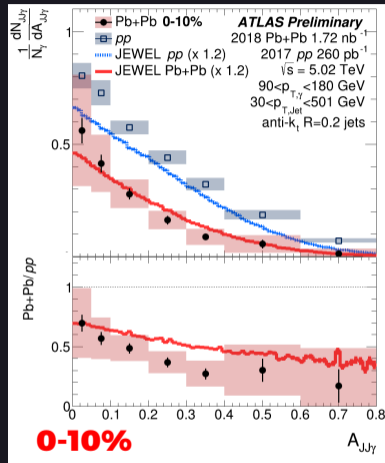
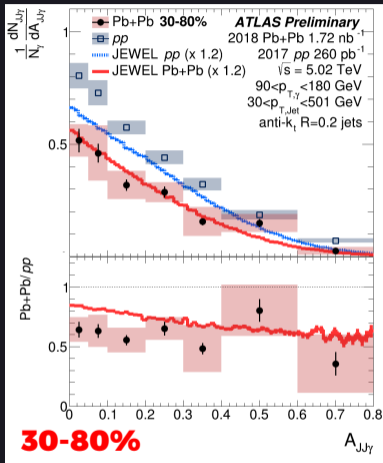
- **Monotonic increase in overall suppression as centrality \rightarrow 0%**
- **Peak shifts left in Pb+Pb as centrality \rightarrow 0%**

Results $A_{JJ\gamma}$

ATLAS-CONF-2023-008



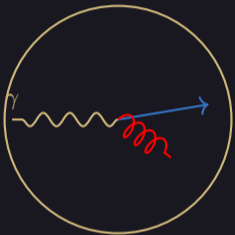
$$A_{JJ\gamma} = (\mathbf{p}_{T,1} - \mathbf{p}_{T,2})/p_T^\gamma$$



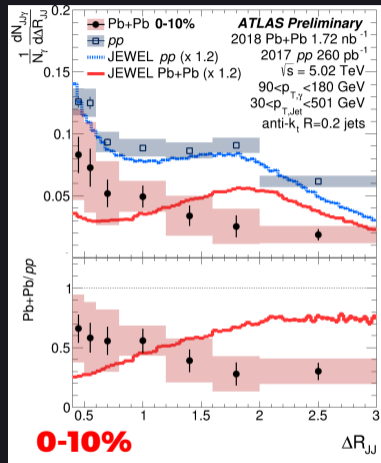
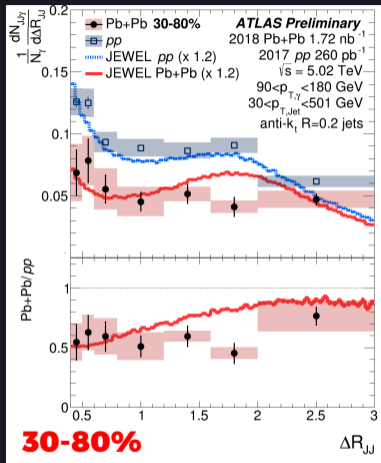
- As cent. \rightarrow 0%, $A_{JJ\gamma}$ Pb+Pb/pp develops a downward slope
- Suggests a greater suppression of asymmetric pairs

Results ΔR_{JJ}

ATLAS-CONF-2023-008

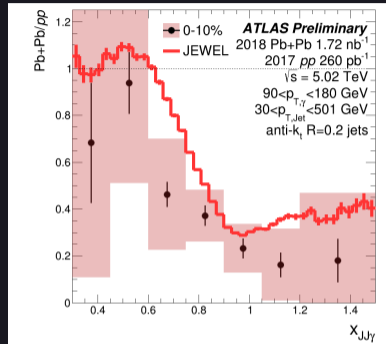
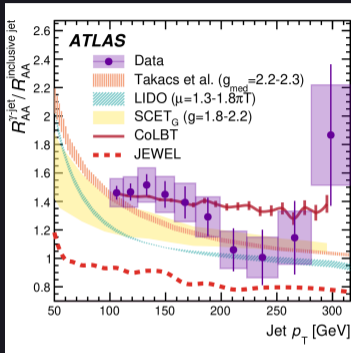


$$\Delta R_{JJ} = \sqrt{\Delta\phi_{1,2}^2 + \Delta\eta_{1,2}^2}$$



- See hint of greater suppression at large ΔR_{JJ} in 0-10%
- JEWEL gets the slope of Pb+Pb/pp strikingly wrong

Conclusion



- γ -tagged jet R_{AA} finalized for publication; extended to higher p_T
- Observe quark-enhanced γ -tagged jet $R_{AA} >$ inclusive jet R_{AA}
- First analysis of γ -tagged multijet system in Pb+Pb (preliminary)
- Observe significant suppression of $\gamma + 2$ jets + X production

Backup

Mixing Algo. (I)



Assuming symmetric observable (think vector sum over p_T^γ):

1. Signal

- $b+c$

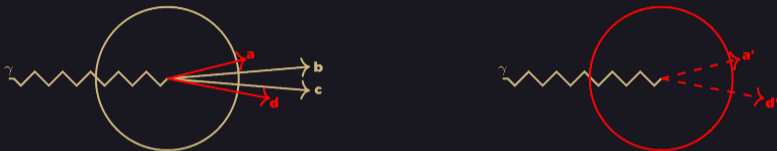
2. Signal with Background

- $a+b$
- $a+c$
- $d+b$
- $d+c$

3. Pure Background

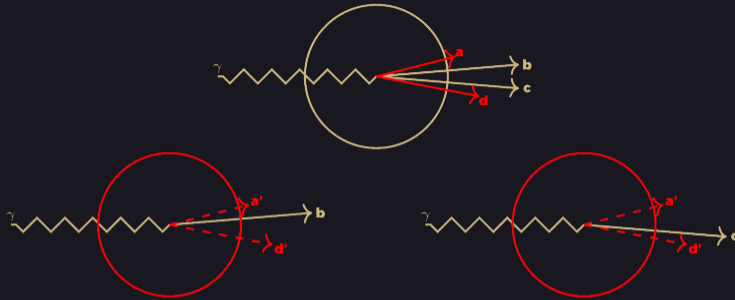
- $a+d$

Mixing Algo. (II)



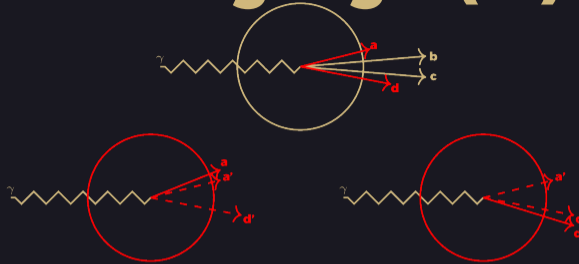
- **Handled as in inclusive jet analysis**
 - **Add γ to MB event matched by global parameters**
 - **Correlate γ w/ all pairs of jets in-event**
- **Or:**
 - **Contribution of $a+d$ cancelled by $a'+d'$**

Mixing Algo. (III)



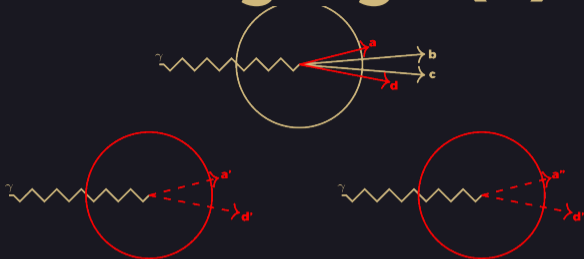
- Now embed γ with a single jet
- Correlate all jet pairs w/ embedded γ +jet
 1. $b+a'$ cancels $b+a$
 2. $b+d'$ cancels $b+d$
 3. $c+a'$ cancels $c+a$
 4. $c+d'$ cancels $c+d$

Mixing Algo. (IV)



- We don't know which jets are real or fake!
- We must also embed $\gamma + \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{d}$
 - Note I've offset them in the embeds for clarity
- This gives additional combinations
 - $\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{a}'$
 - $\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{d}'$
 - $\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{a}'$
 - $\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{d}'$

Mixing Algo. (V)



- **What happened?**
 - We took a photon correlated with an in-event fake jet and correlated with a jet from another event
 - To fix, double embed
- $\gamma + \mathbf{a',d'}$ are associated at first embed
- Each $\gamma + \text{jet}$ pair from first embed are embedded again
 - $\mathbf{a'+a''}$ cancels $\mathbf{a+a'}$
 - $\mathbf{a'+d''}$ cancels $\mathbf{a+d'}$
 - $\mathbf{d'+a''}$ cancels $\mathbf{d+a'}$
 - $\mathbf{d'+d''}$ cancels $\mathbf{d+d'}$

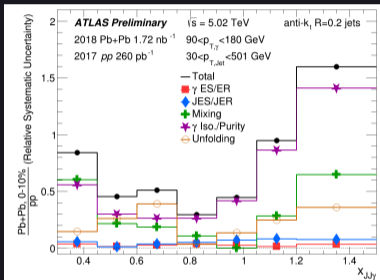
Mixing Algo. (VI)



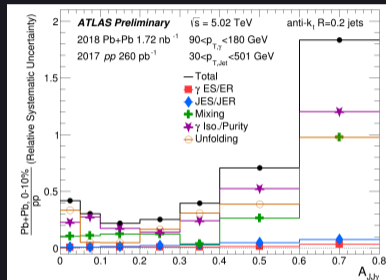
- **a+d** removed with γ in single event
- **b+a** removed with $\gamma+b$ in single event
- **b+d** removed with $\gamma+b$ in single event
- **d+a** removed with $\gamma+d$ in single event
- **d+d** removed with $\gamma+d$ in single event
- **Double embed corrects for γ +jet in single event where the paired jet is fake**
- **Only b+c remains**

Multijet Systematics

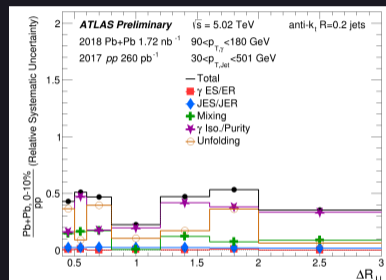
All figures 0-10%/pp



$X_{JJ\gamma}$



$A_{JJ\gamma}$

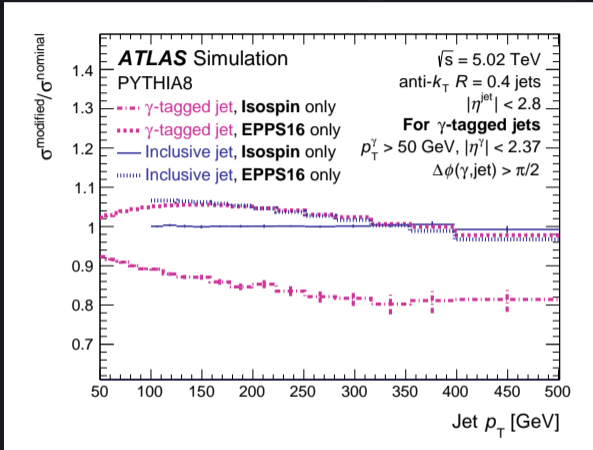


ΔR_{JJ}

- Multijet systematics for Pb+Pb 0-10% / pp
- Can reach 100% in the tails of the distributions



nPDF and Isospin Impact



- nPDF effect cancels between inclusive and γ -tagged
- Isospin effect significant