

Figure 1: Lowest-order contributions to heavy-quark hadroproduction.



Figure 2: Cross sections for b and c production in  $\pi N$  collisions. For details see text (from ref. [8]).



Figure 3: Total charm production cross sections from pp and pA measurements compared to calculations. The curves are: MRS D-' $m_c = 1.2$  GeV,  $\mu = 2m_c$  (solid); MRS D0' $m_c = 1.2$  GeV,  $\mu = 2m_c$  (dashed); GRV HO  $m_c = 1.3$  GeV,  $\mu = m_c$  (dot-dashed); GRV HO  $m_c = 1.5$  GeV,  $\mu = m_c$  (dotted) (from ref. [10]).



Figure 4: The *b*-quark cross sections at CDF. For details see text (from ref. [8]).



Figure 5: Preliminary CDF data for prompt  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi'$  production compared with theoretical predictions of the total fragmentation contribution (solid curves) and the total leading-order contribution (dashed curves) (from ref. [26]).



Figure 6: The ratio of  $(\chi_{c1} + \chi_{c2}) \rightarrow J/\psi$  to total  $J/\psi$  production as a function of c.m. energy  $\sqrt{s}$ , by proton (open symbols) and pion beams (solid symbols) (from ref. [30]).



Figure 7: The ratio of  $\psi'$  to  $J/\psi$  production as a function of c.m. energy  $\sqrt{s}$ , on proton (circles) and nuclear targets (squares) (from ref. [30]).



Figure 8: The ratio of  $\psi'$  to  $J/\psi$  production as a function of transverse momentum; the shaded strip shows the average value of Fig. 7 (from ref. [30]).



Figure 9: The differential  $J/\psi$  production cross section  $(d\sigma[pN \rightarrow J/\psi X]/dy) = 2.5 \times 10^{-2} (d\tilde{\sigma}[c\bar{c}]/dy)$  at y = 0, calculated with MRS D-' PDF, compared with data (from ref. [30]).



Figure 10: Energy dependence of  $\Upsilon$  production in pN collisions using the MRS D-' PDF. Also shown (CR) is a phenomenological low-energy fit (from ref. [30]).



Figure 11: The  $J/\psi$  longitudinal momentum distributions compared with  $\bar{p}N$  (top) and pN (bottom) data using two parametrizations of the PDF, MRS D-' (solid) and GRV (dashed) (from ref. [30]).