



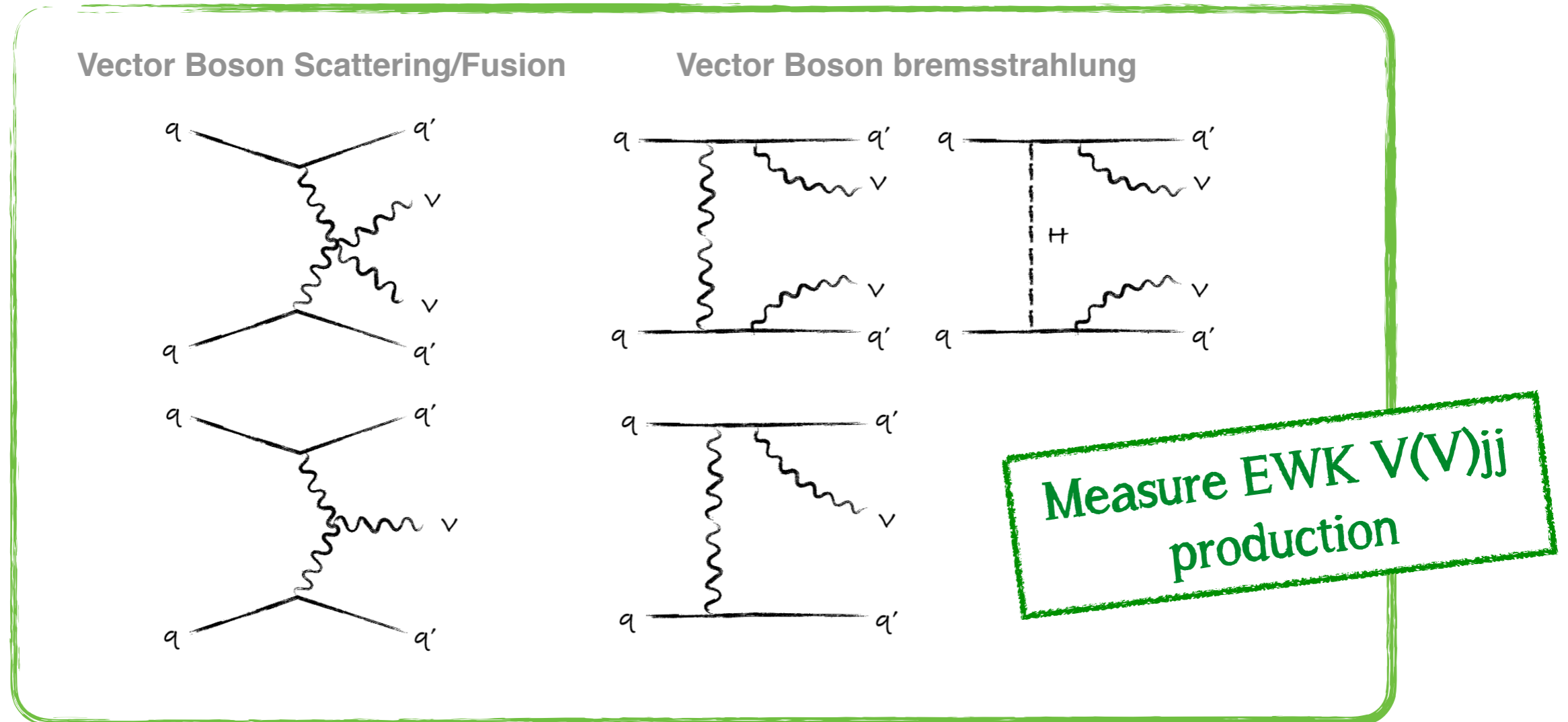
Latest ATLAS VBF/VBS results

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on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration

January 25, 2021

VBS and VBF: measurable, but not measurable

- Protons in LHC serve as source of vector boson beams
- Not possible to separate VBS (or VBF) in a gauge invariant way → Measure EWK $V(V)jj$ production



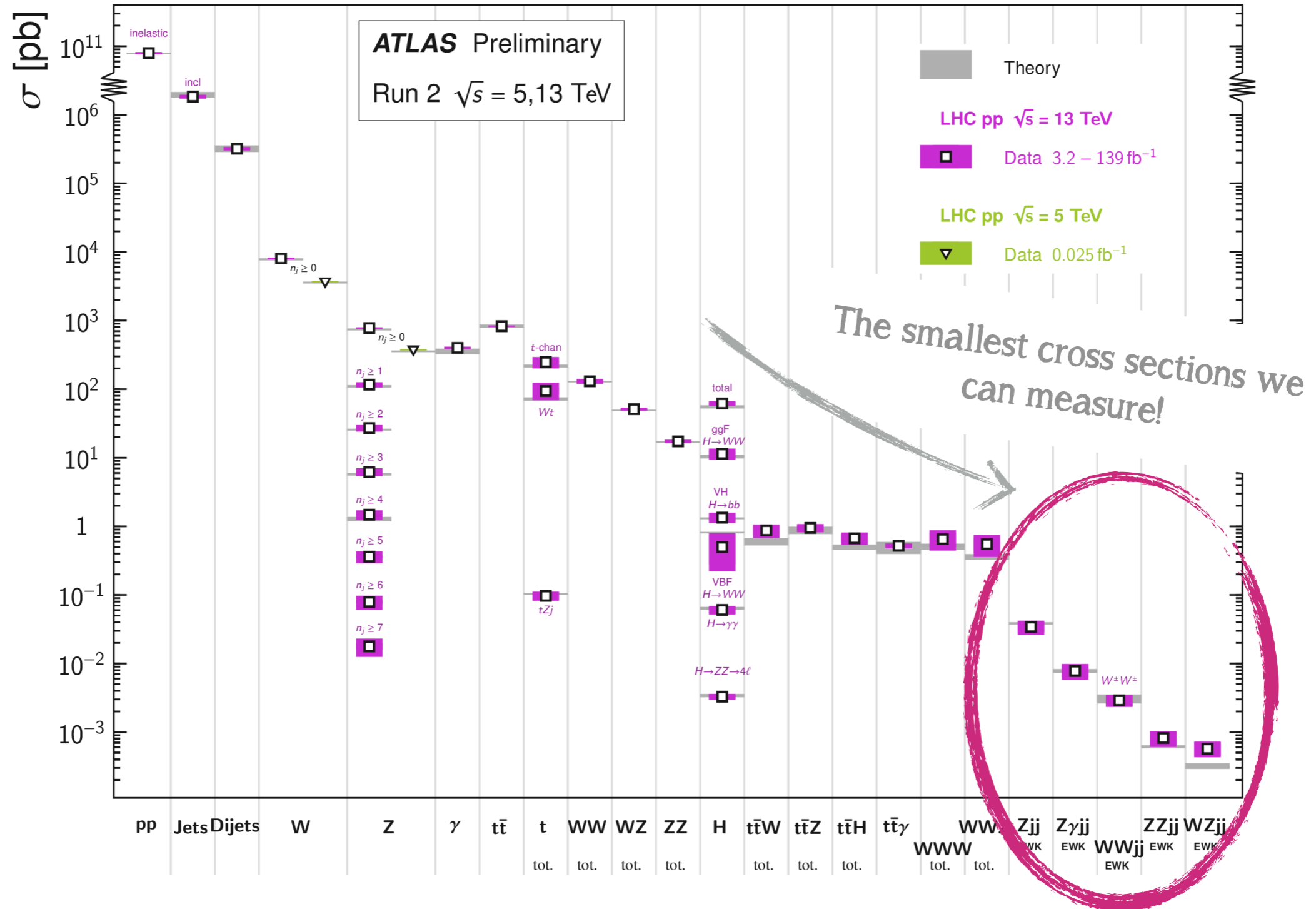
- Usually QCD mediated production of $V(V)jj$ at the LHC has larger cross sections than the EWK production → **crucial for a precise measurement to understand and reduce the QCD background!**

Published measurements

- What has been done so far, and what will be covered in this talk ?

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: May 2020

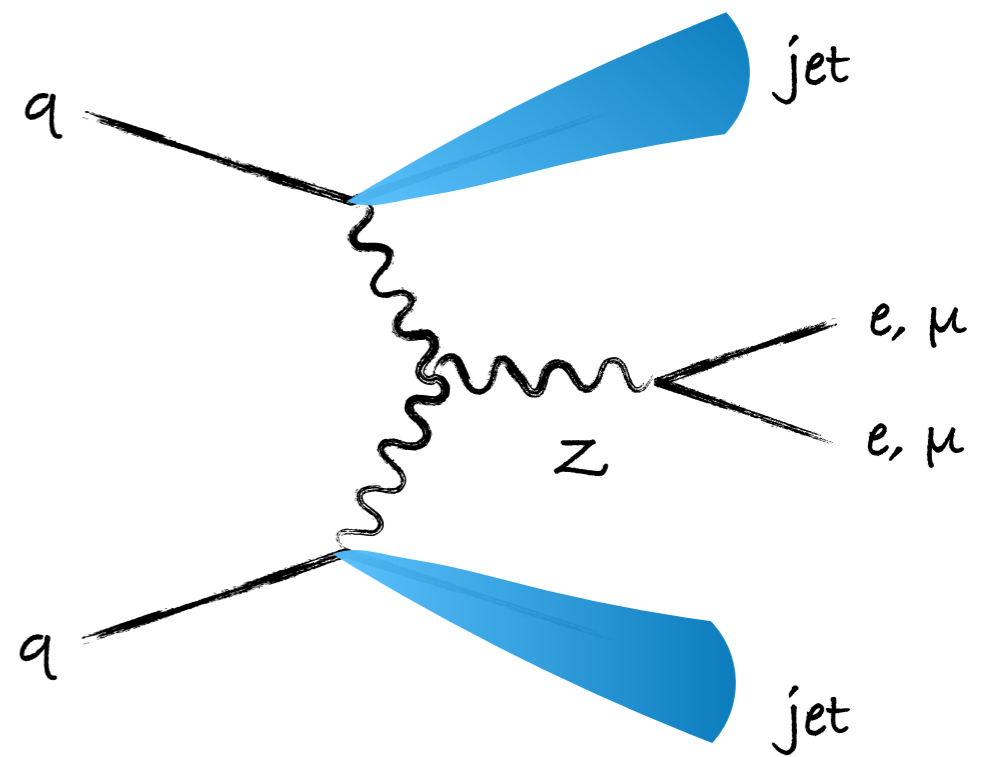


Published measurements

- What has been done so far, and what will be covered in this talk ?

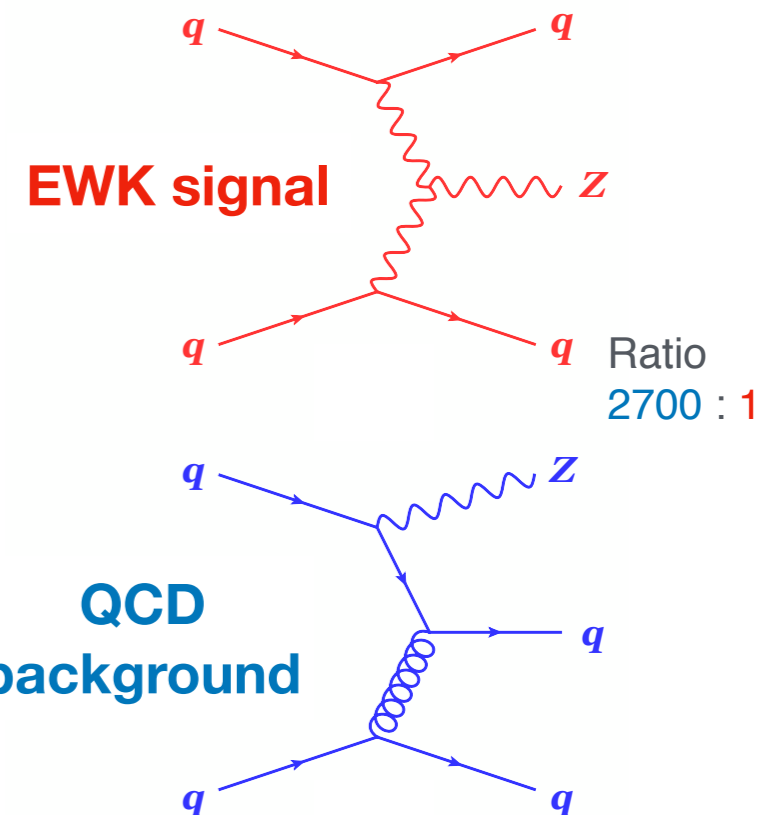
	Channel	Energy (Luminosity)	Observed (Expected) σ	
VBF	$W^\pm jj$ <small>Eur. Phys. J. C 77 (2017) 474</small>	7, 8 TeV (5, 20 fb ⁻¹)	$> 5\sigma$	} Covered in this talk!
	$Z jj$ <small>2006.15458</small>	13 TeV (139 fb ⁻¹)	$> 5\sigma$	
VBS	$W^\pm W^\pm jj$ <small>Phys. Rev. Lett. 123 (2019) 161801</small>	13 TeV (36 fb ⁻¹)	6.5σ (4.4)	} Covered in this talk!
	$W^\pm Z jj$ <small>Phys. Lett. B 793 (2019) 469</small>	13 TeV (36 fb ⁻¹)	5.3σ (3.2)	
	$W^\pm \gamma jj$ -	-	-	
	$Z \gamma jj$ <small>Phys. Lett. B 803 (2020) 135341</small>	13 TeV (36 fb ⁻¹)	4.1σ (4.1)	
	$ZZ jj$ <small>2004.10612</small>	13 TeV (139 fb ⁻¹)	5.5σ (4.3)	
	$W^\pm V$ semi-lept jj <small>Phys. Rev. D 100 (2019) 032007</small>	13 TeV (36 fb ⁻¹)	$< 3\sigma$	

Electroweak Zjj production



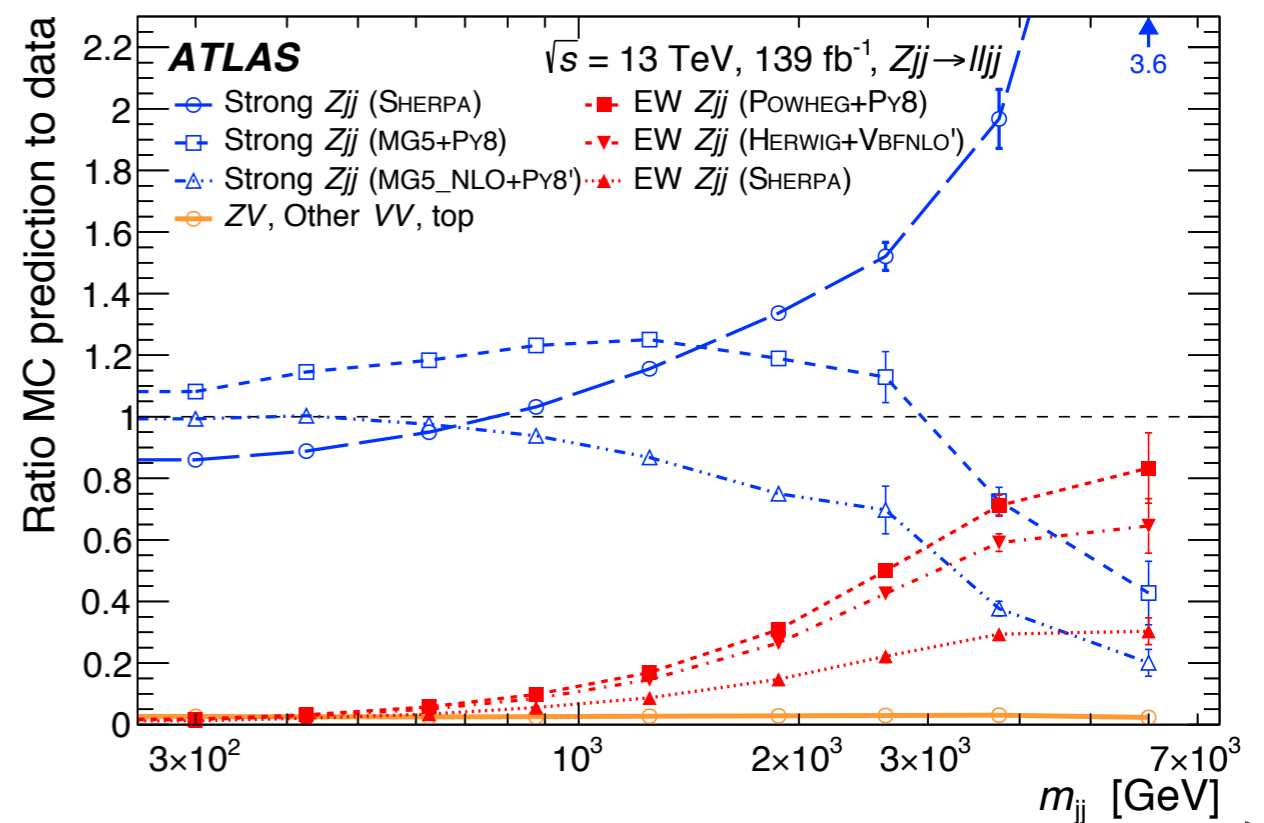
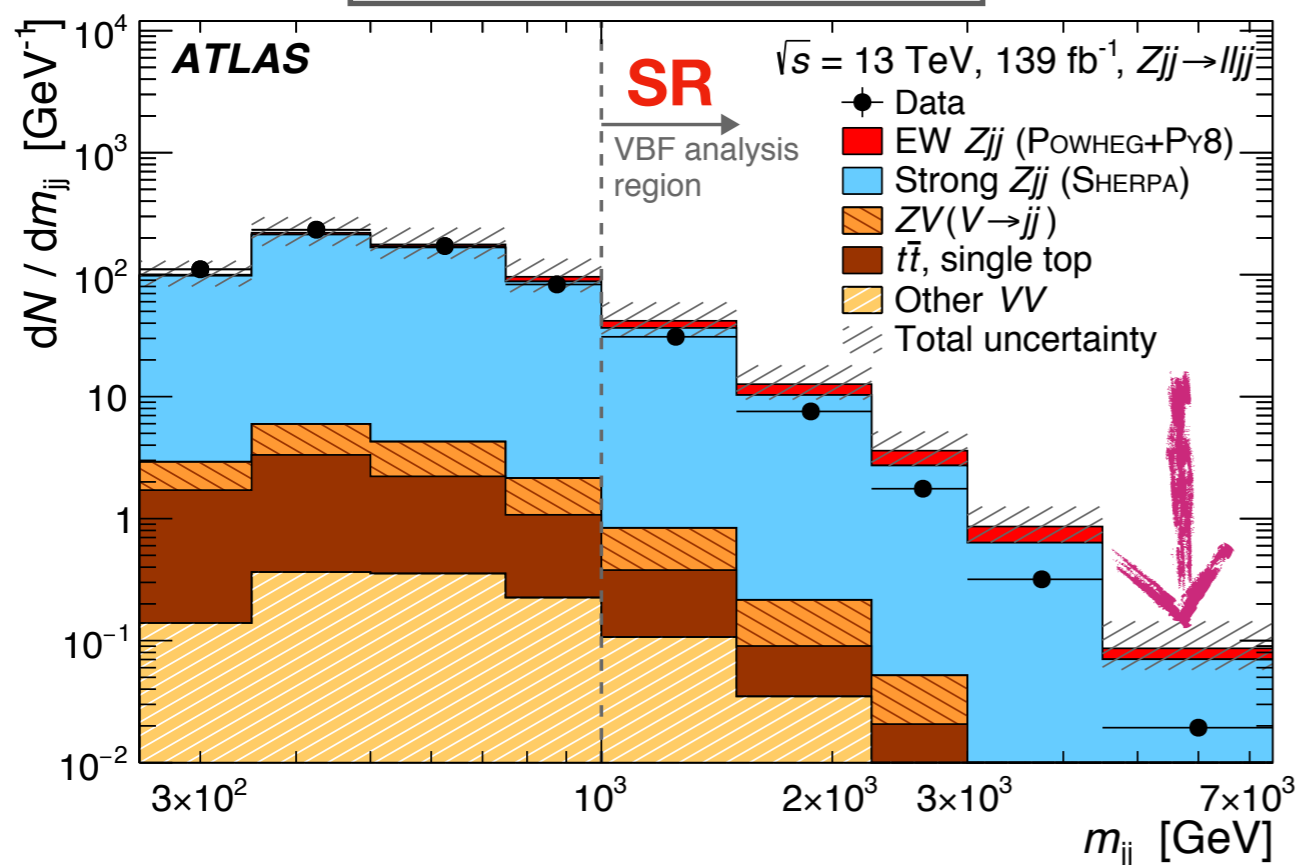
EWK Zjj differential cross sections

- Signal region built requiring high di-jet invariant mass, no hadronic activity in between the tagging jets and Z boson centrality
- QCD background (strong) has the largest contribution over the spectra
- Large QCD background miss-modeling, huge efforts to extract it in a data driven way!



QCD production		EWK production	
Generator	ME accuracy	Generator	ME accuracy
○ Sherpa 2.2.1	NLO (0-2j), LO (3-4j)	■ POWHEG+PY8	NLO
□ MG5+PY8	LO (0-4j)	▼ Herwig7+V _{BFNLO}	NLO
△ MG5_NLO+PY8	NLO (0-2j), LO (3-4j)	▲ Sherpa 2.2.1	LO (2-4j)

Di-jet invariant mass (pre-fit)

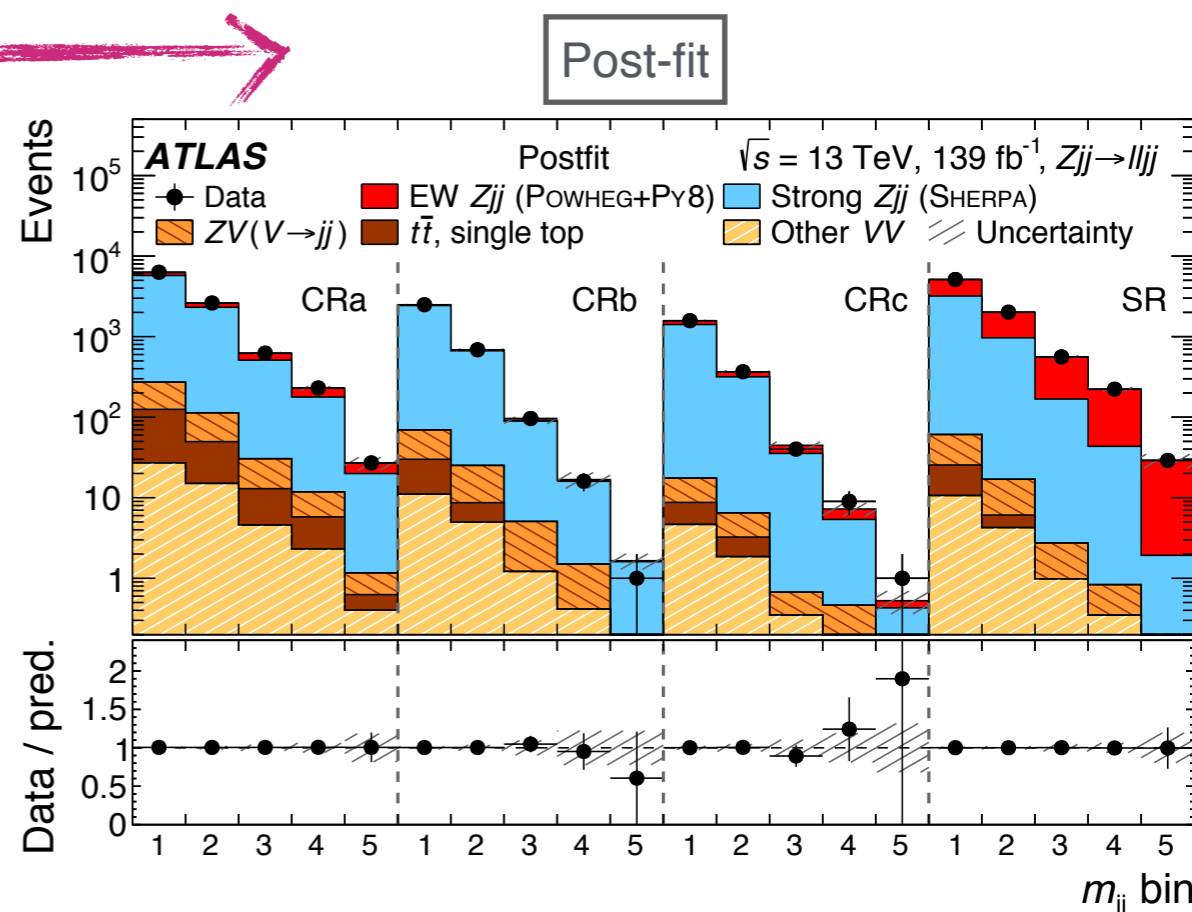
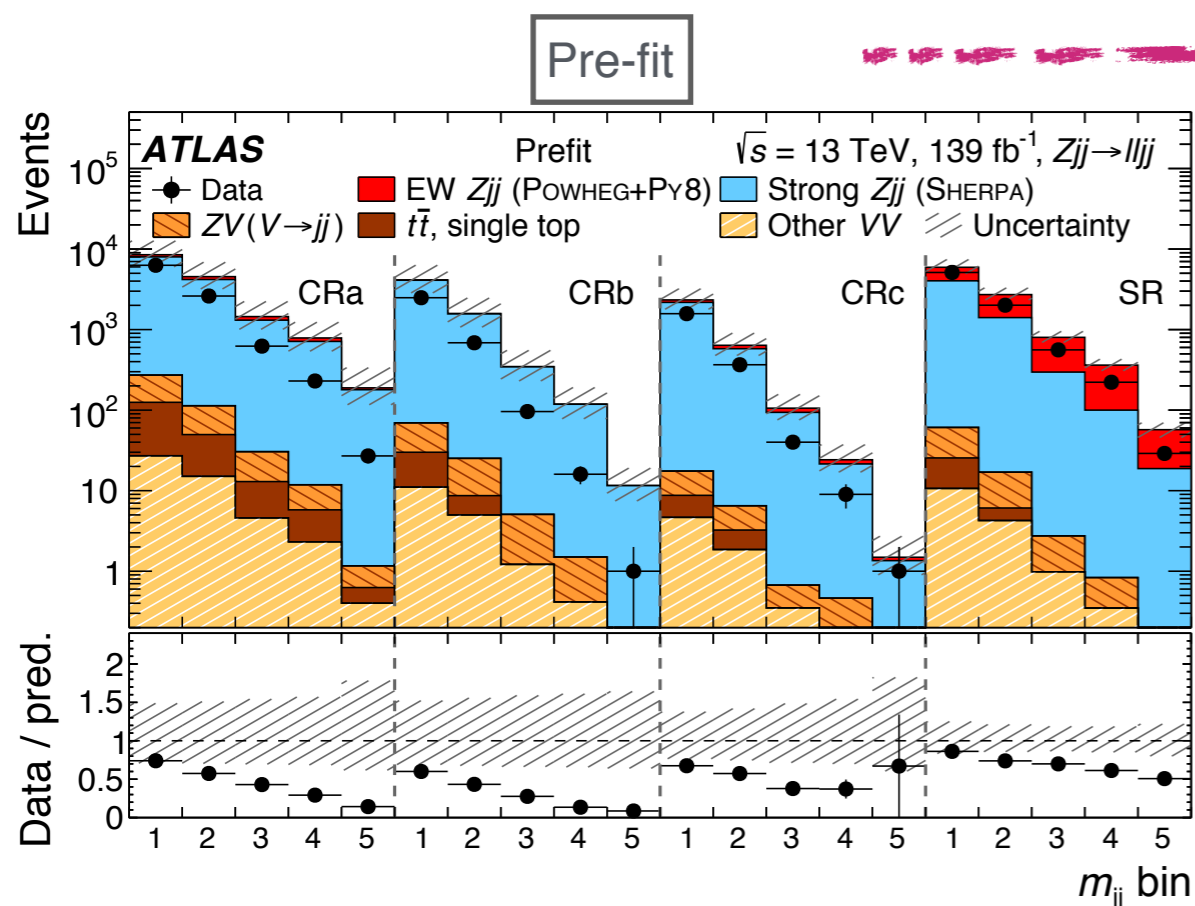
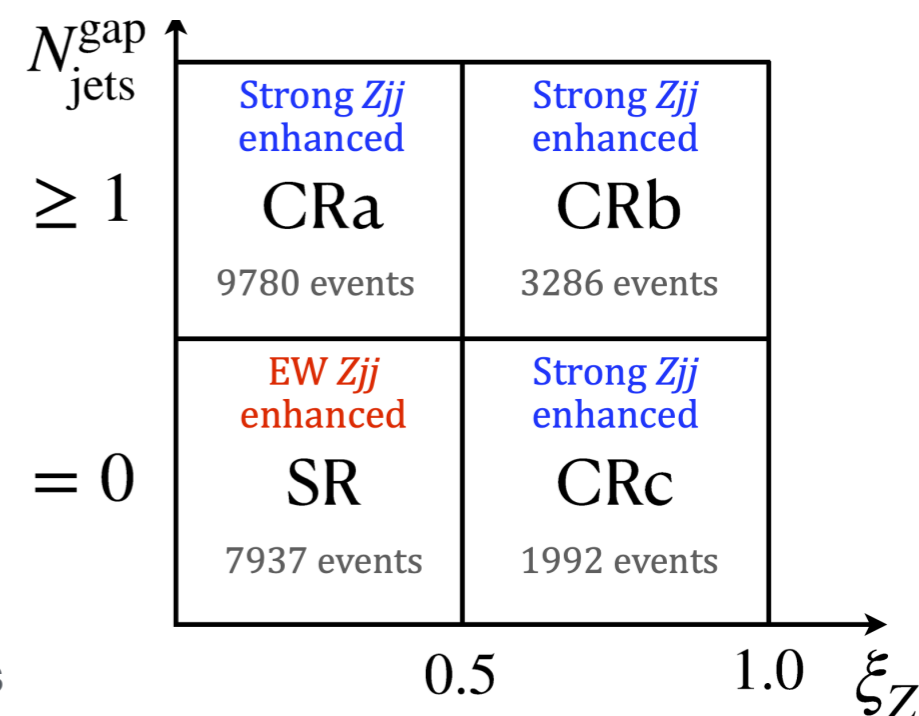


Signal extraction steps

Binned maximum likelihood fit performed to reduce dependence on MC mis-modeling. In the fit:

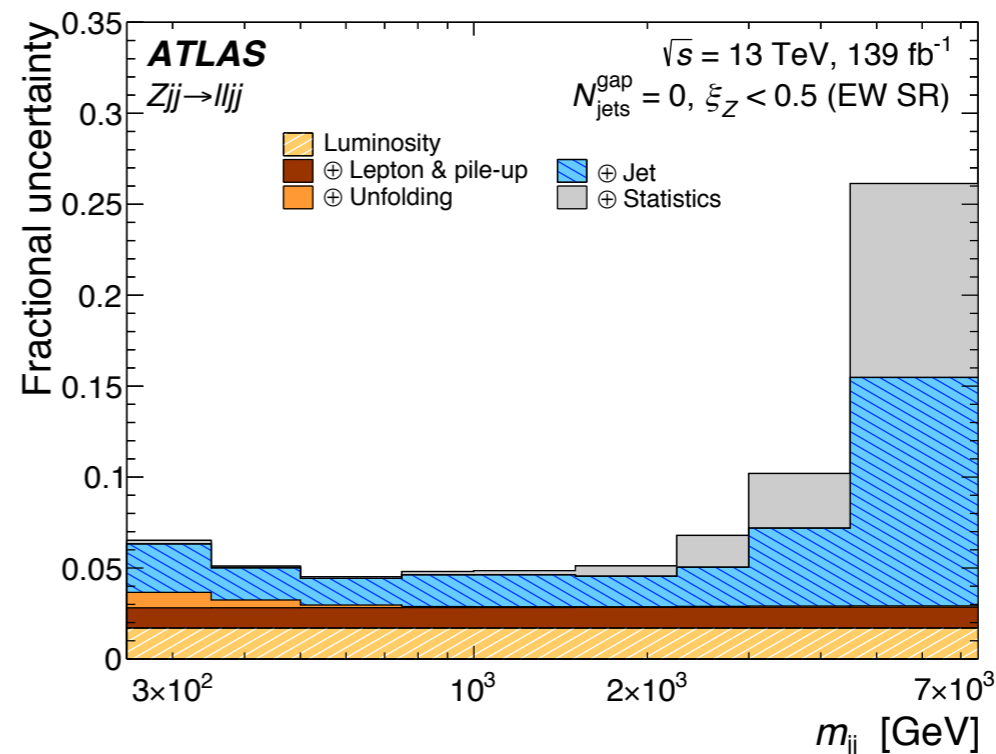
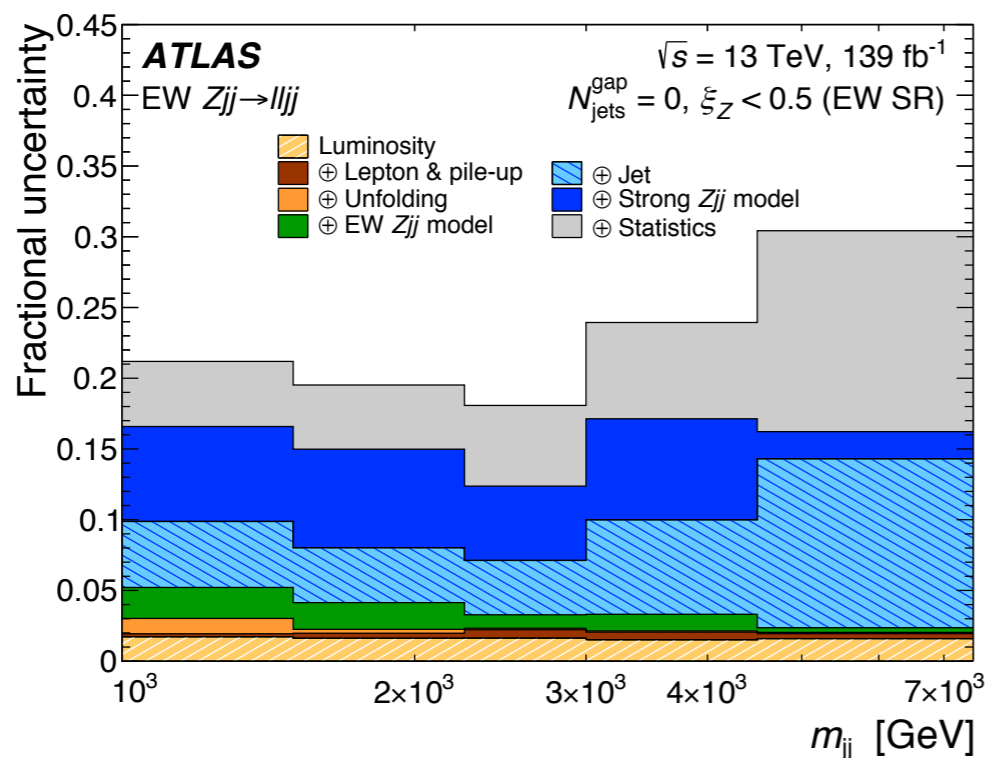
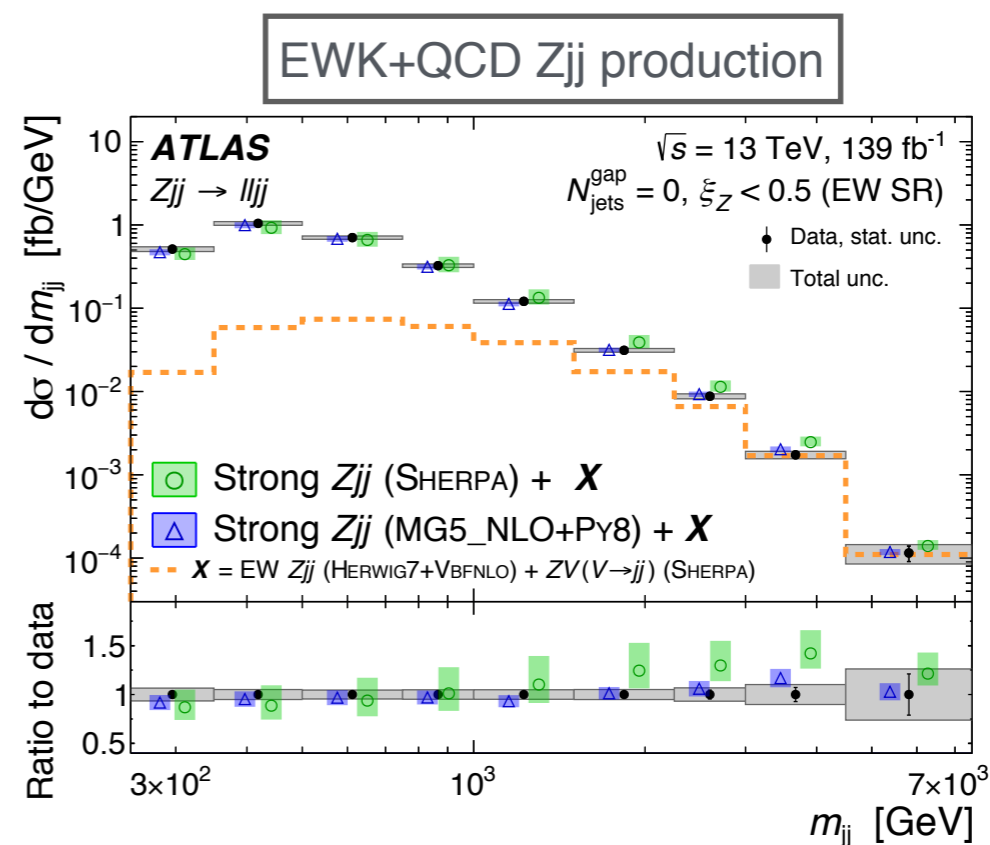
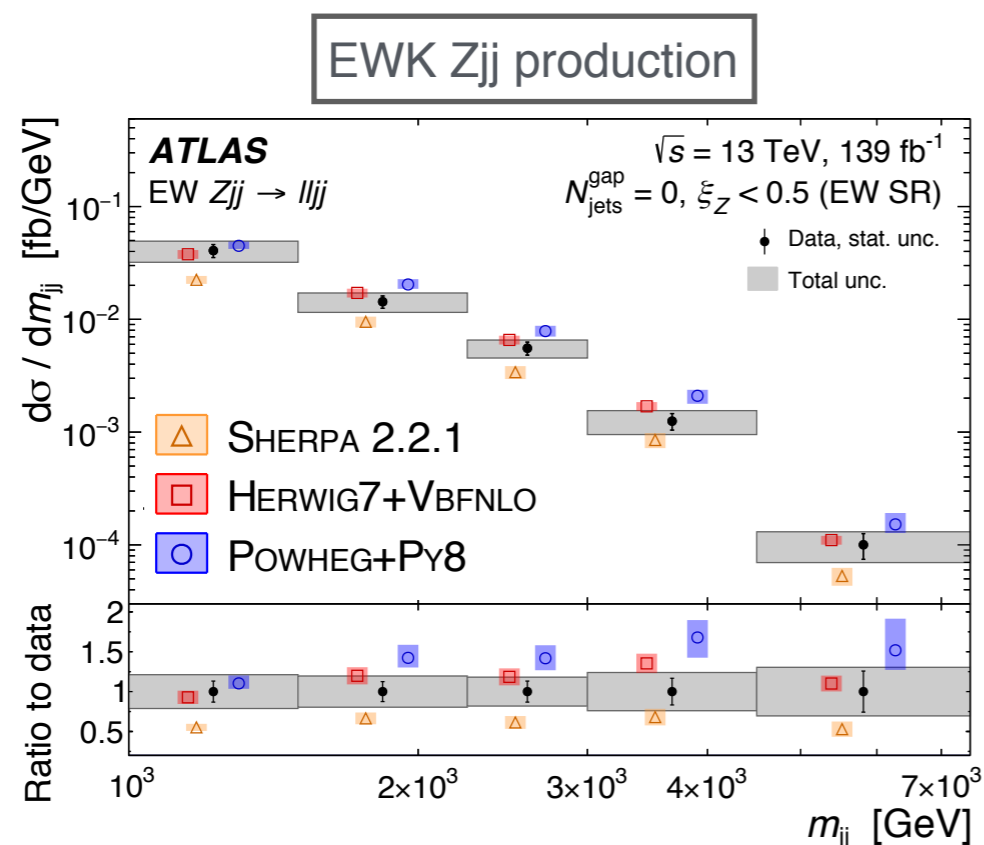
- QCD background is estimated \rightarrow 4 different regions using two uncorrelated variables:
 - Bin-by-bin weights for strong Z_{jj} , separate for low and high centrality and linked within the gap jets bins
 - Linear correction applied to strong Z_{jj} to correct for residual dependence on the N gap jets
- Bin-by-bin electroweak Z_{jj} signal strengths (same in all regions)
- Procedure repeated for different MC generators
- The final EWK signal is taken to be the midpoint of the envelope of yields obtained using the three different QCD Z_{jj} event generators

Regions for data-driven background



Zjj differential cross sections results

- Differential cross sections extracted for EWK only and EWK+QCD production as a function of four observables: m_{jj} , $|\Delta y_{jj}|$, $p_{T,II}$ and $\Delta\phi_{jj}$



Effective Field Theory interpretation

- To capture the EFT effects cross sections can be written as :

$$\sigma = \underbrace{\sigma_{\text{SM}}}_{\text{SM}} + \underbrace{\sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \sigma_{\text{SM},i}^{\text{interf}}}_{\text{EFT-SM interference (linear in } c_i \propto 1/\Lambda^2)}} + \underbrace{\sum_i \frac{c_i^2}{\Lambda^4} \sigma_i^{\text{NP}} + \sum_{ij, i \neq j} \frac{c_i c_j}{\Lambda^4} \sigma_{ij}^{\text{NP-interf}}}_{\text{Pure EFT terms (quadratic in } c_i \propto 1/\Lambda^4)}}$$

- Expectation: EFT-SM interference (linear) leading contribution
- Different distributions show different sensitivities to the linear and quadratic terms (Madgraph SMEFT at LO)
- Limits extracted using the measured EW Z_{jj} differential cross-section as a function of the parity-odd $\Delta\phi_{jj}$

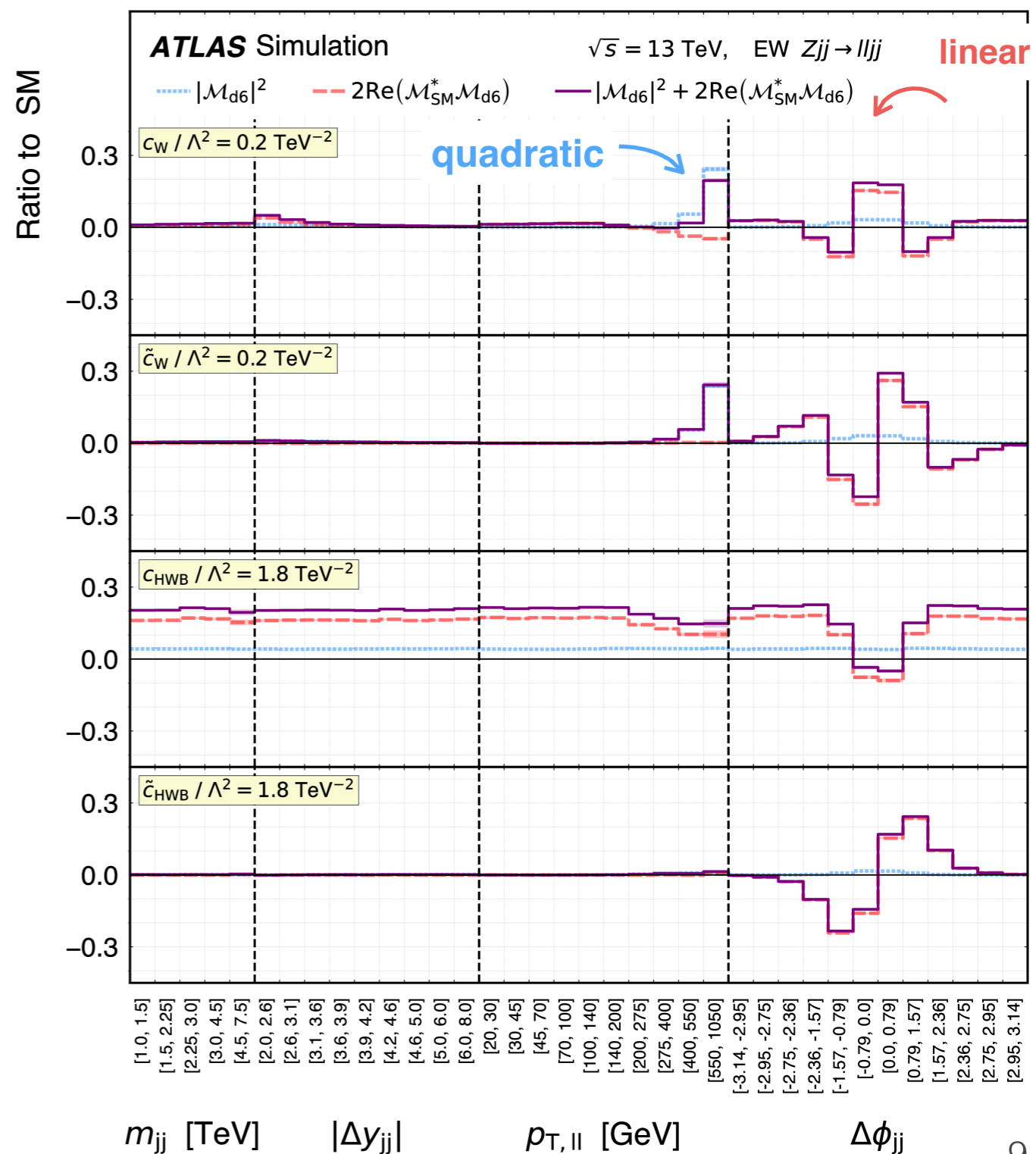
Wilson coefficient	Includes $ \mathcal{M}_{d6} ^2$	95% confidence interval [TeV^{-2}]		p -value (SM)
		Expected	Observed	
c_W/Λ^2	no	[-0.30, 0.30]	[-0.19, 0.41]	45.9%
	yes	[-0.31, 0.29]	[-0.19, 0.41]	43.2%
\tilde{c}_W/Λ^2	no	[-0.12, 0.12]	[-0.11, 0.14]	82.0%
	yes	[-0.12, 0.12]	[-0.11, 0.14]	81.8%
c_{HWB}/Λ^2	no	[-2.45, 2.45]	[-3.78, 1.13]	29.0%
	yes	[-3.11, 2.10]	[-6.31, 1.01]	25.0%
$\tilde{c}_{HWB}/\Lambda^2$	no	[-1.06, 1.06]	[0.23, 2.34]	1.7%
	yes	[-1.06, 1.06]	[0.23, 2.35]	1.6%

- Strongest limits when pure dim-6 are excluded from the theoretical prediction!

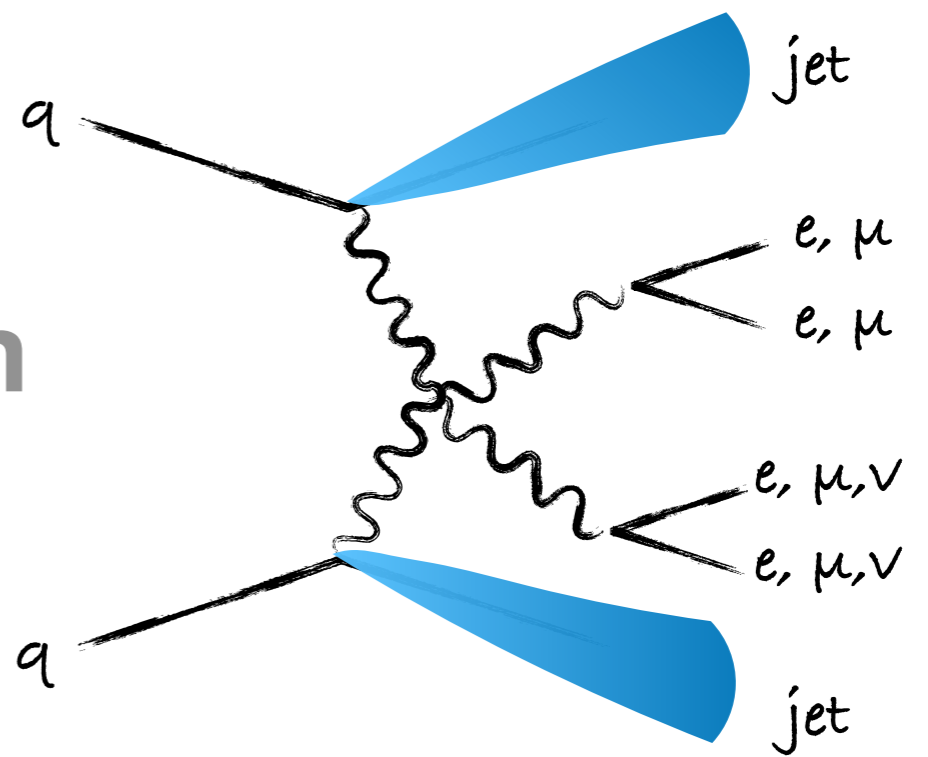
Quadratic: $\cdots |\mathcal{M}_{d6}|^2$

EFT-SM linear: $--- 2\text{Re}(\mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}}^* \mathcal{M}_{d6})$

full EFT: $— |\mathcal{M}_{d6}|^2 + 2\text{Re}(\mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}}^* \mathcal{M}_{d6})$



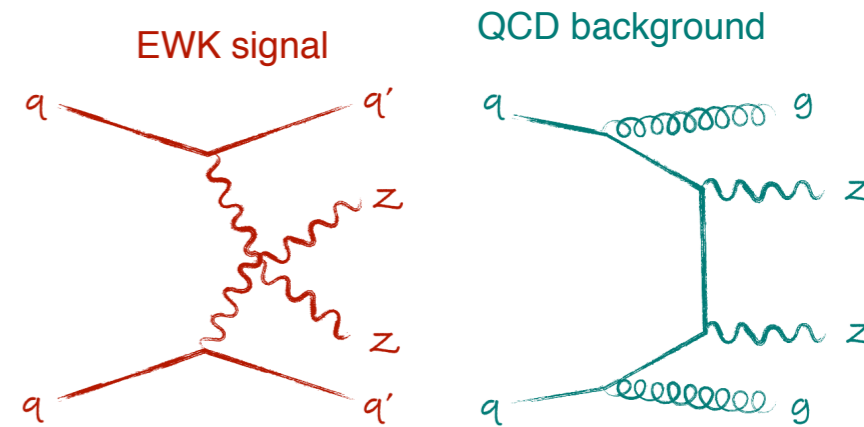
Electroweak ZZjj production



EWK ZZjj production

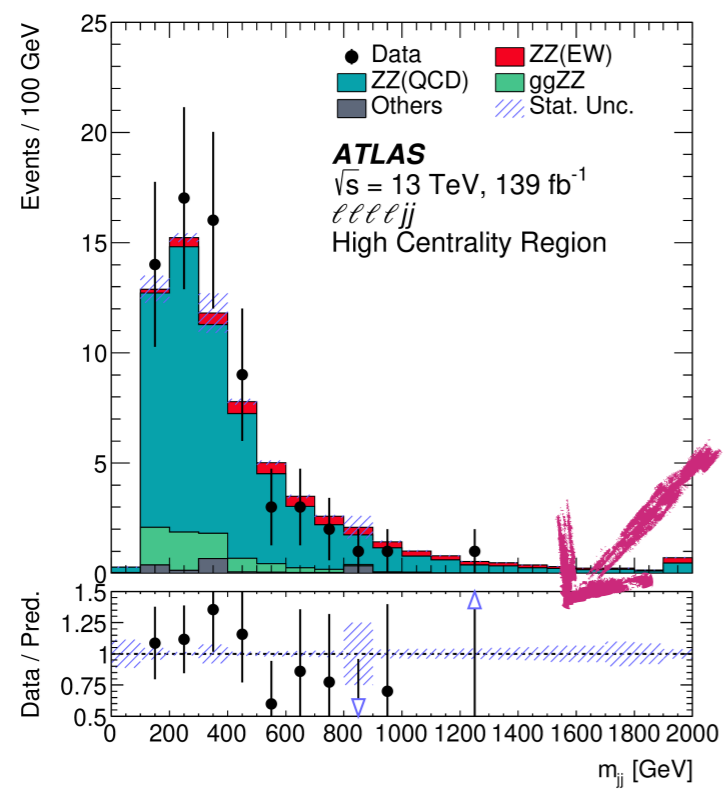
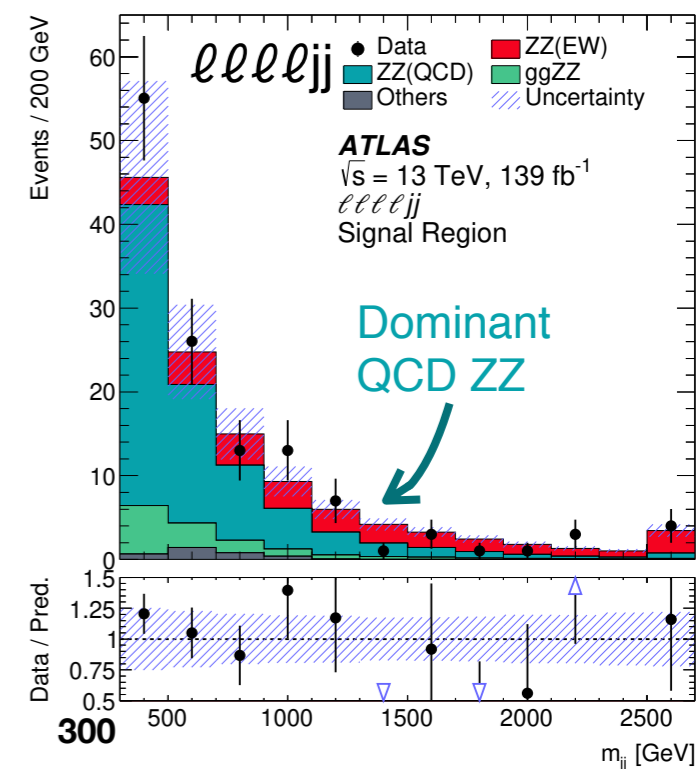
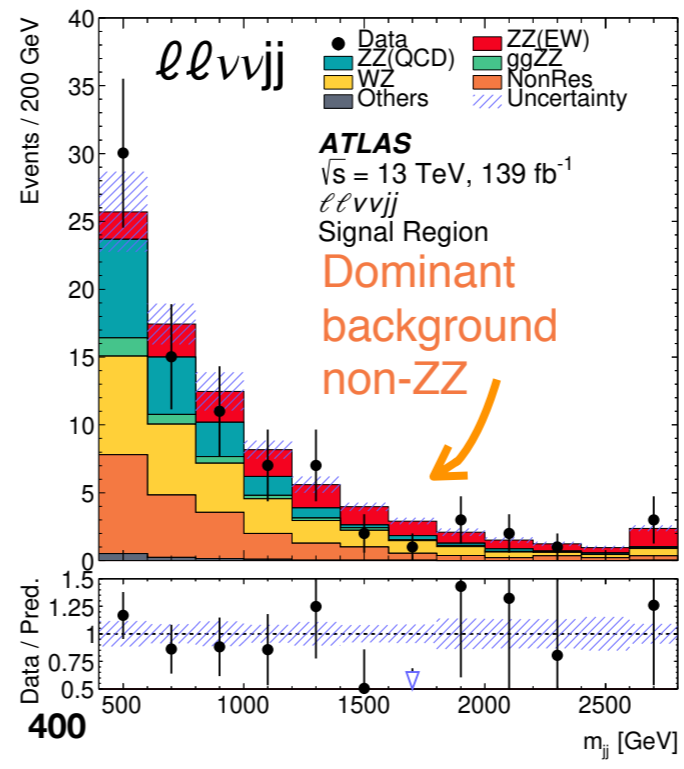
- ZZjj analysis performed in two channels $\ell\ell\ell\ell jj$ and $\ell\ell\nu\nu jj$
- Interesting channel to probe neutral aQGCs
- Different background composition, data driven estimation for the main components

- $\ell\ell\nu\nu jj$ signal region:
 - WZ estimated in 3-lepton control region
 - Non-resonant (ttbar and WW) estimated in $e\mu\nu\nu$ control region
- $\ell\ell\ell\ell jj$ signal region:
 - QCD ZZjj control region with low m_{jj} or $\Delta y(jj)$ included in the fit



Di-jet invariant mass in the signal regions

- Data
- ZZ(QCD)
- WZ
- Others
- ZZ(EW)
- ggZZ
- NonRes
- ▨ Uncertainty



High centrality region to verify m_{jj} modeling

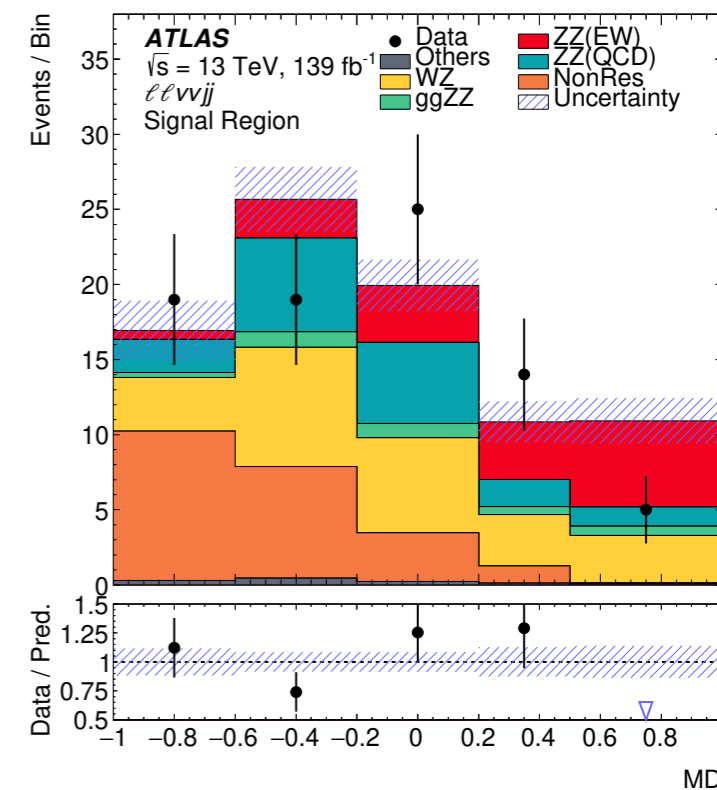
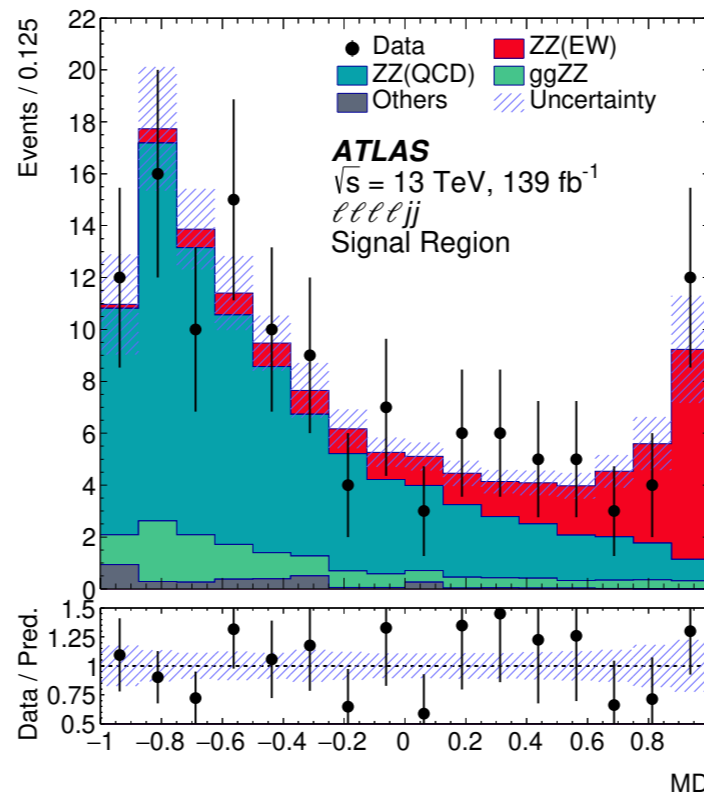
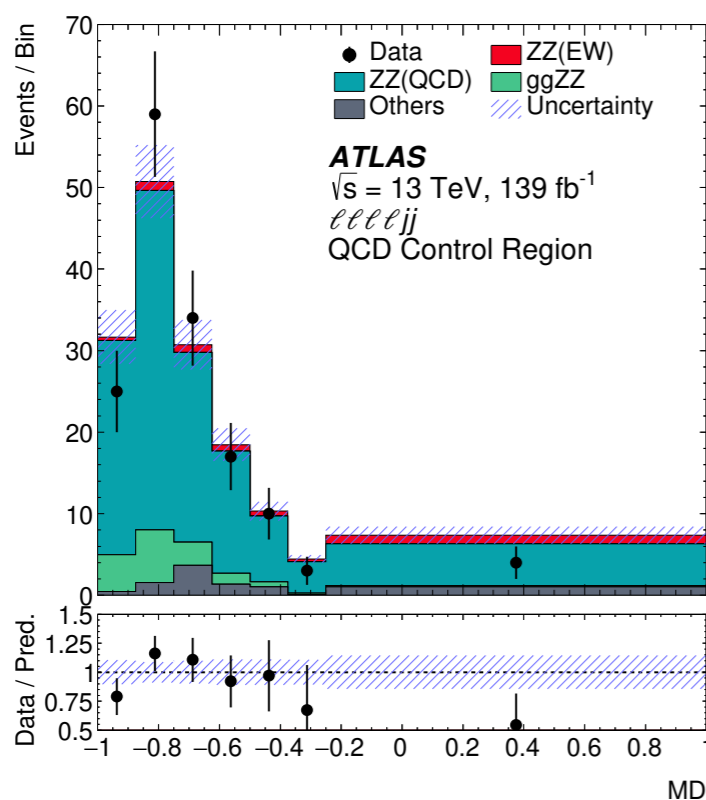
Process	Generator	ME accuracy
ZZ EWK	MG5_NLO+Py8	LO
ZZ QCD	Sherpa 2.2.2	NLO (0j), LO (1-3j)
WZ	Sherpa 2.2.2	NLO (0j), LO (1-3j)

EWK ZZjj results

- Extract inclusive cross-section EWK+QCD in the signal region

	Measured fiducial σ [fb]	Predicted fiducial σ [fb]
$lllljj$	$1.27 \pm 0.12(\text{stat}) \pm 0.02(\text{theo}) \pm 0.07(\text{exp}) \pm 0.01(\text{bkg}) \pm 0.03(\text{lumi})$	$1.14 \pm 0.04(\text{stat}) \pm 0.20(\text{theo})$
$ll\nu\nu jj$	$1.22 \pm 0.30(\text{stat}) \pm 0.04(\text{theo}) \pm 0.06(\text{exp}) \pm 0.16(\text{bkg}) \pm 0.03(\text{lumi})$	$1.07 \pm 0.01(\text{stat}) \pm 0.12(\text{theo})$

- Then use Multivariate Discriminants (MD) to separate the EWK component. Three MD fitted together

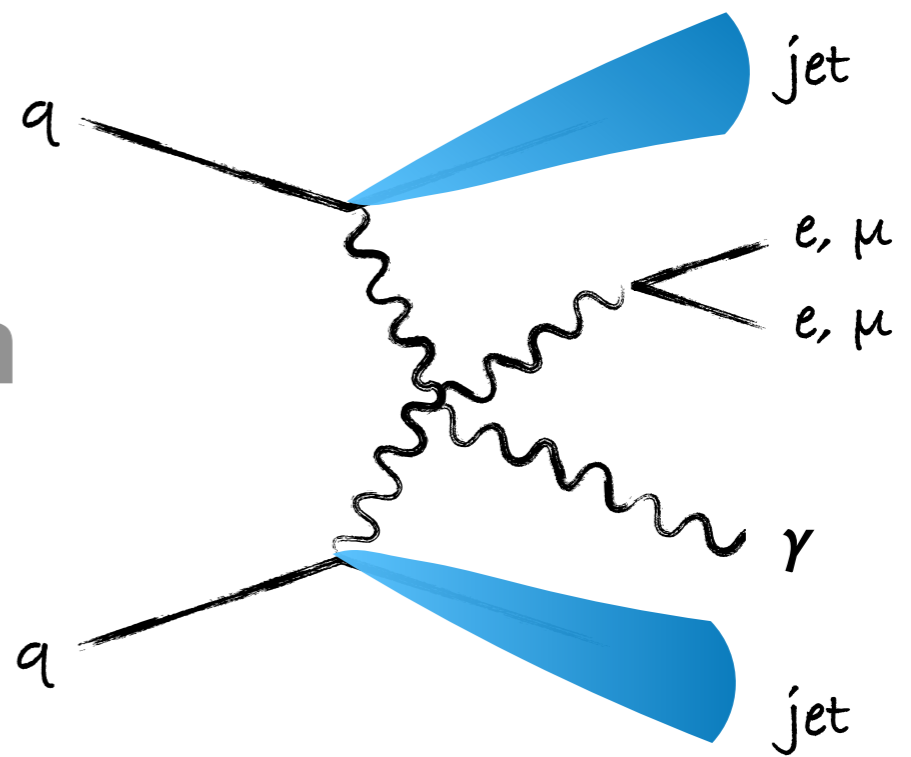


Observation!!

	μ_{EW}	$\mu_{\text{QCD}}^{lllljj}$	Significance Obs. (Exp.)
$lllljj$	1.5 ± 0.4	0.95 ± 0.22	$5.5 (3.9) \sigma$
$ll\nu\nu jj$	0.7 ± 0.7	–	$1.2 (1.8) \sigma$
Combined	1.35 ± 0.34	0.96 ± 0.22	$5.5 (4.3) \sigma$

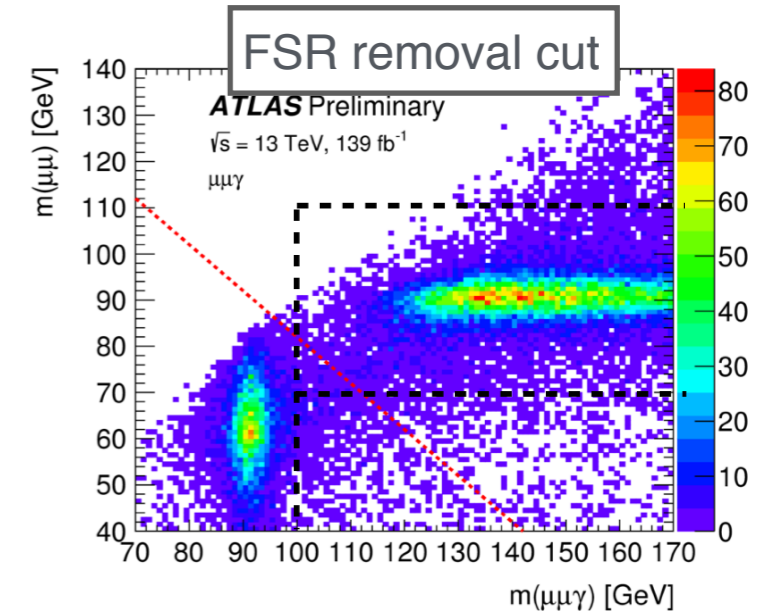
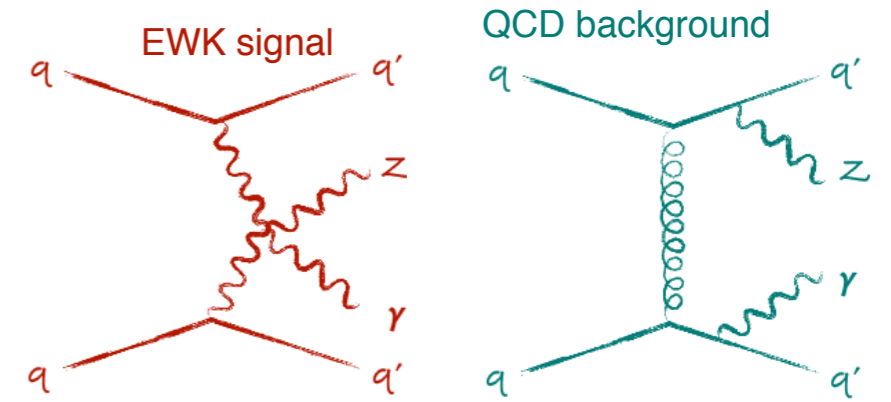
Fiducial cross-section in agreement with the SM

Electroweak $Z\gamma jj$ production



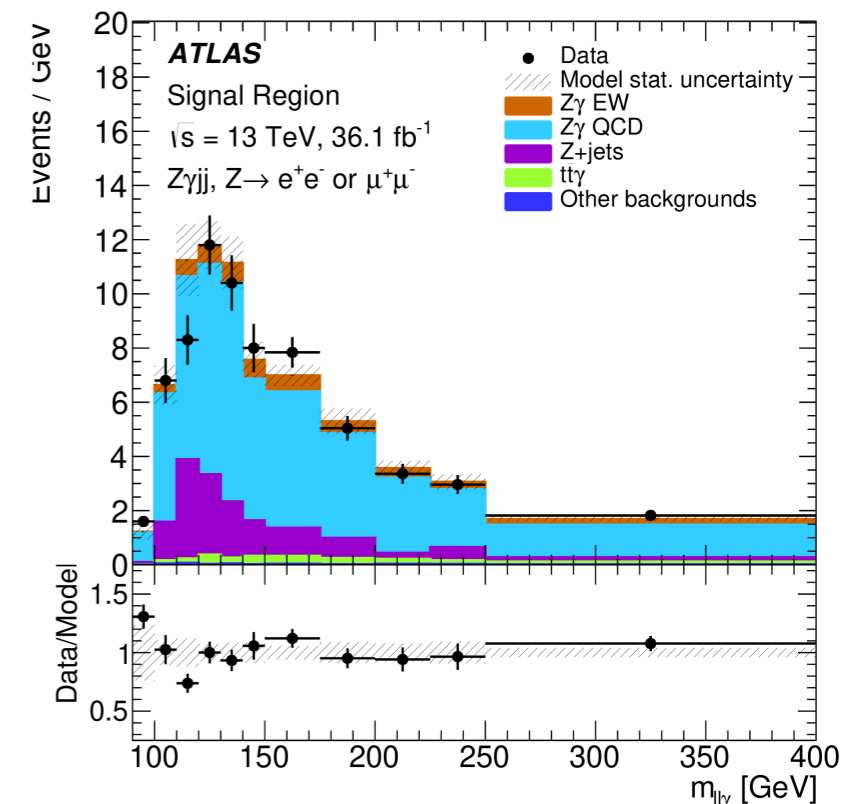
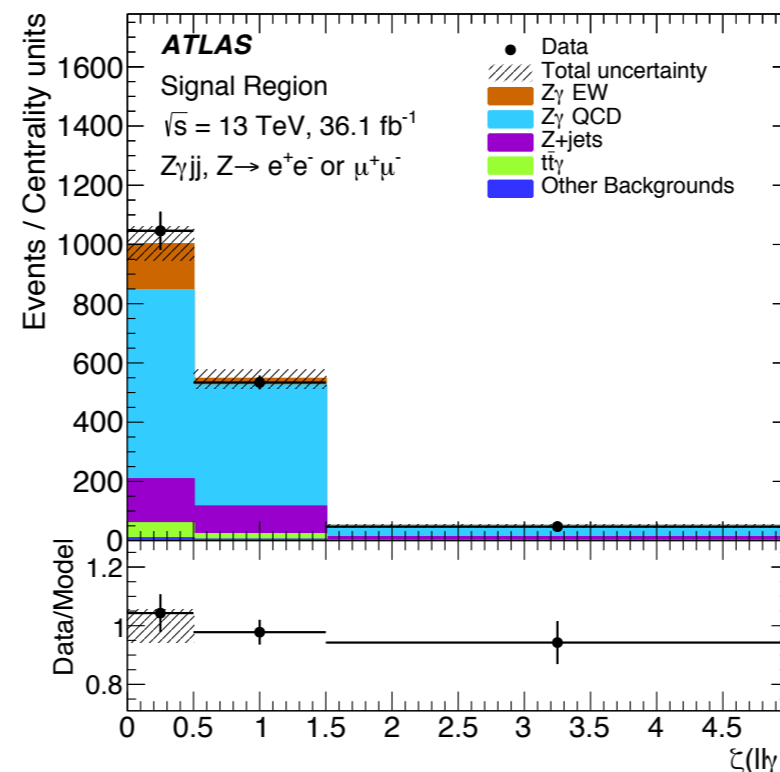
EWK $Z\gamma jj$ production

- Electroweak $Z\gamma+2j$ production not yet observed.
 - Strong evidence reported by both ATLAS and CMS with 13 TeV data
 - Latest ATLAS result using 2015+2016 data (36fb^{-1})
- Interesting channel to probe neutral aQGCs (larger cross section than ZZ), sensitive to WWZ γ vertex
- Analysis selection:
 - Uses an $m_{ll}+m_{ll\gamma}$ cut to reduce FSR contributions
 - Veto b-jets
 - $\Delta\eta_{jj}>1$, centrality ($Z\gamma$) <5 and $m_{jj}>150\text{GeV}$ → *Looser than the usual VBS selections used*



Simulation

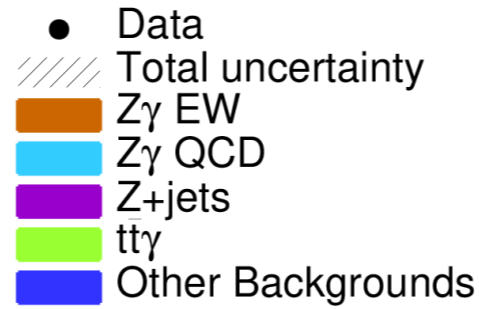
Process	Generator	ME accuracy
$Z\gamma$ EWK	MG5_NLO+Py8	LO
$Z\gamma$ QCD	Sherpa 2.2.2	NLO (0-1j), LO (3j)
Z+jets	Sherpa 2.2.2	NLO (0-2j), LO (3-4j)



Background estimation

■ QCD $Z\gamma+2j$

- Normalization estimated from data (pre-correction 0.91), and then fitted in the signal region



■ Z +jet: DD estimate of shape and normalization

- 2D sideband method (photon ID, isolation), in region close to SR except: jet p_T 30 GeV, $m_{jj} < 150$ GeV
- Extrapolation to SR using ratio Z +jet/ $Z\gamma$

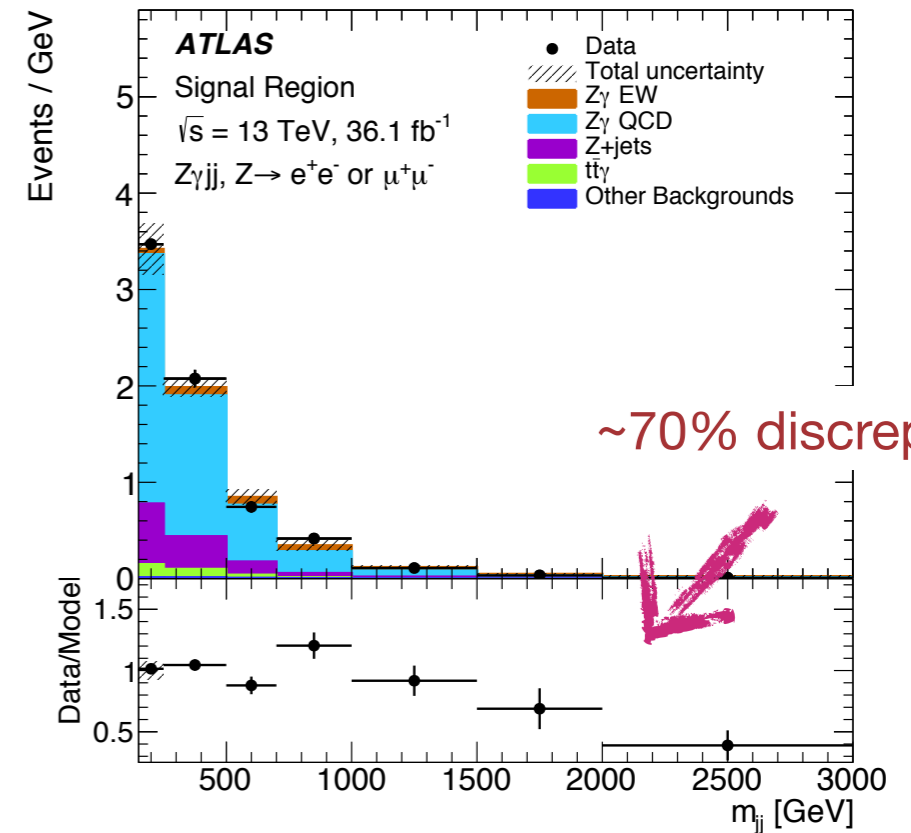
■ $t\bar{t}\gamma$:

- Pre-correction factor from data: 1.41 + fit in a CR
- Dedicated CR (b-CR): ≥ 1 b-jet \rightarrow $\sim 70\%$ purity, 25% $Z\gamma$ QCD.

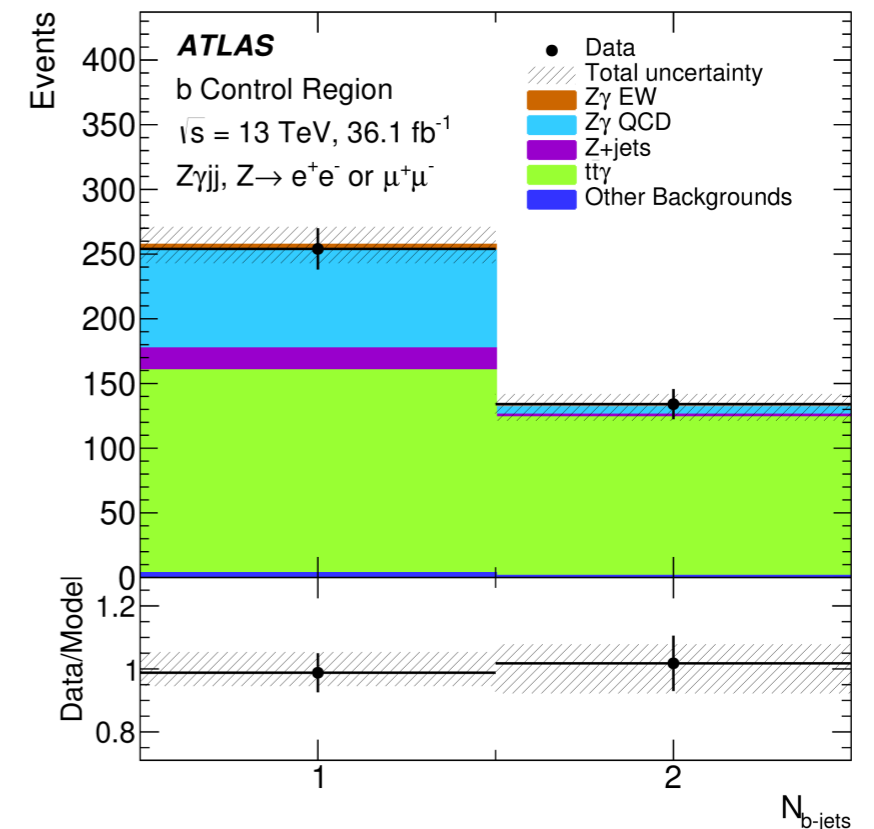
■ Smaller backgrounds: WZ, Wt

- From MC (less than 0.5% in SR)

Signal Region - dijet invariant mass



b-jet enriched Control Region



Z γ jj results

EWK Z γ jj signal extraction:

- Fitted BDT distribution trained to separate EW signal from background (13 variables)
- Simultaneous fit of signal region and b-CR

Evidence !!

4.1 σ expected and observed significance

Variable used in the BDT

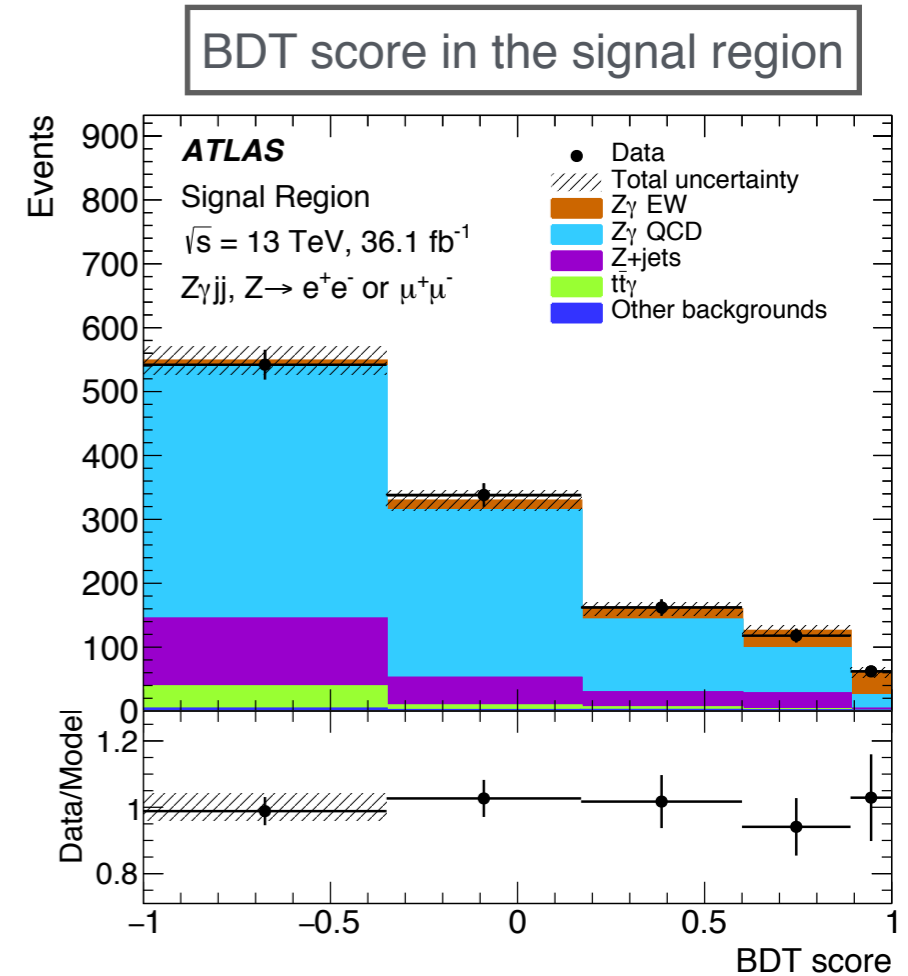
- m_{jj}
- $\Delta\eta_{jj}$
- $\zeta(\ell\ell\gamma)$
- $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$
- $p_T^{\ell\ell\gamma}$
- $m_{\ell\ell}$
- $p_T^{\ell\ell}$
- $p_T^{\text{lead lep}}$
- $p_T^{\text{lead jet}}$
- $\eta^{\text{lead jet}}$
- $\min\Delta R(\gamma, j)$
- $\Delta\phi(\ell\ell\gamma, jj)$
- $\Delta R(\ell\ell\gamma, jj)$

Measured cross sections:

$\sigma_{Z\gamma jj-EW}^{\text{fid.}}$	=	7.8 ± 1.5 (stat.) ± 1.0 (syst.) $^{+1.0}_{-0.8}$ (mod.) fb
$\sigma_{Z\gamma jj-EW}^{\text{fid., MADGRAPH}}$	=	7.75 ± 0.03 (stat.) ± 0.20 (PDF + α_S) ± 0.40 (scale) fb
$\sigma_{Z\gamma jj-EW}^{\text{fid., SHERPA}}$	=	8.94 ± 0.08 (stat.) ± 0.20 (PDF + α_S) ± 0.50 (scale) fb

- Combined EW+QCD Z γ jj cross-section also measured: same method and phase spaces, except for CRs which are excluded

$\sigma_{Z\gamma jj}^{\text{fid.}}$	=	71 ± 2 (stat.) $^{+9}_{-7}$ (syst.) $^{+21}_{-17}$ (mod.) fb
$\sigma_{Z\gamma jj}^{\text{fid., MADGRAPH+SHERPA}}$	=	88.4 ± 2.4 (stat.) ± 2.3 (PDF + α_S) $^{+29.4}_{-19.1}$ (scale) fb.

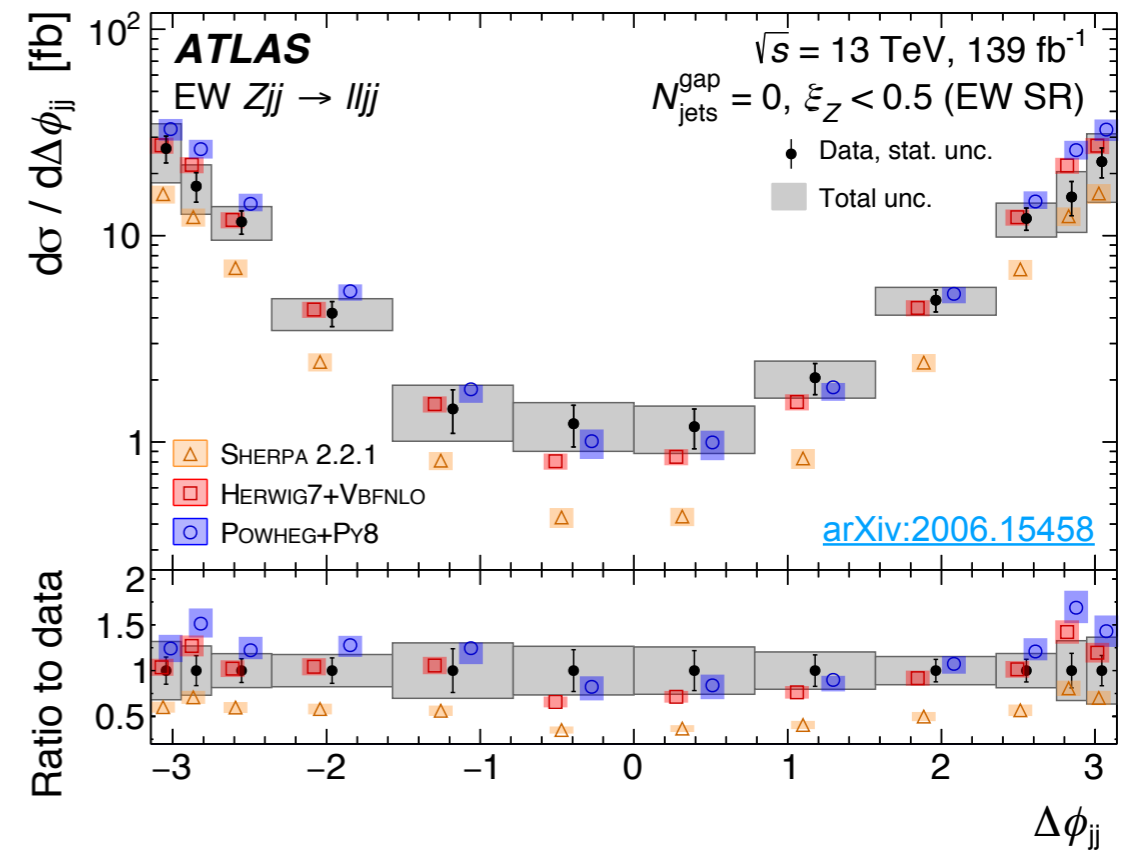


In agreement with the expectation. Large uncertainties from theory modeling!

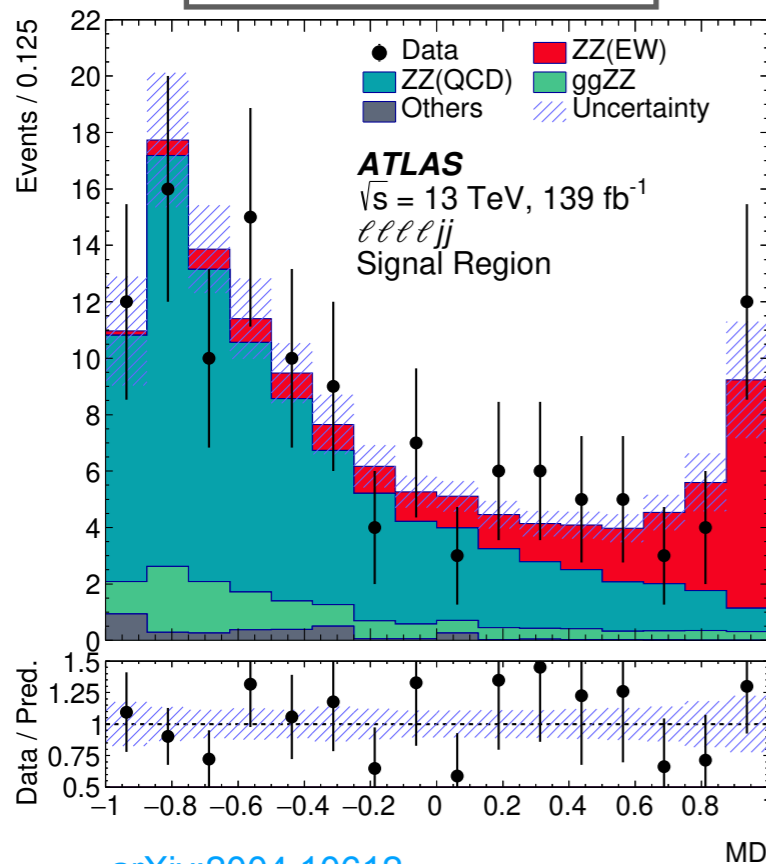
Summary

- New differential cross-section measurement of electroweak Z_{jj} production, with strong limits on new physics through an effective field theory interpretation
- Measurements of inclusive V_{jj} and VV_{jj} production in VBF/VBS topologies are providing a stress test of perturbative QCD
 - Crucial to understanding the background modeling and to make public the relevant information! What do theorist need?

EWK Z_{jj} production



EWK ZZ_{jj} production



■ VBS measurements are still in their infancy!

- Lots of new results in preparation with full run-2 data
- For “precision” measurement, need to improve signal and background modeling uncertainties

Backup

EWK WZjj production

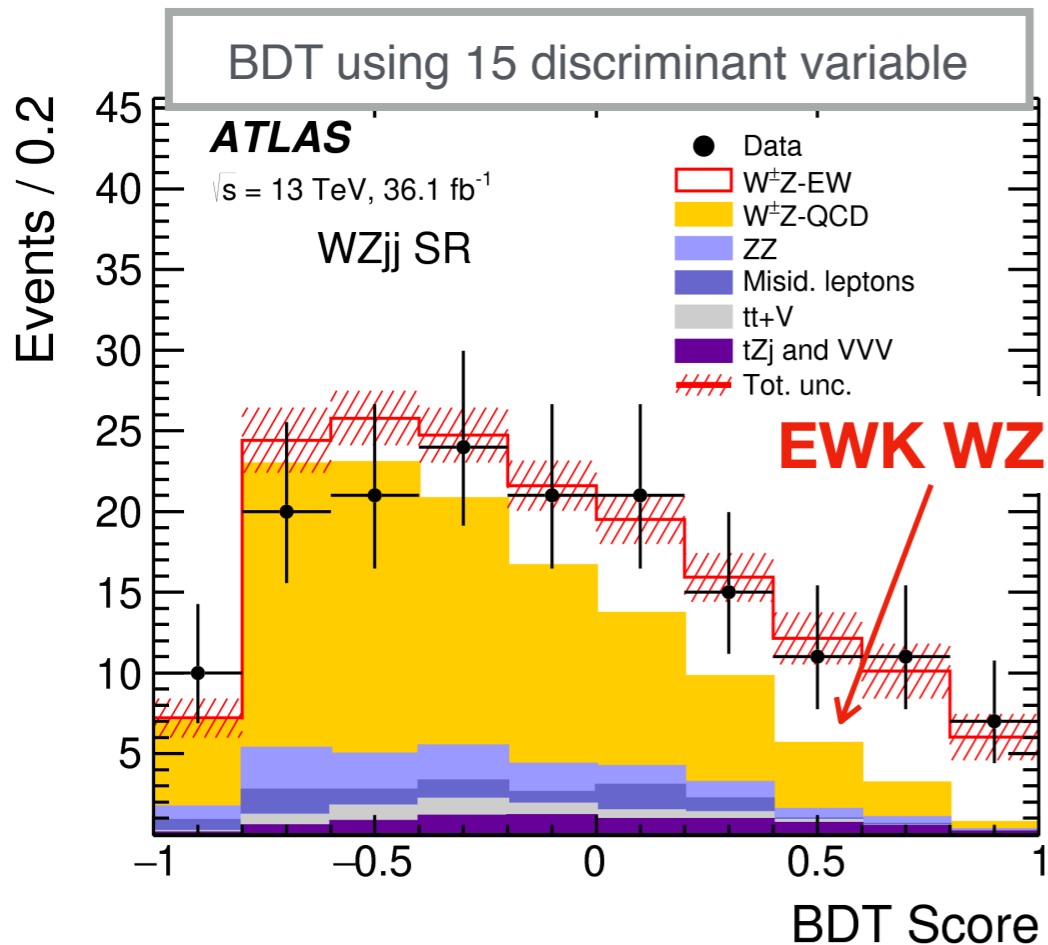
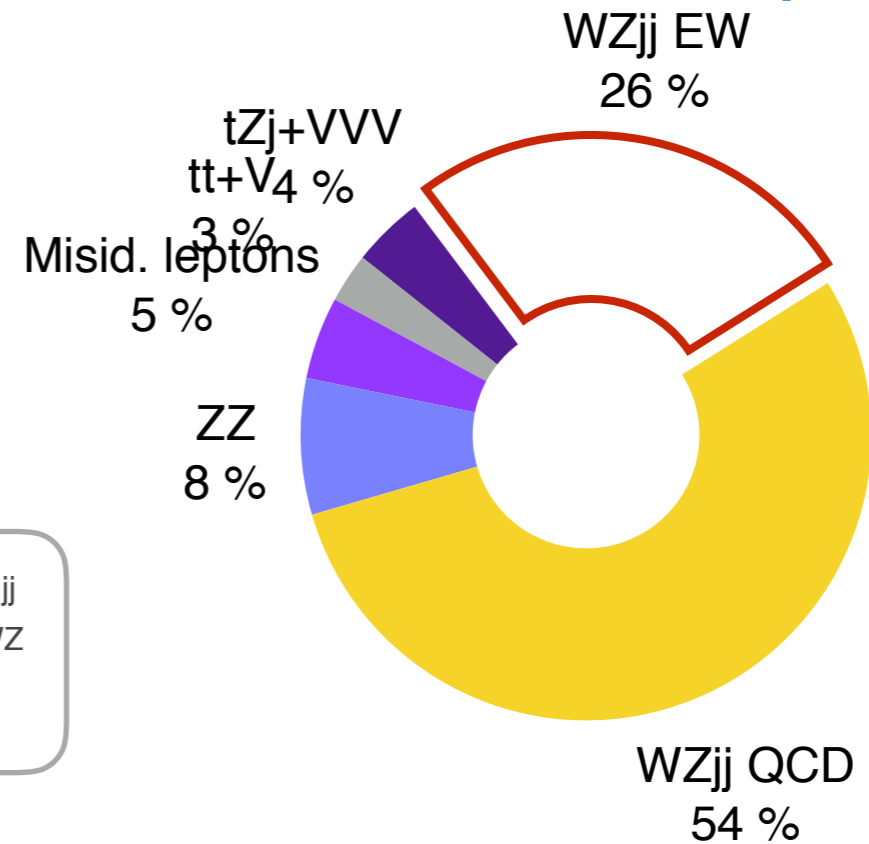
$W^\pm Z \rightarrow \ell \nu \ell \ell$



Signal extraction strategy

- Boosted Decision Tree trained on simulation events, to separate WZjj-EW from backgrounds
- 15 discriminant variables used
- Simultaneous fit of BDT in signal region with 3 Control region regions (WZ QCD, ZZ and tZj)

$m_{jj}, N_{jets}, p_{Tj1}, p_{Tj2}, \eta^{j1}, \Delta\eta_{jj}, \Delta\phi_{jj}$
 $|y_{l,w} - y_z|, p_T^W, p_T^Z, \eta^W, m_T^{WZ}$
 $\Delta R(j1, Z), R_{p_T^{hard}}, \zeta_{lep}$



Results:

Observation !!

Observed (expected with Sherpa) significance is **5.3σ** (3.2σ)

- Fiducial cross section measurement

$$\sigma_{WZjj-EW}^{fid.} = 0.57^{+0.14}_{-0.13} \text{ (stat.) } ^{+0.05}_{-0.04} \text{ (exp. syst.) } ^{+0.05}_{-0.04} \text{ (mod. syst.) } ^{+0.01}_{-0.01} \text{ (lumi.) fb}$$

- LO Sherpa cross-section (No EW/QCD interference)

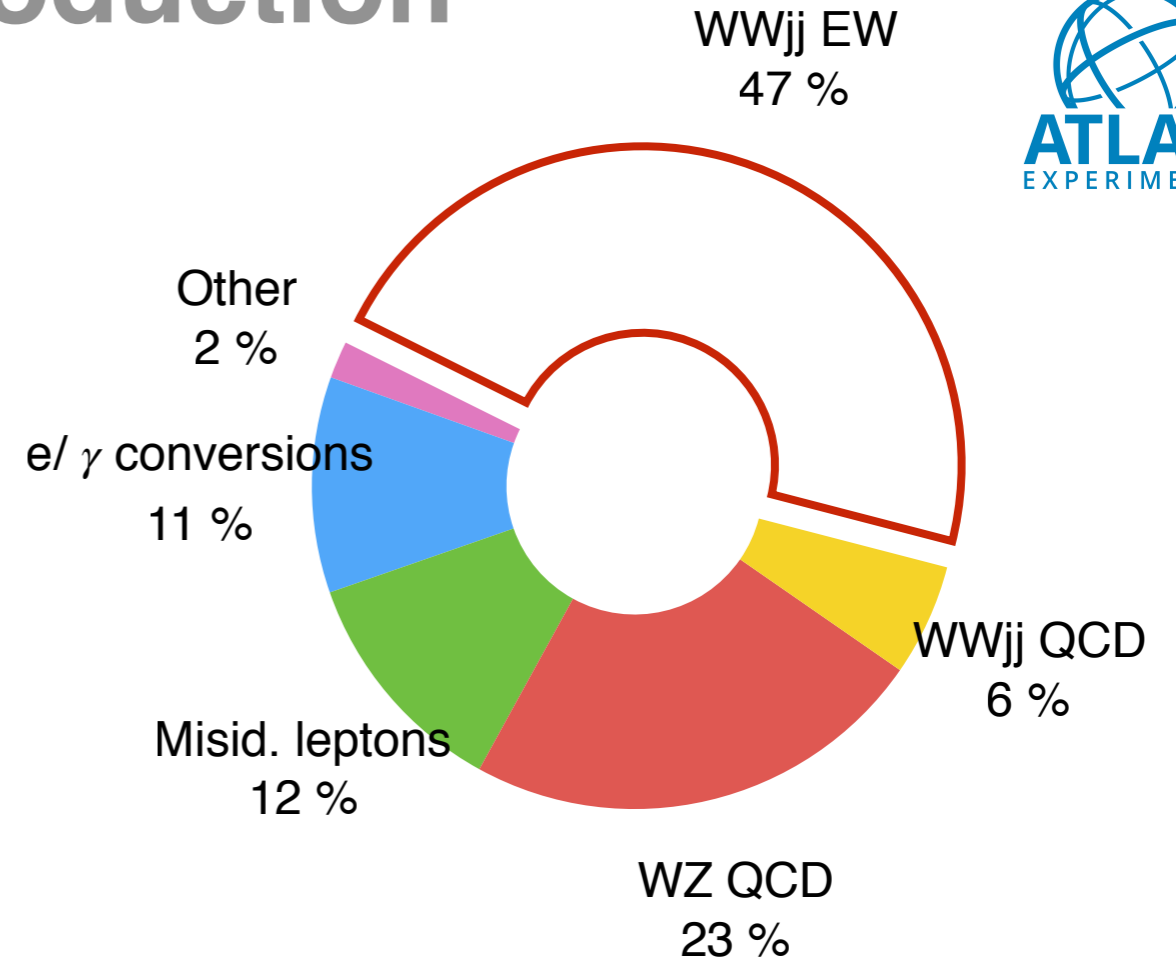
$$\sigma_{WZjj-EW}^{fid., Sherpa} = 0.321 \pm 0.002 \text{ (stat.) } \pm 0.005 \text{ (PDF)}^{+0.027}_{-0.023} \text{ (scale) fb,}$$

EWK same charge WW production

$$W^\pm W^\pm \rightarrow \ell \nu \ell \nu$$



- Best EWK/QCD over background ratio!
- Main background WZ QCD mediated production:
 - Normalization taken from data
 - Shape taken from simulation
 - Theory uncertainties applied (PDF, scale, shower)

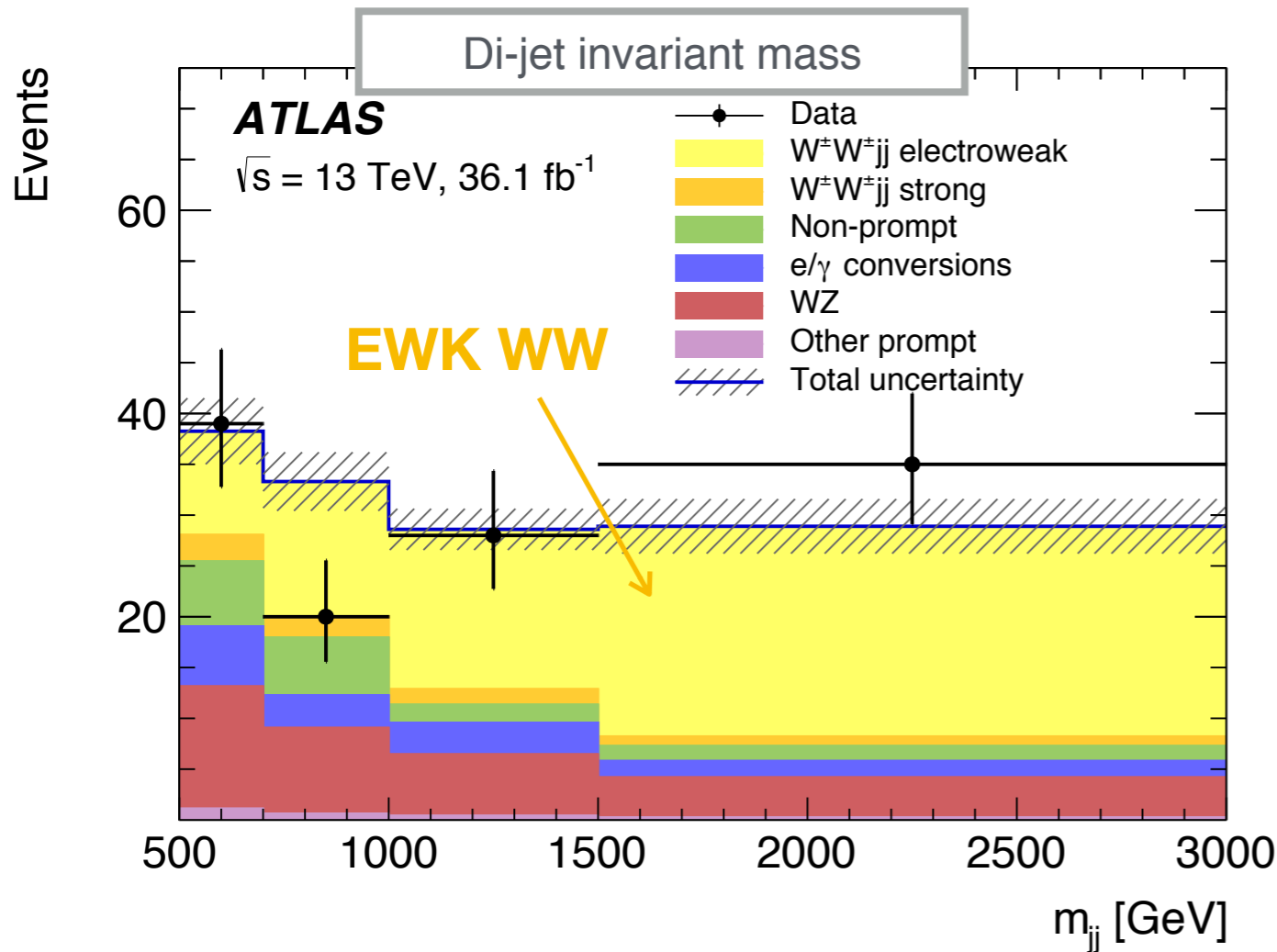


Signal extraction strategy → Fitting framework development

- Simultaneous fit of dijet invariant mass ($M_{jj} > 200 \text{ GeV}$) and WZ control region

Observation !!

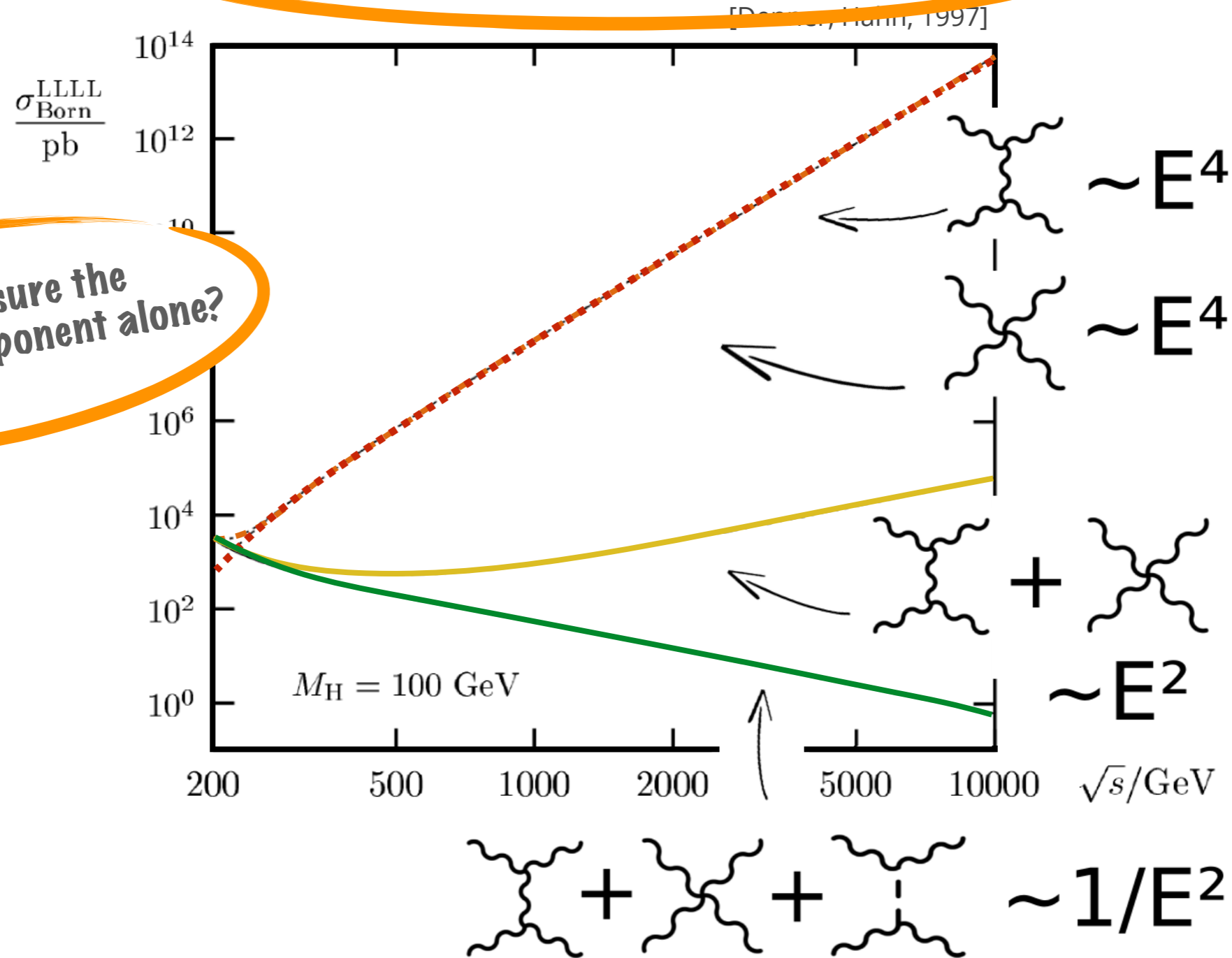
Observed (expected with Sherpa) significance is **6.5σ** (4.4σ)



Why Vector Boson scattering is interesting?

- Example: Cross-section for longitudinal $W_L+W_L^- \rightarrow W_L+W_L^-$ scattering

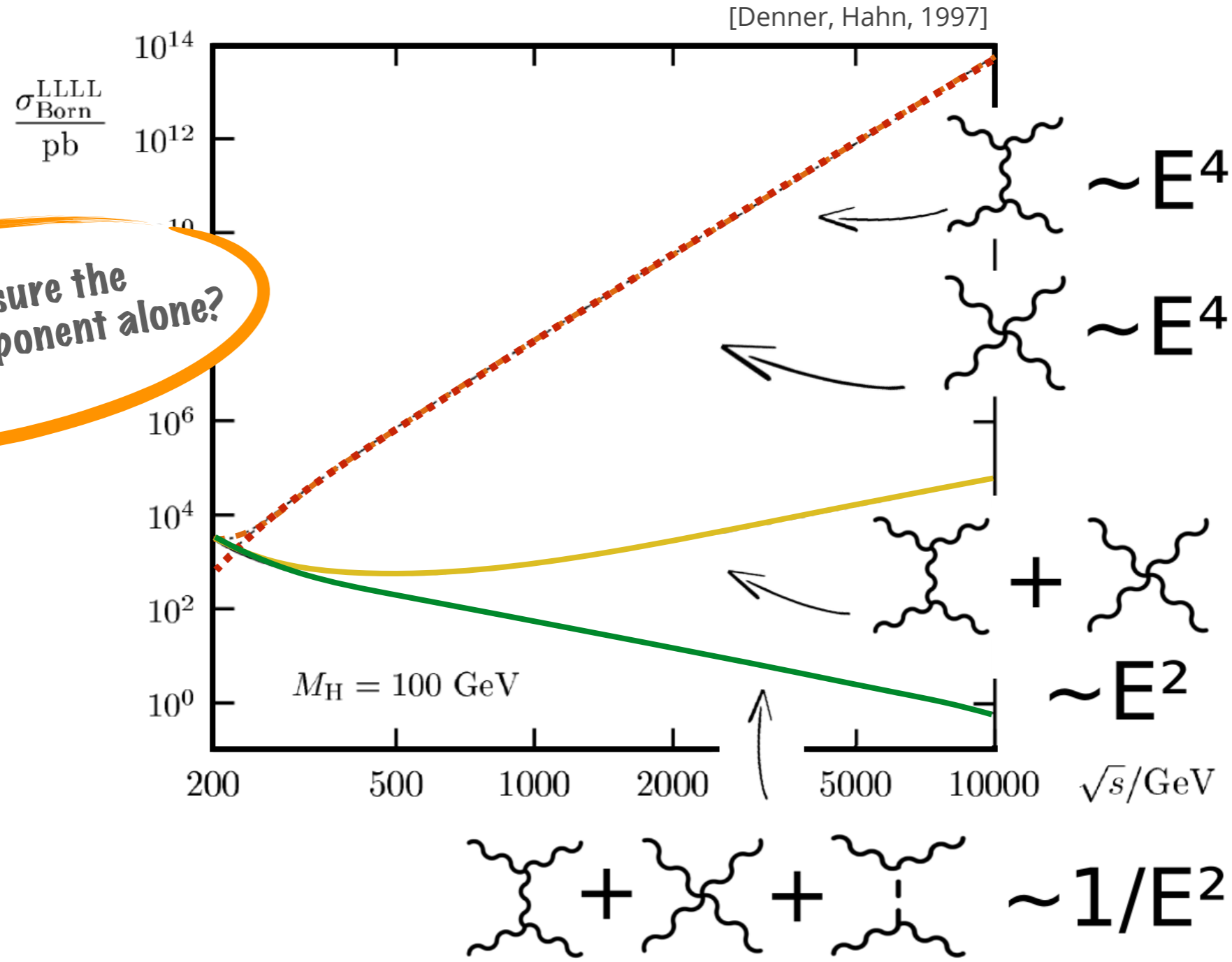
Can we measure the longitudinal component alone?



- Test of electroweak sector and EW Symmetry Breaking
- Complementary to “direct” Higgs boson property studies
- Differences in this sector will be indications of new physics

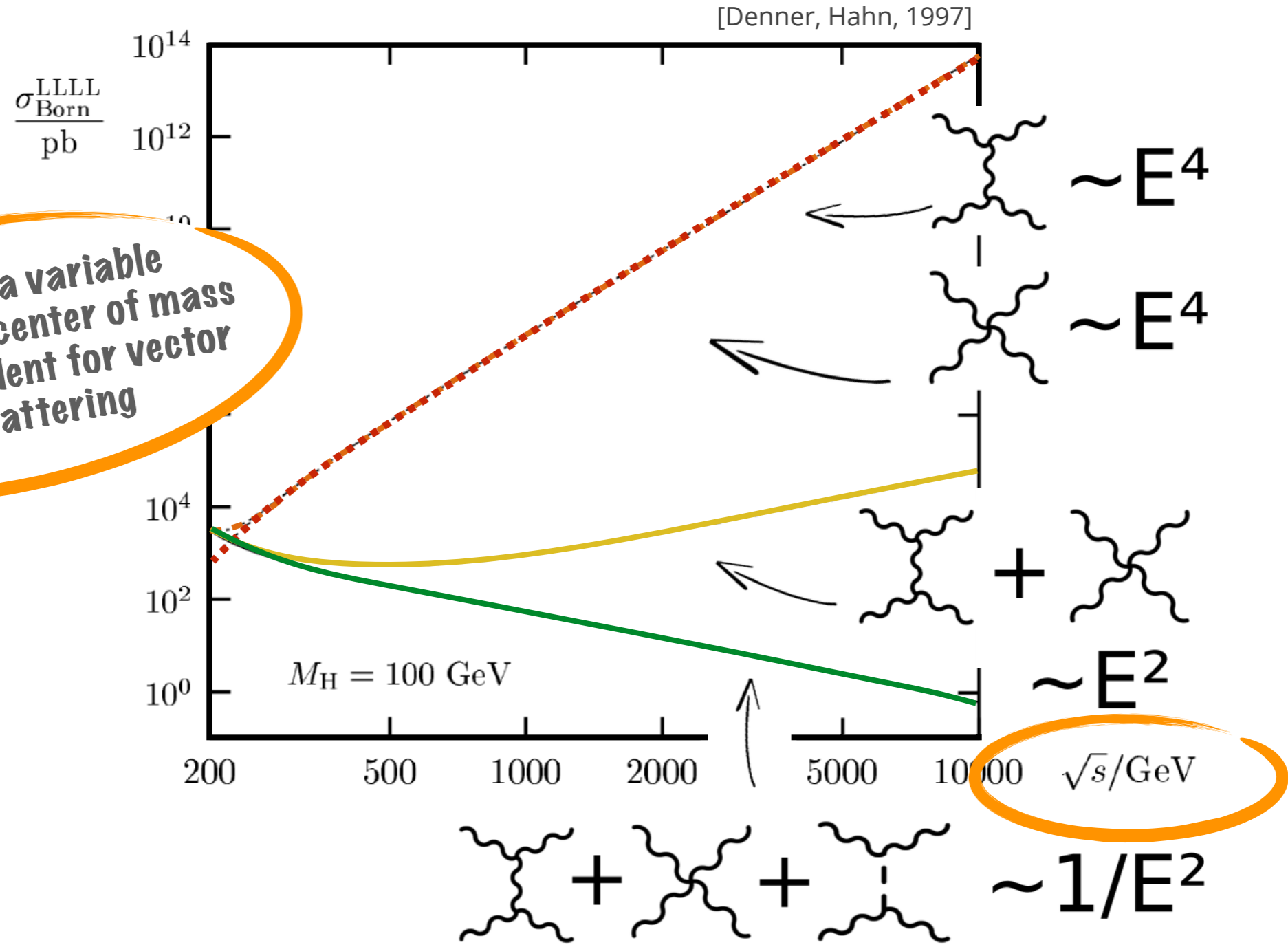
Why Vector Boson scattering is interesting?

Can we measure the longitudinal component alone?



Why Vector Boson scattering is interesting?

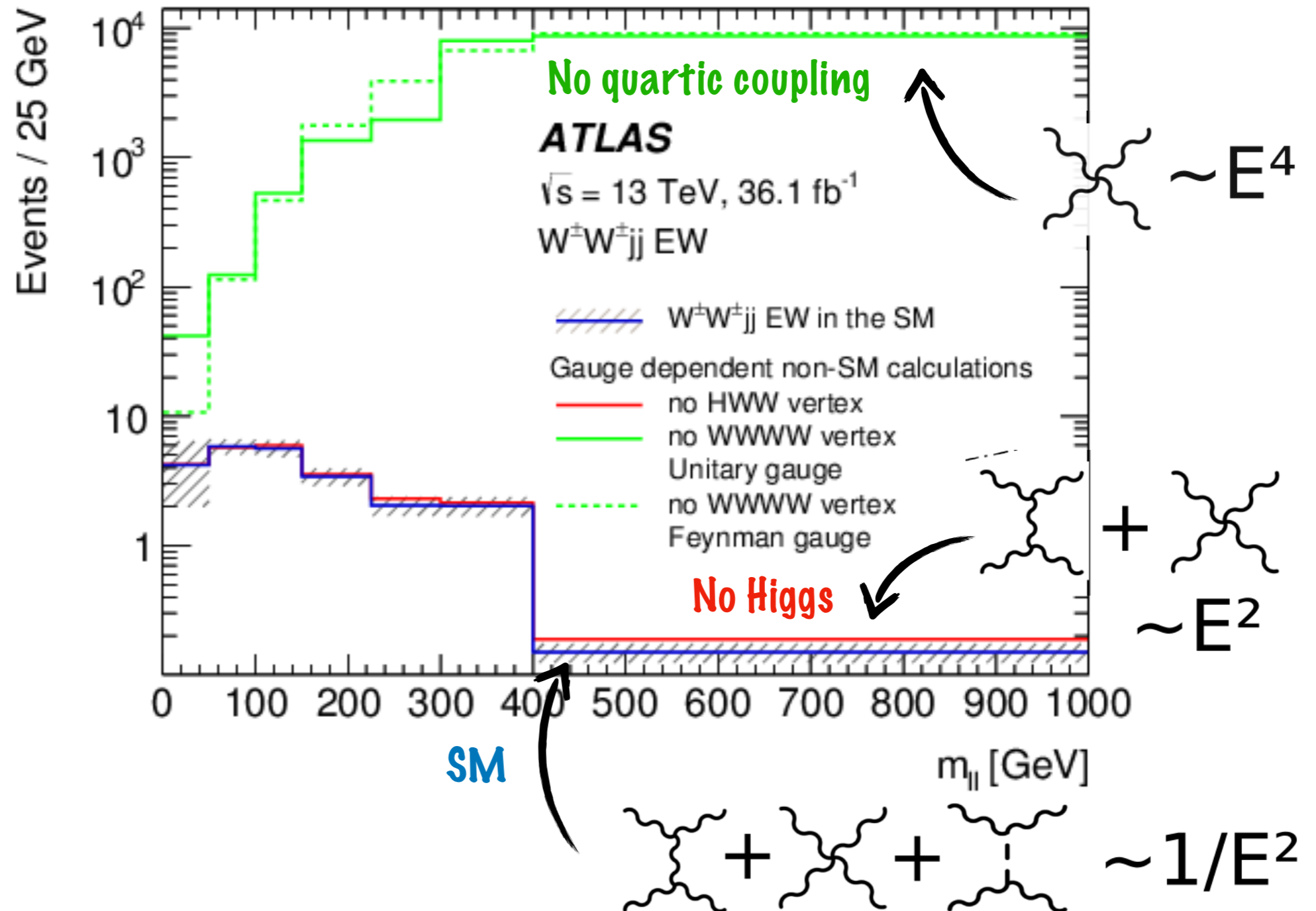
Need to find a variable sensitive to the center of mass energy, not evident for vector boson scattering



Testing the electroweak sector and EW Symmetry Breaking

ATLAS

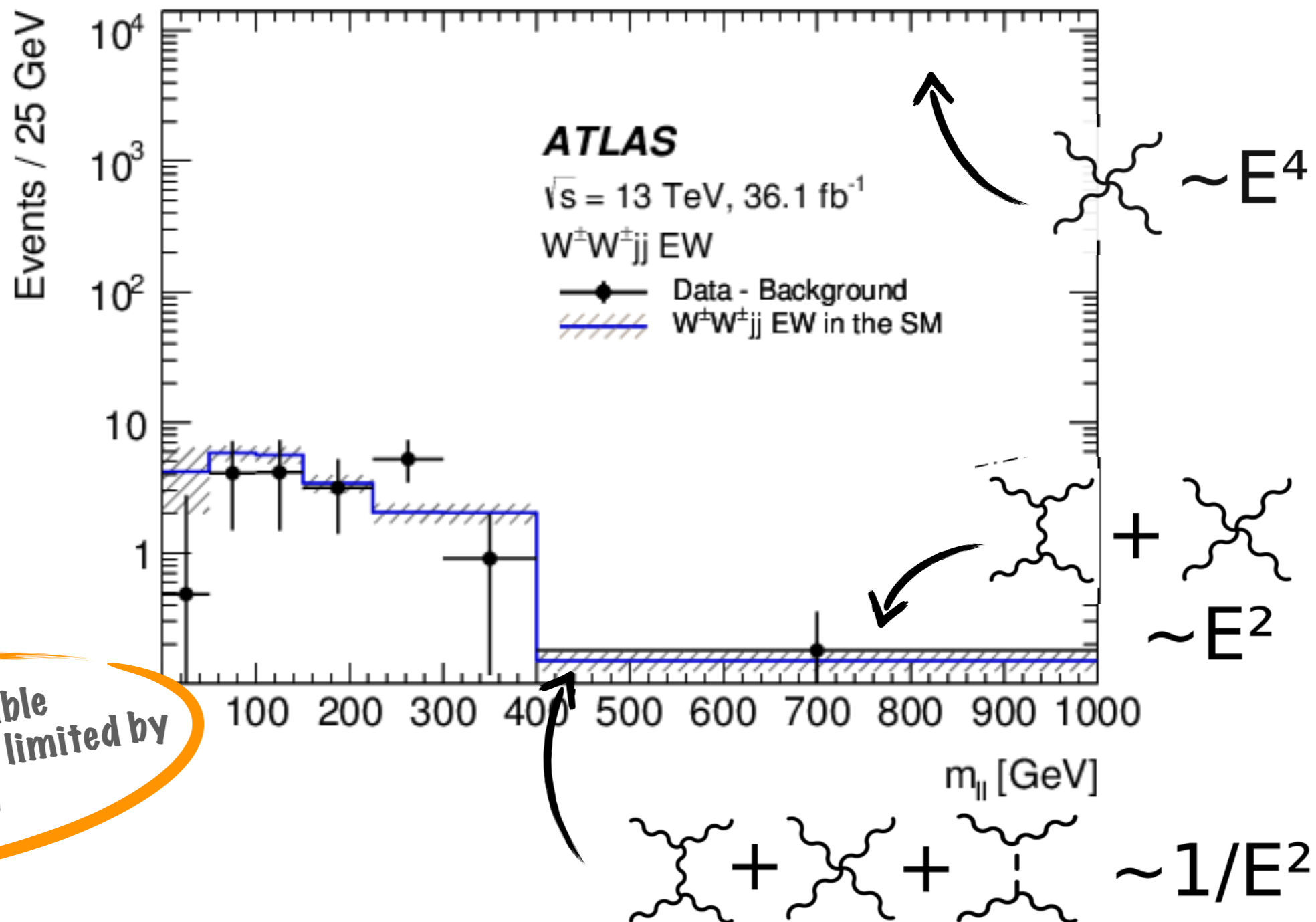
$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}, 36.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



Testing the electroweak sector and EW Symmetry Breaking

ATLAS

$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}, 36.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



So far compatible with the SM, but still limited by statistics!