

20th High-Energy Physics International Conference
in Quantum Chromodynamics
3rd - 7th July 2017, Montpellier, France

Production and Properties of B-Hadrons with the ATLAS Detector (Recent Results)

Pavel Řezníček
(Charles University, Prague)
on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration





B-Physics at the ATLAS Experiment

- Triggering $|\eta| < 2.4$
- Precision Tracking $|\eta| < 2.7$

Muon Spectrometer

Toroid Magnets

Precision μ tracking:

- MDT (Monitored Drift Tubes)
- CSC (Cathode Strip Chambers)

Trigger:

- RPC (Resistive Plate Chamber)
- TGC (Thin Gas Chamber)

Muon detectors

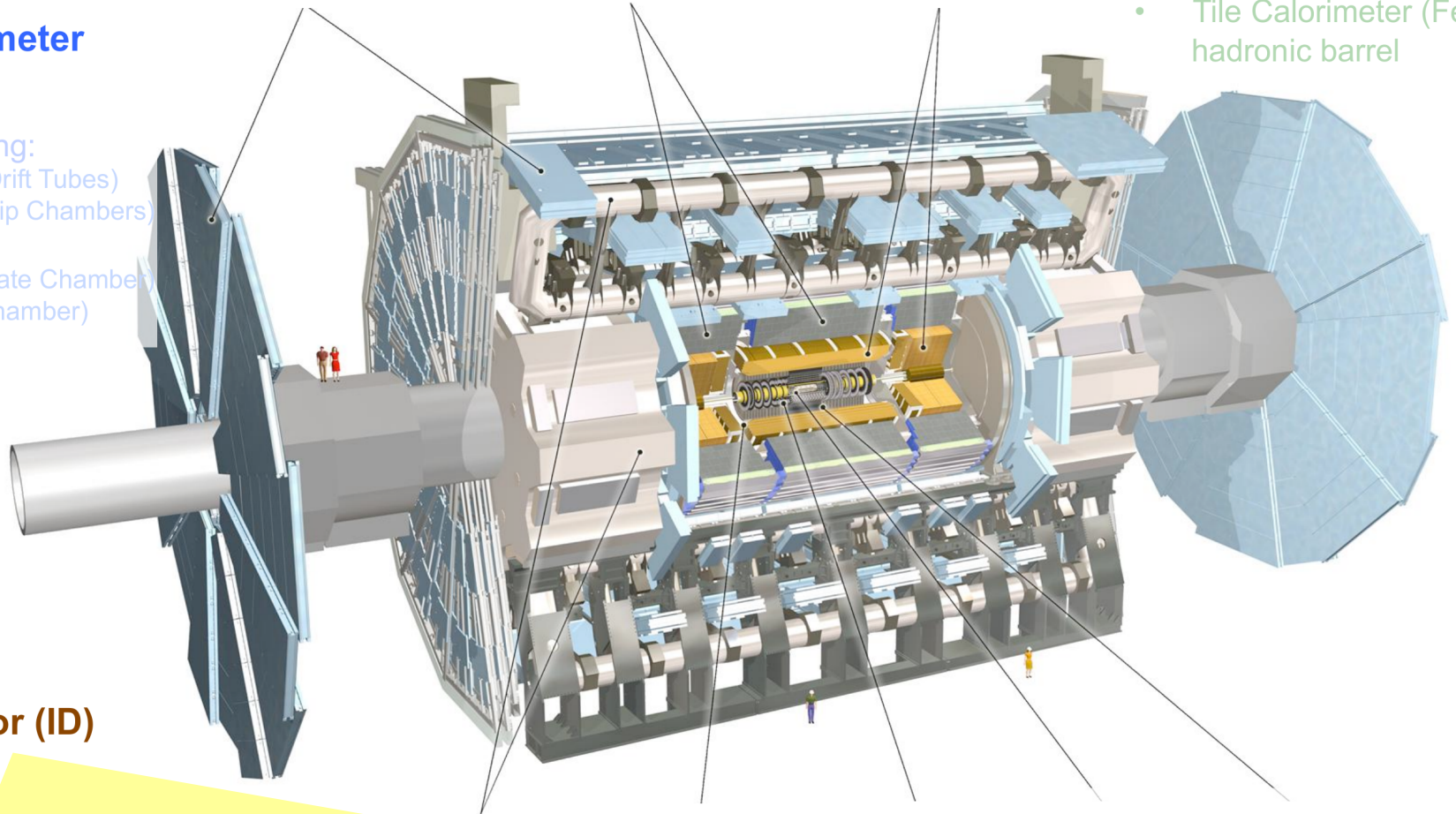
Tile Calorimeter

Liquid Argon Calorimeter

Calorimeter System

EM and Hadronic energy

- LAr EM barrel and EC
- LAr Had. Barrel
- Tile Calorimeter (Fe-Scin.) hadronic barrel



Inner Detector (ID)

- $p_T > 0.4$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$
- **New for Run2: Insertable B-Layer (IBL):** an additional inner-most pixel layer ($r = 33$ mm)
=> ~30% more precise secondary vertex reconstruction

Inner Detector, TRT Tracker



ATLAS B-Physics Programme

- ATLAS B-physics programme includes:
 - **Precision measurements:** rare decays, b-hadron decay properties, CPV
 - **Heavy flavour production:** b-hadrons, (associated) quarkonia production
 - **Spectroscopy:** new states and decay modes
 - Mostly in fully reconstructable exclusive decays with single/di-/multi-muon final states, which allows to trigger low- p_T objects
- **Outline of the talk (recent results):**
 - Measurement of $X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$ and $\psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$ production JHEP 01 (2017) 117
 - Measurement of the prompt J/ψ pair production in the $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ decay mode EPJC 77 (2017) 76
 - Measurement of b-hadron pair production with $B \rightarrow J/\psi X$ and $B \rightarrow \mu X$ decay modes arXiv:1705.03374
Submitted to JHEP



Datasets and Trigger

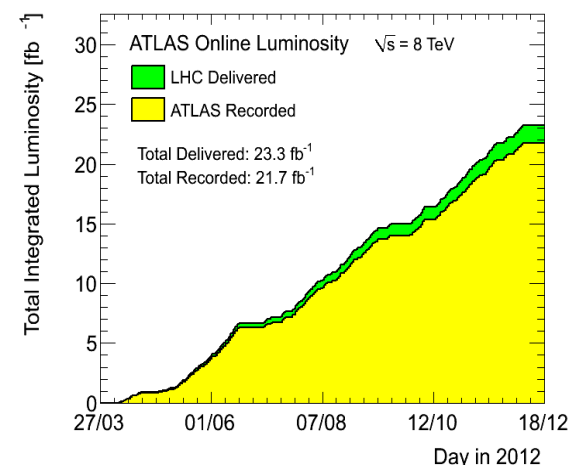
Datasets (pp): 7 TeV data, 5.08 fb⁻¹
50ns, 3.7x10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹

8 TeV, 21.3 fb⁻¹
50ns, 7.7x10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹

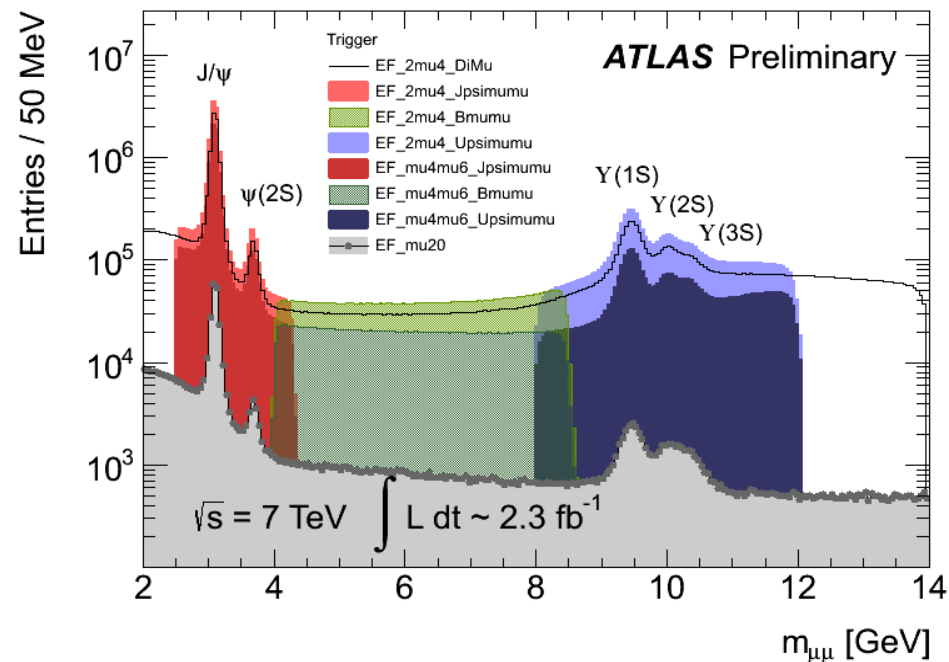
13 TeV, 3.9+35.6 fb⁻¹
50/25ns, 13.8x10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹

Trigger:

- 20/40 MHz collision rate → ~400 Hz recording
- B-physics concentrates on low-p_T di-muon signatures; presented analyses use J/ψ → μμ trigger:



- L_{int} = 11.4 fb⁻¹
- Trigger on low-p_T (4,6 GeV) di-muon
- 2 muons at L1 (HW-based)
- Confirmed at HLT
- Track vertex fit and mass cuts at HLT
- 8 TeV data: low-p_T maintained introducing barrel triggers

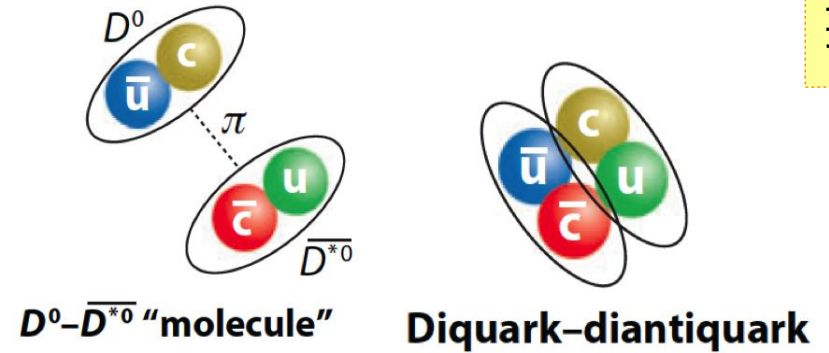




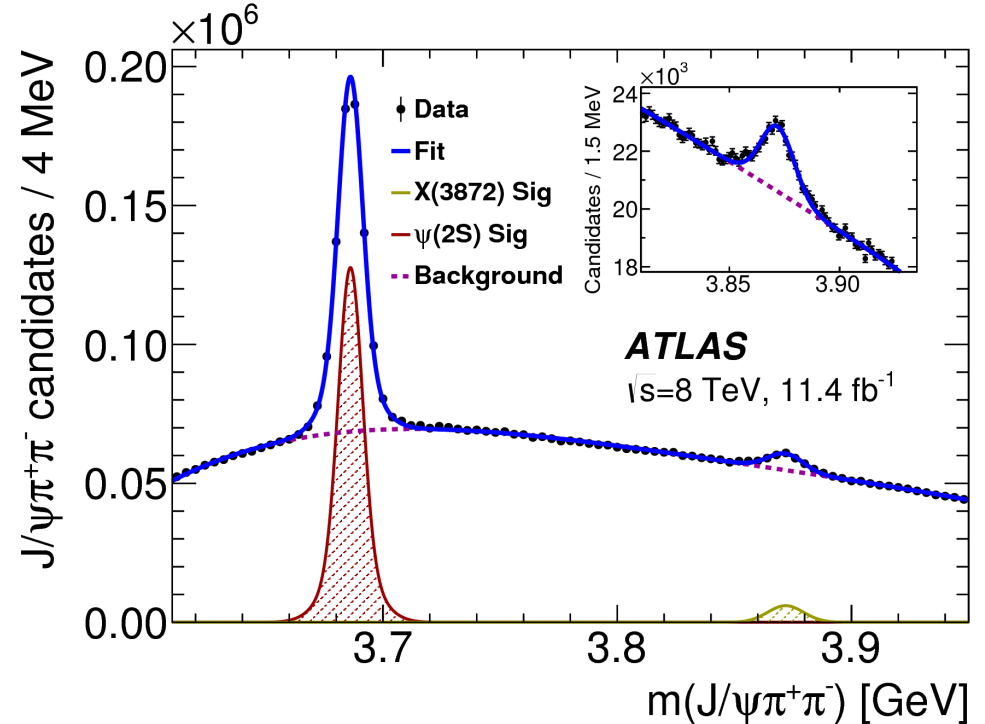
Measurement of $\psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$ and $X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$ production

Production of $\psi(2S)$ and $X(3872)$ in $J/\psi\pi\pi$

- **X(3872) state:** Discovered by Belle, confirmed by CDF, BaBar and D0
 - JPC = 1^{++} by LHCb (and CDF)
 - CMS x-section vs. p_T favors mixed $\chi_{c1}(2P)$ - $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$ state; $\chi_{c1}(2P)$ predominates
 - $\psi(2S)$ measurement for straightforward comparisons



- **Selection:** $\sim 470k$ of $\psi(2S)$ and $\sim 30k$ of $X(3872)$
- **Measurement** in bins of p_T and pseudo-lifetime
 - Prompt / non-prompt production $J/\psi\pi\pi$ candidate mass fits and pseudolifetime fits
 - Lifetime structure of $X(3872)$
 - production from B_c ?
 - Di-pion mass spectrum





(Non-)Prompt Production $X(3872)$ vs. $\psi(2S)$

- Relative $X(3872)/\psi(2S)$ non-prompt production significantly smaller than Tevatron measurement

$$R_B^{2L} = \frac{\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X(3872) + \text{any})\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-)}{\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \psi(2S) + \text{any})\mathcal{B}(\psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-)} = (3.57 \pm 0.33(\text{stat}) \pm 0.11(\text{sys})) \times 10^{-2}$$

Tevatron: 0.18 ± 0.08 from [Phys.Rev.D81 \(2010\) 114018](#)

- Non-prompt fraction in $\psi(2S)$ and $X(3872)$ production agrees with CMS

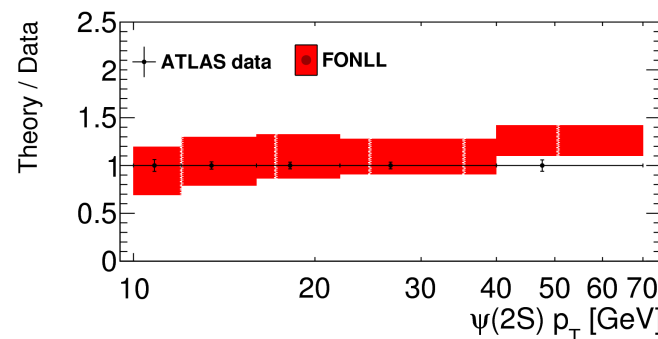
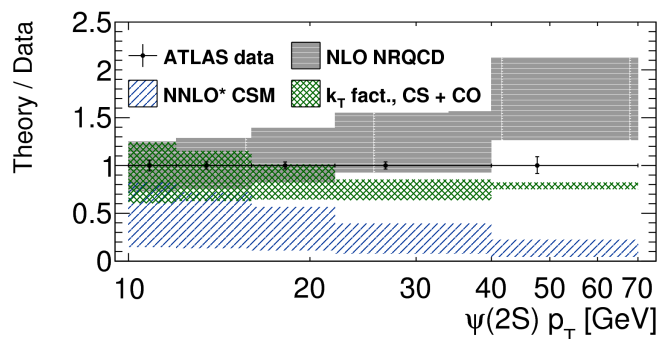
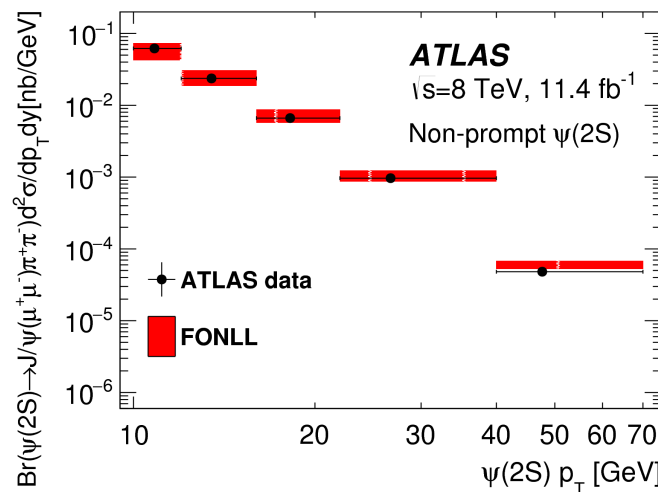
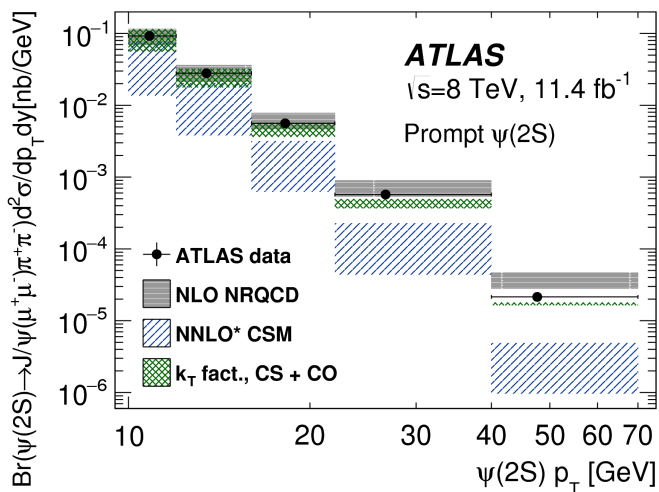
- Suggests strongly enhanced $X(3872)$ production through B_c (account for small f_{B_c})

$$\frac{\sigma(pp \rightarrow B_c)\mathcal{B}(B_c \rightarrow X(3872))}{\sigma(pp \rightarrow \text{non-prompt } X(3872))} = (25 \pm 13(\text{stat}) \pm 2(\text{sys}) \pm 5(\text{spin}))\%$$



$\psi(2S)$ Production

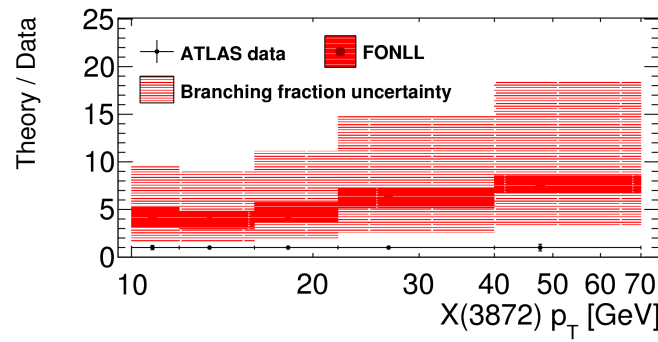
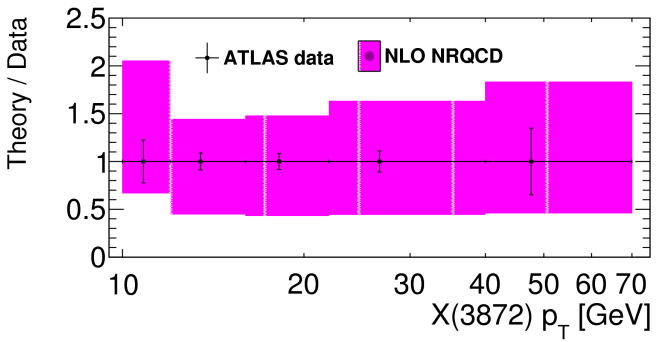
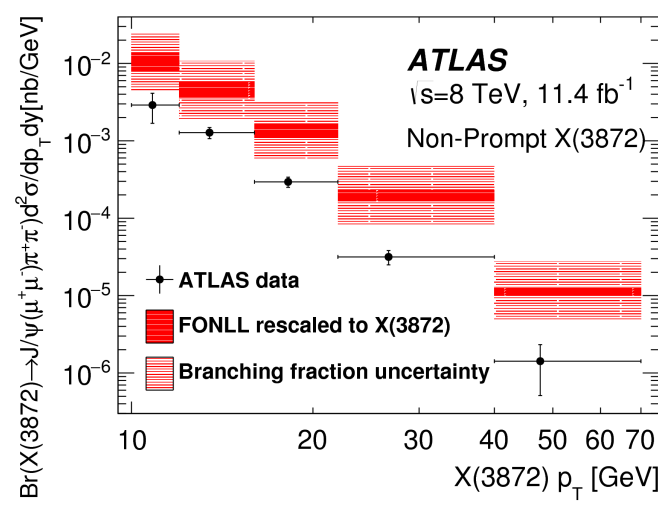
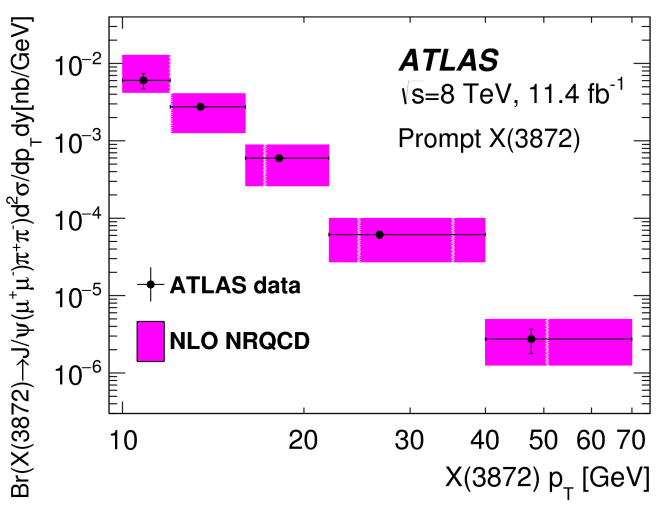
- Relative $X(3872)/\psi(2S)$ non-prompt production significantly smaller than Tevatron measurement
- Non-prompt fraction in $\psi(2S)$ and $X(3872)$ production agrees with CMS
- Suggests strongly enhanced $X(3872)$ production through B_c (account for small f_{B_c})
- NNLO* CSM underestimates $\psi(2S)$ prompt production, NLO NRQCD, k_T fact. and FONLL agree





X(3872) Production

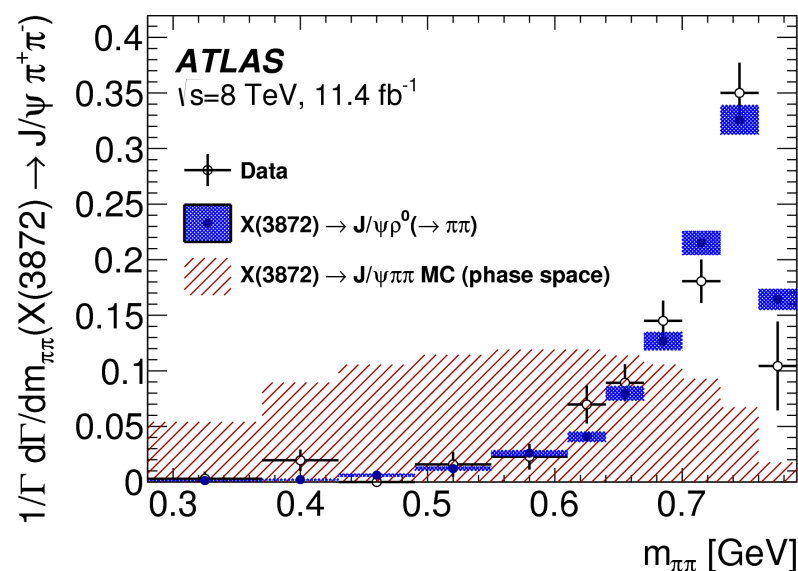
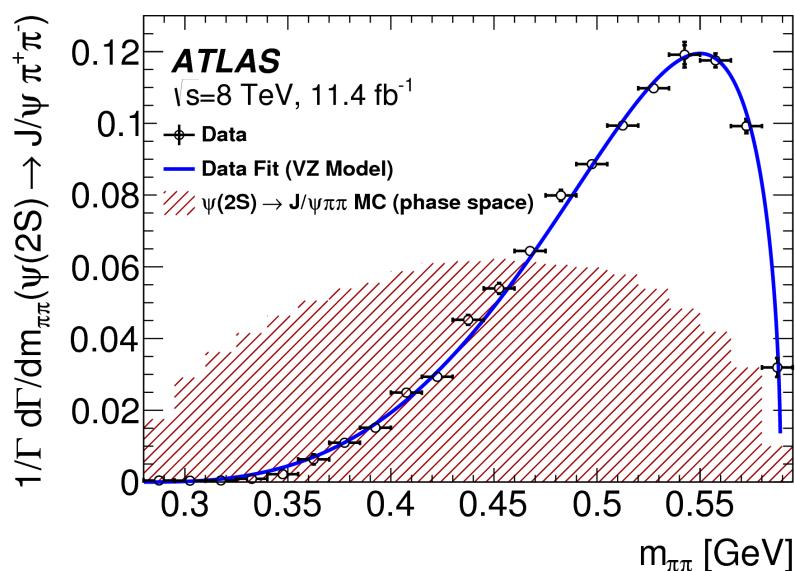
- Relative X(3872)/ $\psi(2S)$ non-prompt production significantly smaller than Tevatron measurement
- Non-prompt fraction in $\psi(2S)$ and X(3872) production agrees with CMS
- Suggests strongly enhanced X(3872) production through B_c (account for small f_{B_c})
- Prompt X(3872) production agrees with NLO NRQCD assuming mixture of $\chi_{c1}(2P)$ with $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$, but non-prompt prediction accounting for Tevatron result overestimates ATLAS data





Di-Pion Invariant Mass Spectra

- Relative X(3872)/ $\psi(2S)$ non-prompt production significantly smaller than Tevatron measurement
- Non-prompt fraction in $\psi(2S)$ and X(3872) production agrees with CMS
- Suggests strongly enhanced X(3872) production through B_c (account for small f_{B_c})
- NNLO* CSM underestimates $\psi(2S)$ prompt production, NLO NRQCD, k_T fact. and FONLL agree
- Prompt X(3872) production agrees with NLO NRQCD assuming mixture of $\chi_{c1}(2P)$ with $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$, but non-prompt prediction accounting for Tevatron result overestimates ATLAS data
- $\psi(2S)$ di-pion mass spectrum agrees with LHCb and BES measurements
- X(3872) di-pion mass spectrum prefers X(3872) $\rightarrow J/\psi\rho^0(\rightarrow\pi\pi)$ hypothesis





Measurement of the prompt J/ψ pair production in the $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ decay mode



Prompt J/ψ Pair Production

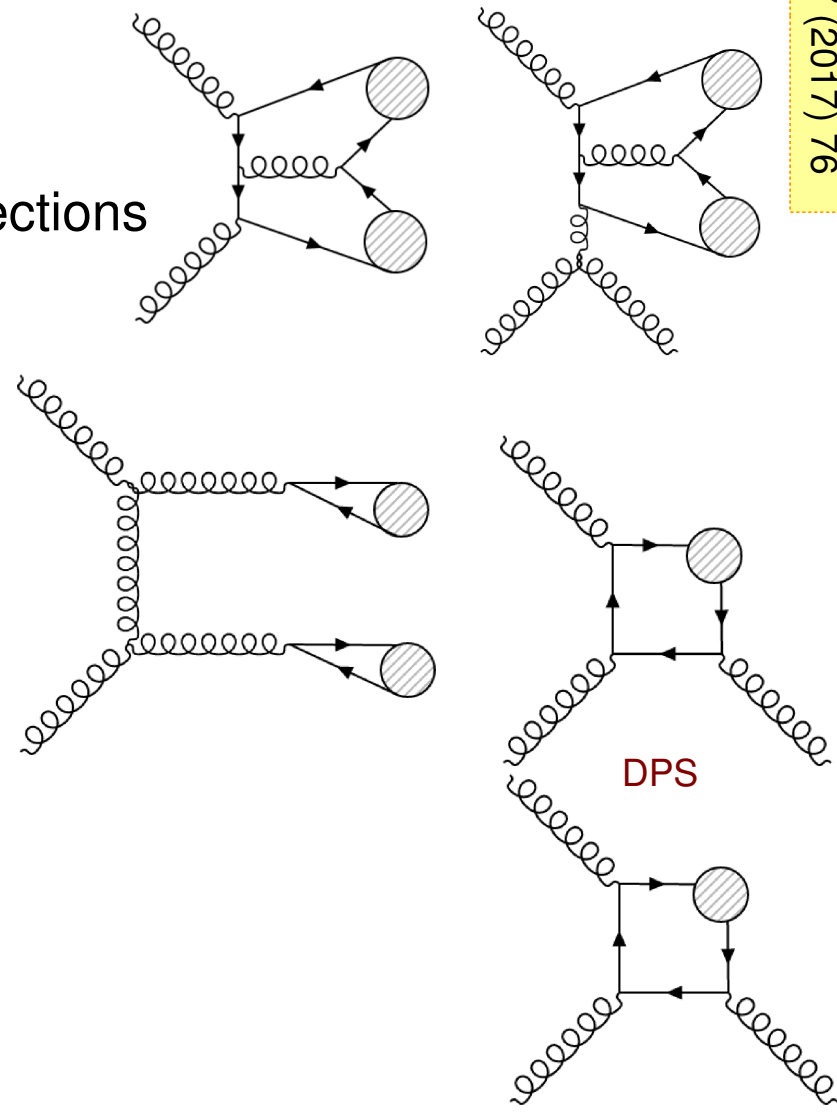
Motivation:

- Understanding of non-perturbative QCD, also sensitive to NLO and higher pQCD corrections
- Study J/ψ production models
- Measure double parton scattering (DPS)
 - Important background for NP searches
 - σ_{eff} from gluon-dominated interactions

Selection: 1210 di- J/ψ events left

Measurement of the differential x-sections

- Selection / efficiencies / acceptance
- 2D mass fits
- L_{xy} fits (prompt/non-prompt)
- pile-up removal (<1%)
- Barrel ($|y| < 1.05$) / endcap ($1.05 < |y| < 2.1$)
- Inclusive J/ψ sample to study pile-up and J/ψ reconstruction performance



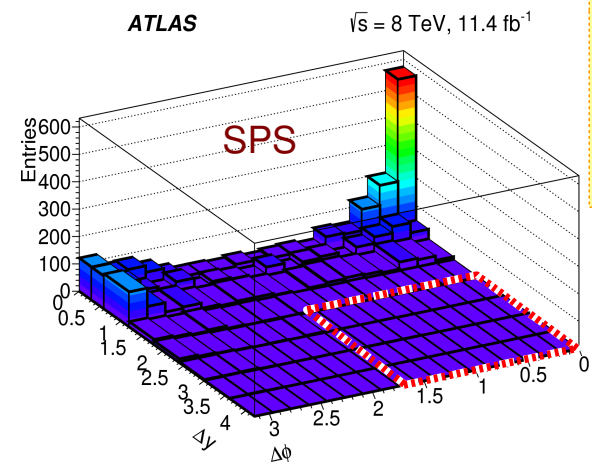
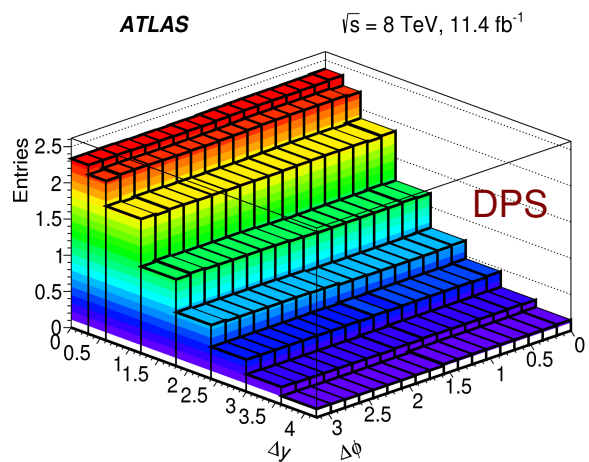


Prompt J/ψ Pair X-Section & DPS

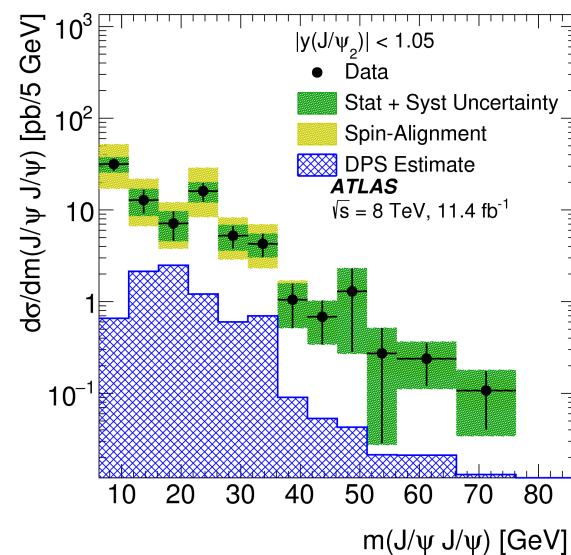
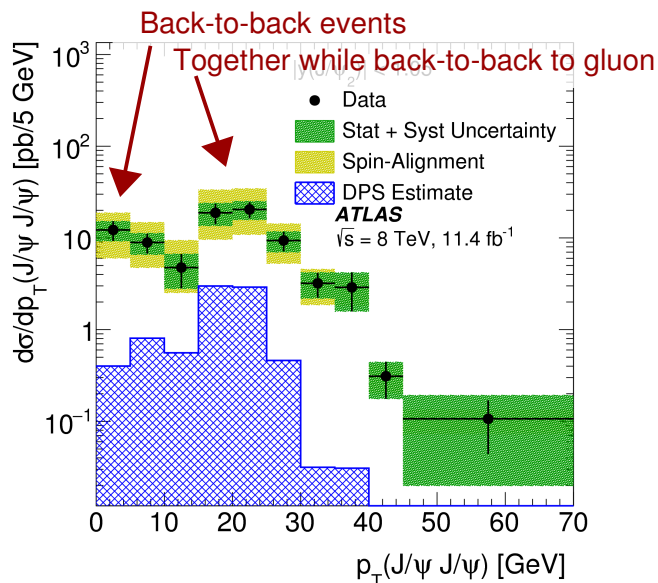
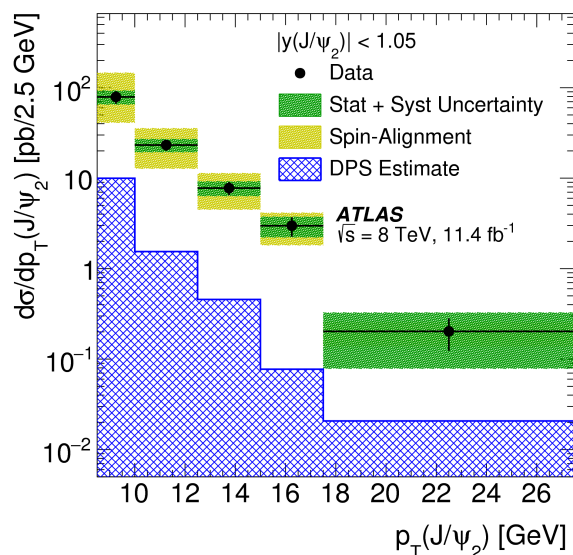
- DPS template from mixed J/ψ candidates in different events

- dominating in J/ψ s $|\Delta y| > 1.8$ (and $|\Delta\phi| < \pi/2$)

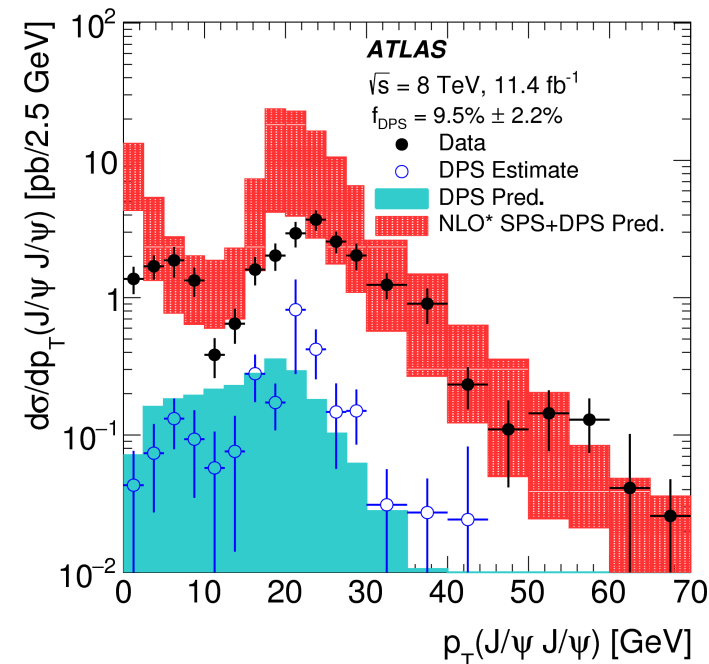
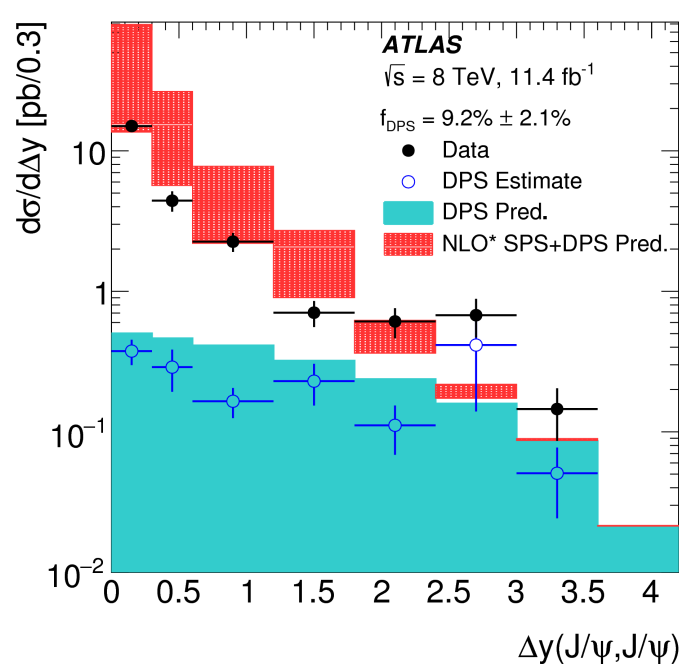
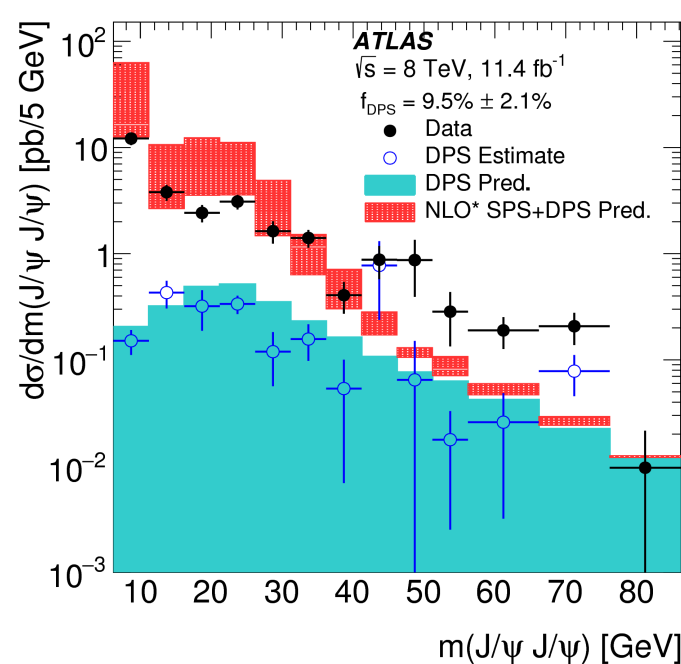
$$f_{\text{DPS}} = (9.2 \pm 2.1 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.5 \text{ (syst)})\%$$



$$\sigma_{\text{Fid}}(pp \rightarrow J/\psi J/\psi + X) = \begin{cases} 15.6 \pm 1.3 \text{ (stat)} \pm 1.2 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.2 \text{ (BF)} \pm 0.3 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb, for } |y| < 1.05, \\ 13.5 \pm 1.3 \text{ (stat)} \pm 1.1 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.2 \text{ (BF)} \pm 0.3 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb, for } 1.05 \leq |y| < 2.1 \end{cases}$$



- Largely agreement with NLO* SPS (with a feed-down correction factor) + LO DPS (normalized to measured DPS)
- Except for large invariant di- J/ψ mass, larger Δy and in the low- p_T region
 - Similar feature in CMS di- J/ψ measurement (JHEP 09 (2014) 94)
 - Further cross-checks suggest need of contributions from feed-down and/or intrinsic parton transverse momentum

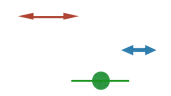




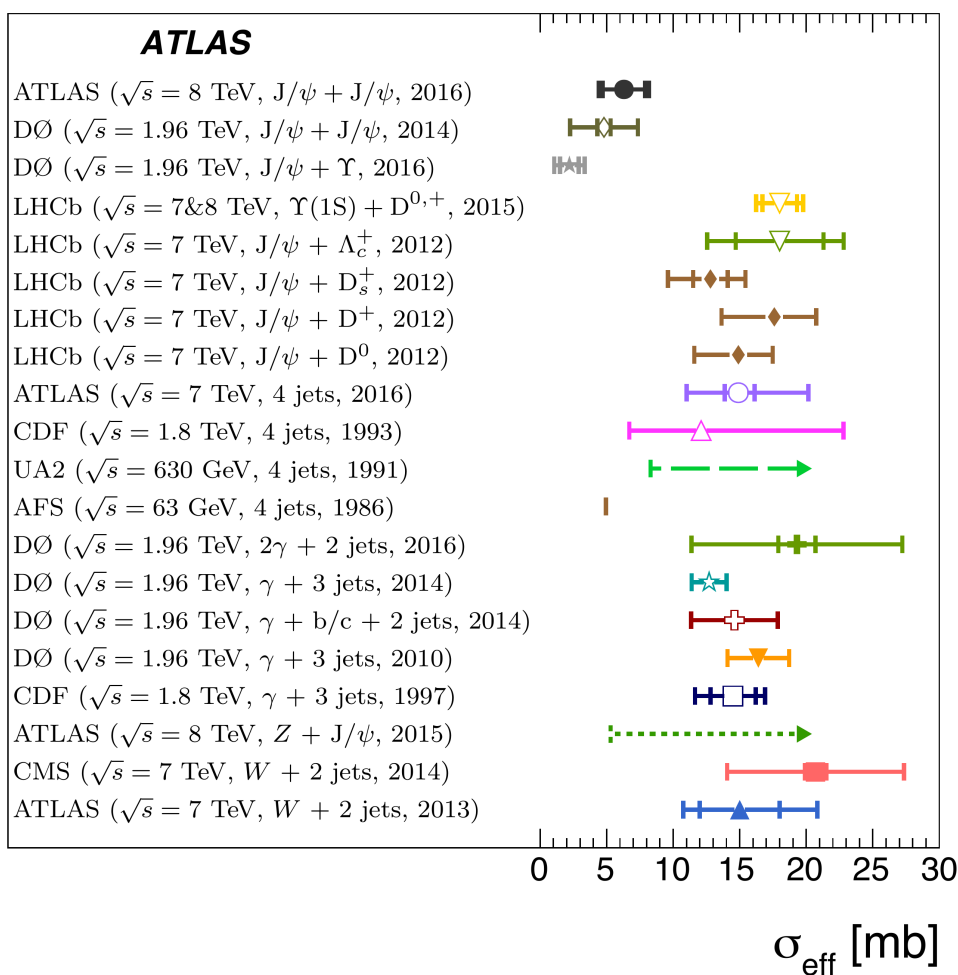
Double Parton Scattering σ_{eff}

- **Extracted** $\sigma_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_{J/\psi}^2}{\sigma_{\text{DPS}}^{J/\psi, J/\psi}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_{J/\psi}^2}{f_{\text{DPS}} \times \sigma_{J/\psi J/\psi}} = 6.3 \pm 1.6 \text{ (stat)} \pm 1.0 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.1 \text{ (BF)} \pm 0.1 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ mb}$
- σ_{eff} from di- J/ψ generally lower than from other final states

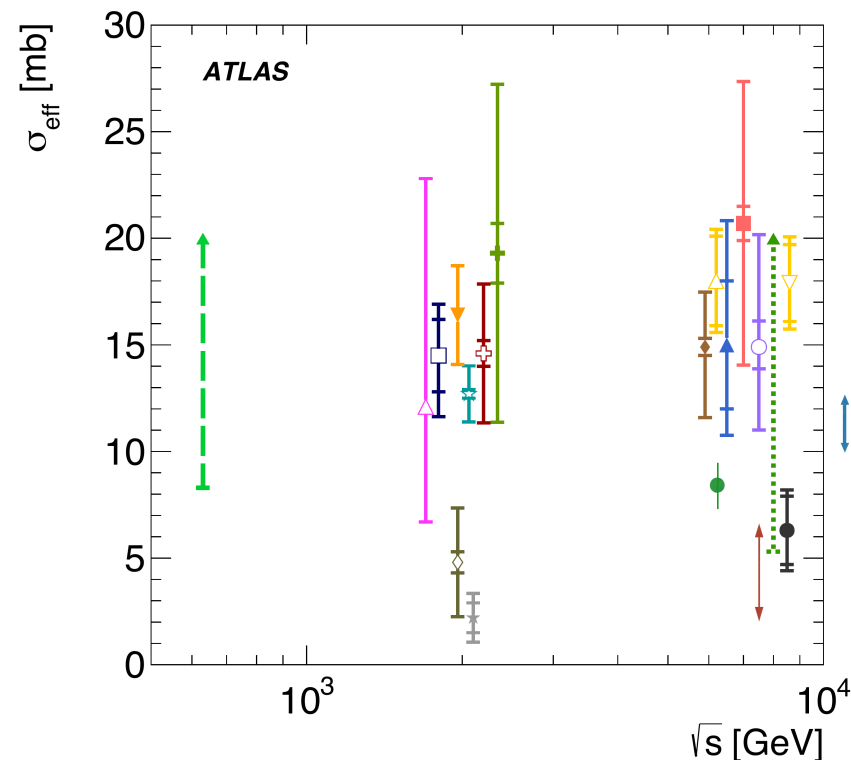
CMS ($\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$, $\Upsilon(1S) + \Upsilon(1S)$, 2016)
 LHCb ($\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$, $J/\psi + J/\psi$, 2017)
 CMS + Lansberg, Shao ($\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$, $J/\psi + J/\psi$, 2014)



Experiment (energy, final state, year)



- Theory prediction for process and energy dependence needed





Measurement of b-hadron pair production with $B \rightarrow J/\psi X$ and $B \rightarrow \mu X$ decay modes



Production of b-Hadron Pairs

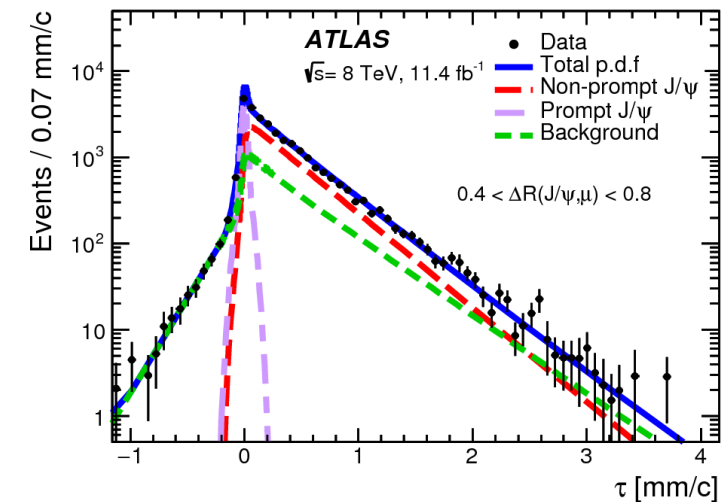
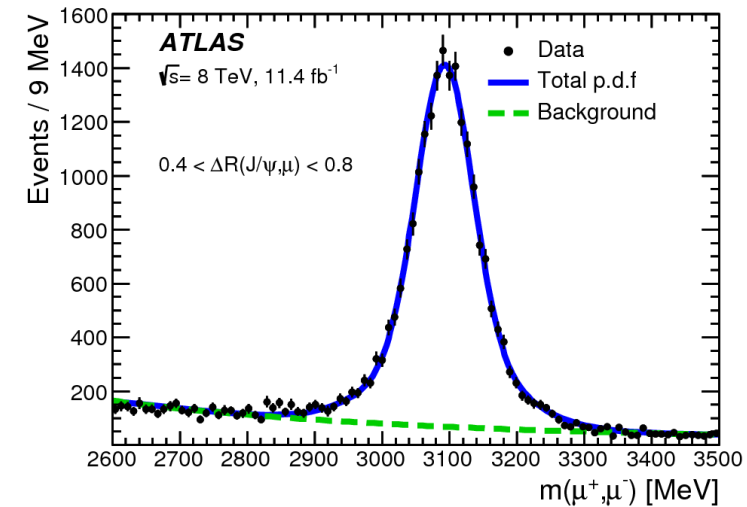
- **Motivation:** b-production vs. theory
 - especially small-angle $b\bar{b}$ pairs production via gluon splitting
 - Important background for other searches
 - e.g. associated Higgs + vector boson

- **Convenient 3-muon signature:**

- $b \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu\mu)X + b \rightarrow \mu X$

- **Measurement:** in each kinematic bin:

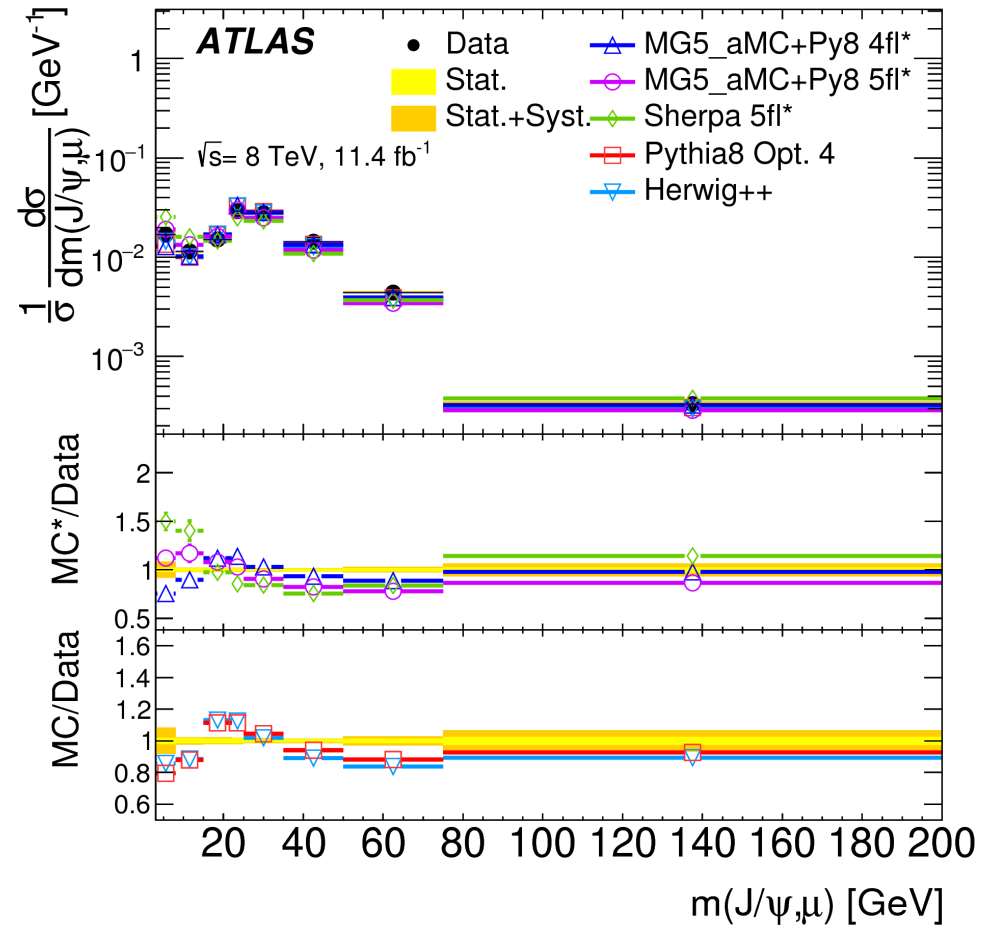
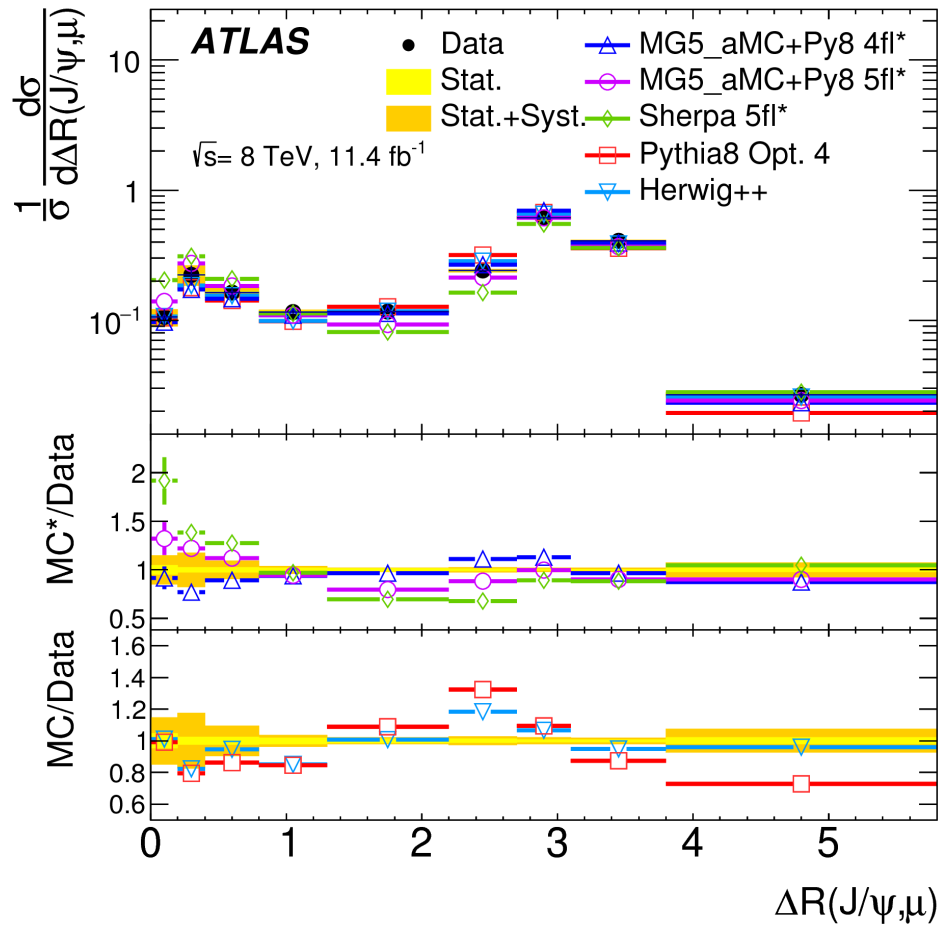
- J/ψ **non-prompt** yield from mass & pseudo-lifetime fit
- 3rd muon event yield from signal-enhanced ($\tau > 0.25$ mm) sample, and 2D fit of muon transverse $d_0/\sigma(d_0)$ & BDT constructed from muon-production sensitive kinematic parameters
- Irreducible background subtraction
- Corrections on the τ cut and detector resolution





Comparison to MC Generators

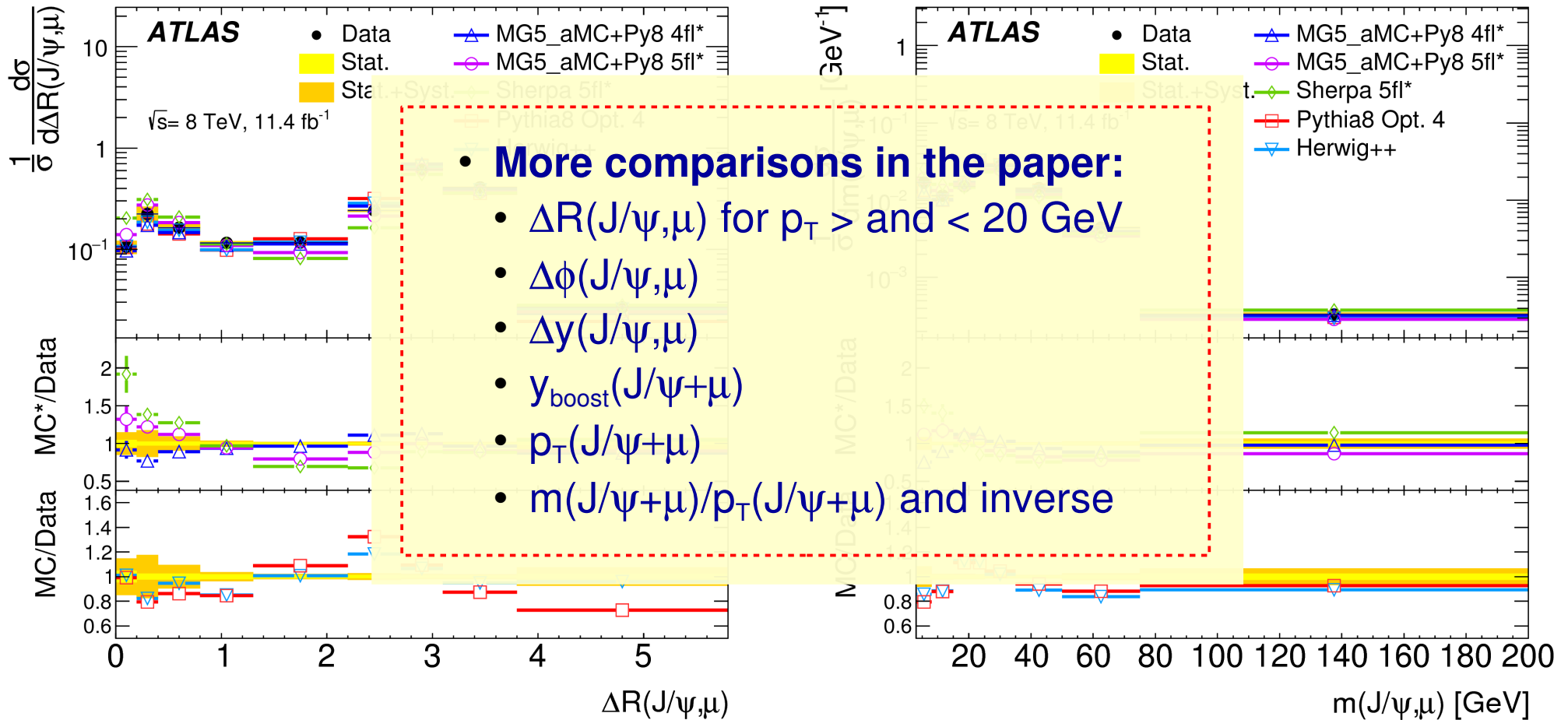
- Total x-section_{fiducial}: $\sigma(B(\rightarrow J/\psi[\rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-] + X)B(\rightarrow \mu + X)) = 17.7 \pm 0.1(\text{stat}) \pm 2.0(\text{syst}) \text{ nb}$
- Tested number of Pythia8 $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ splitting functions (p_T -based kernels best agree at low ΔR)
- Best overall agreement with 4-flavour scheme MadGraph5_aMC@NLO + Pythia8 prediction





Comparison to MC Generators

- Total x-section_{fiducial}: $\sigma(B(\rightarrow J/\psi[\rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-] + X)B(\rightarrow \mu + X)) = 17.7 \pm 0.1(\text{stat}) \pm 2.0(\text{syst}) \text{ nb}$
- Tested number of Pythia8 $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ splitting functions (p_T -based kernels best agree at low ΔR)
- Best overall agreement with 4-flavour scheme MadGraph5_aMC@NLO + Pythia8 prediction





Summary

- Presented latest ATLAS results probing QCD predictions:
 - Production of $\psi(2S)$ and $X(3872)$ in $J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$ decay mode
 - Prompt J/ψ pair production; $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ decay mode
 - Production of b-hadron pair with $B \rightarrow J/\psi X$ and $B \rightarrow \mu X$ decay modes
- ATLAS will continue its B-physics program in the Run 2,3 and the HL-LHC era, continue focusing on precision measurements, rare decays and heavy flavour production and spectroscopy
 - Detector upgrades (namely in **tracking** and **muon system**) and new **trigger strategies** and tools will help to cope with the high-luminosity environment



Summary: Run-1 & Run-2 B-Physics Results

Publications

Short Title	Int L	Journal	Preprint
NEW Measurement of b-hadron pair production at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	11.4 fb ⁻¹	Submitted to JHEP	arXiv:1705.03374
NEW Measurement of the prompt J/ψ pair production cross-section in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	11.4 fb ⁻¹	Eur. Phys. J. C77 (2017) 76	arXiv:1612.02950
Production measurements of ψ(2S) and X(3872) → J/ψ π ⁺ π ⁻ at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	11.4 fb ⁻¹	JHEP01(2017)117	arXiv:1610.09303
Measurement of the relative width difference of the B ⁰ -B ⁰ system	25 fb ⁻¹	JHEP06 (2016) 081	arXiv:1605.07485
Study of the rare decays of B ⁰ _s and B ⁰ into muon pairs from data collected during the LHC Run 1	25 fb ⁻¹	Eur. Phys. J. C 76 (2016) 513	arXiv:1604.04263
Measurement of the CP-violating phase φ _s and the B ⁰ _s meson decay width difference with B ⁰ _s → J/ψ φ decays	14.3 fb ⁻¹	JHEP 1608 (2016) 147	arXiv:1601.03297
Measurement of the differential cross-sections of prompt and non-prompt production of J/ψ and ψ(2S) in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV	(2.1 + 11.4) fb ⁻¹	Eur.Phys.J. C76 (2016) 5, 283	arXiv:1512.03657
Measurement of D ⁺ , D ⁰ and D _s ⁺ meson production cross sections in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	280 nb ⁻¹	Nucl.Phys. B907 (2016) 717	arXiv:1512.02913
Determination of the ratio of b-quark fragmentation fractions f _g / f _d in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	2.47 fb ⁻¹	Phys. Rev. Lett. 115, 262001 (2015)	arXiv:1507.08925
Measurement of the branching ratio Γ(Λ ⁰ _b → ψ(2S) Λ ⁰) / Γ(Λ ⁰ _b → J/ψ Λ ⁰)	20.6 fb ⁻¹	Physics Letters B 751 (2015) 63-80	arXiv:1507.08202
Study of the B _c ⁺ → J/ψ D _s ⁺ and B _c ⁺ → J/ψ D _s ⁺ decays	(4.9 + 20.6) fb ⁻¹	Eur. Phys. J. C, 76(1), 1 (2016)	arXiv:1507.07099
Observation and measurement of the production of prompt and non-prompt J/ψ mesons in association with a Z boson in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	20.3 fb ⁻¹	Eur. Phys. J. C75 (2015) 229	arXiv:1412.6428
Search for X _b and other hidden-beauty states using π ⁺ π ⁻ Υ(1S) channel	16.2 fb ⁻¹	Phys. Lett. B740 (2015) 199-217	arXiv:1410.4409
Cross-section measurement of ψ(2S) → J/ψ (→ μ ⁺ μ ⁻) π ⁺ π ⁻ at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	2.1 fb ⁻¹	JHEP 09 (2014) 079	arXiv:1407.5532
φ _s and ΔΓ _s from flavour tagged time dependent angular analysis of B ⁰ _s → J/ψ φ	4.9 fb ⁻¹	Phys. Rev. D 90 (2014) 052007	arXiv:1407.1796
Observation of an excited B _c ⁺ meson state	(4.9 + 19.2) fb ⁻¹	Phys. Rev. Lett. 113 (2014) 212004	arXiv:1407.1032
Measurement of X _{c1} and X _{c2} production at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	4.5 fb ⁻¹	JHEP 07 (2014) 154	arXiv:1404.7035
Parity violating asymmetry parameter α _ψ and the helicity amplitudes for the decay Λ ⁰ _b → J/ψ Λ ⁰	4.6 fb ⁻¹	Phys. Rev. D 89 (2014) 092009	arXiv:1404.1071
Associated production of prompt J/ψ mesons and W boson at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	4.5 fb ⁻¹	JHEP 04 (2014) 172	arXiv:1401.2831
Measurement of the differential cross-section of B ⁺ meson production in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	2.4 fb ⁻¹	JHEP 10 (2013) 042	arXiv:1307.0126
Measurement of upsilon production in $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV pp collisions	1.8 fb ⁻¹	Phys. Rev. D 87 (2013) 052004	arXiv:1211.7255
Time-dependent angular analysis of the decay B ⁰ _s → J/ψ φ and extraction of ΔΓ _s and the CP violating weak phase φ _s	4.9 fb ⁻¹	JHEP 12 (2012) 072	arXiv:1208.0572
Measurement of the Λ _b lifetime and mass	4.9 fb ⁻¹	Phys. Rev. D 87 (2013) 032002	arXiv:1207.2284
Measurement of the b-hadron production cross-section using decays to D ⁺ μ ⁺ X final states in pp collisions at 7 TeV	3.3 pb ⁻¹	Nucl. Phys. B 864 (2012) 341-381	arXiv:1206.3122
Search for the decay B ⁰ _s → μ ⁺ μ ⁻	2.4 fb ⁻¹	Phys. Lett. B713 (2012) 180-196	arXiv:1124.0735
Observation of a new X _b state in radiative transitions to Υ(1S) and Υ(2S)	4.4 fb ⁻¹	Phys. Rev. Lett. 108 (2012) 152001	arXiv:1112.5154
Υ(1S) fiducial production cross-section	1.1 pb ⁻¹	Phys. Lett. B703 (2011) 428-446	arXiv:1106.5325
Differential cross-sections of inclusive, prompt and non-prompt J/ψ production	2.3 pb ⁻¹	Nucl. Phys. B 850 (2011) 387-344	arXiv:1104.3038
Analyses performed within other ATLAS Physics Groups:			
D ⁺ production in jets	0.3 pb ⁻¹	Phys. Rev. D 85, 052005 (2012)	arXiv:1112.4432
Inclusive production of electrons and muons (b/c cross section)	35 pb ⁻¹	Phys. Lett. B 707 (2012) 438-458	arXiv:1109.0525
Centrality dependence of J/ψ production in heavy ions collisions	6.7 μb ⁻¹	Phys. Lett. B 697 (2011) 294-312	arXiv:1012.5419

CONF notes

Short Title	Int L	Ref/link to ATLAS public pages	Plots
NEW Angular analysis of B ⁰ _d → K ⁺ μ ⁺ μ ⁻ decays in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	20.3 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2017-023	Link
B [±] mass reconstruction in B [±] → J/ψ K [±] decay at 13 TeV \$pp\$ collisions	3.2 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2015-064	Link
Differential non-prompt J/ψ production fraction at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV	6.4 pb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2015-030	Link

PUB notes

Short Title	Int L	Ref/link to ATLAS public pages	Plots	Enhancement of
ATLAS B-physics studies at increased LHC luminosity, potential for CP-violation measurement in the B ⁰ _s → J/ψ φ decay	(5-3000) fb ⁻¹	ATL-PHYS-PUB-2013-010	Link	-
Comparison of D(*) production cross section at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV with FONLL and GM-VFNS predictions	1.1 nb ⁻¹	ATL-PHYS-PUB-2011-012	Link	ATLAS-CONF-2011-017

Stand-alone plots

Short Title	Int L / MC	Plots	More info (may be restricted)
NEW B ⁰ _s proper decay time resolution in the B ⁰ _s → J/ψ (μ ⁺ μ ⁻) φ(K ⁺ K ⁻) decay for Run 1, Run 2 and HL-LHC	2012, 2015 and 2016 data, HL-LHC simulation	Link	ATL-COM-PHYS-2016-1403 ; B ⁰ _s → μ ⁺ μ ⁻ mass-resolution in ATL-PHYS-PUB-2016-026
J/ψ candidates in pp collisions at 13 TeV	May 2015 commissioning data	Link	ATL-COM-PHYS-2015-458

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/BPhysicsPublicResults



Backup



The ATLAS Experiment

General purpose detector

Calorimeter System

EM and Hadronic energy

- LAr EM barrel and EC
- LAr Had. Barrel
- Tile Calorimeter (Fe-Scin.) hadronic barrel

Muon Spectrometer

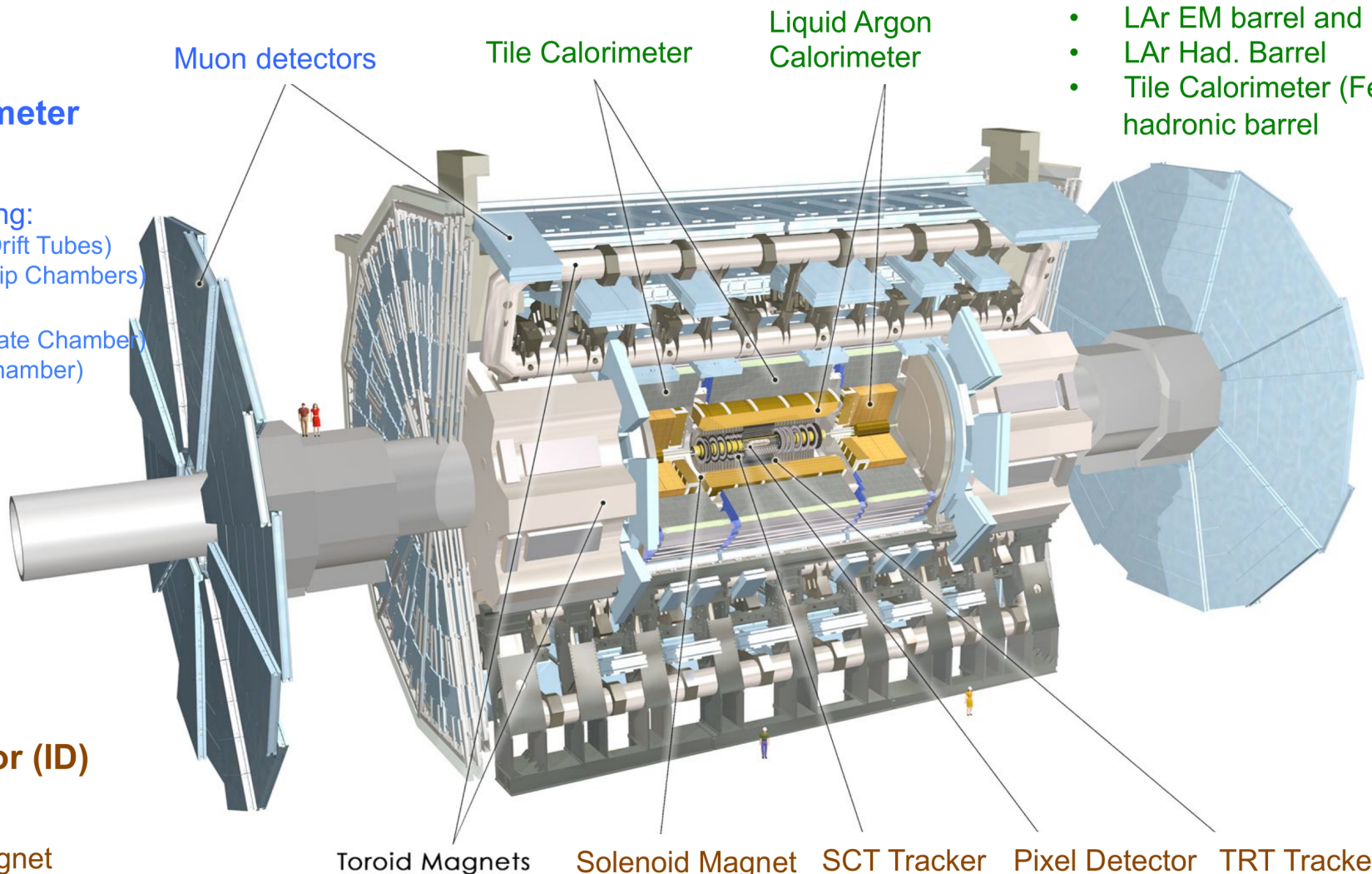
Toroid Magnets

Precision μ tracking:

- MDT (Monitored Drift Tubes)
- CSC (Cathode Strip Chambers)

Trigger:

- RPC (Resistive Plate Chamber)
- TGC (Thin Gas Chamber)



Inner Detector (ID)

Tracking

2T Solenoid Magnet

- Silicon Pixels, $50 \times 400 \mu\text{m}^2$
- Silicon Strips (SCT), $80 \mu\text{m}$ stereo
- Transition Radiation Tracker (TRT) 36 points/track

Toroid Magnets

Solenoid Magnet

SCT Tracker

Pixel Detector

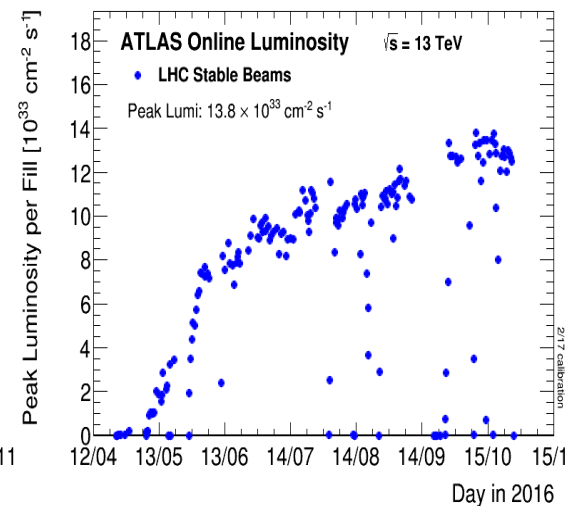
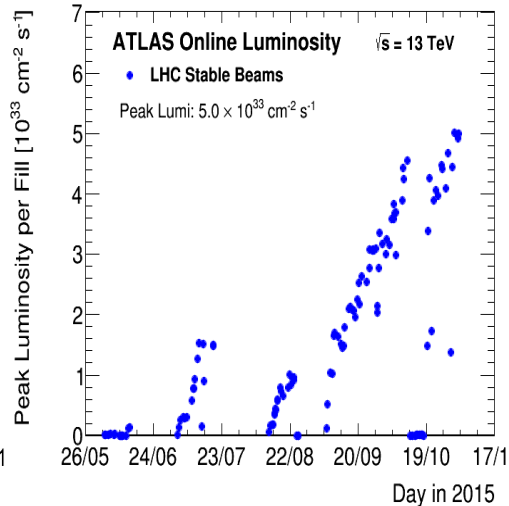
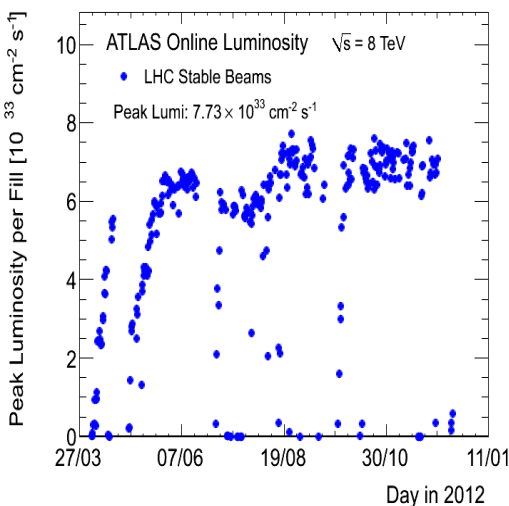
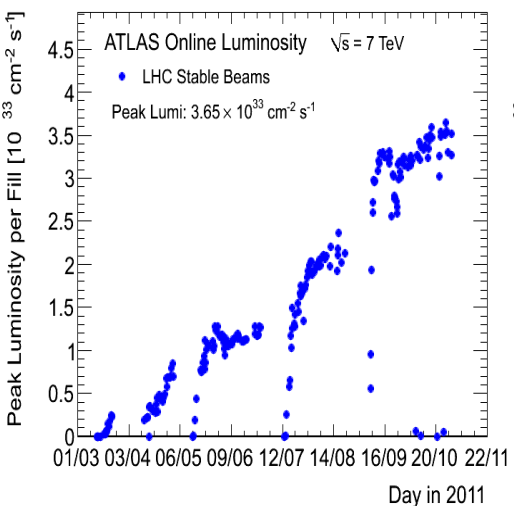
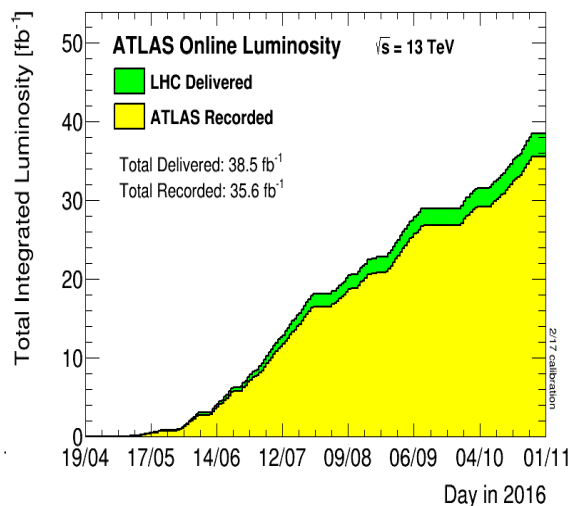
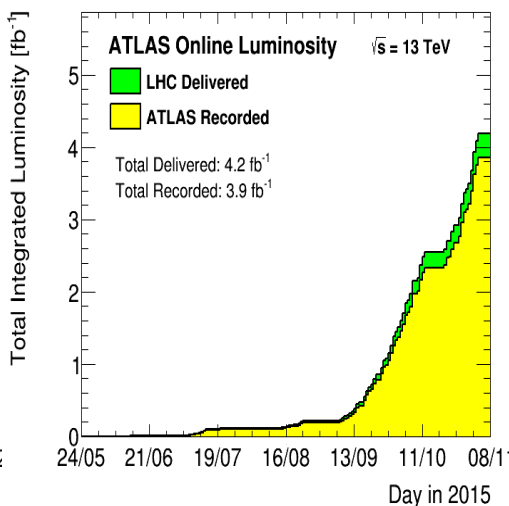
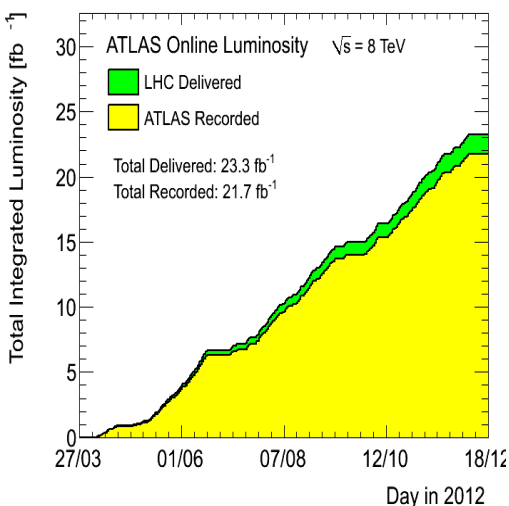
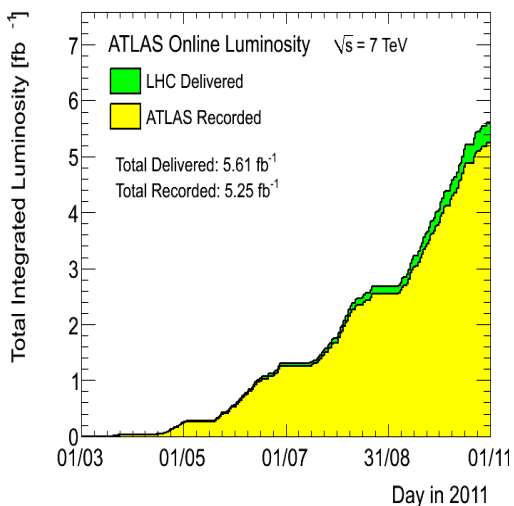
TRT Tracker

- Resolution in $m_{\mu+\mu-}$: around 50 MeV for J/ψ and 150 MeV for Υ (nS)
- Resolution in b-hadron proper decay time around 100 fs (no IBL, ~30% improvement expected)



Data Taking

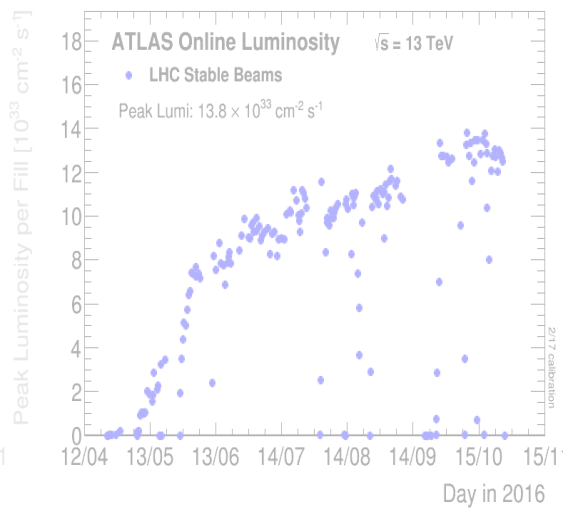
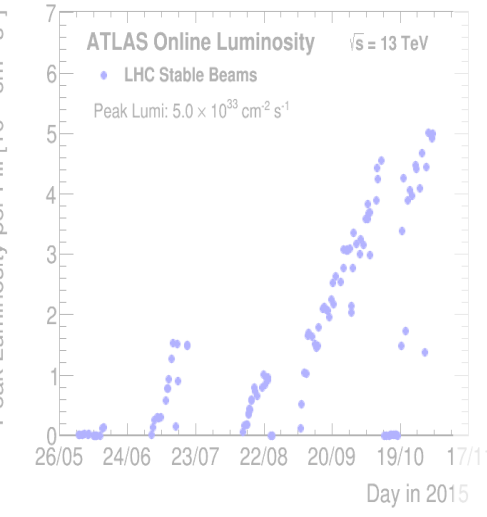
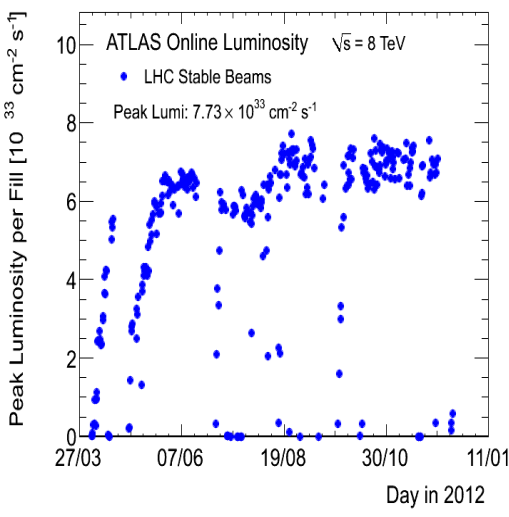
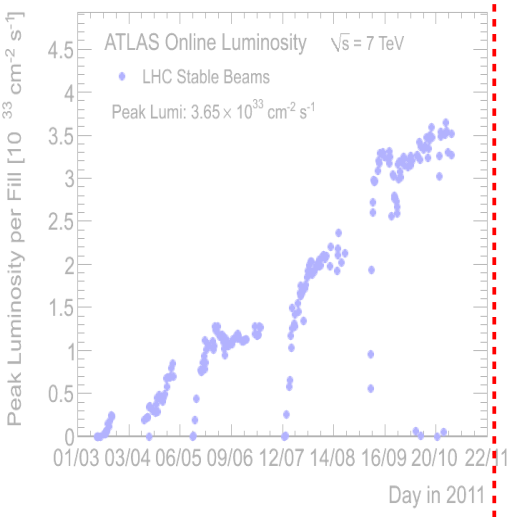
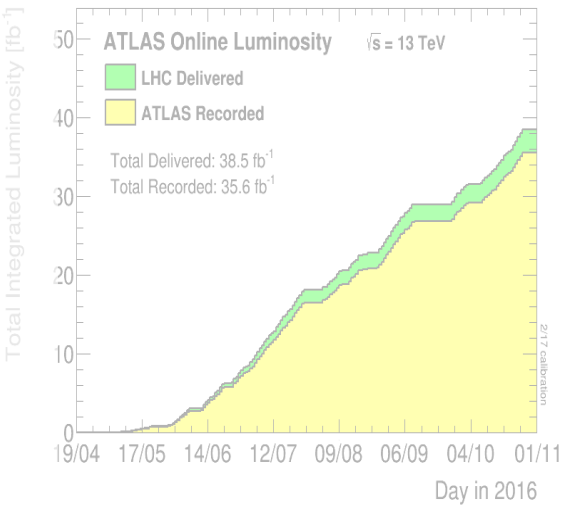
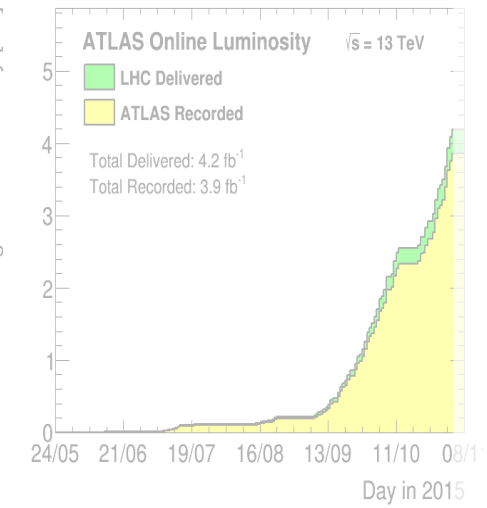
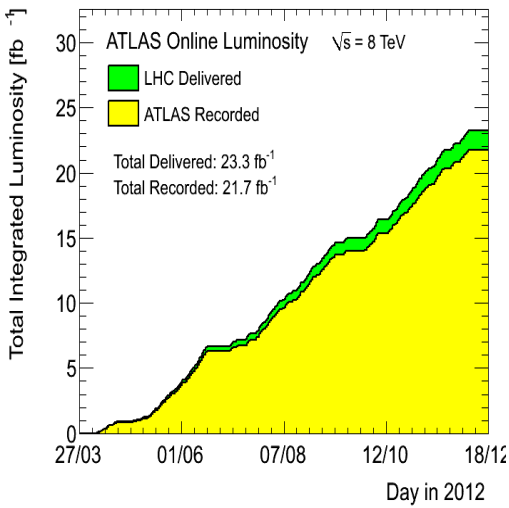
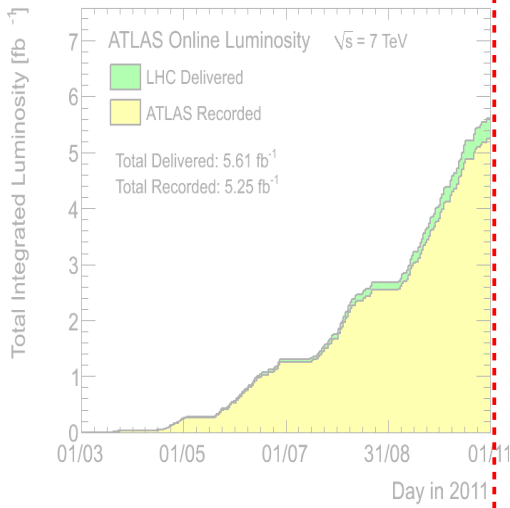
- Datasets (pp):** 7 TeV data, 5.08 fb⁻¹ 50ns, 3.7×10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹ 8 TeV, 21.3 fb⁻¹ 50ns, 7.7×10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹ 13 TeV, 3.9+35.6 fb⁻¹ 50/25ns, 13.8×10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹





Data Taking

- Datasets (pp):**
 - 7 TeV data, 5.08 fb⁻¹
50ns, 3.7×10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹
 - 8 TeV, 21.3 fb⁻¹
50ns, 7.7×10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹
 - 13 TeV, 3.9+35.6 fb⁻¹
50/25ns, 13.8×10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹





B-Physics Trigger

- **Datasets (pp):** 7 TeV data, 5.08 fb⁻¹ 50ns, 3.7x10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹ 8 TeV, 21.3 fb⁻¹ 50ns, 7.7x10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹ 13 TeV, 3.9+35.6 fb⁻¹ 50/25ns, 13.8x10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹

- 20/40 MHz collision rate → ~400 Hz recording

- B-physics concentrates on low-p_T di-muon signatures:

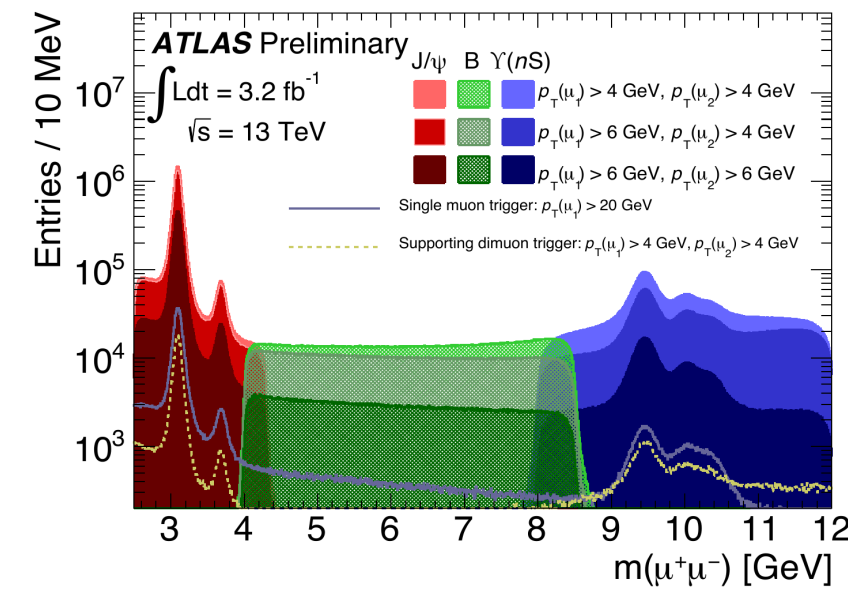
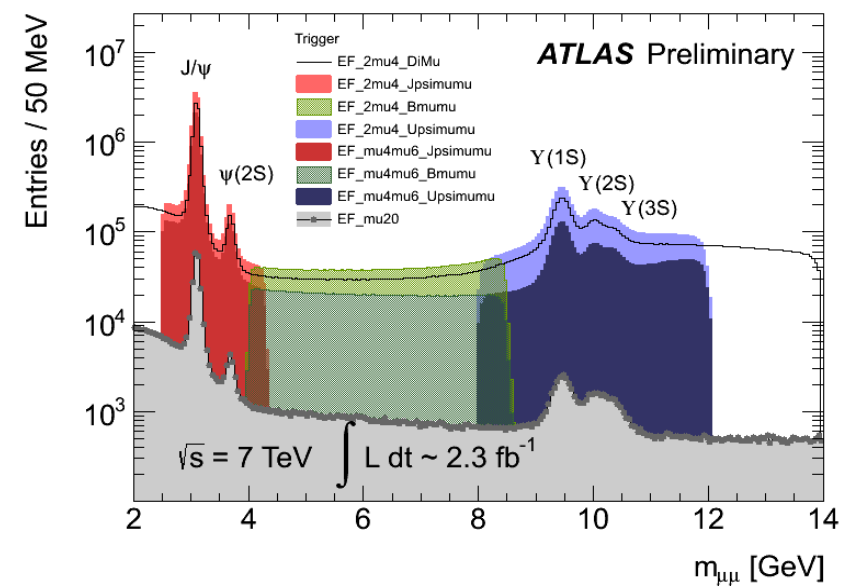
- Quarkonia: J/ψ → μμ, Υ → μμ, etc.
- Exclusive B → J/ψ(μμ)X decays
- Rare and semi-rare B → μμ(X) decays

- Trigger on low-p_T (4,6 GeV) di-muon

- 2 muons at L1 (HW-based)
- Confirmed at HLT
- Track vertex fit and mass cuts at HLT

- 8 TeV data: low-p_T maintained introducing barrel triggers

- 13 TeV data: low-p_T maintained using barrel triggers, introduce coarse topological cuts (HW, opening angle, inv. mass) in 2016

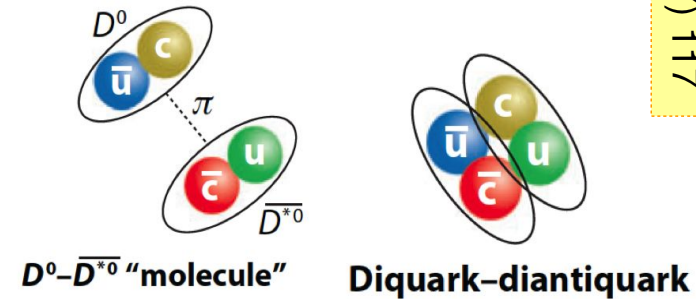




Production of $\psi(2S)$ and $X(3872)$ in $J/\psi\pi\pi$

- $X(3872)$ state: Discovered by Belle, confirmed by CDF, BaBar and D0

- JPC = 1^{++} by LHCb (and CDF)
- CMS x-section vs. p_T favors mixed $\chi_{c1}(2P)$ - $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$ state; $\chi_{c1}(2P)$ predominates
- $\psi(2S)$ measurement for straightforward comparisons



- Selection: 11.4 fb^{-1} of 8 TeV pp data

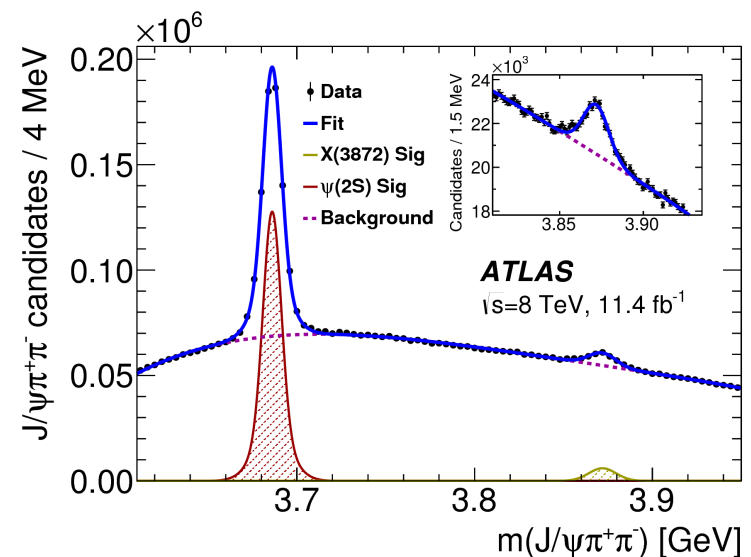
- 4-track vertex of $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ and $\pi^+\pi^-$ with $p_T(\mu) > 4 \text{ GeV}$ and $p_T(\pi) > 0.6 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\gamma(J/\psi\pi\pi)| < 0.75$ (optimal resolution), $\Delta R(J/\psi, \pi) < 0.5$ (background suppression)
- $\sim 470\text{k}$ of $\psi(2S)$ and $\sim 30\text{k}$ of $X(3872)$

- Measurement in bins of p_T and pseudo-lifetime

- Prompt / non-prompt production
 $J/\psi\pi\pi$ candidate mass fits and pseudo-lifetime fits
- Lifetime structure of $X(3872)$ – production from B_c ?
- Di-pion mass spectrum

- Systematics:

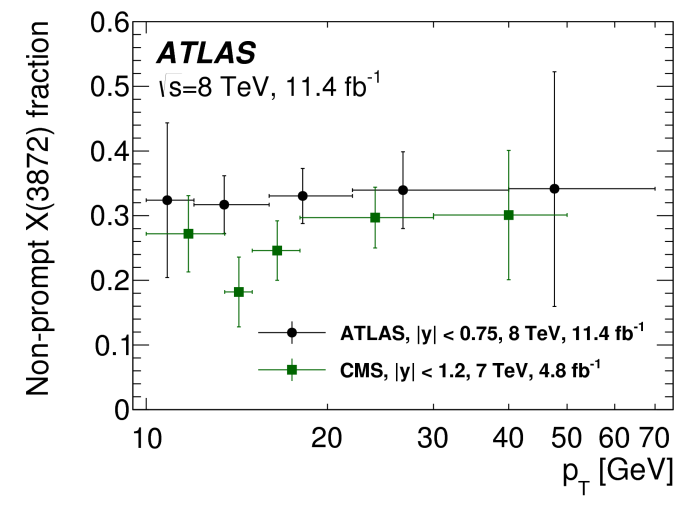
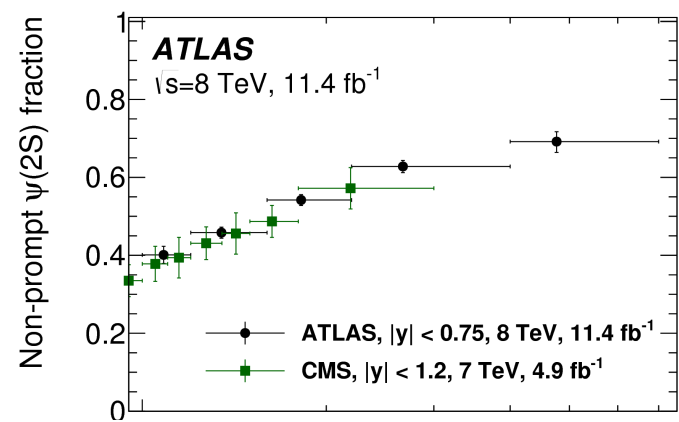
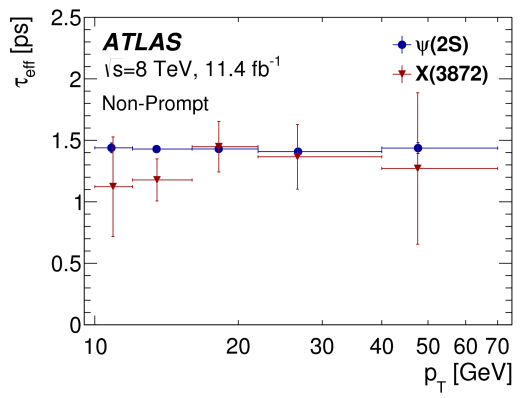
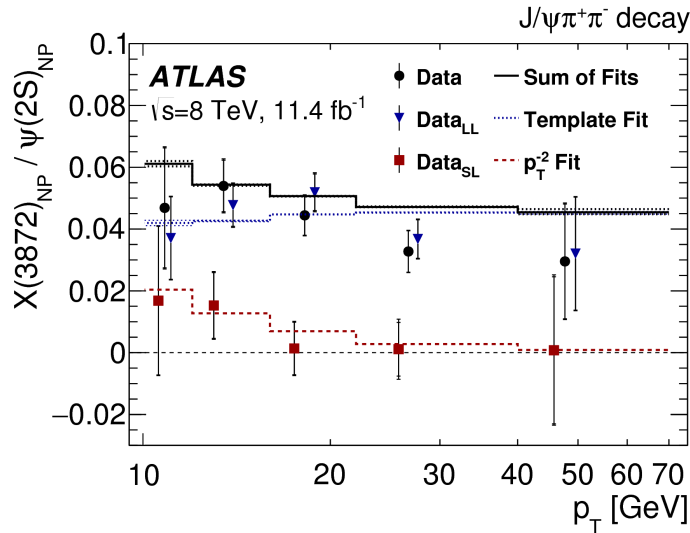
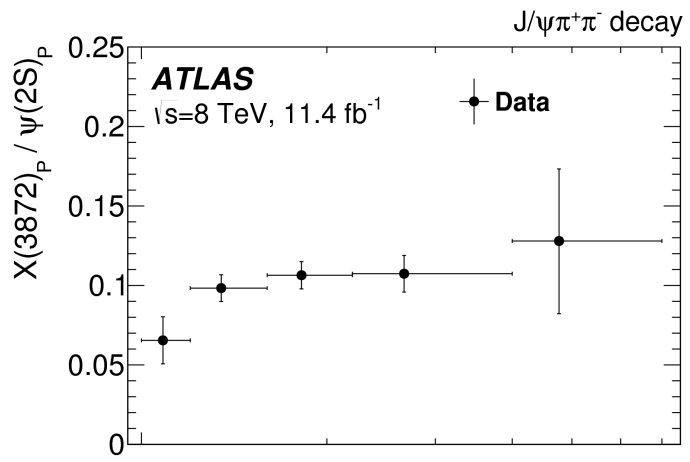
- Detector efficiencies and acceptance, accounting for possible spin-alignment scenarios of the parent state
- Background suppression by ΔR cut
- Fit model variations





(Non-)Prompt Production X(3872) vs. $\psi(2S)$

- Relative X(3872)/ $\psi(2S)$ non-prompt production ($0.0357 \pm 0.0033 \pm 0.0011$) significantly smaller than Tevatron measurement (0.18 ± 0.08 from Phys.Rev.D81 (2010) 114018)
- Non-prompt fraction in $\psi(2S)$ and X(3872) production agrees with CMS
- Suggests strongly enhanced X(3872) production through B_c (account for small f_{B_c})

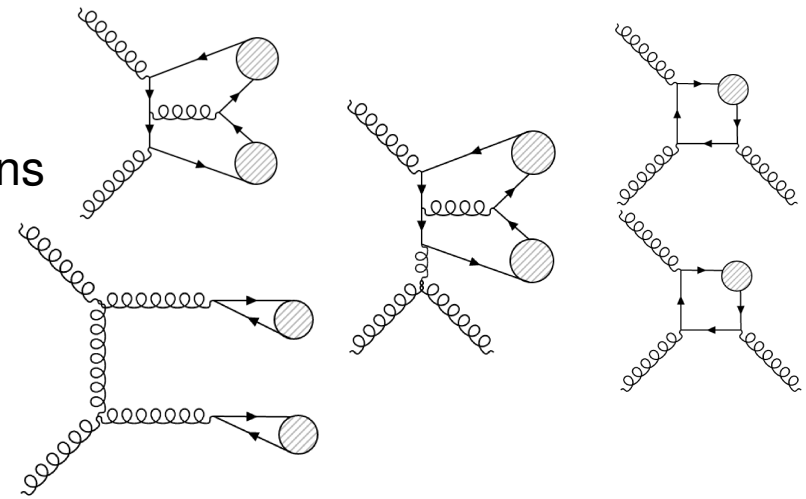




Prompt J/ψ Pair Production

Motivation:

- Understanding of non-perturbative QCD, also sensitive to NLO and higher pQCD corrections
- Study J/ψ production models
- Measure double parton scattering (DPS)
 - Important background for NP searches
 - σ_{eff} from gluon-dominated interactions



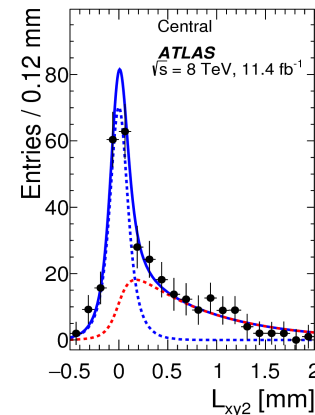
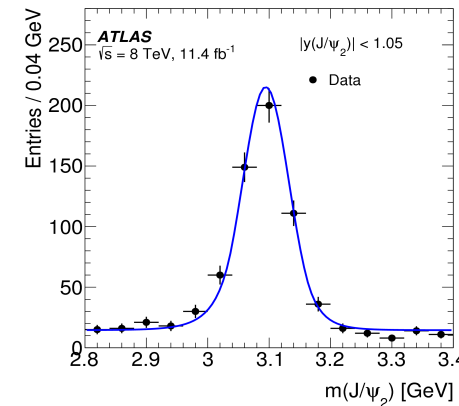
Selection: 11.4 fb⁻¹ of 8 TeV pp data

- Triggered J/ψ $p_T(\mu) > 4$ GeV, the other J/ψ $p_T(\mu) > 2.5$ GeV
- $|y(J/\psi)| < 2.1$, $p_T(J/\psi) > 8.5$ GeV
- J/ψ₁ J/ψ₂ ordered by $p_T(J/\psi)$: J/ψ₂ is softer
- Distance of the two vertices along beam axis $d_z < 1.2$ mm
- 1210 events

Measurement of the differential x-sections

- Selection / efficiencies / acceptance → 2D mass fits → L_{xy} fits (prompt/non-prompt) → pile-up removal
- Barrel ($|y| < 1.05$) / endcap ($1.05 < |y| < 2.1$)
- Inclusive J/ψ sample to study pile-up and J/ψ reconstruction performance

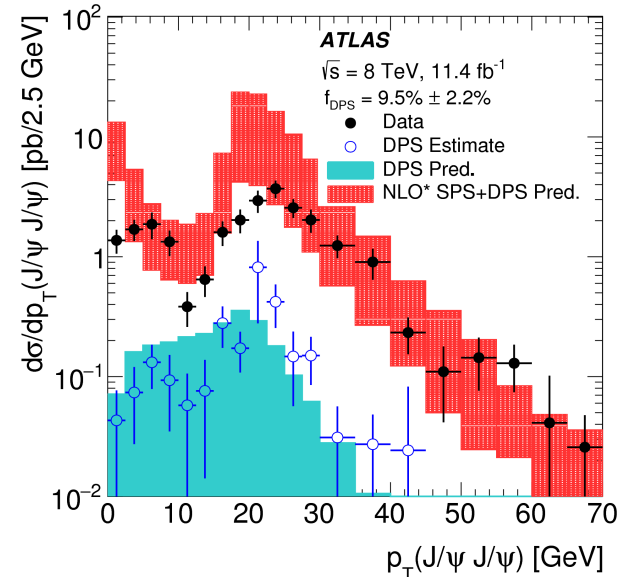
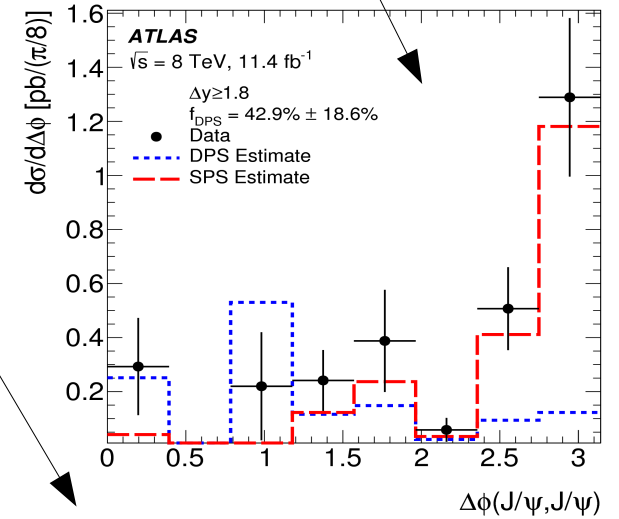
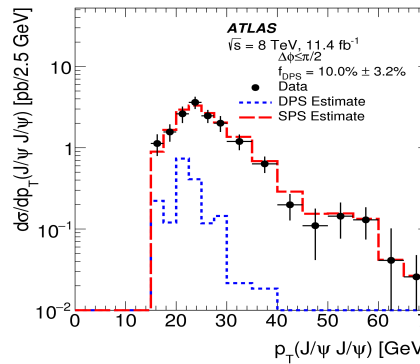
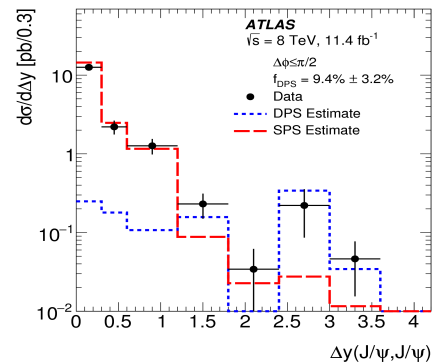
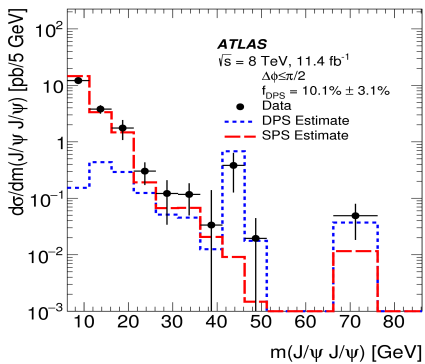
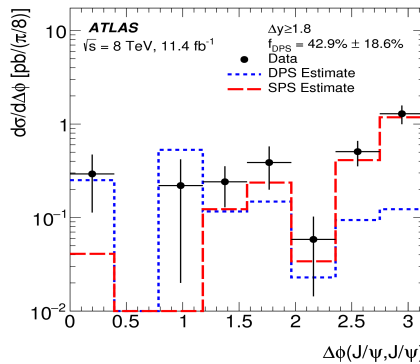
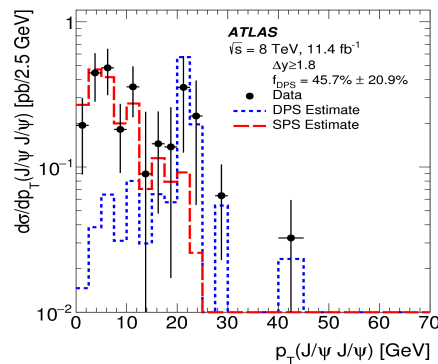
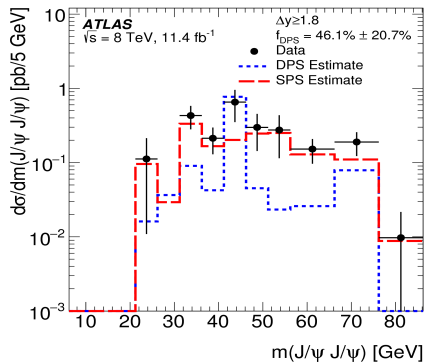
Systematics: dominated by trigger efficiency (x-sections) and DPS template (DPS fraction)





di-J/ψ: Theory-Experiment Discrepancies

- Plots for $\Delta y > 1.8$ indicating SPS contribution at $\Delta\phi \sim 3.14 \Rightarrow$ non-constant contribution to di-J/ψ final state from feed-down of back-to-back SPS pair production from excited charmonia \rightarrow can change kinematic properties of the SPS distribution
- Wide peak at low di-J/ψ p_T can be explained by an effect of inclusion of intrinsic parton transverse momentum, (as well as by smearing due to the non-constant feed-down)



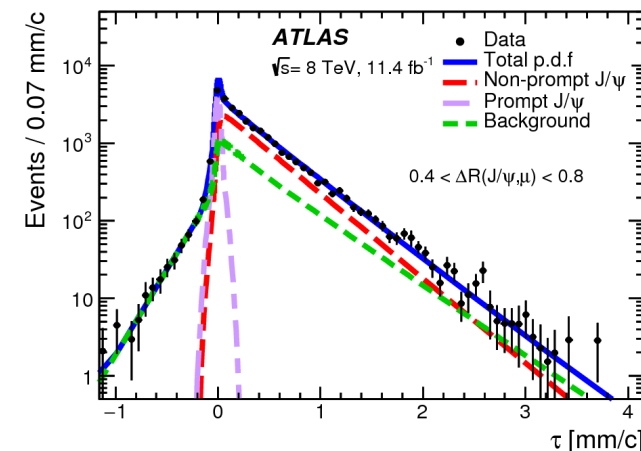
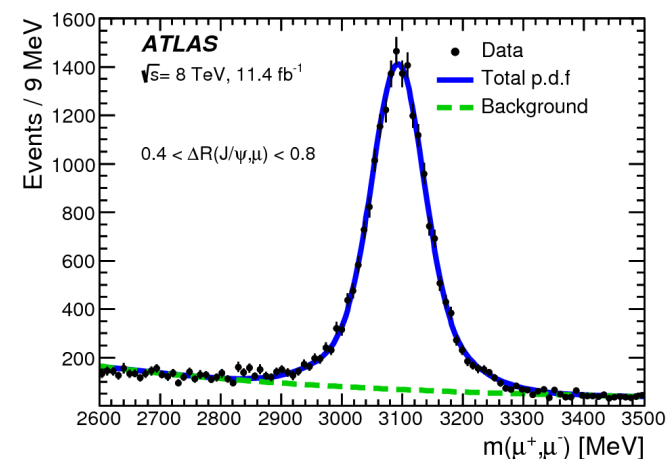


Production of b-Hadron Pairs

- Motivation:
 - b-production vs. theory, especially small-angle $b\bar{b}$ pairs production via gluon splitting
 - Important background for e.g. associated Higgs + vector boson searches

- Selection: 11.4 fb^{-1} of 8 TeV pp data
 - 3-muon signature: $b \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu\mu)X + b \rightarrow \mu X$
 - 2-track $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ vertex (and also such a trigger), $|\eta(\mu)| < 2.3$
 - $p_T(\mu) > 6 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta(\mu)| < 2.5$
 - > single $J/\psi \rightarrow$ take the one closest to J/ψ PDG mass
 - > single 3rd muon \rightarrow take the highest- p_T one

- Measurement: in each kinematic bin:
 - J/ψ non-prompt yield from mass & pseudo-lifetime fit
 - 3rd muon event yield from signal-enhanced ($\tau > 0.25 \text{ mm}$) sample, and 2D fit of muon transverse $d_0/\sigma(d_0)$ & BDT constructed from muon-production sensitive kinematic parameters
 - Irreducible background subtraction
 - Corrections on the τ cut and detector resolution effects
- Systematics: dominated by muon trigger & reconstruction efficiency

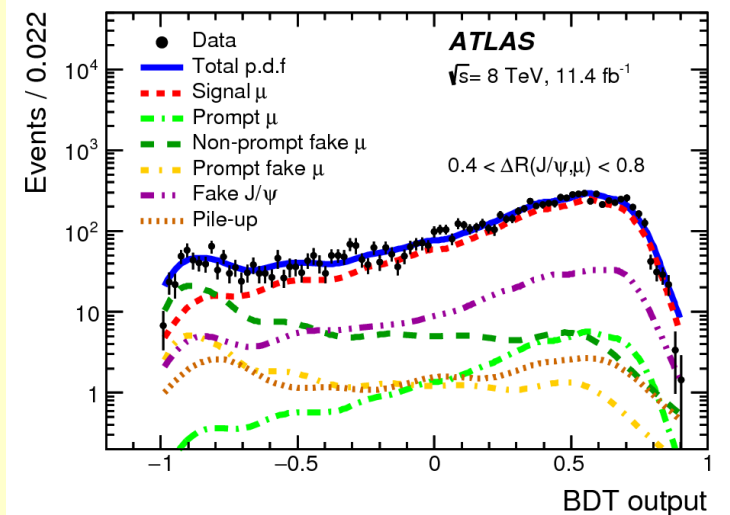
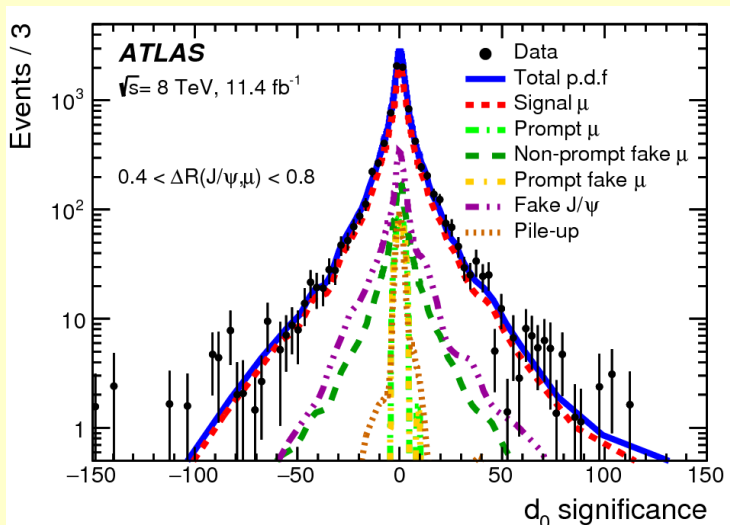




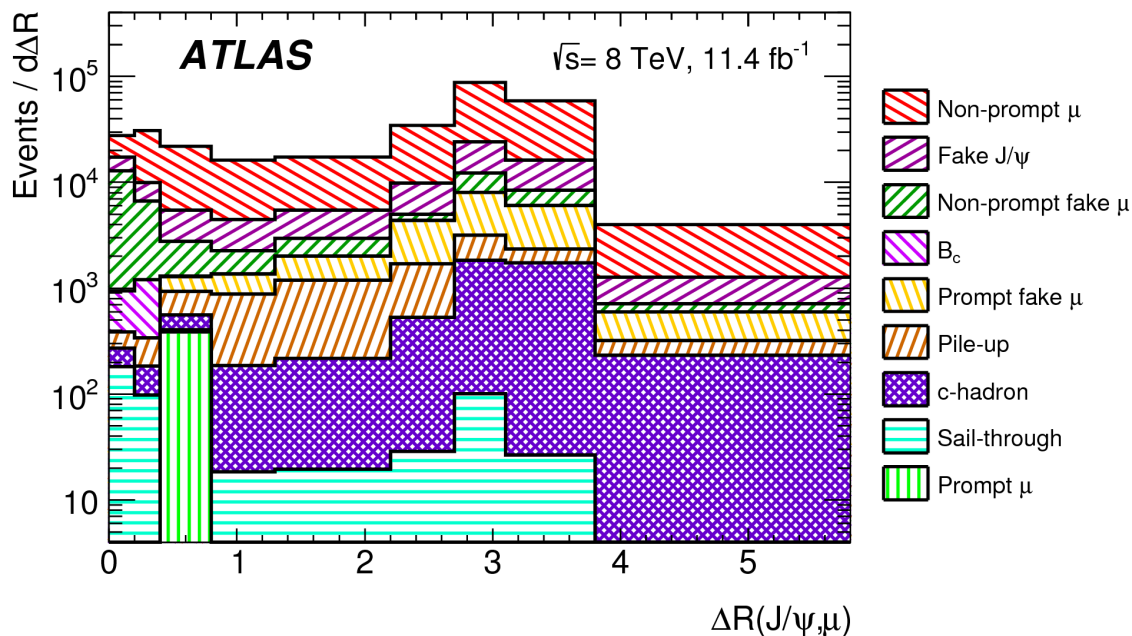
3rd Muon Selection & Backgrounds

- BDT constructed from:
 - Muon pseudorapidity
 - Tracker / Muon Spectrometer momentum imbalance
 - Track curvature before / after tracker plane
 - Track segments angles

- Irreducible backgrounds
 - Too small to be extracted
 - Or too similar to signal



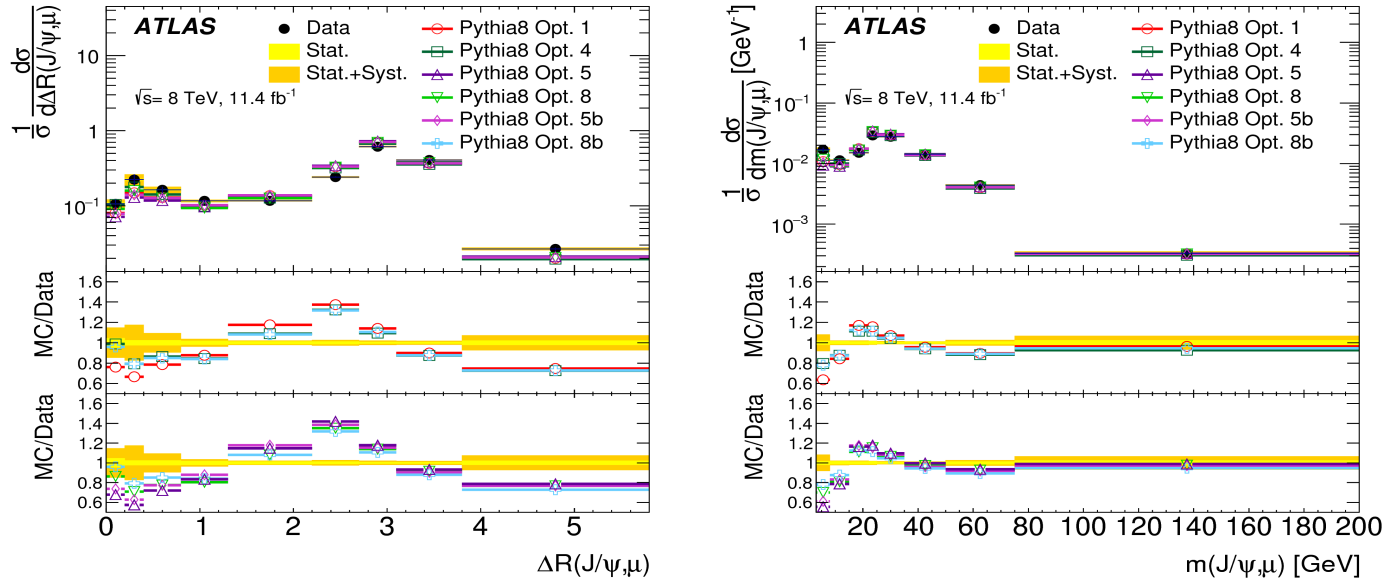
- $B_c \rightarrow J/\psi + \mu + X$
- Semileptonic decay of c-hadrons
 - $gg \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ and $gg \rightarrow c\bar{c}$ in same hard scatter
 - DPS: $b\bar{b} + c\bar{c} + X$
- K/π traversing to muon detectors without interactions





Data vs. Pythia8 $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ Splitting Options

- Pythia8 p_T -based splitting kernel best agreement (and comparably to Herwig++) at low ΔR

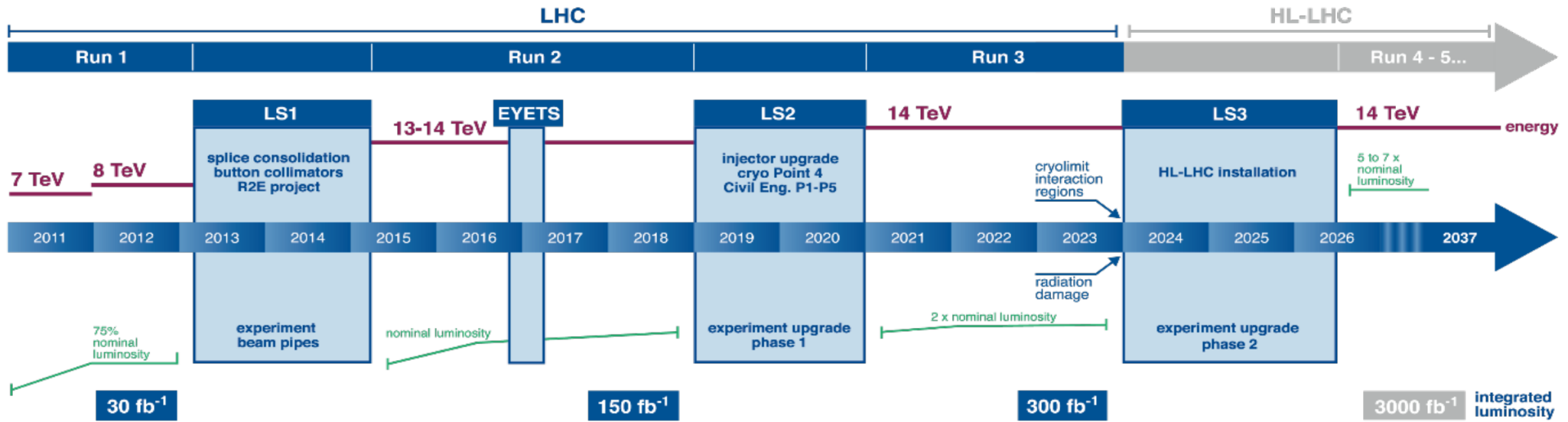


Option label	Descriptions
Opt. 1	The same splitting kernel, $(1/2)(z^2 + (1 - z)^2)$, for massive as massless quarks, only with an extra β phase-space factor. This was the default setting in PYTHIA8.1, and currently must also be used with the MC@NLO [50] method.
Opt. 4	A splitting kernel $z^2 + (1 - z)^2 + 8r_q z(1 - z)$, normalised so that the z -integrated rate is $(\beta/3)(1 + r/2)$, and with an additional suppression factor $(1 - m_{qq}^2/m_{\text{dipole}}^2)^3$, which reduces the rate of high-mass $q\bar{q}$ pairs. This is the default setting in PYTHIA8.2.
Opt. 5	Same as Option 1, but reweighted to an $\alpha_s(km_{qq}^2)$ rather than the normal $\alpha_s(p_T^2)$, with $k = 1$.
Opt. 5b	Same as Option 5, but setting $k = 0.25$.
Opt. 8	Same as Option 4, but reweighted to an $\alpha_s(km_{qq}^2)$ rather than the normal $\alpha_s(p_T^2)$, with $k = 1$.
Opt. 8b	Same as Option 8, but setting $k = 0.25$.

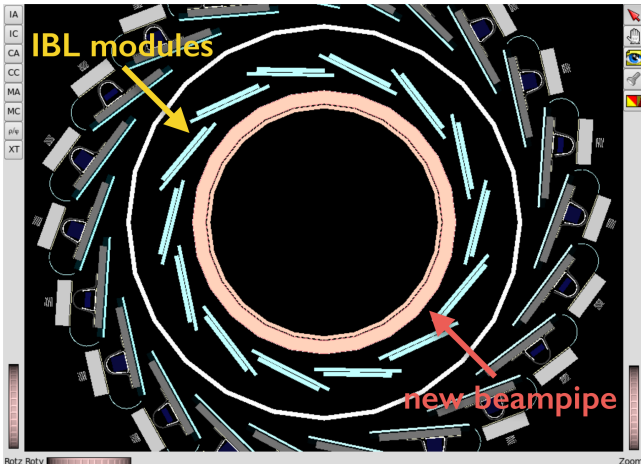
Table 1: Description of PYTHIA8 options. Options 2, 3, 6 and 7 are less well physically motivated and not considered here. The notation used is as follows: $r_q = m_q^2/m_{qq}^2$, $\beta = \sqrt{1 - 4r_q}$, with m_q the quark mass and m_{qq} the $q\bar{q}$ pair invariant mass.

Measurements in Run-2 and Beyond

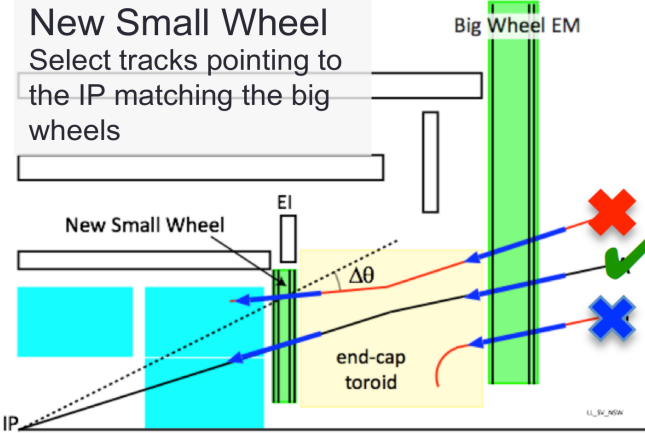
LHC / HL-LHC Plan



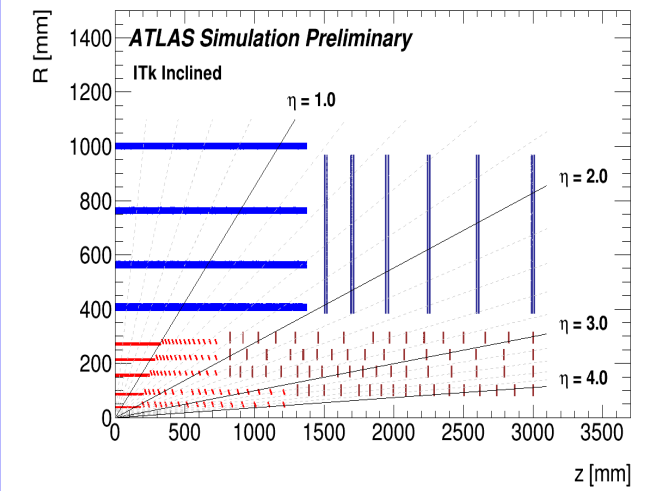
- New pixel layer (IBL, 32-38 mm) + small radius Be beam pipe
- Topological L1 trigger



- New small muon wheel
- Fast tracking trigger (FTK) at LVL 1.5; available in Run-2



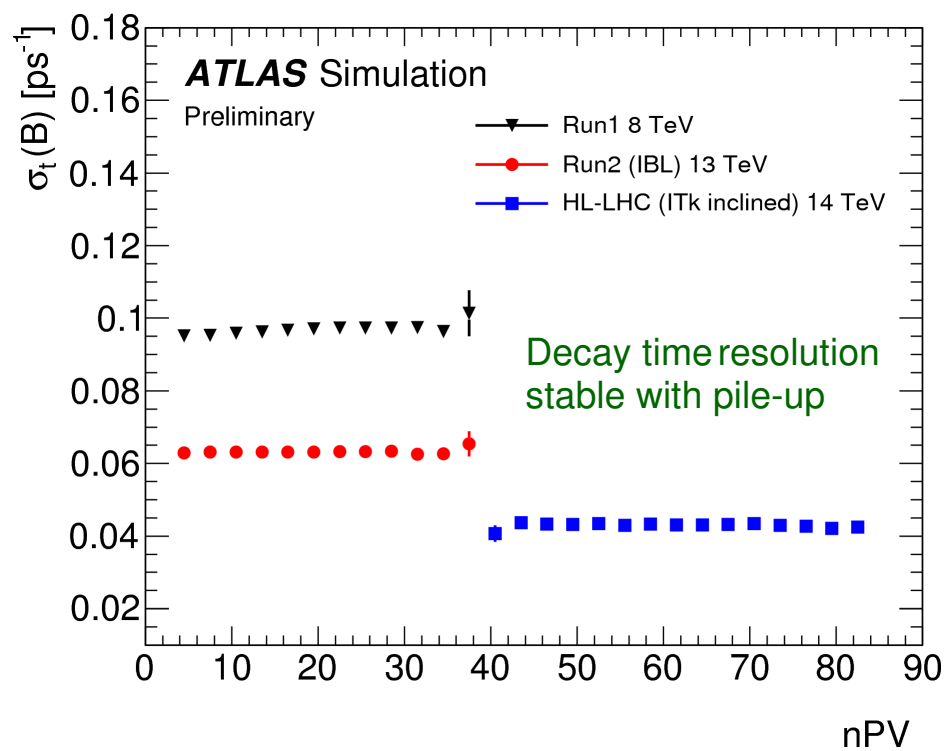
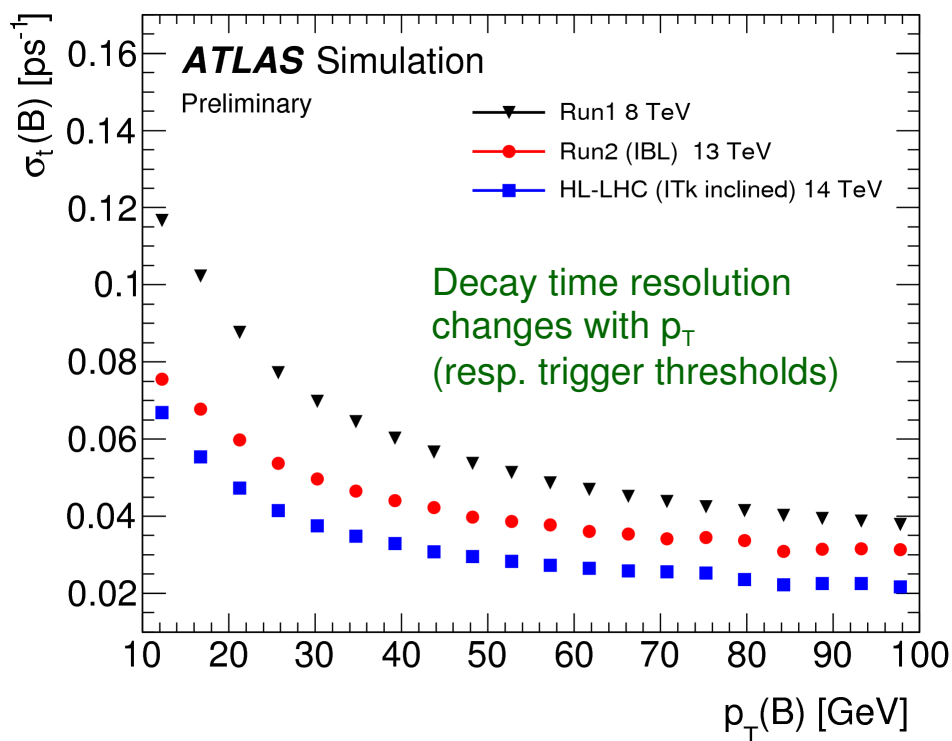
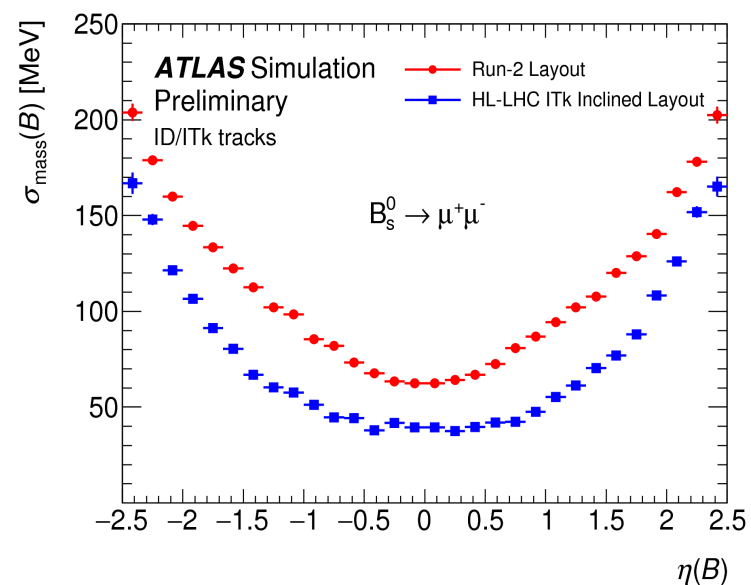
- Completely new Si based tracker (ITK)





Detector Performance in Run-2 and Beyond

- **Resolution:** invariant mass in decay $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$, proper decay time in $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+ \mu^-) \phi(K^+ K^-)$ decay
- Comparison of Run-1, Run-2 (IBL) and HL-LHC (ITk) performances
- **Trigger:** use L1-topo (keep low thresholds at L1) and complicated HLT with full $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+ \mu^-) \phi(K^+ K^-)$ decay topology reconstruction at trigger level

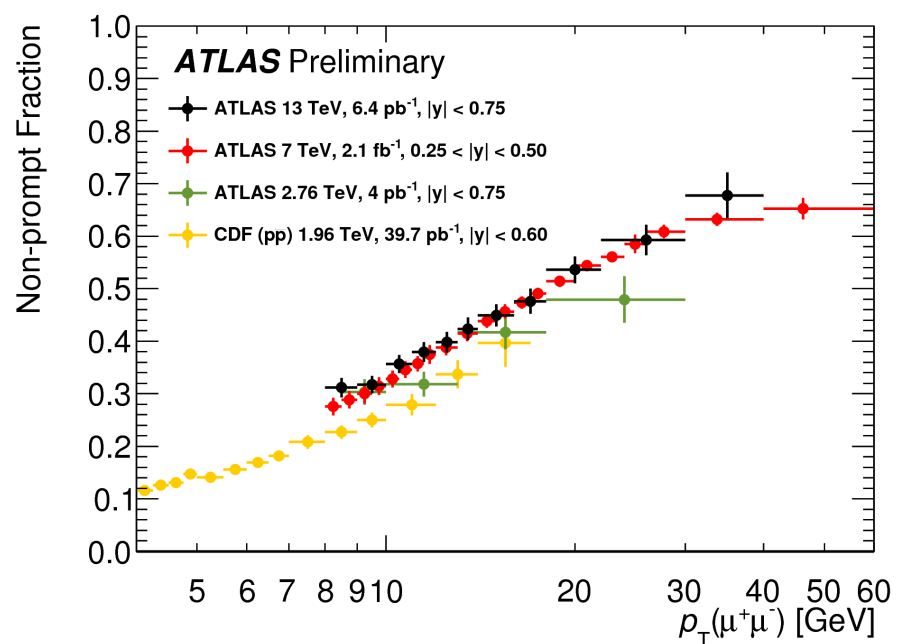
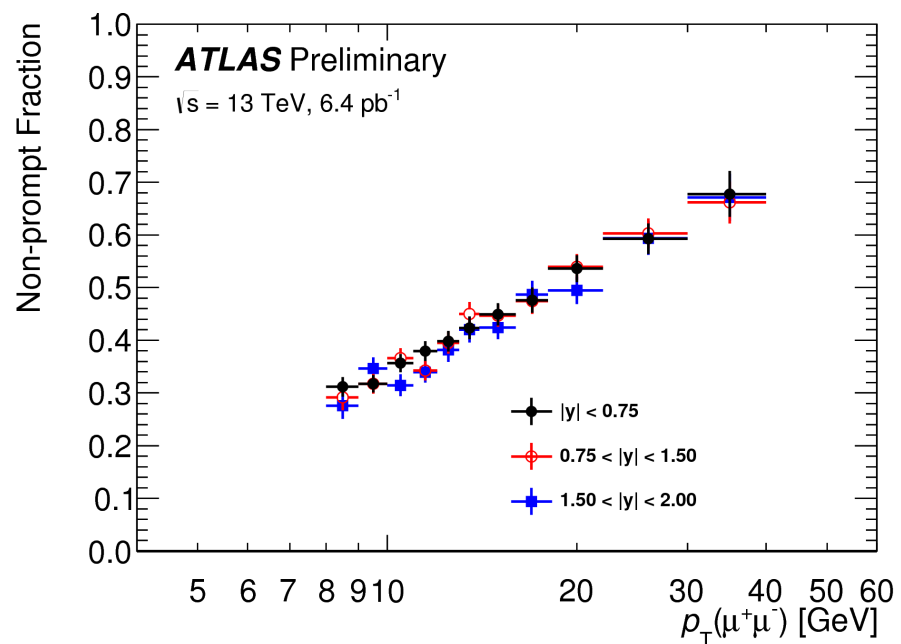
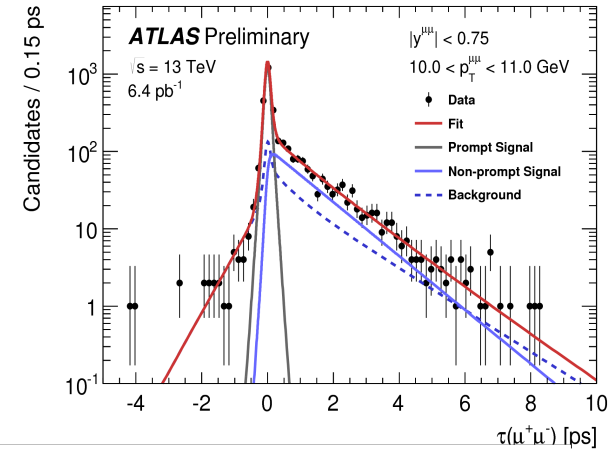
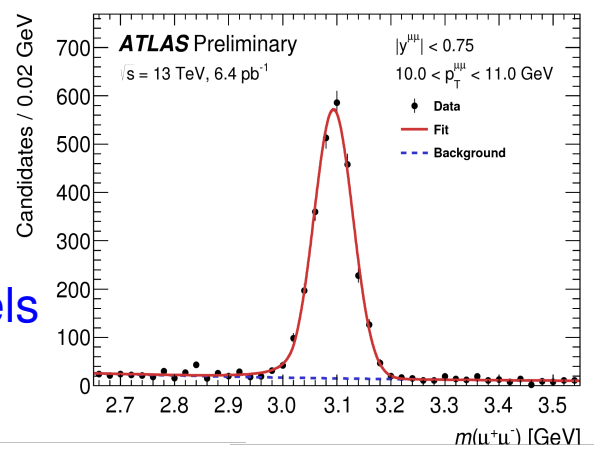




Fraction of Non-Prompt J/ψ at 13 TeV

- First ATLAS quarkonium production measurement at 13 TeV (similar techniques to the Run-1 study)
- Early data sample 6.4 pb⁻¹ collected with di-muon triggers

- Yields extracted from an un-weighted and unbinned fit to 2D di-muon mass and proper decay time
- Efficiencies and acceptance cancels to a good approximation in the non-prompt fraction

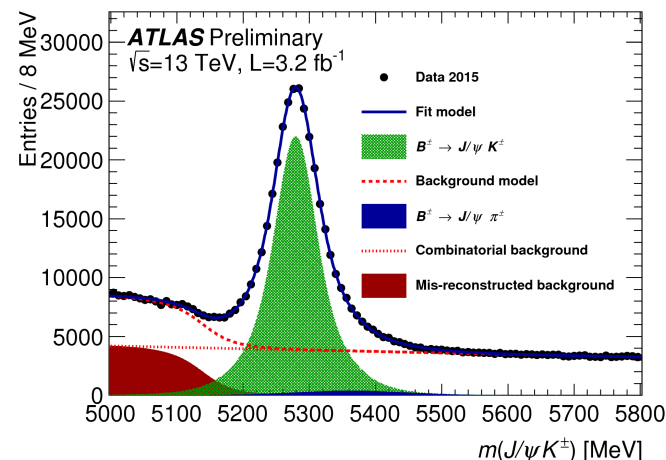


- Interesting trends in dependence on \sqrt{s} , though little change between 7 and 13 TeV

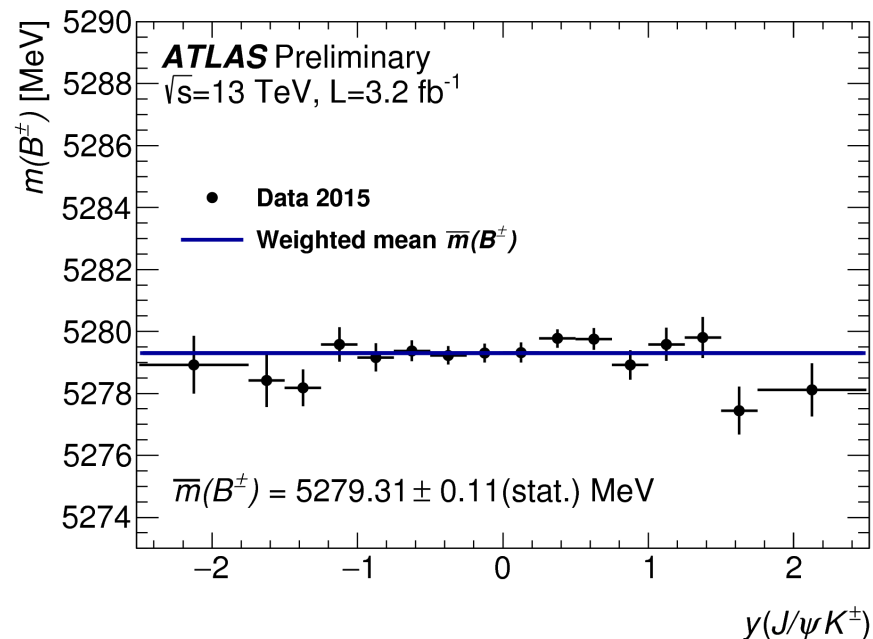


Run2 B-Meson Reconstruction

- B^\pm meson mass reconstruction using full 2015 pp dataset at 13 TeV
- Preparation for further detailed b-hadron measurements
 - Reconstruction in $B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi K^\pm$ decay mode
 - Simple selection ($p_T(\mu) > 4$ GeV, $p_T(K) > 3$ GeV)
 - 3-tracks vertex fit ($\chi^2/NDF < 3$)
 - Independent fits in 16 rapidity regions
 - Model systematics (p_T scale and vertexing not included)



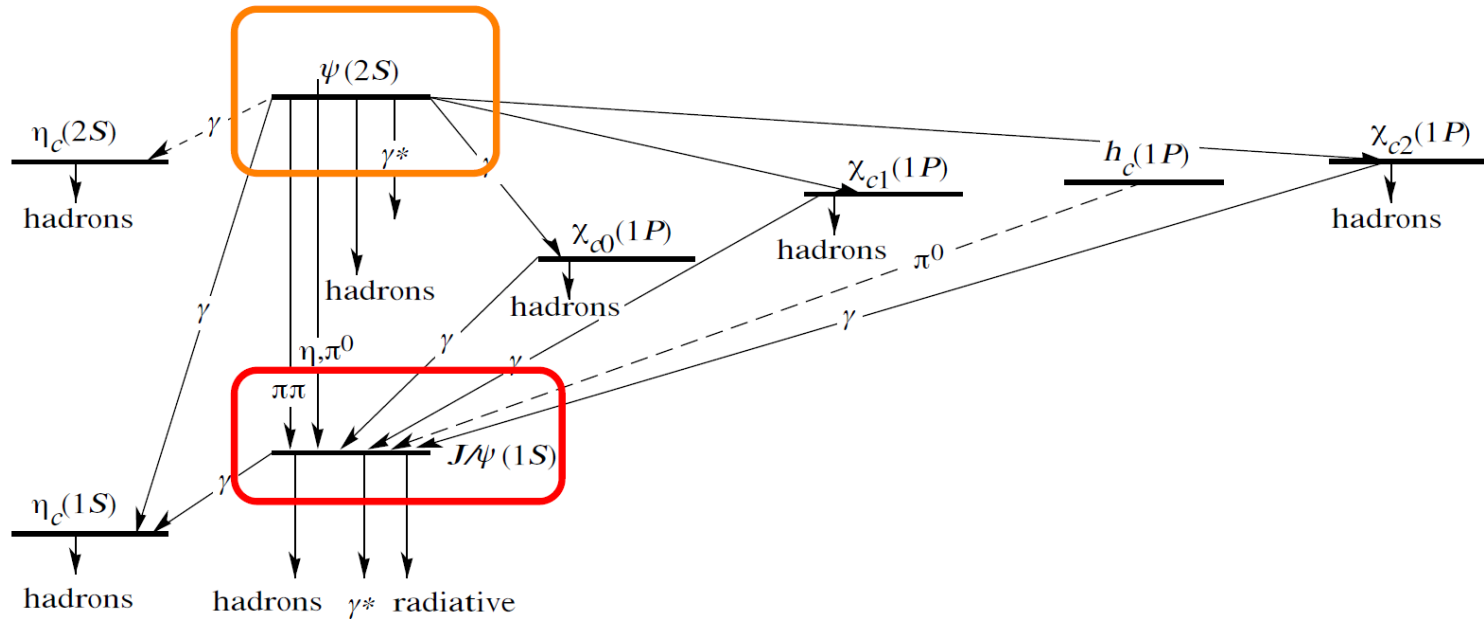
Fit	B^\pm mass [MeV]	Fit error [MeV]
Default Fit	5279.31	0.11 (stat.)
$L_{xy} > 0.2$ mm	5279.34	0.09 (stat.)
World Average fit	5279.29	0.15
LHCb	5279.38	0.11 (stat.) \pm 0.33 (syst.)





J/ψ and ψ(2S) Production at 7&8 TeV

- Quarkonia production at LHC offers unique windows on understanding strong interactions



- Two distinct charmonium production mechanisms at LHC:
 - **Prompt:** produced directly in the pp interaction or through feed-down decays of heavier states
 - Theory: Non-relativistic QCD (arXiv:1009.3655) – pQCD $c\bar{c}$ production, soft evolution into quarkonia (data derived)
 - **Non-prompt:** produced in decays of b-hadrons, can be separated experimentally due to the “long” b-hadron lifetime
 - Theory: Fixed Order Next-to-Leading Logarithm (arXiv:1205.6344) – perturbative $b\bar{b}$ prod., data driven fragmentation and b-hadron decay model
- Around 35% of prompt J/ψ come from feed-down, ψ(2S) are almost all direct

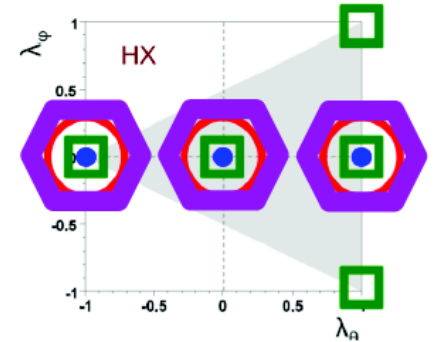


J/ψ and ψ(2S) Production at 7&8 TeV

- Data (2.1 fb⁻¹ @ 7 TeV and 11.4 fb⁻¹ @ 8 TeV) collected using di-muon triggers
- Basic di-muon selection ($p_T(\mu_{1,2}) > 4$ GeV, $|\eta(\mu_{1,2})| < 2.3$), di-muon tracks vertex fit
- Weights to correct for trigger efficiency, muon identification and reconstruction and geometrical acceptance

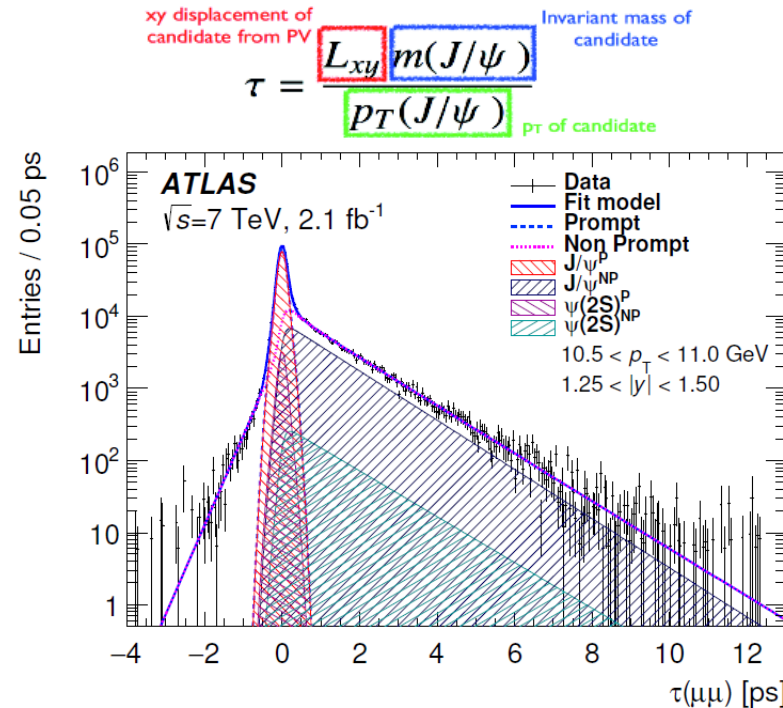
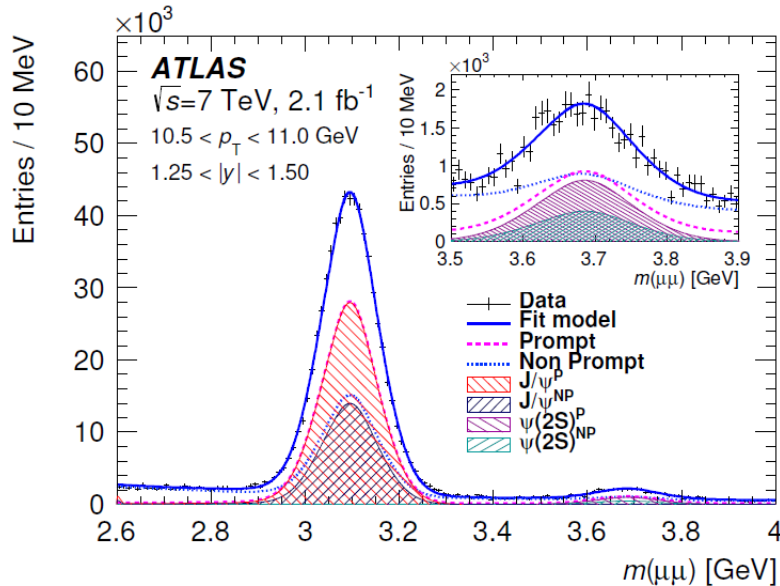
$$\frac{d^2N}{d\cos\theta^* d\phi^*} \propto 1 + \lambda_\theta \cos^2\theta^* + \lambda_\phi \sin^2\theta^* \cos 2\phi^* + \lambda_{\theta\phi} \sin 2\theta^* \cos\phi^*$$

- probe various spin-alignment scenarios (not yet measured at ATLAS)
- Corrected prompt and non-prompt J/ψ and ψ(2S) yields determined from an unbinned fit to the 2D di-muon mass and pseudo-lifetime distribution



ATLAS CMS
LHCb ALICE

- in 22 p_T x 8 rapidity bins



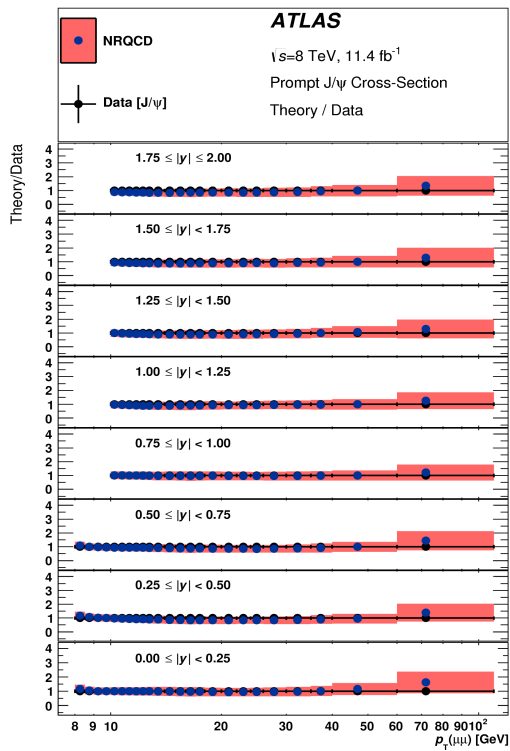
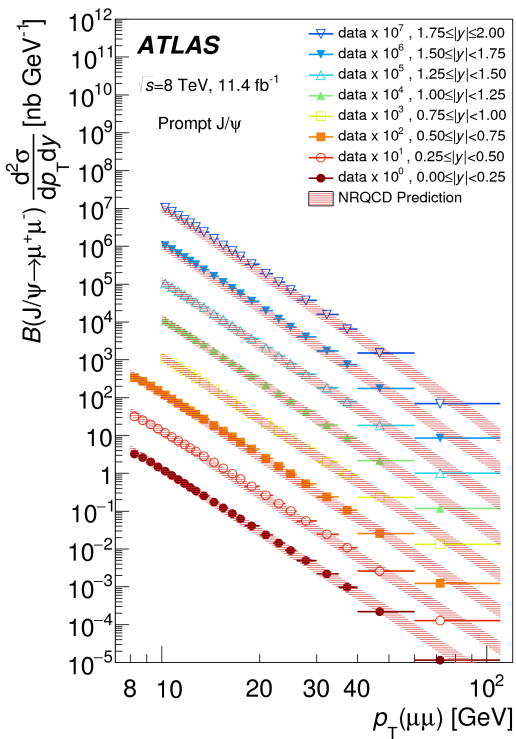
$$\tau = \frac{L_{xy} m(J/\psi)}{p_T(J/\psi)}$$

xy displacement of candidate from PV (red box), Invariant mass of candidate (blue box), p_T of candidate (green box)



J/ψ and ψ(2S) Production at 7&8 TeV

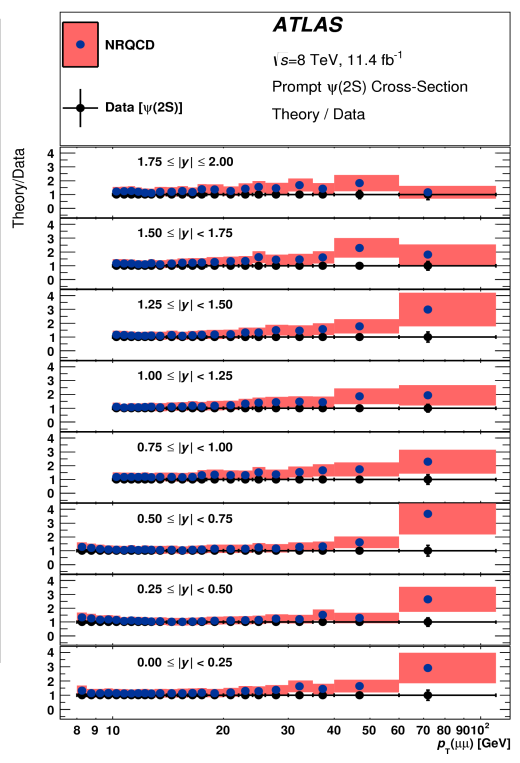
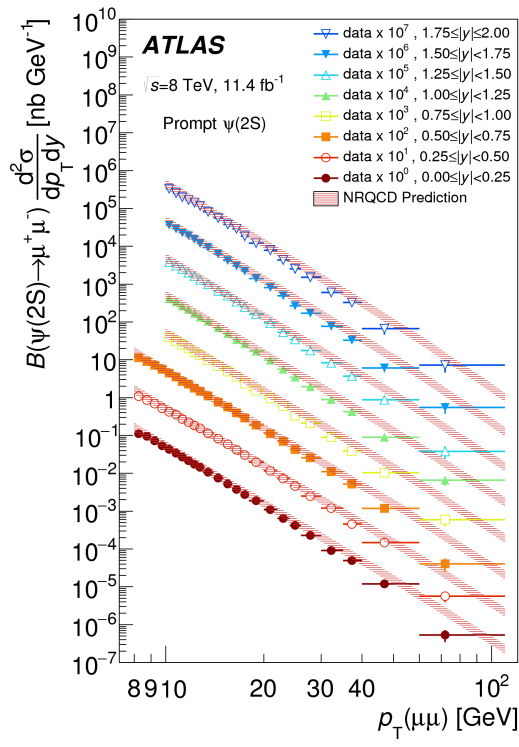
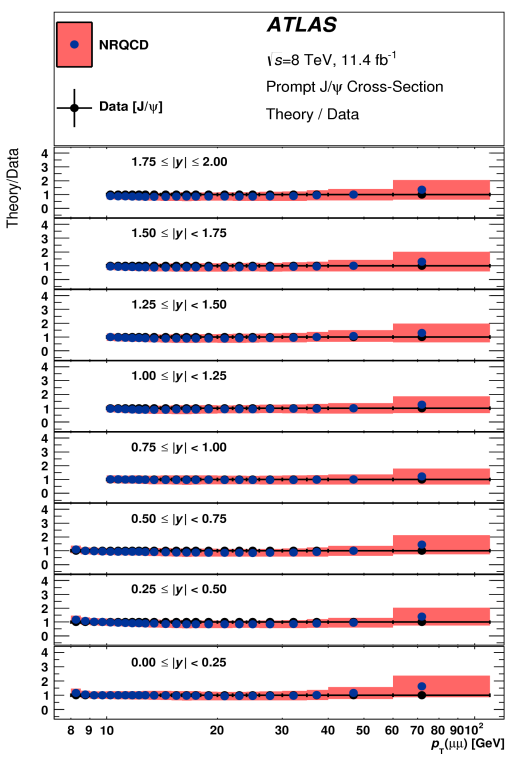
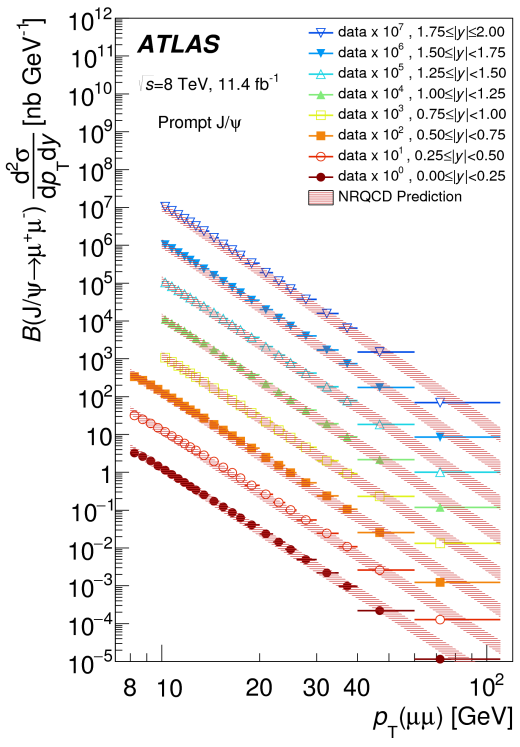
- Prompt J/ψ compared to NRQCD – good agreement across range of p_T, no y-dependence
- Prompt ψ(2S) (no significant feed-down) compared to NRQCD – mostly well describing data, some deterioration at high-p_T
- Non-prompt compared to FONLL – predicts slightly higher p_T spectra
- Ratio of prompt ψ(2S) / J/ψ flat across the whole p_T range
- Prompt J/ψ fraction dominates at low-p_T, but non-prompt exceeds prompt at around 20 GeV





J/ψ and ψ(2S) Production at 7&8 TeV

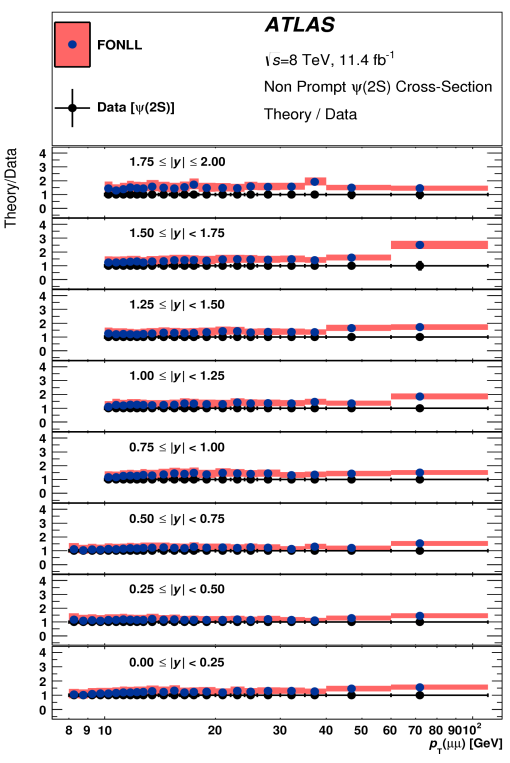
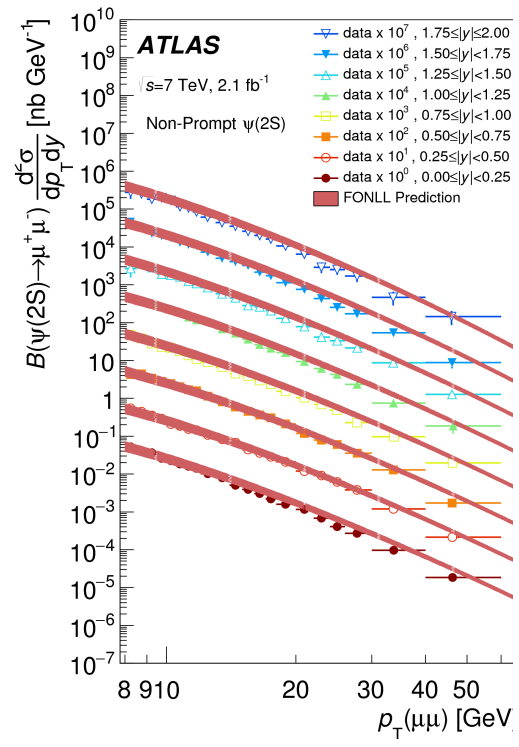
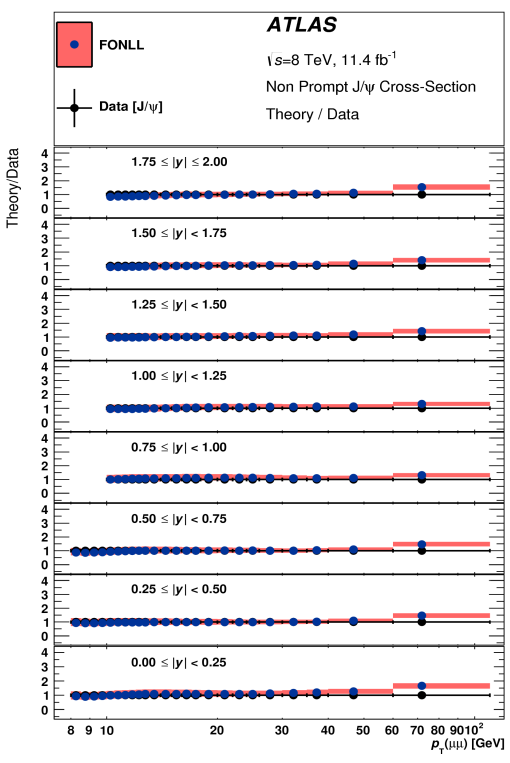
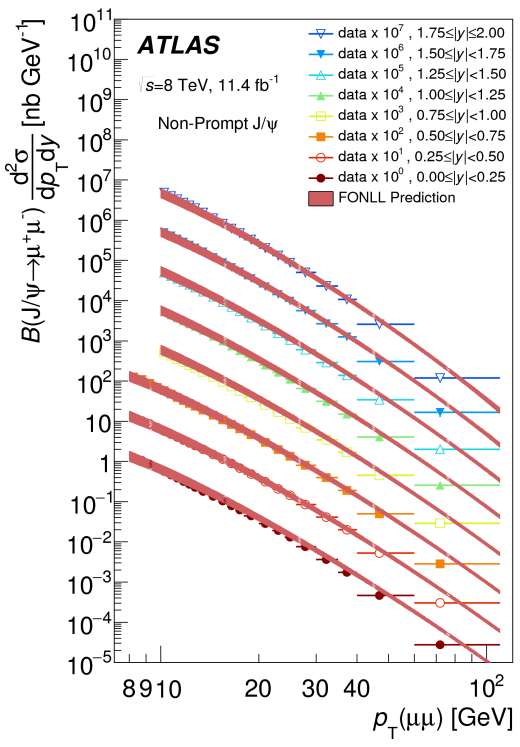
- Prompt J/ψ compared to NRQCD – good agreement across range of p_T, no y-dependence
- Prompt ψ(2S) (no significant feed-down) compared to NRQCD – mostly well describing data, some deterioration at high-p_T
- Non-prompt compared to FONLL – predicts slightly higher p_T spectra
- Ratio of prompt ψ(2S) / J/ψ flat across the whole p_T range
- Prompt J/ψ fraction dominates at low-p_T, but non-prompt exceeds prompt at around 20 GeV





J/ψ and ψ(2S) Production at 7&8 TeV

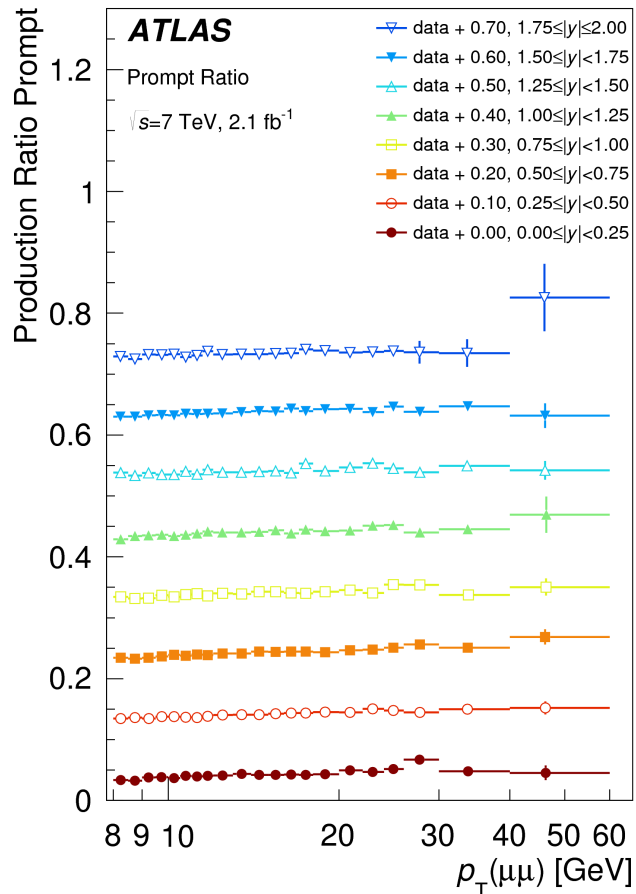
- Prompt J/ψ compared to NRQCD – good agreement across range of p_T, no y-dependence
- Prompt ψ(2S) (no significant feed-down) compared to NRQCD – mostly well describing data, some deterioration at high-p_T
- Non-prompt compared to FONLL – predicts slightly higher p_T spectra
- Ratio of prompt ψ(2S) / J/ψ flat across the whole p_T range
- Prompt J/ψ fraction dominates at low-p_T, but non-prompt exceeds prompt at around 20 GeV





J/ ψ and $\psi(2S)$ Production at 7&8 TeV

- Prompt J/ ψ compared to NRQCD – good agreement across range of p_T , no y-dependence
- Prompt $\psi(2S)$ (no significant feed-down) compared to NRQCD – mostly well describing data, some deterioration at high- p_T
- Non-prompt compared to FONLL – predicts slightly higher p_T spectra
- Ratio of prompt $\psi(2S)$ / J/ ψ flat across the whole p_T range
- Prompt J/ ψ fraction dominates at low- p_T , but non-prompt exceeds prompt at around 20 GeV



J/ ψ and $\psi(2S)$ Production at 7&8 TeV

- Prompt J/ ψ compared to NRQCD – good agreement across range of p_T , no y-dependence
- Prompt $\psi(2S)$ (no significant feed-down) compared to NRQCD – mostly well describing data, some deterioration at high- p_T
- Non-prompt compared to FONLL – predicts slightly higher p_T spectra
- Ratio of prompt $\psi(2S)$ / J/ ψ flat across the whole p_T range
- Prompt J/ ψ fraction dominates at low- p_T , but non-prompt exceeds prompt at around 20 GeV

