



The
University
Of
Sheffield.

Highlights from the ATLAS experiment at Run 1

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On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

First Joint METU-IPM Conference on LHC Physics
Programme

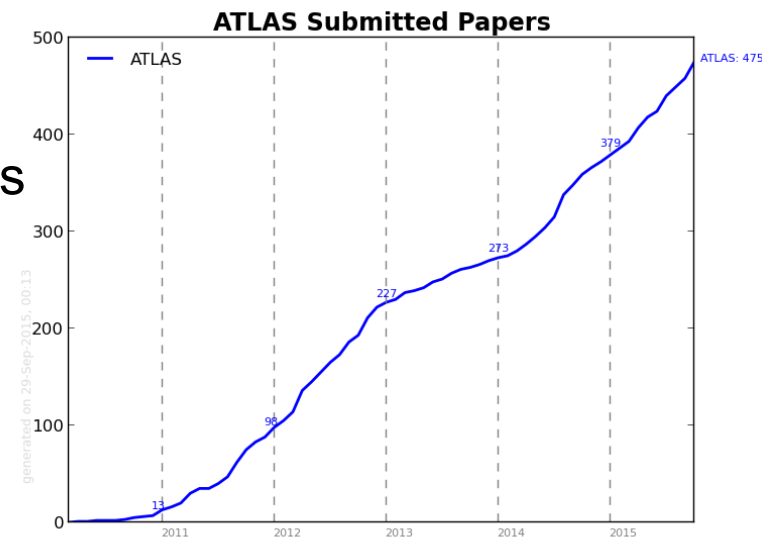
Izmir, Turkey

September 30, 2015

Outline

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- A short description of ATLAS
 - Detectors & Data taking at Run 1
- Selected results from recent publications
from :
 - Higgs
 - Top
 - SUSY searches
 - Exotic searches

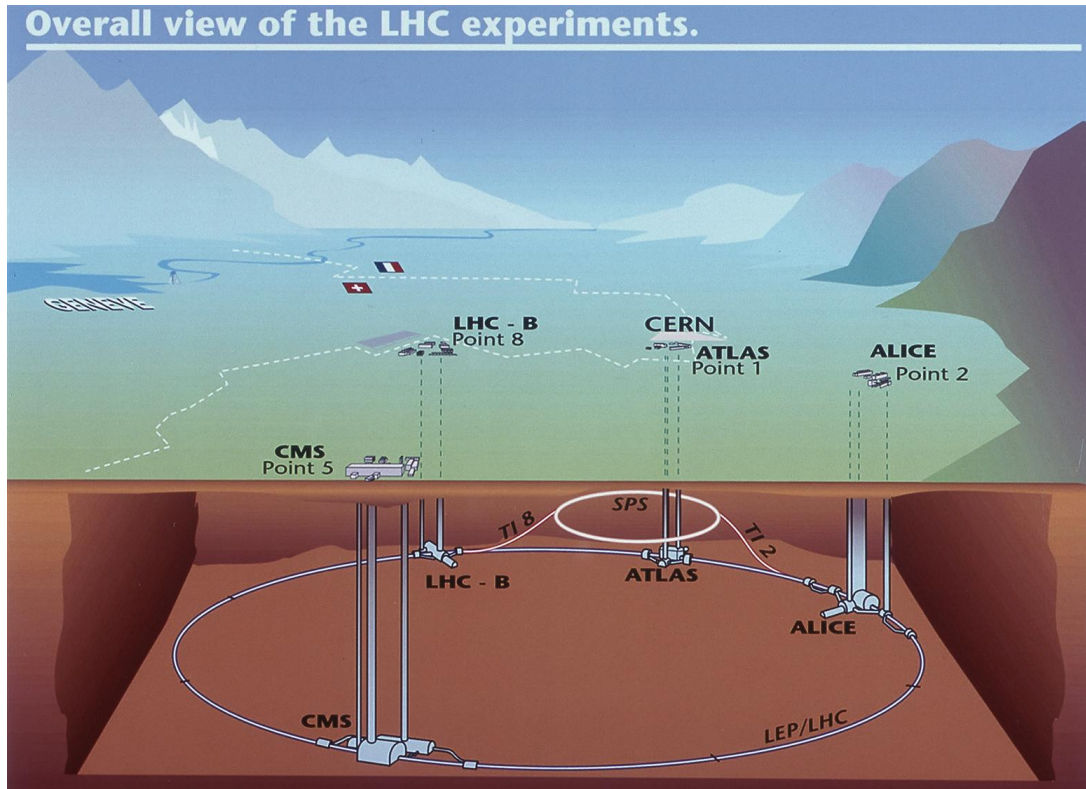


<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic> (475 submitted papers and counting)

ATLAS detector at LHC

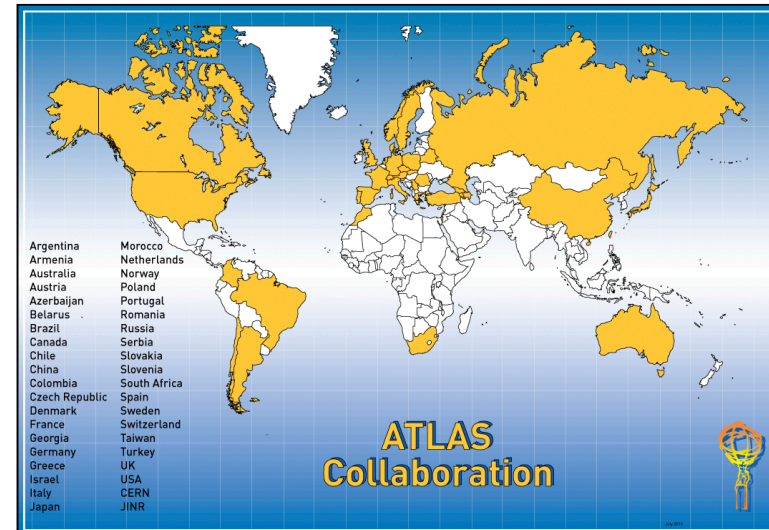
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Overall view of the LHC experiments.



ATLAS is one of the two multi-purpose detector at the LHC proton-proton collider

ATLAS collaboration:
38 countries, ~178 institutes, ~3000 physicists



ATLAS detector at Run 1

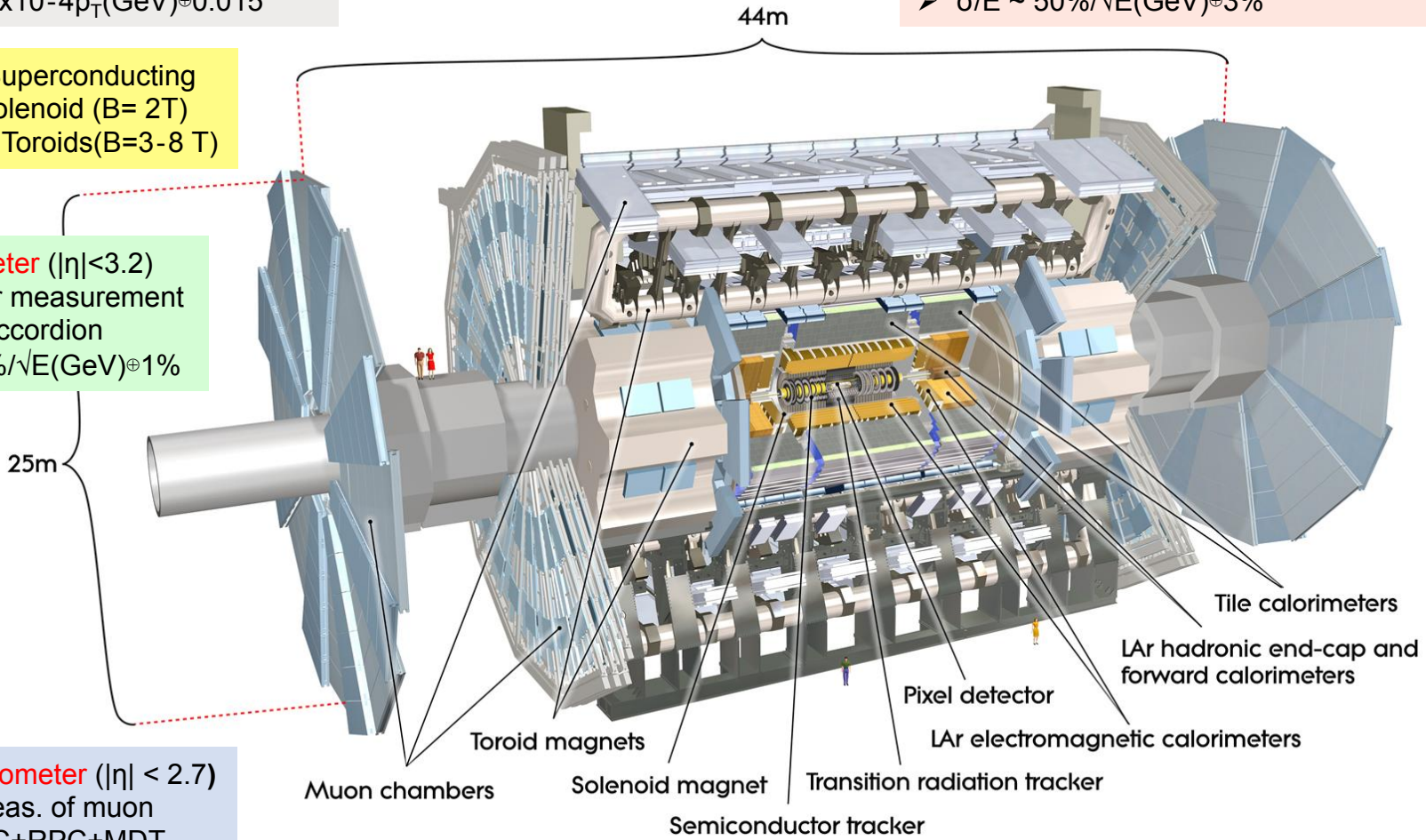
Inner detector ($|\eta| < 2.5$, $B=2T$)
 Tracking, vertexing, dE/dx , e/π ID
 ➤ Si pixels, Si strips, Trans. Rad. det.
 ➤ $\sigma/p_T \sim 3.8 \times 10^{-4} p_T(\text{GeV}) \oplus 0.015$

Hadron Calorimeter ($|\eta| < 5$)
 Trigger and meas. of jet/Emiss
 ➤ Fe/scintillator (central), Cu/W-LAr (fwd)
 ➤ $\sigma/E \sim 50\%/\sqrt{E}(\text{GeV}) \oplus 3\%$

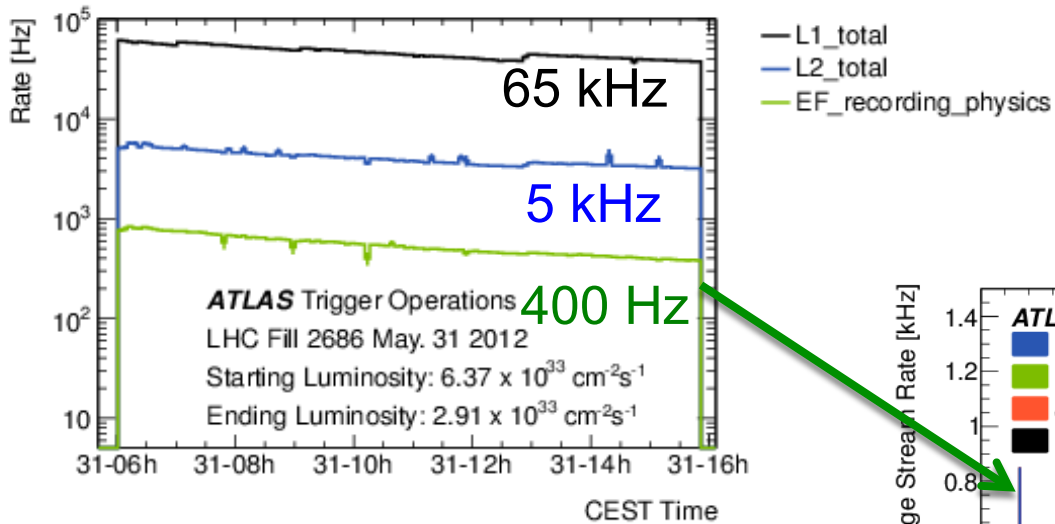
Magnets 4 Superconducting
 ➤ Central Solenoid ($B= 2T$)
 ➤ 3 Air core Toroids($B=3-8 T$)

EM Calorimeter ($|\eta| < 3.2$)
 e/γ ID trigger measurement
 ➤ Pb-Lar accordion
 ➤ $\sigma/E \sim 10\%/\sqrt{E}(\text{GeV}) \oplus 1\%$

Muon spectrometer ($|\eta| < 2.7$)
 Trigger & meas. of muon
 ➤ CSC+TGC+RPC+MDT
 ➤ $\sigma/p_T < 10\%$ up to 1 TeV

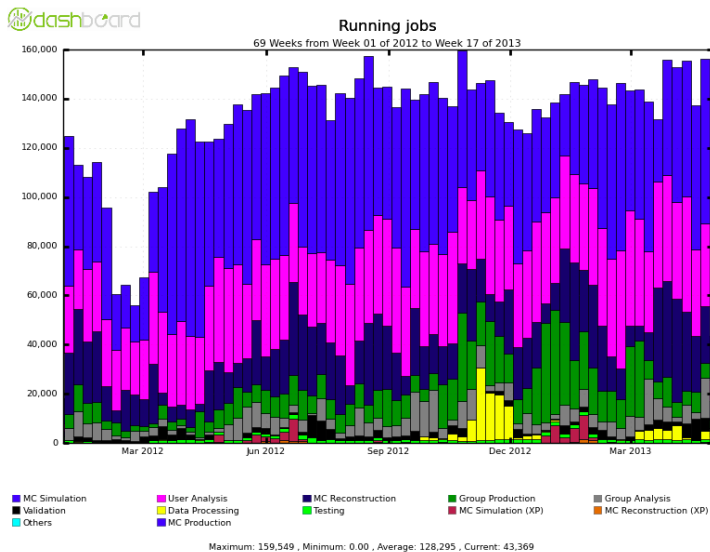
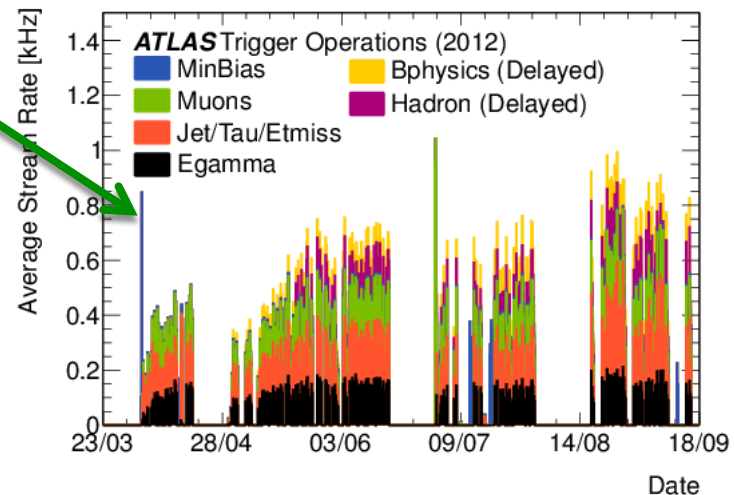


ATLAS trigger at Run 1



Using multi-level trigger system to select interesting events from O(20 MHz)

Collected events for physics analysis ~ 400 Hz

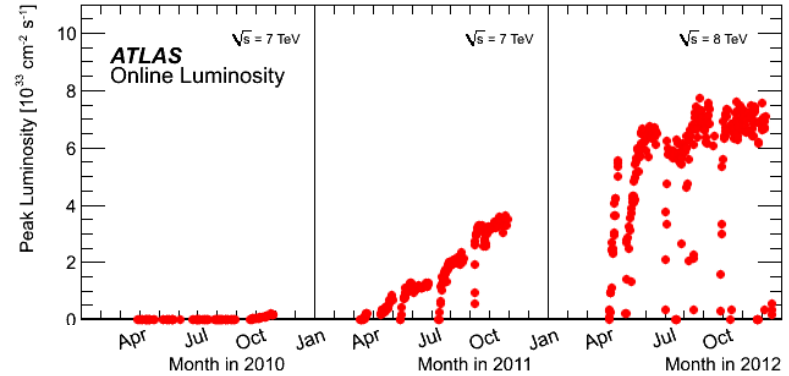


- The ATLAS Distributed Computing System manages the world-wide data processing, MC production, and user analysis jobs, running on O(150k) computing cores

Data Taking at Run 1

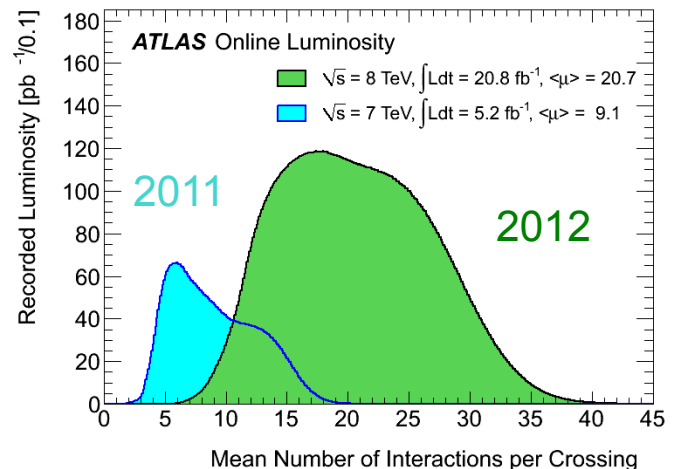
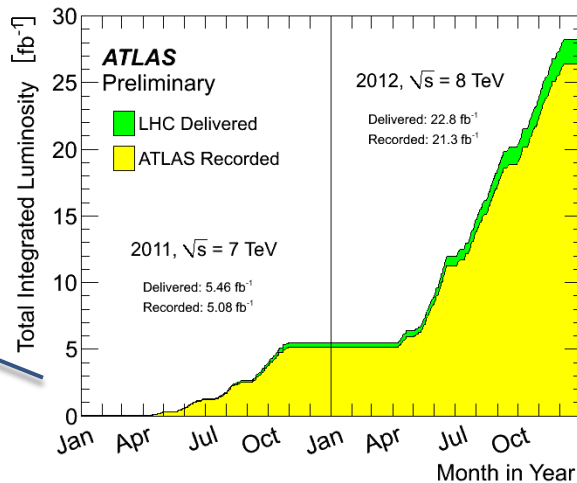
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- LHC Run 1 schedule was from 2009 till beginning of 2013
 - 2009 – 20 μb^{-1} at $\sqrt{s} = 900 \text{ GeV}$
 - 2010 – 45 pb^{-1} at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$
 - 2011 + 2012 – 25 fb^{-1} at $\sqrt{s} = 7,8 \text{ TeV}$
 - 7.6 billion p-p events and 7.4 PB data volume



The higher the luminosity is the higher the pile-up
i.e. number of interactions per bunch crossing
Average pile-up $\langle \mu \rangle \sim 9$ (21) at 2011 (2012)

During Run 1:
Excellent performance of LHC, detector and data taking

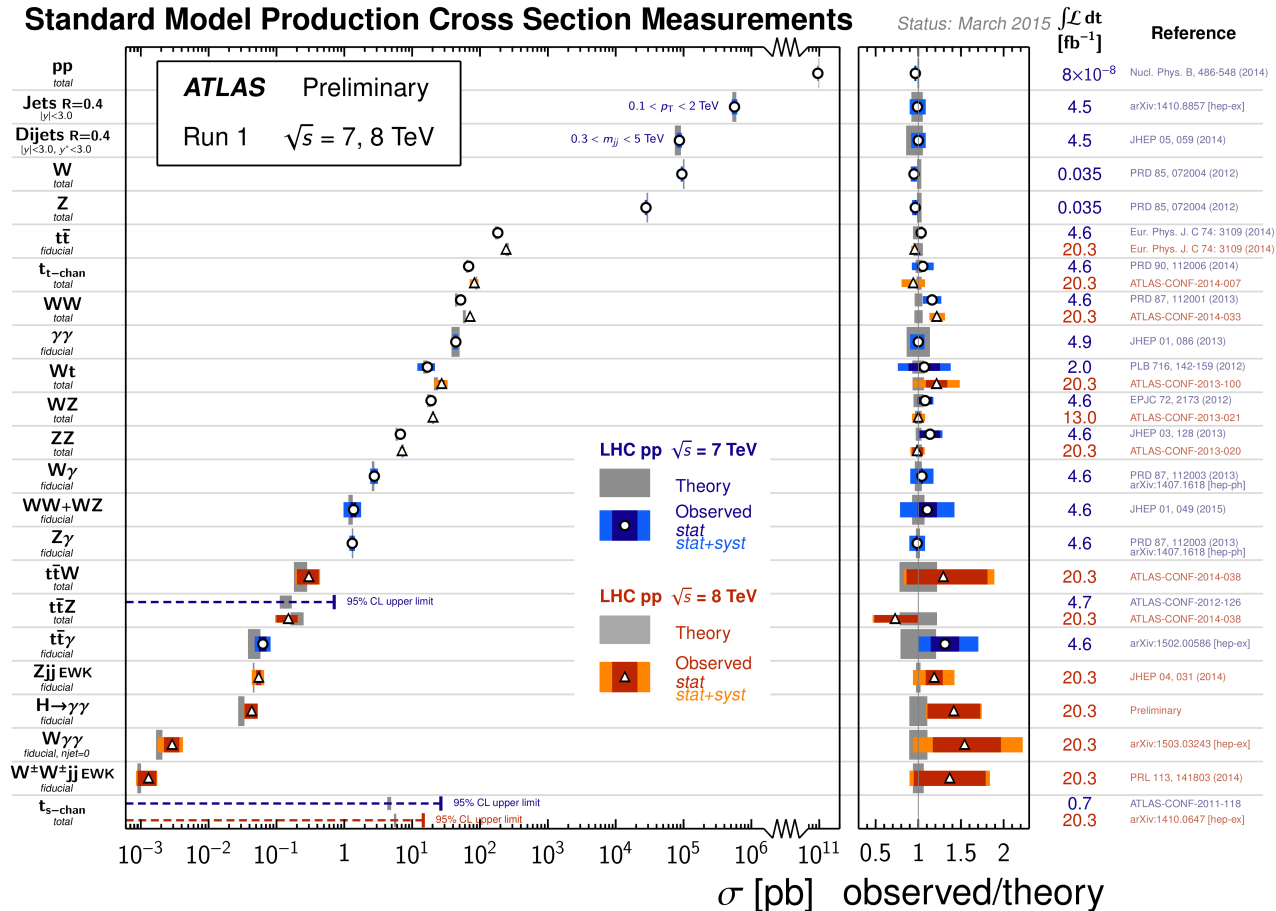


ATLAS p-p run: April-December 2012										
Inner Tracker			Calorimeters		Muon Spectrometer				Magnets	
Pixel	SCT	TRT	LAr	Tile	MDT	RPC	CSC	TGC	Solenoid	Toroid
99.9	99.1	99.8	99.1	99.6	99.6	99.8	100.	99.6	99.8	99.5
All good for physics: 95.5%										
Luminosity weighted relative detector uptime and good quality data delivery during 2012 stable beams in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8 \text{ TeV}$ between April 4 th and December 6 th (in %) – corresponding to 21.3 fb^{-1} of recorded data.										

Standard Model Summary

- Total or fiducial cross section measurements from inclusive W,Z production and di-bosons production:
 - Tests of the SM (at higher energy) and probing new physics
 - Backgrounds for searches and precision measurements (W/Z+jets, top pairs and di-bosons)

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements



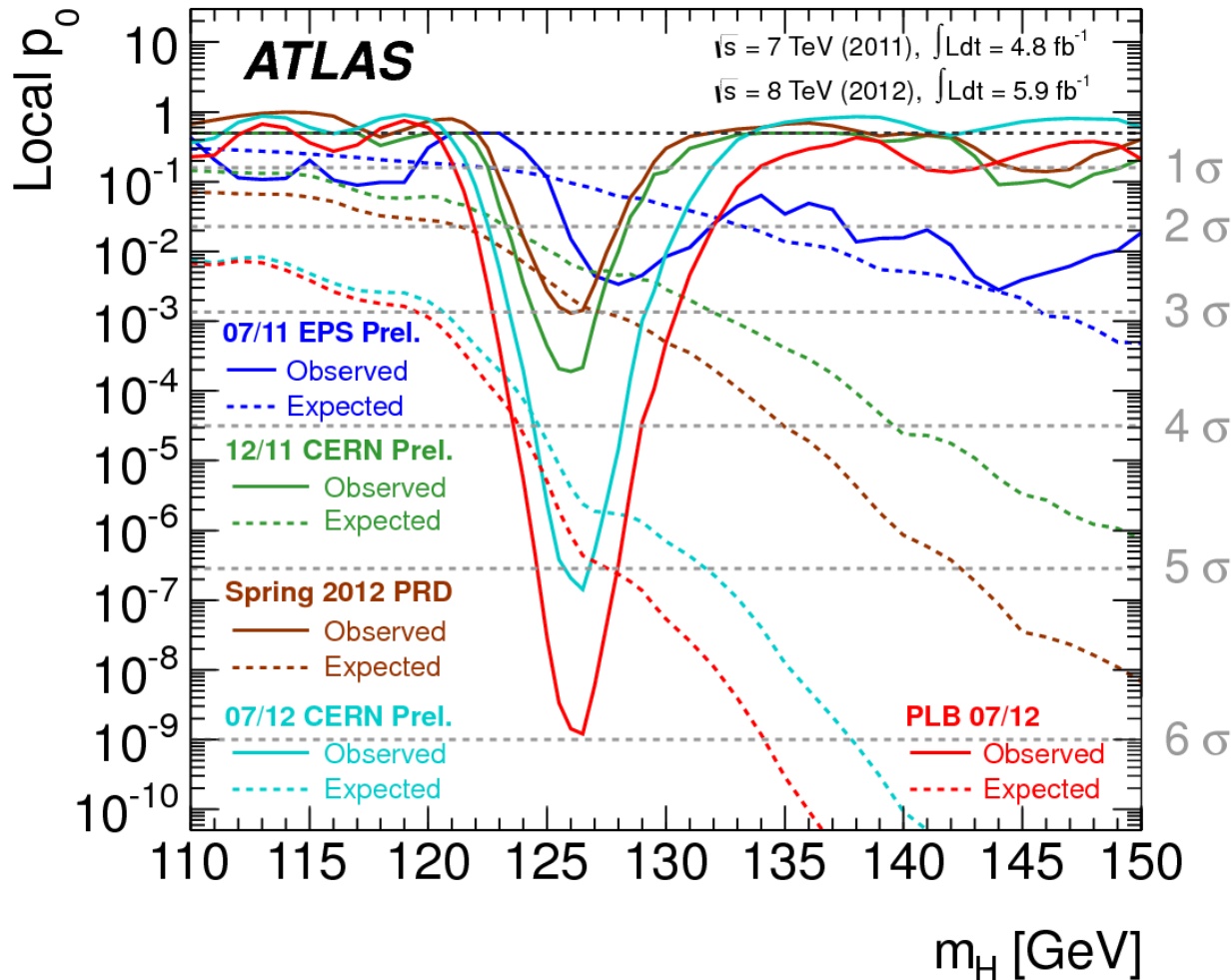
Only with 35 pb⁻¹ data

Theory values at NLO or higher

Standard model scalar boson search

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Phys. Lett. B 716 (2012) 1-29



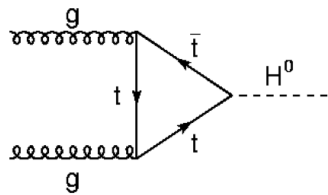
- In July 2012, ATLAS and CMS announced discovery of a new particle (mass ~ 125 GeV) decaying to two bosons

p_0 = probability that the background fluctuates more than the observed excess

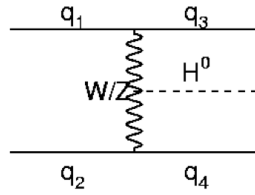
3σ – evidence
 5σ – discovery

SM Higgs Production at the LHC

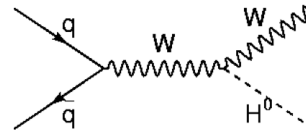
Gluon fusion process (87%)



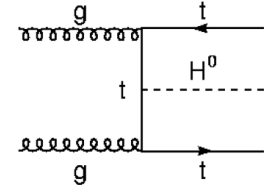
Vector Boson fusion (7%)



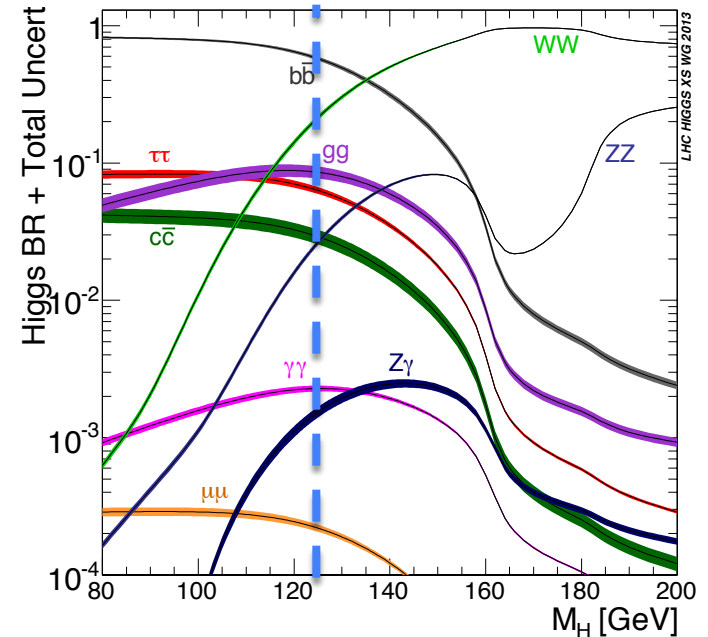
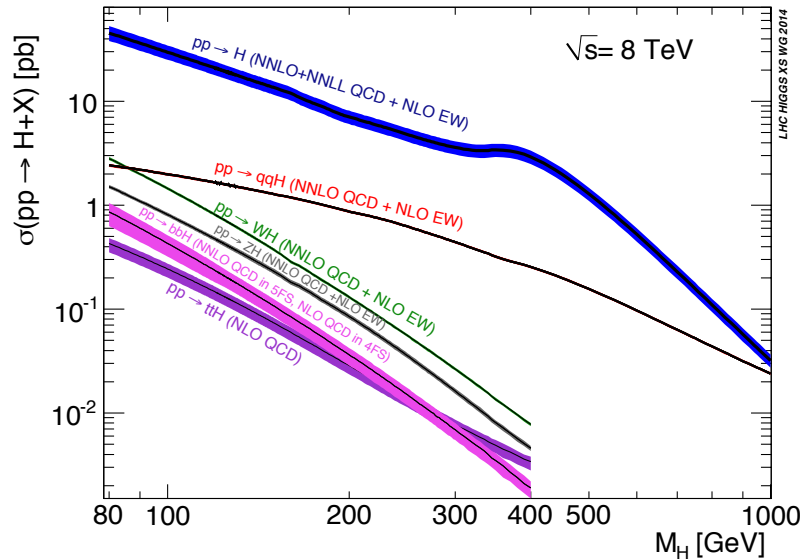
Associated production with W/Z (5%)



Associated production with top (1%)



LHC Higgs Cross Section Working Group



Cross section [pb] at $m_H = 125.5$ GeV ($\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV)				
ggF	VBF	WH	ZH	ttH
19.1	1.6	0.7	0.4	0.1

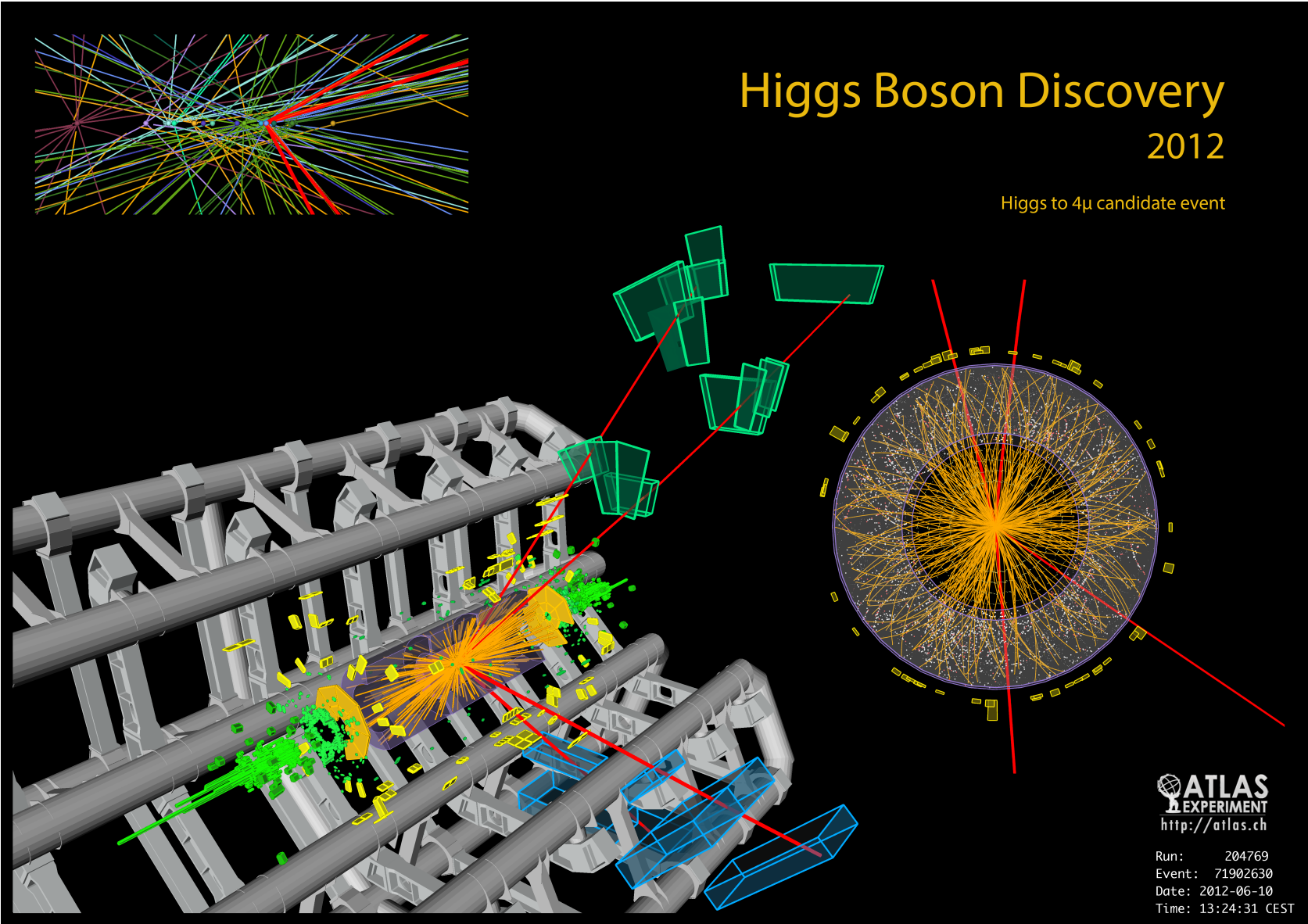
BR [%] at $m_H = 125.5$ GeV			
WW	ZZ	$\gamma\gamma$	$Z\gamma$
22	2.8	0.23	0.16

bbH cross section at 7 TeV and 8TeV is 1.1% of ggF

Higgs Boson Discovery

2012

Higgs to 4μ candidate event



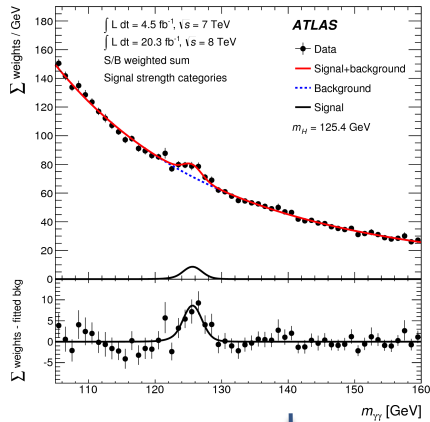
ATLAS
EXPERIMENT
<http://atlas.ch>

Run: 204769
Event: 71902630
Date: 2012-06-10
Time: 13:24:31 CEST

Event display of $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\mu$ candidate in ATLAS

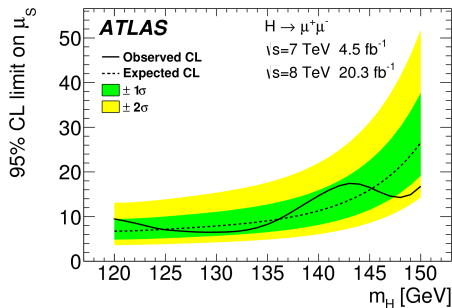
Higgs searches in ATLAS

H → γγ : good resolution

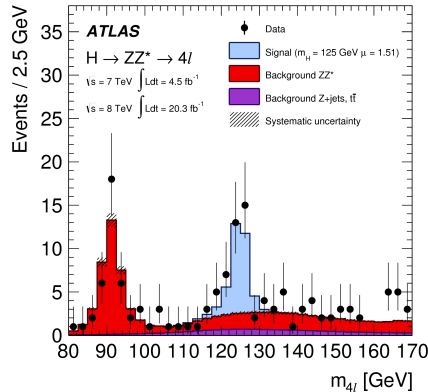


$$m_H = 125.36 \pm 0.37(stat) \pm 0.18(syst) \text{ GeV}$$

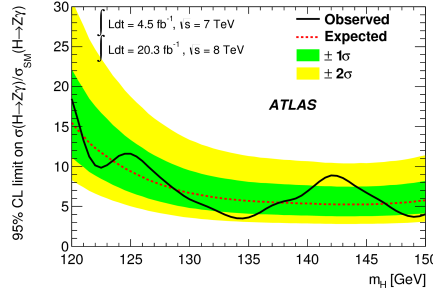
H → μ+μ- : Clean signal
 B(H → μ+μ-) < 21.9 · 10⁻⁵
 (m_H=125 GeV)



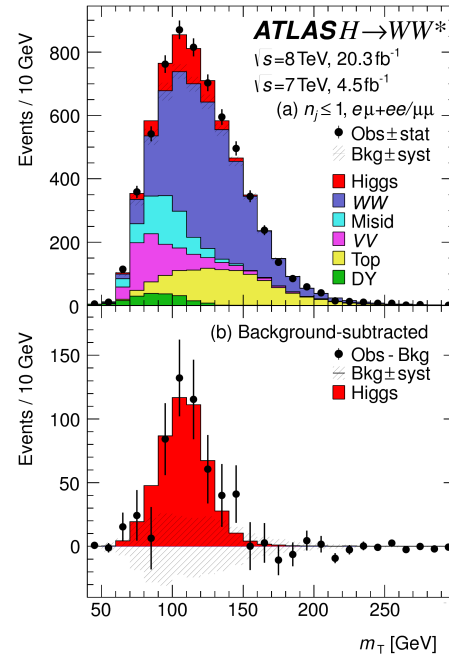
H → ZZ* → 4l : Golden channel



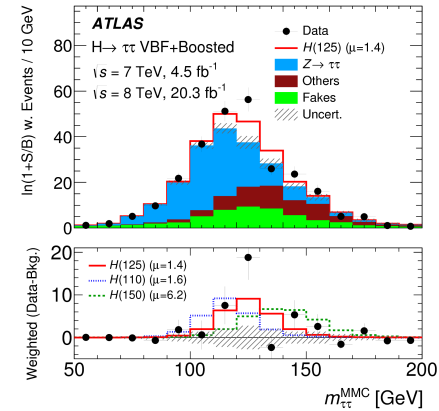
H → Zγ : Clean signal
 B(H → Zγ) < 1.6 · 10⁻³
 (m_H=125 GeV)



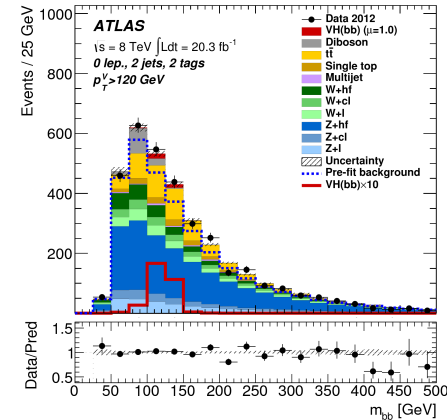
H → WW* → 4l : Good statistics,
 low resolution;
 Observed (expected) significance :
 6.1 (5.8) σ



H → τ+τ- : Best fermionic channel
 Observed(expected) significance:
 4.5 (3.4) σ



H → bb : not possible ggF
 (though VH)
 Observed(expected)
 significance: 1.4 (2.6) σ



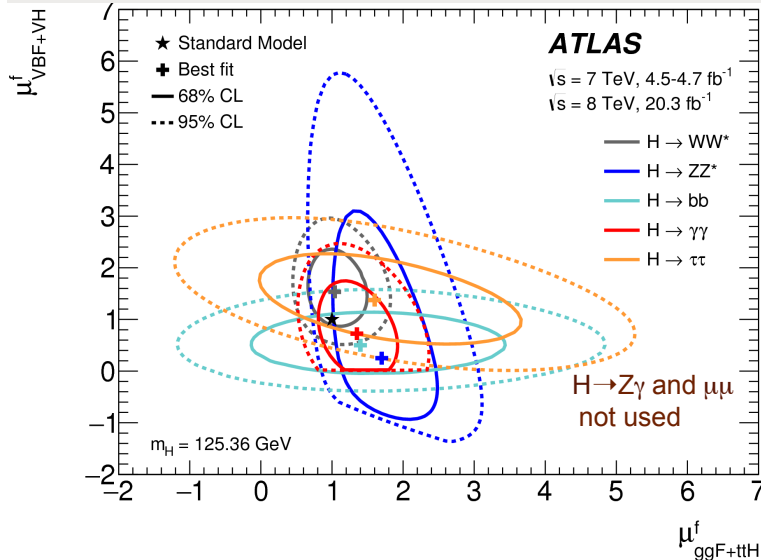
Higgs boson signal strength

arXiv:1507.04548

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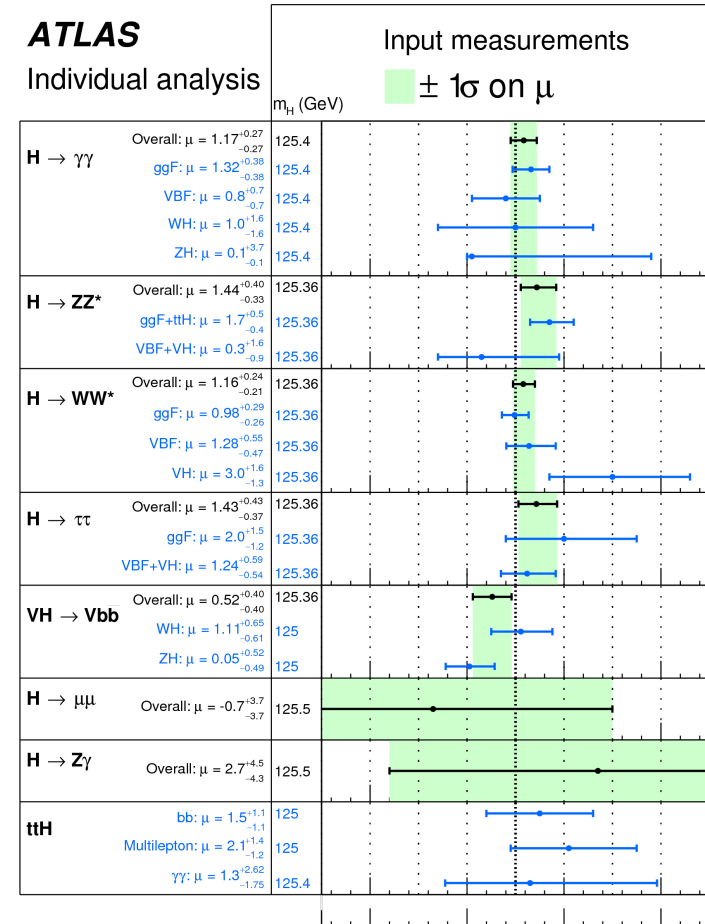
- With full data sets, combined results from the di-boson decays $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$, WW^* , $\gamma\gamma$ from the rare decays $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$, bb , $\tau\tau$ and $\mu\mu$ and $VH(bb)$, $t\bar{t}H$
 - The signal strength, μ , is the ratio of a given Higgs boson production cross section (σ) to its SM value (σ_{SM}), $\mu = \sigma/\sigma_{SM}$
- Categorization of the production processes:
 - Couplings to fermions : $ggF + t\bar{t}H$ ($\mu_{ggF+t\bar{t}H}$)
 - Couplings to vector bosons : $VBF + VH$ (μ_{VBF+VH})

$$\frac{\mu_{VBF+VH} / \mu_{ggF+t\bar{t}H}}{\left[\mu_{VBF+VH} / \mu_{ggF+t\bar{t}H} \right]_{SM}} = 0.96^{+0.33}_{-0.26} (stat)^{+0.20}_{-0.13} (syst)^{+0.18}_{-0.10} (th)$$



ATLAS

Individual analysis



$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}, 4.5\text{-}4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}, 20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

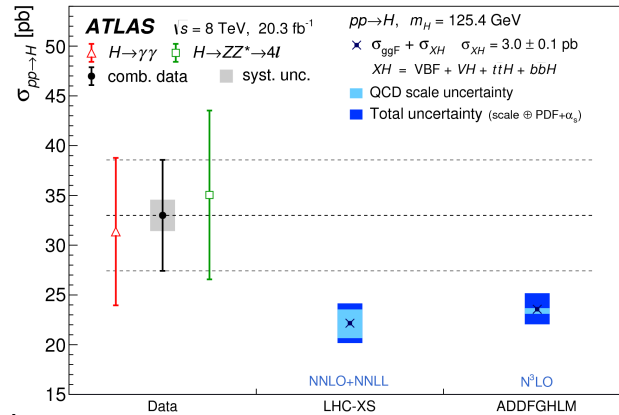
Signal strength (μ)

$$\mu = 1.18 \pm 0.10 (stat) \pm 0.07 (syst)^{+0.08}_{-0.07} (th)$$

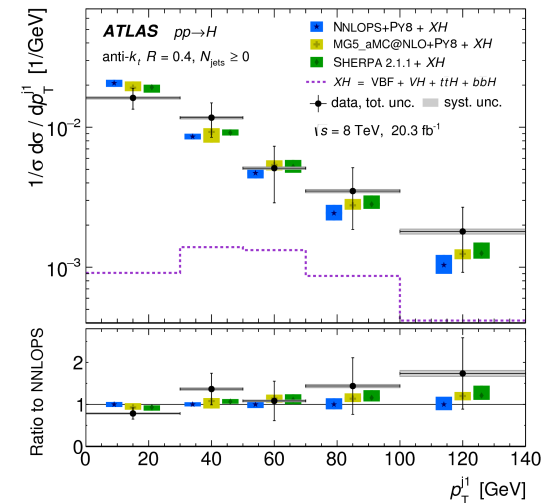
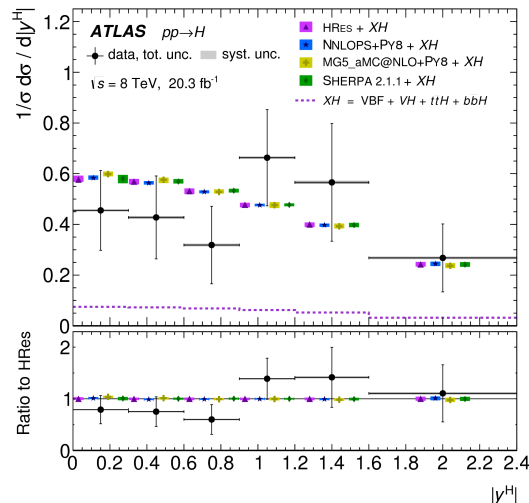
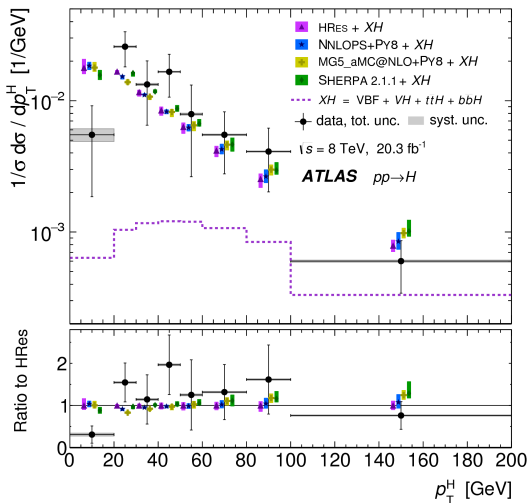
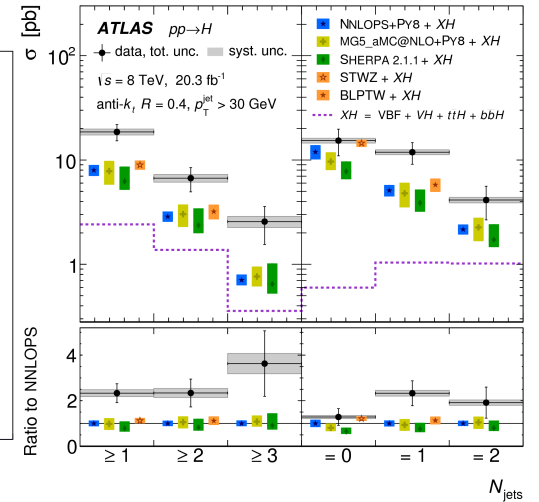
Fiducial and differential cross sections

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- Model independent measurement of total cross section from 8 TeV data using $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$ and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
 - Observed higher cross section than theory
 - For all inclusive and exclusive jet multiplicities, data is higher
 - Least agreement is on ≥ 1 or $=1$ bins (p-value 0.1% and 3.6%)
 - Need more data to confirm
 - Results are statistically dominated



PRL 115 (2015) 091801



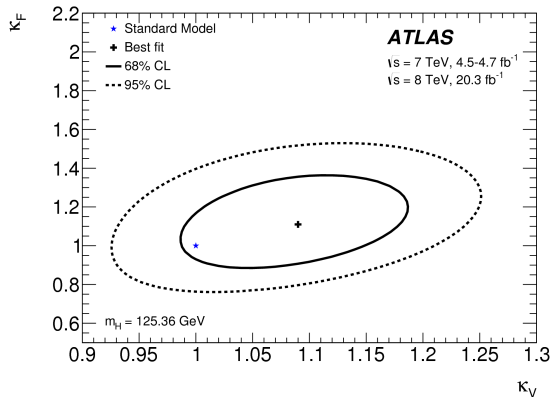
Higgs boson couplings

- Assuming only SM contribution to the total width and no invisible or undetected H boson decays
(simplest case)

- Global fit using all data and decay channels
- The measured fermion and vector coupling-strength scale factors are in agreement with SM

$$\kappa_V = 1.09 \pm 0.07$$

$$\kappa_F = 1.11 \pm 0.16$$

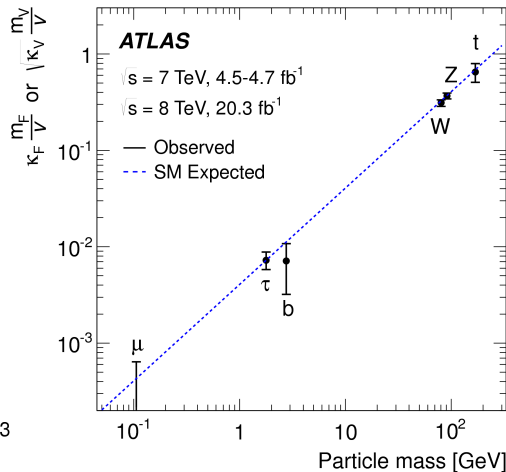


$$\kappa_i \equiv g_i / g_i^{SM}$$

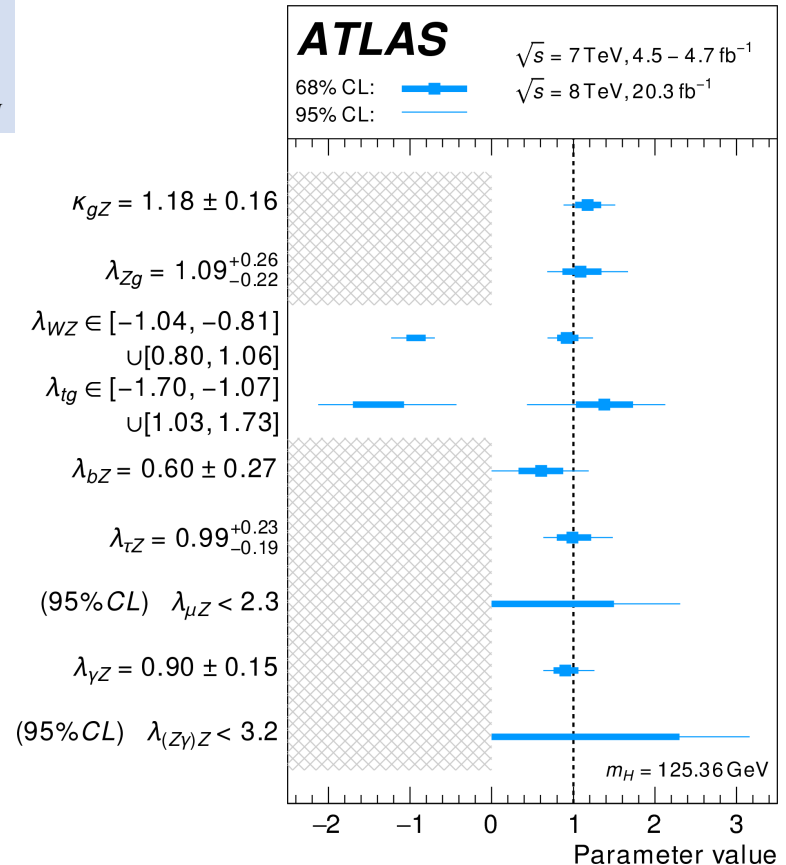
$$\lambda_{ij} \equiv \kappa_i / \kappa_j$$

$$\kappa_{ij} \equiv \kappa_i \cdot \kappa_j / \kappa_H$$

Testing SM



- Most generic case: Allowing new particles in loops and no assumption on the total width

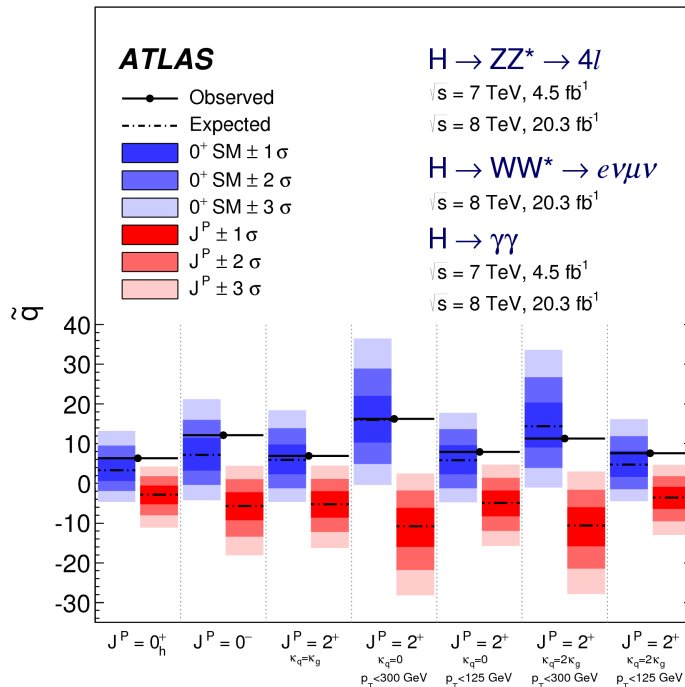
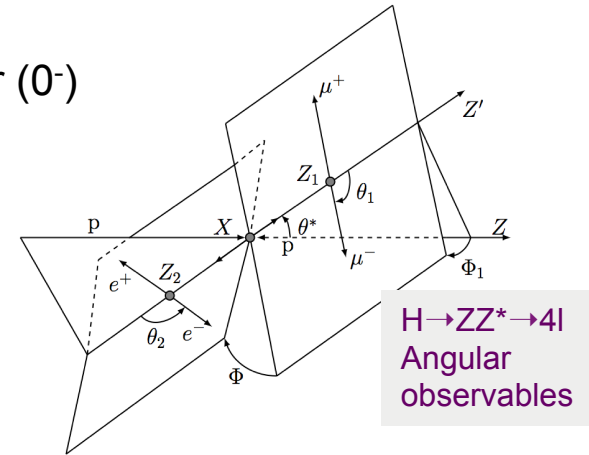


Higgs spin and parity measurement

arXiv:1506.05669

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- Examining the Spin/CP nature of the Higgs boson with $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$, $H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow e\nu\mu\nu$ and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
 - Spin-0: CP-even BSM (0^+_h) and CP-odd pseudo-scalar (0^-)
 - Spin-2: Universal couplings and $\kappa_q/\kappa_g = 0$ and 2
 - Exclusion determined from q : likelihood ratio to distinguish between two spin hypothesis



J^P	Model	Choice of tensor couplings			
		κ_{SM}	κ_{HVV}	κ_{AVV}	α
0^+	Standard Model Higgs boson	1	0	0	0
0^+_h	BSM spin-0 CP-even	0	1	0	0
0^-	BSM spin-0 CP-odd	0	0	1	$\pi/2$

Values of spin-2 quark and gluon couplings	p_T^X selections (GeV)		
$\kappa_q = \kappa_g$	Universal couplings	-	-
$\kappa_q = 0$	Low light-quark fraction	< 300	< 125
$\kappa_q = 2\kappa_g$	Low gluon fraction	< 300	< 125

SM is favoured and alternative models excluded $> 99.9\%CL_s$

Higgs spin and parity measurement

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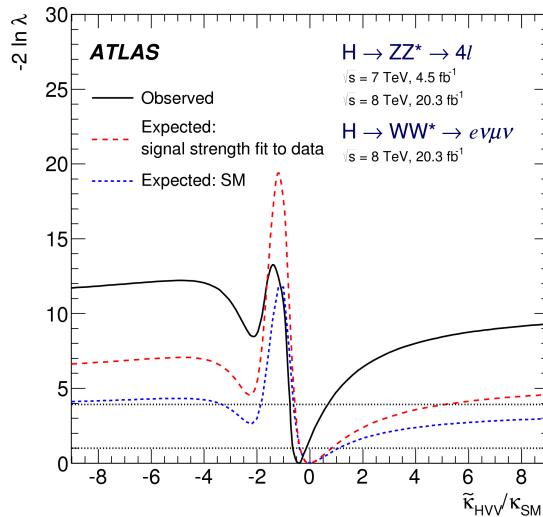
- Combined fit performed on $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$ and $\rightarrow WW^*$ final states
- Constraint the Spin-0 coupling ratios

$$(\tilde{\kappa}_{AVV}/\kappa_{SM}) \cdot \tan \alpha \text{ and } \tilde{\kappa}_{HVV}/\kappa_{SM}$$

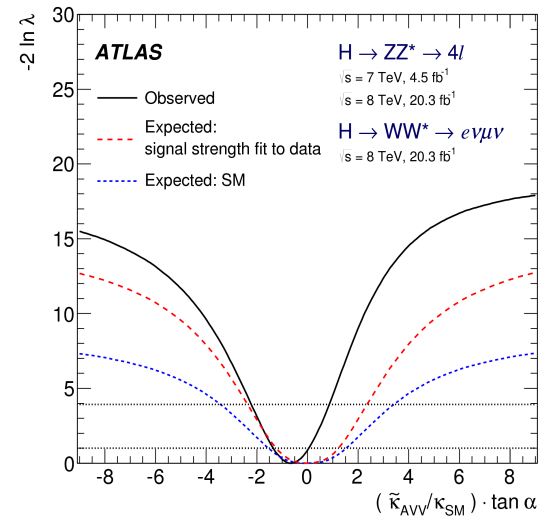
$$\tilde{\kappa}_{A(H)VV} = \frac{1}{4} \frac{v}{\Lambda} \kappa_{A(H)VV}$$

\mathcal{L} for spin-0 particle interaction with W or Z boson

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_0^V = & \left\{ \cos(\alpha) \kappa_{SM} \left[\frac{1}{2} g_{HZZ} Z_\mu Z^\mu + g_{HWW} W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} \right] \right. \\ & - \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{\Lambda} \left[\cos(\alpha) \kappa_{HZZ} Z_{\mu\nu} Z^{\mu\nu} + \sin(\alpha) \kappa_{AZZ} Z_{\mu\nu} \tilde{Z}^{\mu\nu} \right] \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\Lambda} \left[\cos(\alpha) \kappa_{HWW} W_{\mu\nu}^+ W^{-\mu\nu} + \sin(\alpha) \kappa_{AWW} W_{\mu\nu}^+ \tilde{W}^{-\mu\nu} \right] \right\} X_0 \end{aligned}$$



Spin-even BSM contribution



Spin-odd BSM contribution

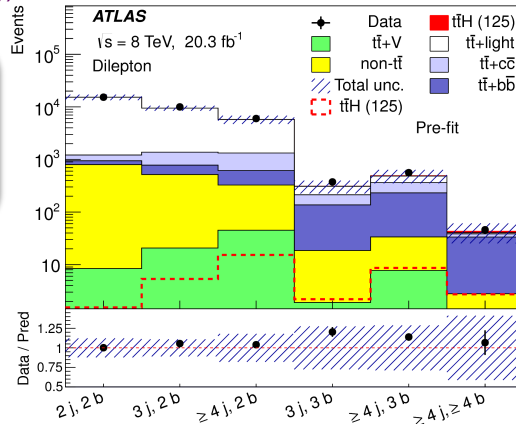
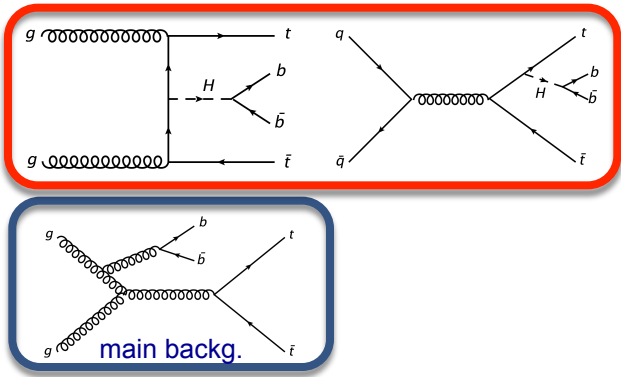
Coupling ratio	Best-fit value	95% CL Exclusion Regions	
		Expected	Observed
Combined	Observed		
$\tilde{\kappa}_{HVV}/\kappa_{SM}$	-0.48	$(-\infty, -0.55] \cup [4.80, \infty)$	$(-\infty, -0.73] \cup [0.63, \infty)$
$(\tilde{\kappa}_{AVV}/\kappa_{SM}) \cdot \tan \alpha$	-0.68	$(-\infty, -2.33] \cup [2.30, \infty)$	$(-\infty, -2.18] \cup [0.83, \infty)$

BSM to SM tensor couplings are compatible with the SM expectation

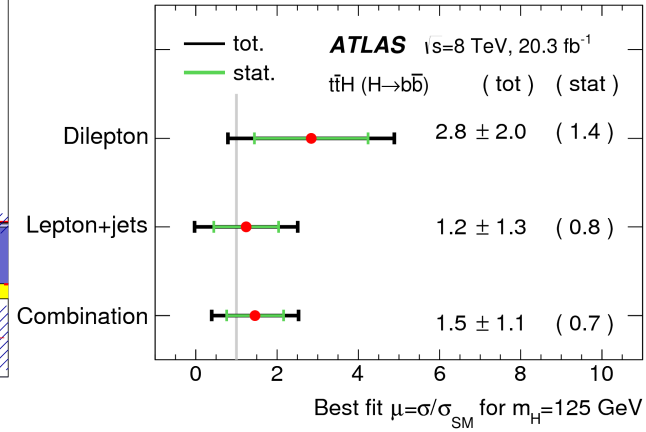
Rare processes ttH

- Higgs boson production in association with a top-quark pair
 - Direct measurement of top quark-Higgs coupling
 - ttH (H → bb / dilepton H(→ZZ, WW, ττ))

ttH (H → bb)

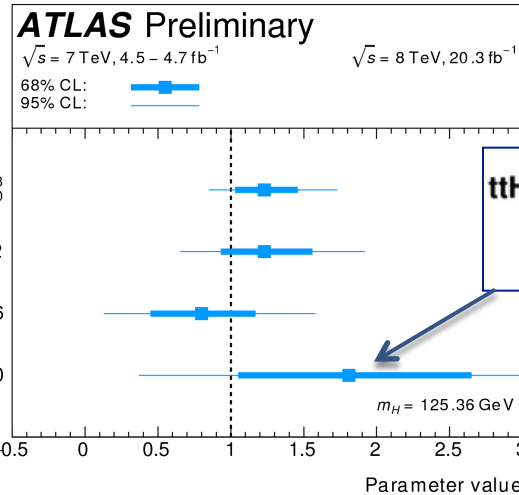
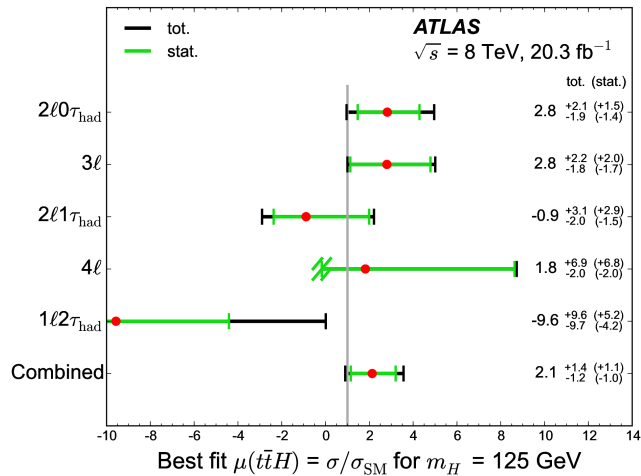


EPJC (2015) 75:349



ttH (H → multilepton)

(PLB 749 (2015) 519)



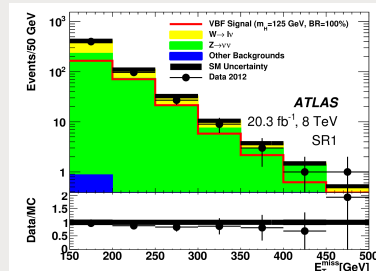
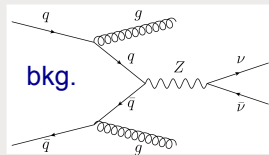
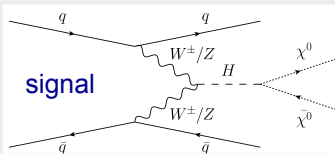
bb: $\mu = 1.5^{+1.1}_{-1.1}$
 Multilepton: $\mu = 2.1^{+1.4}_{-1.2}$
 $\gamma\gamma$: $\mu = 1.3^{+2.6}_{-1.8}$

No significant excess over the background is observed in both searches

Searches for new physics with SM Higgs

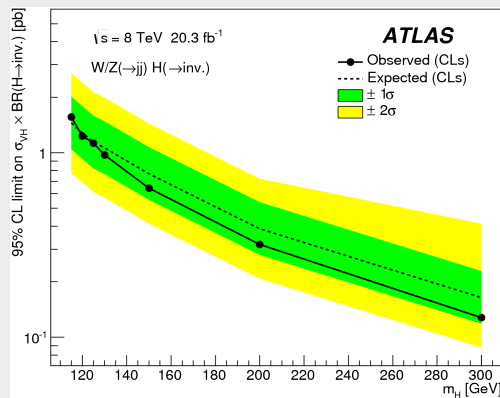
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Invisible Higgs decay (VBF) arXiv:1508.07869



No excess over expected background
At 95% CL.
 $B(H \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 28\%$ (31% obs (exp))

VH(W/Z \rightarrow hadronic, H \rightarrow invisible)



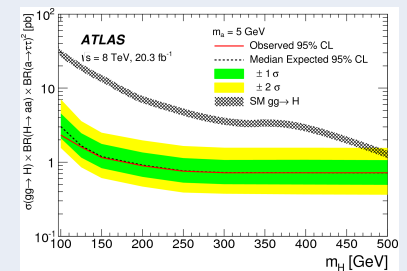
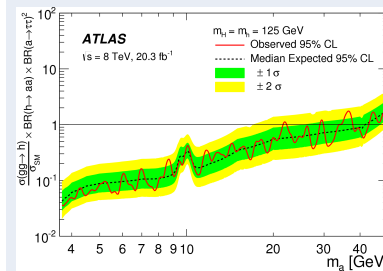
EPJC (2015) 75:337

$m_H = 125$ GeV

$B(H \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 78\%$ (86%) obs (exp)

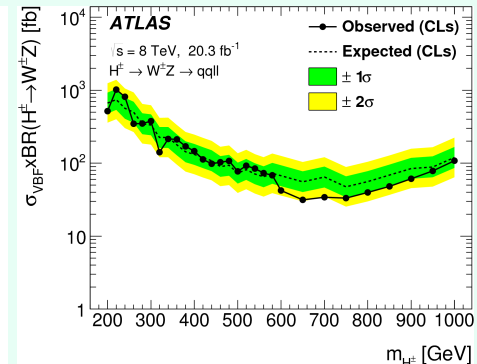
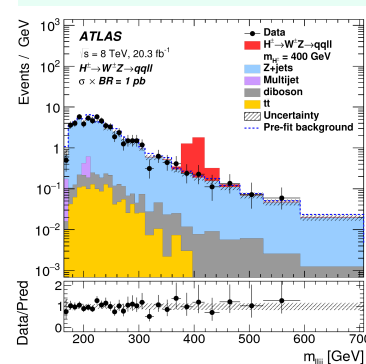
$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau$ (PRD 92 2015 052002)

NMSSM : H decays to lightest pseudoscalar higgs



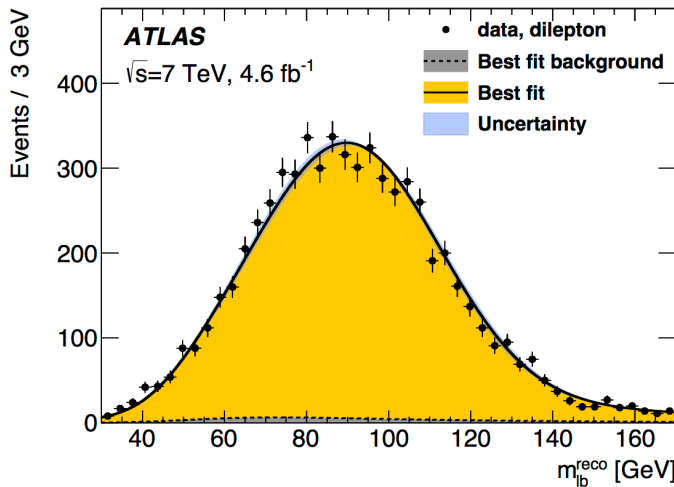
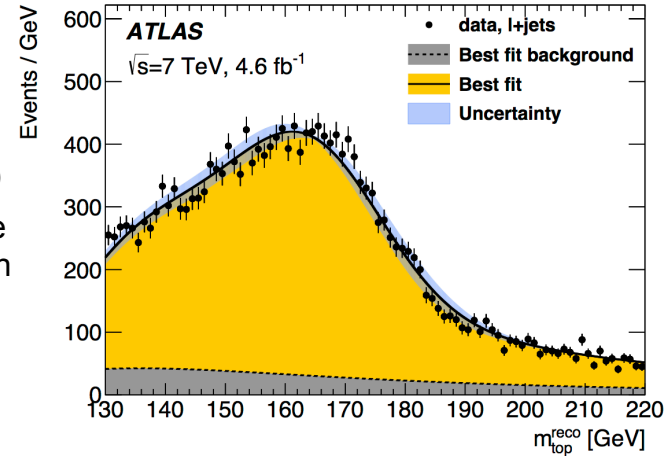
$H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z \rightarrow qqll$ (PRL 114 231801 (2015))

Charged Higgs boson appears in many SM extension models : 2HDM, Higgs Triplet model



Top quark mass

- Precise measurements of m_{top} is important - critical input to EW fits
- Top quark mass is measured in $t\bar{t} \rightarrow$ lepton +jets (fully reconstructed) or dilepton at 7 TeV ($\sim 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)
 - Single lepton: 3D fit (m_{top}^{reco} , m_W^{reco} (hadronically decaying W) and R_{bq}^{reco})
 - R_{bq}^{reco} : the ratio of the transverse momentum of the b -tagged jet to the average transverse momentum of the two jets of the hadronic W boson decay
 - Compared to the previous measurement (2D), 3D reduces the systematic uncertainty
 - Di-lepton : 1D fit (m_{lb}^{reco})



Dominant syst. error

Results	$t\bar{t} \rightarrow$ lepton+jets			$t\bar{t} \rightarrow$ dilepton	Combination	
	m_{top}^{l+jets} [GeV]	JSF	bJSF	m_{top}^{dil} [GeV]	m_{top}^{comb} [GeV]	ρ
Statistics	172.33	1.019	1.003	173.79	172.99	0
- Stat. comp. (m_{top})	0.75	0.003	0.008	0.54	0.48	0
- Stat. comp. (JSF)	0.25	0.003	n/a	n/a		
- Stat. comp. (bJSF)	0.67	0.000	0.008	n/a		
Method	0.11 ± 0.10	0.001	0.001	0.09 ± 0.07	0.07	0
Signal MC	0.22 ± 0.21	0.004	0.002	0.26 ± 0.16	0.24	+1.00
Hadronisation	0.18 ± 0.12	0.007	0.013	0.53 ± 0.09	0.34	+1.00
ISR/FSR	0.32 ± 0.06	0.017	0.007	0.47 ± 0.05	0.04	-1.00
Underlying event	0.15 ± 0.07	0.001	0.003	0.05 ± 0.05	0.06	-1.00
Colour reconnection	0.11 ± 0.07	0.001	0.002	0.14 ± 0.05	0.01	-1.00
PDF	0.25 ± 0.00	0.001	0.002	0.11 ± 0.00	0.17	+0.57
W/Z+jets norm	0.02 ± 0.00	0.000	0.000	0.01 ± 0.00	0.02	+1.00
W/Z+jets shape	0.29 ± 0.00	0.000	0.004	0.00 ± 0.00	0.16	0
NP/fake-lepton norm.	0.10 ± 0.00	0.000	0.001	0.04 ± 0.00	0.07	+1.00
NP/fake-lepton shape	0.05 ± 0.00	0.000	0.001	0.01 ± 0.00	0.03	+0.23
Jet energy scale	0.58 ± 0.11	0.018	0.009	0.75 ± 0.08	0.41	-0.23
b-Jet energy scale	0.00 ± 0.00	0.000	0.010	0.08 ± 0.02	0.34	+1.00
Jet resolution	0.22 ± 0.11	0.007	0.001	0.19 ± 0.04	0.03	-1.00
Jet efficiency	0.12 ± 0.00	0.000	0.002	0.07 ± 0.00	0.10	+1.00
Jet vertex fraction	0.01 ± 0.00	0.000	0.000	0.00 ± 0.00	0.00	-1.00
b-Tagging	0.50 ± 0.00	0.001	0.007	0.07 ± 0.00	0.25	-0.77
E_T^{miss}	0.15 ± 0.04	0.000	0.001	0.04 ± 0.03	0.08	-0.15
Leptons	0.04 ± 0.00	0.001	0.001	0.13 ± 0.00	0.05	-0.34
Pile-up	0.02 ± 0.01	0.000	0.000	0.01 ± 0.00	0.01	0
Total	1.27 ± 0.33	0.027	0.024	1.41 ± 0.24	0.91	-0.07

Unbinned likelihood fit data - Signal templates are from MC

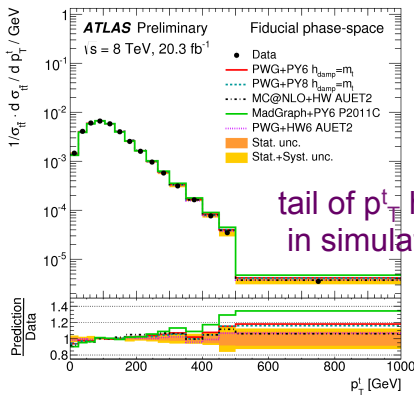
$$m_{top}^{comb} = 172.99 \pm 0.48(stat) \pm 0.78(syst) \text{ GeV} = 172.99 \pm 0.91 \text{ GeV}$$

Top-quark pair production

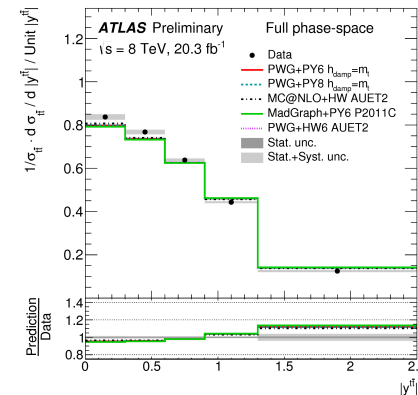
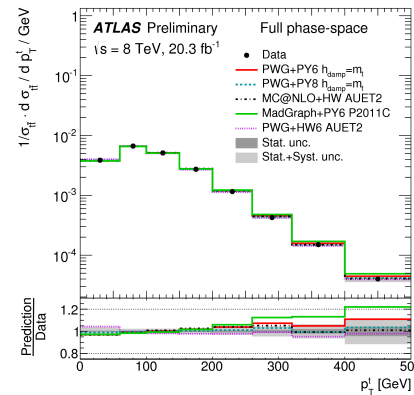
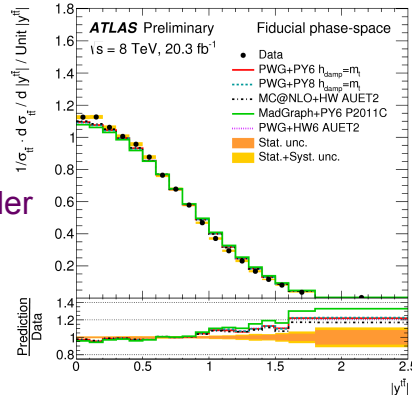
20

- Measure differential cross section in fiducial and full phase space as a function of observables
 - Reconstruct one top leptonically (lepton+jets) and the other one hadronically
 - Particle (parton-level) objects defined in simulated events for fiducial (full) phase space

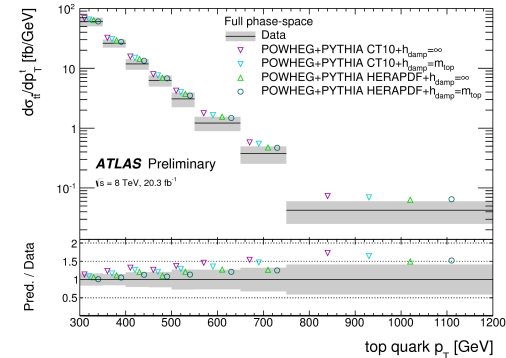
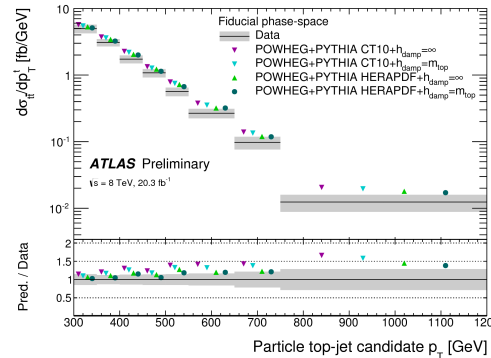
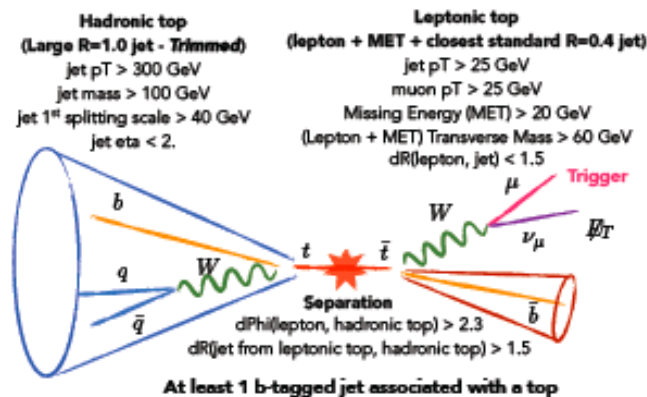
$$p_T^t, |y^t|, m_{t\bar{t}}, p_T^{\bar{t}} \text{ and } |y^{\bar{t}}|$$



tail of p_T^t harder in simulation

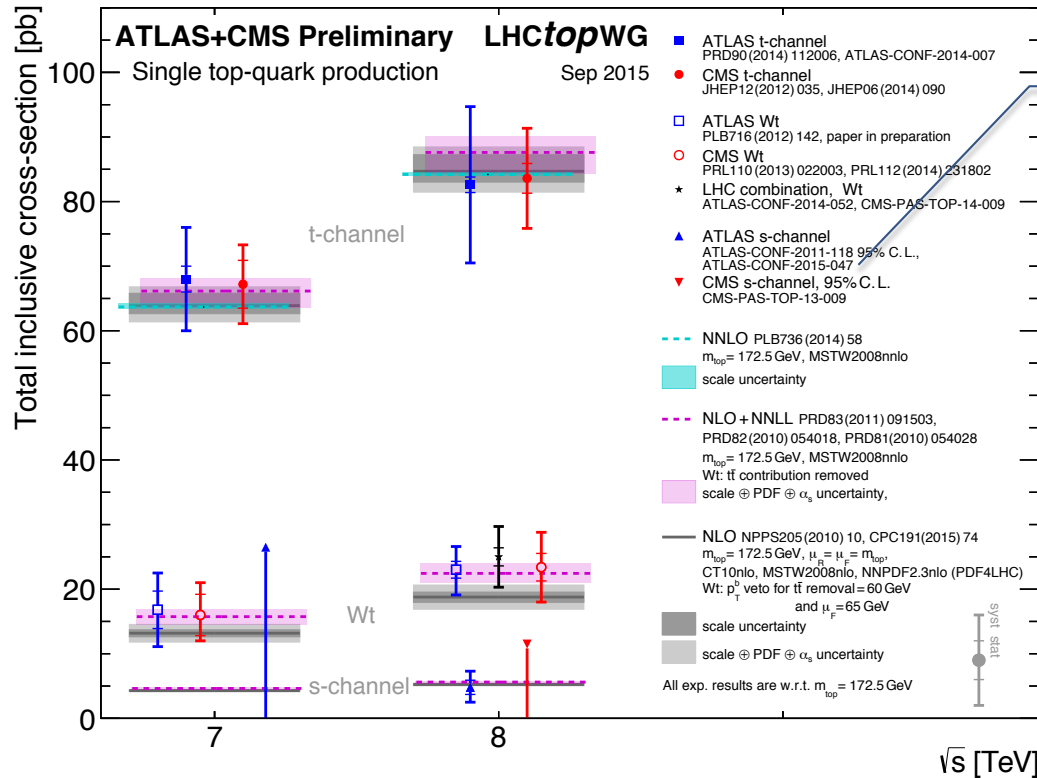
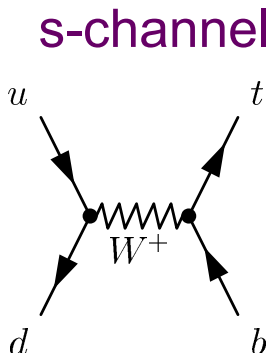
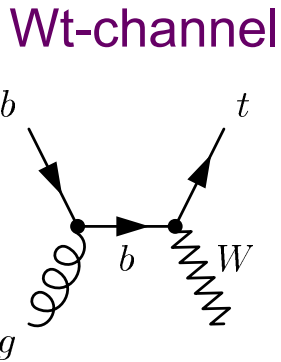
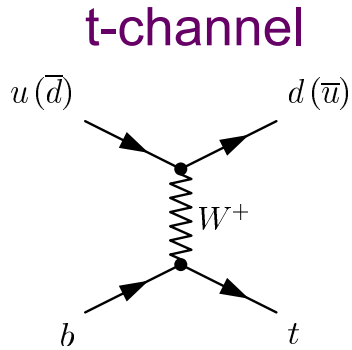


- Measure differential cross section of highly boosted top quarks
 - Hadronic top reconstructed as a single jet, the other top decay leptonically



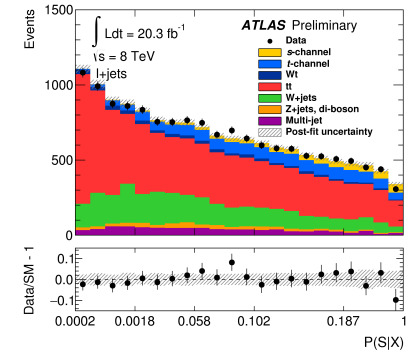
In general, simulation is higher than data

Single top production



The most recent update on s-channel by ATLAS (ATLAS-CONF-2015-047)

Signal significance observed(expected) : 3.2σ (3.9σ)

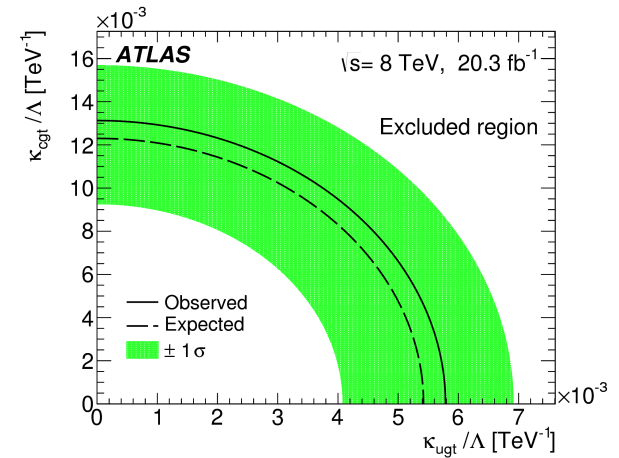
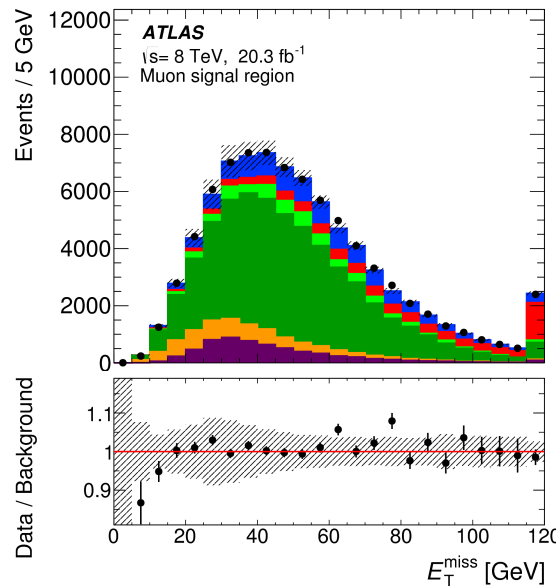
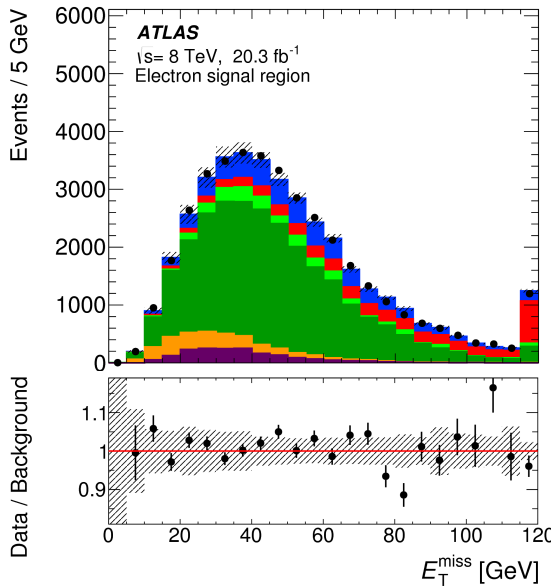
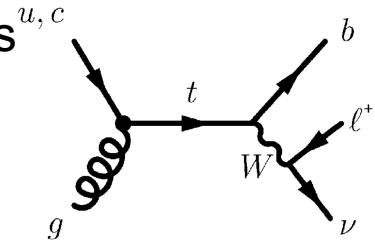


$\sigma_S = 4.8 \pm 1.1(stat)^{+2.2}_{-2.0}(syst) \text{ pb}$

- **t-channel** : 1 isolated leptons (e / μ), one b-tagged jet, 1 forward jet, missing E_T
- **Wt channel** : 2 isolated leptons (e / μ), one b-tagged jet, missing E_T
- **s-channel** : 1 isolated lepton (e / μ), two b-tagged jets, missing E_T

Single top production in FCNC

- FCNC forbidden at tree level, suppressed at higher orders
 - Rate can be enhanced through the BSM models
($B \sim 10^{-5}$ - 10^{-3})
- $qg \rightarrow t \rightarrow bW$ (W in leptonic decay)



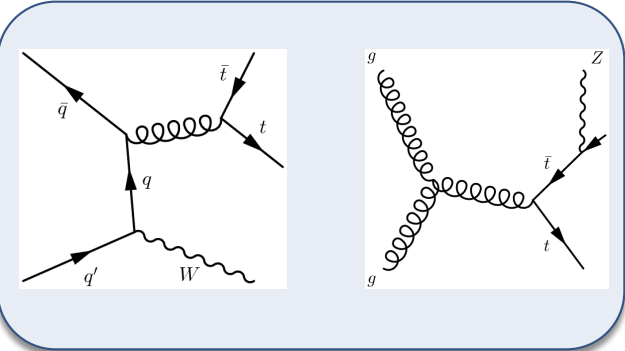
Upper limits on the coupling constants divided by the scale of new physics:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \kappa_{u(c)gt} / \Lambda < 5.8 \text{ (13)} \times 10^{-3} \text{ TeV}^{-1} \\ B(t \rightarrow u(c)g) < 4 \text{ (17)} \times 10^{-5} \end{array} \right.$$

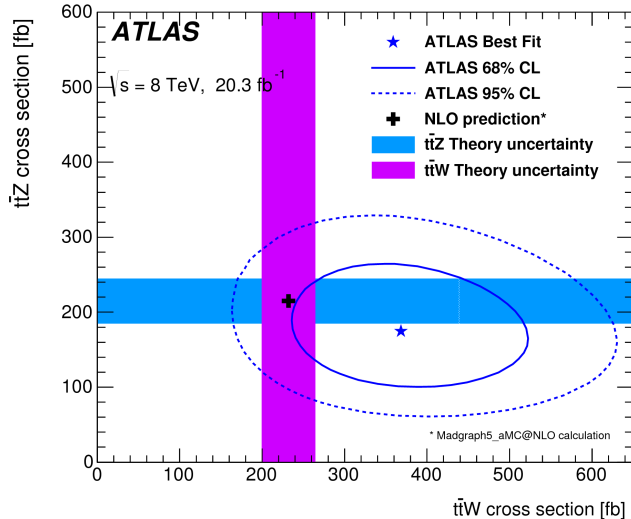
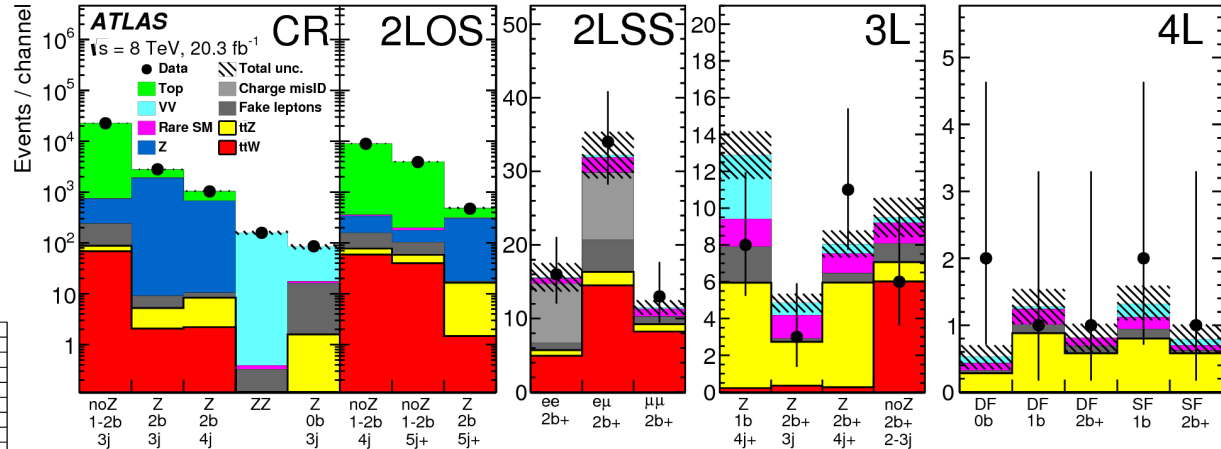
No signal seen, upper limit is set at 95% CL:

$$\sigma_{qg \rightarrow t} \times B(t \rightarrow bW) < 2.9 \text{ (3.4) pb expected(observed)}$$

ttV (V = W,Z) productions



Fit results on 15 signal and 5 control regions



Channel	$t\bar{t}W$ significance		$t\bar{t}Z$ significance	
	Expected	Observed	Expected	Observed
2lOS	0.4	0.1	1.4	1.1
2lSS	2.8	5.0	-	-
3l	1.4	1.0	3.7	3.3
4l	-	-	2.0	2.4
Combined	3.2	5.0	4.5	4.2

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}W} = 369_{-79}^{+86} (stat) \pm 44 (syst) \text{ fb}$$

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}Z} = 176_{-48}^{+52} (stat) \pm 24 (syst) \text{ fb}$$

Simultaneous fit to all four channels to extract the cross sections

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SUSY Summary

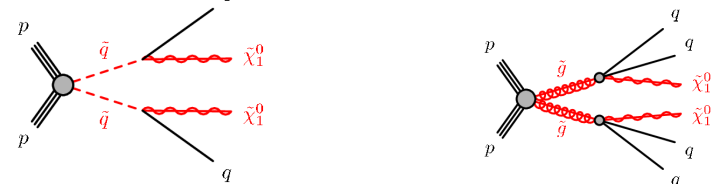
Inclusive 1st and 2nd squark and gluino

arXiv:1507.05525

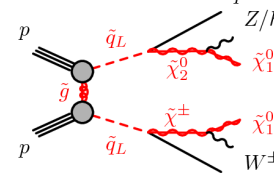
25

- Inclusive searches of squarks and gluinos with final states:
 - High p_T jets + MET + with or without leptons or b-jets
- Exclusion limits are set on various SUSY models
 - Simplified models (R-parity+LSP stable), mSUGRA/CMSSM, bRPV, mGMSB, nGM, NUHMG, mUED

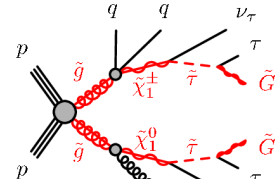
squark and gluino pair production in the simplified models



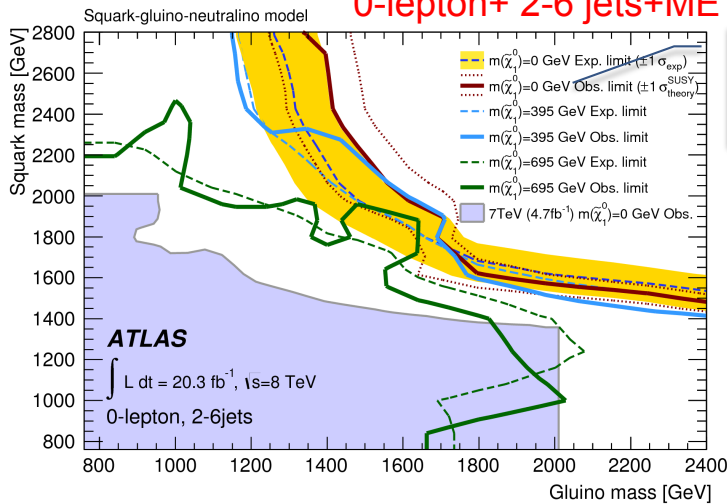
left-handed squark in the pMSSM



gluino-pair production in nGM

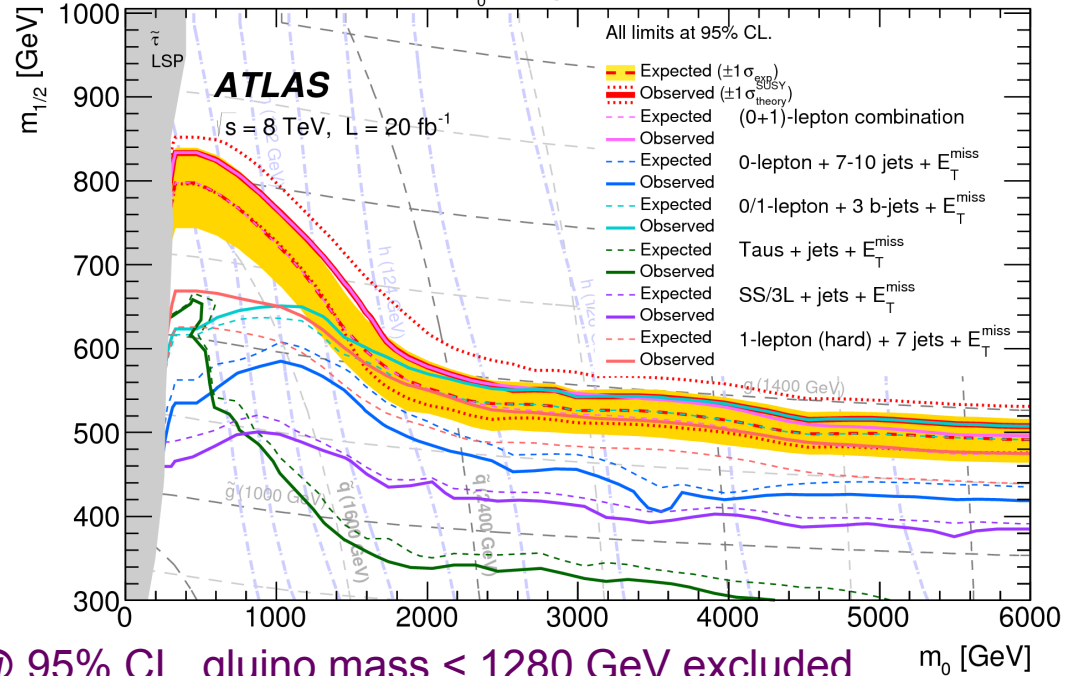


0-lepton+ 2-6 jets+MET

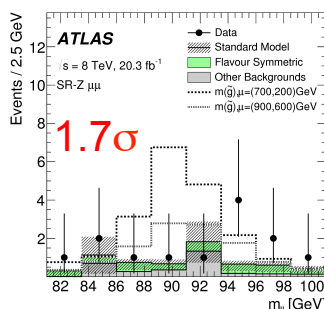
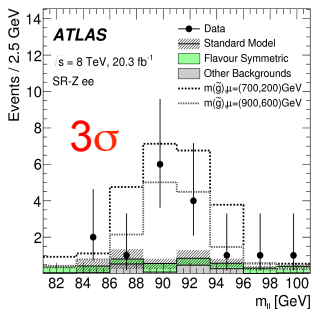


For massless neutralino, lower limit for squark and gluino is at 1650 GeV.

MSUGRA/CMSSM: $\tan(\beta) = 30, A_0 = -2m_0, \mu > 0$



2-lepton+jets+MET arXiv:1503.03290



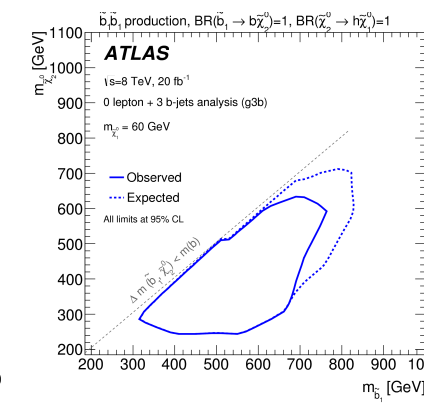
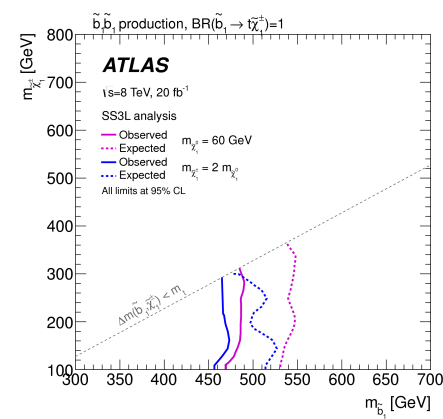
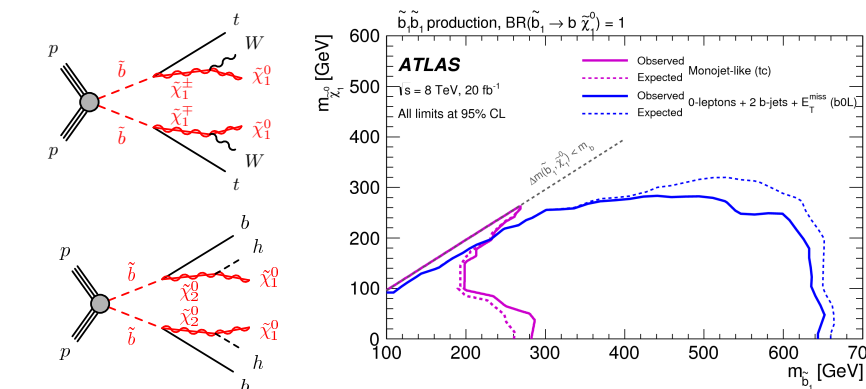
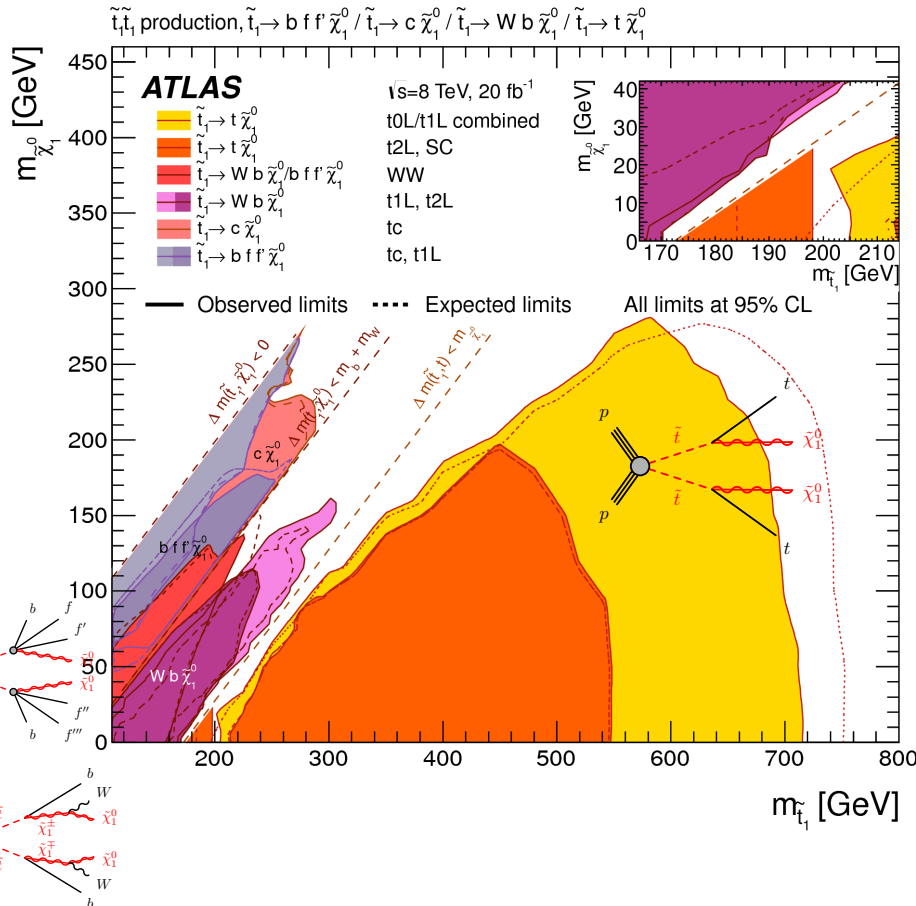
@ 95% CL. gluino mass < 1280 GeV excluded

m_0 [GeV]

Third-generation squarks

- Scalar top mass is required to be $< \sim \text{TeV}$ to solve the Higgs mass fine-tuning in SM
- Four decay modes are considered separately with a branching ratio of 100%

- Light stop implies light sbottom
- Three decay modes with 100% branching ratio is considered



Mass limits on SUSY searches

ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: July 2015

ATLAS Preliminary

$\sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$

Model	e, μ, τ, γ	Jets	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Mass limit	$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$	$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$	Reference
Inclusive Searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0-3 $e, \mu/1-2 \tau$	2-10 jets/3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}	1.8 TeV	$m(\tilde{g})=m(\tilde{g})$
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}	850 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(1^{\text{st}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q})=m(2^{\text{nd}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q})$
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (compressed)	mono-jet	1-3 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}	100-440 GeV	$m(\tilde{g})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<10 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\ell(\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ (off-Z)	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}	780 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.33 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	2-6 jets	Yes	20	\tilde{g}	1.26 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<300 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\tau}^\pm)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{g}))$
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qq(\ell\ell/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-3 jets	-	20	\tilde{g}	1.32 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	1-2 $\tau + 0-1 \ell$	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.6 TeV	$\tan\beta > 20$
	GGM (bino NLSP)	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.29 TeV	$c\tau(\text{NLSP})<0.1 \text{ mm}$
	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<900 \text{ GeV}, c\tau(\text{NLSP})<0.1 \text{ mm}, \mu<0$
GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.25 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<850 \text{ GeV}, c\tau(\text{NLSP})<0.1 \text{ mm}, \mu>0$	
GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 e, μ (Z)	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	850 GeV	$m(\text{NLSP})>430 \text{ GeV}$	
Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	20.3	$F^{1/2}$ scale	865 GeV	$m(\tilde{G})>1.8 \times 10^{-1} \text{ eV}, m(\tilde{g})=m(\tilde{g})=1.5 \text{ TeV}$	
3^{rd} gen. $\tilde{g}, \text{ med.}$	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}	1.25 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<400 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.1 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<350 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}	1.34 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<400 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}	1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<300 \text{ GeV}$
3^{rd} gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{b}_1	100-620 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<90 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{b}_1	275-440 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=2 m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1-2 e, μ	1-2 b	Yes	4.7/20.3	\tilde{t}_1	110-167 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=2m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\nu}_1)=55 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow Wb_1^0$ or $t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-2 e, μ	0-2 jets/1-2 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	90-191 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=1 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	mono-jet/ c -tag	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	90-240 GeV	$m(\tilde{t}_1)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<85 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (natural GMSB)	2 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	150-580 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>150 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2	290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$	
EW direct	$\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}, \tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\ell}$	90-325 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \ell\nu(\bar{\nu})$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	140-465 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\ell}, \bar{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \bar{\nu}\nu(\tau\bar{\nu})$	2 τ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	100-350 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\tau}, \bar{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}_1, \tilde{\ell}_1 \rightarrow \ell(\bar{\nu})$	3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	700 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, m(\tilde{\ell}, \bar{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z^0$	2-3 e, μ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	420 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, \text{ sleptons decoupled}$
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 h\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	e, μ, γ	0-2 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	250 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, \text{ sleptons decoupled}$
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 h\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	4 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	620 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, m(\tilde{\ell}, \bar{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}_1\tilde{\ell}_1$	4 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	124-361 GeV	$c\tau<1 \text{ mm}$
	GGM (wino NLSP) weak prod.	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{W}	124-361 GeV	$c\tau<1 \text{ mm}$
	Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	270 GeV
Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$		dE/dx trk	-	Yes	18.4	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	482 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)\sim 160 \text{ MeV}, \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)<15 \text{ ns}$
Stable, stopped \tilde{g} R-hadron		0	1-5 jets	Yes	27.9	\tilde{g}	832 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=100 \text{ GeV}, 10 \mu\text{s}<c\tau(\tilde{g})<1000 \text{ s}$
Stable \tilde{g} R-hadron		trk	-	-	19.1	\tilde{g}	1.27 TeV	-
GMSB, stable $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \bar{\nu}(\bar{e}, \bar{\mu})+\tau(e, \mu)$		1-2 μ	-	-	19.1	$\tilde{\tau}$	537 GeV	$10 < \tan\beta < 50$
GMSB, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tilde{G}$, long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$		2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	435 GeV	$2 < \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 3 \text{ ns}, \text{SPS8 model}$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow e\bar{e}\nu/\mu\bar{\mu}\nu$		displ. $e\bar{e}/\mu\bar{\mu}$	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1.0 TeV	$7 < c\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 740 \text{ mm}, m(\tilde{g})=1.3 \text{ TeV}$
GGM $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Z\tilde{G}$		displ. vtx + jets	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1.0 TeV	$6 < c\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 480 \text{ mm}, m(\tilde{g})=1.1 \text{ TeV}$
RPV	LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow e\mu/\tau/\mu/\tau$	$e\mu, e\tau, \mu\tau$	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$	1.7 TeV	$A_{11}^0=0.11, A_{132/133/233}=0.07$
	Bilinear RPV CMSSM	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}	1.35 TeV	$m(\tilde{g})=m(\tilde{g}), c\tau_{\text{LSP}}<1 \text{ mm}$
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\nu}^0 \rightarrow e\bar{\nu}_e, e\mu\bar{\nu}_e$	4 e, μ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	750 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>0.2 \times m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), A_{121}\neq 0$
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\nu}^0 \rightarrow \tau\bar{\nu}_\tau, e\tau\bar{\nu}_\tau$	3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	450 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>0.2 \times m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), A_{131}\neq 0$
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g}	917 GeV	$\text{BR}(t) = \text{BR}(b) = \text{BR}(c) = 0\%$
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qq$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g}	870 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=600 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t_1 t_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	850 GeV	1404.250
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	0	2 jets + 2 b	-	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	100-308 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2015-026
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bt$	2 e, μ	2 b	-	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	0.4-1.0 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2015-015
	Other	Scalar charm, $\tilde{c} \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 c	Yes	20.3	\tilde{c}	490 GeV

No significant evidence of a SUSY signal at Run 1

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. All limits quoted are observed minus 1 σ theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.

Constraints in the pMSSM

arXiv:1508.06608

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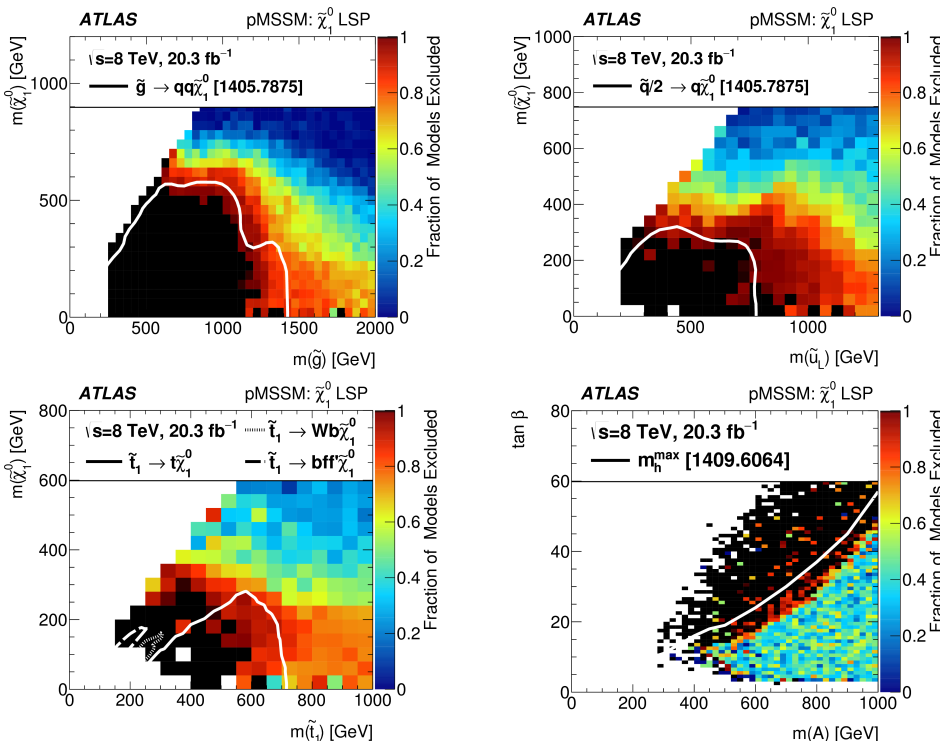
- MSSM has over 100 parameters to describe sparticles and masses
- Phenomenological MSSM, (pMSSM) ~ 19 parameters under the assumptions that:
 - R-parity conserved- LSP is stable, the neutralino and sparticles are produced in pairs
 - Minimal flavor violation with no new source of CP violation
 - Degenerate 1st and 2nd generation squarks and sleptons
- Re-interpret 22 ATLAS Run 1 results in pMSSM

Generate 19 pMSSM parameters within the ranges:

Parameter	Min value	Max value	Note
$m_{\tilde{L}_1} (= m_{\tilde{L}_2})$	90 GeV	4 TeV	Left-handed slepton (first two gens.) mass
$m_{\tilde{e}_1} (= m_{\tilde{e}_2})$	90 GeV	4 TeV	Right-handed slepton (first two gens.) mass
$m_{\tilde{L}_3}$	90 GeV	4 TeV	Left-handed stau doublet mass
$m_{\tilde{e}_3}$	90 GeV	4 TeV	Right-handed stau mass
$m_{\tilde{Q}_1} (= m_{\tilde{Q}_2})$	200 GeV	4 TeV	Left-handed squark (first two gens.) mass
$m_{\tilde{u}_1} (= m_{\tilde{u}_2})$	200 GeV	4 TeV	Right-handed up-type squark (first two gens.) mass
$m_{\tilde{d}_1} (= m_{\tilde{d}_2})$	200 GeV	4 TeV	Right-handed down-type squark (first two gens.) mass
$m_{\tilde{Q}_3}$	100 GeV	4 TeV	Left-handed squark (third gen.) mass
$m_{\tilde{u}_3}$	100 GeV	4 TeV	Right-handed top squark mass
$m_{\tilde{d}_3}$	100 GeV	4 TeV	Right-handed bottom squark mass
$ M_1 $	0 GeV	4 TeV	Bino mass parameter
$ M_2 $	70 GeV	4 TeV	Wino mass parameter
$ \mu $	80 GeV	4 TeV	Bilinear Higgs mass parameter
M_3	200 GeV	4 TeV	Gluino mass parameter
$ A_t $	0 GeV	8 TeV	Trilinear top coupling
$ A_b $	0 GeV	4 TeV	Trilinear bottom coupling
$ A_\tau $	0 GeV	4 TeV	Trilinear τ lepton coupling
M_A	100 GeV	4 TeV	Pseudoscalar Higgs boson mass
$\tan\beta$	1	60	Ratio of the Higgs vacuum expectation values

Constraints: considerations of precision EW and flavour results, dark matter relic density, and other collider measurements

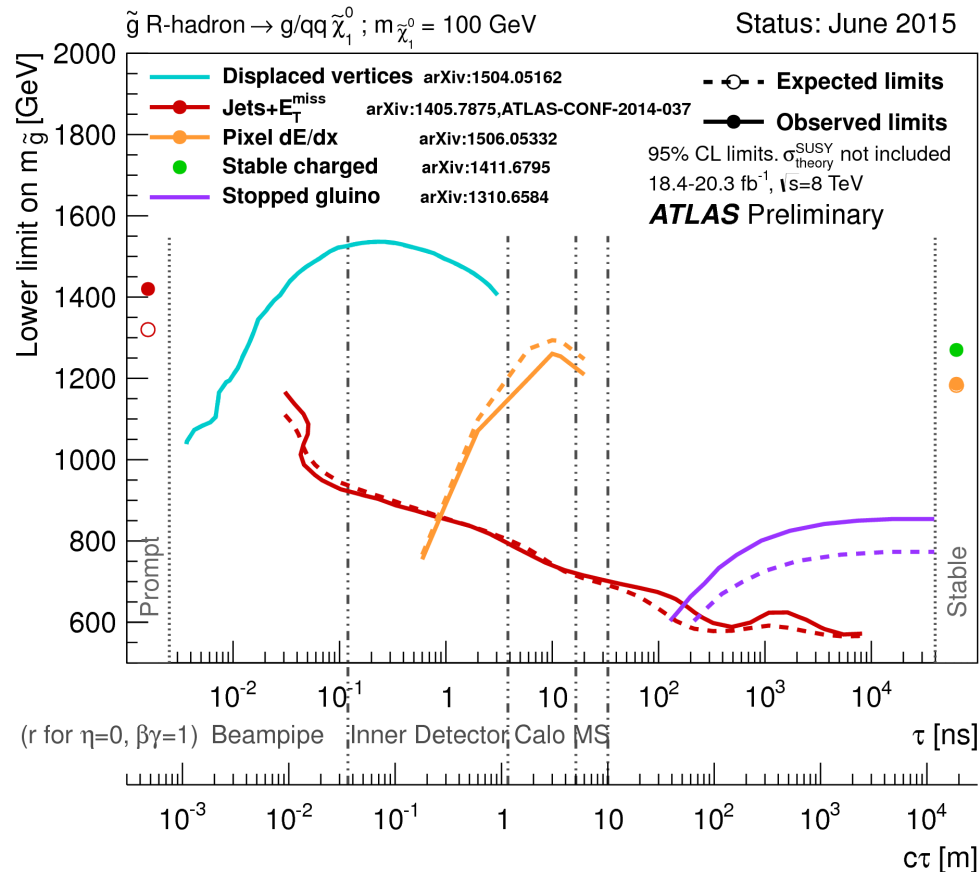
Parameter	Minimum value	Maximum value
$\Delta\rho$	-0.0005	0.0017
$\Delta(g-2)_\mu$	-17.7×10^{-10}	43.8×10^{-10}
$\text{BR}(b \rightarrow s\gamma)$	2.69×10^{-4}	3.87×10^{-4}
$\text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$	1.6×10^{-9}	4.2×10^{-9}
$\text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu_\tau)$	66×10^{-6}	161×10^{-6}
$\Omega_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} h^2$	—	0.1208
$\Gamma_{\text{invisible(SUSY)}}(Z)$	—	2 MeV
Masses of charged sparticles	100 GeV	—
$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)$	103 GeV	—
$m(\tilde{u}_{1,2}, \tilde{d}_{1,2}, \tilde{c}_{1,2}, \tilde{s}_{1,2})$	200 GeV	—
$m(h)$	124 GeV	128 GeV



Long-lived SUSY particles

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- Constraints on the gluino R-hadron are set
 - R-hadrons formed from long-lived coloured sparticle (squark or gluino) and SM quarks and gluons



Complementary sensitivity from different searches relying on:

- reconstructed displaced vertex
- high ionization in tracker
- timing measurement in muon and calorimeters

From dE/dx study:

Gluino R-hadron with 10ns lifetime and masses up to 1185 GeV are excluded.

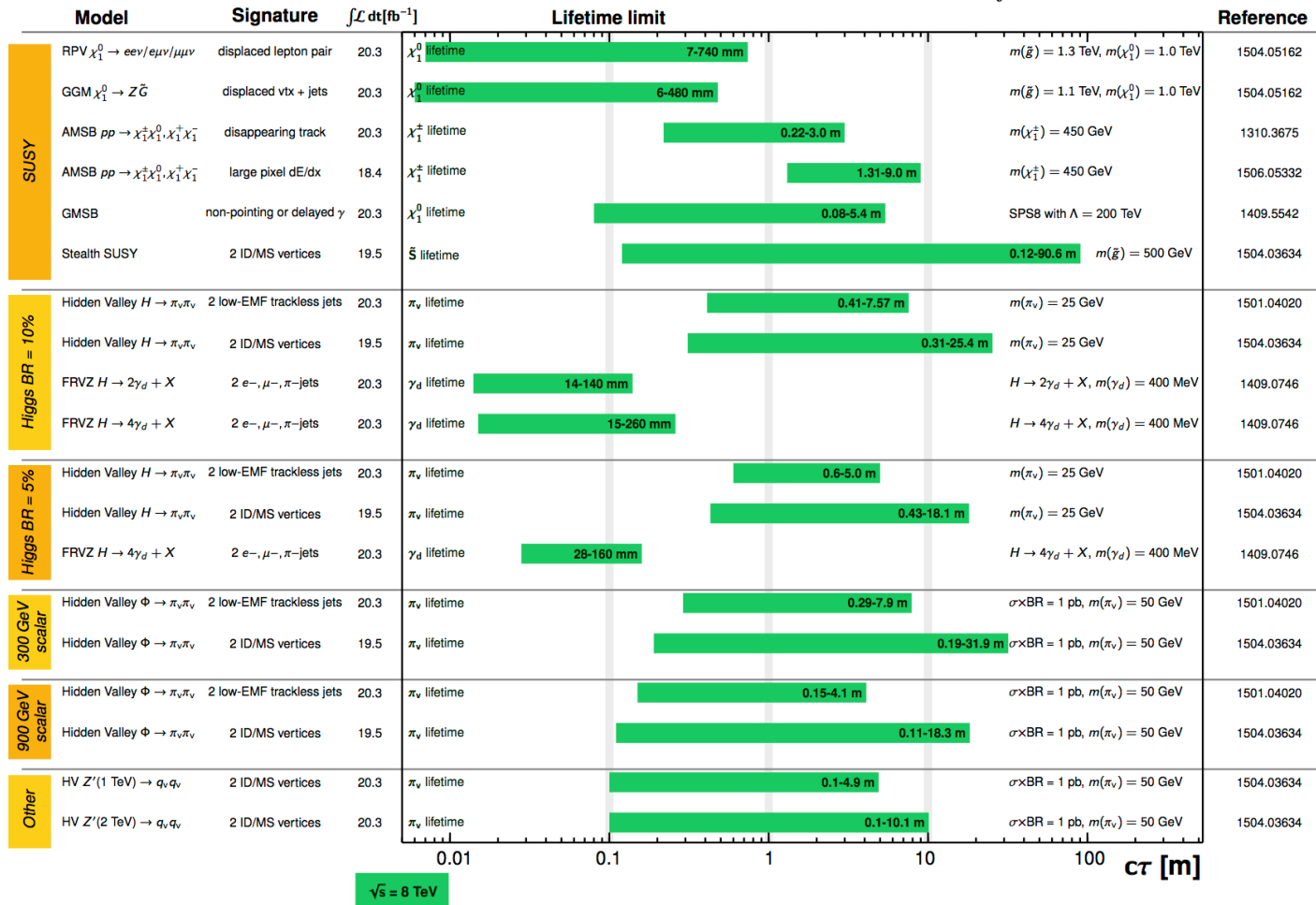
Long-lived particle summary

ATLAS Long-lived Particle Searches* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: July 2015

ATLAS Preliminary
 $\int \mathcal{L} dt = (18.4 - 20.3) \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

SUSY
 and
 Exotic
 searches



*Only a selection of the available lifetime limits on new states is shown.

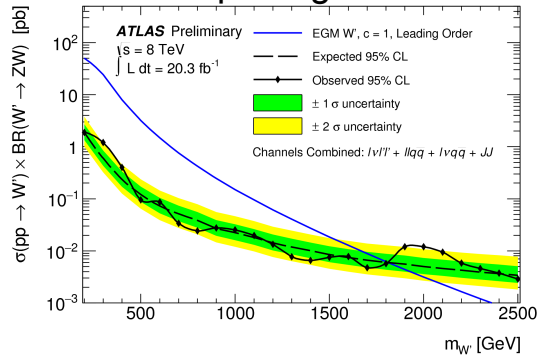
Various scenarios are considered, but no signal yet

Heavy Boson and heavy quark searches

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Heavy boson decays to : WW, WZ or ZZ

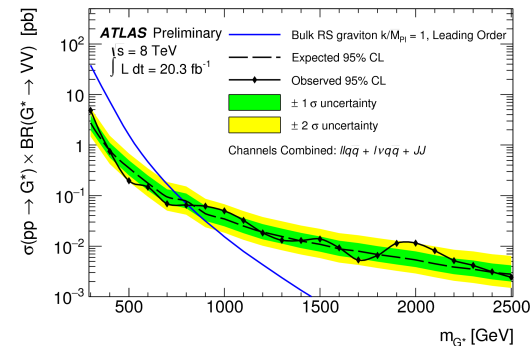
- All leptonic, semileptonic and hadronic final states are considered
- No excess observed and limit set for the models:
 - Extended Gauge Model with a heavy W'
 - Randall-Sundrum model with a heavy spin-2 graviton



ATLAS-CONF-2015-045

EGM model exclusion limit:
 Largest deviation $\sim 2 \text{ TeV}$
 with p_0 value of 3.4σ (2.5σ)
 obs (exp) in JJ

@ 95% CL., $m_{W'} < 1.81 \text{ TeV}$



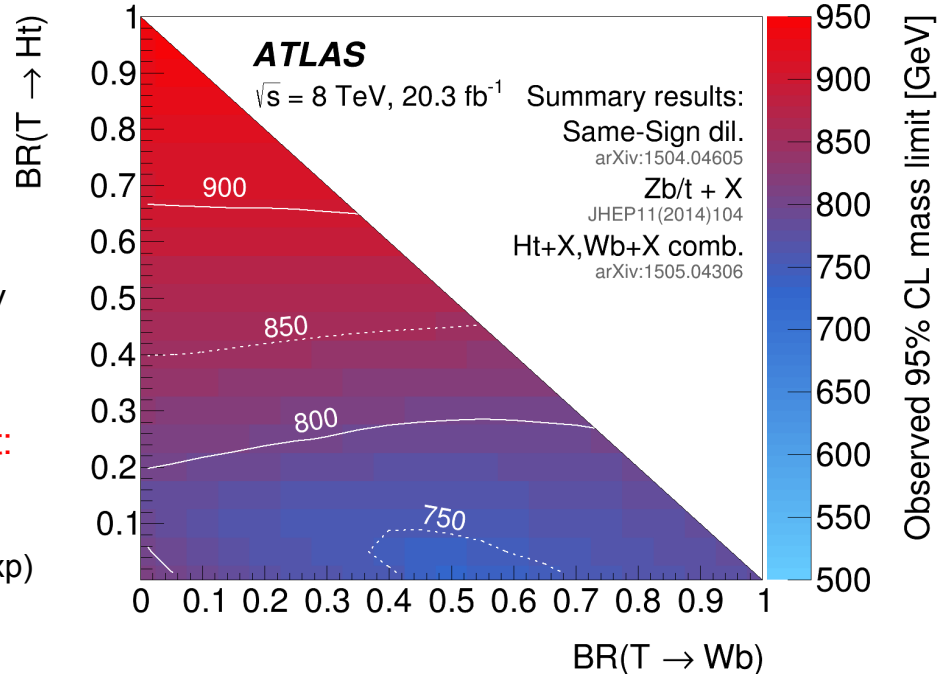
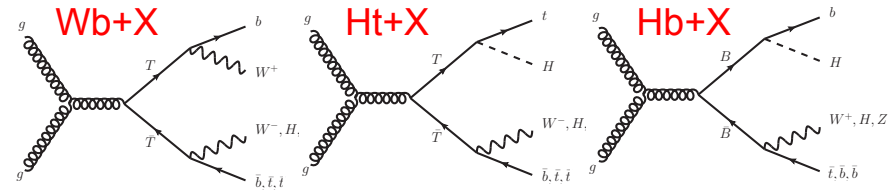
RS model exclusion limit:

@ 95% CL.
 $m_{G^*} < 810$ (790) GeV obs (exp)

Best sensitivity from $l\nu qq$

Pair production of vector-like quark (T and B)

- $T \rightarrow Wb, Zt$, or Ht ; $B \rightarrow Wt, Zb$ or Hb

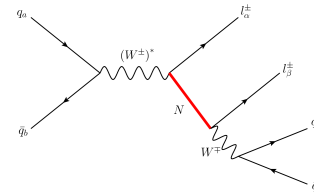


Heavy neutrino and heavy lepton searches

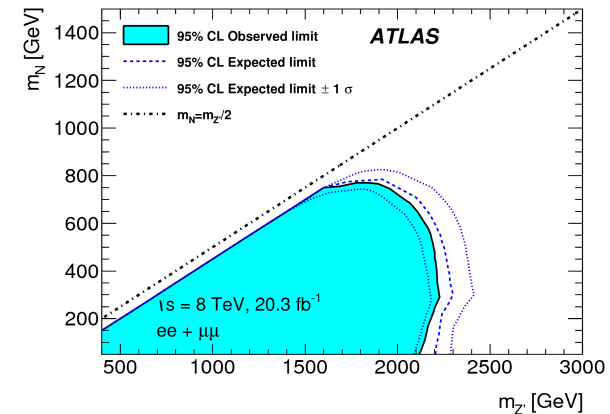
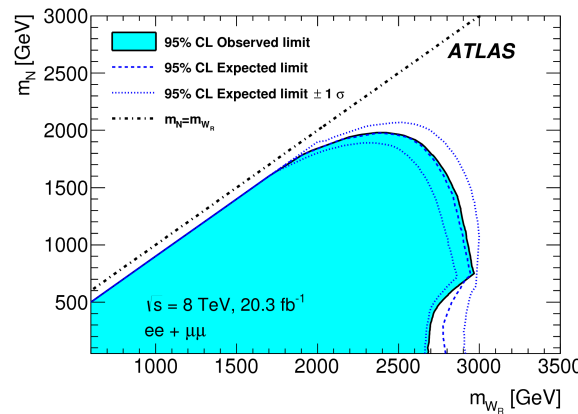
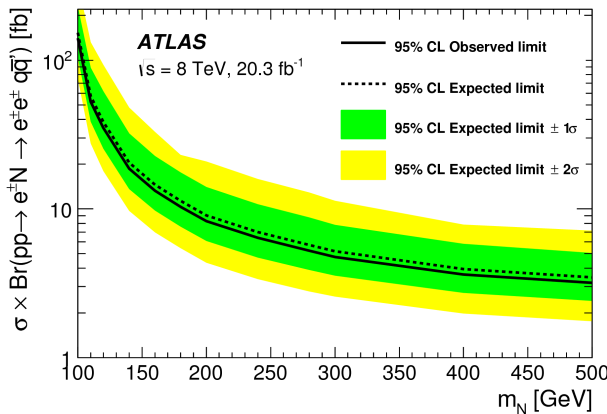
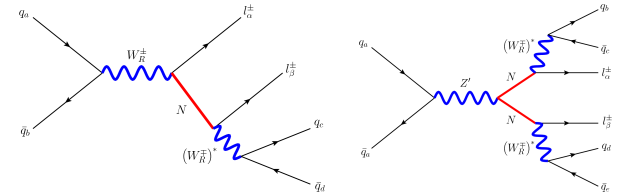
32

- Heavy neutrino (N) production in two models: mTISM and LRSM (JHEP 07 (2015) 162)
- Signal: two same-sign leptons and at least two high- p_T jets
- No significant excess of events is observed above the SM background

Minimal Type-I seesaw mechanism (mTISM)



Left-Right Symmetric Model (LRSM) includes $V_R = \{W_R, Z'\}$



Minimal Type-III seesaw heavy leptons (PRD 92, 032001 (2015))

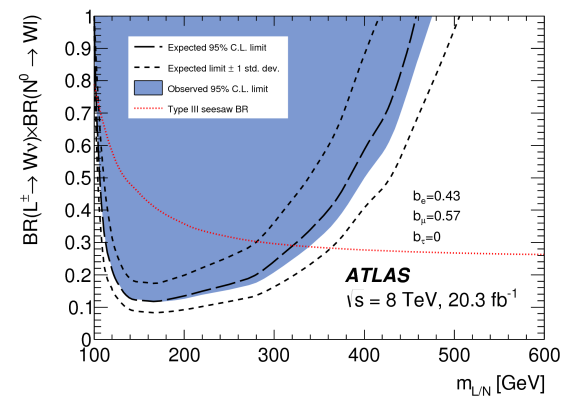
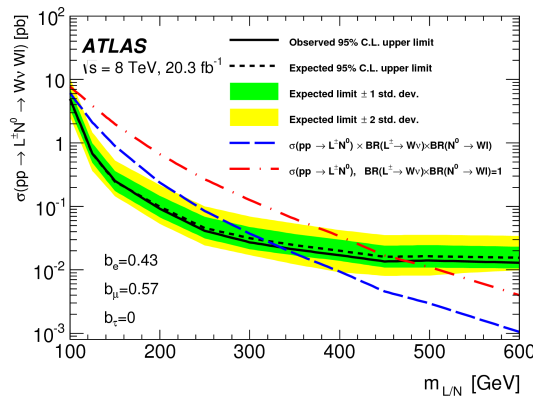
(one neutral N^0 , two charged leptons, L^\pm)

$pp \rightarrow W^* \rightarrow N^0 L^\pm$

($N^0 \rightarrow W^\mp l^\pm$ and $L^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm \nu$)

At 95% C.L.,

$m_{L/N} < 335$ (475) GeV is excluded.



Scalar leptoquarks search

arXiv:1508.04735

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- Leptoquarks (LQ) are predicted by BSM
 - LQs are colour-triplet bosons with fractional electric charge and non-zero values of both baryon and lepton number
 - Expected to decay directly to lepton–quark pairs
- First and second generation LQs (LQ1 and LQ2) are searched in $2e+2\text{jets}$ and $2\mu+2\text{jets}$,
- Third generation (LQ3) in $b\nu_\tau b\nu_\tau$, $t\nu_\tau t\nu_\tau$
 - Similar to SUSY searches such as $t\tilde{t} \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_0\tilde{\chi}_0$

Excluded range at 95% CL.

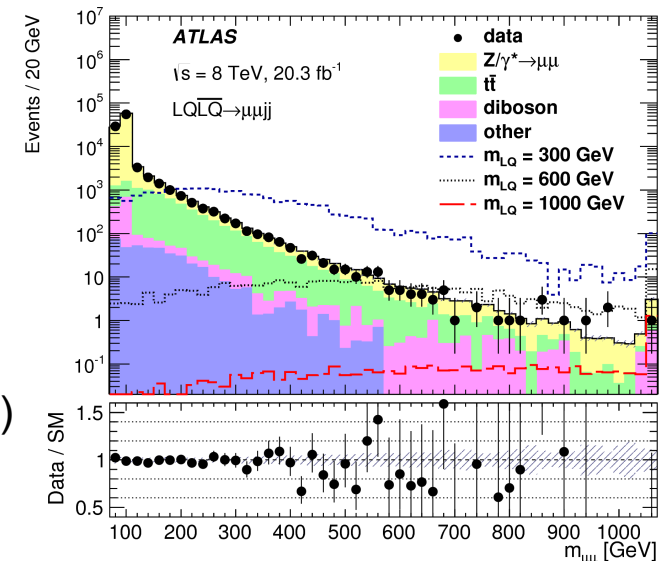
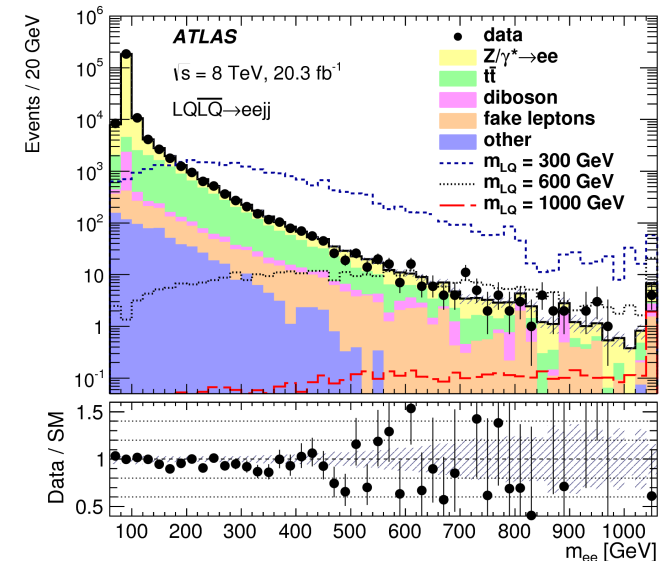
$m_{LQ1} < 1050$ GeV

$m_{LQ2} < 1000$ GeV

b-channel $m_{LQ3} < 640$ (625) GeV expected (observed)

t-channel

200 (210) $< m_{LQ3} < 685$ (640) GeV expected (observed)

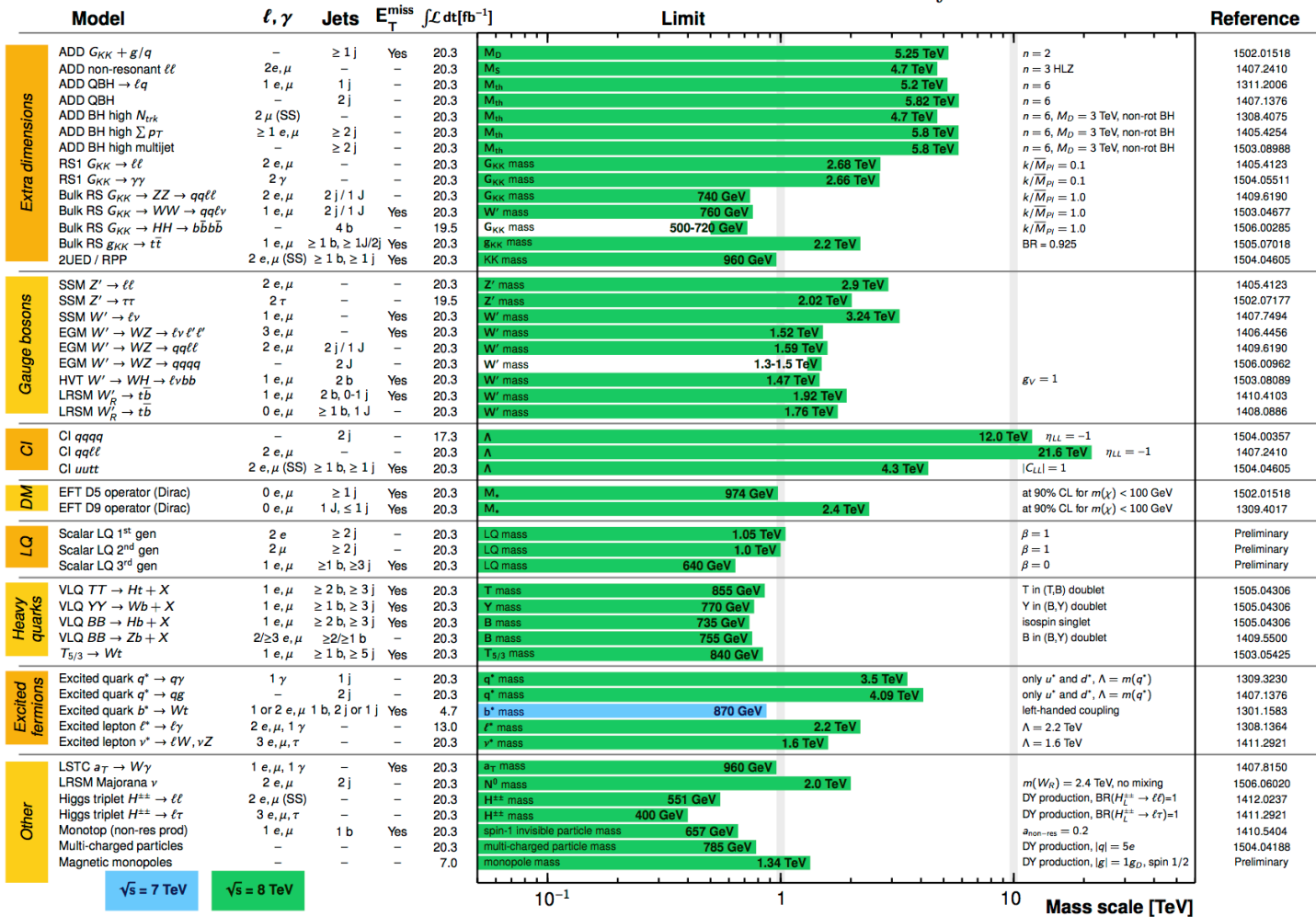


Exotic Summary

ATLAS Exotics Searches* - 95% CL Exclusion Status: July 2015

ATLAS Preliminary
 $\sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (4.7 - 20.3) \text{ fb}^{-1}$$



$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

Mass scale [TeV]

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown.

Extra Dimension

Gauge Boson

Contact Interactions

Dark Matter

Lepto Quarks

Heavy Quarks

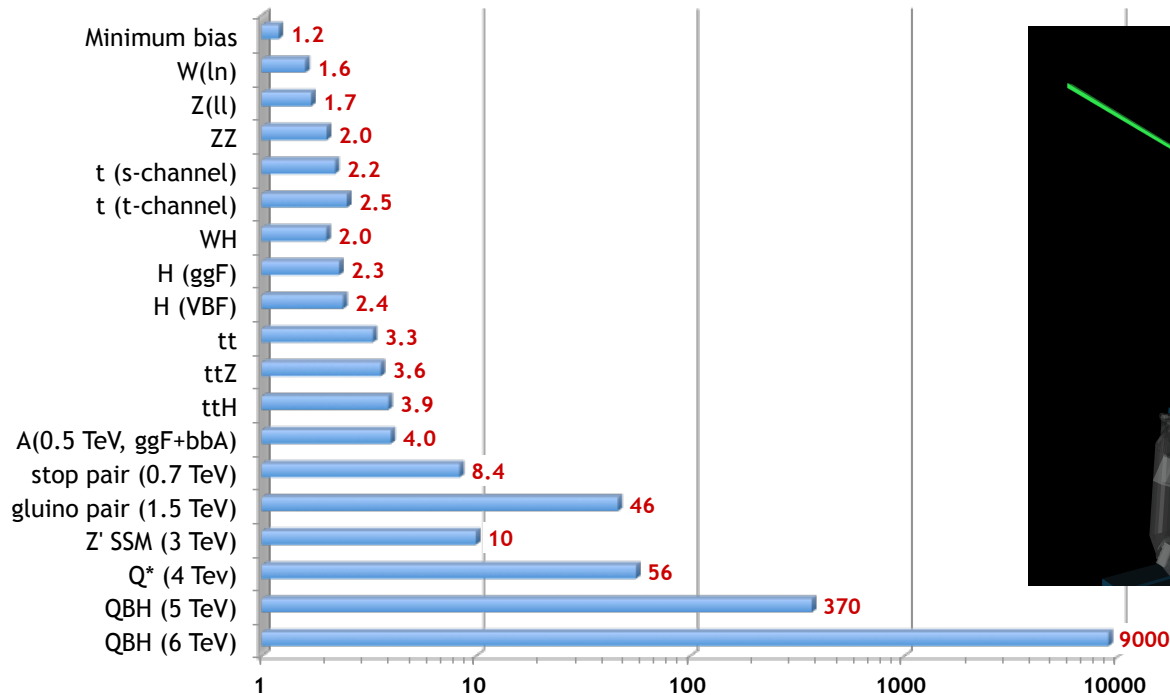
Excited Fermions

ATLAS at Run 2

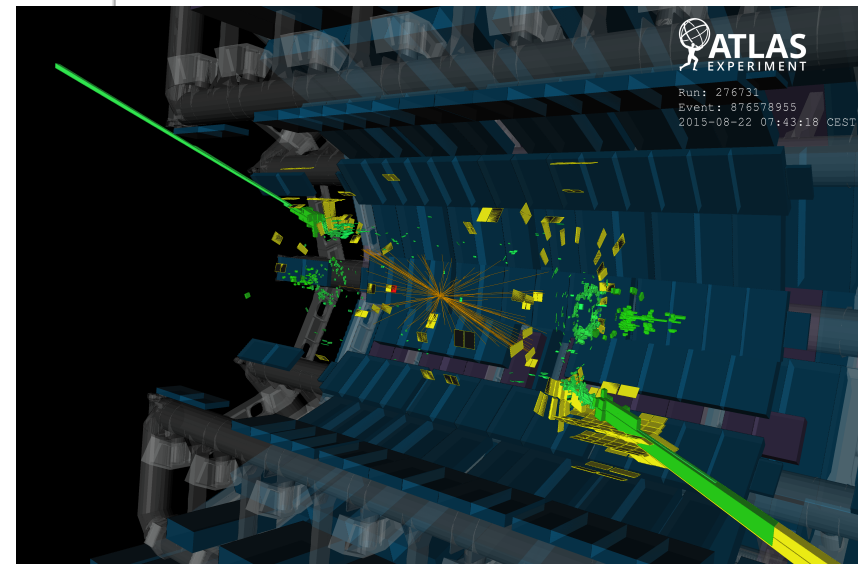
35

- After LHC first long shutdown (LS1) , ATLAS started to take data at a higher energy of $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV
- Updates for Run 2
 - A new detector (closer to beam pipe) added and upgrades to other detector components and trigger system
 - Improved online and offline reconstruction

13 TeV / 8 TeV inclusive pp cross-section ratio



two high- p_T jets with an invariant mass of 6.9 TeV
the leading and subleading jet p_T : 1.3 and 1.2 TeV



Summary

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- The first running period of LHC ended successfully
 - Higgs boson is discovered and its properties measured
 - Extensive searches on BSM was done
 - No new physics observed yet
 - Number of analysis are being finalized

- ATLAS Run 2 started with higher energy and higher luminosity
 - Explore new mass ranges for new physics

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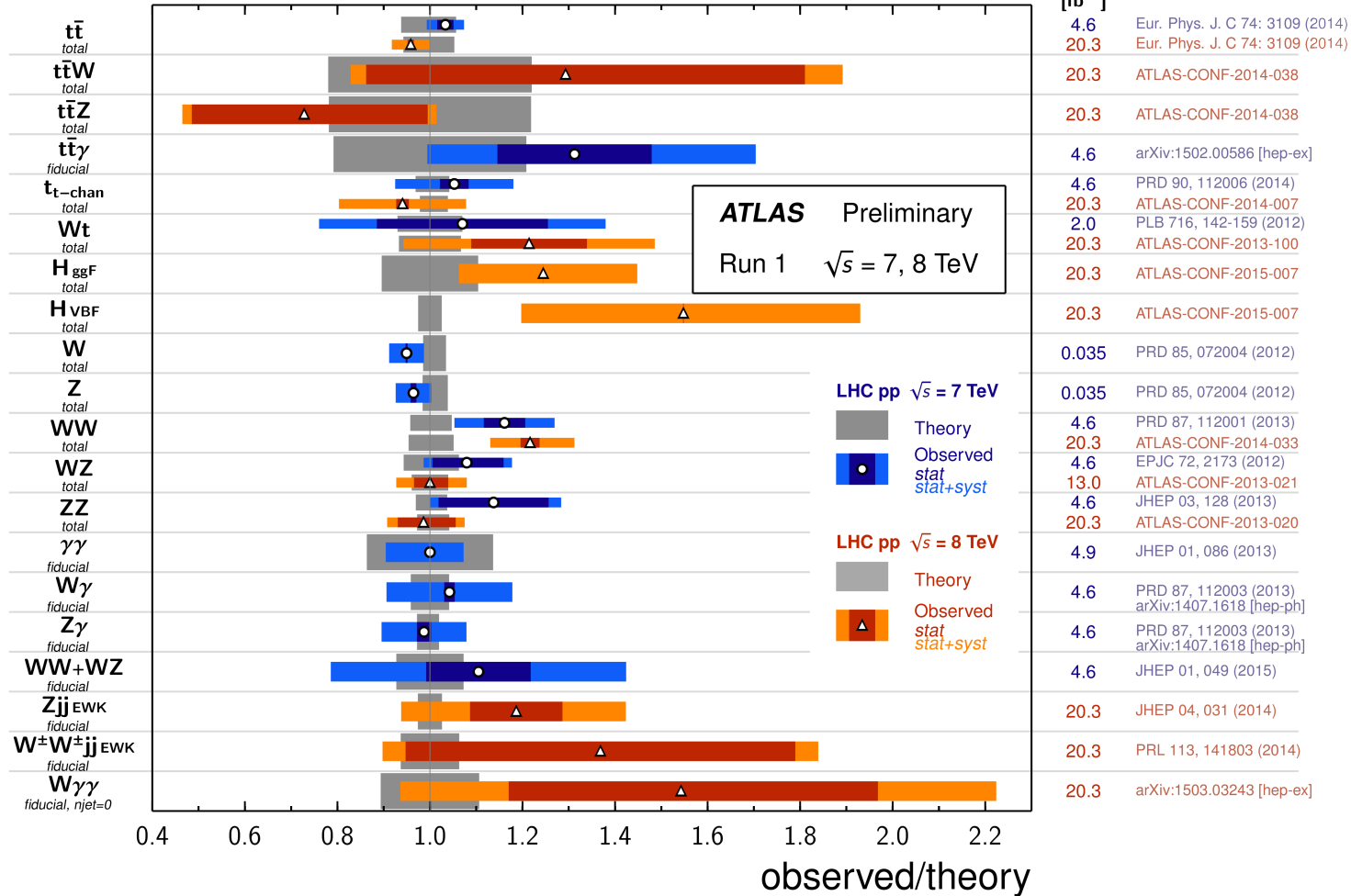
BACKUP

Standard Model Summary

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: March 2015 $\int \mathcal{L} dt$ [fb⁻¹]

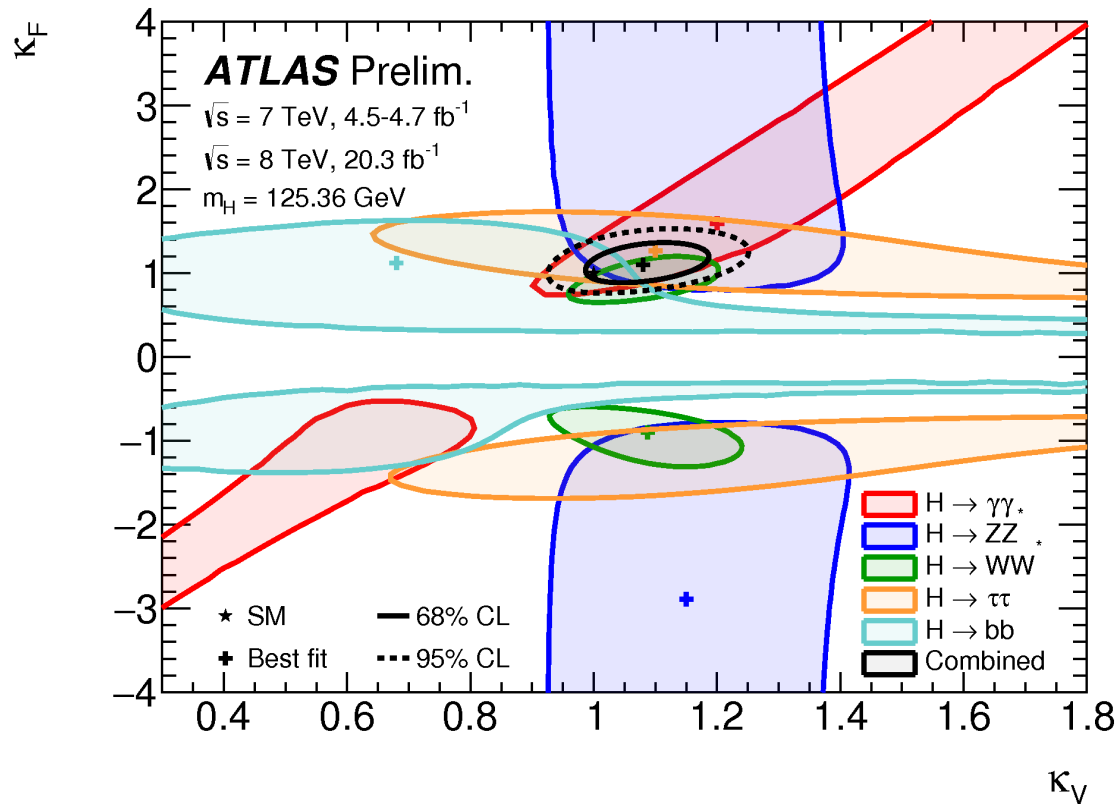
Reference



No significant discrepancy compared to the theory predictions

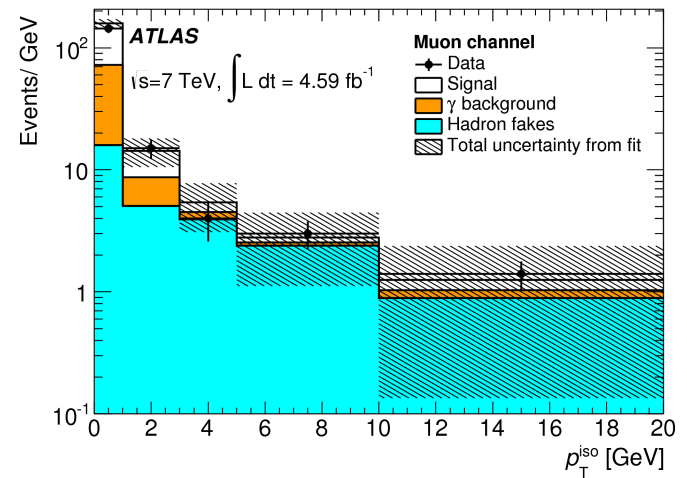
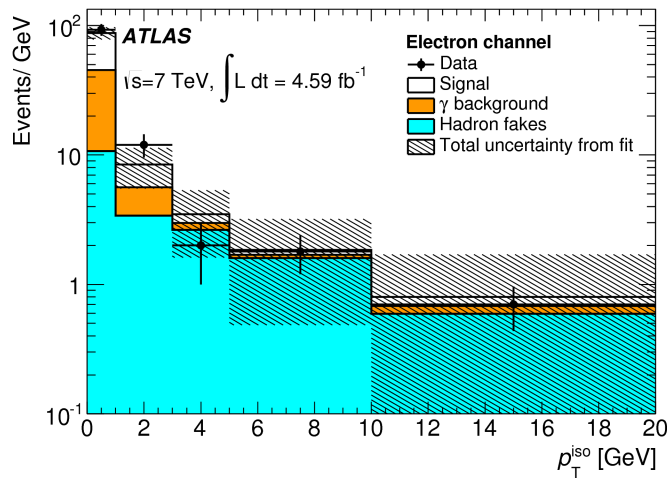
Higgs couplings from each channel

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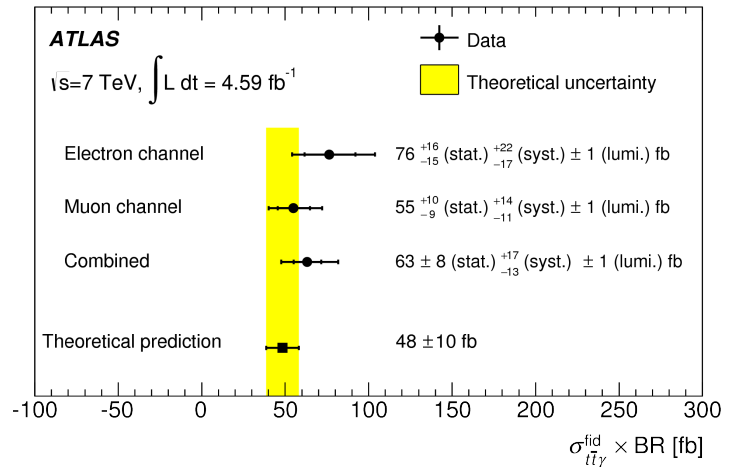


ttV (V=γ) production

- ttγ analysis (PRD 91, 072007 (2015))
 - lepton+jets (lepton electron or muon)



Combined (e and μ) value is 5.3σ away from the no-signal hypothesis



Charge asymmetry

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$$A_C = \frac{N(\Delta|y| > 0) - N(\Delta|y| < 0)}{N(\Delta|y| > 0) + N(\Delta|y| < 0)}, \quad \Delta|y| = |y_t| - |y_{\bar{t}}|$$

