



# Searches for Exotic Higgs Boson Decays with the ATLAS and the CMS Experiment

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for the ATLAS and CMS collaborations



# Introduction - Motivation

- Observed H(125) an excellent opportunity to look for new physics at LHC
  - Branching fraction (BF) of Higgs to beyond-the Standard Model (BSM) particles constrained by fits of coupling constants to SM particles
  - $\text{BF}(h \rightarrow \text{BSM})$  up to  $O(50\%)$  depending on Higgs production cross section
  - Small total width of Higgs ( $\approx 4 \text{ MeV}$ ) means even a small BSM coupling can translate into detectable signature
  - Current precision of measurements of couplings to SM particles leaves ample room for BSM physics
- Explicit search for (BSM) Exotic Higgs boson decays presents an alternative opportunity for discovery of BSM physics
  - provide the best window on dark matter



# Outline

## Exotic Higgs boson decays with ATLAS and CMS



- Decays to dark vector bosons –  $Z_{\text{dark}}$  ( $Z_d$ )
  - $H \rightarrow Z_d Z_d \rightarrow 4l$  (ATLAS) **New**
- Lepton Flavor Violating (LFV) decays
  - $H \rightarrow \mu\tau_e, \mu\tau_h$  (CMS)
  - $H \rightarrow \mu\tau_{\text{had}}$  (ATLAS) **Brand New**
- Flavor Changing Neutral Current (FCNC) decays
  - $t \rightarrow qH$  ( $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ) (ATLAS)
  - $t \rightarrow qH$  ( $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ) (CMS)
  - $t \rightarrow ch$  (multi-lepton+di-photon) (CMS)
- Decays to a light pseudoscalar neutral Higgs boson ( $\alpha$ ) as in NMSSM
  - $H \rightarrow \alpha\alpha \rightarrow 2\mu 2\tau$  (ATLAS)\* **New**
  - $H \rightarrow \alpha\alpha \rightarrow 4\gamma$  (ATLAS) **Brand New**
  - $H \rightarrow \alpha\alpha \rightarrow 4\mu$  (CMS)\*\* **New**
- Exotic Higgs decays to Photon+MET
  - (VBF)  $H \rightarrow \{1 \text{ or } 2\gamma\} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$  (ATLAS)\*\*\*
  - $H \rightarrow \{1 \text{ or } 2\gamma\} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$  (CMS) **New**
- Run-2 prospects
- Conclusions

See also at this conference:

\* Poster: B. Kaplan (ATLAS)

\*\* Talk: A. Mohammadi (CMS)

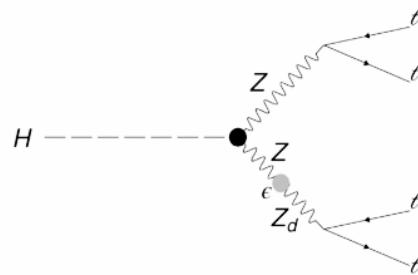
\*\*\* Poster: C. Bernius (ATLAS)



# $H \rightarrow Z_{(d)} Z_d \rightarrow 4l$ (ATLAS) New

ATLAS (8 TeV)  
arXiv:1505.07645  
Submitted to PRD

Higgs as a portal to the hidden/dark sector



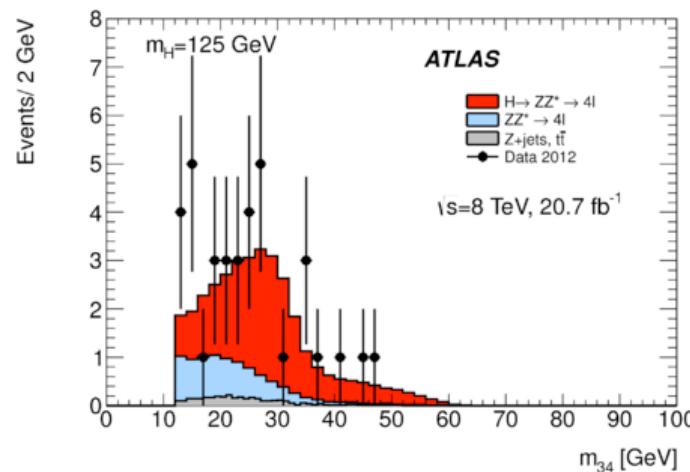
Light exotic gauge boson  $Z_d$ :  $m_{Z_d} < m_Z$

Based on SM Higgs to 4l analysis

Model independent analysis

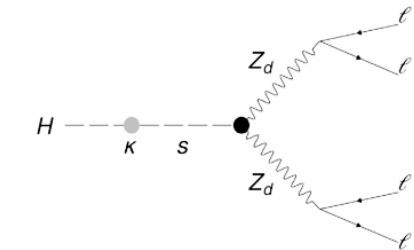
$115 \text{ GeV} < m_{4l} < 130 \text{ GeV}$

Look for excess in  $m_{34}$   
 $m_{12}$  closest to  $m_Z$

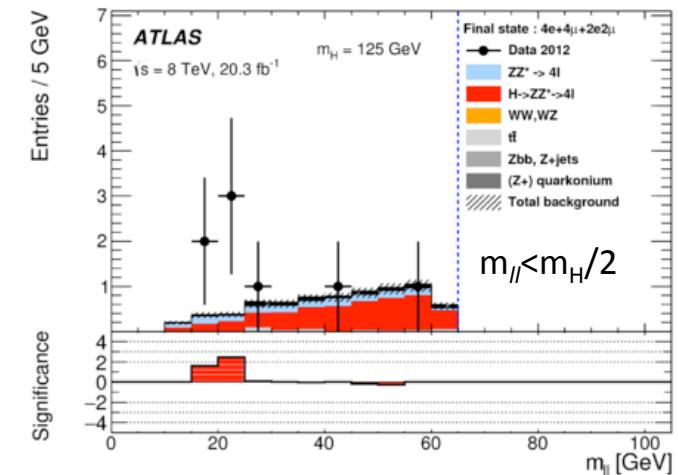


$$n(H \rightarrow 4\ell) = n(4\ell) - n(ZZ^*) - n(t\bar{t}) - n(Z + \text{jets}).$$

BGs:  $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$  determined from data,  $ZZ^*$  (MC),  $t\bar{t}$ ,  $Z + \text{jets}$  (DD)

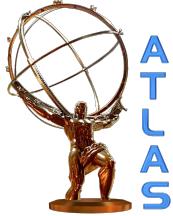


Look for excess in  $m_{ll}$   
 $|m_{12} - m_{34}| = \min$



BGs: (MC)  $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ ,  $ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$

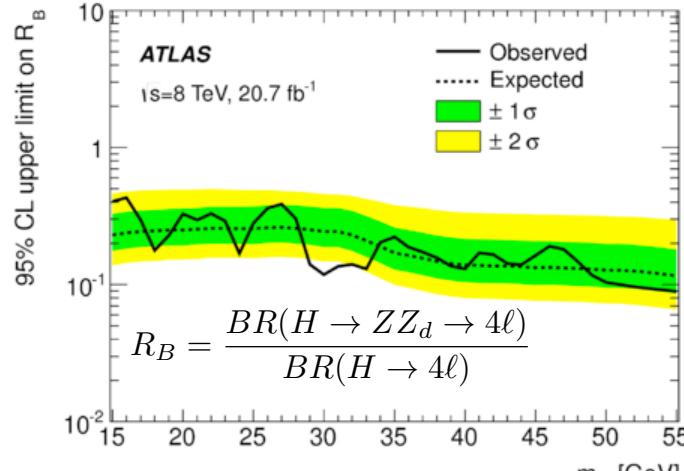
$$m_{Z_d} - m_{ll} < \delta m = 5/3/4.5 \text{ GeV} - 4e/4\mu/2e2\mu$$



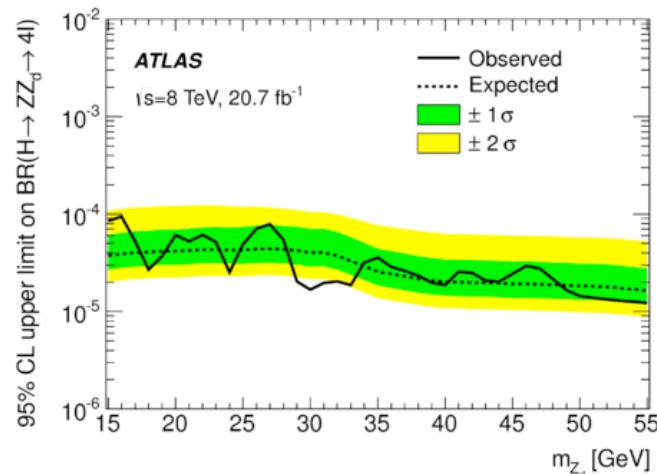
# H $\rightarrow$ Z $_{(d)}$ Z $_d \rightarrow$ 4l (ATLAS)

*Observed data well described by SM expectation=>Upper limits set*

## H $\rightarrow$ ZZ $_d \rightarrow$ 4l

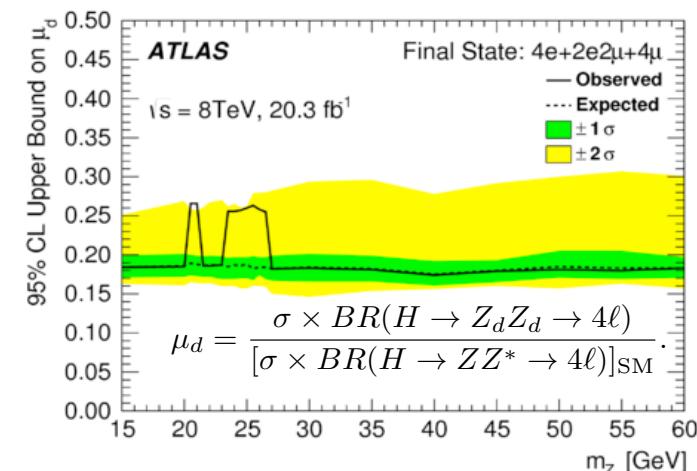


95% CL limits:  $R_B < 0.4$  (0.2)

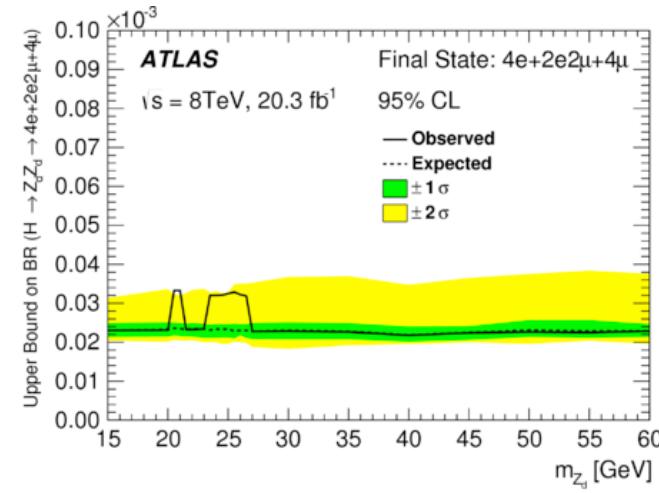


95% CL limits:  $BR(H \rightarrow ZZ_d \rightarrow 4l) < (1-9) \times 10^{-5}$

## H $\rightarrow$ Z $_d Z_d \rightarrow$ 4l



2 (4e, 4μ) observed events with significance 1.7 σ



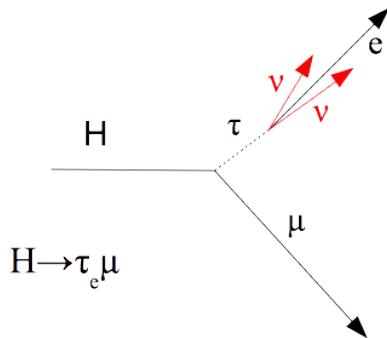
95% CL limits  $BR(H \rightarrow Z_d Z_d \rightarrow 4l) < (2-3) \times 10^{-5}$

# Lepton Flavor Violating (LFV) decays

## $H \rightarrow \mu\tau_e, H \rightarrow \mu\tau_h$ (CMS)

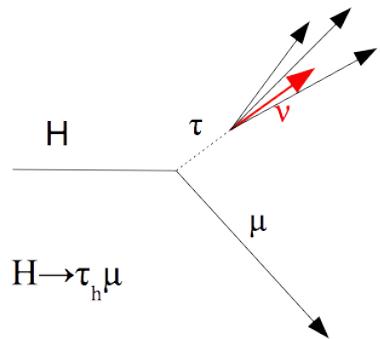


- Direct LFV search in  $H \rightarrow \mu\tau_e, H \rightarrow \mu\tau_h$  ( $M_H = 125$  GeV)
- LFV decays can occur in models with more than one Higgs doublet, in supersymmetric models, composite Higgs boson models, models with flavor symmetries, Randall–Sundrum models etc.
- Each channel is separated into 0, 1, and 2 jet categories: gg, VBF H-productions



$H \rightarrow \mu\tau_e$

- Dominant background:  $Z \rightarrow \tau_\mu\tau_e$
- Other backgrounds: jets faking leptons in W+jets, QCD multi-jets and  $t\bar{t}$ +jets



$H \rightarrow \mu\tau_h$

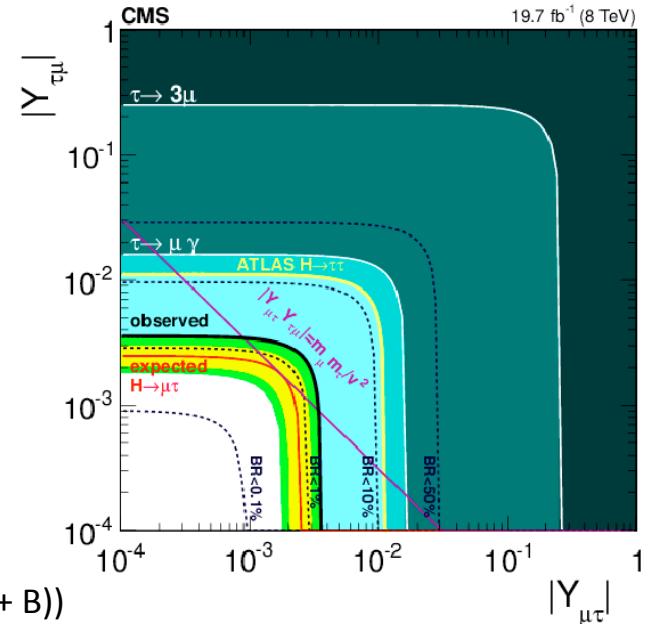
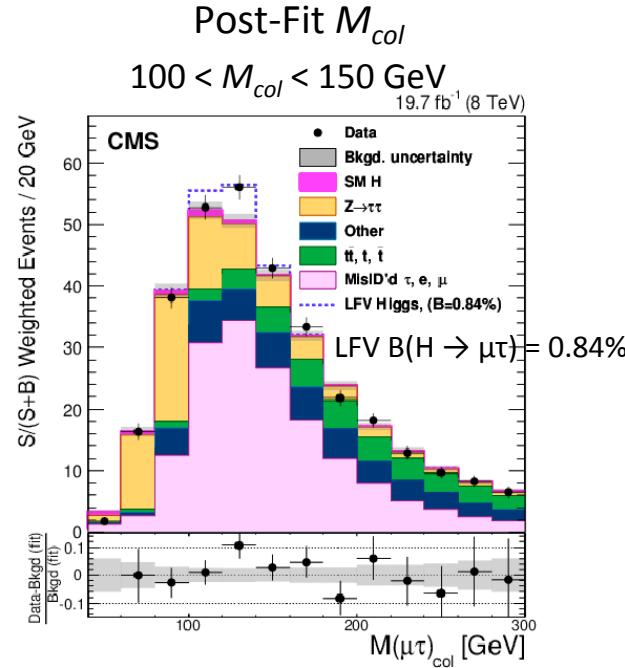
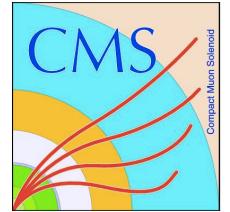
- Dominant background: jets faking  $\tau$  in W+jets, QCD multi-jet and  $t\bar{t}$ +jets
- Other backgrounds:  $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ ,  $Z +$  jets and  $t\bar{t} +$  jets

Similar signatures with SM  $H \rightarrow \tau_\mu\tau_e, H \rightarrow \tau_\mu\tau_h$

- Muon prompt - higher momentum than in SM
- Fewer neutrinos give different missing energy and topology
  - collinear with the  $\tau$  decay products

# Lepton Flavor Violating (LFV) decays

## $H \rightarrow \mu\tau_e, H \rightarrow \mu\tau_h$ (CMS)



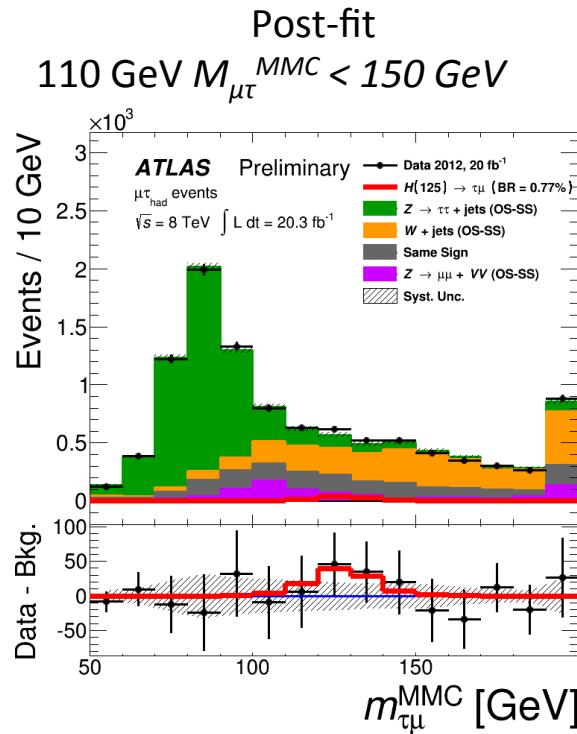
All categories combined, each category weighted by significance (S/(S + B))

- A slight excess of signal events - still consistent within background uncertainties
  - significance of 2.4 standard deviations
- Best fit branching fraction
  - $B(H \rightarrow \mu\tau) = (0.84 +0.39 -0.37)\%$
- Constraint on the branching fraction
  - $B(H \rightarrow \mu\tau) < 1.51 (0.75)\%$  at 95% CL
- BR limit  $< 1.51\%$  constrain the  $\mu\tau$  Yukawa couplings  $< 3.6 \times 10^{-3}$
- It improves the indirect current bound by an order of magnitude.

**$H \rightarrow e\tau, H \rightarrow e\mu$  will be published soon!**

# Lepton Flavor Violating (LFV) decays $H \rightarrow \mu\tau_{had}$ (ATLAS) Brand New

**ATLAS (8 TeV)**  
**HIGG-2014-08**  
**To be submitted to JHEP**



Signal regions (SR1, SR2) defined as:

- SR1:  $m_T(\mu, E_T^{\text{miss}}) > 40$  GeV,  $m_T(\tau_{had}, E_T^{\text{miss}}) < 40$  GeV
- SR2:  $m_T(\mu, E_T^{\text{miss}}) < 30$  GeV,  $m_T(\tau_{had}, E_T^{\text{miss}}) < 60$  GeV

Backgrounds:

- $\mu + \tau_{had}$ : irr.  $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$  (dominant in SR2),  $VV \rightarrow \mu\tau + X$  ( $V=W,Z$ ),  $t\bar{t}$ , single-top, SM  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
- fake  $\tau_{had}$ :  $W+jets$  (dominant in SR1), QCD multi-jet,  $VV$ ,  $t\bar{t}$ ,  $t$ ,  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu + jets$

Small excess found in SR2

$120$  GeV  $< M_{\mu\tau}^{MMC} < 140$  GeV  $\Rightarrow$  significance  $2.2\sigma$

SR1+SR2  $\Rightarrow$  combined significance  $1.3\sigma$

Best fit  $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \mu\tau_{had}) = (0.77 \pm 0.62)\%$

*No significant excess of data over SM BGs*

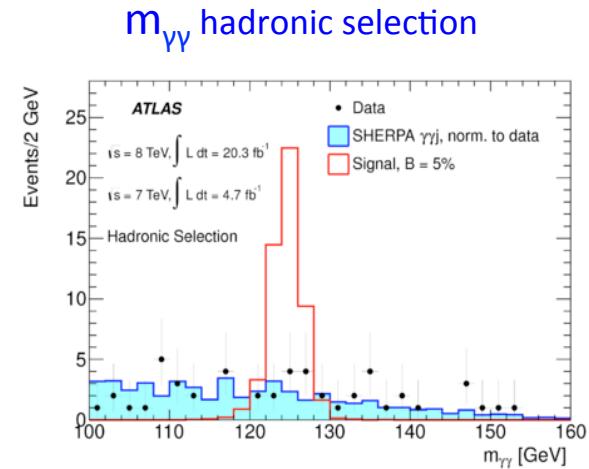
95% CL  $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \mu\tau_{had})$  obs (exp.)  $< 1.85\% (1.24 +0.50 -0.35)\%$

# Flavor Changing Neutral Current (FCNC) decays $t \rightarrow qH$ ( $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ) (ATLAS)

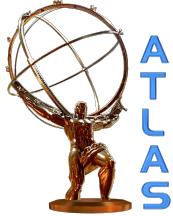
- FCNC involving light u/c quark highly suppressed in the SM,  $\text{Br} \approx 10^{-15}$
- Might be enhanced by several orders of magnitude in BSM, up to  $\approx 10^{-3}$
- LHC is a top factory : can search for rare decays with high sensitivity
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  appears as the most sensitive mode: large number of events, clean signature
- $t \rightarrow qH$ ,  $H(125)$
- $t \rightarrow bW$ ,  $W$  decays:
  - hadronically (7+8 TeV):  $\geq 4$  jets,  $\geq 1$  b-tag, top invariant mass cuts ( $\gamma\gamma j$  and  $jjj$ )
  - leptonically (8 TeV): 1 lepton,  $\geq 2$  jets,  $m_T > 30$  GeV,  $\geq 1$  b-tag, invariant mass cuts ( $\gamma\gamma j$  and  $l\nu j$ )
- Start from standard  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  selection
  - $\geq 2$  tight-isolated leading (sub-leading)  $\gamma$ ,  $E_T > 40$  GeV (30 GeV)
  - Enrich the  $t\bar{t}$  topology
  - BGs (non-resonant) : di-photon,  $t\bar{t}$ ,  $W$  prod.

Analyse the  $\gamma\gamma$  invariant mass distribution (SM  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  analysis)

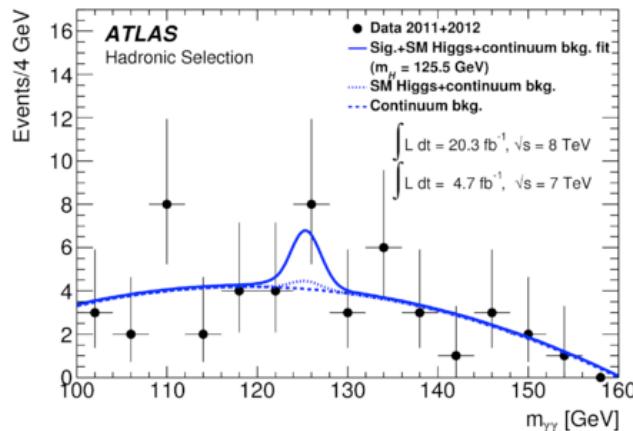
- Hadronic channel:  $m_1 = m_{\gamma\gamma j}$ ,  $m_2 = m_{jjj}$ 
  - $m_1$ : [156-191] GeV,  $m_2$ : [130-210] GeV
- Leptonic channel:  $m_1 = m_{\gamma\gamma j}$ ,  $m_2 = m_{l\nu j}$ 
  - $m_1$ : [156-191 GeV],  $m_2$ : [135-205] GeV



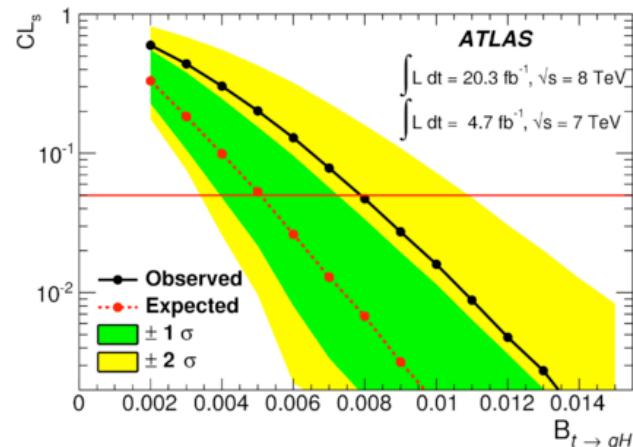
$m_{\gamma\gamma}$  discriminating variable in the fit



# Flavor Changing Neutral Current (FCNC) decays $t \rightarrow qH$ ( $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ) (ATLAS)



For  $H \sim H_{\text{SM}}$  and  $B(t \rightarrow cH) = 1\%$



Fixing  $m_H = 125.5 \text{ GeV}$

Fitted branching ratio (Br)  $t \rightarrow c(u)H$ :  
 $Br = 0.22 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.26 \%$

corresponding to a signal yield of

$$N_s = 3.1 \pm 4.3 \pm 3.7$$

*No significant excess found*

95% CL Limit on Br:  $Br < 0.79 \text{ (0.51)\%}$

corresponding to a limit on the  $\lambda_{tqH}$  coupling :

$$\sqrt{\lambda_{tcH}^2 + \lambda_{tuH}^2} < 1.92 \sqrt{Br} < 0.17 \text{ (0.14 expected)}$$

to be compared to top quark Yukawa coupling  $\lambda_{ttH} \sim 1$

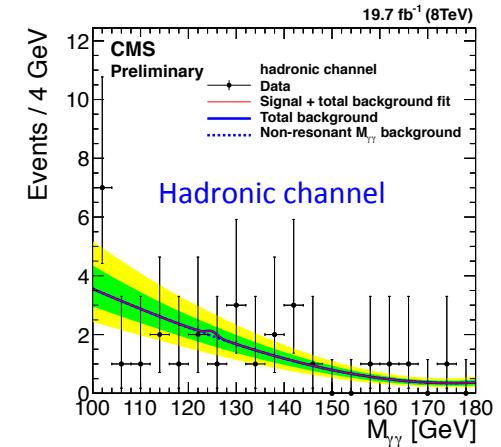
# Flavor Changing Neutral Current (FCNC) decays $t \rightarrow q(c,u)H$ ( $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ) (CMS)



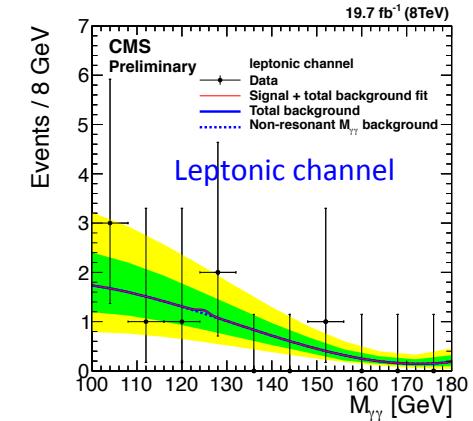
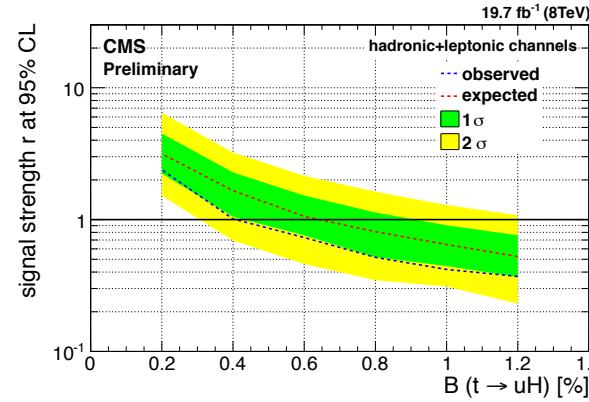
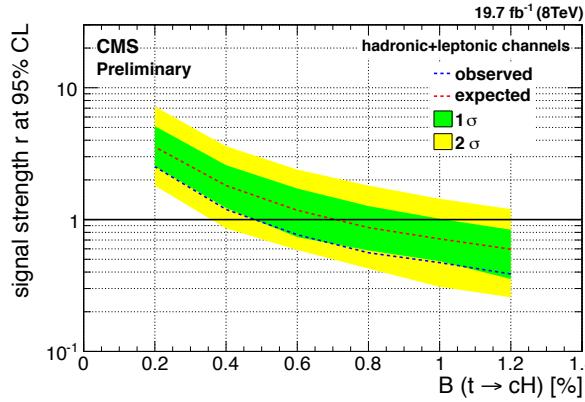
- Analysis:  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  cut based photon selection criteria
- Hadronic/leptonic channels:  $\geq 4$  jets, 1 b-tagged/  $\geq 1$  lepton (e or  $\mu$ ),  $\geq 2$  jets, 1 b-tagged
- Resonant diphoton backgrounds: SM-H ( $\gamma\gamma$ )(MC-ttH)
- Non-resonant diphoton backgrounds: fit to data
- $100 \text{ GeV} \leq M_{\gamma\gamma} \leq 180 \text{ GeV}$
- $B(t \rightarrow c,u H) = 1\%$

Observed (Expected) 95% CL limit  $B(t \rightarrow cH)$ : 0.47 (0.71)%

Observed (Expected) 95% CL limit  $B(t \rightarrow uH)$ : 0.42 (0.65)%



No significant excess observed





# Flavor Changing Neutral Current (FCNC) decays $t \rightarrow ch$ (multi-lepton+di-photon) (CMS)

Multi-channel counting experiment approach:

- Multi-lepton event:  $\geq 3$  isolated and prompt leptons ( $e, \mu, \tau_h$ ),  $\geq 2$  electrons or muons (“light” leptons)
- Lepton+di-photon event: photon pair +  $\geq 1$  lepton

| Higgs boson decay mode                             | Upper limits on $\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow ch)$ |       |              |
|--|---|-------|--------------|
|  | Obs.  | Exp.  | 68% CL range |
| $\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow WW^*) = 23.1\%$         | 1.58%   | 1.57% | (1.02–2.22)% |
| $\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow \tau\tau) = 6.15\%$     | 7.01%   | 4.99% | (3.53–7.74)% |
| $\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow ZZ^*) = 2.89\%$         | 5.31%   | 4.11% | (2.85–6.45)% |
| Combined multileptons ( $WW^*, \tau\tau, ZZ^*$ )   | 1.28%   | 1.17% | (0.85–1.73)% |
| $\mathcal{B}(h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 0.23\%$ | 0.69%   | 0.81% | (0.60–1.17)% |
| Combined multileptons + diphotons                  | 0.56%   | 0.65% | (0.46–0.94)% |

- Using di-photon and multi-lepton search channels that are sensitive to the decay  $t \rightarrow ch$ , ( $\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow ch)=1\%$ )
- Upper combined limit on  $\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow ch)$ , observed 0.56%, expected 0.65%
- Significant improvement over the earlier limit of 1.3% from the multi-lepton search alone (Phys. Rev. D 90 (2014) 032006)
- Left- and right- handed top-charm flavor violating Higgs Yukawa couplings limit
  - $\sqrt{|\lambda_{tc}^H|^2 + |\lambda_{ct}^H|^2} < 0.14 \text{ (0.65)}\%$



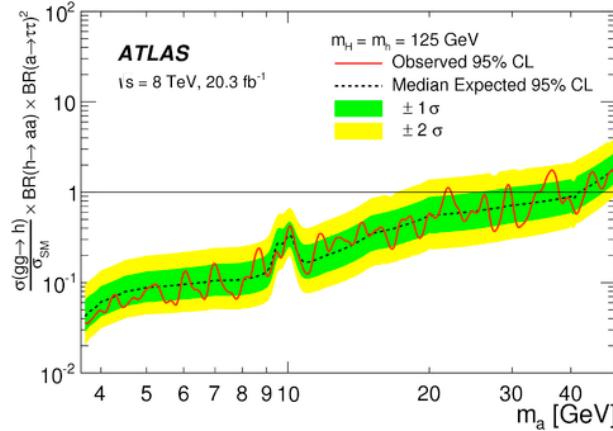
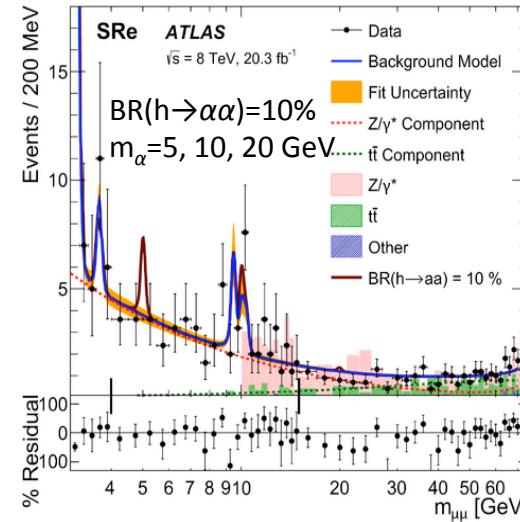
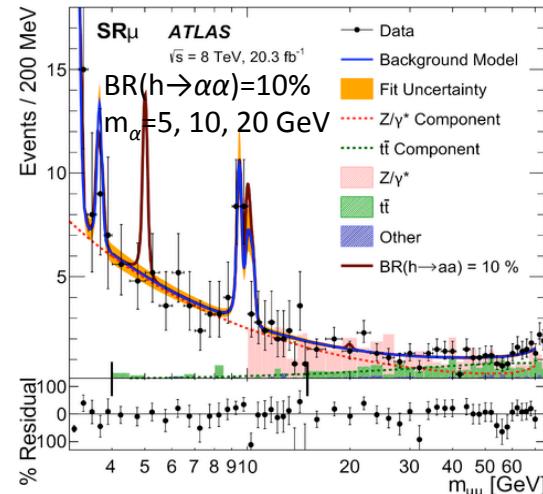
# Decays to a light pseudo-scalar neutral Higgs boson ( $\alpha$ ) (NMSSM)

## $H \rightarrow \alpha\alpha \rightarrow 2\mu 2\tau$ (ATLAS)\* New

ATLAS (8 TeV)  
[arXiv:1505.01609](https://arxiv.org/abs/1505.01609)  
 Submitted to PRD

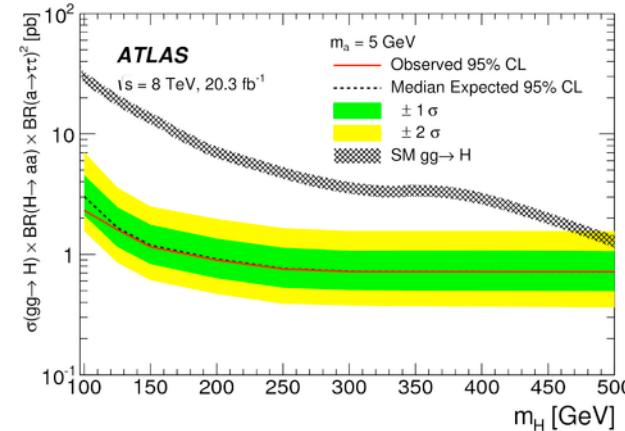
\* See also Poster  
 B. Kaplan (ATLAS)

Dominant BG:  
 $Z/\gamma^*$  and  $t\bar{t}$   
 $(J/\psi, Y)$



Consistent with expected limits

Most stringent limit 3.5% for  $m_\alpha = 3.75$  GeV



95% CL limits on production rate:  
 $\sigma(gg \rightarrow H) \times BR(H \rightarrow \alpha\alpha)$ : 2.33 pb - 0.72 pb

$m_H = 125$  GeV  
 $2m_\tau < m_\alpha < 2m_b$ :  
 $1 \alpha \rightarrow \tau\tau, 1 \alpha \rightarrow \mu\mu$   
 $m_\alpha$ : 3.7-50 GeV

No significant excess of data

Scan of  $m_H$  ( $m_\alpha = 5$  GeV)  
 $m_H = 100-500$  GeV



# Decays to light pseudoscalar neutral Higgs boson ( $\alpha$ )

$H \rightarrow \alpha\alpha \rightarrow 4\gamma$  (ATLAS) **Brand New**

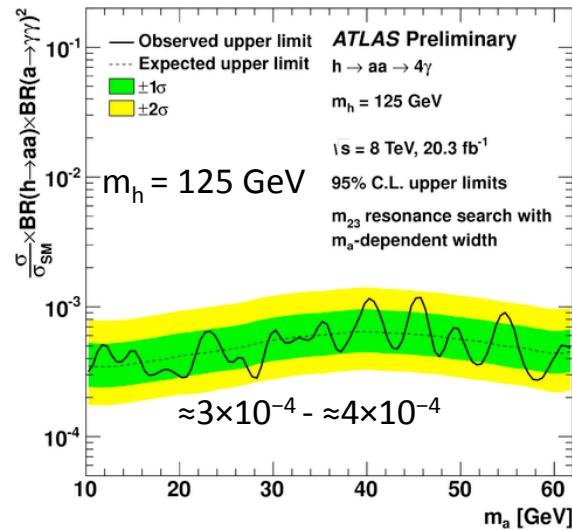
ATLAS (8 TeV)  
EXOT-2013-24  
To be submitted to  
Eur. Phys. J. C

Many extensions of SM Higgs sector include CP-odd particles ( $\alpha$ ) with couplings to Higgs and branching ratios to photons visible at LHC

Signature:  $\geq 3$  isolated photons

- Signal: “tight”  $\gamma_{1,2}$ :  $p_T > 22$  GeV,  $\gamma_{3,(4)}$ :  $p_T > 17$  GeV
- Isolation:  $E_T(\text{cone}40) < 4$  GeV
- Backgrounds: irr. (2,3,4) prompt photons, photon(s)+jet(s)
- Combination of data-driven (for jets) and MC

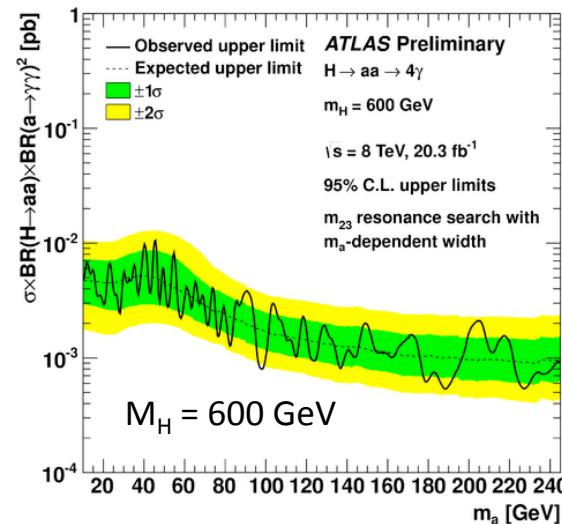
*No significant excess of data over SM BGs  
Consistent with SM expected limits*



$$\frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{\text{SM}}} \times \text{BR}(h \rightarrow \alpha\alpha) \times \text{BR}(\alpha \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)^2 < 10^{-3}$$

$$m_h = 125 \text{ GeV}, \quad 10 \text{ GeV} < m_\alpha < 62 \text{ GeV}$$

Resonance search in  $m_{23}$  spectrum



$$300 < M_H < 900 \text{ GeV}$$

$$10 \text{ GeV} < m_\alpha < m_H/2$$

$$M_H: 600 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\sigma_H \times \text{BR}(h \rightarrow \alpha\alpha) \times \text{BR}(\alpha \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)^2 < 0.02 \text{ pb} \quad 10 < m_\alpha < 90 \text{ GeV}$$

$$< 0.001 \text{ pb} \quad m_\alpha \text{ up to } 245 \text{ GeV}$$

\* See also Talk  
A. Mohammadi (CMS)

# Decays to a light pseudo-scalar neutral Higgs boson ( $\alpha$ ) (NMSSM)

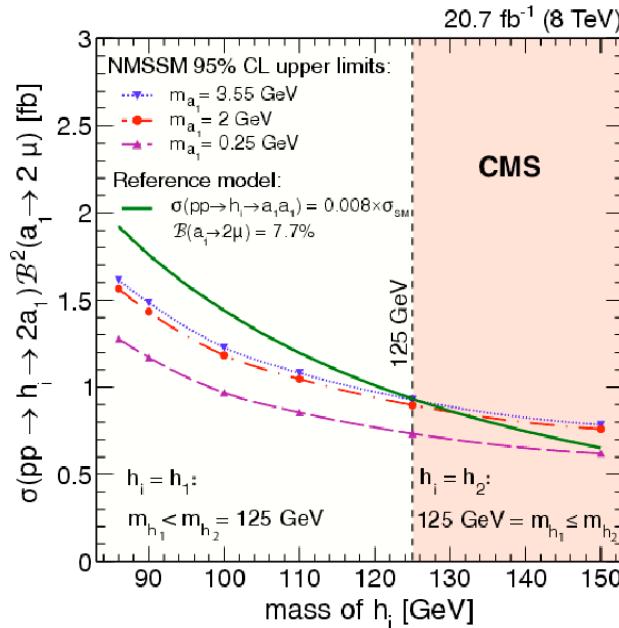


$H \rightarrow \alpha\alpha \rightarrow 4\mu$  (CMS)\* **New**

- NMSSM Higgs sector: 3 CP-even neutral Higgs bosons  $h_{1,2,3}$ , 2 CP-odd neutral Higgs bosons  $\alpha_{1,2}$  and a pair of charged Higgs bosons  $h^\pm$
- $h_{1,2} \rightarrow 2\alpha_1$ ,  $h_1$  or  $h_2$  can be the boson observed at 125 GeV
- $\alpha_1 \rightarrow 2\mu$ , 2 pairs of isolated muons (di-muons),  $m_{1\mu\mu} \approx m_{2\mu\mu}$  within detector resolution

Light boson masses in the range  $2m_\mu < m_\alpha < 2m_\tau$  (0.25-3.55 GeV)

1 event obs.  $2.2 \pm 0.7$  SM exp.



BGs dominated by  $bb^-$  and  $J/\psi$  pair production

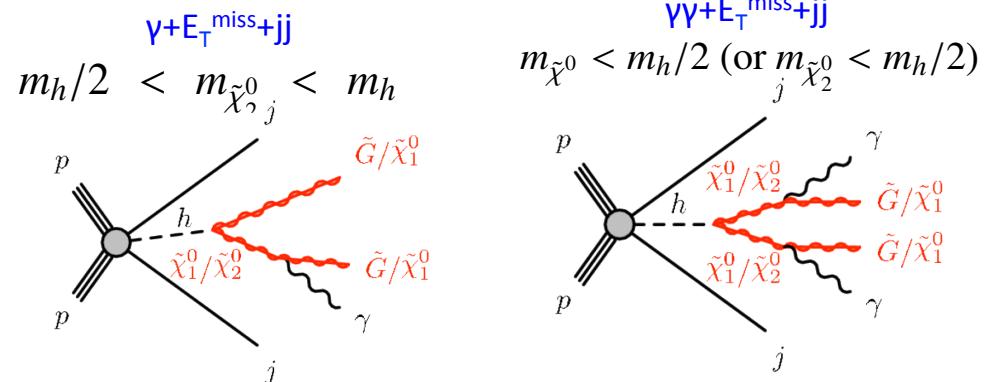
- 95% CL upper limits for NMSSM on  $\sigma(pp \rightarrow h_{1/2} \rightarrow 2\alpha_1) B^2(\alpha_1 \rightarrow 2\mu)$  as a function of
  - $m_{h_1}$  ( $86 < m_{h_1} < 125$  GeV) and
  - $m_{h_2}$  ( $m_{h_2} > 125$  GeV)
- Limits compared to predicted rate (solid curve), with simplified scenario
  - $\sigma(pp \rightarrow h_i \rightarrow 2\alpha_1) = 0.008 \sigma_{SM}$

# Exotic Higgs Decays to Photon+MET (VBF) $H \rightarrow \{1 \text{ or } 2 \text{ isol. } \gamma\} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$ (ATLAS)\*

ATLAS (8 TeV)  
ATLAS-CONF-2015-001

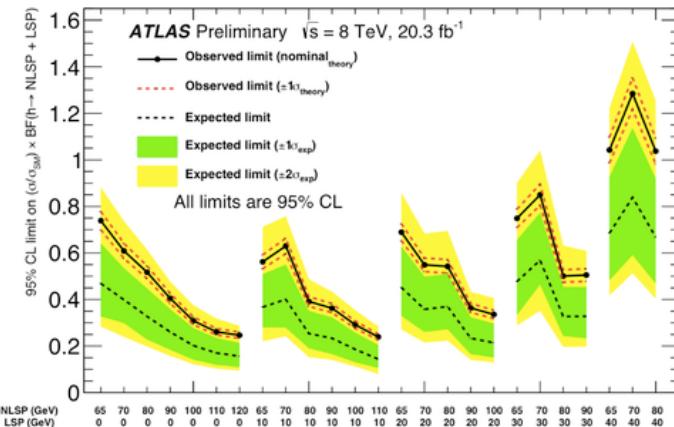
\* See also Poster  
C. Bernius (ATLAS)

- Exotic Higgs decay in GMSB and NMSSM
- VBF production facilitates better data-driven  $\gamma$ +jets and multi-jet background estimates than ggH
- VBF Higgs boosted in transverse plane:  $\gamma$  and  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  not necessarily back-to-back, use angles to define control regions



Limits set for different NLSP, LSP mass pairs    *Observation consistent with SM*

mono-photon

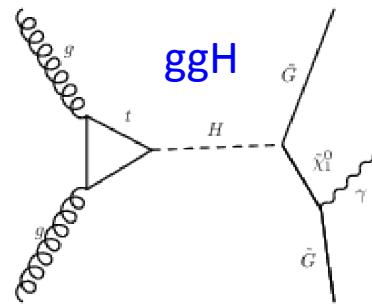


$$(\sigma/\sigma_{SM}) \times BF(h \rightarrow \text{NLSP} + \text{LSP})$$

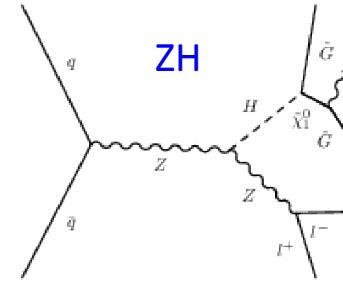
First direct limits similar or stronger than indirect Higgs coupling measurements

# Exotic Higgs Decays to Photon+MET

## $H \rightarrow \{1 \text{ or } 2 \text{ isol. } \gamma\} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$ (CMS) **New**

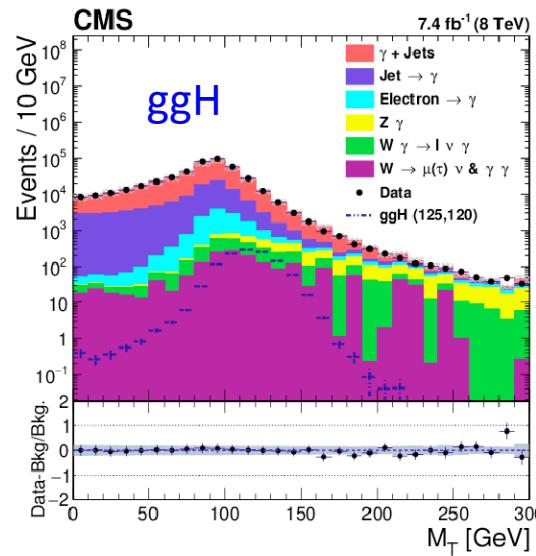


$m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$   
 $m_H/2 < m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < m_H$   
 $H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{G} \rightarrow \gamma \tilde{G} \tilde{G}$   
 $M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < m_H/2$   
 $H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \tilde{G} \tilde{G}$

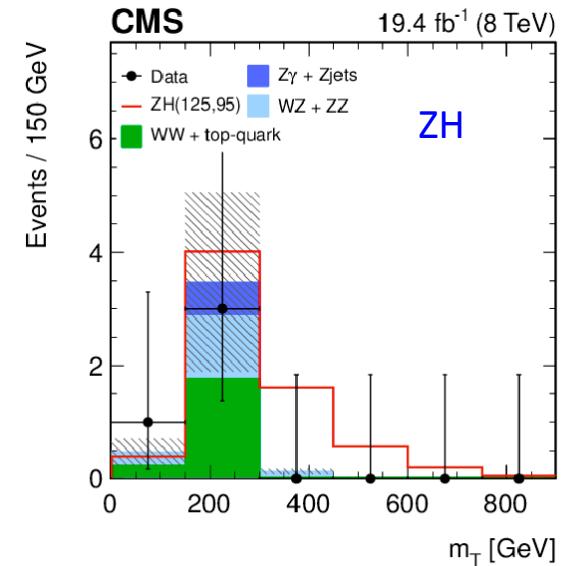


- ZH (8 TeV,  $19.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
  - 2 lep.  $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$
  - $E_T^{\gamma} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
  - $|m_{\gamma\gamma} - m_Z| < 15 \text{ GeV}$

- Exotic Higgs decay quasi-model independent search, low-scale SUSY
- ggH BGs: irr.  $Z\gamma \rightarrow vvv\gamma$ ,  $\gamma + \text{jet}$  and mono-e and mono-jet faking  $\gamma$
- ZH BGs: di-lep. non-resonant ( $W^+W^-$ ,  $t$ ,  $W+\text{jets}$ ,  $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ ) resonant ( $WZ(lvll)$ ,  $ZZ(2l2v)$ ,  $Z\gamma$ ,  $Z+\text{jets}$ )
  - ggH (8 TeV,  $7.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
    - $E_T^{\gamma} > 45 \text{ GeV}$
    - $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$



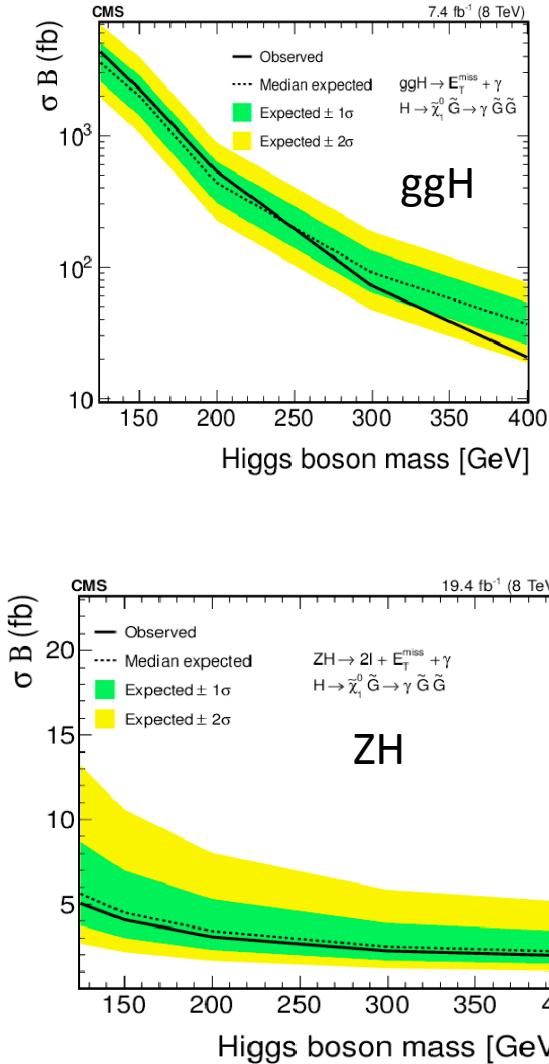
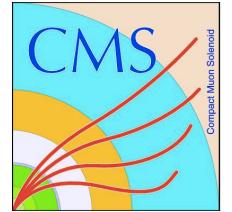
$$m_H = 125 \text{ GeV} \text{ and } m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 120 \text{ GeV}$$



$$m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 95 \text{ GeV}, \text{ Br} = 10\%$$

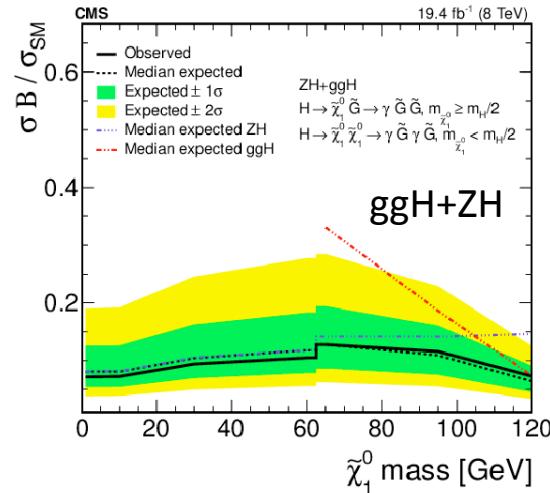
# Exotic Higgs Decays to Photon+MET

## $H \rightarrow \{1 \text{ or } 2 \text{ isol. } \gamma\} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$ (CMS)



$$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = m_H - 30 \text{ GeV}, \quad m_H: 125-400 \text{ GeV}$$

Th. Lagouri, Yale Univ.



Data consistent with BG

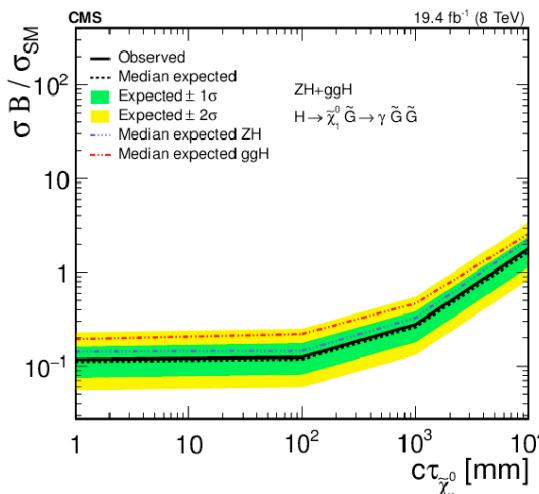
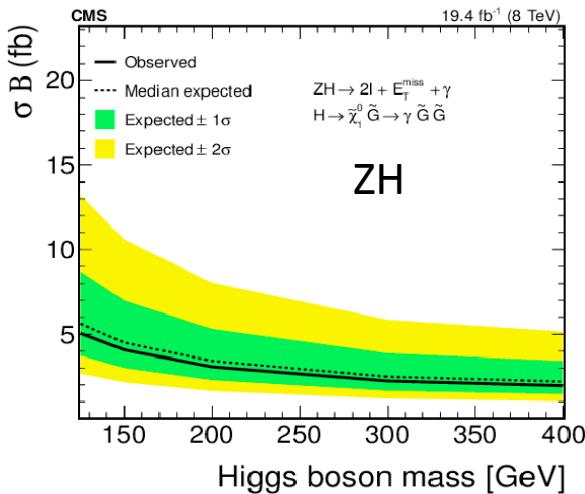
$$m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\begin{aligned} m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < m_H/2 &\Rightarrow B(H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0) B(\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{G} + \gamma)^2 \\ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} \geq m_H/2 &\Rightarrow B(H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{G}) B(\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{G} + \gamma) \end{aligned}$$

$$ggH \quad m_H/2 < m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < m_H$$

$$95\% \text{ CL Br } 10\%, \quad m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 95 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}: 1-120 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow 95\% \text{ CL Br: } 7-13\%$$



$$B(H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{G}) B(\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{G} + \gamma)$$

Selection eff.  
const.  $c\tau_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 10$  cm  
Drops rapidly after

$$m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}, \quad m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 95 \text{ GeV}$$

EPS HEP (22-29 Jul 2015)



# Run-II perspectives



## Decays to dark vector bosons - $Z_{\text{dark}}$ ( $Z_d$ )

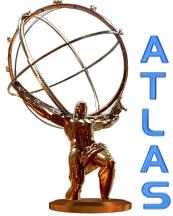
- ATLAS:  $H \rightarrow Z_{(d)} Z_d \rightarrow 4l$ 
  - Improving the discovery potential of  $Z_d$  or setting stricter existing limits.
  - Extension to low mass ( $Z_d < 15$  GeV) and  $Z_d$  with displaced vertex

## Lepton Flavor Violating (LFV) decays:

- CMS:  $H \rightarrow \mu\tau_e$ ,  $H \rightarrow \mu\tau_h$ 
  - A new  $\tau$  lepton identification algorithm with improved background rejection has been deployed for Run-II
  - Investigating possible analysis improvements for  $\mu\tau$

## Flavor Changing Neutral Current (FCNC) decays: $t \rightarrow qH$

- ATLAS:  $t \rightarrow qH$  ( $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ )
  - Increased  $t\bar{t}$  cross section in Run-II
  - Could set better limit on  $\text{Br}(\lambda_{tqH})$
  - Add a multi-lepton analysis to increase sensitivity



# Conclusions

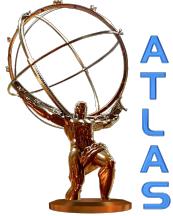


- Searches for Exotic Higgs bosons decays performed in various channels and with different strategies
  - No evidence found so far
  - Observation of SM-like Higgs boson excludes large regions of parameter space
- Still room left for BSM models to be compatible with observed Higgs boson
  - Many Exotic Higgs analyses with Run-I 8 TeV data still on-going
- Run-II with 13 TeV will enhance discovery potential of Exotics Higgs boson decay searches
  - New challenges for the analyses

# Additional Slides

# Other talks in EPS

- “Searches for invisible Higgs boson decays with ATLAS and CMS” Philippe CALFAYAN (talk, ATLAS)
- “Searches for long-lived, weakly interacting particles in ATLAS and CMS”, Andrew Evan Hart (talk, CMS)
- “Searches for invisibly decaying Higgs bosons at ATLAS” K. Shaw (poster, ATLAS)
- “Searches for long-lived particle decays in ATLAS” D. Salvatore (poster, ATLAS)



# $H \rightarrow Z_{(d)} Z_d \rightarrow 4l$ (ATLAS) *New*

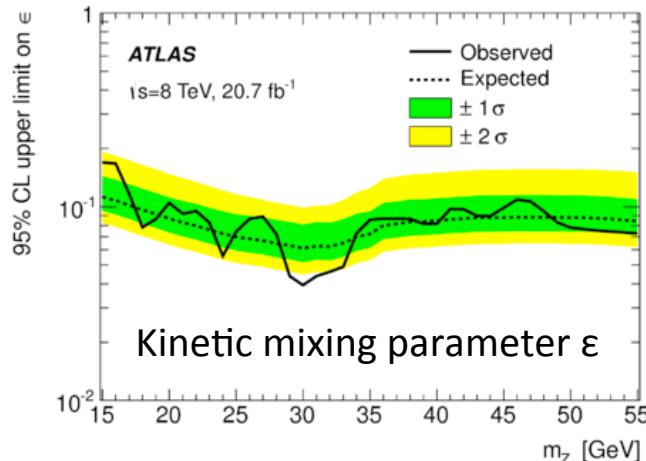
## Model interpretation

ATLAS (8 TeV)  
arXiv:1505.07645  
Submitted to PRD

$H \rightarrow ZZ_d \rightarrow 4l$

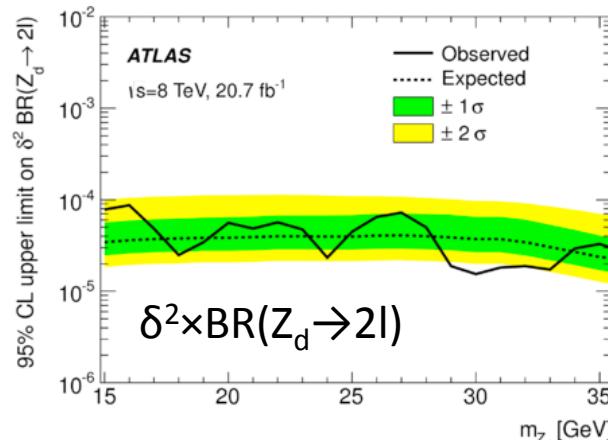
Simplest benchmark model ( $U(1)_d$  gauge symmetry)  
SM + dark vector boson + dark Higgs boson

Gauge kinetic mixing parameter dominates ( $\varepsilon >> \kappa$ )



95% CL limits  $\varepsilon$ :  $(4-17) \times 10^{-2}$  for  $15 < m_{Z_d} < 55$  GeV

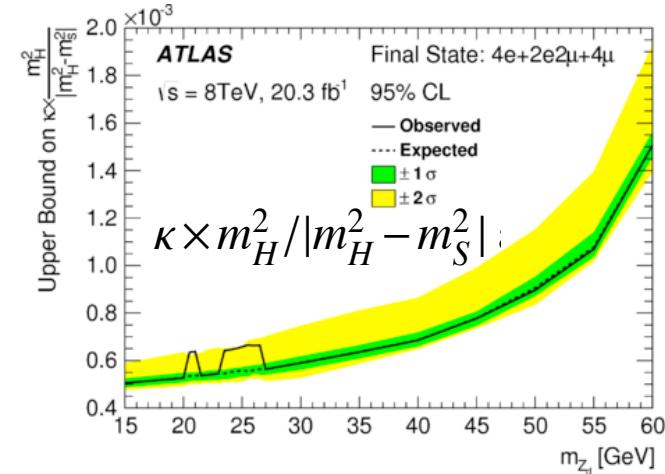
Effective mass mixing parameter  $Z-Z_d$



95% CL limits  $\delta^2 \times BR(Z_d \rightarrow 2l)$ :  $(1.5-8.7) \times 10^{-5}$   
for  $15 < m_{Z_d} < 35$  GeV

$H \rightarrow Z_d Z_d \rightarrow 4l$

Higgs mixing parameter dominates ( $\kappa >> \varepsilon$ )



Effective Higgs mixing parameter  $\kappa'$

Dark Higgs boson  $m_S > m_H/2$ ,  $m_{Z_d} < m_H/2$

$\kappa$  (Higgs portal coupling) 95% CL limits:  
 $(1-10) \times 10^{-4}$  for  $15 < m_{Z_d} < 60$  GeV

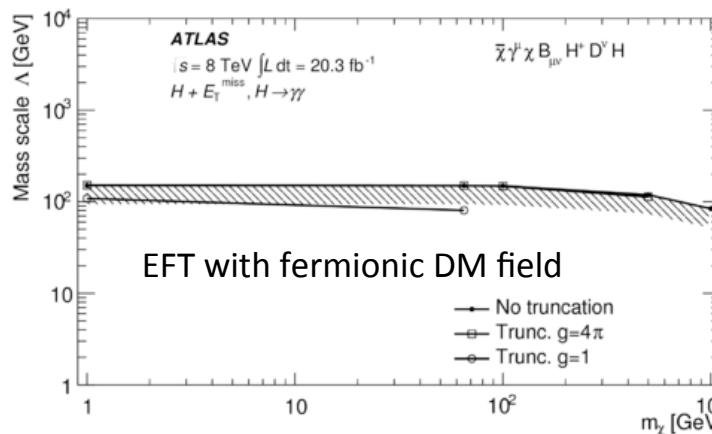
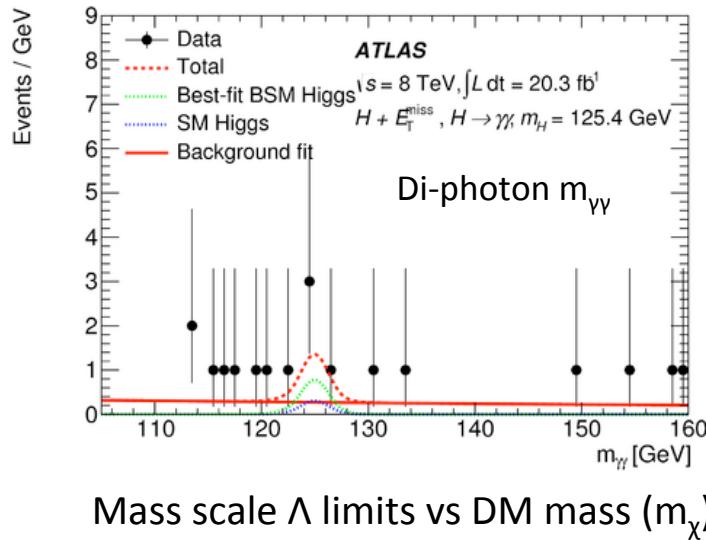


New

# $H + E_T^{\text{miss}} \rightarrow 2\gamma + E_T^{\text{miss}}$ (ATLAS)

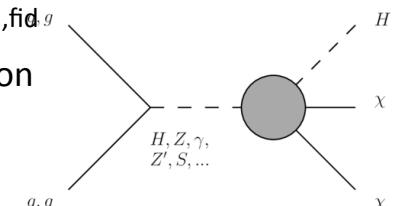
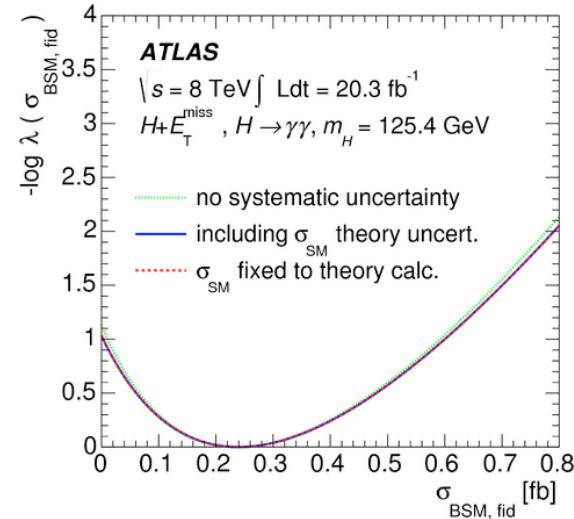
Directly probes the structure of the effective DM-SM coupling

- Sensitive to  $m_\chi > m_H/2$
- Consider both EFT and simplified model



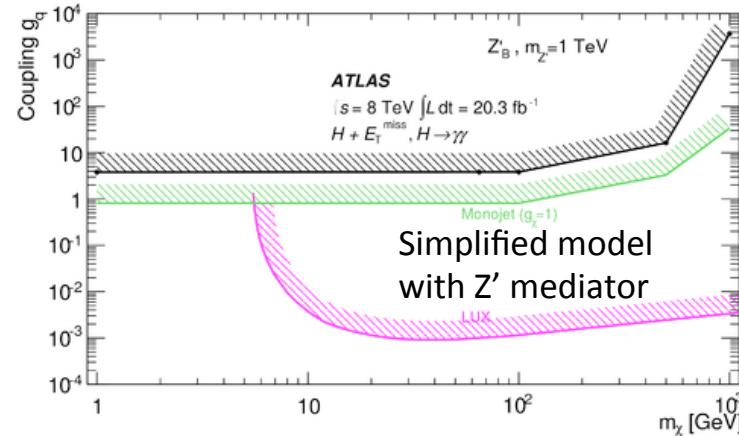
Profile likelihood ratio ( $\lambda$ ) vs  $\sigma_{\text{BSM,fid}}$

BSM H+DM with the SM contribution



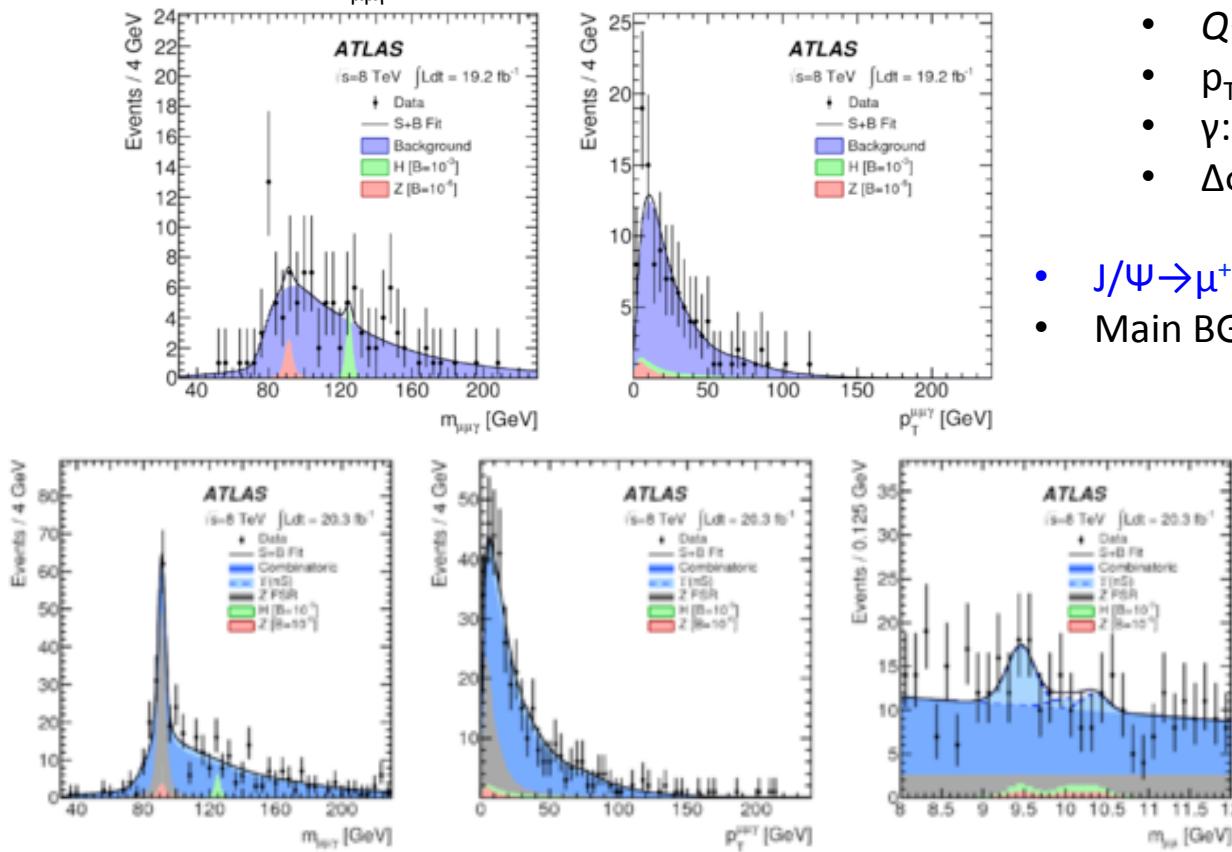
Production of DM particles  $\chi$  in association with  $H$ , mediated by  $(H, Z, \gamma)$  or new mediator:  $Z'$  or scalar singlet  $S$

Coupling parameters limits for simplified models with a heavy mediator with mass of 1 TeV



## H $\rightarrow$ J/ $\Psi\gamma$ & H $\rightarrow$ Y(nS) $\gamma$ (n=1,2,3) (ATLAS)

30 GeV < m $_{\mu\mu\gamma}$  < 230 GeV



- Q $\rightarrow$  $\mu^+\mu^-$ : isolation, primary vertex
- p $_{T\gamma}>36$  GeV
- $\gamma$ : “tight”, isolated, p $_{T\gamma}>36$  GeV
- $\Delta\phi(Q,\gamma)>0.5$

- J/ $\Psi\rightarrow\mu^+\mu^-$  M $_{\mu\mu} \pm 0.2$  GeV
- Main BG: inclusive QCD

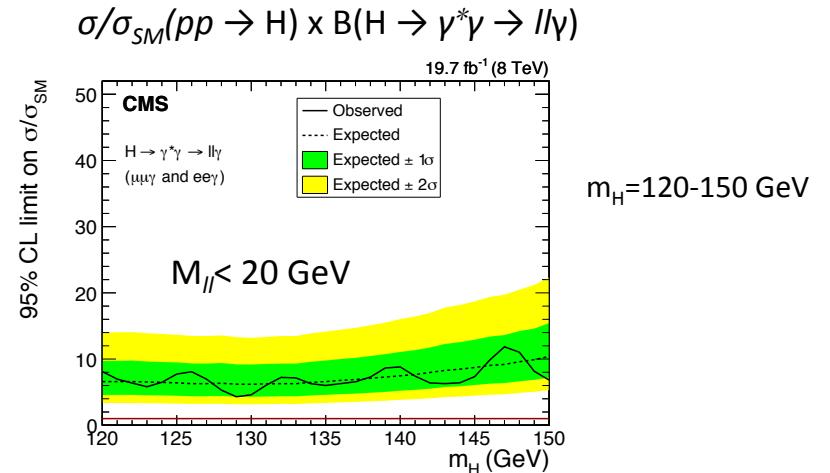
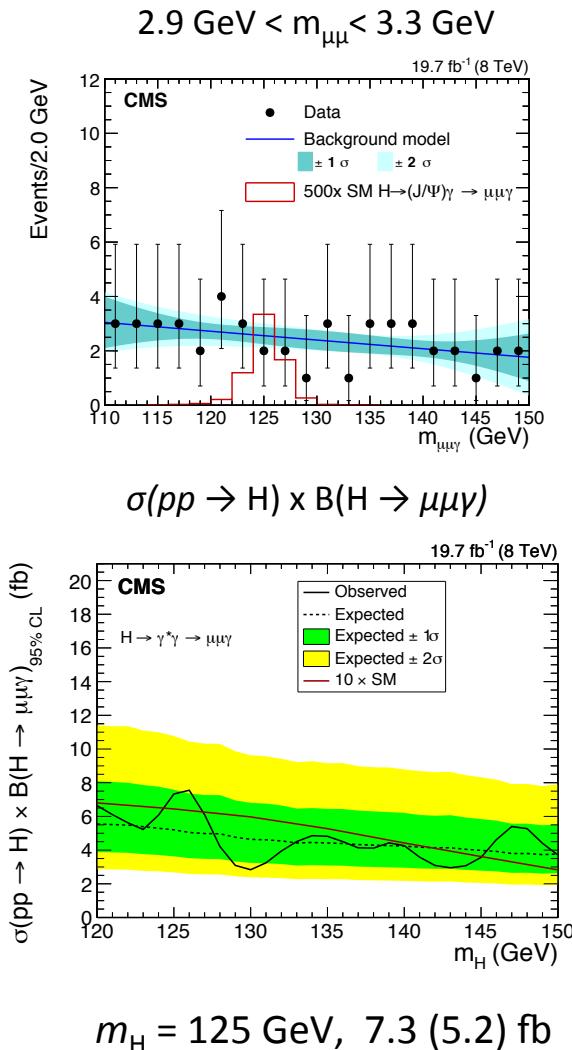
- Y(nS) $\rightarrow\mu^+\mu^-$  8 GeV < M $_{\mu\mu} < 12$  GeV
- BGs: inclusive QCD, Z $\rightarrow\mu^+\mu^-$ (FSR) $\gamma$

No significant excess of data over BGs

- 95% CL B(H $\rightarrow$ J/ $\Psi\gamma$ ) < 1.5 x 10 $^{-3}$
- 95% CL B(H $\rightarrow$ Y(1S, 2S, 3S) $\gamma$ ) < (1.3, 1.9, 1.3) x 10 $^{-3}$



# Higgs boson decaying into $\gamma^*\gamma \rightarrow ll\gamma$ with low di-lepton mass (CMS)



Observed (expected):  $5-11 (6-10) \times \text{SM}$

$m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}: 7.7(6.4) \times \text{SM}$

$m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}, 2.9 < m_{ll} < 3.3 \text{ GeV}$

$\sigma(pp \rightarrow H) \times B(H \rightarrow \mu\mu\gamma) < 1.80 (1.90) \text{ fb}$

$B(H \rightarrow (J/\Psi)\gamma) < 1.5 \times 10^{-3}$

$540 \times \text{SM} (m_H = 125 \text{ GeV})$

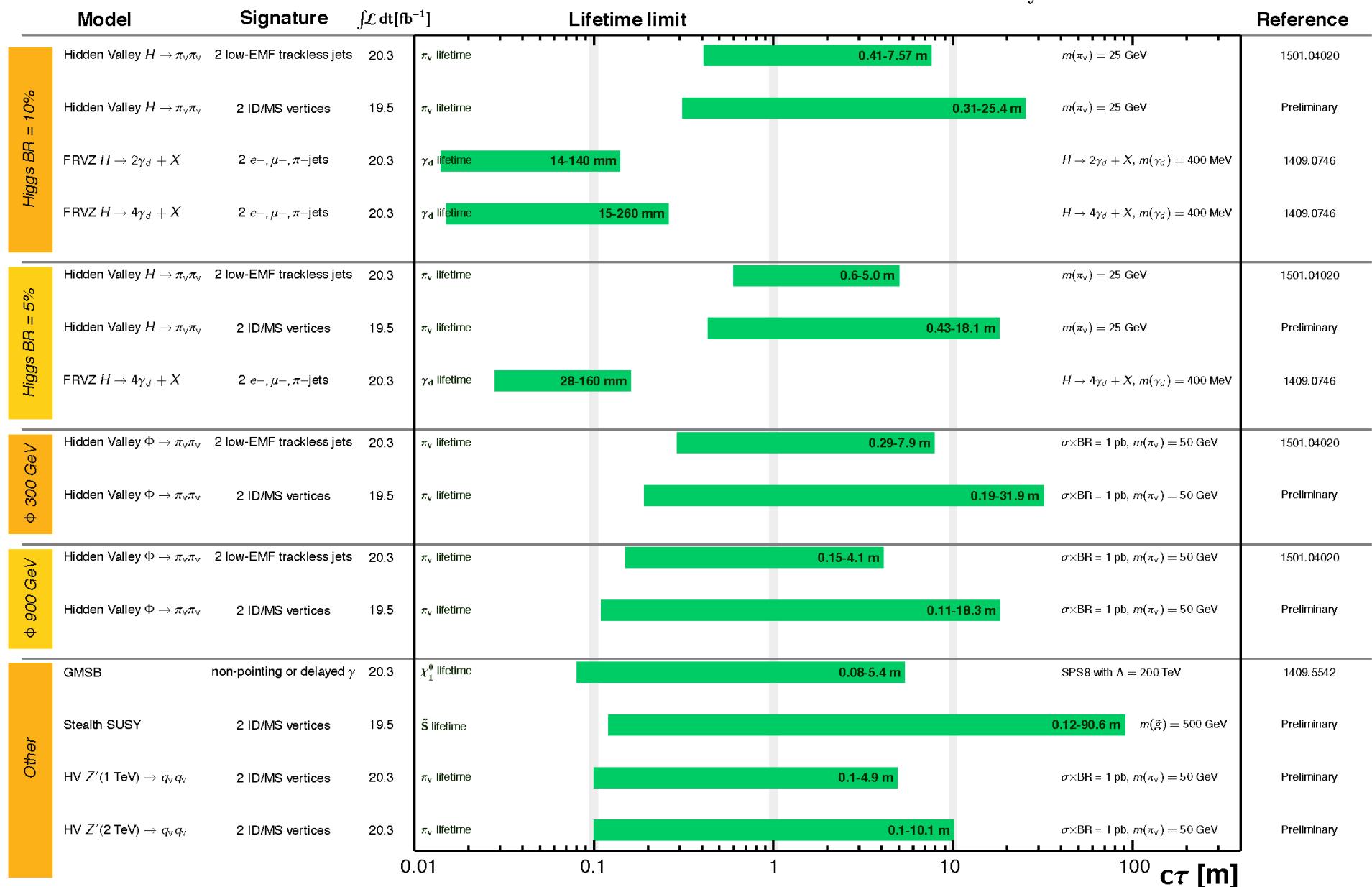
# ATLAS Exotics Long-lived Particle Searches\* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: March 2015

ATLAS Preliminary

$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (19.5 - 20.3) \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$



$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

Th. Lagouri, Yale Univ.

\*Only a selection of the available lifetime limits on new states is shown.

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27