#### **AIDA**

Advanced European Infrastructures for Detectors at Accelerators

## Presentation

# An EUDET/AIDA Pixel Beam Telescope for Detector Development

Rubinskiy, I (DESY) et al

02 June 2014



The research leading to these results has received funding from the European Commission under the FP7 Research Infrastructures project AIDA, grant agreement no. 262025.

This work is part of AIDA Work Package 9: Advanced infrastructures for detector R&D.

The electronic version of this AIDA Publication is available via the AIDA web site <a href="http://cern.ch/aida">http://cern.ch/aida</a> or on the CERN Document Server at the following URL: <a href="http://cds.cern.ch/search?p=AIDA-SLIDE-2015-036">http://cds.cern.ch/search?p=AIDA-SLIDE-2015-036</a>



## EUDET/AIDA pixel beam telescope for detector R&D

Hanno Perrey, <u>Igor Rubinskiy</u>
DESY
on behalf of AIDA consortium

Test beam telescope as an R&D tracker

- Telescope development overview
- Testbeam lines at DESY, CERN, SLAC From EUDET to AIDA telescope



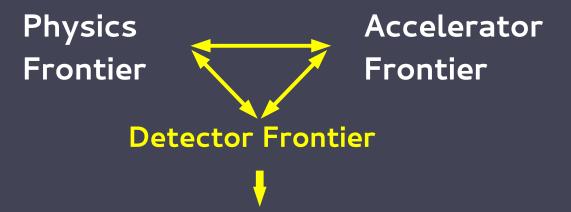
International Conference on Technology and Instrumentation in Particle Physics

TIPP'14 2-6 June 2014 Amsterdam, The Netherlands





#### In the context of European Strategy for Particle Physics and the detector R&D



the detector concepts are continuously evolving Prototyping and intensive testing in the labs and at test beam

EU FP6 (2006-2010) - EUDET (European Detectors)

aimed at detector R&D infrastructure towards ILC

EU FP7 (2011-2014) - AIDA (Advanced Infrastructures for Detectors at Accelerators)

aimed to "upgrade, improve and integrate key European research infrastructures and develop advanced detector technologies for future particle accelerators ... in line with the European Strategy for Particle Physics"

In this talk we overview the **test beam telescope** developed as European **Detector R&D Infrastructure** within **EUDET and AIDA** projects





## EUDET/AIDA pixel beam telescope = HEP community effort

#### EU FP6 EUDET JRA1 "DESY Testbeam and Pixel Telescope"

DESY (coordination)

CEA, France

Bristol University, UK

**CERN** 

CNRS-IReS, Strasbourg, France

CNRS-LPSC, Grenoble, France

Max-Planck-Society for the

Advancement of Science

Max-Planck-Institut für Physik, Munich, Germany

Universität Bonn, Germany

University College London, UK

Universität Mannheim, Germany

Université de Genève, Switzerland

Universität Heidelberg, Germany

INFN Milano, Milano, Italy

INFN Ferrara, Ferrara, Italy

INFN Roma III, Roma, Italy

INFN Pavia, Pavia, Italy

#### EU FP7 AIDA WP9.3 "Precision Pixel Detector Infrastructure"

DESY (coordination)
Bristol University, UK
CERN
CNRS-IReS, Strasbourg, France
IFAE, Barcelona, Spain

LPNHE, Paris, France NIKHEF, Amsterdam, Netherlands Oxford, UK Universität Bonn, Germany University of Santiago de Compostela, Spain Wuppertal University, Germany



## EUDET pixel beam telescope ≡ high resolution R&D Tracker

6 CMOS pixel detectors (IPHC Strasbourg): Mimosa26 thinned to **50 \mum thickness** 18.4 x 18.4  $\mu$ m<sup>2</sup>  $\rightarrow$  1152 columns x 576 rows (2x1 cm<sup>2</sup>) rolling shutter = continuous readout = deadtime free

115.2  $\mu$ s integration time/frame  $\rightarrow$  8.68 kFrames in 1 second for "always sensitive" telescope



Trigger Logic Unit (TLU):

– 4 inputs from PMTs

– trigger/busy handshake to
connect up to 6 DAQ systems

Mechanical support based on rigid Al profiles ~1 µm precision rotation in horizontal plane (µ- screw) COTS National Instruments Flex RIO (Vertex-5 FPGA) based solution for Mimosa26=1x2 cm2 (<20 MB/s)

Immediate writing on RAID

Device Under Test (DUT) with precise XY/rotation stage

The DAQ components interact via Hard & Soft layers → TLU and EUDAQ

Data reconstruction within ILCSoft/Marlin/ EUTelescope





## an evolving beam telescope within AIDA project

#### focusing more on the LHC experiments upgrade

For the LHC detectors R&D

- from 4.34 kHz to ~1 MHz tracks per cm<sup>2</sup> (Mimosa26 capable)
- improve: triggering (TLU ↔ DUT),

DAQ architecture,

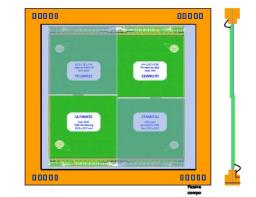
Offline: pattern recognition/ tracking

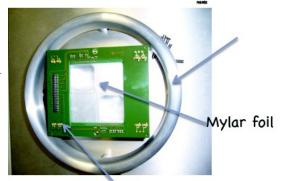
For large detector prototypes need larger tracking acceptance:

from single to quad Mimosa planes (quad-Mimosa28)

Adjustable trigger window for small DUT prototypes (~ mm<sup>2</sup>)

Region of Interest Trigger by ATLAS FEI4





Mechanical & electrical support

#### Track timestamping

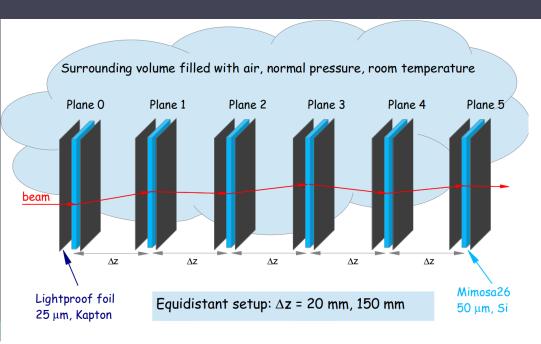
with FEI4 + TLU we can also say when a track entered the DUT (~ns) (also at the very high track rate)

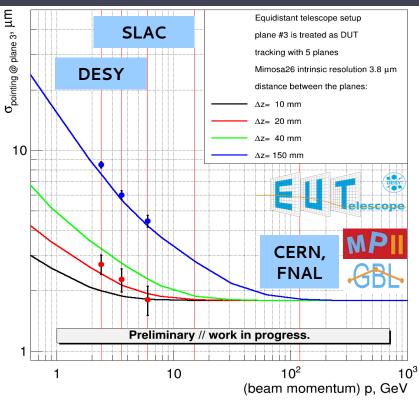
at the end "Test beam Tracker with 1 MHz/cm2 x 1 µm x 1 ns track resolution"





## EUDET/AIDA pixel beam telescope, tracking precision





The interplay between

- the telescope detector resolution,
- multiple scattering,
- distance between telescope planes
- distance to the DUT (track fit "passive" plane)
   and their impact on alignment and tracking are well understood.

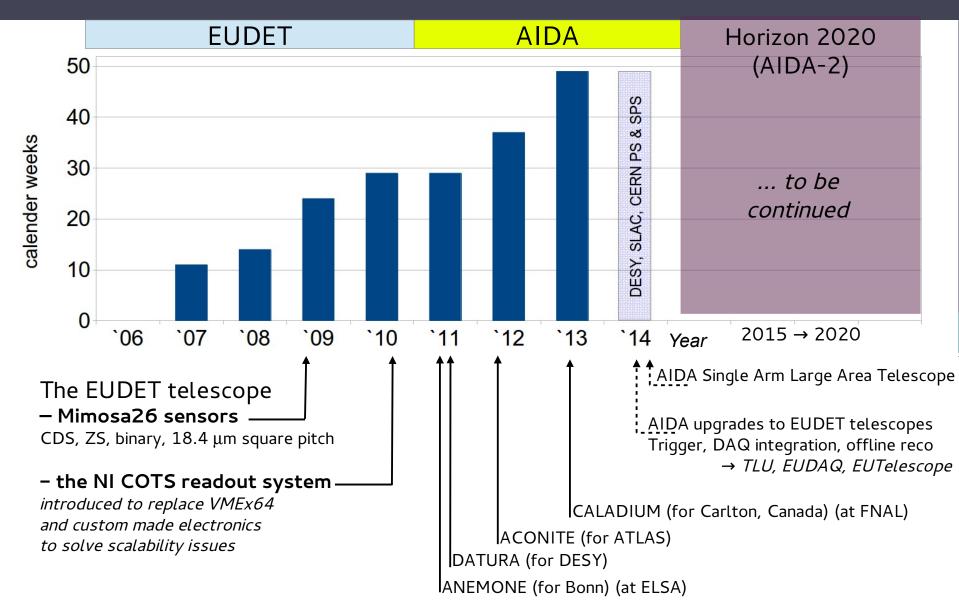
There are more low energy beam facilities not mentioned on this plot

In many cases the R&D groups revise their DUT mechanics to get optimal track pointing precision on the DUT





## **EUDET/AIDA** telescope demand over the years





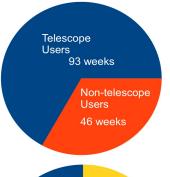


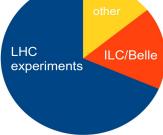
## 2013 – a good year at DESY TB

## (up to 3 telescopes simultaniously)



Top to bottom view on the EUDET telescope sensor fixtures with a DUT box mounted in between





In 2013

- 49 Calendar weeks
- 123 User weeks in total
- 7100 test beam hours
- 400 Users in total

DESY-II primary beam at 6.3 GeV

- high availability time (>99%)
- secondary e+/e- at 1-6 GeV
- rates 0.1-10 kHz

Test beam in 1 Testa Solenoid

- new telescope & DUT mechanics
- new DUT colling system
- over 20 weeks in B-field

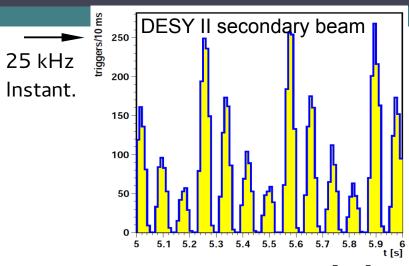
#### Many of results obtained at this test beam shown on this conference



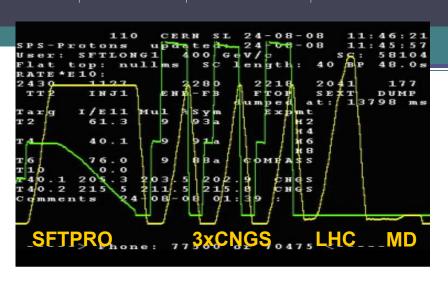
## Test Beams @ DESY, CERN, SLAC

## → the beam rate challenge

		Particle type	J 7 -	N particles per pulse	length, seconds	next pulse/bunch/spill
DESY II	LINAC primary secondaries	e (prim.) e+/e-	6.3 1-6	< 10 <sup>10</sup> < 10 <sup>3</sup>	eff~0.040 instant	0.080 (12.5 Hz) > 1 μs
CERN	PS East (T9) SPS North (H6)	e/hadrons/μ e/hadrons/μ	1 – 15 5 – 205	< 10 <sup>6</sup> < 10 <sup>8</sup>	0.400 4.9 – 9.6	33.6 14 - 48
SLAC	End Station A	e (prim.)	1-15	1 ÷ 10 <sup>10</sup>	instant	0.2 (5 to 10 Hz)



Beam structure only on [ms] scale



CERN SPS: Complex timing structure on [s] scale





## **EUDET Trigger Logic Unit (TLU)**

tells the DAQ systems that there was a particle passing through the detector active volume and issues a TRIGGER

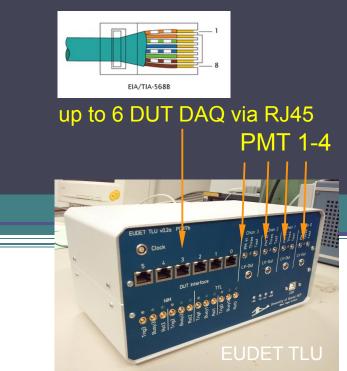
To ensure that no triggers are lost by the DAQ systems the EUDET TLU provides a handshake mechanism

every trigger is followed by a hardware 16 bit counter.

The EUDET TLU trigger interface has been performing well.... but we have reached the limits already,

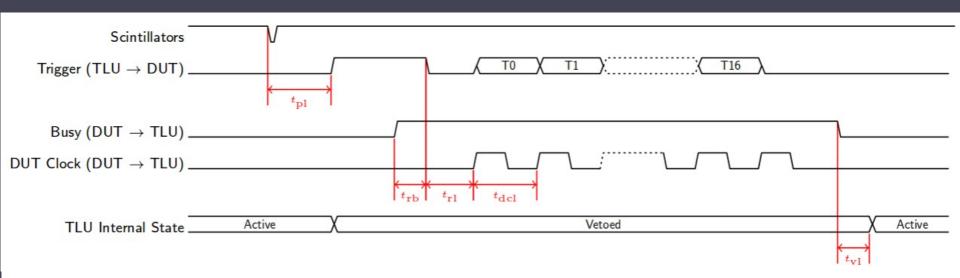
so we come to AIDA TLU.

Defined by design TLU-DUT protocol signals: Trigger, BUSY, CLOCK, RESET





#### EUDET Trigger Logic Unit (TLU) Trigger/BUSY handshake



#### **Signal processing** limitations:

- discriminator board ~ 800 ns [ and the PMT pile-up looks like a very long pulse ]
- TLU ↔ DUT full handshake >~ 1.6 μs

Overall in the final telescope setup  $\rightarrow$  < 100 kHz track rate [pulse generator tests]

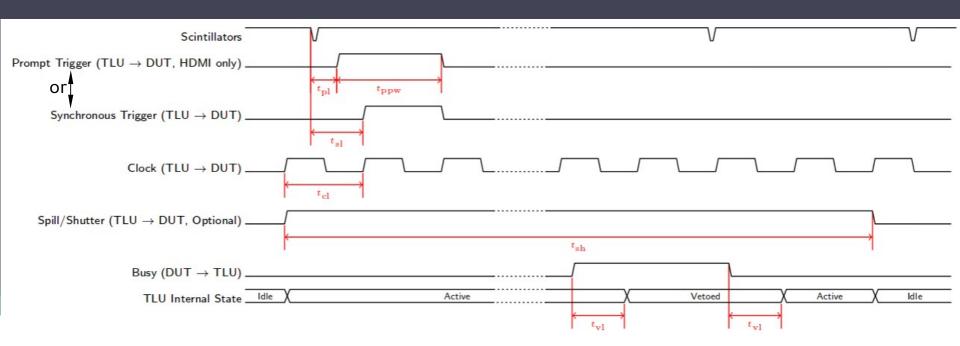
#### **System design** limitations:

 the DAQ system which keeps BUSY longest → becomes the telescope bottleneck [compared to LHC DAQ has to wait till the Mimosa DAQ becomes READY]





## AIDA Trigger Logic Unit (TLU) — no handshake more handles to test DUT DAQ efficiency as well



#### Different w.r.t. EUDET TLU:

**Synchronous** (shared clocks) interface

Higher rate discriminators ( ~ MHz count rate)

Timestamps on each scintillator input

- → Allows higher trigger rate
- → Threshold and constant-fraction
- → Thresholds remotely controllable.
- → More accurate timing.
- $\rightarrow$  Timestamp granularity increased 3.2  $\rightarrow$  0.8 ns



#### Sofware: DAQ and Offline reconstruction

#### Changes to the triggering scheme inevitably brings changes to

- 1) DAQ Software Architecture → EUDAQ 2.0
  - decentralized data storage (multiple files)
  - a list of trigger timestamps for every DAQ readout block
- 2) Track reconstruction
- → EUTelescope 1.0
- merging of data streams late → at the level of Pattern recognition
- fundamental changes to the reco: TGeo navigation between planes, General Broken Line tracking library (benefiting also from the built-in Millepede II interface for alignment)

more details in the backup slides and on the poster by Hanno Perrey "EUDAQ and EUTelescope: Software Frameworks for Test Beam Data Acquisition and Analysis"

Section: Experiments: 2a) Experiments & Upgrade





#### AIDA telescope extention: ATLAS FEI4 module and readout

## ATLAS FEI4 telescope arm (1-4 planes) provides

- flexible triggering → Region Of Interest (next slides) active area 16 x 20 μm²
- every pixel contains timing information @25 ns resolution FEI4 pixel size 50 X 250 μm²



#### A standalone FEI4 arm was tested as well

see T.Obermann Thesis BONN-IB-2012-14 "Development of a test beam telescope based on the ATLAS front end ASIC FE-I4"

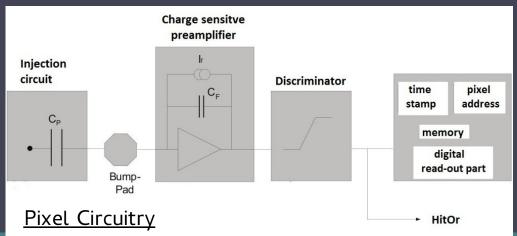




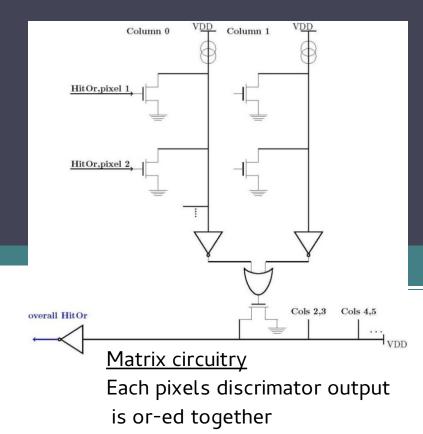
universität**bonr** 

ATLAS FEI4 based modules can be built into a telescope (arm) of it's own type as any other type of HEP detector: pixel or strip or other.

What extra functionality can FEI4 chip provide in test beam infrastructure?



- Constant (adjustable) current feedback pre-amp
- Discriminator with adjustable threshold
- Circuitry to measure Time over Threshold
- Analog and digital injection points for calibration



HitOr: Is high if one of the activated pixels sees a hit (low otherwise)

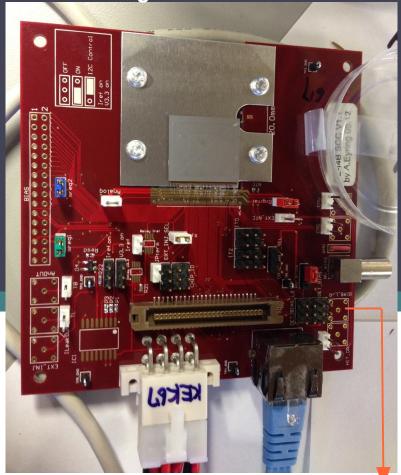
Length adjustable with threshold and feedback current





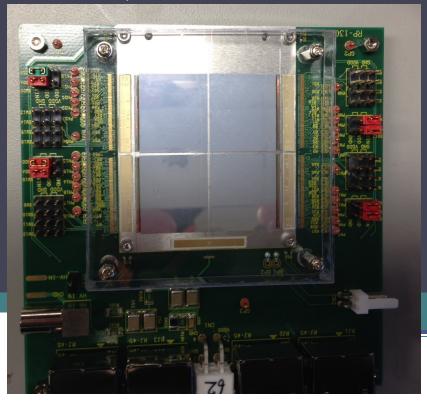
## EUDET/AIDA pixel beam telescope, FEI4 modules [SelfTriggered]

**Single FEI4 Module** 



LEMO HitOr signal (SelfTrigger) – if any pixel in the predefined mask is above threshold. Active area: **16.8x20 mm**<sup>2</sup>

**Quad FEI4 Module** 



Single sensor (4x size) + 4 FE-I4 on it

→ all DATA cables x4

The default PCB layout missing HitOr LEMO

→ redesign and production (IFAE, Bonn)
Active area: 33.6x40 mm<sup>2</sup>

Foto by Andy Blue from recent ATLAS PPS Testbeam @ SLAC





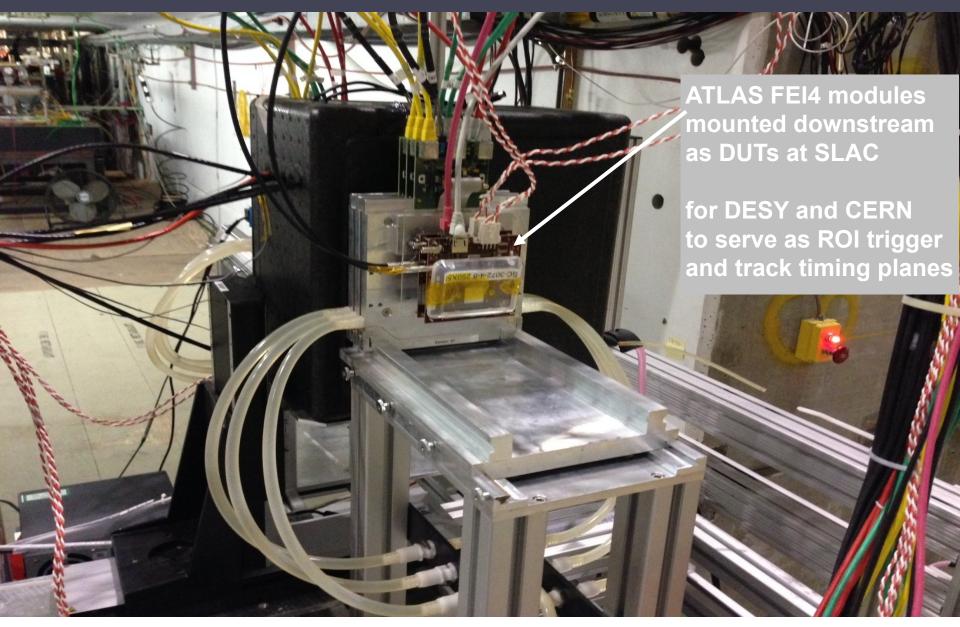
#### FEI4 as Region of Interest plane - Configurable Trigger window Config Map ÷ FEI4 module pixel mask - black area is SelfTrigger Enabled – the FEI4 SCC connected to the Set selected pixel to value 0 😩 TLU replacing one of the PMTs, Software tunable Trigger area Set all pixels → Region Of Interest (ROI) ROI col low: 150 🛨 79 💼 ROI col high: 200 🛨 Mimosa 26 .vs. FEI4 overlap and hitmaps EUDET Telescope Online-Monitor 1.0beta4 \_ 🗆 🕱 MIMOSA26 0 Raw Hitmap MIMOSA26 1 Raw Hitmap Entries 107072 Entries 108429 0 MIMOSA26 ±-- Sensor 0 500 500 120 ⊞- Sensor 1 160 <u>⊕</u> Sensor 2 400 140 100 ± - Sensor 3 120 800 300 100 ± Sensor 5 600 Correlations 200 ri- □ MIMOSA26 0 ⊞-- MIMOSA26 1 100 100 <u>+</u> ■ MIMOSA26 2

Turned out to be a very useful feature for small prototypes (few mm²) beam tests



⊞--∭MIMOSA26 3 ⊞--∭MIMOSA26 4 ∭Monitor Performance

## EUDET/AIDA pixel beam telescope, FEI4 modules



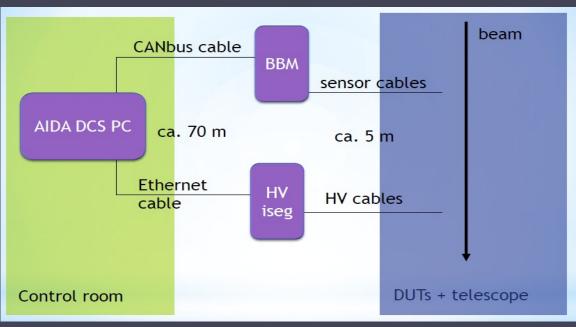




## Non-tracking AIDA telescope infrastructure



#### Additional AIDA Test beam infrastructure, DCS and CO2 cooling plant



#### AIDA DCS (by Wuppertal Uni):

- HV ISEG crate
  - → Software control
  - → up to 16 HV channels
- (new option HV & LV Wiener)
- BBM
- → temperature, humidity readout and logging with 10 second intervals [tunable]

Development goal (lead by NIKHEF, CERN): portable laboratory cooling unit

Cooling power 100 to 250 W

- Temperature range -40 to +20 C
- Turn key
- Very simple to operate "fridge like"

Traci-1 (ATLAS SR1 & R&D, LHCb R&D)

Traci-2 (Uni Ge, CMS R&D, KEK for ILC-TPC R&D) → Foto Traci-3 (AIDA) – commissioning in the next months







# The AIDA telescope to be commissioned in November 2014 (end of AIDA in January 2015)

- quad planes with Mimosa28 and FEI4
- TLU and EUDAQ coping with 1 MHz track rate

## What next?



## Looking forward to Horizon-2020 (AIDA-2)

#### AIDA-2 Transnational Access (TA) package

Work related to the CERN and DESY test beams.

Maintenance of the infrastructure that has been developed for test beam needs within EUDET/AIDA projects.

The AIDA telescope completion has been scheduled late in the AIDA project, there is no usage experience to identify the upgrade objectives (mainly for LAT sensitive planes, likely to be funded by other means)

Proposal being submitted ... now





#### Final remarks

The EUDET/AIDA telescope is in growing demand from the HEP community. The upgrades are driven by the community demands and efforts equally.

The EUDET telescope(s) will be upgraded to be capable of managing up to 1 MHz tracks / cm² (1 µm & 1 ns) which will make it into the AIDA telescope

→ tests at PS & SPS CERN from July to November 2014.

The Large Area Telescope arms (Mimosa28 and FEI4) are scheduled for November test beam at CERN SPS.

#### For more information please visit

- http://beam-telescopes.desy.de get updated on the hard- and software status
- poster session "EUDAQ and EUTelescope software" by H.Perrey
- workshop at DESY (next slide)



Workshop on "Beam Telesopes and Test beams for Detector R&D"

From: 30 June 2014

To: 02 July 2014

DESY Hamburg



Integration into existing and future telescopes

- Introduction to EUDET-family of telescopes and how to integrate
- The future AIDA pixel beam telescope
- Integration/usage by example: Telescope user's success stories

How to build your own beam telescope

Experience from EUDET, TimePix, CMS Pixel and others

Developments for a common infrastructure and available tools

- cooling, powering, remote control, monitoring, rapid prototyping

Features of and experiences with the different available beam lines

- DESY TB21-24, CERN, SLAC, low energy beams
- operating in Bfields: mechanical setup, cabling, alignment, tracking

Testbeam data analysis tools

Tracking and Alignment

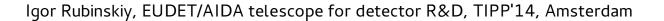
Examples of interesting/challenging integrations and testbeam data analyzes Simulation of pixel devices and their behavior in a testbeam

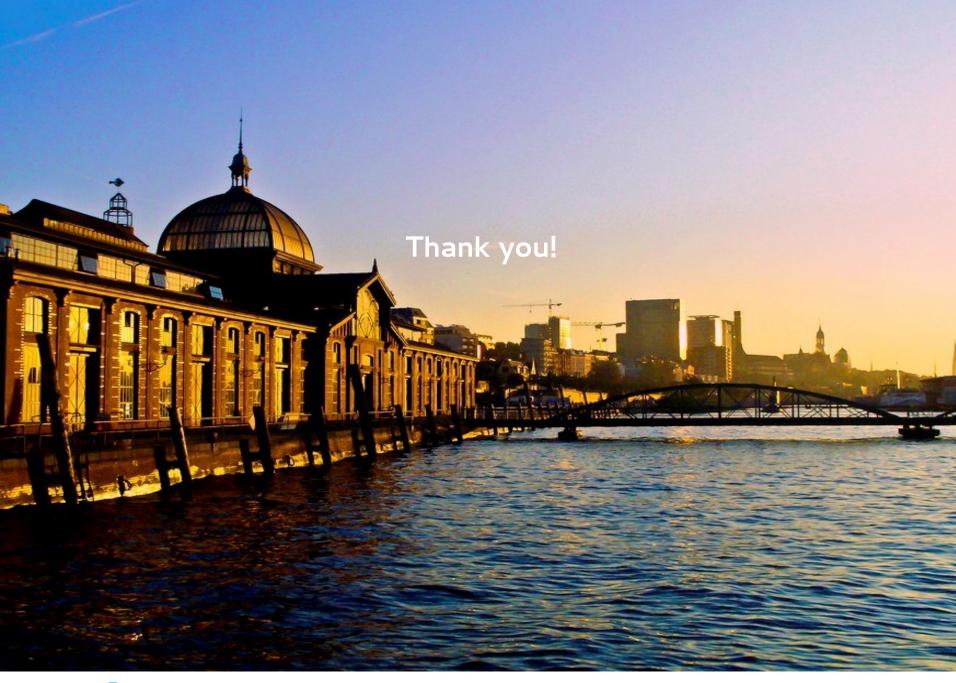
- TCAD, Geant4, ...
- alternative tools/write your own

#### **Tutorials**

- Data analysis with EUTelescope
- Alignment Tips and Tricks
- other tools









## TIPP`14 poster session

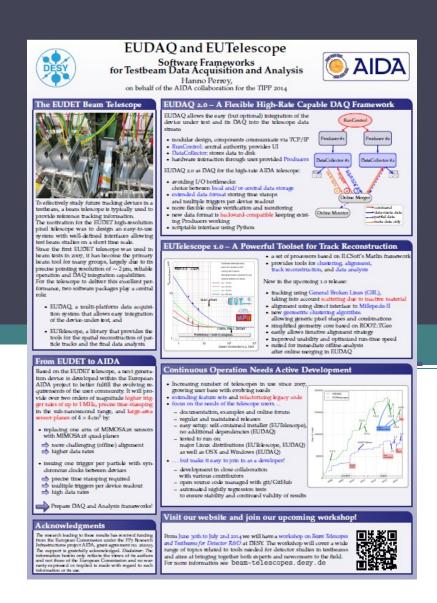
**EUDET/AIDA** software overview

more details are given on the poster by Hanno Perrey "EUDAQ and EUTelescope: Software Frameworks for Test Beam Data Acquisition and Analysis"

Section:

Experiments: 2a) Experiments & Upgrade

more on the transition from EUDET to AIDA on next few slides





## ... pixel beam telescope = R&D Tracker, DAQ

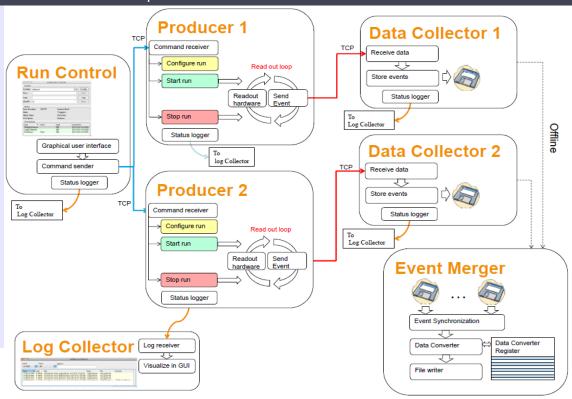
https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/pub/MimosaTelescope/EUDAQ/EUDET-Memo-2010-01.pdf

#### EUDET 1.0 DAQ shared library and binaries

- Windows 7 (MSVS, default), Linux, MacOS
- an integration layer for other DAQ systems
- Modular design, communication over TCP/IP RunControl: central authority, provides UI DataCollector: stores data to disk Producers engage DUT DAQ
- bottlenecks:
  - single central data collector (DC)
  - One Trigger by definition is
    - → one Producer Event → DC Event
  - Online Monitoring for every event

EUDAQ 1.0





#### **EUDAQ 2.0**

DAQ for the high-rate AIDA telescope:

bottlenecks being sorted out:

- optionality → local and/or central data storage
- extended data format storing time stamps [DUT DAQ]
- backward-compatible to EUDAQ 1.0
- multiple triggers per device readout [AIDA TLU]
- more flexible online verification and monitoring

New Producer Interface (scriptable, Python)

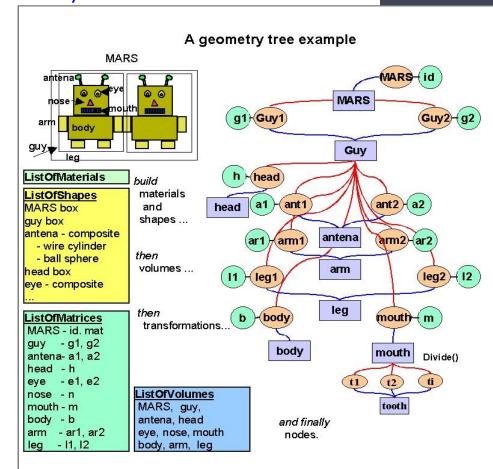




## ... pixel beam telescope $\equiv$ R&D Tracker, Offline Software 1/2

#### Reconstruction Software **EUTelescope** highlights

- based on ILCSoft/Marlin framework and LCIO data format
- generic implementation of data processing: clustering, alignment, tracking
- new implementation of the telescope geometry
  - relies on ROOT::TGeo as major construction block and benefits from built-in methods:
- new generic clustering algorithm
  - (TGeo neighbor search)
  - allowing generic pixel shapes
- navigation from one volume to next one:
  - fetch next volume ID by global 3D point coordinate
  - Track incidence with next volume surface.
  - Track direction tilt to the volume surface
- coordinate system transformation
  - Global frame 
     ↔ Local Measurement





## ... pixel beam telescope $\equiv$ R&D Tracker, Offline Software 2/2

Reconstruction Software highlights (continues)

- General Broken Lines (GBL) for tracking and alignment via Millepede-II
  - implementation benefits a lot from new Geometry model
  - with new Geometry accurate description of all inactive material
    - more realistic Chi2 of the tracks for low energy beam
    - XO map of the DUT

The result of the track fit now is a collection of track points (hits) on every scattering plane. Every track point contains X,Y (local, module frame) and incidence angle to the volume surface normal

> → basically this is all we want to know about a track at DUT surface to match Cluster info.

Free way towards grazing angle test beams (high interest from RD50, ATLAS)

Couple more items on the test beam infrastructure:

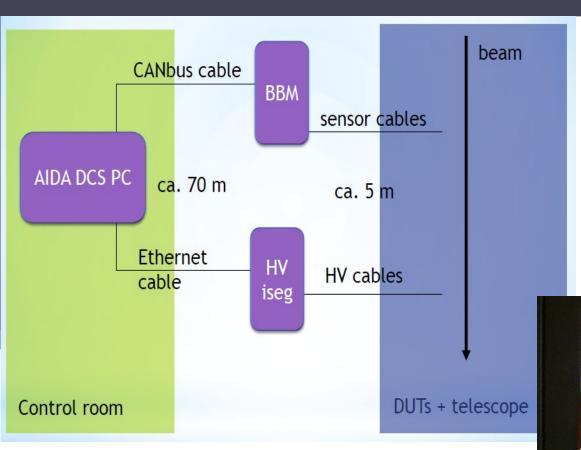
Common DCS (Power, Climate control)

CO2 Cooling plant





## EUDET/AIDA pixel beam telescope, AIDA DCS system



AIDA DCS:

- HV ISEG crate
  - → Software control
  - → up to 16 HV channels
- BBM (by Wuppertal Uni)
- → temperature, humidity readout and logging with 10 second intervals [tunable]

A copy of the system prepared for ATLAS with both HV and LV powering modules and DIM Software Module for Remote Control (operational at SLAC)

→ can control and readout via a script(!)





AIDA DCS

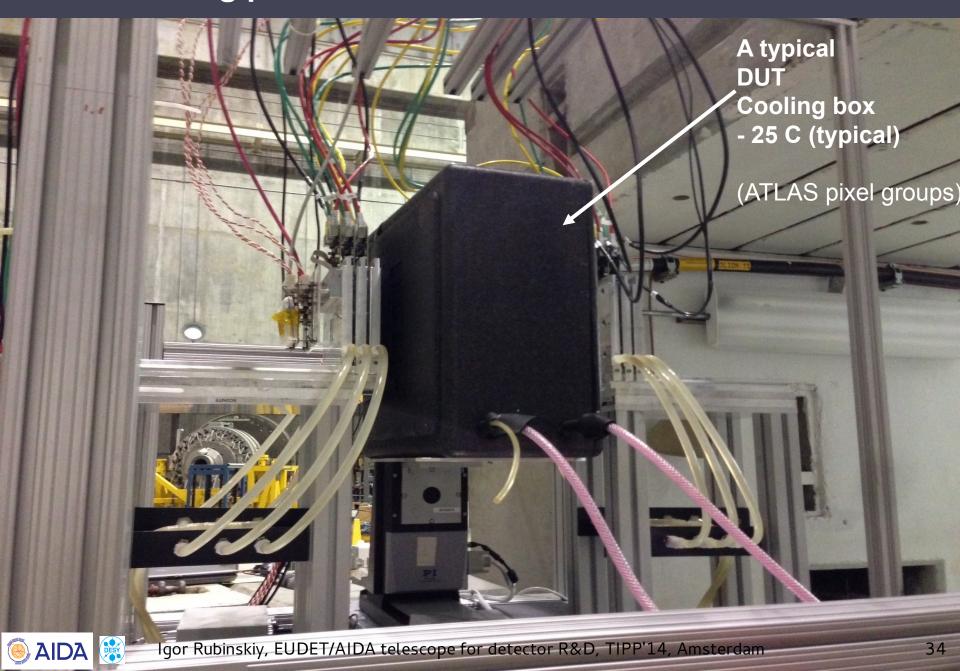
Couple more items on the test beam infrastructure:

Common DCS (Power, Climate control)

CO2 Cooling plant



## AIDA cooling plant as test beam infrastructure



## AIDA cooling plant as test beam infrastructure

#### Development goal:

Portable laboratory cooling unit

- Cooling power 100 to 250 W
- Temperature range -40 to +20 C
- Turn key
- Very simple to operate "fridge like"

Lead:





New partners:









## Traci overview (cooling with CO<sub>2</sub>)

Traci-1 (ATLAS SR1 & R&D, LHCb R&D)
Traci-2 (Uni Ge, CMS R&D, KEK for ILC-TPC R&D) → Foto

Traci-3 (AIDA) – commissioning in the next months

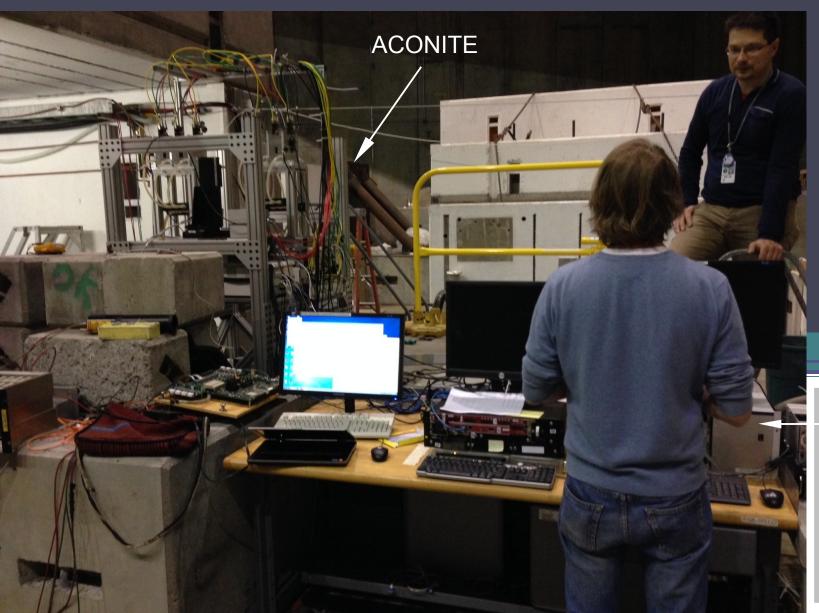
- prototyping prototype, improved control system
- Improvements will be made towards serial production
- Focus on improved pumping concept (also smaller)







## Setting up in the End Station A hall (test beam area)



**ACONITE** copy of the AIDA DCS system:

- HV, LV
- temp,
- humidity





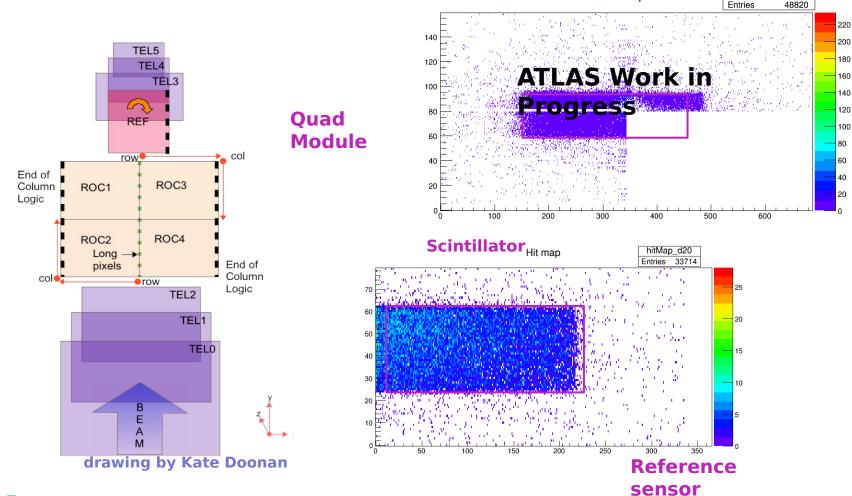
hitMap d21

Hit map

## **DESY** testbeam

Trigger is from a scintillator attached to 1st telescope plane

- Only a fraction of coverage of 1 CMOS chip





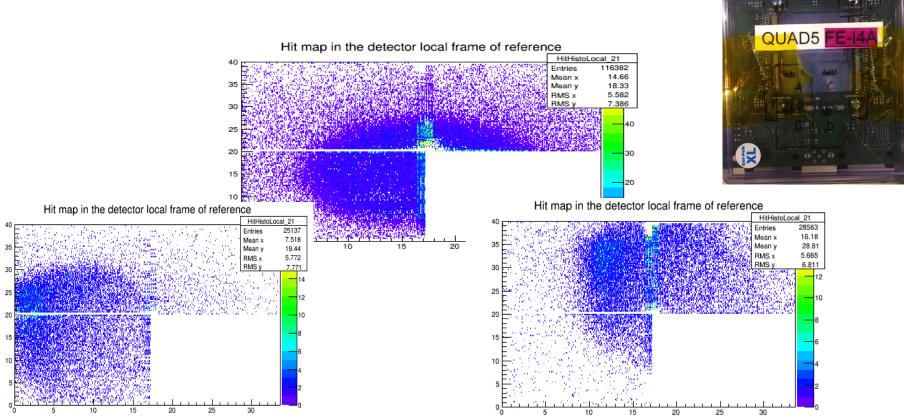


## SLAC QuadFEI4 test beam

#### 3 different positions of interest

- Use automated stage to change position of beam





However, due to beam pulse structure – no clear telescope print is seen in the DUT alone plots



