

Top quark production with N-jets and jet veto with the ATLAS detector at LHC

Outline

- **Why top quark +Njets?**
- **Gap fraction measurements**
- **New jet multiplicity & p_T measurements**
- **$t\bar{t}$ +heavy flavour measurement**
- **Conclusions**

*IPPP Topical Workshop on Jet
vetoes and multiplicity observables
IPPP Durham
16th-18th July 2014*

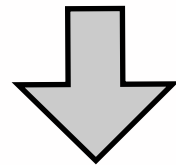
Francesco Spanò



(On behalf of the ATLAS collaboration)

Why top quark plus jets?

- **Production of top quark plus additional jets**
 - ▶ is **sensitive to higher order pQCD** effects and a variety of energy scales
 - ▶ implies a **significant source of uncertainty in top quark precision measurement** such as m_{top} , top pair production cross section, spin correlation between top quarks, charge asymmetry
 - ▶ is a significant **background to Higgs boson** production ($t\bar{t}H$) and **new physics like supersymmetry** cascades of squarks and gluinos



Explored through measurements of differential and inclusive cross sections using data collected by ATLAS in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

$$d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dN_{\text{jets}}$$

jet multiplicity

$$d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dp_{T,\text{jets}}$$

p_T of
 p_T -ordered jets

$$1/\sigma_{t\bar{t}} d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dQ_x$$

Q_0 (Q_{sum}) = (sum of) p_T of additional jet(s)
required for event selection

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}+\text{Heavy flavours}}$$

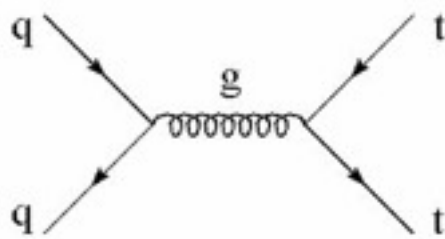
Top quark pairs @ LHC: inclusive production

pp collisions

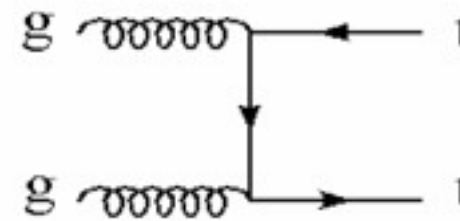
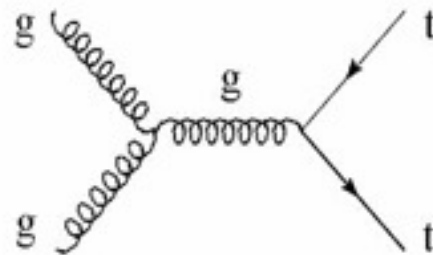
probing lower x than Tevatron →
(abundant) gluon fusion dominated

	Tevatron	LHC(7)	LHC(14)
gg	~10%	~ 85%	~90%
qq	~90%	~ 15%	~10%

qq annihilation



gluon fusion



At Tevatron

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} \sim 7 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_t \sim 3.5 \text{ pb}$$

Czakon, Mitov, Fiedler 2013

NNLO+NNLL accuracy
 $m_{top} = 172.5$

$\delta\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/\sigma_{t\bar{t}} \sim 4\%$

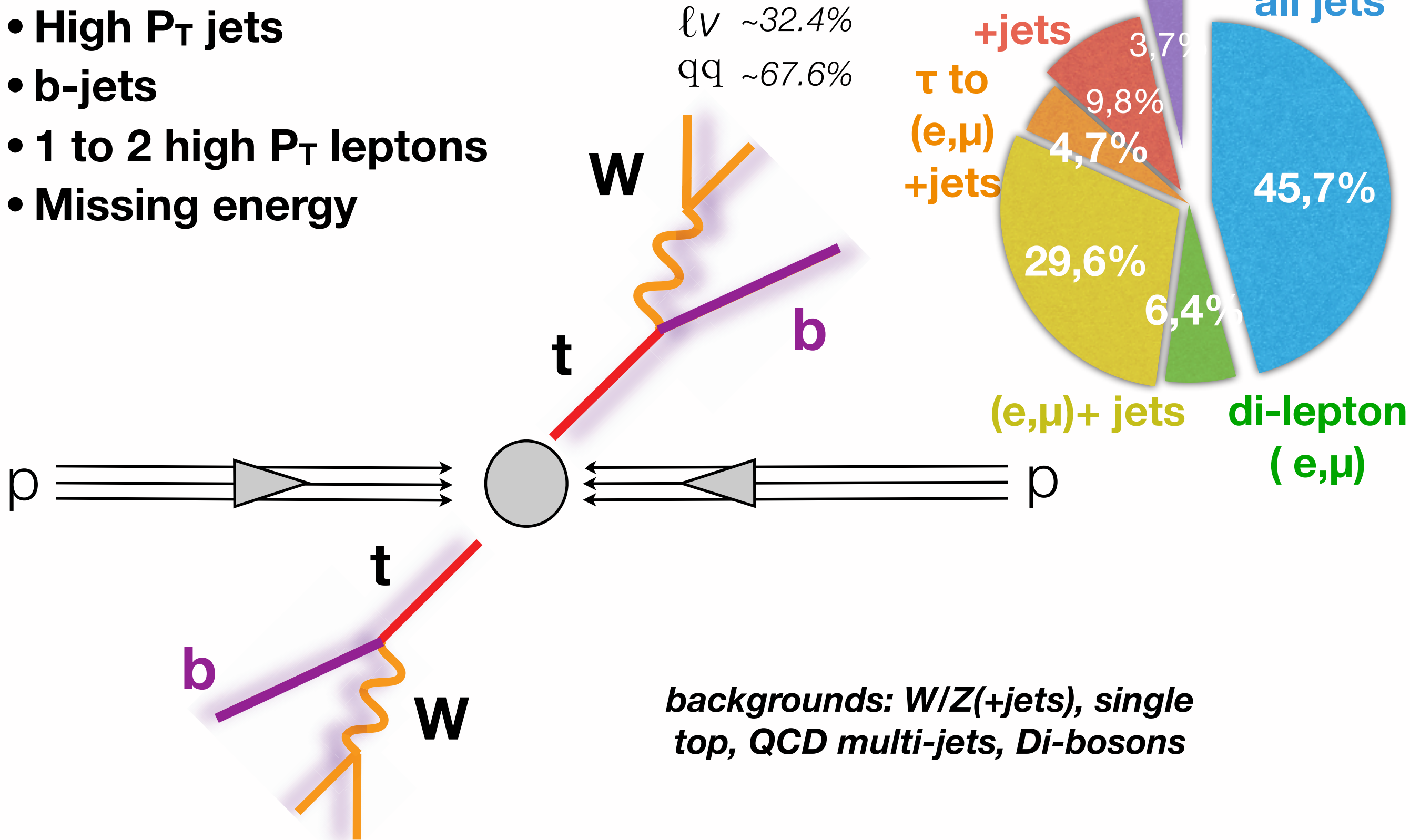
$\sigma_{7\text{TeV}} \text{ (pb)}$	$172^{+4.4}_{-5.8} {}^{+4.7}_{-4.8}$
$\sigma_{8\text{TeV}} \text{ (pb)}$	$245^{+6.2}_{-8.4} {}^{+6.2}_{-6.4}$



~0.96 M (~5.4M) $t\bar{t}$ events produced by LHC in 2011 (2012)

Top quark decay: signatures

- High P_T jets
- b-jets
- 1 to 2 high P_T leptons
- Missing energy



Differential *Jet activity*: dilepton $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

lepton p_T

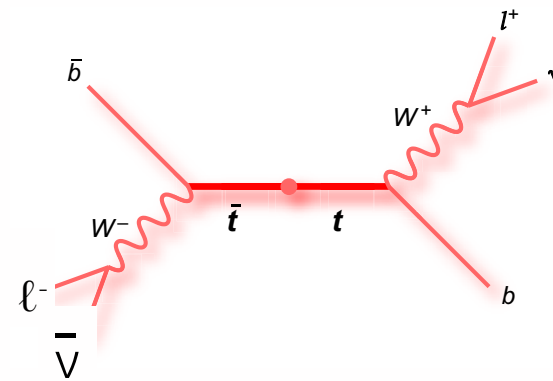
Eur. Phys. J. C72 (2012) 2043

$\int L dt = 2.05 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)

- Require 2 **opposite sign leptons**, ≥ 2 **b-tag jets**

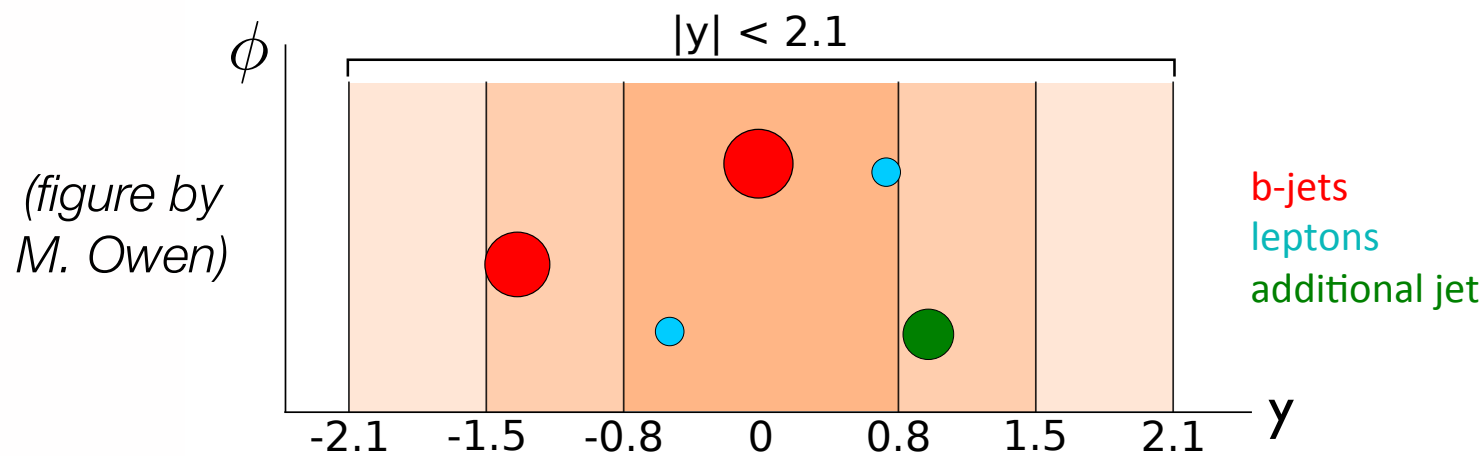
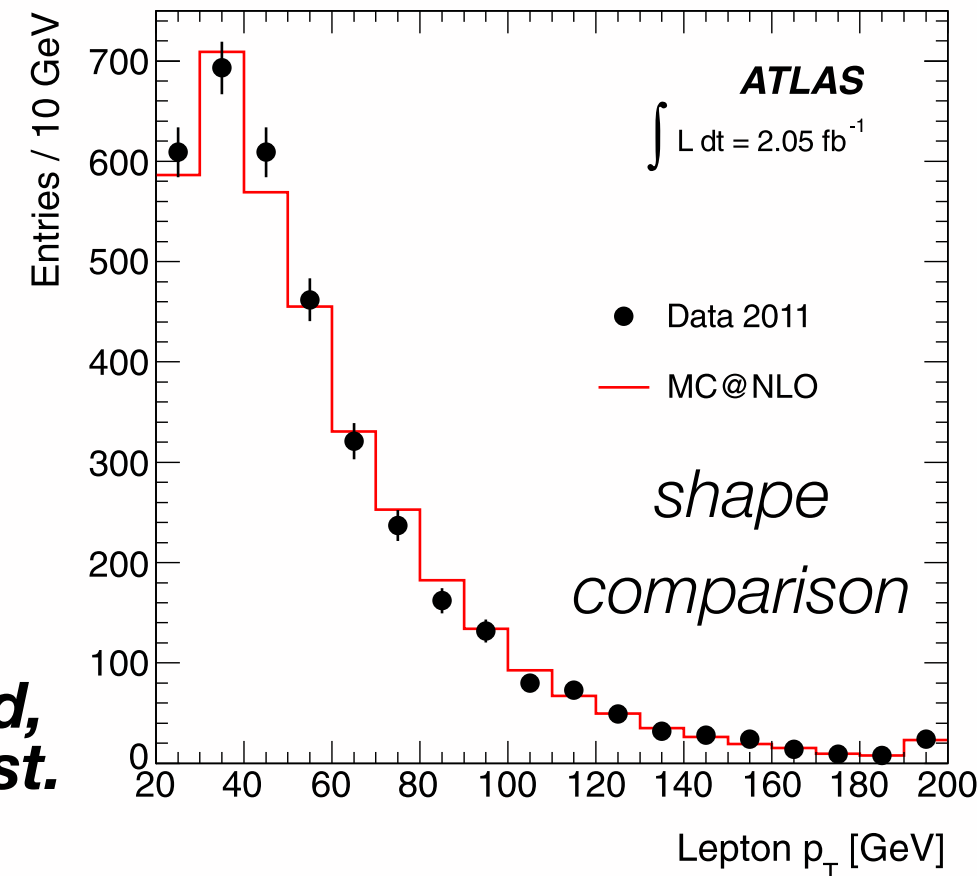
- veto low $M(\ell\ell)$ (< 15 GeV)

- $ee, \mu\mu$: high E_T^{miss} cut & $M(\ell\ell) \neq m_Z$,
 $e\mu$: high $H_T = \sum_{\text{jets, leptons}} p_T > 130$ GeV

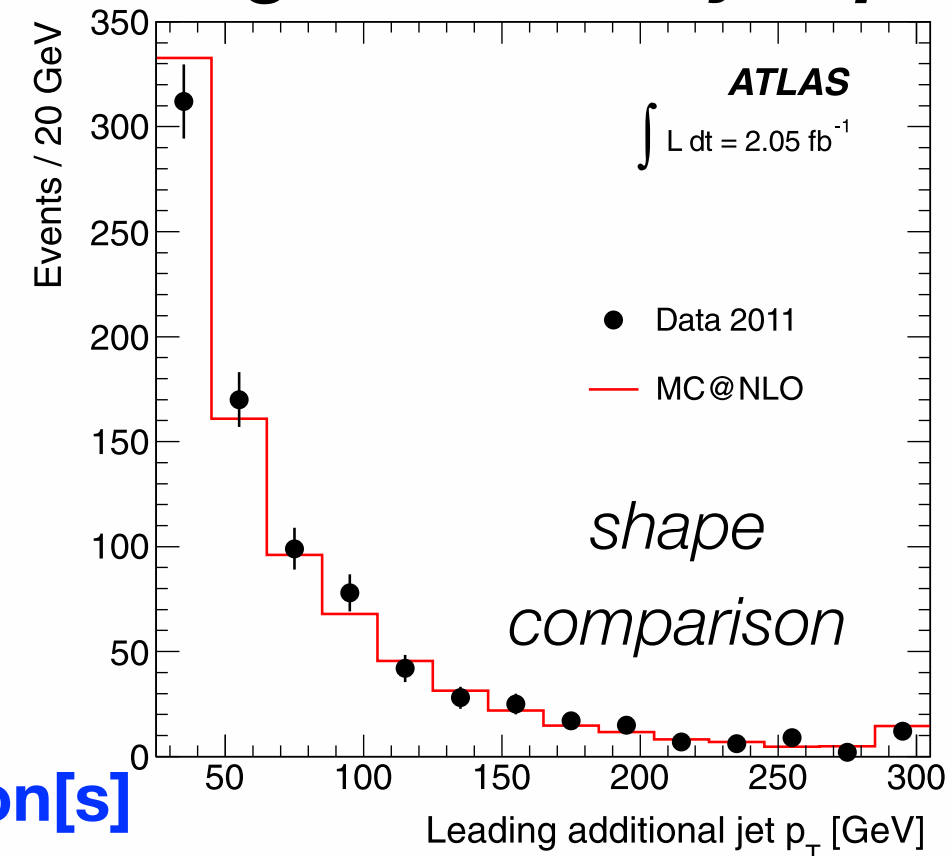


- Bkg (<6%)**: single top (Wt) Z+jets, diboson (from simul.), data-driven fake leptons (loose/tight matrix method)

➔ **Not subtracted, included in syst.**



leading additional jet p_T



- Derive: fraction of selected N_{ev} with**

- ▶ **no additional (to 2 b-tag) jet with $p_T > Q_0$: $f(Q_0)$**

- ▶ **$\sum_{\text{additional jets}} p_T < Q_{\text{sum}}$ in given y interval: $f(Q_{\text{sum}})$**

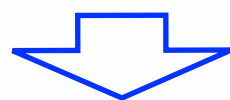
- $f(Q_0)$ [$f(Q_{\text{sum}})$]: sensitive to the leading [all] p_T emission[s]**

Differential Jet activity : dilepton $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

Eur. Phys. J. C72 (2012) 2043

$\int L dt = 2.05 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)

- **Correct $f(Q_x)$ to fiducial phase space with correction factors from simulation** \rightarrow corrected gap fraction $= 1/\sigma_{tt} d\sigma_{tt}/dQ_x$
 $X=\{0, \text{sum}\}$

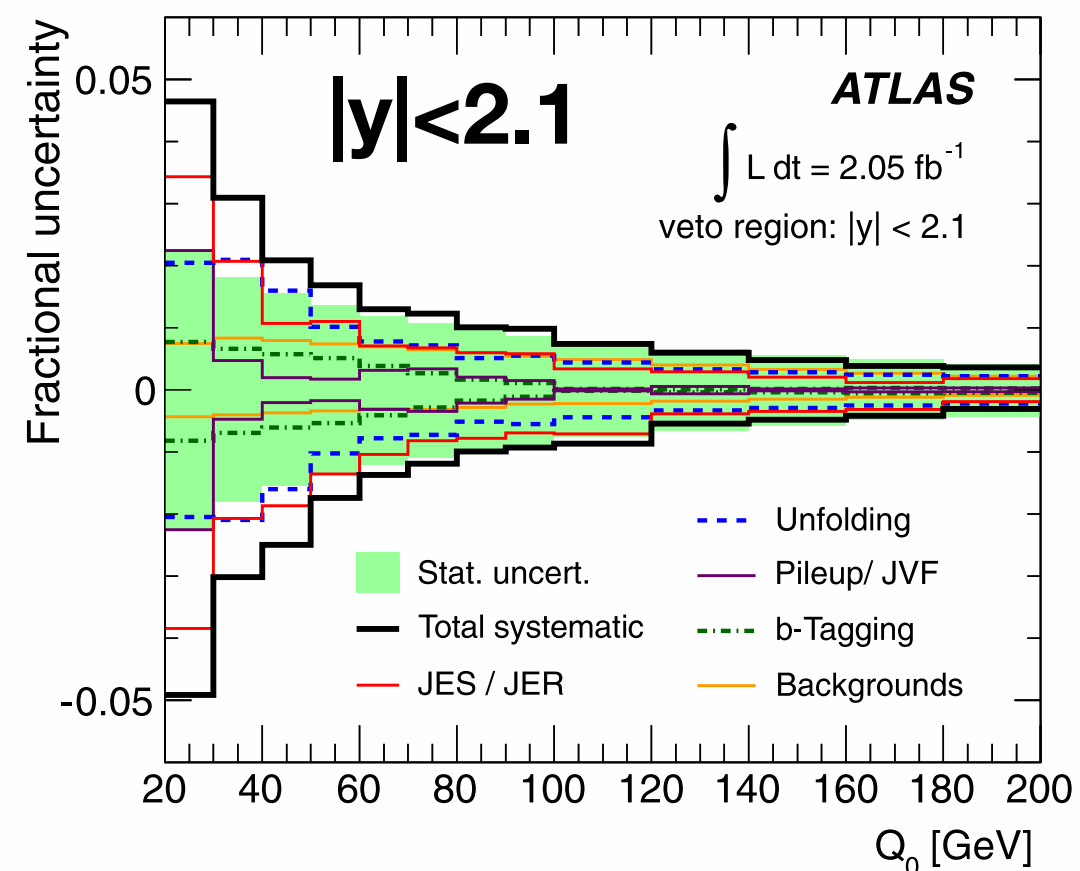
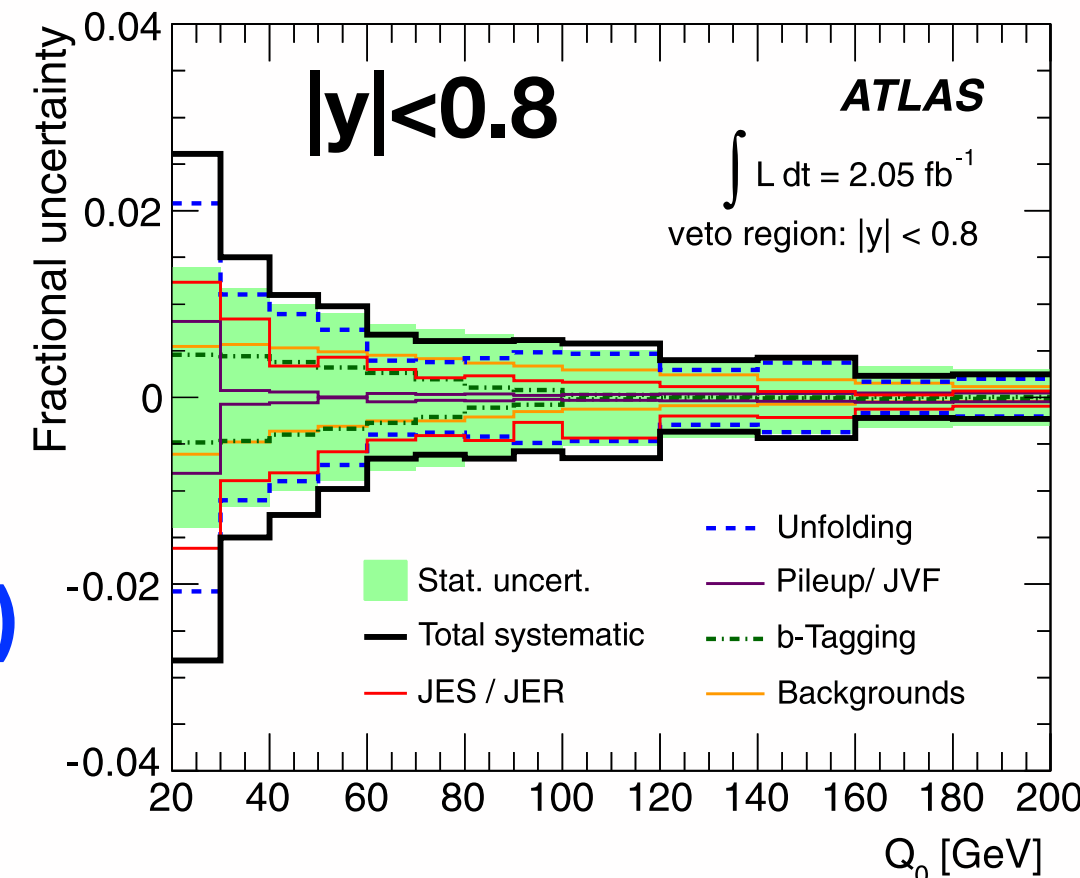


$$f^{\text{corr}}(Q_x) = f^{\text{particle, sim}}(Q_x) / f^{\text{reco, sim}}(Q_x) \cdot f^{\text{meas}}(Q_x)$$

from MC@NLO+HW

- ▶ **fiducial PL volume: in MC events** apply \sim reco cuts to (stable) **particle** jets, to truth e, μ, ν , from W in top decay, b -tag: spatial match of jet to B -hadron

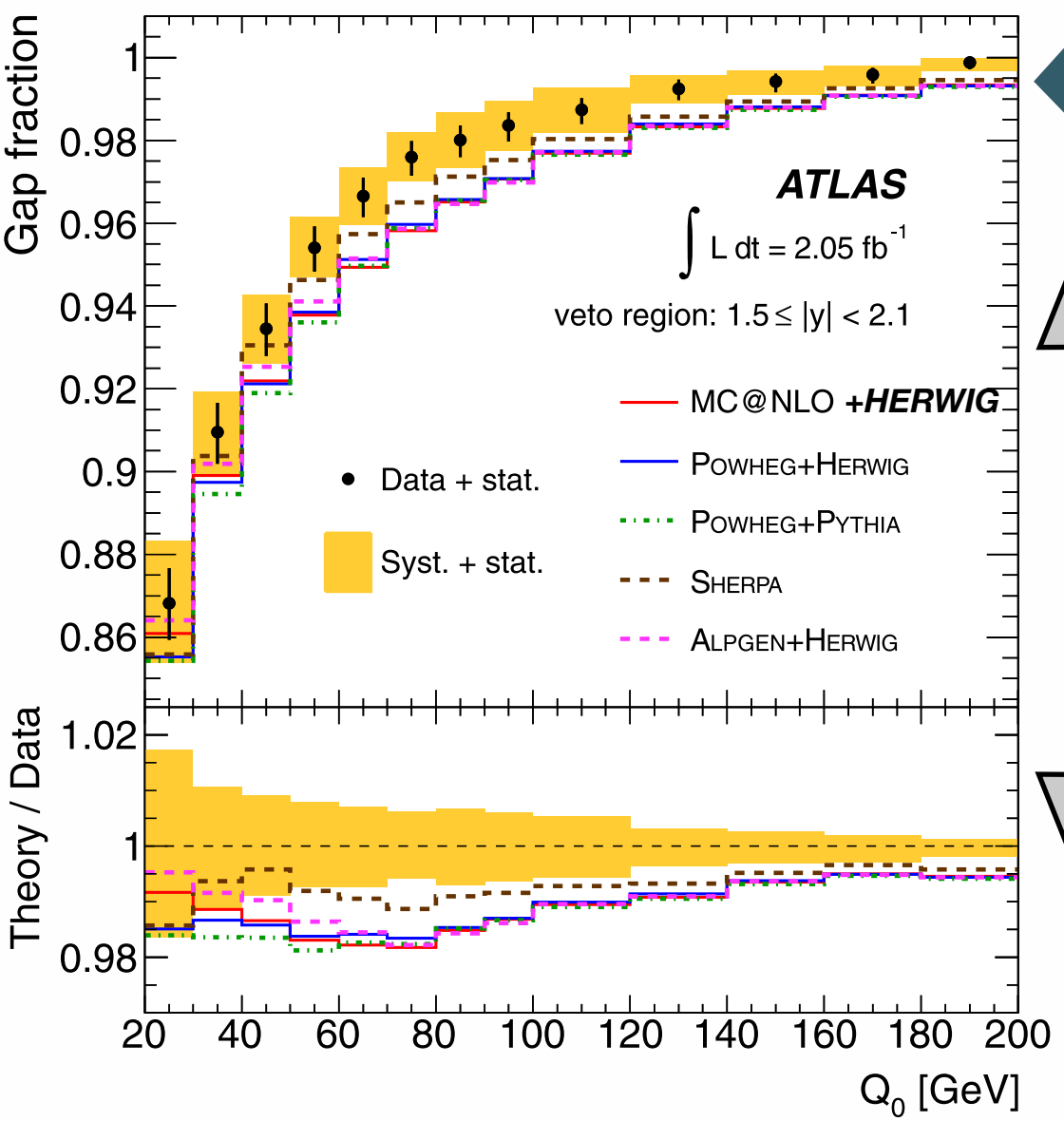
- **Syst dominated for $Q_x < 60$ GeV**, stat \sim syst : **JES+JER** $\sim 1.5\%$ to 3.5% , slightly larger for Q_{sum}



• Measure gap fractions $f(Q_x)$ $X=\{0, \text{sum}\}$ in four rapidity regions

- $|y| < 0.8$; $0.8 < |y| < 1.5$; $1.5 < |y| < 2$; $|y| < 2.1$

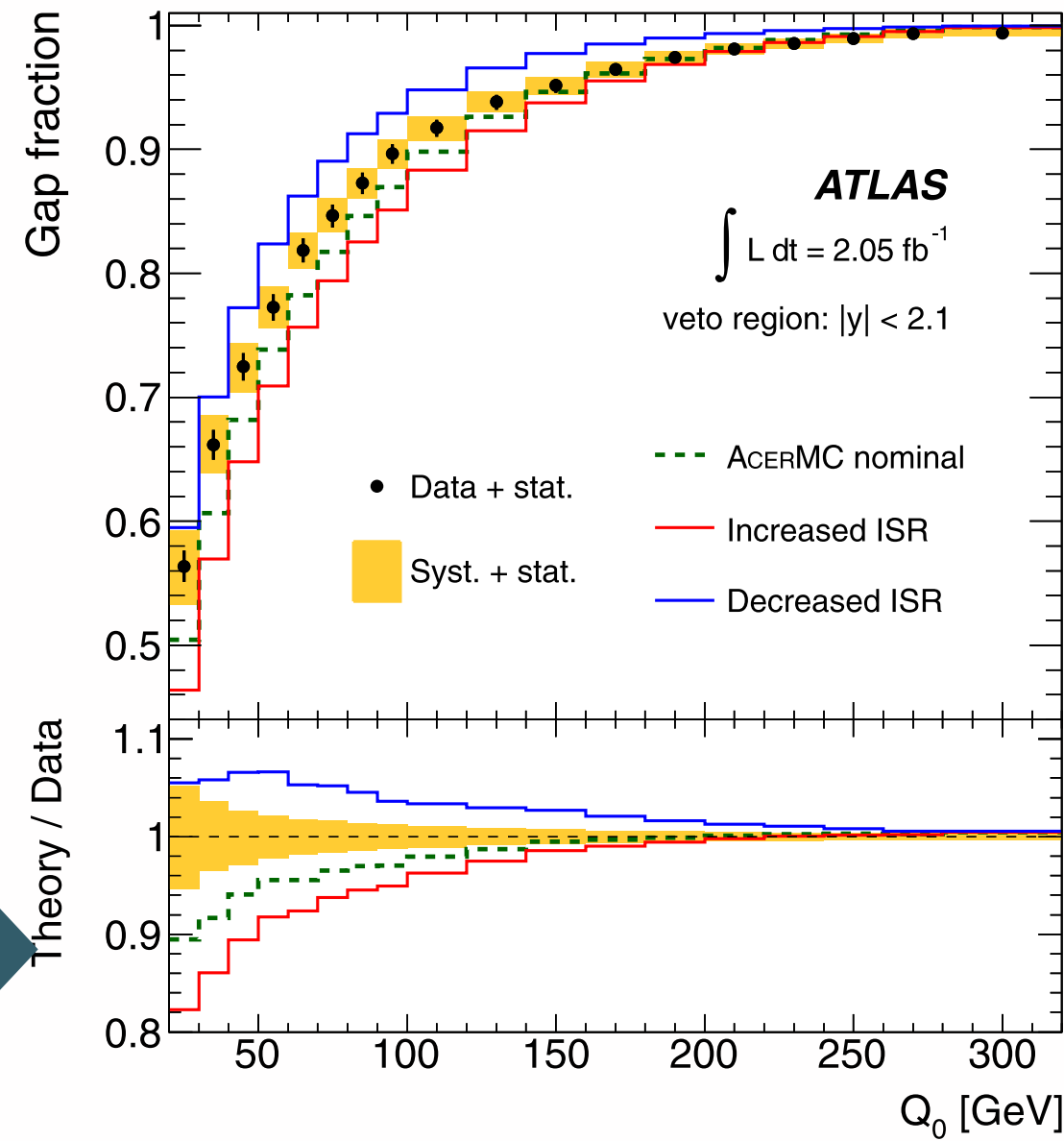
Analysis available in RIVET



• Too much jet activity in $1.5 < |y| < 2.1$ for all generators (LO, NLO)

• MC@NLO: too little jet activity in $|y| < 0.8$

less jet activity
 more jet activity: less events pass veto



• ACER+PYTHIA with more/less ISR: too large variation w.r.t. data → reduction in model uncertainty

generate

$t\bar{t}$ predictions

shower + hadronize
Underlying event tune

LO $t\bar{t}$

ACER MC PDF: CTEQ6L1



PYTHIA
Perugia2011C

- with variations of ISR/FSR parameters to bracket f_{gap}

LO $t\bar{t}$ +partons

ALPGEN

PDF: CTEQ6L1

PDF: CTEQ5L



HERWIG
AUET2
PYTHIA

- Merge **LO** Matrix element (ME) for $t\bar{t}$ + up to **5 light partons**, MLM-matched to Parton Shower (PS)
- **LO** ME for exclusive $t\bar{t}+b\bar{b}$ and $t\bar{t}+c\bar{c}$
- Merge light + heavy (angular removal of overlapping events)
- **Generate events with 1) α_s variations (change reno scale) in ME only and 2) coherent α_s variations in ME and PS**

Perugia2011 +tunes for α_s
up and down variations

NLO $t\bar{t}$

MC@NLO

PDF: CT10

POWHEG



HERWIG AUET2
HERWIG PYTHIA
AUET2 Perugia2011C
AUET2B

- **NLO** for $t\bar{t}$; **LO** for $t\bar{t}+1$, ~leading log for $t\bar{t} + >1$ parton

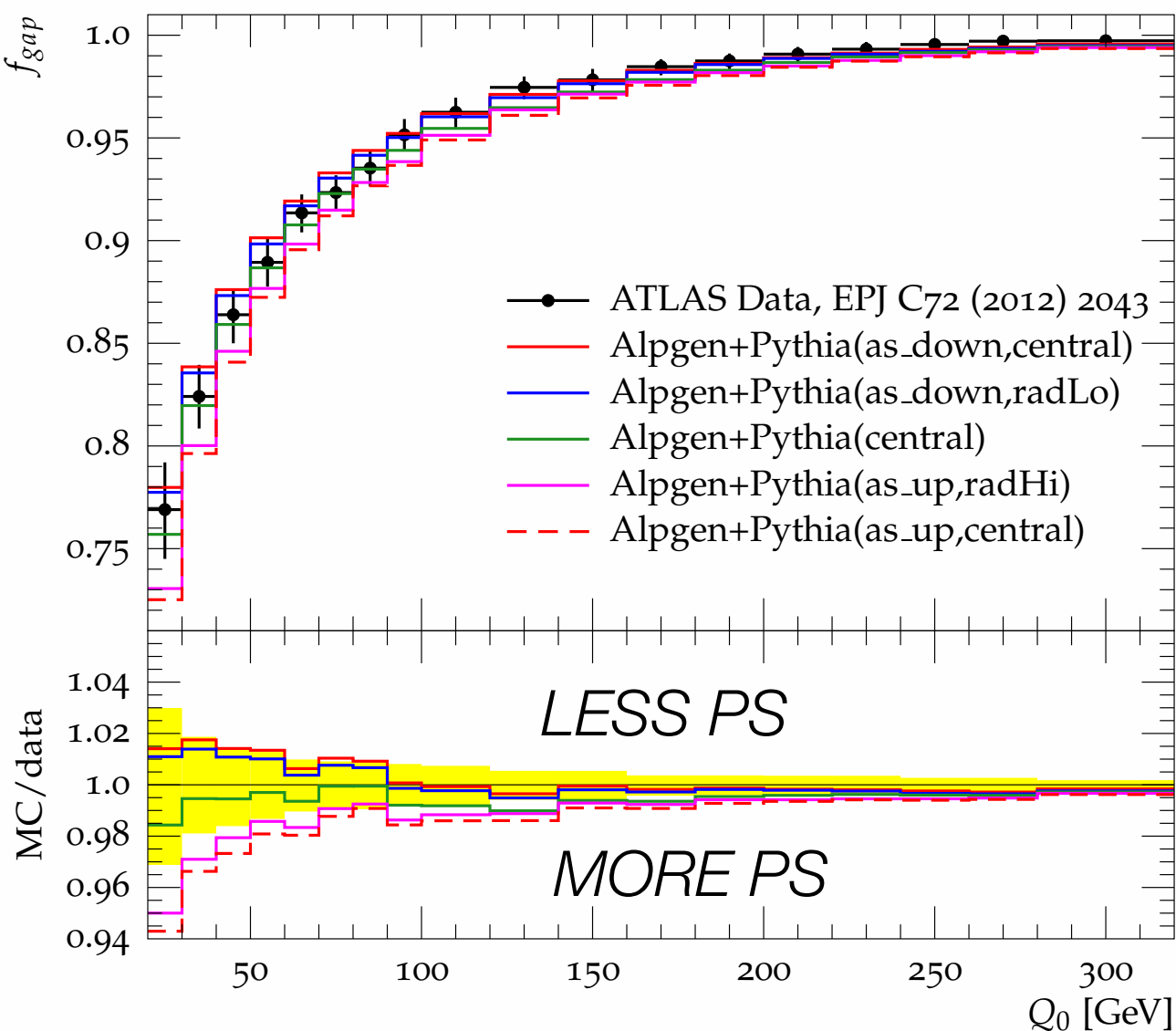
Differential *Jet activity* : dilepton $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

$$\int L dt = 2.05 \text{ fb}^{-1} (2011)$$

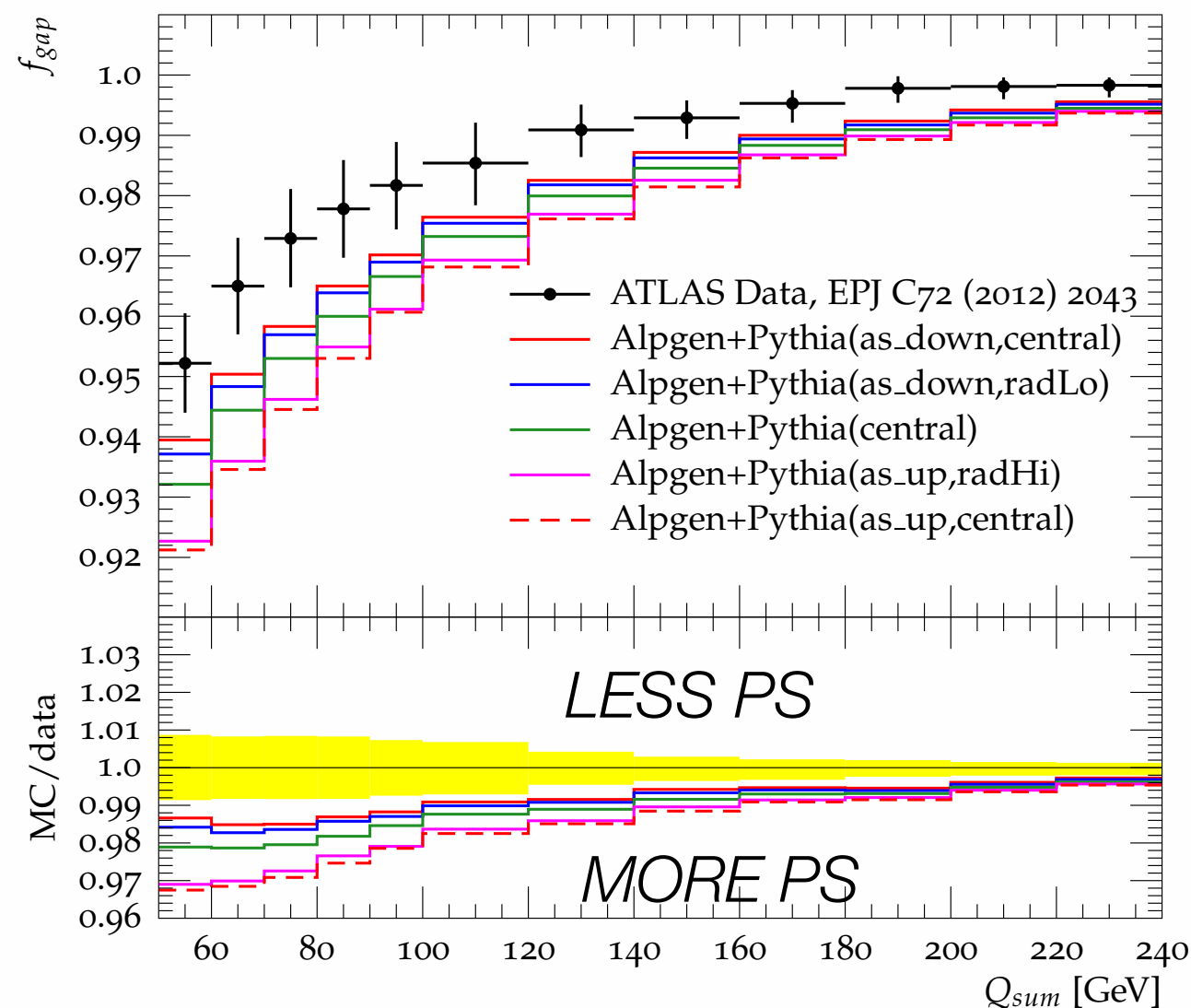
ATL-PHYS-PUB-2013-005

- Compare different radiation scenarios for gap fraction measurements \rightarrow tune models, constrain systematic uncertainties

Gap fraction vs. Q_0 for veto region: $|y| < 0.8$



Gap fraction vs. Q_{sum} for veto region: $1.5 < |y| < 2.1$



- ALPGEN+PYTHIA with **more** (ME only, ME+PS) and **less** (ME only, ME+PS) radiation **bracket the data**, **nominal** is consistent
- Forward region: radiation is overestimated, particularly by **more** (ME only, ME+PS) radiation

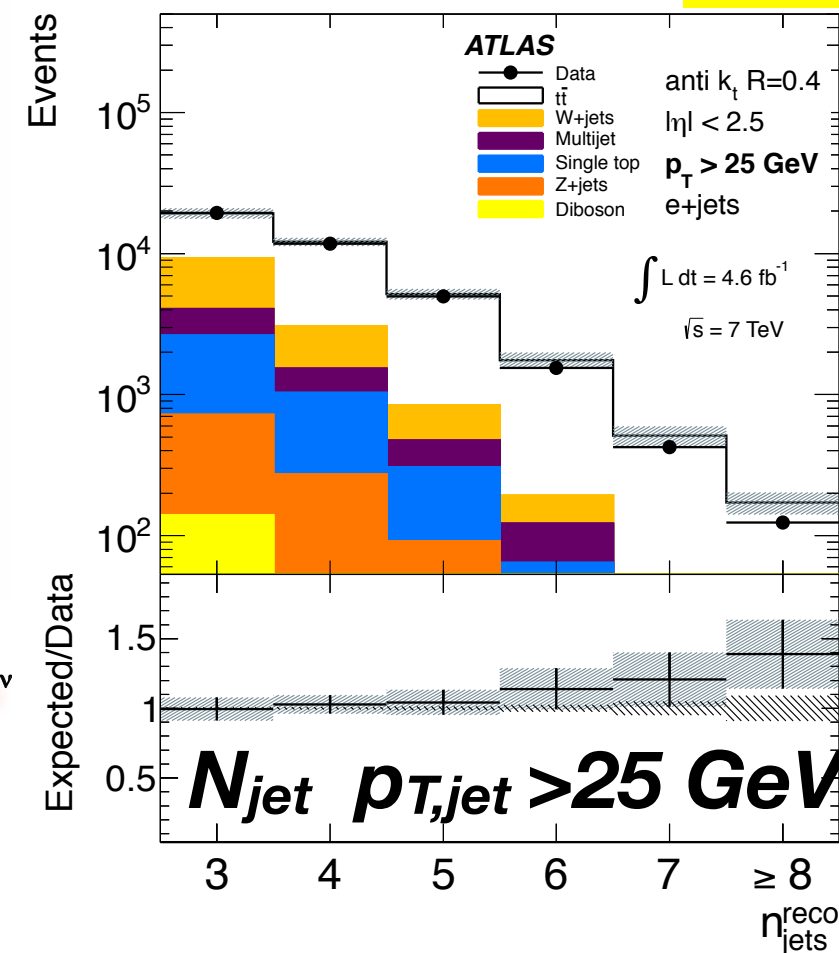
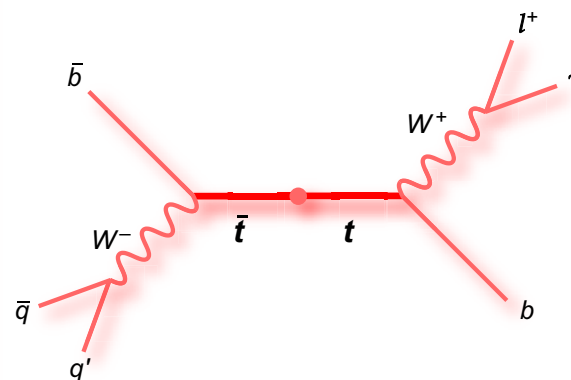
Differential $d\sigma_{tt}/dN_{jets}$ and $d\sigma_{tt}/dp_{T,jets}$ - l+jets $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

NEW!

$\int L dt = 4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)

<http://arxiv.org/abs/1407.0891>,
submitted to JHEP

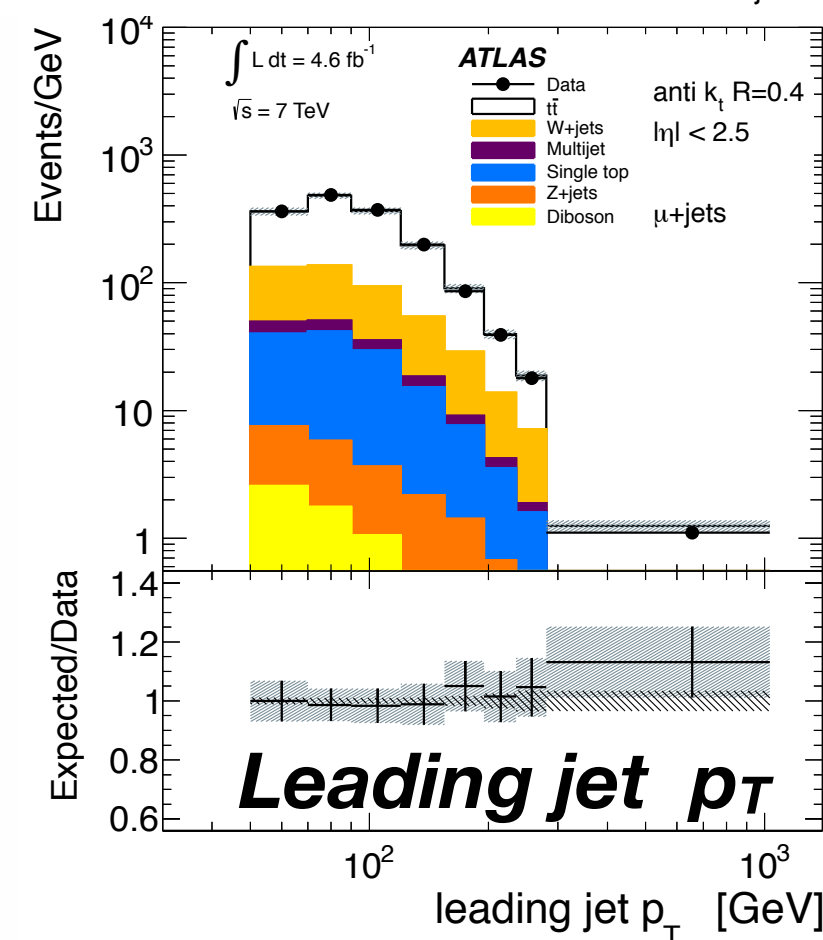
- 1 isolated (e, μ), symmetric E_T^{miss} and m_T^W cuts, ≥ 3 central jets, ≥ 1 b-tag
- $\Delta R(\text{jet}, \text{jet}) > 0.5$ for all jet pairs
- For jet p_T studies, leading (2nd leading) jet $p_T > 50$ (35) GeV \rightarrow reduce uncertainties in corrections for jet ordering



- **Data-driven W+jets** (normalize pre-tag with W^+/W^- asymmetry, extrapol. b-tag prob from 2-jet-bin) **fake lep.** (loose/tight matrix method), **single top, dibosons, Z+jets** (from sim.)

- **Count N_{jet}** with $p_T > 25, 40, 60, 80$ GeV
- **Derive p_T** distribution for p_T -ordered 1st to 5th jet

$$* m_T(W) = \sqrt{2p_T(\ell)E_T^{\text{miss}} [1 - \cos \Delta\phi(\ell, E_T^{\text{miss}})]}$$



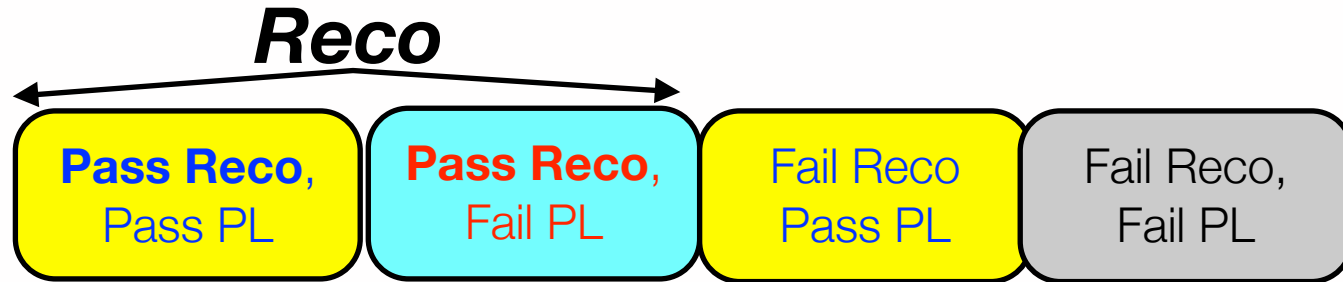
Differential $d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dN_{jets}$ and $d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dp_{T,jets}$ - $t\bar{t}+jets$ $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV **NEW!**

- Unfold $d(N-N_{bkg})/dN_{jets}$ and $d(N-N_{bkg})/dp_{T,j}$ to final-state specific fiducial particle level (PL) volume + scale with lumi $\rightarrow d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dN_{jets}, d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dp_{T,jets}$

from POWHEG+PYTHIA

$$N_i^{corr} = f_{part!rec} \sum_j M_{rec,j}^{part,i} f_{mis} f_{rec!part} f_{acc,j} (N - N_{bkg})_j$$

jet p_T ordering migration (only for p_T)
particle to reco migration (iterative unfolding)

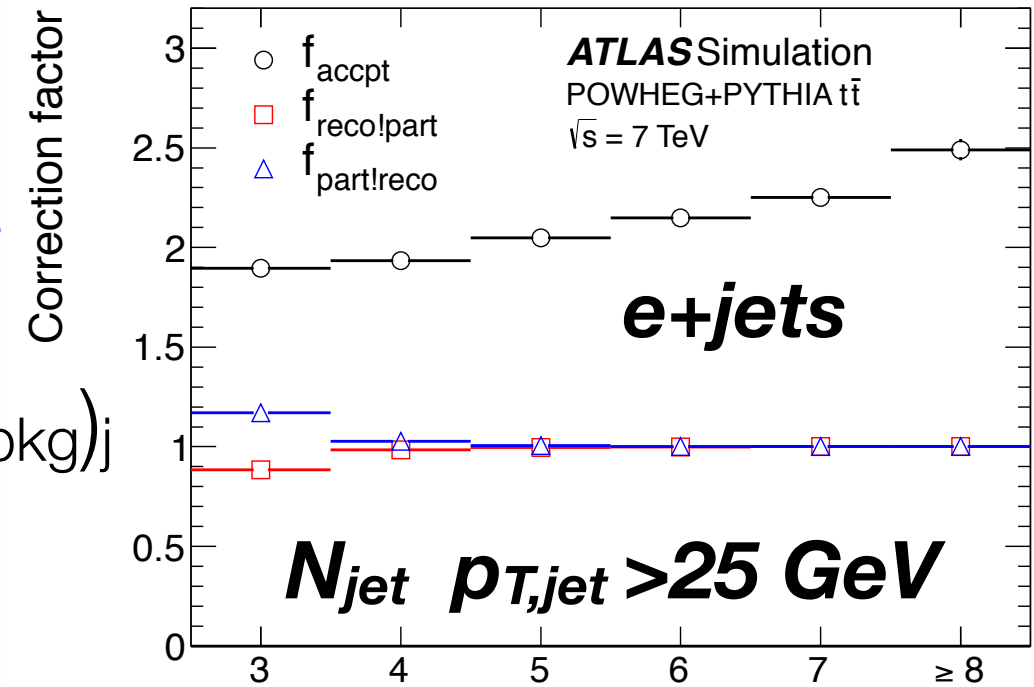


Particle level (fiducial): to correct to

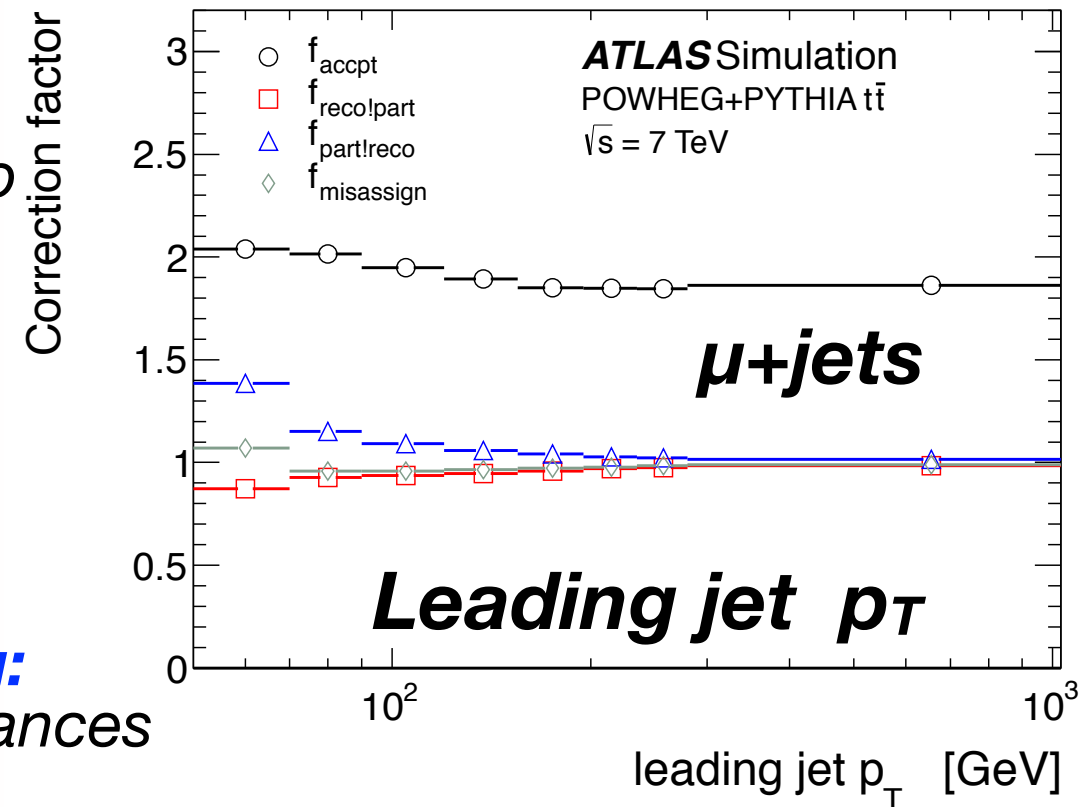
- fiducial PL volume: in MC events apply \sim reco cuts to (stable) particle jets, to e, μ, ν from W in top decay, b -tag: jet that clusters "ghost" B -hadron

- Combine $(e, \mu)+jets$ channels bin by bin with minimal covariance estimator (BLUE) including correlations. Compatibility: $\chi^2/N.d.o.f. \sim 1$

- Propagate syst uncertainties through unfolding: modify pseudo-data, fix migration matrix & acceptances



<http://arxiv.org/abs/1407.0891>,
 submitted to JHEP
 $\int L dt = 4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)



Differential $d\sigma_{tt}/dN_{jets}$ and $d\sigma_{tt}/dp_{T,jets}$ - l+jets $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

NEW!

<http://arxiv.org/abs/1407.0891>, submitted to JHEP

$\int L dt = 4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)

Provide table of full breakdown of uncertainties for both results

$d\sigma_{tt}/dN_{jets}$

- **Systematic dominated: ~10% to ~30%**
 - **Correlated effects: dominant at large N_{jets}** (**JES** ~3% to 40% **ISR/FSR**: 1% to 6%, MC gen., b-jet)
 - **Uncorrelated effects: dominant at low N_{jets}** (Bkg 3% to 18%)
 - **Combination improves by 3% (20%) on $\mu(e)$ chan** (smaller fake lep. bkg in μ chan)

$d\sigma_{tt}/dp_{T,jets}$

- **Systematic dominated: lead p_T jet ~7%-14%, others ~ up to 17%**
 - μ En. scale & ID eff.: smaller than e \rightarrow 20% smaller uncertainty in μ chan
 - **b-jet scale: 2% to 5%, b-tag eff. 2% to 7%, W+jets bkg ~2% to 8%, Stat: 1.5% to 14%**
 - **Combination improves by 4%-7% (15%-30%) on the μ (e) channel**

Differential $d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dN_{jets}$ and $d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dp_{T,jets}$ - $l+jets \sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ **NEW!**

<http://arxiv.org/abs/1407.0891>, submitted to JHEP

$\int L dt = 4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)

generate

$t\bar{t}$ predictions

shower + hadronize
Underlying event tune

LO $t\bar{t}$ +partons

ALPGEN

PDF: CTEQ6L1

PDF: CTEQ5L



HERWIG
AUET2

PYTHIA

Perugia +tunes for α_s
up and down variations

- Generate events with **coherent α_s variations in ME and PS settings from jet activity studies.**

NLO $t\bar{t}$

MC@NLO

PDF: CT10



HERWIG
AUET2



HERWIG PYTHIA
AUET2 PerugiaC2011

POWHEG

- POWHEG **Finite value for parameter h_{damp} → reduced fraction of events with high p_T radiation. Advised v.s. underestimated scale uncertainty.**
 $h_{damp} \sim \text{infinity}$ (no reduction) is default.

POWHEG= baseline for unfolding

Differential $d\sigma_{tt}/dN_{jets}$ and $d\sigma_{tt}/dp_{T,jets}$ - l+jets $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

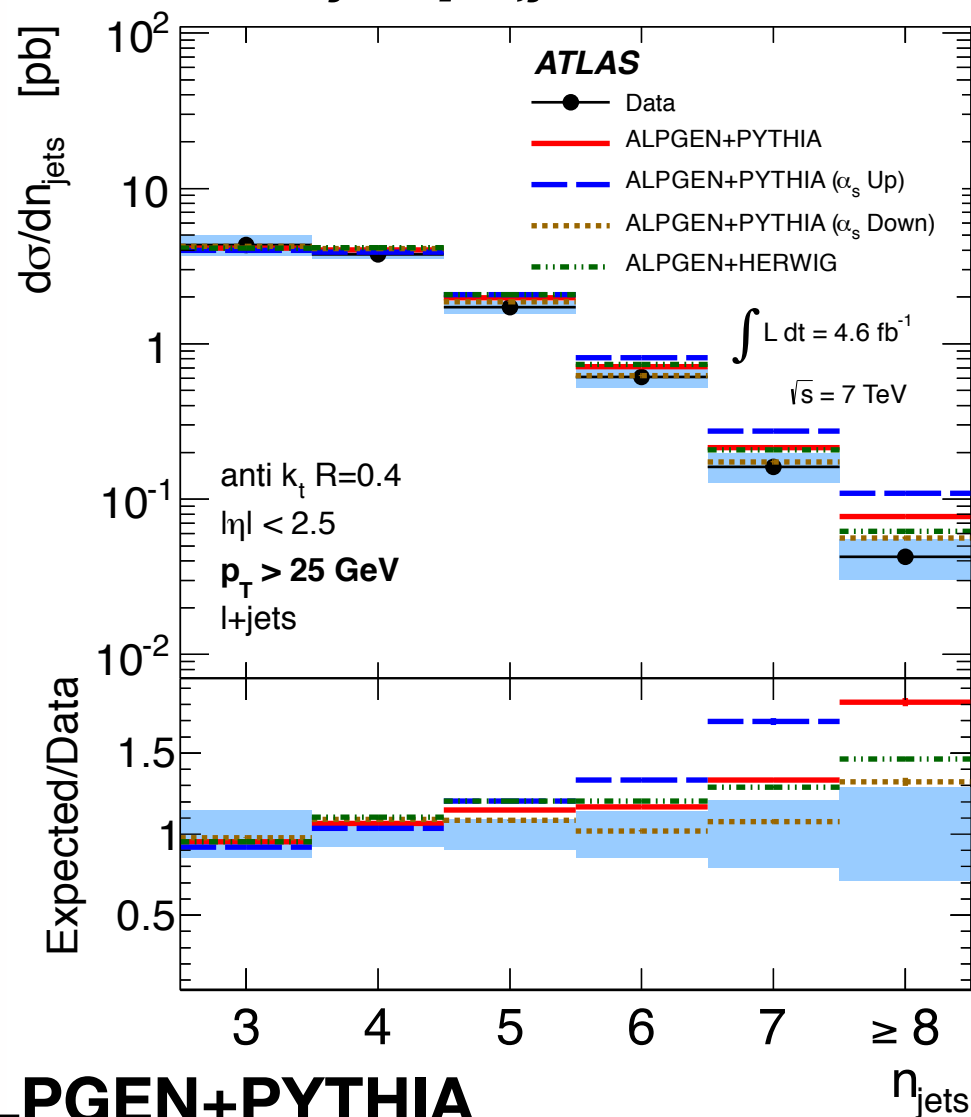
NEW!

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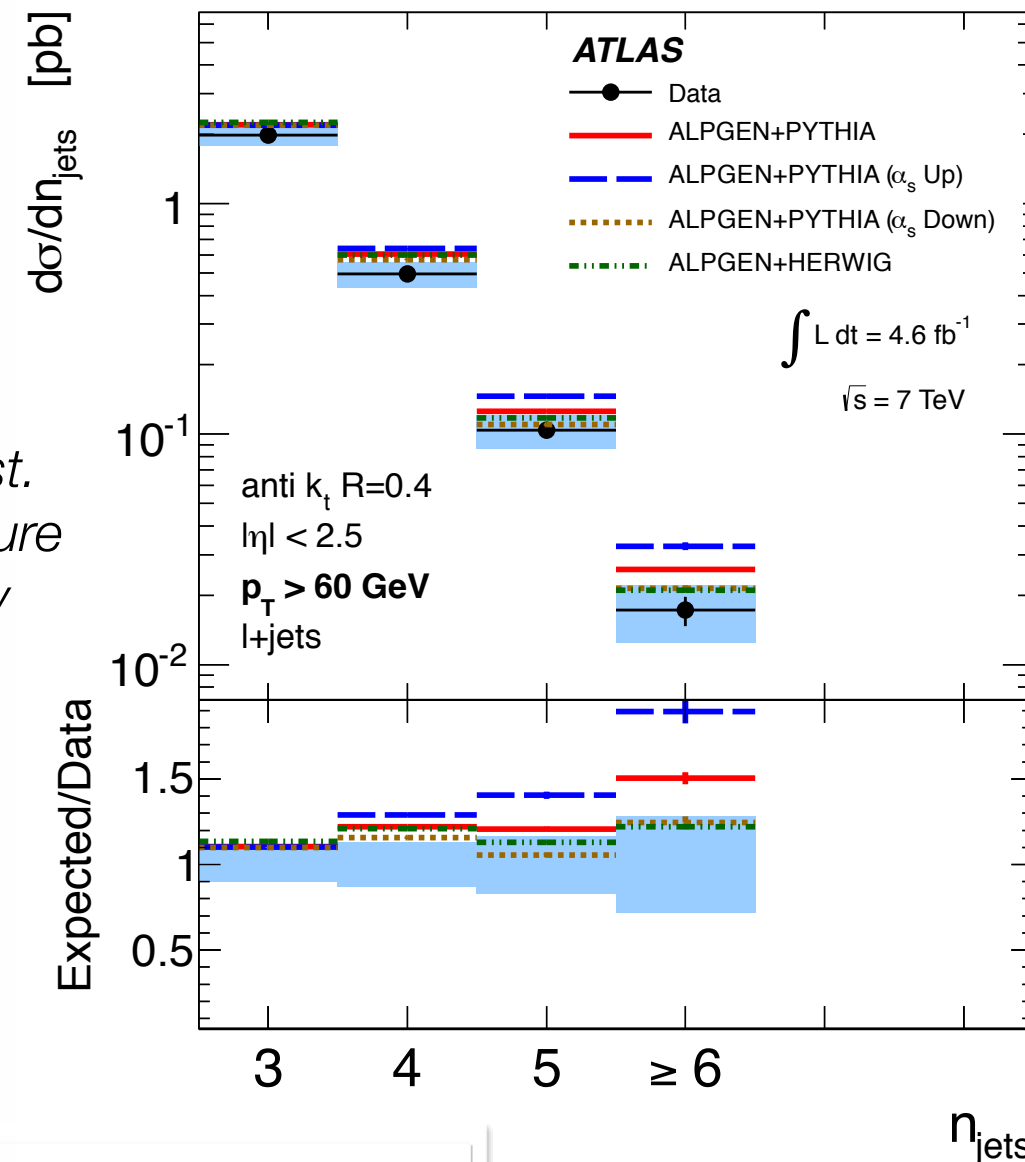
$\int L dt = 4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)

ATLAS-CONF-2012-155

$N_{jet} \quad p_{T,jet} > 25 \text{ GeV}$



$N_{jet} \quad p_{T,jet} > 60 \text{ GeV}$

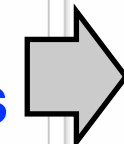


*band = data stat.+syst.
uncertainty in quadrature
MC: stat. uncertainty*

ALPGEN+PYTHIA

CTEQ5L

- **nominal: too high cross section for ≥ 6 jets**
- **increased α_s (up) : too high cross section for ≥ 5 jets**
- **lower α_s (down) given best description**



disfavoured

ALPGEN+HERWIG
CTEQ6L1

similar to ALPGEN+PYTHIA with α_s down (similar α_s setting)

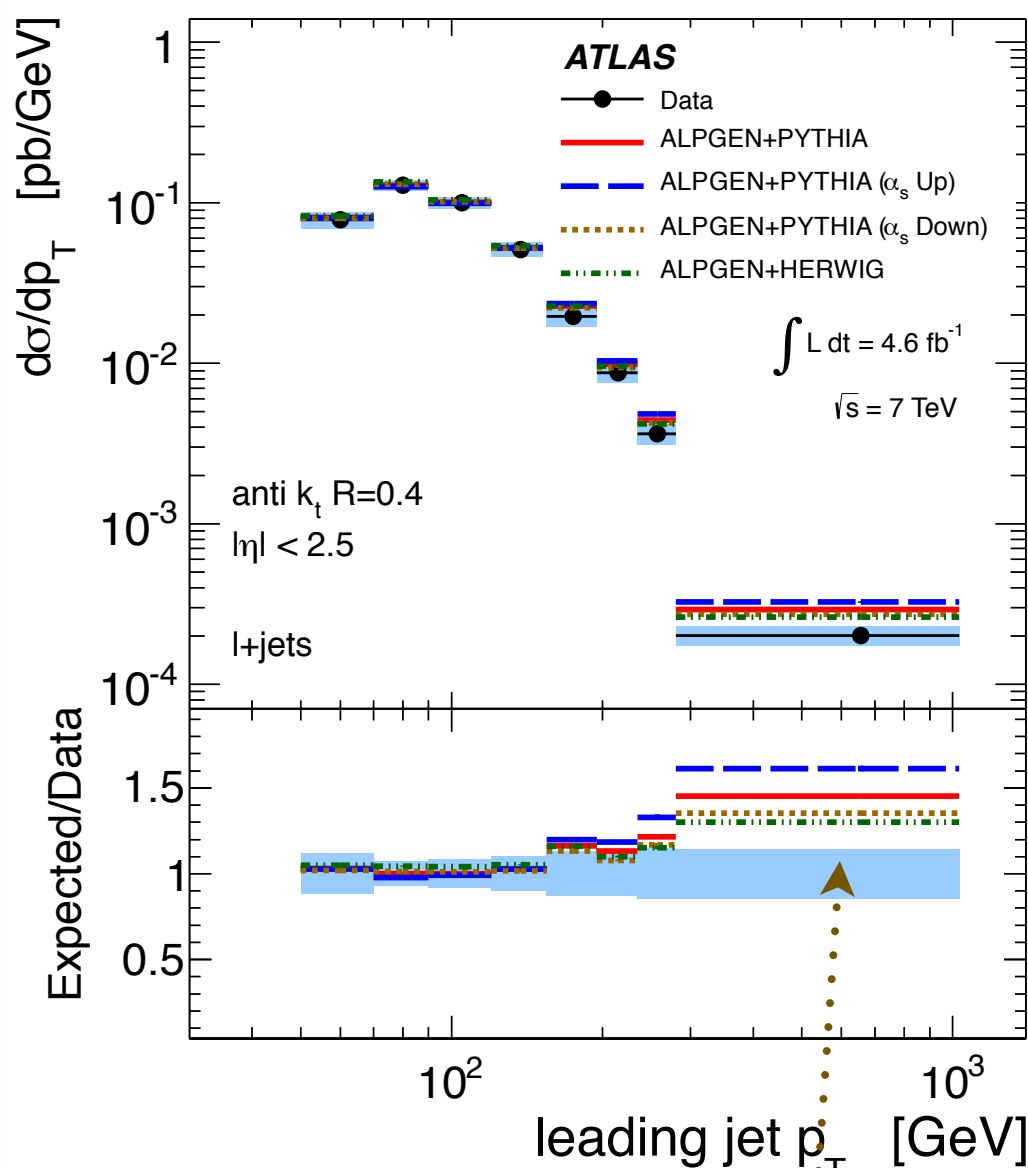
Differential $d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dN_{jets}$ and $d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dp_{T,jets}$ - l+jets $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

NEW!

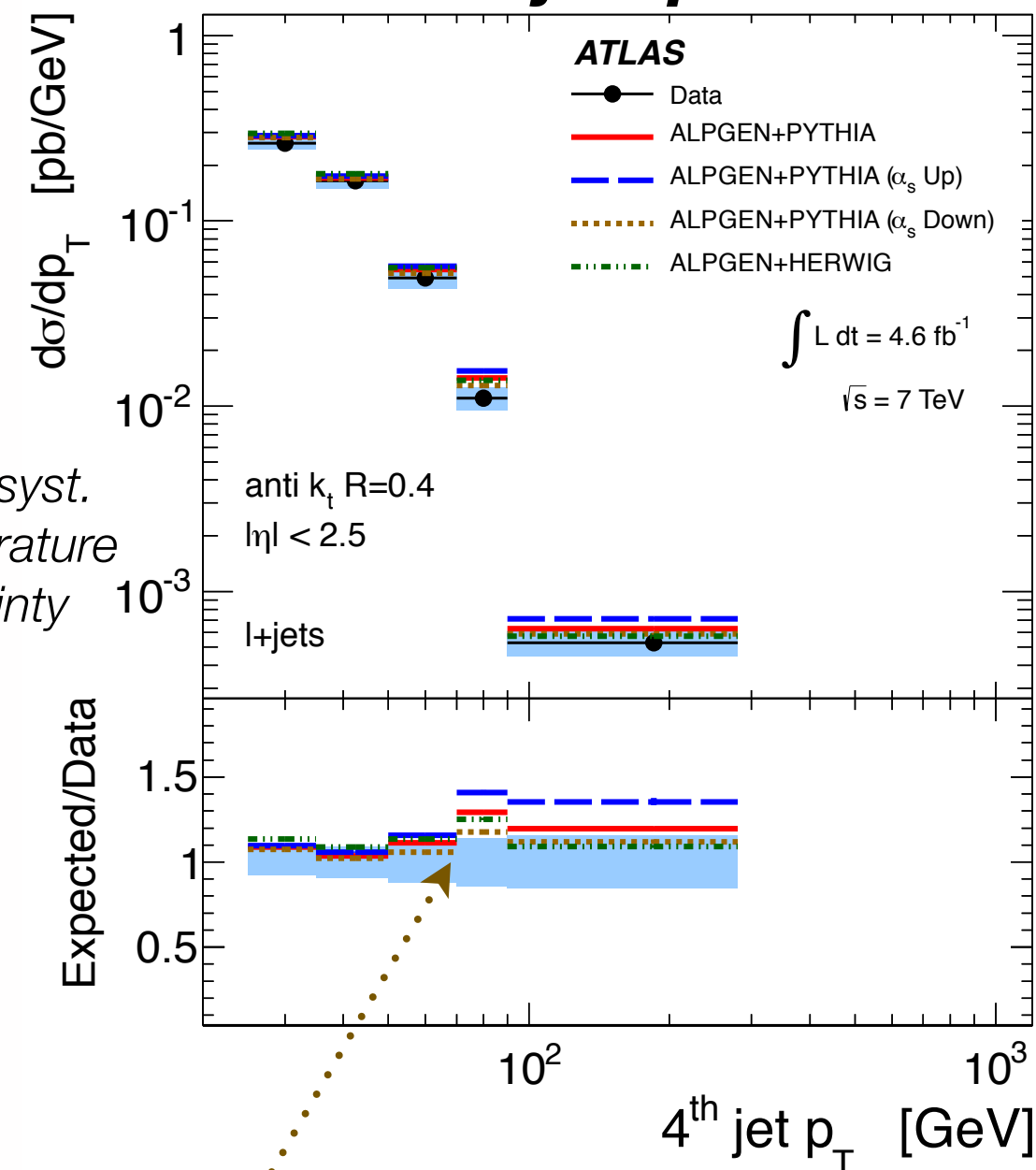
<http://arxiv.org/abs/1407.0891>, submitted to JHEP

$\int L dt = 4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)

Leading jet p_T



4th jet p_T

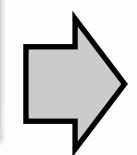


*band = data stat.+syst.
uncertainty in quadrature
MC: stat. uncertainty*

ALPGEN+PYTHIA

• **nominal & α_s (up): too high cross section for $p_T > O(100\text{GeV})$**

• **α_s (down) given best description**



disfavoured

ALPGEN+HERWIG

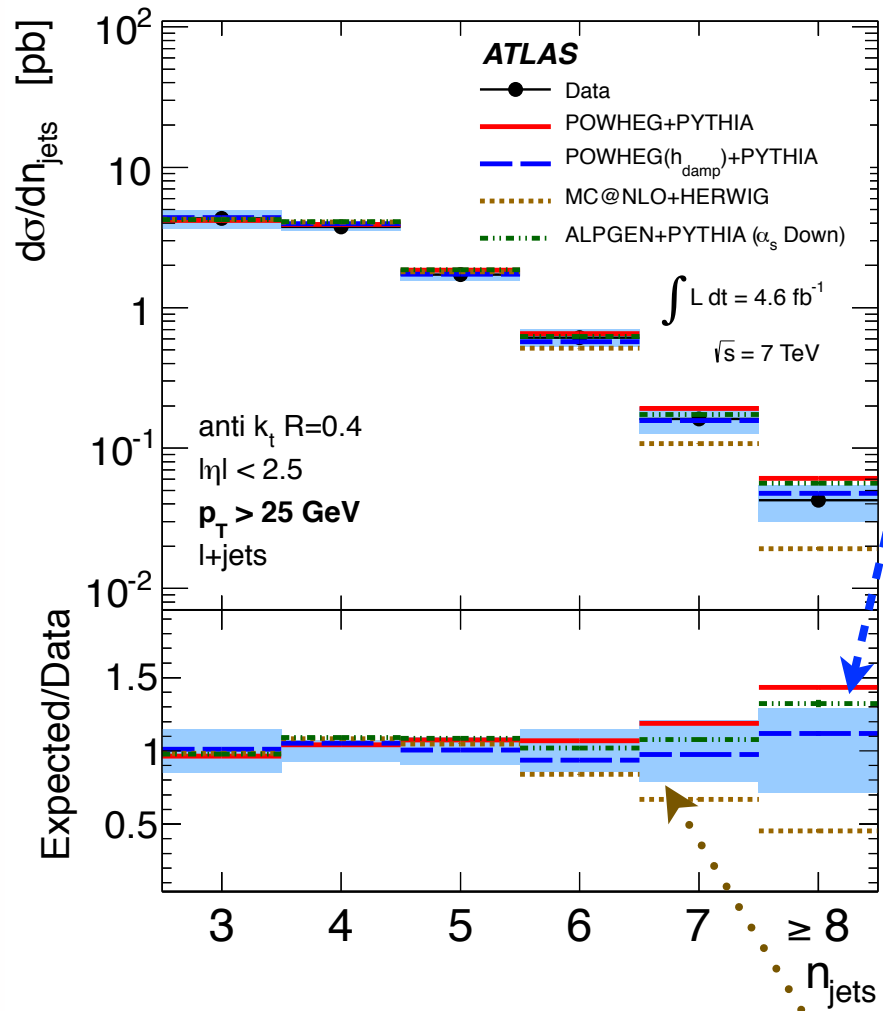
similar to ALPGEN+PYTHIA with α_s down (similar α_s setting)

Differential $d\sigma_{tt}/dN_{jets}$ and $d\sigma_{tt}/dp_{T,jets}$ - l+jets $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV NEW!

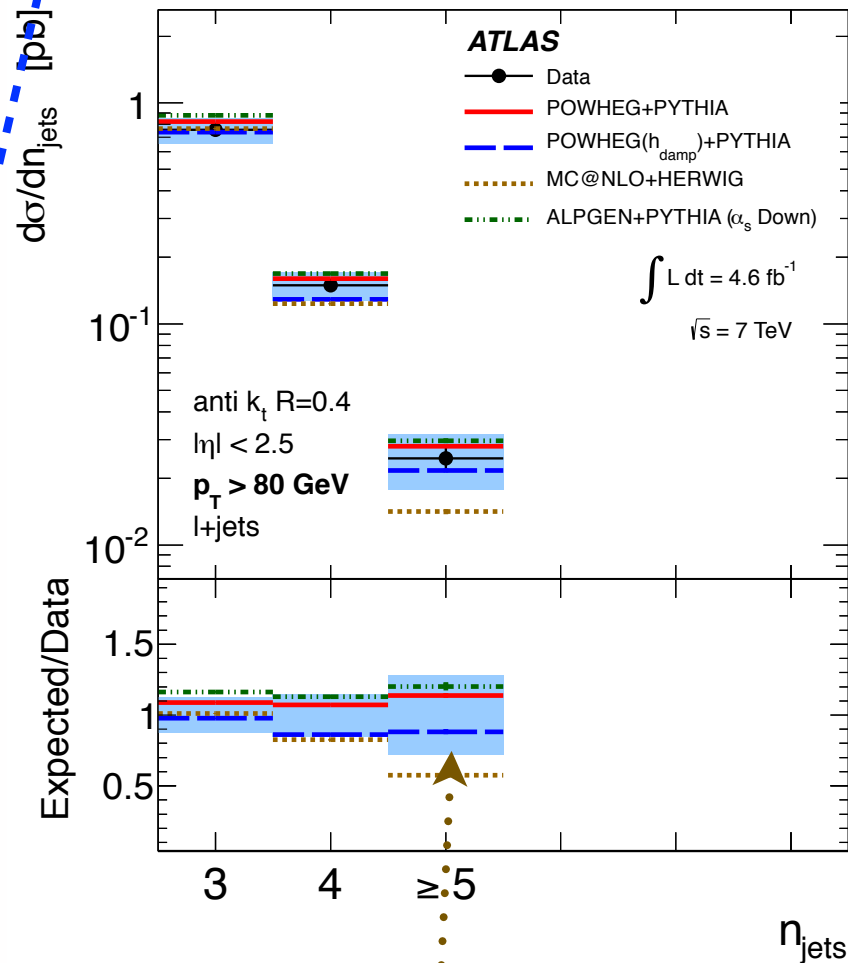
$\int L dt = 4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
(2011)

- **POWHEG+PYTHIA: nominal in reasonable agreement, finite h_{damp} best for high N_{jet} close to ALPGEN+PYTHIA, α_s down**

$N_{jet} \quad p_{T,jet} > 25 \text{ GeV}$



$N_{jet} \quad p_{T,jet} > 80 \text{ GeV}$

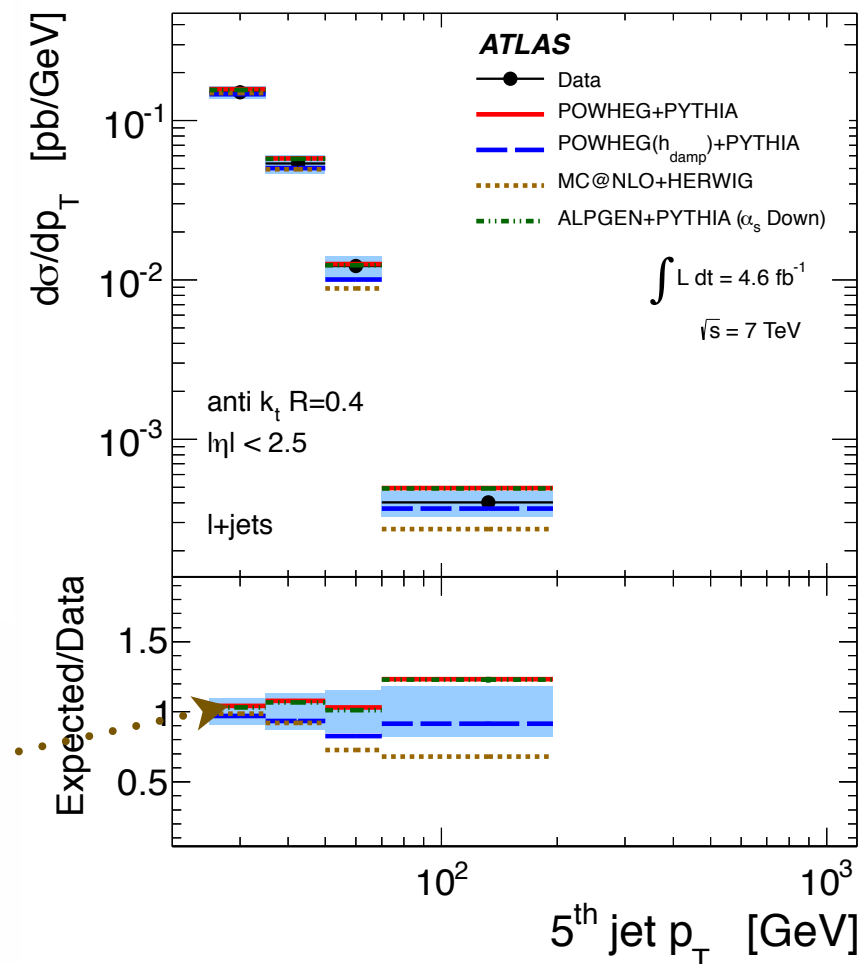


band = data stat. + syst. uncertainty
MC: stat uncertainty

<http://arxiv.org/abs/1407.0891>

submitted to JHEP

5th jet p_T



- **MC@NLO+HERWIG: lower cross section at high jet multiplicity^{1,2} & softer spectrum for 5th jet**

¹dominated by PS

²JHEP071(2007) 013: MC@NLO: ttq(g) smaller than ALPGEN + larger fraction of PS additional jets

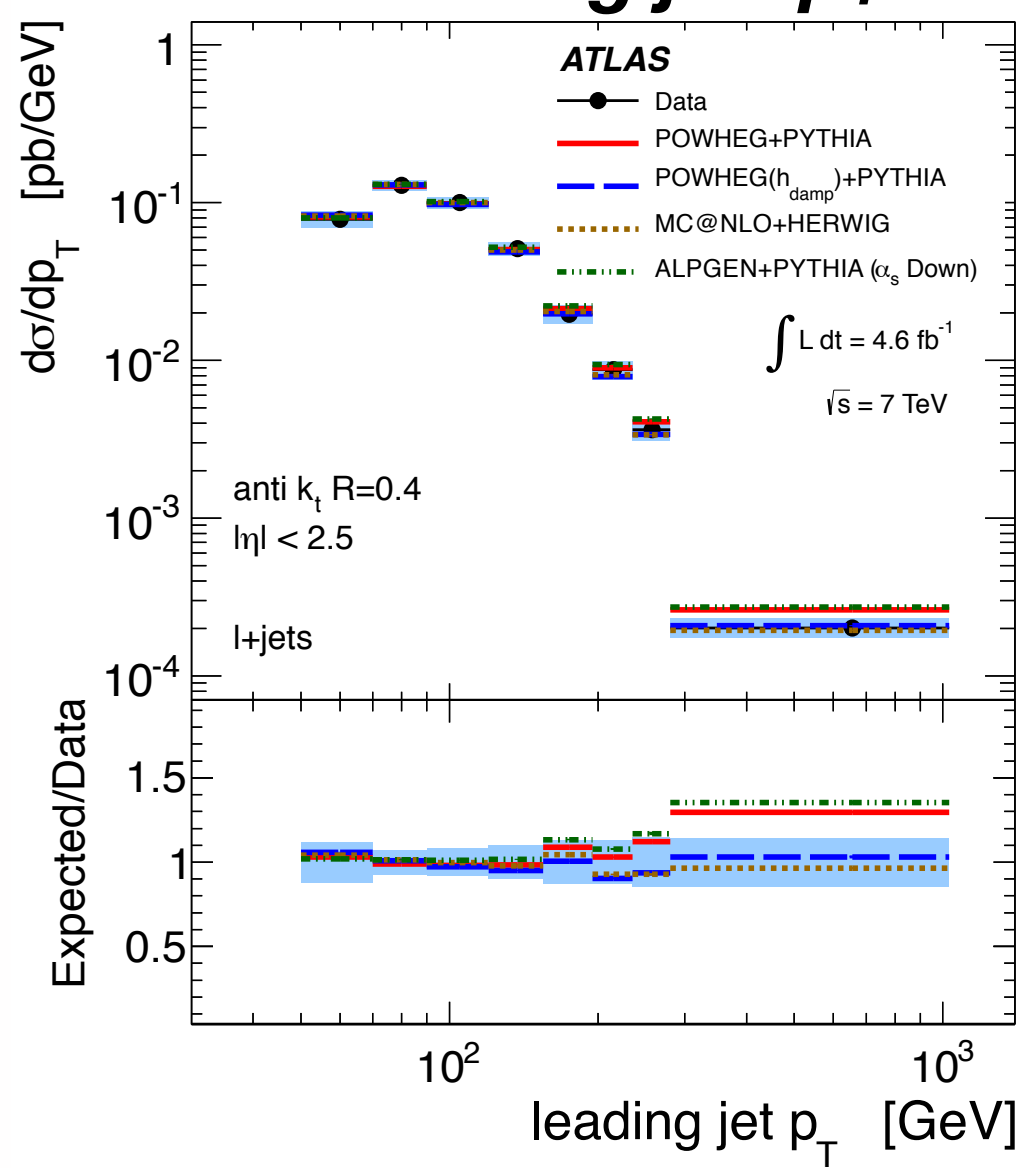
Differential $d\sigma_{tt}/dN_{jets}$ and $d\sigma_{tt}/dp_{T,jets}$ - l+jets $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

NEW!

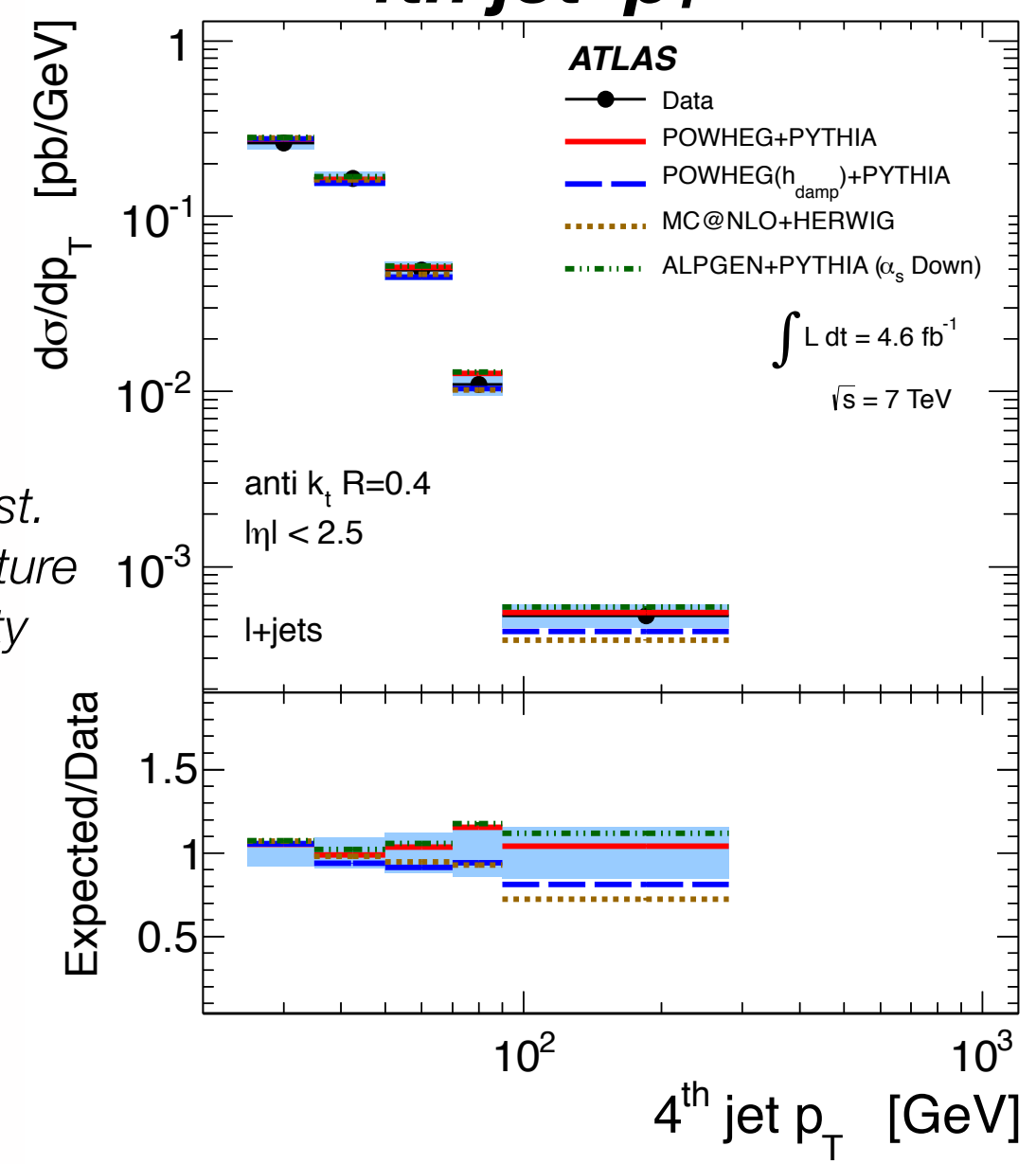
<http://arxiv.org/abs/1407.0891>, submitted to JHEP

$\int L dt = 4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)

Leading jet p_T



4th jet p_T



*band = data stat+syst.
 uncertainty in quadrature
 MC: stat. uncertainty*

POWHEG+PYTHIA (similar to **ALPGEN+PYTHIA, a_s down**)

- **nominal in reasonable agreement** (~slightly higher)
- **finite h_{damp} (=172.5 GeV) (less high p_T radiation): best for leading jet p_T**

MC@NLO+HERWIG: slightly softer at high p_T

LO $t\bar{t}$ +partons

ALPGEN+PYTHIA

PDF: CTEQ5L

- **nominal & α_s (up)** : too high cross section for large jet multiplicity ($\geq 5,6$ jets)

- **lower α_s (down)** given best description

ALPGEN+HERWIG

PDF: CTEQ6L1

similar to ALPGEN+PYTHIA with α_s down (similar α_s setting)

NLO $t\bar{t}$

MC@NLO+HERWIG

lower cross section at high jet multiplicity & softer spectrum for 5th jet

POWHEG+PYTHIA

(similar to ALPGEN +PYTHIA with α_s down)

- **nominal in reasonable agreement** (~slightly higher)
- **finite h_damp** (less high p_T radiation) **best for high N_{jet} and leading jet p_T**

inclusion in RIVET is under way

generate

t \bar{t} predictions

shower + hadronize
Underlying event tune

LO t \bar{t}

ACER MC: with more or less radiation

PDF: CTEQ6L1



PYTHIA
Perugia AUET2B

LO t \bar{t} +partons

ALPGEN : with more or less radiation

PDF: CTEQ6L1/CTEQ5L



HERWIG
AUET2



PYTHIA
Perugia 2011 +
radiation tunes

MADGRAPH

PDF: CTEQ6L



PYTHIA

NLO t \bar{t}

MC@NLO

PDF: CT10



HERWIG
UEEE4 LO**

POWHEG: with ren.& fact. scale variations & damping

PDF: CT10(ME)+CTEQ6L1(PS)



HERWIG PYTHIA
AUET2 Perugia2011

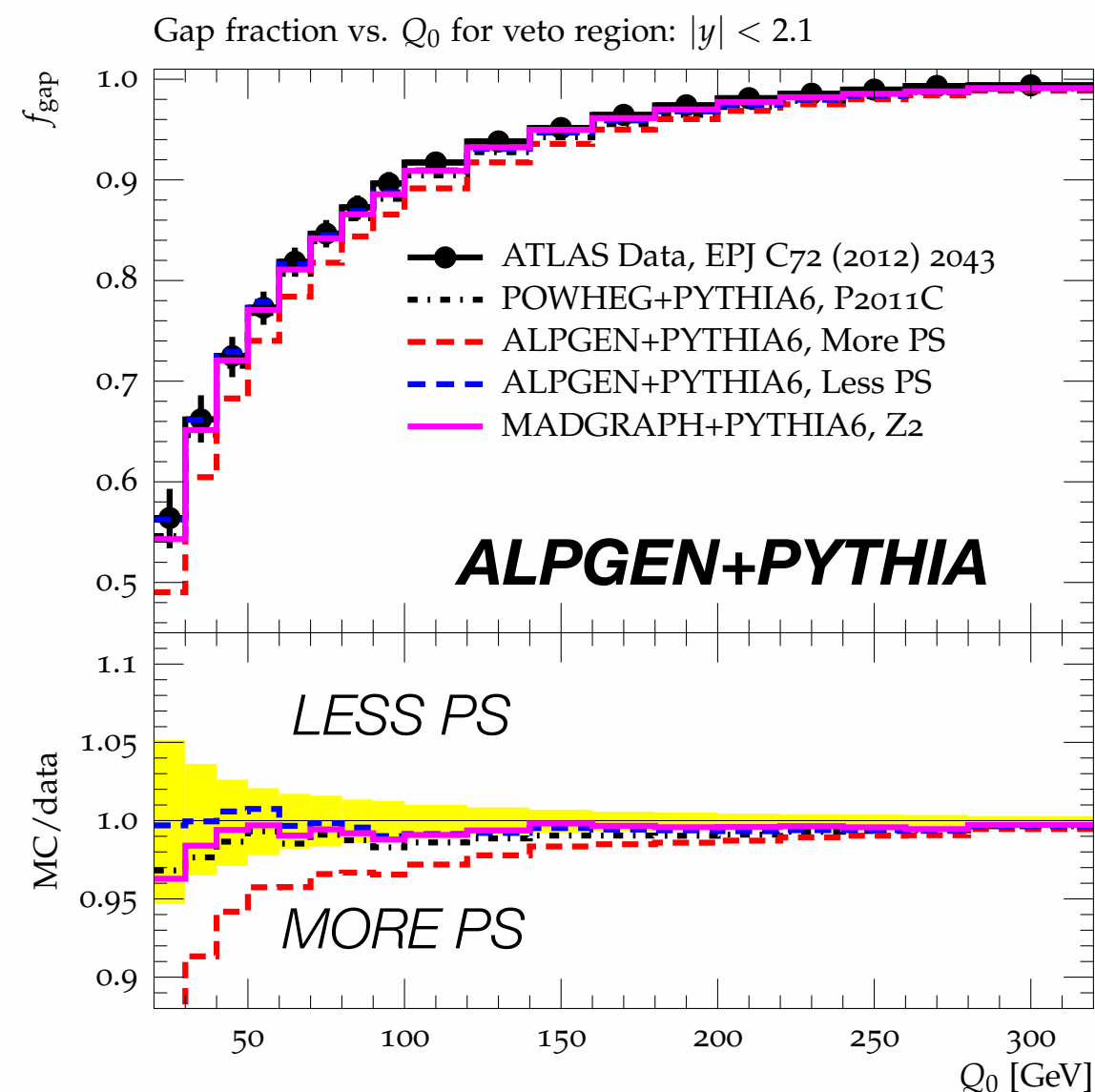
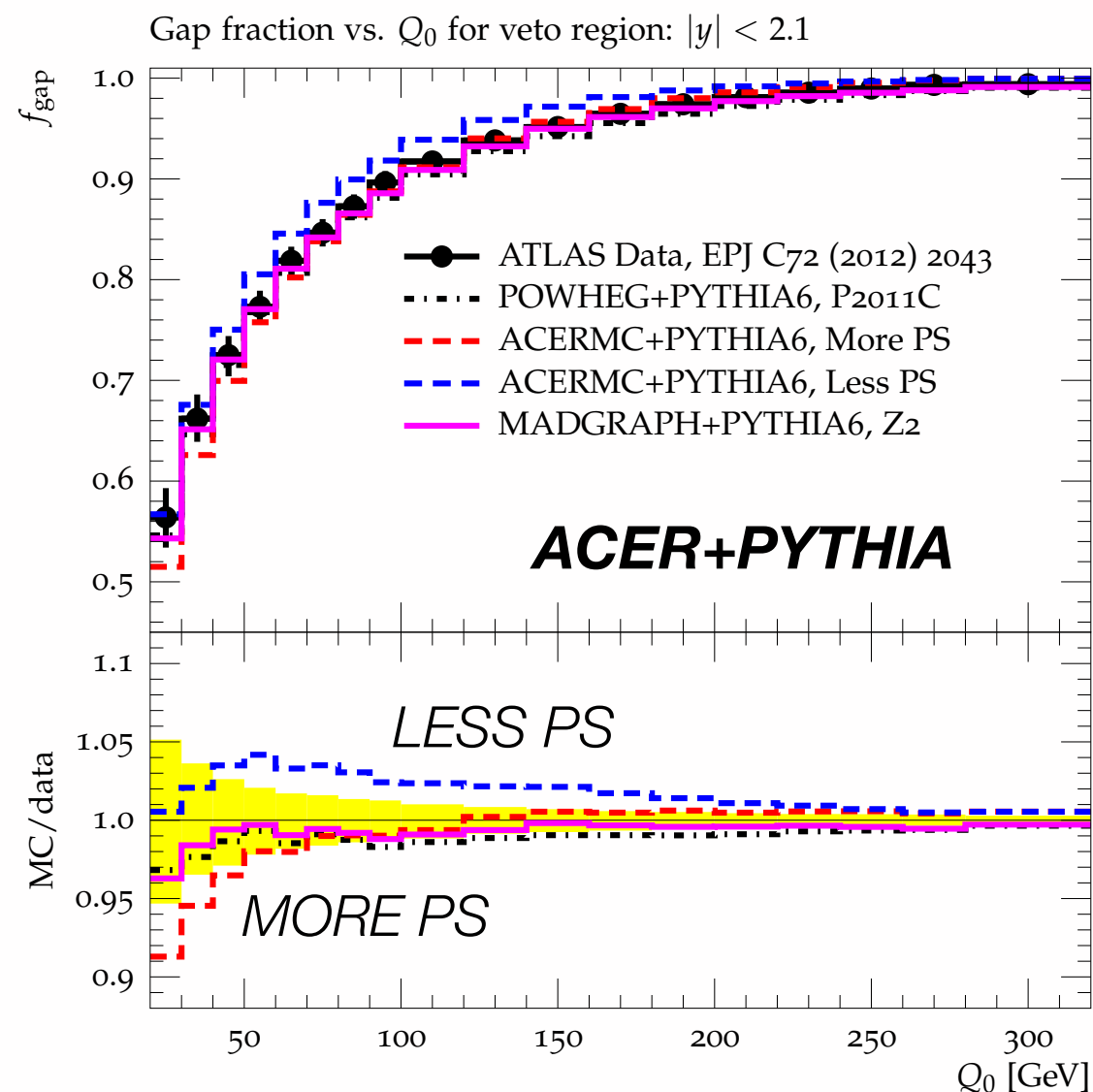
aMC@NLO with ren. & fact. scale variations

PDF: CT10(ME) & MRST**



HERWIG
AUET2,UEE4LO*

- Compare different radiation scenarios for gap fraction measurements \rightarrow tune models, constrain systematic uncertainties



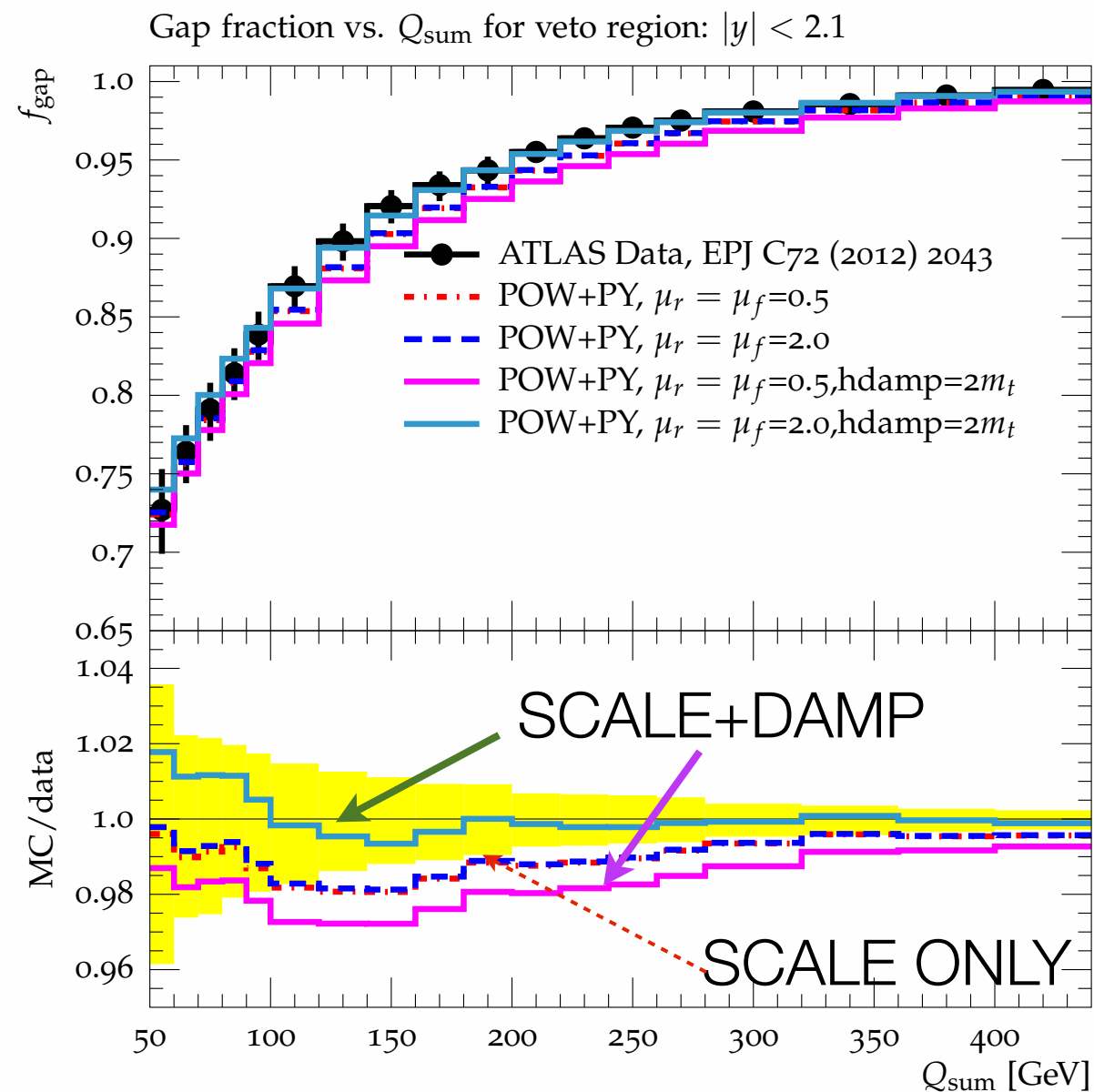
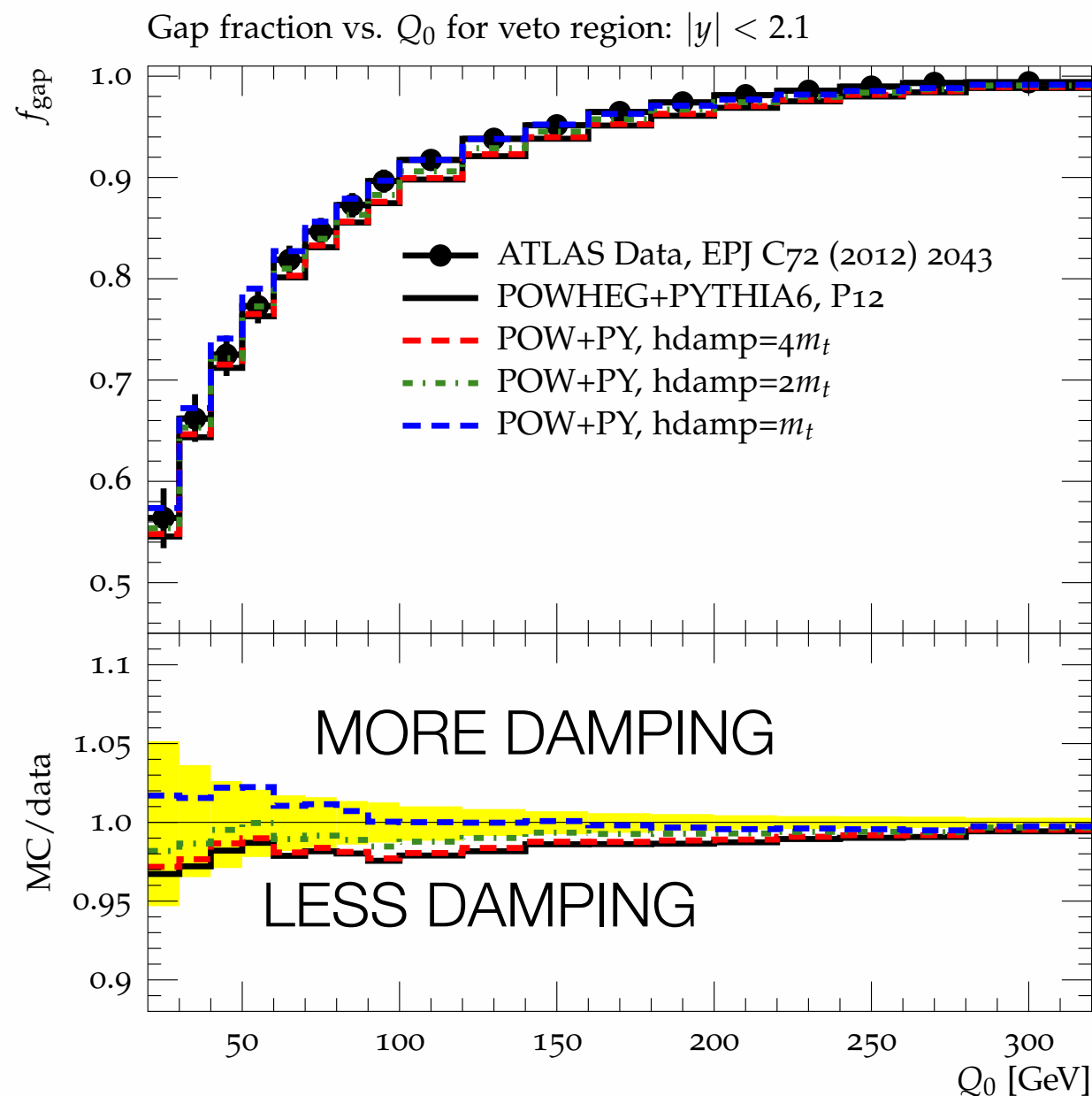
- **Comparable more PS - less PS differences** between
 - ACER+PYTHIA (updated after $f_{\text{gap}}(Q)$ measurement) and ALPGEN+PYTHIA
 - larger at high Q_0 , Q_{sum} , large N_{jets}

Differential *Jet activity* : dilepton $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2013-005
ATL-PHYS-PUB-2014-005

- Investigate tuning of NLO generators \rightarrow POWHEG with damping: p_T dependent effect on hardest emission, still at NLO

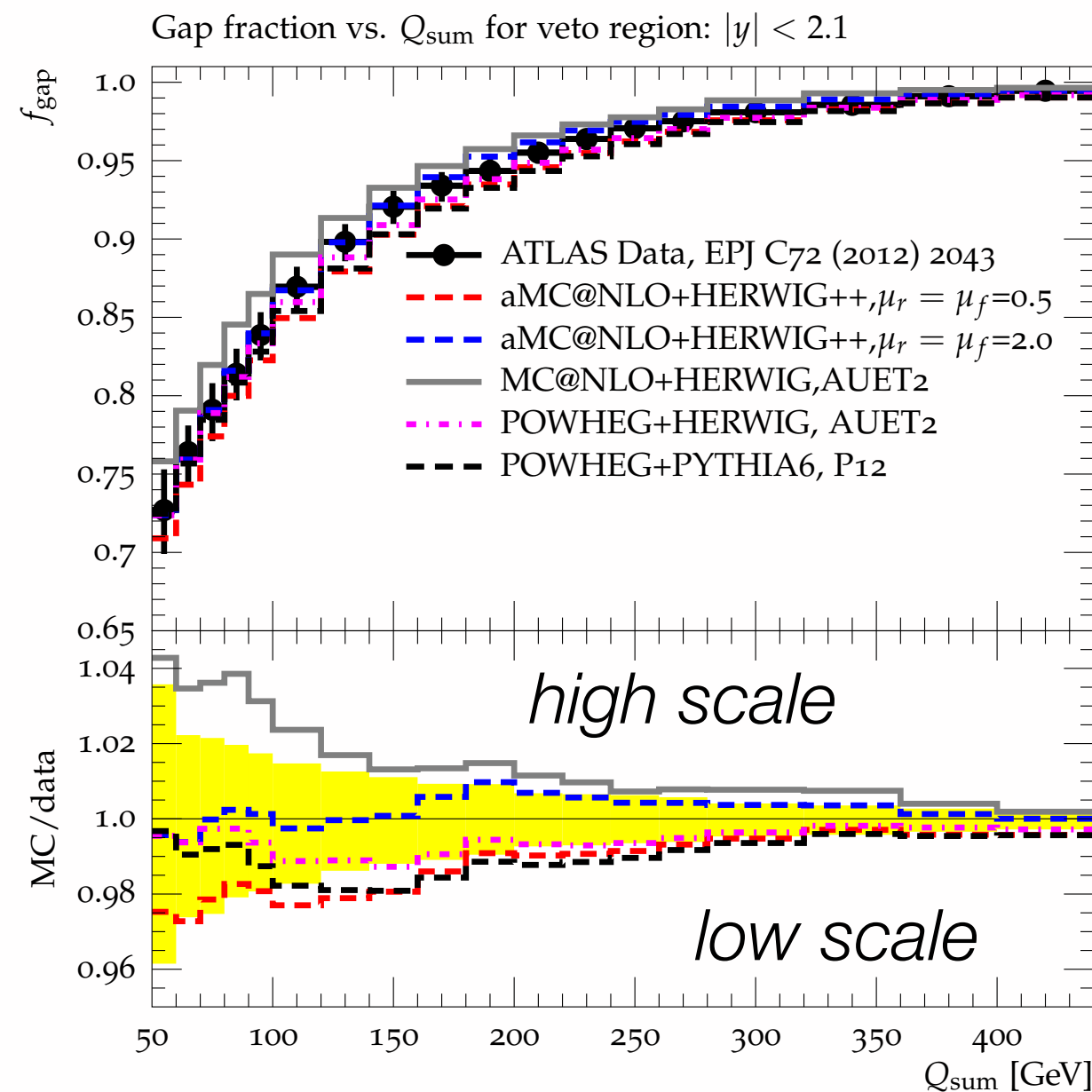
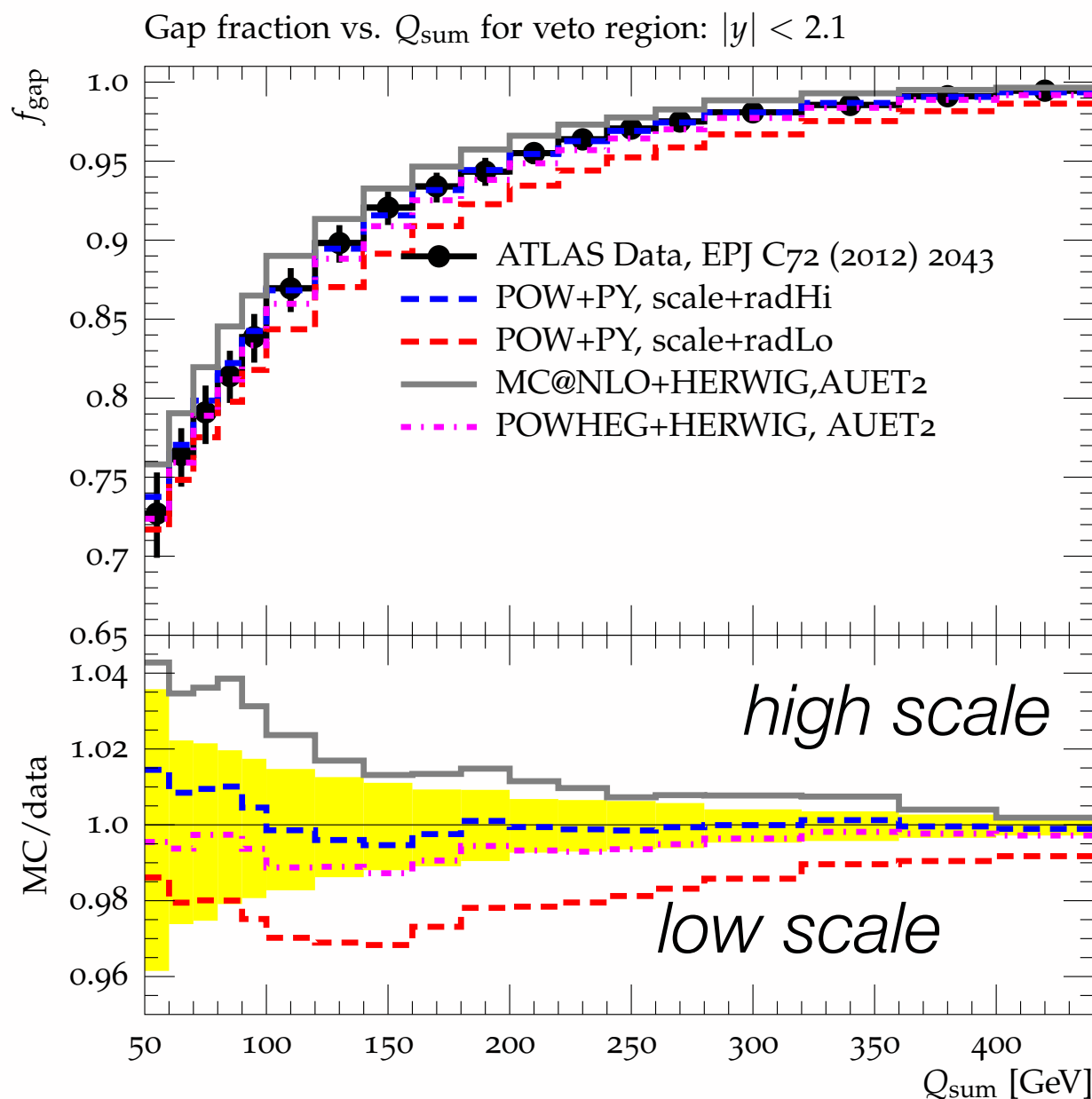
$\int L dt = 2.05 \text{ fb}^{-1} (2011)$



- More damping (lower hdamp) \rightarrow reduced QCD radiation activity**
- Ren. & fact. scale: **larger (flat) variation with (without) damping**

- Investigate new NLO generators scale variations

$\int L dt = 2.05 \text{ fb}^{-1} (2011)$



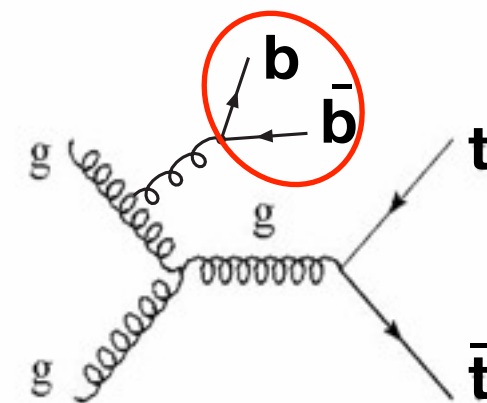
- POWHEG +PY(+ hdamp) brackets POWHEG+HW, but not MC@NLO+HW
- aMC@NLO+HW++ brackets POWHEG+HW and PY6 (not at low Q_0), but not MC@NLO+HW

Inclusive $\sigma_{t\bar{t}+heavy\ flavour}$: dilepton- $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

Phys. Rev. D 89 072012 (2014)

$\int L dt \sim 4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)

$t\bar{t} + b/c+X$ (HF) is main bkg to $t\bar{t}+H, H\rightarrow b\bar{b}$

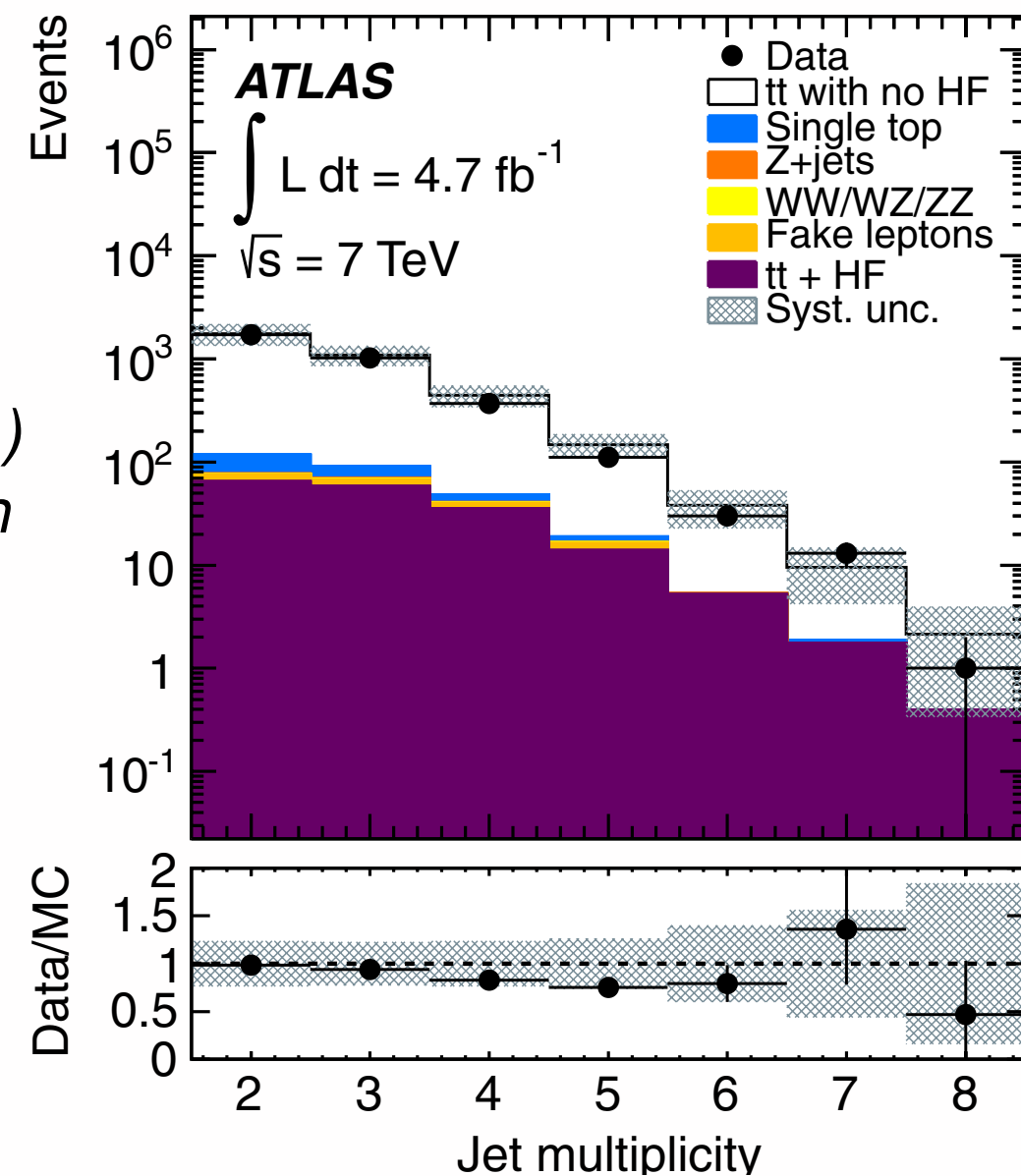


- **2 OS leptons, ≥ 2 jets, $ee, \mu\mu$** : high $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 60 \text{ GeV}$ & $M(\ell\ell) \neq m_Z$, $e\mu$: high $H_T = \sum_{\text{jets, leptons}} p_T > 130 \text{ GeV}$

- **Bkg: $t\bar{t}$ with >1 mis-tag** (shape from simul., norm from fit in $t\bar{t}+HF$), **single top** and **Z+jets** (from simul.) **data-driven fake leptons** (extrapol. from same sign lep. sample)

- **objects for PL fiducial volume:** (stable) **particle jets**, truth e, μ, ν from W in top decay, b - $(c-)$ jet: spatial match of jet to b - $(c-)$ quark

2 b-tag control region



Inclusive $\sigma_{t\bar{t}+heavy\ flavour}$: dilepton- $\sqrt{s} = 7\text{ TeV}$ $\int L dt \sim 4.7\text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)

Phys. Rev. D 89 072012 (2014)

- In ≥ 3 b-tag ev. calculate

$$\sigma_{fid}(t\bar{t} + HF) = \frac{N_{HF}}{\int \mathcal{L} dt \cdot \epsilon_{HF}};$$

- N_{HF} = #b-tags from combined HF = 79 ± 26 ← Max lkl. fit of templates (from $t\bar{t}$, non $t\bar{t}$ -bkg, HF (b and c), light flavour mis-tag) to displaced vertex mass & p_T of b-tagged jets in 3 b-tag purity bins

expect large uncertainty on b- to c- separation → measure only total HF : additional b-tags not coming from light jets

- ϵ_{HF} : convert N_{HF} to #events with ≥ 3 true PL b-/c-jets (2 top b-jets) ← MC events in fiducial volume

- In ≥ 3 jets & ≥ 2 b-tags ev. get

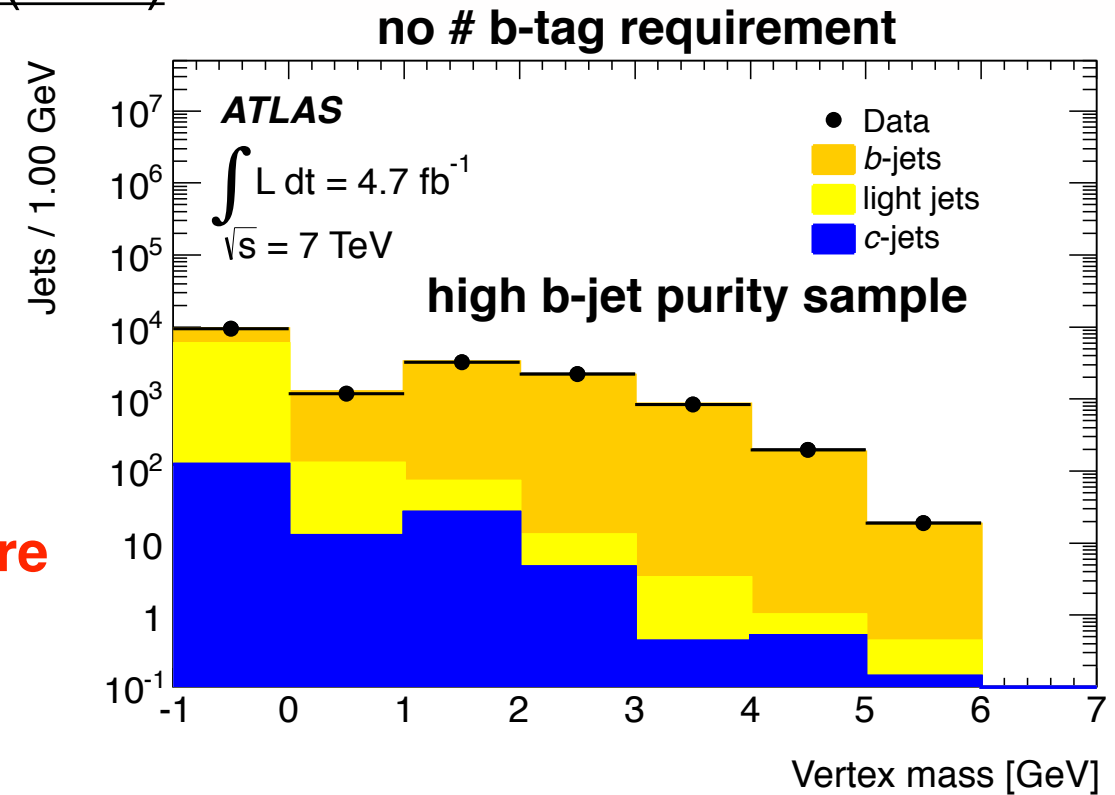
$$\sigma_{fid}(t\bar{t} + j) = \frac{N_j}{\int \mathcal{L} dt \cdot \epsilon_j};$$

- N_j = #events with $t\bar{t} + \geq 1$ jet = 1541 ± 41 ← cut & count
- ϵ_j : from N_j to #ev. with ≥ 3 true PL jets (2 top b-jets) ← MC events in fiducial volume

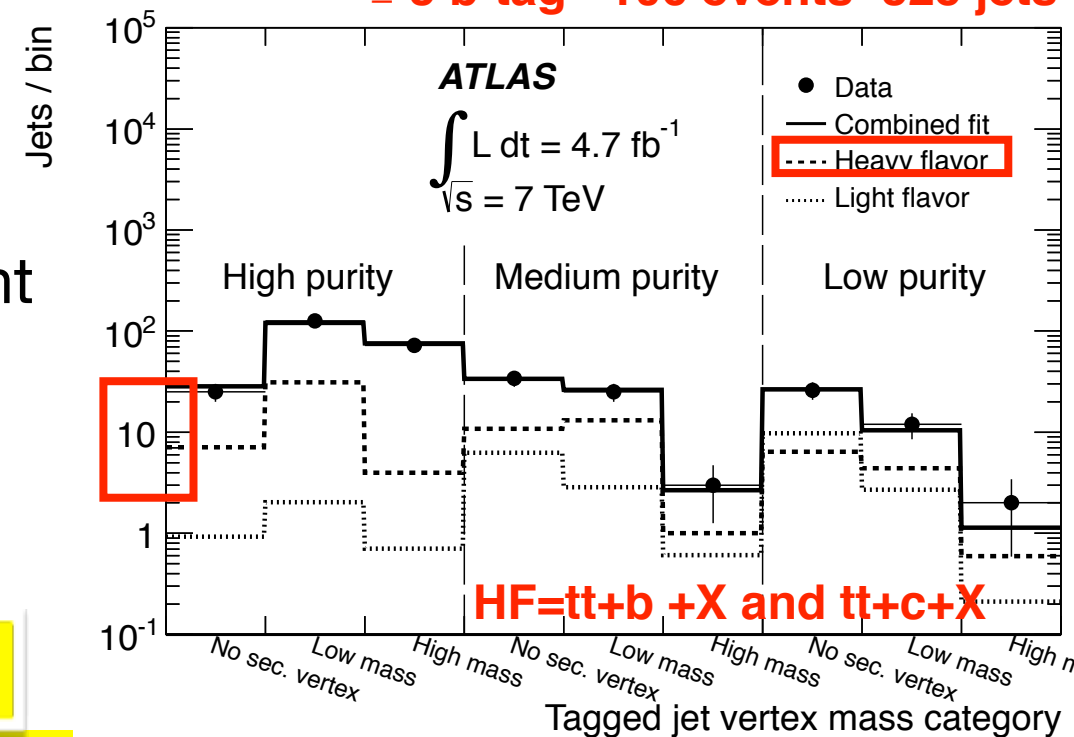
$$R_{HF} = \frac{\sigma_{fid}(t\bar{t} + HF)}{\sigma_{fid}(t\bar{t} + j)} = [6.2 \pm 1.1(\text{stat}) \pm 1.8(\text{syst})]\%$$

SM: 3.4% (ALPGEN), 5.2% (POWHEG)

- Syst dominated: c-tagging (21%), fragm. (10%) flavour comp. (6%),



≥ 3 b-tag ~ 106 events ~ 325 jets



HF = $t\bar{t}+b + X$ and $t\bar{t}+c+X$

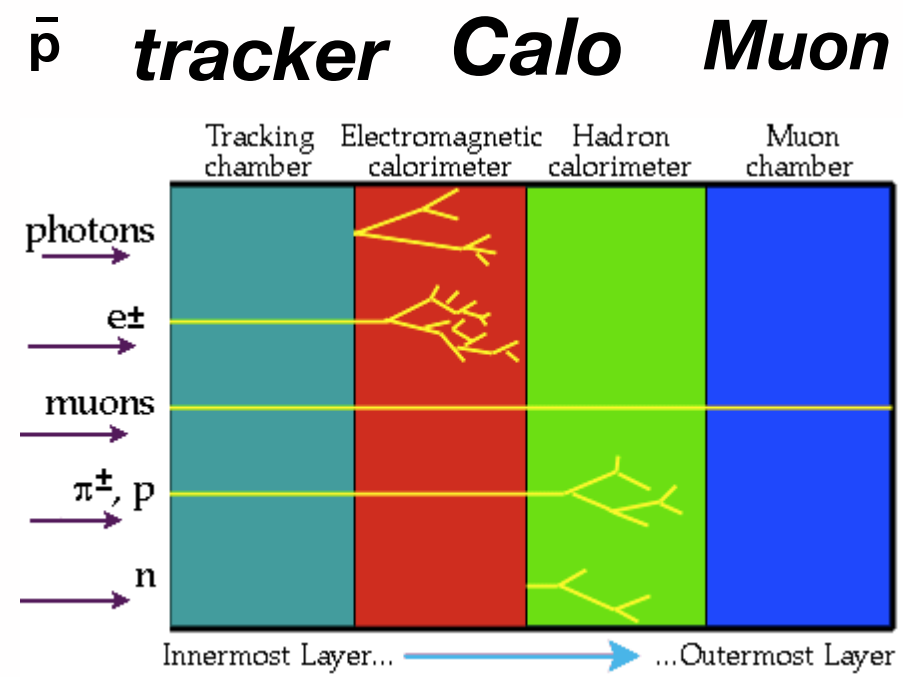
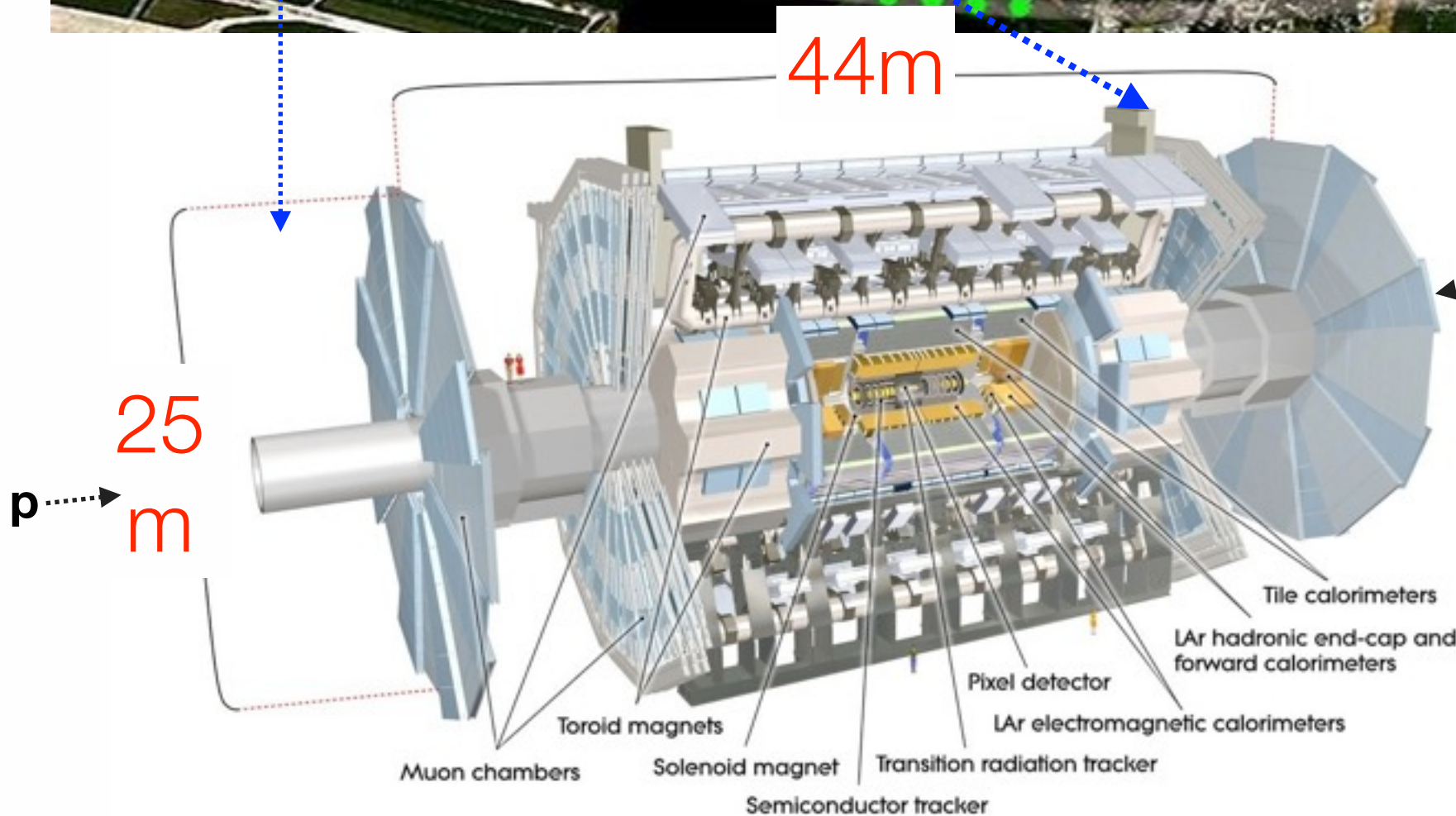
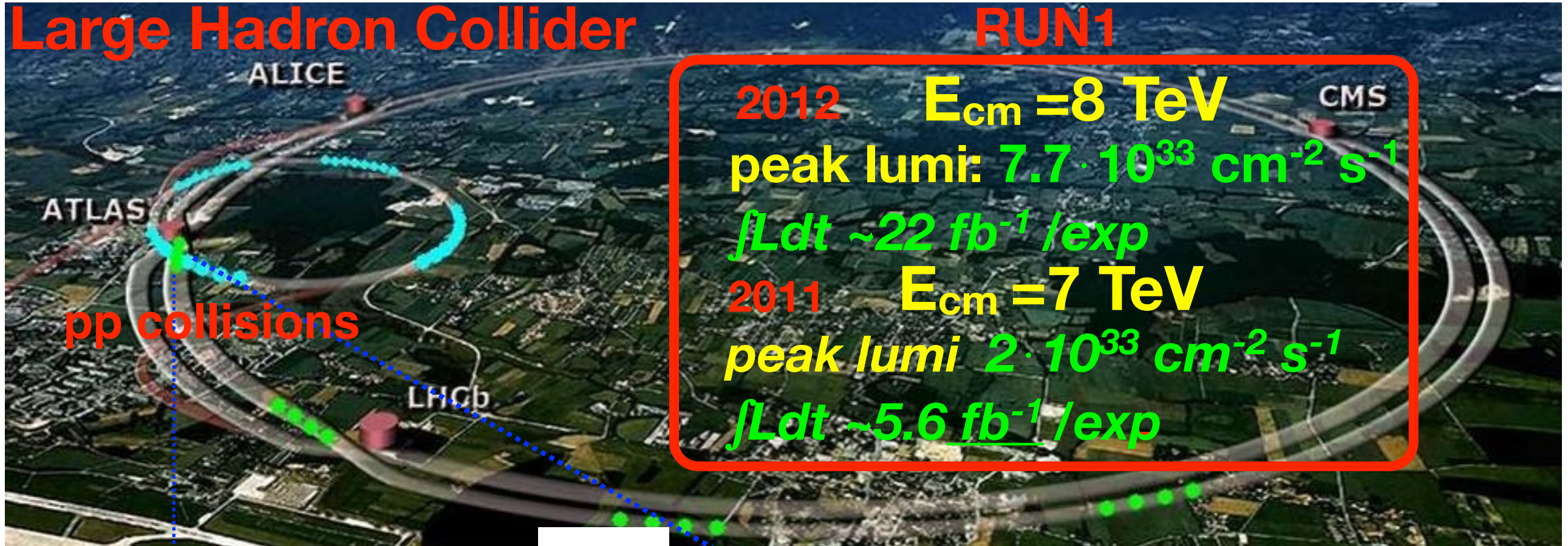
Conclusions & Outlook

- ATLAS measures differential/inclusive cross sections sensitive to radiation effects in $t\bar{t}$ production using the full 7 TeV dataset in fiducial regions similar to reco space
- **New measurements of $d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dN_{jets}$** with different p_T threshold **and $d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dp_{T,jets}$** for p_T -ordered jets up to the 5th **show sensitivity to parton shower modelling** for LO multi-leg and NLO generators **at highest jet multiplicities, high jet p_T of leading jet and in jet p_T of 5th jet**
 - ▶ MC@NLO+HERWIG predicts too few events at high N_{jets}
- **Measurements of gap fraction $f(Q)$** = fraction of events no additional jet(s) above certain p_T threshold Q , in different rapidity regions, are compared with
 - ▶ LO and multi-leg LO generators **to constrain ISR/FSR variations** in a broadly consistent manner.
 - ▶ **variations of fact. & renor. scales for several NLO generators** +different hadr. schemes: **spread of models is even wider than considered variations** → care in parameter choice & **consider use of multiple models.**
- Measurement of $t\bar{t}$ +heavy flavours (b+X and c+X) production at 7 TeV shows agreement with the SM predictions
- Definitely keen on using new NLO generators so stay tuned for upcoming 8 TeV measurements and beyond!

BACK-UP

Large Hadron Collider

RUN1



Top quark @ LHC: inclusive production

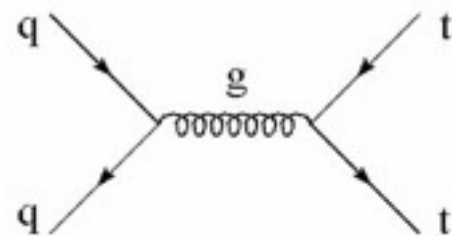
pp collisions

probing lower x than Tevatron →
(abundant) gluon fusion dominated

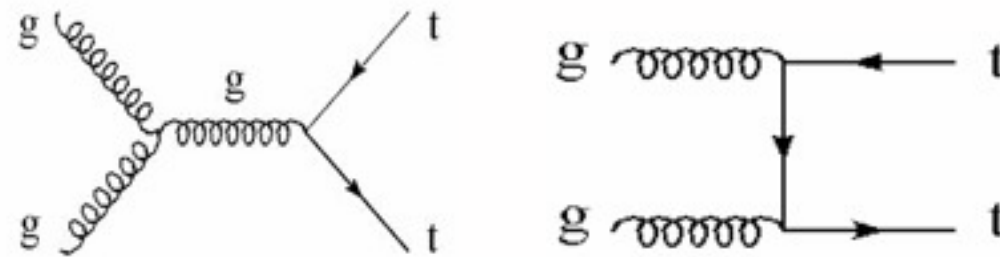
	Tevatron	LHC(7)	LHC(14)
gg	~10%	~85%	~90%
qq	~90%	~15%	~10%

$m_{top} = 172.5$

qq annihilation



gluon fusion



At Tevatron

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} \sim 7 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_t \sim 3.5 \text{ pb}$$

**top pairs:
strong**

$\sigma_{7\text{TeV}} \text{ (pb)}$	$172^{+4.4}_{-5.8} {}^{+4.7}_{-48}$
$\sigma_{8\text{TeV}} \text{ (pb)}$	$245^{+6.2}_{-8.4} {}^{+6.2}_{-6.4}$



~5.4M (~0.96 M) $t\bar{t}$
events produced by
LHC in 2012 (2011)

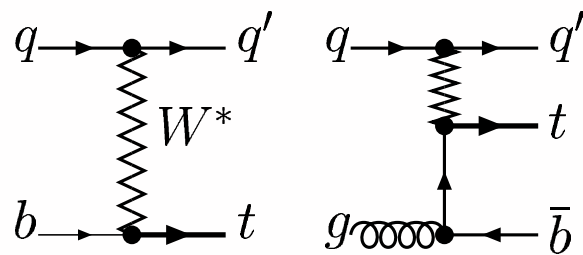
Czakon, Mitov, Fiedler 2013

NNLO+NNLL accuracy

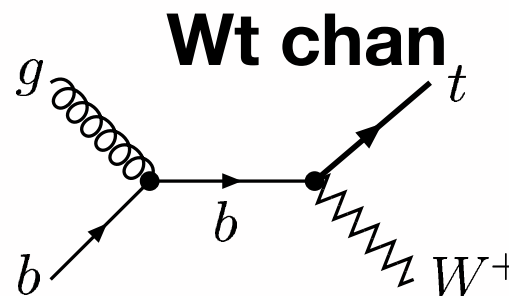
$\delta\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/\sigma_{t\bar{t}} \sim 4\%$

**single top:
electroweak**

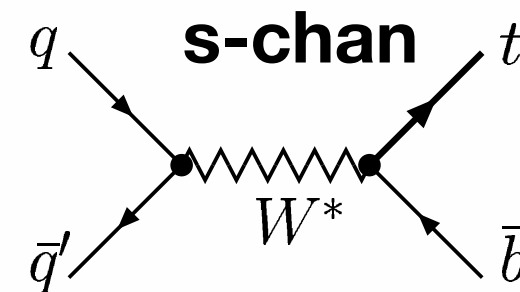
t-chan



Wt chan



s-chan



	t-chan	Wt chan	s-chan
$\sigma_{7\text{TeV}} \text{ (pb)}$	64.6 ± 2.4	15.7 ± 1.1	4.6 ± 0.2
$\sigma_{8\text{TeV}} \text{ (pb)}$	87.8 ± 3.4	22.4 ± 1.5	5.6 ± 0.2



~2.5M (0.47 M) single
top events produced
by LHC in 2011 (2012)

Kidonakis
2010, 2011

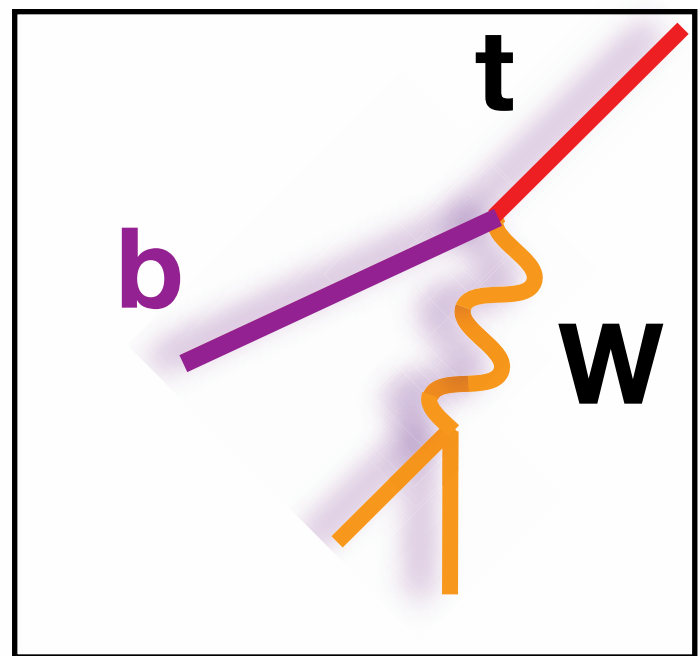
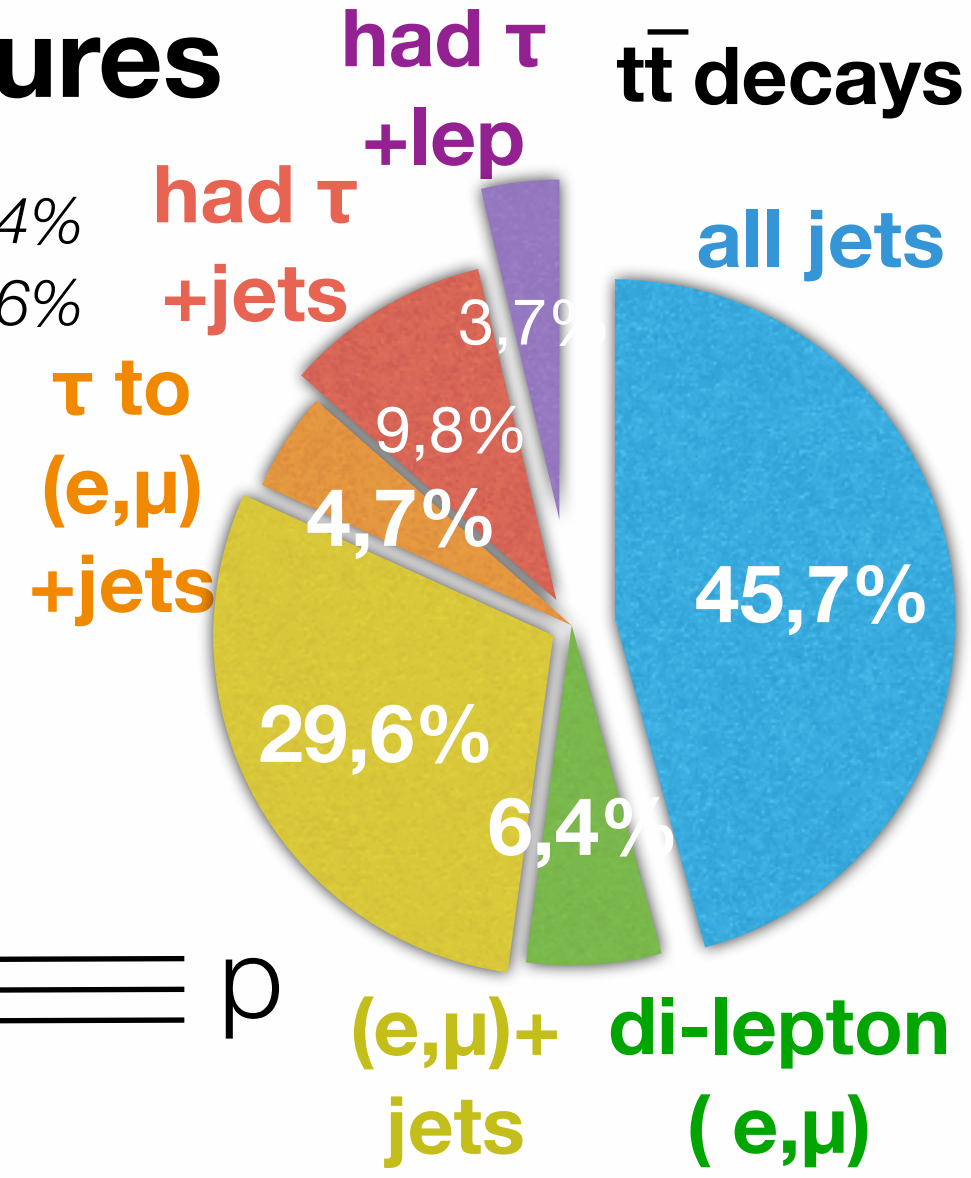
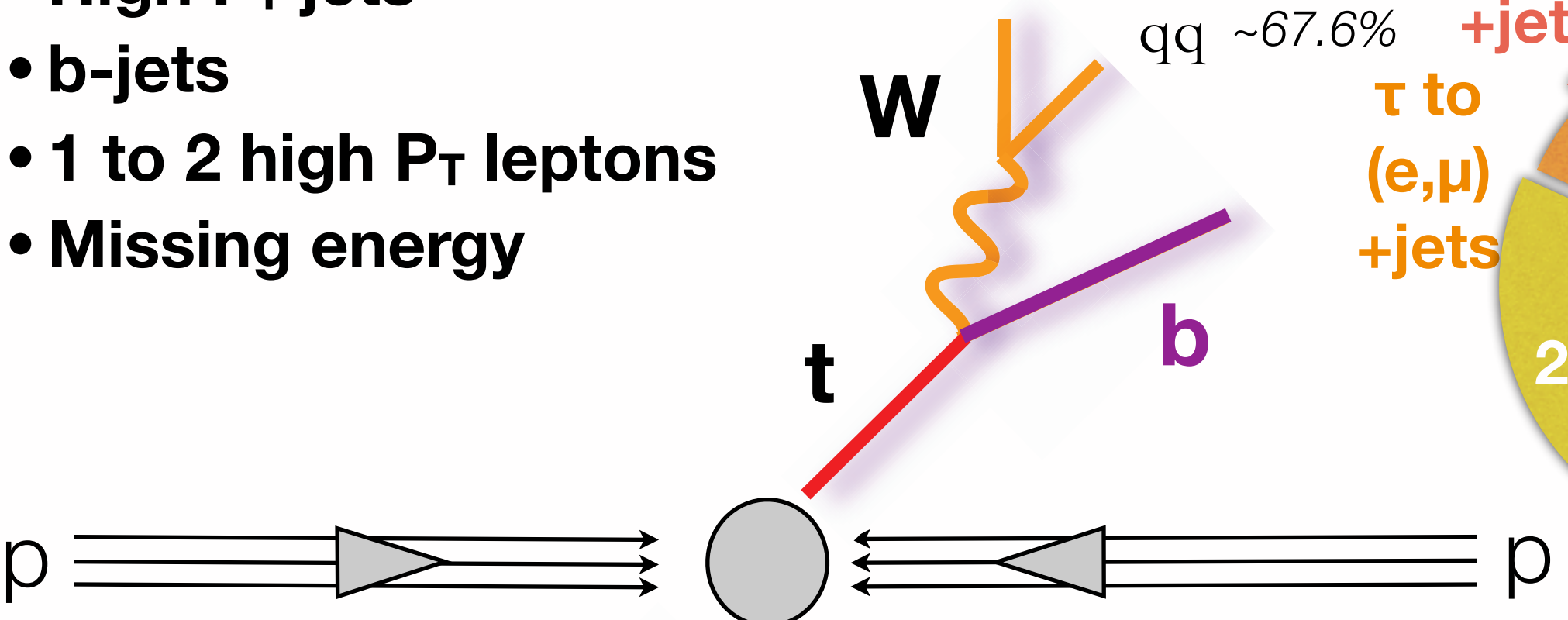
approx NNLO

$\delta\sigma_t/\sigma_t \sim 2 \text{ to } 7\%$

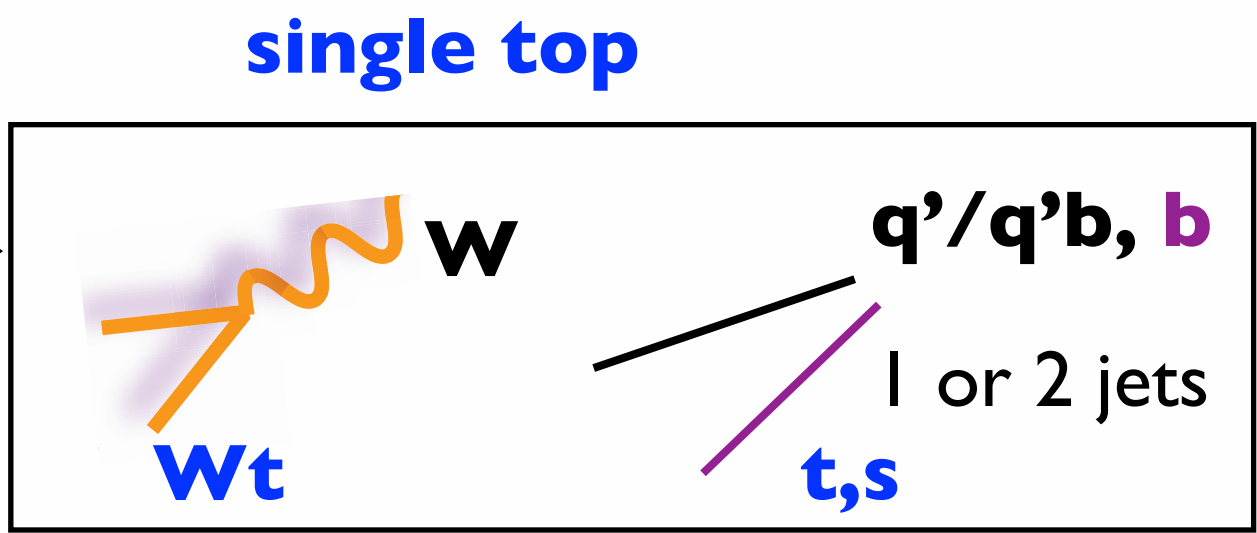
Top quark decay: signatures

- High P_T jets
- b-jets
- 1 to 2 high P_T leptons
- Missing energy

$\ell\nu \sim 32.4\%$
 $qq \sim 67.6\%$

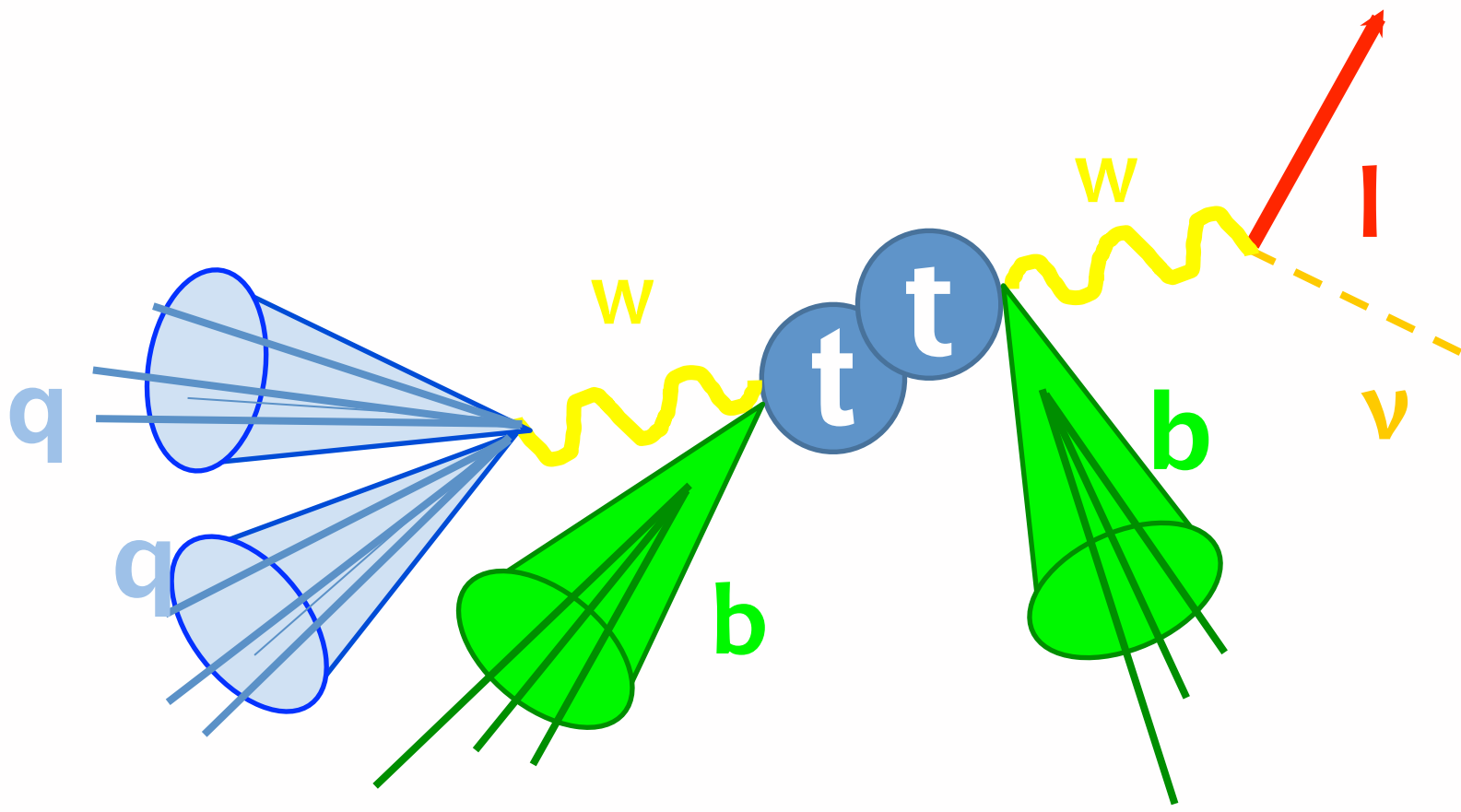


bkgs_t \bar{t} : W/Z(+jets), single top, QCD multi-jets, Di-bosons



bkgs_single_t: t \bar{t} + same bkgs_t \bar{t}

Selection/Ingredients for top quark pairs/single-top



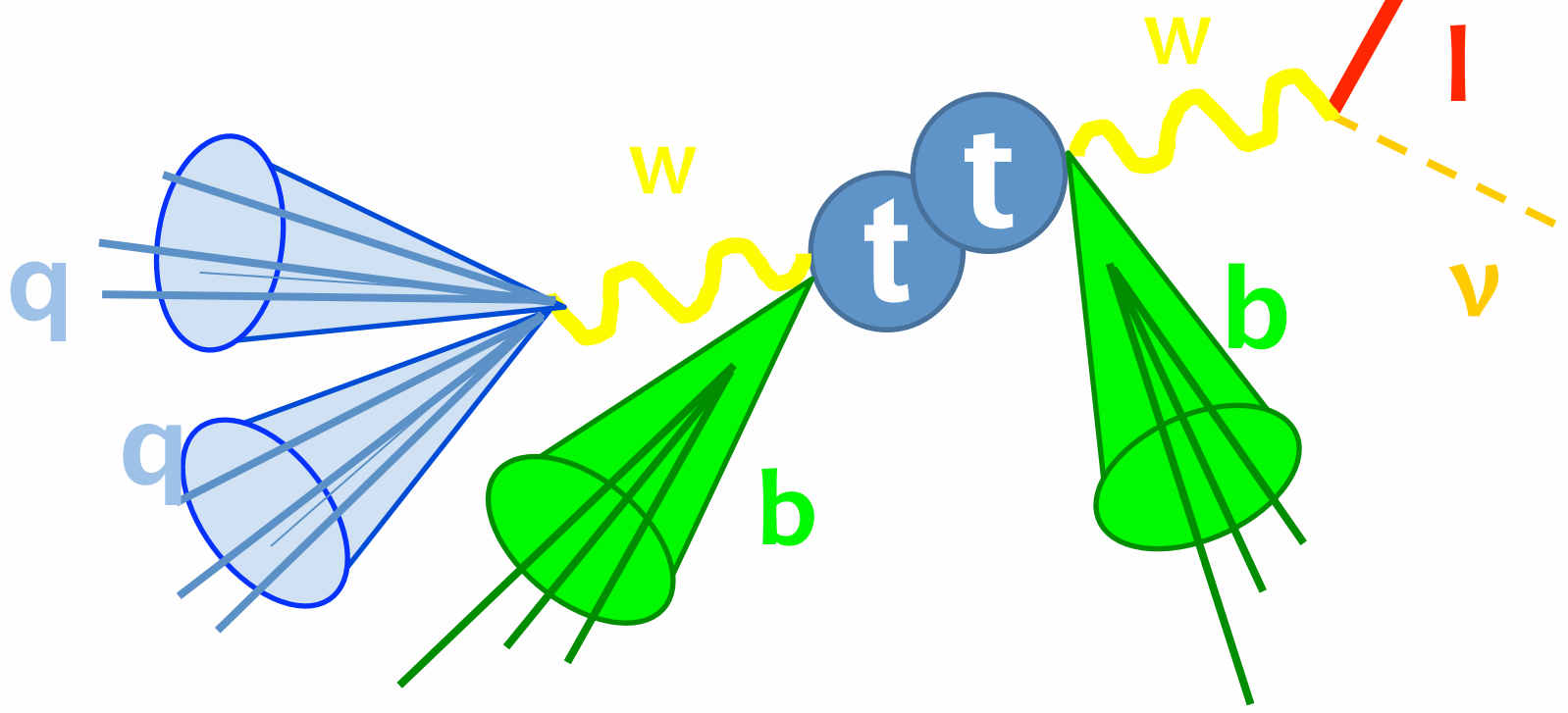
Selection/Ingredients for top quark pairs/single-top

Electron

- Good isolated calo object
- Matched to track
- $E_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta| \in [0; 1.37][1.52; 2.47]$

Muon

- Segments in tracker and muon detector
- Calo and track isolation
- $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$ $|\eta| < 2.5$



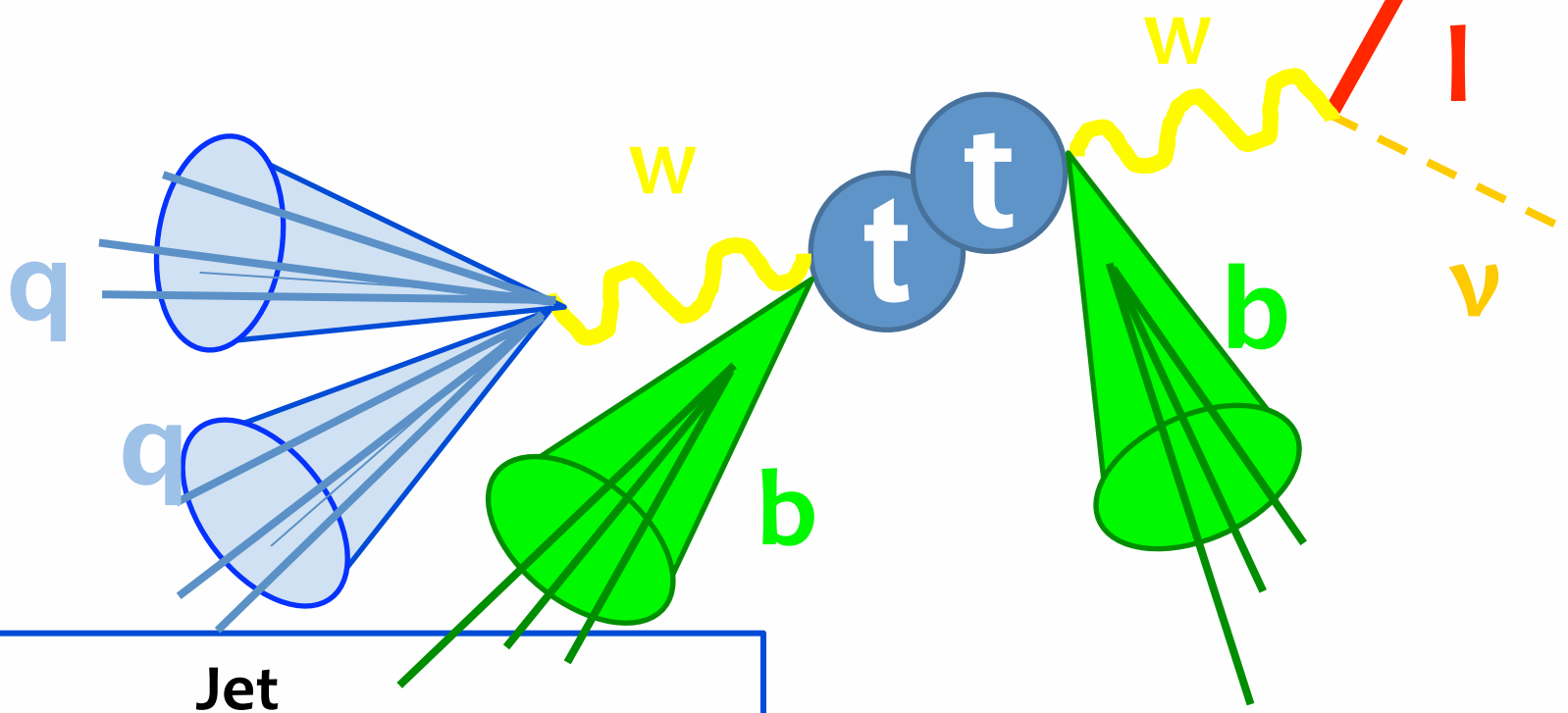
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Jet

- Topological clusters, Anti- k_T ($R=0.4$), MC Calibration checked w/data
- $p_T > 25$ (20) GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$
- (large JVF = $\sum_{\text{jet trk in PV}} p_T / \sum_{\text{jet trk}} p_T$ vs pile-up jets,)

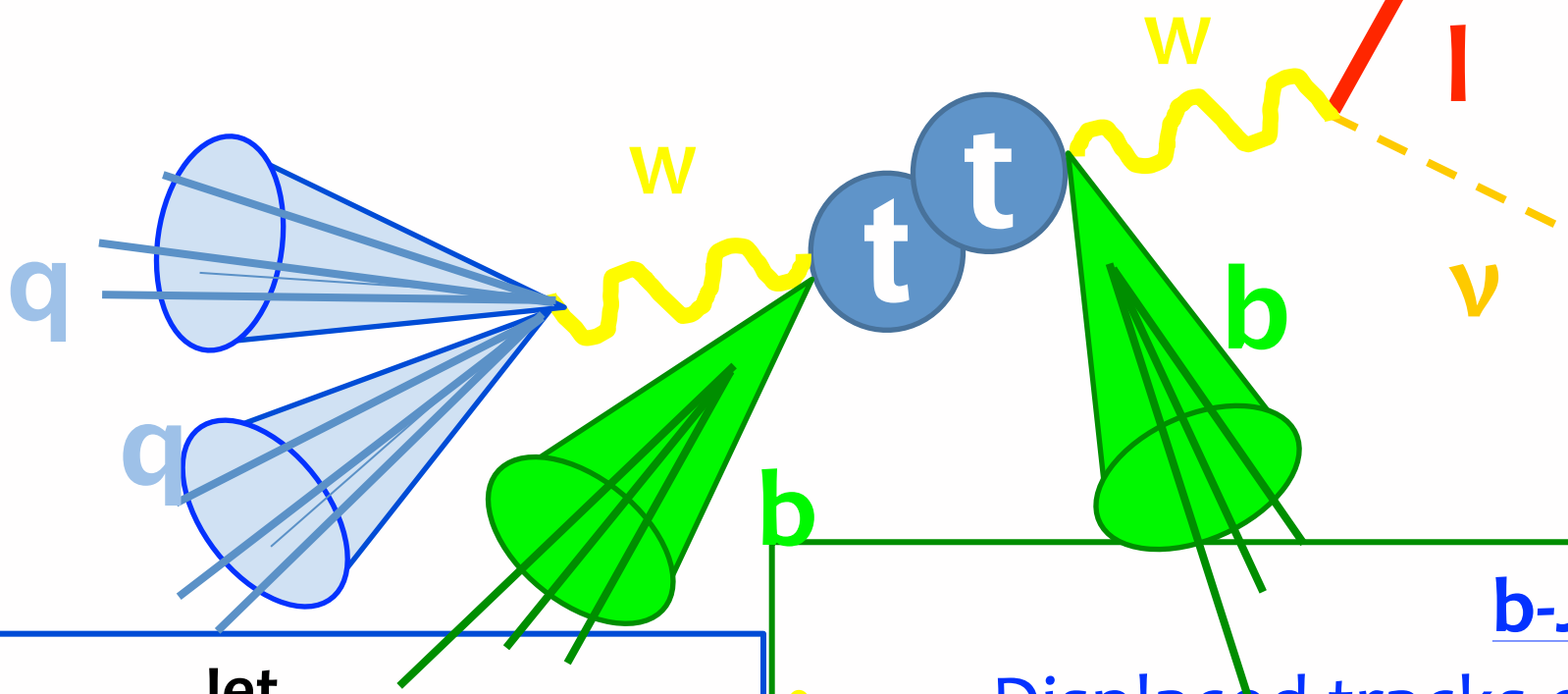
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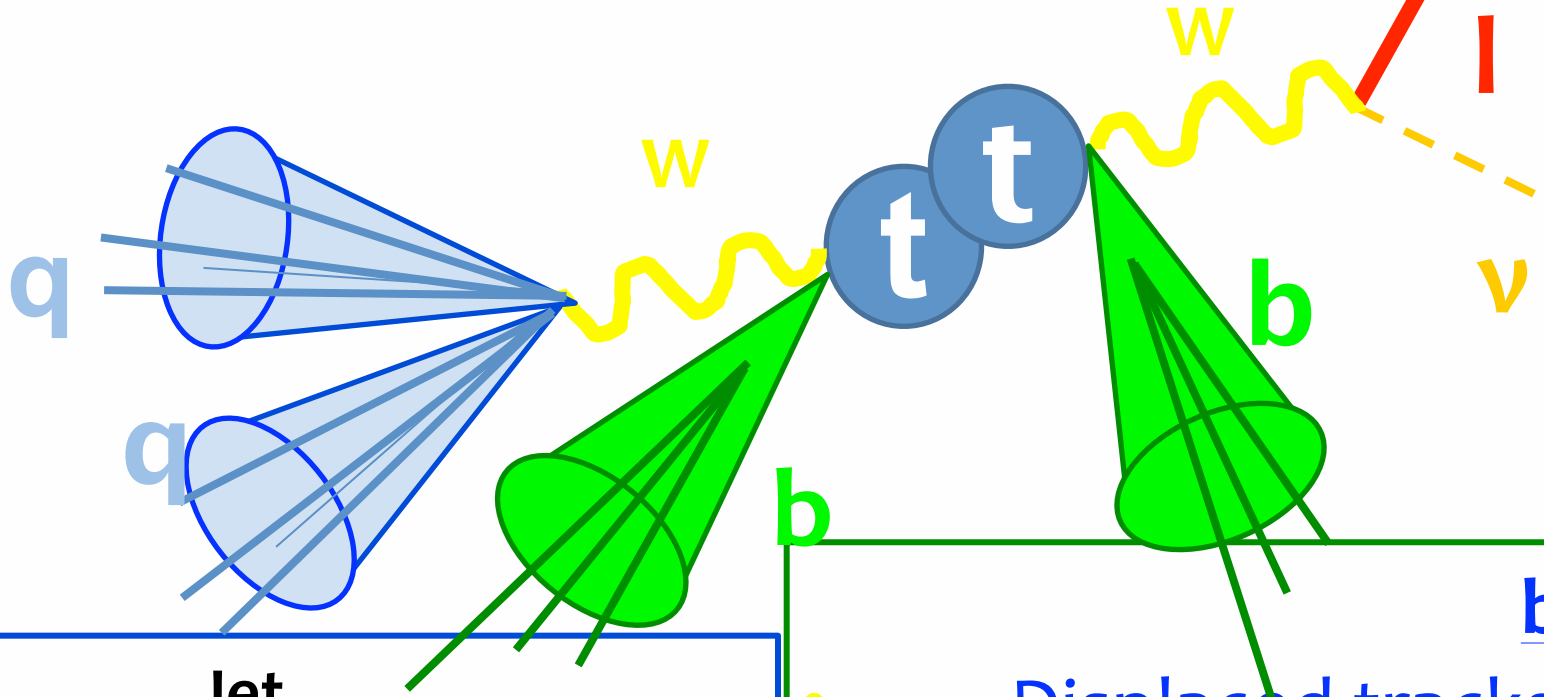
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b-Jet

- Displaced tracks or secondary lepton
- SVo: reconstruct sec.vertex
- JetProb: track/jet compatibility with prim. vertex
- MV1, IP3D+SV1 +/- JetFitter: lkl/NN taggers

Selection/Ingredients for top quark pairs/single-top



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- Muon**
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- E_T^{miss}**
- Vector sum of calo energy deposits
 - Corrected for identified objects

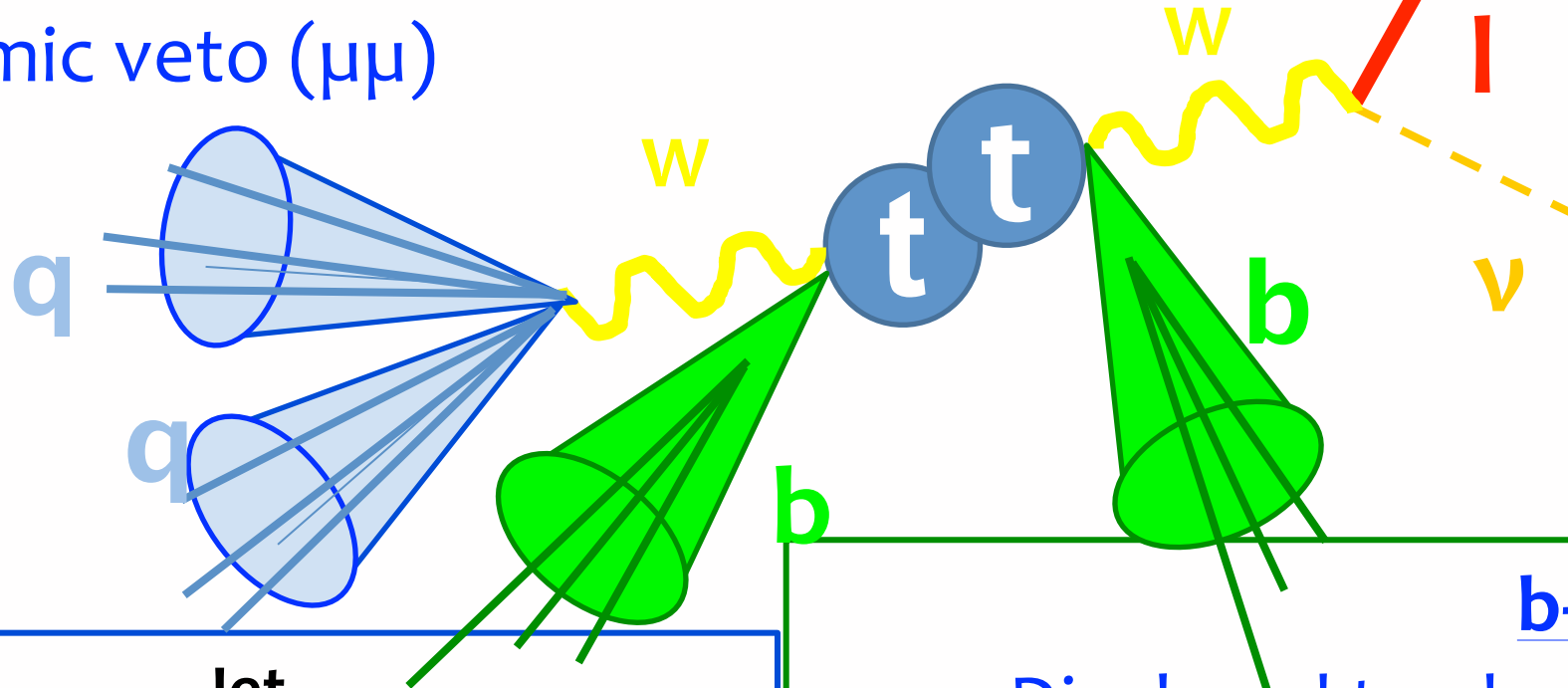
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Selection/Ingredients for top quark pairs/single-top

Event cleaning

- Good run conditions
- Primary vertex (PV) with at least 5 tracks
- Bad jet veto
- Cosmic veto ($\mu\mu$)



Electron

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- Matched to track
- $E_T > 25$ GeV
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Muon

- Segments in tracker and muon detector
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E_T^{miss}

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Jet

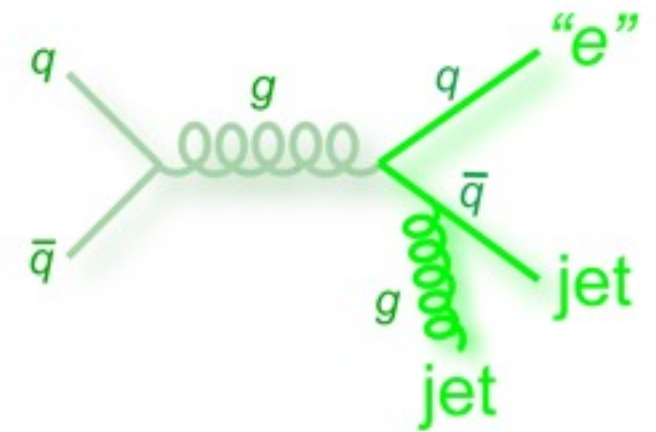
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- SVo: reconstruct sec. vertex
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Backgrounds estimates (*tt* single lepton+jets, single top *t,s*-chan)

• Fake leptons



“Fake” leptons: mis-id jets, $\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$, non-prompt leptons (b/c-decays), punch-through had

- **Matrix method** (*J Boudreau, Top2012*)

$$N^{\text{loose}} = N_{\text{real}}^{\text{loose}} + N_{\text{fake}}^{\text{loose}}$$

$$N^{\text{std}} = r N_{\text{real}}^{\text{loose}} + f N_{\text{fake}}^{\text{loose}}$$

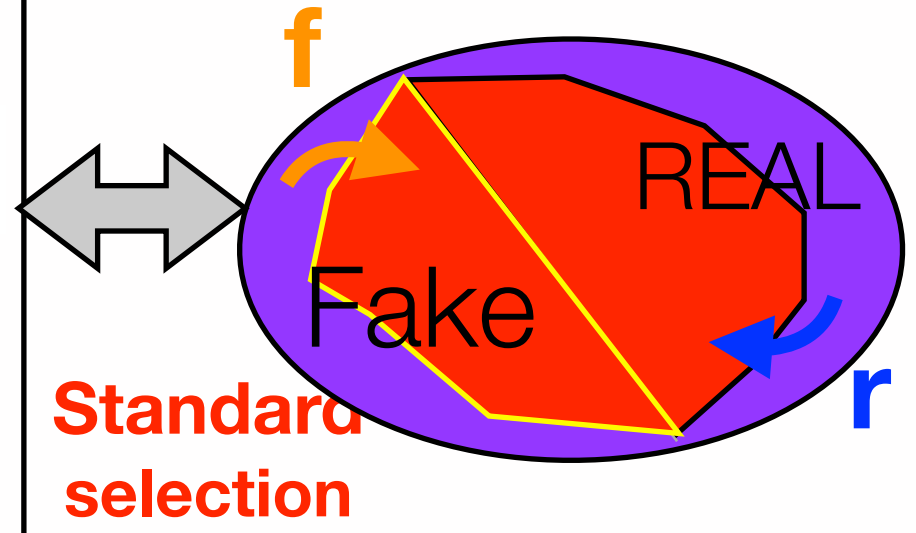
r is the marginal efficiency of standard cuts.
f is the same, for background sources

Both can be measured in pure or background event subtracted samples
- **Jet template**

Shape from jet triggered events with 1 high em. content jet.

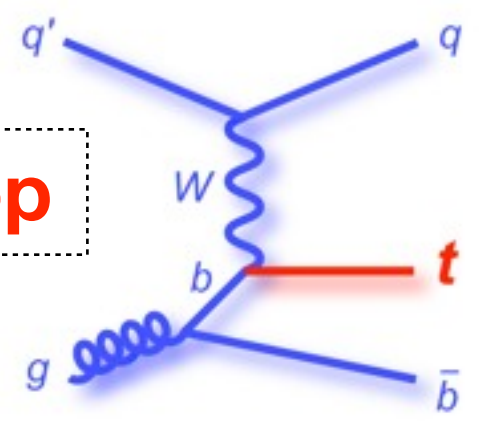
Normalize by fitting low E_T^{miss} shape to data and extrapolate

Loose selection=relax lepton isolation & identification



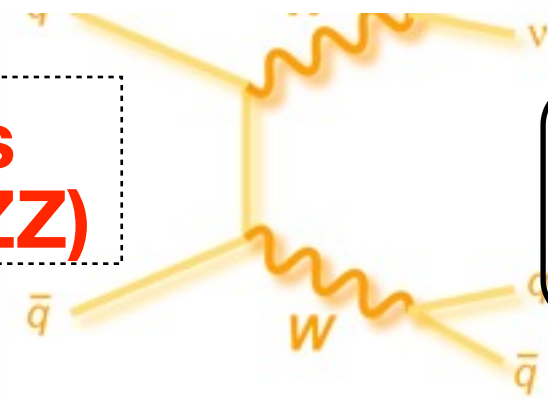
Standard selection

• Single top

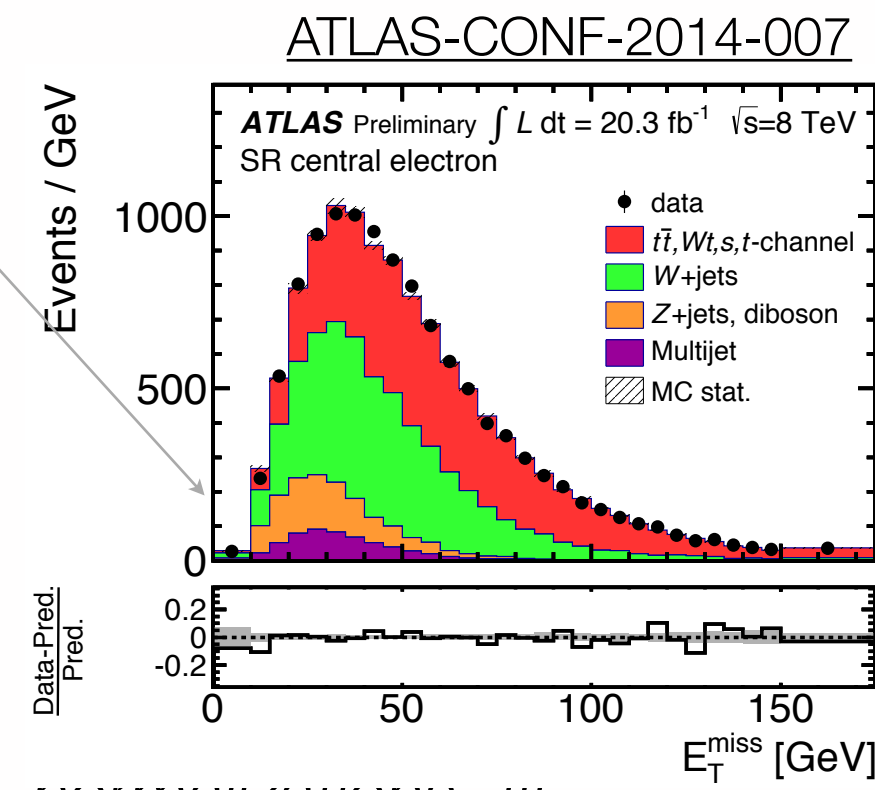


Simulated shape+rate set to approx NNLO

• Di-bosons (WW, WZ, ZZ)



Simulated shape+rate set to SM

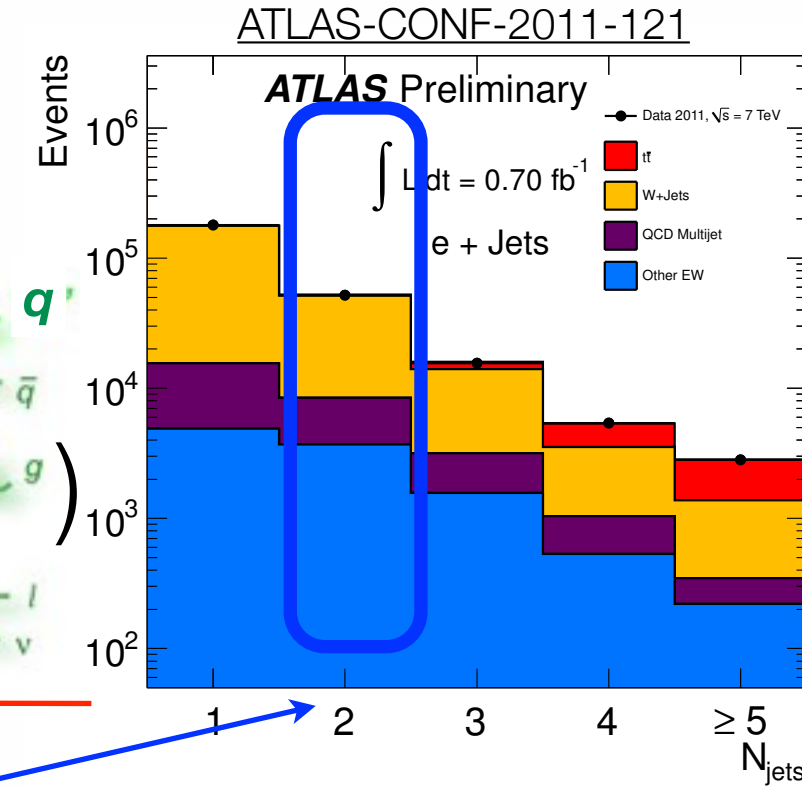
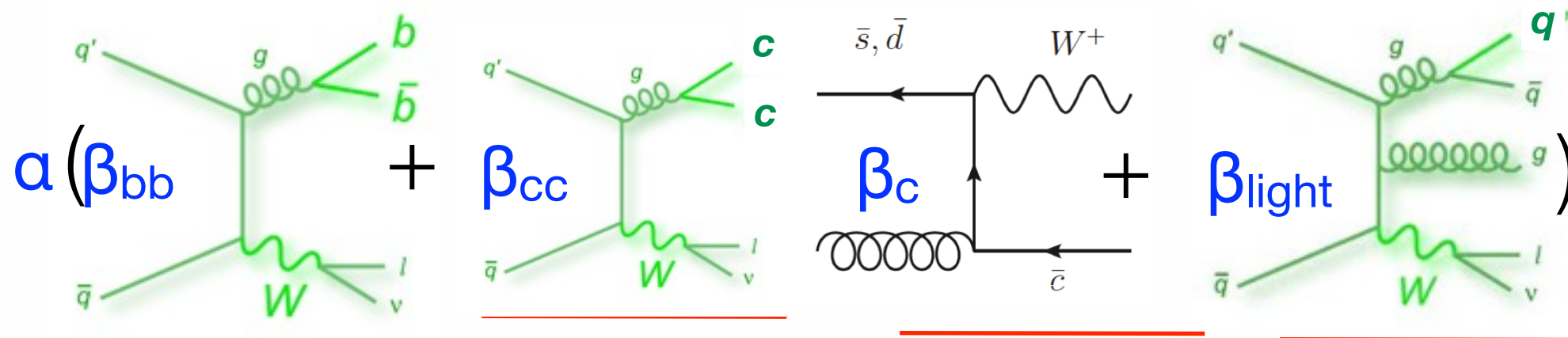


normalizations=111 parameters, estimates are starting points for fit

Backgrounds - single lepton+jets

• *W+jets*

simulated shapes
data-driven overall norm and flavour fractions



► Iterate: use events with 1lep + large E_T^{miss} +2 jets to derive α and β_{xx} before b-tagging

1. Derive α as ratio of asymmetric production of W^+ and W^- is well known (more u-quarks than d-quarks) in $W+2\text{jets}$ events, no b-tag

$$N_{W^+} + N_{W^-} = \frac{(N_{W^+}^{\text{MC}} + N_{W^-}^{\text{MC}})}{(N_{W^+}^{\text{MC}} - N_{W^-}^{\text{MC}})} (D^+ - D^-) = \left(\frac{r_{\text{MC}} + 1}{r_{\text{MC}} - 1} \right) (D^+ - D^-),$$

2. Derive β_{xx} from 3 equations using 2 data samples with positive and negative leptons in $W+2\text{ jet}$ bin with standard sel & no b-tag + 1 normalization condition

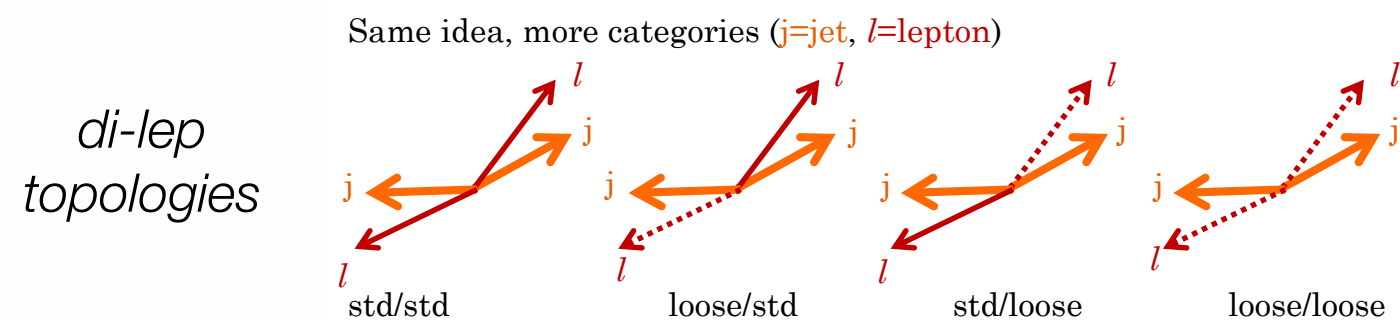
3. Derive α as in 1, but in r_{MC} use β_{xx} from step 2

► Extrapolate shape and norm from 2 jets channel to any jet multiplicity b-tagged channel with

$$W_{\geq 1\text{tag}}^n = W_{\text{pretag}}^n \cdot f_{\text{tag}}^{2j} \cdot f_{\text{tag}}^{2 \rightarrow n}$$

Backgrounds (*tt* di-lepton, *Wt* single top)

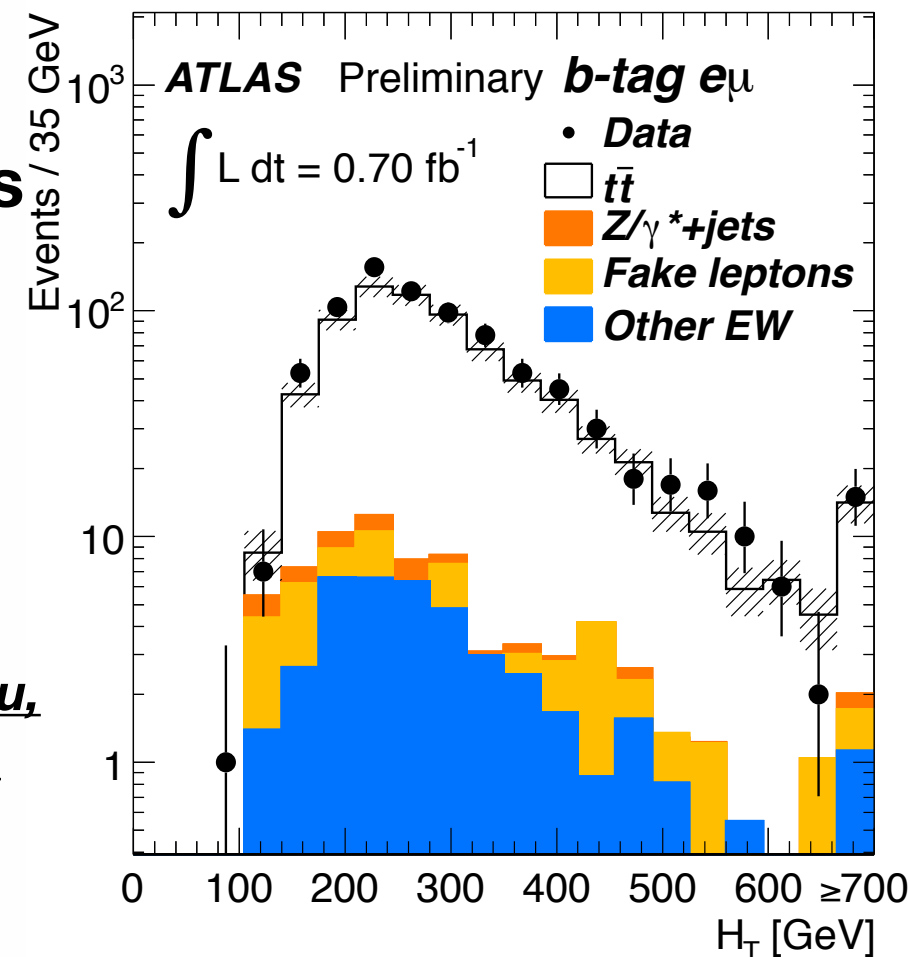
- **Fake leptons I**: generalize single lepton estimate
 - ▶ Get **r** and **f**: **probability** for **loose** “fake” and real **leptons to pass standard sel.** ← **control samples** enriched with **real** (in *Z* window) or **“fake”** (low E_T^{miss}) leptons
 - ▶ **Combine** with **N(di-lep)** for **all loose “fake” & real pairs** → **fake standard lepton content**



(J Boudreau, Top2012)

loose, standard

$$\begin{pmatrix} N^{l,l} \\ N^{l,s} \\ N^{s,l} \\ N^{s,s} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ r_2 & f_2 & r_2 & f_2 \\ r_1 & f_1 & r_1 & f_1 \\ r_1 r_2 & r_1 f_2 & f_1 r_2 & f_1 f_2 \end{pmatrix} \circ \begin{pmatrix} N_{r,r}^{l,l} \\ N_{r,f}^{l,l} \\ N_{f,r}^{l,l} \\ N_{f,f}^{l,l} \end{pmatrix} \text{ real, fake in loose}$$



• *Z/γ** bkg ($ee, \mu\mu$)

Assume constant *Z* data/*Z* MC ratio in/out *Z* window

$$N_{Z/\gamma}(\text{SR}) = [\text{Data}(\text{CR}) - \text{NonZBkg}(\text{CR})] \frac{\text{MC}_{Z/\gamma}(\text{SR})}{\text{MC}_{Z/\gamma}(\text{CR})}$$

CR (SR) = in (out of) *Z* mass window

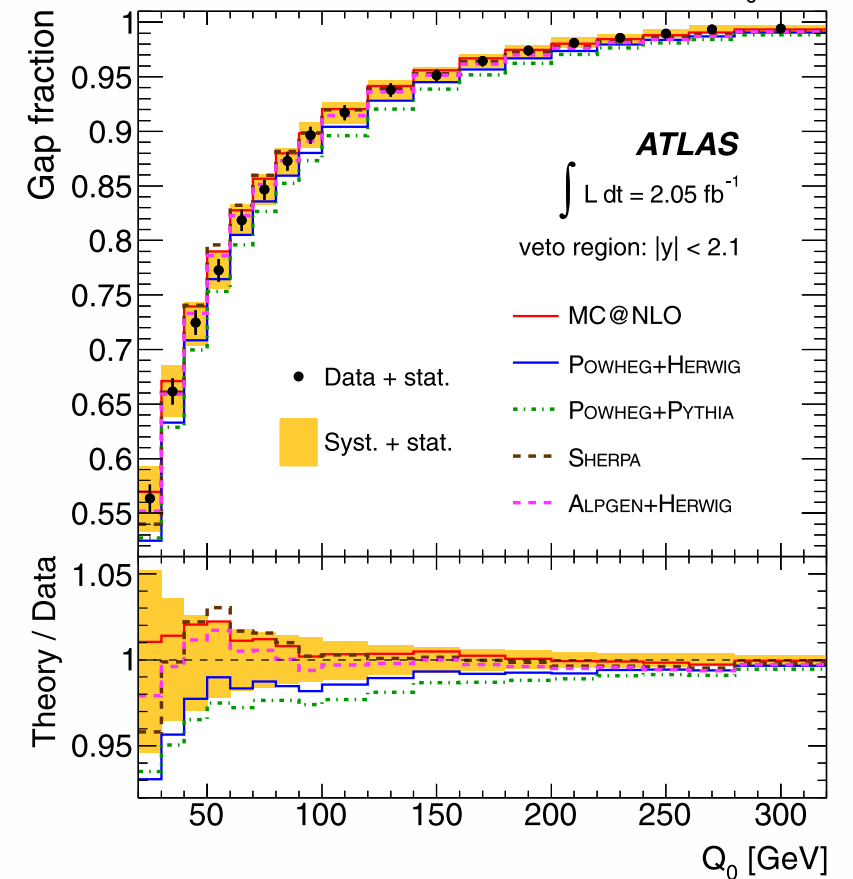
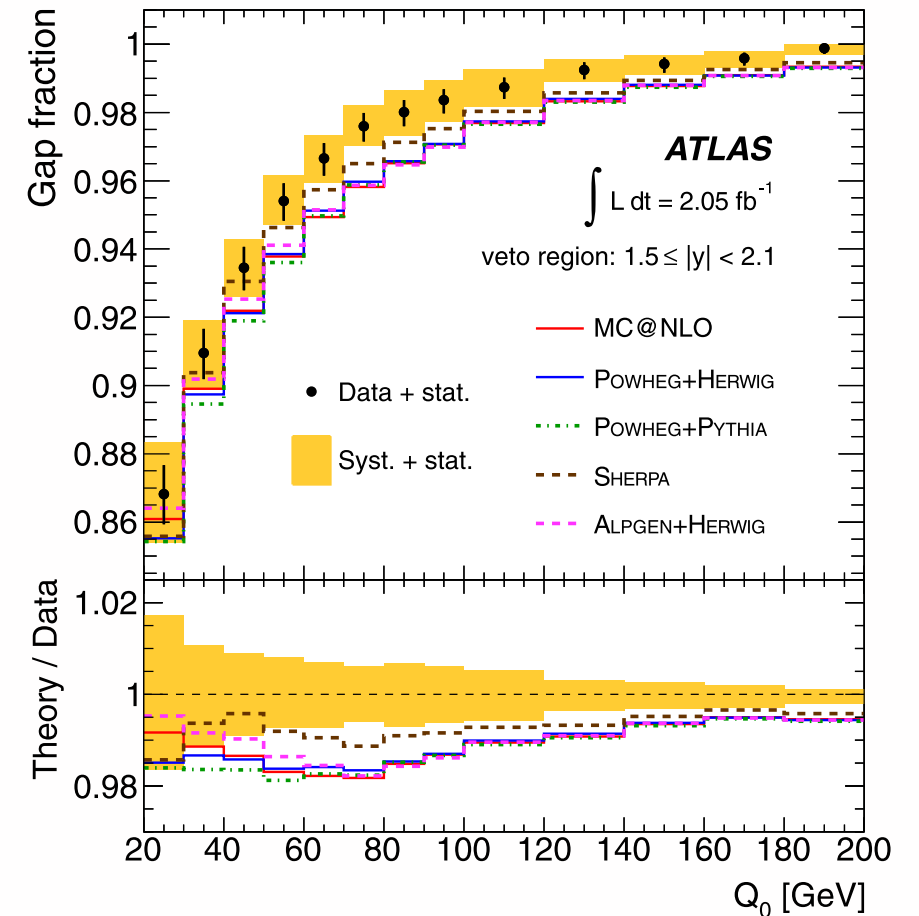
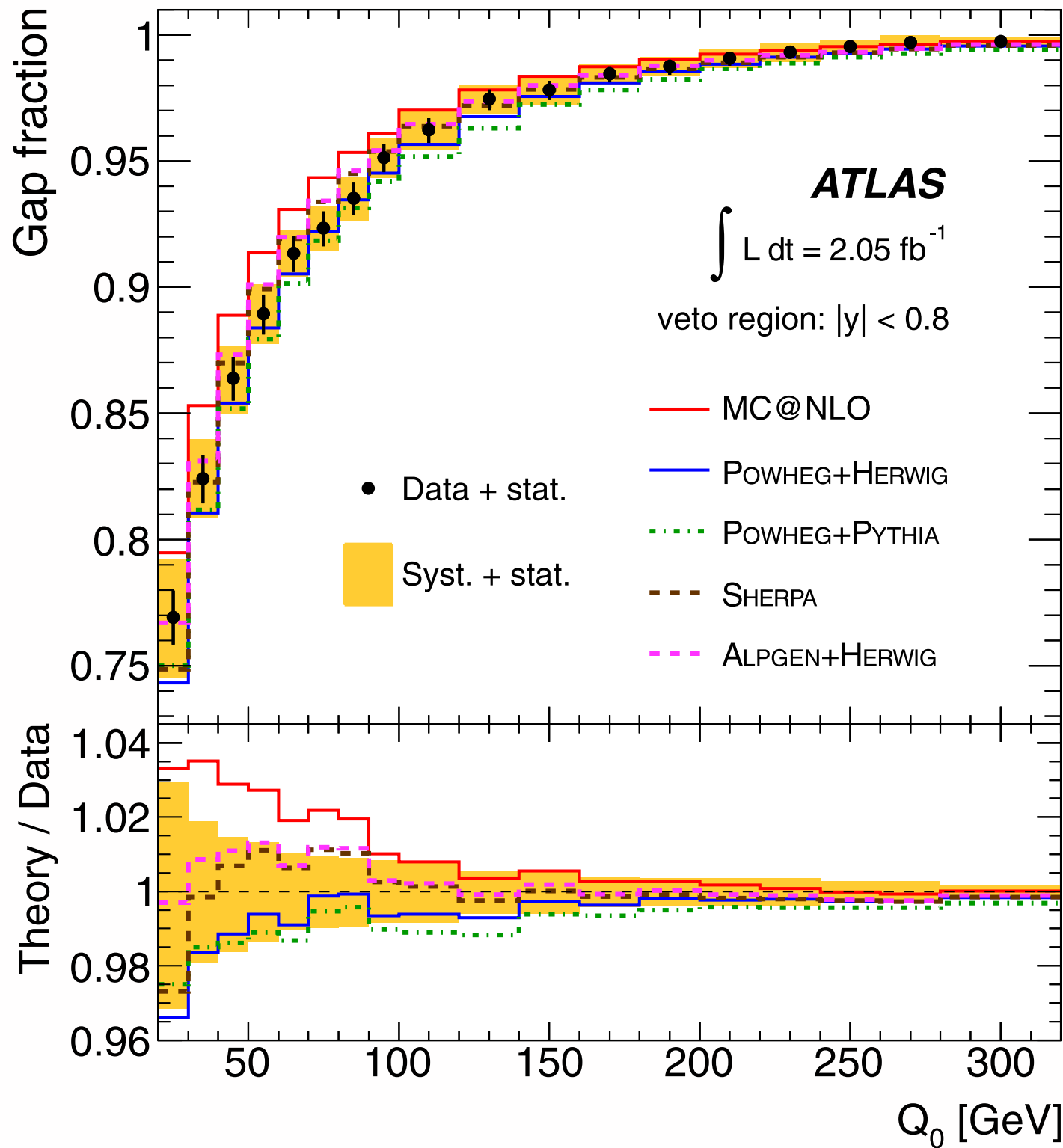
• Fake Leptons II

Assume constant fake data/fakeMC in same sign/opposite sign

$$N_{\text{fakes}}(\text{OS}) =$$

$$\frac{[\text{Data}(\text{SS}) - \text{NonSSBkg}(\text{SS})] \text{MC}_{t\bar{t}+W+\text{jets}+\text{multijet}}(\text{OS})}{\text{MC}_{t\bar{t}+W+\text{jets}+\text{multijet}}(\text{SS})}$$

- MC@NLO: too little jet activity in $|y| < 0.8$**



Differential $d\sigma_{tt}/dN_{jets}$ and $d\sigma_{tt}/dp_{T,jets}$ - $l+jets \sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ **NEW!**

Provide table of full breakdown of uncertainties for both results

<http://arxiv.org/abs/1407.0891>, submitted to JHEP

example for $d\sigma_{tt}/dN_{jets}$

$d\sigma_{tt}/dN_{jets}$

Systematic dominated: ~10% to ~30%

- Correlated effects dominant at large N_{jets} (JES ~3% to 40% ISR/FSR: 1 to 6%, MC gen., b-jet)**
- Uncorrelated effects dominant at low N_{jets} (Bkg 3% to 18%)**
- Combination improves by 3% (20%) on $\mu(e)$ chan (smaller fake lep. bkg in μ events)**

$d\sigma_{tt}/dp_{T,jets}$

Systematic dominated: lead p_T jet ~7-14%, others ~ up to 17%

- μ En. scale & ID eff.: smaller than $e \rightarrow 20\%$ smaller uncertainty $d\sigma_{tt}/dp_{T,jets}$ in μ chan**
- b-jet scale: 2 to 5%, b-tag eff. 2 to 7%, W +jets bkg ~2% to 8% Stat 1.5% to 14%**
- Combination improves by 4-7% (15-30%) on the μ (e) channel**

$\frac{d\sigma}{dn_{jets}}$ [%] / n_{jets}	3	4	5	≥ 6
MC statistics	0.8	1.2	2.8	5.9
PDF	0.6	2.1	0.8	0.8
MC generator	1.1	0.7	0.5	4.4
Fragmentation	1.2	1.1	0.4	4.1
ISR/FSR	4.9	5.3	7.4	14.6
Colour reconnection	0.4	1.4	4.2	3.1
ℓ resolution & efficiency	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.5
E_T^{miss} cell-out	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.4
b-quark tagging efficiency	4.3	4.3	4.3	5.1
Additional interactions	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.6
Jet reconstruction efficiency	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Jet energy resolution	0.1	0.9	3.0	0.8
b-quark jets (JES)	2.9	3.5	3.0	4.5
Close by jets (JES)	3.0	6.0	7.4	10.5
Effective detector NP set 1 (JES)	1.9	3.1	3.5	5.1
Effective detector NP set 2 (JES)	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4
Effective mixed NP set 1 (JES)	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.4
Effective mixed NP set 2 (JES)	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.7
Effective model NP set 1 (JES)	1.2	1.8	2.0	4.0
Effective model NP set 2 (JES)	0.5	0.8	1.0	1.5
Effective model NP set 3 (JES)	0.7	1.0	1.3	1.8
Effective model NP set 4 (JES)	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4
Effective stat. NP set 1 (JES)	0.2	0.4	0.4	1.1
Effective stat. NP set 2 (JES)	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.7
Effective stat. NP set 3 (JES)	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.5
η -intercalibration (JES)	2.0	3.2	4.4	5.9
η -intercalibration statistics (JES)	0.4	0.6	0.7	1.3
Flavour composition (JES)	0.8	1.4	1.8	1.7
Flavour response (JES)	0.4	2.4	3.7	2.7
Additional interactions μ (JES)	0.1	0.3	0.4	1.8
Additional interactions N_{PV} (JES)	0.2	0.3	0.7	1.0
Relative non-closure (JES)	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.1
Single particle high- p_T (JES)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jet vertex fraction efficiency	0.1	0.7	0.6	1.0
W+jets normalisation	2.3	1.2	0.3	0.3
W+jets heavy/light flavour	3.0	1.3	0.0	0.0
Multijet normalisation	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.1
Multijet shape	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.4
Small backgrounds	3.0	3.4	2.6	4.0
Luminosity	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Statistical uncertainty	1.8	2.8	6.3	14.5
Total uncertainty	10.2	12.9	16.8	28.0
Cross-section [pb]	1.99e+00	4.95e-01	1.04e-01	1.72e-02

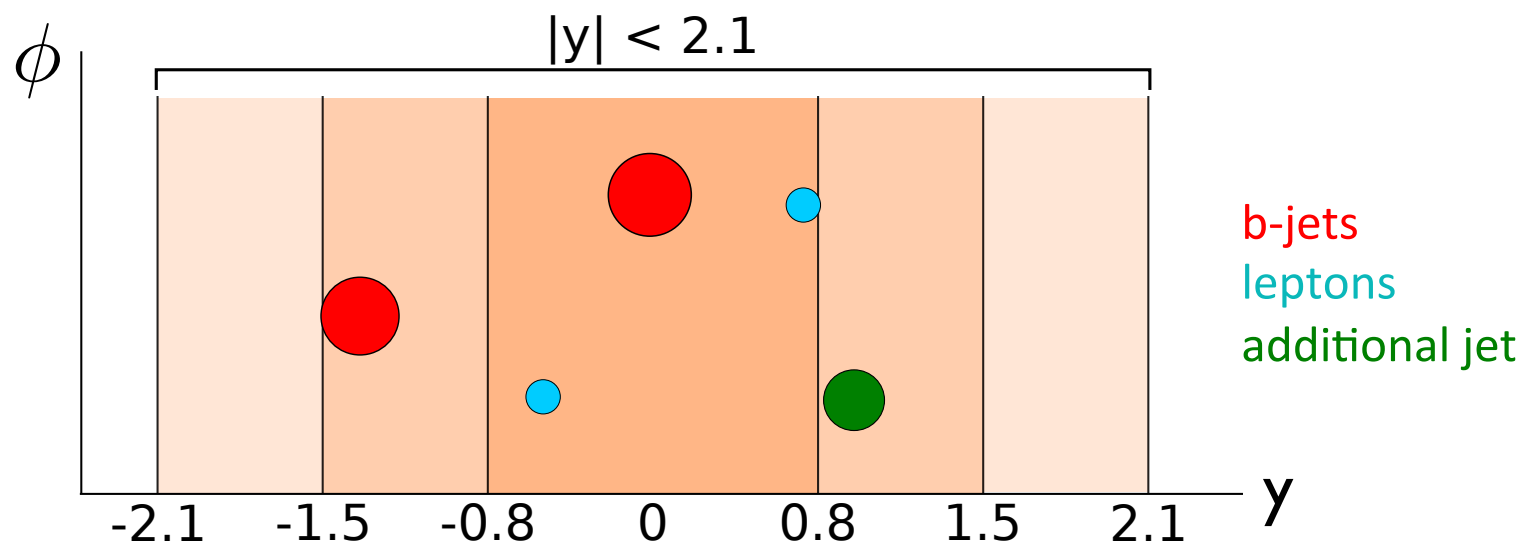
- Study the fraction of $t\bar{t}$ events that do not contain an additional jet, in a central rapidity region, with $p_T > Q_0$:

$$f_{\text{gap}}(Q_0) = \frac{n_{\text{gap}}(Q_0)}{N_{t\bar{t}}}$$

- Alternatively, we can take the sum of the p_T of the jets falling into each rapidity region and define:

$$f_{\text{gap}}(Q_{\text{sum}}) = \frac{n_{\text{gap}}(Q_{\text{sum}})}{N_{t\bar{t}}}$$

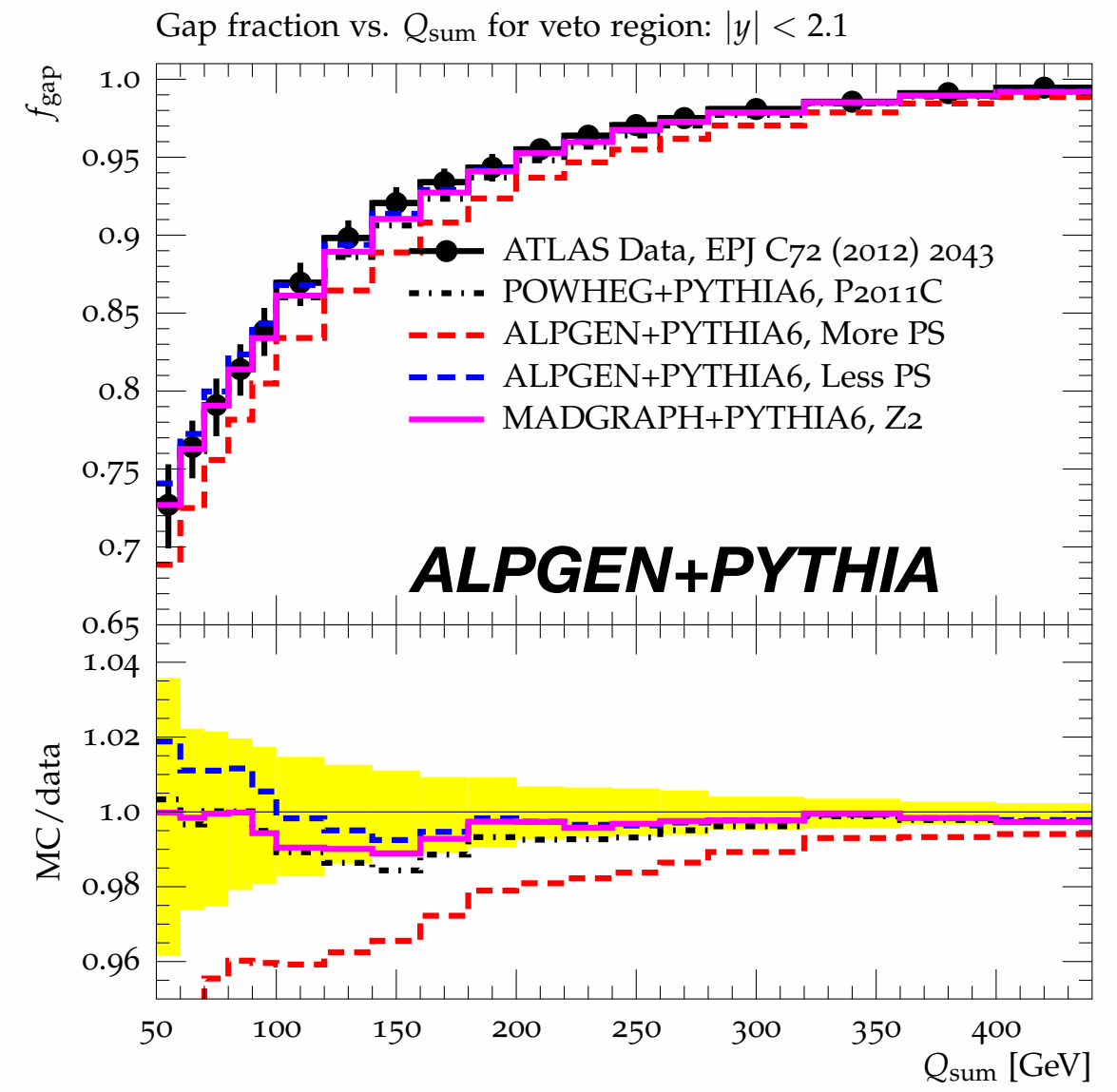
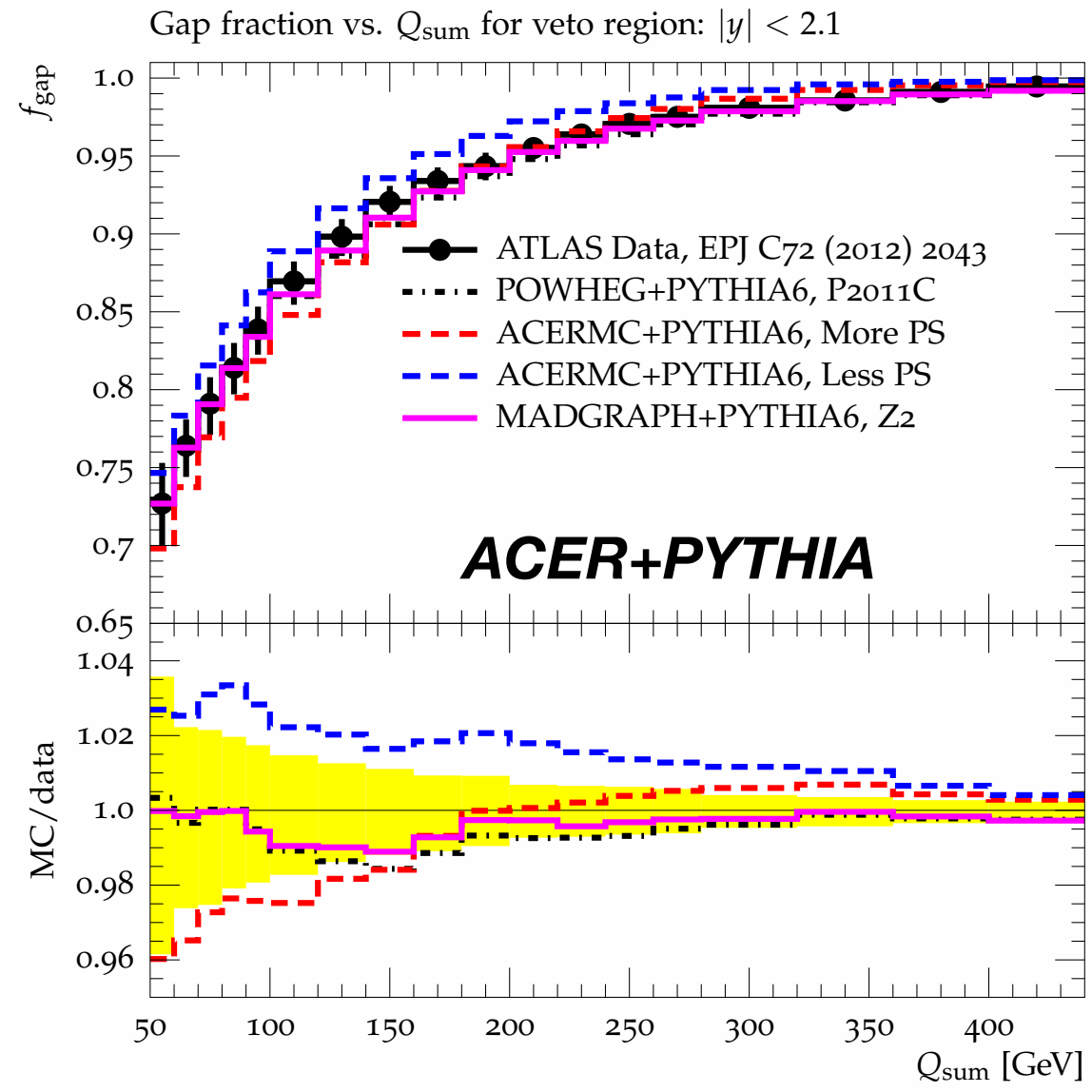
- Use dilepton events with two reconstructed b-jets to easily identify the additional jet(s).



- Four rapidity regions: $|y| < 0.8$ $0.8 \leq |y| < 1.5$ $1.5 \leq |y| < 2.1$ $|y| < 2.1$
- Measurement is corrected for detector effects and presented in a well defined fiducial region.

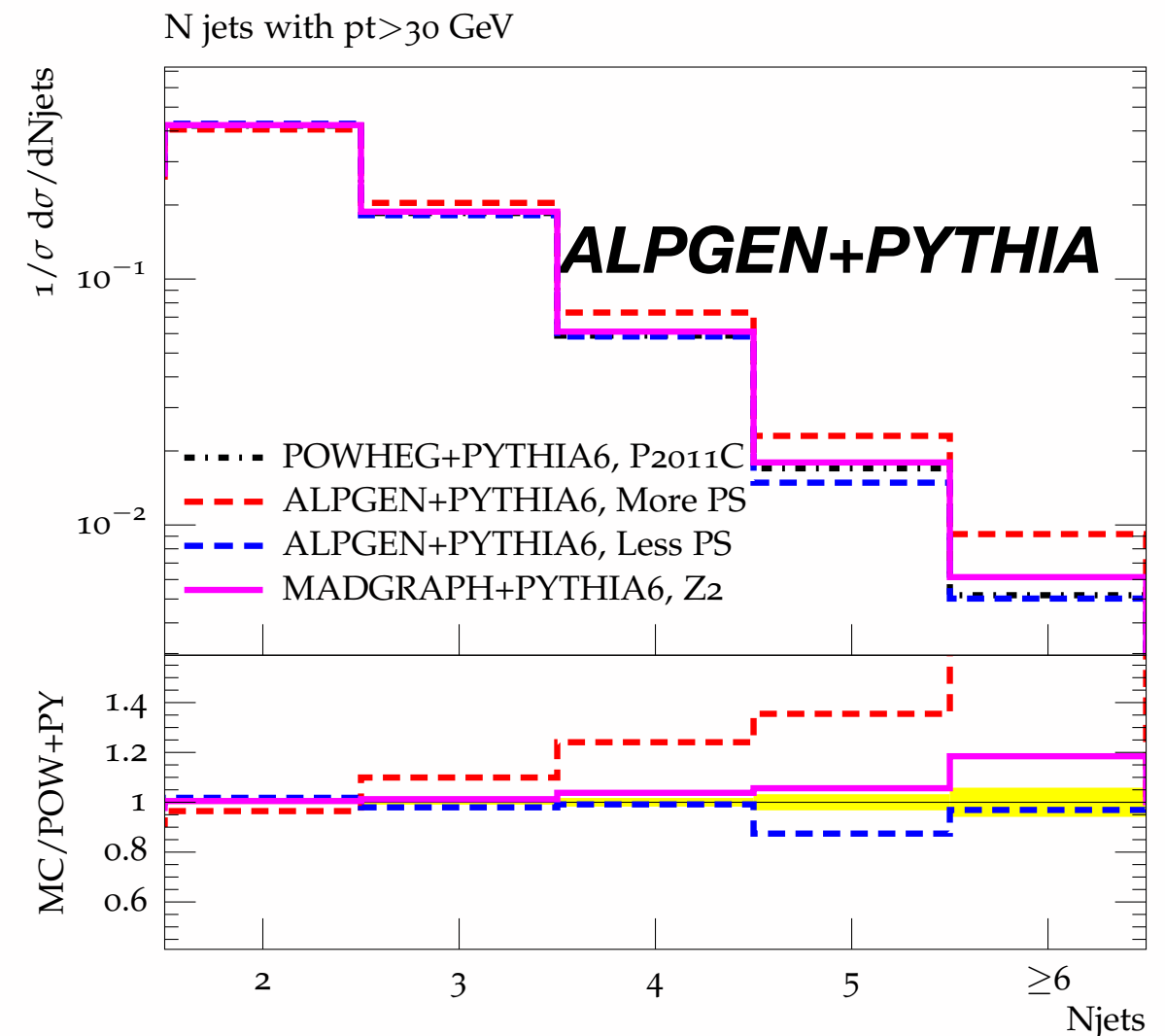
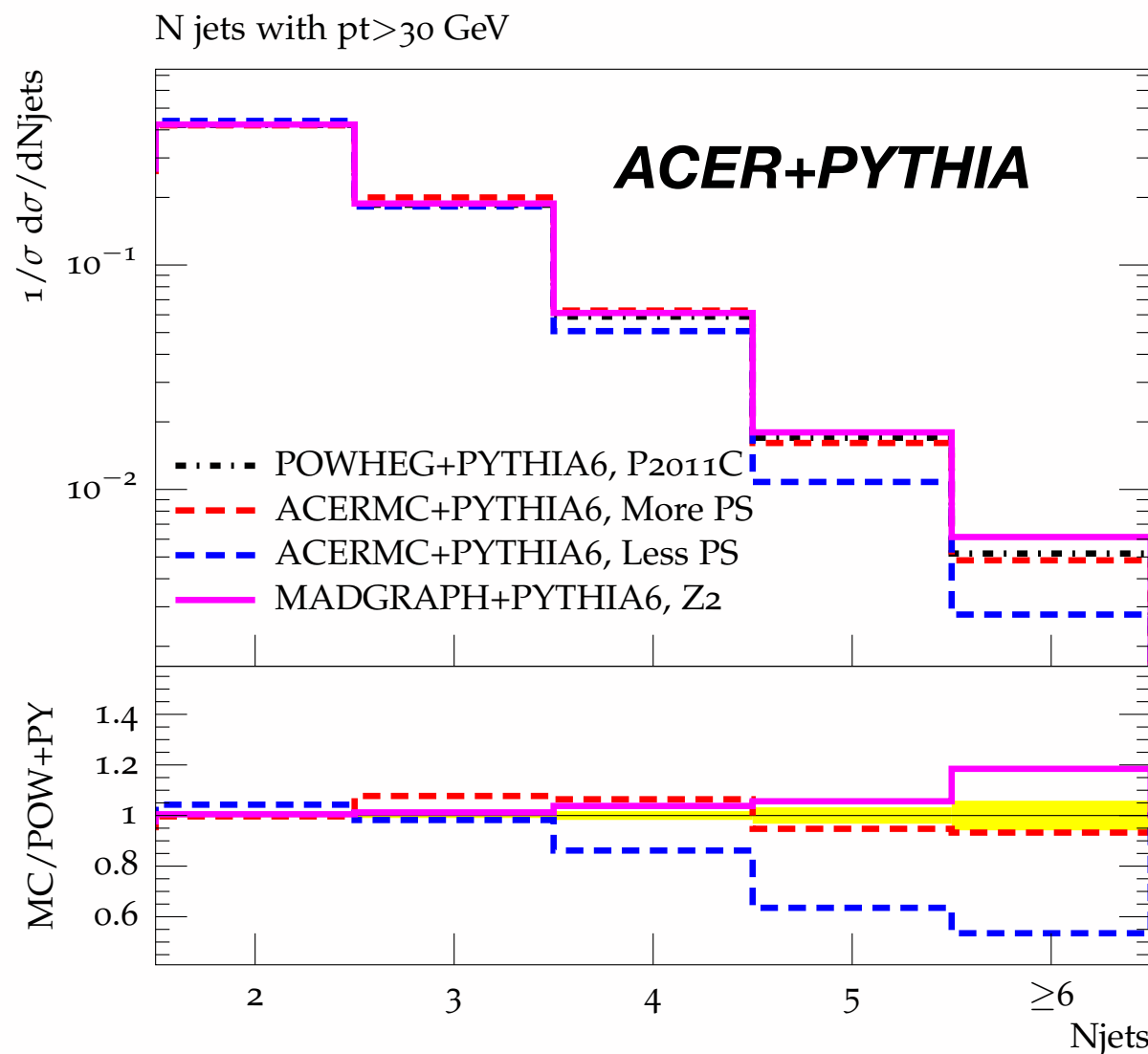
M. Owen, TopLHCWG Meeting 29th Nov 2012

- Compare different radiation scenarios for gap fraction measurements \rightarrow tune models, constrain systematic uncertainties



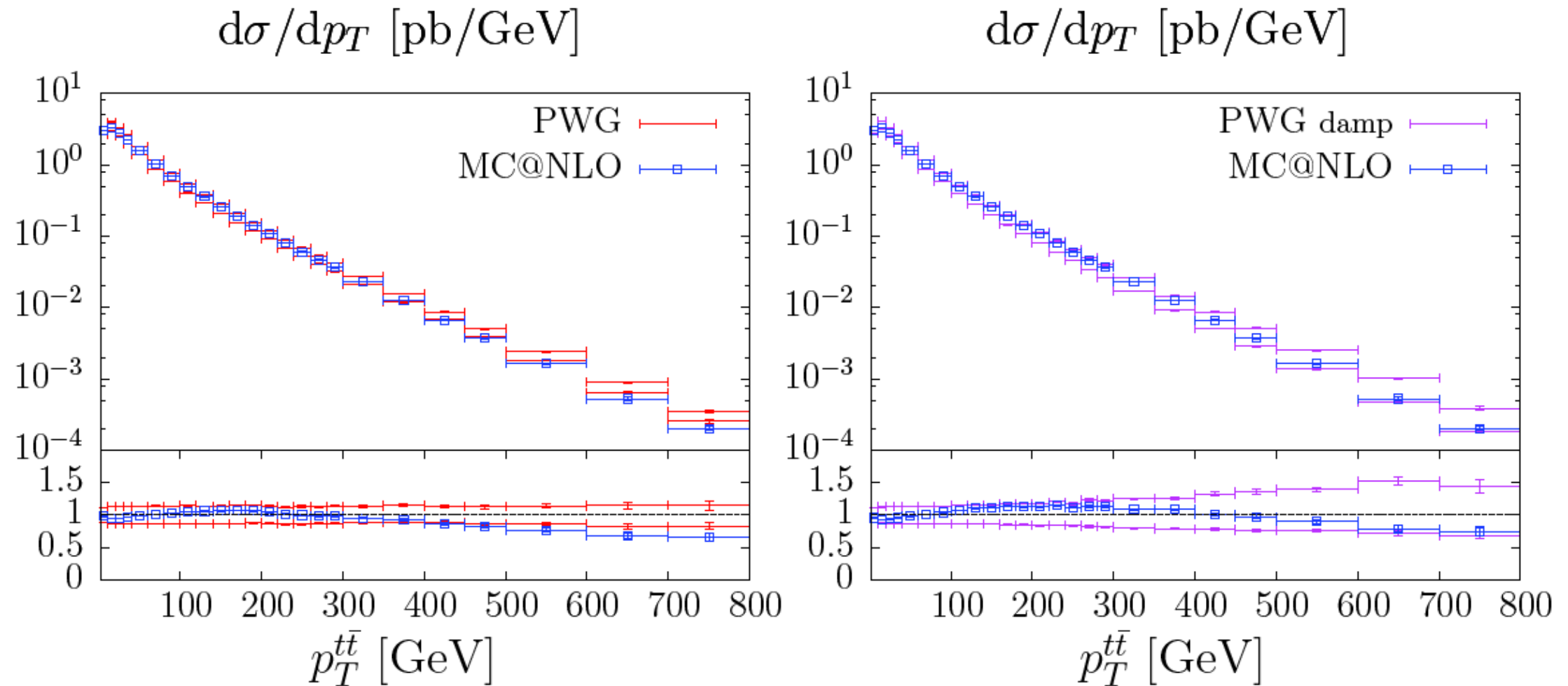
- Comparable differences between
 - (ACER+PYTHIA and ALPGEN+PYTHIA) x (more PS or less PS)
 - larger at high Q , Q_{sum} , large N_{jets}

- Compare different radiation scenarios for gap fraction measurements \rightarrow tune models, constrain systematic uncertainties



- Comparable **more PS** - **less PS** differences between
 - ACER+PYTHIA (updated after $f_{gap}(Q)$ measurement) and ALPGEN+PYTHIA
 - larger at high Q , Q_{sum} , large N_{jets}

- **K. Hamilton, Top2012** <http://indico.cern.ch/event/180665>:
Theory perspective on top quark signal modeling uncertainties, **parton level study**



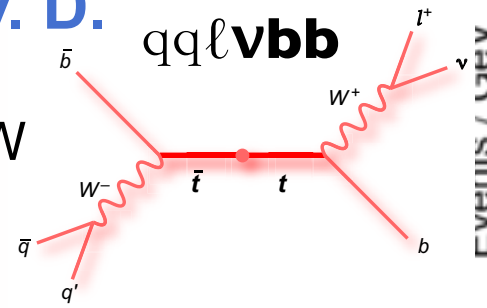
- POWHEG needs damping switched on or else scale dependence underestimated at high- p_T
- damping = p_T -dependent effect on hardest emission in POWHEG, still NLO accurate
- need to turn on damping = POWHEG-specific, no need to do it in MC@NLO

Differential $d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dX$: l+jets $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

$\int L dt = 4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)

NEW!

[arXiv:1407.0371](https://arxiv.org/abs/1407.0371) Submitted to Phys. Rev. D.



- 1 isol. (e, μ), symmetric E_T and m_T^W cuts, ≥ 4 central jets, ≥ 1 b-tag

- **Data-driven W+jets** (normalize pre-tag with W^+/W^- asymmetry, extrapol. b-tag prob from 2-jet-bin) **fake lep.** (loose/tight matrix method), **single top, dibosons** (from sim.)

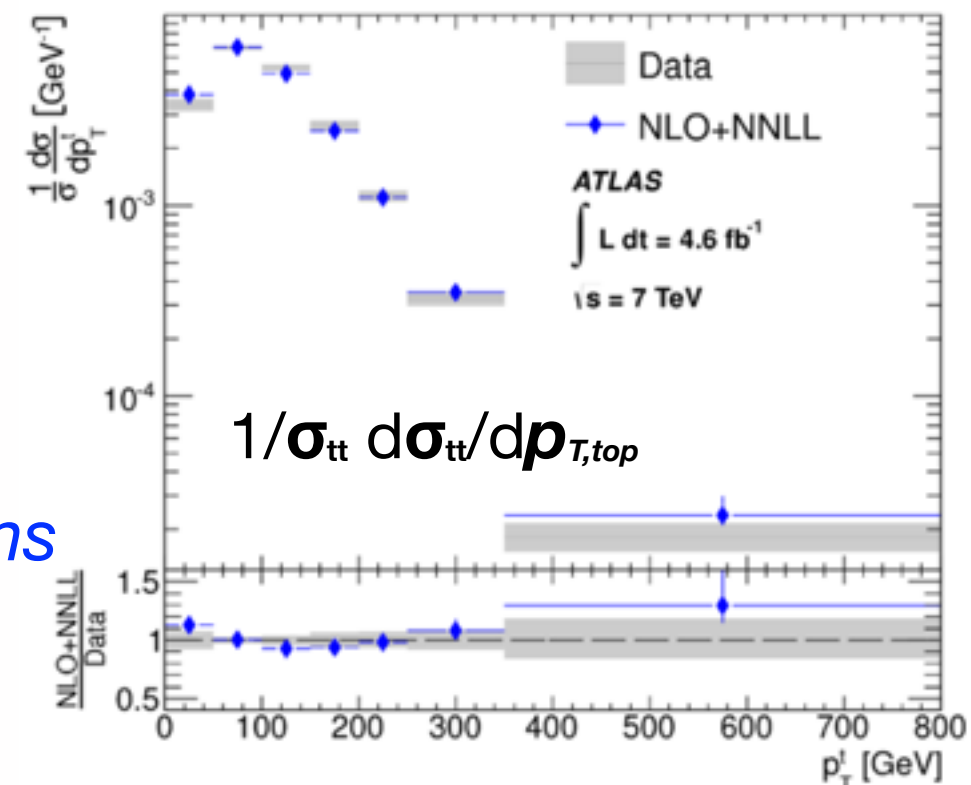
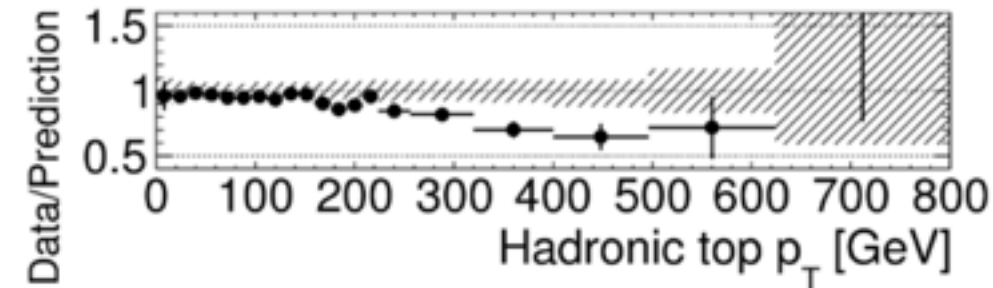
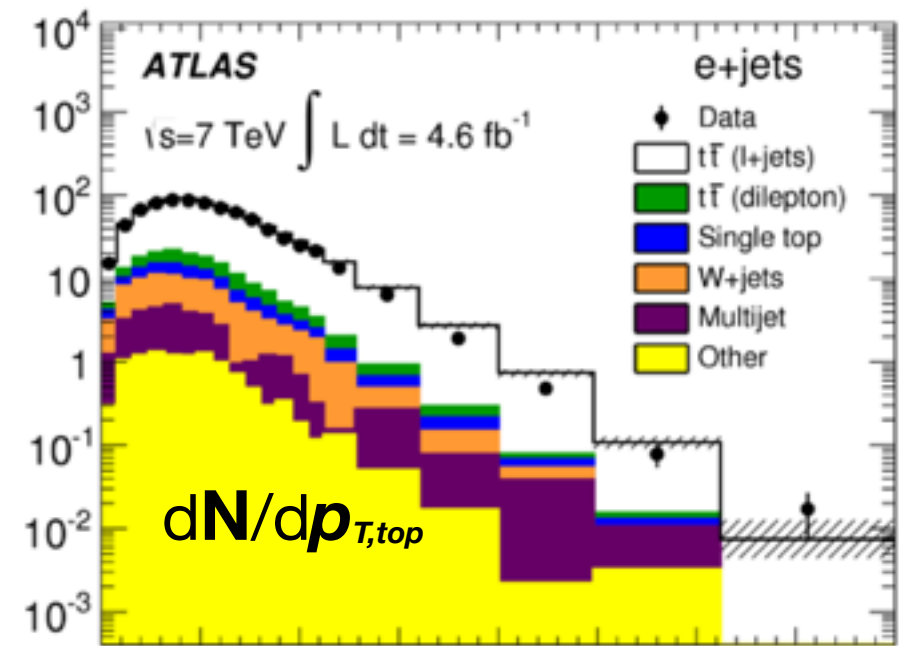
- **Reconstruct $t\bar{t}$ with kinematic likel. fit** (m_t, m_W constraint) \rightarrow cut on quality of kine fit

- **Unfold $d(N-N_{bkg})/dX$ to full phase space** (regularized unfolding, linearity tests), scale with L and $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} \rightarrow 1/\sigma_{t\bar{t}} d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dX$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dX_j} \equiv \frac{1}{\Delta X_j} \cdot \frac{\sum_i \mathcal{M}_{ji}^{-1} [D_i - B_i]}{\text{BR} \cdot \mathcal{L} \cdot \epsilon_j}$$

$$X = p_{T,top}, m_{t\bar{t}}, |y|_{t\bar{t}}, p_{T,t\bar{t}}$$

- **Combine (e, μ)+jets channels** with minimal covariance estimator (BLUE) *including correlations*
 - ▶ **Propagate syst uncertainties through unfolding:** modify migration matrix & acceptances, fix data



Differential $d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/dX$: l+jets $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

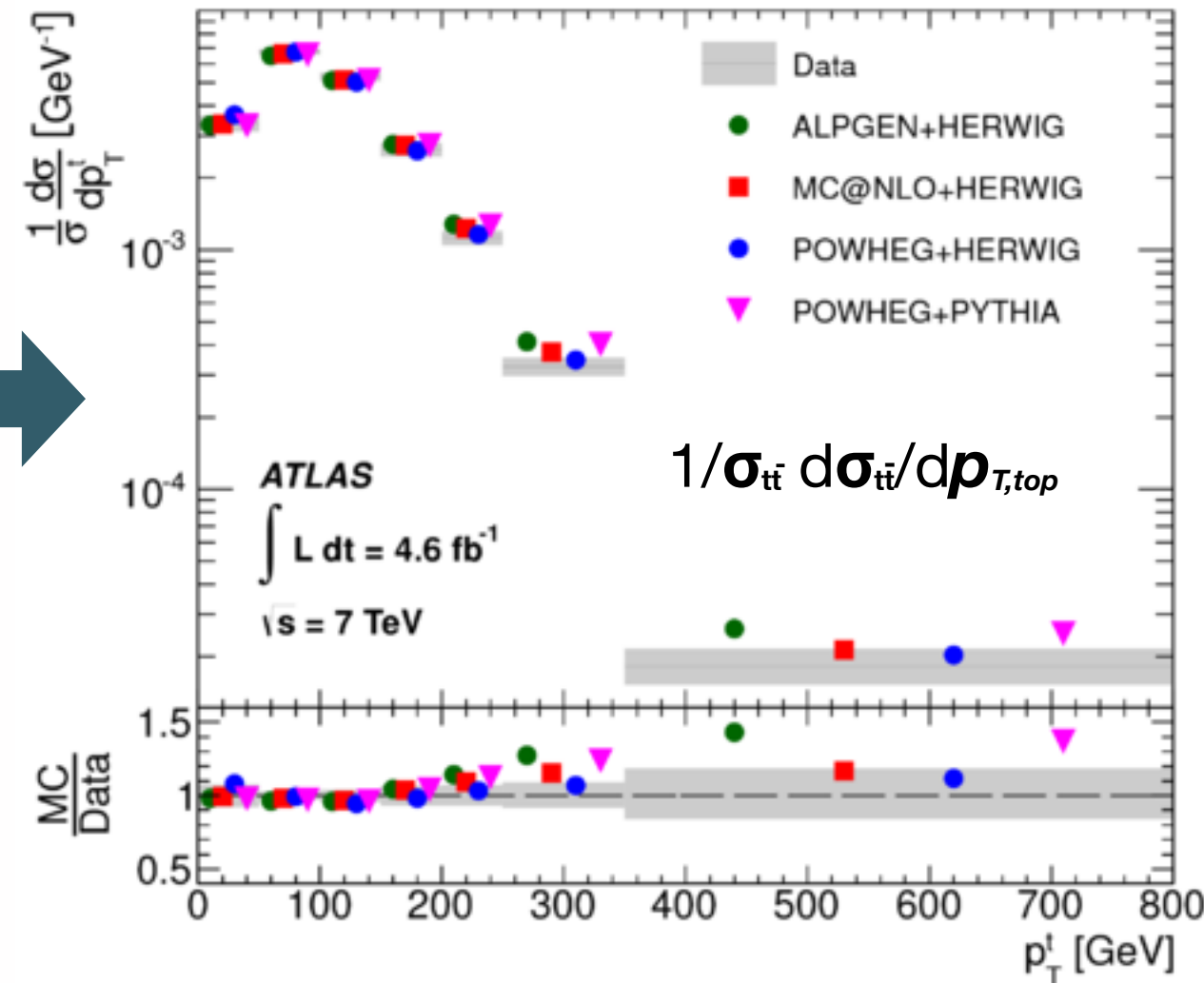
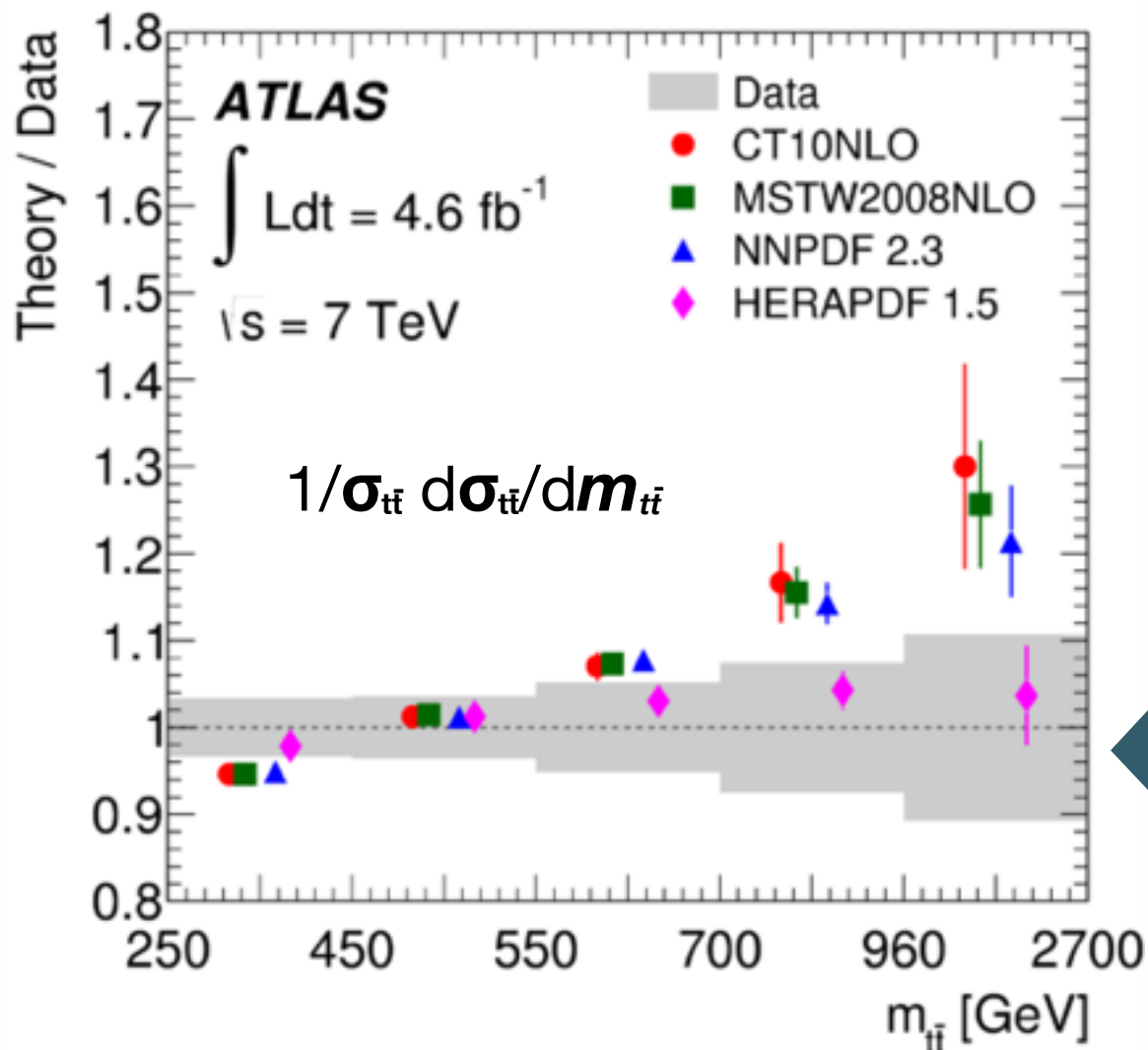
$\int L dt = 4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)

NEW!

- Syst dominated:** $<7\%$ for $y_{t\bar{t}}$, $10\text{-}20\%$ $p_{T,t\bar{t}}$, 2% to 11% for $p_{T,top}$, 3% to 6% $m_{t\bar{t}}$

Compare with MC, NLO & approx NNLO

- $p_{T,top}$ spectrum is softer than most predictions for $p_{T,top} > 200$ GeV



Compare with different PDF sets

- Data show sensitivity to PDF with some preference for HeraPDF

[arXiv:1407.0371](https://arxiv.org/abs/1407.0371) Submitted to Phys. Rev. D.

$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 30 \text{ GeV} \ \& \ m_T(W) > 35 \text{ GeV}$ One or more b -jets Three or more jets with $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV} \ \& \ \eta < 2.5$
$e \ (\mu)$ with $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV} \ \& \ \eta < 2.5$ No additional $e \ (\mu)$ with $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV} \ \& \ \eta < 2.5$ No $\mu \ (e)$ with $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV} \ \& \ \eta < 2.5$
No jet-jet pair with $\Delta R < 0.5$ No jet-electron or jet-muon pair with $\Delta R < 0.4$

Table 3. Fiducial-volume definition for the electron (muon) channel of the $t\bar{t}$ +jets cross-section measurement with the jet p_T threshold of 25 GeV. These conditions were applied on reconstruction-level and particle-level objects, with the exception of the electron where a veto on the η -region corresponding to the barrel-endcap transition region was applied on the reconstruction level (as described in section 3.1), but not included in the fiducial-volume definition. The jet p_T threshold in the jet multiplicity distributions was increased to 40, 60 and 80 GeV, for the corresponding cross-section measurements.

Leading jet with $p_T > 50 \text{ GeV} \ \& \ \eta < 2.5$ 2 nd leading jet with $p_T > 35 \text{ GeV} \ \& \ \eta < 2.5$

Table 4. Additional fiducial-volume requirements implemented for the $t\bar{t}$ cross-section with respect to the jet p_T . These requirements were made in addition to those given in table 3 and were applied to the electron and the muon channel.

Details of corrections for $d\sigma_{tt}/dN_{jets}$

<http://arxiv.org/abs/1407.0891>,
submitted to JHEP

$$N_{\text{part}}^i = f_{\text{part!reco}}^i \cdot \sum_j M_{\text{reco},j}^{\text{part},i} \cdot f_{\text{reco!part}}^j \cdot f_{\text{accpt}}^j \cdot (N_{\text{reco}}^j - N_{\text{bgnd}}^j)$$

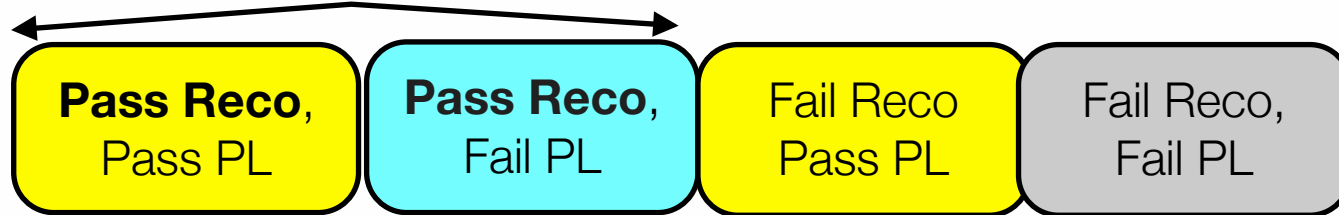
after jet acceptance effects

$i = \text{bin of jet multiplicity}$

1) correct for all non jet related efficiencies:
b-tagging, trigger, lepton reconstruction

$$f_{\text{accpt}}^j = N_{\text{ev}}(\text{pass non jet-particle sel \& jet reco sel}) / N_{\text{ev}}(\text{pass full reco sel})$$

Reco



Particle level: to correct to

2) correct for events that pass reco requirements, but fail particle level ones

3) **correct for migrations** (resolution effects) for events that pass both reco and particle level requirements

Iterative Technique
(NIMA362 (1995) 487)

2) correct for events that fail reco requirements, but pass particle level ones

Details of corrections for $d\sigma_{tt}/dp_{T,jets}$

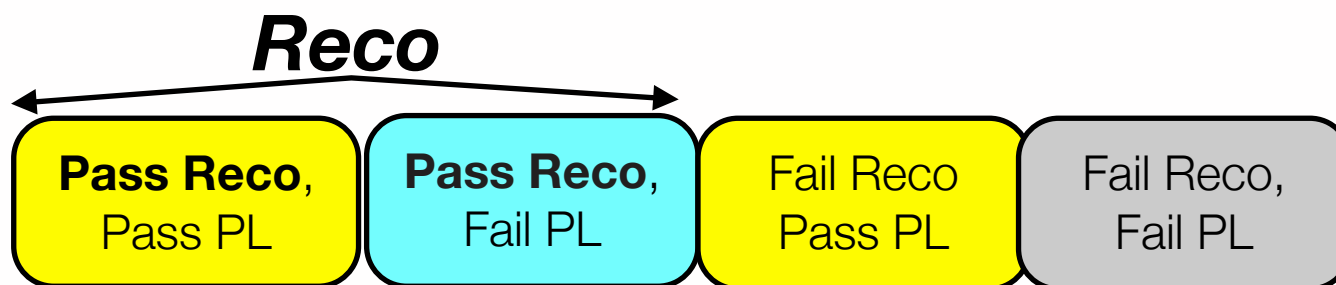
<http://arxiv.org/abs/1407.0891>,
submitted to JHEP

$$N_{\text{part}}^i = f_{\text{part!reco}}^i \cdot \sum_j M_{\text{reco},j}^{\text{part},i} \cdot f_{\text{misassign}}^j \cdot f_{\text{reco!part}}^j \cdot f_{\text{accpt}}^j \cdot (N_{\text{reco}}^j - N_{\text{bgnd}}^j)$$

$i = \text{bin of jet } p_T$

1) correct for all non jet related efficiencies:
b-tagging, trigger, lepton reconstruction

$$f_{\text{accpt}}^j = N_{\text{ev}}(\text{pass non jet-particle sel} \ \& \ \text{jet reco sel}) / N_{\text{ev}}(\text{pass full reco sel})$$



Particle level: to correct to

2) correct for events that pass reco requirements,
but fail particle level ones

3) **correct for migrations** between different jet p_T -ordering

3) **correct for migrations** (resolution effects) for events
that pass both reco and particle level requirements with
jets having the same order

2) correct for events that fail reco requirements, but
pass particle level ones

match reco to particle jet

within $\Delta R=0.35$

$N(\text{jets matching jet } i) /$

$N(\text{matched jets})$

Iterative Technique

(NIMA362 (1995) 487)

Why Top (quark)?

■ Masses of known fundamental particles

Most massive known constituent of matter

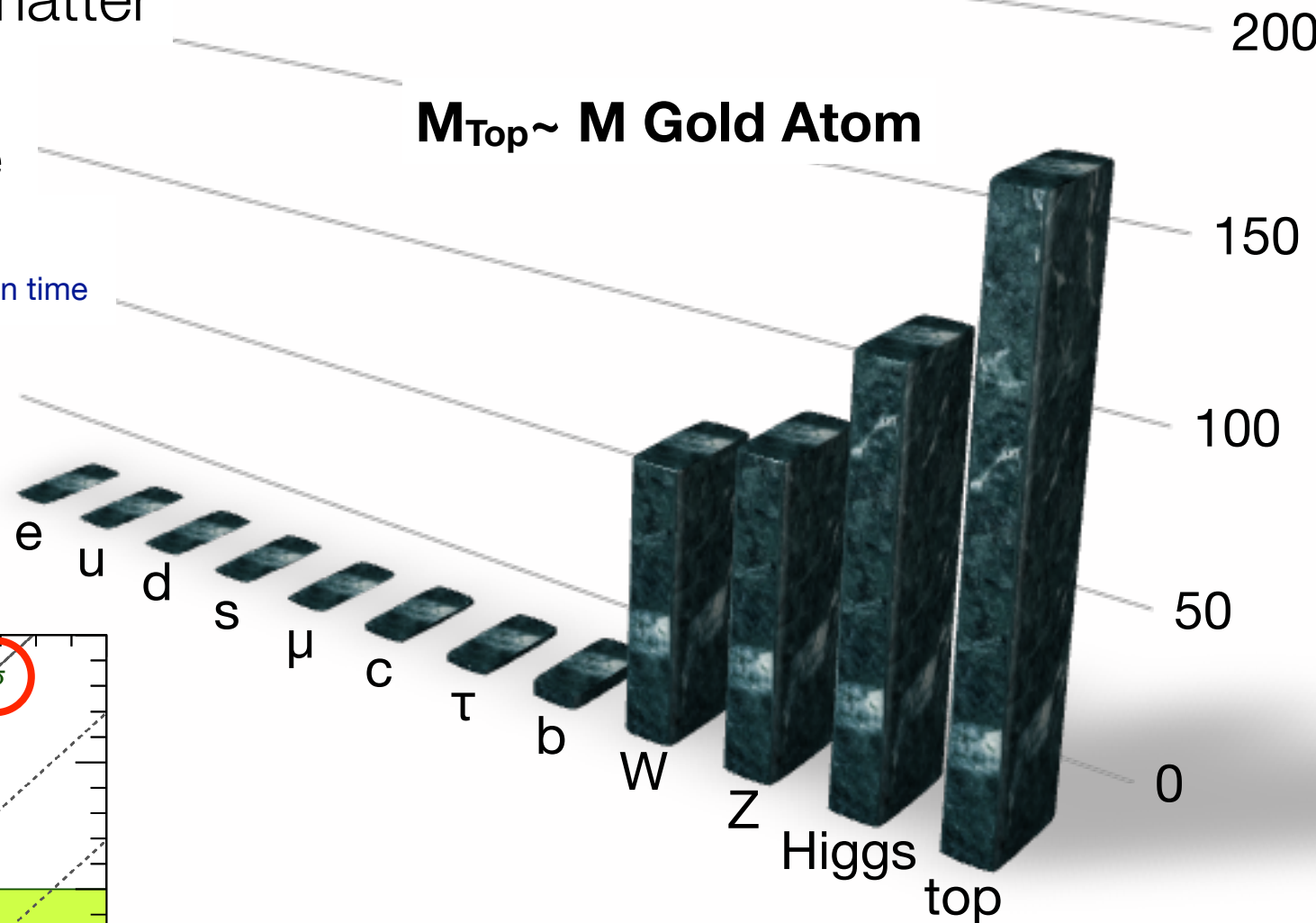
Large Yukawa coupling in SM: $Y_t > 0.9$

$M_{top} \sim$ electroweak symmetry breaking scale

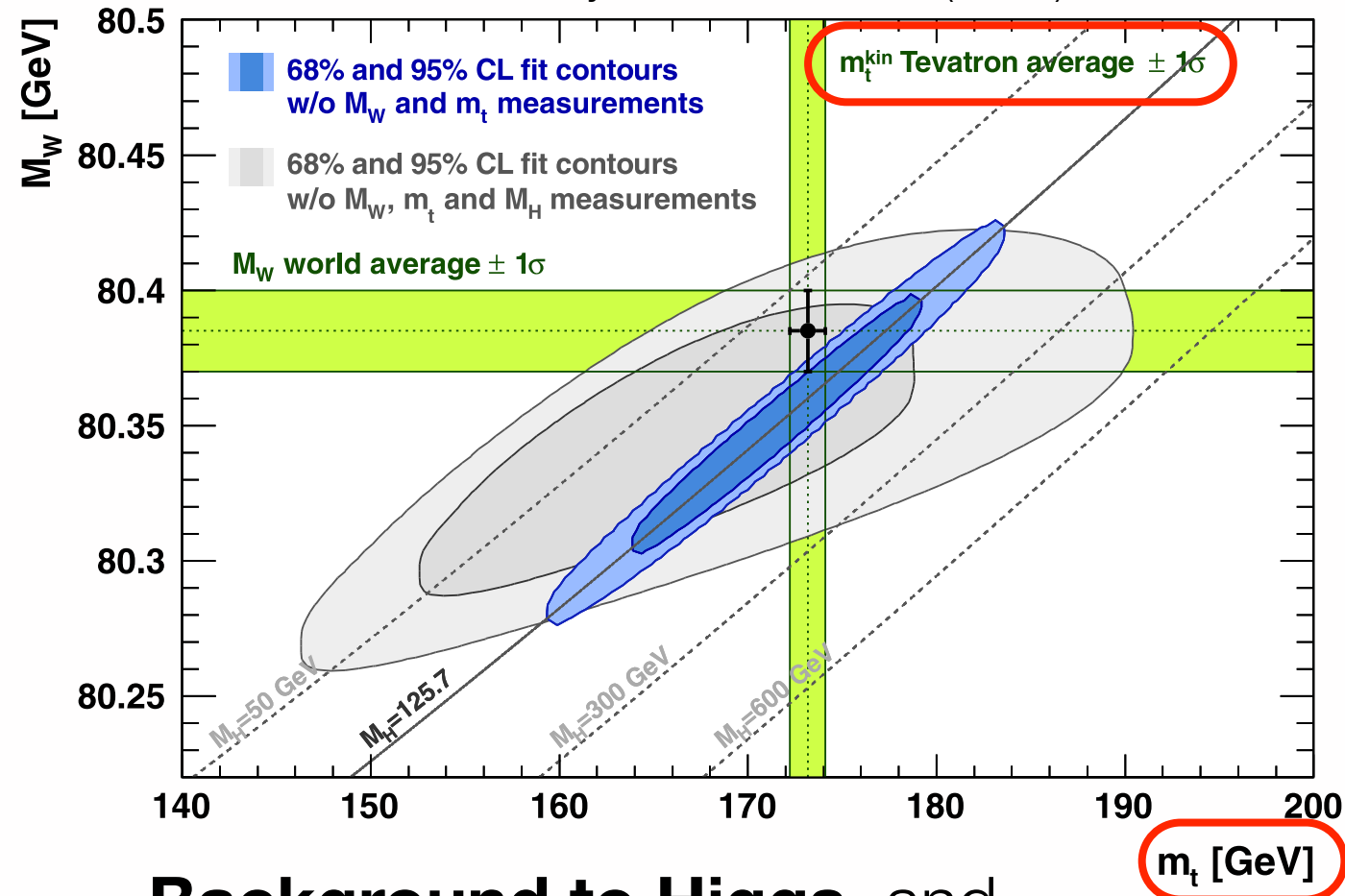
$$\frac{1}{m_t} < \frac{1}{\Gamma_t} < \frac{1}{\Lambda} < \frac{m_t}{\Lambda^2}$$

Production time < Lifetime < Hadronization time < Spin decorrelation time

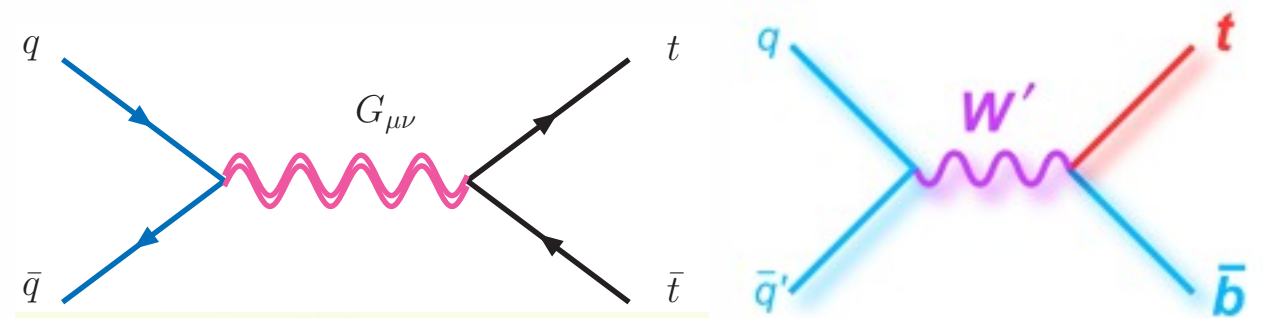
Strong, EWK production and decay rate test standard model γ/g_v



GFitter, Eur. Phys. J. C 72, 2205 (2012)



Various scenarios with **direct/indirect coupling to new physics:** from extra dimensions to new strong forces



Background to Higgs and possible **new physics** (SUSY,..)

LHC : a *Top* producer

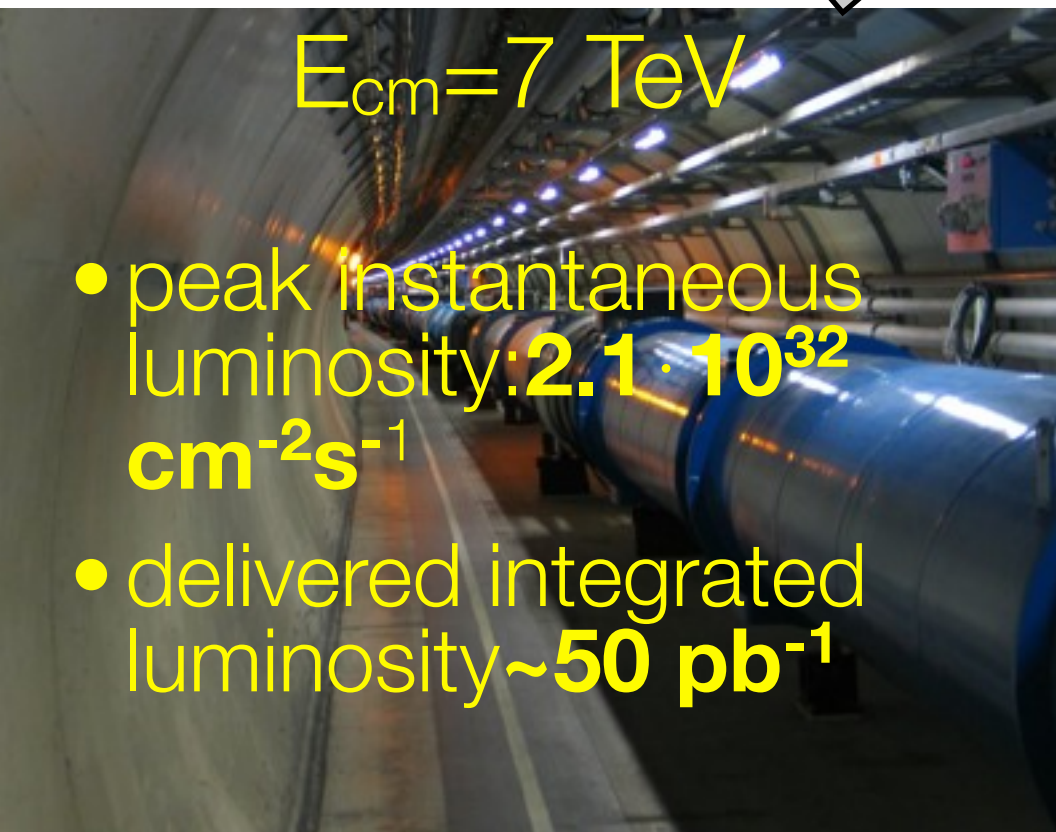
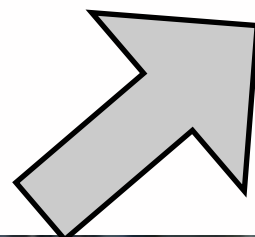
counter-rotating high intensity proton bunches colliding at center of mass
energy (E_{cm} or \sqrt{s}) = 7 TeV in 27 Km tunnel

$$E_{cm}(\text{Tevatron}) = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \propto \frac{N_1 N_2}{\sigma^2}$$

Key parameters:
 N_i = bunch intensity
 n_b = number of bunches
 σ = colliding beam size

2010



$E_{cm} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

- peak instantaneous luminosity: $2.1 \cdot 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- delivered integrated luminosity $\sim 50 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

design: $E_{cm} = 14 \text{ TeV}$, lumi $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

(~30 times Tevatron pp collider)

RUN2 (start)

2015 $E_{cm} = 13 \text{ TeV at start}$

(14 to be decided later)

peak lumi: $1.6 \cdot 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1} \pm 20\%$

$\int \mathcal{L} dt \sim 40\text{-}45 \text{ fb}^{-1} / \text{exp per year}$

RUN1

2012 $E_{cm} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

peak lumi: $7.7 \cdot 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

$\int \mathcal{L} dt \sim 22 \text{ fb}^{-1} / \text{exp}$

2011 $E_{cm} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

peak lumi $2 \cdot 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

$\int \mathcal{L} dt \sim 5.6 \text{ fb}^{-1} / \text{exp}$

$$N_{\text{events}}(\Delta t) = \int \mathcal{L} dt * \text{cross section}$$

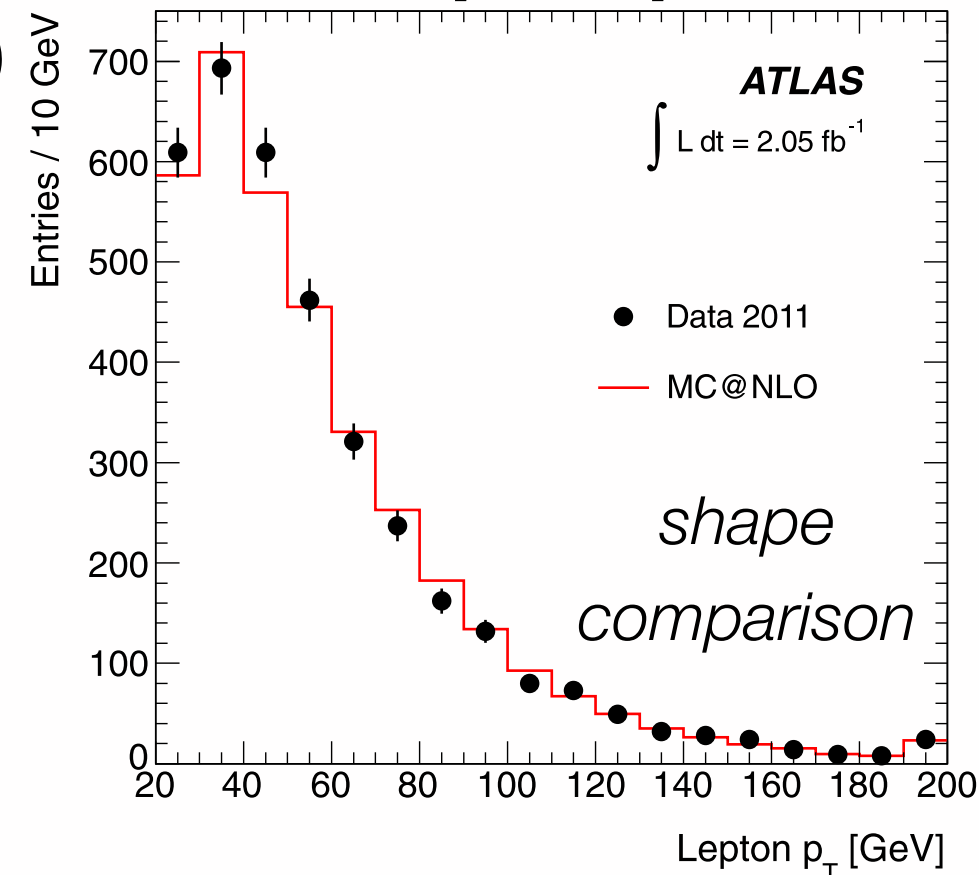
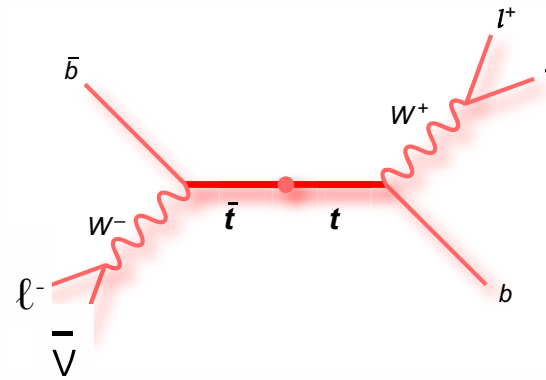
Differential *Jet activity*: dilepton $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

lepton p_T

Eur. Phys. J. C72 (2012) 2043

$\int L dt = 2.05 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2011)

- Require 2 **opposite sign leptons**, \cong **2 b-tag jets**
- veto low $M(\ell\ell)$ (< 15 GeV)
- $ee, \mu\mu$: high E_T^{miss} cut & $M(\ell\ell) \neq m_Z$,
 $e\mu$: high $H_T = \sum_{\text{jets, leptons}} p_T > 130$ GeV

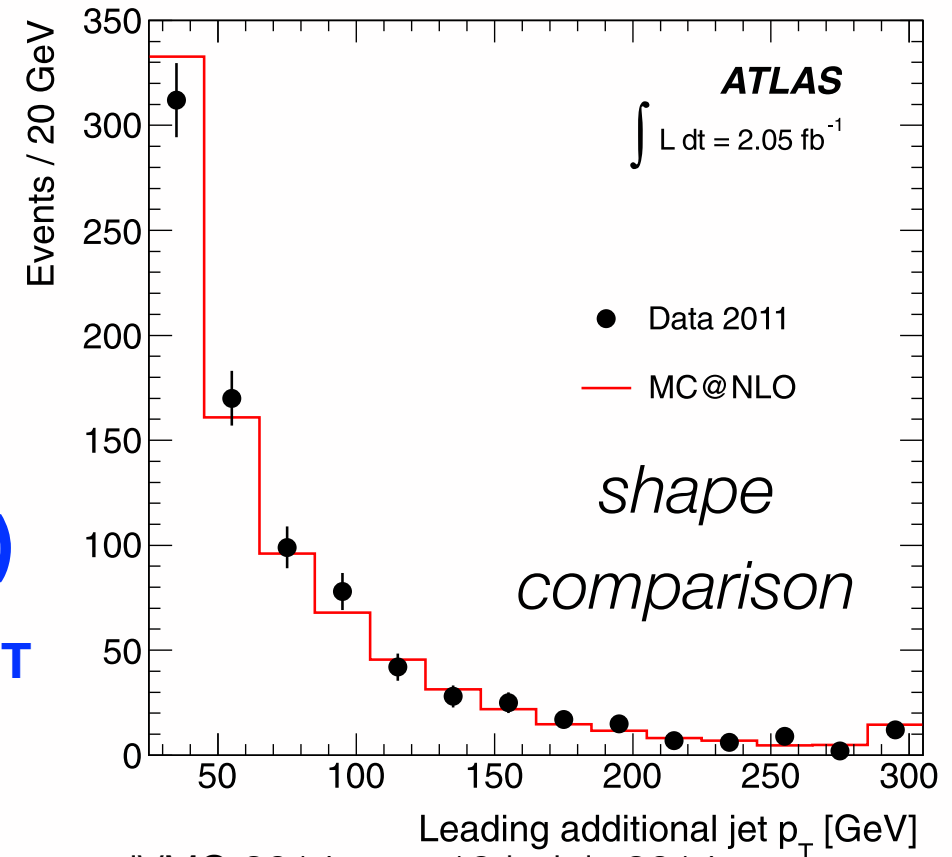


- Bkg (< 6%)**: single top (Wt) **Z** +jets, diboson (from simul.), **data-driven fake leptons** (loose/tight matrix method)



Not subtracted, but included in syst.

leading additional jet p_T



- Derive: fraction of selected N_{ev} with**
 - no additional (to 2 b-tag) jet with $p_T > Q_0$: $f(Q_0)$**
 - $\sum_{\text{additional jets}} p_T < Q_{\text{sum}}$ in given y interval: $f(Q_{\text{sum}})$**
- $f(Q_0)$ [$f(Q_{\text{sum}})$] is sensitive to the leading [all] p_T emission[s]**