EUROPEAN ORGANIZATION FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH (CERN)

FERMILAB-PUB-13-614-CMS

CERN-PH-EP/2013-216
2013/12/10

CMS-B2G-12-012

Search for top-quark partners with charge 5/3 in the same-sign dilepton final state

The CMS Collaboration*

Abstract

A search for the production of heavy partners of the top quark with charge 5/3 is performed in events with a pair of same-sign leptons. The data sample corresponds to an integrated luminosity of 19.5 fb^{-1} and was collected at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV by the CMS experiment. No significant excess is observed in the data above the expected background and the existence of top-quark partners with masses below 800 GeV is excluded at a 95% confidence level, assuming they decay exclusively to tW. This is the first limit on these particles from the LHC, and it is significantly more restrictive than previous limits.

Submitted to Physical Review Letters

*See Appendix 1 for the list of collaboration members

Various extensions of the standard model (SM) address the hierarchy problem by predicting the existence of heavy partners for the top quark [1–4]. These "top-quark partners" are expected to have masses close to the electroweak symmetry breaking scale and thus would be accessible at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC). They may also have exotic charge and would not contribute to the coupling of the Higgs boson to gluons [5]. For this reason, their existence is not excluded by the recent observation of a Higgs boson with a mass of 125 GeV and properties consistent with those of a SM Higgs particle [6–8] and searches for top-quark partners continue to be important for testing the validity of several new physics scenarios [1–4]. Theoretical predictions suggest that searches in the mass region from 500 GeV to 1.5 TeV present the greatest potential for discovery at the LHC [2, 9].

This Letter presents a search for exotic top-quark partners using LHC pp collision data collected by the Compact Muon Solenoid (CMS) experiment at a center-of-mass energy $\sqrt{s} = 8\,\mathrm{TeV}$. The analysis is based on a data sample corresponding to an integrated luminosity of $19.5\,\mathrm{fb}^{-1}$. We look for the $\mathrm{T}_{5/3}$, an exotic top-quark partner with charge $5e/3$ (where $-e$ is the charge of the electron). We assume that the $\mathrm{T}_{5/3}$ is pair-produced via either gluon fusion or quark annihilation and decays via $\mathrm{T}_{5/3} \to \mathrm{tW}^+$ followed by $\mathrm{t} \to \mathrm{W}^+\mathrm{b}$ (charge conjugate modes are implied throughout this Letter). Single $\mathrm{T}_{5/3}$ production is not considered because it is more model dependent and presents a different event topology [2].

We focus on the dilepton final state wherein, for one or both of the $\mathrm{T}_{5/3}$, its two W bosons both decay into leptons, which will have the same sign. Due to the presence of the two bottom quarks and the possibility of hadronic decays for one of the top-quark partners, this final state also includes significant jet activity. The leptons considered in this analysis are electrons and muons. The presence of same-sign leptons distinguishes this process from $\mathrm{t\bar{t}}$, making the contribution of the latter comparable to backgrounds with much smaller cross sections: $\mathrm{t\bar{t}W}$, $\mathrm{t\bar{t}WW}$, $\mathrm{t\bar{t}Z}$, WWW, and same-sign WW. Because of its large cross section, $\mathrm{t\bar{t}}$ still contributes to the overall background through instrumental effects such as charge misidentification in dilepton decays, as well as through $\mathrm{t\bar{t}}$ events where the W boson from one top quark decays leptonically and the second lepton arises from a b-quark decay. Additional processes that contribute to the expected background include QCD multijets, W/Z+jets, and dibosons (WZ and ZZ). A previous search using a signature of same-sign leptons, multiple jets, and missing transverse energy was performed by the CDF experiment and excludes $\mathrm{T}_{5/3}$ masses below 365 GeV at the 95% confidence level (CL) [10].

The central feature of the CMS apparatus is a superconducting solenoid of 6 m internal diameter, providing a magnetic field of 3.8 T. Within the superconducting solenoid volume are a silicon pixel and strip tracker, a lead tungstate crystal electromagnetic calorimeter (ECAL), and a brass and scintillator hadron calorimeter. Muons are measured in gas-ionization detectors embedded in the steel flux return yoke outside the solenoid. In addition, the CMS detector has extensive forward calorimetry. The first level of the CMS trigger system, composed of custom hardware processors, uses information from the calorimeters and muon detectors to select the most interesting events, with a latency of less than $4\,\mu\mathrm{s}$. The High Level Trigger processor farm further decreases the event rate from around 100 kHz to around 0.5 kHz, before data storage. A more detailed description of the CMS detector can be found elsewhere [11].

The pair produced top-quark partner signal events were simulated using the MADGRAPH 5.1.1 [12] event generator, and twelve samples corresponding to values of the $\mathrm{T}_{5/3}$ mass from 350 GeV to 1 TeV were produced. The PYTHIA 6.426 [13] generator was used for parton showering, hadronization, and simulation of the underlying event. The CTEQ6L [14] parton distribution functions were used and the PYTHIA parameters for the underlying event were set to the Z2* [15] tune.

The detector response was modeled using GEANT4 [16]. The next-to-next-to-leading-order cross section for $T_{5/3}$ pair production was found to vary from 5.3 pb at the mass of 350 GeV to 3.4 fb at the mass of 1 TeV [17]. The uncertainty on the cross section in the mass range used for the analysis is about 5%.

The background processes include $t\bar{t}$, $W(\to \ell\nu)$+jets, $Z/\gamma^*(\to \ell\ell)$+jets, and dibosons (WZ and ZZ). Additional low-rate SM processes were also considered: $W^{\pm}W^{\pm}$, WWW, $t\bar{t}W$, $t\bar{t}WW$, and $t\bar{t}Z$. These were all simulated by means of MADGRAPH with PYTHIA used for hadronization. Next-to-leading-order or, where available, next-to-next-to-leading order cross sections were employed.

For all the simulated samples, the additional proton-proton interactions in each beam crossing (pileup) were modeled by superimposing minimum bias interactions onto simulated events, weighted such that the number of interactions agreed with the distribution observed in data.

This analysis relies on the reconstruction of three object types: electrons, muons, and jets. The events are reconstructed using the CMS "particle-flow" (PF) event description algorithm [18, 19]. Candidate events are required to have at least two leptons with the same charge that are within the detector acceptance ($|\eta| < 2.4$) and to have passed triggers based on dielectrons, dimuons, or electron-muon combinations. Here, η is the pseudorapidity defined as $\eta \equiv -\ln[\tan(\theta/2)]$, where θ is the polar angle with respect to the counterclockwise beam direction. Candidate events must also have at least one good reconstructed primary vertex matched to the tracks of the two selected leptons. Candidate electrons are reconstructed using energy deposits in the ECAL and a track from the silicon detectors. The shape of the electron shower in the ECAL must be consistent with that of an electromagnetic object and the shower must be well matched to the extrapolated track. Additional requirements are imposed to reject electrons produced by photon conversions. The charge of the electron candidates is measured using three different methods. Two of the measurements are based on two different tracking algorithms: the standard CMS track reconstruction algorithm [20] and the Gaussian Sum Filter algorithm [21], optimized to take into account the possible emission of bremsstrahlung photons in the silicon tracker. The third measurement is based on the relative position of the calorimeter cluster and the projected track from the pixel detector. All three measurements are required to agree. For selection, muons are required to be reconstructed by both the silicon tracker and the muon system and the combined fit of the track must be of good quality (χ^2 per degree of freedom less than ten).

All selected leptons are required to be isolated. The isolation for each lepton is estimated by first computing the scalar sum of the transverse momenta of all neutral and charged reconstructed particle candidates, except the lepton itself, within a cone of size $\Delta R \equiv \sqrt{(\Delta\phi)^2 + (\Delta\eta)^2}$ around the lepton, where ϕ is the azimuthal angle. This sum is then divided by the transverse momentum (p_T) of the lepton to calculate the relative isolation (I_R). The values for the cone size and the maximum allowed I_R are $\Delta R = 0.3\,(0.4)$ and $I_R = 0.15\,(0.20)$ respectively for electrons (muons). An event-by-event correction is applied to the computation of the lepton isolation in order to account for the effect of pileup. Data-to-simulation efficiency scale factors are obtained using the tag-and-probe method [22] for lepton identification and isolation as a function of lepton p_T and η, and are applied as corrections to the number of simulated events passing the selection. In addition, we define a category of "loose" leptons with some of the isolation and identification requirements relaxed. The I_R threshold for these leptons is increased from 0.15 to 0.60 for electrons and from 0.20 to 0.40 for muons.

For the range of $T_{5/3}$ masses accessible at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, the analysis exploits advanced techniques in jet reconstruction for identifying boosted top quarks and W bosons that decay hadronically. In particular, if the top quarks are highly boosted ($p_T > 400$ GeV), their decay products are collimated and merged into one jet. We use a "top-quark tagging" algorithm based on identifying jet substructure [23] to reconstruct such merged top-quark jets. Jets are clustered using the Cambridge–Aachen algorithm [24, 25], as implemented in FASTJET version 3 [26], with a distance parameter of $R = 0.8$ in η-ϕ space (CA8 jets). The CA8 top-quark jets are required to have $p_T > 400$ GeV and more than two subjets found by the top-quark tagging algorithm. The jet mass must be consistent with the mass of the top quark and the minimum pairwise mass of the three highest p_T subjets is required to be greater than 50 GeV.

The decay products of W bosons from the $T_{5/3}$ decay or from a boosted top quark, for which the b quark is reconstructed independently, may also merge into a single jet. We use a "jet pruning" algorithm [27] to identify the hadronic decay of such W bosons. This algorithm also uses CA8 jets as inputs with the parameters taken from the original theoretical papers [28, 29]. CA8 W-boson jets are required to have $p_T > 200$ GeV, exactly two subjets, and their mass must be consistent with that of the W boson [30].

To account for W bosons and top quarks that are not boosted, jets are also reconstructed using the anti-k_T algorithm [31] with a distance parameter of 0.5 (AK5). These jets are required to have $p_T > 30$ GeV. If an AK5 jet overlaps with a top-quark jet or a W-boson jet ($\Delta R < 0.8$), the AK5 jet is discarded. For the simulated samples, additional smearing is applied to the AK5 jet p_T ($\sim$7–19% depending on η) to correct for the better jet energy resolution seen in the simulation compared to data.

All of the above categories of jets are required to have $|\eta| < 2.4$ and PF jet identification [32]. Jet energy corrections are applied to account for residual non-uniformity and non-linearity of the detector response. Jet energies are also corrected by subtracting the average contribution of particles from pileup [33, 34]. All jets must be $\Delta R \geq 0.3$ away from the selected leptons and, as mentioned above, $\Delta R \geq 0.8$ away from any other jet. A correction to account for differences in the identification efficiency of W-boson and top-quark jets between data and simulation is applied [35].

The signal selection, optimized to yield the best signal sensitivity, requires:

- At least two isolated same-sign leptons as defined above with $p_T > 30$ GeV. Neither of these leptons may be inside a top-quark jet, so we require $\Delta R > 0.8$.
- Dilepton Z boson veto: $M(\mathrm{ee}) < 76$ GeV or $M(\mathrm{ee}) > 106$ GeV. This selection applies only to the dielectron channel. If the muon charge is mismeasured, its momentum will also be mismeasured so a selected muon pair from a Z boson will not fall within this invariant mass range.
- Trilepton Z boson veto: $M(\ell\ell) < 76$ GeV or $M(\ell\ell) > 106$ GeV where $M(\ell\ell)$ is the invariant mass of either one of the selected leptons and any other same flavor opposite-sign lepton in the event with $p_T > 15$ GeV that satisfies the loose lepton criteria.
- $N_c \geq 7$, where N_c is the number of constituents identified in the event. For the purpose of this selection, each AK5 jet and each lepton with the same properties as the two same-sign leptons counts as one constituent. Since a W-boson jet is assumed to correspond to a W boson, each such jet counts as two constituents. Likewise, each top-quark jet represents a top quark and counts as three constituents.
- $H_T > 900$ GeV, where H_T is the scalar sum of the p_T of all selected jets and leptons in the event.

With these criteria, the signal efficiency is 10–13% for $T_{5/3}$ masses between 750 and 1000 GeV.

The backgrounds associated with this analysis fall into three main categories. First, they may originate from SM processes leading to prompt, same-sign dilepton signatures, including diboson production (WZ and ZZ), $\mathrm{t\bar{t}W}$, $\mathrm{t\bar{t}WW}$, $\mathrm{t\bar{t}Z}$, $\mathrm{W^{\pm}W^{\pm}}$, and WWW. The contribution of these backgrounds is obtained from simulation.

The second category consists of events from processes with prompt, opposite-sign leptons, such as $\mathrm{t\bar{t}}$ and Drell–Yan production, in which one of the leptons is misreconstructed with the wrong charge, leading to a same-sign dilepton final state. For muons in the p_{T} range considered in this analysis, the charge misidentification rate is extremely small (of order 10^{-4}) and its contribution to the background is negligible [36]. For electrons, the charge misidentification probability ($\sim 10^{-3}$) is derived from the data using a sample dominated by Drell–Yan events obtained by inverting the dilepton Z boson veto and using the ratio of same-sign Z boson candidates to the total number of candidates. The number of expected same-sign events due to charge misidentification is then estimated by considering the total number of events passing the full selection, but having oppositely charged leptons. These events are weighted by the charge misidentification probability parametrized as a function of the electron p_{T} and η to obtain the contribution of this background type.

The third category consists of events with one or more "non-prompt leptons". This is the primary instrumental background arising from jets being misidentified as leptons, non-prompt leptons passing tight isolation selection criteria, and other such phenomena. This contribution is estimated using the "Tight-Loose" method described in [37]. "Tight" leptons have the same definition as those used in the analysis, whereas "loose" leptons are defined earlier. The background is estimated by using events with one or more loose leptons weighted by the ratios of the numbers of tight leptons to the numbers of loose leptons expected for prompt and non-prompt leptons. The ratio for prompt leptons is determined from Drell–Yan events where the invariant mass of the leptons is within 10 GeV of the Z boson mass. The non-prompt ratio is determined from a sample enriched in background by requiring exactly one lepton, low missing transverse energy ($E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} < 25\,\mathrm{GeV}$), low transverse mass ($M_{\mathrm{T}} < 25\,\mathrm{GeV}$), and at least one jet with $p_{\mathrm{T}} > 40\,\mathrm{GeV}$ and $\Delta R > 1.0$ with respect to the lepton.

The systematic uncertainties that affect this analysis include uncertainties in the efficiency of the trigger (1%), lepton reconstruction and identification efficiency (1% per lepton), pileup, and jet energy scale (JES). The uncertainties due to JES and pileup are obtained by varying the respective quantities in simulation. For the signal, the JES and pileup uncertainties correspond to 2% and 3%, respectively. For the simulated backgrounds, they range from 3 to 6% depending on the sample. In addition, we assign a constant 3% uncertainty due to the JES of CA8 jets for all simulated samples [35]. The dominant uncertainty in the expected event yields due to backgrounds derived from simulation is the overall normalization uncertainty. The WZ (17%), ZZ (5.1%), and $\mathrm{t\bar{t}W}$ (32%) normalization uncertainties are taken from Refs. [38], [39], and [40], respectively. For the other rare backgrounds, we assume a conservative normalization uncertainty of 50%. An uncertainty of 20% is assigned to the background contribution from charge misidentification, based on the variation of the charge misidentification rate between Drell–Yan data and $\mathrm{t\bar{t}}$ simulation. We assign an additional uncertainty to the background contribution estimated with the "Tight-Loose" method, due to the non-prompt ratio measured in the background-enriched sample not matching that of the events after the full selection. Following Ref. [36], we assess this uncertainty to be 50%. We also include a 2.6% uncertainty due to the luminosity [41] for all event yields that are derived from simulation.

The final numbers of observed and expected events are reported in Table 1 for each of the three lepton channels (ee, eμ, and $\mu\mu$) and their combination. Figure 1 shows the H_{T} distribution for

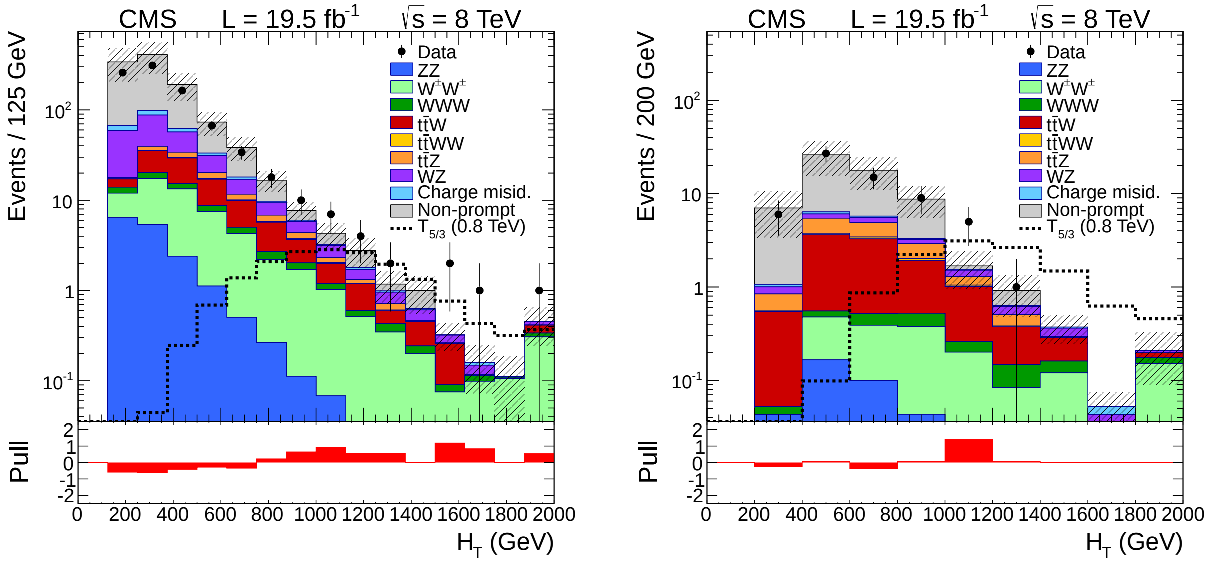

Figure 1: The distribution of H_T for all channels combined after the same-sign selection, the lepton invariant mass vetoes, and a requirement of at least four constituents (left) and after the full selection except for the H_T requirement itself (right). The shaded band represents the total uncertainty in the predicted backgrounds. The final bin includes all overflow events.

all channels combined, at two different steps of the selection process.

Table 1: Summary table of expected and observed numbers of events for all channels. The expected yield is composed of the same-sign backgrounds, the contribution due to charge misidentification, and that due to misreconstructed leptons. All systematic uncertainties are included. Also shown is the expected contribution from a $T_{5/3}$ with mass 800 GeV.

Channel	ee	eμ	$\mu\mu$	All
Same-sign	0.8 ± 0.2	1.9 ± 0.4	1.3 ± 0.3	4.0 ± 0.8
Chrg. misid.	0.06 ± 0.02	0.04 ± 0.01	—	0.11 ± 0.02
Non-prompt	1.9 ± 1.2	0.6 ± 0.9	0.3 ± 0.6	2.8 ± 1.9
Tot. bkgnd	2.7 ± 1.3	2.5 ± 1.0	1.6 ± 0.7	6.8 ± 2.1
Obs. events	0	6	3	9
$T_{5/3}$	2.1 ± 0.1	4.7 ± 0.3	2.8 ± 0.2	9.7 ± 0.5

No significant excess is observed. Exclusion limits are computed at 95% CL by using the ROOSTATS implementation [42] of the Bayesian approach. We use a cut-and-count method and compare the numbers of observed events with the numbers of expected signal and background events. A flat prior is used for the signal production cross section. The event yields from all lepton channels are combined when setting the limits. Upper bounds are set on the production cross section of heavy top-quark partners assuming a 100% branching fraction for the decay $T_{5/3} \to tW$. The resulting expected and observed limits are shown in Fig. 2. The expected lower limit on the mass of the $T_{5/3}$ is 830 GeV and the observed limit is 800 GeV.

The use of recently developed jet substructure techniques in this analysis for identifying boosted top quarks and W bosons enables us to probe cross sections of $T_{5/3}$ pair production that are between 10–20% lower than would otherwise be possible for $T_{5/3}$ masses in the range 800–1000 GeV. The reconstruction of the $T_{5/3}$ mass benefits as well and this can, in the event of a discovery in the future, be used to distinguish a $T_{5/3}$ from other exotic particles which decay in a similar manner.

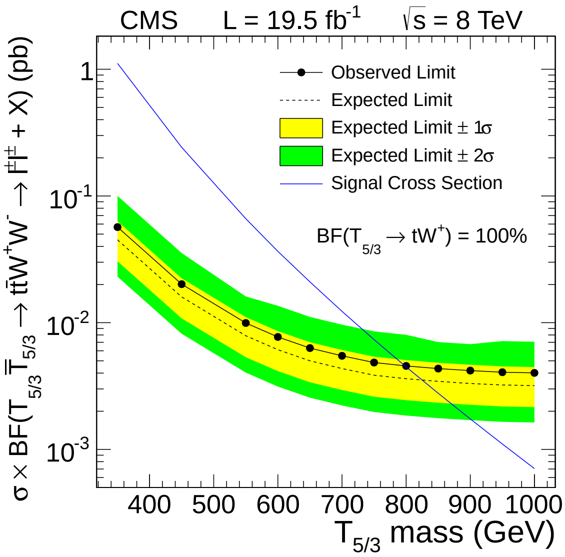

Figure 2: Expected and observed 95% CL limits on the $T_{5/3}$ production cross section times the branching fraction for decay to same-sign dileptons. The 1σ and 2σ combined statistical and systematic expected variations are shown as yellow (light) and green (dark) bands, respectively.

In summary, a search for an exotic top partner with charge 5/3 in same-sign dileptonic events has been performed using 19.5 fb^{-1} of data collected by the CMS experiment at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. No significant excess is observed in the data above the expected standard model background. An upper bound at the 95% confidence level is set on the production cross section of heavy top-quark partners assuming a 100% branching fraction for the decay $T_{5/3} \rightarrow tW$, and masses below 800 GeV are excluded. This is the first limit on $T_{5/3}$ production from the LHC and it is significantly more restrictive than the 365 GeV limit set by previous searches.

We congratulate our colleagues in the CERN accelerator departments for the excellent performance of the LHC and thank the technical and administrative staffs at CERN and at other CMS institutes for their contributions to the success of the CMS effort. In addition, we gratefully acknowledge the computing centres and personnel of the Worldwide LHC Computing Grid for delivering so effectively the computing infrastructure essential to our analyses. Finally, we acknowledge the enduring support for the construction and operation of the LHC and the CMS detector provided by the following funding agencies: BMWF and FWF (Austria); FNRS and FWO (Belgium); CNPq, CAPES, FAPERJ, and FAPESP (Brazil); MES (Bulgaria); CERN; CAS, MoST, and NSFC (China); COLCIENCIAS (Colombia); MSES (Croatia); RPF (Cyprus); MoER, SF0690030s09 and ERDF (Estonia); Academy of Finland, MEC, and HIP (Finland); CEA and CNRS/IN2P3 (France); BMBF, DFG, and HGF (Germany); GSRT (Greece); OTKA and NKTH (Hungary); DAE and DST (India); IPM (Iran); SFI (Ireland); INFN (Italy); NRF and WCU (Republic of Korea); LAS (Lithuania); CINVESTAV, CONACYT, SEP, and UASLP-FAI (Mexico); MSI (New Zealand); PAEC (Pakistan); MSHE and NSC (Poland); FCT (Portugal); JINR (Dubna); MON, RosAtom, RAS and RFBR (Russia); MESTD (Serbia); SEIDI and CPAN (Spain); Swiss Funding Agencies (Switzerland); NSC (Taipei); ThEPCenter, IPST, STAR and NSTDA (Thailand); TUBITAK and TAEK (Turkey); NASU (Ukraine); STFC (United Kingdom); DOE and NSF (USA).

References

[1] A. De Simone, O. Matsedonskyi, R. Rattazzi, and A. Wulzer, "A First Top Partner's Hunter Guide", *JHEP* **04** (2013) 004, doi:10.1007/JHEP04(2013)004, arXiv:1211.5663.

[2] J. Mrazek and A. Wulzer, "A strong sector at the LHC: Top partners in same-sign dileptons", *Phys. Rev. D* **81** (2010) 075006, doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.81.075006, arXiv:0909.3977.

[3] G. Dissertori, E. Furlan, F. Moortgat, and P. Nef, "Discovery potential of top-partners in a realistic composite Higgs model with early LHC data", *JHEP* **09** (2010) 019, doi:10.1007/JHEP09(2010)019, arXiv:1005.4414.

[4] R. Contino and G. Servant, "Discovering the top partners at the LHC using same-sign dilepton final states", *JHEP* **06** (2008) 026, doi:10.1088/1126-6708/2008/06/026, arXiv:0801.1679.

[5] A. Azatov and J. Galloway, "Light Custodians and Higgs Physics in Composite Models", *Phys. Rev. D* **85** (2012) 055013, doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.85.055013, arXiv:1110.5646.

[6] ATLAS Collaboration, "Observation of a new particle in the search for the Standard Model Higgs boson with the ATLAS detector at the LHC", *Phys. Lett. B* **716** (2012) 1, doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2012.08.020, arXiv:1207.7214.

[7] CMS Collaboration, "Observation of a new boson at a mass of 125 GeV with the CMS experiment at the LHC", *Phys. Lett. B* **716** (2012) 30, doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2012.08.021, arXiv:1207.7235.

[8] CMS Collaboration, "Observation of a new boson with mass near 125 GeV in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV", *JHEP* **06** (2013) 081, doi:10.1007/JHEP06(2013)081, arXiv:1303.4571.

[9] R. Contino, L. Da Rold, and A. Pomarol, "Light custodians in natural composite Higgs models", *Phys. Rev. D* **75** (2007) 055014, doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.75.055014, arXiv:hep-ph/0612048.

[10] CDF Collaboration, "Search for New Bottomlike Quark Pair Decays $\mathrm{Q\overline{Q}} \to (\mathrm{tW}^{\mp})(\mathrm{\bar{t}W}^{\pm})$ in Same-Charge Dilepton Events", *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **104** (2010) 091801, doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.104.091801, arXiv:0912.1057.

[11] CMS Collaboration, "The CMS experiment at the CERN LHC", *JINST* **3** (2008) S08004, doi:10.1088/1748-0221/3/08/S08004.

[12] J. Alwall et al., "MadGraph 5: going beyond.", *JHEP* **06** (2011) 128, doi:10.1007/JHEP06(2011)128, arXiv:1106.0522.

[13] T. Sjöstrand, S. Mrenna, and P. Z. Skands, "PYTHIA 6.4 physics and manual", *JHEP* **05** (2006) 026, doi:10.1088/1126-6708/2006/05/026, arXiv:hep-ph/0603175.

[14] J. Pumplin et al., "New generation of parton distributions with uncertainties from global QCD analysis", *JHEP* **07** (2002) 012, doi:10.1088/1126-6708/2002/07/012, arXiv:hep-ph/0201195v3.

[15] CMS Collaboration, "Measurement of the underlying event activity at the LHC with $\sqrt{s}$ = 7 TeV and Comparison with $\sqrt{s} = 0.9$ TeV", *JHEP* **09** (2011) 109, doi:10.1007/JHEP09(2011)109, arXiv:1107.0330v1.

[16] GEANT4 Collaboration, "GEANT4—a simulation toolkit", *Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A* **506** (2003) 250, doi:10.1016/S0168-9002(03)01368-8.

[17] M. Czakon, P. Fiedler, and A. Mitov, "The total top quark pair production cross-section at hadron colliders through $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_S^4)$", *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **110** (2013) 252004, doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.110.252004, arXiv:1303.6254.

[18] CMS Collaboration, "Commissioning of the particle-flow event reconstruction with leptons from J/ψ and W decays at 7 TeV", CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-PFT-10-003, (2010).

[19] CMS Collaboration, "Particle-Flow Event Reconstruction in CMS and Performance for Jets, Taus, and Missing ET", CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-PFT-09-001, (2009).

[20] CMS Collaboration, "Tracking and Vertexing Results from First Collisions", CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-TRK-10-001, (2010).

[21] W. Adam, R. Frühwirth, A. Strandlie, and T. Todorov, "Reconstruction of electrons with the Gaussian sum filter in the CMS tracker at LHC", *J. Phys. G* **31** (2005) N9, doi:10.1088/0954-3899/31/9/N01, arXiv:physics/0306087.

[22] CMS Collaboration, "Measurement of the inclusive W and Z production cross sections in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV", *JHEP* **10** (2011) 132, doi:10.1007/JHEP10(2011)132, arXiv:1107.4789.

[23] CMS Collaboration, "A Cambridge-Aachen (C-A) based jet algorithm for boosted top-jet tagging", CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-JME-09-001, (2009).

[24] M. Wobisch and T. Wengler, "Hadronization corrections to jet cross-sections in deep inelastic scattering", in *Proceedings of the Workshop on Monte Carlo Generators for HERA Physics*. (1998). arXiv:hep-ph/9907280.

[25] Y. L. Dokshitzer, G. D. Leder, S. Moretti, and B. R. Webber, "Better jet clustering algorithms", *JHEP* **08** (1997) 001, doi:10.1088/1126-6708/1997/08/001, arXiv:hep-ph/9707323.

[26] M. Cacciari, G. P. Salam, and G. Soyez, "FastJet user manual", *Eur. Phys. J. C* **72** (2012) 1896, doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-012-1896-2, arXiv:1111.6097.

[27] CMS Collaboration, "Study of Jet Substructure in pp Collisions at 7 TeV in CMS", CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-JME-10-013, (2010).

[28] S. D. Ellis, C. K. Vermilion, and J. R. Walsh, "Techniques for improved heavy particle searches with jet substructure", *Phys. Rev. D* **80** (2009) 051501, doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.80.051501, arXiv:0903.5081.

[29] S. D. Ellis, C. K. Vermilion, and J. R. Walsh, "Recombination algorithms and jet substructure: Pruning as a tool for heavy particle searches", *Phys. Rev. D* **81** (2010) 094023, doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.81.094023, arXiv:0912.0033.

[30] CMS Collaboration, “Identifying Hadronically Decaying Vector Bosons Merged into a Single Jet”, CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-JME-13-006, (2013).

[31] M. Cacciari, G. P. Salam, and G. Soyez, “The anti-k_t jet clustering algorithm”, *JHEP* **04** (2008) 063, doi:10.1088/1126-6708/2008/04/063, arXiv:0802.1189.

[32] CMS Collaboration, “Determination of jet energy calibration and transverse momentum resolution in CMS”, *JINST* **6** (2011) 11002, doi:10.1088/1748-0221/6/11/P11002, arXiv:1107.4277.

[33] M. Cacciari and G. P. Salam, “Pileup subtraction using jet areas”, *Phys. Lett. B* **659** (2008) 119, doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2007.09.077.

[34] M. Cacciari, G. P. Salam, and G. Soyez, “The catchment area of jets”, *JHEP* **04** (2008) 005, doi:10.1088/1126-6708/2008/04/005.

[35] CMS Collaboration, “Searches for anomalous ttbar production in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV”, (2013). arXiv:1309.2030.

[36] CMS Collaboration, “Search for new physics in events with same-sign dileptons and b-tagged jets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV”, *JHEP* **08** (2012) 110, doi:10.1007/JHEP08(2012)110, arXiv:1205.3933.

[37] CMS Collaboration, “Search for new physics with same-sign isolated dilepton events with jets and missing transverse energy at the LHC”, *JHEP* **06** (2011) 077, doi:10.1007/JHEP06(2011)077, arXiv:1104.3168.

[38] ATLAS Collaboration, “Measurement of the WZ production cross section and limits on anomalous triple gauge couplings in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s}$ = 7 TeV with the ATLAS detector”, *Phys. Lett. B* **709** (2012) 341, doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2012.02.053, arXiv:1111.5570.

[39] J. M. Campbell, R. K. Ellis, and C. Williams, “Vector boson pair production at the LHC”, *JHEP* **07** (2011) 018, doi:10.1007/JHEP07(2011)018, arXiv:1105.0020.

[40] J. M. Campbell and R. K. Ellis, “$t\bar{t}W^{\pm}$ production and decay at NLO”, *JHEP* **07** (2012) 052, doi:10.1007/JHEP07(2012)052, arXiv:1204.5678.

[41] CMS Collaboration, “CMS luminosity based on pixel cluster counting - Summer 2013 Update”, CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-LUM-13-001, (2013).

[42] L. Moneta et al., “The RooStats Project”, in *The 13th International Workshop on Advanced Computing and Analysis Techniques in Physics Research (ACAT2010)*. SISSA, 2010. arXiv:1009.1003.

1 The CMS Collaboration

Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia
S. Chatrchyan, V. Khachatryan, A.M. Sirunyan, A. Tumasyan

Institut für Hochenergiephysik der OeAW, Wien, Austria
W. Adam, T. Bergauer, M. Dragicevic, J. Erö, C. Fabjan[1], M. Friedl, R. Frühwirth[1], V.M. Ghete, C. Hartl, N. Hörmann, J. Hrubec, M. Jeitler[1], W. Kiesenhofer, V. Knünz, M. Krammer[1], I. Krätschmer, D. Liko, I. Mikulec, D. Rabady[2], B. Rahbaran, H. Rohringer, R. Schöfbeck, J. Strauss, A. Taurok, W. Treberer-Treberspurg, W. Waltenberger, C.-E. Wulz[1]

National Centre for Particle and High Energy Physics, Minsk, Belarus
V. Mossolov, N. Shumeiko, J. Suarez Gonzalez

Universiteit Antwerpen, Antwerpen, Belgium
S. Alderweireldt, M. Bansal, S. Bansal, T. Cornelis, E.A. De Wolf, X. Janssen, A. Knutsson, S. Luyckx, L. Mucibello, S. Ochesanu, B. Roland, R. Rougny, H. Van Haevermaet, P. Van Mechelen, N. Van Remortel, A. Van Spilbeeck

Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Brussel, Belgium
F. Blekman, S. Blyweert, J. D'Hondt, N. Heracleous, A. Kalogeropoulos, J. Keaveney, T.J. Kim, S. Lowette, M. Maes, A. Olbrechts, D. Strom, S. Tavernier, W. Van Doninck, P. Van Mulders, G.P. Van Onsem, I. Villella

Université Libre de Bruxelles, Bruxelles, Belgium
C. Caillol, B. Clerbaux, G. De Lentdecker, L. Favart, A.P.R. Gay, T. Hreus, A. Léonard, P.E. Marage, A. Mohammadi, L. Perniè, T. Reis, T. Seva, L. Thomas, C. Vander Velde, P. Vanlaer, J. Wang

Ghent University, Ghent, Belgium
V. Adler, K. Beernaert, L. Benucci, A. Cimmino, S. Costantini, S. Dildick, G. Garcia, B. Klein, J. Lellouch, J. Mccartin, A.A. Ocampo Rios, D. Ryckbosch, M. Sigamani, N. Strobbe, F. Thyssen, M. Tytgat, S. Walsh, E. Yazgan, N. Zaganidis

Université Catholique de Louvain, Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium
S. Basegmez, C. Beluffi[3], G. Bruno, R. Castello, A. Caudron, L. Ceard, G.G. Da Silveira, C. Delaere, T. du Pree, D. Favart, L. Forthomme, A. Giammanco[4], J. Hollar, P. Jez, M. Komm, V. Lemaitre, J. Liao, O. Militaru, C. Nuttens, D. Pagano, A. Pin, K. Piotrzkowski, A. Popov[5], L. Quertenmont, M. Selvaggi, M. Vidal Marono, J.M. Vizan Garcia

Université de Mons, Mons, Belgium
N. Beliy, T. Caebergs, E. Daubie, G.H. Hammad

Centro Brasileiro de Pesquisas Fisicas, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
G.A. Alves, M. Correa Martins Junior, T. Martins, M.E. Pol, M.H.G. Souza

Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
W.L. Aldá Júnior, W. Carvalho, J. Chinellato[6], A. Custódio, E.M. Da Costa, D. De Jesus Damiao, C. De Oliveira Martins, S. Fonseca De Souza, H. Malbouisson, M. Malek, D. Matos Figueiredo, L. Mundim, H. Nogima, W.L. Prado Da Silva, J. Santaolalla, A. Santoro, A. Sznajder, E.J. Tonelli Manganote[6], A. Vilela Pereira

Universidade Estadual Paulista [a], Universidade Federal do ABC [b], São Paulo, Brazil
C.A. Bernardes[b], F.A. Dias[a,7], T.R. Fernandez Perez Tomei[a], E.M. Gregores[b], C. Lagana[a], P.G. Mercadante[b], S.F. Novaes[a], Sandra S. Padula[a]

Institute for Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy, Sofia, Bulgaria
V. Genchev[2], P. Iaydjiev[2], A. Marinov, S. Piperov, M. Rodozov, G. Sultanov, M. Vutova

University of Sofia, Sofia, Bulgaria
A. Dimitrov, I. Glushkov, R. Hadjiiska, V. Kozhuharov, L. Litov, B. Pavlov, P. Petkov

Institute of High Energy Physics, Beijing, China
J.G. Bian, G.M. Chen, H.S. Chen, M. Chen, R. Du, C.H. Jiang, D. Liang, S. Liang, X. Meng, R. Plestina[8], J. Tao, X. Wang, Z. Wang

State Key Laboratory of Nuclear Physics and Technology, Peking University, Beijing, China
C. Asawatangtrakuldee, Y. Ban, Y. Guo, Q. Li, W. Li, S. Liu, Y. Mao, S.J. Qian, D. Wang, L. Zhang, W. Zou

Universidad de Los Andes, Bogota, Colombia
C. Avila, C.A. Carrillo Montoya, L.F. Chaparro Sierra, C. Florez, J.P. Gomez, B. Gomez Moreno, J.C. Sanabria

Technical University of Split, Split, Croatia
N. Godinovic, D. Lelas, D. Polic, I. Puljak

University of Split, Split, Croatia
Z. Antunovic, M. Kovac

Institute Rudjer Boskovic, Zagreb, Croatia
V. Brigljevic, K. Kadija, J. Luetic, D. Mekterovic, S. Morovic, L. Tikvica

University of Cyprus, Nicosia, Cyprus
A. Attikis, G. Mavromanolakis, J. Mousa, C. Nicolaou, F. Ptochos, P.A. Razis

Charles University, Prague, Czech Republic
M. Finger, M. Finger Jr.

Academy of Scientific Research and Technology of the Arab Republic of Egypt, Egyptian Network of High Energy Physics, Cairo, Egypt
A.A. Abdelalim[9], Y. Assran[10], S. Elgammal[9], A. Ellithi Kamel[11], M.A. Mahmoud[12], A. Radi[13,14]

National Institute of Chemical Physics and Biophysics, Tallinn, Estonia
M. Kadastik, M. Müntel, M. Murumaa, M. Raidal, L. Rebane, A. Tiko

Department of Physics, University of Helsinki, Helsinki, Finland
P. Eerola, G. Fedi, M. Voutilainen

Helsinki Institute of Physics, Helsinki, Finland
J. Härkönen, V. Karimäki, R. Kinnunen, M.J. Kortelainen, T. Lampén, K. Lassila-Perini, S. Lehti, T. Lindén, P. Luukka, T. Mäenpää, T. Peltola, E. Tuominen, J. Tuominiemi, E. Tuovinen, L. Wendland

Lappeenranta University of Technology, Lappeenranta, Finland
T. Tuuva

DSM/IRFU, CEA/Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France
M. Besancon, F. Couderc, M. Dejardin, D. Denegri, B. Fabbro, J.L. Faure, F. Ferri, S. Ganjour, A. Givernaud, P. Gras, G. Hamel de Monchenault, P. Jarry, E. Locci, J. Malcles, A. Nayak, J. Rander, A. Rosowsky, M. Titov

Laboratoire Leprince-Ringuet, Ecole Polytechnique, IN2P3-CNRS, Palaiseau, France
S. Baffioni, F. Beaudette, P. Busson, C. Charlot, N. Daci, T. Dahms, M. Dalchenko, L. Dobrzynski, A. Florent, R. Granier de Cassagnac, M. Haguenauer, P. Miné, C. Mironov, I.N. Naranjo, M. Nguyen, C. Ochando, P. Paganini, D. Sabes, R. Salerno, Y. Sirois, C. Veelken, Y. Yilmaz, A. Zabi

Institut Pluridisciplinaire Hubert Curien, Université de Strasbourg, Université de Haute Alsace Mulhouse, CNRS/IN2P3, Strasbourg, France
J.-L. Agram[15], J. Andrea, D. Bloch, J.-M. Brom, E.C. Chabert, C. Collard, E. Conte[15], F. Drouhin[15], J.-C. Fontaine[15], D. Gelé, U. Goerlach, C. Goetzmann, P. Juillot, A.-C. Le Bihan, P. Van Hove

Centre de Calcul de l'Institut National de Physique Nucleaire et de Physique des Particules, CNRS/IN2P3, Villeurbanne, France
S. Gadrat

Université de Lyon, Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1, CNRS-IN2P3, Institut de Physique Nucléaire de Lyon, Villeurbanne, France
S. Beauceron, N. Beaupere, G. Boudoul, S. Brochet, J. Chasserat, R. Chierici, D. Contardo, P. Depasse, H. El Mamouni, J. Fan, J. Fay, S. Gascon, M. Gouzevitch, B. Ille, T. Kurca, M. Lethuillier, L. Mirabito, S. Perries, J.D. Ruiz Alvarez, L. Sgandurra, V. Sordini, M. Vander Donckt, P. Verdier, S. Viret, H. Xiao

Institute of High Energy Physics and Informatization, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia
Z. Tsamalaidze[16]

RWTH Aachen University, I. Physikalisches Institut, Aachen, Germany
C. Autermann, S. Beranek, M. Bontenackels, B. Calpas, M. Edelhoff, L. Feld, O. Hindrichs, K. Klein, A. Ostapchuk, A. Perieanu, F. Raupach, J. Sammet, S. Schael, D. Sprenger, H. Weber, B. Wittmer, V. Zhukov[5]

RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut A, Aachen, Germany
M. Ata, J. Caudron, E. Dietz-Laursonn, D. Duchardt, M. Erdmann, R. Fischer, A. Güth, T. Hebbeker, C. Heidemann, K. Hoepfner, D. Klingebiel, S. Knutzen, P. Kreuzer, M. Merschmeyer, A. Meyer, M. Olschewski, K. Padeken, P. Papacz, H. Reithler, S.A. Schmitz, L. Sonnenschein, D. Teyssier, S. Thüer, M. Weber

RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut B, Aachen, Germany
V. Cherepanov, Y. Erdogan, G. Flügge, H. Geenen, M. Geisler, W. Haj Ahmad, F. Hoehle, B. Kargoll, T. Kress, Y. Kuessel, J. Lingemann[2], A. Nowack, I.M. Nugent, L. Perchalla, O. Pooth, A. Stahl

Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron, Hamburg, Germany
I. Asin, N. Bartosik, J. Behr, W. Behrenhoff, U. Behrens, A.J. Bell, M. Bergholz[17], A. Bethani, K. Borras, A. Burgmeier, A. Cakir, L. Calligaris, A. Campbell, S. Choudhury, F. Costanza, C. Diez Pardos, S. Dooling, T. Dorland, G. Eckerlin, D. Eckstein, T. Eichhorn, G. Flucke, A. Geiser, A. Grebenyuk, P. Gunnellini, S. Habib, J. Hauk, G. Hellwig, M. Hempel, D. Horton, H. Jung, M. Kasemann, P. Katsas, C. Kleinwort, M. Krämer, D. Krücker, W. Lange, J. Leonard, K. Lipka, W. Lohmann[17], B. Lutz, R. Mankel, I. Marfin, I.-A. Melzer-Pellmann, A.B. Meyer, J. Mnich, A. Mussgiller, S. Naumann-Emme, O. Novgorodova, F. Nowak, H. Perrey, A. Petrukhin, D. Pitzl, R. Placakyte, A. Raspereza, P.M. Ribeiro Cipriano, C. Riedl, E. Ron,

M.Ö. Sahin, J. Salfeld-Nebgen, R. Schmidt[17], T. Schoerner-Sadenius, M. Schröder, M. Stein, A.D.R. Vargas Trevino, R. Walsh, C. Wissing

University of Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany
M. Aldaya Martin, V. Blobel, H. Enderle, J. Erfle, E. Garutti, M. Görner, M. Gosselink, J. Haller, K. Heine, R.S. Höing, H. Kirschenmann, R. Klanner, R. Kogler, J. Lange, I. Marchesini, J. Ott, T. Peiffer, N. Pietsch, D. Rathjens, C. Sander, H. Schettler, P. Schleper, E. Schlieckau, A. Schmidt, M. Seidel, J. Sibille[18], V. Sola, H. Stadie, G. Steinbrück, D. Troendle, E. Usai, L. Vanelderen

Institut für Experimentelle Kernphysik, Karlsruhe, Germany
C. Barth, C. Baus, J. Berger, C. Böser, E. Butz, T. Chwalek, W. De Boer, A. Descroix, A. Dierlamm, M. Feindt, M. Guthoff[2], F. Hartmann[2], T. Hauth[2], H. Held, K.H. Hoffmann, U. Husemann, I. Katkov[5], A. Kornmayer[2], E. Kuznetsova, P. Lobelle Pardo, D. Martschei, M.U. Mozer, Th. Müller, M. Niegel, A. Nürnberg, O. Oberst, G. Quast, K. Rabbertz, F. Ratnikov, S. Röcker, F.-P. Schilling, G. Schott, H.J. Simonis, F.M. Stober, R. Ulrich, J. Wagner-Kuhr, S. Wayand, T. Weiler, R. Wolf, M. Zeise

Institute of Nuclear and Particle Physics (INPP), NCSR Demokritos, Aghia Paraskevi, Greece
G. Anagnostou, G. Daskalakis, T. Geralis, S. Kesisoglou, A. Kyriakis, D. Loukas, A. Markou, C. Markou, E. Ntomari, I. Topsis-giotis

University of Athens, Athens, Greece
L. Gouskos, A. Panagiotou, N. Saoulidou, E. Stiliaris

University of Ioánnina, Ioánnina, Greece
X. Aslanoglou, I. Evangelou, G. Flouris, C. Foudas, P. Kokkas, N. Manthos, I. Papadopoulos, E. Paradas

Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary
G. Bencze, C. Hajdu, P. Hidas, D. Horvath[19], F. Sikler, V. Veszpremi, G. Vesztergombi[20], A.J. Zsigmond

Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary
N. Beni, S. Czellar, J. Molnar, J. Palinkas, Z. Szillasi

University of Debrecen, Debrecen, Hungary
J. Karancsi, P. Raics, Z.L. Trocsanyi, B. Ujvari

National Institute of Science Education and Research, Bhubaneswar, India
S.K. Swain[21]

Panjab University, Chandigarh, India
S.B. Beri, V. Bhatnagar, N. Dhingra, R. Gupta, M. Kaur, M.Z. Mehta, M. Mittal, N. Nishu, A. Sharma, J.B. Singh

University of Delhi, Delhi, India
Ashok Kumar, Arun Kumar, S. Ahuja, A. Bhardwaj, B.C. Choudhary, A. Kumar, S. Malhotra, M. Naimuddin, K. Ranjan, P. Saxena, V. Sharma, R.K. Shivpuri

Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics, Kolkata, India
S. Banerjee, S. Bhattacharya, K. Chatterjee, S. Dutta, B. Gomber, Sa. Jain, Sh. Jain, R. Khurana, A. Modak, S. Mukherjee, D. Roy, S. Sarkar, M. Sharan, A.P. Singh

Bhabha Atomic Research Centre, Mumbai, India
A. Abdulsalam, D. Dutta, S. Kailas, V. Kumar, A.K. Mohanty[2], L.M. Pant, P. Shukla, A. Topkar

Tata Institute of Fundamental Research - EHEP, Mumbai, India
T. Aziz, R.M. Chatterjee, S. Ganguly, S. Ghosh, M. Guchait[22], A. Gurtu[23], G. Kole, S. Kumar, M. Maity[24], G. Majumder, K. Mazumdar, G.B. Mohanty, B. Parida, K. Sudhakar, N. Wickramage[25]

Tata Institute of Fundamental Research - HECR, Mumbai, India
S. Banerjee, S. Dugad

Institute for Research in Fundamental Sciences (IPM), Tehran, Iran
H. Arfaei, H. Bakhshiansohi, H. Behnamian, S.M. Etesami[26], A. Fahim[27], A. Jafari, M. Khakzad, M. Mohammadi Najafabadi, M. Naseri, S. Paktinat Mehdiabadi, B. Safarzadeh[28], M. Zeinali

University College Dublin, Dublin, Ireland
M. Grunewald

INFN Sezione di Bari [a], Università di Bari [b], Politecnico di Bari [c], Bari, Italy
M. Abbrescia[a,b], L. Barbone[a,b], C. Calabria[a,b], S.S. Chhibra[a,b], A. Colaleo[a], D. Creanza[a,c], N. De Filippis[a,c], M. De Palma[a,b], L. Fiore[a], G. Iaselli[a,c], G. Maggi[a,c], M. Maggi[a], B. Marangelli[a,b], S. My[a,c], S. Nuzzo[a,b], N. Pacifico[a], A. Pompili[a,b], G. Pugliese[a,c], R. Radogna[a,b], G. Selvaggi[a,b], L. Silvestris[a], G. Singh[a,b], R. Venditti[a,b], P. Verwilligen[a], G. Zito[a]

INFN Sezione di Bologna [a], Università di Bologna [b], Bologna, Italy
G. Abbiendi[a], A.C. Benvenuti[a], D. Bonacorsi[a,b], S. Braibant-Giacomelli[a,b], L. Brigliadori[a,b], R. Campanini[a,b], P. Capiluppi[a,b], A. Castro[a,b], F.R. Cavallo[a], G. Codispoti[a,b], M. Cuffiani[a,b], G.M. Dallavalle[a], F. Fabbri[a], A. Fanfani[a,b], D. Fasanella[a,b], P. Giacomelli[a], C. Grandi[a], L. Guiducci[a,b], S. Marcellini[a], G. Masetti[a], M. Meneghelli[a,b], A. Montanari[a], F.L. Navarria[a,b], F. Odorici[a], A. Perrotta[a], F. Primavera[a,b], A.M. Rossi[a,b], T. Rovelli[a,b], G.P. Siroli[a,b], N. Tosi[a,b], R. Travaglini[a,b]

INFN Sezione di Catania [a], Università di Catania [b], CSFNSM [c], Catania, Italy
S. Albergo[a,b], G. Cappello[a], M. Chiorboli[a,b], S. Costa[a,b], F. Giordano[a,2], R. Potenza[a,b], A. Tricomi[a,b], C. Tuve[a,b]

INFN Sezione di Firenze [a], Università di Firenze [b], Firenze, Italy
G. Barbagli[a], V. Ciulli[a,b], C. Civinini[a], R. D'Alessandro[a,b], E. Focardi[a,b], E. Gallo[a], S. Gonzi[a,b], V. Gori[a,b], P. Lenzi[a,b], M. Meschini[a], S. Paoletti[a], G. Sguazzoni[a], A. Tropiano[a,b]

INFN Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy
L. Benussi, S. Bianco, F. Fabbri, D. Piccolo

INFN Sezione di Genova [a], Università di Genova [b], Genova, Italy
P. Fabbricatore[a], R. Ferretti[a,b], F. Ferro[a], M. Lo Vetere[a,b], R. Musenich[a], E. Robutti[a], S. Tosi[a,b]

INFN Sezione di Milano-Bicocca [a], Università di Milano-Bicocca [b], Milano, Italy
A. Benaglia[a], M.E. Dinardo[a,b], S. Fiorendi[a,b,2], S. Gennai[a], A. Ghezzi[a,b], P. Govoni[a,b], M.T. Lucchini[a,b,2], S. Malvezzi[a], R.A. Manzoni[a,b,2], A. Martelli[a,b,2], D. Menasce[a], L. Moroni[a], M. Paganoni[a,b], D. Pedrini[a], S. Ragazzi[a,b], N. Redaelli[a], T. Tabarelli de Fatis[a,b]

INFN Sezione di Napoli [a], Università di Napoli 'Federico II' [b], Università della Basilicata (Potenza) [c], Università G. Marconi (Roma) [d], Napoli, Italy
S. Buontempo[a], N. Cavallo[a,c], F. Fabozzi[a,c], A.O.M. Iorio[a,b], L. Lista[a], S. Meola[a,d,2], M. Merola[a], P. Paolucci[a,2]

INFN Sezione di Padova [a], Università di Padova [b], Università di Trento (Trento) [c], Padova, Italy
P. Azzi[a], N. Bacchetta[a], D. Bisello[a,b], A. Branca[a,b], R. Carlin[a,b], P. Checchia[a], T. Dorigo[a], U. Dosselli[a], M. Galanti[a,b,2], F. Gasparini[a,b], U. Gasparini[a,b], P. Giubilato[a,b], A. Gozzelino[a], K. Kanishchev[a,c], S. Lacaprara[a], I. Lazzizzera[a,c], M. Margoni[a,b], A.T. Meneguzzo[a,b], M. Nespolo[a], M. Passaseo[a], J. Pazzini[a,b], M. Pegoraro[a], N. Pozzobon[a,b], P. Ronchese[a,b], F. Simonetto[a,b], E. Torassa[a], M. Tosi[a,b], P. Zotto[a,b], A. Zucchetta[a,b], G. Zumerle[a,b]

INFN Sezione di Pavia [a], Università di Pavia [b], Pavia, Italy
M. Gabusi[a,b], S.P. Ratti[a,b], C. Riccardi[a,b], P. Vitulo[a,b]

INFN Sezione di Perugia [a], Università di Perugia [b], Perugia, Italy
M. Biasini[a,b], G.M. Bilei[a], L. Fanò[a,b], P. Lariccia[a,b], G. Mantovani[a,b], M. Menichelli[a], A. Nappi[a,b†], F. Romeo[a,b], A. Saha[a], A. Santocchia[a,b], A. Spiezia[a,b]

INFN Sezione di Pisa [a], Università di Pisa [b], Scuola Normale Superiore di Pisa [c], Pisa, Italy
K. Androsov[a,29], P. Azzurri[a], G. Bagliesi[a], J. Bernardini[a], T. Boccali[a], G. Broccolo[a,c], R. Castaldi[a], M.A. Ciocci[a,29], R. Dell'Orso[a], F. Fiori[a,c], L. Foà[a,c], A. Giassi[a], M.T. Grippo[a,29], A. Kraan[a], F. Ligabue[a,c], T. Lomtadze[a], L. Martini[a,b], A. Messineo[a,b], C.S. Moon[a,30], F. Palla[a], A. Rizzi[a,b], A. Savoy-Navarro[a,31], A.T. Serban[a], P. Spagnolo[a], P. Squillacioti[a,29], R. Tenchini[a], G. Tonelli[a,b], A. Venturi[a], P.G. Verdini[a], C. Vernieri[a,c]

INFN Sezione di Roma [a], Università di Roma [b], Roma, Italy
L. Barone[a,b], F. Cavallari[a], D. Del Re[a,b], M. Diemoz[a], M. Grassi[a,b], C. Jorda[a], E. Longo[a,b], F. Margaroli[a,b], P. Meridiani[a], F. Micheli[a,b], S. Nourbakhsh[a,b], G. Organtini[a,b], R. Paramatti[a], S. Rahatlou[a,b], C. Rovelli[a], L. Soffi[a,b], P. Traczyk[a,b]

INFN Sezione di Torino [a], Università di Torino [b], Università del Piemonte Orientale (Novara) [c], Torino, Italy
N. Amapane[a,b], R. Arcidiacono[a,c], S. Argiro[a,b], M. Arneodo[a,c], R. Bellan[a,b], C. Biino[a], N. Cartiglia[a], S. Casasso[a,b], M. Costa[a,b], A. Degano[a,b], N. Demaria[a], C. Mariotti[a], S. Maselli[a], E. Migliore[a,b], V. Monaco[a,b], M. Musich[a], M.M. Obertino[a,c], G. Ortona[a,b], L. Pacher[a,b], N. Pastrone[a], M. Pelliccioni[a,2], A. Potenza[a,b], A. Romero[a,b], M. Ruspa[a,c], R. Sacchi[a,b], A. Solano[a,b], A. Staiano[a], U. Tamponi[a]

INFN Sezione di Trieste [a], Università di Trieste [b], Trieste, Italy
S. Belforte[a], V. Candelise[a,b], M. Casarsa[a], F. Cossutti[a,2], G. Della Ricca[a,b], B. Gobbo[a], C. La Licata[a,b], M. Marone[a,b], D. Montanino[a,b], A. Penzo[a], A. Schizzi[a,b], T. Umer[a,b], A. Zanetti[a]

Kangwon National University, Chunchon, Korea
S. Chang, T.Y. Kim, S.K. Nam

Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Korea
D.H. Kim, G.N. Kim, J.E. Kim, D.J. Kong, S. Lee, Y.D. Oh, H. Park, D.C. Son

Chonnam National University, Institute for Universe and Elementary Particles, Kwangju, Korea
J.Y. Kim, Zero J. Kim, S. Song

Korea University, Seoul, Korea
S. Choi, D. Gyun, B. Hong, M. Jo, H. Kim, Y. Kim, K.S. Lee, S.K. Park, Y. Roh

University of Seoul, Seoul, Korea
M. Choi, J.H. Kim, C. Park, I.C. Park, S. Park, G. Ryu

Sungkyunkwan University, Suwon, Korea
Y. Choi, Y.K. Choi, J. Goh, M.S. Kim, E. Kwon, B. Lee, J. Lee, S. Lee, H. Seo, I. Yu

Vilnius University, Vilnius, Lithuania
A. Juodagalvis

Centro de Investigacion y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN, Mexico City, Mexico
H. Castilla-Valdez, E. De La Cruz-Burelo, I. Heredia-de La Cruz[32], R. Lopez-Fernandez, J. Martínez-Ortega, A. Sanchez-Hernandez, L.M. Villasenor-Cendejas

Universidad Iberoamericana, Mexico City, Mexico
S. Carrillo Moreno, F. Vazquez Valencia

Benemerita Universidad Autonoma de Puebla, Puebla, Mexico
H.A. Salazar Ibarguen

Universidad Autónoma de San Luis Potosí, San Luis Potosí, Mexico
E. Casimiro Linares, A. Morelos Pineda

University of Auckland, Auckland, New Zealand
D. Krofcheck

University of Canterbury, Christchurch, New Zealand
P.H. Butler, R. Doesburg, S. Reucroft, H. Silverwood

National Centre for Physics, Quaid-I-Azam University, Islamabad, Pakistan
M. Ahmad, M.I. Asghar, J. Butt, H.R. Hoorani, S. Khalid, W.A. Khan, T. Khurshid, S. Qazi, M.A. Shah, M. Shoaib

National Centre for Nuclear Research, Swierk, Poland
H. Bialkowska, M. Bluj[33], B. Boimska, T. Frueboes, M. Górski, M. Kazana, K. Nawrocki, K. Romanowska-Rybinska, M. Szleper, G. Wrochna, P. Zalewski

Institute of Experimental Physics, Faculty of Physics, University of Warsaw, Warsaw, Poland
G. Brona, K. Bunkowski, M. Cwiok, W. Dominik, K. Doroba, A. Kalinowski, M. Konecki, J. Krolikowski, M. Misiura, W. Wolszczak

Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas, Lisboa, Portugal
P. Bargassa, C. Beirão Da Cruz E Silva, P. Faccioli, P.G. Ferreira Parracho, M. Gallinaro, F. Nguyen, J. Rodrigues Antunes, J. Seixas[2], J. Varela, P. Vischia

Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia
S. Afanasiev, P. Bunin, I. Golutvin, I. Gorbunov, V. Karjavin, V. Konoplyanikov, G. Kozlov, A. Lanev, A. Malakhov, V. Matveev, P. Moisenz, V. Palichik, V. Perelygin, M. Savina, S. Shmatov, N. Skatchkov, V. Smirnov, A. Zarubin

Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Gatchina (St. Petersburg), Russia
V. Golovtsov, Y. Ivanov, V. Kim, P. Levchenko, V. Murzin, V. Oreshkin, I. Smirnov, V. Sulimov, L. Uvarov, S. Vavilov, A. Vorobyev, An. Vorobyev

Institute for Nuclear Research, Moscow, Russia
Yu. Andreev, A. Dermenev, S. Gninenko, N. Golubev, M. Kirsanov, N. Krasnikov, A. Pashenkov, D. Tlisov, A. Toropin

Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics, Moscow, Russia
V. Epshteyn, V. Gavrilov, N. Lychkovskaya, V. Popov, G. Safronov, S. Semenov, A. Spiridonov, V. Stolin, E. Vlasov, A. Zhokin

P.N. Lebedev Physical Institute, Moscow, Russia
V. Andreev, M. Azarkin, I. Dremin, M. Kirakosyan, A. Leonidov, G. Mesyats, S.V. Rusakov, A. Vinogradov

Skobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia
A. Belyaev, E. Boos, V. Bunichev, M. Dubinin[7], L. Dudko, A. Ershov, V. Klyukhin, O. Kodolova, I. Lokhtin, A. Markina, S. Obraztsov, S. Petrushanko, V. Savrin, A. Snigirev

State Research Center of Russian Federation, Institute for High Energy Physics, Protvino, Russia
I. Azhgirey, I. Bayshev, S. Bitioukov, V. Kachanov, A. Kalinin, D. Konstantinov, V. Krychkine, V. Petrov, R. Ryutin, A. Sobol, L. Tourtchanovitch, S. Troshin, N. Tyurin, A. Uzunian, A. Volkov

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Physics and Vinca Institute of Nuclear Sciences, Belgrade, Serbia
P. Adzic[34], M. Djordjevic, M. Ekmedzic, J. Milosevic

Centro de Investigaciones Energéticas Medioambientales y Tecnológicas (CIEMAT), Madrid, Spain
M. Aguilar-Benitez, J. Alcaraz Maestre, C. Battilana, E. Calvo, M. Cerrada, M. Chamizo Llatas[2], N. Colino, B. De La Cruz, A. Delgado Peris, D. Domínguez Vázquez, C. Fernandez Bedoya, J.P. Fernández Ramos, A. Ferrando, J. Flix, M.C. Fouz, P. Garcia-Abia, O. Gonzalez Lopez, S. Goy Lopez, J.M. Hernandez, M.I. Josa, G. Merino, E. Navarro De Martino, J. Puerta Pelayo, A. Quintario Olmeda, I. Redondo, L. Romero, M.S. Soares, C. Willmott

Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain
C. Albajar, J.F. de Trocóniz

Universidad de Oviedo, Oviedo, Spain
H. Brun, J. Cuevas, J. Fernandez Menendez, S. Folgueras, I. Gonzalez Caballero, L. Lloret Iglesias

Instituto de Física de Cantabria (IFCA), CSIC-Universidad de Cantabria, Santander, Spain
J.A. Brochero Cifuentes, I.J. Cabrillo, A. Calderon, S.H. Chuang, J. Duarte Campderros, M. Fernandez, G. Gomez, J. Gonzalez Sanchez, A. Graziano, A. Lopez Virto, J. Marco, R. Marco, C. Martinez Rivero, F. Matorras, F.J. Munoz Sanchez, J. Piedra Gomez, T. Rodrigo, A.Y. Rodríguez-Marrero, A. Ruiz-Jimeno, L. Scodellaro, I. Vila, R. Vilar Cortabitarte

CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland
D. Abbaneo, E. Auffray, G. Auzinger, M. Bachtis, P. Baillon, A.H. Ball, D. Barney, J. Bendavid, L. Benhabib, J.F. Benitez, C. Bernet[8], G. Bianchi, P. Bloch, A. Bocci, A. Bonato, O. Bondu, C. Botta, H. Breuker, T. Camporesi, G. Cerminara, T. Christiansen, J.A. Coarasa Perez, S. Colafranceschi[35], M. D'Alfonso, D. d'Enterria, A. Dabrowski, A. David, F. De Guio, A. De Roeck, S. De Visscher, S. Di Guida, M. Dobson, N. Dupont-Sagorin, A. Elliott-Peisert, J. Eugster, G. Franzoni, W. Funk, M. Giffels, D. Gigi, K. Gill, M. Girone, M. Giunta, F. Glege, R. Gomez-Reino Garrido, S. Gowdy, R. Guida, J. Hammer, M. Hansen, P. Harris, A. Hinzmann, V. Innocente, P. Janot, E. Karavakis, K. Kousouris, K. Krajczar, P. Lecoq, C. Lourenço, N. Magini, L. Malgeri, M. Mannelli, L. Masetti, F. Meijers, S. Mersi, E. Meschi, F. Moortgat, M. Mulders, P. Musella, L. Orsini, E. Palencia Cortezon, E. Perez, L. Perrozzi, A. Petrilli, G. Petrucciani, A. Pfeiffer, M. Pierini, M. Pimiä, D. Piparo, M. Plagge, A. Racz, W. Reece, G. Rolandi[36], M. Rovere, H. Sakulin, F. Santanastasio, C. Schäfer, C. Schwick, S. Sekmen, A. Sharma,

P. Siegrist, P. Silva, M. Simon, P. Sphicas[37], J. Steggemann, B. Stieger, M. Stoye, A. Tsirou, G.I. Veres[20], J.R. Vlimant, H.K. Wöhri, W.D. Zeuner

Paul Scherrer Institut, Villigen, Switzerland
W. Bertl, K. Deiters, W. Erdmann, K. Gabathuler, R. Horisberger, Q. Ingram, H.C. Kaestli, S. König, D. Kotlinski, U. Langenegger, D. Renker, T. Rohe

Institute for Particle Physics, ETH Zurich, Zurich, Switzerland
F. Bachmair, L. Bäni, L. Bianchini, P. Bortignon, M.A. Buchmann, B. Casal, N. Chanon, A. Deisher, G. Dissertori, M. Dittmar, M. Donegà, M. Dünser, P. Eller, C. Grab, D. Hits, W. Lustermann, B. Mangano, A.C. Marini, P. Martinez Ruiz del Arbol, D. Meister, N. Mohr, C. Nägeli[38], P. Nef, F. Nessi-Tedaldi, F. Pandolfi, L. Pape, F. Pauss, M. Peruzzi, M. Quittnat, F.J. Ronga, M. Rossini, A. Starodumov[39], M. Takahashi, L. Tauscher[†], K. Theofilatos, D. Treille, R. Wallny, H.A. Weber

Universität Zürich, Zurich, Switzerland
C. Amsler[40], V. Chiochia, A. De Cosa, C. Favaro, M. Ivova Rikova, B. Kilminster, B. Millan Mejias, J. Ngadiuba, P. Robmann, H. Snoek, S. Taroni, M. Verzetti, Y. Yang

National Central University, Chung-Li, Taiwan
M. Cardaci, K.H. Chen, C. Ferro, C.M. Kuo, S.W. Li, W. Lin, Y.J. Lu, R. Volpe, S.S. Yu

National Taiwan University (NTU), Taipei, Taiwan
P. Bartalini, P. Chang, Y.H. Chang, Y.W. Chang, Y. Chao, K.F. Chen, P.H. Chen, C. Dietz, U. Grundler, W.-S. Hou, Y. Hsiung, K.Y. Kao, Y.J. Lei, Y.F. Liu, R.-S. Lu, D. Majumder, E. Petrakou, X. Shi, J.G. Shiu, Y.M. Tzeng, M. Wang, R. Wilken

Chulalongkorn University, Bangkok, Thailand
B. Asavapibhop, N. Suwonjandee

Cukurova University, Adana, Turkey
A. Adiguzel, M.N. Bakirci[41], S. Cerci[42], C. Dozen, I. Dumanoglu, E. Eskut, S. Girgis, G. Gokbulut, E. Gurpinar, I. Hos, E.E. Kangal, A. Kayis Topaksu, G. Onengut[43], K. Ozdemir, S. Ozturk[41], A. Polatoz, K. Sogut[44], D. Sunar Cerci[42], B. Tali[42], H. Topakli[41], M. Vergili

Middle East Technical University, Physics Department, Ankara, Turkey
I.V. Akin, T. Aliev, B. Bilin, S. Bilmis, M. Deniz, H. Gamsizkan, A.M. Guler, G. Karapinar[45], K. Ocalan, A. Ozpineci, M. Serin, R. Sever, U.E. Surat, M. Yalvac, M. Zeyrek

Bogazici University, Istanbul, Turkey
E. Gülmez, B. Isildak[46], M. Kaya[47], O. Kaya[47], S. Ozkorucuklu[48], N. Sonmez[49]

Istanbul Technical University, Istanbul, Turkey
H. Bahtiyar[50], E. Barlas, K. Cankocak, Y.O. Günaydin[51], F.I. Vardarlı, M. Yücel

National Scientific Center, Kharkov Institute of Physics and Technology, Kharkov, Ukraine
L. Levchuk, P. Sorokin

University of Bristol, Bristol, United Kingdom
J.J. Brooke, E. Clement, D. Cussans, H. Flacher, R. Frazier, J. Goldstein, M. Grimes, G.P. Heath, H.F. Heath, J. Jacob, L. Kreczko, C. Lucas, Z. Meng, D.M. Newbold[52], S. Paramesvaran, A. Poll, S. Senkin, V.J. Smith, T. Williams

Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom
K.W. Bell, A. Belyaev[53], C. Brew, R.M. Brown, D.J.A. Cockerill, J.A. Coughlan, K. Harder,

S. Harper, J. Ilic, E. Olaiya, D. Petyt, C.H. Shepherd-Themistocleous, A. Thea, I.R. Tomalin, W.J. Womersley, S.D. Worm

Imperial College, London, United Kingdom
M. Baber, R. Bainbridge, O. Buchmuller, D. Burton, D. Colling, N. Cripps, M. Cutajar, P. Dauncey, G. Davies, M. Della Negra, W. Ferguson, J. Fulcher, D. Futyan, A. Gilbert, A. Guneratne Bryer, G. Hall, Z. Hatherell, J. Hays, G. Iles, M. Jarvis, G. Karapostoli, M. Kenzie, R. Lane, R. Lucas[52], L. Lyons, A.-M. Magnan, J. Marrouche, B. Mathias, R. Nandi, J. Nash, A. Nikitenko[39], J. Pela, M. Pesaresi, K. Petridis, M. Pioppi[54], D.M. Raymond, S. Rogerson, A. Rose, C. Seez, P. Sharp[†], A. Sparrow, A. Tapper, M. Vazquez Acosta, T. Virdee, S. Wakefield, N. Wardle

Brunel University, Uxbridge, United Kingdom
J.E. Cole, P.R. Hobson, A. Khan, P. Kyberd, D. Leggat, D. Leslie, W. Martin, I.D. Reid, P. Symonds, L. Teodorescu, M. Turner

Baylor University, Waco, USA
J. Dittmann, K. Hatakeyama, A. Kasmi, H. Liu, T. Scarborough

The University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, USA
O. Charaf, S.I. Cooper, C. Henderson, P. Rumerio

Boston University, Boston, USA
A. Avetisyan, T. Bose, C. Fantasia, A. Heister, P. Lawson, D. Lazic, J. Rohlf, D. Sperka, J. St. John, L. Sulak

Brown University, Providence, USA
J. Alimena, S. Bhattacharya, G. Christopher, D. Cutts, Z. Demiragli, A. Ferapontov, A. Garabedian, U. Heintz, S. Jabeen, G. Kukartsev, E. Laird, G. Landsberg, M. Luk, M. Narain, M. Segala, T. Sinthuprasith, T. Speer, J. Swanson

University of California, Davis, Davis, USA
R. Breedon, G. Breto, M. Calderon De La Barca Sanchez, S. Chauhan, M. Chertok, J. Conway, R. Conway, P.T. Cox, R. Erbacher, M. Gardner, W. Ko, A. Kopecky, R. Lander, T. Miceli, D. Pellett, J. Pilot, F. Ricci-Tam, B. Rutherford, M. Searle, S. Shalhout, J. Smith, M. Squires, M. Tripathi, S. Wilbur, R. Yohay

University of California, Los Angeles, USA
V. Andreev, D. Cline, R. Cousins, S. Erhan, P. Everaerts, C. Farrell, M. Felcini, J. Hauser, M. Ignatenko, C. Jarvis, G. Rakness, P. Schlein[†], E. Takasugi, V. Valuev, M. Weber

University of California, Riverside, Riverside, USA
J. Babb, R. Clare, J. Ellison, J.W. Gary, G. Hanson, J. Heilman, P. Jandir, F. Lacroix, H. Liu, O.R. Long, A. Luthra, M. Malberti, H. Nguyen, A. Shrinivas, J. Sturdy, S. Sumowidagdo, S. Wimpenny

University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, USA
W. Andrews, J.G. Branson, G.B. Cerati, S. Cittolin, R.T. D'Agnolo, D. Evans, A. Holzner, R. Kelley, D. Kovalskyi, M. Lebourgeois, J. Letts, I. Macneill, S. Padhi, C. Palmer, M. Pieri, M. Sani, V. Sharma, S. Simon, E. Sudano, M. Tadel, Y. Tu, A. Vartak, S. Wasserbaech[55], F. Würthwein, A. Yagil, J. Yoo

University of California, Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara, USA
D. Barge, C. Campagnari, T. Danielson, K. Flowers, P. Geffert, C. George, F. Golf, J. Incandela,

C. Justus, R. Magaña Villalba, N. Mccoll, V. Pavlunin, J. Richman, R. Rossin, D. Stuart, W. To, C. West

California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA
A. Apresyan, A. Bornheim, J. Bunn, Y. Chen, E. Di Marco, J. Duarte, D. Kcira, A. Mott, H.B. Newman, C. Pena, C. Rogan, M. Spiropulu, V. Timciuc, R. Wilkinson, S. Xie, R.Y. Zhu

Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, USA
V. Azzolini, A. Calamba, R. Carroll, T. Ferguson, Y. Iiyama, D.W. Jang, M. Paulini, J. Russ, H. Vogel, I. Vorobiev

University of Colorado at Boulder, Boulder, USA
J.P. Cumalat, B.R. Drell, W.T. Ford, A. Gaz, E. Luiggi Lopez, U. Nauenberg, J.G. Smith, K. Stenson, K.A. Ulmer, S.R. Wagner

Cornell University, Ithaca, USA
J. Alexander, A. Chatterjee, N. Eggert, L.K. Gibbons, W. Hopkins, A. Khukhunaishvili, B. Kreis, N. Mirman, G. Nicolas Kaufman, J.R. Patterson, A. Ryd, E. Salvati, W. Sun, W.D. Teo, J. Thom, J. Thompson, J. Tucker, Y. Weng, L. Winstrom, P. Wittich

Fairfield University, Fairfield, USA
D. Winn

Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, Batavia, USA
S. Abdullin, M. Albrow, J. Anderson, G. Apollinari, L.A.T. Bauerdick, A. Beretvas, J. Berryhill, P.C. Bhat, K. Burkett, J.N. Butler, V. Chetluru, H.W.K. Cheung, F. Chlebana, S. Cihangir, V.D. Elvira, I. Fisk, J. Freeman, Y. Gao, E. Gottschalk, L. Gray, D. Green, O. Gutsche, D. Hare, R.M. Harris, J. Hirschauer, B. Hooberman, S. Jindariani, M. Johnson, U. Joshi, K. Kaadze, B. Klima, S. Kwan, J. Linacre, D. Lincoln, R. Lipton, J. Lykken, K. Maeshima, J.M. Marraffino, V.I. Martinez Outschoorn, S. Maruyama, D. Mason, P. McBride, K. Mishra, S. Mrenna, Y. Musienko[56], S. Nahn, C. Newman-Holmes, V. O'Dell, O. Prokofyev, N. Ratnikova, E. Sexton-Kennedy, S. Sharma, W.J. Spalding, L. Spiegel, L. Taylor, S. Tkaczyk, N.V. Tran, L. Uplegger, E.W. Vaandering, R. Vidal, J. Whitmore, W. Wu, F. Yang, J.C. Yun

University of Florida, Gainesville, USA
D. Acosta, P. Avery, D. Bourilkov, T. Cheng, S. Das, M. De Gruttola, G.P. Di Giovanni, D. Dobur, R.D. Field, M. Fisher, Y. Fu, I.K. Furic, J. Hugon, B. Kim, J. Konigsberg, A. Korytov, A. Kropivnitskaya, T. Kypreos, J.F. Low, K. Matchev, P. Milenovic[57], G. Mitselmakher, L. Muniz, A. Rinkevicius, L. Shchutska, N. Skhirtladze, M. Snowball, J. Yelton, M. Zakaria

Florida International University, Miami, USA
V. Gaultney, S. Hewamanage, S. Linn, P. Markowitz, G. Martinez, J.L. Rodriguez

Florida State University, Tallahassee, USA
T. Adams, A. Askew, J. Bochenek, J. Chen, B. Diamond, J. Haas, S. Hagopian, V. Hagopian, K.F. Johnson, H. Prosper, V. Veeraraghavan, M. Weinberg

Florida Institute of Technology, Melbourne, USA
M.M. Baarmand, B. Dorney, M. Hohlmann, H. Kalakhety, F. Yumiceva

University of Illinois at Chicago (UIC), Chicago, USA
M.R. Adams, L. Apanasevich, V.E. Bazterra, R.R. Betts, I. Bucinskaite, R. Cavanaugh, O. Evdokimov, L. Gauthier, C.E. Gerber, D.J. Hofman, S. Khalatyan, P. Kurt, D.H. Moon, C. O'Brien, C. Silkworth, P. Turner, N. Varelas

The University of Iowa, Iowa City, USA
U. Akgun, E.A. Albayrak[50], B. Bilki[58], W. Clarida, K. Dilsiz, F. Duru, J.-P. Merlo, H. Mermerkaya[59], A. Mestvirishvili, A. Moeller, J. Nachtman, H. Ogul, Y. Onel, F. Ozok[50], S. Sen, P. Tan, E. Tiras, J. Wetzel, T. Yetkin[60], K. Yi

Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, USA
B.A. Barnett, B. Blumenfeld, S. Bolognesi, D. Fehling, A.V. Gritsan, P. Maksimovic, C. Martin, M. Swartz, A. Whitbeck

The University of Kansas, Lawrence, USA
P. Baringer, A. Bean, G. Benelli, R.P. Kenny III, M. Murray, D. Noonan, S. Sanders, J. Sekaric, R. Stringer, Q. Wang, J.S. Wood

Kansas State University, Manhattan, USA
A.F. Barfuss, I. Chakaberia, A. Ivanov, S. Khalil, M. Makouski, Y. Maravin, L.K. Saini, S. Shrestha, I. Svintradze

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, USA
J. Gronberg, D. Lange, F. Rebassoo, D. Wright

University of Maryland, College Park, USA
A. Baden, B. Calvert, S.C. Eno, J.A. Gomez, N.J. Hadley, R.G. Kellogg, T. Kolberg, Y. Lu, M. Marionneau, A.C. Mignerey, K. Pedro, A. Skuja, J. Temple, M.B. Tonjes, S.C. Tonwar

Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, USA
A. Apyan, R. Barbieri, G. Bauer, W. Busza, I.A. Cali, M. Chan, L. Di Matteo, V. Dutta, G. Gomez Ceballos, M. Goncharov, D. Gulhan, M. Klute, Y.S. Lai, Y.-J. Lee, A. Levin, P.D. Luckey, T. Ma, C. Paus, D. Ralph, C. Roland, G. Roland, G.S.F. Stephans, F. Stöckli, K. Sumorok, D. Velicanu, J. Veverka, B. Wyslouch, M. Yang, A.S. Yoon, M. Zanetti, V. Zhukova

University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, USA
B. Dahmes, A. De Benedetti, A. Gude, S.C. Kao, K. Klapoetke, Y. Kubota, J. Mans, N. Pastika, R. Rusack, A. Singovsky, N. Tambe, J. Turkewitz

University of Mississippi, Oxford, USA
J.G. Acosta, L.M. Cremaldi, R. Kroeger, S. Oliveros, L. Perera, R. Rahmat, D.A. Sanders, D. Summers

University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Lincoln, USA
E. Avdeeva, K. Bloom, S. Bose, D.R. Claes, A. Dominguez, R. Gonzalez Suarez, J. Keller, I. Kravchenko, J. Lazo-Flores, S. Malik, F. Meier, G.R. Snow

State University of New York at Buffalo, Buffalo, USA
J. Dolen, A. Godshalk, I. Iashvili, S. Jain, A. Kharchilava, A. Kumar, S. Rappoccio, Z. Wan

Northeastern University, Boston, USA
G. Alverson, E. Barberis, D. Baumgartel, M. Chasco, J. Haley, A. Massironi, D. Nash, T. Orimoto, D. Trocino, D. Wood, J. Zhang

Northwestern University, Evanston, USA
A. Anastassov, K.A. Hahn, A. Kubik, L. Lusito, N. Mucia, N. Odell, B. Pollack, A. Pozdnyakov, M. Schmitt, S. Stoynev, K. Sung, M. Velasco, S. Won

University of Notre Dame, Notre Dame, USA
D. Berry, A. Brinkerhoff, K.M. Chan, A. Drozdetskiy, M. Hildreth, C. Jessop, D.J. Karmgard,

J. Kolb, K. Lannon, W. Luo, S. Lynch, N. Marinelli, D.M. Morse, T. Pearson, M. Planer, R. Ruchti, J. Slaunwhite, N. Valls, M. Wayne, M. Wolf

The Ohio State University, Columbus, USA
L. Antonelli, B. Bylsma, L.S. Durkin, S. Flowers, C. Hill, R. Hughes, K. Kotov, T.Y. Ling, D. Puigh, M. Rodenburg, G. Smith, C. Vuosalo, B.L. Winer, H. Wolfe, H.W. Wulsin

Princeton University, Princeton, USA
E. Berry, P. Elmer, V. Halyo, P. Hebda, J. Hegeman, A. Hunt, P. Jindal, S.A. Koay, P. Lujan, D. Marlow, T. Medvedeva, M. Mooney, J. Olsen, P. Piroué, X. Quan, A. Raval, H. Saka, D. Stickland, C. Tully, J.S. Werner, S.C. Zenz, A. Zuranski

University of Puerto Rico, Mayaguez, USA
E. Brownson, A. Lopez, H. Mendez, J.E. Ramirez Vargas

Purdue University, West Lafayette, USA
E. Alagoz, D. Benedetti, G. Bolla, D. Bortoletto, M. De Mattia, A. Everett, Z. Hu, M. Jones, K. Jung, M. Kress, N. Leonardo, D. Lopes Pegna, V. Maroussov, P. Merkel, D.H. Miller, N. Neumeister, B.C. Radburn-Smith, I. Shipsey, D. Silvers, A. Svyatkovskiy, F. Wang, W. Xie, L. Xu, H.D. Yoo, J. Zablocki, Y. Zheng

Purdue University Calumet, Hammond, USA
N. Parashar

Rice University, Houston, USA
A. Adair, B. Akgun, K.M. Ecklund, F.J.M. Geurts, W. Li, B. Michlin, B.P. Padley, R. Redjimi, J. Roberts, J. Zabel

University of Rochester, Rochester, USA
B. Betchart, A. Bodek, R. Covarelli, P. de Barbaro, R. Demina, Y. Eshaq, T. Ferbel, A. Garcia-Bellido, P. Goldenzweig, J. Han, A. Harel, D.C. Miner, G. Petrillo, D. Vishnevskiy, M. Zielinski

The Rockefeller University, New York, USA
A. Bhatti, R. Ciesielski, L. Demortier, K. Goulianos, G. Lungu, S. Malik, C. Mesropian

Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, Piscataway, USA
S. Arora, A. Barker, J.P. Chou, C. Contreras-Campana, E. Contreras-Campana, D. Duggan, D. Ferencek, Y. Gershtein, R. Gray, E. Halkiadakis, D. Hidas, A. Lath, S. Panwalkar, M. Park, R. Patel, V. Rekovic, J. Robles, S. Salur, S. Schnetzer, C. Seitz, S. Somalwar, R. Stone, S. Thomas, P. Thomassen, M. Walker

University of Tennessee, Knoxville, USA
K. Rose, S. Spanier, Z.C. Yang, A. York

Texas A&M University, College Station, USA
O. Bouhali[61], R. Eusebi, W. Flanagan, J. Gilmore, T. Kamon[62], V. Khotilovich, V. Krutelyov, R. Montalvo, I. Osipenkov, Y. Pakhotin, A. Perloff, J. Roe, A. Safonov, T. Sakuma, I. Suarez, A. Tatarinov, D. Toback

Texas Tech University, Lubbock, USA
N. Akchurin, C. Cowden, J. Damgov, C. Dragoiu, P.R. Dudero, K. Kovitanggoon, S. Kunori, S.W. Lee, T. Libeiro, I. Volobouev

Vanderbilt University, Nashville, USA
E. Appelt, A.G. Delannoy, S. Greene, A. Gurrola, W. Johns, C. Maguire, Y. Mao, A. Melo, M. Sharma, P. Sheldon, B. Snook, S. Tuo, J. Velkovska

University of Virginia, Charlottesville, USA
M.W. Arenton, S. Boutle, B. Cox, B. Francis, J. Goodell, R. Hirosky, A. Ledovskoy, C. Lin, C. Neu, J. Wood

Wayne State University, Detroit, USA
S. Gollapinni, R. Harr, P.E. Karchin, C. Kottachchi Kankanamge Don, P. Lamichhane, A. Sakharov

University of Wisconsin, Madison, USA
D.A. Belknap, L. Borrello, D. Carlsmith, M. Cepeda, S. Dasu, S. Duric, E. Friis, M. Grothe, R. Hall-Wilton, M. Herndon, A. Hervé, P. Klabbers, J. Klukas, A. Lanaro, R. Loveless, A. Mohapatra, I. Ojalvo, T. Perry, G.A. Pierro, G. Polese, I. Ross, T. Sarangi, A. Savin, W.H. Smith

†: Deceased
1: Also at Vienna University of Technology, Vienna, Austria
2: Also at CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland
3: Also at Institut Pluridisciplinaire Hubert Curien, Université de Strasbourg, Université de Haute Alsace Mulhouse, CNRS/IN2P3, Strasbourg, France
4: Also at National Institute of Chemical Physics and Biophysics, Tallinn, Estonia
5: Also at Skobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia
6: Also at Universidade Estadual de Campinas, Campinas, Brazil
7: Also at California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA
8: Also at Laboratoire Leprince-Ringuet, Ecole Polytechnique, IN2P3-CNRS, Palaiseau, France
9: Also at Zewail City of Science and Technology, Zewail, Egypt
10: Also at Suez Canal University, Suez, Egypt
11: Also at Cairo University, Cairo, Egypt
12: Also at Fayoum University, El-Fayoum, Egypt
13: Also at British University in Egypt, Cairo, Egypt
14: Now at Ain Shams University, Cairo, Egypt
15: Also at Université de Haute Alsace, Mulhouse, France
16: Also at Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia
17: Also at Brandenburg University of Technology, Cottbus, Germany
18: Also at The University of Kansas, Lawrence, USA
19: Also at Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary
20: Also at Eötvös Loránd University, Budapest, Hungary
21: Also at Tata Institute of Fundamental Research - EHEP, Mumbai, India
22: Also at Tata Institute of Fundamental Research - HECR, Mumbai, India
23: Now at King Abdulaziz University, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia
24: Also at University of Visva-Bharati, Santiniketan, India
25: Also at University of Ruhuna, Matara, Sri Lanka
26: Also at Isfahan University of Technology, Isfahan, Iran
27: Also at Sharif University of Technology, Tehran, Iran
28: Also at Plasma Physics Research Center, Science and Research Branch, Islamic Azad University, Tehran, Iran
29: Also at Università degli Studi di Siena, Siena, Italy
30: Also at Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique (CNRS) - IN2P3, Paris, France
31: Also at Purdue University, West Lafayette, USA
32: Also at Universidad Michoacana de San Nicolas de Hidalgo, Morelia, Mexico
33: Also at National Centre for Nuclear Research, Swierk, Poland
34: Also at Faculty of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia

35: Also at Facoltà Ingegneria, Università di Roma, Roma, Italy
36: Also at Scuola Normale e Sezione dell'INFN, Pisa, Italy
37: Also at University of Athens, Athens, Greece
38: Also at Paul Scherrer Institut, Villigen, Switzerland
39: Also at Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics, Moscow, Russia
40: Also at Albert Einstein Center for Fundamental Physics, Bern, Switzerland
41: Also at Gaziosmanpasa University, Tokat, Turkey
42: Also at Adiyaman University, Adiyaman, Turkey
43: Also at Cag University, Mersin, Turkey
44: Also at Mersin University, Mersin, Turkey
45: Also at Izmir Institute of Technology, Izmir, Turkey
46: Also at Ozyegin University, Istanbul, Turkey
47: Also at Kafkas University, Kars, Turkey
48: Also at Suleyman Demirel University, Isparta, Turkey
49: Also at Ege University, Izmir, Turkey
50: Also at Mimar Sinan University, Istanbul, Istanbul, Turkey
51: Also at Kahramanmaras Sütcü Imam University, Kahramanmaras, Turkey
52: Also at Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom
53: Also at School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom
54: Also at INFN Sezione di Perugia; Università di Perugia, Perugia, Italy
55: Also at Utah Valley University, Orem, USA
56: Also at Institute for Nuclear Research, Moscow, Russia
57: Also at University of Belgrade, Faculty of Physics and Vinca Institute of Nuclear Sciences, Belgrade, Serbia
58: Also at Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, USA
59: Also at Erzincan University, Erzincan, Turkey
60: Also at Yildiz Technical University, Istanbul, Turkey
61: Also at Texas A&M University at Qatar, Doha, Qatar
62: Also at Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Korea