

LHCb γ results: time-dependent and combination

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on behalf of LHCb

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April 9th, 2013

- review of time-dependent results in $B_s \rightarrow D_s K$
- LHCb γ combination (2011 data set): shown for the first time
 - from $B^\pm \rightarrow D K^\pm$
 - from $B^\pm \rightarrow D \pi^\pm$
 - both
- late breaking news: $B^\pm \rightarrow D K^\pm \gamma$ combination including 2012 data
- summary

time-dependent γ

$B_s \rightarrow D_s K$ basics

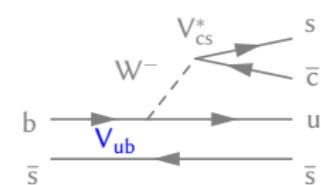
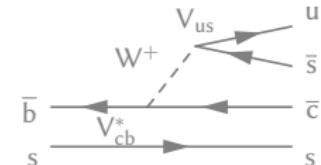
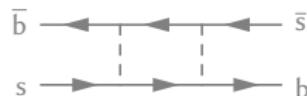
- interference between mixing and decay:



$$B_S^0 \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}} B_S^0 \quad A_B$$

$$B_S^0 \xrightarrow{e^{-i\phi_m}} \bar{B}_S^0 \quad A_B r_{B_S} e^{i(\delta - \gamma)}$$

$$D_S^- K^+$$



- not colour-suppressed \Rightarrow large interference
- weak phases γ, ϕ_m (mixing), strong phase δ
- sensitive to $\gamma + \phi_m$, but ϕ_m small effect

e.g. in $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ [LHCb-CONF-2012-002]

- measure 4 decay rates:

$$\Gamma_{B_S^0 \rightarrow D_S^- K^+}(t), \Gamma_{B_S^0 \rightarrow D_S^+ K^-}(t), \Gamma_{\bar{B}_S^0 \rightarrow D_S^- K^+}(t), \Gamma_{\bar{B}_S^0 \rightarrow D_S^+ K^-}(t)$$

$B_s \rightarrow D_s K$ decay rate equations

- work out decay of B_s^0, \bar{B}_s^0 to final states $f(D_s^- K^+), \bar{f}(D_s^+ K^-)$ ¹:

$$\lambda_{D_s^- K^+} = \frac{V_{tb}^* V_{ts}}{V_{tb} V_{ts}^*} \frac{V_{ub} V_{cs}^*}{V_{cb}^* V_{us}} \left| \frac{A_{\bar{f}}}{A_f} \right| e^{i\delta} = |\lambda_{D_s^- K^+}| e^{i(\delta - (\gamma + \phi_m))}$$

$$\lambda_{D_s^+ K^-} = \frac{V_{tb} V_{ts}^*}{V_{tb}^* V_{ts}} \frac{V_{ub}^* V_{cs}}{V_{cb} V_{us}^*} \left| \frac{A_{\bar{f}}}{A_f} \right| e^{i\delta} = |\lambda_{D_s^- K^+}| e^{i(\delta + (\gamma + \phi_m))}$$

$$D_f = \frac{2\Re \lambda_{D_s^- K^+}}{1 + |\lambda_{D_s^- K^+}|^2} \quad D_{\bar{f}} = \frac{2\Re \lambda_{D_s^+ K^-}}{1 + |\lambda_{D_s^+ K^-}|^2} \quad C_f = \frac{1 - |\lambda_{D_s^- K^+}|^2}{1 + |\lambda_{D_s^- K^+}|^2}$$

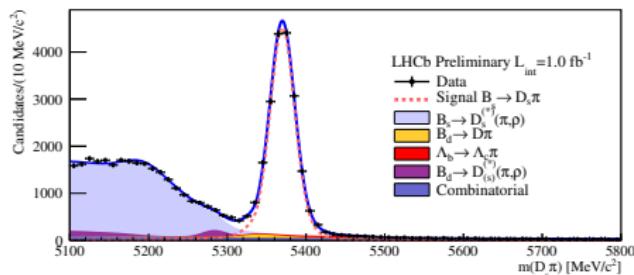
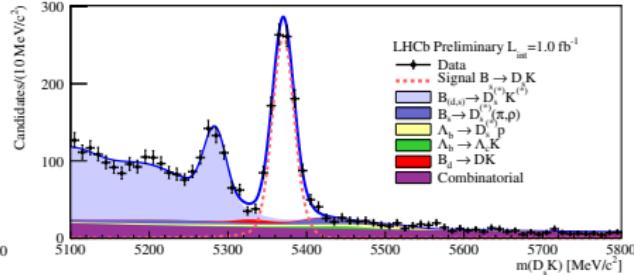
$$C_{\bar{f}} = \frac{1 - |\lambda_{D_s^+ K^-}|^2}{1 + |\lambda_{D_s^+ K^-}|^2} \quad S_f = \frac{2\Im \lambda_{D_s^- K^+}}{1 + |\lambda_{D_s^- K^+}|^2} \quad S_{\bar{f}} = \frac{2\Im \lambda_{D_s^+ K^-}}{1 + |\lambda_{D_s^+ K^-}|^2}$$

$\frac{d\Gamma_{B_s^0 \rightarrow f(t)}}{dt e^{-\Gamma t}} \sim$	$ A_f ^2 (1 + \lambda_f ^2) \quad \left(\cosh\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma t}{2}\right) - D_f \sinh\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma t}{2}\right) + C_f \cos(\Delta m t) - S_f \sin(\Delta m t) \right)$
$\frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{B}_s^0 \rightarrow f(t)}}{dt e^{-\Gamma t}} \sim$	$ A_f ^2 \left \frac{p}{q} \right ^2 (1 + \lambda_f ^2) \quad \left(\cosh\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma t}{2}\right) - D_f \sinh\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma t}{2}\right) - C_f \cos(\Delta m t) + S_f \sin(\Delta m t) \right)$
$\frac{d\Gamma_{\bar{B}_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{f}(t)}}{dt e^{-\Gamma t}} \sim$	$ \bar{A}_{\bar{f}} ^2 (1 + \bar{\lambda}_{\bar{f}} ^2) \quad \left(\cosh\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma t}{2}\right) - D_{\bar{f}} \sinh\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma t}{2}\right) + C_{\bar{f}} \cos(\Delta m t) - S_{\bar{f}} \sin(\Delta m t) \right)$
$\frac{d\Gamma_{B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{f}(t)}}{dt e^{-\Gamma t}} \sim$	$ \bar{A}_{\bar{f}} ^2 \left \frac{q}{p} \right ^2 (1 + \bar{\lambda}_{\bar{f}} ^2) \quad \left(\cosh\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma t}{2}\right) - D_{\bar{f}} \sinh\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma t}{2}\right) - C_{\bar{f}} \cos(\Delta m t) + S_{\bar{f}} \sin(\Delta m t) \right)$

¹use convention where $\Delta m_s = m_H - m_L > 0$ and $\Delta\Gamma \equiv \Gamma_L - \Gamma_H \geq 0$

mass fit

- select $D_s K$ and $D_s \pi$ (control channel) with same selection (BDT)
- optimise S/B for $D_s K$ (data-driven)
- split sample according to LHCb magnet polarity, D_s final state ($KK\pi$, $K\pi\pi$, $\pi\pi\pi$)
- simultaneous fit in six categories
- about 28k $D_s \pi$ and 1.4k $D_s K$ events in the LHCb 2011 sample with excellent S/B

 $D_s \pi$  $D_s K$

time fit: acceptance, resolution

■ time acceptance:

- get $a(t)$ for $D_s K$ and $D_s \pi$ in MC
- fit $a(t)$ for $D_s \pi$ in data (assume τ_{B_s} known)
- then apply $D_s K / D_s \pi$ ratio from MC to get $D_s K$ acceptance in data

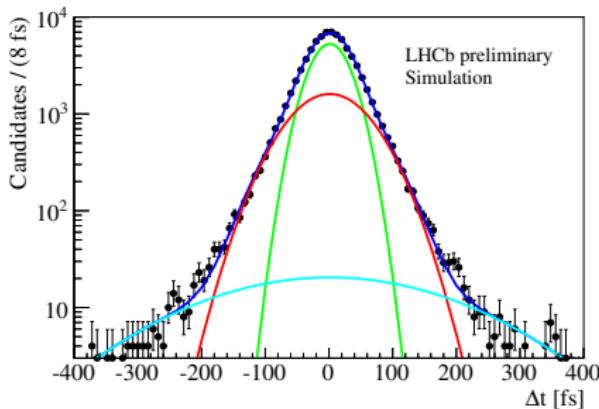
■ decay time resolution:

- decay time of B_s is only known to finite precision

→ need to know decay time resolution very well to measure $C_f, S_f, S_{\bar{f}}$ coefficients!

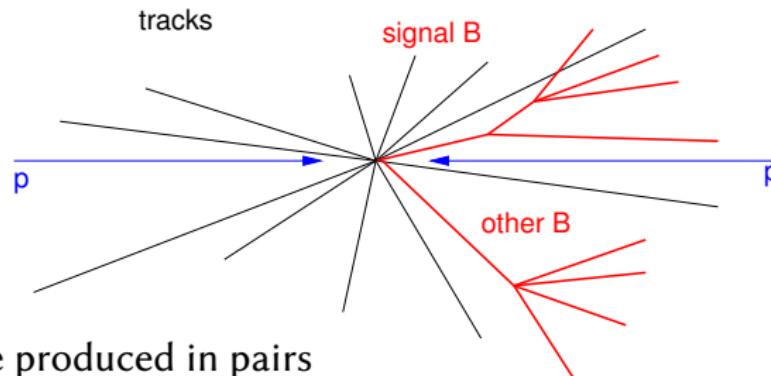
- take resolution model from MC

- know by how much data and MC differ: scale width of MC up by 1.15, so about ~ 50 fs in data



time fit: flavour tagging

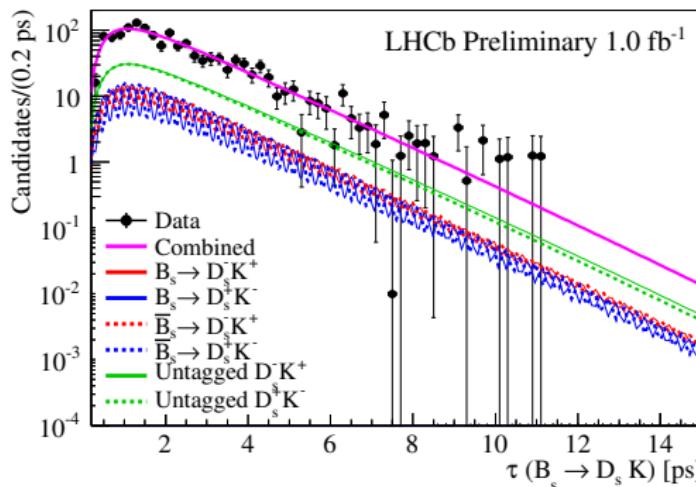
- need to know flavour at production: B_s or \bar{B}_s ?



- b quarks are produced in pairs
- can learn something from other B in the event: opposite side tagging
 - can “guess” initial flavour $\epsilon_{\text{tag}} = 40\%$ of $D_s K$ events
 - guess wrong in $\langle \eta \rangle = 39.2\%$ of cases on average
- use event-by-event mistag prediction to increase sensitivity
 - tagging calibration from $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$, check using $B_s \rightarrow D_s \pi$
- data sample as “powerful” as perfectly tagged sample of $\epsilon_{\text{eff.}} = \epsilon_{\text{tag}}(1 - 2\eta)^2 = 1.9\%$ the size

time fit: results

- here's our preliminary result (2011 data, 1 fb^{-1})



$$\begin{aligned} C_f &= 1.01 \pm 0.50 \pm 0.23 \\ S_f &= -1.25 \pm 0.56 \pm 0.24 \\ S_{\bar{f}} &= 0.08 \pm 0.68 \pm 0.28 \\ D_f &= -1.33 \pm 0.60 \pm 0.26 \\ D_{\bar{f}} &= -0.81 \pm 0.56 \pm 0.26 \end{aligned}$$

LHCb-CONF-2012-029

- 1st measurement of time-dependent CP parameters in $B_s \rightarrow D_s K$
- while that is reason enough to celebrate, there's work ahead
 - by construction: $C_f, D_f, S_f, D_{\bar{f}}, S_{\bar{f}} \in [-1, 1]$
 - uncertainties still too large to test this
 - do not extract γ just yet: correlations between systematics not known yet...

■ main sources of systematic uncertainty

	C_f	S_f	$S_{\bar{f}}$	D_f	$D_{\bar{f}}$
Toy corrected central value	1.01	-1.25	0.08	-1.33	-0.81
Statistical uncertainty	0.50	0.56	0.68	0.60	0.56
Systematic uncertainties (σ_{stat})					
Decay-time bias	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00
Decay-time resolution	0.11	0.08	0.09	0.00	0.00
Tagging calibration	0.23	0.17	0.16	0.00	0.00
Backgrounds	0.15	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
Fixed parameters	0.15	0.22	0.20	0.40	0.42
Asymmetries	0.12	0.01	0.04	0.00	0.02
Momentum/length scale	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
k-factors	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.08	0.08
Bias correction	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Total systematic (σ_{stat})	0.46	0.50	0.35	0.43	0.46

■ outlook: improve for the paper:

- better tagging: include same side kaon tagging
- better treatment of acceptance (drives systematics on D_f , $\bar{D}_{\bar{f}}$)
- k-factors: backgrounds need special treatment of decay time due to misid/partial reconstruction (technically difficult)
- per-event decay time error

γ combination

γ combination: approach

- use various (fit) parameters α_i :

$B^\pm \rightarrow D h^\pm$	CP-violating weak phase $\Gamma(B^- \rightarrow D^0 K^-)/\Gamma(B^- \rightarrow D^0 \pi^-)$	γ r_{cab}
$B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi^\pm$	$A(B^- \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \pi^-)/A(B^- \rightarrow D^0 \pi^-) = r_B^\pi e^{i(\delta_B^\pi - \gamma)}$	r_B^π, δ_B^π
$B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$	$A(B^- \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 K^-)/A(B^- \rightarrow D^0 K^-) = r_B e^{i(\delta_B - \gamma)}$	r_B, δ_B
$D \rightarrow K^\pm \pi^\mp$	$A(D^0 \rightarrow \pi^- K^+)/A(D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+) = r_{K\pi} e^{-i\delta_{K\pi}}$	$r_{K\pi}, -\delta_{K\pi}$
$D \rightarrow K^\pm \pi^\mp \pi^+ \pi^-$	amplitude ratio and effective strong phase diff. coherence factor	$r_{K3\pi}, -\delta_{K3\pi}$ $r_{K3\pi}$
direct CP asymmetries	in $D \rightarrow K^+ K^-$ in $D \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$A_{CP}^{D \rightarrow KK}$ $A_{CP}^{D \rightarrow \pi\pi}$
Other D system parameters	D mixing Cabibbo-favoured rates	x_D, y_D $\Gamma(D \rightarrow K\pi)$ $\Gamma(D \rightarrow K\pi\pi\pi)$

- frequentist approach:

- express various observables \vec{A}_i in terms of fit parameters
- use a χ^2 -derived likelihood contribution f_i for the various measurements

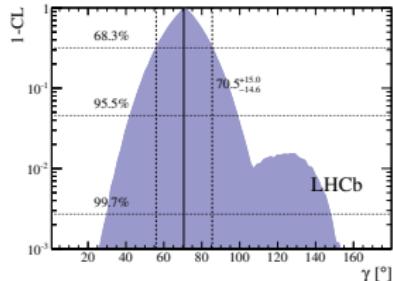
$$f_i \propto \exp(-\chi^2) \propto \exp\left(-(\vec{A}_i(\vec{\alpha}_i) - \vec{A}_{i,\text{obs}})^T V_i^{-1} (\vec{A}_i(\vec{\alpha}_i) - \vec{A}_{i,\text{obs}}) \right)$$

- then combine:

$$\mathcal{L}(\vec{\alpha}) = \prod_i f_i(\vec{A}_i^{\text{obs}} | \vec{A}_i(\vec{\alpha}_i))$$

- LHCb GGSZ model-independent measurement $B^\pm \rightarrow D K^\pm$ with $D \rightarrow K_S^0 h^+ h^- (1 \text{ fb}^{-1})$ [arXiv:1209.5869]
 - strong phase of D decay over Dalitz plane taken from CLEO [arXiv:0903.1681]
 - inputs: x_\pm, y_\pm
- GLW/ADS modes $B^\pm \rightarrow D h^\pm$ with $D \rightarrow h^+ h^- (1 \text{ fb}^{-1})$
 - [Phys. Lett. B712 (2012) 203] [arXiv:1203.3662]
 - inputs: $R_{K/\pi}^{K\pi}, R_{K/\pi}^{KK}, R_{K/\pi}^{\pi\pi}, A_\pi^{K\pi}, A_K^{K\pi}, A_K^{KK}, A_K^{\pi\pi}, A_\pi^{KK}, A_\pi^{\pi\pi}, R_K^-, R_K^+, R_\pi^-, R_\pi^+$
 - ADS modes $B^\pm \rightarrow D h^\pm$ with $D \rightarrow K^\pm \pi^\mp \pi^+ \pi^- (1 \text{ fb}^{-1})$
 - [LHCb-CONF-2012-030]
 - strong phase variation over D phase space absorbed in coherence factor $\kappa_{K3\pi}$
 - inputs: $R_{K/\pi}^{K3\pi}, A_\pi^{K3\pi}, A_K^{K3\pi}, R_{K-}^{K3\pi}, R_{K+}^{K3\pi}, R_{\pi-}^{K3\pi}, R_{\pi+}^{K3\pi}$
 - for details on (most of) those measurements, see previous talk by Susan Haines

- evaluating confidence level for a parameter (e.g. γ), we use $\chi^2(\vec{\alpha}) = -2 \log \mathcal{L}(\vec{\alpha})$
- call best fit point $\vec{\alpha}_{\min}$, $\chi^2_{\min} = \chi^2(\vec{\alpha}_{\min})$ [LHCb-PAPER-2013-020, in prep.]
- call best fit point $\vec{\alpha}'_{\min}(\gamma_0)$ with γ fixed to $\gamma = \gamma_0$
 - get profile LH $\hat{\mathcal{L}}(\gamma_0) = \exp(-\chi^2(\vec{\alpha}'_{\min})/2)$
- for each value of γ_0 , get p-value (1-CL) with a MC procedure:
 - 1 calculate test statistic $\Delta\chi^2 = \chi^2(\vec{\alpha}'_{\min}) - \chi^2(\vec{\alpha}_{\min}) \geq 0$ for data
 - 2 generate a set of toys \vec{A}_{toy} with parameters set to $\vec{\alpha}'_{\min}$
 - 3 for each toy, calculate $\Delta\chi'^2$ as in step 1
 - 4 $1 - \text{CL} = N(\Delta\chi^2 < \Delta\chi'^2)/N_{\text{toy}}$



systematic uncertainties

- plots and confidence limits above need to be corrected for
 - undercoverage
 - plug-in method does not guarantee coverage
 - evaluate actual coverage using toys: determine conf. intervals in toys, count how often the true value is inside
 - scale up conf. intervals in data by η/α
- correlations in systematic uncertainties for 2/4-body GLW/ADS modes
 - plots below assume zero correlations
 - need to correct by running toys with random correlation matrices
 - $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ unaffected, $B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi^\pm$ largely affected
 - full combination needs confidence intervals scaled by a factor 1.07 (1.04 for second best intervals)

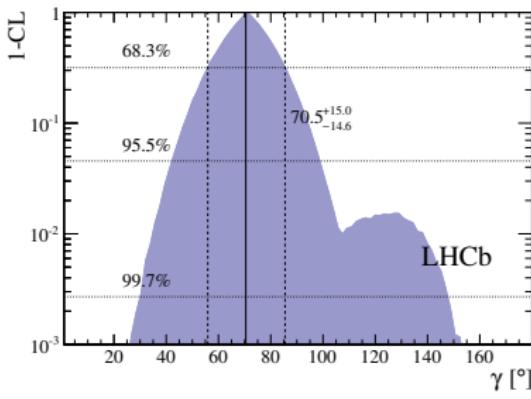
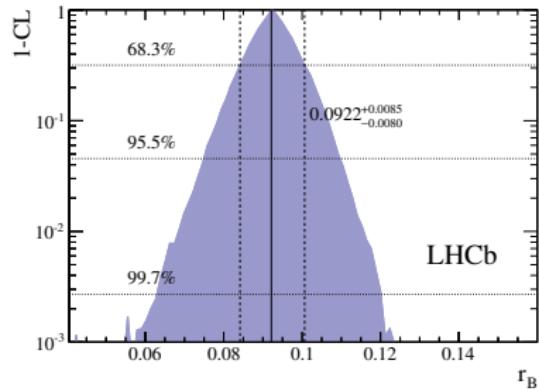
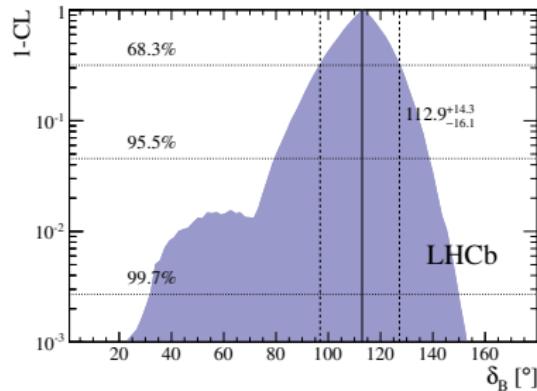
next: slideshow of plots...

- all angles mod 180°
- use plugin method throughout to determine confidence intervals
- final confidence intervals need to be corrected for undercoverage, correlations (see previous slide)

γ combination: $B^\pm \rightarrow D K^\pm$ combination

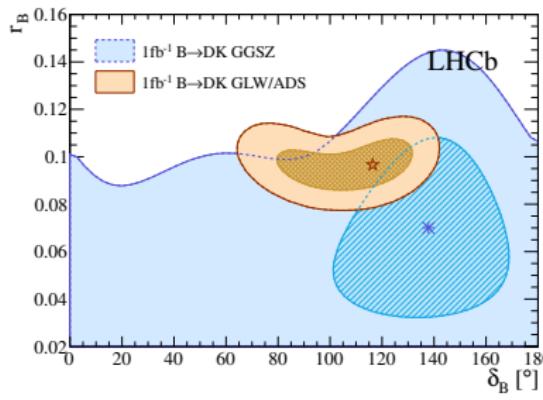
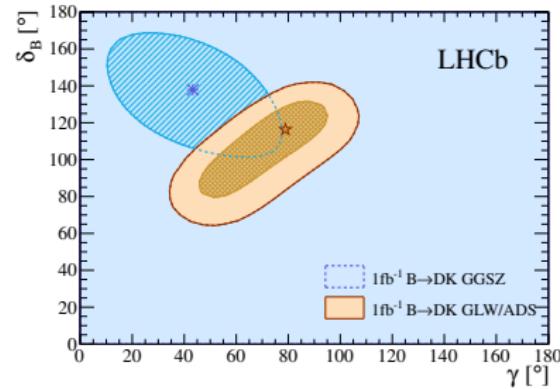
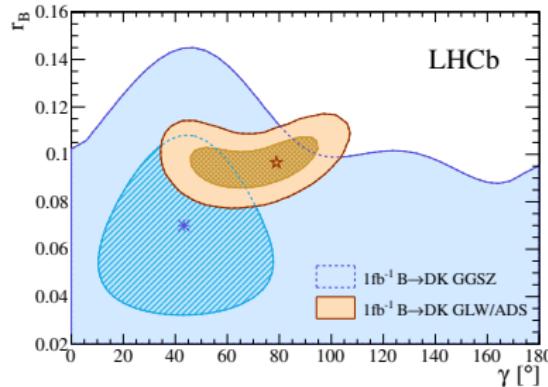
γ combination: $B^\pm \rightarrow D K^\pm$ combination

$B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ results: r_B , δ_B , γ



[LHCb-PAPER-2013-020, in prep.]

	best fit	68% CL	95% CL
δ_B	113°	$[96, 127]^\circ$	$[80, 138]^\circ$
r_B	0.0922	$[0.0842, 0.1008]$	$[0.075, 0.109]$
γ	70.5°	$[55.7, 85.6]^\circ$	$[42.9, 98.4]^\circ$

$B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$: contours

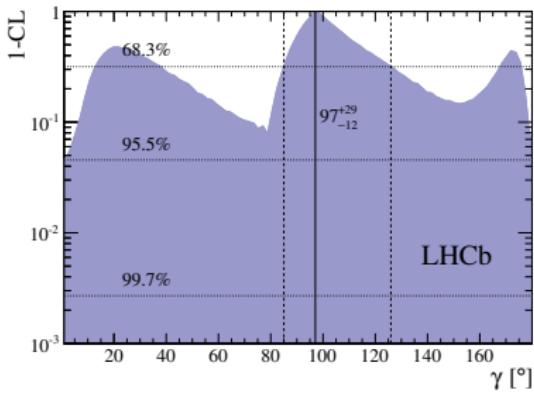
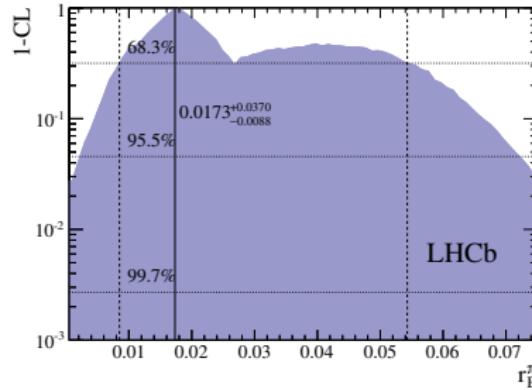
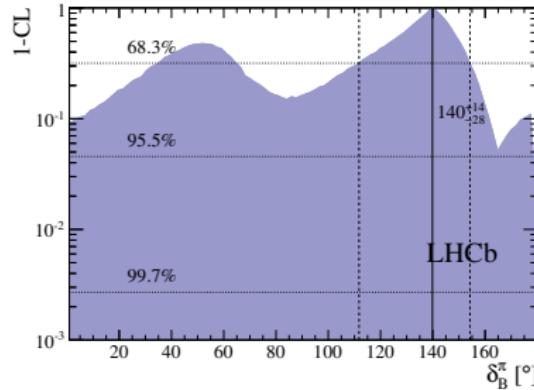
[LHCb-PAPER-2013-020, in prep.]

- blue: GGSZ
- orange: ADS/GLW
- stars, crosses: local minima

γ combination: $B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi^\pm$ combination

γ combination: $B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi^\pm$ combination

$B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi^\pm$ results: $r_B^\pi, \delta_B^\pi, \gamma$

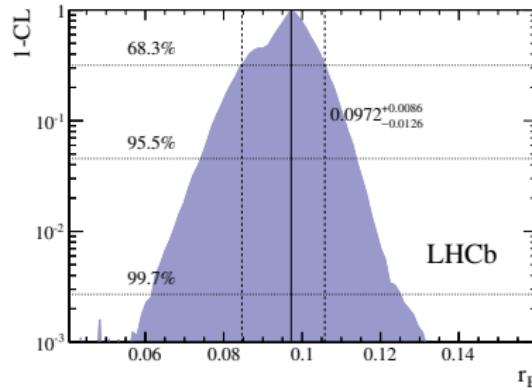
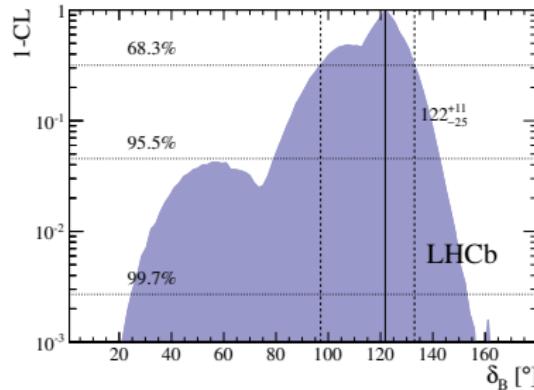


[LHCb-PAPER-2013-020, in prep.]

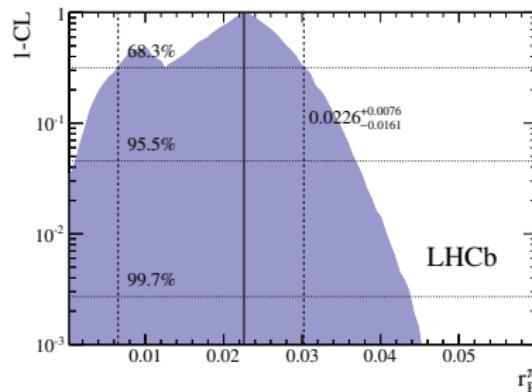
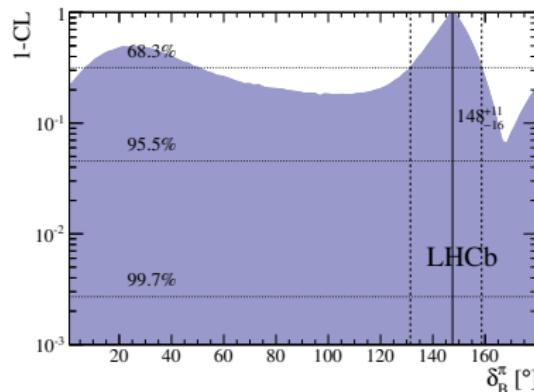
	best fit	68% CL	95% CL
r_B^π	140° 0.0173	$[35, 65]^\circ, [111, 154]^\circ$ $[0.0086, 0.054]$	$[1, 165]^\circ$ $[0.001, 0.0071]$
γ	97°	$[13.0, 36.6]^\circ$ $[85, 125]^\circ$ $[167.4, 175.9]^\circ$	$[0.9, 180.0]^\circ$

γ combination: $B^\pm \rightarrow D K^\pm$ & $B^\pm \rightarrow D \pi^\pm$ combination

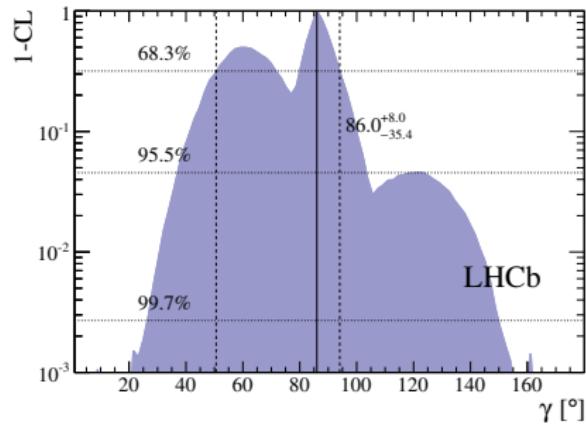
γ combination: $B^\pm \rightarrow D K^\pm$ and $B^\pm \rightarrow D \pi^\pm$ combination

$B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ & $B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi^\pm$ results: δ_B , r_B , r_B^π , δ_B^π


[LHCb-PAPER-2013-020, in prep.]

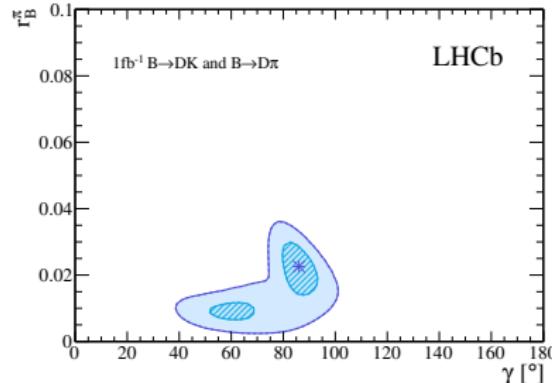
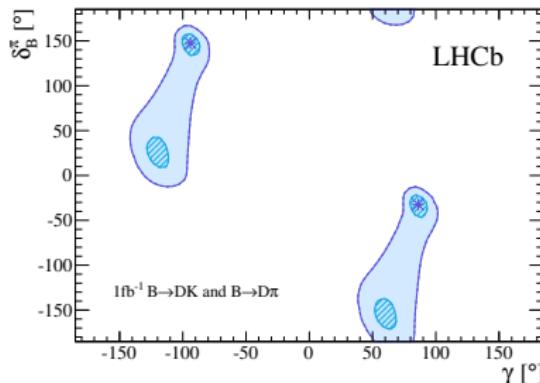
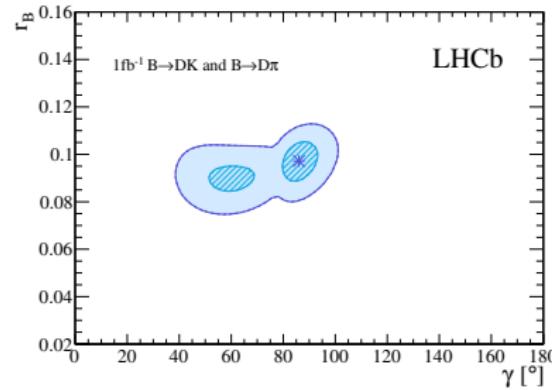
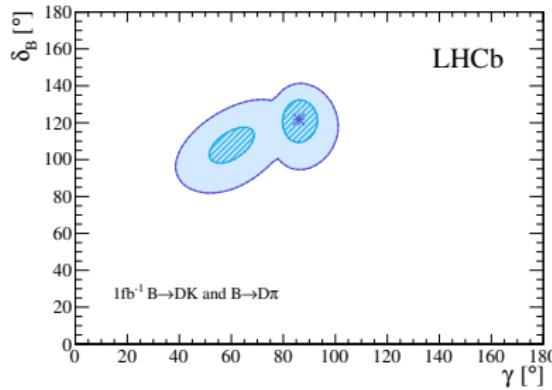


[LHCb-PAPER-2013-020, in prep.]

$B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ & $B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi^\pm$ results: γ 

[LHCb-PAPER-2013-020, in prep.]

γ	86.0°	
68% CL	$[50.6, 72.1]^\circ$	$[80.0, 94.0]^\circ$
95% CL	$[38, 103]^\circ$	
<hr/>		
δ_B	122°	
68% CL	$[97, 133]^\circ$	
95% CL	$[80, 143]^\circ$	
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r_B	0.0972	
68% CL	$[0.0847, 0.1059]$	
95% CL	$[0.075, 0.113]$	
<hr/>		
δ_B^π	148°	
68% CL	$[8, 48]^\circ$	$[131, 159]^\circ$
95% CL	$[1, 180]^\circ$	
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r_B^π	0.0226	
68% CL	$[0.0066, 0.0123]$	$[0.0125, 0.0302]$
95% CL	$[0.0003, 0.0365]$	

$B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm + B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi^\pm$: contours

[LHCb-PAPER-2013-020, in prep.]

[LHCb-PAPER-2013-020, in prep.]

final results including corrections (1 fb⁻¹ result)

- $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ only

$\gamma \in [55.3, 86.0]^\circ$ @ 68% CL ,

$\gamma \in [42.6, 98.7]^\circ$ @ 95% CL ,

- $B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi^\pm$ only

$\gamma \in [80.1, 136.5]^\circ$ or $[10.0, 43.3]^\circ$ or $[165.2, 177.2]^\circ$ @ 68% CL .

- full combination

$\gamma \in [49.6, 73.4]^\circ$ or $[79.6, 94.6]^\circ$ @ 68% CL ,

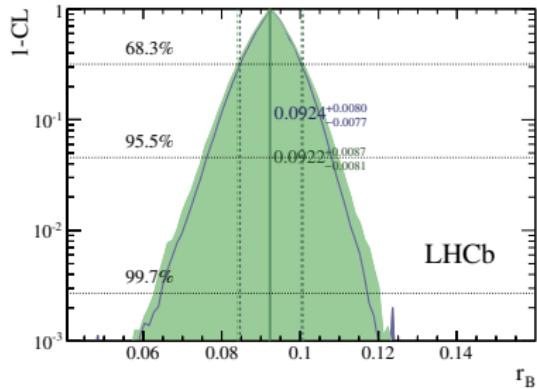
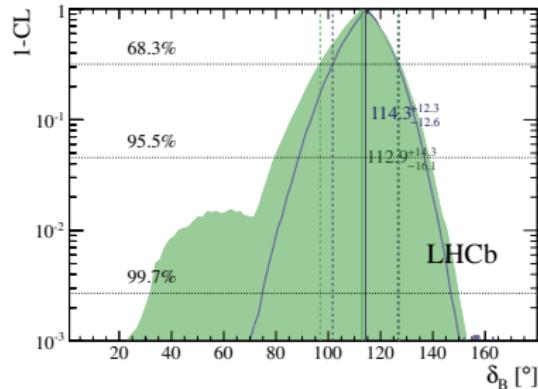
$\gamma \in [36.5, 106.0]^\circ$ @ 95% CL .

γ combination: $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ incl. 2012 data

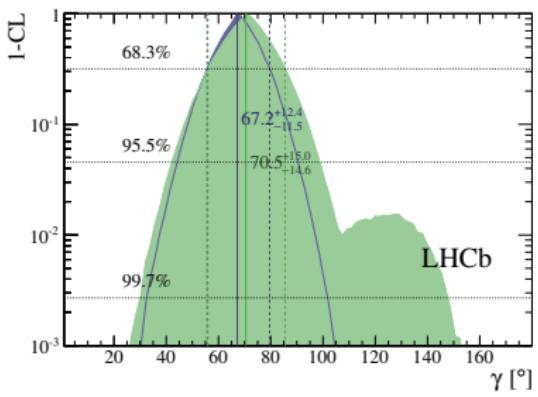
γ combination:
 $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ combination
including 2012 data

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 - strong phase of D decay over Dalitz plane taken from CLEO [arXiv:0903.1681]
 - inputs: x_\pm, y_\pm
- LHCb GGSZ model-independent measurement $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ with $D \rightarrow K_S^0 h^+ h^-$ (2 fb^{-1} , 2012) [LHCb-CONF-2013-004]
- GLW/ADS modes $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ with $D \rightarrow h^+ h^-$ (1 fb^{-1} , 2011)
[Phys. Lett. B712 (2012) 203] [arXiv:1203.3662]
 - inputs: $A_K^{K\pi}, A_K^{KK}, A_K^{\pi\pi}, R_K^-, R_K^+$
- ADS modes $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ with $D \rightarrow K^\pm \pi^\mp \pi^+ \pi^-$ (1 fb^{-1} , 2011)
[LHCb-CONF-2012-030]
 - strong phase variation over D phase space absorbed in coherence factor $\kappa_{K3\pi}$
 - inputs: $A_K^{K3\pi}, R_{K-}^{K3\pi}, R_{K+}^{K3\pi}$

$B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ results: r_B , δ_B , γ



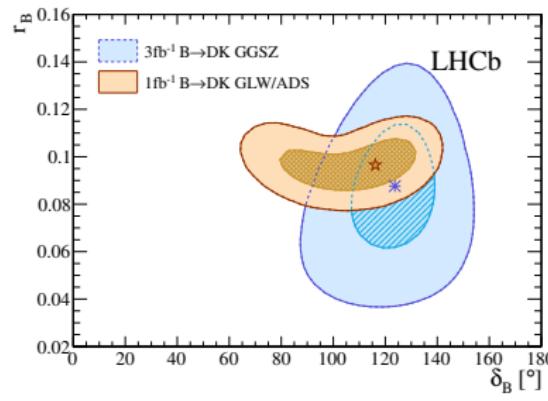
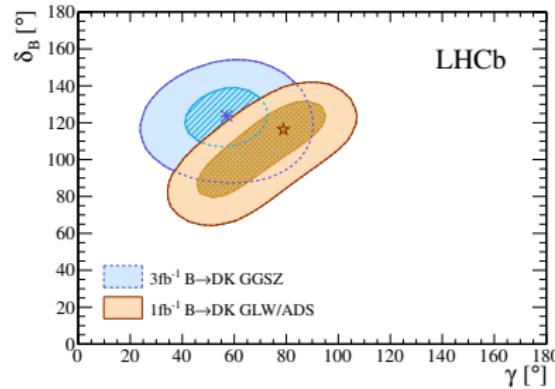
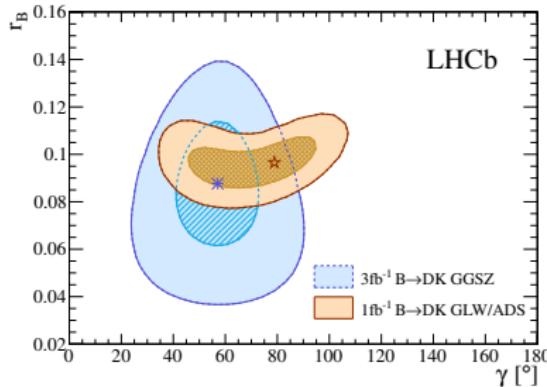
[LHCb-CONF-2013-006, in prep., prelim.]



LHCb-CONF-2013-006, in prep., prelim.]

	best fit	68% CL	95% CL
δ_B	114.3°	$[101.7, 126.6]^\circ$	$[89.1, 136.5]^\circ$
r_B	0.0924	$[0.0847, 0.1004]$	$[0.0766, 0.1077]$
γ	67.2°	$[55.7, 79.6]^\circ$	$[44.6, 90.0]^\circ$

- 2011 $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ combination
- 2011+2012 $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ combination

$B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$: contours

[LHCb-CONF-2013-006, in prep., prelim.]

summary and outlook

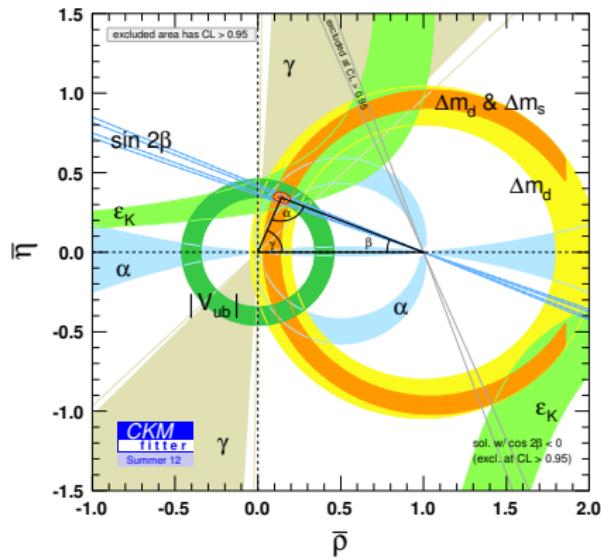
summary and outlook

summary and outlook

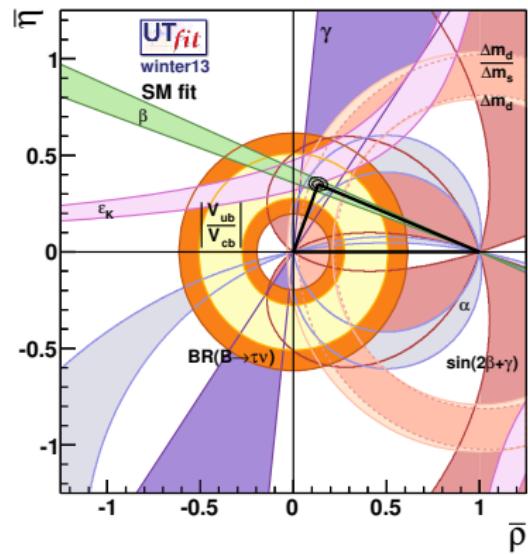
- LHCb-only γ combination paper to be released soon!
- current best LHCb γ combination: [LHCb-CONF-2013-006, in prep., prelim.]
 $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ in 2011 ADS/GLW/GGSZ + 2012 GGSZ
 - $\gamma = (67.2 \pm 12.0)^\circ$
 - $\gamma \in [55.7, 79.6]^\circ$ @ 68% CL
 - $\gamma \in [44.6, 90.0]^\circ$ @ 95% CL
- LHCb fulfils its promise of excellent sensitivity to γ
 - compare to (see e.g. yesterday's talk by Concetta Cartaro):
 - BaBar: $(69^{+17}_{-16})^\circ$ [arXiv:1301.1029]
 - Belle: $(68^{+15}_{-14})^\circ$ [arXiv:1301.2033]
- time-dependent measurements also interesting for γ measurements
 - stay tuned for the paper of the $B_s \rightarrow D_s K$ analysis and new results

backup slides

global CKM fits



[CKMFitter, ICHEP '12]



[UTfit, Moriond '13]

- CKMFitter: $\gamma = (67.7^{+4.1}_{-4.3})^\circ$, $\gamma = (66 \pm 12)^\circ$ tree-level fit
- UTFit: $\gamma = (69.2 \pm 3.2)^\circ$, $\gamma = (71.1 \pm 7.5)^\circ$ tree-level fit

ADS/GLW $B^\pm \rightarrow D h^\pm, D \rightarrow hh$: stat. correlations

	A_K^{KK}	A_π^{KK}	$A_K^{\pi\pi}$	$A_\pi^{\pi\pi}$	$A_K^{K\pi}$	$A_\pi^{K\pi}$	$R_{K/\pi}^{\pi\pi}$	$R_{K/\pi}^{KK}$	$R_{K/\pi}^{K\pi}$	R_K^-	R_π^-	R_K^+	R_π^+
A_K^{KK}	1	-0.029	0	0	0	0	-0.002	-0.034	-0.010	-0.001	0	0	0
A_π^{KK}		1	0	0	0	0	0	-0.003	0	0	0	0	0
$A_K^{\pi\pi}$			1	-0.032	0	0	-0.032	-0.002	-0.004	-0.001	0	0	0
$A_\pi^{\pi\pi}$				1	0	0	-0.004	0	0	0	0	0	0
$A_K^{K\pi}$					1	-0.045	0	0	0.003	0.004	0	-0.004	-0.001
$A_\pi^{K\pi}$						1	0	0	-0.001	0.004	0.002	-0.004	-0.002
$R_{K/\pi}^{\pi\pi}$							1	0.013	0.029	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.003
$R_{K/\pi}^{KK}$								1	0.053	0.005	0.005	0.002	0.004
$R_{K/\pi}^{K\pi}$									1	-0.038	0.016	-0.093	0.014
R_K^-										1	-0.023	0.012	0.006
R_π^-											1	0.005	0.008
R_K^+												1	-0.036
R_π^+													1

ADS/GLW $B^\pm \rightarrow D h^\pm, D \rightarrow K 3\pi$: stat. correlations

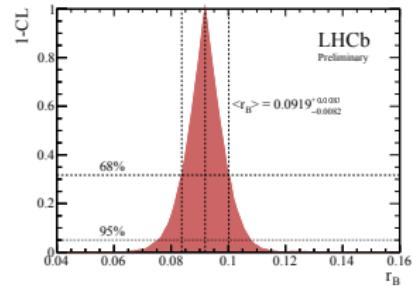
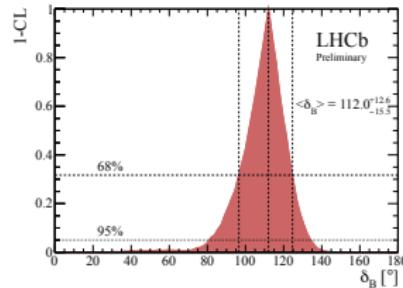
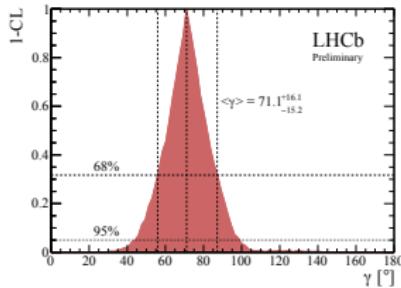
	$R_{K/\pi}^{K3\pi}$	$A_K^{K3\pi}$	$A_\pi^{K3\pi}$	$R_{K-}^{K3\pi}$	$R_{K+}^{K3\pi}$	$R_{\pi-}^{K3\pi}$	$R_{\pi+}^{K3\pi}$
$R_{K/\pi}^{K3\pi}$	1	0.003	0.001	-0.060	-0.024	0.017	0.021
$A_K^{K3\pi}$		1	-0.035	-0.007	0.006	-0.002	0.002
$A_\pi^{K3\pi}$			1	-0.006	0.008	-0.002	0.005
$R_{K-}^{K3\pi}$				1	0.043	0.006	0.029
$R_{K+}^{K3\pi}$					1	0.022	0.025
$R_{\pi-}^{K3\pi}$						1	0.032
$R_{\pi+}^{K3\pi}$							1

results from old CONF-2012-032 (1/3)

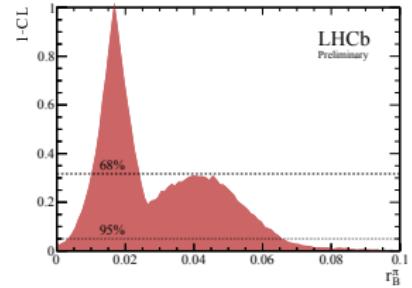
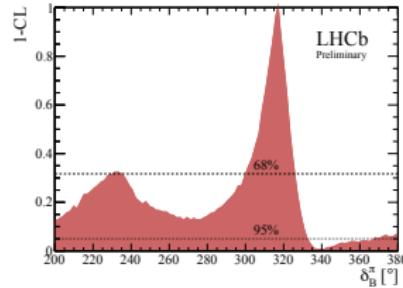
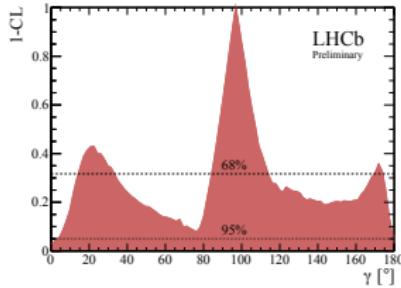
- old preliminary result from CKM 2012 had:
 - $B^\pm \rightarrow D\bar{K}^\pm$ only: $\gamma = (71.1^{+16.6}_{-15.7})^\circ$
 - $B^\pm \rightarrow D\bar{K}^\pm$ & $B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi^\pm$: best fit $\gamma = 85.1^\circ$,
 $\gamma \in ([61.8, 67.8] \text{ or } [77.9, 92.4])^\circ$ @ 68% CL
- main changes since then:
 - treatment of $\Delta a_{CP}^{\text{dir}}$ changed: now constrain $A_{CP}^{D \rightarrow KK}$, $A_{CP}^{D \rightarrow \pi\pi}$ individually to their HFAG values (CONF only constrained $\Delta a_{CP}^{\text{dir}}$)
 - include LHCb charm mixing result
 - include effect of possible systematic correlations
 - a lot of additional cross-checks

results from old CONF-2012-032 (2/3)

■ $B^\pm \rightarrow D K^\pm$ combination:

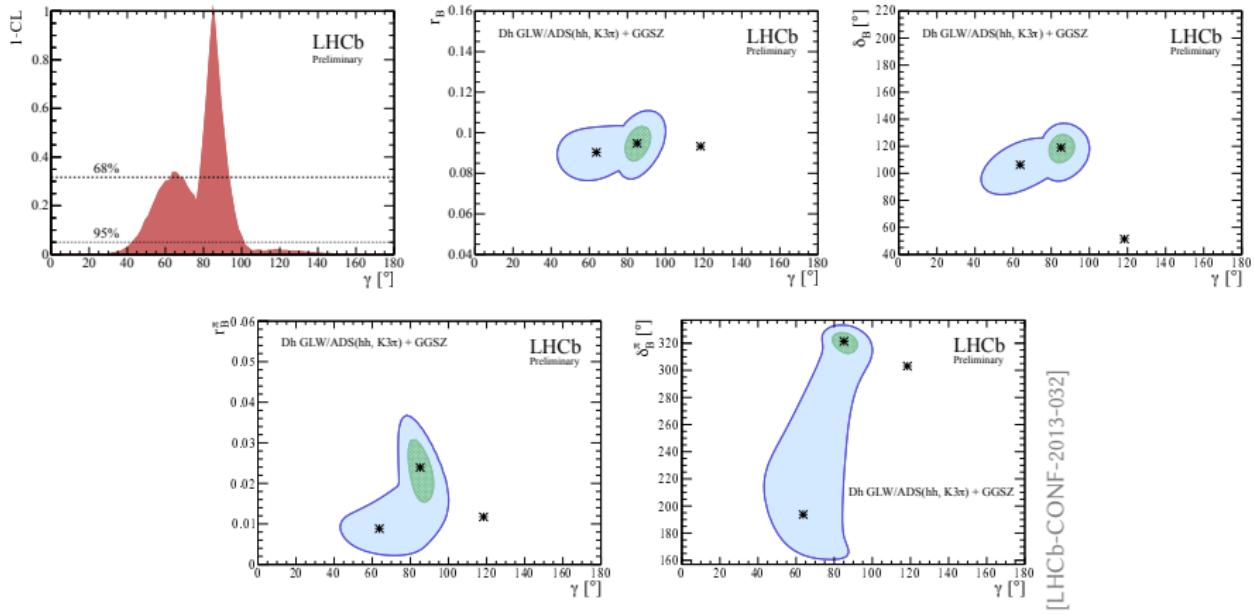


■ $B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi^\pm$ combination:



results from old CONF-2012-032 (3/3)

- $B^\pm \rightarrow D K^\pm$ & $B^\pm \rightarrow D \pi^\pm$ combination:



[LHCb-CONF-2013-032]