

Search for a Heavy SM Higgs Boson in the $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow llqq$ Channel at ATLAS

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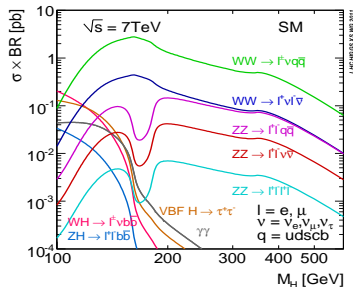
(on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration)



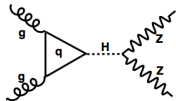
29th July 2011
Higgs Hunting 2011, Orsay

Introduction

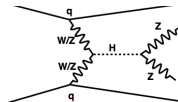
- For a high mass Higgs ($m_H > 200$ GeV) ZZ and WW decay modes dominate
- “Golden” $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ is very clean but suffers from low branching fraction
- $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow llqq$ has larger background but benefits from significantly higher BF
- Present the sensitivity of the ATLAS detector in this channel for 1.04 fb^{-1} at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV in the range $200 \leq m_H \leq 600$ GeV



gluon fusion
(dominant)



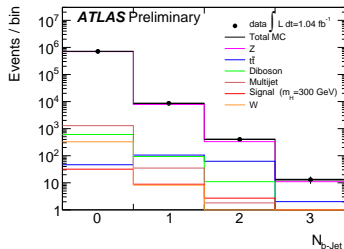
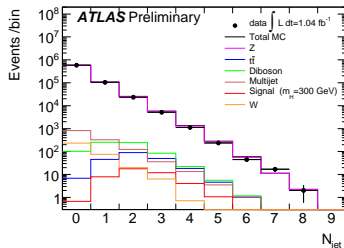
vector boson
fusion (10-20%)



Signal modelled by NLO POWHEG MC generator interfaced to PYTHIA

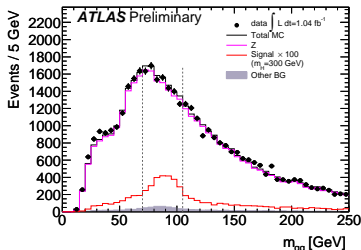
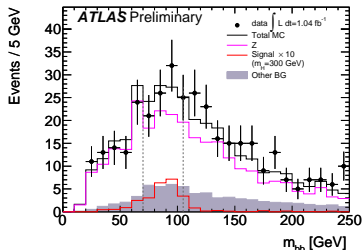
Selection

- Leptonic Z candidate
 - 2 good isolated leptons (e/μ) with $p_T > 20$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.5$
 - $76 < m_{ll} < 106$ GeV
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} < 50$ GeV
- Hadronic Z candidate
 - ≥ 2 jets with $p_T > 25$ GeV & $|\eta| < 2.5$
 - $70 < m_{jj} < 105$ GeV
- At high m_H the Z bosons from the H decay are boosted \rightarrow Additional cuts:
 - $P_T^{\text{jet}} > 45$ GeV
 - $\Delta\phi_{ll} < 90^\circ$ and $\Delta\phi_{jj} < 90^\circ$



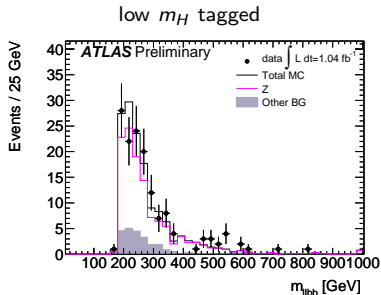
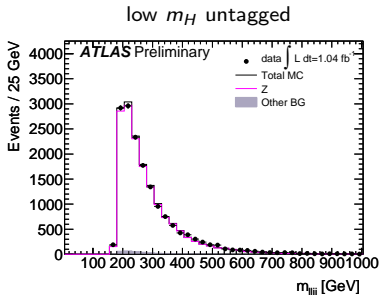
Selection (2)

- Split into two samples based on identification of jets from b decays
 - Based on a combination of secondary vertex reconstruction and impact parameter significance of tracks within jet to primary vertex $\rightarrow \epsilon_b \approx 70\%$
- “Tagged”
 - Events with exactly 2 b -jets
 - Form invariant mass from the 2 tagged jets
- “Untagged”
 - Events with < 2 b -jets
 - Form invariant mass from all combinations of 3 leading jets



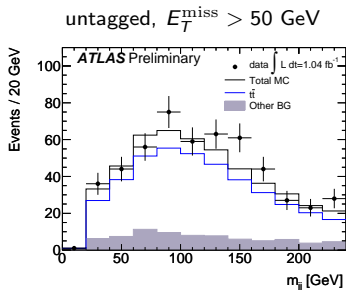
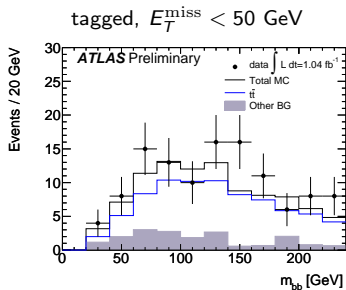
Z+jets Background

- Z+jets is the dominant background and is constrained using the m_{qq} sidebands
 - $40 < m_{qq} < 70$ GeV and $105 < m_{qq} < 150$ GeV
- Shape well described by ALPGEN but normalisation $\approx 10\%$ high
 - Consistent between tagged and untagged samples
- Use control region to determine scale factors to normalise MC



Top Background

- Top is an important background, particularly in the tagged sample
- Cross-checked using the sidebands of the m_{ll} distribution
 - $60 < m_{ll} < 76$ GeV and $106 < m_{ll} < 150$ GeV
 - For untagged sample also reverse E_T^{miss} cut
- Good description by MC@NLO Monte Carlo within errors

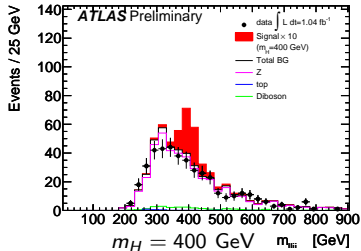
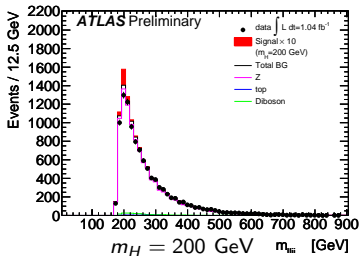


- Other backgrounds: QCD multijet production, also determined from data, and ZZ/WZ production, which are taken from MC@NLO

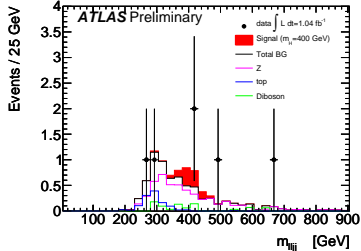
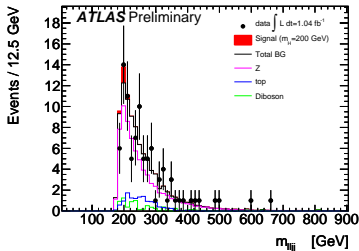
Results

- No significant excess over SM background observed

untagged



tagged



Systematic Uncertainties

● Signal

- Cross section uncertainty: 15 – 20% for $gg \rightarrow H$ & 3 – 9% for $qq \rightarrow qqH$
- Acceptance uncertainty by comparing POWHEG and PYTHIA

● Background normalisation

- Z+jets uncertainty from comparing low and high m_{qq} sidebands \rightarrow 1.4%/8.1% for low/high m_H untagged sample and 18% for tagged sample
- 100% uncertainty for QCD multijet and 50% for W+jets
- Theoretical uncertainty for top (9%) and ZZ/WZ (11%)

● Background shape

- Z+jets: comparison between ALPGEN and PYTHIA
- ZZ: comparison between MC@NLO and PYTHIA

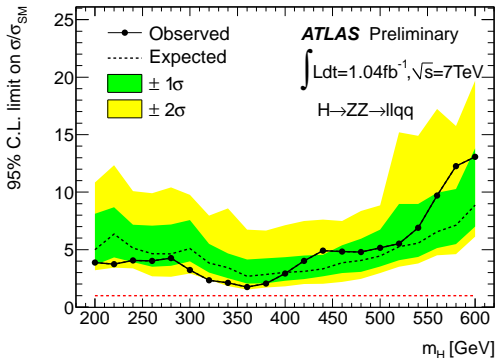
● Luminosity: 3.7% (where normalisation not determined from data)

● Detector-related uncertainties on efficiency, E or p scale & resolution

- Tagged: dominated by uncertainty on b -tagging efficiency (15-25%)
- Untagged: Largest contribution is jet E scale (up to $\approx 5\%$) but jet E resolution, E_T^{miss} and b -tagging uncertainties also important

Exclusion Limits

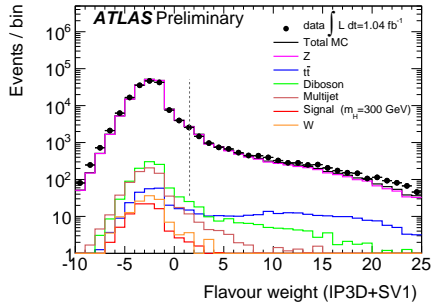
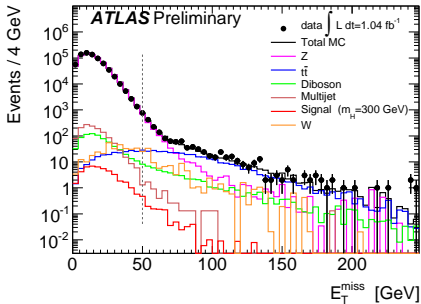
- Combined exclusion limit on σ/σ_{SM} from tagged and untagged samples at 95% CL using CL_s method
 - Use modified frequentist formalism with profile likelihood test statistic
 - The likelihood compares the full m_{lljj} distribution bin-by-bin to expected background or sum of expected signal and background
- Limit approaching σ_{SM} with $\int Ldt = 1.04 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- Exclude $1.7 \times \sigma_{SM}$ at $m_H = 360 \text{ GeV}$
 - Corresponding expected limit is $2.7 \times \sigma_{SM}$
- Combined high mass $H \rightarrow ZZ/WW$ channels sensitive to σ_{SM}

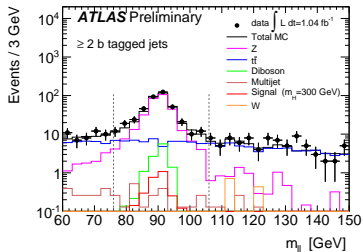
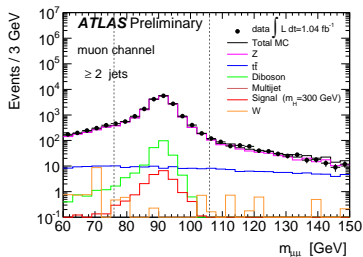
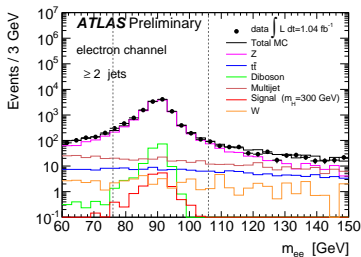


Conclusion

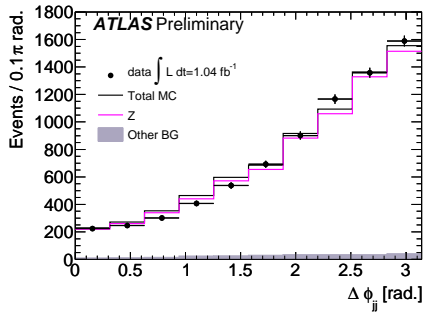
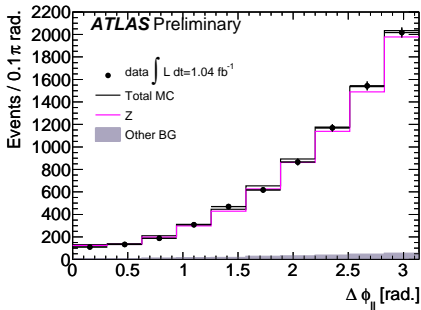
- Have presented the sensitivity of the ATLAS detector in the $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2l2q$ channel with 1.04 fb^{-1} at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$
- No evidence for an excess above SM expectation observed
- Sensitivity ranges between 1.7 and 13 times SM cross section in the range $200 \leq M_H \leq 600 \text{ GeV}$, with maximal sensitivity at 360 GeV
- Channel contributes significantly to the combined exclusion limit in the high mass range
- LHC and ATLAS are performing well so expect improved sensitivity very soon

E_T^{miss} and b -tagging





$\Delta\phi_{ll}$ and $\Delta\phi_{jj}$



Results Table

ATLAS Preliminary

The expected number of signal and background candidates for the Higgs boson search for 1.04 fb^{-1} in the $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell qq$ channel, along with the observed numbers of candidates in data. Numbers with uncertainties are \pm (stat.) \pm (syst.), respectively, and the statistical component assumes Gaussian uncertainties.

	Untagged			Tagged		
	Low- m_H		High- m_H	Low- m_H		High- m_H
Z+jets	10352. \pm 61. \pm 155.	423. \pm 12. \pm 30.	72. \pm 1. \pm 15.	4.9 \pm 0.2 \pm 1.0		
W+jets	10. \pm 2. \pm 5.	0.2 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.1	0.0 \pm 0.0 \pm 0.0	0.0 \pm 0.0 \pm 0.0		
Top	40. \pm 1. \pm 6.	3.0 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.6	13. \pm 1. \pm 3.	1.1 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.3		
Multijet	64. \pm 3. \pm 64.	2.0 \pm 0.5 \pm 2.0	0.3 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.3	0.0 \pm 0.0 \pm 0.0		
ZZ	107. \pm 4. \pm 15.	8.5 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.8	6.9 \pm 1.0 \pm 2.0	0.79 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.30		
WZ	143. \pm 3. \pm 29.	17. \pm 1. \pm 3.	0.5 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.3	0.03 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.01		
Total background	10718. \pm 62. \pm 173.	453. \pm 13. \pm 31.	92. \pm 1. \pm 15.	6.9 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.2		
Data	10495	419	91	6		
Signal						
$m_H = 200 \text{ GeV}$	33. \pm 1. \pm 6.		2.2 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.6			
$m_H = 300 \text{ GeV}$		7.0 \pm 0.3 \pm 1.5		0.58 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.19		
$m_H = 400 \text{ GeV}$		9.8 \pm 0.3 \pm 1.8		1.1 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.3		
$m_H = 500 \text{ GeV}$		5.5 \pm 0.1 \pm 1.0		0.63 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.19		
$m_H = 600 \text{ GeV}$		2.5 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.5		0.28 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.08		