

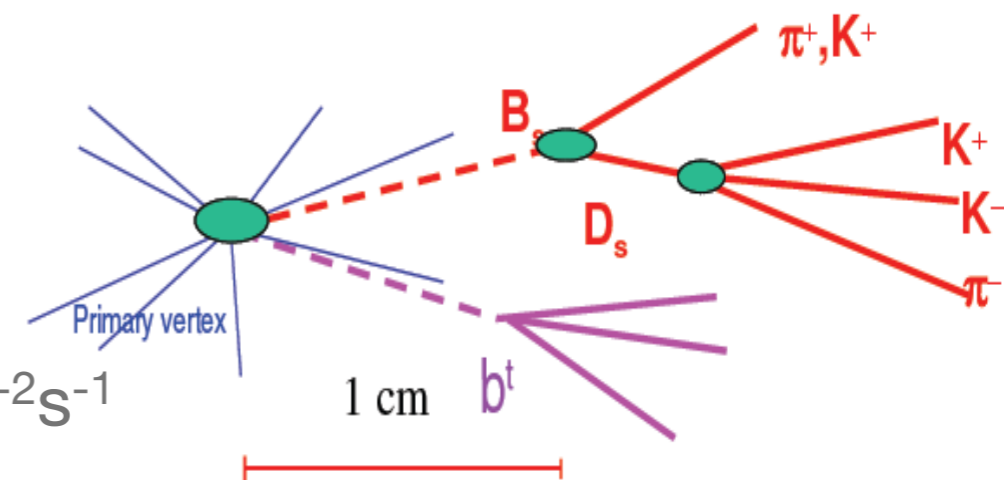
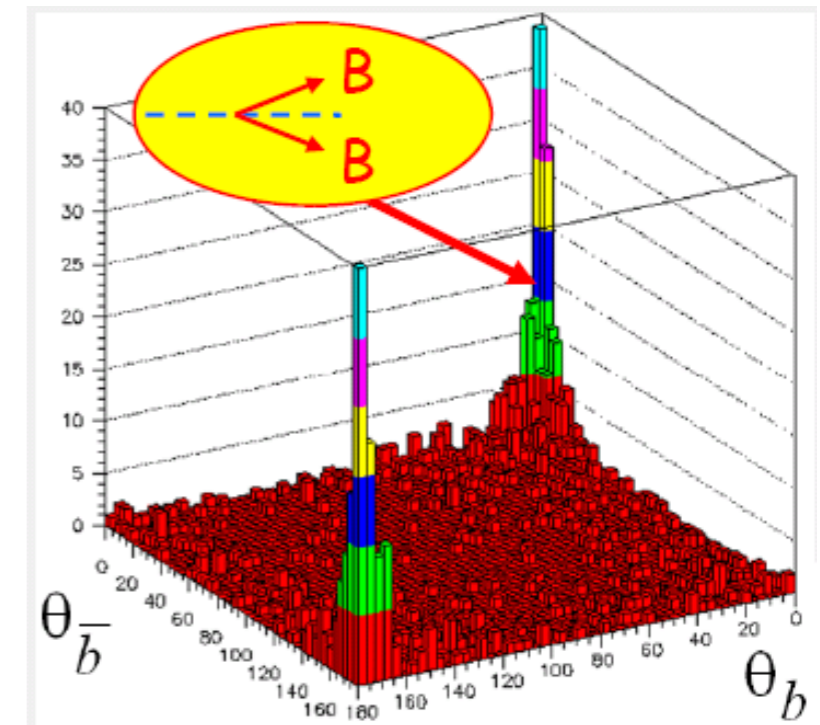
LHCb Hardware Early Running Experience

Karol Hennessy

on behalf of the LHCb Collaboration

LHCb

- LHCb is a flavour physics detector, designed to detect decays of b- and c-hadrons for the study of CP violation and rare decays.
- Forward arm spectrometer as both b's primarily produced in the forward direction
- LHCb expected to operate in current config to 2015
- Open Detector - 10-300mrad
- Reach nominal luminosity in 2011 - $\mathcal{L}=2 \times 10^{32} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$

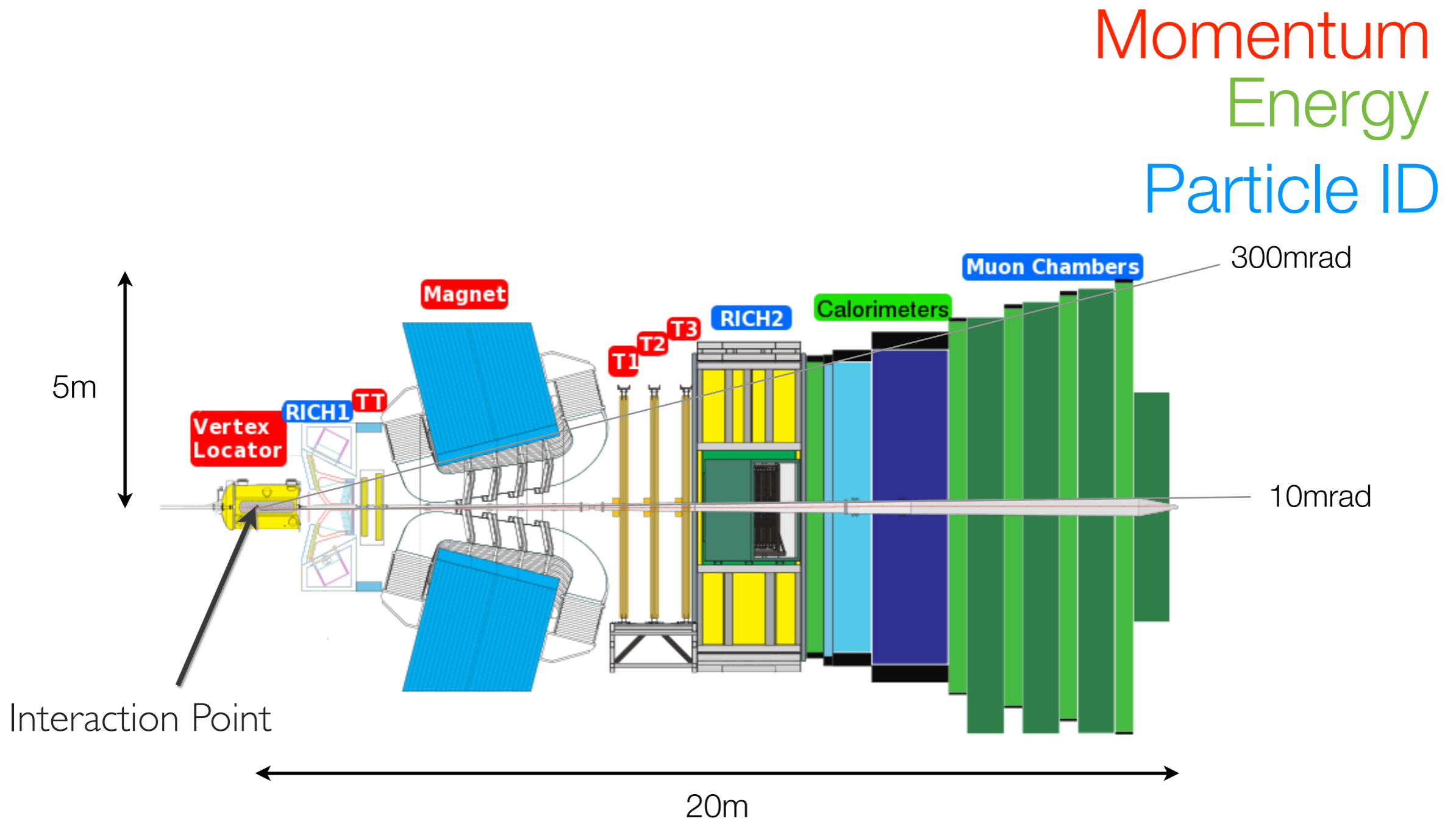




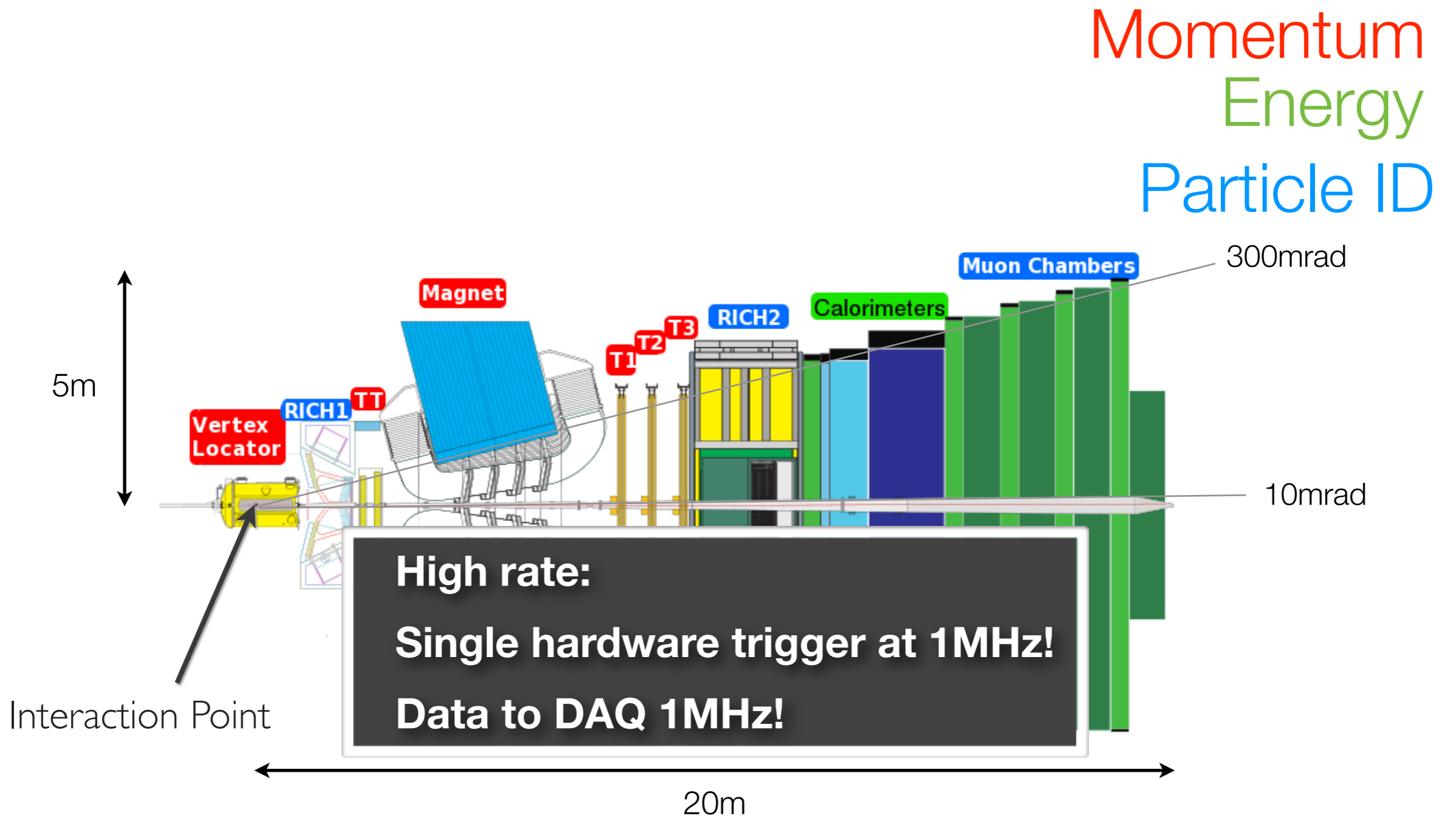
Precision

Instrument

LHCb



LHCb



Sub-detectors

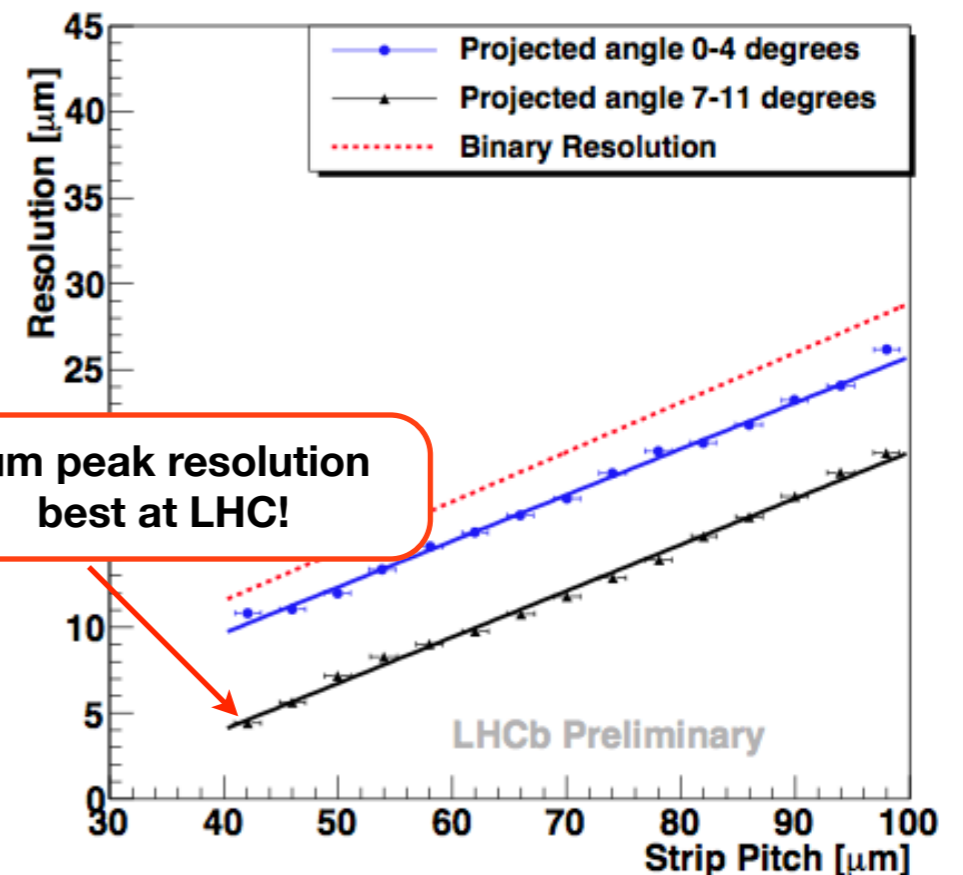
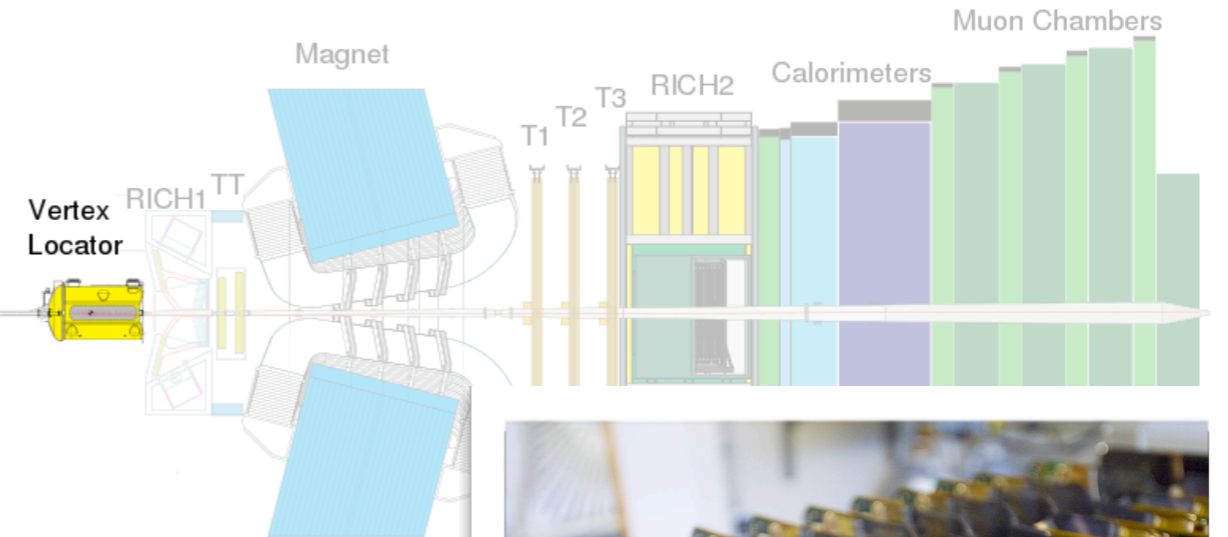




Vertex | Locator

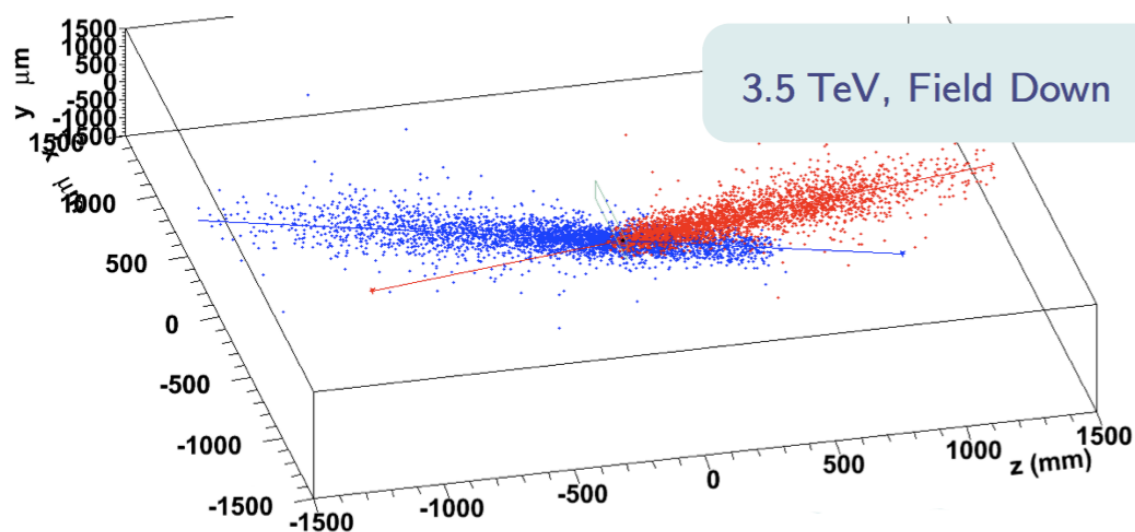
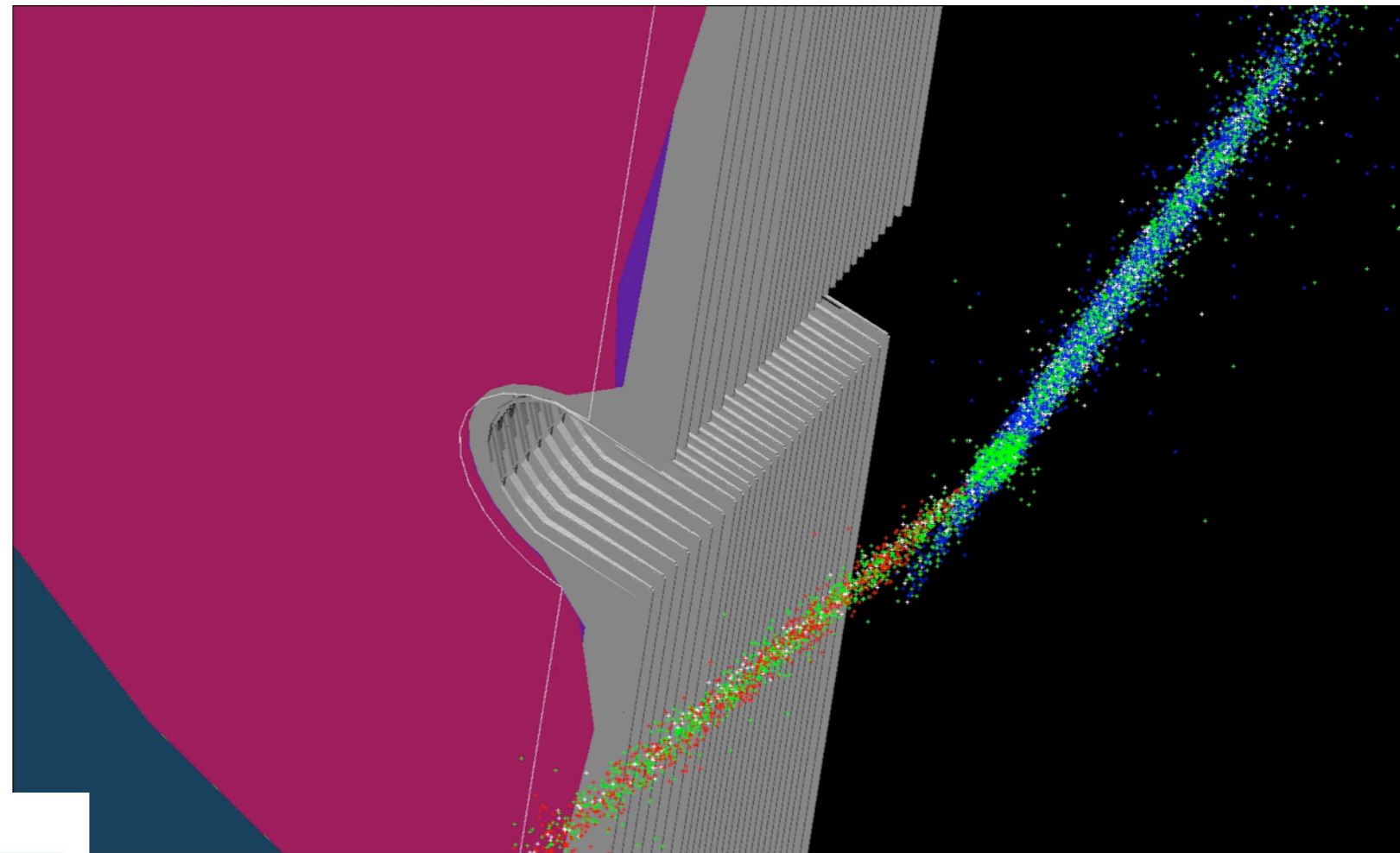
Vertex Locator

- Primary tracking and vertexing detector - R and ϕ sensors
- n⁺-in-n silicon
- S/N ~ 20
- CO₂ cooling
- An aluminium foil (300 μ m thick) separates the 42 VELO modules from the LHC vacuum
- Retractable halves - 8mm from beam!
- Rad. Hard - Innermost region 1.3×10^{14} n_{eq}/cm²/year



VELO - LHC

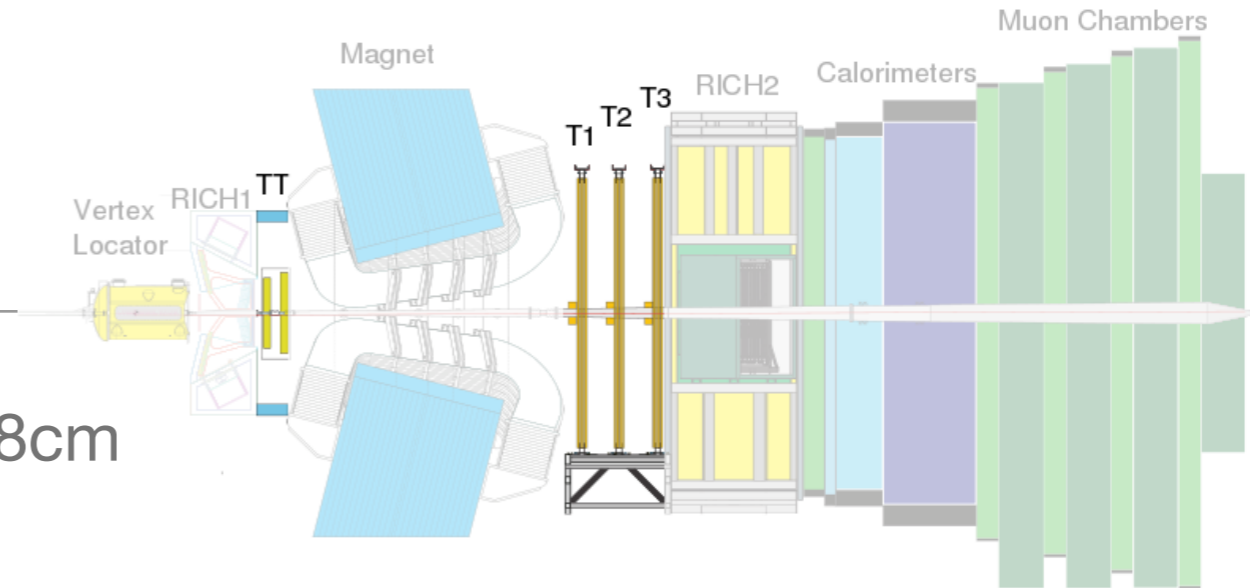
- Provide essential feedback to LHC
- Look at beam gas events - determine crossing angle
- determine absolute luminosity



- extract beam shapes and monitor stability of beam using VELO

video

Silicon Tracker



- p-in-n - “long strips” 9cm, 11cm, 22cm, 38cm

- Strip pitch 183 μ m, 198 μ m

- Resolution 65 μ m

- S/N good

- noise rate 10^{-5}

- Winter technical stop

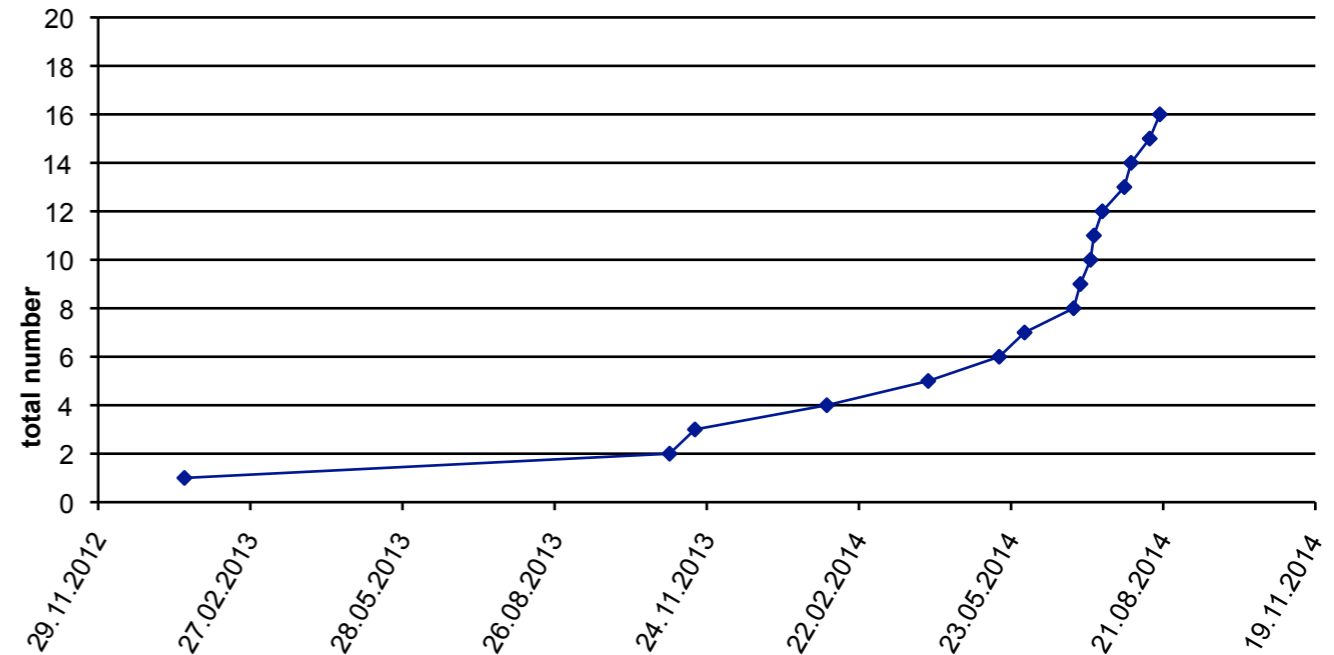
- replace hybrids with broken bonds, service boxes, modules



VCSEL - Front-end optical transmitter



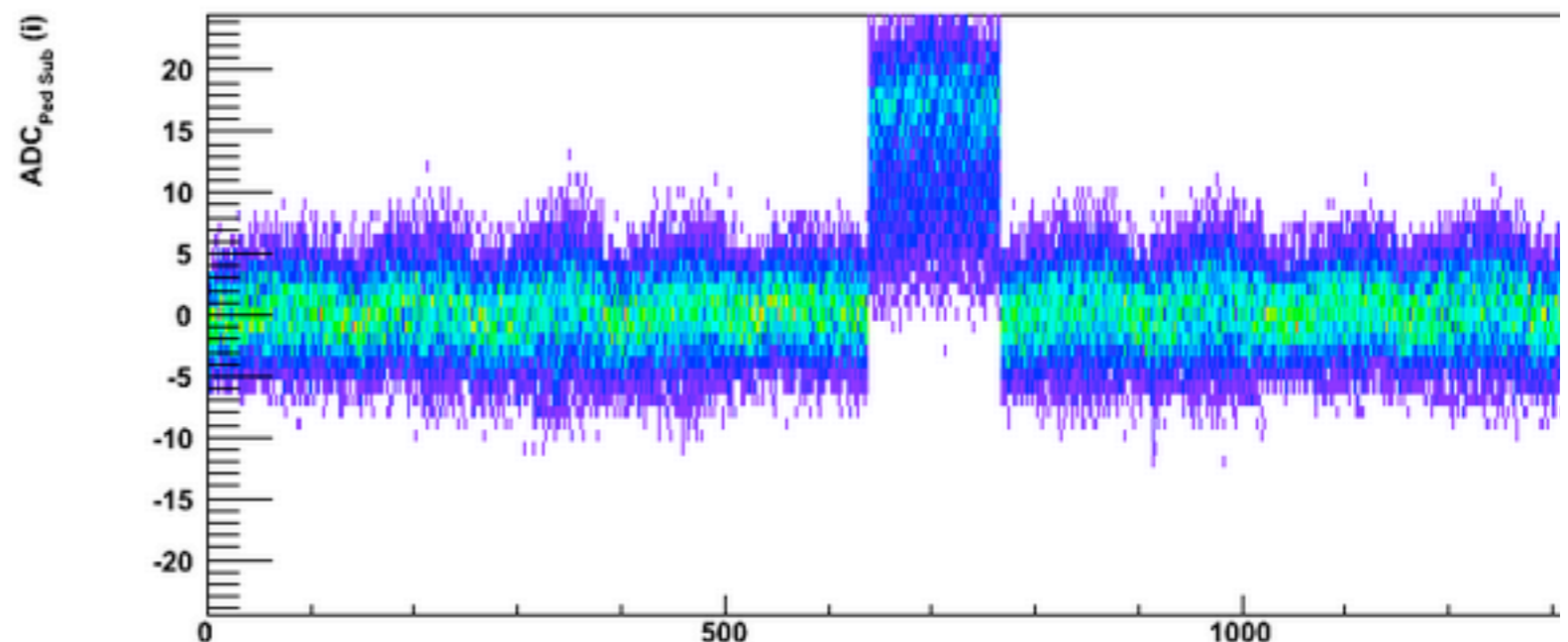
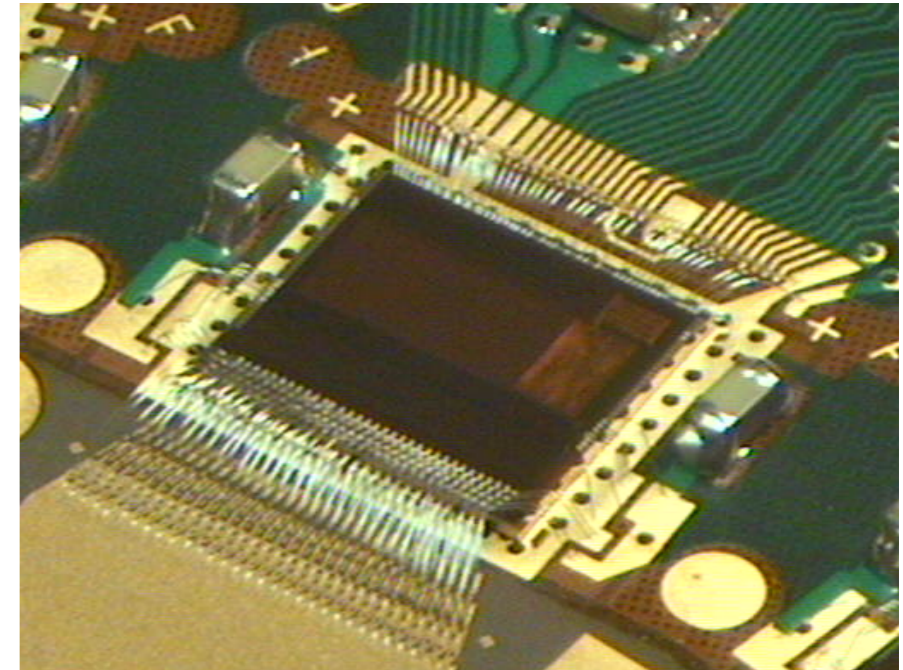
- Biggest cause of inefficiency in ST
- See discussion in Optical WG
- Dying VCSELs



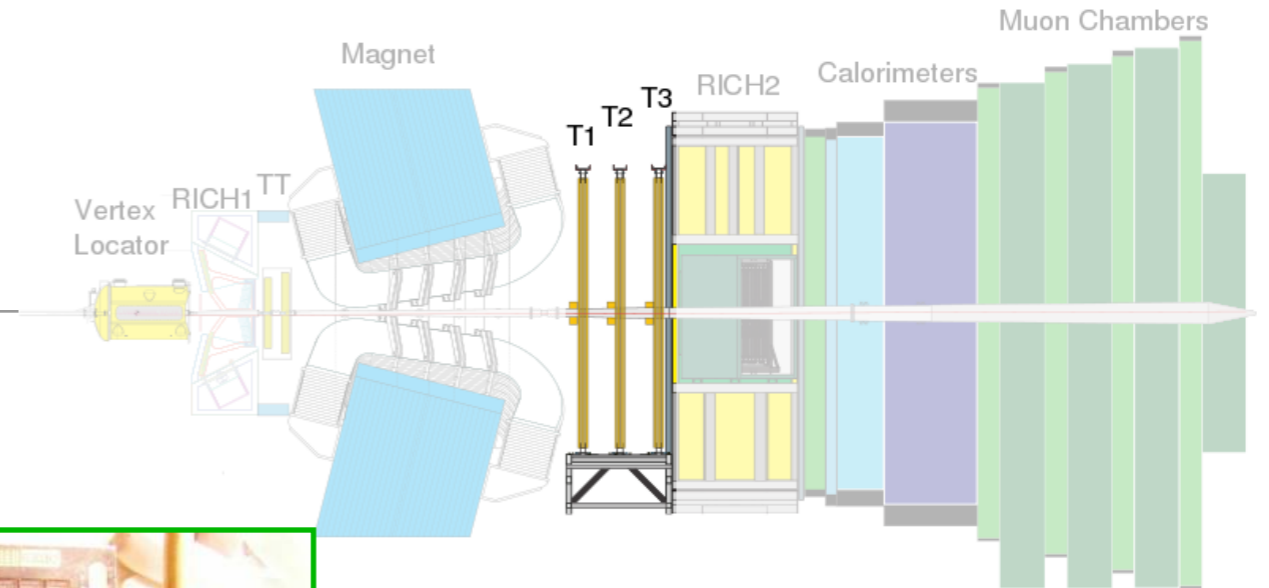
- 2 /month - reason unknown - testing with manufacturer
- also seen in other subdetectors
- replacing during technical stops
- easier than ATLAS/CMS due to open detector

Beetle chip - Front-end ASIC

- Common to silicon detectors - VELO & ST
- Samples at 40MHz
- Analogue output and transmission to counting room
 - 60m copper cables with no loss of S/N
- Pedestal shift - On some chips pedestal is rate dependent - usually a step function with cut off $\sim 10\text{kHz}$
 - Solution - tune pedestals to rate
- Beetle derandomiser needs better emulation at high rate



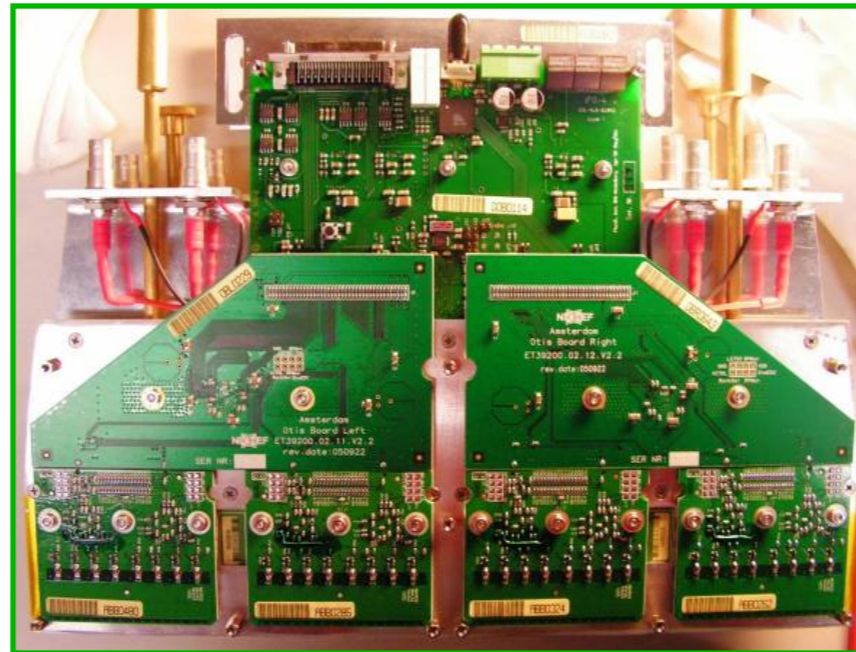
Outer Tracker



- Straw tracker surrounding part of ST

- <50ns drift time

- OTIS FE
Time-to-Digital
Converter ASIC
performing well



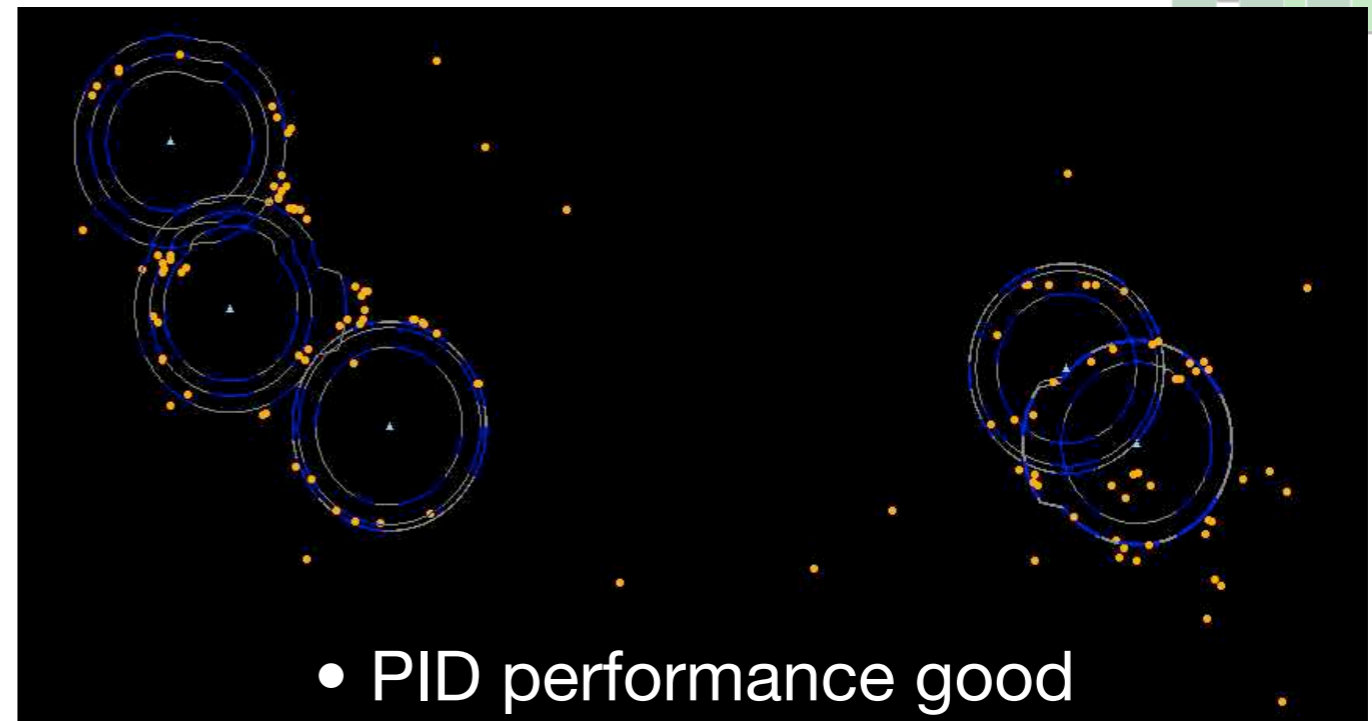
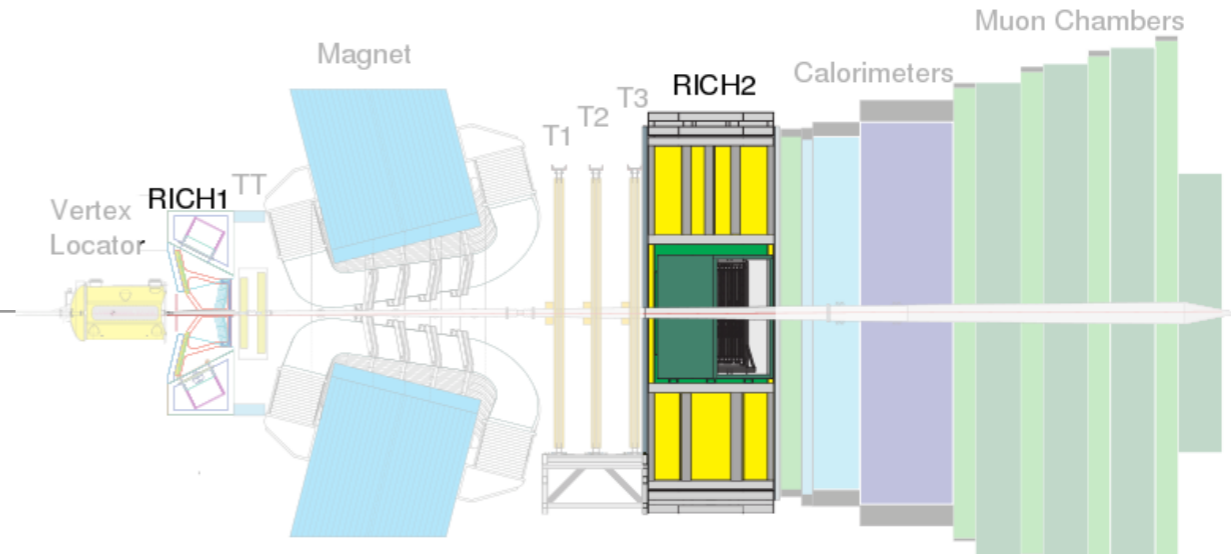
- Repairs

- ~20 FE boxes exchanged
- adding Cu shields to front-end boxes
in winter stop for noise reduction



RICH detector

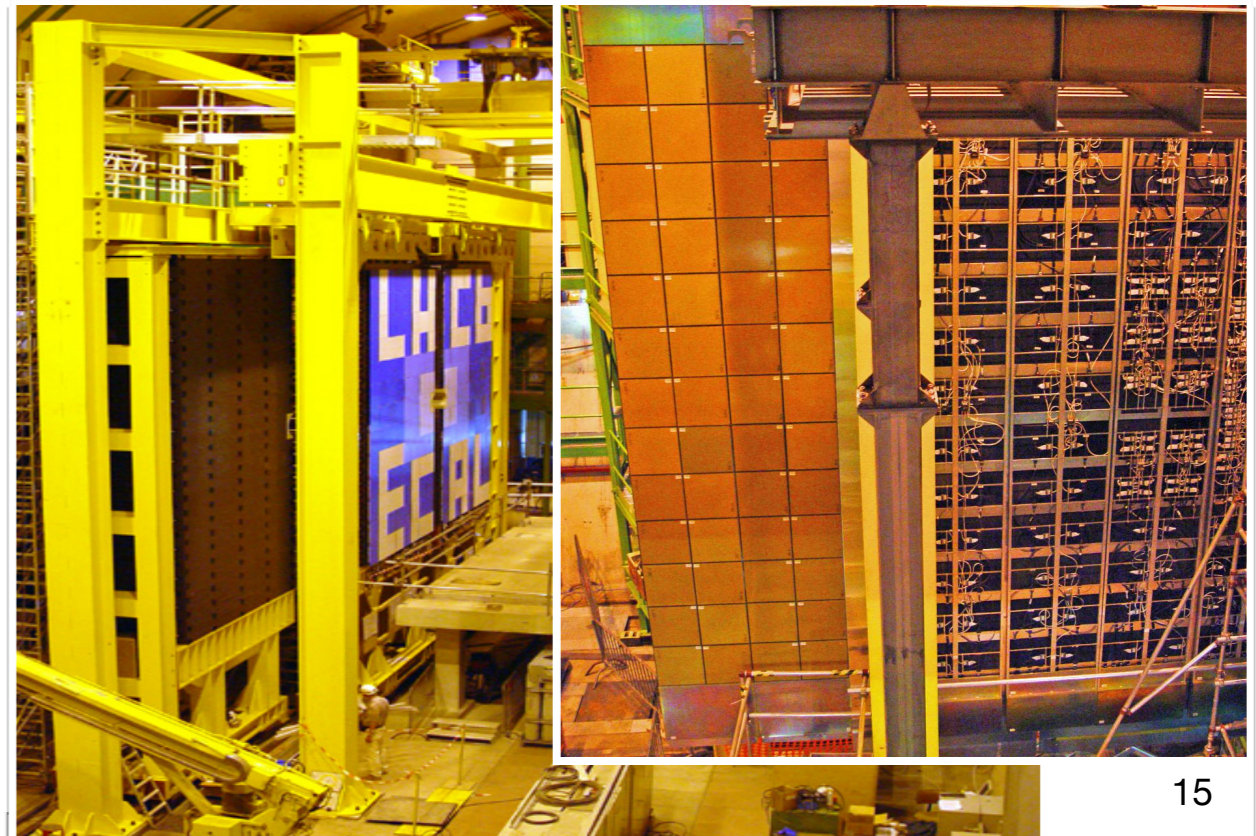
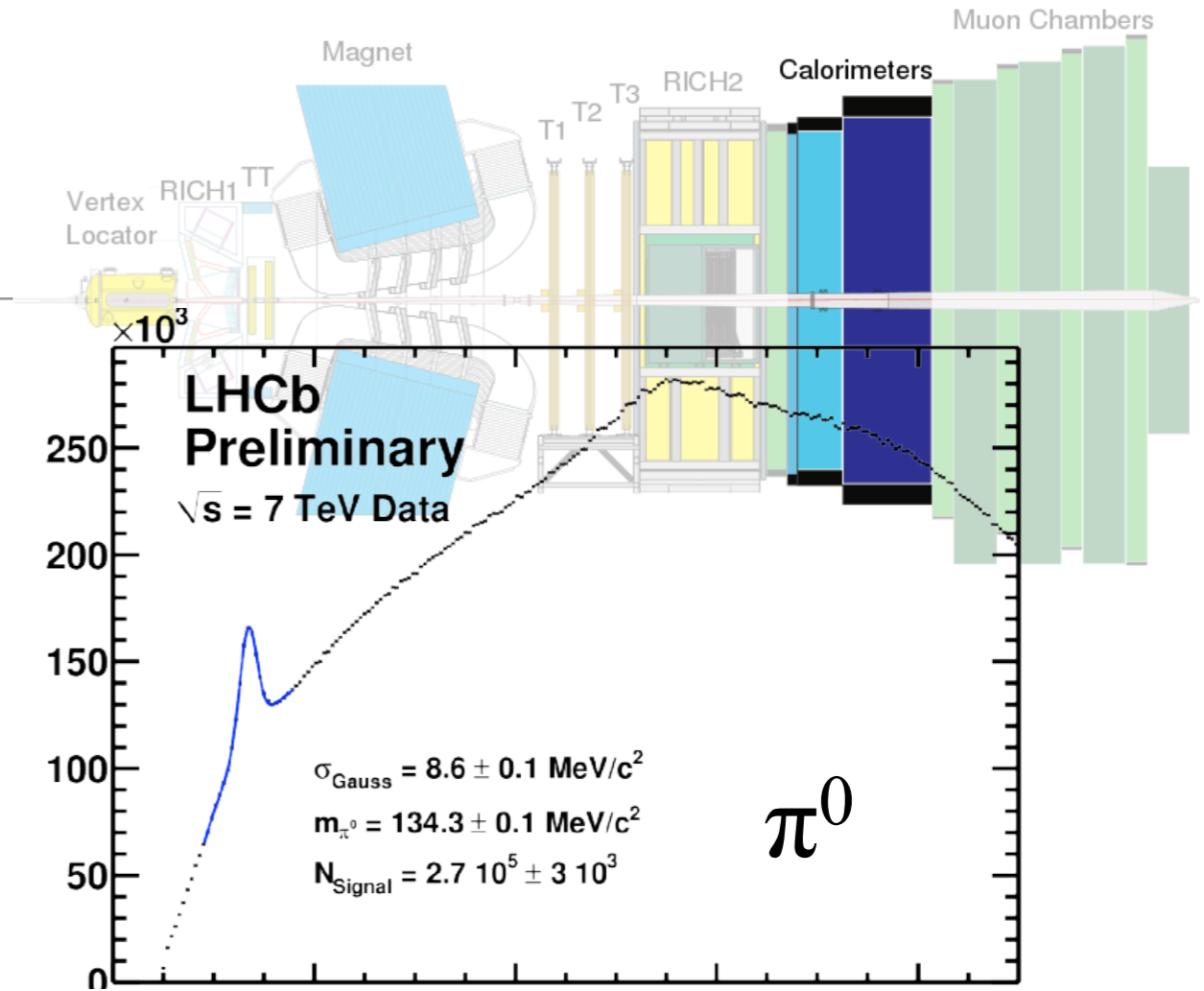
- Cerenkov detector
- Separation of K, π, ρ



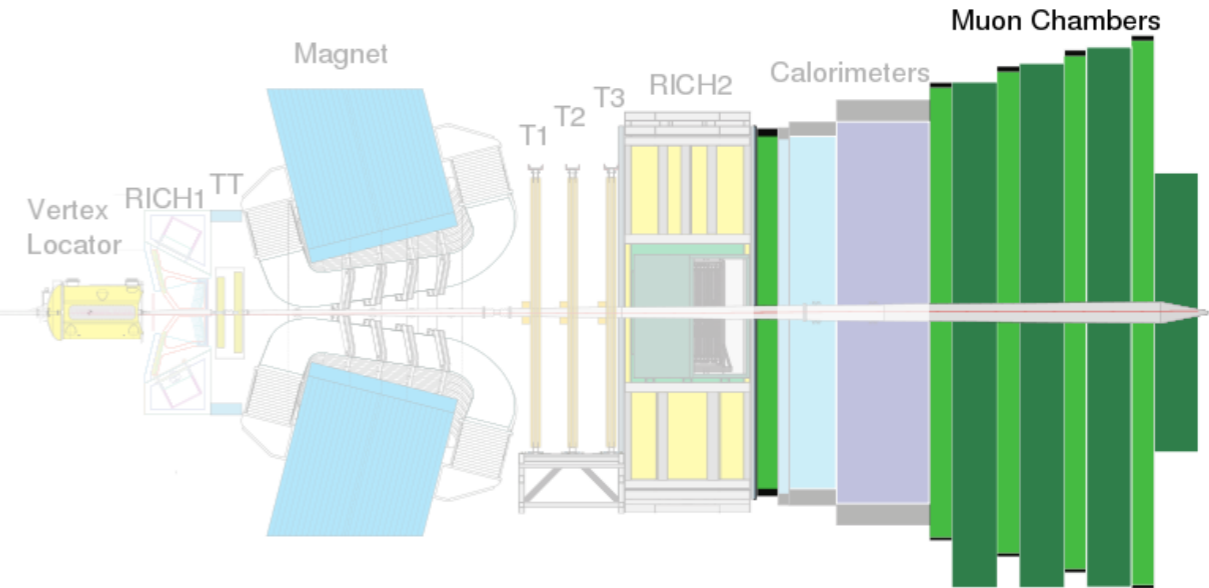
- Hybrid Photon Detectors - 20kV
- Noise-less - can detect single photons
- Pixel chip - design error introduces small dead time at high rate

Calorimeters

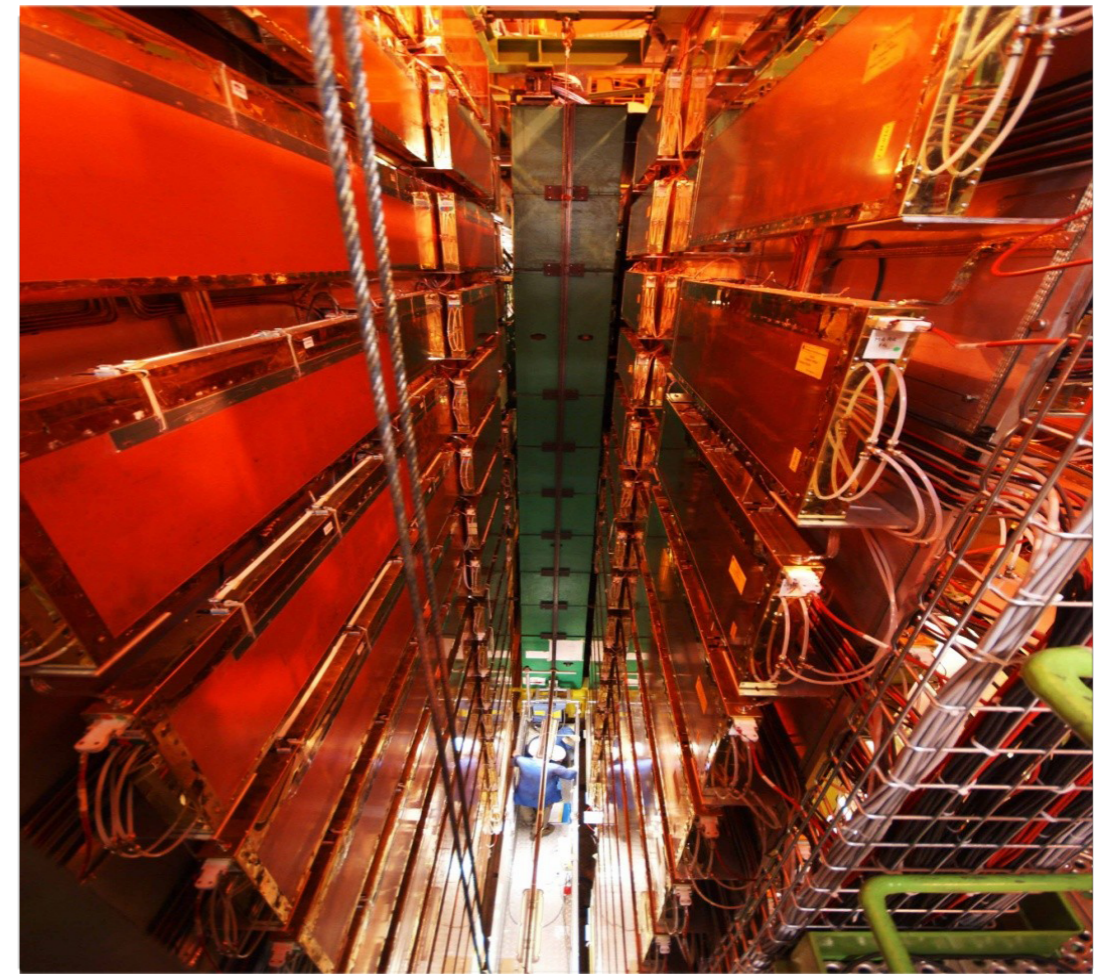
- SPD/PS, ECAL, HCAL
- Sampling calorimeters - Interleaved scintillator and absorber
- Each Calo scintillator tile read out via MAPMT pixel photomultiplier
- *System very stable*
- HV modifications required - noise improved



Muon Chambers

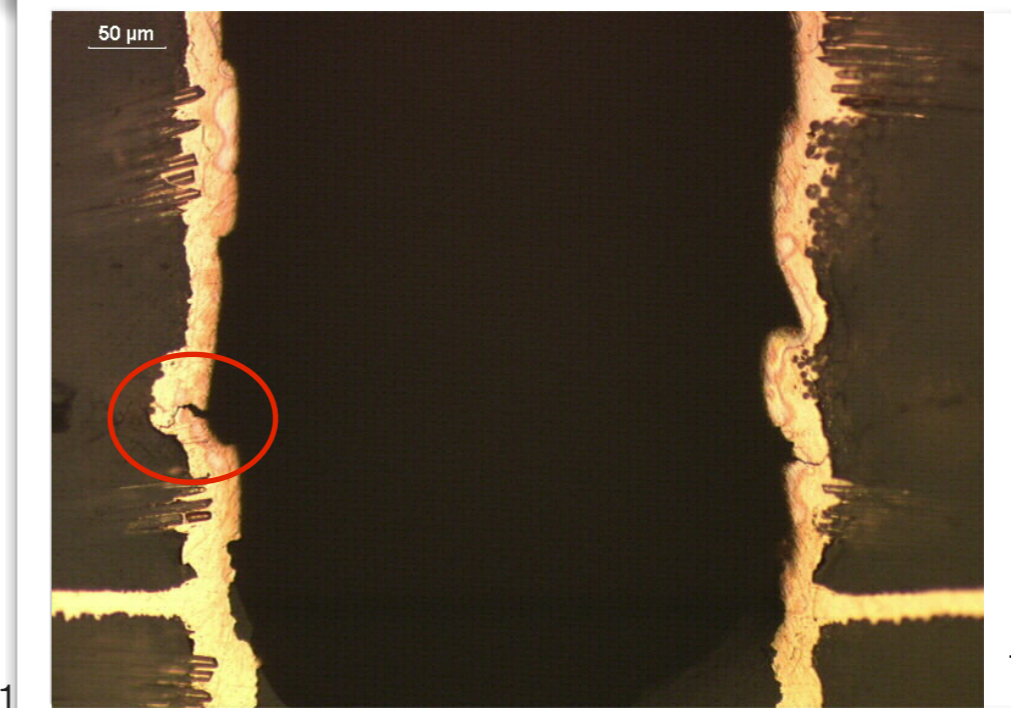
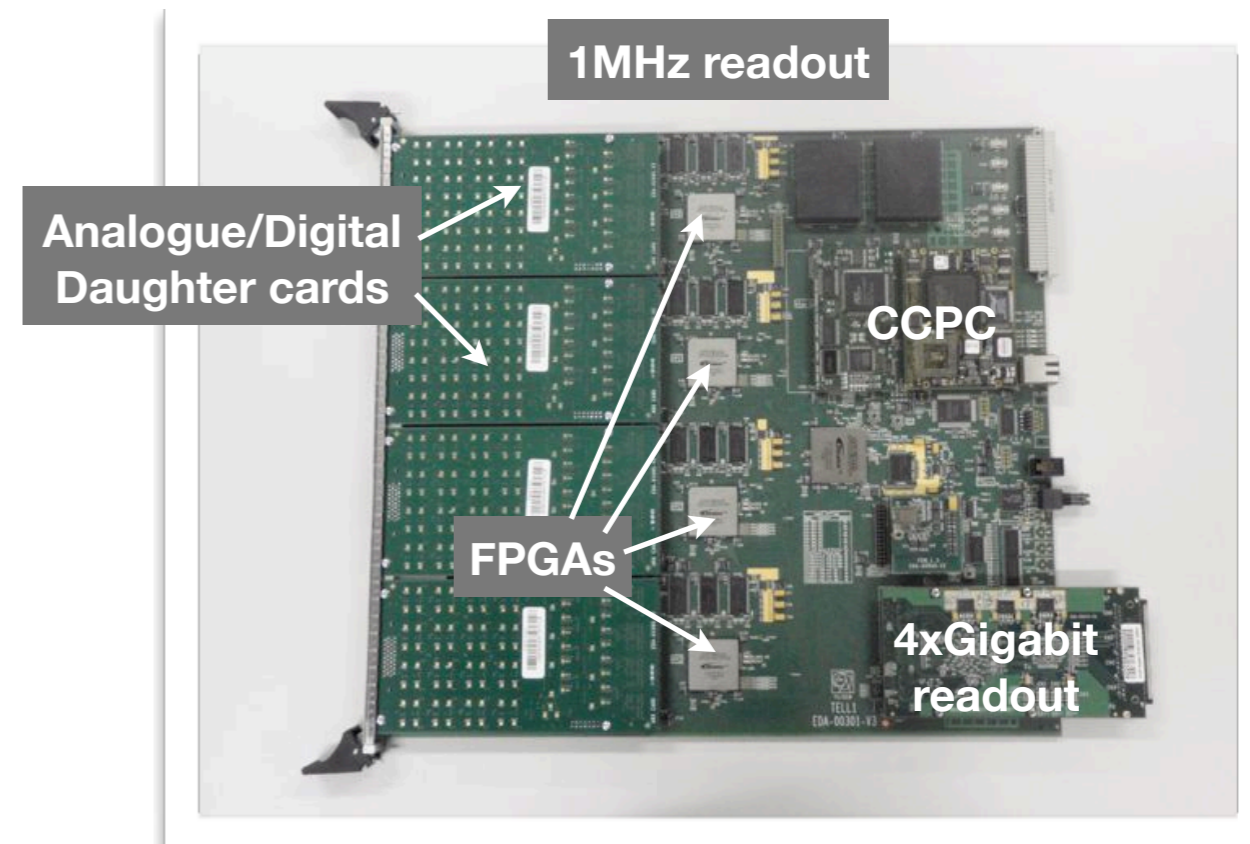


- Multiwire Proportional Chambers, except M1R1 - triple GEM
- HV power supplies
 - resistor on daughter boards faulty, had to replace on 2500 boards
 - high infant mortality, ~25% had to be repaired/replaced by manufacturer
 - much more stable with recent replacements and repair
- CARIOCA (amp, shaper) & DIALOG (logic)- no problems
- SYNC (TDC) - minor mis-timing bug - tightened time window -> OK.



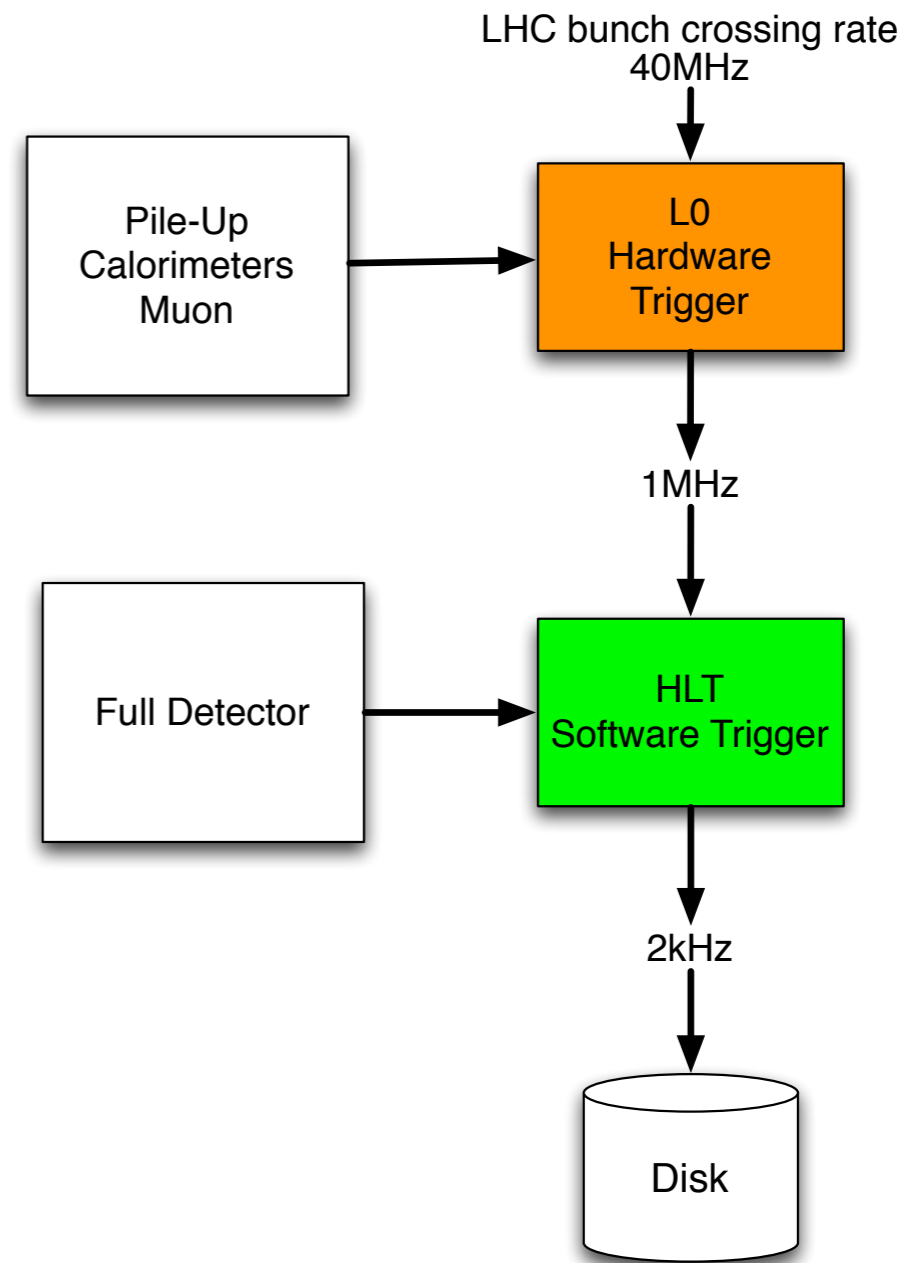
TELL1 - Common readout board for LHCb

- Failing TELL1s
 - 10/292 this year, very little in last few months
 - often during powercuts
- Tell1 replacements
 - *Not plug and play*
- Firmware on FPGAs
 - enables same board to be used by different sub-detectors
 - Lots of testing/emulation needed before firmware upgrade qualified
 - *requires a lot of support from subdetector*
- Tell1 high rate issues - resolved in new firmware



Trigger

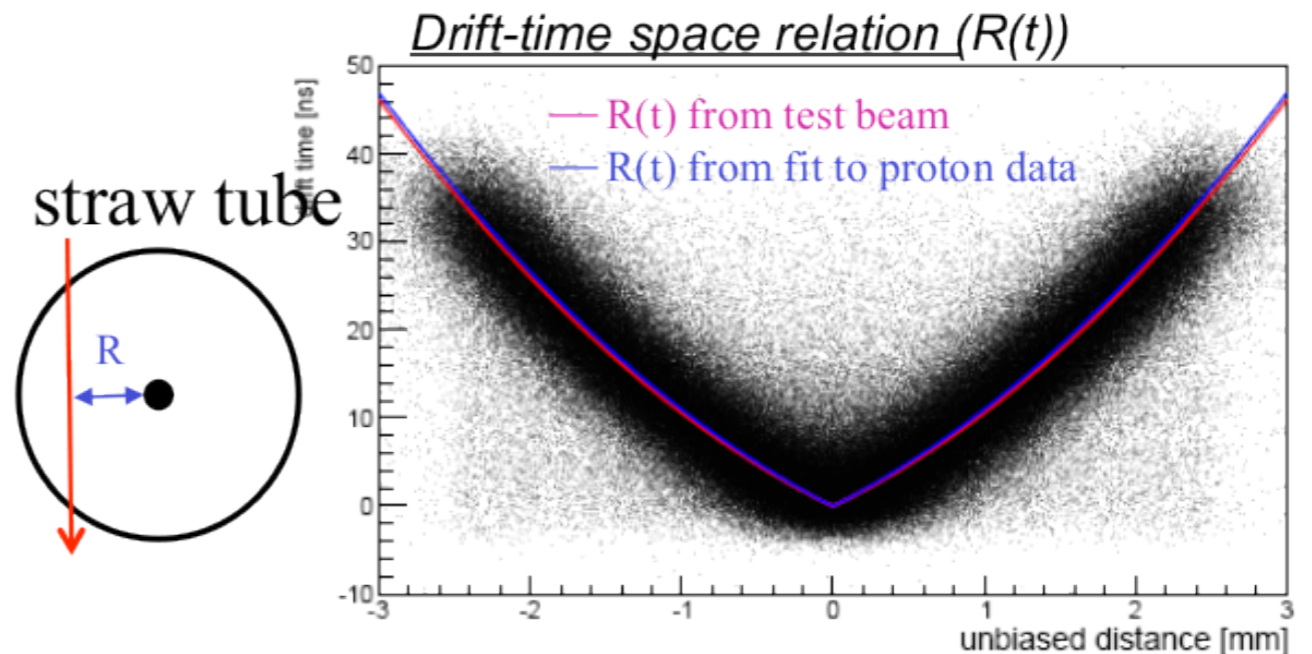
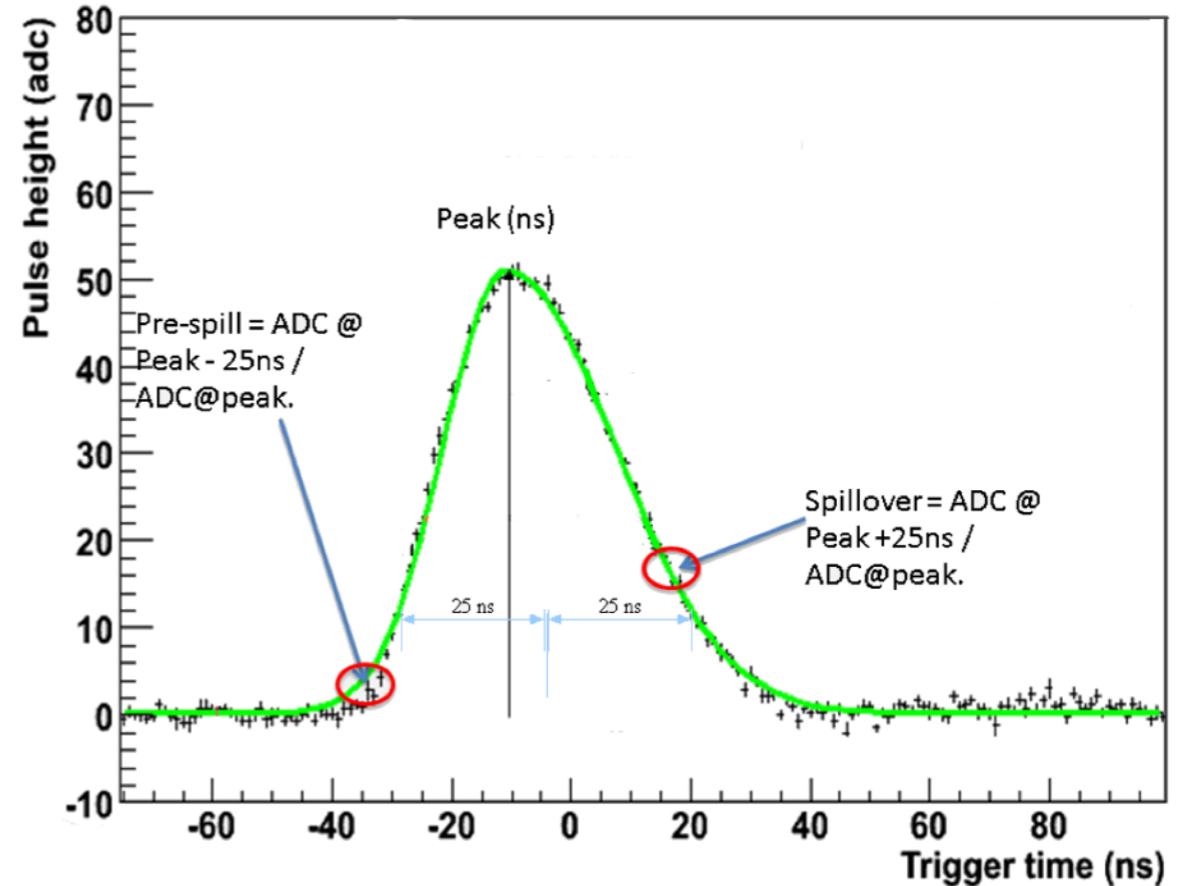
- L0 Hardware trigger uses 1.6GHz high speed opto-links
 - L0 Decision Unit - no problems
- HLT Farm
 - 550 servers, 4 core, 1GB ram/core = 1/3 of final configuration (staged)
 - Upgrade expected soon



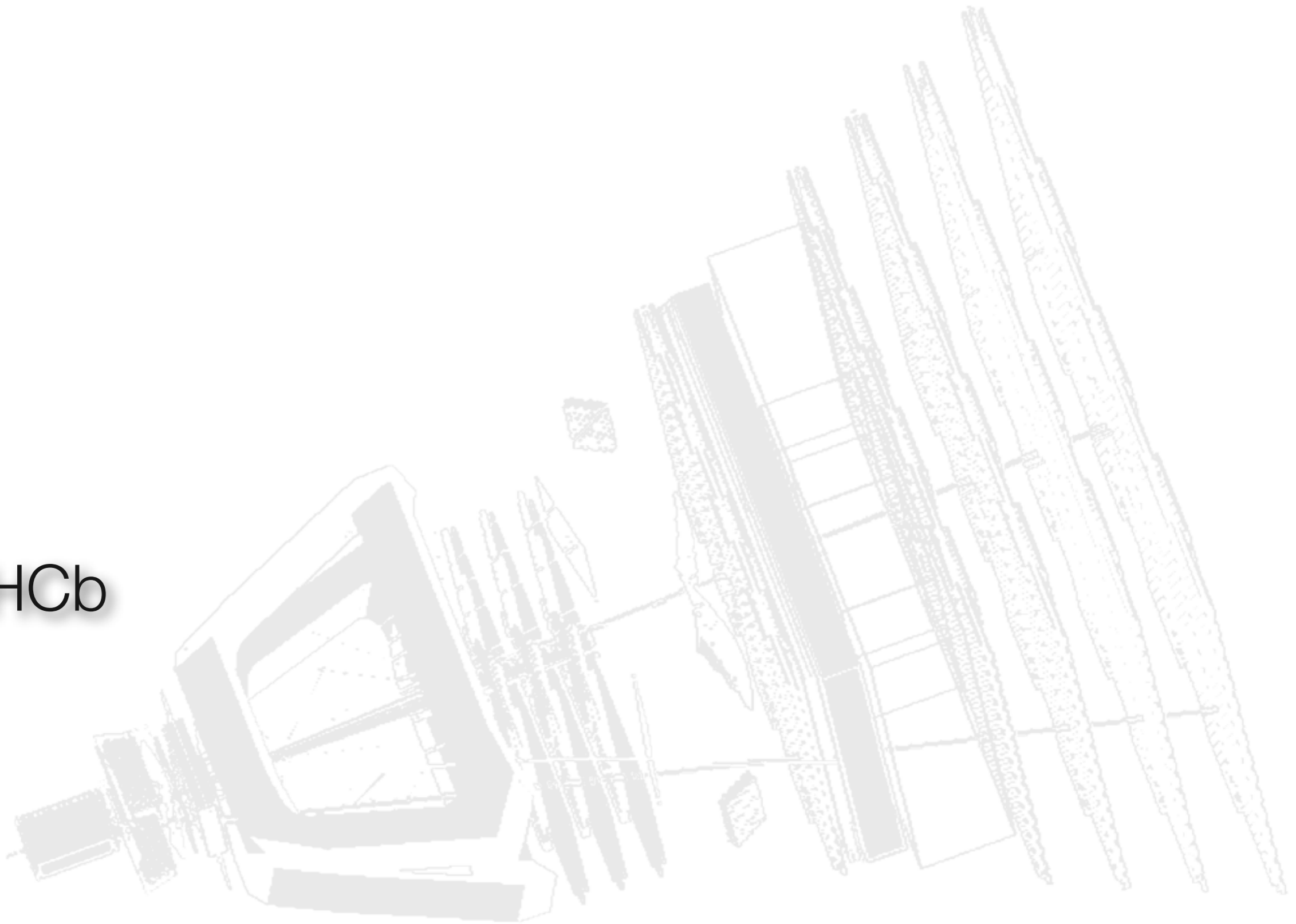
Timing

- Global LHCb timing
 - Calorimeter timed to beam crossing (0.75ns)
- Other subdetectors time to calorimeter
- VELO - all links timed to 1ns
 - Equalise pre-spill/spillover
- OT good to ~2ns

Strip 1691, Channel 0535



LHCb



General LHCb Improvements

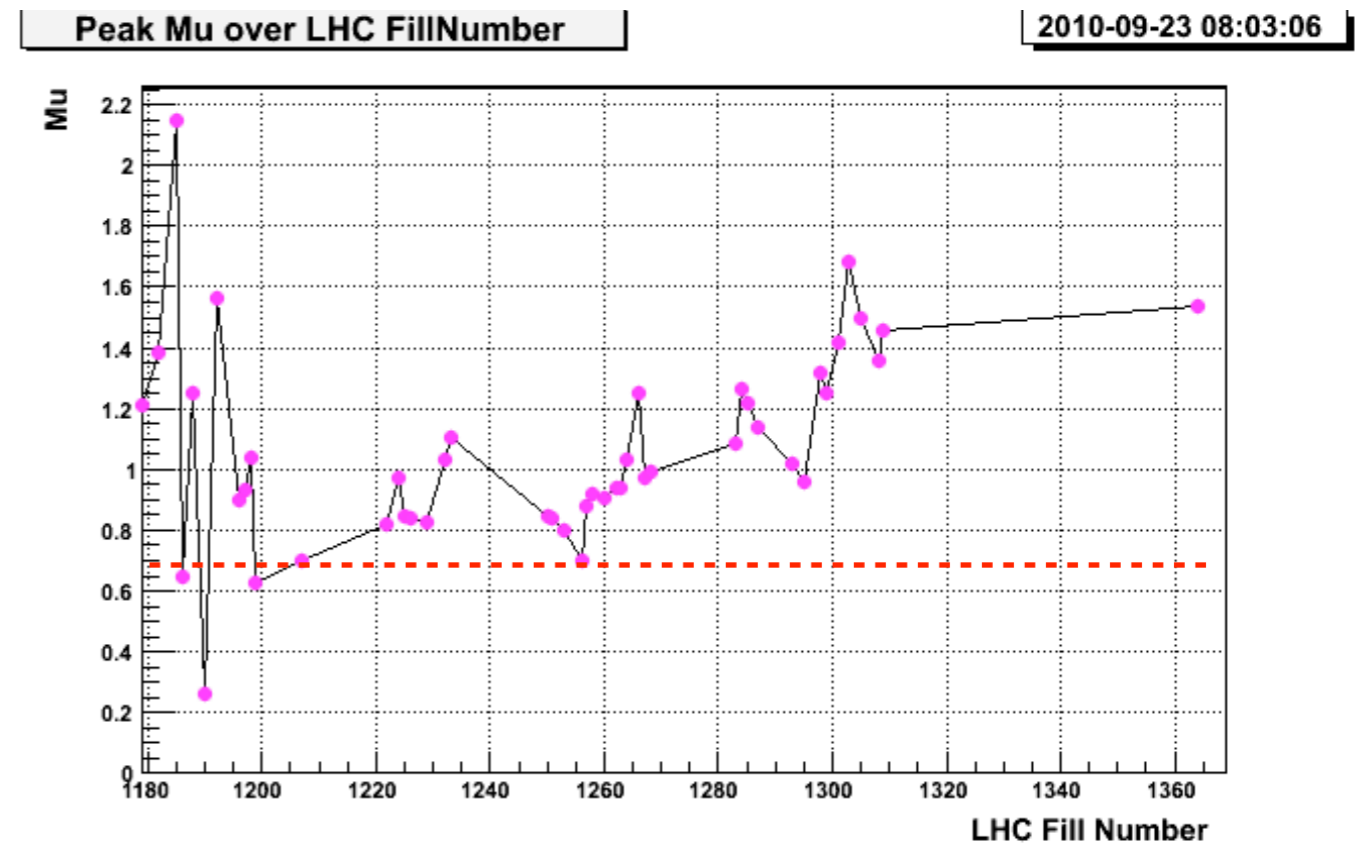
- Work on reducing down-time during beam
 - automatic recovery of failing DAQ systems
 - exclude/include trigger farms on the fly during data taking
 - problems in monitoring/calibration do not halt running
 - fewer problems running at high rate (100-200kHz L0)
- Some things can't be prevented
 - Thunderstorms, general powercuts, network outages - recovery time ~6 hours
 - Learned much from recent test power-cuts - faster in future
- Interface with LHC
 - High level of automation, interlocking
 - Shifter required for confirmation
 - VELO critical - most sensitive part of LHCb

Detector	Efficiency
VELO	99.3
ST	99.1
OT	>99.9
RICH	96.3
CALO	>99.9
MUON	99.8

Injection Interlock		Beam Interlock	
Beam1	INHIBITED	BCM	Beam Allowed (BCM:READY)
Beam2	INHIBITED	VELO	VELO OUT Beam Allowed
		MAGNET	Beam Allowed

LHCb Increasing Data rate/size

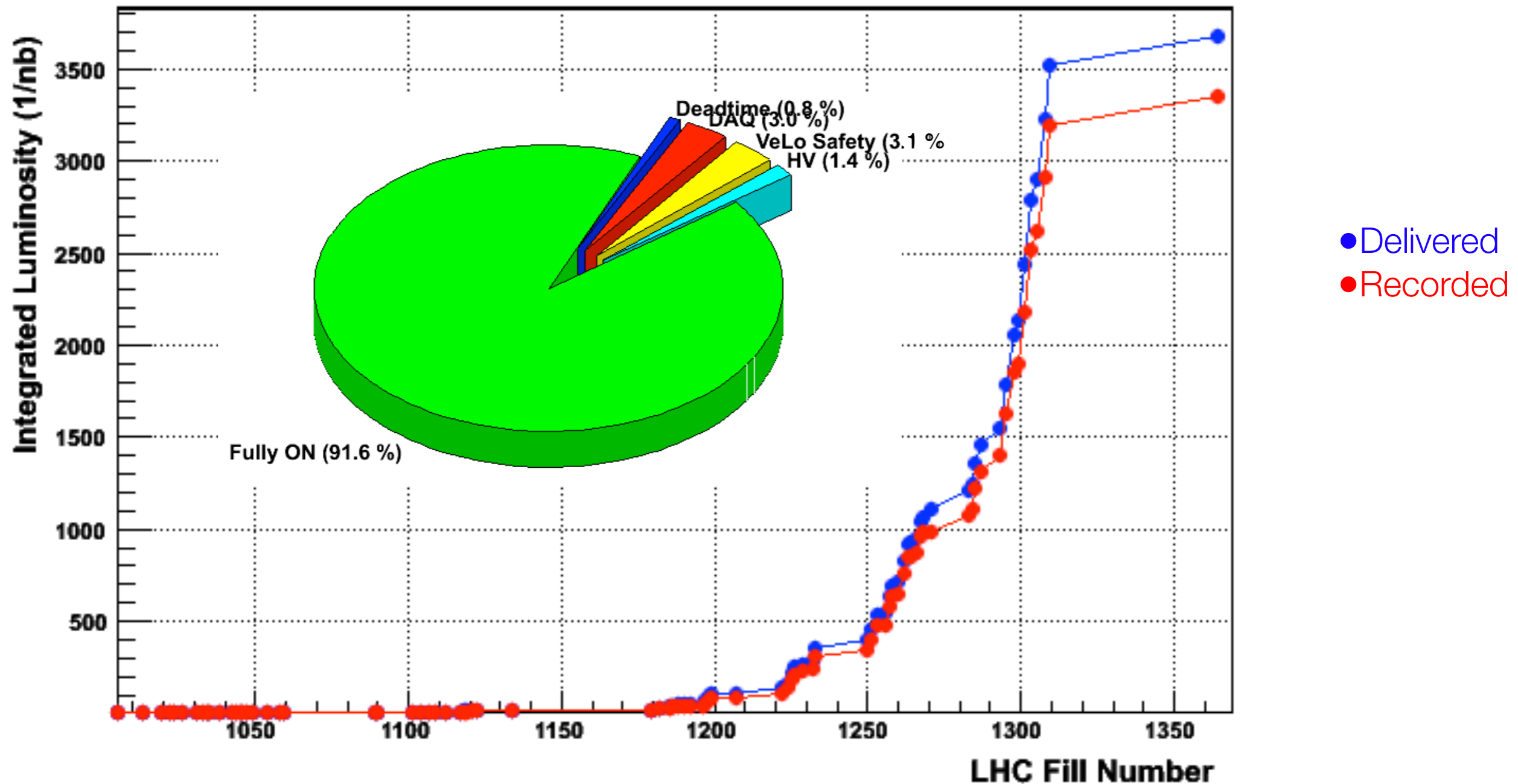
- Multiple Interactions - 1.5 per bunch crossing - designed for 0.7
 - high occupancies, large event size (85kB vs 35kB), storage backpressure
 - identifies bottlenecks
- At higher luminosity
 - need new trigger config as data rate goes up
 - *harsher cuts at L0 trigger*
 - *harsher cuts in HLT*
- Current running scenario closer to upgrade design
 - Adapted firmware/software to cope with large event sizes



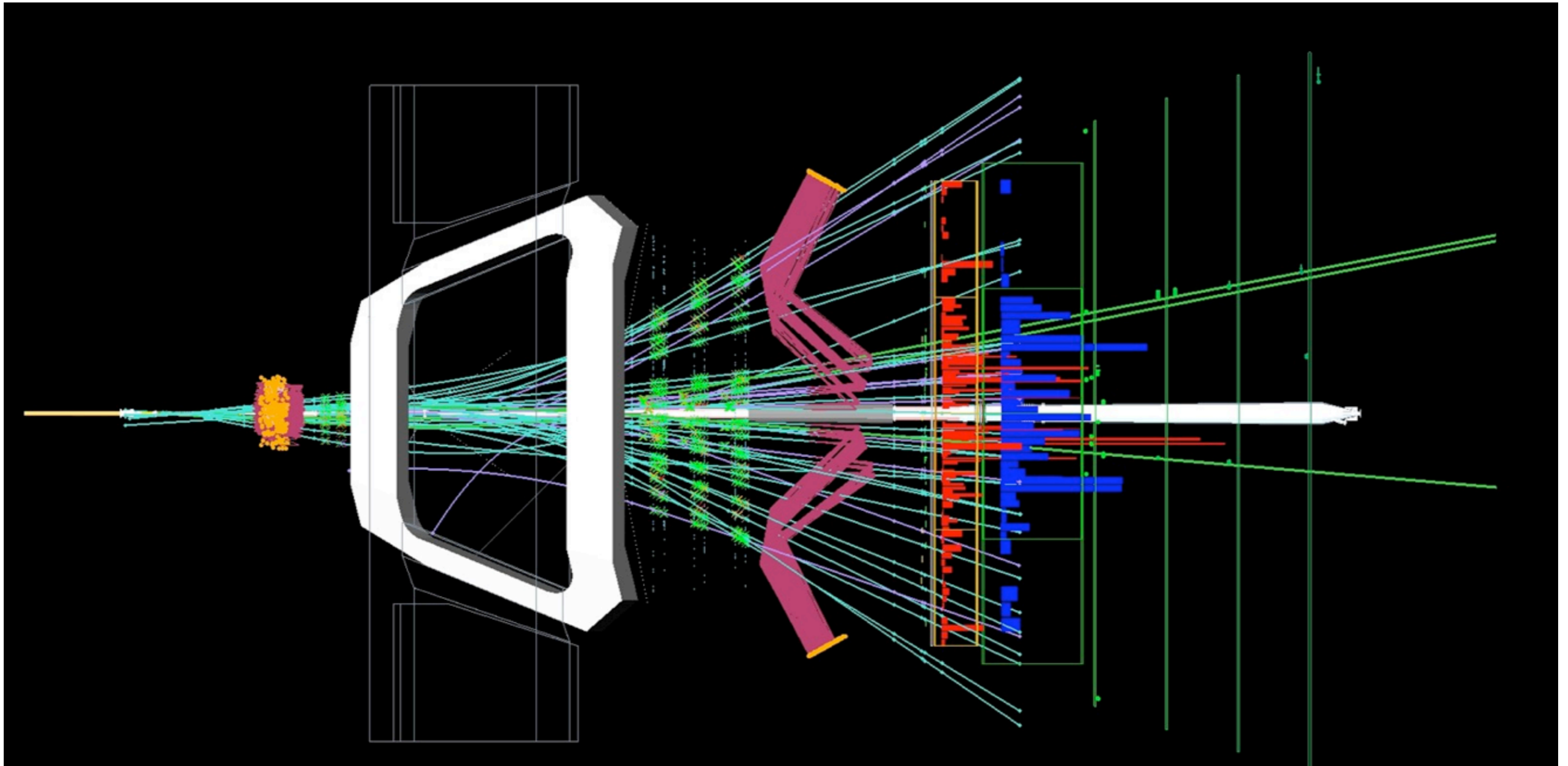
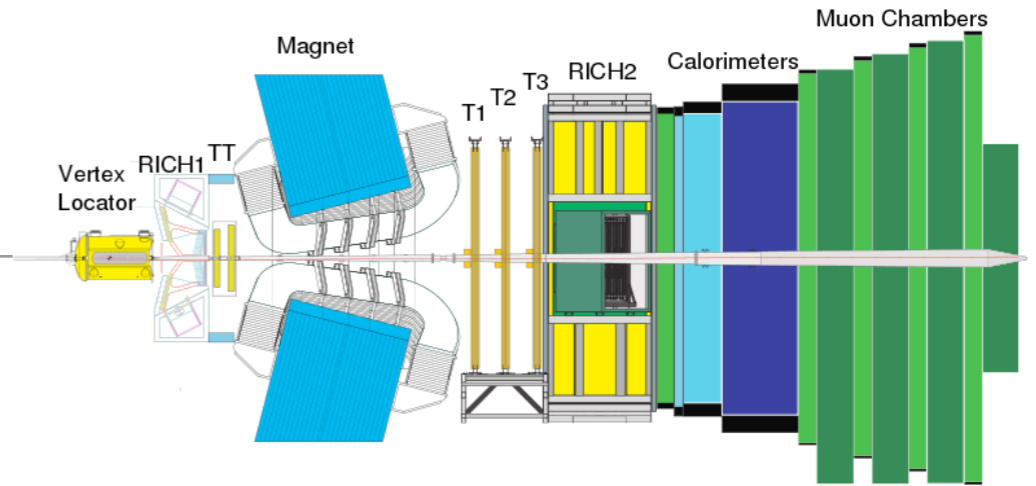
Luminosity Uptime

LHCb Integrated Lumi over Fill Number at 3.5 TeV

2010-09-23 08:03:06

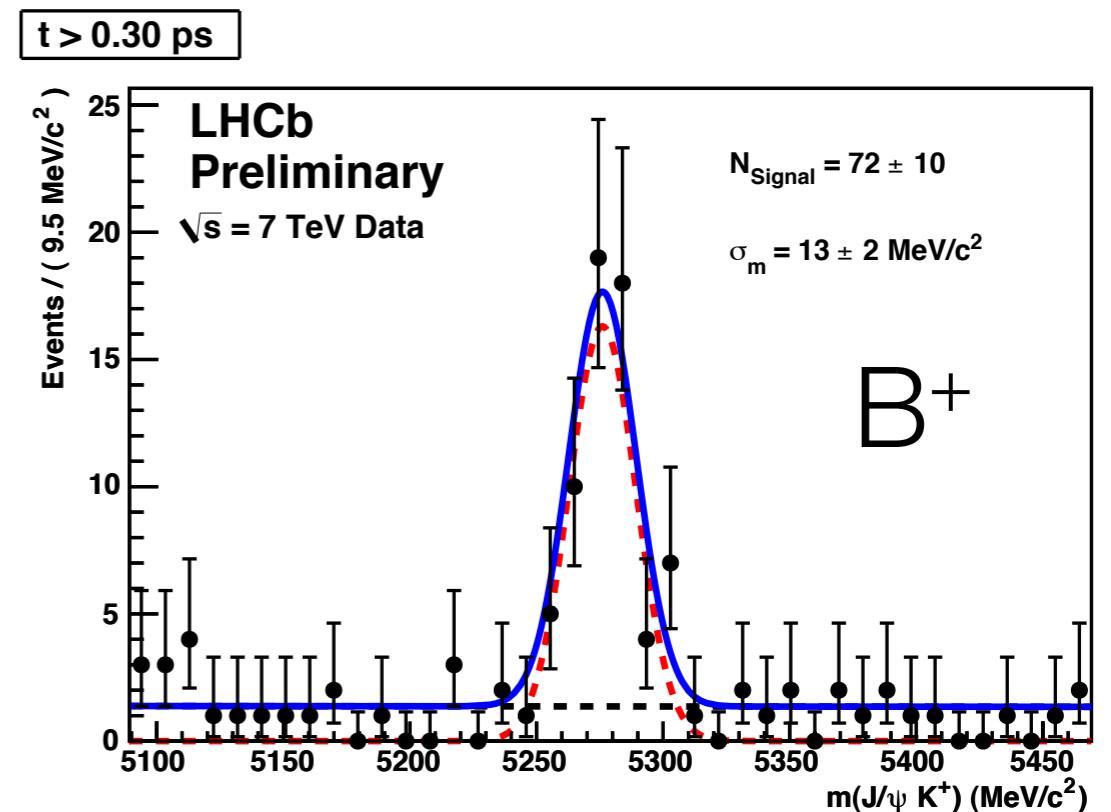


Result

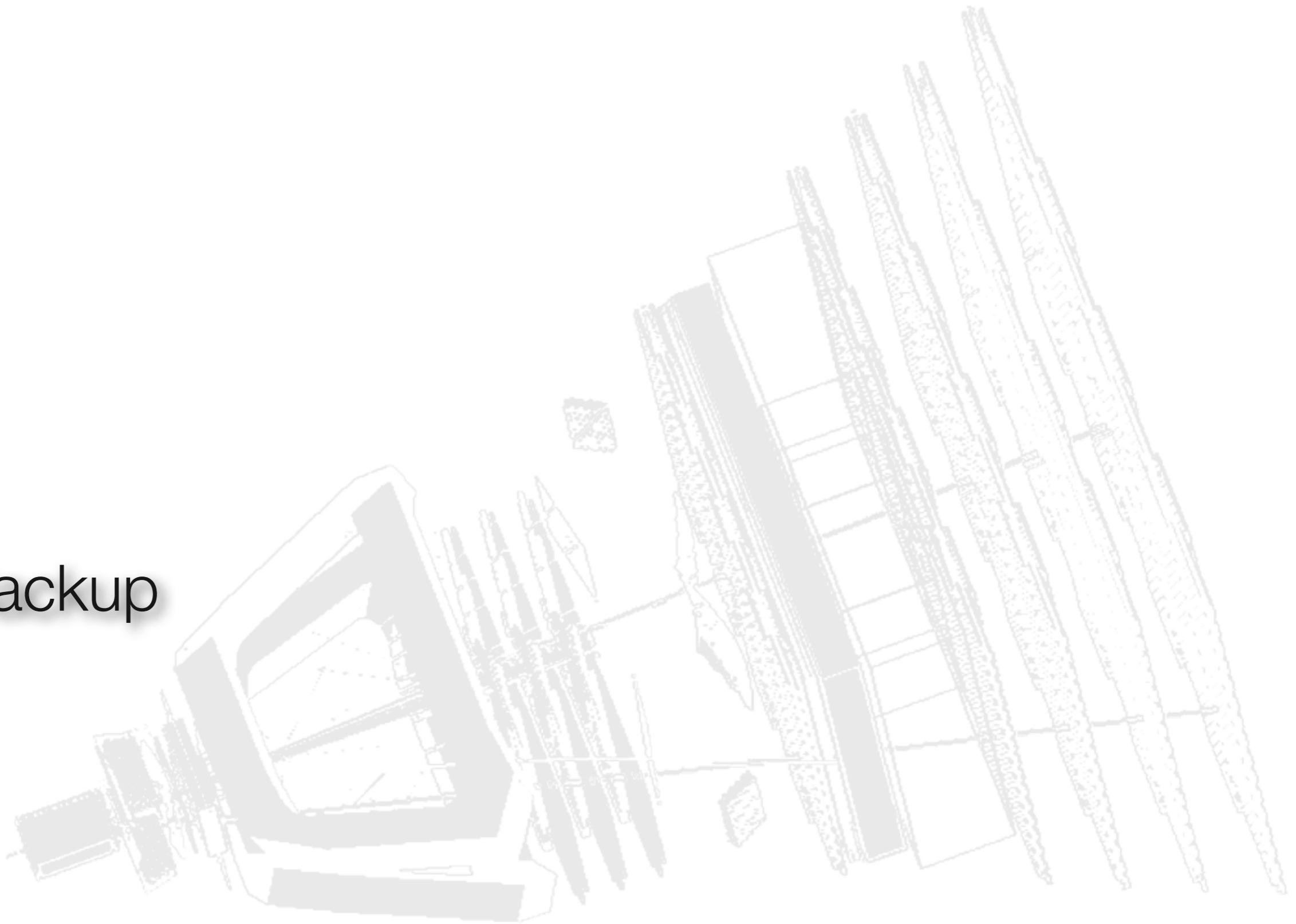


Conclusion

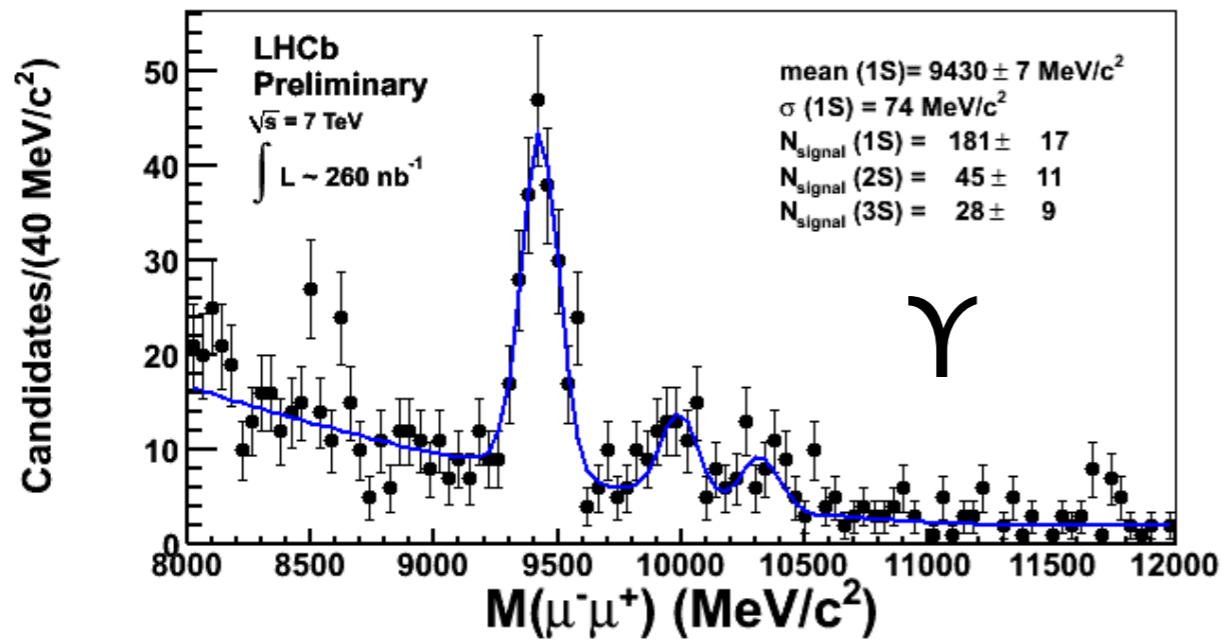
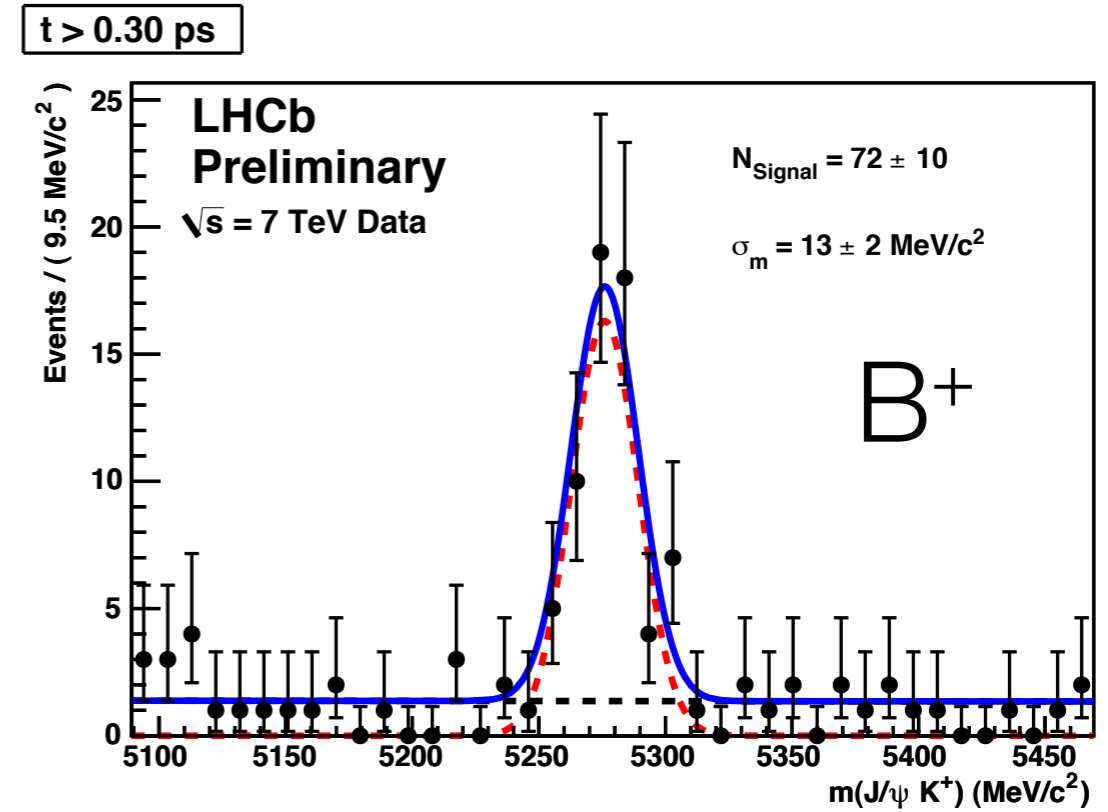
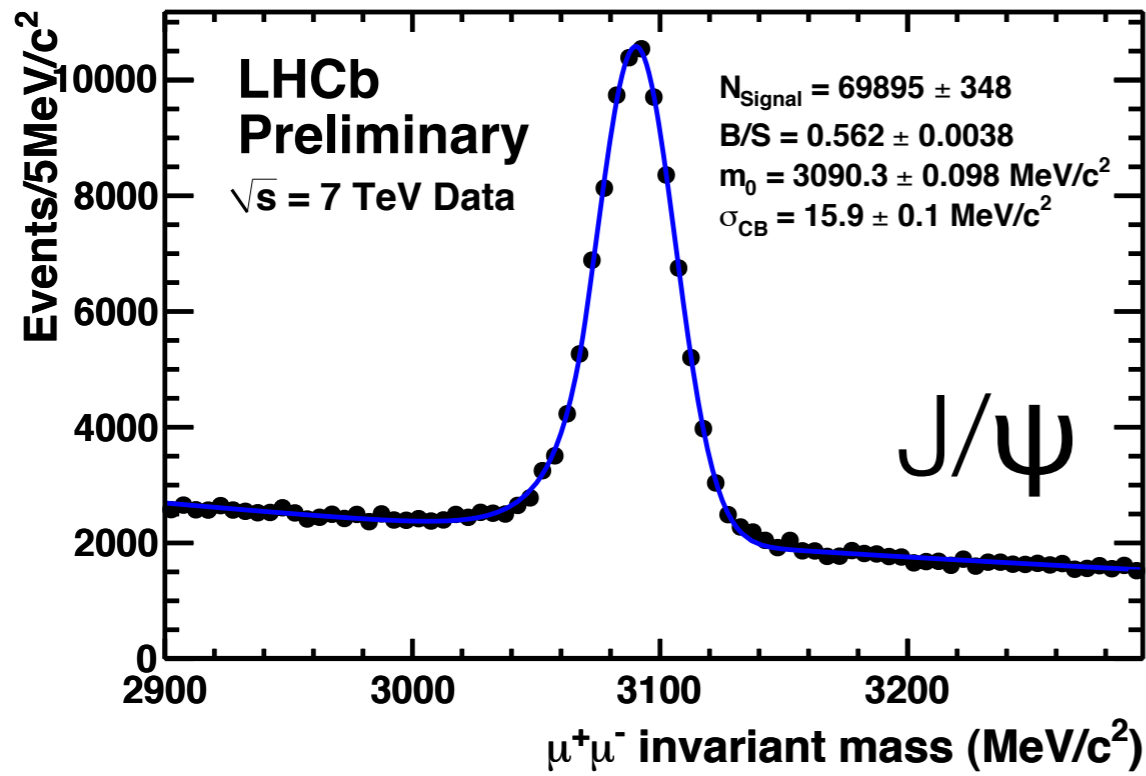
- LHCb showing excellent performance
- Over 91% uptime for *total* luminosity delivered this year.
 - Typically 97% in recent months
- Most subdetectors >99% working channels
 - others fixed/replaced in winter stop
- LHCb is a precision physics detector with unique capability
 - Will reach its physics potential next year
- Looking forward to fruitful years of physics to come.



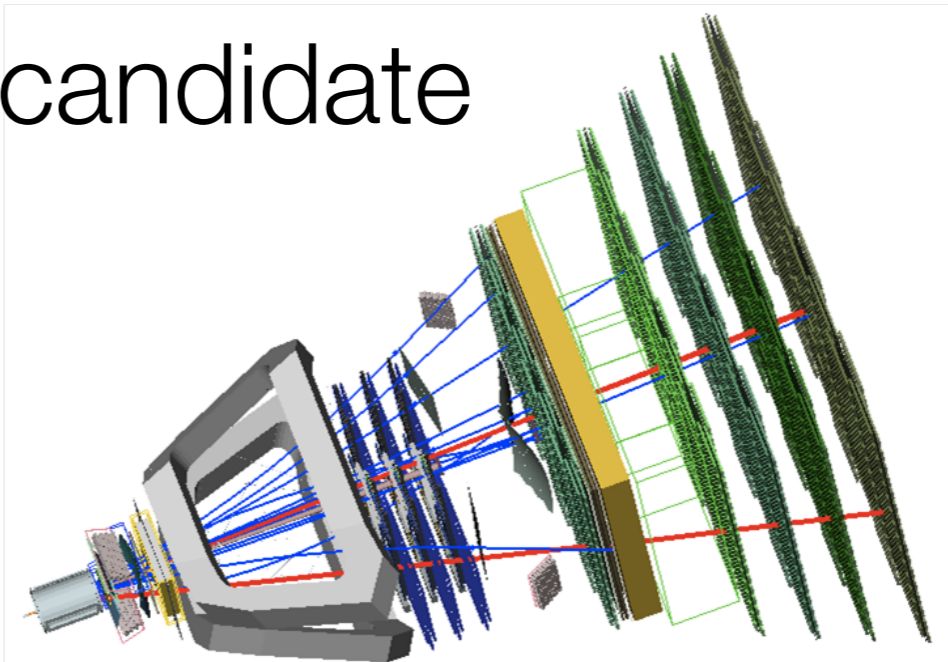
Backup



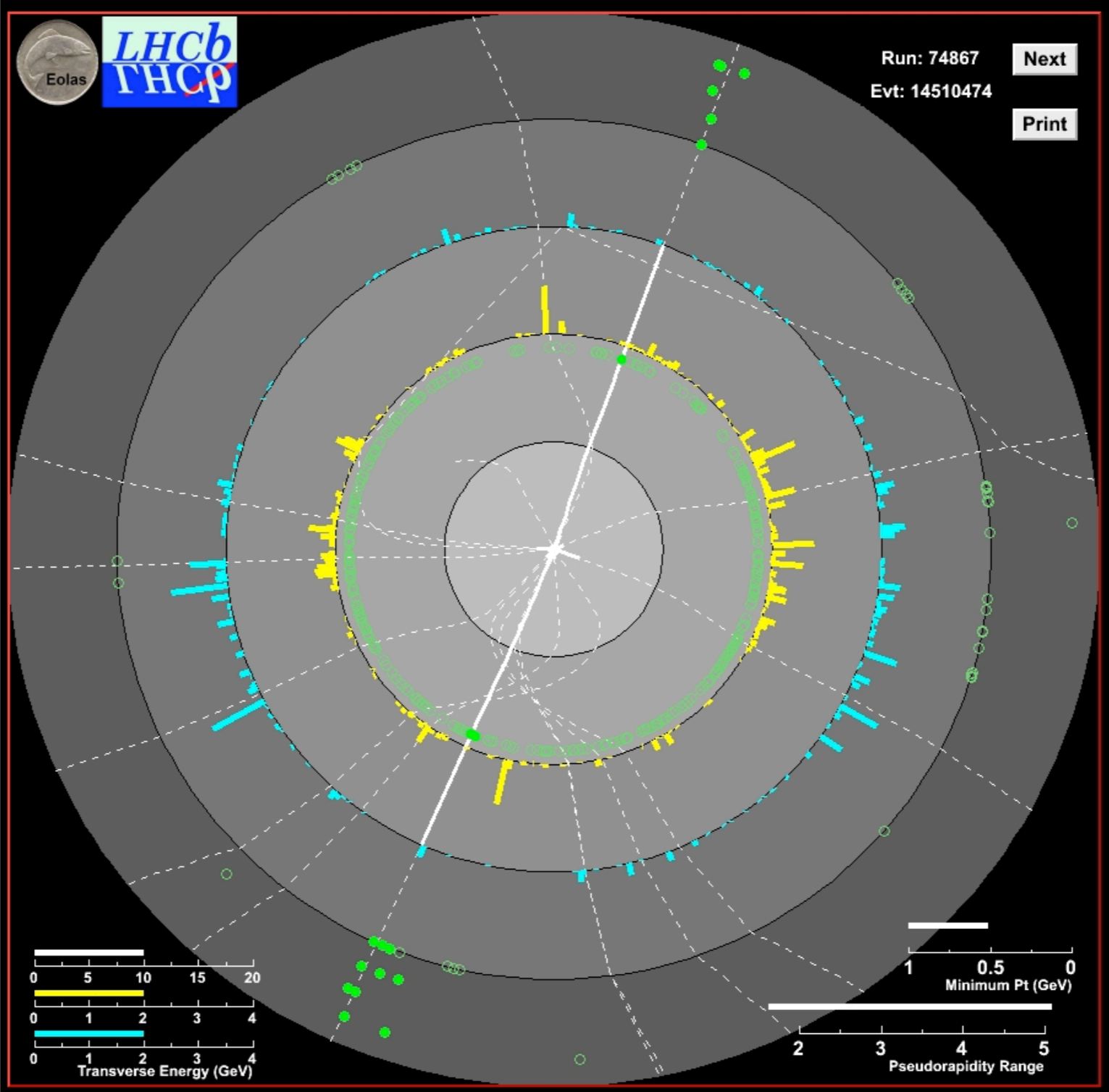
Results!



Z⁰ candidate



Z⁰ Candidate



Timing

Time after peak (ns)	Prespill %	Spillover %	S/N loss %
0	2.0	24.5	0
1	4.0	21.8	1.6
2	6.2	19.2	1.5
3	9.2	16.8	2.2
4	13.0	14.6	4.4
5	17.5	12.5	6.4
6	22.9	10.5	8.7