Multi-Heuristic A*

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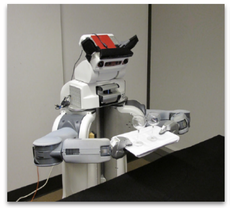
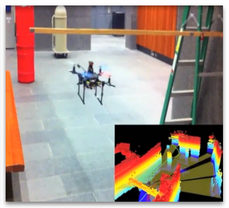
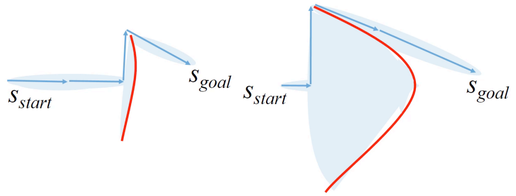
Case for Multiple Heuristics





3	2	1	4
5		11	8
9	7	10	12
13	14	6	15

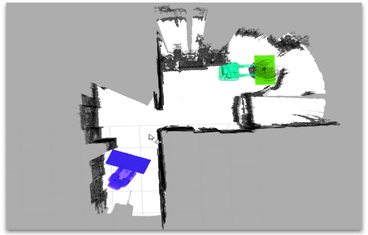
- Performance of informed search algorithms depends greatly on the quality of heuristics available
- Hard to design a single admissible heuristic that captures all the complexities of the problem, and is yet free of local-minima
- Easier to develop a set of inadmissible heuristics, each addressing a subset of the problem complexities
- Relieves the user from spending a lot of time engineering one great admissible heuristic--i.e, heuristics can now be actual 'rules of thumb'
- Proposed algorithm uses several inadmissible heuristics in addition to one consistent heuristic for performing informed search, with provable guarantees on bounded suboptimality of the solution



Designing "*local minima free*" heuristic is not easy for complex problems

An Example Problem

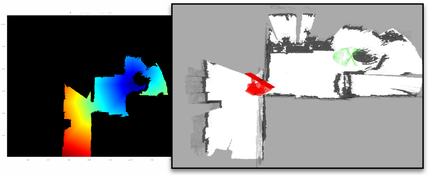
Full-body mobile manipulation: 12D planning



h_0: base distance (2D BFS)

h_1: base distance + orientation difference with goal

h_2: base distance + orientation difference with vertical



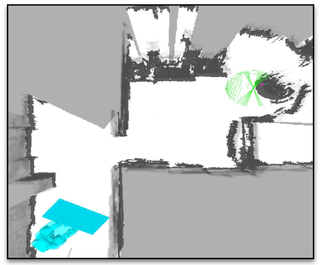
h_0

h_1

h_2

Multi-Heuristic A* (MHA*)

- 1 consistent heuristic (h_0) + n inadmissible heuristics (h_1, h_2 .., h_n)
- Round robin exploration



MHA*: Algorithms

- **Independent MHA* (IMHA*):** separate g, h values and priority queues for each search
- **Shared MHA* (SMHA*):** separate h values and queues for each search, but shared g

MHA*: Details

```
while goal state has not yet been expanded
    for i in 1:n
        if min. key(OPEN_i) <= w2 * min. key(OPEN_0)
            expand from OPEN_i
        else
            expand from OPEN_0
    end for
end while
```

Anchor Search

$OPEN_0$ key = $g_0 + w_1 * h_0$ ← consistent heuristic

Inad. Search 1 | Inad. Search 2 ····· Inad. Search n

$OPEN_1$ key = $g_1 + w_1 * h_1$ | $OPEN_2$ key = $g_2 + w_1 * h_2$ ····· $OPEN_n$ key = $g_n + w_1 * h_n$

IMHA*: Independent Expansions

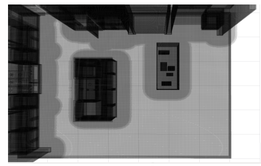
$OPEN_1$ key = $g + w_1 * h_1$ | $OPEN_2$ key = $g + w_1 * h_2$ ····· $OPEN_n$ key = $g + w_1 * h_n$

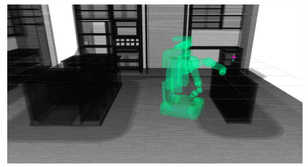
SMHA*: Shared Expansions

(successor states are inserted/updated in all queues)

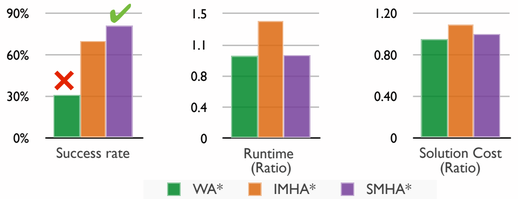
MHA* Properties	IMHA*	SMHA*
Subopt. bound	$w_1 * w_2$	$w_1 * w_2$
Max. re-expansions	n+1	2 ✔
Parallelization	Easy ✔	?
Path sharing	No	Yes ✔

Experiments: Mobile Manipulation

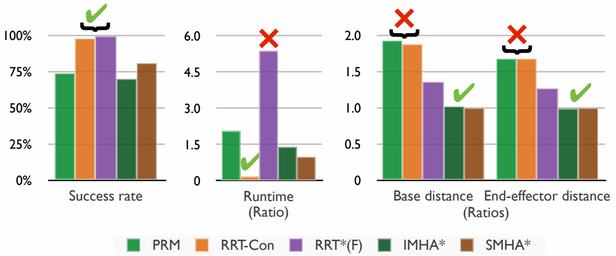




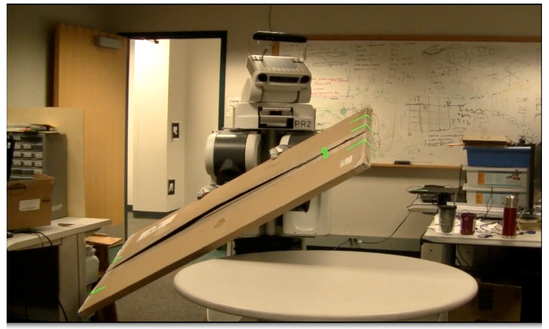
Comparison with Weighted A*



Comparison with Sampling-based Planners



Other domains: *3D navigation, Sliding tile puzzles*



[1] Fast Downward Search (Roger/Helmert '10)
[2] Explicit Estimation Search (Thayer/Ruml '11)
[3] MPWA* (Valenzano et al.'10)