## 15-294 Rapid Prototyping Technologies

Instructor: Dave Touretzky



Teaching Assistant: Avery Lavine



## 15-294: Rapid Prototyping Technologies

- Computer Aided Design (Solidworks)
- Laser Cutting & 3D Printing
- Algorithms and file formats
- Open source movement and maker culture
- Industry trends
- Societal impacts

Half-semester mini: 5 units

Mon/Wed 7:00 - 8:20 PM Hunt Library Studio A

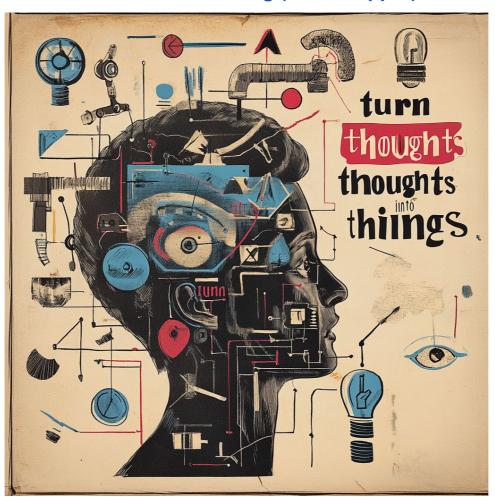
Prof: Dave Touretzky



#### **Turn Your Thoughts Into Things**

15-294 Rapid Prototyping Technologies (mini A1) 15-394 Intermediate Rapid Prototyping (mini A2) Fall 2025: Mon/Wed 7:00 to 8:20 in Hunt 106B Professor: Dave Touretzky

Learn Laser Cutting and 3D Printing Computer-Aided Design (SolidWorks) Parametric Modeling (Grasshopper)



#### Three Goals for The Course

- 1. Learn how to **make stuff**.
  - CAD tools (mainly SolidWorks)
  - Laser cutting
  - 3D printing (FDM)
- 2. Learn how the **underlying technology** works.
  - File formats (DXF, STL), G-Code, slicing algorithms
- 3. Learn about how new additive manufacturing (3D printing) industries are developing and **impacting our economy**.

#### Communication

- The syllabus and all assignments are posted on the course web page.
- We will use Canvas for announcements, discussions, and question answering.
- If you have questions about an assignment, SolidWorks, etc., use Canvas instead of email.
  - Other students may have the same question.
  - Fellow students may be able to answer your question more quickly than the instructor or TA.

#### Attendance

- We expect you to be present for lectures.
- Please remember to sign the attendance sheet during each class.
- Attendance is 10% of your grade.
- You can miss up to 3 classes without penalty. Excused absences (e.g., illness, or attending a research conference at a professor's request) don't count against your total.

#### Grading

<ul> <li>Fabrication Projects</li> </ul>		55%
- #1 Spirograph	10%	
- #2 Trees	15%	
- #3 Molecule	15%	
<ul><li>#4 Duck rendering</li></ul>	15%	
<ul> <li>Presentations</li> </ul>		10%
<ul><li>Technology</li></ul>	5%	
- Materials	5%	
<ul> <li>Attendance</li> </ul>		10%
<ul> <li>Final Project</li> </ul>		25%
<ul> <li>No exams.</li> </ul>		
		100%

#### Hand-Ins

- Each assignment specifies what to hand in.
- We will use Canvas to:
  - Accept hand-ins
  - Provide feedback on assignments
  - Record grades
- Assignments are due at 11:59 pm. Check the syllabus or Canvas for the due date.
- Hand-ins can be up to 2 days late, at a penalty of 1 point per day.

#### Office Hours

Avery: Tuesdays 5:00 pm to 6:00 pm in Hunt

Dave: Fridays 3:00 pm to 4:00 pm in GHC 9013

#### Computer Access and Software

- We'll be using SolidWorks and Corel Draw.
- You will need SolidWorks next lecture.
  - You need a three-button mouse w/scroll wheel.
- To install SolidWorks on your personal laptop, see the Software Setup page linked from the course home page and syllabus page.
- SolidWorks is also available on Virtual Andrew.
- Install it now (or try Virtual Andrew now) so you have time to deal with any technical issues.

#### **Fabrication**

- You will be doing your own laser cutting.
  - Take laser cutter instruction online. The links are in the class schedule for the first day.
  - IDeATe fire extinguisher training sessions will be announced soon.
  - Or sign up on BioRaft for fire extinguisher training on some other date.
- You will have access to TechSpark so you can use their laser cutters as well as the IDeATe laser cutters.

#### Collaboration

- All course work should be done by yourself.
- You can ask anyone for help with SolidWorks or general advice about how to approach an assignment, but the work you hand in should be yours alone.
- If you build on someone else's work for a project (e.g., modify something from Thingiverse), acknowledge your sources!

#### What We'll Do Today

 Overview of rapid prototyping, laser cutting, and 3D printing.

#### Do this after class (takes one minute):

 Sign up for fire extinguisher training if you have not already been certified.

#### What Is Rapid Prototyping?

- Use CAD tools to quickly design an object, render it, check for interferences, simulate its motion, and more!
- Use computer-controlled machinery to fabricate your object quickly and largely automatically.
- Many technologies available:
  - 2D planar parts: laser cutting, water jet
  - Complex shapes: 3D printing, CNC router

# Non-Rapid Fabrication Technologies

- Require skill to operate
- Potential for injury
- Potential for tool damage
- May entail lengthy preparation or high setup costs.
- Offer a wider range of materials.
- Can be optimized for mass production.

#### Planar Operations





**Drill Press** 

#### Manual Machining



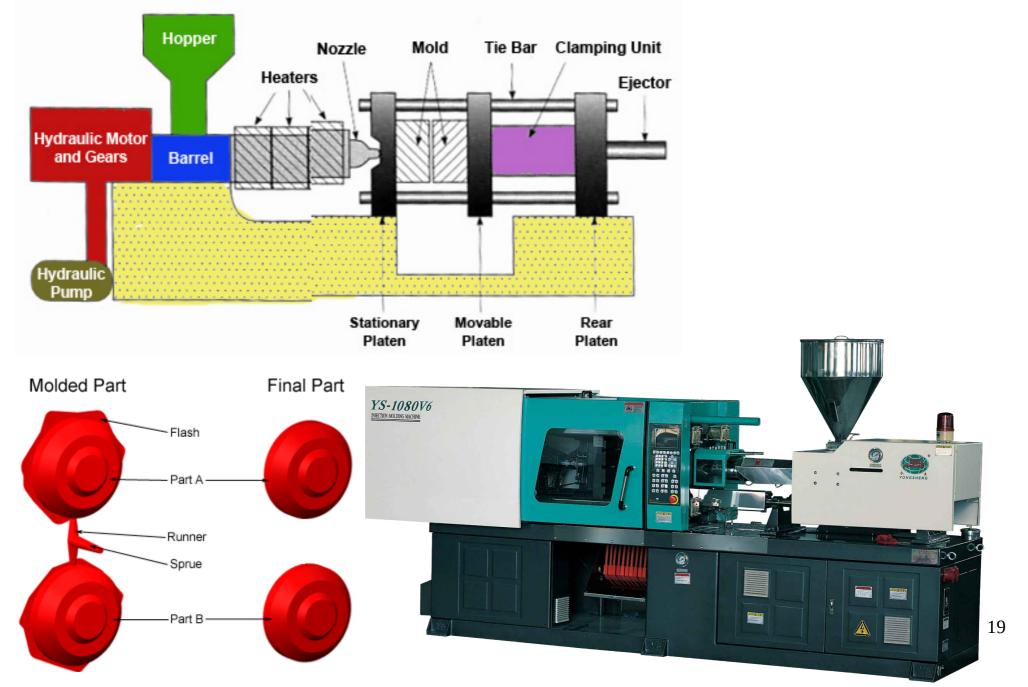
Milling Machine

Lathe

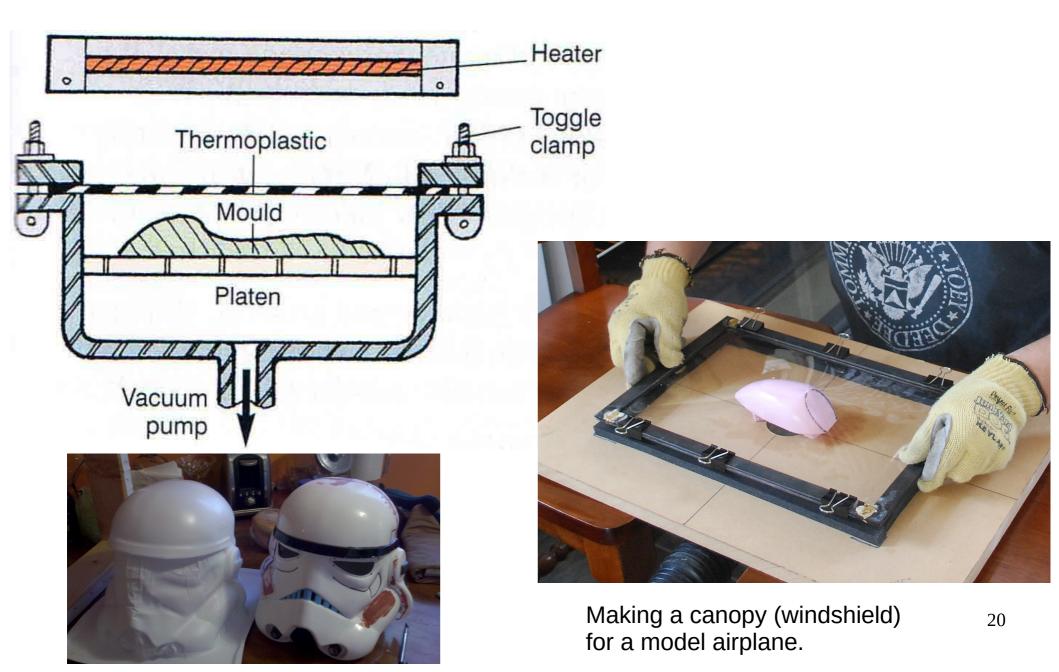
#### **CNC** Machining



#### Injection Molding



#### Vacuum Forming



# Rapid Prototyping Fabrication Technologies

- Computer-controlled
- Requires little skill to operate the machinery
- Generally safe to use
- May have limitations as to materials or production capacity.
- But may also offer new capabilities not previously available.

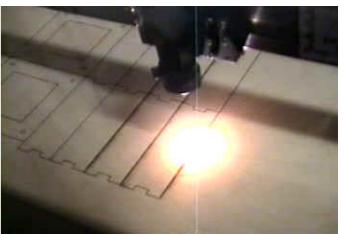
#### Laser cutter / Water jet

- ✓ Fast
- ✓ Precise
- ✓ Cheap
- ✓ Wide choice of materials
- X Parts are only 2D (but assemblies can be 3D)



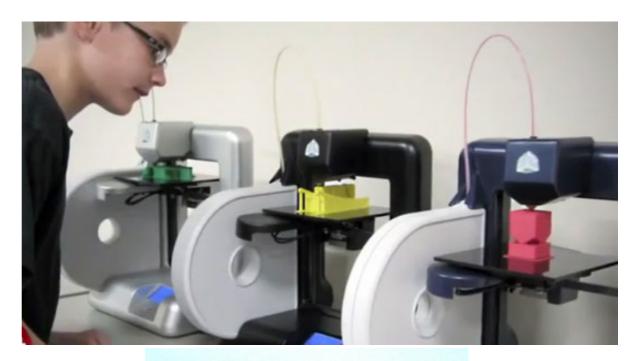






#### **Cheap 3D Printing**

- X Slow
- X Less precise
- X More expensive
- X Limited materials
- X Support material may be required
- ✓ Complex 3D structures!





#### High End 3D Printing

- ✓ Precise
- ✓ Multicolor
- Complex materials
- X Slow
- X Expensive











#### What Is Maker Culture?

- "Do it yourself" meets high technology and open source movements.
- The high tech part:
  - CAD software
  - Laser cutters, 3D printing, Arduinos, etc.
- Why is this good?
  - Rapid prototyping: hold your ideas in your hand!
  - Extreme customization / personalization
  - New modes of artistic expression

#### Maker Culture Around Us

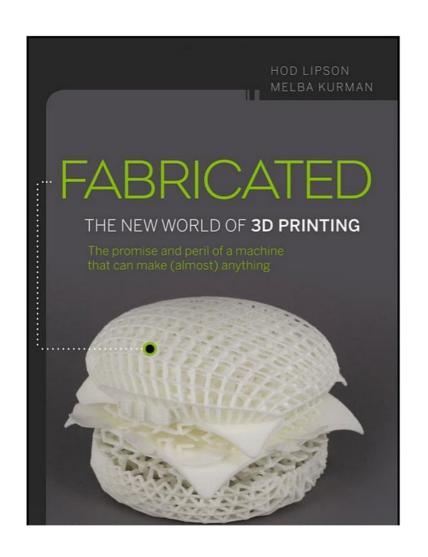
- Hacker spaces / maker spaces
- Reprap and other open source
   3D printers
- Thingiverse & similar sites: marketplaces for 3D models (many are free)



#### Additive Manufacturing

- Another term for 3D printing.
- Add material layer by layer, instead of cutting material away (as in machining).
- Many different technologies:
  - Fused deposition modeling (squirt molten plastic)
  - Binder jet printing (liquid binder solidifies powder)
  - Selective laser sintering (laser solidifies powder)
  - Stereolithography (laser solidifies liquid)
  - ... and more!

#### Lipson and Kurman (2013): Fabricated



- Excellent overview of both the state of the art and the future of 3D printing.
- In chapter 2 they define 10 Principles of 3D Printing.

#### 10 Principles of 3D Printing

Lipson and Kurman (2013)

- 1. Manufacturing complexity is free.
  - No extra cost for ornate shapes, extra holes, etc.
- 2. Variety is free.
  - No cost to make many versions of an item, since no need for new molds or tooling.
- 3. No assembly required (in some cases).
  - Can print interlocked parts or multiple materials at the same time, e.g., a door plus its hinges.

#### 10 Principles of 3D Printing

Lipson and Kurman (2013)

- 4. Zero lead time.
  - Can print on demand; no waiting for parts.

- 5. Unlimited design space.
  - Not subject to the geometric constraints that limit lathes, milling machines, or molding.
  - Example: aircraft parts.

#### 3D Printed Aircraft Parts

- Lighter parts → lighter planes → fuel savings.
- Use less material → cheaper to fabricate.





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#### 10 Principles of 3D Printing

Lipson and Kurman (2013)

- 6. Zero skill manufacturing.
  - Production under computer control eliminates the need for expert machine operators.
- 7. Compact, portable manufacturing.
  - Printers are small and build space can be large.

#### 10 Principles of 3D Printing

Lipson and Kurman (2013)

- 8. Less waste by-product (than milling).
- 9. Infinite shades of materials.
  - Can blend materials to produce continuous variations in hardness, color, etc.
- 10. Precise physical replication.
  - High resolution scanning into digital design files will allow exchange of exact 3D printed replicas.

#### Neri Oxman's Gemini Chair







Lining is made of 44 different materials (including color). Skin combines three materials.

Printed on an Objet500 Connex3 from Stratasys.

#### Social Impacts We'll Look At

- Cheap 3D printed prosthetics for people missing arms or hands.
- 3D printed surgical implants, e.g., jaw bones.
- 3D printed organs: ears and bladders now, kidneys some day.
- 3D printed food (chocolate, meat, candies).
- 3D printed buildings (concrete).
- 3D printed plastic guns: invisible to X-rays.
- Does replication bring "piracy" of designs?

### Florida boy, 6, gets prosthetic arm built with 3-D printer

The family of Alex Pring, who was born without a right arm, had been struggling with how they could afford a prosthetic limb - which can cost as high as \$40,000. A group of students at the University of Central Florida took the call as a challenge and built Alex a prosthetic arm that costs just \$350 with a 3-D printer.

BY JOE KEMP / NEW YORK DAILY NEWS / Monday, July 28, 2014, 10:19 AM





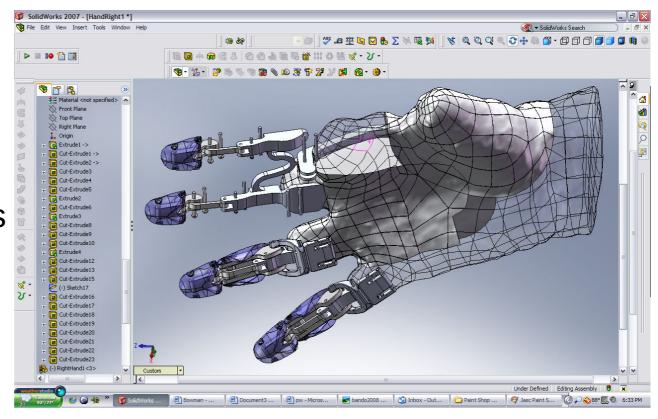
# DOCTORS USED A 3D PRINTER TO PRINT AN ULTRASOUND FOR A BLIND **EXPECTANT MOTHER**

#### The Liberator: 3D Printed Gun

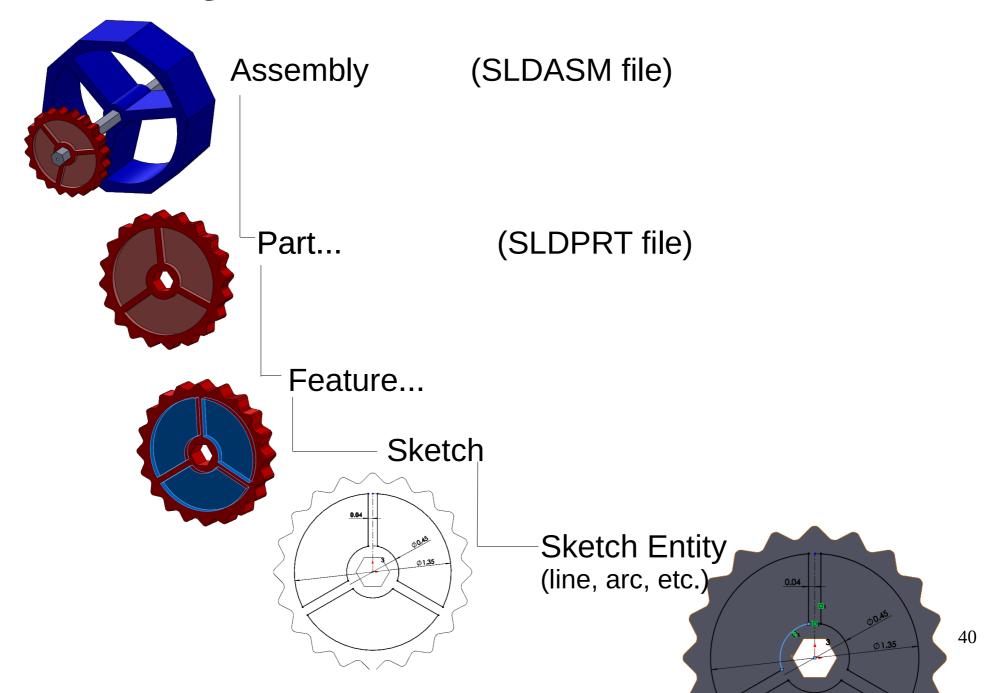


#### **CAD Tools**

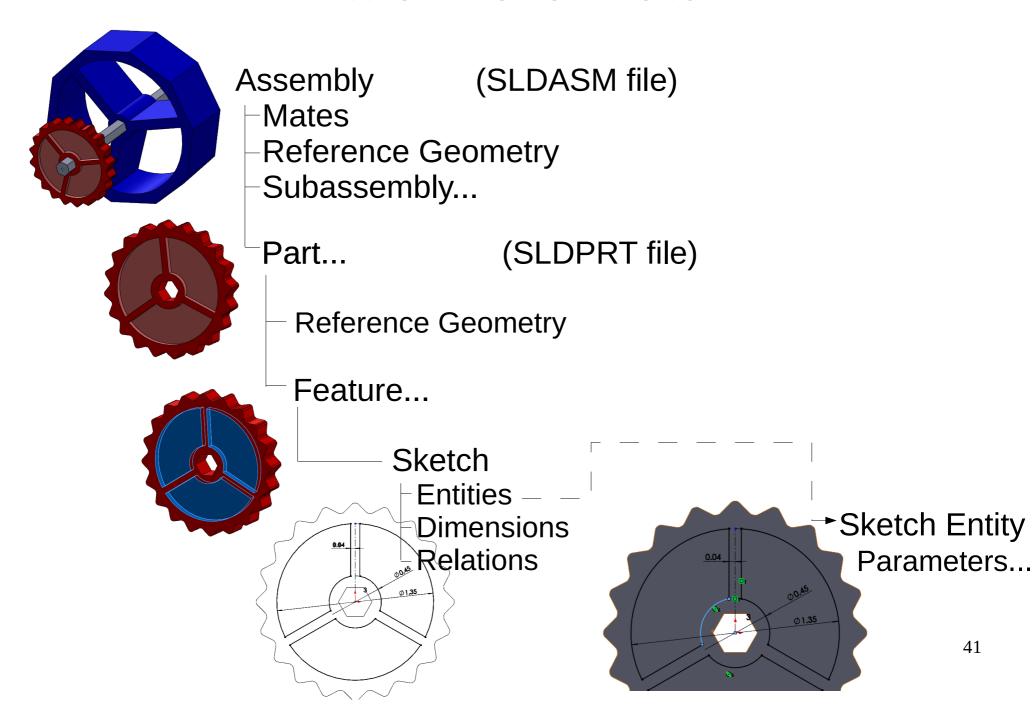
- The big two:
  - Fusion 360 from AutoDesk
  - SolidWorks from
     Dassault Systemes
- Alibre/Invent
- Sketchup
- Blender
- CorelDraw, Inkscape, Rhino
- Sketch It Make It (developed at CMU)
- Many more...



#### A Quick Look at SolidWorks



#### A Little More Detail



#### How To Learn SolidWorks

- 0. Buy a three-button mouse with scroll wheel.
- 1. We'll teach you SolidWorks, starting next class. The scripts are linked from the class schedule.
- 2. SolidWorks has good built-in tutorials; click on the little "house" icon (SolidWorks Resources) on the right side of the screen, then click on "Welcome to SolidWorks" and select the "Learn" tab at the top.
- 3. LinkedIn Learning (formerly Lynda.com) offers excellent quality video tutorials; see the link from our course home page.
- 4. Thousands of random YouTube videos, including specialized topics such as how to make involute gears.