Tuberculin Skin Test (TST)



Quick Reference Guide for Health Care Providers

1 Prepare client

- Confirm eligibility
- Obtain informed consent

• Tell client to:

- Wait for 15 mins after injection
- Return in 48-72 hours for test read

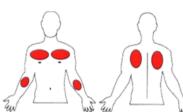
Before TST

- 2 Prepare supplies
- Tubersol®, 1 ml syringe with 26 or 27 gauge ¼ to ½ inch needle
- Alcohol swab & cotton ball
- Documentation record
- Anaphylaxis kit and protocol

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3 Locate test site

- Use inner part of the left forearm, 2-4 inches below the elbow
- Avoid areas with extensive lesions, burns, eczema, rashes, visible veins. Avoid tattoos if possible
- Use alcohol swab to clean. Do not use topical numbing cream



Forearm & alternate testing sites

Tubersol®: Protect from light.

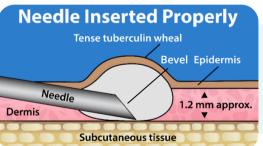
Store between +2° to +8° C. Use opened vials within 30 days. Discard open vial if no date is noted.



4 Load syringe

- Clean top of Tubersol® vial with alcohol swab
- Do not inject air
- Withdraw 0.1mL from vial
- Do not preload syringes

Source: Ottawa Public Health



Administering TST

- 5 Inject
- Hold the skin taut
- Position the needle bevel up, almost flat against the skin
- Insert the needle at a 5° to 15° angle until the entire bevel is under the skin
- Do not aspirate
- Slowly inject Tubersol®

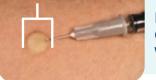
Intradermal injection tip: The bevel of the needle should be visible just below the skin's surface.

After TST



- A 6-10mm diameter wheal should form as you inject
- Use a cotton ball to gently blot any blood
- Do not cover test site with band aid

6-10mm wheal



If injected too deep, a wheal will **not** form.

If wheal does not form, or immediately disappears, repeat test on other forearm, or at least 2 to 4 inches below initial site.

Advise client

- Mild swelling, irritation, or bruising may occur
- Do not press or scratch the site
- If mild itching occurs, put a cold, wet cloth on the site
- Continue daily activities as normal

Document

 Follow your agency's guidelines (Fill TB Screening Form or equivalent)

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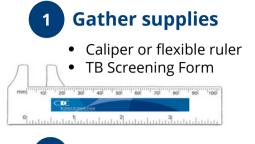


The TST must be read within 48 - 72 hours of the test by a trained health care provider in person.



- Use fingertips to lightly sweep over the surface of the forearm in a zig zag motion
- If present, find the edges of the induration

Reading the TST



4 Mark edges

- Mark the edges of the induration with a pen
- Do not measure redness or soft swelling
- Read across (from left to right), not up and down





- Visually inspect the site under good lighting on a firm surface
- Note induration (hard, dense, raised bump)



- Place the 0 mm on the ruler inside the left pen marking
- Measure the distance between the pen marks in mm
- Round down to the lower mm if between ruler lines (no decimals)



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Pen method: Move the pen tip across the forearm at a 45° angle towards the test site. The tip will stop at the edge of the induration. If difficult, try holding pen at 90°.





Refer to BCCDC TB Manual Section 4(b) for:

- TST cut-off threshold points
- Special considerations for TST or IGRA testing



- Follow your agency's guidelines (Fill TB
- Screening Form or equivalent)
 Record the size of induration in mm
- No induration is 0 mm
 Record the result as per Section 4(b) Table 4: TST cut-off threshold points (e.g.,
- positive or negative)
- Note any adverse reactions

More Information?

Refer to the BCCDC TB Manual Appendix A: TST Procedure

Multilingual TB client handouts: bccdc.ca/tbresources

Next steps



If indicated by the BCCDC TB Manual Section 4(b):

- Send the client for a chest x-ray
- Send the completed TB Screening Form to TB Services
- Report a serious adverse reaction per your agency policy

Provide the client with a copy of their result.

If indicated, explain why:

- they should not have another TST in the future
- they need to go for a chest x-ray
- a referral to TB Services is needed
- TB services may contact them for follow-up testing or appointments (e.g. IGRA)

References: BCCDC TB Manual, Canadian TB Standards, CDC Mantoux TST Facilitator Guide and CDC Mantoux Tuberculin Skin Test Wall Chart. Adapted and reproduced with permission of Public Health, Region of Peel.