Characteristic		Goods producing				Service providing									
	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				100.0	100.0			
Nature of injury, illness:															
Fractures	8.3	10.1	14.3		21.4	7.5	10.3								
Sprains, strains, tears	32.1	25.3	35.7	25.5	14.3	35.1	32.2				51.4	38.7			
Amputations	2.4	7.6													
Bruise, contusions	7.1	6.3				7.5	5.7				5.7				
Chemical burns and corrosions															
Heat (thermal) burns	1.2														
Soreness, pain	19.4	13.9		15.7	14.3	21.8	23.0				25.7	19.4			
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	9.9			17.6	14.3	8.0	10.3								
Cuts, lacerations	8.3	10.1			14.3	8.0	10.3								
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	1.6														
Carpal tunnel syndrome Tendonitis	1.2	3.8													
	1.6					1.7									
Multiple traumatic injuries With sprains and other injuries	.8					1.7 1.1									
With fractures and other injuries						1.1									
With receases and other injuries															
Part of body affected:															
Head	6.3	3.8				7.5	6.9				5.7				
Eye	1.6					1.7									
Neck	2.8					3.4					14.3				
Trunk	21.4	19.0	28.6	17.6	21.4	21.8	24.1				22.9	19.4			
Back	13.1	11.4				13.8	11.5				20.0	16.1			
Upper extremities	36.5	51.9	28.6	64.7	28.6	29.3	32.2				17.1	29.0			
Shoulder	11.9	16.5	14.3	19.6		9.8	9.2				5.7	12.9			
Arm	4.8	7.6				3.4	4.6				5.7				
Wrist	4.8					2.9	4.6								
Hand	12.3	17.7		23.5		9.8	11.5					16.1			
Lower extremities	21.8		21.4		35.7	25.3	28.7				22.9	19.4			
Knee	9.5		14.3		14.3	10.9	10.3				11.4				
Ankle	5.6					7.5	10.3								
Foot	3.2			-	14.3	2.9									
Toe, toenail	2.0					2.3									
Body systems Multiple	9.9		14.3			10.3					14.3	19.4			
1 issuper	1 3.9	0.9	17.5			10.3]				17.3	13.7			
Source of injury, illness:															
Chemical, chemical products	2.8					3.4									
Containers	10.7	6.3				13.2	19.5				5.7	12.9			
Furniture, fixtures	2.0					2.9									
Machinery	5.6	7.6	14.3			4.6	6.9								
Parts and materials	8.3		14.3		14.3	5.7					8.6				
Person, injured or ill worker	13.5				14.3	14.9	18.4				11.4	12.9			
Worker motion or position	13.5				14.3	14.9	17.2				11.4				
Person, other than injured or ill workers	4.8					6.9					34.3				
Health care patient	2.8					4.0					20.0				
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	14.3		14.3			15.5	14.9				14.3	12.9			
Ladder	5.6			17.6		2.3									
Handtools	6.3			19.6		2.9									
Vehicles	10.3					12.1	12.6				14.3				
Trucks	3.2	3.8				2.9]				

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Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services		Other services	Public Administration	
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered															
Event or exposure:															
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	2.0					2.3					11.4				
Intentional injury by other person	.8					1.1					5.7				
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown											5.7				
Animal and insect related incidents							-								
Transportation incidents	6.0					7.5	-				14.3				
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	3.6					4.0	-				14.3				
Fires and explosions		21.6	21.4		 20.6		20.7								
Falls, slips, trips	30.6	31.6	21.4	35.3	28.6	29.3	28.7				28.6 5.7	38.7			
Slips, trips without fall Fall on same level	2.8					2.9									
Fall to lower level	15.1	12.7		10.6		16.1	16.1				14.3	12.9			
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	12.7 4.4	16.5		19.6	14.3	10.3 5.2	9.2 4.6				8.6	22.6			
1 '	23.8	30.4	28.6	29.4	35.7	20.7	21.8				8.6	19.4			
Contact with object, equipment	13.1	19.0	28.6 14.3	19.6	35.7 21.4	10.3	11.5				8.6	19.4			
Struck by object or equipment Struck against object or equipment	7.5	7.6	14.3	19.6	21.4	8.0	8.0								
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	2.4	7.0				1.7	6.0								
Overexertion and bodily reaction	33.7	30.4	28.6	29.4	28.6	35.1	40.2				37.1	25.8			
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	2.0	5.1	28.0	29.4	28.0	35.1	40.2				3/.1	25.8			
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	10.3	8.9				10.9	14.9				8.6				
Overexeruori in inung or lowering	10.3	8.9				10.9	14.9				8.6				

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 30, 2017

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.